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KA009R is manufactured for

# **KAITO**

Electronics, Inc(USA)by Kaito Enterprises Corp.in China

SELF-POWERED MULTIBAND

WORLD RECEIVER WITH EMERGENCY CELLPHONE CHARGER AND FLASHLIGHT

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### Thank You:

Thank you for purchasing the KA009R super portable receiver. Please read the manual thoroughly before operating and keep this book in a safe place for future reference. With proper care, you will receive many years of trouble-free service from your new radio.

## **Description:**

The KA009R portable radio is perfect for emergency situations and is also ideal for anyone who does not have access to a reliable AC power source. The radio can be powered by solar energy, batteries, AC adapter and hand-crank generator (magneto). With coverage of the AM/FM/TV/AIR/Weather broadcast bands, plus 4 shortwave bands, you'll never run out of things to listen to!

### Features:

- 1. **Ten Bands**: Receives AM/FM/TV1/TV2/AIR/Weather broadcast bands and four shortwave bands (SW1-SW4).
- 2. **Built-in power generator**: Under emergency conditions where AC power, batteries and sunlight sources are unavailable, you can crank-up the radio to charge the internal batteries.
- 3. **Solar power**: The built-in solar panel is powerful enough to run the radio in direct sunlight.\* It charges the batteries even in weak light conditions
- 4. **Rechargeable pack**: It provides reliable, renewable internal power for everyday use. The high quality Ni-MH rechargeable batteries are installed inside the radio and will last for many years without needing replacement.

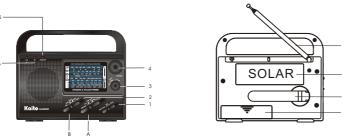
- 6. **AC/DC power adapter**: You can use this adapter to charge the built-in battery or to directly power the radio.
- 7. **DC jack**: Abuilt-in 6V DC jack is provided for external power connection.
- 8. **Earphone**: Stereo Earphones are provided for private listening.
- 9. **Antennas**: The telescopic antenna can be positioned to improve reception of FM/TV/AIR/Weather and shortwave stations. A built-in AM ferrite antenna provides good sensitivity for AM reception. Also included with the radio is a portable wire antenna that can be used to further improve shortwave reception by plugging it into the earphone jack.
- 10. Cellphone charger tips. We include the adaptors for the popular cellphones on the market for self-charging. See the info on the separate page.

- 11. **Super bright LED Flashlight**: Long life super bright LED is convenient flashlight to use in the dark.
- 12. **Battery compartment**: Operates on 3 x "AA" size batteries. (Batteries not included)

### \*Important Notice Regarding Solar Operation:

The built-in solar panel can be used to directly power the radio even if the internal batteries are dead! The solar panel must face direct sunlight to get enough energy to operate the radio's speaker. If you cannot position the radio in direct sunlight, try to use the earphones. Earphones require less energy to operate than the speaker does. When switching to solar power always start with the volume control at the minimum position. The higher you turn the volume the more light you will need.

### Operation at a Glance (see diagram for location of controls)



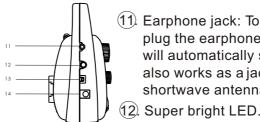
① Power source selector: Down for battery or external power source, up for the built-in rechargeable batteries, the middle is for solar power. (This radio uses three Nickel-Metal Hydride rechargeable batteries, which have no memory effect and can be fully recharged over 1000 times.)

- ②. Band selector: Switch 2A selects AM/FM/TV1/TV2/AIR/WB. Switch 2B selects AM bands for AM/SW1/SW2/SW3/SW4. (Switch 2B only works when Switch 2A is in the AM position.)
- ③ Volume control with main power off switch: To adjust the speaker volume or earphone volume, or power off the radio. The off position will turn off all power sources.
- ④ Tuner: Rotate the tuner control to select the station you want to listen to.
- (5) Tuner/Charge light: this LED is a two-color LED. It will light up in RED when you have optimized the tuning, it turns to GREEN if you crank charge the radio.

The red (LO) LED indicates it is time to charge the internal battery.

- (7) Battery compartment: for 3 "AA" batteries. (Alkaline batteries are recommended.)
- ® Dynamo cranking handle: Turn the crank handle to charge the built-in batteries
- Solar Panel: Works as a power source when using the radio in the sun. The solar panel charges the batteries whenever the radio is
- exposed to daylight.

  10. Antenna: Telescopic with 360 degrees rotation for FM/TV/AIR/WB /SW reception. (You have to rotate the radio for optimum AM reception.)



(11) Earphone jack: To hear the radio privately, plug the earphone into the jack. The speaker will automatically shut off. The earphone jack also works as a jack for the included wire shortwave antenna.

- (13). LED light switch: Set the switch to ON position, the bright LED
- will light. Set the switch to OFF to turn off the LED light.

  14. DC 6V jack: The external power source is plugged in via this jack for radio operation or to charge the built-in batteries by DC adapter.

(15) Cellphone Charger Jack

- 1. Connect the Cellphone to the Jack Use the included cable to connect the cellphone and the charger. Insert one end of the cable to jack, find a proper tip to connect the cable and cellphone.
- 2. Charging the Cellphone (Two ways to charge)

Method 1: Crank the Dynamo Cranking Handle smoothly to charge the cellphone.

Method 2: Use the AC adaptor to charge the cellphone. Plug the AC adaptor to the power outlet, the radio will charge the cellphone.

Note: If you want to charge the built-in Ni-MH batteries with the AC adaptor, please pull out the phone cable. When the phone is connected with the Radio, it would not charge the built-in Ni-MH batteries.

### Radio Operation (see diagram for location of controls)

Set the power switch 1 to the desired power source: AC/DC adapter, external batteries, internal rechargeable "AA" batteries or solar power.

### Band selection:

There are two band selector switches which work in conjunction with each other to allow the selection of FM/TV/AIR/WB/AM/SW1/SW2/ SW3/SW4.

To receive:

Medium Wave: (AM Broadcast Band) ②A should be in AM/SW position and (2) B should be in AM position

**FM**: set ②A to FM, ②B can be on any position.

TV1: set ②A to TV1, ②B can be on any position.

TV2: set ②A to TV2, ②B can be on any position.

**AIR:** set ②A to AIR, ②B can be on any position.

**WB(Weather):** set ②A to WB, ②B can be on any position.

Shortwave: ②A must be on AM/SW position, ②B to choose from SW1/SW2/SW3/SW4

## Tuning a Station:

Station can be tuned in with rotary knob. If a station is accurately tuned in, the Tuning LED lights up unless the signal is very weak.

## Antennas:

The telescopic antenna 10 is for FM/TV/AIR/WB/SW stations. A wire antenna is included which can be plugged into the earphone jack to improve shortwave reception. The AM band uses an internal ferrite bar antenna. Rotate or reposition the radio for best reception on the AM (MW medium wave) band.

### Four- Way Power Source

- 1. Battery Power: Insert 3 x "AA" batteries in the battery compartment. Make sure you have the correct polarity. Put the power switch to BATT/DC.
- 2. Solar: The built-in solar panel can be used to directly power the radio even if the batteries are dead! The solar panel must face direct sunlight to get enough energy to operate the radio's speaker. If you cannot position the radio in direct sunlight try using the earphones. Earphones require less energy to operate than the speaker does. When switching to solar power always start with the volume control at the minimum position. The higher you turn the volume the more light you will need. Even when the main power is switched off, the solar panel will still charge the built-in rechargeable batteries as long as the solar panel is exposed to bright light.

4. Adapter: Plug the AC adapter to a power outlet on selector (3). This adapter can be used to power the radio and charge the internal battery.

## Charging the built-in Ni-MH rechargeable batteries

- 1. Dynamo: Switch main power off, then use crank handle®, at 2 turns per second, cranking for 90 seconds, you will get about 30 minutes radio play time.
- Adapter (110V or 220V): The internal battery will begin charging as soon as the adapter is plugged in. The radio will work on the adapter

Power when turning the main power switch on. The first time you charge the internal battery, it is recommended that you charge the battery for no less than 4 hours, but no more than 6 hours. Knob ① can be in any position while the battery is charging. If fully charged for at least 5 hours, it will produce 10 hours or more of continuous playing on all bands.

- 3. Solar Panel: If the main power switch is in the Off position, the solar panel will charge the built-in batteries whenever there is enough light.
- 4. Regular batteries: it is recommended that you use alkaline "AA" batteries for best performance. It depends on battery capacity for listening time, from weeks to months. If you store your radio for an extended period of time, we strongly recommend that you remove the "AA" batteries from the radio.

TV2: Channel 7-13

AM (MW): 530 -1710 KHz

SW1: 4.00- 9.00 Mhz SW2: 9.00- 14.00 MHz

SW3: 14.00 - 19.00 Mhz SW4: 19.00- 26.00 MHz

Output power: 200 MW peak power using built-in speaker.

Headset jack socket: 3.5 mm

External DC supply socket: 6 mm (positive center)

Weight: 460g (battery not included) Caution: On the VHF and AIR bands, if there is a strong FM station near you, you might receive interference from thatstrong station, but when you tune in a used frequency in the VHF/AIR band, you will hear the tuned in station.

- 1. Use soft cloth to clean the radio. Do not use aggressive polish or cleaners.
- 2. Do not expose to moisture or temperature above 130°F
- 3. Take "AA" batteries out of the radio when you do not use the radio for a long period of time.

### Frequently Asked Questions:

- Q: How long will the radio play when you use the Dynamo cranking to charge the batteries?
- A: There are several factors to be taken into consideration to answer this auestion:
  - 1. When using the crank as your source of power, we recommend that you charge the batteries as soon as the low battery indicator illuminates. If you use the dynamo when the batteries are almost completely dead, your play time will be dramatically shorter. **Important:** if the battery is completely exhausted, we recommend that you use the AC adapter to rejuvenate the battery pack.
  - 2. If you crank from a low battery, it will take approximately 2 minutes of cranking to get 10 minutes play time.
  - 3. The longer you crank, the longer time it will play. Turn the crank

Q: What is the best way to power the radio?

- A: 1. The adapter will give you the fastest charge and easiest operation.

  We recommend that you fully charge the internal battery initially before using any of the other charging methods.
  - 2. "AA" batteries will run this energy efficient radio for a long time. One set of batteries may last several months.
  - 3. Solar power: If there is sunshine, you can use the solar panel to directly power the radio. If you leave your radio in bright light, the internal battery will always be charged and ready for use.
  - Dynamo: The dynamo is ideal for emergency situations when other power sources are not readily available.

Q. How long will the built-in battery pack last?

A: The rechargeable battery will last as long as a couple of years if you use it properly. The powerful NI-MH batteries are good for at least 500 charge cycles. If the battery pack does need to be replaced, it is recommended that you have a professional do this for you. Any damage incurred for improper replacement will void all warranty.

Q: Which shortwave stations can I hear?

A: This powerful shortwave radio can receive shortwave stations in many languages from all over the world. What stations you will be able to receive depends on numerous factors including the time of day or night and your location. Reception will be best if you use the radio outside. If you are in a building with a lot of metal of electrical

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equipment, your reception will not be as good. Bringing the radio close to a window should improve reception somewhat. Generally speaking, reception is better during the evening than it is during the day.

Q: Will the solar panel charge the internal battery even if it is dead?

A: Whenever the internal battery goes completely dead it is always best to charge it with the AC adapter. Please note that the battery is always charging via the solar panel whenever there is bright light present. The radio does not need to be on and the power source switch 1) does not need to be in the SOL position for solar charging to take place.

If you have any further questions about this radio, please call toll free number at 1866 524 8676 or visit our website www.kaitousa.com

### **Appendix**

### **Shortwave Frequencies**

Tip: Listen to Asia and Australia in the morning. Listen to Europe at night.

ALASKA: 7365 9635

ALBANIA: 6115 7160 9510 9635

ALGERIA: 11715 15160

ARGENTINA: 11710 15345 AUSTRALIA: 5995 6020 9500 9580

11880 13605 15240 15515

BANGILADESH: 7185 9550 15520 BELGIUM: 15565

BRAZII · 15265 15445

BULGARIA: 9400 11700 11720 15700 17500 CAMBODIA: 11940

CANADA RCI: 5960 9535 9755 11715 11830 11855 11895 13650 13670

13755 15305 15325 17765 17800 17820

CANADA CBC NQ: 9625 CANADA CFRX: 6070

CHINA: 5990 7405 9560 9570 9690 9730

9945 11660 11675

COSTA RICA RFPI: 6975 15049 21460-USB CROTIA: 5945 7365 9830 9925 13820 13830 CUBA: 6000 6180 9550 9820 9830-USB

11705-USB 13605-USB 13720 CZECH REP: 5930 7345 9435 11600 11615

FCUADOR: 9745 11855 11950 12005 12015 15115 17330 21455-USB

FGYPT: 9475 9900 FINLAND: 11735 11900 15400 17660 FRANCE: 11995 12015 15155 15195 15210

15540 17560 17605 17850 GEORGIA: 11760 11910 GERMANY: 6040 6145 6160 7225 9535 9615

9640 9670 11795 11810 13720 13780 13790 15105 15135

GREECE: 7450 9375 9420 11645 12015 15630 17705 17765

GUYANA: 5950

HUGARY: 6120 9560 9840 11910

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#### BEGINNER'S GUIDE TO THE SHORTWAVE BANDS

Listed below are the characteristics of the major shortwave bands. Follow these guidelines for best listening results. Bucause shortwave signals depend on such factors as the sun, the ionosphere and earth itself, signals canot be heard on all bands throughout the day. Some bands are best during the daylight hours, and some are best at night. If the term "band" is new to you, please read the section titled **WHAT ARE BANDS**?

#### DAYTIME LISTENING

Shortwave listening is generally at its poorest during the daylight hours of about 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. The major reason for this is that the broadcasters are not transmitting to North America at this time. They assume that we are all either at work or at school and are not able to listen during the day. If you want to try daytime listening, use the guidelines below. You will have some success, but not nearly as good as during the evening hours. The best bands are **BOLD**.

#### DAYBANDS CHARACTERISTICS

13m	Results vary. Worth trying.
16m	Similar to 19m.
19m	The best daytime band.
22m	Similar to 19m with fewer stations.
25m	Best around sunrise and sunset. Results vary during mid-day.
31m	Similar to 25m.

#### **EVENING/NIGHT LISTENING**

This is the best time to listen, because the broadcasters are deliberately transmitting to North America. These bands may be extremly good around sunset and sunrise too. Best bands are **BOLD**.

#### NIGHT BANDS CHARACTERISTICS

19m	Summer months.
22m	Summer months.
25m	Best two hours before/after sunset/sunrise.
31m	Good all night everywhere.
41m	Good all night in Eastern North America; varies in Western North America.
49m	The best night band everywhere.

NOTE: **Getting close to a window may substantially improve your reception.** The construsion materials of some buildings simply do not let signals in very well. Signals penetrate wood frame buildings easiest, while concrete and brick buildings usually block signals. If you are in a building with one or more stories above you, signals can also be impaired in strength. In such a situation, position yourself and especially the radio's antenna, as close to a window as possible while listening.

#### WHAT ARE BANDS?

If you have ever listened to AM or FM radio, then you already know what a band is. The AM band is 530-1600

17810, 17860

KHz, the FM band is 88-108 MHz. A band is simply a frequency range where stations are located. When you look for stations in these "bands", you simply tune around until you find a station you like. Shortwave is similar, and the shortwave bands have names like 25 meters, 31 meters, 49 meters, etc. These are abbreviated 25m, 31m and 49m. Just like in AM and FM radio, one simply gets into the shortwave band and tunes around, looking for stations. **For example**, the 19 meter shortwave band encompasses the frequency range of 15100 to 15600 kilohertz. Here is a list of the shortwave bands used for international broadcasts and their corresponding frequencies. Since some radios show frequency in megathertz and some in kilohertz, both are shown here.

BAND	<b>MEGAHERTZ</b>	KILOHERTZ	BAND	MEGAHERTZ	<b>KILOHERTZ</b>
11m	25.67-26.10 MHz	25670-26100 KHz	41m	7.100-7.300 MHz	7100-7300 KHz
13m	21.45-21.85 MHz	21450-21850 KHz	49m	5.950-6.200 MHz	5950-6200 KHz
16m	17.55-17.90 MHz	17550-17900 KHz	60m	4.750-5.060 MHz	4750-5060 KHz
19m	15.10-15.60 MHz	15100-15600 KHz	75m	3.900-4.000 MHz	3900-4000 KHz
22m	13.60-13.80 MHz	13600-13800 KHz	90m	3.200-3.400 MHz	3200-3400 KHz
25m	11.65-12.05 MHz	11650-12050 KHz	120m	2.300-2.490 MHz	2300-2490 KHz
31m	9.500-9.900 MHz	9500-9900 KHz			

#### WHAT IS HEARD ON SHORTEAVE RADIO?

International foreign broadcats intended for listening in your area, e.g.. North America. Long distance two-way amateur radio, maritime and aeronautical communications.

#### WHAT COUNTRIES ARE HEARD ON SHORTEAVE RADIO?

The chart below shows some of the countries targeting North America with their broadcasts. Unless otherwise noted, frequencies are for evening listening in North America. Other countries do not deliberately target North America but can be heard anyway. Whether or not a country can be heard depends on many factors, including signal strength, your geographic location and the condition of the earth's ionosphere. Frequencies in **BOLD** are mainly used for the country's native language broadcast. The complete schedules of all shortwave broadcast stations, showing language, time and target area, are available in the major frequency directories shown on the other side of this sheet

<b>Australia</b> (Radio Australia): 9580, 9860, 15365, 17795			
Austria (Radio Austria International): 6015, 9655			
Canada (Radio Canada International): 5960, 6120, 9755			
China (China Radio International): 9690, 9780, 11680, 11715, 11840			
Cuba (Radio Habana): 6060, 6080, 6180, 9510, 9820			
<b>Ecuador</b> (HCJB-Voice of the Andes): 9745, 11925, 12005, 15140			
France (Radio France International)Bold: 5920, 5945, 9790, 9800			

Germany (Deutsche Welle)Bold: 5960, 6040, 6045, 6075, 6085, 6100, 6120, 6145, 6185, 9515, 9565, 9535,

9640, **9545**, 9650, 9670, 9700, **9730**, **9735**, 11705, 11740, 11750, **11810**, 11865, **13780**, **15275**, **15410**,

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Holland (Radio Nederland)Bold: 6020, 6025, 6165, 9590, 9715, 9840, 9895, 11655

Japan (Radio Japan/NHK)Bold: 5960, 6025, 9610, 9680, 9725, 11885, 11895, 15230

Russia (Radio Moscow International): 7105, 7115, 7150, 7270, 9750, 9765, 11805, 11840, 12050, 15410, 15425

Taiwan (Voice of Free China): 5950, 9680, 11740, 11855, 15440

United Kingdom (BBC World Service)

MORNING: 5965, 6195, 9515, 9740, 11750, 17840

EVENING: 5975, 6175, 7325, 9590, 9640, 15260

#### IS THERE ENGLISH LANGUAGE PROGRAMMING?

Yes! Since English is such an important world language, most major international broadcasters incorporate English programming.

#### WHAT IS THE PROGRAM CONTENT LIKE?

This can vary considerably from country to country: however, programming usually consists of world news, local news from the country of origin, news commentary, interview programs, culturally oriented programs, music oriented programs and even political propaganda.

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