

SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO.

Dear Customer:

You have just invested in a very fine zigzag sewing machine. Before using your new Kenmore machine, please pause for a moment and carefully read this booklet which contains instructions on how to operate and care for your machine.

Specific instructions are given on threading, tension adjustments, cleaning, oiling, etc. This will help you obtain the best sewing results and avoid unnecessary service expense for conditions beyond our control.

Advice on the operation and care of your machine is always available at your nearest Sears Retail Store. Please remember, if you have questions about your machine or need parts and service, always mention the model number and serial number when you inquire.

Kenmore Sewing Machine

Record in space provided below the model number and serial number of this appliance. The model number and serial number are located on the nomenclature plate, as identified on Page 4 of this booklet.

Model No. 385. _____ Serial No. _____ Retain these numbers for future reference.

THIS MODEL IS A CENTER NEEDLE, LOW BAR SEWING MACHINE.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Your sewing machine is designed and constructed only for HOUSEHOLD use. Read all instruction before using this sewing machine.

DANGER— To reduce the risk of electric shock:

- 1. An appliance should never be left unattended when plugged in. Always unplug this appliance from the electric outlet immediately after using and before cleaning.
- 2. Always unplug before relamping. Replace bulb with same type rated 15 Watts.
- 3. Do not reach for the appliance that has fallen into water. Unplug immediately.
- 4. Do not place or store appliance where it can fall or be pulled into a tub or sink. Do not place in or drop into water or other liquid.

WARNING-To reduce the risk of burns, fire, electric shock,

or injury to persons.

- 1. Do not allow to be used as a toy. Close attention is necessary when this appliance is used by or near children.
- 2. Use this appliance only for its intended use as described in this manual. Use only attachments recommended by the manufacturer as contained in this manual.
- 3. Never operate this appliance if it has a damaged cord or plug, if it is not working properly, if it has been dropped or damaged, or dropped into water. Return the appliance to the nearest authorized dealer or service center for examination, repair, electrical or mechanical adjustment.

- 4. Never operate the appliance with any air opening blocked. Keep ventilation openings of the sewing machine and foot controller free from accumulation of lint, dust, and loose cloth.
- 5. Never drop or insert any object into any opening.
- 6. Do not use outdoors.
- 7. Do not operate where aerosol (spray) products are being used or where oxygen is being administered.
- 8. To disconnect, turn all controls to the off ("O") position, then remove plug from outlet.
- 9. Do not unplug by pulling on cord. To unplug, grasp the plug, not the cord.
- 10. Keep fingers away from all moving parts. Special care is required around the sewing machine needle.
- 11. Always use the proper needle plate. The wrong plate can cause the needle to break.
- 12. Do not use bent needles.
- 13. Do not pull or push fabric while stitching. It may deflect the needle causing it to break.
- 14. Switch the sewing machine off ("O") when making any adjustment in the needle area, such as threading needle, changing needle, threading bobbin, or changing presser foot, and the like.
- 15. Always unplug the sewing machine from the electrical outlet when removing covers, lubricating, or when making any other adjustments mentioned in the instruction manual.

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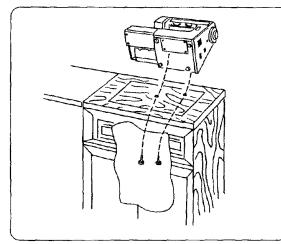
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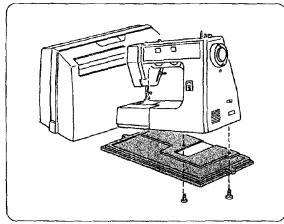
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A Portable Case or Cabinet is Available

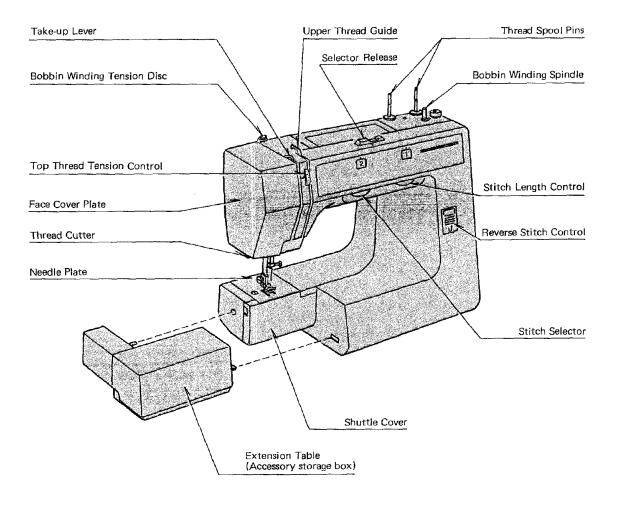
A full line of sewing cabinets is available at your nearest Sears retail store or through our general catalog.

Another option . . . buy a Carrying Case . . . then your Kenmore goes anywhere, can be stored any-.where.



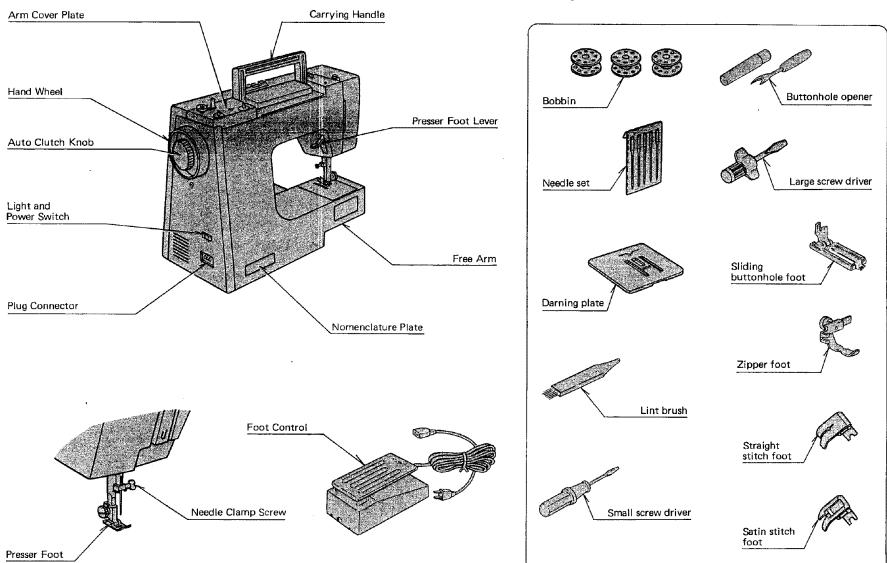


Locate and Identify the Parts



3

SECTION 1. KNOW THE MACHINE

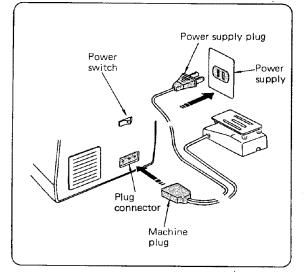


Identify the Accessories

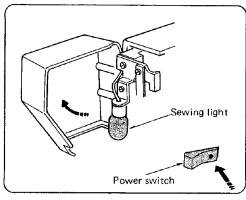
Foot Control Use

Set Up the Machine

Plug in the Machine and Switch on the Power



- NOTE: Before inserting the plug into your machine, be sure the power switch is OFF.
- Check your outlet to be sure it is a 110 to 120 Volt AC outlet.
- Insert the machine plug into the three-prong plug connector, as shown. It will only fit one way.
- 3. Insert the power supply plug into the outlet.



4. Push the light and power switch to turn on the power and sewing light.

SAFETY FEATURE:

Your machine will not operate unless the light/power switch is turned on. If you are interrupted or stop sewing, turn off the light/power switch to prevent injury to children.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

"For appliances with a polarized plug (one blade wider than the other). To reduce the risk of electric shock, this plug is intended to fit in a polarized outlet only one way. If the plug does not fit fully in the outlet, reverse the plug. If it still does not fit, contact a qualified electrician to install the proper outlet. Do not modify the plug in any way."

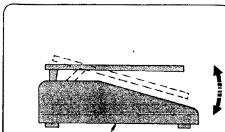
"Foot Controller Model YC-482P for use with Sewing Machine Models

385.1148×××, 385.1158×××, 385.1168×××, 385.1258×××, 385.1268×××, 385.12612×××, 385.1278×××, 385.11607×××, 385.12710×××, 385.12714×××, 385.12712×××, 385.12712×××, 385.17622×××, 385.11608×××, 385.12814××× and 385.12014×××.

××× - represents numbers 000 through 999."

(For U.S.A. market only)

100-316-005



Foot control The foot control regulates the speed at

The foot control regulates the speed at which you sew.

To increase speed, gently press down with the ball of your foot.

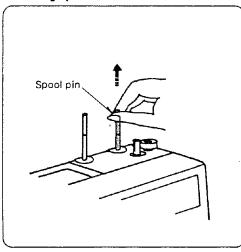
To decrease speed, release your foot pressure slightly.

NOTE: The foot control is sensitive and will increase or decrease your sewing speed immediately. Practice on a scrap of fabric to o fit in a e outlet, your taste and needs.

5

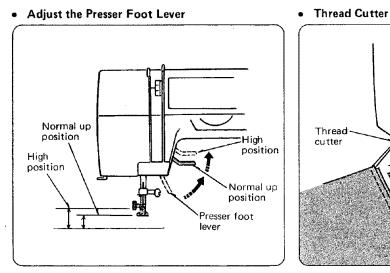


• Setting Spool Pins



The spool pins are used for holding the spool of thread in order to feed thread to the machine.

To use, pull up the spool pins. Push down for storage.



The Presser Foot Lever raises and lowers your presser foot.

You can raise it about 1/4" higher than the normal up position for easy removal of the presser foot or to help you place heavy fabrics under the presser foot.

You don't need a pair of scissors to cut the thread after you finish sewing. Just use the handy thread cutter.

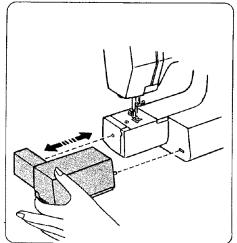
Thread-

cutter

Pull the threads to lengthen several inches before starting the next seam.

Set Up the Machine (Continued)

• Free-Arm Sewing: the Removable **Extension Table**



To Remove the Extension Table (for free-arm sewing)

- 1. Grip the table with your index finger and thumb, as shown.
- 2. Pull gently to the left. The extension table will snap out.

To Attach the Extension Table

(for flat-bed sewing)

- 1. Insert the tab and the pin into their catches.
- 2. With your thumb and index finger, gently snap in.

5

Accessory Storage Box

- The lid of the accessory storage Use the correct presser foot for box lifts open toward you.
- Sewing accessories are conveniently located in the box.

To change the various presser feet, raise the presser bar to its highest position by lifting the presser foot lever.

the stitch you wish to sew.

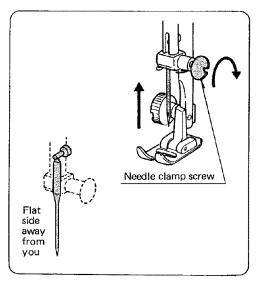
Change the Presser Foot

Loosen the presser foot thumb screw, choose the proper foot, insert from the bottom.

Tighten the screw using the large screw driver to make certain the foot is secure.

Choose the Needle and Thread

• To Change the Needle



- NOTE: Raise the needle bar to its highest position by turning the hand wheel toward you.
- 1. Loosen the needle clamp screw by turning it toward you.
- 2. Remove the needle by pulling it downward.
- 3. Insert the new needle into the needle clamp with the flat side away from you.
- 4. Push the needle up as far as it will go.
- 5. Tighten the needle clamp screw firmly with the large screwdriver from the accessory box.

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• Fabric, Needle, Thread and Stitch Length Chart

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		
	FABRIC	NEEDLE SIZE AND COLOR	THREAD SIZE	RECOMMENDED STITCH LENGTH SETTING
	Lightweight: Batiste, Dimity, Chiffon, Silks, Fine Lace, Organza, Crepe, Taffata, Voile, Organdy	11-ORANGE	Polyester Core/Cotton Wrap Fine Mercerized Cotton Silk A	2 (12 stitches per inch)
Your choice of needle and thread depends on the fabric you are sewing. In the needle envelope, you will find the following color-coded needles:	Medium Weight: Catton, Cotton Blend, Percale, Gingham, Shantung, Pique, Seersucker, Satin, Knit, Suitings, Linen, Wool Crepe, Leather	14-RED	50 Mercerized Cotton Polyester Core/Cotton Wrap Silk A	2–2.5 (10-12 stitches per inch)
Blue (11) for stretch fabrics. Orange (11) for lightweight fabrics. Red (14) for medium or medium-heavy weight fabrics.	Medium Heavy Weight: Corduroy, Denim, Wool, Sailcloth, Wool Flannel, Gabardine, Velvet, Leather	14-RED or 16-PURPLE	50 Mercerized Cotton Mercerized Heavy-Duty Polyester Core/Cotton Wrap Silk A	2–3 (8-10 stitches per inch)
Purple (16) for medium-heavy weight fabrics and decorative topstitching on these fabrics. (This needle has a larger thread hole for thicker topstitching thread.)	Heavy Weight: Coating, Upholstery Cotton Duck, Heavy Twills, Canvas	18-GREEN	Heavy Duty Mercerized Cotton Polyester Core/Cotton Wrap Silk A	3 (8 stitches per inch)
Green (18) for heavy weight fabrics and decorative top-stitching on these	Decorative top-stitching on all types of fabric	16-PURPLE 18-GREEN	Buttonhole Twist (Use as top thread only)	3–4 (6-8 stitches per inch)
fabrics. Replacement Kenmore needles are available at your nearest Sears store.	Stretch Fabric: Polyester Double Knit, Nylon Tricot, Jersey, Stretch Terry, Spandex, Cire Tricot	11-BLUE (STRETCH FABRIC NEEDLE)	Polyester Core/Cotton Wrap 50 Mercerized Cotton	2–2.5 (10-12 stitches per inch)

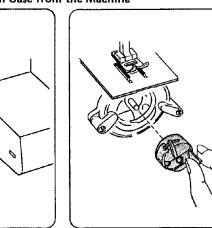
• Check the Needle

- 1. Look for barbed or blunt point.
- 2. A damaged needle can cause permanent snags or runs in knits, fine silks and silk-like fabrics.

Always buy a good quality thread. It should resist tangling and be strong, smooth and consistent in thickness.

Prepare the Bobbin

• To Remove the Bobbin Case from the Machine



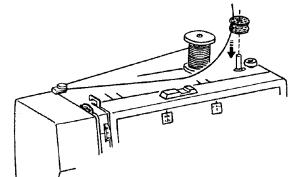
Remove the extension table from the machine by pulling it to the left. Open the shuttle cover by pulling down the embossed part on the left side of the cover.

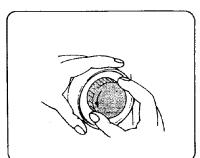
Raise needle to its highest position by rotating hand wheel toward you.

To remove bobbin case from shuttle, pull open latch of bobbin case.

Pull bobbin case straight out of shuttle.

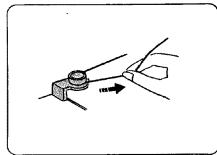
• Wind the Bobbin



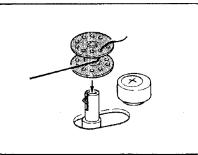


Release clutch by turning the clutch knob inside the hand wheel toward you to stop the needle from moving while you wind the bobbin.

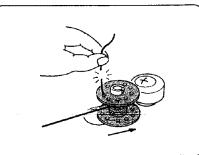
Wind the Bobbin (Continued)



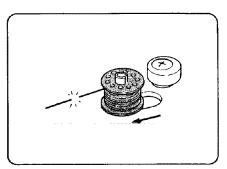
Draw thread from spool through bobbin winding tension disc as shown.



Pull end of thread through hole in bobbin as shown.



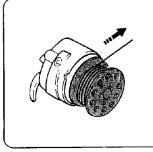
Place bobbin onto bobbin winding spindle with end of thread coming from the top of the bobbin. Push bobbin winding spindle to the right until it clicks. Holding onto end of thread, start machine. When bobbin is slightly filled, snip off end of thread.



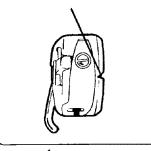
Wind thread until winder stops.

Push bobbin winding spindle to the left and clip thread. Remove bobbin. Turn clutch knob away from you while holding hand wheel for normal sewing operation.

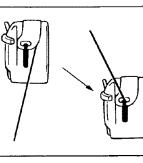
• Insert the Bobbin into the Bobbin Case



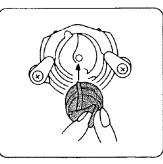
making sure thread feeds clock- as shown. wise and is coming from bobbin as shown.



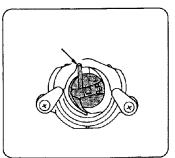
Place bobbin in bobbin case Pull thread through slot of case Pull thread under tension



spring and through the opening as shown above. Pull 3 to 4 inches of thread from bobbin.



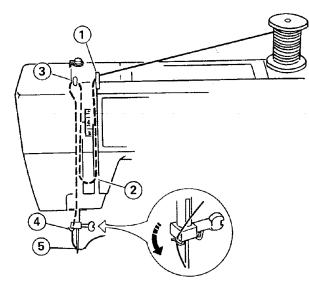
case into shuttle and release when latch is released. latch.



Holding latch open, position Case should lock into place

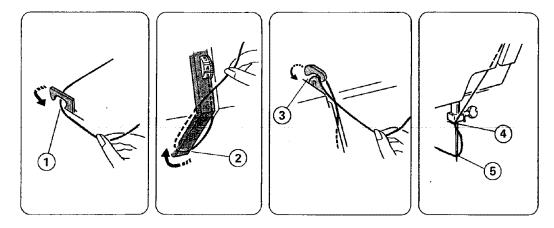
Prepare the Top Thread

• Thread the Needle



The numbered steps above follow the numbers on the illustrations.

Dotted lines show places where the thread loops and then is pulled tight.



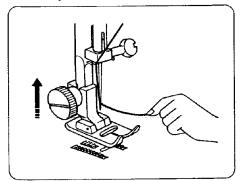
Raise take-up lever to its highest position by turning hand wheel toward you. Raise presser foot lever.

Place spool on spool pin as shown, with thread coming from the back of the spool.

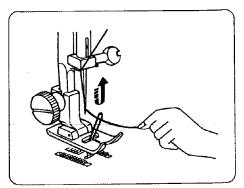
- 1. Draw thread into thread guide using both hands.
- 2. While holding thread near spool, draw thread down into the tension area and then around the check spring holder.
- 3. Firmly draw thread up and through take-up lever from right to left.
- 4. Draw thread down and slip it into left side needle bar thread guide.
- 5. Thread needle from front to back.

NOTE: You may want to cut the end of thread with sharp scissors for easier needle threading.

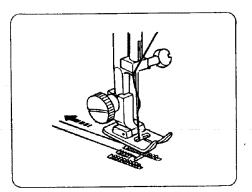
• Pick Up the Bobbin Thread



1. Raise presser foot lever. Hold top thread loosely in left hand and rotate handwheel toward you one complete turn.



2. Bring bobbin thread up by pulling top thread.

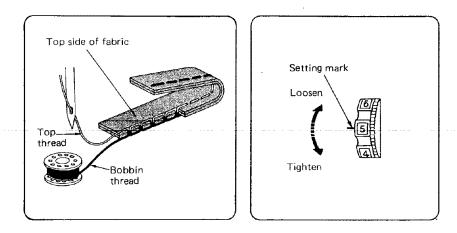


3. Pull both threads under and to the back of the presser foot, leaving 4 to 6 inches of thread clear.

If you cannot pick up bobbin thread by following steps given above, then check:

- 1. Is needle threaded from front to back?
- 2. Is thread tangled around needle?
- 3. Are 3 to 4 inches of thread coming from the shuttle?
- 4. Is thread from shuttle tangled?
- 5. Is bobbin properly installed in the bobbin case?
- 6. Is the machine threaded according to the instructions?

Adjust the Top Thread Tension

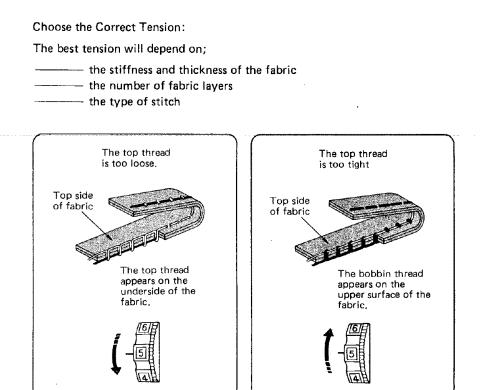


For Straight Stitch

The ideal straight stitch will have threads locked between the two layers of fabric, as shown above, magnified to show detail.

If you look at the stitch, front and back, you will notice that there are no gaps, that each stitch is smooth and even.

When adjusting top thread tension, the higher the number, the tighter the top th read.



Tension is too loose:

The top thread shows through the The bobbin thread will come through bottom of the fabric. The bottom side of the stitch will feel bumpy.

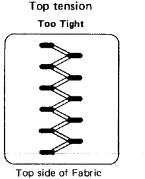
Tension is too tight:

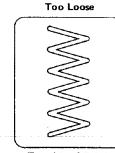
the top of the fabric. The top side of the stitch will feel bumpy.

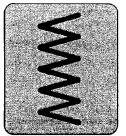
For Zigzag Stitch

In a correct zigzag stitch, the bobbin threads will not show on the top side of fabric and the top threads will show slightly on the bottom side. See below for the correct appearance. To match this appearance, adjust the top tension.

Top tension

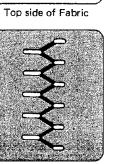






Bottom side of Fabric Too Tight:

---- Corner of each zigzag will pull together on the top side of fabrics.



Bottom side of Fabric Too Loose:

The top thread will loop through bottom side of fabric and will be pulled almost together. Top side of Fabric

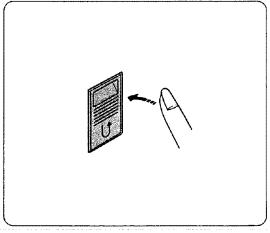
Just Right

Bottom side of Fabric

Just Right:

Minimize the amount of top thread visible on the bottom side of fabric without causing excessive puckering or causing the bobbin thread to show on the top side. Results vary with fabric, thread and sewing conditions.

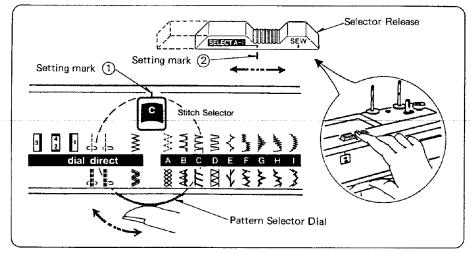
Reverse Stitch Control



To reverse stitch, hold down this control during sewing.

Release to sew forward again.

Stitch Selector



- 1) Raise the needle to its highest position.
- Select the desired pattern at the setting mark() by turning the pattern selector dial. Dial will not turn past "SELECT" without moving selector release to the right.

When you select patterns A to I

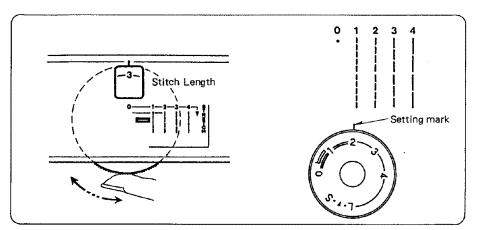
- a) First, slide the selector release to the right so that the "SELECT A to I" mark on the selector release meets the setting mark(2) on the machine.
- b) Then, select the desired pattern at the setting mark 1 by turning the pattern selector dial.
- c) Slide back the selector release to the left so that the "SEW" mark on the selector release meets the setting mark(2) on the machine.
- Note: Do not turn the pattern selector dial while the needle is in the lower position. It may cause the needle to break.

Stitch patterns are color-coded to recommend setting zones at the stitch length control.

ZONES

- Red Straight, Zigzag and Utility Stitches
- Green Geometric Decorative Stitches
- Blue Built-in Buttonhole Making
- Brown Stretch Stitches

Stitch Length Control



The stitch length control regulates the length of stitch, and also has a stretch stitch setting.

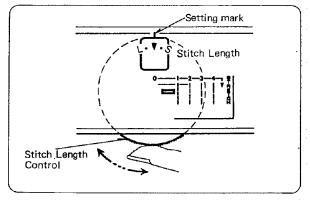
The higher the number, the longer the stitch. "0" means no feed.

To select Stretch Stitches, set this control at \mathbf{v} position.

NOTE: When you select decorative stitches (green) or built-in buttonhole (blue), make sure that you do not set the stitch length control at ▼ position.

Study the red, green, brown and blue section around this control. These are recommended zones of stitch length and are colorcoded to the stitches pictured on the stitch indicator panel.

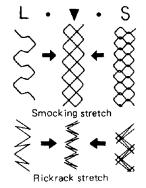
Adjusting Stretch Stitch Balance



To select Stretch Stitches, set this control at \mathbf{v} position.

In stretch stitch sewing, Stitch Length Control should be in the detent position between S and L (\mathbf{v} position) for most materials. Depending upon the type of fabric used, you may need to adjust this control to match forward stitches of stretch sewing with reverse motion stitches.

To shorten stretch stitches, turn the control slightly toward "S". To lengthen, turn toward "L".



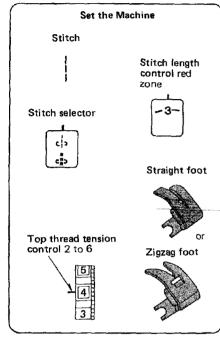
Starting To Sew

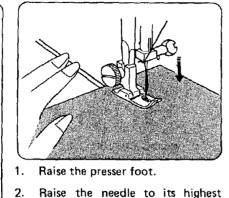
Now that you are familiar with the controls on your machine and with the accessories provided for the machine, you are ready to start to sew with your new Kenmore sewing machine. Below are some good habits to follow each time you sit down to sew:

- 1. Inspect the needle. It should be straight, properly set and sharp on the point. It should be the correct size for the fabric and thread being used. Do not be afraid to change your needle frequently. Many of the new fabrics made of synthetic blends tend to dull the needles more easily than fabrics made of natural fibers.
- 2. Before placing the material on the machine, see that the ends of the threads have been drawn about 4 inches to the rear of the machine. Hold on to threads during the sewing of the first 3 or 4 stitches of the seam.
- 3. Test the machine stitch on a scrap of the fabric you plan to use. The fabric should be double thickness. Adjust the machine for the length of stitch and tension suitable to the fabric.
- 4. Fabric should be placed under the presser foot with the bulk of the material to the left of the needle and the right edge of the material placed on the 5/8" seam marking on the needle plate when making a simple seam.
- 5. Run the machine at a slow even speed. The more pressure you put on the foot control, the faster the machine will sew.
- 6. Fasten each seam by back tacking sewing a few stitches in reverse.
- 7. Always finish sewing each seam with the needle at its highest point.
- 8. Guide the fabric gently with your hand in front of the needle. Never pull or hold the fabric in such a way that the normal feeding is altered.
- 9. When turning the hand wheel manually, always turn it toward you.

Straight Stitches

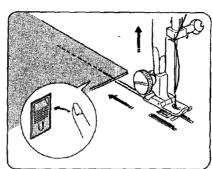
Straight Stitch





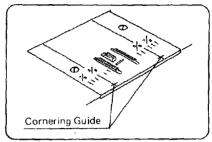
- position.
- 3. Place the edge of the fabric next to a stitching guide line on the 9. Cut the threads. needle plate (5/8" is most common).
- 4. Draw the threads towards the back and lower the presser foot.
- 5. Press the foot control.
- 6. Hold the fabric loosely and gently guide it along the guide line, so that it feeds naturally. Do not force the fabric or try to

pull it tight.



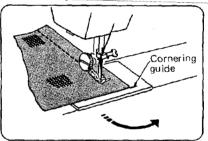
- 7. At the end of the seam, you may want to reverse to lock the stitch.
- 8. Raise the presser foot and remove the fabric,

• Use the Seam Guides



The seam guides on the needle plate are there to help you measure seam width. The lines are 1/8" apart, with the 5/8" and 7/8" lines marked.

Turn a Square Corner

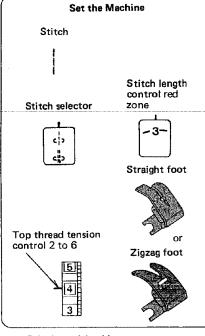


To turn a square corner 5/8" from the fabric edge:

- 1. Stop stitching and lower the needle by turning hand wheel toward you when the fabric edge facing you lines up with the cornering guide, as shown.
- 2. Raise the presser foot and turn the fabric to line the edge with the 5/8" seam guide.
- 3. Lower the presser foot and begin stitching in the new direction.

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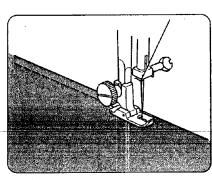
• Topstitching



The Stitch and Its Uses

Topstitching emphasizes the lines of your garment and keeps seams and edges flat and crisp.

Accent suits or blouses with one or two rows of topstitching around the outer edges of cuffs, lapels or collars.



Here's How

- 1. Lower the presser foot.
- 2. Keep the edge of the fabric next to the right edge of the presser foot.
- 3. Evenly guide the fabric along this edge to produce an even row of topstitching 3/8" from the edge.
- NOTE: You can easily adjust your needle from center to left for topstitching without moving your fabric from under the zigzag presser foot.
- Stitch selector

• Left Needle Position

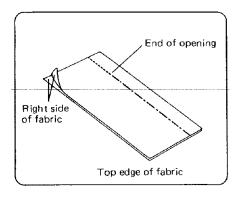
Use Left Needle Position for more control while topstitching or edge stitching difficult fabrics.

NOTE: Use only zigzag presser foot for Left Needle Sewing.

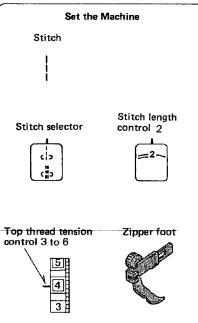
Fabric Preparation:

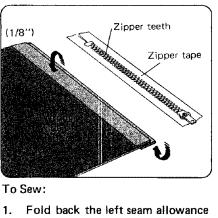
Put the right sides of the fabric together and sew to the end of the zipper opening. Use the reverse to lock the stitches.

Sew the zipper opening with stitch length at "4" and top thread tension at "3".

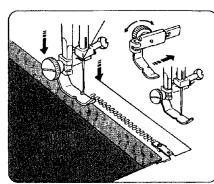




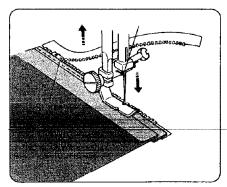




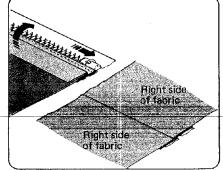
- as shown.
- 2. Turn under the right seam allowance to form a 1/8" fold.
- 3. Place the zipper teeth next to the 1/8'' fold and pin in place.



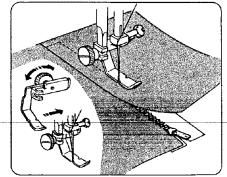
- 4. To sew the left side of the zipper, set the zipper foot on the left side of the needle.
- 5. Lower the zipper foot on the right side at the bottom of the zipper so that the needle pierces the fold and the zipper tape.
- 6. Sew through the fold and the zipper tape to the point where the slider begins.
- 7. Lower the needle to hold the fabric and raise the presser foot.



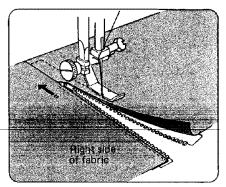
- 8. Open the zipper.
- 9. Lower the presser foot and stitch the rest of the seam.



10. Close the zipper and turn the fabric right side up.

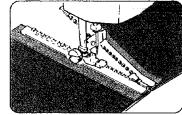


- 11. To sew the right side of the zipper, set the zipper foot on the right side of the needle.
- 12. Stitch across and below the bottom of the zipper.
- 13. Turn the corner and continue to guide the foot along the zipper teeth, as shown. Stitch through the fabric and



- 14. Stop about 2" from the top of the zipper.
- 15. Lower the needle into the fabric and raise the presser foot.
- 16. Remove the basting stitches and open the zipper.
- 17. Lower the foot and stitch the rest of the seam. Make sure the fold is even.

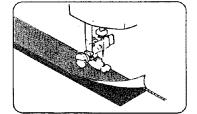
INVISIBLE ZIPPER AND CORDING





Adjust the foot so the needle is sewing through the center hole of the foot and one groove of the foot is riding on the teeth of the zipper as shown, Follow the zipper manufacturer's instructions. After zipper has been inserted, finish sewing seam by shifting foot to side position sewing through side notch.

CORDING



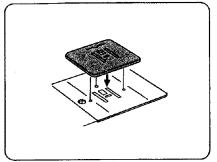
Foot can also be used to make cording for slipcovers etc. Cover a cord with a strip of bias fabric and sew as shown.

NOTE:

Use "Low Bar Sewing Machine ZIPPER FOOT" (6757) for "invisible zipper" and "cording", which can be obtained at any Sears retail store.

zipper tape.

• Use the Darning Plate



Sometimes when you sew, you want to control the fabric youself.

The Darning Plate covers the feed dogs so that they do not touch the fabric.

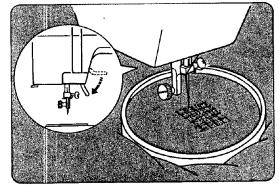
To Put on the Darning Plate:

- The rectangular holes in the NOTE: Darning Plate match the holes in the needle plate. In the darning plate, these holes are slightly to the left of center.
- 1. Position the darning plate with the 3 pins on the bottom.
- 2. Fit the darning plate pins into the needle plate holes. The feed dogs will show through the darning plate holes.
- Use the darning plate in the following ways: Darning (P. 22)

Button Sewing (P. 25)

Set the Machine Stitch Stitch length control any number (not necessary to Stitch selector adjust) ci> ¢. Here's How No presser foot Top thread tension control 1 to 4 2. Darning plate

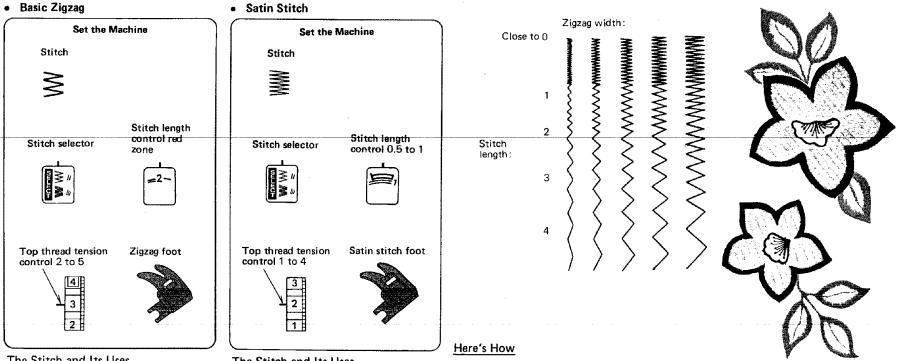
Darning



- 1. Put the darning plate on the needle plate (see p. 22).
- Remove presser foot and stretch fabric between embroidery hoops with hole centered.
- Draw the bobbin thread up through the 3. fabric by holding the top thread and taking one stitch at the spot where you wish to start darning.
- 4. Lower the presser bar and sew at a slow speed.
- 5. Move the fabric back and forth slowly until you have covered the darning area.
- 6. Turn the fabric a half turn and sew another laver of stitching over the first layer.
- NOTE: If your fabric is thin or badly damaged, use a separate piece of fabric under the hole to reinforce it.
- 7. When you finish darning, remove the darning plate.

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Zigzag Stitches



The Stitch and Its Uses

The zigzag stitch is one of the most common and most versatile stitches on your machine. It can be a utility stitch for sewing buttons, buttonholes, hemming, overcasting, mending and darning. It can also be used to decorate with trims, appliques and cut-out work or as a decorative stitch.

The Stitch and Its Uses

The Satin stitch is a versatile and often used decorative stitch, but it can also be used to overcast a raw edge (for example, blankets, linens, tablecloths and napkins).

The Satin stitch is especially attractive in applique.

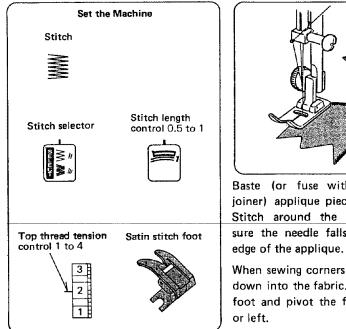
Once your machine is set up to stitch, you may want to experiment on a scrap of the fabric you are planning to use. Too tight a satin stitch may pucker some light weight fabrics.

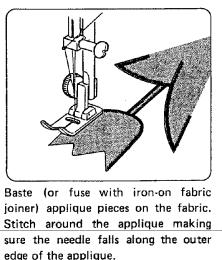
There are many ways to sew a zigzag stitch. Consult the specific variations for detailed directions.

Satin Stitch p. 23 Applique Work p. 24 Bar Tacking p. 24 Button Sewing p. 25 Overcasting p. 26 Three-step zigzag p. 27 Rick-rack stretch p. 32 Overcast stretch p. 33 Serging p. 34

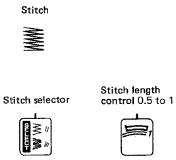
Zigzag Stitches (Continued)

• Applique





When sewing corners, lower the needle down into the fabric. Raise the presser foot and pivot the fabric to the right

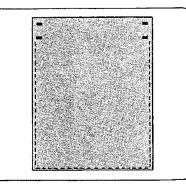


Set the Machine

Bar Tacking

Top thread tension Zigzag foot control 1 to 4

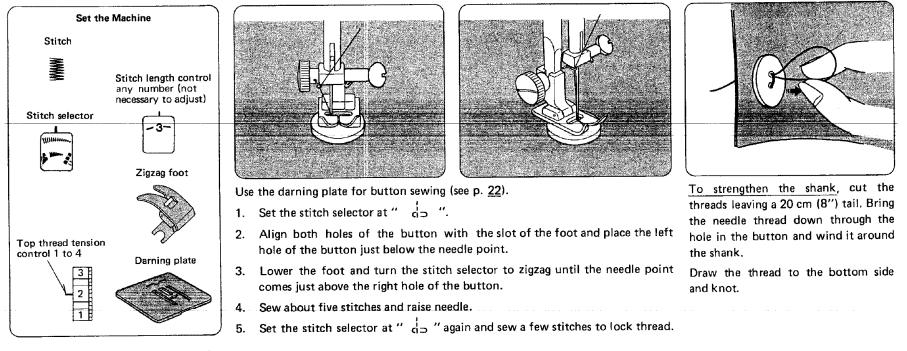
3



This stitch is similar to a very short satin stitch and is used to reinforce points of strain such as corners or pockets and straps on lingerie.

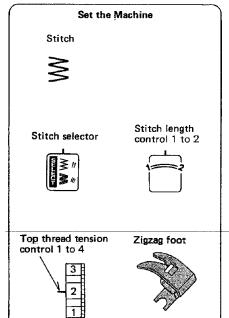
Sew 4 to 6 zigzag stitches.

Sew a Button



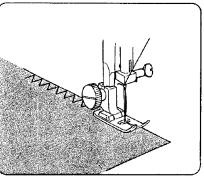
Zigzag Stitches (Continued)

Overcasting Stitch



The Stitch and Its Uses

This zigzag variation is very useful in garment construction and in finishing raw edges of any sewing project.

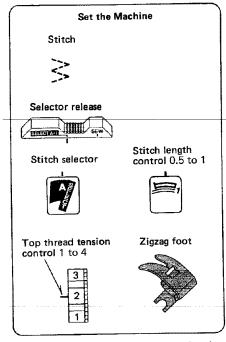


Helpful Hints

Start overcasting about 1/8" inside the raw corner of your seam. If you start right at the edge, the fabric will bunch up and the stitches will become tangled.

Zigzag Stitches (Continued)

• Three-Step Zigzag



NOTE: Be sure to slide back the selector release to the "SEW" position.

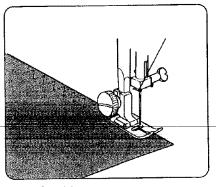
The Stitch and Its Uses

The three-step zigzag is a combination zigzag and straight stitch. You may use the three-step zigzag everywhere you would use the basic zigzag stitch. It has more strength, elasticity, and is flatter than a regular zigzag.

The three-step zigzag stitch is especially useful for:

- mending

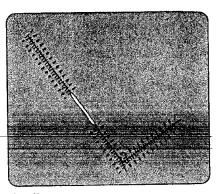
- sewing patches smoothly and securely.
 - repairing straight tears.
- finishing seams.



Seam Finishing

Place the fabric under the presser foot so that the edge will be slightly inside the right hand side of the presser foot.

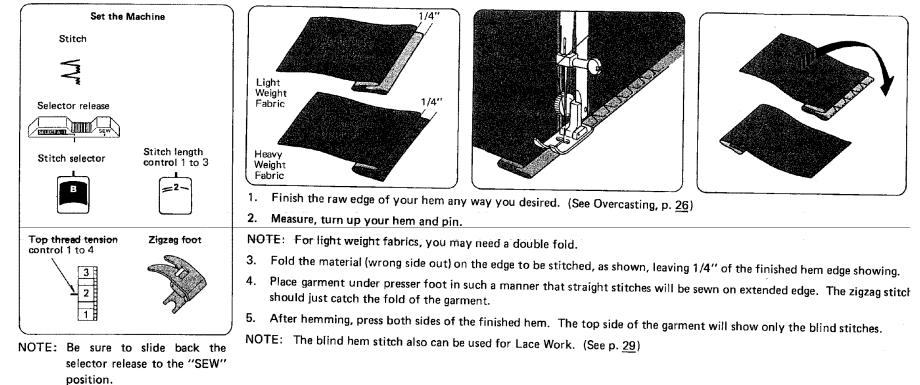
Guide the work so the right hand stitches fall at the edge of the fabric.



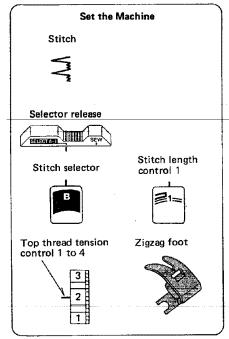
Mending

Position the tear under the needle so that the stitching will catch both sides.

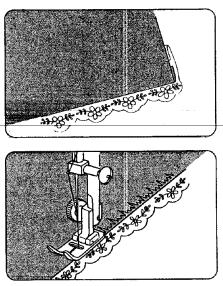
• Blind Hemming



Lace Work



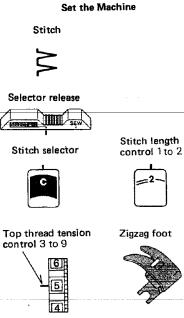
NOTE: Be sure to slide back the selector release to the "SEW" position.

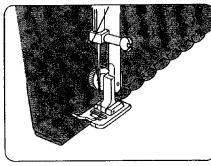


- Lace adds a fanciful, feminine touch to blouses and lingerie. Table linens and pillows become more elegant when trimmed with lace.
- Turn raw edge of fabric under at least 1/2". Place lace underneath and topstitch using stretch blind hem stitch.

Trim excess fabric close to stitching.

•	Shell	Stitching	





NOTE: Be sure to slide back the selector release to the "SEW" position.

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Here's How

1. For best effect:

- set the stitch length as you desire.
- you may need to tighten the top thread tension slightly.
 - allow the needle to just clear the folded edge of the fabric when it zigzags.
- 2. If you sew rows of shell stitches, space the rows 1/2'' apart.

You can sew Shell Stitch on knits or soft silky wovens in any direction.

The Stitch and Its Uses

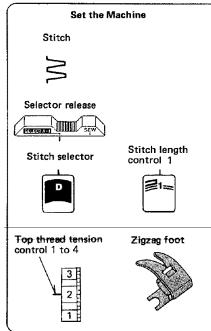
The Shell Stitch is formed by sewing a blind hem over folded fabric. Several rows of shell stitching are called shell tucks.

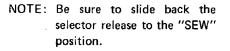
Shell stitching can be used to finish hems, sleeve and neck openings.

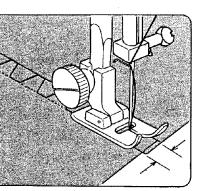
Shell tucking can be used to create scalloped tucks on blouses and lingerie.

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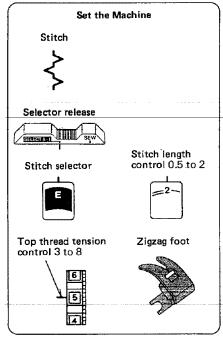


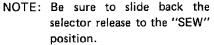


Use this stitch to join heavy weight interlining.

Overlap two raw edges together and use this stitch to join them.

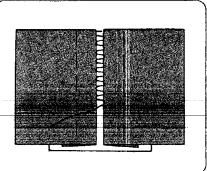
Fagoting Stitch





The Stitch and Its Uses

Use this stitch to join two pieces of fabric to create an open work appearance and add design interest.



Here's How

- 1. Fold under each fabric edge 5/8" and press.
- 2. Pin the two edges to paper or tearaway backing 1/8" apart.

3. Sew slowly, guiding the fabric so the needle catches the folded edge on each side.

Selector release Stitch selector F, G, H or 1 Top thread tension control 1 to 4 3 2 1 NOTE: Per sume to slide back the

Decorate with Geometric Patterns

Stitch

www

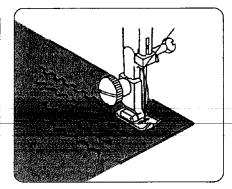
Set the Machine

NOTE: Be sure to slide back the selector release to the "SEW" position.

The Stitches and Their Uses

These stitches are purely decorative. You can sew one row or several or vary the stitch width and length for special effects.

Experiment on a scrap of fabric to see what special effects are possible.

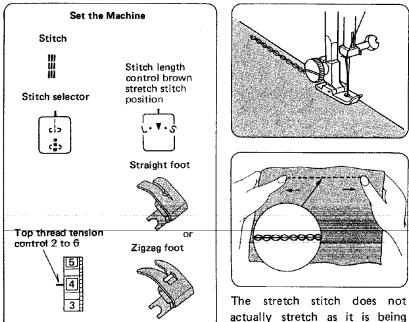


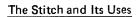
<u>Here's How</u>

- 1. Adjust the stitch width and length as you desire.
- 2. Practice the stitch on a scrap of fabric.
- 3. Mark the line for decoration on the fabric, using a washable fabric marker.
- 4. Lower the needle at the starting point.
- 5. Lower the presser foot.
- Gently guide the fabric along the maked line.

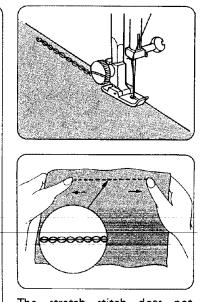
Stretch Stitches

Straight Stretch



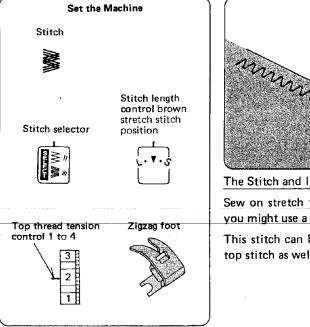


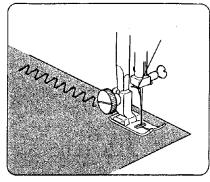
This stitch is the stretch variation of the straight stitch, especially developed for knits and stretch fabrics. Stretch stitch can be used on other fabrics as well. It works well on curved seams and on any garments that will receive a great deal of strain (ie. children's clothes).



actually stretch as it is being sewn, but is stitched in a forward and back motion (sometimes called a "reverseaction" stitch), so that it will give when the fabric stretches instead of breaking. This stitch can also be used for topstitching on all fabrics.

Rick-Rack Stretch



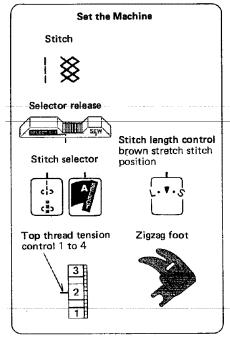


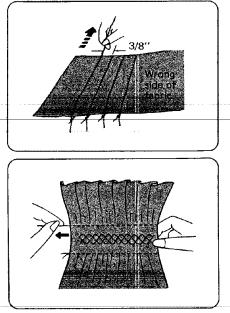
The Stitch and Its Uses

Sew on stretch fabrics in any area that you might use a zigzag stitch.

This stitch can be used as a decorative top stitch as well.

Smocking



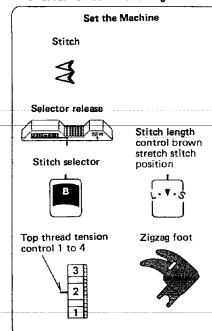


NOTE: Be sure to slide back the selector release to the "SEW" position.

With the stitch length at "4", sew straight stitching lines 3/8" apart across the area to be smocked.

Knot the threads along one edge. Pull the bobbin threads and distribute the gathers evenly. Secure the threads at the other end. Sew the decorative stitch between the gathering stitches. Pull out the gathering stitches.

NOTE: Loosen the top thread tension to make gathering easier.



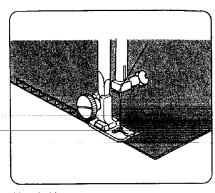
Overcast Stretch Stitching

NOTE: Be sure to slide back the selector release to the "SEW" position.

The Stitch and Its Uses

This stitch can be used for sewing a seam with an overcast finish.

The seam is formed and finished in one operation. It can be used when you are making swimwear, ski pants and other garments that require stretch.



Here's How

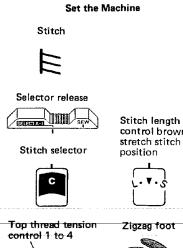
Place the raw edge of the fabric to the LEFT of the needle as shown.

Stitch so the needle pierces the fabric just short of the outside edge.

Or, place your fabric to allow a 5/8" seam, then trim seam allowance after.

Raw or worn edges of older garments can be overcast to prevent further raveling.

NOTE: Use a blue stretch fabric needle, which effectively prevents skipped stitches. Serging or Pine Leaf Stretch Stitching

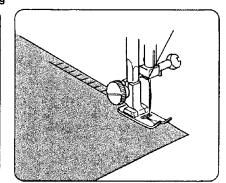




NOTE: Be sure to slide back the selector release to the "SEW" position.

The Stitch and Its Uses

Use this stitch when you want a narrow seam that you do not need to press open flat. It is ideal for 1/4" seams on knits or on medium to heavyweight woven fabrics where you want a narrow seam. It is also great for making elastic swim wear.

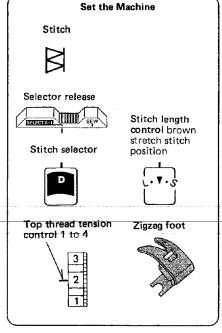


Here's How

Place the fabric under the presser foot so that the stitches are made over the edge.

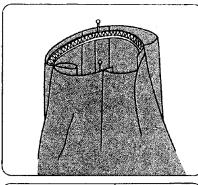
Or, place your fabric to allow a 5/8" seam, then trim seam allowance after.

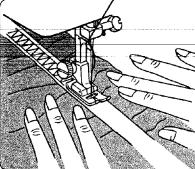
NOTE: When using stretch knit fabric, use a blue stretch fabric needle which effectively prevents skipped stitches.



Elastic Stretch Stitch

NOTE: Be sure to slide back the selector release to the "SEW" position.



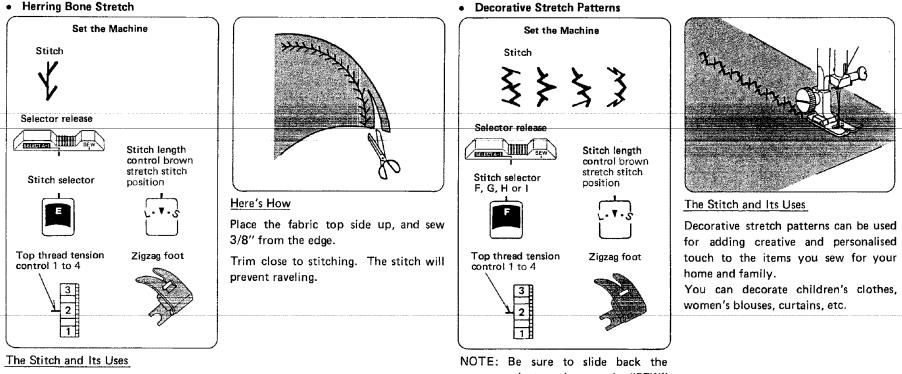


Choose this stitch to attach elastic to garments.

- 1. Mark the elastic into guarters and match these to the center front. center back and side seams.
- 2. Place the middle of the elastic under the center of the presser foot and stitch into place, making sure the fabric is evenly distributed.

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SECTION 3. LEARN THE STITCHES

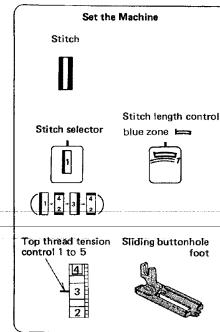


Use as hemming stitch for blankets, tablecloth and draperies.

IOTE: Be sure to slide back the selector release to the "SEW" position.

SECTION 3. LEARN THE STITCHES

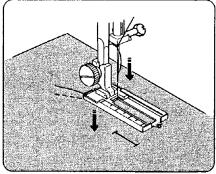
Buttonholes



Adjusting the Stitch Density

Depending upon your fabric or your own preference in buttonholes, you may alter the buttonhole stitch density within the blue buttonhole range on the stitch length dial.

- (1) For more density, turn the dial toward "O".
- (2) For less density, turn the dial toward "1".
- NOTE: Always make a practice buttonhole on a scrap of fabric you plan to use to find the more suitable stitch length.

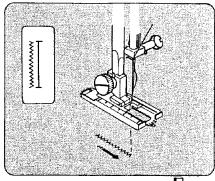


- 1. a. Carefully mark the buttonhole length on your garment.
 - b. Change to the sliding buttonhole foot.

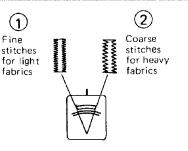
c. Insert the garment under the foot with the buttonhole mark-

ing running toward you.

- a. Move the slider (A) toward you so that the top mark (C) on the slider meets the start mark (B).
 - b. Line up the markings on the foot with the top mark on your garment.
 - c. Lower the presser foot.
- NOTE: The markings on the slider are engraved in centimeters.

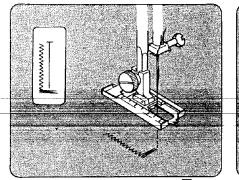


- 3. a. Set the stitch selector at
 - b. Sew forward until you reach the front marking of your buttonhole.
 - c. Stop sewing at the left stitch.

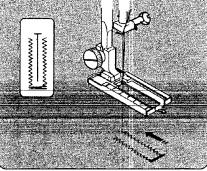


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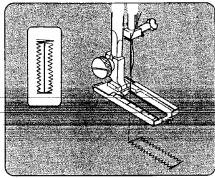
SECTION 3. LEARN THE STITCHES



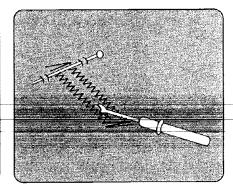
- 4. a. Set the stitch selector at $\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$.
 - b. Sew 4 to 6 stitches.
 - c. Stop sewing at the right stitch.



- 5. a. Set the stitch selector at b. Sew until you reach the back
 - marking of the buttonhole.
 - c. Stop sewing at the right stitch.



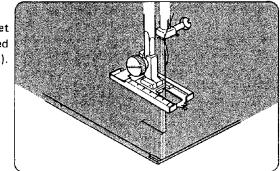
- 6. a. Set the stitch selector at
 b. Sew 4 to 6 stitches.
 - c. Stop sewing at the left stitch.



7. Remove the fabric and cut the hole open with the buttonhole opener.

NOTE:

When sewing at the edge of fabric, set sliding buttonhole foot as illustrated and sew in reverse $(3 \rightarrow 4) \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 4$.



SECTION 4. PERFORMANCE PROBLEMS CHART

What to Do When

PROBLEM	PROBABLE CAUSE	CORRECTION							
Skipping Stitches	Incorrect size needle. Bent or blunt needle. Incorrect setting of needle. Tight upper thread tension.	Choose correct size needle for thread and fabric. Insert new needle. Reset needle. Loosen upper thread tension.							
Breaking Upper Thread	Starting to stitch too fast. Improper threading. Tight upper thread tension. Incorrect size needle. Sharp eye in needle. Nicks or burrs on shuttle. Nicks or burrs at hole of needle plate.	Start to stitch at a medium speed. Rethread machine. Loosen upper thread tension. Choose correct size needle for thread and fabric. Insert new needle. Replace shuttle, or polish off burrs completely. Replace needle plate, or polish off burrs completely.							
Breaking Bobbin Thread	Improper bobbin case threading. Lint in bobbin case or shuttle.	Check bobbin case threading. Clean bobbin case and shuttle.							
Fabric not Moving	Darning plate in place. Stitch Length set at 0. Thread knotted under fabric.	Remove darning plate. Adjust Stitch Length Control. Place both threads back under presser foot before beginning to stitch.							
Machine Jamming Knocking Noise	Thread caught in shuttle. Lint in bobbin case or shuttle.	Disassemble and clean shuttle. Clean bobbin case and shuttle.							

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SECTION 4. PERFORMANCE PROBLEMS CHART

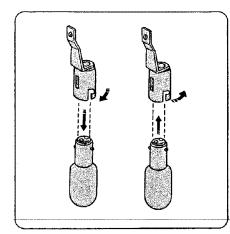
What to Do When (Continued)

PROBLEM	PROBABLE CAUSE	CORRECTION
Irregular Stitches	Incorrect size needle. Improper threading. Loose upper thread tension. Pulling fabric. Loose presser foot. Unevenly wound bobbin. Nicks or burrs at hole of needle plate.	Choose correct size needle for thread and fabric. Rethread machine. Tighten upper thread tension. Do not pull fabric; guide it gently. Reset presser foot. Rewind bobbin. Replace needle plate, or polish off burrs completely.
Breaking Needle	Pulling fabric. Incorrect size needle. Incorrect setting of needle. Loose presser foot.	Do not pull fabric; guide it gently. Choose correct size needle for thread and fabric. Reset needle. Reset presser foot.
Bunching of Thread	Upper and lower threads not drawn back under presser foot before starting seam.	When starting a seam be sure to draw both threads under and back of presser foot about 4" and hold until a few stitchs are formed.
Puckering	Incorrect thread tension(s). Using two different sizes or kinds of thread. Bent or blunt needle. Loose presser foot. Fabric very sheer or very soft.	Reset thread tension(s). Upper thread and bobbin thread should be same size and kind. Insert new needle. Reset presser foot. Use underlay of tissue paper.

SECTION 5. CARE FOR THE MACHINE

Replacing the Light Bulb

Cleaning the Machine



- 1. Unplug the machine and open the face cover.
- CAUTION! The light bulb could be HOT. Protect your fingers when you handle it.
- 2. Push the bulb up and turn the bulb counter-clockwise to remove it.
- 3. Put the new bulb in by pushing it up and turning it clockwise.

To insure that your machine operates at its best, you need to keep the essential parts clean at all times. The feed dogs and shuttle race areas can attract dust and lint. Your machine can become sluggish or knock loudly if a thread is caught.

Check and clean those areas about every three months under normal use. If you sew frequently, clean more often.

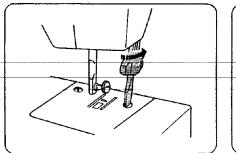
• Clean the Feed Dogs

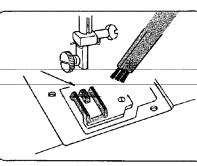
Follow these directions:

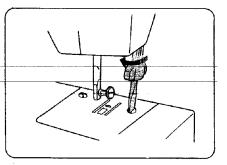
needle plate.

presser foot and needle.

Using a screw driver, remove







1. Unplug the machine. Remove 2. Use a lint br

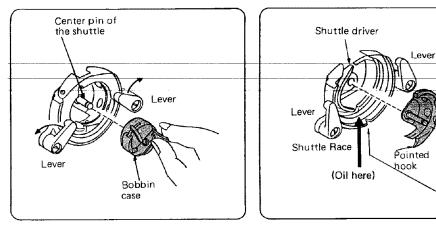
- 2. Use a lint brush to clean the feed 3. dogs.
 - 3. Replace needle plate.

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SECTION 5. CARE FOR THE MACHINE

Clean the Shuttle Race

This area must be kept free of dust, lint and occasional tangled thread. Clean the shuttle race area about every three months.



To Clean the Shuttle Area:

- point and remove the bobbin case.
- 2. Push shuttle race levers aside. Lift
- 3. Clean the shuttle race with a lint brush.
- 4. Put a drop of oil on the center pin of the shuttle and shuttle race. Do not over-oil.

To Replace Shuttle Assembly:

1. Raise the needle bar to its highest 1. Position shuttle race as illustrated so that shuttle driver is forming half moon on the left side of the machine.

Shuttle

Shuttle Race

Cover

- shuttle race cover and take shuttle out. 2. Hold shuttle by center pin and position shuttle so as to form a half moon on the right side. Pointed hook will be on the bottom.
 - 3. Place shuttle race cover into place over shuttle assembly.
 - 4. Snap the levers back into the original position.

SECTION 5. CARE FOR THE MACHINE

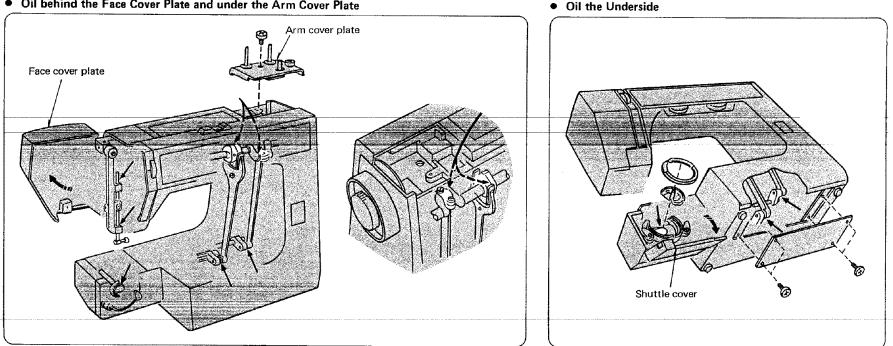
Oiling the Machine

Oil the machine in all areas shown on this page at least once a year; otherwise the machine can become sluggish or will knock loudly. If you use the machine frequently, oil the machine under the top cover about every three months. In case machine is not used for an extended time, oil it before sewing. Use good quality sewing machine oil. One or two drops of oil is sufficient. Remove excess oil, otherwise it may stain fabric.

Kenmore sewing machine oil is available at your nearest Sears retail store.

NOTE: Unplug the machine before oiling. Remove needle and put needle bar in full down position.

• Oil behind the Face Cover Plate and under the Arm Cover Plate

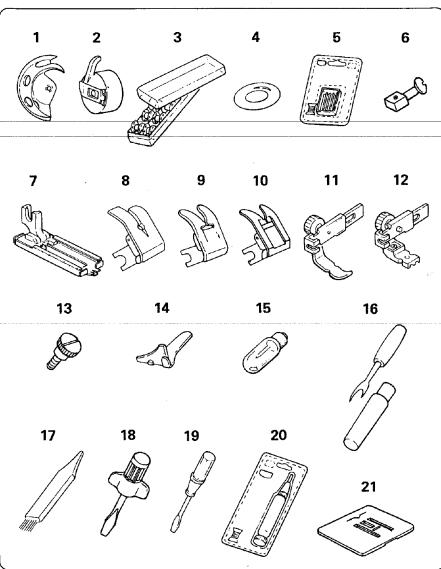


Open face cover plate and/or remove arm cover plate by loosening top screw to oil points in illustration.

Use only a drop of oil; do not over-oil.

Open the shuttle cover by pulling down the embossed part on the left side of the cover. Tilt the machine head back and remove bottom cover. Oil points in illustration.

PARTS LIST



All parts listed herein may be ordered from any Sears store or service center.

WHEN ORDERING REPAIR PARTS, ALWAYS GIVE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

1. PART NUMBER 3. MODEL NUMBER 2. PART DESCRIPTION 4. NAME OF ITEM

If the parts you need are not stocked locally, your order will be electronically transmitted to a Sears Repair Parts Distribution Center for expedited handling.

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
1	47	Shuttle
2	6510	Bobbin case
1 2 3 4	*6862	Bobbin box with 10 bobbins
4	1939	Bobbin winder rubber ring
5	813404013	No. 11 Stretch fabric needles (BLU)
	6551	No. 11 Single needles (ORG)
	6552	No. 14 Single needles (RED)
	6553	No. 16 Single needles (PUR)
	6554	No. 18 Single needles (GRN)
6	801506008	Needle clamp with screw
7	648801108	Sliding buttonhole foot
8	650802014	Straight stitch foot
9	735503018	Standard zigzag foot
10	6870	Satin stitch foot
11	593401008	Zipper foot
12	*6757	Zipper foot
13	ູ 135	Thumb screw
14	*6864	Needle threader
15	6797	Light bulb
16	6830	Buttonhole opener
17	802424004	Lint brush
18	820832005	Large screw driver
19	41669	Small screw driver
20	*6889	Oil and lint brush
21	735801008	Darning plate

* These items are not furnished with the machine, but may be ordered per instructions above.

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WARRANTY

FULL 25-YEAR WARRANTY ON SEWING MACHINE HEAD

For 25 years from the date of purchase, Sears will, free of charge, repair defects in material or workmanship which appear in the mechanical components of the sewing machine head.

FULL TWO YEAR WARRANTY ON ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT OF SEWING MACHINE

For two years from the date of purchase, Sears will, free of charge, repair defects in material or workmanship which appear in the electrical equipment of the sewing machine, including electronic components, motor, wiring, switch and speed control.

FULL 90-DAY WARRANTY ON ALL PARTS AND MECHANICAL ADJUSTMENTS

For 90 days from the date of purchase, Sears will, free of charge, replace any parts and provide mechanical service necessary for proper operation of the sewing machine, except for normal maintenance.

WARRANTY SERVICE IS AVAILABLE BY RETURNING THE SEWING MACHINE TO THE NEAREST SEARS SERVICE CENTER/DEPARTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO., D/817 WA, Hoffman Estates, IL 60179

SEWING MACHINE

Now that you have purchased your Kenmore Sewing Machine, should a need ever exist for repair parts or service, simply contact your nearest Sears Service Center. Be sure to provide all pertinent facts when you call or visit.

The model number of your Sewing Machine will be shown on your nomenclature plate on the back of your Sewing Machine. See page 4 for location.

WHEN ORDERING REPAIR PARTS, ALWAYS GIVE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

*PART NUMBER *PART DESCRIPTION *MODEL NUMBER *NAME OF ITEM

If the parts you need are not stocked locally, your order will be electronically transmitted to a Sears Repair Parts Distribution Center for handling.

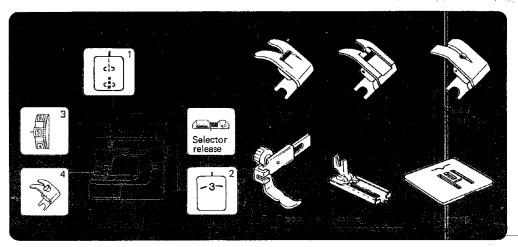
SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO., Chicago, IL60684 U.S.A.

S-385

Printed in Taiwan

Part No. 735806302 32





STITC Ң		1. SELECTOR	2. LENGTH CONTROL	3. TENSION CONTROL	4. PRESSER FOOT ETC
STRAIGHT -		c	RED ZONE	2 TO 6	A or C
ZIGZAG	\sim	ZWWWW	RED ZONE	2 TO 5	Α
THREE-STEP ZIGZAG	$\wedge \wedge \wedge$	1. Slide "RELEASE", right 2. Select pattern "A" 3. Slide "RELEASE" left	0.5 TO 1.0	1 TO 4	Α
BLIND (STRETCH)	MM	1. Slide "RELEASE" right 2. Select pattern "B" 3. Slide "RELEASE" left	1 TO 3	1 TO 4	Α
SHELL	MMM	1. Slide "RELEASE" right 2. Select pattern "C" 3. Slide "RELEASE" left	1 TO 2	3 TO 9	Α
вох	\mathcal{M}	1. Slide "RELEASE" right 2. Select pattern "D" 3. Slide "RELEASE" left		1 TO 4	A
FAGOTING STITCH	$\sqrt{\sqrt{v}}$	1. Slide "RELEASE" right 2. Select pattern "E" 3. Slide "RELEASE" left	0.5 TO 2	3 то 8	A
STRAIGHT STRETCH		4>	BROWN POSITION	2 TO 6	A or C
RICK-RACK		B lumin,	BROWN POSITION	1 TO 4	A
SMOCKING	2222	1. Slide "RELEASE" right 2. Select pattern "A" 3. Slide "RELEASE" left	BROWN POSITION	1 TO 4	Α
OVERCAST	$\forall \forall \forall$	1. Slide "RELEASE" right. 2. Select pattern "B" 3. Slide "RELEASE" left	BROWN POSITION	1 TO 4	Α
SERGING	ШЦ	1. Slide "RELEASE" right 2. Select pattern "C" 3. Slide "RELEASE" left	BROWN POSITION	1 TO 4	A
ELASTIC	$\nabla \Delta$	1. Slide "RELEASE" right 2. Select pattern "D" 3. Slide "RELEASE" left	BROWN POSITION	1 TO 4	A
HERRING BONE STRETCH	**	1. Slide "RELEASE" right 2. Select pattern "E" 3. Slide "RELEASE" left	BROWN POSITION	1 TO 4	A
BUTTONHOLE	Connection		BLUE ZONE	1 TO 5	E
SATIN	MMMM	Zammun,	0.5 TO 1.0	1 TO 4	В
DARNING		elə	ANY NUMBER	1 TO 4	F
BUTTON SEWING	0	Wittenour.	ANY NUMBER	1 TO 4	A and F
DECORATE WITH I	}})	1. Slide "RELEASE" right 2. Select pattern "F~I" 3. Slide "RELEASE" left	GREEN ZONE	1 TO 4	В
DECORATIVE STRETCH PA	TTERNS	1. Slide "RELEASE" right 2. Select pattern "F~I" 3. Slide "RELEASE" left		1 TO 4	A

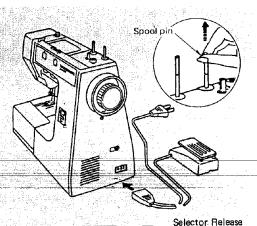
SETTING UP YOUR MACHINE

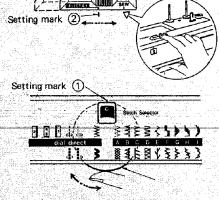
- 1. You'll find the spool pin on the top cover.
- Pull up the spool pin.
- 2. Plug foot control into machine receptacle. Then connect cord into any $110 \sim 120$ volt A.C. wall outlet.
- 3. Your Kenmore sewing machine has been thoroughly oiled at the factory. Be sure to wipe off the needle plate area, bed plate and shuttle carefully before sewing a garment. It is wise to practice on a scrap of fabric so any surplus oil is absorbed.

STITCH SELECTOR

There are certain types of stitches that are used more often than others in your garment construction. Because of their frequent use, you will soon realize the convenience offered to you by this control. The desired stitch will be obtained by turning the Stitch Selector.

All stitches printed in brown on the indicator panel must be sewn with Stitch Length Control set at \checkmark position.

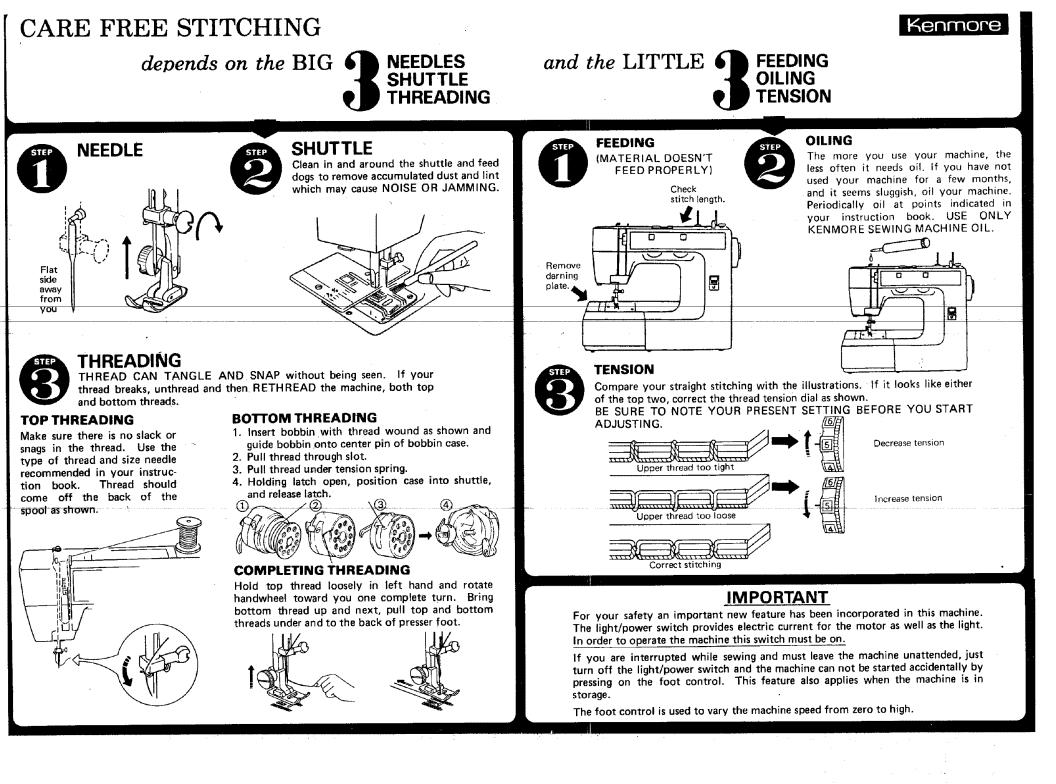




- 1) Raise the needle to its highest position.
- Select the desired pattern at the setting mark() by turning the pattern selector dial. Dial will not turn past "SELECT" without moving selector release to the right.

When you select patterns A to I

- a) First, slide the selector release to the right so that the "SELECT A to I" mark on the selector release meets the setting mark@on the machine.
- b) Then, select the desired pattern at the setting mark() by turning the pattern selector dial.
 c) Slide back the selector release to the left so that the "SEW" mark on the selector release meets the setting mark() on the machine.
- Note: Do not turn the pattern selector dial while the needle is in the lower position. It may cause the needle to break.



OPTIONAL FEET AND ATTACHMENT (SEWING MACHINE SOURCE 385)						
(A) SEWING MACHII MODEL NO.	E	(B) SEWING MACHINE PART NỘ.	(C) PART DESCRIPTION			
10111, 11541, 11551,	11581,	200012104	Hemmer Foot			
11607, 11682, 12320,	12321,	214872000	Walking Foot			
12331, 12332, 12490,			(Even Foot)			
12492, 12493, 12541,		941450000	Pin-Tuck Foot			
12641, 12712, 12714,	1	941460000	Gathering Foot			
12781, 12841, 16951, 17781, 17881,	17622,	941620000	Ruffler			
15841, 16841, 17641,	17824,	200002008	Piping Foot			
17922, 17928,		200003009	Gathering Foot			
, <u>,</u>		200005001	Pin-Tucking Foot			
		200013105	Hemmer Foot			
		200027102	Binder Foot			
		200030108	1/4" Seam Foot			
		214872000	Walking Foot			
		654805008	Embroidery Foot			
		941620000	Ruffler			
18836, 18841, 19150,	19501,	200002008	Piping Foot			
19502, 19601,	,	200003009	Gathering Foot			
		200005001	Pin-Tucking Foot			
		200013105	Hemmer Foot			
		200027102	Binder Foot			
		200028103	Roller Foot			
		200029104	Teflon Foot			
		200030108	1/4" Seam Foot			
		200031109	Applique Foot			
		200032100	Cording Foot			
		214872000	Walking Foot			
		654805008	Embroidery Foot			
		941620000	Ruffler			
15641, 16641,	÷	ML-330555	Elastic Foot			
		200201009	Piping Foot			
		200209100	Blind Hem Foot			
		200210104	Taping Foot With Tape Reel			
		200212106	Cording Foot			
		340522N	Pearl Sewing Foot			

OPTIONAL FEET AND ATTACHMENT (SEWING MACHINE SOURCE 385)

All parts listed above may be ordered by calling Sears Teleparts Center at 1(800)366-7278.

When ordering repair parts, always give the following information.

- 1. Part Number (SEE COLUMN B)
- 2. Part Description (SEE COLUMN C)
- 3. Model Number of Sewing Machine: Example (385.xxxx)
- 4. Name of Item (SEWING MACHINE)

If the parts you need are not stocked locally, your order will be electronically transmitted to the Sears Parts Distribution Center for expedited handling. 735-811-001

IMPORTANT

To reduce the electric shock:

*The plug is intended to fit in a polarized outlet only one way. If the plug does not fit fully in the outlet, reverse the plug. If it still does not fit, contact a qualified electrician to install the proper outlet.

Do not modify the plug any way.

*Replace foot controller with the same type. Foot Controller: MODEL YC-482P or YC-30 Free Manuals Download Website <u>http://myh66.com</u> <u>http://usermanuals.us</u> <u>http://www.somanuals.com</u> <u>http://www.4manuals.cc</u> <u>http://www.4manuals.cc</u> <u>http://www.4manuals.cc</u> <u>http://www.4manuals.com</u> <u>http://www.404manual.com</u> <u>http://www.luxmanual.com</u> <u>http://aubethermostatmanual.com</u> Golf course search by state

http://golfingnear.com Email search by domain

http://emailbydomain.com Auto manuals search

http://auto.somanuals.com TV manuals search

http://tv.somanuals.com