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Each and every Advantech product is built to the most exacting specifications to ensure reliable performance in the harsh and demanding conditions typical of industrial environments. Whether your new Advantech equipment is destined for the laboratory or the factory floor, you can be assured that your product will provide the reliability and ease of operation for which the name Advantech has come to be known.

Your satisfaction is our primary concern. Here is a guide to Advantech's customer services. To ensure you get the full benefit of our services, please follow the instructions below carefully.

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We want you to get the maximum performance from your products. So if you run into technical difficulties, we are here to help. For the most frequently asked questions, you can easily find answers in your product documentation. These answers are normally a lot more detailed than the ones we can give over the phone.

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This warranty does not apply to any products which have been repaired or altered by persons other than repair personnel authorized by Advantech, or which have been subject to misuse, abuse, accident or improper installation. Advantech assumes no liability under the terms of this warranty as a consequence of such events.

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- Collect all the information about the problem encountered. (For example, type of PC, CPU speed, Advantech products used, other hardware and software used, etc.) Note anything abnormal and list any on-screen messages you get when the problem occurs.
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- 5. Write the RMA number visibly on the outside of the package and ship it prepaid to your dealer.

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Initial inspection

Before you begin installing your card, please make sure that the following materials have been shipped:

- 1 PCA-6175 Pentium® II single board computer
- 1 Pentium II CPU and cooling fan (optional)
- 1 PCA-6175 user's manual
- 1 bus master & BIOS utility driver
- 1 FDD cable
- 2 EIDE HDD cables
- 1 printer cable
- 1 ivory cable for keyboard and mouse
- 1 ATX-to-PS/2 power cable
- 1 Pentium II CPU retention module

If any of these items are missing or damaged, contact your distributor or sales representative immediately.

We have carefully inspected the PCA-6175 mechanically and electrically before shipment. It should be free of marks and scratches and in perfect working order upon receipt.

As you unpack the PCA-6175, check it for signs of shipping damage. (For example, damaged box, scratches, dents, etc.) If it is damaged or it fails to meet the specifications, notify our service department or your local sales representative immediately. Also notify the carrier. Retain the shipping carton and packing material for inspection by the carrier. After inspection, we will make arrangements to repair or replace the unit.

Caution! Always ground yourself to remove any static charge before touching the CPU card. Modern electronic devices are very sensitive to static electric charges. Try to use a grounding wrist strap at all times. Place all electronic components on a static-dissipative surface or in a static-shielded bag when they are not in the chassis.

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Contents

Cha	apter 1 Hardware Configuration	1
1.1	Introduction	2
1.2	Features	
1.3	Specifications	
	System	
	Memory	
	Input/Output	
	Industrial features	
	Mechanical and environmental specifications	
1.4	Board Layout: Main Features	
1.5	Jumpers and Connectors	
1.6	Board Layout: Jumper Locations	9
1.7	Board Layout: Connector Locations	10
1.8	Safety Precautions	
1.9	Jumper Settings	
	1.9.1 How to set jumpers	
	1.9.2 CPU core frequency (J5)	
	1.9.3 CMOS clear (J6)	13
	1.9.4 Watchdog timer output (J8)	
	1.9.5 CPU clock select (J11)	
4 40	1.9.6 DiskOnChip® 2000 Flash disk address select (J12)	
	System Memory	
	Memory Installation Procedures	
1.12	Cache Memory	19
1.13	Mounting the CPU and Cooling Modules	20
1.14	On-board Support Bracket	_ 22

apter 2 Connecting Peripherals	. 23
Primary (CN6) and Secondary (CN7) IDE	
Connectors	24
Floppy Drive Connector (CN13)	24
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
` ,	
•	
Front Panel Connectors	
(CN2, CN3, CN4, J1 and J2)	27
2.6.2 External speaker (CN3)	
2.6.3 IDE LED (CN4)	27
ATX Power Control Connectors (J7 and J1)	28
2.7.1 ATX feature connector (J7)	
	28
2.7.2 Controlling the soft power switch	
USB Connector (CN11)	29
•	
• •	
External Suspend Switch Lead (SMI) (J3)	
	Primary (CN6) and Secondary (CN7) IDE Connectors

Cha	apter 3 Award BIOS Setup	31
3.1	Introduction	. 32
3.2	Entering Setup	
3.3	Standard CMOS Setup	
3.4	BIOS Features Setup	
3.4	3.4.1 Virus Warning	
	3.4.2 Quick Power On Self Test	
	3.4.3 Boot Sequence	
	3.4.4 Boot Up Floppy Seek	
	3.4.5 Boot Up NumLock Status	
	3.4.6 Boot Up System Speed	
	3.4.7 IDE HDD Block Mode	
	3.4.8 Gate A20 option	
	3.4.9 Typematic Rate setting	
	3.4.10 Typematic Rate (Char/Sec)	
	3.4.12 Security Option	
	3.4.13 OS select for DRAM>64 MB	
	3.4.14 Video BIOS Shadow	
	3.4.15 C8000 - CFFFF Shadow / DC000-DFFFF Shadow	36
3.5	CHIPSET Features Setup	. 37
3.6	Power Management Setup	
	3.6.1 Power Management	
	3.6.2 HDD Power Management	38
	3.6.3 IRQ Activity	
3.7	PCI Configuration Setup	. 39
	3.7.1 Load BIOS Defaults	
	3.7.2 Load Setup Defaults	
3.8	Integrated Peripherals	. 40
3.9	Password Setting	. 41
3.10	IDE HDD Auto Detection	
	Save & Exit Setup	
	Exit Without Saving	
		- · -

Αp	pendix A Programming the	
V	Natchdog Timer	43
	gramming the Watchdog Timer	
Αp	pendix B Pin Assignments	47
B.1	COM1/COM2 RS-232 Serial Port (CN9,CN10)	48
B.2	Keyboard and Mouse Connnector (CN12)	48
B.3	External Keyboard Connector (J10)	48
	ATX Feature Connector (J7)	
B.5	IDE Hard Drive Connector (CN6, CN7)	49
B.6	USB Connector (CN11)	50
	CPU Fan Power Connector (CN5)	
	Floppy Drive Connector (CN13)	
B.9	Parallel Port Connector (CN8)	52
B.10	IR Connector (CN1)	53
	HDD LED Connector (CN4)	
B.12	Power LED and Keylock Connector (CN2)	53
	B External Speaker (CN3)	
	System I/O Ports	
	DMA Channel Assignments	
	Interrupt Assignments	
B.17	' 1st MB Memory Map	57
Ap	pendix C DOC® 2000 Installation	
	Guide	59
C.1	DiskOnChip 2000 Quick Installation Guide	60
	C.1.1 DiskOnChip 2000 installation instructions	60
	C.1.2 Additional information and assistance	61

X

CHAPTER

Hardware Configuration

This chapter gives background information on the PCA-6175. It then shows you how to configure the card to match your application and prepare it for installation into your PC.

Sections include:

- Card specifications
- Board layout
- Safety precautions
- Jumper settings

1.1 Introduction

The PCA-6175 industrial grade CPU card uses Intel's highly acclaimed Pentium® II processor and Intel 440LX PCI chipset. The card works with standard ISA or PCI/ISA-bus passive backplanes.

The CPU provides 512 KB on-chip L2 cache, eliminating the need for external SRAM chips. It has two PCI EIDE interfaces (for up to four devices), and an FDD interface (for up to two devices). Other features include two RS-232 serial ports (16C550 UARTs with 16-byte FIFO or compatible), one enhanced parallel port (supports EPP/ECP), and support for two USB (Universal Serial Bus) ports. The PCI BUS Master IDE controller supports Ultra DMA/33 operation. This provides data transfer rates of over 33 MB/sec, and allows drive capacities up to 8.4 GB. System BIOS supports boot-up from an IDE CD-ROM.

A backup of CMOS data is stored in the Flash memory, which protects data even after a battery failure. Also included is a 63-level watchdog timer, which resets the CPU or generates an interrupt if a program cannot be executed normally. This enables reliable operation in unattended environments.

1.2 Features

- Intel slot 1architecture
- Pentium® II processor up to 333 MHz
- Intel 82440LX PCIset
- Three DIMM sockets for SDRAM up to 384 MB; supports ECC
- Award Flash BIOS
- On-board ATX power control connector to meet ACPI requirements
- Two enhanced IDE ports, supporting Ultra DMA/33, PIO Mode 4 and DMA Mode 2
- Two USB ports
- · Two serial ports
- One bidirectional parallel port, supports ECP/EPP/SPP
- One floppy port and one keyboard/mouse port
- PCI V2.1 compliant
- PICMG 2.0 compliant
- Additional metal bracket to provide board stability with Pentium II processor
- CMOS backup battery life of 7 years
- $\bullet \; Supports \, DiskOnChip^{\circledast} \, 2000 \, Flash \, disk$

1.3 Specifications

System

- CPU: Intel Pentium® II up to 333 MHz
- BIOS: Award Flash BIOS
- Green function: Supports power management operation via BIOS.
 Activated by keyboard or mouse activity
- PCI enhanced IDE hard disk drive interface: Supports up to four IDE (AT bus) large hard disk drives (up to 8.4 GB), or other enhanced IDE devices. Supports PIO Mode 4 (16.67 MB/s data transfer rate) and Ultra DMA/33 (33 MB/s data transfer rate). BIOS enabled/disabled
- Floppy disk drive interface: Supports up to two floppy disk drives, 5¹/₄" (360 KB and 1.2 MB) and/or 3¹/₂" (720 KB, 1.44 MB, and 2.88 MB). BIOS enabled/disabled

Memory

- RAM: Up to 384 MB in three available 168-pin DIMM sockets.
 Supports SDRAM
- Error correction (parity DRAM only): Modules can detect multi-bit memory errors. Correction of 1-bit memory errors

Input/Output

• Bus interface: PCI/ISA bus, PICMG compliant

• **Data bus**: 64-bit

• Bus speed: ISA: 8 MHz PCI: 33 MHz

DMA channels: 7Interrupt levels: 15

- Enhanced parallel port: Configurable to LPT1, LPT2, LPT3 or disabled. Standard DB-25 female connector provided. Supports EPP/ECP/SPP
- Serial ports: Two RS-232 ports with 16C550 UARTs (or compatible) with 16-byte FIFO buffer. Supports speeds up to 115.2 Kbps. Ports can be individually configured to COM1, COM2 or disabled
- **Keyboard and PS/2 mouse connector**: A 6-pin mini DIN connector is located on the mounting bracket for easy connection to a keyboard or PS/2 mouse. An on-board keyboard pin header connector is also available

Industrial features

• Watchdog timer: Can generate a system reset or IRQ11. The watchdog timer is programmable, with each unit equal to one second (63 levels). The program uses I/O ports hex 043h and 443h to control the watchdog timer

Mechanical and environmental specifications

• Operating temperature: $0 \sim 60^{\circ} \text{ C} (32 \sim 140^{\circ} \text{ F})$

• Power supply voltage: $+5 \text{ V}, \pm 12 \text{ V}$

• **Power consumption:** +5 V @ 6.0 A (for Pentium[®] II 233 MHz)

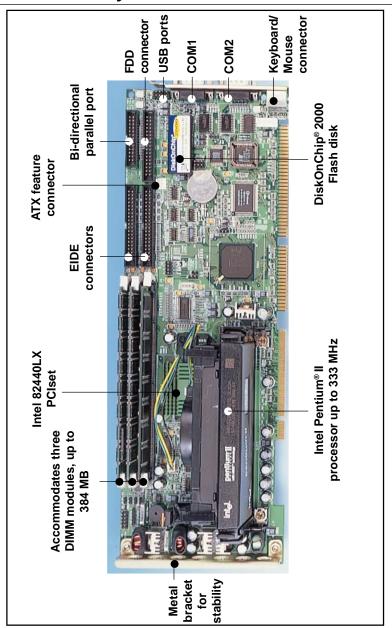
+5 V @ 7.5 A (for Pentium® II 300 MHz)

+5 V @ 4.5 A (for Pentium® II 333 MHz)

• **Board size**: 338 x 122 mm (13.3" x 4.8")

• **Board weight**: 0.5 kg (1.2 lb)

1.4 Board Layout: Main Features



6 PCA-6175 User's Manual

1.5 Jumpers and Connectors

Connectors on the PCA-6175 board link it to external devices such as hard disk drives and a keyboard. In addition, the board has a number of jumpers used to configure your system for your application.

The tables below list the function of each of the board jumpers and connectors. Later sections in this chapter give instructions on setting jumpers. Chapter 2 gives instructions for connecting external devices to your card.

Table 1-1:	Table 1-1: Jumpers		
Label	Function		
J5	CPU core frequency		
J6	Clear CMOS		
J8	Watchdog output		
J11	Clock select		
J12	DiskOnChip® 2000 address select		

Table 1-	Table 1-2: Connectors			
Numbe	r Function			
CN1	Infrared (IR) connector			
CN2	Keyboard lock			
CN3	External speaker			
CN4	IDE LED			
CN5	CPU fan connector			
CN6	Primary IDE connector			
CN7	Secondary IDE connector			
CN8	Parallel port			
CN9	Serial port: COM 1			
CN10	Serial port: COM 2			
CN11	USB port			
CN12	PS/2 keyboard and mouse			
CN13	Floppy drive connector			
CN14	(Reserved)			
J1	ATX soft power switch			
J2	Reset			
J3	External SMI			
J7	ATX feature connector			
J10	External keyboard connector			
RT1	(Reserved)			

1.6 Board Layout: Jumper Locations

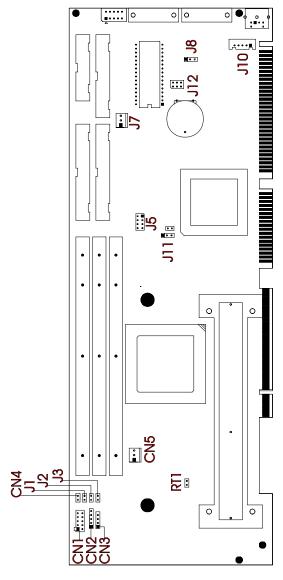


Figure 1-1: Board layout: jumper locations

1.7 Board Layout: Connector Locations

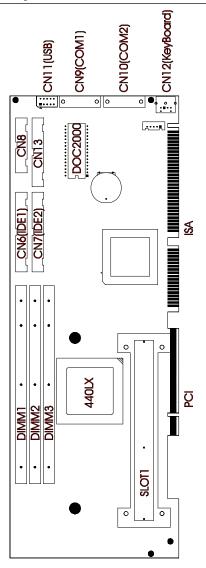


Figure 1-2: Board layout: connecter locations

Safety Precautions 1.8



Warning! Always completely disconnect the power cord from your chassis whenever you work with the hardware. Do not make connections while the power is on. Sensitive electronic components can be damaged by sudden power surges. Only experienced electronics personnel should open the PC chassis.



Caution! Always ground yourself to remove any static charge before touching the CPU card. Modern electronic devices are very sensitive to static electric charges. As a safety precaution, use a grounding wrist strap at all times. Place all electronic components in a static-dissipative surface or static-shielded bag when they are not in the chassis.

1.9 Jumper Settings

This section provides instructions on how to configure your card by setting jumpers. It also includes the card's default settings and your options for each jumper.

1.9.1 How to set jumpers

You configure your card to match the needs of your application by setting jumpers. A jumper is the simplest kind of electric switch. It consists of two metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To "close" a jumper you connect the pins with the clip. To "open" a jumper you remove the clip. Sometimes a jumper consists of a set of three pins, labeled 1, 2 and 3. In this case you connect either pins 1 and 2, or 2 and 3.

A pair of needle-nose pliers may be useful when setting jumpers.

1.9.2 CPU core frequency (J5)

You must configure your PCA-6175 CPU card to the frequency of your Intel Pentium® II processor by setting jumper J5. The PCA-6175 is equpped to use Pentium processors with speeds of 233, 266, 300 and 333 MHz. Configure your PCA-6175 as follows:

Table 1-3: C	Table 1-3: CPU core frequency (J5)				
	Α	В	С	D	
233 MHz	open	closed	closed	closed	A B C D
266 MHz	open	open	open	open	A B C D O O O O O O O O
300 MHz	open	closed	open	open	A B C D O O O O
333 MHz	open	open	closed	open	A B C D O O O O

1.9.3 CMOS clear (J6)

The PCA-6175 CPU card contains a jumper that can erase CMOS data and reset the system BIOS information. Normally this jumper should be set with pins 1-2 closed. If you want to reset the CMOS data, set J6 to 2-3 closed for just a few seconds, and then move the jumper back to 1-2 closed. This procedure will reset the CMOS to its default setting.

Table 1-4: CMOS clea	Table 1-4: CMOS clear jumper settings (J6)				
Function	Jumper setting				
Keep CMOS data	1-2 closed	0 1			
Clear CMOS data	2-3 closed	0 1			

1.9.4 Watchdog timer output (J8)

The PCA-6175 contains a watchdog timer that will reset the CPU or send a signal to IRQ11 in the event the CPU stops processing. This feature means the PCA-6175 will recover from a software failure or an EMI problem. The J8 jumper settings control the outcome of what the computer will do in the event the watchdog timer is tripped.

Table 1-5: Watchdog timer output (J8)				
Function	Jumper setting			
IRQ11	1-2 closed	0 1		
Reset	2-3 closed	0 1		

1.9.5 CPU bus clock select (J11)

The CPU clock varies according to the Pentium $^{\circ}$ II processor's CPU bus clock. There are two settings for the CPU clock, 66.6 MHz and 75 MHz.

Table 1-6: CPU clock select jumper settings (J11)				
Function	Jumper setting			
66.6 MHz	1-2 closed	0 1		
75 MHz	2-3 closed	0 1		

Note: 75 MHz exceeds the product's specifications.

1.9.6 DiskOnChip $^{\circ}$ 2000 Flash disk address select (J12)

The PCA-6175 includes a 32-pin socket for M-System's DiskOnChip 2000 Flash disk module. This revolutionary solid state disk enables critical system information to be stored within an on-board Flash disk for virtually instantaneous data access.

You must specify the memory address you wish to use for your DiskOnChip 2000 Flash disk module by setting jumper (J12). Available settings are as follows:

Table 1-7: DiskOnChip® 2000 Flash disk memory address jumper settings (J12)				
Address	1-2	3-4	5-6	
C800	closed	closed	closed	1 0 0 2 0 0 6
CC00	closed	closed	open	1
D000	closed	open	closed	1 0 0 2 0 0 5
D400	closed	open	open	1 2 2 0 0 5 0 0 6
D800	open	closed	closed	1 O O 2 O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O
DC00	open	closed	open	1 0 0 2 0 0 6
E000	open	open	closed	1 0 0 2 0 0 0 5 0 6
Disabled	open	open	open	1 O O 2 O O O 6

1.10 System Memory

The top-left edge of the PCA-6175 contains three sockets for 168-pin dual inline memory modules (DIMMs). All three sockets use 3.3 V unbuffered synchronous DRAMs (SDRAM). DIMMs are available in capacities of 16, 32, 64 or 128 MB. The sockets can be filled in any combination with DIMMs of any size, giving your PCA-6175 single board computer between 16 and 384 MB of memory. Use the following table to calculate the total DRAM memory within your computer:

Table 1-8: DIMM module allocation table			
Socket number 168-pin DIMM memory			
1	(8, 16, 32, 64 or 128 MB) x 1		
2	(8, 16, 32, 64 or 128 MB) x 1		
3	(8, 16, 32, 64 or 128 MB) x 1		

1.10.1 Sample calculation: DIMM memory capacity

Suppose you install a 128 MB DIMM into your PCA-6175's socket 1, a 32 MB DIMM into socket 2, and you leave socket 3 empty. Your total system memory is calculated as follows, and is 160 MB:

Table 1-9: DIMM memory capacity sample calculation				
Socket number	168-pin	DIMM memory	Total memory	
1	128 MB	x 1	128 MB	
2	32 MB	x 1	32 MB	
3	-	x 1	0 MB	
Total memory			160 MB	

1.10.2 Supplementary information about DIMMs

Your PCA-6175 can accept four kinds of memory chips: EDO (with or without parity), and SDRAM (with or without parity). Also:

- SDRAM chips are usually thinner and have higher pin density than EDO chips.
- The BIOS displays EDO and SDRAM memory on the boot-up screen.
- Chips with 9 chips/side support parity; chips with 8 chips/side do not support parity.
- Single-sided modules are typically 16 or 64 MB; double-sided modules are usually 8, 32 or 128 MB.

Note: The PCA-6175 accepts EDOs both with and without parity, but this is not recommended.

1.11 Memory Installation Procedures

To install DIMMs, first make sure the two handles of the DIMM socket are in the "open" position. i.e. The handles remain outward. Slowly slide the DIMM module along the plastic guides on both ends of the socket. Then press the DIMM module right down into the socket, until you hear a click. This is when the two handles have automatically locked the memory module into the correct position of the DIMM socket. (See Figure 1-3.) To take away the memory module, just push both handles outward, and the memory module will be ejected by the mechanism in the socket.

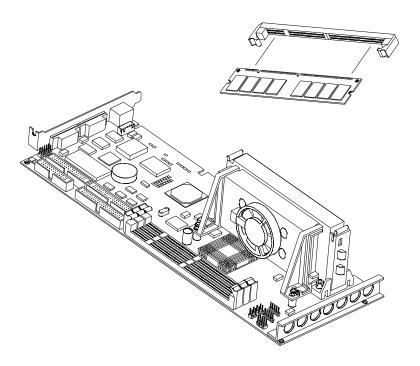


Figure 1-3: DIMM installation

1.12 Cache Memory

Since the second level cache has been embedded into the Pentium® II CPU, you do not have to take care of either SRAM chips or SRAM modules. The built-in second level cache in the Pentium II yields much higher performance than the external cache memories. The cache size in the Pentium II CPU is either 256 KB or 512 KB. Normally, for workstation and server application, the 256 KB version is enough. However, if your system is for heavy duty applications, the 512 KB version will help a lot. Specifically for our Pentium II based SBC, the Pentium II has another version that provides much better data security if combined with the DRAM ECC. Check with your vendor for various Pentium II models.

1.13 Mounting the CPU and Cooling Modules

The Pentium® II is a module-type CPU which runs at high speeds, for exampe $233 \sim 333$ MHz, so the cooling mechanism becomes critical for system reliability. There are two types of cooling methods: one with a cooling fan attached to the heat sink of the Pentium II module, the other with a huge heat sink without any cooling fan attached.

Both cooling methods for the Pentium II require a "retention module" to firmly fix the Pentium II CPU to slot 1. The following Figures 1-4 through 1-6 illustrate the steps involved in mounting the retention module and installing the CPU and cooling modules.

Step 1

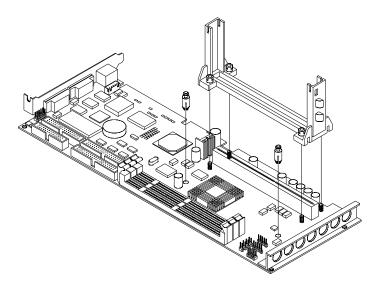


Figure 1-4: Mounting CPU and cooling modules - Step 1

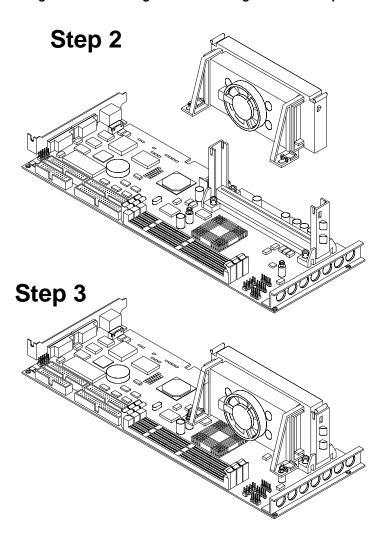


Figure 1-5: Mounting CPU and cooling modules - Step 2

Figure 1-6: Mounting CPU and cooling modules - Step 3

1.14 On-board Support Bracket

Advantech's PCA-6175 Pentium® II also includes an on-board metal bracket to provide balanced support for the Pentium II processor cartridge.

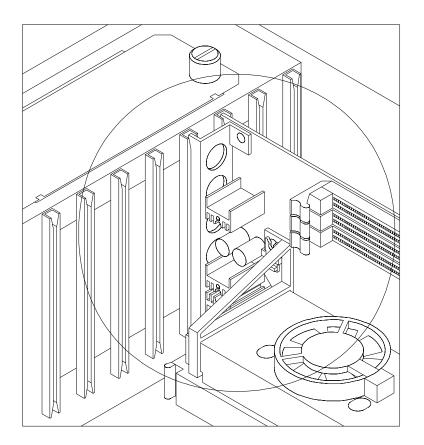


Figure 1-7: On-board support bracket

CHAPTER 2

Connecting Peripherals

This chapter tells how to connect peripherals, switches and indicators to the PCA-6175 board. You can access most of the connectors from the top of the board while it is installed in the chassis. If you have a number of cards installed, or your chassis is very tight, you may need to partially remove the card to make all the connections.

2.1 Primary (CN6) and Secondary (CN7) IDE Connectors

You can attach up to four IDE (Integrated Device Electronics) drives to the PCA-6175's internal controller. The primary (CN6) and secondary (CN7) connectors can each accommodate two drives.

Wire number 1 on the cable is red or blue and the other wires are gray. Connect one end to connector CN6 or CN7 on the CPU card. Make sure that the red/blue wire corresponds to pin 1 on the connector (in the upper right hand corner). See Chapter 1 for help finding the connector.

Unlike floppy drives, IDE hard drives can connect in either position on the cable. If you install two drives to a single connector, you will need to set one as the master and one as the slave. You do this by setting the jumpers on the drives. If you use just one drive per connector, you should set each drive as the master. See the documentation that came with your drive for more information.

Connect the first hard drive to the other end of the cable. Wire 1 on the cable should also connect to pin 1 on the hard drive connector, which is labeled on the drive circuit board. Check the documentation that came with the drive for more information.

Connect the second hard drive to the remaining connector (CN7 or CN6), in the same way as described above.

2.2 Floppy Drive Connector (CN13)

You can attach up to two floppy disk drives to the PCA-6175's on-board controller. You can use any combination of 5.25" (360 KB/1.2 MB) and/or 3.5" (720 KB/1.44/2.88 MB) drives.

The card comes with a 34-pin daisy-chain drive connector cable. On one end of the cable is a 34-pin flat-cable connector. On the other end are two sets of floppy disk drive connectors. Each set consists of a 34-pin flat-cable connector (usually used for 3.5" drives) and a printed circuit-board connector (usually used for 5.25" drives). You can use only one connector in each set. The set on the end (after the twist in the cable) connects to the A: floppy drive. The set in the middle connects to the B: floppy drive.

2.3 Parallel Port Connector (CN8)

The parallel port is normally used to connect the CPU card to a printer. The PCA-6175 includes an on-board parallel port, accessed through a 26-pin flat-cable connector, CN8. The card comes with an adapter cable which lets you use a traditional DB-25 connector. The cable has a 26-pin connector on one end and a DB-25 connector on the other, mounted on a retaining bracket. The bracket installs at the end of an empty slot in your chassis, giving you access to the connector.

The parallel port is designated as LPT1 and can be disabled or changed to LPT2 or LPT3 in the system BIOS setup.

To install the bracket, find an empty slot in your chassis. Unscrew the plate that covers the end of the slot. Screw in the bracket in place of the plate. Next, attach the flat-cable connector to CN8 on the CPU card. Wire 1 of the cable is red or blue, and the other wires are gray. Make sure that wire 1 corresponds to pin 1 of CN8. Pin 1 is on the upper right side of CN8.

2.4 Keyboard & PS/2 Mouse Connector (CN12)

The PCA-6175 board provides a keyboard connector. A 6-pin mini-DIN connector (CN12) on the card mounting bracket supports single-board computer applications. The card comes with an adapter to convert from the 6-pin mini-DIN connector to a standard DIN connector and to a PS/2 mouse connector.

2.5 Serial Ports (CN9: COM1; CN10: COM2)

The PCA-6175 offers two serial ports, CN1 as COM1 and CN2 as COM2. These ports can connect to serial devices (such as a mouse, printers, and so on) or to a communication network.

Table 2-1: Serial port connections (COM1, COM2)					
Connector	Ports	Address	Interrupt		
CN9	COM1	3F8*, 3E8	IRQ4		
CN10	COM2	2F8*, 2E8	IRQ3		

^{*} default settings

The IRQ and address ranges for both ports are fixed. However, if you want to disable the port or change these parameters later, you can do this in the system BIOS setup.

Different devices implement the RS-232 standard in different ways. If you are having problems with a serial device, be sure to check the pin assignments for the connector.

2.6 Front Panel Connectors (CN2, CN3, CN4, J1 and J2)

There are several external switches to monitor and control the PCA-6175.

2.6.1 Keyboard lock and power on LED (CN2)

CN2 is a 5-pin connector for the keyboard lock and power on LED connection. Refer to Appendix B.12 for detailed information on the pin assignments. If a PS/2 power supply is used, the system's power LED status will be one of the following:

PS/2 Power Mode LED Status

System On On

System Suspend Flashes eight times/sec.

System Off Off

If an ATX power supply is used, refer to Section 2.7.2.

2.6.2 External speaker (CN3)

CN3 is a 4-pin connector for an extenal speaker connection. If there is no external speaker, the PCA-6175 provides an on-board buzzer as an alternative. To enable the buzzer, set pins 3-4 as closed.

2.6.3 IDE LED (CN4)

You can connect an LED to connector CN4 to indicate when the HDD is active.

2.6.4 ATX soft power switch (J1)

If your computer case is equipped with an ATX power supply, you should connect the power on/off button on your computer case to J1. This connection enables you to turn your computer on and off.

2.6.5 Reset (J2)

Many computer cases offer the convenience of a reset button. Connect the wire from the reset button to J2.

Chapter 2 Connecting Peripherals

2.7 ATX Power Control Connectors (J7 and J1)

2.7.1 ATX feature connector (J7) and soft power switch connector (J1)

The PCA-6175 can support an advanced soft power switch function if an ATX power supply is used. To enable the soft power switch function:

- 1. Take the specially designed ATX-to-PS/2 power cable out of the PCA-6175's accessory bag.
- 2. Connect the 3-pin plug of the cable to J7 (ATX feature connector).
- 3. Connect the power on/off button to J1. (A momentary type of button should be used.)

Important: Be sure that the ATX power supply can take at least a 10 mA load on the 5 V standby lead (5VSB). If not, you may have difficulty powering on your system.

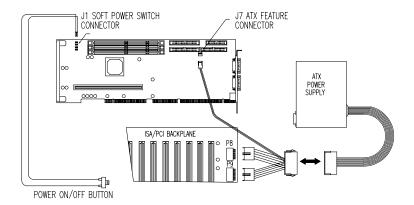


Figure 2-1: Wiring for ATX soft power switch function

2.7.2 Controlling the soft power switch

It is easy to control the ATX soft power switch. Pushing the button once will switch the system between the "On" and "Suspend" power modes. Pushing the button for more than 4 seconds while in the "On" mode will turn the system off. Users can also identify the current power mode through the system's power LED, as indicated below:

ATX Power Mode LED Status

System On On

System Suspend Flashes eight times/sec.

System Off Flashes once/sec.

2.8 USB Connector (CN11)

The PCA-6175 CPU card provides two USB (Universal Serial Bus) interfaces, which give complete plug and play, hot attach/detach for up to 127 external devices. The USB interfaces comply with USB Specification Rev. 1.0, and are fuse-protected.

The USB interfaces are accessed through a 10-pin flat-cable connector, CN11. The adapter cable has a 10-pin connector on one end and a USB connector on the bracket.

The USB interfaces can be disabled in the system BIOS setup.

2.9 IR Connector (CN1)

This connector supports the optional wireless infrared transmitting and receiving module. This module mounts on the system case. You must configure the setting through the BIOS setup.

2.10 External Keyboard Connector (J10)

In addition the the PS/2 mouse/keyboard connector on the PCA-6175's rear plate, there is also an extra on-board external keyboard connector. This gives system integrators greater flexibility in designing their systems.

2.11 External Suspend Switch Lead (SMI) (J3)

This allows the user to manually place the system into a suspend mode or "Green" mode when the system is not in use. System activity is decreased to save electricity and prolong the life of certain components. The 2-pin connector connects to the case-mounted suspend switch. If you do not have a switch for the connector, you may use the "turbo switch", because it does not have any other function. SMI is activated when it detects a "short to open" moment. Therefore, leaving it shorted will not cause any problems. It may require one or two pushes

depending on the position of the switch. Wake-up can be controlled by settings in the BIOS, but the keyboard will always allow wake-up. (The SMI lead cannot wake up the system.) If you want to use the SMI connector, the "Suspend" switch in the Power Management Setup of the BIOS software should be on the default setting "Enable".



Award BIOS Setup

This chapter describes how to set the card's BIOS configuration data.

3.1 Introduction

Award's BIOS ROM has a built-in setup program that allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This type of information is stored in battery-backed RAM so that it retains the setup information when the power is turned off.

3.2 Entering Setup

Turn on the computer and press immediately, to allow you to enter the setup.

3.3 Standard CMOS Setup

Choose the "STANDARD CMOS SETUP" option from the "INITIAL SETUP SCREEN" menu, and the screen below will be displayed. This standard setup menu allows users to configure system components such as date, time, hard disk drive, floppy drive, display, and memory.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69JAK9) STANDARD CMOS SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

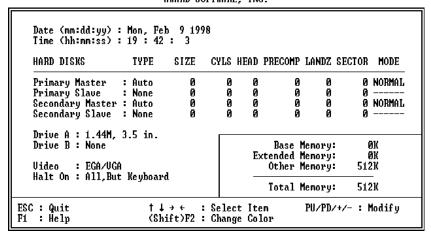


Figure 3-1: CMOS setup screen

PCA-6175 User's Manual

32

3.4 BIOS Features Setup

The "BIOS FEATURES SETUP" screen appears when choosing the "BIOS FEATURES SETUP" item from the "CMOS SETUP UTILITY" menu. It allows the user to configure the PCA-6175 according to his particular requirements.

Below are some major items that are provided in the BIOS FEATURES SETUP screen:

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69JAK9) BIOS FEATURES SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

```
: Disabled
Virus Warning
                                         Video BIOS Shadow : Enabled
CPU Internal Cache
                           : Enabled
                                         C8000-CBFFF Shadow : Disabled
External Cache
                           : Enabled
                                         CCOOO-CFFFF Shadow : Disabled
Quick Power On Self Test : Enabled
                                         DOOOO-D3FFF Shadow : Disabled
Boot Sequence
                          : C,A,SCSI
: Disabled
                                         D4000-D7FFF Shadow : Disabled
                                         D8000-DBFFF Shadow : Disabled
Swap Floppy Drive
                                         DC000-DFFFF Shadow : Disabled
Boot Up Floppy Seek : Enabled
Boot Up NumLock Status : On
Boot Up System Speed
                          : High
: Fast
Gate A20 Option
Typematic Rate Setting
                            : Disabled
Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec) : 6
Typematic Delay (Msec)
                           : Setup
Security Option
PCI/VGA Palette Snoop
                            : Disabled
OS Select For DRAM > 64MB : Non-OS2
                                         ESC : Quit
                                                            ↑↓---: Select Item
                                         F1 : Help
                                                            PU/PD/+/- : Modify
                                         F5 : Old Values (Shift)F2 : Color
F6 : Load BIOS Defaults
                                         F7 : Load Setup Defaults
```

Figure 3-2: BIOS features setup screen

3.4.1 Virus Warning

During and after the system boots up, any attempt to write to the boot sector or partition table of the hard disk drive will halt the system. In this case, a warning message will be displayed. You can run the anti-virus program to locate the problem.

If Virus Warning is disabled, no warning message will appear if anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition.

3.4.2 Quick Power On Self Test

This option speeds up the Power-On Self Test (POST) conducted as soon as the computer is turned on. When enabled, BIOS shortens or skips some of the items during the test. When disabled, the computer conducts normal POST procedures.

3.4.3 Boot Sequence

This function determines the sequence in which the computer will search the drives for the disk operating system (i.e. DOS). The BIOS provides the following boot sequences:

A,C, SCSI
C,A. SCSI (Default)
C, CDROM, A
CDROM, C, A
D, A, SCSI
E, A, SCSI
F, A, SCSI
SCSI, A, C
SCSI, C, A
C only
LS120, C

3.4.4 Boot Up Floppy Seek

During POST, BIOS will determine if the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. A 360 KB type drive is 40 tracks; while 720 KB, 1.2 MB, and 1.44 MB type drives are all 80 tracks.

Enabled BIOS searches the floppy drive to determine if it is 40 or 80 tracks. Note that BIOS cannot differentiate 720 KB, 1.2 MB, and 1.44 MB type drives as they are all 80 tracks.

Disabled BIOS will not search for the floppy drive type by track number. Note that there will not be any warning message if the drive installed is 360 KB.

3.4.5 Boot Up NumLock Status

The default is "On".

On Keypad boots up to number keys.

Off Keypad boots up to arrow keys.

3.4.6 Boot Up System Speed

High Sets the speed to high.Low Sets the speed to low.

3.4.7 IDE HDD Block Mode

Enabled Enable IDE HDD Block Mode.

BIOS will detect the block size of the HDD and send a

block command automatically.

Disabled Disable IDE HDD Block Mode.

3.4.8 Gate A20 Option

Normal The A20 signal is controlled by the keyboard

controller or chipset hardware.

Fast (Default) The A20 signal is controlled by Port 92 or the

chipset specific method.

3.4.9 Typematic Rate Setting

The typematic rate determines the characters per second accepted by the computer. The Typematic Rate setting enables or disables the typematic rate.

3.4.10 Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)

BIOS accepts the following input values (characters/second) for typematic rate: 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 24, 30.

3.4.11 Typematic Delay (msec)

Typematic delay is the time interval between the appearance of the first and second characters, when holding down a key. The input values for this category are: 250, 500, 750, 1000 (msec).

3.4.12 Security Option

This setting determines whether the system will boot up if the password is denied. Access to Setup is, however, always limited.

System The system will not boot, and access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.

Setup The system will boot, but access to Setup will be denied if

the correct password is not entered at the prompt.

Note: To disable security, select "PASSWORD SETTING"

in the main menu. At this point, you will be asked to enter a password. Simply press <Enter> to disable security. When security is disabled, the system will

boot, and you can enter Setup freely.

3.4.13 OS Select for DRAM > 64 MB

This setting is under the OS/2 system.

3.4.14 Video BIOS Shadow

This determines whether video BIOS will be copied to RAM, which is optional according to the chipset design. When enabled, Video BIOS Shadow increases the video speed.

3.4.15 C8000-CBFFF Shadow / DC000-DFFFF Shadow

These determine whether optional ROM will be copied to RAM in blocks of 16 KB.

Enabled Optional shadow is enabled.

Disabled Optional shadow is disabled.

PCA-6175 User's Manual

36

3.5 CHIPSET Features Setup

By choosing the "CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP" option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below will be displayed. This sample screen contains the manufacturer's default values for the PCA-6175.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69JAK9) CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

				_					_
Auto Configuration	:	Enabled	Powe	r-	-Supply	Туре	2	: Auto	
DRAM Speed Selection	:	60ns							
MA Wait State	:	Slow							
EDO RAS# To CAS# Delay	:	2							
EDO RAS# Precharge Time	:	4							
EDO DRAM Read Burst	:	x333							
EDO DRAM Write Burst	:	x333							
DRAM Data Integrity Mode	:	Non-ECC							
CPU-To-PCI IDE Posting	:	Enabled							
System BIOS Cacheable	:	Enabled							
Video BIOS Cacheable	:	Enabled							
Video RAM Cacheable	:	Enabled							
8 Bit I/O Recovery Time	:	1							
16 Bit I/O Recovery Time	:	1							
Memory Hole At 15M-16M	:	Disabled							_
Passive Release	:	Enabled	ESC	:	Quit		† i :	Select Ite	m
Delayed Transaction	:	Disabled	F1	:	Help		PU/PD/	+/- : Modif	У
SDRAM RAS-to-CAS Delay	:	Slow	F5	:	Old Val	lues	(Shift))F2 : Color	
SDRAM RAS Precharge Time	:	Slow	F6	:	Load Bl	os	Default	s	
SDRAM CAS latency Time	:	3	F7	:	Load Se	etup	Default	s	

Figure 3-3: CHIPSET features setup screen

Note: If you enable the IDE HDD block mode, the enhanced IDE driver will be enabled.

3.6 Power Management Setup

The power management setup controls the CPU card's "green" features. The following screen shows the manufacturer's defaults.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69JAK9) POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

```
Disable
                                                  ** Reload Global Timer Events **
IRQ[3-7,9-15],NMI : Disabled
Power Management
PM Control by APM
Video Off Method
                            Blank Screen
                                                  Primary IDE 0
                                                                               Disabled
Video Off After
MODEM Use IRQ
                            Suspend
                                                  Primary IDE 1
                                                                               Disabled
                                                  Secondary IDE 0
Secondary IDE 1
                            10
                                                                               Disabled
                            Disable
Doze Mode
                                                                            : Disabled
Standby Mode
Suspend Mode
                                                  Floppy Disk
Serial Port
                            Disable
                                                                               Disabled
                            Disable
                                                                               Disabled
HDD Power Down
Throttle Duty Cycle
                            Disable
                                                  Parallel Port
                                                                             : Disabled
                            12.5%
ZZ Active in Suspend:
                            Enabled
VGA Active Monitor
                             Enabled
Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN
                            Instant-Off
Resume by King
                            Enabled
IRQ 8 Break Suspend
                            Disabled
                                                                         t↓++ : Select Item
PU/PD/+/- : Modify
                                                  ESC : Quit
                                                         Help
Old Values
                                                  F1
                                                  F5
                                                                         (Shift)F2 : Color
                                                         Load BIOS
                                                                       Defaults
                                                  F6
                                                         Load Setup Defaults
```

Figure 3-4: Power management setup screen

3.6.1 Power Management

This option allows you to determine if the values in power management are disabled, user-defined, or predefined.

3.6.2 HDD Power Management

You can choose to turn the HDD off after one of the time intervals listed, or when the system is in Suspend mode. If the HDD is in a power saving mode, any access to it will wake it up.

Note: The HDD will not power down if the Power Management option is disabled.

3.6.3 IRQ Activity

IRQ can be set independently. Activity on any enabled IRQ will wake up the system.

3.7 PCI Configuration Setup

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69JAK9) PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

```
PNP OS Installed
                                         PCI IDE IRQ Map To : ISA
Resources Controlled By : Manual
Reset Configuration Data : Disabled
IRQ-3 assigned to : Legacy ISA
                                         Used MEM base addr : N/A
IRQ-4 assigned to : Legacy ISA
IRQ-5 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
IRQ-7 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
IRQ-9 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
IRQ-10 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
IRQ-11 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
{\tt IRQ-12} assigned to : {\tt PCI/ISA\ PnP}
IRQ-14 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
{\tt IRQ-15} assigned to : {\tt PCI/ISA} {\tt PnP}
DMA-0 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
                                                           ↑1---: Select Item
DMA-1 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
                                         ESC : Ouit
                                                           PU/PD/+/- : Modify
DMA-3 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
                                        F1 : Help
DMA-5 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
                                        F5 : Old Values (Shift)F2 : Color
DMA-6 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
                                        F6 : Load BIOS Defaults
DMA-7 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
                                        F7 : Load Setup Defaults
```

Figure 3-5: PCI configuration screen

3.7.1 Load BIOS Defaults

"LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS" indicates the most appropriate values for the system parameters for minimum performance. These default values are loaded automatically if the stored record created by the setup program becomes corrupted (and therefore unusable).

3.7.2 Load Setup Defaults

"LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS" loads the values required by the system for maximum performance.

3.8 Integrated Peripherals

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69JAK9) INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

```
IDE HDD Block Mode
                                                        Enabled
                                                                                   Onboard Parallel Port
                                                                                                                                       : 378/IRQ7
IDE Primary Master PIO
IDE Primary Slave PIO
                                                                                   Parallel Port Mode
ECP Mode Use DMA
                                                        Auto
                                                                                                                                      : ECP+EPP
                                                        Auto
IDE Primary Slave PIO: Auto
IDE Secondary Master PIO: Auto
IDE Secondary Slave PIO: Auto
IDE Primary Master UDMA: Auto
IDE Primary Slave UDMA: Auto
IDE Secondary Master UDMA: Auto
IDE Secondary Slave UDMA: Auto
On-Chip Primary PCI IDE: Enabled
On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE: Enabled
USB Keuboard Support : Disabled
                                                                                   EPP Mode Select
                                                                                                                                       : EPP1.9
USB Keyboard Support
                                                    : Disabled
 KBC input clock
Onboard FDC Controller
Onboard Serial Port 1
Onboard Serial Port 2
                                                    : Enabled
                                                                                  †↓→← : Select Item
PU/PD/+/- : Modify
(Shift)F2 : Color
                                                    : 3F8/IRQ4
: 2F8/IRQ3
                                                                                   F1
F5
F6
F7
UART Mode Select
                                                     : Normal
                                                                                           : Load Setup Defaults
```

Figure 3-6: Integrated peripherals

3.9 Password Setting

To change the password:

1. Choose the "PASSWORD SETTING" option from the Setup main menu and press <Enter>.

The screen will display the following message:

Enter Password:

Press <Enter>.

2. If the CMOS is good or if this option has been used to change the default password, the user is asked for the password stored in the CMOS. The screen will display the following message:

Confirm Password:

Enter the current password and press <Enter>.

3. After pressing <Enter> (ROM password) or the current password (user-defined), you can change the password stored in the CMOS. The password must be no longer than eight (8) characters.

Remember, to enable the password setting feature, you must first select either Setup or System to secure your option in "BIOS FEATURES SETUP".

3.10 IDE HDD Auto Detection

"IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION" automatically self-detects for the correct hard disk type.

3.11 Save & Exit Setup

If you select this and press <Enter>, the values entered in the setup utilities will be recorded in the CMOS memory of the chipset. The microprocessor will check this every time you turn your system on and compare this to what it finds as it checks the system. This record is required for the system to operate.

3.12 Exit Without Saving

Selecting this option and pressing <Enter> lets you exit the setup program without recording any new values or changing old ones.

APPENDIX

Programming the Watchdog Timer

The PCA-6175 is equipped with a watchdog timer that resets the CPU or generates an interrupt if processing comes to a standstill for any reason. This feature ensures system reliability in industrial standalone or unmanned environments.

Programming the Watchdog Timer

To program the watchdog timer, you must write a program which writes I/O port address 443 (hex). The output data is a time interval value. The value range is from 01 (hex) to 3F (hex), and the related time interval is 1 sec. to 63 sec.

Data	Time Interva
01	1 sec.
02	2 sec.
03	3 sec.
04	4 sec.
•	•
•	•
•	•
3F	63 sec.

PCA-6175 User's Manual

44

After data entry, your program must refresh the watchdog timer by rewriting I/O port 443 (hex) while simultaneously setting it. When you want to disable the watchdog timer, your program should read I/O port 443 (hex).

The following example shows how you might program the watchdog timer in BASIC:

```
REM Watchdog timer example program
20
        OUT &H443, data REM Start and restart the watchdog
30
        GOSUB 1000 REM Your application task #1,
        OUT &H443, data REM Reset the timer
50
        GOSUB 2000 REM Your application task #2,
        OUT &H043, data REM Reset the timer
60
70
        X=INP (&H043) REM, Disable the watchdog timer
80
        END
1000
        REM Subroutine #1, your application task
1070
2000
        REM Subroutine #2, your application task
2090
        RETURN
```

APPENDIX B

Pin Assignments

This appendix contains information of a detailed or specialized nature. It includes:

- RS-232 serial port connector
- Keyboard and mouse connector
- · External keyboard connector
- ATX feature connector
- IDE hard drive connector
- USB connector
- CPU fan power connector
- · Floppy drive connector
- Parallel port connector
- IR connector
- HDD LED connector
- Power LED and keylock connector
- · External speaker
- System I/O ports
- DMA channel assignments
- Interrupt assignments
- 1st MB memory map

B.1 COM1/COM2 RS-232 Serial Port (CN9,CN10)

Table B-1: C	OM1/COM2 RS-232 serial port (CN9)	
Pin	Signal	
1	DCD	
2	RXD	
3	TXD	
4	DTR	
5	GND	
6	DSR	
7	RTS	
8	CTS	
9	RI	

B.2 Keyboard and Mouse Connnector (CN12)

Table B-2: K	eyboard and mouse connector (CN12)
Pin	Signal
1	KB DATA
2	MS DATA
3	GND
4	V _{cc}
5	KB CLOCK
6	MS CLOCK

B.3 External Keyboard Connector (J10)

Table B-3: External keyboard connector (J10)			
Pin	Signal		
1	CLK		
2	DATA		
3	NC		
4	GND		
5	V _{cc}		

B.4 ATX Feature Connector (J7)

Table B-4: ATX feature connector (J7)			
Pin	Signal		
1	5VSB		
2	NC		
3	PS-ON		

B.5 IDE Hard Drive Connector (CN6, CN7)

39	37		3	1
\bigcirc	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	0
0	\bigcirc	•••	\bigcirc	0
40	38		4	2

Table B	-5: IDE hard drive connector	(CN6, C	CN7)
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	IDE RESET*	2	GND
3	DATA 7	4	DATA 8
5	DATA 6	6	DATA 9
7	DATA 5	8	DATA 10
9	DATA 4	10	DATA 11
11	DATA 3	12	DATA 12
13	DATA 2	14	DATA 13
15	DATA 1	16	DATA 14
17	DATA 0	18	DATA 15
19	SIGNAL GND	20	N/C
21	N/C	22	GND
23	IO WRITE	24	GND
25	IO READ	26	GND
27	IO CHANNEL READY	28	N/C
29	HDACKO*	30	GND
31	IRQ14	32	IOCS16
33	ADDR 1	34	N/C
35	ADDR 0	36	ADDR 2
37	HARD DISK SELECT 0*	38	HARD DISK SELECT 1*
39	IDE ACTIVE*	40	GND

^{*} Low active

B.6 USB Connector (CN11)

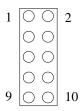


Table E	Table B-6: USB1/USB2 connector (CN11)				
Pin	USB1 Signal	Pin	USB2 Signal		
1	+5 V	2	+5 V		
3	UV-	4	UV-		
5	UV+	6	UV+		
7	GND	8	GND		
9	Chassis GND	10	N/C		

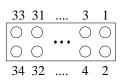
B.7 CPU Fan Power Connector (CN5)



Table B-7: C	Table B-7: CPU fan power connector (CN5)			
Pin	Signal			
1	Detect			
2	+12 V			
3	GND			

50

B.8 Floppy Drive Connector (CN13)



	3: Floppy drive conne		C:
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	2	DENSITY SELECT*
3	GND	4	N/C
5	GND	6	N/C
7	GND	8	INDEX*
9	GND	10	MOTOR 0*
11	GND	12	DRIVE SELECT 1*
13	GND	14	DRIVE SELECT 0*
15	GND	16	MOTOR 1*
17	GND	18	DIRECTION*
19	GND	20	STEP*
21	GND	22	WRITE DATA*
23	GND	24	WRITE GATE*
25	GND	26	TRACK 0*
27	GND	28	WRITE PROTECT*
29	GND	30	READ DATA*
31	GND	32	HEAD SELECT*
33	GND	34	DISK CHANGE*

^{*} Low active

B.9 Parallel Port Connector (CN8)

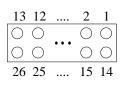


Table B-9: Pa	rallel port connector (CN8)	
Pin	Signal	
1	\STROBE	
2	\AUTOFD	
2 3 4	D0	
	ERR	
5	D1	
6	\INIT	
7	D2	
8	\SLCTINI	
9	D3	
10	GND	
11	D4	
12	GND	
13	D5	
14	GND	
15	D6	
16	GND	
17	D7	
18	GND	
19	\ACK	
20	GND	
21	BUSY	
22	GND	
23	PE	
24	GND	
25	SLCT	
26	N/C	

B.10 IR Connector (CN1)

Table B-10: IR connector (CN1)		
Pin	Signal	
1	+5 V	
2	N/C	
3	IR_RX	
4	GND	
5	IR_TX	

B.11 HDD LED Connector (CN4)

Table B-11: HDD LED connector		
Pin	Signal	
1	V _{cc}	
2	LED	

B.12 Power LED and Keylock Connector (CN2)

You can use an LED to indicate when the CPU card is on. Pin 1 of CN2 supplies the LED's power, and Pin 3 is the ground.

You can use a switch (or a lock) to disable the keyboard so that the PC will not respond to any input. This is useful if you do not want anyone to change or stop a program which is running. Simply connect the switch from Pin 4 to Pin 5 of CN2.

Table B-12: Power LED and keylock connector (CN2)		
Pin	Function	
1	LED power (+5 V)	
2	NC	
3	GND	
4	Keyboard lock	
5	GND	

B.13 External Speaker (CN3)

The CPU card has its own buzzer. You can also connect it to the external speaker on your computer chassis.

Table B-13: External speaker (CN3)		
Pin	Function	
1	+5 V _{cc}	
2	GND	
3	Internal buzzer	
4	Speaker out	

B.14 System I/O Ports

Table B-14: System I/O ports		
Addr. range (Hex)	Device	
000-01F	DMA controller	
020-021	Interrupt controller 1, master	
022-023	Chipset address	
040-05F	8254 timer	
060-06F	8042 (keyboard controller)	
070-07F	Real-time clock, non-maskable interrupt (NMI) mask	
080-09F	DMA page register,	
0A0-0BF	Interrupt controller 2	
0C0-0DF	DMA controller	
0F0	Clear math co-processor	
0F1	Reset math co-processor	
0F8-0FF	Math co-processor	
1F0-1F8	Fixed disk	
200-207	Game I/O	
278-27F	Parallel printer port 2 (LPT 3)	
2F8-2FF	Serial port 2	
300-31F	Prototype card	
360-36F	Reserved	
378-37F	Parallel printer port 1 (LPT 2)	
380-38F	SDLC, bisynchronous 2	
3A0-3AF	Bisynchronous 1	
3B0-3BF	Monochrome display and printer adapter (LPT1)	
3C0-3CF	Reserved	
3D0-3DF	Color/graphics monitor adapter	
3F0-3F7	Diskette controller	
3F8-3FF	Serial port 1	

B.15 DMA Channel Assignments

Table D 45 DMA shared assistances			
Table B-15.	Table B-15: DMA channel assignments		
Channel	Function		
0	Available		
1	Available		
2	Floppy disk (8-bit transfer)		
3	Available		
4	Cascade for DMA controller 1		
5	Available		
6	Available		
7	Available		

B.16 Interrupt Assignments

Table B-16: Interrupt assignments		
Priority	Interrupt#	Interrupt source
1	NMI	Parity error detected
2	IRQ 0	Interval timer
3	IRQ 1	Keyboard
-	IRQ 2	Interrupt from controller 2 (cascade)
4	IRQ 8	Real-time clock
5	IRQ 9	Cascaded to INT 0A (IRQ 2)
6	IRQ 10	Available
7	IRQ 11	Available
8	IRQ 12	PS/2 mouse
9	IRQ 13	INT from co-processor
10	IRQ 14	Fixed disk controller
11	IRQ 15	Available
12	IRQ 3	Serial communication port 2
13	IRQ 4	Serial communication port 1
14	IRQ 5	Parallel port 2
15	IRQ 6	Diskette controller (FDC)
16	IRQ 7	Parallel port 1 (print port)

B.17 1st MB Memory Map

Table B-17:1st MB memory map		
Addr. range (Hex)	Device	
F000h - FFFFh	System ROM	
C800h - EFFFh	Unused	
C000h - C7FFh	VGA BIOS	
B800h - BFFFh	CGA/EGA/VGA text	
B000h - B7FFh	Unused	
A000h - AFFFh	EGA/VGA graphics	
0000h - 9FFFh	Base memory	

58



DOC® 2000 Installation Guide

This appendix contains information on the DiskOnChip® 2000 quick installation guide. It includes:

- DiskOnChip 2000 installation instructions
- Additional information and assistance

C.1 DiskOnChip® 2000 Quick Installation Guide

C.1.1 DiskOnChip 2000 installation instructions

- 1. Make sure the target platform is powered OFF.
- 2. Plug the DiskOnChip® 2000 device into its socket. Verify the direction is correct (pin 1 of the DiskOnChip® 2000 is aligned with pin 1 of the socket).
- 3. Power up the system.
- During power up you may observe the messages displayed by the DiskOnChip® 2000 when its drivers are automatically loaded into the system's memory.
- At this stage the DiskOnChip[®] 2000 can be accessed as any disk in the system.
- 6. If the DiskOnChip[®] 2000 is the only disk in the system, it will appear as the first disk (drive C: in DOS).
- 7. If there are more disks besides the DiskOnChip 2000, the DiskOnChip® 2000 will appear by default as the last drive, unless it was programmed as the first drive. (Please refer to the DiskOnChip® 2000 utilities user manual.)
- 8. If you want the DiskOnChip® 2000 to be bootable:
 - a . Copy the operating system files into the DiskOnChip® by using the standard DOS command (for example: sys d:).
 - b . The DiskOnChip® should be the only disk in the systems or would be configured as the first disk in the system (c:) using the DUPDATE utility.

```
DUPDATE D /S: DOC104.EXB /FIRST (set as c:)
DUPDATE C /S: DOC104.EXB (set as d:)
```

C.1.2 Additional information and assistance

- Visit M-Systems' Web site at www.m-sys.com where you can find Utilities Manual, Data Sheet and Application Notes. In addition, you can find the latest DiskOnChip® 2000 S/W Utilities.
- 2. Contact your dealer for technical support if you need additional assistance, and have the following information ready:
- Product name and serial number.
- Description of your computer hardware (manufacturer, model, attached devices, etc.)
- Description of your software (operating system, version, application software, etc.)
- A complete description of the problem.
- The exact wording of any error messages.

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