

## **GPC Plus Controller**

# General Information & Application Guide

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#### OE331-21-GPC GPC Plus Controller

#### Description

The OE331-21 General Purpose Controller Plus (GPC Plus) is used for controlling equipment or processes that cannot be controlled using HVAC controllers. The Prism computer front end software is used to interface with the GPC Plus controller functions. The GPC Plus Controller provides the flexibility to control, schedule and/or monitor equipment such as unit heaters, exhaust fans, motorized louvers, etc.. The GPC Plus has (6) configurable inputs which will accept signals from thermistor temperature sensors, 4-20mA or 0-5VDC transmitters or dry contact closures. An additional modular input is provided for connection of an OE271 static pressure sensor. The GPC Plus has (5) relay outputs for on/off control and (2) analog outputs. With the addition of the OE352 2 Slot Expansion Base Board and (1) OE357 4 Relay Expansion Board, (4) additional relay outputs are available providing for a maximum of (9) usable relay outputs. The GPC Plus also has (5) separate 2 event per day schedules, each with its own optimal start functions built in. In addition the GPC Plus provides lead/lag start capabilities.



#### Mounting

The GPC Plus is provided with an integral backplate for mounting inside of a control enclosure. It is recommended that the GPC Plus be mounted in the HVAC unit control enclosure, or in a control enclosure in the building equipment room. An optional factory control enclosure for the GPC Plus is available.

Technical Data		OE331-21-GPCPLUS GPC Plus Controller		
Power	24 Volt AC	Weight	1.5 lb.	
Power Consumption	8 VA Maximum	Network Connection	RS-485	
Operating Temp	10°F to 149°F	Protocol	HSI Open Protocol Token Passing	
Operating Humidity	90% RH Non-Condensing	Communications	RS-485 - 9600 Baud	
In	iputs:	Outputs:		
Types of Allowed	Type III-10kohm sensors	Total Relay Qty. On Board	5	
Inputs 4-20ma sensors T		Total Relay Qty. Available With	9	
	N.O. Binary Contact	Optional Expansion Board		
	N.C. Binary Contact	Relay Power Rating	(2 Amp @ 24 VAC)	
Total Inputs Available	7	Analog Output Qty.	2	
Static Pressure Inputs	1 (Modular )	Analog Output Signal	0-10 VDC	
Configurable Inputs	6	Optimal Start Schedules	(5) Total - (1) for Each Schedule	
Schedules Available	(5) 2 Event per day	Lead Lag Scheduling	(1) Output can be Configured	
Three Year Warranty		WattMaster reserves the right to change specifications without notice		

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### **General Purpose Controller**

#### (GPCPlus)

January 31, 2005

## Description

The GPCPlus is a controller designed to "fill in the blanks" between standard off the shelf programs and minor non-standard applications. An example of a non-standard application might be exhaust fan control, based on building pressure or a simple boiler enable controller based on schedules or outdoor air temperature.

The remainder of this document will describe the I/O configurations that are possible and will also include a few sample applications to aid the user in determining if this controller will meet their specific requirements.

GPC Plus					
🎇 🚯 ? 🐥 🔝 💷 Loop: 1 Unit: 2 ID: GF	PC Plus				
08:24 Al	M Monday - January 24, 2005				
GPC-Plus G	eneral Purpose Controller	Ver	sion 1.03		
Analog Inputs	Relays	Setpoints	Runti	mes	Setpoints
LoadTemp 74.0°F	Lead Pump <mark>ON</mark> 💭 <mark>O</mark>	28 Hr 19 Min	121 Hr	4 Min	
Supply 73.5°F	Lag Pump OFF 🔔 🌒	28 Hr 0 Min	28 Hr	31 Min	Schedules
Proof of Flow	Relay #3 OFF 🛕 🖲 Hi Lo	-	0 Hr	0 Min	31
Input #5	Relay #4 OFF 💭 🌒 Hi Lo	-	0 Hr	0 Min	Holidays
Input #7	Relay #5 OFF 🛕 🜒 Hi Lo	-	0 Hr	0 Min	
Outdoor Air: - Wethulh: -	Relay #6 OFF 🔍 🌒 Hi Lo	-	0 Hr	0 Min	Trends
Schedule Status	Relay #7 OFF 🛕 🖲 Hi Lo	-	0 Hr	0 Min	4
#1: ON Auto Mode	Relay #8 OFF 🛕 🌒 Hi Lo	-	0 Hr	0 Min	Print Status
#2:	Relay #9 OFF 🛕 🖲 Hi Lo	-	0 Hr	0 Min	
#3: OFF Auto Mode	Analog Outputs	Setpoint			
#4: OFF Auto Mode	Analog Output #1 0.0 VDC	0	DISAE	BLED	
#5: OFF Auto Mode	Analog Output #2	0	DISAE	BLED	

### Main Status Screen

The Main Status Screen provides real-time live updates of the current operating conditions and is used to access the various setpoint and configuration options. No control takes place until the user "configures" the operation of the GPCPlus. Access to the various configuration screens is made by a simple left mouse-click on the individual reading or output status box for each I/O Point. As a general rule, a left click

accesses the configuration for the selected item and a right click accesses the force mode options if any are available.

## **Analog Inputs**

GPC Plus	
🎉 🕼 ? 🛕 🔀 EXIT Loop: 1 Unit: 2 ID: GPC I	Plus
08:40 AM	Monday - January 24, 2005
GPC-Plus Ger	neral Purpose Controller
Analog Inputs	
LoadTemp 74.0°F	
Left-click	on this box to configure Analog Input $\#1$
Right-click	k to access Calibration and Override modes

#### Relays









## Analog Input Configurations

The first five analog inputs and input #7 can be configured in several different ways. Input #6 can be used for Static Pressure and accepts the standard pressure sensor with the phone jack connector, available from WattMaster Controls.

Setpoints			
😂 🖬 🛍 🛍 🏠 🏟 EXIT Loop: 1 Unit: 2 ID: GPC Plus			
Sensor #1 Configuration			
O Not Used Sending Global Broadcasts	User Scaling		
Thermister Fahrenheit Temperature     O Analog Channel	10.0"F Maximum Reading		
C Thermister Celsius Temperature 0 Binary Channel	0.0°F Minimum Reading		
O 4 - 20ma User Scaled	( 4 - 20ma Settings )		
O 0 - 5vdc User Scaled	4.00 ma Actual Min Current (Zero Adjust)		
O Wall Sensor Slide Offset	250 Ohms Actual Value of Dropping Resistor		
O Binary Contact Closure	Wall Sensor		
C Read Global Analog - Channel: 0 ? Global Analog Help	0.0°F Maximum Slide Offset Effect		
C Read Global Binary - Channel: 0 ? Global Binary Help	0.0 Hr Push-Button Override Duration		
Separ Reading Amendia	Contact Configuration		
	Normally Open Contacts		
	C Normally Closed Contacts		
1 Number of Readings to Average	Alarm Setup		
	100.0°F High Alarm Limit		
None Selected	0.0°F Low Alarm Limit		
Optimally Start the Selected Schedule with this Sensor	1.0"F Unoccupied Limit Spread		
Optimal Start Cooling Setpoint	30 Min. Alarm Delay Period		
Optimal Start Heating Setpoint	Alarming Enabled		

The following configurations are available:

- 1. Thermister Type III Temperature Sensors (Scaled for Fahrenheit)
- 2. Thermister Type III Temperature Sensors (Scaled for Celsius)
- 3. 4 20ma User Scaled
- 4. 0-5 vdc User Scaled
- 5. Wall Sensor Slide Offset
- 6. Binary Contact Closure
- 7. Read Global Analog Broadcast from another Controller

- 8. Read Global Binary Broadcast from another Controller
- 9. Sensor #6 can be assigned to read Static Pressure

Each input is separately configured so combinations of any type of input on the same controller are possible.

All readings can be overridden to specific values for test purposes. All thermister sensors can also be calibrated by entering positive or negative offsets to be applied to the current readings. All 4 - 20ma readings can be calibrated if the user has the exact current or resistance values available for entering in the calibration fields.



Right-Click on the desired analog input reading to access the pop-up menu shown above and then select the desired function. If you are calibrating or overriding the reading, the following window will pop-up. Enter the desired calibration offset or specific reading you wish to force the input to and press the Enter key. The window will automatically close and send the command to the controller. If you select the Clear Sensor Override option, a window will not appear but the clear command will be sent to the controller.



- OR -

Enter Sensor Override Value				
0.0°F				
ENTER - Accept Data and Close Window				
ESC	- Cancel Data and Close Window			

Any or all readings can also be "broadcast" to other controllers on the communications loop. For example, the Outdoor Air Temperature is broadcast on channel #2 by any unit that happens to have the sensor attached. If none of the standard package units have the outdoor air sensor attached, you could attach it to the GPCPlus and select it for broadcast on channel #2. All other controllers would "hear" the broadcast and use it in their normal operations. On the other hand, if you are measuring something like return air humidity, do NOT select channel #2 to broadcast it on, since all the package unit controls are expecting the outdoor air temperature. If no package controllers exist on your system then you are free to use any available global channel for broadcast. There are 32 possible global analog channels and 16 possible global binary channels.

Select global analogs to broadcast readings and global binary channels to broadcast contact closure (on/off) information.

If you select one of the unassigned channels for broadcast, it is assumed that you have other GPCPlus units installed that expect to receive information on those channels since the standard package code does not listen for broadcasts on unassigned channels.

CAUTION: If you elect to broadcast a reading from the GPCPlus to all other controllers on your installation, be sure to check the HELP screen to identify which Global Channels have already been assigned.

Each input also provides high and low alarm limits if the user requires out of range values to notify service personnel. The alarm limits can be widened at night and they can also be forced to be out of limits for a user defined amount of time before an alarm occurs. This prevents false alarms if the reading temporarily exceeds the limit but then recovers and stays within the limits the remainder of the time.

All readings are user scalable. That means you can display values with  $\pm 1, \pm 0.1, \pm 0.1\pm 0.01$  or higher resolutions. Just keep in mind that the maximum value that can be sent from the controller is  $\pm 30,000$  so if you have scaled your reading to  $\pm 0.001$  then the maximum value you can send is  $\pm 30$  with the 3 additional decimal values (30.000).

Each input can also have an appendix selected to display with the reading to make them more user friendly. The possible appendix values are:

- (None) No Appendix Required
- RH% Relative Humidity
- % Percentage
- °F Degrees Fahrenheit
- °C Degrees Celsius
- PPM Parts Per Million
- PSI Pounds Per Square Inch
- "WG Inches of Water Gauge
- " Inches
- Ft. Feet
- RPM Revolutions Per Minute
- VDC Volts Direct Current
- BTU British Thermal Units

On inputs selected for Binary Input Contact Closure, the user can select Normally Open or Normally Closed Contacts.

### **Wall Sensor Slide Offset**

If you have configured a specific input to be connected to one of WattMasters' standard OE212 or OE213 Flush Mount Wall Sensors which contain the optional slide offset, be sure to enter a value for "Maximum Slide Offset Effect". This tells the controller how much effect to have on the selected setpoints when the slide is fully deflected up or down. When the slide is in the "center" position, it has no effect on the current setpoints.

Note: There are separate outputs on the Flush Mount Wall Sensors for measuring the room temperature and reading the slide offset. Be sure to configure the correct input for the slide offset and do not use the temperature signal coming from the wall sensor for this option.

The slide offset is normally used by one or more relay outputs, configured to "look" at this value and include its effect on their normal setpoints.

Setpoints
😂 日 🗈 🛍 🔂 🏟 EXIT Loop: 1 Unit
Relay #4 Configuration
Main Control Method
Control Method
On Above / Off Below
Control Source
LoadTemp
CONTROL SOURCE SETPOINTS
Hi Limit Setpoint 72.0°F Night Setback Setpoint Spread
Setpoint Deadband 0.1°F 5.0°F
Lo Limit Setpoint 70.0°F
Slide Offset Channel
Sensor Slide Adjust
None Selected
LoadTemp
Control
Supply Broof of Flow
Sensor Slide Adjust
Input #7
Static Pressure

As you can see on the sample screen, Relay #4 is set to activate if the LoadTemp rises above 72.0°F. It is also monitoring the Sensor Slide Adjust input on Analog Input #5. If the slide is pushed up, the Hi Limit Setpoint will rise to 74.0°F and the Lo Limit Setpoint

to 72.0°F. If the slide is pushed down, the Hi Limit Setpoint will drop to  $70.0^{\circ}$ F and the Lo Limit Setpoint to  $68.0^{\circ}$ F.

#### **Push-Button Override**

If you have configured a specific input to be connected to one of WattMasters' standard OE211 or OE213 Flush Mount Wall Sensors which contain the optional push-button override, be sure to enter a value for "Push-Button Override Duration". To use this option you must select which schedule will be affected by the override event. (See screen below).

### **Optimal Start Temperatures**

You can configure any of the first five inputs to be used as the Optimal Start "Target Temperature" sensor. As with the override option, you must select which schedule will use this temperature for its optimal start calculations.

You also must enter a Cooling and a Heating Target setpoint for this feature to work correctly.

s	etp	oints	;							
6	2		Ē		С	Ċ)	EXIT	Loo	ip: 1. Uni	it: 2 ID: GPC Plus
	-S	en	sor	· #1	Co	nfia	urat	tio	n—	
	0	Not	Used						Sending	Global Broadcasts
	$\odot$	The	rmiste	er Fahi	renheit	Тетре	erature		0	Analog Channel
	0	The	rmiste	er Cels	ius Ter	nperat	ure		0	Binary Channel
	0	4 - 3	20ma	User S	Scaled					
	0	0 - 3	5vdc I	User S	caled					
	0	Wal	I Sens	sor Sli	de Offs	set				
	0	Bina	ary Co	ntact	Closur	е				
	0	Rea	id Glo	bal Ar	alog -	Chann	iel: 🗌 🕻	)	? Glob	oal Analog Help
	0	Rea	id Glo	bal Bir	nary -	Chann	iel: 🗌 🤇	)	? Glot	oal Binary Help
	0	Stat	tic Pre	ssure	{ Sens	sor #6	}			
	S	Senso	or Rea	iding A	\ppend	lix		Sen	sor Scal	ling
	[	۳F			•	•		×	10 •	-
	[		1	Numbe	er of Re	eadings	s to Ave	erage		
	Ir	nterna	al Sch	edule	Used f	or Nigł	nt Setba	icks &	& Overria	des
	[	Sche	dule :	¥1		•				
				Optima	lly Star	t the S	elected	Sche	edule wit	th this Sensor

#### Analog Input #6

This analog input is reserved for Duct Static Pressure. This value can then be used to monitor the duct static or to actually control the duct static using an analog output and driving either inlet vanes or a VFD controller. It is not recommended that you attempt to use relays to control the duct static pressure, although this reading can be selected as a control source on the relay configuration screen.

CAUTION: If you select two relays to control duct static, WattMaster Controls cannot assume any liability for equipment damage caused by over-pressurization of the duct work!

If you require a Duct Static Pressure Sensor, you must use an OE271 sensor provided by WattMaster Controls for proper sensor readings. No other sensors are currently supported for this input.



All setpoints related to duct static control pressures and alarm points are programmed on this screen which activates when you left-click on the pressure reading box.

## **Relay Output Configuration**

Setpoints				
🖙 🔚 🖻 🛍 👫 🏟 EXIT Loop: 1 Unit	t: 2 ID: GPC Plus			
-Belay #1 Configuration				
Main Control Mothed	Louisel (ND Control Mothed	Timing 9 Alexaning		
Control Method				
Lead Relay for Lead/Lag Control	Not Configured	10 Sec Minimum Run Time		
Control Source	Logical AND Source	0 Sec Minimum Off Time		
Proof of Flow	None Selected	0 Sec Starting Delay Period		
CONTROL SOURCE SETPOINTS Control Setpoint 720 Night Setback Setpoint Stread	LOGICAL AND SOURCE SETPOINTS	RUN TIME ALARMING		
Setpoint Deadband	Hi Limit Setpoint	0 Hr Alarm Delay Period Hours		
Proof Setnoint 600	Lo Limit Setpoint	0 Min Alarm Delay Period Minutes		
Slide Offset Channel None Selected	Logical OR Control Method	Check the Box to disable the relay whenever the Run Time is Exceeded Disable Relay		
Reset Source	Not Configured	LEAD / LAG CONTROL		
None Selected	Logical OR Source	1 Hr Changeover Interval		
RESET SOURCE LIMITS	None Selected	Sec Proof Failure Timeout Delay		
	LOGICAL OR SOURCE SETPOINTS	VENTILATION CONTROL		
Enabling Relay	Hi Limit Setpoint	0 Min Vent Mode ON Time		
None Selected	Lo Limit Setpoint	0 Min Vent Mode OFF Time		
Controlling Schedule	·			
Schedule #1	_ Relay C	output Type		
Main Control Method AND Ortput Active When Relay Contact is CLOSED Logical AND Control Method Grad Global Binary Channel to Follow Logical OR Control Method				

#### **Control Methods**

Each individual output relay can be configured separately for one of the following methods of control listed below.

- 0 = Not Configured
- 1 = On Above High Limit Setpoint and Off Below Low Limit Setpoint
- 2 = On Above High Limit Setpoint and On Below Low Limit Setpoint
- 3 = Off Above High Limit Setpoint and On Below Low Limit Setpoint
- 4 = Off Above High Limit Setpoint and Off Below Low Limit Setpoint
- 5 = On with Contact Closure on Selected Input
- 6 = Off with Contact Closure on Selected Input
- 7 = Follow Schedule Only

- 8 = Follow Global Binary Only
- 9 = Ventilation Control
- 10 = Lead Relay for Lead/Lag Control
- 11 = Lag Relay for Lead/Lag Control

#### **Control/Reset Sources**

The Control Source is also selectable. This control source can be an analog value or an on/off contact closure. The list of possible sources is shown below.

- 0 = Not Configured
- 1 = Sensor Input #1
- 2 =Sensor Input #2
- 3 =Sensor Input #3
- 4 = Sensor Input #4
- 5 = Sensor Input #5
- 6 = Sensor Input #7
- 7 = Static Pressure
- 8 = Outdoor Air
- 9 = Calculated Wetbulb Temperature (Requires a sensor configured for Humidity)

The **Logical AND Source** and the **Logical OR Source** also use the same list of available sources for their control also.

## **Enabling Relay**

Interaction between relays is possible via an *Enabling Relay* feature. This allows the user to prevent a specific relay from activating until one of the other relays has had a chance to activate (See *Sample Configurations* Section). This can include such things as waiting for a fan to start before operating a heating or cooling stage.

#### **Delay & Run Times**

The relay can also be forced to remain on for a minimum amount of time or remain off for a minimum amount of time to prevent rapid cycling on and off under borderline operating conditions. A Starting Delay Period is also available so that a relay must also wait this amount of time, once it is enabled to activate before the relay output is actually energized.

#### **Reset Source Limits**

The Reset Source Limits are only required if you need the controlling setpoint to vary between the **Hi Limit Setpoint** and **Lo Limit Setpoint** based on some other condition

such as outdoor air temperature. If no reset is required, simply enter the same values for the Control Source Hi and Lo Limit Setpoints. No **Reset Source** is required.

If you do need the main **Control Source Setpoint** to reset, this is the range over which the **Reset Source** must change to cause the controlling setpoint to reset from the Lo Limit to the Hi Limit values you entered. For example: you want to reset the enable/disable point for a boiler enable signal based on the changing outdoor air temperature. You would enter the **Min**imum outdoor air temperature that would cause the Hi Limit Setpoint to be calculated and the **Max**imum outdoor air temperature that would cause the Lo Limit Setpoint to be calculated.

#### **Controlling Setpoint Deadband**

You should always enter a small deadband to prevent the relay from cycling on and off continuously due to a control source reading that is toggling right around the current setpoint. The deadband you enter is added to both sides of the setpoint to create an area where the relay does not stage on or off. For example: if your setpoint was  $72^{\circ}F$  and the deadband was set for  $0.5^{\circ}F$ , the relay can change state when the temperature rises above  $72.5^{\circ}F$  or drops below  $71.5^{\circ}F$ . If you do not need unoccupied setback control, you must leave this setpoint =  $0.0^{\circ}F$  and use the High and Low setpoints to create a *deadband*.

### **Controlling Schedule**

You can select one of the Internal Schedules to set the occupied or unoccupied mode of operation for the selected relay. If the relay does not require a schedule to be part of its control strategy, leave the selection at "None Selected".

## **AND/OR Conditional Tests**

If more than one criterion is required to make a decision, there are two other options available to aid in the decision process. An **AND** condition and an **OR** condition. If you don't need additional tests, simply select the **Not Configured** option under the Control Method for each of these sources.

If you need two events to be true before the output can activate, use the **AND Control Method** and select a **Logical AND Source**.

If you want either the main Control Method OR an Alternate Control Method to activate the output, use the **OR Control Method** and select a **Logical OR Source**.

You can combine all three options to create a condition where two events must be true or a third separate event must be true to activate the output.

## **Run Time Alarm**

If the selected relay output is controlling a device that needs periodic maintenance, you can enter a **Run Time Alarm Delay** period that, once exceeded, generates an alarm condition that will notify the user when it occurs. If you need to protect the equipment you can select the **Disable Relay** box and the relay will de-activate once this run time has been exceeded.

## **Relay Output Type**

Some control methods require the relay contacts to be closed when the output is activated, others require the contacts to be open. You can select which method of control to use with this option.

### **Global Binary Channel**

If this output was configured to follow a global binary broadcast, enter which channel (1 - 16) the relay should follow. The output will be active when the binary value is "1" and will de-activate when the value is "0".

### **Lead/Lag Control**

If you have configured this relay as the Lead relay in a Lead/Lag control scheme then you will also need to set the Changeover Interval and the Proof Failure Timeout Delay shown on the right hand side of the relay configuration screen.

The Changeover Delay is used to toggle the Lag output into the Lead once the runtime hours of the Lead output exceed this amount of time on the Lag output.

The Proof Failure Time Delay is the amount of time given for the "Proof of Flow" input to become active once the Lead or Lag output is energized. If this proof is not made within the specified amount of time, the controller switches to the Lag output in an attempt to get the controller running and then sets an alarm to flag the user that something is wrong.

#### **Hi/Lo Limit Setpoints**

All On/Off control methods require setpoints to be entered for control purposes. The relay state changes based on the control method selected and the current reading versus the **Hi Limit Setpoint** or **Lo Limit Setpoint**. If you have selected the **On Above and Off Below** method, then the relay would be active when the reading exceeds the Hi Limit Setpoint and it would not be active below the Lo Limit Setpoint. In either case, the user defined Deadband would also need to be satisfied before the actual relay change of state occurs.

## **Ventilation Control**

You can configure an output to operate in a ventilation control mode. This means that the output is active for the Vent Mode ON Time and then cycles off for the Vent Mode OFF Time. If the output is not enabled by a schedule or another relay, it will continue to cycle indefinitely at this On/Off rate.

## Analog Output Configuration

Two Proportional Outputs (0 - 10 VDC) are available to the user. This output operates using standard floating point control or a modified Proportional/Derivative control as configured by the user. The controlling setpoint can be reset by any other sensor reading or the outdoor air temperature and the output voltage range can be limited by the user to some range other than the standard 0 - 10 VDC.

Setpoints	
😂 🖬 🛍 🛍 🏟 🕅 EXIT Loop: 1 Unit: 2 ID: GPC Plu	IS
Analog Output #1 Configuration	
Control Type     Enabling Relay       Direct Acting PID     Image: Control Source       Control Source     Setpoint Reset Source       Supply     Image: Control Source	Control Interval 10 Sec Minimum Ventilation Position 0%
CONTROL SETPOINTS RESET LIMITS Max Setpoint 55.0°F Max Reset 0 Deadband 0.0°F	First Compressor Relay Output
Min Setpoint 55.0°F Min Reset 0	
OUTDOOR AIR ENABLE Output Enabled Between -30.0° and 150.0° Controlling Schedule Schedule #1	Max Voltage     10.0 vdc     Maximum Voltage Change For Each Adjustment       Min Voltage     0.0 vdc     0.0 vdc
Alternate Override Alternate Override Alternate Override Source None Selected When This Source Is The Output Holds At 0.0 vdc	PID Constants Calculation Interval (Controls Speed) 2 Include Derivative Rate of Change Control Minimum Position 0% Maximum Position 100%

#### **Possible Control Modes**

- 0 = Not Configured
- 1 = Direct Acting Floating Point
- 2 = Reverse Acting Floating Point
- 3 = Direct Acting PID
- 4 =Reverse Acting PID
- 5 =Relief Pressure Control
- 6 = Duct Static Pressure Control

- 7 = Proportional Reset Signal
- 8 = Economizer Control
- 9 = Lead/Lag Pump VFD Control

#### **Possible Control Sources**

- 0 = Not Configured
- 1 = Sensor Input #1
- 2 =Sensor Input #2
- 3 =Sensor Input #3
- 4 = Sensor Input #4
- 5 =Sensor Input #5
- 6 = Sensor Input #7
- 7 =Static Pressure
- 8 =Outdoor Air
- 9 = Calculated Wetbulb Temperature (Requires a sensor configured for Humidity)

#### **Floating Point Control**

If you select Direct or Reverse Acting Floating Point Control, this means that the output voltage on Direct Acting increases as the control signal goes above the setpoint and drops as the signal falls below the setpoint. In Reverse Acting mode, the voltage drops as the control signal goes above setpoint and falls when the control signal goes below setpoint.

This type of control works best on very slow changing applications where the amount of time it would take to drive full on or full off is not critical. For faster response, the PID Control method is recommended.

A deadband setpoint is available if you wish to set the Hi/Lo setpoints the same and only change the voltage if the control signal is further from setpoint than the deadband amount.

## **PID Control**

The PID control is a WattMaster modified version of Proportional and Derivative Rate of Change Control. The only user setpoints required are the Calculation Interval which can speed up or slow down the control changes and whether or not to use the Rate of Change feature. Also, the minimum and maximum output range can be set to something other than full on or full off.

This Rate of Change control is the preferred method for most valve or actuator control situations. It "self-adapts" to changing load conditions and "remembers" where it was the last time it was de-activated and attempts to restart the process at that known point whenever it is called back into action.

## **Economizer Control**

If you have configured the GPCPlus as a very simple Air Handling Unit, it has the ability to control the outside air dampers in a true first stage economizer cooling mode. This mode requires a Minimum Ventilation position that it maintains whenever the economizer is not enabled for cooling. It also needs to know which relay has been configured as the first compressor stage. Use the Outdoor Air Enable limits to set when the free cooling mode can be used in conjunction with scheduling and temperature demands.

#### **Alternate Override**

There are situations where we want normal control to be suspended temporarily whenever an unusual situation occurs. For example: we are using the economizer control method and we have installed a CO<sup>2</sup> sensor on this controller to use for Indoor Air Quality. If the CO<sup>2</sup> reading exceeds a specified level, this Alternate Override can take charge and move the output signal to a pre-designated level to bring the IAQ back under control.

#### **Proportional Reset Signal**

As the *Reset Source* goes from its *Maximum Reset Source* to its *Minimum Reset Source* the *Controlling Setpoint* goes from its *Minimum Reset Setpoint* limit to its *Maximum Reset Setpoint* limit.

Since the reset limits can be set to any desired value, the user can initiate a reverse acting proportional reset or a direct acting proportional reset of the setpoint simply by crossing the min and max values if direct acting is required.

Direct Acting = As Temperature Rises the Setpoint Drops Reverse Acting = As Temperature Rises the Setpoint Rises

An example of using Proportional Reset would be for Boiler Control. As the outside air temperature rises, we would like the boiler output temperature to drop. We would use the outside air temperature as the control source and set the Max Setpoint and Min Setpoint to the range we want to vary the voltage from 0 to 10.0 vdc. If we set the Max Setpoint to  $50^{\circ}$  and the Min Setpoint to  $60^{\circ}$  then as the outside air rose from  $50^{\circ}$  to  $60^{\circ}$ , the output signal would drop from 10.0 vdc @  $50^{\circ}$  to 0.0 vdc @  $60^{\circ}$ . This is because we made the output Reverse Acting by setting the Max Setpoint lower than the Min Setpoint.

## **Lead/Lag Pump VFD Control**

If you are using the GPCPlus as a Lead/Lag controller and you need to maintain loop pressure or some other analog signal, configure an output for this method of control. Then all you need to do is enter the control setpoint on the Lead Relay configuration screen and this output will attempt to modulate and maintain that level of control while the Lead/Lag control is active.

## **Sample Configurations**

### Sample #1

The user would like to control 4 boilers. Each boiler is controlled from the same Water Temperature sensor but at a different temperature reading. Once a boiler is activated it must remain on at least 5 minutes and if a boiler is de-activated it must remain off at least 10 minutes. Additionally, the boilers are locked out when the Outdoor Air Temperature is above 65°F.

Setpoints	Setpoints							
😂 🖬 🛍 🛍 K 😥 EXIT Loop: 1 Unit: 2 ID: GPC Plus								
Sensor #1 Configuration								
	-User Scaling							
C Not Used Sending Global Broadcasts								
Thermister Fahrenheit Temperature	10.0°F Maximum Reading							
O Thermister Celsius Temperature 0 Binary Channel	0.0°F Minimum Reading							
O 4 - 20ma User Scaled	( 4 - 20ma Settings }							
O 0 - 5vdc User Scaled	4.00 ma Actual Min Current (Zero Adjust)							
O Wall Sensor Slide Offset	250 Ohms Actual Value of Dropping Resistor							
O Binary Contact Closure	Wall Sanger							
C Read Global Analog - Channel: 0 ? Global Analog Help								
C Read Global Binary - Channel: 0 ? Global Binary Help	0.0°F Maximum Silde Offset Effect							
Static Pressure { Sensor #6 }	0.0 Hr Push-Button Override Duration							
Sensor Reading Amendia Sensor Scaling	Contact Configuration							
	Normally Open Contacts							
	C Normally Closed Contacts							
	- Alarm Setun							
Number of Readings to Average	4 co. cet. High Alaya Linit							
Internal Schedule Used for Night Setbacks & Overrides	160.07 High Alarm Linit							
None Selected	50.0°F Low Alarm Limit							
Optimally Start the Selected Schedule with this Sensor	0.0°F Unoccupied Limit Spread							
Optimal Start Cooling Setpoint	10 Min. Alarm Delay Period							
0 Optimal Start Heating Setpoint	Alarming Enabled							

Analog Input #1 Configured as Thermister Type III Sensor

Note that some Hi and Lo alarm limits were set and that the reading is in degrees Fahrenheit.

Setpoints	Setpoints						
😂 🖬 🛍 🛍 K kop: 1 Unit: 2 ID: GPC Plus							
Sensor #2 Configuration							
O Not Used Sendir	iq Global Broadcasts	User Scaling	J				
Thermister Fahrenheit Temperature     2	Analog Channel	10.0°F	Maximum Reading				
C Thermister Celsius Temperature	Binary Channel	0.0°F	Minimum Reading				
O 4 - 20ma User Scaled			(4 - 20ma Settings }				
O 0 - 5vdc User Scaled		4.00 ma	Actual Min Current (Zero Adjust)				
O Wall Sensor Slide Offset		250 Ohms	Actual Value of Dropping Resistor				
O Binary Contact Closure		-Wall Sensor	-Wall Sensor				
C Read Global Analog - Channel: 0 7 Gl	obal Analog Help	0.0°F	Maximum Slide Offset Effect				
C Read Global Binary - Channel: 0 7 Gl	0.0 Hr	Push-Button Override Duration					
Static Pressure { Sensor #0 }	- li= -	- Contact Con	figuration				
PF ▼ X10	aling	Normally Ope	en Contacts				
		C Normally Close	sed Contacts				
1 Number of Readings to Average		Alarm Setup	<b>,</b>				
		100.0°F	High Alarm Limit				
None Selected	0.0°F	Low Alarm Limit					
Optimally Start the Selected Schedule v	1.0°F	Unoccupied Limit Spread					
Optimal Start Cooling Setpoint	Optimal Start Cooling Setucint						
Optimal Start Heating Setpoint	Optimal Start Heating Setpoint						

#### Analog Input #2 Configured as Outdoor Air Thermister Sensor

Notice that we set this reading to broadcast on Global Analog Channel #2. That is because the Outside Air is normally read by one controller on a job and the remaining controllers look at Global Analog #2 for this value, including the GPC Plus. Even if this is the only controller on the job, you must set it to broadcast the outside air so the GPC Plus can "see" what the OA Temperature is.

Analog Input #3 Configured as Not Configured
Analog Input #4 Configured as Not Configured
Analog Input #5 Configured as Not Configured
Analog Input #6 Duct Static Pressure Sensor is not Required
Analog Input #7 Configured as Not Configured

#### Relay Output #1 Programming (Used for Outdoor Air Enable / Disable)

Setpoints						
😂 🖬 🛍 🛍 🖬 🔞 EXIT Loop: 1 Uni	t: 2 ID: GPC Plus					
Relay #1 Configuration						
- Main Control Method	-Logical AND Control Method	Timing & Alarming				
Control Method	Control Method	DELAY & RUN TIMES				
Off Above / On Below	Not Configured	300 Sec Minimum Run Time				
Control Source	Logical AND Source	600 Sec Minimum Off Time				
Outdoor Air	None Selected	0 Sec Starting Delay Period				
CONTROL SOURCE SETPOINTS	LOGICAL AND SOURCE SETROINTS					
Hi Limit Setpoint 66 Night Setback Setpoint Spread		RUN TIME ALARMING				
Setpoint Deadband 0 0		O Hr Alarm Delay Period Hours				
Lo Limit Setpoint 65	Lo Limit Setpoint 0	0 Min Alarm Delay Period Minutes				
Slide Offset Channel	-Logical OR Control Method	Check the Box to disable the relay				
None Selected	Control Method	Disable Relay				
Reset Source	Not Configured	LEAD (LAG CONTROL				
None Selected	Logical OR Source	0 Hr Changeover Interval				
RESET SOURCE LIMITS	None Selected	0 Sec. Proof Failure Timeout Delay				
Min - Max						
None Selected		U Min Vent Mode ON Time				
	Lo Limit Setpoint 0	0 Min Vent Mode OFF Time				
Schedule #1	Balay					
		Active When Relev Contect in CLOSED				
Main Control M	ethod AND Output	Active When Relay Contact is OPEN				
Logical OR Control M	ethod0	Global Binary Channel to Follow				

## NOTE: Nothing is physically connected to Relay #1. Its only use is to enable or disable the other relays.

#### Relay Output #2 Programming (Used for Boiler #1)

As you can see, the first boiler stage is enabled to operate if the water temperature is below 175°F and will remain on until it rises to 190°F. This first stage can only operate if the outdoor air enabling relay #1 is active. Once activated, the boiler must remain on for 5 minutes (300 seconds) and once de-activated it must remain off for 10 minutes (600 seconds).

Since we are not resetting the operating setpoint, the Reset Source has been left as "None Selected". We also don't require a "Logical AND" or "Logical OR" condition so they have been left Not Configured. There is no need to enable this output from a schedule since it uses an Enabling Relay (OAT Enable) which does require the schedule before it can activate based on the Outside Air Temperature.

Setpoints						
😂 🖬 🛍 🔀 🔂 🕅 EXIT Loop: 1 Uni	t: 2 ID: GPC Plus					
-Relay #2 Configuration						
-Main Control Method	-Logical AND Control Method	- Timing & Alarming				
Control Method	Control Method	DELAY & RUN TIMES				
Off Above / On Below	Not Configured	300 Sec Minimum Run Time				
Control Source	Logical AND Source	600 Sec Minimum Off Time				
Water Temperature	None Selected	0 Sec. Starting Delay Period				
CONTROL SOURCE SETPOINTS		Starting beiay Pendu				
Hi Limit Setpoint 190.0°F Night Setback	LOGICAL AND SOURCE SETPOINTS	RUN TIME ALARMING				
Setpoint Deadband 0.0°F 0.0°F	Hi Limit Setpoint	O Hr Alarm Delay Period Hours				
Lo Limit Setpoint 175.0°E	Lo Limit Setpoint 0	0 Min Alarm Delay Period Minutes				
Slide Offect Chappel	Logical OB Control Mothed	Check the Box to disable the relay				
None Selected	Control Method	Disable Relay				
Reset Source	Not Configured					
None Selected						
RESET SOURCE LIMITS	None Selected	O See Breat Failure Timeout Delev				
Min - Max		0 Sec Proof Failure Timeour Delay				
	LOGICAL OR SOURCE SETPOINTS	VENTILATION CONTROL				
	Hi Limit Setpoint	0 Min Vent Mode ON Time				
Controlling Schedule	Lo Limit Setpoint	0 Min Vent Mode OFF Time				
None Selected	Bolay (					
		Active When Relev Contect in CLOSED				
Main Control M	Main Control Method AND Output Active When Relay Contact is OPEN					
Logical OR Control M	Global Binary Channel to Follow					
Logicar OK Control M						



#### Relay Output #3 Programming (Used for Boiler #2)

The second boiler stage is enabled to operate if the water temperature is below 170°F and will remain on until it rises to 180°F. The second stage can only operate if the first boiler stage relay #2 has been active for at least 5 minutes. Once activated, this stage must remain on for 5 minutes and once de-activated it must remain off for 10 minutes.



#### Relay Output #4 Programming (Used for Boiler #3)

The third boiler stage is enabled to operate if the water temperature is below 160°F and will remain on until it rises to 175°F. The third stage can only operate if the second boiler stage relay #3 has been active for at least 5 minutes. Once activated, this stage must remain on for 5 minutes and once de-activated it must remain off for 10 minutes.



#### Relay Output #5 Programming (Used for Boiler #4)

The fourth boiler stage is enabled to operate if the water temperature is below 150°F and will remain on until it rises to 170°F. The fourth stage can only operate if the third boiler stage relay #4 has been active for at least 5 minutes. Once activated, this stage must remain on for 5 minutes and once de-activated it must remain off for 10 minutes.

The Starting Delay Period that was set for stages 2 to 4 prevent all four boiler stages from activating at the same time as soon as they are enabled to begin operation. Each stage must run for 5 minutes before the next stage can be activated.

#### **Analog Output Programming**

#### Control Source Not Configured

Since no analog output control is required, simply leave the Control Source set to Not Configured on both outputs and no analog output control will take place.

#### Operation

Relay #1 enables the boilers to operate if the outdoor air temperature is below the low setpoint and the schedule is occupied. Each boiler is enabled to operate if the previous boiler is currently active and has been on for at least 5 minutes. All four boilers monitor the same analog input sensor for the Water Temperature reading. The #1 Enable Relay can monitor a global broadcast from another controller on the RS-485 communications loop for the outdoor air temperature but, in this case, we are reading the Outdoor Air Temperature on Analog Input #2. Notice on the Analog Output #2 configuration screen that it was also configured to broadcast on Global Analog Channel #2. That is because the GPC Plus doesn't have any other way of knowing that it is the one reading the outdoor air temperature.

The voltage output is not used so no control source is selected, and no other related setpoints require modification.

Shown below is a sample Status Screen for this sample application. Notice that the boilers are not enabled even though the schedule is active because the outdoor air temperature is too high.

GPC Plus				
🎇 🚯 ? 🐥 🔝 💷 Loop: 1 Unit: 2 ID: GF	PC Plus			
03:20 PI	M 🔋 Monday - January 31, 2005			
GPC-Plus G	eneral Purpose Controller	Ver	sion 1.03	
Analog Inputs	Relays	Setpoints	Runtimes	Setpoints
Water Temperature 76.4°F	OAT Enable OFF 🗘 🔿 Hi	65.0°F 60.0°F	85 Hr 3	Min
	Boiler #1 OFF 🔍 🌒 Hi Lo	190.0°F 175.0°F	84 Hr 54	Min Schedules
Input #4	Boiler #2 OFF 🔍 🌒 Hi Lo	180.0°F 170.0°F	84 Hr 41	Min
Input #5	Boiler #3 OFF 🔔 🌒 Hi Lo	175.0°F 160.0°F	84 Hr 37	Min Holidays
Input #7	Boiler #4 OFF 🔍 🌒 Hi Lo	170.0°F 150.0°F	84 Hr 43	Min
Static Pressure Methylky	Relay #6 OFF 🔍 🌒 Hi Lo	-	8 Hr 0	Min Trends
Schedule Status	Relay #7 OFF 🔔 🌒 Hi Lo	-	7 Hr 5	Min 📇
#1: ON Auto Mode	Relay #8 OFF 🔔 🌒 Hi Lo	-	15 Hr 32	Min Print Status
#2:	Relay #9 OFF 🔔 🌒 Hi Lo	-	0 Hr 1	Min
#3: OFF Auto Mode	Analog Outputs	Setpoint		
#4: OFF Auto Mode	Analog Output #1	0	DISABLE	D
#5: OFF Auto Mode	Analog Output #2 0.0 VDC	0	DISABLE	Ð

This next sample screen shows that the outdoor air temperature has dropped enough to enable the boilers to operate. The system has been running long enough to satisfy all 4 Boilers 5 Minute Starting delay so they are all active at this point. It took roughly 20 minutes to get all 5 relays active since each has a 5 minute Staging Delay time period. Keep in mind that although Relay #1 (OAT Enable) is active, nothing is connected to the output because its only function is to provide an outdoor air enable signal for the boiler staging.

GPC Plus					
🎇 🚱 ? 🐥 📝 💷 Loop: 1 Unit: 2 ID: GP	'C Plus				
02:59 Pt	M Monday - January 31, 2005				
GPC-Plus G	eneral Purpose Controller	Versi	on 1.03		
Analog Inputs	Relays	Setpoints	Runtir	mes	Setpoints
Water Temperature 76.1°F	OAT Enable <b>ON</b> 🔔 🔿 <sup>Hi</sup> Lo	65.0°F 60.0°F	84 Hr	46 Min	
Input #3	Boiler #1 ON 💭 🕒 Hi Lo	190.0°F 175.0°F	84 Hr	38 Min	Schedules
Input #4	Boiler #2 ON 💭 🕒 Hi Lo	180.0°F 170.0°F	84 Hr	25 Min	121
Input #5	Boiler #3 ON 💭 🖲 Hi Lo	175.0°F 160.0°F	84 Hr	21 Min	Holidays
	Boiler #4 ON 💭 🕒 Hi Lo	170.0°F 150.0°F	84 Hr	27 Min	
Outdoor Air: 54.9° Mathulb:	Relay #6 OFF 🔔 🗨 Hi	-	8 Hr	0 Min	Trends
Schedule Status	Relay #7 OFF 🔍 🖲 Hi Lo	-	7 Hr	5 Min	4
#1: ON Auto Mode	Relay #8 OFF 🔍 🗨 Hi Lo	-	15 Hr	32 Min	Print Status
#2: OFF Auto Mode	Relay #9 OFF 🔍 🗨 Hi	-	0 Hr	1 Min	
#3: OFF Auto Mode	Analog Outputs	Setpoint			
#4: OFF Auto Mode	Analog Output #1 0.0 VDC	0	DISAE	BLED	
#5: OFF Auto Mode	Analog Output #2	0	DISAE	BLED	

#### Sample #2

The user would like to use the GPC Plus as a Lead/Lag Air Handling Unit Controller. The installation is located in a critical area that does not tolerate the space temperature going out of control. The method chosen was to install a backup AHU that would take over in case of failure on the Lead AHU. Also, since the units are identical, the owner wanted to equalize the run-times to lengthen the time between routine maintenance service calls. The easiest method for handling this was to use two, standard, off the shelf AHU controllers and a GPC Plus controller that would enable the appropriate AHU based on changeover and failure mode conditions. The GPC Plus would use contact closures to the Forced Occupied inputs of the AHU controllers to activate and de-activate the units. A failure mode would be indicated by the failure of the Supply Air Temperature to drop below or stay below a 60°F setpoint. Any temperature excursions above 60°F for more than one minute would indicate a failure had occurred and that the Lag AHU should be activated and an Alarm generated to let building maintenance know there was a problem.

Image: Sensor #1 Configuration         O Not Used    Sending Global Broadcasts          User Scaling
Sensor #1 Configuration     Sending Global Broadcasts     User Scaling
O Not Used Sending Global Broadcasts
O Not Used Sending Global Broadcasts
Thermister Fahrenheit Temperature     O Analog Channel     Maximum Reading
C Thermister Celsius Temperature 0 Binary Channel 0.0°F Minimum Reading
O 4 - 20ma User Scaled (4 - 20ma Settings )
C 0 - 5vdc User Scaled 4.00 ma Actual Min Current (Zero Adjust)
C Wall Sensor Slide Offset 250 Ohms Actual Value of Dropping Resistor
O Binary Contact Closure
C Read Global Analog - Channel: C ? Global Analog Help
C Read Global Binary - Channel: C ? Global Binary Help
Static Pressure { Sensor #6 }
Sensor Reading Appendix Sensor Scaling Contact Configuration
F     X10     Normally Open Contacts
C Normally Closed Contacts
Number of Readings to Average
65.0°F High Alarm Limit
None Selected
Outlinelly Start the Selected Schedule with this Sensor
Optimal Start Casting Schedule With this School     School
Opurital start cooling setpoint
Optimal Start Heating Setpoint

Analog Input #1 Configured as Thermister Type III Sensor to measure Supply Air

As you can see, this input does not use a schedule for Night Setbacks since the unit will run 24 hours a day. It does however, monitor the Supply Air Temperature for values that are out of limits for more than a half hour and generates an alarm condition. This is a fall back alarm condition because the Lead/Lag control should have already generated an alarm if something was wrong and the standby AHU was called into action. Be sure to check the Alarming Enabled box if you want this alarm to be reported back to the PRISM screen or to a Remote Pager.

**Analog Input #2 - #7** The remaining inputs are not required for this program.

Relay Output #1 Programming (Used for Lead AHU Enable Signal)

elay #1 Configuration	Logical AND Control Method	Timing & Alarming
Control Method	Control Method	DELAY & RUN TIMES
Lead Relay for Lead/Lag Control	Not Configured	U Sec Minimum Run Time
Control Source	Logical AND Source	0 Sec Minimum Off Time
	None Selected	0 Sec Starting Delay Period
CONTROL SOURCE SETPOINTS	LOGICAL AND SOURCE SETPOINTS	
Control Setpoint 0.0°F Setpoint Sprea	ad Hi Limit Setpoint	0 Hr Alarm Delay Period Hours
etpoint Deadband 0.0°F 0.0°F		O Min Alama Dalay Parisal Minute
Proof Setpoint 60.0°F		Alarm Delay Period Minute
Slide Offset Channel	-Logical OB Control Method	Check the Box to disable the relay
None Selected	Control Method	Disable Relay
Reset Source	Not Configured	
None Selected	Logical OR Source	24 Hr Changeover Interval
RESET SOURCE LIMITS	None Selected	S0 Soo Proof Failure Timeout Dela
Min - Max		Bu sec Proof railare filled a bela
	LOGICAL OR SOURCE SETPOINTS	VENTILATION CONTROL
nabling Relay	Hi Limit Setpoint	0 Min Vent Mode ON Time
	Lo Limit Setpoint 0	0 Min Vent Mode OFF Time
None Selected		
	Relay	Output Type
Main Control	I Method	د Active When Relay Contact is CLOSED

This relay was chosen to be the Lead control output and was connected to AHU #1. Either AHU could have been selected as AHU #1, this was an arbitrary decision. The Supply Air was selected as the Control Source and the Proof Setpoint was set to 60.0°F. The AHU's will change the Lead every 24 Hours and if the Supply Air rises above 60° for more than 60 seconds, it will be considered to be in failure mode and the Lag AHU will be activated. Also, an alarm will be generated so that an immediate service call can be made to determine the cause of failure. If both units should happen to fail, there is no further redundant capabilities and service personnel will need to correct the problems and then Reset the control from the Alarm Indicator Screen (shown later in this section).

#### Relay Output #2 Programming (Used for Lag AHU Enable Signal)

Setpoints				
😂 🖬 🛍 🔁 🏟 EXIT Loop: 1 Uni	t: 2 ID: GPC Plus			
-Relay #2 Configuration				
-Main Control Mothed	- Logical AND Control Method	Timing & Alarming		
Control Method	Control Method			
Lag Relay for Lead/Lag Control	Not Configured	0 Sec Minimum Run Time		
Control Source	Logical AND Source	0 Sec Minimum Off Time		
None Selected	None Selected	0 Sec Starting Delay Period		
CONTROL SOURCE SETPOINTS Hi Limit Setpoint 0 Night Setback Setpoint Deadband 0 0 Lo Limit Setpoint 0 Slide Offset Channel None Selected Reset Source None Selected RESET SOURCE LIMITS Min - Max	LOGICAL AND SOURCE SETPOINTS Hi Limit Setpoint 0 Lo Limit Setpoint 0 Control Method Not Configured Logical OR Source None Selected	RUN TIME ALARMING RUN TIME ALARMING O Hr Alarm Delay Period Hours O Min Alarm Delay Period Minutes Check the Box to disable the relay whenever the Run Time is Exceeded Disable Relay LEAD / LAG CONTROL O Hr Changeover Interval O Sec Proof Failure Timeout Delay		
Epabling Relay	Hi Linit Setpoint	VENTILATION CONTROL		
None Selected	Lo Limit Setpoint 0	0 Min Vent Mode OFF Time		
None Selected	- Relay C	Output Type		
Main Control Method AND Control Method Control Meth				

There are no other settings required for the Lag Controller. All control logic from the Lead relay is used in the decision making process.

Analog Outputs (No Analog Output Control is Required for this Program)

GPC Plus				
🎉 🚯 ? 🛕 🔀 👷 Loop: 1 Unit: 2 ID: GF	PC Plus			
03:56 PI	M 🔋 Monday - January 31, 2005			
GPC-Plus G	eneral Purpose Controller	Version 1.	03	
Analog Inputs	Relays	Setpoints	Runtimes	Setpoints
Supply Air 51.9°F	AHU #1 ON 🔍 🗨	0 Hr 8 Min	0 Hr 8 Min	,
Input #2	AHU #2 OFF 🔔 🔵	0 Hr 0 Min	0 Hr 0 Min	Schedules
Input #4	Relay #3 OFF 🔔 🌒 Hi Lo	1	0 Hr 0 Min	(31)
Input #5	Relay #4 OFF 🔔 🖲 Hi	-	0 Hr 0 Min	Holidays
Input #7	Relay #5 OFF 🔔 💽 Hi Lo	1	0 Hr 0 Min	
Outdoor Air: 68.8° Wethulb:	Relay #6 OFF 🔔 💽 Hi	-	0 Hr 0 Min	Trends
Schedule Status	Relay #7 OFF 🚺 🌒 Hi Lo	1	0 Hr 0 Min	4
#1: OFF Auto Mode	Relay #8 OFF 🔔 💽 Hi	-	0 Hr 0 Min	Print Status
#2:	Relay #9 OFF 🚺 🌒 Hi Lo	1	0 Hr 0 Min	
#3: OFF Auto Mode	Analog Outputs	Setpoint		
#4: OFF Auto Mode	Analog Output #1 0.0 VDC	0	DISABLED	
#5: OFF Auto Mode	Analog Output #2	0	DISABLED	

#### Main Status Screen ( Normal Operations )

As you can see on the Status Screen shown above, the unit is operating normally and the Supply Temperature is at 51.9°F, well within the normal operating range and no alarms are currently active.

There are no schedules active since this unit is required to operate 24 hours a day. The relay outputs will operate their control modes around the clock if no schedule was selected on the relay configuration screen.

GPC Plus					
2 (1) EXIT Loop: 1 Unit: 2 ID: GP	C Plus				
04:01 PM	4 Monday - January 31, 2005				
CBC Plue C	an and Burnage Controller				
Analog Inputs	Bolove	Version	.1.03		
Analog inputs	Relays	Setpoints	Runtim	nes	<u>Setpoints</u>
	AHU #1 OFF 🔔 🔵	0 Hr 11 Min	0 Hr 1	11 Min	
Input #2	AHU #2 ON 🔔 💽	0 Hr 1 Min	0 Hr	1 Min	Schedules
Input#4	Relay #3 OFF 🔔 💽 Hi Lo	-	0 Hr	0 Min	(31)
Input #5	Relay #4 OFF 🔍 🖲 Hi Lo	-	0 Hr	0 Min	Holidays
Input #7	Relay #5 OFF 🔔 💽 Hi Lo	-	0 Hr	0 Min	
	Relay #6 OFF 🔍 🌒 Hi Lo	-	0 Hr	0 Min	Trends
Schedule Status	Relay #7 🛛 OFF 🔔 🌒 Hi Lo	-	0 Hr	0 Min	4
#1: OFF Auto Mode	Relay #8 OFF 🔔 🌒 Hi Lo	1	0 Hr	0 Min	Print Status
#2:	Relay #9 OFF 🔔 💽 Hi Lo	1	0 Hr	0 Min	
#3: OFF Auto Mode	Analog Outputs	Setpoint			
#4: OFF Auto Mode	Analog Output #1 0.0 VDC	0	DISAB	LED	<u> </u>
#5: OFF Auto Mode	Analog Output #2	0	DISAB	LED	ALARM!

#### $Main\ Status\ Screen\ (\ Failure\ Mode\ )$

The Supply Air rose to 61.9°F and the Lag AHU was activated.

GPC Plus	
🔀 😳 ? 🗛 🕅 EXIT Loop: 1 Unit: 2 ID: GPC Plus	
04:02 PM Monday - January 31, 2005	
GPC Plus Controller Diagnostics	Setpoints
GPC Diagnostic Counter	PT
Number of Resets / Powerups: 0	
OK Sensor Input High/Low Alarm Indication	Schedules
OK Relay RunTime Alarm Indication	31
	Holidays
The Following Alarms Only Apply To Lead/Lag Configurations	
	Trends
Reset Pump / Fan	
ALARM Lead Pump / Fan Failure	Print Status
OK Standby Pump / Fan Failure	
OK Missing Global Broadcast	ALARM!

The alarm screen indicates the Lead AHU failure.

GPC Plus				
🎇 🚯 ? 🎄 🔝 🔤 EXIT Loop: 1 Unit: 2 ID: GPC PI	us			
GPC-Plus Gene	eral Purpose Controller	Version 1.	03	
Analog Inputs Re	elays	Satuciato	Puntimon	Setpoints
Supply Air 61.9°F	AHU #1 OFF 🔍 🜒	0 Hr 11 Min	0 Hr 11 Min	
Input#2	AHU #2 OFF 🗘 💽	0 Hr 1 Min	0 Hr 1 Min	Schedules
Input#4	Relay #3 OFF 🔔 🖲 Hi Lo	-	0 Hr 0 Min	31
Input #6	Relay #4 OFF 🔔 🗨 Hi	-	0 Hr 0 Min	Holidays
Input #7	Relay #5 OFF 🔔 🖲 Hi Lo	1	0 Hr 0 Min	
	Relay #6 OFF 🗘 🖲 Hi Lo		0 Hr 0 Min	Trends
Schedule Status	Relay #7 OFF 🔔 🖲 Hi Lo	-	0 Hr 0 Min	4
#1: OFF Auto Mode	Relay #8 OFF 🔔 🖲 Hi Lo	-	0 Hr 0 Min	Print Status
#2: SFF Auto Mode	Relay #9 OFF 🗘 💽 Hi	-	0 Hr 0 Min	
#3: OFF Auto Mode	alog Outputs	Setpoint		
#4: OFF Auto Mode	Analog Output #1 0.0 VDC	0	DISABLED	<b></b>
#5: OFF Auto Mode	Analog Output #2	0	DISABLED	• ALARM!

Both AHU's are now off because the Lag AHU failed to lower the Supply Air below  $60^{\circ}$ F.

GPC Plus	
% 🕼 ? 🗛 🕅 EXIT Loop: 1 Unit: 2 ID: GPC Plus	
04:03 PM Monday - January 31, 2005	
<b>GPC Plus Controller Diagnostics</b>	Setpoints
GPC Diagnostic Counter	PT 7
Number of Resets / Powerups: 0	4
OK Sensor Input High/Low Alarm Indication	Schedules
OK Relay RunTime Alarm Indication	31
	Holidays
The Following Alarms Only Apply To Lead/Lag Configurations	
OK Proof of Flow Failure	
Poort Rump / Fon	Trends
Reset Fullip / Fail	
ALARM Lead Pump / Fan Failure	Print Status
ALARM Standby Pump / Fan Failure	
OK Missing Global Broadcast	
	-
	ALARM!

The alarm screen indicates both outputs failed to control the Supply Temperature. At this point, the service personnel will need to correct the problem and then select the Reset Pump/Fan button to restart the GPC Plus Lead/Lag control sequence.

Although the button and alarm indicators show Lead Pump / Fan indicators, the outputs are not limited to those types of control. You just need to understand that the Lead Pump / Fan controls AHU #1 in this sample and Standby Pump / Fan controls AHU #2.



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http://golfingnear.com Email search by domain

http://emailbydomain.com Auto manuals search

http://auto.somanuals.com TV manuals search

http://tv.somanuals.com