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Use This User Giide To Install This Linksys Prockuct

- EtherFast ${ }^{\circledR}$ 10/100 5-Port Workgroup Switch (EOXS55WV2)

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## FCC STATEMENT

The EtherFast 10/100 5-Port Workgroup Switch has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a 5-Port Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used according to the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which is found by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna
- Increase the separation between the equipment or device
- Connect the equipment to an outlet other than the receiver's
- Consult a dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for assistance
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Introduction ..... 1
Your EtherFast 10/100 5-Port Workgroup Switch ..... 1
Hardware Installation ..... 2
Planning Your Network Layout ..... 2
Installing Your Switch ..... 4
Tips on Switching Your Network ..... 6
About Fast Ethernet ..... 7
History of Fast Ethernet ..... 7
Switches versus Hubs ..... 8
Appendix ..... 10
Twisted-Pair Cabling ..... 10
Crimping Your Own Network Cables ..... 11
Specifications ..... 12
Customer Support ..... 13


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## Your EtherFast 10/100 5-Port Workgroup Switch

Congratulations on purchasing your new Linksys EtherFast 10/100 5-Port Workgroup Switch for your network's 10/100 migration needs. The EtherFast $10 / 100$ Switch is the easiest, most versatile way to boost your network's performance while migrating to the speed and power of Fast Ethernet. Unlike hubs that ration your network bandwidth and may slow down with high data traffic, your Linksys Switch fuels each of your computers with full duplex transfer mode on top of dedicated bandwidth to unleash your network speed.

In migrating your network to Fast Ethernet's 100 Mbps speed, your new Linksys $10 / 100$ Switch is ready to go to work for you immediately. Apply this switching power to your 10BaseT network, and your data traffic efficiency improves several times over. Connect your file server to the Switch's autosensing ports, and speed up access time for all your users in just one move. And when you're ready, switch your way to full duplex speeds of up to $200 \mathrm{Mbps}-$-the speed is yours!

Every Switch packs a complete suite of advanced data error detection and correction features for surefire communication every time. Auto partitioning, data collision control, preamble regeneration and incoming frame retiming ensure that not a single bit is lost during even the heaviest moments of network traffic. Built to last, your new EtherFast 10/100 Switch delivers optimal high-end video, gaming, multimedia, database, and other speed-intensive applications at blazing speeds.

- EtherFast 10/100 5-Port Workgroup Switch (EZXS55W v2)


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## Planning Your Network Layout

Building a Fast Ethernet network involves more topology rules in addition to the 10BaseT network rules. These rules specify distance limitations and cabling specifications. Data loss, collisions, and other network problems causing down time are likely to occur if the rules below are not followed.

- Use Category 5 UTP (EIA 568, Cat 5) Ethernet cabling with four pairs of wires and RJ-45 tips for all Fast Ethernet connections.
- Use the chart below to position your switches, hubs and workstations.

| From | To | Maximum Distance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Switch | Switch or Hub* | 100 meters (328 feet) |
| Hub $^{*}$ | Hub* $^{*}$ | 5 meters (16.4 feet) |
| Switch or Hub | Workstation | 100 meters (328 feet) |

*Hub refers to any type of 100Mbps hub, including regular hubs and stackable hubs. A 10 mbps hub connected to another 10 mbps hub can span up to 100 meters ( 328 feet).

- No more than two hubs should be uplinked in a row in a Fast Ethernet network. A set of stacked hubs, which must be stacked with a stacking cable, counts as one hub or node on the network.
- In Fast Ethernet networks, your 10/100 Switch acts as a repeater, regenerating data signals before passing them on to the next device. Hubs do not function as repeaters.

Configuration A shows one possible way to set up an EtherFast Switch in a Fast Ethernet environment. Note that the Switch requires Category 5 UTP network cabling for all its connections, like all Fast Ethernet network hardware.

All of the workstations below can access all resources on the network 10 Mbps users can access the 100 Mbps nodes, and vice versa. While allowing the 10 Mbps and 100 Mbps segments to communicate, the Switch optimizes data traffic by switching the data packets to their destination through the quickest route possible, which improves performance up to $80 \%$ even on the faster 100 Mbps network segment.


Configuration A

## Installing Your Switch

## Package Contents

Carefully remove your EtherFast 10/100 5-Port Workgroup Switch from its packaging. Make sure that you have received all of the items listed below. If any items are missing or damaged, contact your Linksys dealer for replacement part(s).

- EtherFast 10/100 5-Port Workgroup Switch
- AC Power Adapter
- User Guide and Registration Card


## Connecting Computers to Your Switch

Your Switch's rear panel has five standard RJ-45 ports, plus a shared uplink port. Each port automatically detects the speed and duplex of the attached cabling to a network card, switch, hub, etc. The ports operate in either full or half duplex, which lets you run at speeds of $200 \mathrm{mbps}, 100 \mathrm{mbps}, 20 \mathrm{mbps}$ or 10 mbps .

Each port on your Switch can connect to workstations, file servers, hubs, repeaters, bridges, routers or other switches. Connections to the switch require Category 5 UTP network cabling with RJ-45 tips, not to exceed 100 meters ( 328 feet) in length. See page 10 for more details on cabling.

To connect a computer directly to the switch, plug one end of the cable into the switch, then plug the other end of the cable into the computer's network adapter.

## Uplinking to Other Switches and Hubs

Switches, hubs, and similar network devices are uplinked to your Switch with straight-through Category 5 cabling. Attach the Category 5 cabling to the uplink port of the network device that you are uplinking to the Switch, and plug the other end of the cable into any standard RJ-45 port on your Switch. Using the uplink port will automatically disable the port directly next to it, since the uplink port is a shared port.

## Powering On the Switch

Plug in the Switch's AC power adapter. Each time your Switch powers up, it will run a Diagnostic/Self-Test. After the test, the Power LED will light up. As connections to the Switch's LEDs are powered on, each port's corresponding Link/Act LED will light up. The remaining LEDs will also light up according to how your data is being transferred, e.g. full or half duplex, 10 mbps or 100 mbps .

If the Switch experiences excessive data collisions, verify that your network cabling is securely crimped and installed properly.

## Reading the Front Panel LFDs

The chart below tells you what the front panel LEDs of the 5-Port Switches mean. Each Switch has a Power LED on the left side to indicate when the unit is ON.


Front Panel - EtherFast 10/100 5-Port Workgroup Switch

| LED Configuration Chart |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| LED | LED Status | Network Status |
| Link/Act | On | Connection is detected |
|  | Flickering | Data is sending/receiving |
| FD/Col | On | Full duplex transfer mode |
|  | Flickering | Port has data collision error |
|  | Off | Half duplex transfer mode |
| 100 | On | 100 mbps speed |

## Tips on Switching Your Network

Here are some of the ways your new EtherFast 10/100 5-Port Workgroup Switch can help you optimize your network speed.

## - Speed up Nodes From Your 10BaseT Network

In a 10BaseT network, connect your hubs, file servers and key users such as managers and network administrators directly to your Switch to channel dedicated bandwidth in full duplex mode to each station. The Switch can communicate with all its connections simultaneously, whereas a hub can only communicate with one workstation at a time, in half duplex transfer mode.

- Conserving Bandwidth with $10 \mathrm{Mbps} \& 100 \mathrm{Mbps}$ Segments

10BaseT and 100BaseTX hardware are not readily compatible, but your 10/100 Switch can designate network segments of different speeds. This allows you to run one 10 mbps segment to serve users without a need for considerable speed, and a faster 100 mbps segment devoted to users who depend heavily on graphics, multimedia, database, or other speed-intensive applications. With switched segmentation, your 100 mbps users will not be slowed down by the users on the 10 mbps segment.

- Run 10Mbps Peripherals in Your Fast Ethernet Network

Most of the network peripherals in place today run at 10 mbps , since 10BaseT has been the standard network speed to date. These peripherals, designed to operate at 10 mbps , cannot readily communicate with 100 BaseTX equipment. A 10 mbps interface is also required for cable and DSL connections, which are quickly becoming very popular ways to access the Internet. Your 10/100 Switch provides your 10BaseT equipment and cable and DSL lines with a 10 Mbps interface while still running your Fast Ethernet devices at 100 mbps .

## - Strengthen Data Transfers Through Signal Regeneration

Your Switch functions as a repeater, which regenerates data signals as they pass through it. This feature acts as a safeguard to deter data loss and ensure that transmissions arrive at their destination intact. Switches positioned between hubs can preserve your data's integrity and eliminate your need to buy and use repeaters in your Fast Ethernet network.

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## History of Fast Ethernet

Standard Ethernet has been the most popular networking technology during this past decade, with a maximum data throughput of 10Mbps. But the Ethernet standard has fallen out of favor as today's massive graphics, multimedia, and other data-intensive applications have magnified the problem of lagging network performance.

Fast Ethernet now dominates as the most viable and economical solution to resolve the problem of network speed over all other market alternatives. Capable of sending and receiving data at $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ M b p s}$, its bandwidth more than accommodates even the most intensive real-time applications.

Also known as 100BaseTX, Fast Ethernet supports high speed signaling and gives users an efficient and affordable solution for upgrading their present network to the upcoming standard speed of 100 Mbps . 100BaseTX data packet lengths and formats are transmitted over two pairs of Category 5 UTP cabling, just like the 10BaseT system. It uses identical data error control and management information as 10BaseT transmissions as well.

Because Fast Ethernet is based on similar technology to standard Ethernet, the issue of migrating from 10 Mbps to the higher Fast Ethernet speed requires virtually no effort with the right piece of equipment. All it takes is your EtherFast Auto-Sensing Switch to coordinate your network hardware, and you're ready to run a top-notch system.

## Switches versus Hubs

Your EtherFast 10/100 Switch boosts your network performance several times over, conserving your time, money and resources. The scalability of your Switch, its full duplex data transfer and dedicated bandwidth all contribute to maximizing efficiency in your Fast Ethernet network.

Your EtherFast 10/100 Switch's auto-sensing feature gives you a key advantage over other forms of networking by upgrading speed-critical network segments to 100 mbps while allowing existing 10BaseT networks to operate with the Switch. Allowing 10BaseT and 100BaseTX hardware speeds to run alongside each other eliminates the need to purchase new hardware, rewire and reconfigure an entire site all at once. This scalability factor ensures that Fast Ethernet will not fall obsolete to upgrades in speed standards and maintains use of all your old equipment until you decide to buy speedier replacements. Otherwise, throwing away all your older, slower equipment in an oldfashioned "forklift upgrade" is the only other alternative.

Scalability allows you to budget for your networking needs over time. Now networks can custom-run fast and slow segments at the same time for different users and departments. Publishing, R\&D, and accounting departments can enjoy 100mbps transfer, while other corporate segments conserve bandwidth by operating at slower, more economical 10 mbps speeds.

Switches also feature full duplex data transfer, meaning that all computers on the switch can "talk" to the switch at the same time. Plus, switches can send and receive data simultaneously to all connections, whereas a hub cannot. A hub simply works with one computer at a time and only sends or receives data, since it cannot handle two way communication.

In addition to full duplex transfer, your 10/100 Switch surges your network with dedicated bandwidth to each node, devoting 100 mbps to every device and multiplying your bandwidth for each added node. For instance, if you connect five computers to your EtherFast 10/100 Switch, then each computer will get a dedicated bandwidth of 100 Mbps at full duplex transfer. If you run 5 computers from a 100 mbps hub, then each computer would only share a part of the 100 mbps bandwidth.

A network without a switch is called a shared network because every node on the network competes for a fraction of the total bandwidth. In a shared network, data packets are randomly broadcasted to all stations until they discover their intended destination. Consequently, considerable time and bandwidth is wasted on data packets swimming along network lines before they find their correct address. A switch, on the other hand, features a store-and-forward function which retains the address for each data packet and shoots them straight to the correct destination.

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## Twisted－Pair Cabling

There are different grades，or categories，of twisted－pair cabling．Category 5 is the most reliable and is highly recommended．Category 3 is a good second choice．Straight－through cables are used for connecting computers to a hub． Crossover cables are used for connecting a hub to another hub（there is an exception：some hubs have a built－in uplink port that is crossed internally， which allows you to link or connect hubs together with a straight－through cable instead）．

| RJ－45 Color Chart |  |  | cabling，or cut and crimp your own． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wire 1 | White with an Orange Stripe |  | or crimped as either straight－through or crossover cables．A Category 5 |
| Wire 2 | $\longrightarrow$ Orange |  | cable has 8 thin，color－coded wires |
| Wire 3 | white with a Green Stripe |  | inside that run from one end of the cable to the other．All 8 wires are |
| Wire 4 | $\longrightarrow$ Blue |  | es $1,2,3$ ，and 6 at one end of the |
| Wire 5 | White with a Bluc Stripe |  | cable are also wires $1,2,3$ ，and 6 at the other end．In a crossover cable， |
| Wire 6 | $\longrightarrow$ Green |  | the order of the wires change from one end to the other：wire 1 becomes |
| Wire 7 | $\qquad$ White with a Brown Stripe |  | 3 ，and 2 becomes 6 ．See the diagrams on the next page for |
| Wire 8 | $\rightarrow$ Brown | Examatrown | Trewt more detailed informa－ |
|  |  |  | and crossover cabling． |

To determine which wire is wire number 1 ，hold the cable so that the end of the plastic RJ－45 tip（the part that goes into a wall jack first）is facing away from you． Face the clip down so that the copper side faces up（the springy clip will now be parallel to the floor）．When looking down on the copper side，wire 1 will be on the far left．

## Crimping Your Own Network Cables



## Specifications

| Model Numbers | EZXS55W v2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Standards | IEEE 802.3 (10BaseT), |
|  | IEEE 802.3u (100BaseTX) |
| Flow Control | IEEE 802.3x Full Duplex Control |
| Protocol | CSMA/CD |
| Ports | Five 10BaseT/100BaseTX RJ-45 Ports, plus <br>  <br> Speed Per Port (Mbps) |
|  | One Shared RJ-45 Uplink Port <br> 20 or 100 (Half Duplex) |
| MAC Addresses | 1024 Unicast Table Entries |
|  | Unlimited Multicast Broadcast Entries |
| Max Frame Size | 1518 Bytes |
| Buffer Memory | 1MB |
| Cabling Type | Category 5 UTP (or better) |
| LED Display | Power, Link/Act, FD/Col, 100 (per port) |

## Environmental

## Dimensions

Unit Weight
Power
Certifications

Operating Temp
Storage Temp Operating Humidity
Storage Humidity
$4.4 " \times 3.4 " \times 1.25 "$
12 oz .
$7.5 \mathrm{VDC}, 700 \mathrm{~mA}$
FCC Class B,
CE Mark Commercial,
UL and CSA Listed
$32^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $131^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
$-40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
$10 \%$ to $85 \%$ Non-Condensing
$5 \%$ to $90 \%$ Non-Condensing

## Customer Support

For help with the installation or operation of your EtherFast 10/100 5-Port Workgroup Switch, contact Linksys Customer Support at one of the phone numbers or Internet addresses below.

| Customer Support | (800) 326-7114 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $(949) 261-1288$ |
| Information | $(800) 546-5797$ |
| Fax | (949) $261-8868$ |
| E-mail | support@linksys.com |
| Web | http://www.linksys.com |
| FTP Site | ftp.linksys.com |

## Linksys Warranty Information

Linksys guarantees that every EtherFast 10/100 5Port Workgroup Switch is free from physical defects in material and workmanship under normal use for five (5) year from the date of pur-
chase. If the product proves defective during this warranty period, contact Linksys Customer Support to obtain a Return Authorization number. When returning a product, mark the Return Authorization number clearly on the outside of the package and include your original proof of purchase.

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