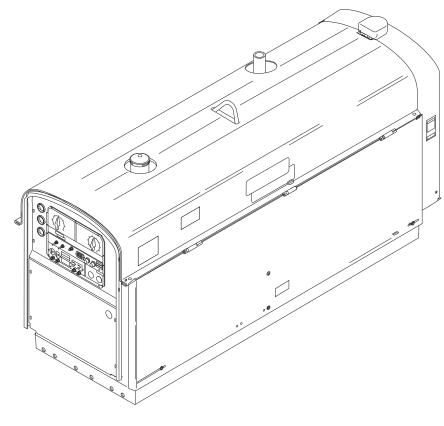
SA-250

IM747 January, 2003

For Machines with Code Numbers 10890

Safety Depends on You

Lincoln arc welding equipment is designed and built with safety in mind. However, your overall safety can be increased by proper installation ... and thoughtful operation on your part. DO NOT INSTALL, OPERATE OR REPAIR THIS EQUIPMENT WITHOUT READING THIS MANUAL AND THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS CONTAINED THROUGHOUT. And, most importantly, think before you act and be careful.





NTRL/C

OPERATOR'S MANUAL

Date of Purchase:_____

Serial Number: ______ Code Number:

Model:

Where Purchased:



Copyright © 2003 Lincoln Global Inc.

World's Leader in Welding and Cutting Products

Sales and Service through Subsidiaries and Distributors Worldwide

Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199 U.S.A. TEL: 216.481.8100 FAX: 216.486.1751 WEB SITE: www.lincolnelectric.com Download from Www.Somanuals.com. All Manuals Search And Download.

SAFETY

WARNING

▲ CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNINGS ▲

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm. The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

The Above For Diesel Engines

The Above For Gasoline Engines

ARC WELDING CAN BE HAZARDOUS. PROTECT YOURSELF AND OTHERS FROM POSSIBLE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. KEEP CHILDREN AWAY. PACEMAKER WEARERS SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR DOCTOR BEFORE OPERATING.

Read and understand the following safety highlights. For additional safety information, it is strongly recommended that you purchase a copy of "Safety in Welding & Cutting - ANSI Standard Z49.1" from the American Welding Society, P.O. Box 351040, Miami, Florida 33135 or CSA Standard W117.2-1974. A Free copy of "Arc Welding Safety" booklet E205 is available from the Lincoln Electric Company, 22801 St. Clair Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199.

BE SURE THAT ALL INSTALLATION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR PROCEDURES ARE PERFORMED ONLY BY QUALIFIED INDIVIDUALS.

FOR ENGINE powered equipment.

 Turn the engine off before troubleshooting and maintenance work unless the maintenance work requires it to be running.



1.b. Operate engines in open, well-ventilated areas or vent the engine exhaust fumes outdoors.



1.c. Do not add the fuel near an open flame welding arc or when the engine is running. Stop the engine and allow it to cool before refueling to prevent spilled fuel from vaporizing on contact with hot engine parts and igniting. Do not spill fuel when filling tank. If fuel is spilled, wipe it up and do not start engine until fumes have been eliminated.

- 1.d. Keep all equipment safety guards, covers and devices in position and in good repair.Keep hands, hair, clothing and tools away from V-belts, gears, fans and all other moving parts when starting, operating or repairing equipment.
- 1.e. In some cases it may be necessary to remove safety guards to perform required maintenance. Remove guards only when necessary and replace them when the maintenance requiring their removal is complete. Always use the greatest care when working near moving parts.



1.f. Do not put your hands near the engine fan. Do not attempt to override the governor or idler by pushing on the throttle control rods while the engine is running.

1.g. To prevent accidentally starting gasoline engines while turning the engine or welding generator during maintenance work, disconnect the spark plug wires, distributor cap or magneto wire as appropriate.



1.h. To avoid scalding, do not remove the radiator pressure cap when the engine is hot.



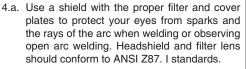
ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS may be dangerous

- 2.a. Electric current flowing through any conductor causes localized Electric and Magnetic Fields (EMF). Welding current creates EMF fields around welding cables and welding machines
- 2.b. EMF fields may interfere with some pacemakers, and welders having a pacemaker should consult their physician before welding.
- 2.c. Exposure to EMF fields in welding may have other health effects which are now not known.
- 2.d. All welders should use the following procedures in order to minimize exposure to EMF fields from the welding circuit:
 - 2.d.1. Route the electrode and work cables together Secure them with tape when possible.
 - 2.d.2. Never coil the electrode lead around your body.
 - 2.d.3. Do not place your body between the electrode and work cables. If the electrode cable is on your right side, the work cable should also be on your right side.
 - 2.d.4. Connect the work cable to the workpiece as close as possible to the area being welded.

2.d.5. Do not work next to welding power source.



ARC RAYS can burn.



- 4.b. Use suitable clothing made from durable flame-resistant material to protect your skin and that of your helpers from the arc rays.
- 4.c. Protect other nearby personnel with suitable, non-flammable screening and/or warn them not to watch the arc nor expose themselves to the arc rays or to hot spatter or metal.



FUMES AND GASES can be dangerous.

5.a. Welding may produce fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing these fumes and gases.When welding, keep your head out of the fume. Use enough ventilation and/or exhaust at the arc to keep

fumes and gases away from the breathing zone. When welding with electrodes which require special ventilation such as stainless or hard facing (see instructions on container or MSDS) or on lead or cadmium plated steel and other metals or coatings which produce highly toxic fumes, keep exposure as low as possible and below Threshold Limit Values (TLV) using local exhaust or mechanical ventilation. In confined spaces or in some circumstances, outdoors, a respirator may be required. Additional precautions are also required when welding on galvanized steel.

- 5.b. Do not weld in locations near chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors coming from degreasing, cleaning or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with solvent vapors to form phosgene, a highly toxic gas, and other irritating products.
- 5.c. Shielding gases used for arc welding can displace air and cause injury or death. Always use enough ventilation, especially in confined areas, to insure breathing air is safe.
- 5.d. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions for this equipment and the consumables to be used, including the material safety data sheet (MSDS) and follow your employer's safety practices. MSDS forms are available from your welding distributor or from the manufacturer.

Mar '95

5.e. Also see item 1.b.

ii

ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

3.a. The electrode and work (or ground) circuits are electrically "hot" when the welder is on. Do not touch these "hot" parts with your bare skin or wet clothing. Wear dry, hole-free gloves to insulate hands.

3.b. Insulate yourself from work and ground using dry insulation. Make certain the insulation is large enough to cover your full area of physical contact with work and ground.

In addition to the normal safety precautions, if welding must be performed under electrically hazardous conditions (in damp locations or while wearing wet clothing; on metal structures such as floors, gratings or scaffolds; when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling or lying, if there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with the workpiece or ground) use the following equipment:

- Semiautomatic DC Constant Voltage (Wire) Welder.
- DC Manual (Stick) Welder.
- AC Welder with Reduced Voltage Control.
- 3.c. In semiautomatic or automatic wire welding, the electrode, electrode reel, welding head, nozzle or semiautomatic welding gun are also electrically "hot".
- 3.d. Always be sure the work cable makes a good electrical connection with the metal being welded. The connection should be as close as possible to the area being welded.
- 3.e. Ground the work or metal to be welded to a good electrical (earth) ground.
- 3.f. Maintain the electrode holder, work clamp, welding cable and welding machine in good, safe operating condition. Replace damaged insulation.
- 3.g. Never dip the electrode in water for cooling.
- 3.h. Never simultaneously touch electrically "hot" parts of electrode holders connected to two welders because voltage between the two can be the total of the open circuit voltage of both welders.
- 3.i. When working above floor level, use a safety belt to protect yourself from a fall should you get a shock.
- 3.j. Also see Items 6.c. and 8.

CYLINDER may explode if damaged.

7.a. Use only compressed gas cylinders containing the correct shielding gas for the process used and properly operating regulators designed for the gas and

pressure used. All hoses, fittings, etc. should be suitable for the application and maintained in good condition.

- 7.b. Always keep cylinders in an upright position securely chained to an undercarriage or fixed support.
- 7.c. Cylinders should be located:
 Away from areas where they may be struck or subjected to physical damage.
 - A safe distance from arc welding or cutting operations and any other source of heat, sparks, or flame.
- 7.d. Never allow the electrode, electrode holder or any other electrically "hot" parts to touch a cylinder.
- 7.e. Keep your head and face away from the cylinder valve outlet when opening the cylinder valve.
- 7.f. Valve protection caps should always be in place and hand tight except when the cylinder is in use or connected for use.
- 7.g. Read and follow the instructions on compressed gas cylinders, associated equipment, and CGA publication P-I, "Precautions for Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders," available from the Compressed Gas Association 1235 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA 22202.
 - FOR E power

FOR ELECTRICALLY powered equipment.

 8.a. Turn off input power using the disconnect switch at the fuse box before working on the equipment.

- 8.b. Install equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code, all local codes and the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 8.c. Ground the equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code and the manufacturer's recommendations.

Mar '95

iii

cause fire or explosion. 6.a. Remove fire hazards from the welding area. If this is not possible, cover them to prevent the welding sparks from starting a fire. Remember that welding sparks and hot materials from welding can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas. Avoid welding near

6.b. Where compressed gases are to be used at the job site, special precautions should be used to prevent hazardous situations. Refer to "Safety in Welding and Cutting" (ANSI Standard Z49.1) and the operating information for the equipment being used.

hydraulic lines. Have a fire extinguisher readily available.

WELDING SPARKS can

- 6.c. When not welding, make certain no part of the electrode circuit is touching the work or ground. Accidental contact can cause overheating and create a fire hazard.
- 6.d. Do not heat, cut or weld tanks, drums or containers until the proper steps have been taken to insure that such procedures will not cause flammable or toxic vapors from substances inside. They can cause an explosion even though they have been "cleaned". For information, purchase "Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping That Have Held Hazardous Substances", AWS F4.1 from the American Welding Society (see address above).
- 6.e. Vent hollow castings or containers before heating, cutting or welding. They may explode.
- 6.f. Sparks and spatter are thrown from the welding arc. Wear oil free protective garments such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes and a cap over your hair. Wear ear plugs when welding out of position or in confined places. Always wear safety glasses with side shields when in a welding area.
- 6.g. Connect the work cable to the work as close to the welding area as practical. Work cables connected to the building framework or other locations away from the welding area increase the possibility of the welding current passing through lifting chains, crane cables or other alternate circuits. This can create fire hazards or overheat lifting chains or cables until they fail.
- 6.h. Also see item 1.c.

PRÉCAUTIONS DE SÛRETÉ

Pour votre propre protection lire et observer toutes les instructions et les précautions de sûreté specifiques qui parraissent dans ce manuel aussi bien que les précautions de sûreté générales suivantes:

Sûreté Pour Soudage A L'Arc

- 1. Protegez-vous contre la secousse électrique:
 - a. Les circuits à l'électrode et à la piéce sont sous tension quand la machine à souder est en marche. Eviter toujours tout contact entre les parties sous tension et la peau nue ou les vétements mouillés. Porter des gants secs et sans trous pour isoler les mains.
 - b. Faire trés attention de bien s'isoler de la masse quand on soude dans des endroits humides, ou sur un plancher metallique ou des grilles metalliques, principalement dans les positions assis ou couché pour lesquelles une grande partie du corps peut être en contact avec la masse.
 - c. Maintenir le porte-électrode, la pince de masse, le câble de soudage et la machine à souder en bon et sûr état defonctionnement.
 - d.Ne jamais plonger le porte-électrode dans l'eau pour le refroidir.
 - e. Ne jamais toucher simultanément les parties sous tension des porte-électrodes connectés à deux machines à souder parce que la tension entre les deux pinces peut être le total de la tension à vide des deux machines.
 - f. Si on utilise la machine à souder comme une source de courant pour soudage semi-automatique, ces precautions pour le porte-électrode s'applicuent aussi au pistolet de soudage.
- 2. Dans le cas de travail au dessus du niveau du sol, se protéger contre les chutes dans le cas ou on recoit un choc. Ne jamais enrouler le câble-électrode autour de n'importe quelle partie du corps.
- 3. Un coup d'arc peut être plus sévère qu'un coup de soliel, donc:
 - a. Utiliser un bon masque avec un verre filtrant approprié ainsi qu'un verre blanc afin de se protéger les yeux du rayonnement de l'arc et des projections quand on soude ou quand on regarde l'arc.
 - b. Porter des vêtements convenables afin de protéger la peau de soudeur et des aides contre le rayonnement de l'arc.
 - c. Protéger l'autre personnel travaillant à proximité au soudage à l'aide d'écrans appropriés et non-inflammables.
- 4. Des gouttes de laitier en fusion sont émises de l'arc de soudage. Se protéger avec des vêtements de protection libres de l'huile, tels que les gants en cuir, chemise épaisse, pantalons sans revers, et chaussures montantes.
- 5. Toujours porter des lunettes de sécurité dans la zone de soudage. Utiliser des lunettes avec écrans lateraux dans les

zones où l'on pique le laitier.

- 6. Eloigner les matériaux inflammables ou les recouvrir afin de prévenir tout risque d'incendie dû aux étincelles.
- 7. Quand on ne soude pas, poser la pince à une endroit isolé de la masse. Un court-circuit accidental peut provoquer un échauffement et un risque d'incendie.
- 8. S'assurer que la masse est connectée le plus prés possible de la zone de travail qu'il est pratique de le faire. Si on place la masse sur la charpente de la construction ou d'autres endroits éloignés de la zone de travail, on augmente le risque de voir passer le courant de soudage par les chaines de levage, câbles de grue, ou autres circuits. Cela peut provoguer des risques d'incendie ou d'echauffement des chaines et des câbles jusqu'à ce qu'ils se rompent.
- 9. Assurer une ventilation suffisante dans la zone de soudage. Ceci est particuliérement important pour le soudage de tôles galvanisées plombées, ou cadmiées ou tout autre métal qui produit des fumeés toxiques.
- 10. Ne pas souder en présence de vapeurs de chlore provenant d'opérations de dégraissage, nettoyage ou pistolage. La chaleur ou les rayons de l'arc peuvent réagir avec les vapeurs du solvant pour produire du phosgéne (gas fortement toxique) ou autres produits irritants.
- 11. Pour obtenir de plus amples renseignements sur la sûreté, voir le code "Code for safety in welding and cutting" CSA Standard W 117.2-1974.

PRÉCAUTIONS DE SÛRETÉ POUR LES MACHINES À SOUDER À TRANSFORMATEUR ET À REDRESSEUR

- 1. Relier à la terre le chassis du poste conformement au code de l'électricité et aux recommendations du fabricant. Le dispositif de montage ou la piece à souder doit être branché à une bonne mise à la terre.
- 2. Autant que possible, l'installation et l'entretien du poste seront effectués par un électricien qualifié.
- 3. Avant de faires des travaux à l'interieur de poste, la debrancher à l'interrupteur à la boite de fusibles.
- 4. Garder tous les couvercles et dispositifs de sûreté à leur place.

iv

Thank You — for selecting a QUALITY product by Lincoln Electric. We want you to take pride in operating this Lincoln Electric Company product ••• as much pride as we have in bringing this product to you!

Please Examine Carton and Equipment For Damage Immediately

When this equipment is shipped, title passes to the purchaser upon receipt by the carrier. Consequently, Claims for material damaged in shipment must be made by the purchaser against the transportation company at the time the shipment is received.

Please record your equipment identification information below for future reference. This information can be found on your machine nameplate.

Model Name & Number

Code & Serial Number _____

Date of Purchase

Whenever you request replacement parts for or information on this equipment always supply the information you have recorded above.

Read this Operators Manual completely before attempting to use this equipment. Save this manual and keep it handy for guick reference. Pay particular attention to the safety instructions we have provided for your protection. The level of seriousness to be applied to each is explained below:

This statement appears where the information must be followed exactly to avoid serious personal injury or loss of life.

This statement appears where the information must be followed to avoid minor personal injury or damage to this equipment.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

Technical Specifications A Pre-Operation Installation A Safety Precautions A Exhaust Spark Arrester A Location/Ventillation A Machine Grounding A Lift Bail A Trailers A-2A Polarity Control and Cable Sizes A Polarity Control and Cable Sizes A Oil A Oil A Fuel A Cooling System A Battery Charging A Operation B Safety Precautions. B General Description B Battery Charging B Stopping the Engine B Typical Fuel Consumption B Velder Operation B Duty Cycle B Control of Welding Current B Idler Operation S Section I Safety Precautions D Auxiliary Power B Auxiliary Power B Coloring System D General I	Installation	Section A
Safety Precautions A Exhaust Spark Arrester A Location/Vertilation A Machine Grounding A Lift Bail A Trailers A-2,A Polarity Control and Cable Sizes A Oli A Cling System A Coling System A Battery Charging A Coperation Section Safety Precautions B General Description B Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B Stopping the Engine B Torold Features (Field Installed) Control of Welding Current Duty Cycle B Control of Welding Current B Idler Operation D	Technical Specifications	A-'
Safety Precautions A Exhaust Spark Arrester A Location/Vertilation A Machine Grounding A Lift Bail A Trailers A-2,A Polarity Control and Cable Sizes A Oli A Cling System A Coling System A Battery Charging A Coperation Section Safety Precautions B General Description B Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B Stopping the Engine B Torold Features (Field Installed) Control of Welding Current Duty Cycle B Control of Welding Current B Idler Operation D		
Exhaust Spark Arrester A Location/Ventilation A Machine Grounding A Lift Bail A Trailers A-2,A Polarity Control and Cable Sizes A Pre-Operation Service A Oil A Fuel A Cooling System A Battery Charging A General Description B Engine Operation B Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B Storping the Engine B Typical Fuel Consumption B Duty Cycle B Control of Welding Current B Idler Operation B Auxiliary Power B Accessories Section of Optional Features (Field Installed) C Maintenance D Ogeneral Instructions D Cooling System D De	•	
Location/Ventilation A Machine Grounding A Lift Bail A Trailers A-2,A Polarity Control and Cable Sizes A Pre-Operation Service A Qil A Fuel A Cooling System A Battery Charging A Operation Section Safety Precautions B General Description B Engine Operation B Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B Starting The Porkins 104-22 Engine B Starting The Porkins 104-22 Engine B Typical Fuel Consumption B Welder Operation B Duty Cycle B Control of Welding Current B Idler Operation B Auxiliary Power B Accessories Section 1 Safety Precautions D General Instructions D Cooling System D De Commutator and Brushes D De Commutator and Brushes <t< td=""><td></td><td></td></t<>		
Machine Grounding A- Lift Bail A- A- A- Trailers A- A- A- Polarity Control and Cable Sizes A- A- A- Colinity Control and Cable Sizes A- A- Colinity Colinity Control and Cable Sizes A- Colinity Colinity Colinity Control and Cable Sizes Operation Safety Precautions. A- Colinity Colinity Control and Cable Sizes B- Engine Operation B- Engine Operation B- Engine Operation Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Engine Operation Welder Operation B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Melder Operation Welder Operation B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Control of Welding Current B- B- Duty Cycle B- Control of Welding Current B- Auxiliary Power B- Auxiliary Power B- Auxiliary Power B- Auxiliary Power B- Auxiliary Power B- Control of Welding Current B- Auxiliary Power D- Coning System D- Coning		
Lift Bail A- Trailers A-2,A- Polarity Control and Cable Sizes A- Pre-Operation Service A- Oil A- Fuel A- Cooling System A- Battery Charging A- Operation Section Safety Precautions B- Engine Operation B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Stopping the Engine B- Typical Fuel Consumption B- Welder Operation B- Duty Cycle B- Control of Welding Current. B- Idler Operation B- Auxiliary Power B- Accessories Section of Optional Features (Field Installed) C- Maintenance D- Conding System D- Conding System D- Namepiates D- Puty Cycle B- Control of Welding Current. B- Idler Operation B- Auxiliary Power D- <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td></tr<>		
Trailers A-2,A- Polarity Control and Cable Sizes A- Pre-Operation Service A- Oil A- Fuel A- Cooling System A- Battery Charging A- Operation Section I Safety Precautions B- General Description B- Stating The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Stopping the Engine B- Stopping the Engine B- Typical Fuel Consumption B- Welder Operation B- Duty Cycle B- Control of Welding Current B- Idle Operation B- Accessories Section I Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- Optional Features (Field Installed) C- Maintenance Section I Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- General Instructions D- Control of Wulding Current D- Barings D- Do		
Polarity Control and Cable Sizes A- Pre-Operation Service A- Oil A- Fuel A- Cooling System A- Battery Charging A- Operation Section Safety Precautions B- General Description B- Engine Operation B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Stopping the Engine B- Typical Fuel Consumption B- Welder Operation B- Control of Welding Current B- Idler Operation B- Auxiliary Power B- Accessories Section I Safety Precautions D- Control of Welding Current B- Idler Operation B- Auxiliary Power B- Accessories Section I Safety Precautions D- Cooling System D- Cording System D- De Confing Fuel System D- De Drubleshooting E-		
Pre-Operation Service A- Oil A- Fuel A- Cooling System A- Battery Charging A- Operation Section I Safety Precautions. B- General Description B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Typical Fuel Consumption B- Welder Operation. B- Duty Cycle B- Control of Welding Current. B- Idler Operation . B- Auxiliary Power B- Accessories Section I Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- Cooling System D- Do Commutator and Brushes D-1, D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- P Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Troubleshooting E- Welder Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide		
Oil A- Fuel A- Cooling System A- Battery Charging A- Operation Section Safety Precautions B- General Description B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Stopping the Engine B- Typical Fuel Consumption B- Welder Operation B- Control of Welding Current B- Idler Operation B- Auxiliary Power B- Accessories Section 1 Optional Features (Field Installed) C- Maintenance Section 1 Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- Cooling System D- De der Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Troubleshooting E- Welder Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- <th></th> <th></th>		
Fuel A- Cooling System A- Battery Charging A- Operation Section I Safety Precautions. B- General Description B- Engine Operation B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Stopping the Engine B- Typical Fuel Consumption B- Welder Operation B- Duty Cycle B- Control of Welding Current. B- Idler Operation B- Accessories Section I Optional Features (Field Installed) C- Maintenance Section I Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- Cooling System D- Decomptator and Brushes D-1,D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Troubleshooting E- Welder Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E-	•	
Cooling System A- Battery Charging A- Operation Section I Safety Precautions. B- General Description B- Engine Operation. B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Stopping the Engine B- Typical Fuel Consumption. B- Welder Operation. B- Control of Welding Current. B- Idler Operation B- Auxiliary Power B- Accessories Section I Optional Features (Field Installed) C- Maintenance Section I Safety Precautions D- Commutator and Brushes D-1, D- Idler Maintenance D- Commutator and Brushes D- Descrings D- Commutator and Brushes D- Dengine Service Chart D- Troubleshooting E- Welder Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- El		
Battery Charging A- Operation Section I Safety Precautions B- General Description B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Stopping the Engine B- Typical Fuel Consumption B- Duty Cycle B- Duty Cycle B- Control of Welding Current B- Idler Operation B- Accessories Section I Optional Features (Field Installed) Cr Maintenance Section I Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- Cooling System D- Commutator and Brushes D-1,D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Engine Service Chart D- Engine Troubleshooting Ei Welder Troubleshooting Guide E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E- Engine Troubleshooti		
Operation Section Safety Precautions B- General Description B- Engine Operation B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Stopping the Engine B- Typical Fuel Consumption B- Welder Operation B- Duty Cycle B- Control of Welding Current B- Idler Operation B- Auxiliary Power B- Accessories Section I Optional Features (Field Installed) C- Maintenance Section I Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- Cooling System D- Decomption and Brushes D-1,D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Engine Troubleshooting E- Welder Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- Diagrams<		
Operation Section Safety Precautions B- General Description B- Engine Operation B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Stopping the Engine B- Typical Fuel Consumption B- Welder Operation B- Duty Cycle B- Control of Welding Current B- Idler Operation B- Accessories Section 0 Optional Features (Field Installed) C- Maintenance Section 0 Safety Precautions D- Confing System D- Do and Brushes D-1,D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E- Welder Troubleshooting Guide E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E- Electr		
Safety Precautions		
General Description B- Engine Operation B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Stopping the Engine B- Typical Fuel Consumption B- Welder Operation B- Duty Cycle B- Control of Welding Current B- Idler Operation B- Auxiliary Power B- Accessories Section I Optional Features (Field Installed) C- Maintenance Section I Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- Cooling System D- Desarings D- Commutator and Brushes D-1,D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Purgine Service Chart D- Engine Troubleshooting E- Welder Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-5, E- Diagrams Section W	•	
Engine Operation B- Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Stopping the Engine B- Typical Fuel Consumption B- Welder Operation B- Duty Cycle B- Control of Welding Current B- Idler Operation B- Accessories Section (Optional Features (Field Installed) C- Maintenance Section (Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- General Instructions D- Cooling System D- Decommutator and Brushes D-1, D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Engine Service Chart D- Engine Troubleshooting E- Welder Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Diagrams Section Wiring Diagram (SA - 250) F- </td <td>-</td> <td></td>	-	
Starting The Perkins 104-22 Engine B- Stopping the Engine B- Typical Fuel Consumption B- Welder Operation B- Duty Cycle B- Control of Welding Current B- Idler Operation B- Accessories Section 0 Optional Features (Field Installed) C- Maintenance Section 0 Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- Commutator and Brushes D-1,D- Idler Maintenance D- Rearings D- Commutator and Brushes D-1,D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Safety Precautions E- Welder Troubleshooting E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E-		
Stopping the Engine B- Typical Fuel Consumption B- Welder Operation B- Duty Cycle B- Control of Welding Current B- Idler Operation B- Accessories Section (Optional Features (Field Installed) C- Maintenance Section (Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- Commutator and Brushes D-1, D- Idler Maintenance D- Commutator and Brushes D-1, D- Idler Maintenance D- Commutator and Brushes D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Safety Precautions E- Welder Troubleshooting E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-5, E- Diagrams Section Wiring Diagram (SA - 250) F-<		
Typical Fuel Consumption B- Welder Operation B- Duty Cycle B- Control of Welding Current B- Idler Operation B- Auxiliary Power B- Accessories Section of Optional Features (Field Installed) C- Maintenance Section of Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- Cooling System D- Bearings D- Commutator and Brushes D-1, D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Safety Precautions E- Welder Troubleshooting E- Welder Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-5, E- Diagrams Sec	•	
Welder Operation B- Duty Cycle B- Control of Welding Current B- Idler Operation B- Auxiliary Power B- Accessories Section 0 Optional Features (Field Installed) C- Maintenance Section 1 Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- Cooling System D- Commutator and Brushes D-1, D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Troubleshooting E- Welder Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-5, E- Diagrams Section Wiring Diagram (SA - 250) F- Dimension Print. F-		
Duty Cycle B- Control of Welding Current. B- Idler Operation B- Auxiliary Power B- Accessories Section O Optional Features (Field Installed) C- Maintenance Section I Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- Commutator and Brushes D-1, D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Velder Troubleshooting E- Safety Precautions. E- Welder Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Diagrams Section Wiring Diagram (SA - 250) F- Dimension Print. F-		
Control of Welding Current. B- Idler Operation B- Auxiliary Power B- Accessories Section (Optional Features (Field Installed) C- Maintenance Section (Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- Cooling System D- Bearings D- Commutator and Brushes D-1,D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Troubleshooting E- Welder Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-5, E- Diagrams Section Wiring Diagram (SA - 250) F- Dimension Print. F-		
Idler Operation B- Auxiliary Power B- Accessories Section 0 Optional Features (Field Installed) C- Maintenance Section 0 Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- Cooling System D- Bearings D- Commutator and Brushes D-1, D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Troubleshooting E- Welder Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-5, E- Diagrams Section Wiring Diagram (SA - 250) F- Dimension Print. F-		
Auxiliary Power B- Accessories Section of Optional Features (Field Installed) Maintenance Section of Safety Precautions Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- Cooling System D- Bearings D- Commutator and Brushes D-1, D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Safety Precautions E- Welder Troubleshooting E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-5, E- Diagrams Section Wiring Diagram (SA - 250) F- Dimension Print. F-		
Accessories Section of Optional Features (Field Installed) Maintenance Section I Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- Cooling System D- Bearings D- Commutator and Brushes D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Troubleshooting E- Safety Precautions E- Welder Troubleshooting E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-3, E- Diagrams Section Wiring Diagram (SA - 250) F- Dimension Print F-		
Accessories Section of Optional Features (Field Installed) Maintenance Section I Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- Cooling System D- Bearings D- Commutator and Brushes D-1,D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Troubleshooting E- Safety Precautions E- Welder Troubleshooting E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-5, E- Diagrams Section Wiring Diagram (SA - 250) F- Dimension Print F-	-	
Optional Features (Field Installed)	Accessories	Section C
Maintenance Section I Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- Cooling System D- Bearings D- Commutator and Brushes D-1,D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Troubleshooting E- Welder Troubleshooting E- Useful Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-5, E- Diagrams Section Wiring Diagram (SA - 250) F- Dimension Print. F-		
Safety Precautions D- General Instructions D- Cooling System D- Bearings D- Commutator and Brushes D-1,D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Troubleshooting E- Welder Troubleshooting E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-5, E- Diagrams Section Wiring Diagram (SA - 250) F- Dimension Print. F-		
General Instructions D- Cooling System D- Bearings D- Commutator and Brushes D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Troubleshooting E- Welder Troubleshooting E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-5, E- Diagrams Section Wiring Diagram (SA - 250) F- Dimension Print. F-		
Cooling System D- Bearings D- Commutator and Brushes D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Troubleshooting E- Welder Troubleshooting E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-5, E- Diagrams Section Wiring Diagram (SA - 250) F- Dimension Print F-	•	
Bearings D- Commutator and Brushes D-1,D- Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Troubleshooting Section Safety Precautions E- Welder Troubleshooting E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-5, E- Diagrams Section Wiring Diagram (SA - 250) F- Dimension Print F-	General Instructions	D-`
Commutator and Brushes	Cooling System	D-`
Idler Maintenance D- Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Troubleshooting Section Safety Precautions E- Welder Troubleshooting E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-5, E- Diagrams Section Wiring Diagram (SA - 250) F- Dimension Print F-		
Nameplates D- Purging Air from Fuel System D- Engine Service Chart D- Troubleshooting Section Safety Precautions E- Welder Troubleshooting E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-5, E- Diagrams Section Wiring Diagram (SA - 250) F- Dimension Print F-	Commutator and Brushes	D-1,D-1
Purging Air from Fuel System. D- Engine Service Chart D- Troubleshooting Section Safety Precautions. E- Welder Troubleshooting E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-5, E- Diagrams Section Wiring Diagram (SA - 250) F- Dimension Print. F-	Idler Maintenance	D-/
Purging Air from Fuel System. D- Engine Service Chart D- Troubleshooting Section Safety Precautions. E- Welder Troubleshooting E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-5, E- Diagrams Section Wiring Diagram (SA - 250) F- Dimension Print. F-	Nameplates	D-2
Engine Service ChartD- TroubleshootingSection Safety Precautions		
Safety PrecautionsE- Welder TroubleshootingE- Engine Troubleshooting GuideE-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting GuideE-5, E- DiagramsSection Wiring Diagram (SA - 250)F- Dimension PrintF-		
Safety PrecautionsE- Welder TroubleshootingE- Engine Troubleshooting GuideE-3, E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting GuideE-5, E- DiagramsSection Wiring Diagram (SA - 250)F- Dimension PrintF-		
Welder Troubleshooting E- Engine Troubleshooting Guide E-3,E- Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide E-5, E- Diagrams Section Wiring Diagram (SA - 250) F- Dimension Print F-		
Engine Troubleshooting Guide		
Electronic Idler Troubleshooting GuideE-5, E- DiagramsSection Wiring Diagram (SA - 250)F- Dimension PrintF-		
Diagrams		
Wiring Diagram (SA - 250)F- Dimension PrintF-	Electronic Idler Troubleshooting Guide	E-5, E-(
Wiring Diagram (SA - 250)F- Dimension PrintF-	Diagrama	Saction
Dimension PrintF-		
Parts List	Wiring Diagram (SA - 250)	F- ⁻
	Wiring Diagram (SA - 250)	F-*

INSTALLATION

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS - SA-250 (K1283-8)

INPUT - DIESEL ENGINE								
Make/Model	Description	Horsepower @ 1800RPM	Operating SPEED	Displace	ement	cu. in.(Itrs)	Starting System	Capacities
Perkins 104-22	4 Cylinder 4 Stroke Naturally Aspirated Water Cooled Engine	32.7 HP	High 1800RPM Full Load 1725RPM Low Idle 1400RPM		35.6 (12VDC Battery and starter Push Button Starter (650 Cold crank amps)	Fuel: 15gal.(57L) Oil: 8.7 qts. (8.2L) Radiator Coolant 9.5 qts. (9.0L)
DESCOL	DTION	RATED OU	TPUT @	104°F(4) - WELDI TY CYCLE		
DESCRI	PTION	VOLTS @			DU	ITCICLE		RENT RANGE nent in each Range
300 Amp D All Copper Pure DC Powe	Windings	32V	@ 250A @ 300A DCV @ 180			40-350 AMPS 220-Max. 160-240 120-190 80-130 Min90		
	R	ATED OUTP	UT @ 10	4°F(40	C°) -	GENERA	TOR	
				ary Pow	-			
		3,00		ntinuous ps @11 ps @ 23	5V	Iz AC		
			IYSICAL					
HEIGHT		WIDTH			DEPT	H	WEI	GHT
	43.13** in.28.00 in.1096.0 mm711.2 mm			67.00 in. 1702.0mm		1470 lbs. (667kg.)		
ENGINE COMPONENTS								
LUBRICATION FUEL SYSTEM GOVERNOR								
Full Pressure with Full Flow Filter				ect Fuel Injector rical Shutoff Solenoid nanical Fuel Pump		Mechanio	cal Governor	
AIR CLEANE	R ENG			MU	FFLE	R		PROTECTION
Single Eleme	nt Auto	Ma	Low noise Muffler: Made from long life, aluminized steel.			own on low oil re and engine rature.		

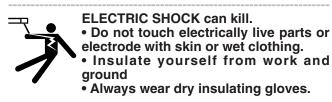
1. Output rating in watts is equivalent to volt-amperes at unity power factor. Output voltage is within ± 10% at all loads up to rated capacity. When welding, available auxiliary power will be reduced.

* Based on a 10 min. period.

** Includes Top of Lift Bale.

PRE-OPERATION INSTALLATION

Do not attempt to use this equipment until you have thoroughly read the engine manufacturer's manual supplied with your welder. It includes important safety precautions, detailed engine starting, operating and maintenance instructions, and parts lists.





ENGINE EXHAUST can kill. Use in open, well ventilated areas or vent exhaust outside.

MOVING PARTS can injure. Do not operate with doors open or guards off.

Stop engine before servicing. Keep away from moving parts.

See additional warning information at the front of this operator's manual.

EXHAUST SPARK ARRESTER

Some federal, state or local laws may require that engines be equipped with exhaust spark arresters when they are operated in certain locations where unarrested sparks may present a fire hazard. The standard muffler included with this welder does not qualify as a spark arrester. When required by local regulations, a suitable spark arrester must be installed and properly maintained.

Use of an incorrect arrester may lead to engine damage or performance loss. Contact the engine manufacturer for specific recommendations.

LOCATION / VENTILATION

Always operate the welder with the doors closed. Leaving the doors open changes the designed air flow and may cause overheating.

The welder should be located to provide an unrestricted flow of clean, cool air. Also, locate the welder so that engine exhaust fumes are properly vented to an outside area.

MACHINE GROUNDING

According to the United States National Electrical Code, the frame of this portable generator is not required to be grounded and is permitted to serve as the grounding means for cord connected equipment plugged into its receptacle.

Some state, local, or other codes or unusual operating circumstances may require the machine frame to be grounded. It is recommended that you determine the extent to which such requirements may apply to your particular situation and follow them explicitly. A machine grounding stud marked with the symbol (\pm) is provided on the welding generator frame foot. In general, if the machine is to be grounded, it should be connected with a #8 or larger copper wire to a solid earth ground such as a metal water pipe going into the ground for at least ten feet and having no insulated joints, or to the metal framework of a building which has been effectively grounded. The U.S. National Code lists a number of alternate means of grounding electrical equipment.

DO NOT MOUNT OVER COMBUSTIBLE SUFACES.

Where there is a combustible surface directly under stationary or fixed electrical equipment, the surface shall be covered with a steel plate at least .06"(1.6mm) thick, which shall extend not more than 5.90"(150mm) beyond the equipment on all sides.

LIFT BAIL

A lift bail is provided for lifting with a hoist.



FALLING EQUIPMENT can cause injury.

 Do not lift this machine using lift bale if it is equipped with a heavy accessory such as a trailer or gas cylinder.

Lift only with equipment of adequate lifting capacity.

Be sure machine is stable when lifting.

TRAILER (See Optional Features)

If the user adapts a non-Lincoln trailer, he must assume responsibility that the method of attachment and usage does not result in a safety hazard nor damage the welding equipment. Some of the factors to be considered are as follows:

A-2

SA-250

- Design capacity of trailer vs. weight of Lincoln equipment and likely additional attachments.
- Proper support of, and attachment to, the base of the welding equipment so there will be no undue stress to the framework.
- Proper placement of the equipment on the trailer to ensure stability side to side and front to back when being moved and when standing by itself while being operated or serviced.
- Typical conditions of use, i.e., travel speed, roughness of surface on which the trailer will be operated; environmental conditions, likely maintenance.
- Conformance with federal, state and local laws. ⁽¹⁾ ⁽¹⁾ Consult applicable federal, state and local laws regarding specific requirements for use on public highways.

POLARITY CONTROL and CABLE SIZES

With the engine off, connect the electrode and work cables to the studs located on the fuel tank mounting rail. (See size recommendations below.) For **positive** polarity, connect the electrode cable to the terminal marked "+". For **Negative** polarity, connect the electrode cable to the "-" stud. These connections should be checked periodically and tightened if necessary.

When welding at a considerable distance from the welder, be sure you use ample size welding cables.

RECOMMENDED COPPER CABLE SIZES							
		Cables Sizes for Combined Length of Electrode Plus Work Cable					
Amps	Duty Cycle	Up to 200 ft.	200 to 250 ft.				
250	100%	1	1/0				
300	60%	1/0	2/0				

PRE-OPERATION SERVICE

A CAUTION

READ the engine operating and maintenance instructions supplied with this machine.

🏠 WARNING

Fuel can cause fire or explosion.

- Stop engine while fueling.
 - Do not smoke when fueling.
 - Do not overfill tank.
- Keep sparks and flame away from tank.
- Wipe up spilled fuel and allow fumes to clear before starting engine.

OIL 🗁

This unit is supplied from the factory with the engine crankcase filled with a high quality SAE 10W/30 oil. This oil should be acceptable for most typical ambient temperatures. Consult the engine operation manual for specific engine manufacturer's recommendations. Upon receipt of the welder, check the engine dipstick to be sure the oil is at the "full" mark. DO NOT overfill.



Fill the fuel tank with the grade of fuel recommended in the Engine Operator's manual. Make sure the fuel valves on the sediment bowl and the water separator are in the open positions.

COOLING SYSTEM

The radiator has been filled at the factory with a 50-50 mixture of ethylene glycol antifreeze and water. Check the radiator level and add a 50-50 solution as needed (see engine manual or antifreeze container for alternate antifreeze recommendations).

Battery Charging

🛕 WARNING



GASES FROM BATTERY can explode. • Keep sparks, flame and cigarettes away.



BATTERY ACID can burn eyes and skin.

• Wear gloves and eye protection and be careful when boosting, charging or working near battery.

To prevent EXPLOSION when:

- Installing a new battery disconnect the negative cable from the old battery first and connect the negative cable to the new battery last.
- Connecting a battery charger remove the battery from the welder by disconnecting the negative cable first, then the positive cable and battery clamp. When reinstalling, connect the negative cable last.
- Using a booster connect the positive lead to the battery first, then connect the negative lead to the ground lead on the base.

To prevent ELECTRICAL DAMAGE when:

- Installing a new battery.
- Using a booster.

Use correct polarity - Negative Ground.

- To prevent BATTERY DISCHARGE, if you have an ignition switch, turn it off when engine is not running.
- To prevent BATTERY BUCKLING, tighten nuts on battery clamp until snug.

The SA-250 is equipped with a wet charged battery. The charging current is automatically regulated when the battery is low (after starting the engine) to a trickle current when the battery is fully charged.

When replacing, jumping or otherwise connecting the battery to the battery cables, the proper polarity must be observed. This system is **NEGATIVE GROUND**.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Do not attempt to use this equipment until you have thoroughly read the engine manufacturer's manual supplied with your welder. It includes important safety precautions, detailed engine starting, operating and maintenance instructions, and parts lists.



ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

· Do not touch electrically live parts or

electrode with skin or wet clothing.

 Insulate yourself from work and ground

• Always wear dry insulating gloves.



ENGINE EXHAUST can kill. • Use in open, well ventilated areas or vent exhaust outside.

MOVING PARTS can injure.

• Do not operate with doors open or guards off.

Stop engine before servicing.
Keep away from moving parts.

See additional warning information at the front of this operator's manual.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SA-250 is a heavy duty, engine driven, DC arc welding power source, capable of providing constant current output for stick welding or DC TIG welding.

This welder is wound with all copper coils, rated at 300 amps/32 Volts. With the addition of the optional Wire Feed Module, the SA - 250 will provide constant voltage output for running the LN-7, LN-23P, or LN-25 wire feeders.

The optional Remote Control Kit provides a remote control rheostat for remote fine current and open circuit voltage adjustment.

The SA-250 has Diesel Engine Protection. In the event of sudden low oil pressure or high coolant temperature, the engine immediately shuts down.

The SA-250 has a current range of 40-350 DC amps with output ratings as follows:

RATED OUTPUT	DUTY CYCLE
250A @ 30V	100%
300A @ 32V	60%

These units are also capable of providing 3 kVA of 115/230 volts of 60 cycle AC auxiliary power.

The SA-250 uses the Perkins 104-22 industrial watercooled diesel engine.

CONTROL PANEL

Both the engine and the welder controls are located on one recessed panel at the exciter end of the machine. The welder controls consist of a five step "Current Range Selector" switch and a "Fine Current Adjustment" rheostat. The welder is equipped with a "Start" button, an "Ignition" switch, an "Idler" control switch, and a "Glow Plug" button for easier cold weather starting.

The control panel also contains an engine temperature gauge, a battery charging ammeter, an oil pressure gauge, two three prong grounding type receptacles and four circuit breakers for auxiliary power.

ENGINE IDLER - The SA-250 is equipped with an electronic automatic engine idler. It automatically increases and decreases engine speed when starting and stopping welding or using auxiliary power. A built-in time delay permits changing electrodes before the engine slows to its low idle speed. The "Idler" control switch on the panel locks the idler in high idle position when desired.

AUXILIARY POWER- 3.0 kVA of nominal 115/230V, 60Hz, AC. Output voltage is maintained within \pm 10% at all loads up to rated capacity. (See Optional Features for Power Plug Kit.)

ENGINE OPERATION

Operate the welder with the doors closed. Leaving the doors open changes the designed air flow and can cause overheating.

STARTING the SA-250 PERKINS 104-22 DIESEL ENGINE

- 1. Turn the "IDLER" switch to "HIGH".
- 2. Turn the "IGNITION" switch to "ON".
- 3. Press the Glow Plug button for 20 to 30 seconds. (maximum 60 seconds).
- 4. Press the Start button. When the engine starts running, release both buttons. If the engine fails to start in 20 seconds, wait 30 seconds and repeat the above procedure.
- 5. Observe the oil pressure. If no pressure shows within 30 seconds, stop the engine and consult the engine operating manual. To stop the engine, turn the "IGNITION" switch to "OFF".
- If the engine protection warning light comes on during cranking or after start up, the "IGNITION" switch must be turned "OFF" to reset the engine protection system.
- 7. Allow the engine to run at high idle speed for several minutes to warm the engine. Stop the engine and recheck the oil level after allowing sufficient time for the oil drain into the pan. If the level is down, fill it to the full mark again. The engine controls were properly set at the factory and should require no adjusting when received.

COLD WEATHER STARTING

With a fully charged battery and a proper weight oil, the engine should start satisfactorily even down to about -15°F -(26°C). If the engine must be frequently started at or below -15°F -(26°C), it may be desirable to install cold-starting aides.

Note: Extreme cold weather starting may require longer glow plug operation

Under <u>NO</u> conditions should ether or other starting fluids be used!

STOPPING the ENGINE

1. Turn the "IGNITION" switch to "OFF"

At the end of each day's welding, check the crankcase oil level, drain accumulated dirt and water from the sediment bowl under the fuel tank and refill the fuel tank to minimize moisture condensation in the tank. Also, running out of fuel tends to draw dirt into the fuel system.

When hauling the welder between job sites, close the fuel feed valve beneath the fuel tank.

If the fuel supply is cut off or runs out while the fuel pump is operating, air may be entrapped in the fuel distribution system. If this happens, bleeding of the fuel system may be necessary. Use qualified personnel to do this per the instructions in the MAINTE-NANCE section of this manual.

SA-250 WITH PERKINS 104-22 DIESEL ENGINE TYPICAL FUEL CONSUMPTION DATA

Low idle (1375 RPM) No Load @ 45 Volts	0.28 gal/hr (1.06 ltrs/hr)
High idle(1800 Rpm) No load @ 96.6 Volts	0.45 gal/hr (1.70 ltrs/hr)
50 Amps @ 22 Volts	0.51 gal/hr (1.93 ltrs/hr)
100 Amps @ 24 Volts	0.58 gal/hr (2.19 ltrs/hr)
150 Amps @ 26 Volts	0.70 gal/hr (2.65 ltrs/hr)
200 Amps @ 28 Volts	0.85 gal/hr (3.21 ltrs/hr)
250 Amps @ 30 Volts	1.05 gal/hr (3.97 ltrs/hr)
300 Amps @ 32 Volts	1.31 gal/hr (4.95 ltrs/hr)
350 Amps @ 34 Volts	1.68 gal/hr (6.35 ltrs/hr)

OPERATION

WELDER OPERATION

WARNING

ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill. Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing. Insulate yourself from work and ground. FUMES & GASES can be dangerous. Keep your head out of the fumes. Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone. WELDING SPARKS can cause fire or explosion. Keep flammable material away.

ARC RAYS can burn. Wear eye, ear, and body protection.

DUTY CYCLE

The NEMA output rating of the SA-250 is 300 amperes at 32 arc volts on a 60% duty cycle (consult Specifications in this manual for alternate ratings). Duty cycle is based on a ten minute period; thus, the welder can be loaded at rated output for six minutes out of every ten minute period.

CONTROL OF WELDING CURRENT

CAUTION

DO NOT TURN THE "CURRENT RANGE SELEC-TOR" WHILE WELDING because the current may arc between the contacts and damage the switch.

The "Current Range Selector" provides five overlapping current ranges. The "Fine Current Adjustment" adjusts the current from minimum to maximum within each range. Open circuit voltage is also controlled by the "Fine Current Adjustment" permitting control of the arc characteristics.

A high open circuit voltage setting provides the soft "buttering" arc with best resistance to pop-outs preferred for most welding. To get this characteristic, set the "Current Range Selector" to the lowest setting that still provides the current you need and set the "Fine Current Adjustment" near maximum. For example: to obtain 175 amps and a soft arc, set the "Current

Range Selector" to the 190-120 position and then adjust the "Fine Current Adjustment" for 175 amps.

When a forceful "digging" arc is required, usually for vertical and overhead welding, use a higher "Current Range Selector" setting and lower open circuit voltage. For example: to obtain 175 amps and a forceful arc, set the "Current Range Selector" to the 240-160 position and the "Fine Current Adjustment" setting to get 175 amps.

Some arc instability may be experienced with EXX10 electrodes when trying to operate with long arc techniques at settings at the lower end of the open circuit voltage range.

CAUTION

DO NOT attempt to set the "Current Range Selector" between the five points designated on the nameplate.

These switches have a spring loaded cam which almost eliminates the possibility of setting this switch between the designated points.

IDLER OPERATION

Start the engine with the "Idler" switch in the "High" position. Allow it to run at high idle speed for several minutes to warm the engine. See Specifications for operating speeds.

The idler is controlled by the "Idler" toggle switch on the welder control panel. The switch has two positions as follows:

position, the idler solenoid acti-**1.** In the "High" vates, and the engine goes to high idle speed. The speed is controlled by the governor.

2. In the "Auto" / 🛠 position, the idler operates as follows:

- When welding or drawing power for lights or tools (approximately 100-150 watts minimum) from the receptacles, the idler solenoid activates and the engine operates at high idle speed.
- When welding ceases or the power load is turned off, a preset time delay of about 15 seconds starts. This time delay cannot be adjusted.
- If the welding or power load is not re-started before the end of the time delay, the idler solenoid deactivates and reduces the engine to low idle speed.



SA-250





AUXILIARY POWER

The AC auxiliary power, supplied as a standard, has a rating of 3.0 kVA of 115/230 VAC (60 hertz).

With the 3.0 kVA, 115/230 VAC auxiliary power, one 115V duplex and one 230V duplex, grounding type receptacle are provided. The circuit is protected with circuit breakers.

The rating of 3.0 kVA permits a maximum continuous current of 13 amps to be drawn from the 230 volt duplex receptacle. Or a total of 26 amps can be drawn from the 115 volt duplex receptacle. The 115 volt duplex receptacle has a configuration which permits 20 amps to be drawn from either half. The total combined load of all receptacles is not to exceed 3.0 kVA.

An optional power plug kit is available. When this kit is specified, the customer is supplied with a plug for each receptacle.

OPTIONAL FEATURES (Field Installed)

Accessory Set (K704) - Includes electrode and work cables, headshield, work clamp and electrode holder.

TIG Module (K930-2) - Portable, high frequency unit with gas valve for TIG welding. Rated at 300 amps / 60% duty cycle. (Request Publication E3.205).

Power Plug Kit (K802D) - A power plug kit for the auxiliary power receptacles is available. (Provides a plug for each receptacle.)

Remote Control Kit (K924-4) - Contains a remote control rheostat, and 100 ft (30.5m) cable for adjusting the OCV at the welding site.

Trailer (K957-1) - Two-wheeled trailer for in-plant and yard towing at speeds under 20 mph only.

Trailer (K953-1) - Two-wheeled trailer with optional fender and light package. For highway use, consult applicable federal, state, and local laws regarding possible additional requirements. Choice of 2 hitches and add on fender & light package. Order: K953-1 Trailer, K958-1 Ball Hitch, K958-2 Lunette Eye Hitch, K959-1 Fender & Light Kit.

A WARNING

Pipe Thawing with an arc welder can cause fire, explosion, damage to electric wiring or to the arc welder if done improperly. The use of an arc welder for pipe thawing is not approved by the CSA, nor is it recommended or supported by Lincoln Electric.

Wire Feed Module (K623-1) - Provides constant voltage (CV) output with improved arc stability for Innershield welding. Excellent for MIG welding. Recommended wire feeders are the LN-7, LN-23P and LN-25. (Factory installed on the K1643-2).

GFCI Receptacle Kit (K1690-1) - Includes one UL approved 115V ground fault circuit interrupter duplex type receptacle with cover and installation instructions. Replaces the factory installed 115V duplex receptacle. Each receptacle of the GFCI duplex is rated at 20 amps. Maximum total current from the GFCI duplex is limited to 20 amps.

Spark Arrestor Kit (K903-1) - Includes a heavy gage steel, approved spark arrestor, clamp and adapter for mounting to the muffler exhaust pipe.

Oil Drain Kit (K1586-1) - Includes ball valve, hose and clamp.

Water Valve Kit (K844-1)

MAINTENANCE

A WARNING

Have qualified personnel do the maintenance work. Turn the engine off before working inside the machine. In some cases, it may be necessary to remove safety guards to perform required maintenance. Remove guards only when necessary and replace them when the maintenance requiring their removal is complete. Always use the greatest care when working near moving parts.

Do not put your hands near the engine cooling blower fan. If a problem cannot be corrected by following the instructions, take the machine to the nearest Lincoln Field Service Shop.



ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill. • Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing. • Insulate yourself from work and

ground

Always wear dry insulating gloves.



ENGINE EXHAUST can kill. • Use in open, well ventilated areas or vent exhaust outside.



MOVING PARTS can injure.

Do not operate with doors open or guards off.

• Stop engine before servicing.

Keep away from moving parts.

See additional warning information at front of this operator's manual.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Blow out the welder and controls with an air hose at least once every two months. In particularly dirty locations, this cleaning may be necessary once a week. Use low pressure air to avoid driving dirt into the insulation.
- "Current Range Selector" contacts should not be greased. To keep the contacts clean, rotate the current control through its entire range frequently. Good practice is to turn the handle from maximum to minimum setting twice each morning before starting to weld.
- Put a drop of oil on the "Current Range Selector" shaft at least once every month.

- When necessary, remove the sediment bowl, if so equipped, from beneath the fuel tank and clean out any accumulated dirt and water.
- Follow the engine service schedule in this manual and the detailed maintenance and troubleshooting in the engine manufacturer's manual.

COOLING SYSTEMS

The SA-250 is equipped with a pressure radiator. Keep the radiator cap tight to prevent loss of coolant. Clean and flush the cooling system periodically to prevent clogging the passage and overheating the engine. When antifreeze is needed, always use the permanent type. Capacity = 9.5 qts (9.0 Ltrs.).

BEARINGS

This welder is equipped with a double-shielded ball bearing having sufficient grease to last indefinitely under normal service. Where the welder is used constantly or in excessively dirty locations, it may be necessary to add one half ounce of grease per year. A pad of grease one inch wide, one inch long, and one inch high weighs approximately one half ounce. Overgreasing is far worse than insufficient greasing.

When greasing the bearings, keep all dirt out of the area. Wipe the fittings completely clean and use clean equipment. More bearing failures are caused by dirt introduced during greasing than from insufficient grease.

COMMUTATOR AND BRUSHES

A WARNING

Uncovered rotating equipment can be dangerous. Use care so your hands, hair, clothing or tools do not catch in the rotating parts. Protect yourself from particles that may be thrown out by the rotating armature when stoning the commutator.

Shifting of the commutator brushes may result in:

- Change in machine output
- Commutator damage
- Excessive brush wear

Periodically inspect the commutator, slip rings, and brushes by removing the covers. **DO NOT** remove or replace these covers while the machine is running. Commutators and slip rings require little attention. However, if they are black or appear uneven, have them cleaned by an experienced maintenance man using fine sandpaper or a commutator stone. Never use emery cloth or paper for this purpose.

Replace brushes when they wear within 1/4" of the pigtail. A complete set of replacement brushes should be kept on hand.



MAINTENANCE

Lincoln brushes have a curved face to fit the commutator. Have an experienced maintenance man seat these brushes by lightly stoning the commutator as the armature rotates at full speed until contact is made across the full face of the brushes. After stoning, blow out the dust with low pressure air.

To seat slip ring brushes, position the brushes in place. Then slide one end of a piece of fine sandpaper between slip rings and brushes with the coarse side against the brushes. Pull the sandpaper around the circumference of the rings - in direction of rotation only - until brushes seat properly. In addition, stone slip ring with a fine stone. Brushes must be seated 100%.

Arcing or excessive exciter brush wear indicates a possible misaligned shaft. Have an authorized Field Service Shop check and realign the shaft.

IDLER MAINTENANCE

A CAUTION

Before doing electrical work on the idler printed circuit board, disconnect the battery.

When installing a new battery or using a jumper battery to start the engine, be sure the battery polarity is connected properly. The correct polarity is **negative** ground. Damage to the engine alternator and the printed circuit board can result from incorrect connection.

- 1. The solenoid plunger must work freely and not bind. Dust the plunger about once a year with graphite powder.
- 2. Proper operation of the idler requires good grounding of the printed circuit board, reed switch, and battery.
- **3.** Idler solenoid is activated for high idle.
- **4.** If desired, the welder can be used without automatic idling by setting the "Idler" switch to the "High" position.

NAMEPLATES

Whenever routine maintenance is performed on this machine - or at least yearly - inspect all nameplates and labels for legibility. Replace those which are no longer clear. Refer to the parts list for the replacement item number.

PURGING AIR from FUEL SYSTEM (Perkins 104-22 Engine)

A WARNING

Keep fuel clear of open flames or arcs, allow engine to cool before working on the fuel system. Wipe up any spilled fuel and do not start engine until fumes clear.

If the engine is running rough and you suspect air has been trapped in the fuel system, (EG. the engine was allowed to run out of fuel) perform the following steps using qualified personnel:

1. Loosen by two or three turns, the vent screw (Figure D.1) on the fuel inlet connection.



FIGURE D.1

2. For Engines Equipped with a mechanical fuel pump: Operate the priming lever on the fuel lift pump until fuel, free of air, flows from the vent point. Tighten the vent screw. If the pump is at the point of maximum lift, it will not be possible to operate the priming lever. If this occurs, turn the crankshaft one revolution.

For Engines Equipped with an electric fuel pump: Operate the electric fuel pump by turning the "Ignition" switch "ON" until fuel, free of air, flows from the vent point. Tighten the vent screw.

3. Contact your Perkins Engine repair facility if problems persist.

MAINTENANCE

I Check and adjust idle speed I I I Tighten cylinder head I I I Valve clearances I I I I I Electrical systems I I <	EV	EVERY DAY OR EVERY 8 HOURS						
EVERY 100 HOURS OR 3 MONTHS EVERY 200 HOURS OR 6 MONTHS EVERY 400 HOURS OR 12 MONTHS EVERY 600 HOURS OR 18 MONTHS EVERY 600 HOURS OR 18 MONTHS ENGINE SERVICE (NOTE 2)IICoolant levelTYPE OR QUANTITYIICoolant level50/50 Water/Ethylene GlycolIICoolant level (NOTE 3)9.5qrts, (9.0L)IIEngine oil level (NOTE 1)8.7qrts, (8.2L) (including filter)RREngine oil filterPerkins #140517000CCDrain water separator & fuel strainerPerkins #140517000IIAlternator drive beltIIIAlternator drive beltPerkins #1300366020IITension of alternator drive beltPerkins #1300366020IIAlternator drive belt wearPerkins # 080109080CCAir filter elementDonaldson #P181050 or Nelson #702IICheck and adjust idle speedIIIIIIILeaks or engine damageIIIIILeaks or engine damageIILeaks or engine damageIILeaks or engine damageIILeaks or engine damageIIBatteryIIBatteryIIBatteryIIBatteryIIBatteryIIBatteryIIBatteryIIBatteryI <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>								
EVERY 400 HOURS OR 12 MONTHS EVERY 600 HOURS OR 18 MONTHS ENGINE SERVICE (NOTE 2) I Coolant level I Coolant level I Coolant level I Coolant (NOTE 3) I Engine oil level (NOTE 1) I Engine oil level (NOTE 1) R R Engine oil level (NOTE 1 & 3) 8.7qrts, (8.2L) (including filter) R R Engine oil level (NOTE 1 & 3) 8.7qrts, (8.2L) (including filter) R R Engine oil filter Perkins #140517000 C C N Fuel filter canister Perkins #1300366020 I I Alternator drive belt I Alternator drive belt I Alternator drive belt I Alternator drive belt R Air filter (earlier check may be req'd.) I I I Check and adjust idle speed I I I Valve clearances Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I		Γ	EVI	ERY	10	0 H	OURS OR 3 MONTHS	
EVERY 600 HOURS OR 18 MONTHS ENGINE SERVICE (NOTE 2) I Colant level I Colant level I Colant level I Colant NOTE 3) I Engine oil level (NOTE 1) R Engine oil level (NOTE 1) R Engine oil (NOTE 1 & 3) R Engine oil (NOTE 1 & 3) R Engine oil (NOTE 1 & 3) R Engine oil filter Perkins #140517000 C C Drain water separator & fuel strainer R Fuel filter canister Perkins #1300366020 I Alternator drive belt Alternator drive belt Perkins # 080109080 C C Air filter (earlier check may be req'd.) I Check and adjust idle speed I I I Valve clearances I I I I I I I Valve clearances I I I I I I I			ſ	EVE	ER۱	/ 20	0 HOURS OR 6 MONTHS	
Image: Service (NOTE 2) Image: Service (NOTE 3) Image: Service (NOTE 3) Image: Service (NOTE 3) Image: Service (NOTE 1)				ſ	EV	ER	400 HOURS OR 12 MONTHS	
MAINTENANCE ITEM TYPE OR QUANTITY I Coolant level 50/50 Water/Ethylene Glycol I I Concentration of antifreeze 50/50 Water/Ethylene Glycol I I Coolant (NOTE 3) 9.5qrts, (9.0L) I Engine oil level (NOTE 1) Image: Stress of the stress						EV	ERY 600 HOURS OR 18 MONTHS	
IICoolant levelIICoolant levelIIConcentration of antifreezeS0/50 Water/Ethylene GlycolIRCoolant (NOTE 3)9.5qrts, (9.0L)IEngine oil level (NOTE 1)RRREngine oil (NOTE 1 & 3)RRCDrain water separator & fuel strainerIRRFuel filter canisterPerkins #1300366020IIAlternator drive beltIAlternator drive belt wearIIAlternator drive beltRAlternator drive beltRRAlternator drive beltRAlternator drive beltRAlternator drive beltRAir filter elementDonaldson #P181050 or Nelson #702IICCIValve clearancesIIValve clearancesIIIAll nuts and bolts for tightnessIIILeaks or engine damageIIIIIIIBatteryI = InspectC = CleanR = ReplacerES:(1) Consult Engine Operators Manual for oil recommendations.							ENGINE SERVICE (NOTE 2)	
Image: Construction of antifreeze50/50 Water/Ethylene GlycolImage: Construction of antifreeze50/50 Water/Ethylene GlycolImage: Construction of antifreeze9.5qrts, (9.0L)Image: Construction of antifreeze9.5qrts, (9.0L)Image: Construction of antifreeze9.5qrts, (8.2L) (including filter)Image: Construction of antifreeze9.5qrts, (8.2L) (1.5,0000)Image: Construction o							MAINTENANCE ITEM	TYPE OR QUANTITY
Image: Consult of the interview of the i	Ι						Coolant level	
I Engine oil level (NOTE 1) R R R Engine oil (NOTE 1 & 3) R R C C Drain water separator & fuel strainer R Fuel filter canister Perkins #1300366020 I Tension of alternator drive belt I Alternator drive belt wear I Alternator drive belt R Alternator drive belt R Alternator drive belt R Alternator drive belt R Alternator drive belt Perkins # 080109080 Air filter (earlier check may be req'd.) C C R Air filter element Donaldson #P181050 or Nelson #702 I Check and adjust idle speed I I Valve clearances Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I I Leaks or engine damage I I I I I Battery I I I Battery I I					Ι		Concentration of antifreeze	50/50 Water/Ethylene Glycol
R R Engine oil (NOTE 1 & 3) 8.7qrts, (8.2L) (including filter) R R Engine oil filter Perkins #140517000 C C Drain water separator & fuel strainer Perkins #140517000 I R Fuel filter canister Perkins #1300366020 I I Tension of alternator drive belt Perkins #1300366020 I I Alternator drive belt wear Perkins # 080109080 C C Air filter (earlier check may be req'd.) Perkins # 080109080 C C Air filter element Donaldson #P181050 or Nelson #702 I Check and adjust idle speed Intake .008", exhaust .008" I Valve clearances Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I Electrical systems Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I Ingector performance Contact Perkins I I Ingector performance Contact Perkins I I Battery I I I Battery I I Istrict C = Clean R = Replace TES: (1) Consult Engine Oper						R	Coolant (NOTE 3)	
R Engine oil filter Perkins #140517000 C C Drain water separator & fuel strainer Perkins #140517000 I R Fuel filter canister Perkins #1300366020 I I Tension of alternator drive belt Perkins #1300366020 I I Alternator drive belt wear Perkins # 080109080 C C Air filter (earlier check may be req'd.) Perkins # 080109080 C C Air filter element Donaldson #P181050 or Nelson #702 I Check and adjust idle speed I Tighten cylinder head I Valve clearances Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I Electrical systems I I I Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I I Intake .008", exhaust .008" <td< td=""><td>Τ</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Engine oil level (NOTE 1)</td><td></td></td<>	Τ						Engine oil level (NOTE 1)	
C C Drain water separator & fuel strainer I R Fuel filter canister Perkins #1300366020 I I Tension of alternator drive belt Perkins #1300366020 I I Alternator drive belt wear Perkins # 080109080 C C Air filter (earlier check may be req'd.) Perkins # 080109080 C C Air filter (earlier check may be req'd.) Donaldson #P181050 or Nelson #702 I Check and adjust idle speed I Check and adjust idle speed I I Check and bits for tightness Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I Electrical systems Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I Injector performance Contact Perkins I I Injector performance Contact Perkins I I Battery I I = Inspect C = Clean R = Replace TES: (1) Consult Engine Operators Manual for oil recommendations.		R	R				Engine oil (NOTE 1 & 3)	8.7qrts, (8.2L) (including filter)
R Fuel filter canister Perkins #1300366020 I I Tension of alternator drive belt I I Alternator drive belt wear I R Alternator drive belt wear I R Alternator drive belt wear I R Alternator drive belt Perkins # 080109080 C C Air filter (earlier check may be req'd.) Image: Check and adjust idle speed I Check and adjust idle speed Image: Check and adjust idle speed Image: Check and adjust idle speed I I Check and adjust idle speed Image: Check and adjust idle speed Image: Check and adjust idle speed I I Check and adjust idle speed Image: Check and adjust idle speed Image: Check and adjust idle speed I I Check and adjust idle speed Image: Check and adjust idle speed Image: Check and adjust idle speed I I Image: Check and adjust idle speed Image: Check and adjust idle speed Image: Check and adjust idle speed I I Electrical systems Image: Check and adjust idle speed Image: Check and adjust idle speed I I Image: Check and bolts for tightness		R	R				Engine oil filter	Perkins #140517000
1 Image: Construction of alternation of alternation drive belt 1 Image: Construction of alternation drive belt wear Image: Construction of alternation drive belt wear Perkins # 080109080 C C Image: Construction of alternation drive belt wear Perkins # 080109080 C C Image: Construction of alternation drive belt wear Perkins # 080109080 C C Image: Construction of alternation drive belt wear Perkins # 080109080 C C Image: Construction of alternation drive belt wear Perkins # 080109080 Image: Construction of alternation drive belt wear Perkins # 080109080 Image: Construction of alternation drive belt wear Donaldson #P181050 or Nelson #702 Image: Image: Construction of alternation drive belt belt belt wear Donaldson #P181050 or Nelson #702 Image: Ima		С	С				Drain water separator & fuel strainer	
Image: Construction of the problem				R			Fuel filter canister	Perkins #1300366020
Image: Construct and or and	Τ						Tension of alternator drive belt	
C C Air filter (earlier check may be req'd.) I R Air filter element Donaldson #P181050 or Nelson #702 I Check and adjust idle speed I Check and adjust idle speed I Check and adjust idle speed I Tighten cylinder head I I Check and adjust idle speed Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I Valve clearances Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I Electrical systems Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I Electrical systems Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I Integet performance Contact Perkins I I Injector performance Contact Perkins I I Eaks or engine damage Intake .008 I I Battery Intake .008 I = Inspect C = Clean R = Replace TES: It It is the commendations.					Ι		Alternator drive belt wear	
R Air filter element Donaldson #P181050 or Nelson #702 I Check and adjust idle speed Donaldson #P181050 or Nelson #702 I Check and adjust idle speed I I I Tighten cylinder head I I Valve clearances Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I Electrical systems I I I Electrical systems I I I Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I I Electrical systems I I I Injector performance Contact Perkins I Leaks or engine damage I I I I Battery I I I = Inspect C = Clean R = Replace TES: (1) Consult Engine Operators Manual for oil recommendations. I I						R	Alternator drive belt	Perkins # 080109080
I Check and adjust idle speed I Tighten cylinder head I Valve clearances I Electrical systems I Electrical systems I Intake .008", exhaust .008" I Electrical systems I Injector performance I Injector performance I Leaks or engine damage I Battery I Battery I = Inspect C = Clean R = Replace TES: (1) Consult Engine Operators Manual for oil recommendations.		С	С				Air filter (earlier check may be req'd.	
I I Tighten cylinder head I I Valve clearances Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I Electrical systems Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I Electrical systems Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I Electrical systems Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I Intake .008", exhaust .008" Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I Electrical systems Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I Intake .008", exhaust .008" Intake .008", exhaust .008" I I Intake .008 Intake .008", exhaust .008" I Intake .008 Intake .008", exhaust .008" Intake .008 I Intake .008 Intake .008 Intake .008 I Intake .008 Intake .008 Intake .008 I Intake .008 Intake .008 Intake .008 I I Intake .008 Intake .008 Intake .008 I I Leaks or engine damage Intake .008 Intake .008 I I Battery Intake .008 Intake .008					R		Air filter element	Donaldson #P181050 or Nelson #70206N
Image: Straighter of the straighter			Ι				Check and adjust idle speed	
I I Electrical systems I I All nuts and bolts for tightness I Injector performance Contact Perkins I Leaks or engine damage I Battery I = Inspect C = Clean R = Replace TES: (1) Consult Engine Operators Manual for oil recommendations.						Ι	Tighten cylinder head	
I All nuts and bolts for tightness I Injector performance Contact Perkins I Leaks or engine damage I Battery I = Inspect C = Clean R = Replace TES: (1) Consult Engine Operators Manual for oil recommendations.						Ι	Valve clearances	Intake .008", exhaust .008"
I Injector performance Contact Perkins I Leaks or engine damage I I Battery I I = Inspect C = Clean R = Replace TES: (1) Consult Engine Operators Manual for oil recommendations.						Ι	Electrical systems	
I Leaks or engine damage I Battery I = Inspect C = Clean R = Replace TES: (1) Consult Engine Operators Manual for oil recommendations.						Ι	All nuts and bolts for tightness	
I Battery I = Inspect C = Clean R = Replace TES: (1) Consult Engine Operators Manual for oil recommendations.					Ι		Injector performance	Contact Perkins
I = Inspect C = Clean R = Replace TES: (1) Consult Engine Operators Manual for oil recommendations.	Ι						Leaks or engine damage	
TES: (1) Consult Engine Operators Manual for oil recommendations.					Ι		Battery	
(2) Consult Engine Operators Manual for additional maintenance schedule information.(3) Fill slowly! Ensure correct quantity is used.ove operations to be carried out by trained personnel with reference to the workshop manual where neces	TES (1) ((2) ((3) F	cons Cons ill sl	ult ult owl	Eng Eng ly! E	jine Ensi	o Op o Op ure	perators Manual for oil recommendation perators Manual for additional maintena correct quantity is used.	nce schedule information.

HOW TO USE TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

A WARNING

Service and Repair should only be performed by Lincoln Electric Factory Trained Personnel. Unauthorized repairs performed on this equipment may result in danger to the technician and machine operator and will invalidate your factory warranty. For your safety and to avoid Electrical Shock, please observe all safety notes and precautions detailed throughout this manual.

This Troubleshooting Guide is provided to help you locate and repair possible machine malfunctions. Simply follow the three-step procedure listed below.

Step 1. LOCATE PROBLEM (SYMPTOM).

Look under the column labeled "PROBLEM (SYMP-TOMS)". This column describes possible symptoms that the machine may exhibit. Find the listing that best describes the symptom that the machine is exhibiting.

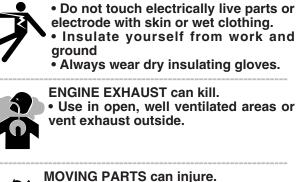
Step 2. POSSIBLE CAUSE.

The second column labeled "POSSIBLE CAUSE" lists the obvious external possibilities that may contribute to the machine symptom.

Step 3. RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION

This column provides a course of action for the Possible Cause, generally it states to contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.

If you do not understand or are unable to perform the Recommended Course of Action safely, contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.



ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Do not operate with doors open or guards off.
- Stop engine before servicing.
- Keep away from moving parts.

See additional warning information at the front of this operator's manual.

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your **Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility** for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.



WELDER TROUBLESHOOTING

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

PROBLEMS	afety Guidelines detailed throughou POSSIBLE AREAS OF	RECOMMENDED
(SYMPTOMS)	MISADJUSTMENTS(S)	COURSE OF ACTION
Machine fails to hold the heat consistently.	 Rough or dirty commutator. Brushes may be worn down to limit. 	
	 Field circuit may have variable resistance connection or intermit- tent open circuit due to loose connection or broken wire. 	
	 Electrode lead or work lead con- nection may be poor. 	If all recommended possible areas
	5. Wrong grade of brushes may have been installed on generator.	of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, Contact your local Lincoln
	Field rheostat may be making poor contact and overheating.	Authorized Field Service Facility.
Welder starts but fails to generate current.	 Generator or exciter brushes may be loose or missing. 	
	2. Exciter may not be operating.	
	 Field circuit of generator or exciter may be open. 	
	4. Exciter may have lost excitation.	
	5. Series field and armature circuit may be open-circuited.	
Welding arc is loud and spatters excessively.	1. Current setting may be to high.	
	2. Polarity may be wrong.	
Welding current too great or too small compared to indication on	 Exciter output low causing low output compared to dial indication. 	
the dial.	2. Operating speed too low or to high.	
Arc continuously pops out.	 "Current Range Selector" switch may be set at an intermediate position. 	

A CAUTION

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.



PROBLEMS	afety Guidelines detailed throughou POSSIBLE AREAS OF	RECOMMENDED
(SYMPTOMS)	MISADJUSTMENTS(S)	COURSE OF ACTION
Engine does not start or operates Irregularly	 Faulty Ignition switch and or Injector pump solenoid Insufficient charging or complete discharge of the battery Lack of fuel Air mixed in the fuel system. Clogged fuel filter Irregular and faulty fuel supply (Injector pump trouble) Glow plug not heated Improper viscosity of the lubricat- ing oil Clogged air cleaner No compression Engine protection light is on Defective governor Engine defective 	If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.
Engine stops during operation and the Engine Protection light does not turn on	 Lack of fuel Clogged fuel filter Air mixed in the fuel system Faulty function of the engine 	
Engine stops during operation and the Engine Protection light does turn on	 Overheating of the engine Lack of coolant Loose or damaged fan belt Clogged radiator Dust or scale clogged in the cooling water passages Faulty thermostat Lack of oil Overloading Faulty Idler/Engine Protection P.C. Board Loss of engine oil pressure Lack of engine oil Faulty oil pressure switch Oil leakage from the lubricating system Clogged oil filter To low viscosity of the engine oil Faulty Idler/Engine Protection P.C. Board 	

A CAUTION

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your **Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility** for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.



ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

PROBLEMS (SYMPTOMS)	POSSIBLE AREAS OF MISADJUSTMENTS(S)	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
(White or Blue) Smoke	 Excess engine oil Too low viscosity of the engine oil Faulty injection timing 	
Dark Grey Smoke	 Unsuitable fuel Excess injection Faulty function of the engine Overloading Clogged air cleaner 	If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists,
Faulty Charging	 Loose fan belt Faulty wiring Faulty battery Worn out alternator brush 	Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility.
Starter Motor does not run	 Loose or damaged wiring Dropped voltage of the battery Damaged starter motor (including solenoid) 	
Engine Protection Light not coming on (after the ignition switch has been in the on position for more than 60 seconds with the engine not started)	 Broken Light Bulb Faulty light wiring (to GND or P.C. Board) Faulty Idler/Engine Protection P.C. Board 	

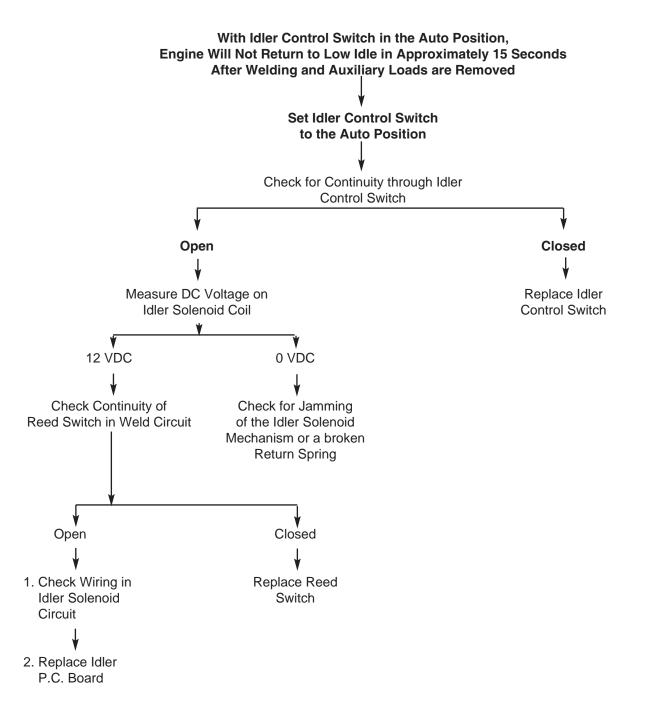
A CAUTION

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.



E-5 TROUBLESHOOTING ELECTRONIC IDLER TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

E-5



A CAUTION

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your **Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility** for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.



Download from Www.Somanuals.com. All Manuals Search And Download.

TROUBLESHOOTING ELECTRONIC IDLER TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

E-6

E-6

With Idler Control Switch in the AUTO Position, **Engine Will Not Pick Up Speed When:** The Arc is Struck The Auxiliary Power Load is Turned ON Reed Switch in Weld Circuit Power Load Too Small **Defective -- Will Not Close Try Load Above 150 Watts** To Check: Short the Red Lead **Engine Does Not Pick Up Speed** on P.C. Board to Welder Frame. 1. Check Continuity of Idler Solenoid Coil (8.5-9.0 ohms) and Replace as Required. 2. Check for Jamming of the Idler Solenoid Mechanism. **Engine Picks Up Speed Engine Does Not Pick Up** Speed 3. Check for Continuity of Current 1. Check for Break in Transformer (Toroid). Replace as Red Lead and Repair 1. Check Continuity of Idler Required. Solenoid Coil (8.5-9.0 2. Replace Reed Switch ohms) and Replace as 4. Check Idler Circuit Wiring and Repair in Weld Circuit. Required. as Required. 2. Check for Jamming of 5. Replace Idler P.C. Board. the Idler Solenoid Mechanism. 3. Check Idler Circuit Wiring and Repair as Required. 4. Replace Idler P.C.

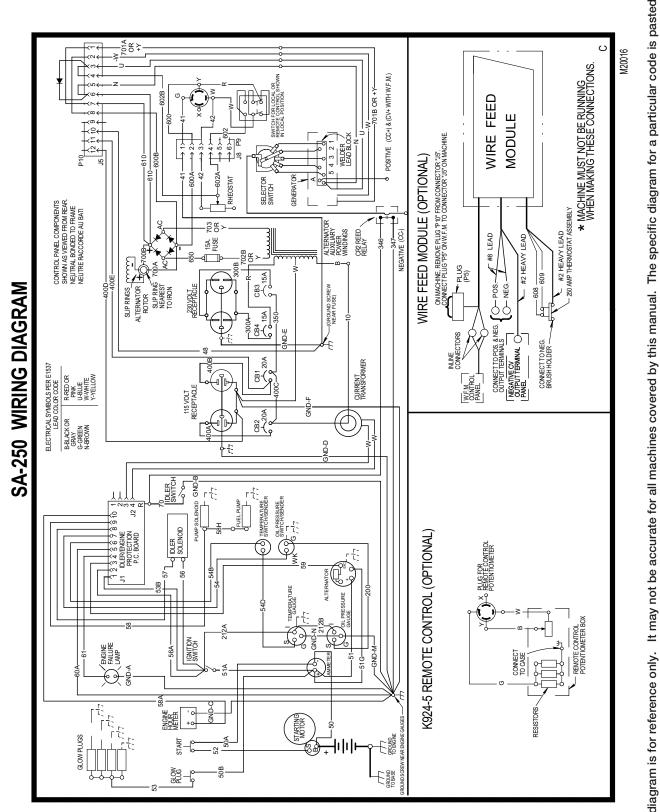
Board.

A CAUTION

If for any reason you do not understand the test procedures or are unable to perform the tests/repairs safely, contact your **Local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility** for technical troubleshooting assistance before you proceed.



Download from Www.Somanuals.com. All Manuals Search And Download.

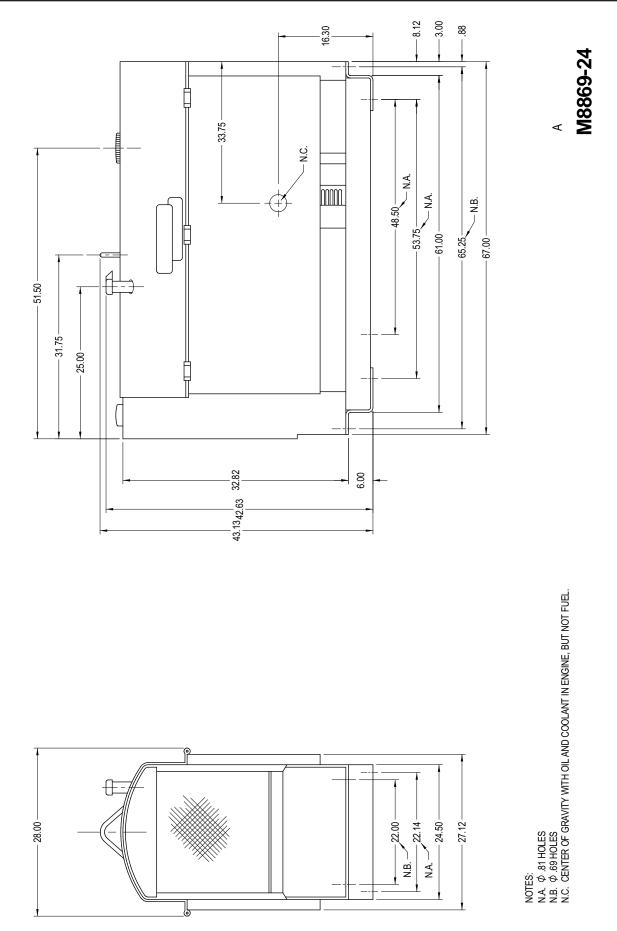


NOTE: This diagram is for reference only. It may not be accurate for all machines covered by this manual. The specific diagram for a particular code is pasted inside the machine on one of the enclosure panels. If the diagram is illegible, write to the Service Department for a replacement. Give the equipment code number.

SA-250 LINCOLN ELECTRIC

F-1

Download from Www.Somanuals.com. All Manuals Search And Download.









Now Available...12th Edition The Procedure Handbook of Arc Welding

With over 500,000 copies of previous editions published since 1933, the Procedure Handbook is considered by many to be the "Bible" of the arc welding industry.

This printing will go fast so don't delay. Place your order now using the coupon below.

The hardbound book contains over 750 pages of welding information, techniques and procedures. Much of this material has never been included in any other book.

A must for all welders, supervisors, engineers and designers. Many welding instructors will want to use the book as a reference for all students by taking advantage of the low quantity discount prices which include shipping by 4th class parcel post.

\$15.00 postage paid U.S.A. Mainland

How To Read Shop Drawings

The book contains the latest information and application data on the American Welding Society Standard Welding Symbols. Detailed discussion tells how engineers and draftsmen use the "short-cut" language of symbols to pass on assembly and welding information to shop personnel.

Practical exercises and examples develop the reader's ability to visualize mechanically drawn objects as they will appear in their assembled form.

187 pages with more than 100 illustrations. Size 8-1/2" x 11" Durable, cloth-covered board binding.

New Lessons in Arc Welding

Lessons, simply written, cover manipulatory techniques; machine and electrode characteristics; related subjects, such as distortion; and supplemental information on arc welding applications, speeds and costs. Practice materials, exercises, questions and answers are suggested for each lesson.

528 pages, well illustrated, 6" x 9" size, bound in simulated, gold embossed leather.

\$5.00 postage paid U.S.A. Mainland



Need Welding Training?

The Lincoln Electric Company operates the oldest and most respected Arc Welding School in the United States at its corporate headquarters in Cleveland, Ohio. Over 100,000 students have graduated. Tuition is low and the training is "hands on"

For details write:

Lincoln Welding School 22801 St. Clair Ave. Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199.

and ask for bulletin ED-80 or call 216-383-2259 and ask for the Welding School Registrar.

Lincoln Welding School

Surable, cloth-covered board binding. \$4.50 postage paid U.S.A. Mainland				C COURSE of fundamental	\$700.00
There is a 10% discount on all orders of \$50.00 or more for shipment at orders of \$50 or less before discount or orders outside of North America mustOrders of \$50 or less before discount or orders outside of North America mustPrices include shipment by 4 th Class Book Rate for U.S.A. MainlandUPS Shipping for North America Only.All prepaid orders that reques\$5.00For order value up to \$49.99\$10.00\$15.00For order value between \$50.00\$15.00For order value between \$100.00	be prepa <u>Only.</u> Pl t UPS sł & \$99.9	id with ch lease allo nipment 9	arge, check ow up to 4	weeks for delive	
For North America invoiced orders over \$50.00 & credit card orders, if UI Outside U.S.A. Mainland order must be prepaid in U.S. Funds. Please add \$2.00 per be METHOD OF PAYMENT: (Sorry, No C.O.D. Orders) CHECK ONE: Please Invoice (only if order is over \$50.00) Check or Money Order Enclosed, U.S. Funds only Credit Card - Image: Credit Card -	oook for su Name Addre Telep ate	Irface mail	or \$15.00 pe	r book for air parcel ure as it appears on (Avenue, Cleveland, (post shipment.
Lincoln Welding School	Price \$5.00 \$15.00 \$4.50 \$5.00 \$5.00 \$5.00 \$5.00 \$5.00 \$5.00 \$5.00 \$5.00 \$5.00 \$5.00 \$5.00 \$5.00	Code L PH H IM NA AC WC-8 ED-89	Quantity Quantity SUB TOTAL Ig Costs if any TOTAL COST	Cost	10-301-3301.

WARNING	 Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing. Insulate yourself from work and ground. 	● Keep flammable materials away.	 Wear eye, ear and body protection.
AVISO DE PRECAUCION	 No toque las partes o los electrodos bajo carga con la piel o ropa moja- da. Aislese del trabajo y de la tierra. 	 Mantenga el material combustible fuera del área de trabajo. 	 Protéjase los ojos, los oídos y el cuerpo.
French ATTENTION	 Ne laissez ni la peau ni des vête- ments mouillés entrer en contact avec des pièces sous tension. Isolez-vous du travail et de la terre. 	 Gardez à l'écart de tout matériel inflammable. 	 Protégez vos yeux, vos oreilles et votre corps.
German WARNUNG	 Berühren Sie keine stromführenden Teile oder Elektroden mit Ihrem Körper oder feuchter Kleidung! Isolieren Sie sich von den Elektroden und dem Erdboden! 	 Entfernen Sie brennbarres Material! 	 Tragen Sie Augen-, Ohren- und Kör- perschutz!
ATENÇÃO	 Não toque partes elétricas e electrodos com a pele ou roupa molhada. Isole-se da peça e terra. 	 Mantenha inflamáveis bem guarda- dos. 	 Use proteção para a vista, ouvido e corpo.
注意事項	 ●通電中の電気部品、又は溶材にヒ フやぬれた布で触れないこと。 ●施工物やアースから身体が絶縁されている様にして下さい。 	● 燃えやすいものの側での溶接作業 は絶対にしてはなりません。	● 目、耳及び身体に保護具をして下 さい。
Chinese	●皮肤或濕衣物切勿接觸帶電部件及 銲條。 ●使你自己與地面和工件絶縁。	●把一切易燃物品移離工作場所。	●佩戴眼、耳及身體勞動保護用具。
Korean 위 험	● 전도체나 용접봉을 젖은 헝겁 또는 피부로 절대 접촉치 마십시요. ● 모재와 접지를 접촉치 마십시요.	●인확성 물질을 접근 시키지 마시요.	●눈, 귀와 몸에 보호장구를 착용하십시요.
Arabic	لا تلمس الاجزاء التي يسري فيها التيار الكهريائي أو الالكترود بجلد الجسم أو بالملايس المبلئة بالماء. ضع عاز لا على جسمك خلال العمل.	 ضع المواد القابلة للاشتعال في مكان بعيد. 	 ضع أدوات وملابس واقية على عينيك وأذنيك وجسمك.

READ AND UNDERSTAND THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTION FOR THIS EQUIPMENT AND THE CONSUMABLES TO BE USED AND FOLLOW YOUR EMPLOYER'S SAFETY PRACTICES.

SE RECOMIENDA LEER Y ENTENDER LAS INSTRUCCIONES DEL FABRICANTE PARA EL USO DE ESTE EQUIPO Y LOS CONSUMIBLES QUE VA A UTILIZAR, SIGA LAS MEDIDAS DE SEGURIDAD DE SU SUPERVISOR.

LISEZ ET COMPRENEZ LES INSTRUCTIONS DU FABRICANT EN CE QUI REGARDE CET EQUIPMENT ET LES PRODUITS A ETRE EMPLOYES ET SUIVEZ LES PROCEDURES DE SECURITE DE VOTRE EMPLOYEUR.

LESEN SIE UND BEFOLGEN SIE DIE BETRIEBSANLEITUNG DER ANLAGE UND DEN ELEKTRODENEINSATZ DES HER-Stellers. Die Unfallverhütungsvorschriften des Arbeitgebers sind ebenfalls zu beachten.

	بر ا		
 Keep your head out of fumes. Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone. 	 Turn power off before servicing. 	 Do not operate with panel open or guards off. 	WARNING
 Los humos fuera de la zona de respiración. Mantenga la cabeza fuera de los humos. Utilice ventilación o aspiración para gases. 	 Desconectar el cable de ali- mentación de poder de la máquina antes de iniciar cualquier servicio. 	 No operar con panel abierto o guardas quitadas. 	AVISO DE PRECAUCION
 Gardez la tête à l'écart des fumées. Utilisez un ventilateur ou un aspira- teur pour ôter les fumées des zones de travail. 	 Débranchez le courant avant l'entre- tien. 	 N'opérez pas avec les panneaux ouverts ou avec les dispositifs de protection enlevés. 	French ATTENTION
 Vermeiden Sie das Einatmen von Schweibrauch! Sorgen Sie für gute Be- und Entlüftung des Arbeitsplatzes! 	 Strom vor Wartungsarbeiten abschalten! (Netzstrom völlig öff- nen; Maschine anhalten!) 	 Anlage nie ohne Schutzgehäuse oder Innenschutzverkleidung in Betrieb setzen! 	German WARNUNG
 Mantenha seu rosto da fumaça. Use ventilação e exhaustão para remover fumo da zona respiratória. 	 Não opere com as tampas removidas. Desligue a corrente antes de fazer serviço. Não toque as partes elétricas nuas. 	 Mantenha-se afastado das partes moventes. Não opere com os paineis abertos ou guardas removidas. 	Portuguese ATENÇÃO
 ● ヒュームから頭を離すようにして 下さい。 ● 換気や排煙に十分留意して下さい。 	● メンテナンス・サービスに取りか かる際には、まず電源スイッチを 必ず切って下さい。	● パネルやカバーを取り外したまま で機械操作をしないで下さい。	注意事項
●頭部遠離煙霧。 ●在呼吸區使用通風或排風器除煙。	● 維修前切斷電源。	●儀表板打開或沒有安全罩時不準作 業。	Chinese 营告
 얼굴로부터 용접가스를 멀리하십시요. 호흡지역으로부터 용접가스를 제거하기 위해 가스제거기나 통풍기를 사용하십시요. 	● 보수전에 전원을 차단하십시요.	● 판넬이 열린 상태로 작동치 마십시요.	Korean 위 험
 ابعد رأسك بعيداً عن الدخان. استعمل التهوية أو جهاز ضغط الدخان للخارج لكي تبعد الدخان عن المنطقة التي تتنفس فيها. 	 اقطع التيار الكهربائي قبل القيام بأية صيانة. 	 لا تشغل هذا الجهاز اذا كانت الاغطية الحديدية الواقية ليست عليه. 	Arabic تحذیر

LEIA E COMPREENDA AS INSTRUÇÕES DO FABRICANTE PARA ESTE EQUIPAMENTO E AS PARTES DE USO, E SIGA AS PRÁTICAS DE SEGURANÇA DO EMPREGADOR.

使う機械や溶材のメーカーの指示書をよく読み、まず理解して下さい。そして貴社の安全規定に従って下さい。

請詳細閱讀並理解製造廠提供的説明以及應該使用的銀捍材料,並請遵守貴方的有関勞動保護規定。

이 제폼에 동봉된 작업지침서를 숙지하시고 귀사의 작업자 안전수칙을 준수하시기 바랍니다.

اقرأ بتمعن وافهم تعليمات المصنع المنتج لهذه المعدات والمواد قبل استعمالها واتبع تعليمات الوقاية لصاحب العمل.



World's Leader in Welding and Cutting Products •
 Sales and Service through Subsidiaries and Distributors Worldwide •
Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199 U.S.A. TEL: 216.481.8100 FAX: 216.486.1751 WEB SITE: www.lincolnelectric.com
Download from Www.Somanuals.com. All Manuals Search And Download.

Free Manuals Download Website <u>http://myh66.com</u> <u>http://usermanuals.us</u> <u>http://www.somanuals.com</u> <u>http://www.4manuals.cc</u> <u>http://www.4manuals.cc</u> <u>http://www.4manuals.cc</u> <u>http://www.4manuals.com</u> <u>http://www.404manual.com</u> <u>http://www.luxmanual.com</u> <u>http://aubethermostatmanual.com</u> Golf course search by state

http://golfingnear.com Email search by domain

http://emailbydomain.com Auto manuals search

http://auto.somanuals.com TV manuals search

http://tv.somanuals.com