

Storage

## Overland REO 9000 with ProtectionPAC Software

Disk-Based Backup-and-Recovery Appliance

Setup Guide



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## **Preface**

The Overland Storage REO 9000 Disk-Based Backup-and-Recovery Appliance takes the lag time, expense, and burden out of backing up critical data and works seamlessly within current storage environments. The REO Appliance performs faster than traditional disk-based storage methods and serves as a shared network resource by utilizing high-capacity disks, high-speed Ethernet and Internet SCSI (iSCSI) connectivity, and unique software intelligence capability from Overland Storage.

The REO Appliance comes with a standard software package called the ProtectionPAC. The ProtectionPAC software contains all the basic features that you need to configure your REO Appliance to work within your network environment.

This document includes information that helps you set up the REO Appliance, including system requirements, questions that you need to answer before installing the product, and installation procedures.

Important: If you purchased multiple units, set up (attach and configure) one unit at a time. The target names must be unique within a network; that is, if you are using multiple appliances, you must change the default target names.

Also, be aware that the keys are *not* interchangeable and Overland strongly recommends that you make a backup copy of the files on the keys before *and* after you configure them.



# Reviewing REO 9000 Concepts and Requirements

The main steps involved in preparing to set up the REO Appliance include:

- **Step 1** Understanding the concepts of iSCSI, Fibre Channel (FC), disk-to-disk-to-tape (D2D2T) backup, redundant array of independent disks (RAID), tape emulation, logical volume management (LVM), and how the REO Appliance fits into the picture.
- **Step 2** Reviewing the requirements that your servers and network must meet to ensure successful installation and operation of the REO Appliance.

## Important Concepts to Understand

To understand the configuration of the backup network and how it fits into the local-area network (LAN) or Fibre Channel (FC) storage-area network (SAN), review the following sections.

## Internet SCSI (iSCSI) Protocol

Internet SCSI (iSCSI) is a standard protocol for universal access to shared storage devices over standard, Ethernet-based transmission control protocol/Internet protocol (TCP/IP) networks. The connection-oriented protocol transports SCSI commands, data, and status across an IP network. For more information, see *Glossary and Acronym List* on page 163.

#### iSCSI Architecture

The iSCSI architecture is based on a client-server model. The client is a host system that issues requests to read or write data. iSCSI refers to a client as an *initiator*. The server is a resource that receives and executes client requests. iSCSI refers to a server as a *target*.

File servers, which store the programs and data files shared by users, normally play the role of server. With the REO Appliance, the application and backup servers within your network act as clients or initiators and the REO Appliance acts as a server or target. The initiators can either be software drivers or iSCSI host bus adapters (HBAs) on the server that is being backed up.

### Fibre Channel (FC)

Instead of, or in addition to, using iSCSI and the TCP/IP protocol to transmit information over a network, you also have the option of using a SAN that makes use of the FC and Small Computer System Interface (SCSI) protocols. The FC protocol uses two additional protocols to communicate at the hardware level: Fibre Channel Arbitrated Loop (FC-AL), which communicates with hubs, and Fibre Channel Switched (FC-SW), which communicates with switches. The SCSI protocol provides the communication link at the higher level, between the hardware and the software.

You can use all three basic FC SAN topologies with the REO Appliance:

- **Point-to-point.** This topology provides a direct connection between two N Ports.
- **Arbitrated loop.** In an arbitrated loop, NL\_Ports and FL\_Ports are daisy-chained with hubs, which means that only one device can send data at a time.
- **Switched fabric.** Switched fabric consists of one or more switches that are interconnected, and multiple nodes connected to the switches.

The REO Appliance supports the following types of ports for FC:

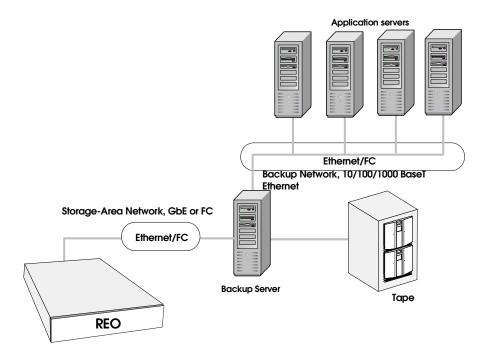
Port Type	Represents	Associated Topology
N_Port	Node Port	Connects point-to-point or to F_Port
NL_Port	Node Loop Port	N_Ports that can connect to an arbitrated loop

FC uses strict naming conventions to support unique, 64-bit names for the worldwide node name (WWNN) and the worldwide port name (WWPN). These names are pre-assigned by the manufacturers of the different hardware components used in an FC.

### Disk-to-Disk-to-Tape (D2D2T) Backup Capabilities

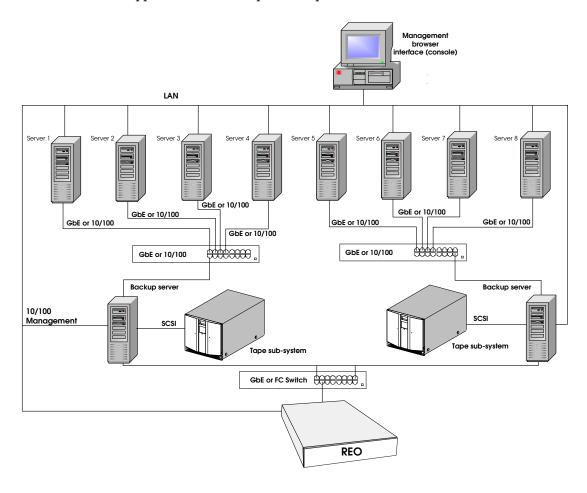
The REO Appliance is a storage resource used by a single backup server or shared by multiple backup servers using an Ethernet or FC network. By using standard backup software, you can copy backup data that resides on the REO Appliance to tape for long-term data retention.

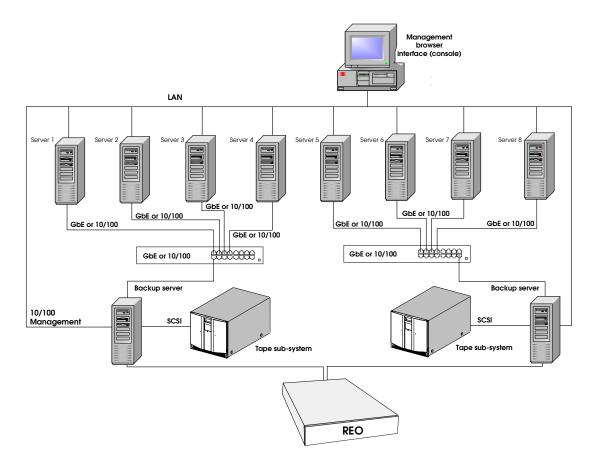
The following illustration shows application servers sending backup data over a 10/100 or Gigabit Ethernet (GbE) LAN to backup servers sharing REO Appliance D2D storage over GbE or FC.



In addition to being part of the LAN, the backup servers, and the REO Appliance are part of the GbE backup SAN.

The following diagrams show two different ways of configuring a REO Appliance with multiple backup servers.





### Redundant Array of Independent Disks (RAID)

RAID provides convenient, low-cost, reliable storage by saving data on more than one disk drive simultaneously. If one disk drive in a RAID 5 configuration becomes unavailable, the others continue to work in a degraded state, thus avoiding downtime for users.

Note: Because RAID 5 is designed for data protection, you might see performance degradation when compared to JBOD operations.

RAID allows you to group the individual disk drives on the REO Appliance into logical disk drives of different sizes. You can configure your REO Appliance to create two physical RAID volumes by selecting either of the following RAID options:

- **RAID 0.** This configuration uses striping, which provides enhanced performance and volume-level capacity. It divides the data into blocks and writes each block to a separate disk drive, which improves performance by dispersing the input and output load. RAID 0 does not provide data redundancy.
- **RAID 5.** This configuration uses striping and distributed parity, which provides a balance between performance and availability. In addition to dividing the data into blocks as described for RAID 0, the parity information is also striped across the disks. If one of the disk drives fails, you can use the parity information to rebuild the lost data.

In addition to using either of the preceding RAID configurations, you can also take advantage of logical volume management (LVM) and create logical volumes from the data pool.

If you use a RAID 5 configuration, you can also set aside a disk drive for each physical host (controller); that is, you can create a hot spare. These disk drives remain in standby mode, and you can use them immediately if another disk fails.

### **Tape Emulation**

The ProtectionPAC software includes two tape emulation features, which you can use to create virtual linear tape-open (LTO-2) tape devices that provide 2-to-1 compression ratios with typical data sets (actual performance might vary with application). When you use tape emulation, the disk drives on the REO Appliance appear to your backup software as LTO-2 tape drives, which simplifies the setup process while simultaneously providing data compression and the attributes of backing up data to disk.

Depending on the configuration that you use, you get a different number of virtual LTO-2 devices. In the just-a-bunch-of-disks (JBOD) configuration, you can have up to 24. If you use RAID 0 or 5 without logical volumes, you can have four. If you use logical volumes with RAID 0 or 5, you can create up to 64 virtual LTO-2 devices.

If you decide to use tape emulation, you also have the option of using fixed-length (Tape) or dynamic-length (Dynamic Tape) devices. To take advantage of the Dynamic Tape option, you must use logical volumes, which is described in the next section. Using Dynamic Tape lets you create devices that adjust to the size of individual backup jobs.

### Logical Volume Management (LVM)

With LVM, you can combine the two physical RAID volumes into multiple logical volumes (partitions) of different sizes and assign logical unit numbers (LUNs) to represent the different volumes, or REO devices. This feature lets you set up and assign devices to different systems according to your needs and the configuration and type of storage network that you use.

Using this feature in the ProtectionPAC software, you can create up to 64 LUNs, and you can reassign space allocation for disk or standard (not dynamic) virtual tape devices, in 1 gigabyte (GB) increments, on the fly.

## **Reviewing Pre-Installation Requirements**

Before attempting to operate the REO Appliance with your backup servers, verify that your network meets the minimum requirements specified in the following sections.

Important: If you purchased multiple units, set up (attach and configure) one unit at a time. The target names must be unique within a network; that is, if you are using multiple appliances, you must change the default target names.

Also, be aware that the keys are *not* interchangeable and Overland strongly recommends that you make a backup copy of the files on the keys before *and* after you configure them.

#### **Network**

For best results, Overland Storage strongly recommends that you use a dedicated GbE network to share the storage resources on the REO Appliance among multiple backup servers.

To ensure optimum performance, always use the appropriate patch cables to connect the REO Appliance to the backup-server storage network. To select the appropriate cables, use the following guidelines:

- If you intend to use GbE, you must use Category 5E (or better) cables for GbE connections. You can use either straight-through or cross-over cables.
- If you intend to connect the REO Appliance to a 100 BaseT network, use CAT 5 (or better) shielded (screened) or unshielded 100-ohm twisted-pair RJ-45 network cables. Also:
  - If you intend to connect the Management Port, which is a 10/100 port, to an application or backup server via a switch, you must use a straight-through cable.
  - If you intend to connect the Management Port directly to your application or backup server (without a switch), you must use a cross-over cable.
- The maximum length of cable for any Ethernet-based network connection is 328 feet (100 meters).

Note: For smaller environments, you can attach the REO Appliance directly to a single application or backup server by using standard Category 5E cables without the use of a switch.

#### iSCSI Initiators

iSCSI initiators are required to communicate with the iSCSI targets (REO Devices) on the REO Appliance. Each backup server that will interface with the REO Appliance must be equipped with a software- or hardware-based initiator. The REO Appliance supports any computing platform with an available iSCSI initiator, either in software or using an iSCSI HBA (it must be iSCSI draft 20/version 1.0).

## Setting the SCSI Time-Out Value in Windows Environments

If you intend to use your REO Appliance in a Windows environment, be aware that there are certain operating conditions in which time-out errors might occur. These errors usually result in the system reporting a disk failure for the associated REO Appliance disk drive or drives. (These errors might be reported as iSCSIPrt errors in the System Log of the Event Viewer. Examples include an Event ID 9 [Target did not respond in time for a SCSI request...] and Event ID 39 [Initiator sent a task management command to reset the target...]. Other symptoms might include "Lost Delayed Write Data" system error messages or similar error messages related to the REO Appliance disk drives.)

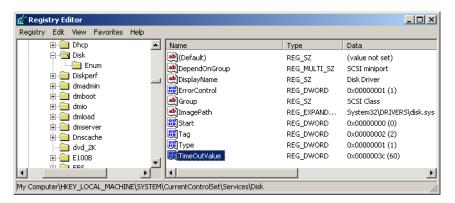
The reason that these disk time-out errors can occur is because the default I/O time-out value for Windows is 20 seconds, which is not sufficient to support the default iSCSI protocol time-out value of 60 seconds. When you install and set up your REO Appliance, Overland strongly recommends that you set this value to 60 seconds.

#### To set the time-out value to 60 seconds

1 On the Windows system, run **regedit**.

Warning: If you edit the registry incorrectly, you might cause serious problems that require you to reinstall your operating system. *Edit the registry at your own risk*. Prior to making any changes, refer to the following Microsoft Knowledge Base article: http://support.microsoft.com/default.aspx?scid=kb;en-us;322755

- 2 In HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\Disk, edit or add the TimeOutValue entry to set it to 60 seconds in decimal format ((0000003c in hexadecimal).
  - To edit the value for the TimeOutValue entry if it already exists, double-click the entry, enter the new value, and click **OK**.
  - To add the TimeOutValue entry if it does not yet exist, right-click anywhere in the list of values, and then click **New > DWORD** value. Name the new value **TimeOutValue**, and then double-click it to edit the setting.





## 2 Setting Up the REO 9000

CHAPTER

The main steps involved in setting up the REO Appliance include:

- **Step 1** Unpacking the REO Appliance, and reviewing safety guidelines.
- **Step 2** If you intend to position the REO Appliance in a rack, attaching the required components.
- **Step 3** Connecting the REO Appliance to the management LAN.
- **Step 4** Connecting the REO Appliance to the application and backup servers, SAN for the backup servers, or FC.
- **Step 5** Connecting external SCSI devices.
- **Step 6** Attaching the power cords.

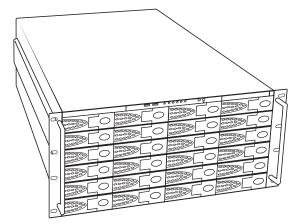
## Preparing the REO Appliance



Caution: Due to the weight of each rack-mounted unit when it is fully extended, you should install units from the bottom up. Extending a unit that has empty spaces beneath it might cause the rack to tip forward or might cause personal injury. Overland Storage recommends that two people support and slide the unit in the rack.

Vorsicht: Aufgrund des Gewichtes eines Gerätes, welches für den Einbau in ein Rack gedacht ist, empfehlen wir Ihnen, dieses von unten nach oben in das Rack zu installieren. Wenn Sie ein Gerät aus dem Rack heraus ziehen, könnte es Ihnen entgleiten und so zu Verletzungen führen. Wir empfehlen den Ein- und Ausbau des Gerätes durch zwei Personen.

1 Unpack the REO Appliance.



The shipping container contains the following:

- Overland Storage appliance chassis
- Depending on which version of the product that you purchased, either 12 or 24 disk carriers and disk drives
- Power cords (U.S.) (Approved cord sets shall be used in countries outside North America.)
- Appliance face-plate
- REO SoftKey
- Rack-mount hardware
- Documentation CD-ROM and poster
- **2** Review the following guidelines prior to positioning the REO Appliance physically within your network.
  - Make sure that the REO Appliance is accessible.
  - Make sure there is unrestricted air flow around the unit and through the vents in the sides and rear of the case.
  - Route external cables so that they can be connected easily without blocking air vents or impeding air flow.
  - Protect the REO Appliance from extreme temperature and humidity. Overland Storage recommends that you install the REO Appliance in a clean, air-conditioned environment where water and moisture cannot enter the case of the REO Appliance. Keep the air as free from dust as possible.
  - Protect the REO Appliance from physical shock and vibration.
  - Make sure that the inlet air temperature within the rack remains below the specified limit of 95°F (35°C).
  - Keep the REO Appliance and cabling away from sources of electrical noise such as elevator shafts, stereo speakers, microwave ovens, air conditioning units, and even telephones. Electromagnetic fields can interfere with the signals on copper cabling and introduce errors, therefore slowing down the network.

## Positioning the REO Appliance in a Rack

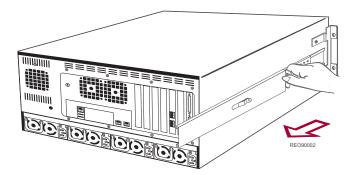


Caution: Due to the weight of each rack-mounted unit when it is fully extended, you should install units from the bottom up. Extending a unit that has empty spaces beneath it might cause the rack to tip forward or might cause personal injury. Overland Storage recommends that two people support and slide the unit in the rack.

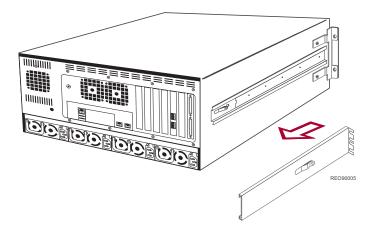
Vorsicht: Aufgrund des Gewichtes eines Gerätes, welches für den Einbau in ein Rack gedacht ist, empfehlen wir Ihnen, dieses von unten nach oben in das Rack zu installieren. Wenn Sie ein Gerät aus dem Rack heraus ziehen, könnte es Ihnen entgleiten und so zu Verletzungen führen. Wir empfehlen den Ein- und Ausbau des Gerätes durch zwei Personen.

#### To install the unit in a rack

- 1 Separate each set of slides as follows:
  - Pull the outer slide toward the rear, along with the intermediate slide, until the inner slide-lock engages the intermediate slide.

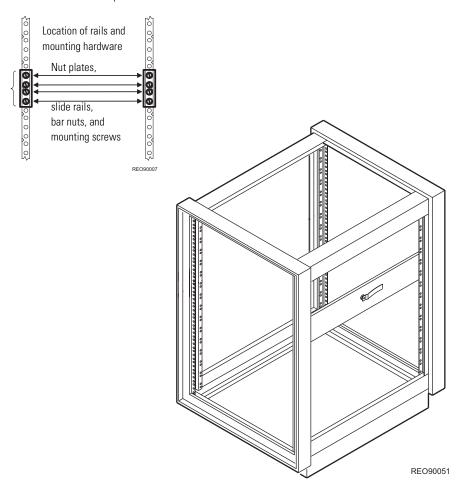


■ Continue to pull the outer slide towards the rear until the outer slide-lock engages the intermediate slide. To permit the intermediate slide to continue to move toward the rear, press the inner slide-lock button. Continue to move the outer and intermediate slides toward the rear until they are separated from the inner slide.



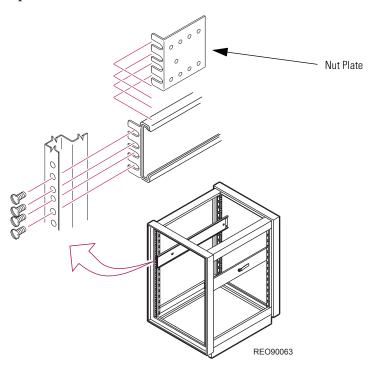
**2** Locate the screw holes in the front and rear rails of the rack where the REO Appliance slides will be installed.

The unit uses 5U of rack space.



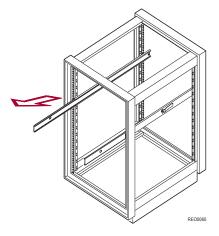
**3** Fasten each outer slide by using 10-32 screws (with washers, if needed) and one nut plate.

Select slots in the mounting brackets so that the length of the assembly equals the distance between the front and rear rails of the rack.



Note: When fastening the adjustable bracket, allow room for the slide to pass by the inside of the rack.

- 4 Tighten all the screws.
- 5 If they are not already locked in the extended position, pull the intermediate slides toward the front (out of the rack) so that they lock in the extended position.





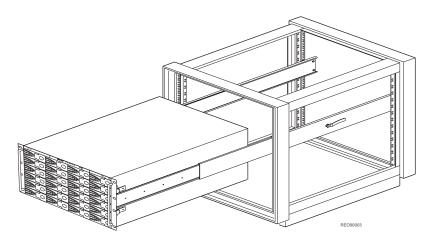
Caution: The disk drives for the REO Appliance are located in the front of the unit. The result being the majority of weight is distributed to the front of the REO Appliance. This next step should be performed by at least two people, or by using a mechanical lift. Make certain that when the REO Appliance is fully extended that a force of 20% of the rack's weight, but not more than lb. (Kg), applied in any direction other than upwards, does not cause the rack to overbalance.

6 At the front of the rack, lift the REO Appliance to its installed height, engage the inner slides mounted on the REO Appliance with the intermediate slides protruding from the rack, and slide the REO Appliance toward the rack until the inner slide-lock engages the intermediate slide.

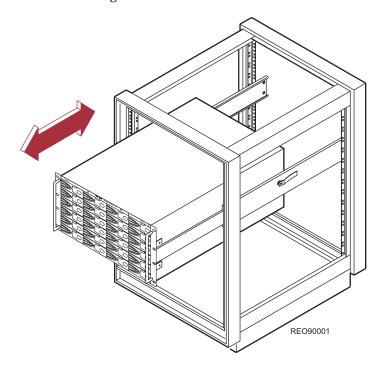
This leaves the entire REO Appliance protruding from the rack, locked in position, supported by the slide rails.



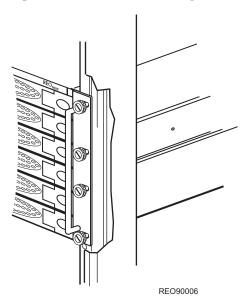
Caution: With one unit installed in the rack and in the extended position, support might be required (to prevent the rack from tipping) until the unit is pushed completely into the rack. (The unit is shown in the middle of the rack for clarity.)



- 7 Press inward (toward the chassis) on each of the inner slide-locks to permit the intermediate slides to move toward the rack.
- 8 Slide the REO Appliance in and out several times, ensuring that the inner and outer slide locks engage, and that the REO Appliance chassis does not bind against the slides.



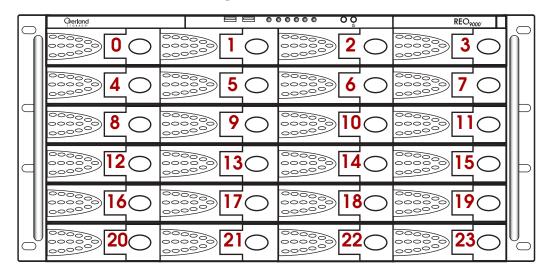
**9** Slide the REO Appliance into the rack, and attach the captive screw on each panel extension (left and right sides) to the rack and nut plate.



## Installing the Disk Carriers and Disk Drives

The disk carriers, which contain the disk drives, are packaged separately, which allows you to insert them into the chassis after you have installed the chassis in the rack.

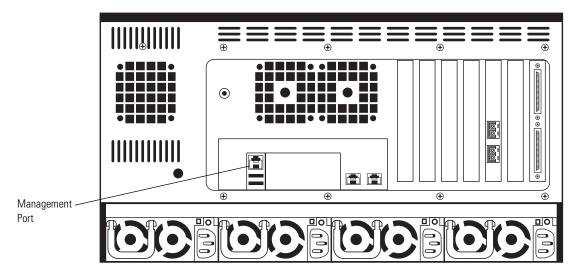
- 1 Remove the package of desiccant from each slot in the chassis.
- **2** Insert the first disk carrier in to the applicable slot in the chassis.
- **3** Close the disk carrier by doing the following:
  - **a** Make sure that the lever is in its fully extended, open position.
  - **b** Press the right side of the carrier into the slot.
  - **c** Press the lever in. Pressing the lever in draws the carrier fully into the slot and locks it in place.



- 4 Repeat these steps for each disk carrier.
- **5** Attach the appliance face-plate.

## Connecting the REO Appliance to the Management LAN

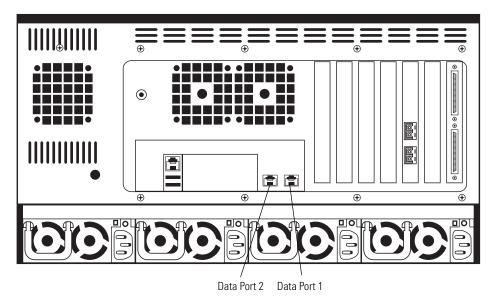
▶ Using the **Management Port** (10/100), connect the REO Appliance to your LAN via the twisted-pair network cables.



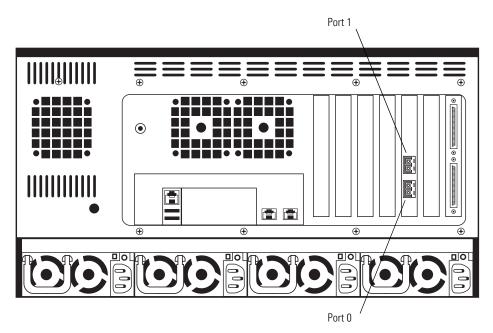
## Connecting the REO Appliance to the Network

Use the following instructions to connect your REO Appliance to your backup servers, SAN, or FC switch.

1 For iSCSI connectivity, use **Data Port 1** to connect the REO Appliance to a backup server via the twisted-pair network cables.



- 2 For additional iSCSI connectivity, use **Data Port 2** to connect the REO Appliance to a second backup server via the twisted-pair network cables. You can connect backup servers to the REO Appliance by using a direct-connect cable or by using a GbE switch.
- 3 If you are using FC, connect the **Fibre Channel Ports** on the rear of the REO Appliance to your FC switch or hub.
  The Fibre Channel ports on the back of the REO Appliance are numbered port 0 (bottom) and port 1 (top).



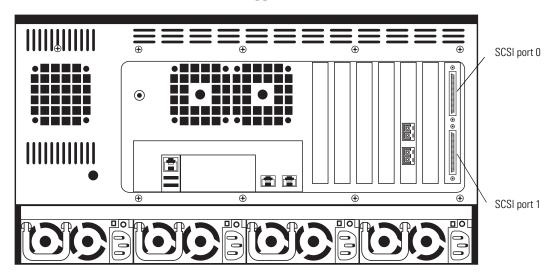
## Connecting External Devices to the REO Appliance

The REO Appliance includes two Ultra320 SCSI ports, which support SCSI devices such as medium changers and tape drives. You can use a chain formation to assign up to 15 SCSI IDs to each port.

#### To connect SCSI devices to your REO Appliance

▶ On the rear of the REO Appliance, attach the applicable devices to the SCSI ports.

You must use an external 68-pin SCSI cable that includes a male connect with thumbscrews to connect a device to the port. (This cable is not included with the REO Appliance.)



## Attaching the Power Cords

- 1 Attach all four power cords to the REO Appliance.
- **2** Plug the power cords in to an AC power source (do *not* turn the power on).

Important: You must connect and use all four power cords; if one of the cords is disconnected or malfunctioning, the REO Appliance beeps repeatedly until the situation is resolved. Overland Storage recommends that you use separate power mains for the power sources.

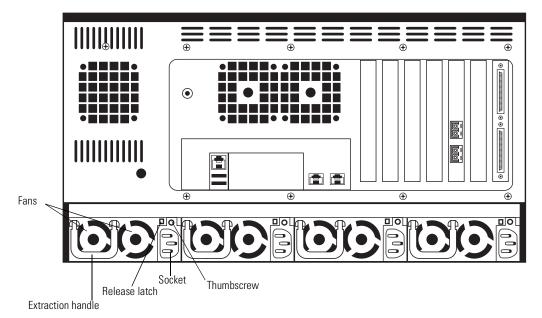
If you are not using Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP), it is critical to the configuration process that you refrain from enabling power to the REO Appliance before completing the configuration steps specified in the next chapter.

Power problems can be the cause of serious failures and downtime in your network. Ensure that the power input to your system is clean and free from sags and surges to avoid unforeseen network outages. Overland Storage strongly recommends that you install power conditioning and an adequately rated uninterruptible power supply (UPS), especially in areas prone to blackouts, power dips, and electrical storms.

The REO Appliance is intended to be grounded. Ensure it is connected to earth ground during normal use. Installing proper grounding helps to avoid damage from lightning and power surges.

Each power supply contains:

- A socket for insertion of an AC line cord.
- A two-color LED for indicating the status of the power supply. When AC is applied to the supply and standby voltages are available, the LED becomes *red*. When all outputs are available, the LED becomes *green*. If the power supply fails, the LED becomes *red*.
- A latch for releasing the power supply from the REO Appliance.
- A handle for pulling the power supply out of the REO Appliance.
- A pair of fans for preventing the power supply from overheating.
- A feature that verifies the following (if not detected, an alarm signal sounds):
  - All output voltages V1 to V5 are within regulation.
  - The fans are operating normally.
  - The internal temperature of the power supply is normal.



3 Complete the steps outlined in the next chapter, *Using the REO SoftKey to Start the REO 9000* on page 31.



# 3 Using the REO SoftKey to Start the REO 9000

The main steps involved in using the key to start the REO Appliance include:

- **Step 1** Making a backup copy of the key.
- **Step 2** If your network does not use DHCP, manually editing the configuration and network files on the key.
- **Step 3** Connecting the key to the REO Appliance.

## Understanding What the REO SoftKey Is

The REO SoftKey is a removable USB disk drive on a key ring. It contains the software and settings required for configuring the REO Appliance and must be inserted in the REO Appliance whenever you restart it (because the REO Appliance uses a Linux-based OS, the key is formatted using the virtual file allocation table [VFAT]). You can also use the REO SoftKey to download and install updates when they become available.

**Important**: If you purchased multiple units, note that the keys are *not* interchangeable

The simplest configuration can be achieved when your LAN uses DHCP on its own subnetwork (subnet). If your LAN does *not* use DHCP, you must manually edit the configuration file located on the REO SoftKey before continuing.

## **Backing Up Your REO SoftKey (Pre-Configuration)**

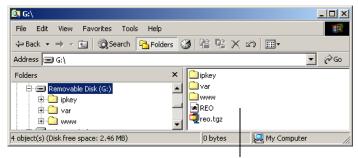
Make a backup copy of all the files on the REO SoftKey before and after you configure it.

1 Remove the cap from the REO SoftKey, and insert it into a USB port on a Windows 2000, 2003, or XP system that contains active virusprotection software.

Note: If you have not previously installed a USB mass-storage device, Windows displays a dialog box that indicates it has found new hardware and will automatically install the necessary drivers on your system.

2 Double-click **My Computer** on your desktop (or use Windows Explorer), and browse to the software-key disk drive.

The name of this disk drive varies based on your system configuration, but it will be called something like Removable Disk (G:).

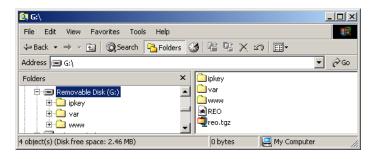


Make a backup copy of all the folders and files contained on the REO SoftKey.

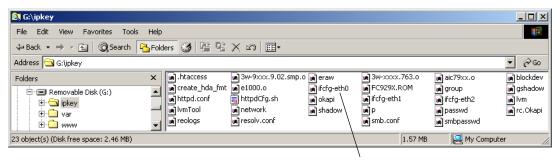
- **3** Make a backup copy of all the data on the REO SoftKey, and store the copy in a secure location.
- **4** To determine your next step, choose one of the following:
  - If your LAN uses DHCP, continue from step 1 under Connecting the REO SoftKey to the REO Appliance on page 36.
  - If your LAN does not use DHCP, complete the steps outlined in the next section, *Editing the Configuration File* (for a non-DHCP or UNIX Management System), before continuing.

## **Editing the Configuration File** (for a non-DHCP or UNIX Management System)

1 With the key still inserted into a USB port on a Windows 2000, 2003, or XP system that contains active virus-protection software, browse to the software-key disk drive.



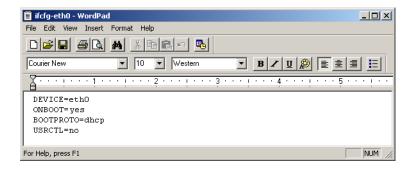
**2** Open the **ipkey** folder, and locate the **ifcfg-eth0** file. The ifcfg-eth0 is the configuration file for the Management Port on the REO Appliance.



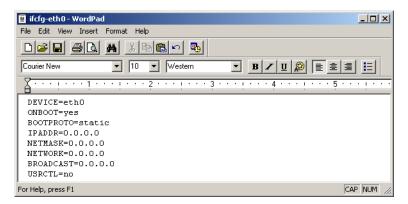
Open the ipkey folder, right-click ifcfg-eth0, and click Properties.

- 3 Right-click the **ifcfg-eth0** file, and click **Properties**.
- On the **General** tab, if the **Read-only** check box is selected, clear it, and then click **OK**; otherwise, click **Cancel**.
- 5 Right-click the **ifcfg-eth0** file again, click **Open With**, and then select **WordPad** (or a comparable text editor).

Tip: Overland Storage recommends that you use WordPad, because it displays the configuration information in an easy-to-use format.

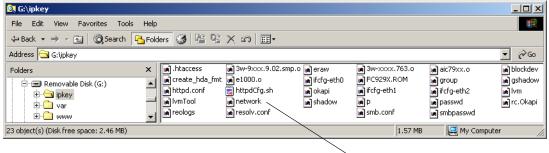


- **6** Make the following changes:
  - Change the **BOOTPROTO** field from dhcp to **static** (make sure that you enter it in lowercase).
  - After the BOOTPROTO line, enter lines for IPADDR, NETMASK, NETWORK, and BROADCAST, and, in each corresponding field, enter the IP address you selected for the management interface for the REO Appliance on your network.



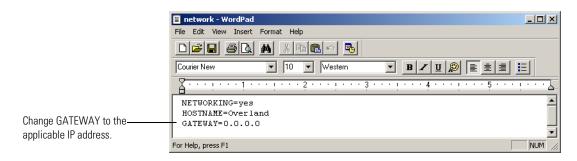
Note: You do not need to modify the other fields at this time.

- 7 Save the file; when asked if you want to replace the existing file, click **Yes**.
- 8 In the **ipkey** folder, locate the **network** file.



Locate and open the network file.

9 Right-click the network file, click Open With, and then select WordPad.



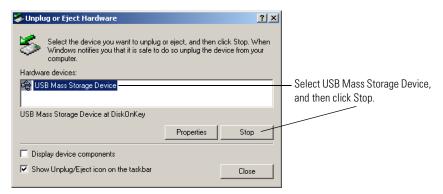
10 Change the contents of the **GATEWAY** field to the applicable IP address, and save and exit the file.

Note: If you are using a direct connection (private network), leave the GATEWAY address as 0.0.0.0.

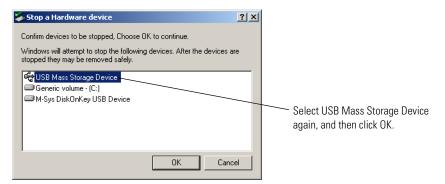
11 Remove the REO SoftKey from the system by doing the following:



- a Double-click the **Unplug or Eject Hardware** icon, located in the system tray (lower-right corner of the task bar).
- b In the Unplug or Eject Hardware dialog box, select the device you want to unplug (the key is identified as **USB Mass Storage Device**), and click Stop.



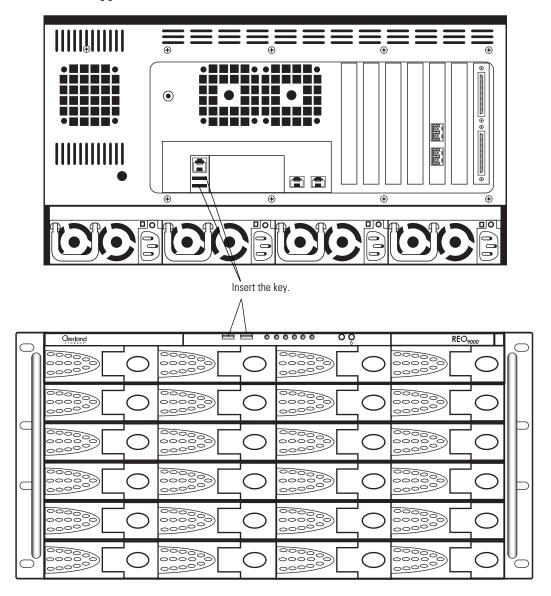
c In the Stop a Hardware device dialog box, select USB Mass Storage Device, and then click OK.



- d When the message appears that indicates it is safe to remove the device, click **OK**, and remove the REO SoftKey.
- 12 Complete the steps outlined in the next section, Connecting the REO SoftKey to the REO Appliance.

## Connecting the REO SoftKey to the REO Appliance

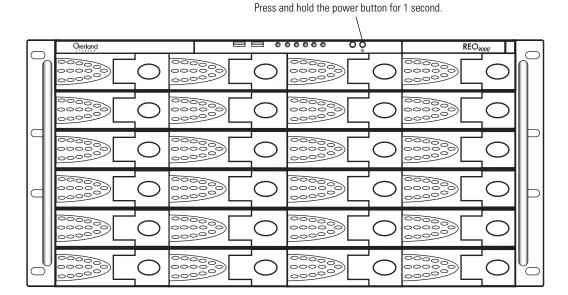
1 Insert the REO SoftKey into the USB port located on the back of the REO Appliance.



**2** To turn the REO Appliance on, press and hold the power button for approximately 1 second.

**Important**: If you purchased multiple units, enable power to only one unit at this point; *you must set up one unit at a time*.

The power button is located on the front of the appliance. The power button is a momentary contact device that needs to be pressed and held for about 1 second to begin the power-up sequence.



After you turn the power on, the REO Appliance performs a self-test process and loads the necessary information from the REO SoftKey. Following successful completion of the self-test, which takes several minutes, you should hear 3 beep tones.

**3** Listen for the series of 3 beep tones spaced about 1 second apart.

**Important**: On startup, the REO Appliance might reach an error state and begin an endless loop of alerts. The pattern (2 beeps separated by a 1-second delay) repeats every 4 seconds. If this occurs, turn the appliance off and then back on. For more information, see *Perpetual Loop of Audio Alerts* on page 127.

4 After you hear the beep tones, proceed to the configuration steps outlined in the next chapter, *Configuring the Management System* on page 39.

If you are unable to hear the tones in your physical environment, wait approximately five minutes before continuing.

Note: You must leave the REO Appliance on and the REO SoftKey inserted while completing the configuration process for your application and backup servers.

# 4 Configuring the Management System

The main steps involved in configuring the management system include:

- **Step 1** Establishing communication with the REO Appliance by mapping it to a drive letter (Windows only).
- **Step 2** Verifying that the gateway and Management Port information are correct.
- **Step 3** Entering the GbE Data Port, Fibre Channel, and system information.
- **Step 4** Setting up your logon information.
- **Step 5** Configuring e-mail alerts.
- **Step 6** Setting the applicable time zone information.

The images shown in the following sections might appear slightly different if you are using a different browser or a UNIX-based system.

# Mapping a Network Drive to the REO Appliance (Windows Only)

To access the components used for installation and configuration of the REO Appliance, you must map a network drive from the REO Appliance to the system that will operate the REO Appliance console.

- 1 Make sure that REO SoftKey is still inserted in a USB port on the REO Appliance.
- 2 Right-click My Computer on your desktop, and click Map Network Drive.



3 Use the default network drive displayed or select another drive from the list.

Tip: For consistency, Overland Storage recommends that you select a drive letter, such as drive Z, that is available to all systems on the backup network.

4 In the **Folder** box of the **Map Network Drive** dialog box, type \\REO\programs, and make sure that the **Reconnect at login** box is cleared.

Note: Because the folder might not be visible if you use the Browse button, Overland Storage recommends that you type \\REO\\programs directly in the Folder text box.



- 5 Click Finish.
- **6** If prompted for your name and password, enter the following *in case-sensitive format*:

Logon Name: Administrator

Password: system

## **Tracking Configuration Information**

As you complete the configuration process by following the steps outlined in this and subsequent chapters, use the following forms to note what information you enter.

Important: This information will be useful if you have to reconfigure the REO Appliance for any reason, such as a lost or damaged REO SoftKey.

Network Configuration Page		
Default Gateway		
IP Address:		
	IP Address:	-
Management Port	Subnet Mask:	
IP Address:	Network Address:	-
Subnet Mask:	Broadcast Address:	-
Network Address:		
Broadcast Address:	Fibre Channel Configuration	
DHCP:	WWPN(0)	
	Link Speed:	
Data Port 1	Link Topology:	
IP Address:		
Subnet Mask:		
Network Address:	Link Topology:	-
Broadcast Address:		
	System Configuration Page	
System Information	E-mail Notification	
Workgroup/Domain Name:	Mail Address:	
REO Name:		
REO Description:		
· ·	Address for Critical:	
	Alert Frequency:	

REO	Device Configuration Page	
REO Device ID 0 Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 1 Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC
REO Device ID 2  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	_	
REO Device ID 3  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC
REO Device ID 4  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC
REO Device ID 5  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 6 Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC
REO Device ID 7  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC

	REO Device Confi	iguration Page (continued)	
REO Device ID 8  Device Type: Disk, Tap ShareDevice: Yes or N Tape Compression: Yes or N Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	0	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 9  Device Type: Disk, Tap ShareDevice: Yes or N Tape Compression: Yes or N Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	0	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 10  Device Type: Disk, Tap ShareDevice: Yes or N Tape Compression: Yes or N Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	0	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 11  Device Type: Disk, Tap ShareDevice: Yes or N Tape Compression: Yes or N Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	0	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 12  Device Type: Disk, Tap ShareDevice: Yes or N Tape Compression: Yes or N Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	0		iSCSI or FC
REO Device ID 13  Device Type: Disk, Tap ShareDevice: Yes or N Tape Compression: Yes or N Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	pe, Dyn. Tape o o	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 14  Device Type: Disk, Tap ShareDevice: Yes or N Tape Compression: Yes or N Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	0	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 15  Device Type: Disk, Tap ShareDevice: Yes or N Tape Compression: Yes or N Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	0		iSCSI or FC

REO Device	Configuration Page (continued)	
REO Device ID 16  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC
REO Device ID 17  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC
REO Device ID 18  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	<u>-</u>	
REO Device ID 19  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC
REO Device ID 20  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC
REO Device ID 21  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 22  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC
REO Device ID 23  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC

REO Device U	Configuration Page (continued)	
REO Device ID 24  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 25  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 26  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 27  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 28  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:		iSCSI or FC
REO Device ID 29  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 30  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 31  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:		iSCSI or FC

REO Device (	Configuration Page (continued)	
REO Device ID 32  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:		
REO Device ID 33  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC
REO Device ID 34  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC
REO Device ID 35  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:		
REO Device ID 36  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC
REO Device ID 37  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 38  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:		
REO Device ID 39  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC

A	REO Device Configuration Page (continue)	d)
REO Device ID 40  Device Type: Disk, Tape, ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Dyn. Tape Connectior iSCSI Initiator Initiator IP Ad	n Type: iSCSI or FC Name: Idress:
REO Device ID 41  Device Type: Disk, Tape, ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	iSCSI Initiator Initiator IP Ac	n Type: iSCSI or FC Name: Idress:
REO Device ID 42  Device Type: Disk, Tape, ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	iSCSI Initiator Initiator IP Ad	n Type: iSCSI or FC Name: ddress:
REO Device ID 43  Device Type: Disk, Tape, ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	iSCSI Initiator Initiator IP Ac	n Type: iSCSI or FC Name: ddress:
REO Device ID 44  Device Type: Disk, Tape, ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Dyn. Tape Connection iSCSI Initiator Initiator IP Ac	n Type: iSCSI or FC Name: ddress:
REO Device ID 45  Device Type: Disk, Tape, ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Dyn. Tape Connection iSCSI Initiator Initiator IP Ac	n Type: iSCSI or FC Name: ddress:
REO Device ID 46  Device Type: Disk, Tape, ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	iSCSI Initiator Initiator IP Ac	n Type: iSCSI or FC Name: ddress:
REO Device ID 47  Device Type: Disk, Tape, ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	iSCSI Initiator Initiator IP Ad	n Type: iSCSI or FC Name: ddress:

REO Device	Configuration Page (continued)	
REO Device ID 48  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:		
REO Device ID 49 Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC
REO Device ID 50  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:		
REO Device ID 51  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC
REO Device ID 52  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC
REO Device ID 53  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 54  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC
REO Device ID 55  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI or FC

REO Device (	Configuration Page (continued)	
REO Device ID 56  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 57  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 58  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 59  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 60  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:		iSCSI or FC
REO Device ID 61  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 62  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:	Connection Type: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	
REO Device ID 63  Device Type: Disk, Tape, Dyn. Tape ShareDevice: Yes or No Tape Compression: Yes or No Dyn. Tape Max. Size: iSCSI Target Name:		iSCSI or FC

External Device	Configuration Page
REO Device ID 160  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI Initiator Name:
REO Device ID 161  iSCSI Target Name:  iSCSI Initiator Name:  Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI Initiator Name:
REO Device ID 162  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI Initiator Name:
REO Device ID 163  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI Initiator Name:
REO Device ID 164  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI Initiator Name:
REO Device ID 165  iSCSI Target Name:  iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI Initiator Name:
REO Device ID 166  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	iSCSI Initiator Name:
REO Device ID 167  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	<u> </u>

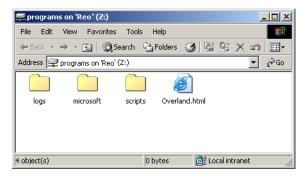
External Device Configurat	tion Page (continued)
REO Device ID 175  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	REO Device ID 183  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:
REO Device ID 176  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	REO Device ID 184  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:
REO Device ID 177  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	REO Device ID 185  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:
REO Device ID 178  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	REO Device ID 186  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:
REO Device ID 179  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	REO Device ID 187  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:
REO Device ID 180  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	REO Device ID 188  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:
REO Device ID 181  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	REO Device ID 189  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:
REO Device ID 182  iSCSI Target Name: iSCSI Initiator Name: Initiator IP Address:	

## Verifying that the Gateway Address and Management Port are Correctly Configured

The Default Gateway is the IP address that provides entrance into the network to which the REO Appliance is assigned. The Management Port connects the REO Appliance to the management system, which you use for network management on the LAN.

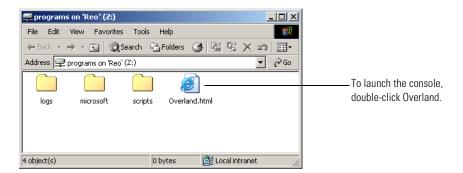
**Important**: Remember that the Management Port and both Data Ports must be on separate subnets.

1 Using the management system, access the mapped drive **\REO\programs**.



2 To open the REO Appliance console in your Web browser, double-click the **Overland.html** file.

Tip: After you have initially configured your REO Appliance, if you are not using DHCP, you can also access the interface by typing the IP address assigned to the Management Port for the REO Appliance.



**3** If you are prompted for your name and password, enter the following *in case-sensitive format*:

Logon Name: Administrator

Password: system

SYSTEM LOG ON	
Enter logon name and password:	
Logon Name: Password:	
	Logon

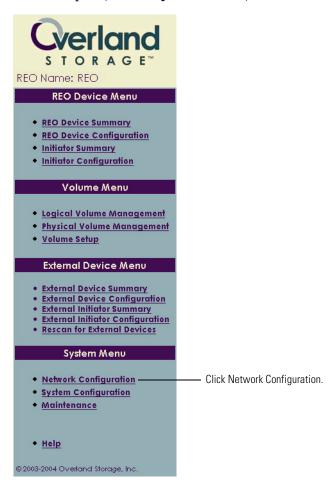
The REO Appliance console appears.

Tip: To access online help on any of the pages in the console, click Help under System Menu or click the Help button that appears on each of the pages.



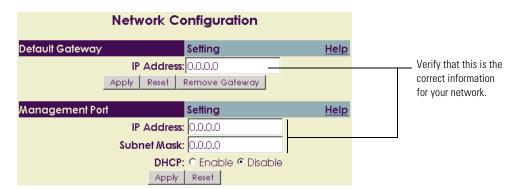
To access help at any time, click Help.

4 In the left pane, under System Menu, click Network Configuration.



**5** If you are *not* using DHCP, in the **Default Gateway** section of the right pane, make sure that the correct **IP Address** appears.

If DHCP is disabled, the IP address and other information is completed using information from the configuration file that you previously modified (for more information, see *Editing the Configuration File (for a non-DHCP or UNIX Management System)* on page 33).



- 6 In the **Management Port** section, verify the following:
  - If your network uses DHCP (recommended), make sure that **Enable** is selected. The Management Port is automatically configured when DHCP is enabled. This is the default setting. (If you are using DHCP, the system displays the addresses that are currently being used.)
  - If your network does not use DHCP or you are using a UNIX-based system, make sure that the correct addresses appear and that **Disable** is selected.
- 7 Continue the configuration process by configuring the GbE data ports as described in the next section.

### Configuring the GbE Data Ports

The GbE data ports are used for block-level data transport between your backup servers and the REO Appliance. Data Port 1 and Data Port 2 are fully interchangeable prior to configuration.

Important: Remember that the Management Port is on the LAN (a 10/100 network); use Data Port 1 and Data Port 2 on separate subnets of the backup network. Data Port 1 and Data Port 2 each require an available static IP address within their respective subnets. If you want to manage the REO Appliance from the same port, use the GbE (Data Port 1 or 2) IP address. Entering this IP address in your browser displays the REO Appliance software console.

If you have one or two backup servers, you can connect each one directly to one of the data ports on the REO Appliance. The backup servers must have a GbE port. If you have more than two backup servers, you must make these connections through a GbE switch.

#### To configure the GbE ports

- 1 In the right pane, scroll down below the **Management Port** section to locate the **Data Port 1** and **Data Port 2** sections.
- 2 In the **Data Port 1** section, enter the following:
  - **IP Address.** Using dotted decimal notation, enter an available static IP address that falls within the Data Port 1 subnet. An example of an address is: 192.168.1.4.
  - **Subnet Mask.** Using dotted decimal notation, enter the subnet address. An example of an address is: 255.255.0.0.

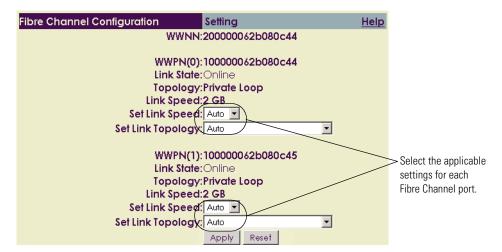
Tip: If you change one of these settings, such as the IP Address, you might need to reconnect to the server via your Web browser.



- 3 Click Apply.
- 4 Repeat these steps for **Data Port 2** using an IP address that falls within the Data Port 2 subnet.
  - Tip: Overland Storage recommends that you use a ping command to ensure that the management system sees each port on the REO Appliance.
- **5** If you purchased the FC-enabled REO Appliance, continue the configuration process by entering the FC information described in the next section; otherwise, proceed to the subsequent section, *Entering the System Information* on page 57.

### **Entering the Fibre Channel Information**

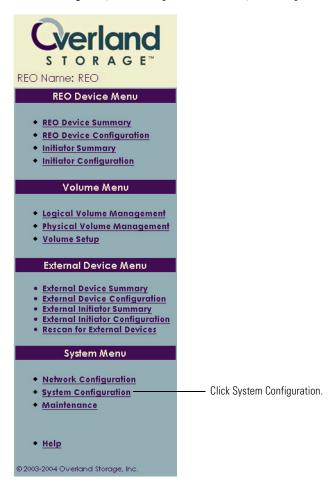
- 1 In the right pane, scroll down to the **Fibre Channel Configuration** section.
- 2 For each FC port (the REO Appliance provides two), select the applicable settings from the **Set Link Speed** and **Set Link Topology** lists.
  - For link speed, select Auto, 1 GB, or 2 GB.
  - For topology, select **Auto**, **Fabric/Point-to-Point** (**N\_Port**), or **Loop** (**NL\_Port**).



- 3 Click Apply.
- **4** Continue the configuration process by configuring the system information as described in the next section.

### **Entering the System Information**

1 In the left pane, under **System Menu**, click **System Configuration**.



- 2 In the **System Information** section of the right pane, enter the following:
  - **Workgroup/Domain Name.** Enter the workgroup or domain name assigned by your network administrator.
  - **REO Name.** Enter up to 16 characters to name the REO Appliance. You can use letters or a mixture of letters and numbers, and you can also use hyphens (-). Overland Storage recommends that you change this name (the default is REO), especially if you use multiple REO Appliances in your network.
  - **REO Description.** Enter up to 20 alphabetical or numerical characters (or a combination of the two) to describe the appliance.



- 3 Click **Apply**.
- 4 Continue the configuration process by entering the logon information described in the next section.

## **Configuring Logon Information**

Using the Logon Information section, you can change your logon name and password, which Overland Storage recommends that you do during the initial configuration process. If you choose to keep Administrator as your logon name, Overland Storage strongly recommends that you change the password to protect your network from unauthorized users.

- 1 In the right pane, scroll down below the **System Information** section to locate the **Logon Information** section, and enter the following *in case-sensitive format*:
  - **User Name.** (required) Enter a new logon name using up to 30 alphabetical or numerical characters or a combination of the two.
  - **Password.** (optional) Enter a new password using up to 30 alphabetical or numerical characters or a combination of the two characters (do not use spaces or Ctrl-key characters).
  - **Retype Password.** Enter the password again.



- 2 Click Apply.
- 3 Continue the configuration process by entering the e-mail information described in the next section.

### **Configuring E-mail Alerts**

The REO Appliance continuously monitors its performance and routinely checks for disk failures. If you use the messaging option, an e-mail is sent whenever the Status of a volume on the REO Device Summary page becomes anything other than Up (for example, changes to REBUILDING).

Tip: You can also use the ALARM MESSAGES section on the Physical Volume Management page to see more information. The messages (also known as asynchronous event notifications) that appear on this page display additional information about each disk that might not be displayed in an alert e-mail.

You can specify whether the REO Appliance should send an alert once or repeat the message until the issue is resolved. Each alert that is sent reports the status of all volumes on the REO Appliance. If you configure the option to use an Alert Frequency of five minutes or more, the alerts will be numbered.

If your mail server is able to send e-mail messages outside the company, you can also set up messaging to notify Overland Storage Technical Support automatically whenever a critical error occurs.

### To configure messaging

- 1 In the right pane, scroll down below the **Logon Information** section to locate the **E-mail Notification** section, and enter the following:
  - **Mail Address.** Using dotted decimal notation, enter the IP address of your *incoming* mail server.
  - From Address. Enter the e-mail address from which the alert will be sent. This address must use the same domain as the mail server specified for Mail Address.
  - Address for all warnings & critical messages. Enter the e-mail address to which alerts should be sent (for example, the e-mail address for the network administrator).
  - Address for critical messages only. To instruct the REO Appliance to notify Overland automatically whenever a critical message is presented, enter the following e-mail address: techsupport@overlandstorage.com
  - **Alert Frequency.** Enter a value of 5 or higher to specify how often (in minutes) the REO Appliance should send messages. To send only one message per error, enter 0.

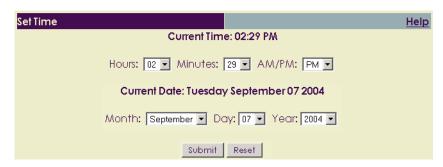


- **2** To verify that the messaging system is configured correctly, click **Test**. If the test e-mail message is not successfully sent and received, correct the applicable information, and repeat the test.
- 3 Click Apply.

## **Setting the Time and Date Information**

The REO Appliance is originally set to use the time that corresponds to the Pacific time zone. If you are setting up the REO Appliance in a different time zone, you need to update the time and date settings accordingly. This ensures that any communication that occurs (for example, if an e-mail is automatically generated) reflects the correct date and time.

- 1 In the right pane, scroll down below the **E-mail Notification** section to locate the **Set Time** section.
- 2 Select the applicable settings, and click **Submit**.



**3** After you complete these configuration steps for the management system, proceed to the configuration steps outlined in *Configuring the Systems Involved in the Backup Process* on page 61.



# 5 Configuring the Systems Involved in the Backup Process

The main steps involved in configuring the backup servers include:

- **Step 1** Mapping the REO Appliance to a drive letter to simplify access to the console and other installation and management tools.
- **Step 2** Installing software client drivers or storage adapters for iSCSI or FC access.

# Mapping a Network Drive to the REO Appliance (Windows Only)

To access the components used for installation and configuration of the REO Appliance, you must map a network drive from the system to a folder located on the REO Appliance.

- 1 Make sure that the REO Appliance is still powered on and that the REO SoftKey is still inserted in a USB port.
- **2** Perform the steps previously outlined under *Mapping a Network Drive to the REO Appliance (Windows Only)* on page 39.
- **3** Repeat these steps for *each* system that will access storage on the REO Appliance.

### **Establishing Communication**

If you are using iSCSI connectivity, iSCSI initiators are required to communicate with the iSCSI targets (REO Devices) on the REO Appliance. Each backup server that uses the REO Appliance must be equipped with a software initiator, such as the Microsoft iSCSI Software Initiator, or an IP storage HBA, such as the Intel PRO/1000 T IP Storage Adapter.

Note: You do not need TOE-equipped (Transmission Control Protocol [TCP] Offload Engine) or special iSCSI-capable GbE HBAs to work with software initiators. Any standard Network Interface Card (NIC) can serve as an iSCSI network interface device; however, Overland Storage strongly recommends that you use GbE for enhanced performance.

If you are using FC connectivity, make sure that the applicable FC initiator is installed.

#### To establish communication

- 1 Install the desired software initiator or storage adapter.
  - Note: For detailed information on various drivers and adapters, see the manufacturer's documentation for assistance on assigning targets (REO Devices). You can also check the Overland Web site (www.overlandstorage.com) for the applicable Application Notes.
- **2** Repeat these steps for *each* system that will access storage on the REO Appliance.
- 3 After you complete these configuration steps, choose one of the following:
  - If you want to use the default volume configuration of RAID 5 with logical volumes, proceed to the steps outlined in *Creating Logical Volumes* on page 71.
  - If you want to use a different configuration, proceed to the steps outlined in *Changing the Volume Configuration* on page 63.



# 6 Changing the Volume Setup or Creating Logical Volumes

The main steps involved in switching from one configuration to another or creating logical volumes include:

**Step 1** Selecting the applicable configuration.

Step 2 Creating the desired number of logical volumes, and setting their size.

### Using the Default Volume Setup

The REO Appliance uses a default volume configuration of RAID 5 with logical volumes. To use this configuration, you must create the logical volumes.

► To use the default configuration and create logical volumes, proceed to *Creating Logical Volumes* on page 71.

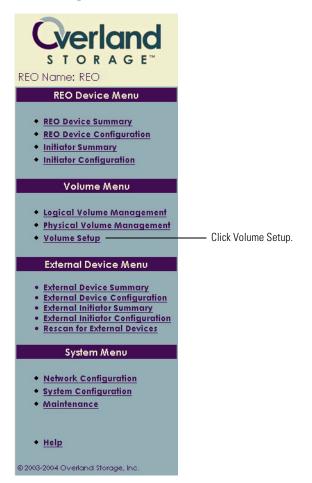
### Changing the Volume Configuration

You can use the Volume Setup feature in the console to select a different RAID configuration or to select the JBOD configuration.

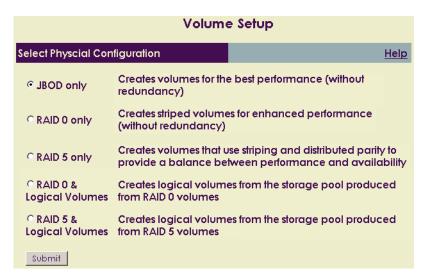
Important: Be aware that the process of changing the volume configuration takes time for the RAID 5 configurations while the arrays are initialized. After you select the new configuration and the initialization process begins, you can use the REO Appliance, but performance will be impacted. Overland Storage strongly recommends that you wait until the Status on the Physical Volume Management page is OK (not INITIALIZING) before using a volume. (Switching to a RAID 0 or JBOD configuration usually requires less than 10 minutes.)

### **Selecting JBOD**

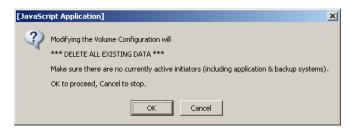
1 In the left pane, under **Volume Menu**, click **Volume Setup**.



2 In the Select Physical Configuration list, select JBOD only, and click Submit.



**3** When the warning message appears that indicates all data currently residing on the REO Appliance will be deleted, click **OK** to continue.



**4** When the message appears that indicates the REO Appliance must be restarted, click **OK** to continue.



**5** After waiting approximately five minutes, log on to the console, and then proceed to the steps outlined in *Configuring REO Devices as Disk or Tape Devices* on page 73.

### **Selecting a RAID Configuration**

The REO Appliance supports RAID 0 and RAID 5. You can only select one configuration; that is you cannot set up one volume to use RAID 0 and set up another to use RAID 5.

Important: Because the process of changing the volume configuration takes time if you select a RAID 5 option, Overland Storage recommends that you make your selection and let the process run overnight. (Switching to a RAID 0 or JBOD configuration usually requires less than 10 minutes.)

In a RAID configuration, how the volumes are arranged depends on whether you are using an appliance that contains 12 physical disks or 24, and it depends on whether those disks are 250 GB or 400 GB in size.

The appliance also contains two physical hosts (controllers). If you are using 12 physical disks, they are all assigned to the first host; if you are using 24 disks, the second set of disks is assigned to the second host.

If you select a RAID 5 option, you will also have the option of creating a hot-spare disk drive for each physical host (controller) after you click Submit. (These disk drives remain in standby mode, so that you can use them immediately if another disk fails.)

The following describes how the volumes are arranged in RAID configurations, depending on the number of disks and their size.

If you are using the 12-disk appliance:

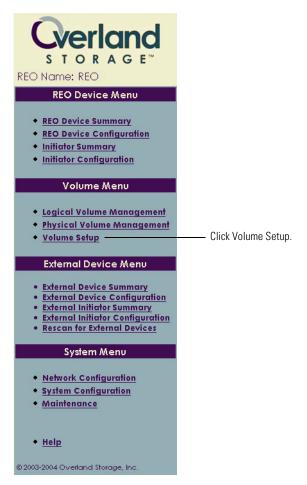
- **RAID 0.** Creates three REO Devices. Each REO Device (physical unit [PU]) is comprised of four disks. Each device provides either 1000 GB (using 250 GB disks) or 1600 GB (using 400 GB disks) of capacity.
- RAID 5, without hot spare. Creates two REO Devices. Each REO Device (PU) is comprised of six disks. Each device provides either 1250 GB (using 250 GB disks) or 2000 GB (using 400 GB disks) of capacity.
- RAID 5, with hot spare. Creates two REO Devices and one hot-spare disk. One REO Device (PU) is comprised of six disks and the other is comprised of five disks. The five-disk device provides either 1000 GB (using 250 GB disks) or 1600 GB (using 400 GB disks) of capacity, and the six-disk device provides either 1250 GB (using 250 GB disks) or 2000 GB (using 400 GB disks) of capacity.

If you are using the 24-disk appliance:

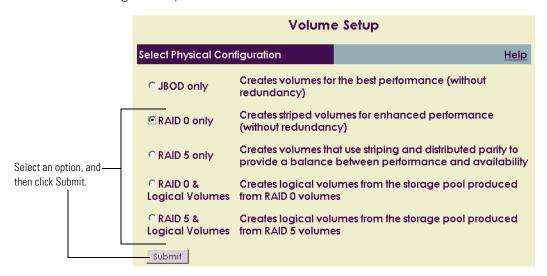
- RAID 0. Creates six REO Devices (three physical units for each host). Each REO Device (PU) is comprised of four disks. Each device provides either 1000 GB (using 250 GB disks) or 1600 GB (using 400 GB disks) of capacity.
- RAID 5, without hot spare. Creates four REO Devices (two physical units for each host). Each REO Device (PU) is comprised of six disks. Each device provides either 1250 GB (using 250 GB disks) or 2000 GB (using 400 GB disks) of capacity.
- RAID 5, with hot spare. Creates four REO Devices (two physical units for each host) and one hot-spare disk for each host. One REO Device (PU) for each host is comprised of six disks and the other device for each host is comprised of five disks. The five-disk device provides either 1000 GB (using 250 GB disks) or 1600 GB (using 400 GB disks) of capacity, and the six-disk device provides either 1250 GB (using 250 GB disks) or 2000 GB (using 400 GB disks) of capacity.

### To change the RAID configuration

1 In the left pane, under **Volume Menu**, click **Volume Setup**.

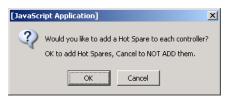


2 In the list of volume configurations on the right, select the desired RAID configuration, and then click **Submit**.



3 If you selected a RAID 5 option and you want to create a hot spare for each host (controller), click **OK** when the following message appears; otherwise, click **Cancel**.

Clicking Cancel does not prevent you from continuing with setting up a RAID 5 configuration; it instructs the appliance to skip the step of creating a hot spare.



**4** When the warning message appears that indicates all data currently residing on the REO Appliance will be deleted, click **OK** to continue.

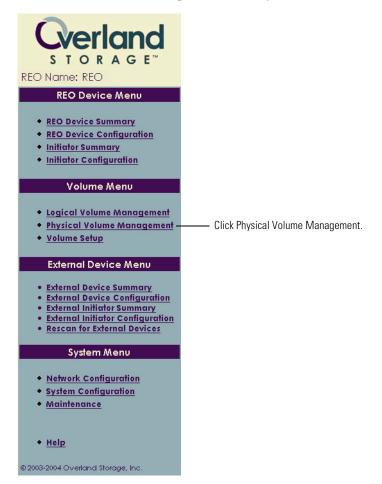


**5** When the message appears that indicates the REO Appliance must be restarted, click **OK** to continue.



**6** After waiting approximately five minutes, log on to the console.

7 To view the volumes created for the configuration and their status, under **Volume Menu** in the left pane, click **Physical Volume Management**.



When you first create a new RAID 5 configuration, the Status for each physical unit (PU) is INITIALIZING. After the initial build phase completes (this can take a while, depending on the number of units and the size of each; to display the current percentage complete, click the Physical Volume Management option again), the Status changes to OK. While the volumes are in an initializing state, they are *not* redundant.

Note: Although the volumes are available while they are in an initializing state, performance is impacted. Overland Storage strongly recommends that you wait until the Status is OK before using a volume.

### **Physical Volume Management**

WARNING: Do NOT remove a disk drive without first clicking the applicable Remove button below.

<u>Help</u>

Host: 1 Information	
RAID5:PU <u>:00 - SCSI ID: 0 Siz</u> e: 1999 GB	
Status: (NITIALIZING (3%)	
Disk: Disk: OK	
Disk 1 Status: OK	
Disk: 2 Status: OK	
Disk: 3 Status: OK	
Disk: 4 Status: OK	
pisk: 5 Status: OK	
RA/D5:PU:01 - SCSI ID: 1 Size: 1999 GB	
Status: (NITIALIZING (3%))	
Disk:/6 Status: OK	
Disk: 7 Status: OK	
Disk: 8 Status: OK	
Disk: 9 Status: OK	
Disk: 10 Status: OK	
Disk: 11 Status: OK	
FREE DRIVE POOL - SCSI ID: 99 Size: 0 GB	
Status: EMPTY	
ALARM MESSAGES:	
ALAIM MEGGACES.	

After the initial build completes, this status changes to OK.

	Host: 2 Information						
		- SCSLID: 0_Size: 1999 GB					
¥	_	ALIZING (3%)) Status: OK					
H -							
H		Status: OK					
	isk: 14	Status: OK					
P	isk: 15	Status: OK					
q	isk: 16	Status: OK					
D	isk: 17	Status: OK					
		- SCSI ID: 1 Size: 1999 GB					
Statu	JS:(INITI.	ALIZING (3%)					
Di	isk: 18	Status: OK					
Di	isk: 19	Status: OK					
D	isk: 20	Status: OK					
D	isk: 21	Status: OK					
D	isk: 22	Status: OK					
D	isk: 23	Status: OK					
	DRIVE P Js: EMP	POOL - SCSI ID: 99 Size: 0 GB TY					
ALARM MESSAGES:							

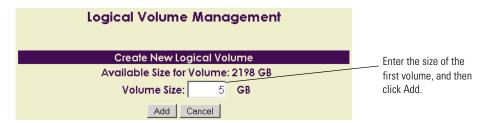
8 If you chose to create logical volumes, complete the steps outlined in the next section; otherwise, proceed to the steps outlined in *Configuring REO Devices as Disk or Tape Devices* on page 73.

### **Creating Logical Volumes**

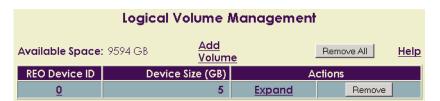
Using this feature, you can create up to 64 LUNs (volumes) of various sizes in 1 GB increments.

- 1 On the **Logical Volume Management** page, click **Add Volume**.
- 2 In the **Volume Size** box on the **Create New Logical Volume** page, enter the size (in GB) of the first volume that you want to create, and then click **Add**.

Tip: If you intend to use the volume as a Dynamic Tape device, you can enter a 1. The information you enter later when you create the Dynamic Tape devices will override what you enter here.



The Logical Volume Management page reappears, with the new volume listed.



After you have created a volume, you can also change its size (use the Expand button) or remove it from the list.

**3** To create additional volumes, repeat step 1 and step 2.

Note: The maximum number of volumes you can create is 64, and the total amount of space you can use must be within the total amount of space available on the physical volumes (disk drives).

Logical Volume Management								
Available Space:	. 1968 GB <u>Add</u> <u>Volum</u>	<u>e</u>	Remove All	<u>Help</u>				
REO Device ID	Device Size (GB)	Δ	ctions					
<u>0</u>	150	<u>Expand</u>	Remove					
<u>1</u>	116	Expand	Remove					
<u>2</u>	6	<u>Expand</u>	Remove					
<u>3</u>	50	<u>Expand</u>	Remove					
<u>4</u>	7	<u>Expand</u>	Remove					
<u>5</u>	5	<u>Expand</u>	Remove					
<u>6</u>	100	<u>Expand</u>	Remove					
7	5	Expand	Remove					
<u>8</u>	27	<u>Expand</u>	Remove					
9	150	Expand	Remove					
<u>10</u>	5	<u>Expand</u>	Remove					
<u>11</u>	125	Expand	Remove					
<u>12</u>	200	<u>Expand</u>	Remove					
<u>13</u>	5	Expand	Remove					
<u>14</u>	235	<u>Expand</u>	Remove					
<u>15</u>	5	Expand	Remove					
<u>16</u>	234	<u>Expand</u>	Remove					
<u>17</u>	5	Expand	Remove					
<u>18</u>	555	<u>Expand</u>	Remove					
<u>19</u>	5	<u>Expand</u>	Remove					

**4** After you complete these steps, proceed to the steps outlined in *Configuring REO Devices as Disk or Tape Devices* on page 73.



# 7 Configuring REO Devices as Disk or Tape Devices

You can configure *each* REO Device to function either as a disk device (the default) or as a virtual LTO-2 tape device; that is, you can use each device in its native disk format, virtual-tape format, or any combination of the two.

Note: To use the ShareDevice feature (available only on Windows) with a device, the device must be designated as a disk device. For more information, see *Sharing Access to a REO 9000 Between Multiple Systems* on page 115.

As explained previously, the number of devices that you have depends on the volume configuration that you use. For example, if you use logical volumes with RAID 5, you can create up to 64 disk LUNs, 64 virtual LTO-2 tape devices, or any combination of LUNs and virtual LTO-2 devices up to 64 in total.

#### **Using Devices as Disk Devices**

▶ If you want each REO Device to function as a disk device (the default), proceed to the steps outlined in *Associating Targets (Devices) and Initiators* on page 87.

#### **Creating Tape Devices**

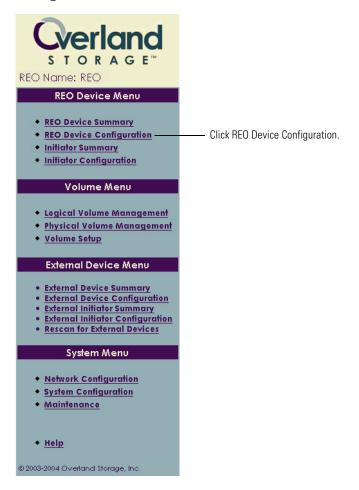
If you intend to create devices of type Tape or Dynamic Tape, note the following:

- As with standard tape devices, a specific driver (on a Windows system) or changes to a system configuration (on a UNIX system) might be required to operate with your selected backup software. For more information, check the Overland Storage Web site (www.overlandstorage.com) for Application Notes related to your specific backup software.
- If you are using logical volumes, you can create dynamic tape devices, which expand and contract to accommodate the size of a specific backup job.
- When you change the configuration of a device, *all data currently residing on the device is deleted*.

- If you chose to use a RAID configuration with logical volumes (required if you want to create devices of type Dynamic Tape), you must create the volumes before you can change the device settings. For more information, see *Creating Logical Volumes* on page 71.
- If you choose to enable compression, be aware that various factors (such as the speed of your backup server, source devices, or network) can significantly affect performance. Additionally, the existing state of the files you are backing up (for example, whether the files are already compressed) can affect the level of compression that might be achieved. Consider these factors when you determine the applicable settings for your backup environment.

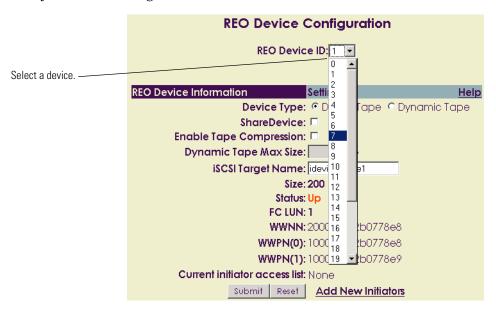
#### Changing a Device from Disk to Tape (Standard)

1 In the left pane, under **REO Device Menu**, click **REO Device** Configuration.



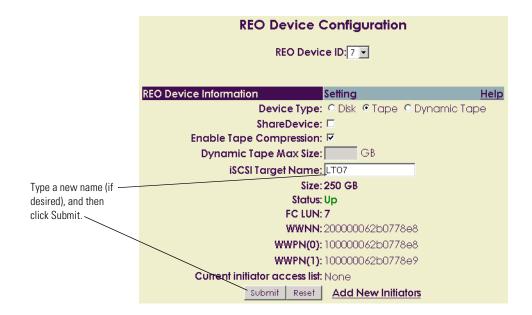
The REO Device Configuration page displays the current settings for the first device listed in the REO Device ID list.

**2** From the **REO Device ID** list, select the first device whose configuration you want to change.



- 3 In the **Device Type** section, select **Tape**.
- 4 If you want to maximize backup storage capacity, select the **Enable Tape Compression** check box (for optimal backup performance, leave the check box cleared).
- 5 To change the default target name of a device, in the **iSCSI Target** Name box, type the new name (for example, LTO7).

**Important:** The target names must be unique within a network. If you are using multiple appliances, you must change the default target names. For more information, see *Expanding Storage Capacity* (*Scalability*) on page 107.

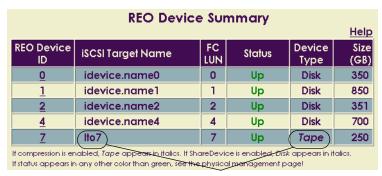


**6** To save your changes, click **Submit** (or click Reset to cancel).

7 When the warning message appears that indicates all data currently residing on the device will be deleted, click **OK** to continue.



Any changes you make are also reflected on the REO Device Summary page.

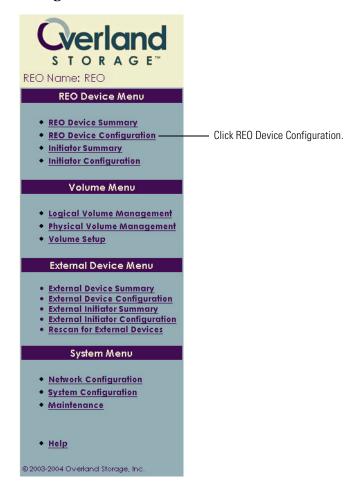


Changes are reflected on the summary.

8 If you want to create dynamic tape devices, continue to the next section; otherwise, proceed to the steps outlined in *Associating Targets (Devices)* and *Initiators* on page 87.

#### Changing a Device from Disk to Dynamic Tape

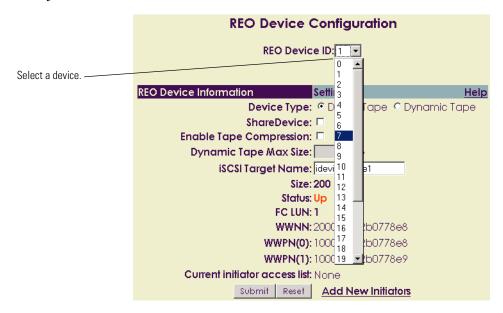
In the left pane, under REO Device Menu, click REO Device Configuration.



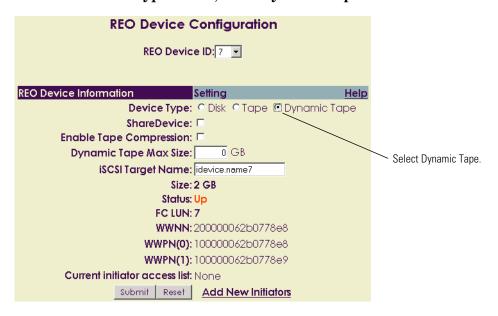
The REO Device Configuration page displays the current settings for the first device listed in the REO Device ID list.

**2** From the **REO Device ID** list, select the first device whose configuration you want to change.

The number of device IDs listed depends on the number of volumes that you created.



3 In the **Device Type** section, select **Dynamic Tape**.



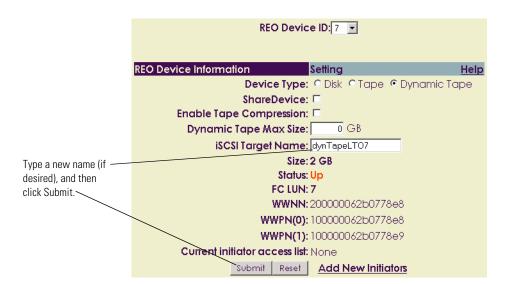
- 4 If you want to maximize backup storage capacity, select the **Enable Tape Compression** check box (for optimal backup performance, leave the check box cleared).
- 5 If you want to specify a maximum size for the tape, enter the size in the **Dynamic Tape Max Size** box.

The default is 0, which allows the appliance to use the available space on a volume, up to  $2198\,$  GB.

Note: If you decide to change the maximum size at a later date, be aware that you can only increase the size; you cannot reduce it. To use a device with a smaller maximum size, you must either delete this device and re-create it using the desired size, or create an additional device that uses the desired size.

**6** To change the default target name of a device, in the **iSCSI Target Name** box, type the new name (for example, LTO7).

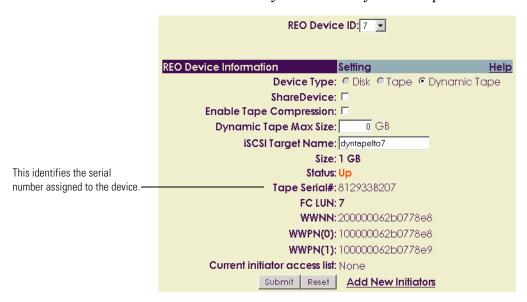
Important: The target names must be unique within a network. If you are using multiple appliances, you must change the default target names. For more information, see *Expanding Storage Capacity* (Scalability) on page 107.



- 7 To save your changes, click Submit.
- **8** When the warning message appears that indicates all data currently residing on the device will be deleted, click **OK** to continue.



After the change is processed, the REO Device Configuration page reappears and displays the serial number assigned to the device. You can use this serial number to identify the device in your backup software.



Any changes you make are also reflected on the REO Device Summary page.

	REO Device Summary					Help
	REO Device ID	iSCSI Target Name	FC LUN	Status	Device Type	Size (GB)
	<u>0</u>	idevice.name0	0	Up	Disk	110
	1	idevice.name1	1	Up	Disk	200
	2	idevice.name2	2	Up	Disk	10
	<u>3</u>	idevice.name3	3	Up	Disk	10
	4	idevice.name4	4	Up	Disk	10
	<u>5</u>	idevice.name5	5	Up	Disk	150
	<u>6</u>	idevice.name6	6	Up	Disk	300
	7	dyntapelto7	7	Up	Dynamic Tape	1
Changes are	B	idevice.name8	8	Up	Disk	1
reflected on	2	ldevice.name9	9	Up	Disk	1
the summary.	<u>10</u>	idevice.name10	10	Up	Disk	5
	<u>11</u>	idevice.name11	11	Up	Disk	5
	<u>12</u>	idevice.name12	12	Up	Disk	1
	<u>13</u>	idevice.name13	13	Up	Disk	1
	<u>14</u>	idevice.name14	14	Up	Disk	1
	<u>15</u>	idevice.name15	15	Up	Disk	1
	<u>16</u>	idevice.name16	16	Up	Disk	1
	<u>17</u>	idevice.name17	17	Up	Disk	1
	<u>18</u>	idevice.name18	18	Up	Disk	1
	<u>19</u>	idevice.name19	19	Up	Disk	1
	<u>20</u>	idevice.name20	20	Up	Disk	1
	<u>21</u>	idevice.name21	21	Up	Disk	1
	22	idevice.name22	22	Up	Disk	1
	23	idevice.name23	23	Up	Disk	1
	<u>24</u>	idevice.name24	24	Up	Disk	1
	<u>25</u>	idevice.name25	25	Up	Disk	1
	<u>26</u>	idevice.name26	26	Up	Disk	1
		enabled, <i>Tape</i> appears in italics. I in any other color than green, see				italics.

**9** After you complete these steps, proceed to the steps outlined in *Associating Targets (Devices) and Initiators* on page 87.



# 8 Configuring External (SCSI) CHAPTER Devices

The SCSI ports on the REO Appliance let you attach external devices (such as tape drives or changers) and then use the console to assign initiators. The appliance provides two SCSI ports, and you can use a chain formation to assign up to 15 SCSI IDs to each port (the SCSI IDs must be unique within each port configuration).

Important: For a list of supported SCSI devices (some device-types and configurations are not currently supported), see the REO Interoperability Matrix on the Overland Storage Web site at www.overlandstorage.com.

#### **Detecting External Devices**

When you enable power to the REO Appliance, it automatically detects whether External Devices are attached to the SCSI ports and displays the applicable information in the External Device Summary and External Device Configuration pages.

If you turn off or detach an External Device while the REO Appliance is running, the External Device remains in the list of REO Device IDs, but the Device Type and SCSI Port:ID are set to None and the Inquiry

Information is set to No Device Found. (The items remain in the External Device Summary and the External Initiator Summary, even if you power down and restart the REO Appliance.)

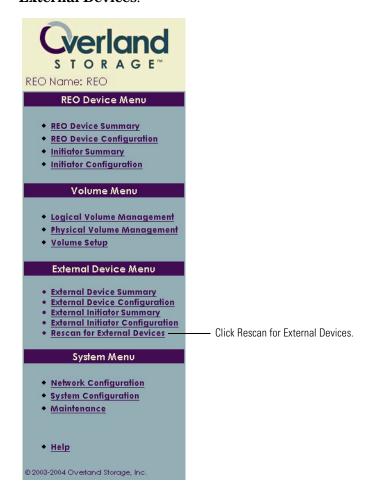
External Device Summary						
<u>Help</u>						
REO Device ID	iSCSI Target Name	Device Type	SCSI Port : ID	Inquiry Information		
<u>160</u>	idevice.name160	Tape	0:5	Quantum DLT4000 D578		
<u>165</u>	idevice.name165	None	None	No Device Found.		
<u>173</u>	idevice.name173	None	None	No Device Found.		

External Initiator Summary						
<u>Help</u>						
Initiator Name		Conr	ection Type			
REO Device Name	REO Device ID	Device Type I SCSI Port : ID   Inquiry Inform				
edinif01	iSCSI					
idevice.name160	<u>160</u>	None	0:0	No Device Found.		
edinit02			iscsi			
idevice.name165	165	Tape	0:5	Quantum DLT4000 D578		
edinit03	iSCSI					
idevice.name179	179	Tape	1:4	WangDAT Model 3400DX 8110		

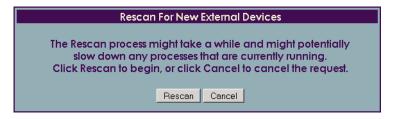
If you attach an External Device while the REO Appliance is running, use the Rescan feature to instruct the REO Appliance to detect the device and display the applicable information in the summary.

#### To update the list of External Devices

1 In the left pane, under External Device Menu, click Rescan for External Devices.



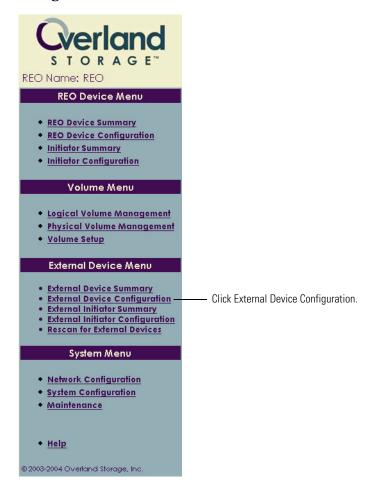
**2** When the following message appears, click **Rescan** to continue.



#### Changing the iSCSI Target Name

Important: The target names must be unique with a network. If you are using multiple appliances, you must change the default target names. For more information, see *Expanding Storage Capacity (Scalability)* on page 107.

1 In the left pane, under External Device Menu, click External Device Configuration.

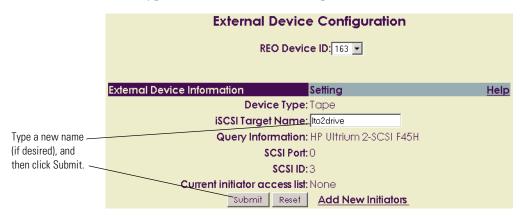


The External Device Configuration page displays the current settings for the first External Device listed in the REO Device ID list.

2 From the **REO Device ID** list, select the first device whose configuration you want to change.

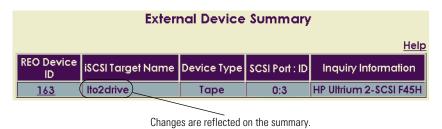
The number of device IDs listed depends on the number of devices attached via the SCSI ports. Up to 30 device IDs (15 for each port) might be listed on this page.

3 To change the default target name of a device, in the **iSCSI Target** Name box, type the new name (for example, LTO2drive).



4 To save your changes, click **Submit** (or click Reset to cancel).

Any changes you make are also reflected on the External Device Summary page.



**5** After you complete these steps, proceed to the steps outlined in *Associating Targets (Devices) and Initiators* on page 87.



# 9 Associating Targets (Devices) and Initiators

The main steps involved in associating targets (REO Devices) and initiators with each other include:

- **Step 1** Understanding how the targets and initiators must be identified so that they can successfully communicate with each other.
- **Step 2** Making sure that IP addresses and names match on both the targets and the initiators.
- **Step 3** Making another backup copy of the REO SoftKey so that your configuration information is preserved.

### Understanding How Initiators and Targets (Devices) are Connected

To configure the REO Appliance as a backup-and-recovery-acceleration appliance, you must provide target and initiator information. Each volume on the REO Appliance is a target (REO Device); the servers are initiators.

If you are using iSCSI initiators, an iSCSI name is required both at the targets and at the initiators. An iSCSI target name is required because it uniquely identifies a target as a storage resource for the initiators. An iSCSI initiator name is required because it helps identify an initiator for the purpose of target resource allocation (that is, which initiator has access to which target resource).

If you are using FC initiators, you must provide a WWNN and WWPN for the same purpose of providing a unique identifier.

#### **Reviewing iSCSI Naming Conventions**

iSCSI names must be unique within the domain of the end user. However, because user domains can potentially merge with other user domains, the iSCSI naming mechanism is structured to ensure worldwide uniqueness. To ensure both domain and worldwide name uniqueness, iSCSI provides for the use of different types of naming mechanisms, based on the naming authority. Each iSCSI name is prefixed with a short designator string that indicates the type of naming

authority. The iqn prefix is used for iSCSI-qualified names and the eui prefix is used for Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) iSCSI names.

To ensure the free movement of network HBAs between hosts without carrying over the SCSI state information, iSCSI initiator names are associated with iSCSI nodes instead of with network adapter cards. A target name should not be tied to hardware interfaces, which can be changed. A target name should identify the logical target and must be the same for the target, regardless of the physical portion being addressed.

#### iSCSI-Qualified Names

iSCSI-qualified names are constructed in four parts, each separated by a decimal. The first part of the name is the *iqn* prefix. The second part of the name is a date code in yyyy-mm format. The third part is a reversed domain name, and the fourth part is any string (within the character set and length boundaries) that uniquely identifies the initiator or target. For example, the iSCSI-qualified name **iqn.2002-**

**07.com.mycompany.storage:drive1** can be broken down into four parts as shown.

Type	Date	Organization Naming Authority	Subgroup Naming Authority
iqn	2002-07	com.mycompany	storage:drive1

Note: To enhance ease-of-use, the REO Appliance uses more simplified iSCSI target names.

#### **IEEE iSCSI Names**

IEEE iSCSI names are used when a manufacturer is already basing unique identifiers on worldwide names, as defined in the SCSI SPC-2 specification (ANSI [American National Standards for Information Systems], 2001. NCITS.351:2001. SCSI Primary Commands - 2 [SPC-2].). IEEE iSCSI names are constructed in two parts, separated by a decimal. The first part of the name is the *eui* prefix. The second part of the name is an EUI-64 address in ASCII hexadecimal (16 digits). For example, the IEEE iSCSI name **eui.02004567A425678D** can be broken down into two parts as shown.

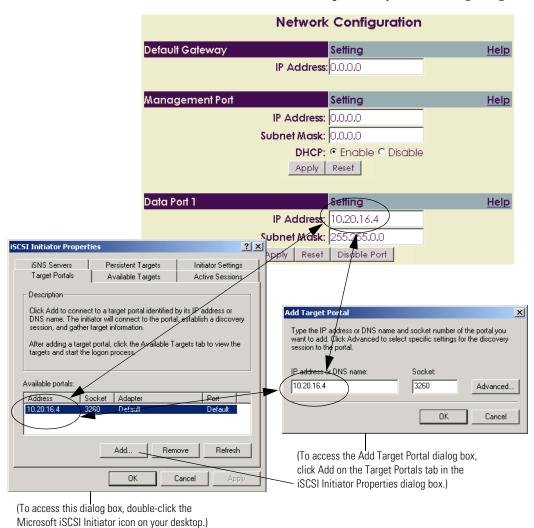
Туре	EUI-64 Worldwide Name
eui	02004567A425678D

### Reviewing How Targets (REO Devices) and Initiators are Associated

After you have named the targets and initiators (described later in this chapter), you must assign them to each other in pairs. This must be performed both on the REO Appliance by using the REO Appliance software console and on the application or backup server by using the iSCSI initiator management tools. The following illustrations demonstrate how this should be accomplished in an iSCSI configuration using the Microsoft iSCSI initiator.

### 1 Match the Data Port IP address on the REO Appliance to the target address on the backup server.

For example, if Data Port 1 on the REO Appliance is assigned an IP address of 10.10.50.42, the IP address on the REO Appliance Network Configuration page must match the target address on the iSCSI configuration tool screens (you must launch the iSCSI configuration tool to obtain this information) for the backup server you are configuring.



Note: The preceding example illustrates using the Microsoft iSCSI Configuration Tool.

### 2 Verify that the iSCSI Target Name on the REO Appliance matches the target name on the backup server.

For example, if one of the volumes on the REO Appliance is named **idevice.name0**, this is the iSCSI Target Name. The target name on the REO Appliance Device Configuration page must match the target name on the iSCSI configuration tool screens for the backup server you are configuring.

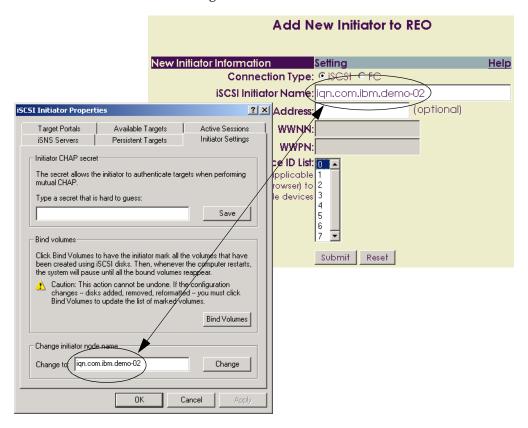
Important: The target names must be unique within a network. If you are using multiple appliances, you must change the default target names. For more information, see *Expanding Storage Capacity* (*Scalability*) on page 107.



### 3 Match the iSCSI initiator name on the REO Appliance to the initiator name on the backup server.

For example, if one of the volumes on the REO Appliance is named **idevice.name0**, this is the iSCSI Target Name. You must assign at least one initiator to this target (if you do not, you will not be able to access the disk). The iSCSI initiator name on the initiator portion of the REO Appliance Device Configuration page must match the initiator name on the iSCSI configuration tool screen for the backup server you are configuring.

The Initiator IP Address field is optional. If used, both the iSCSI initiator name and the IP address will be checked by the REO Appliance and must match for access to be granted.



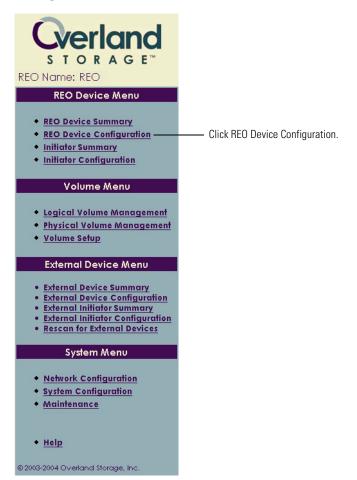
## Configuring Targets (REO Devices and External Devices) and Initiators

Each disk or LUN on the REO Appliance is an iSCSI or FC target and has a passive role in fulfilling requests initiated by the application or backup server.

The backup server is an initiator and plays the active role in issuing commands. An initiator is configured in conjunction with targets on the REO Appliance as an access control mechanism. You must configure an initiator by using the initiator software *and* by using the REO Appliance console. You can assign up to eight initiators (iSCSI, FC, or a combination of both) to each REO disk device (a virtual tape device currently supports only one initiator) or External Device.

#### **Configuring REO Devices (Targets) and Initiators**

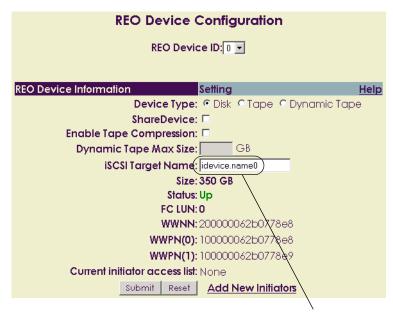
1 In the left pane, under **REO Device Menu**, click **REO Device Configuration**.



The iSCSI Target Name fields are assigned default values of idevice.name0 through idevice.name23 (JBOD); idevice.name0, idevice.name1, idevice.name12, and idevice.name13 (RAID 0 or 5, without logical volumes); or idevice.name0 up through idevice.name63 (RAID 0 or 5, with up to 64 logical volumes).

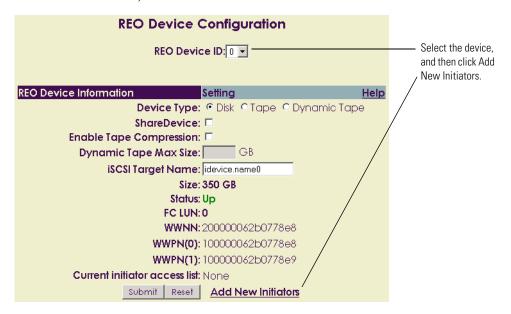
Important: The target names must be unique within a network. If you are using multiple appliances, you must change the default target names. For more information, see *Expanding Storage Capacity* (*Scalability*) on page 107.

2 To change an **iSCSI Target Name**, type the new name in the text box, and then click **Submit**.



To change a target's name, type the new name in this box, and then click Submit.

**3** From the **REO Device ID** list, select the device for which you want to add initiators, and then click **Add New Initiators**.

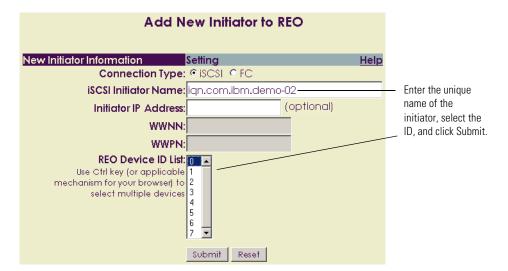


- **4** If you are working with *iSCSI*, do the following:
  - **a** In the **Connection Type** section, make sure that iSCSI is selected (this is the default).
  - **b** In the **iSCSI Initiator Name** box, enter a unique name (up to 223 alphabetical or numerical characters) of an authorized initiator for the target.

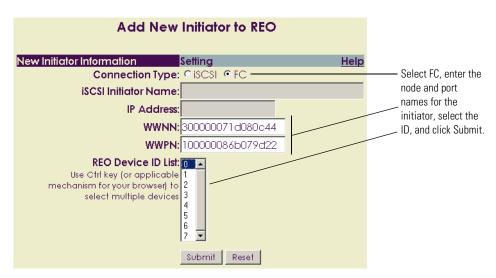
The fully qualified iSCSI name is assigned by the manufacturer of either the software initiator or the storage adapter installed on your backup server.

The iSCSI initiator name entered here *must* match the name of the iSCSI initiator on the associated backup server.

Tip: To copy the initiator name if you are using the Microsoft initiator driver and then paste it here, use the initiator configuration tool. Click the Initial Settings tab, highlight the initiator node name, click Edit, and copy the initiator node name.



- **c** (Optional) In the **Initiator IP Address** box, if you want to use an additional level of authentication, use dotted decimal notation to enter the IP address of the backup server.
  - If present, the IP address of the initiator is compared with the IP address you enter here.
- **5** If you are working with *Fibre Channel*, do the following:
  - a In the Connection Type section, select FC.
  - **b** In the **WWNN** and **WWPN** boxes, enter the official node and port names of the authorized initiator for the target.
  - Tip: You can retrieve the initiator WWNN and WWPN by using the specific FC host adapter management software utility or by querying the name server on the FC switch.



- **6** From the **REO Device ID** list, select the ID for the target to which you are assigning this initiator.
- 7 Click Submit.
- 8 Repeat step 3 through step 7 for each target.

#### Configuring the iSCSI Initiator with Target (REO Device) and Initiator Assignments

▶ On each applicable server, use the management tool that came with your iSCSI initiator to specify the target (REO Device) information.

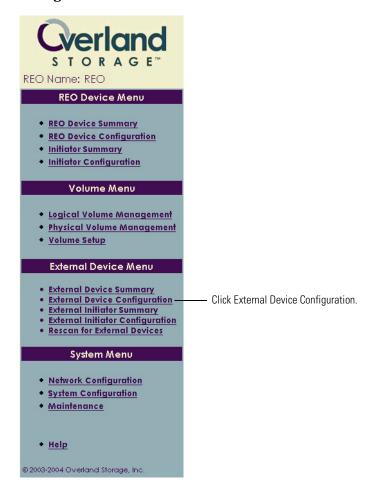
To configure the REO Appliance as a backup-and-recovery-acceleration appliance, you must provide target (REO Device) and initiator (host) information. An iSCSI name (for iSCSI) or a set of WWNN and WWPN names (for FC) is required for both the targets and the initiators. After targets and initiators have been specified, they must be assigned to each other. This must be performed on the server by using the software or hardware initiator, and on the REO Appliance by using the REO Appliance console, which you completed in the previous section.

Note: For detailed information on various drivers and adapters, see the manufacturer's documentation for assistance on assigning targets. You can also check the Overland Web site (www.overlandstorage.com) for the applicable Application Notes.

#### **Configuring External Devices (Targets) and Initiators**

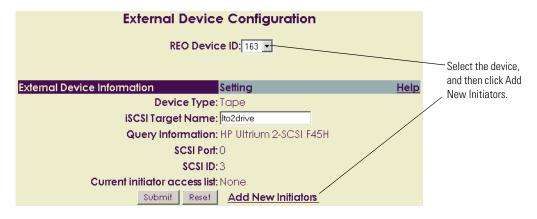
This process is similar to the steps outlined earlier for configuring REO devices. For detailed information, refer back to *Configuring REO Devices* (*Targets*) and *Initiators*.

1 In the left pane, under External Device Menu, click External Device Configuration.

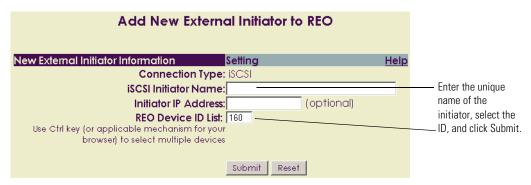


The iSCSI Target Name fields are assigned default values of **idevice.name160** through **idevice.name189**. For details on changing a name, see *Changing the iSCSI Target Name* on page 84.

**2** From the **REO Device ID** list, select the device for which you want to add initiators, and then click **Add New Initiators**.



3 In the **iSCSI Initiator Name** box, enter a unique name (up to 223 alphabetical or numerical characters) of an authorized initiator for the target.



- **4** (Optional) In the **Initiator IP Address** box, if you want to use an additional level of authentication, use dotted decimal notation to enter the IP address of the backup server.
  - If present, the IP address of the initiator is compared with the IP address you enter here.
- **5** From the **REO Device ID** list, select the ID for the target to which you are assigning this initiator.
- 6 Click Submit.
- 7 Repeat step 2 through step 6 for each target.

#### Configuring the iSCSI Initiator with Target (External Device) and Initiator Assignments

▶ On each applicable server, use the management tool that came with your iSCSI initiator to specify the target (External Device) information.

#### **Backing Up Your REO SoftKey (Post-Configuration)**

Make another backup copy of all the files on the REO SoftKey.

- 1 Transfer the REO SoftKey to a USB port on a Windows 2000, 2003, or XP system that contains active virus-protection software.
- 2 If you are using Windows, double-click **My Computer** on your desktop (or use Windows Explorer), and browse to the software-key disk drive.
  - The name of this disk varies based on your system configuration, but it will be called something like Removable Disk (G:).
- **3** Make a backup copy of all the data on the REO SoftKey, and store the copy in a secure location.



### 10 Working with the REO 9000

This chapter provides a few tips on working with the REO Appliance including:

- Logging on to the Web interface.
- Reviewing the information displayed in the REO Device Summary.
- Switching from one configuration to another.
- Understanding how disk drives are numbered.
- Powering down the REO Appliance.

#### Logging On from Any System with Network Access

After you have completed configuration of the REO Appliance, you can access the REO Appliance console from any system that has network access to the IP address of the Management Port.

- 1 Choose one of the following:
  - If you are using DHCP, using the management system, access the mapped drive \\REO\programs, and then double-click the Overland.html file.
  - If you are not using DHCP, in your Web browser, type the IP address assigned to the Management Port for the REO Appliance.

Tip: You can also use the IP addresses assigned to the Data Ports, which you can do even if you are using DHCP.

**2** When the prompt appears, type your name and password (the defaults are Administrator and system) *in case-sensitive format*.



The REO Appliance console appears.



Note: If multiple users log on to the console at the same time, the console saves the last update received.

#### **Understanding the Summary Pages**

The ProtectionPAC software includes a summary page that lists the REO Devices and another that lists the initiators. If you are using external devices, there are also corresponding summary pages for those devices and initiators.

#### Reviewing the REO Device Summary Page

The REO Device Summary page provides an immediate view of your REO Appliance and its status. The following shows two examples of what you might see on this page (what you see depends on how you configure your REO Appliance).

REO Device Summary					
REO Device ID	iSCSI Target Name	FC LUN	Status	Device Type	Size (GB)
<u>0</u>	idevice.name0	0	Up	Tape	399
1	idevice.name1	1	Up	Tape	399
2	idevice.name2	2	Up	Tape	399
<u>3</u>	idevice.name3	3	Up	Disk	399
<u>4</u>	idevice.name4	4	Up	Disk	399
<u>5</u>	idevice.name5	5	Up	Disk	399
<u>6</u>	idevice.name6	6	Up	Disk	399
<u>7</u>	idevice.name7	7	Up	Disk	399
<u>8</u>	idevice.name8	8	Up	Disk	399
9	idevice.name9	9	Up	Disk	399
<u>10</u>	idevice.name10	10	Up	Disk	399
<u>11</u>	idevice.name11	11	Up	Disk	399
<u>12</u>	idevice.name12	12	Up	Disk	399
<u>13</u>	idevice.name13	13	Up	Disk	399
<u>14</u>	idevice.name14	14	Up	Disk	399
<u>15</u>	idevice.name15	15	Up	Disk	399
<u>16</u>	idevice.name16	16	Up	Disk	399
<u>17</u>	idevice.name17	17	Up	Disk	399
<u>18</u>	idevice.name18	18	Up	Disk	399
<u>19</u>	idevice.name19	19	Up	Disk	399
<u>20</u>	idevice.name20	20	Up	Disk	399
<u>21</u>	idevice.name21	21	Up	Disk	399
<u>22</u>	idevice.name22	22	Up	Disk	399
<u>23</u>	idevice.name23	23	Up	Disk	399
If compression is enabl	led, <i>Tape</i> appears in italics. If S	hareDev	ice is enables	d, Disk appears in it	alics.

If status appears in any other color than green, see the physical management page!

This image shows the JBOD configuration on an FC-enabled appliance. Three of the REO Devices have been configured to function as virtual LTO-2 tape devices.

This image shows the RAID 5 configuration, with logical volumes, on an FC-enabled appliance. The connections have all been changed to operate through FC. Five logical volumes have been created at this point.

REO Device Summary					
REO Device ID	iSCSI Target Name	FC LUN	Status	Device Type	Size (GB)
<u>0</u>	idevice.name0	0	Up	Disk	110
1	idevice.name1	1	Up	Disk	200
2	idevice.name2	2	Up	Disk	10
<u>3</u>	idevice.name3	3	Up	Disk	10
<u>4</u>	idevice.name4	4	Up	Disk	10
If compression is enabled, <i>Tape</i> appears in italics. If ShareDevice is enabled, <i>Disk</i> appears in italics.  If status appears in any other color than green, see the physical management page!					

The following explains each of the columns:

- **REO Device ID.** This entry is automatically designated by the REO Appliance. Depending on the configuration, you might have up to 64 IDs in this list.
- **iSCSI Target Name.** Displays either the default name assigned by the REO Appliance or the new name assigned by you.
- **FC LUN.** If you purchased the FC-enabled appliance, this column displays the LUN for each device.

■ **Status.** Indicates whether the device is Up or Down. In addition to using an Up or Down label, the color green indicates that the item is okay, orange indicates that the item is in an unprotected state (for example, initializing), and red indicates that the item is unavailable (for example, a disk is missing).

Note: This status is different from that which is shown on the Physical Volume Management page. For example, if you switch from a JBOD configuration to a RAID 5 configuration, the status of the two device IDs on the summary page will be Up, while the status for the two volumes on the Physical Volume Management Page will be INITIALIZING.

- **Device Type.** Indicates whether the device is exported as a disk drive or as a virtual LTO-2 tape drive. If you create a Tape Device or Dynamic Tape Device and select the Enable Tape Compression check box, Tape (or Dynamic Tape) appears in italic formatting in this column. If you use the ShareDevice feature, Disk appears in italic formatting.
- **Size** (**GB**). Indicates the amount of space allocated to the device.

Tip: To access the REO Device Configuration page for a specific device, click the applicable REO Device ID.

#### **Reviewing the Initiator Summary Page**

The Initiator Summary page provides an immediate view of the initiators (systems) that you have defined for the REO Devices. For each initiator, this page shows information such as which devices (targets) it is associated with and the type of connection.

The following image shows the initiators for a RAID configuration using logical volumes on an FC-enabled appliance.

Initiator Summary						
Help						
Initiator Name		Connection Type				
REO Device Name	REO Device ID	Device Status	Device Type	Size (GB)		
sampleiscsiinit01		iSCSI				
idevice.name0	<u>0</u>	Up	Disk	100		
sampleiscsiinit02		iscsi				
idevice.name1	<u>1</u> Up <i>Disk</i> 10					
sampleiscsiinit03		iscsi				
idevice.name9	9 Up Disk 2					
ff01ff01ff01ff01		FC				
idevice.name6	<u>6</u>	Up	Dynamic Tape	1		
idevice.name7	<u>7</u>	Up	Disk	3		
idevice.name8	<u>8</u> Up Tape 2					
<u>aa00aa00aa00aa00</u>	FC					
idevice.name4	<u>4</u>	Up	Disk	50		
If compression is enabled, <i>Tape</i> appears in italics. If ShareDevice is enabled, <i>Disk</i> appears in italics. If status appears in any other color than green, see the physical management page!						

Tip: To access the Initiator Configuration page for a specific initiator, click the applicable Initiator Name. To access the REO Device Configuration page for a specific device, click the applicable REO Device ID.

#### **Reviewing the External Device Summary**

The External Device Summary page provides an immediate view of the External Devices attached to the REO Appliance.



The following explains each of the columns:

- **REO Device ID.** This entry is automatically designated by the REO Appliance. Depending on the configuration, you might have up to 30 IDs in this list.
- **iSCSI Target Name.** Displays either the default name assigned by the appliance or the new name assigned by you.
- **Device Type.** Indicates whether the device is exported as a Changer (medium changer), Tape (tape drive), or CD/DVD (CD-ROM or DVD drive).
- **SCSI Port:ID.** Identifies the SCSI port through which the device is attached and the SCSI ID of the device itself.
- **Inquiry Information.** Displays information published by the device itself (for example, the type of drive technology that the device uses).

#### Reviewing the External Initiator Summary Page

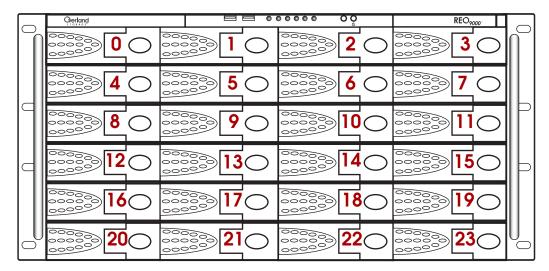
The External Initiator Summary page provides an immediate view of the initiators (systems) that you have defined for the External Devices (targets). For each initiator, this page shows which devices (targets) it is associated with and any information known about those devices.

External Initiator Summary						
<u>Help</u>						
Initiator Name		Conr	nection Type			
REO Device Name	REO Device ID	Device Type I SCSI Port : ID   Inquiry Inform				
edinif01	iSCSI					
idevice.name160	<u>160</u>	None	0:0	No Device Found.		
edinit02			iscsi			
idevice.name165	165	Tape	0:5	Quantum DLT4000 D578		
edinit03	iSCSI					
idevice.name179	179	Tape	1:4	WangDAT Model 3400DX 8110		

Tip: To access the External Initiator Configuration page for a specific initiator, click the applicable Initiator Name. To access the External Device Configuration page for a specific device, click the applicable REO Device ID.

#### Reviewing How the Disk Drives are Numbered

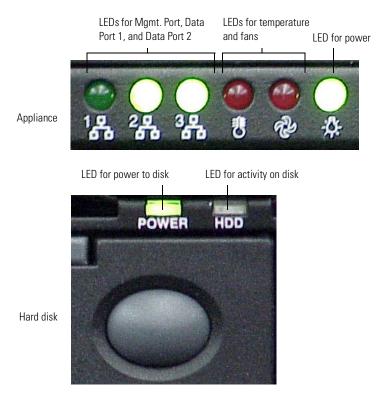
Numbering begins with the disk in the upper-left corner (disk  $\mathbf{0}$ ) and moves from left to right.



#### **Understanding What the LEDs Represent**

The front of the appliance includes several LED lights. If an LED for a port (network connection) is blinking, it indicates that the port is in use. The LED that represents power indicates whether power is enabled.

Each disk drive also presents two LEDs: one for power and one for activity.

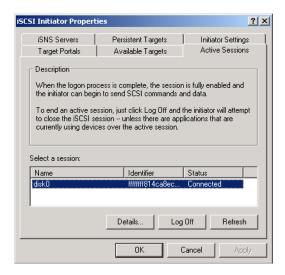


#### Powering Down the REO Appliance

To ensure preservation of data on the REO Appliance, do *not* turn off the appliance using the power button on the REO Appliance. You must verify that none of the initiators have active connections, and you should use the Shutdown/Restart option in the software console to power down the REO Appliance.

1 Make sure that none of the initiators (servers) have active connections with the REO Appliance.

For example, in the iSCSI Initiator Properties dialog box for the Microsoft initiator, you can check the Active Sessions tab to determine if there is a connection that needs to be terminated.



2 In the software console, under **System Menu**, click **Maintenance**.



- 3 In the **System Maintenance** page, under **Shut Down/Restart**, click the applicable button.
  - If you want to shut down the REO Appliance briefly and then automatically restart it, click **Restart**. When the confirmation message appears, click **OK** to continue. Wait several minutes before you log back on to the console.
  - If you want to shut down the REO Appliance and leave the power off, click **Shut Down**. When the confirmation message appears, click **OK** to continue. Wait several minutes before you perform any maintenance on the REO Appliance.





# 11 Expanding Storage Capacity (Scalability)

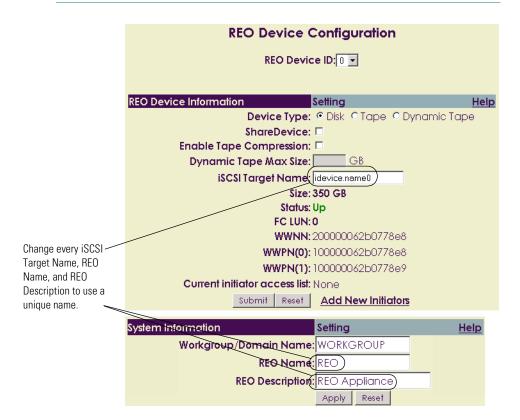
This chapter explains how to add one or more additional REO Appliance appliances to expand the storage capacity in an iSCSI or FC environment. If you are using the 12-disk version of the REO 9000 and you subsequently purchased the additional 12-disk upgrade kit, it also describes how to add the additional disks to the appliance.

Important: If you purchased multiple units, set up (attach and configure) one unit at a time. The target names must be unique within a network; that is, if you are using multiple appliances, you must change the default target names.

## Setting Up Additional REO Appliances in an iSCSI Configuration

- 1 Install, configure, and manage *each* REO Appliance that you purchased using the *same* instructions provided for the REO Appliance that it complements.
  - Using this method, you will have multiple, independent management consoles.
- **2** Enable power to the first appliance and complete the configuration process before enabling power to the next appliance, and so on.

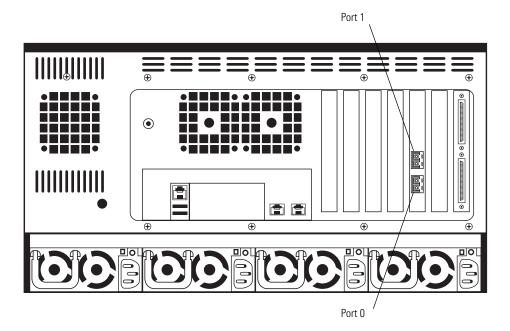
Important: Because *each* appliance (the primary REO Appliance and each associated REO Appliance) has its own console, change the default values for the iSCSI Target Name fields on the REO Device Configuration page, and change the REO Name and REO Description fields (the default is REO) under System Information on the System Configuration page so that *all* names are unique.



## Setting Up Additional REO Appliances in an FC Topology

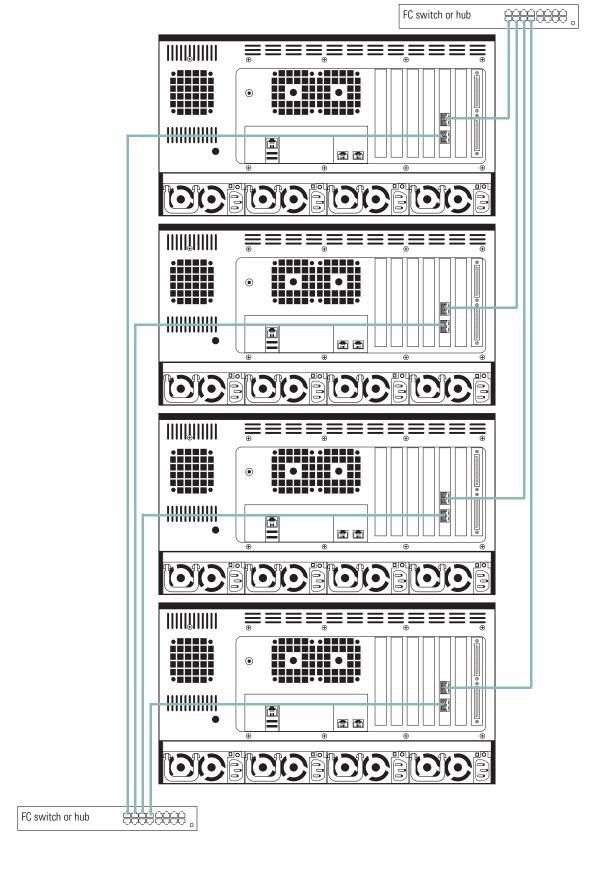
There are two options for adding additional REO Appliances to your FC environment. You can attach each REO Appliance to its own set of ports on an FC switch in a fabric or point-to-point topology. For a loop topology, attach each REO Appliance to its own set of ports on an FC hub.

The Fibre Channel ports on the back of the REO Appliance are numbered port 0 (bottom) and port 1 (top).



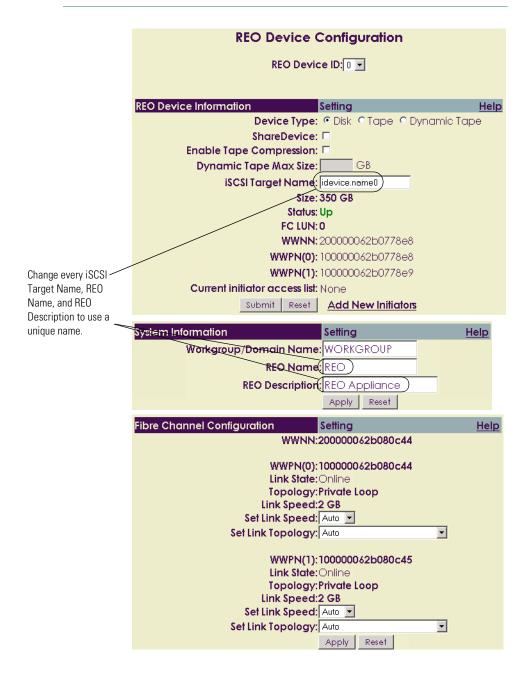
#### Attaching Each REO Appliance Separately

1 Attach each REO Appliance in the set to a separate set of ports on the FC switch or hub.



**2** Configure and manage *each* REO Appliance using the *same* instructions provided for the REO Appliance that it complements.

Important: Because *each* appliance (the primary REO Appliance and each associated REO Appliance) has its own console, change the default values for the iSCSI Target Name fields on the REO Device Configuration page, and change the REO Name and REO Description fields under System Information on the System Configuration page so that all names are unique. Also change the FC-specific information on the Network Configuration page for each additional REO Appliance.

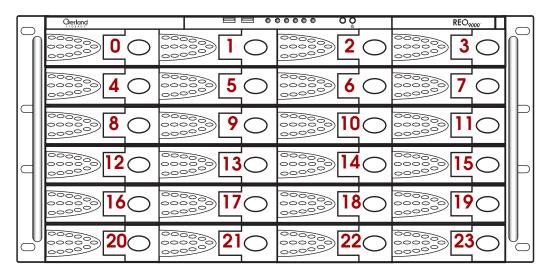


## Expanding the Capacity of a REO 9000 by Adding Disk Drives

If you initially purchased a REO 9000 with 12 disks and subsequently purchased the upgrade for an additional 12 disks, complete the following steps to install the additional disks.

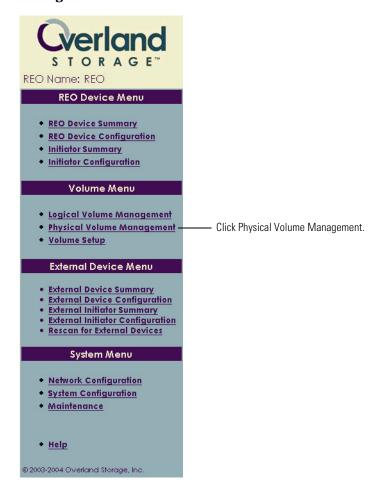
Important: Overland Storage recommends that this part be installed by an authorized IT service person or an Overland Storage-authorized service provider. Improper installation may result in damage to this part or the appliance which will void the current warranty.

- 1 Make sure that the none of the initiators (servers) have active connections with the appliance.
- **2** Open the face-plate to expose the individual disk-drive slots.
- **3** Remove the first *empty* disk carrier (disk 12) by pressing the button on the front of the carrier and using the lever to pull the carrier out of the slot.



- **4** If the new disk carrier (which contains a disk) is not labeled with a slot number, use a blank label from the accessory kit to label the new carrier as disk 12.
- 5 Insert the new disk carrier (disk 12) into the applicable slot on the appliance, and close the disk carrier by making sure that the lever is in its fully extended, open position; pressing the right side of the carrier into the slot; and then pressing the lever in.
  - Pressing the lever in draws the carrier fully into the slot and locks it in place.
- **6** Repeat step 4 and step 5 for each new disk carrier, labeling them in order, until all 12 additional disk drives are seat in the appliance.
- **7** Close the face-plate.

8 In the left pane, under Volume Menu, click Physical Volume Management.



- **9** Perform the applicable steps for the volume configuration that you are using:
  - If you are using a JBOD configuration, the 12 new disks are listed in the FREE DRIVE POOL. Click the **Add** button for the first new disk, and then click **OK** when the confirmation message appears. Repeat this step for each new disk.
  - If you are using a RAID 0 configuration, the new disks are listed in the FREE DRIVE POOL for the second host. Click the **Create** button that appears next to the list of new disks, and then click **OK** when the confirmation message appears. Repeat these steps until there are no disks remaining in the FREE DRIVE POOL and a Create button is no longer available. (For more information, see *Selecting a RAID Configuration* on page 65.)
  - If you are using a RAID 5 configuration, the new disks are listed in the FREE DRIVE POOL for the second host. Click the **Create** button that appears next to the list of new disks, click **OK** if you want to create a hot spare, and then click **OK** when the confirmation message appears. Repeat these steps until there are no disks remaining in the FREE DRIVE POOL and a Create button is no longer available. (For more information, see *Selecting a RAID Configuration* on page 65.)

10 If you are using a RAID configuration with logical volumes, use the **Logical Volume Management** page to expand the size of the existing volumes or create additional volumes.

For more information on creating logical volumes, see  $Creating\ Logical\ Volumes$  on page 71.



## A Sharing Access to a REO 9000 **APPENDIX** Between Multiple Systems

The ShareDevice feature lets you share a single disk (physical or virtual) with more than one initiator. You can use this feature with any combination of iSCSI or FC initiator connections. However, only one initiator can access a single disk (physical or virtual) at a time.

Note: The ShareDevice feature is currently only available on Windowsbased operating systems and is not supported for tape emulation. It also requires that the size of the device being shared is 400 GB or smaller.

For Windows-based initiators, the product includes a set of scripts that helps you automate the process of sharing the disks.

- Ovlndstart.exe. You can insert this file into the pre-processing script of the backup application to suspend operation of the backup job until the REO Appliance is ready (not in use by another server). If your preprocessing utilizes a script or batch file, make ovlndstart.exe the first executable line in the file.
- **Ovlndstop.exe.** You can insert this file into the post-processing script of the backup application to flush all data from cache and then relinquish control of the REO Appliance. If your post-processing utilizes a script or batch file, make ovlndstop.exe the first executable line in the file.

Important: If you do not use the scripts, you might experience errors (for example, "Disk not ready" or "Backup device not ready") when an initiator attempts to access a disk that is currently being controlled by another initiator.

## **Configuring Devices as Shared Devices**

Note the following additions to the steps outlined previously in *Configuring REO Devices as Disk or Tape Devices*.

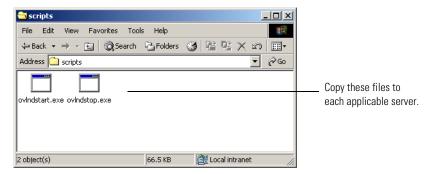
1 Select the **ShareDevice** check box.



- **2** To access the folder that contains script files, which you can append to the default scripts for your backup software, do the following:
  - a Access the mapped network drive **\\REO\programs**.



**b** Open the **scripts** folder, and select the **ovlndstart.exe** and **ovlndstop.exe** files.



- **c** Copy the files to the appropriate location (path) for your backup application (for example, C:\WINNT) folder on each server that will participate in the backup process.
- d Edit your the pre-processing script in the backup application to call **ovlndstart.exe**, and edit the post-processing script to call **ovlndstop.exe**.

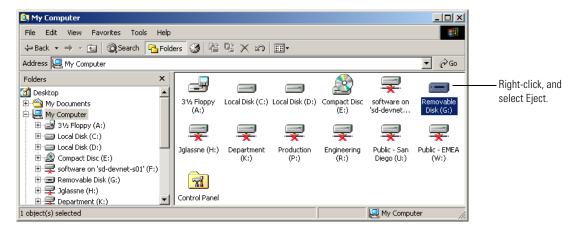
You can use these scripts with any backup software agent that can run pre- and post-process scripts, with batch files that launch backup or copy operations at a later time, or with scheduling tools such as Windows AT Scheduler or WinCron.

Tip: For specific instructions related to some of the backup software products currently supported by the REO Appliance, see the applicable Application Notes on the Overland Storage Web site at: www.overlandstorage.com

### Accessing a Shared Device

After you have completed configuration of the targets and initiators, the REO Appliance makes each REO Device (target) appear as a removable disk on your servers. The removable disk (REO Device) can be sequentially (but not simultaneously) accessed by multiple servers. If the removable disk is available (no activity for approximately five minutes), it can be accessed by either one of the initiators.

► To expedite the process of making the removable disk available, right-click its icon, and select **Eject**.





**APPENDIX** 

## **B** Basic Troubleshooting

As you troubleshoot the REO Appliance, keep the following guidelines in mind:

- Do not turn off the REO Appliance using the power button on the appliance. You must verify that none of the initiators have active connections, and you should use the Shutdown/Restart option in the software console to power down the REO Appliance.
- Never remove the chassis cover.
- If a peripheral does not work, make sure that all connections are secure.

#### **Using the SoftKey Reset Option**

Use this option, which is available via the System Maintenance page, only when you are instructed to do so by Overland Storage Technical Support.

**Important**: If you click Reset, your network- and system-configuration settings will be returned to the factory defaults.

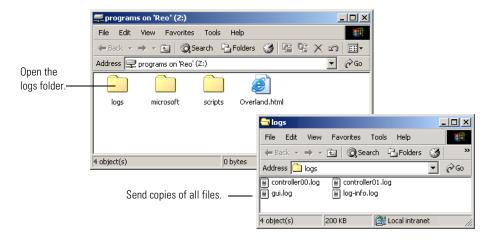


#### Sending the Log Files to Technical Support

The REO Appliance creates and maintains log files that contain diagnostic information intended for use by Overland Storage Technical Support in troubleshooting issues you might encounter. The logs are updated every 60 seconds, with new information appended to the beginning of the applicable file. When the maximum log-file size is reached, previous information is deleted so that new information can be added.

#### To locate the logs (if requested by Technical Support)

1 Access the mapped network drive **\\REO\programs**, and open the **logs** folder.



**2** Use your e-mail application to forward copies of the files to: support@overlandstorage.com.

Tip: If the files are significant in size, consider using an application such as WinZip to compress the logs folder and send the compressed version of the folder instead.

#### **Unable to Access the REO Appliance**

If you cannot access the REO Appliance through the console or through the Data Ports, try the following:

- 1 Check the LED lights on the REO Appliance.
  - If lights are not on, check all connections between the REO Appliance and the power source.
- **2** Make sure that all applicable IP addresses are correct.
- 3 Make sure the network cables are properly installed.
  The network cables must be securely attached at all connect

The network cables must be securely attached at all connections. If the cables appear to be properly attached but the problem persists, try different cables.

### **REO Appliance Does Not Start**

If DHCP is not operational on your LAN, you must manually edit the configuration file on the REO SoftKey before you connect it to the REO Appliance and start it. If you already edited the configuration file or if your LAN uses DHCP and the REO Appliance is beeping repeatedly, it might be because a LAN cable is not connected to the Management Port, the REO SoftKey is not inserted, the key is not inserted correctly, the key is damaged, the copy-protection file on the key is invalid, or the wrong key was used.

#### To determine why the appliance does not start

- ▶ Choose one of the following:
  - If your LAN does *not* use DHCP and you have not edited the configuration file on the key, perform the steps outlined under *Editing* the Configuration File (for a non-DHCP or UNIX Management System) on page 33.
  - If your LAN uses DHCP or if you already edited the configuration file, do the following:
    - Use the software console to restart the REO Appliance. For more information, see *Powering Down the REO Appliance* on page 105.
    - If you want a cable connected to the Management Port, make sure that you are using the applicable type of cable and that a DHCP server available (if the Management Port is configured for DHCP, it will not complete the startup process until a system with DHCP is located). Otherwise, disconnect the cable from the Management Port
    - Make sure that you are using the correct key (for example, if you purchased more than one unit, you might have mixed up the keys).
    - Make sure that the key is functional by inserting it into a USB port on your management system and verifying that you can view the contents.
    - If these steps do not solve the problem, contact Customer Support at Overland Storage. For contact information, see *Customer Support* on page 159.

#### Unable to Log On to the Console

If you are unable to log on to the REO Appliance console, it might be because you are using Internet Explorer and the privacy setting is set above Medium (the console is a Web-enabled program that requires the use of cookies; setting the privacy option higher than Medium prevents the program from working correctly), it might be because you are entering the name and password incorrectly, or it might be because you are using the wrong REO SoftKey.

1 If you receive a message similar to the following, replace the key currently inserted in the appliance with the correct key.

This message indicates that you have inserted a key that is using software version 2.2 or later into an appliance that is currently configured to use software version 2.1 or earlier. For instructions on upgrading the appliance, see the applicable release notes posted on the Web site at www.overlandstorage.com.

# Incompatible SoffKey The SoffKey and the REO are incompatible.

**2** Make sure that you are entering the name and password correctly; they are case-sensitive.

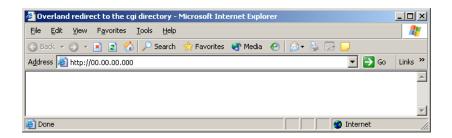
The console uses the following defaults for the name and password:

Name: Administrator Password: system

- 3 If you changed the default name or password and subsequently forget the new information, perform the steps outlined under *I Forgot the New Password or Logon Name* on page 128 to locate the required information.
- 4 If you are unable to access the console in Internet Explorer running on any version of Windows other than Windows Server 2003, do the following (if you are using Windows Server 2003, perform the steps outlined in the next section, *Internet Explorer Does Not Redirect from IP Address on Windows Server 2003*):
  - a Launch Internet Explorer.
  - b In the Tools menu, click Internet Options.
  - **c** On the **Privacy** tab, move the slider to **Medium** (or lower).
  - d To save your changes, click OK.

## Internet Explorer Does Not Redirect from IP Address on Windows Server 2003

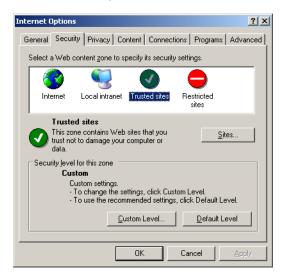
If you access the REO Appliance console using Internet Explorer running on Windows Server 2003, you might see a blank screen after you enter a valid IP address for the REO Appliance to which you are trying to connect.



This happens because Internet Explorer has an enhanced security configuration that is enabled by default in Windows Server 2003. This setting does not allow the server to redirect the IP address to the correct location. To prevent this from occurring, you need to add the IP address for the REO Appliance to the list of trusted sites for this server.

#### To add the REO Appliance to the list of trusted sites

- 1 Launch Internet Explorer.
- 2 In the **Tools** menu, click **Internet Options**.
- 3 On the Security tab, select Trusted Sites, and then click Sites.



4 In the **Add this Web site to the zone** box, type the IP address for the REO Appliance, and click **Add**.



- 5 To dismiss the **Trusted sites** dialog box, click **Close**, and then click **OK** to save your changes and close the **Internet Options** dialog box.
- **6** In the browser window, try accessing the console for the REO Appliance again.

The log on window should appear.



# Browser Does Not Reflect Changes Made from Another System or Browser Window

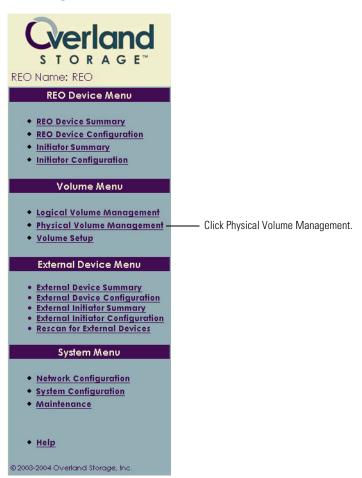
If you have multiple browser windows open that are pointing to the same REO Appliance, changes that you make from one browser window will not display in another (second) browser window until you log out of the second window and log back on. This occurs whether the second browser window is open on the same system or on a different system.

► To view updates, exit the browser, open the browser, and log back on.

### Unable to Connect to the Disks via Windows Explorer

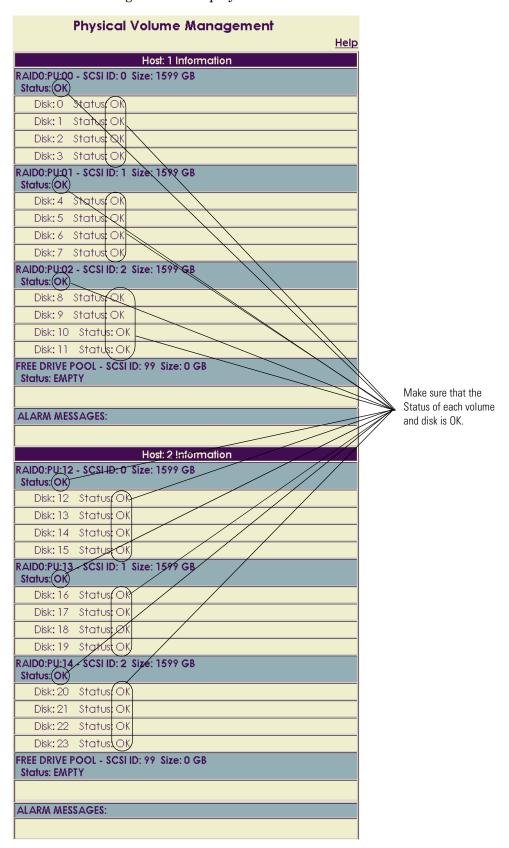
If you are unable to access the disks on the REO Appliance, it might be because the system or a disk on the appliance is malfunctioning, because the disks were reformatted using a file system other than NTFS, or because the disks are not formatted.

- 1 Make sure that the REO Appliance is turned on and that all cables are correctly connected.
- 2 Make sure that you can view other disks from the same initiator. If not, there might be a problem with a cable or the Ethernet connection.
- 3 Make sure that you can view the targets (REO Devices) from the initiator.
  - a Log on to the software console.
  - b In the left pane, under Volume Menu, click Physical Volume Management.



**c** Verify that the **Status** of each volume and disk is **OK**, which indicates that the target is functioning correctly.

d Check the ALARM MESSAGES section to see if there are any alerts regarding the disks. These messages (also known as asynchronous event notifications) display additional information about each disk that might not be displayed in an alert e-mail.



4 If you are trying to view the disks from a Windows NT system, make sure that the disks are formatted as NTFS volumes.

The disks are factory-formatted using NTFS 4. If you reformat the disks as another type of file system (such as FAT or FAT32), you will not be able to access the disks using Windows NT. If you are able to view the disks from Windows 2000 or 2003, but not from Windows NT, it indicates that the disks are not NTFS.

Tip: To double-check the file-system property, on a Windows 2000 or 2003 system, right-click the disk, click Properties, and note the File system designation on the General tab.

### Perpetual Loop of Audio Alerts

On startup, the REO Appliance might reach an error state and begin an endless loop of alerts. The pattern (2 beeps separated by a 1-second delay) repeats every 4 seconds.

▶ If the REO Appliance reaches this error state, turn the REO Appliance off and then back on.

The cause of this error state might also be one of the following:

- A LAN cable is not connected to the Management Port.
- The REO SoftKey is not inserted, is not inserted correctly, or is physically damaged.
- The wrong REO SoftKey was used (you inserted the wrong key).

#### Disabling the Audio Alarm

If a power supply or fan fails or detects an issue with the appliance, an audible alarm sounds. If you do not have the spare component needed to correct the situation (for example, if you need to replace a power supply), press the small, red button on the back of the appliance to turn off the sound temporarily (after you correct the situation, make sure that you press the button again to engage the audio feature).

#### Systems Restart When I Map a Disk Drive

If your systems restart whenever you try to map a disk, it indicates that your LAN does not use DHCP, and you did not manually edit the configuration file located on the REO SoftKey before continuing with the configuration process.

▶ If your LAN does *not* use DHCP and you have not edited the configuration file on the key, perform the steps outlined under *Editing* the Configuration File (for a non-DHCP or UNIX Management System) on page 33.

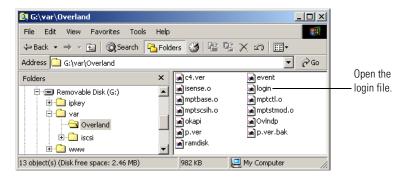
### I Forgot the New Password or Logon Name

If you change the default name and password that you use to log on to the console and subsequently forget the new information, use the following steps to locate the required information.

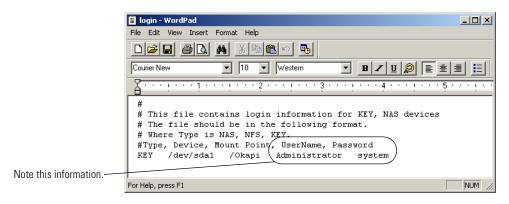
1 Make sure that you are entering the name and password correctly; they are *case-sensitive*.

The default name is Administrator, and the default password is system.

**2** Using a text editor, open the **login** file located in the *<drive>*:\var\Overland folder on the REO SoftKey.



3 Search for the line with UserName and Password, and note the corresponding information.



**Important**: Do *not* use this file to modify the name or password information.

# Lost or Damaged REO SoftKey or Files Accidentally Deleted from the Key

The REO SoftKey contains the software and settings required for configuring the REO Appliance that you purchased (note that if you purchased multiple units, the keys are not interchangeable). If you lose or damage this key, you cannot restart or reconfigure your REO Appliance.

**Important**: If you purchased multiple units, note that the keys are *not* interchangeable.

- 1 Note the serial number of your REO Appliance, which is located on the exterior of the appliance.
- 2 Contact Customer Support at Overland Storage.
  For contact information, see Customer Support on page 159.

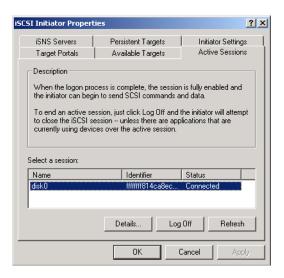
# Determining Whether a Disk Drive is Faulty or There is a Problem with the REO Appliance

When there is a problem with a disk drive, its Status on the Physical Volume Management page is reported on as NOT PRESENT, and the disk moves to the FREE DRIVE POOL section (if you are using RAID 0, all associated disks in the applicable volume also move to the FREE DRIVE POOL section). The first step you can take is to force an addition of the disk (JBOD only), re-creation of the volume that contains the disk drive in question (RAID 0), rebuild of the volume that contains the disk drive in question (RAID 5 without hot spares), or re-creation of a hot spare (RAID 5 with hot spares). The next step is to replace the applicable disk with a spare disk.

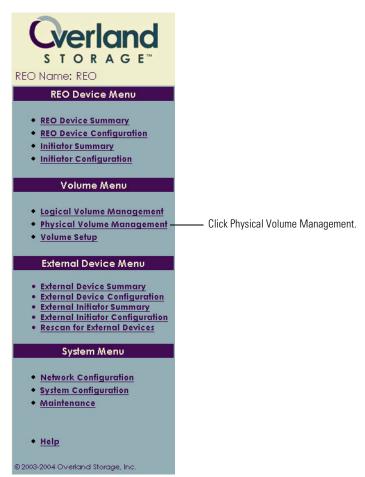
#### Forcing an Add (JBOD)

1 Make sure that none of the initiators (servers) have active connections with the REO Appliance.

For example, in the iSCSI Initiator Properties dialog box for the Microsoft initiator, you can check the Active Sessions tab to determine if there is a connection that needs to be terminated.

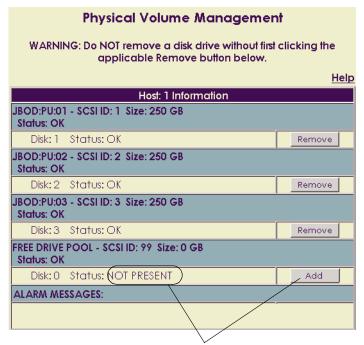


- **2** Log on to the software console.
- 3 In the left pane, under Volume Menu, click Physical Volume Management.



4 In the **Physical Volume Management** page, click the **Add** button next to the disk drive whose **Status** is **NOT PRESENT**.

When a disk is unavailable, it appears in the FREE DRIVE POOL section of the page.



For the disk whose Status is NOT PRESENT, click Add.

**5** When the confirmation message appears, click **OK**.



- **6** Note whether the **Status** of the specific disk drive changes to **OK**.
  - If the disk drive is recovered, the disk returns to its position in the list (that is, it no longer appears in the FREE DRIVE POOL section), the **Status** changes to **OK**, and you can resume normal operations with the REO Appliance.
  - If the disk drive cannot be recovered, the following message appears.

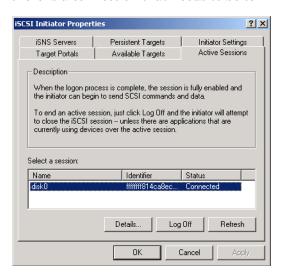


If this message appears, replace the applicable disk with a spare disk (for more information, see *Purchasing a Spare Disk Drive* on page 144). If the REO Appliance continues to report a problem after you replace the disk, contact Overland Storage Technical Support (for more information, see *Customer Support* on page 159).

#### Re-Creating a RAID 0 Volume

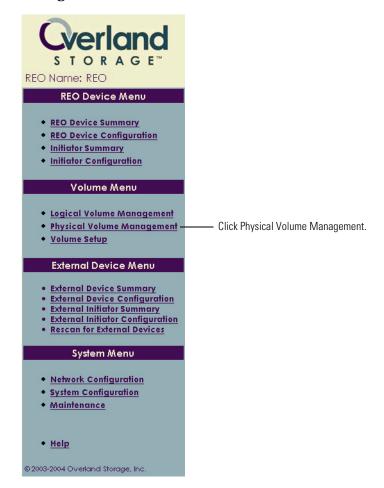
1 Make sure that none of the initiators (servers) have active connections with the REO Appliance.

For example, in the iSCSI Initiator Properties dialog box for the Microsoft initiator, you can check the Active Sessions tab to determine if there is a connection that needs to be terminated.

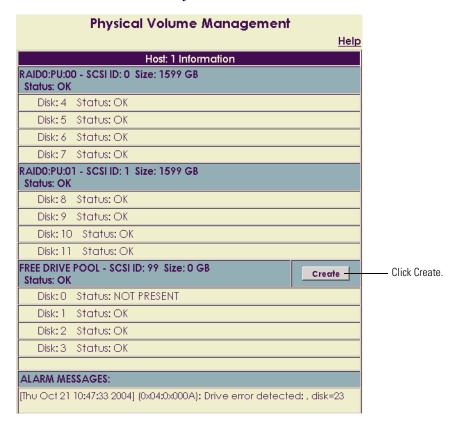


**2** Log on to the software console.

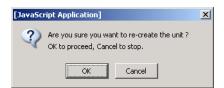
3 In the left pane, under Volume Menu, click Physical Volume Management.



4 In the **Physical Volume Management** page, click the **Create** button for the set of disks currently in the **FREE DRIVE POOL** section.

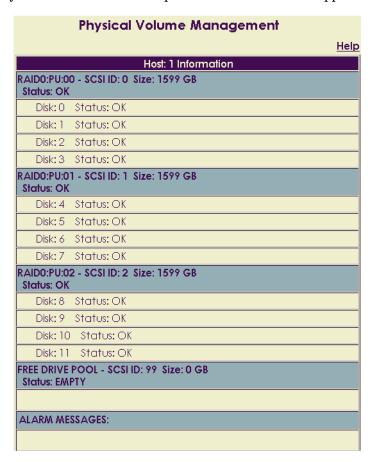


**5** When the confirmation message appears, click **OK**.



The system tries to re-create the volume using the disks that are currently in the FREE DRIVE POOL section. The process will either succeed or fail.

■ If the process succeeds, the volume is re-created. If the Status is OK, you can resume normal operations with the REO Appliance.

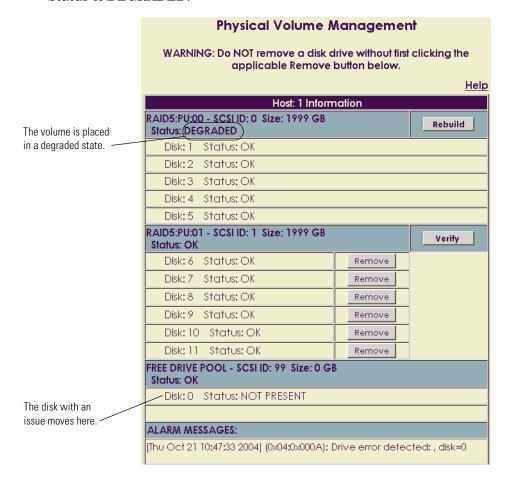


■ If the process fails, an error message appears, and the disks remain in the FREE DRIVE POOL section. You must replace the applicable disk. For more information, see *Purchasing a Spare Disk Drive*. If the REO Appliance continues to report a problem after you replace the disk, contact Overland Storage Technical Support (for more information, see *Customer Support* on page 159).



#### Rebuilding a Volume (RAID 5 Without Hot Spare)

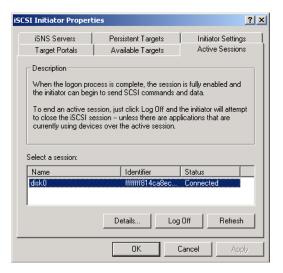
When an issue arises with a disk in a RAID 5 configuration, the disk in question moves to the FREE DRIVE POOL section and the volume has a Status of DEGRADED.



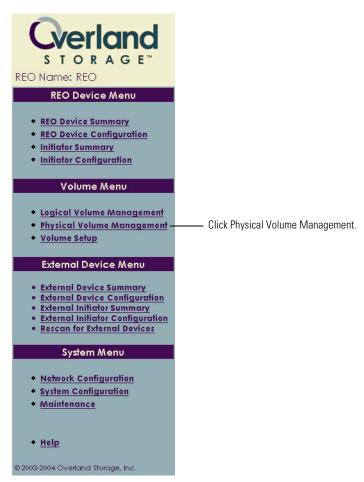
#### To test the disk by forcing a rebuild

1 Make sure that none of the initiators (servers) have active connections with the REO Appliance.

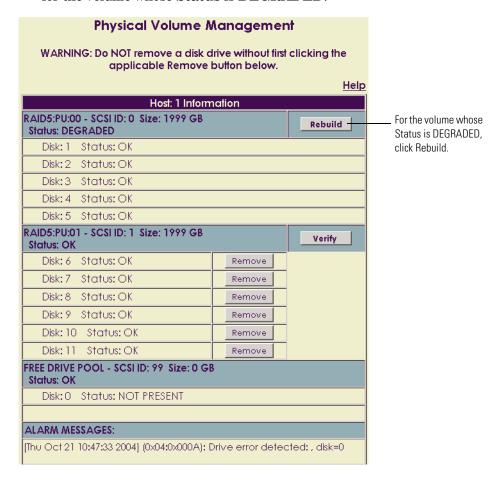
For example, in the iSCSI Initiator Properties dialog box for the Microsoft initiator, you can check the Active Sessions tab to determine if there is a connection that needs to be terminated.



- **2** Log on to the software console.
- 3 In the left pane, under Volume Menu, click Physical Volume Management.



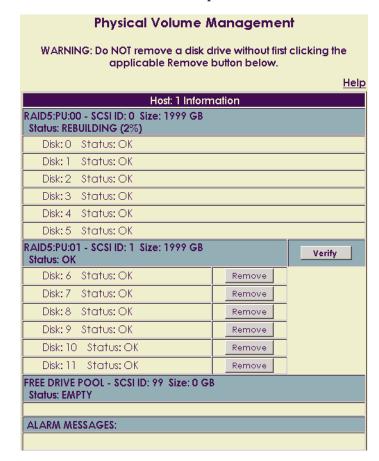
4 In the **Physical Volume Management** page, click the **Rebuild** button for the volume whose **Status** is **DEGRADED**.



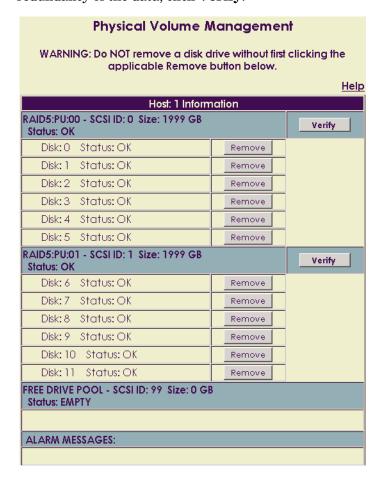
5 When the confirmation message appears, click **OK**.



The system tries to use the disk that is currently in the FREE DRIVE POOL section to rebuild the volume. While in work, the Status of the volume is REBUILDING. The process will either succeed or fail.



■ If the process succeeds, the disk returns to the volume, the Status is OK, and REMOVE buttons become available for the disks. If the Status is OK, you can resume normal operations with the REO Appliance. If you want to ensure the integrity of the volume and the redundancy of the data, click **Verify**.



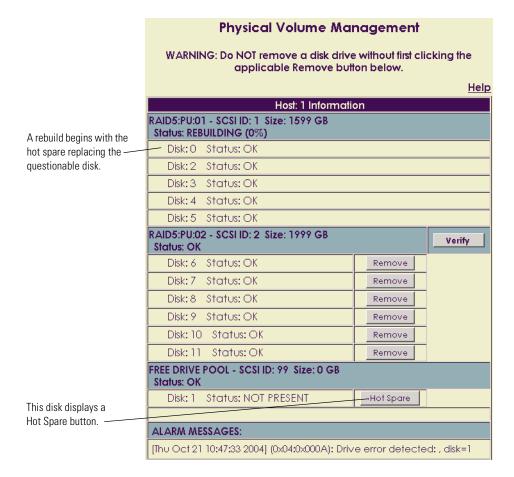
■ If the process fails, an error message appears, and the disk remains in the FREE DRIVE POOL section. You must replace the applicable disk. For more information, see *Purchasing a Spare Disk Drive*. If the REO Appliance continues to report a problem after you replace the disk, contact Overland Storage Technical Support (for more information, see *Customer Support* on page 159).



#### Re-Creating a Hot Spare (RAID 5 With Hot Spares)

When an issue arises with a disk in a RAID 5 configuration and you are using hot spares, the disk in question moves to the FREE DRIVE POOL section, and the system automatically begins a rebuild process by using the disk initially designated as a hot spare.

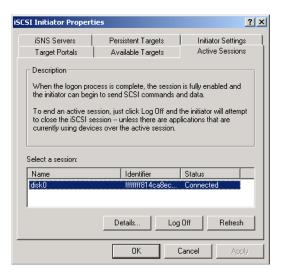
The questionable disk remains in the FREE DRIVE POOL section and is assigned a Hot Spare button. To determine if the questionable disk needs to be replaced, you can use it to re-create a hot spare. If process fails, you must replace the disk.



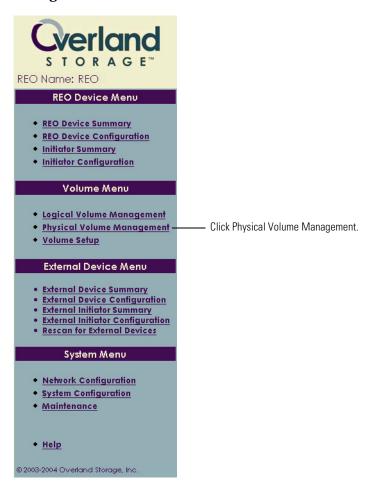
#### To test the disk by creating a hot spare

1 Make sure that none of the initiators (servers) have active connections with the REO Appliance.

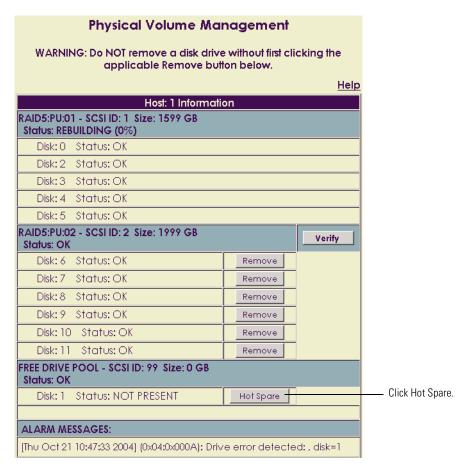
For example, in the iSCSI Initiator Properties dialog box for the Microsoft initiator, you can check the Active Sessions tab to determine if there is a connection that needs to be terminated.



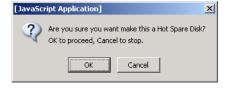
- **2** Log on to the software console.
- 3 In the left pane, under Volume Menu, click Physical Volume Management.



4 In the Physical Volume Management page, click the Hot Spare button next to the disk in the **FREE DRIVE POOL** section.

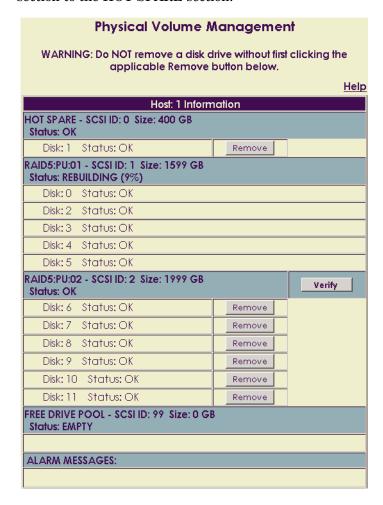


**5** When the confirmation message appears, click **OK**.

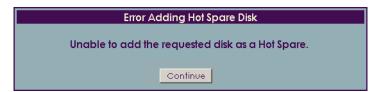


The process will either succeed or fail.

■ If the process succeeds, the disk moves from the FREE DRIVE POOL section to the HOT SPARE section.



■ If the process fails, an error message similar to the following appears. You must replace the applicable disk. For more information, see *Purchasing a Spare Disk Drive*.



#### **Purchasing a Spare Disk Drive**

- 1 Note the serial number of your REO Appliance, which is located on the exterior of the appliance.
- **2** Contact your local reseller or contact Customer Support at Overland Storage.

For contact information, see Customer Support on page 159.

# Does the Appliance Automatically Start After a Power Outage?

If the facility in which your REO Appliance is installed experiences an interruption in power, the appliance will not automatically run through the power-up sequence when power is restored. You must manually start the appliance.

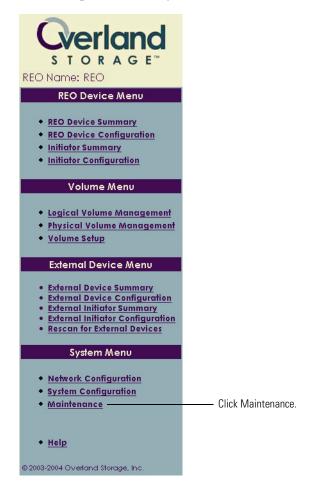


# C Updating the Appliance

Updates for your product might be available via the Overland Storage Web site. The update might be for the software, for the different instances of firmware on the appliance, or for both. Overland Storage recommends that you note what version of the product you have installed and check the Web site to see if an update is available.

## **Determining the Version of the Product**

- 1 Log on to the software console.
- 2 In the left pane, under System Menu, click Maintenance.



3 In the **System Maintenance** page, under **REO Information**, note what is listed for **Product Version**.



## **Checking For and Downloading Updates**

- 1 Go to the Overland Storage Web site at: www.overlandstorage.com
- 2 Click SERVICE & SUPPORT.



3 Log on via the **MEMBER LOGIN** section. For more information, see *Registering Your Product* on page 159.



4 Click KNOWLEDGE CENTER.



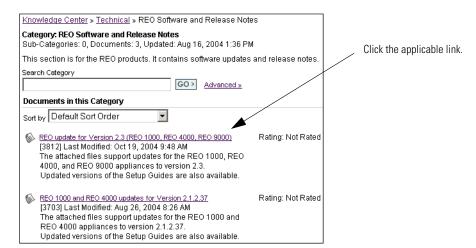
5 In the Browse Documents by Category section, click Technical.



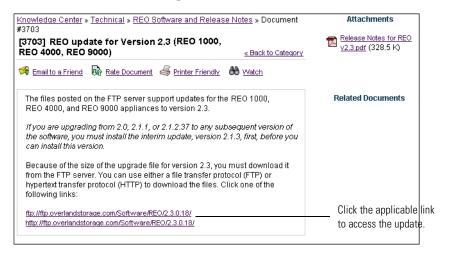
6 In the Sub-Categories section, click REO Software and Release Notes.



7 In the list of results that appears, click the link to the applicable release to download the files.



Because of the size of the upgrade file, you must download it from the FTP server. You can use either a file transfer protocol (FTP) or hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP) to download the files.



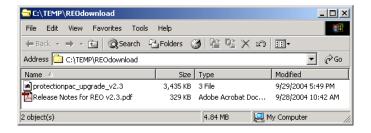


8 Download and save each attachment to your computer.

Tip: If you want to be notified whenever a change is made to REO Software and Release Notes category, click Watch Category.



**9** Save the files to a temporary location on the management system.



# Installing an Update

Installing the upgrade does not affect any data that you currently have stored on the REO Appliance; however, Overland Storage strongly recommends that you back up any data on the appliance before you begin the upgrade process.

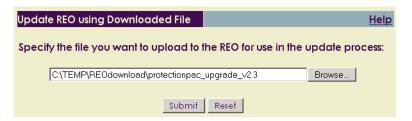
- 1 Log on to the software console.
- 2 In the software console, under **System Menu**, click **Maintenance**.



3 In the **System Maintenance** page, under **REO Information**, click **Update REO**.



4 In the **Update REO using Downloaded File** section, type the path name to point to the file that you downloaded, or click **Browse** to point to it, and then click **Submit**.



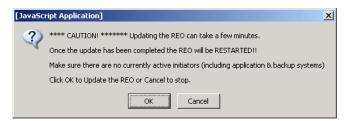
**5** When the confirmation message appears, click **OK**.



**6** When the message appears that indicates the file was successfully uploaded, click **Update**.



7 When the confirmation message appears, click **OK**.



**8** Wait approximately five minutes before logging back on to the REO Appliance.



9 In the software console, under System Menu, click Maintenance.

10 In the **REO Information** section, note that the **Product Version** now reflects the new version of the software.

If applicable, the Flash Version might also be different.



11 If you are using the FC-enabled version of the product, complete the steps in the next section to determine whether an update for the firmware on the FC controller is available.

#### Updating the Firmware on the FC Controller

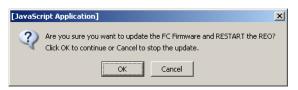
Review the information listed in the **REO Information** section.
If the firmware on your FC controller needs to be updated, you will see information similar to the following:



- **2** If the firmware needs to be updated, detach the FC cables from the REO Appliance, and then click **Update REO**.
- 3 In the Fibre Channel Firmware Updates section of the REO Update page, click Update FC Firmware.



4 When the confirmation message appears, click **OK** to continue.



**5** When the following message appears, attach the FC cables to the appliance.



- **6** Wait approximately five minutes before logging back on to the REO Appliance.
- 7 In the software console, under **System Menu**, click **Maintenance**.
- 8 In the **REO Information** section, note that the **FC Firmware Version** now reflects the new version of the firmware.





# **D** Specifications

This appendix lists the specifications for the REO Appliance.

#### Capacity

Disk Drives	Twelve or Twenty-four SATA $\times$ 250 or 400 GB
Raw Capacity	9.6 terabyte (TB)
RAID Levels	JBOD, RAID 0, RAID 5 with hot spare
Host Interfaces	
Hardware	Two GbE Ports (RJ45)
	One Management Port (RJ45)
	Two Fibre Channel Ports (LC)
	Two Ultra320 SCSI Ports (VHDCI)
	Dual 3+1 RAID controllers
Software	USB Software Key
Storage Protocol	1 gigabit Ethernet/iSCSI, 2 gigabit optical Fibre Channel
Power Requirements	
Voltage	90 to 120 volts alternating current (VAC), 200 to 240 VAC +/- 10 percent
Frequency	47 to 63 hertz (Hz)
Current	6 A at 115 VAC, 3 A at 230 VAC
Power Cord Connector	IEC 60320 C13 Connector
Power Consumption	Steady state 500 watts; peak power 525 watts (fully populated)
Enclosure	
Dimensions	19-by-27-by-8.75 inches (5U rack-mount) (48.26-by-68.58-by-22.22 centimeters)
Weight	130 pounds (59 kilograms)
Environmental Requirements	
Operating	
Humidity	20% to 80% non-condensing
Temperature	50° to 95°F (10° to 40°C)

Altitude	-984 to $10,000$ feet ( $-300$ to $3,048$ meters)
Shock	10 G (11 milliseconds half sine)
Vibration	.25 G swept sine (5–250–5 Hz) no errors
Non-operating	
Humidity	10% to 95% non-condensing
Temperature	-40° to 140°F (-40° to 60°C)
Altitude	-984 to 39,370 feet (-300 to 12,000 meters)
Shock	20 G (11 milliseconds half-sine pulse)
Vibration	1.0 G swept sine (5–250–5 Hz)
Agency Approvals	
Safety and Emissions	TUV NRTL U.S./Can, GS (German, TUV), VCCI, BSMI (Taiwan)
Backup Software Interoperation	BakBone NetVault CommVault Galaxy Computer Associates BrightStor ARCserve LEGATO NetWorker Microsoft Windows 2000 Backup utility Syncsort Backup Express VERITAS Backup Exec for Windows NT and Windows 2000 VERITAS NetBackup
Warranty	For warranty information, see the Web site: www.overlandstorage.com

## **Electromagnetic Emission**

#### **Notice**

This equipment has been tested using shielded cables for EMIcompliance. The use of unshielded cables or modifications requires system testing for EMI testing for compliance to the standard.

### **Industry Canada**

This Class A digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

#### Industrie Canada

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

#### **FCC Notice**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio

communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

#### Japan Voluntary Control Council for Interference (VCCI)

この装置は、情報処理装置等電波障害自主規制協議会(VCCI)の基準に基づくクラスA情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。

#### **Translation**

This is a Class A product based on the standard of the Voluntary Control Council for Interference by Information Technology Equipment (VCCI). If this equipment is used in a domestic environment, radio disturbance may occur, in which case, the user may be required to take corrective actions.

### Taiwan BSMI Class A Warning

#### 警告使用者:

這是甲類的資訊產品,在居住的環境中使用時, 可能會造成射頻干擾,在這種情況下,使用者會 被要求採取某些適當的對策。

#### **Declaration of Conformity**

#### DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Overland Storage (Europe) Ltd. Overland House, Ashville Way Wokingham, Berkshire RG41 2PL England, United Kingdom

on our own responsibility, declare that the product:

Kind of

**REO Series** equipment:

Backup / Restore Acceleration Appliance

Type

designation:

Regulatory series SD3001

is in compliance with the following norms and documents:

European Council Directive 89/336/EEC laws relating to electromagnetic compatibility. (EMC Directive)

EN 55022:1998 Radio Frequency Interference limits and measurement, Information Technology Equipment, class A.

EN61000-3-2:2000, Harmonic Emissions.

EN61000-3-3:1995, Fluctuations and Flicker.

EN 55024:1998, Information Technology Equipment - Immunity.

European Council Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC EN60950-1:2001 Information Technology Equipment - Safety.

Accredited test laboratory:

**TUV Product Service** 10040 Mesa Rim Drive San Diego, CA, 92121, USA

Stephen F. Rayner

**Director & Company Secretary** Manufacturer/Authorized

representative, name and signature

11.6.04

Overland Storage (Europe) Ltd. Overland House, Ashville Way

Wokingham, Berksire

RG41 2PL England, United Kingdom

place and date of issue



# **E** Customer Support

APPENDIX

If you have a technical question about the REO Appliance, try the following:

- 1 Check the documentation and online Help.
- 2 Check the Web site: www.overlandstorage.com

Updates and Release Notes for the latest versions of the REO Appliance products are available from the Overland Storage Web site. The Release Notes include guidelines for upgrading the software and firmware, describe modifications and enhancements made to the product, and identify issues that you should be aware of when using the product. (For more information, see *Checking For and Downloading Updates* on page 148.)

After you register your product via the Web site, you can view and download the Release Notes, as well as any other applicable documentation, such as the latest version of the Setup Guide.

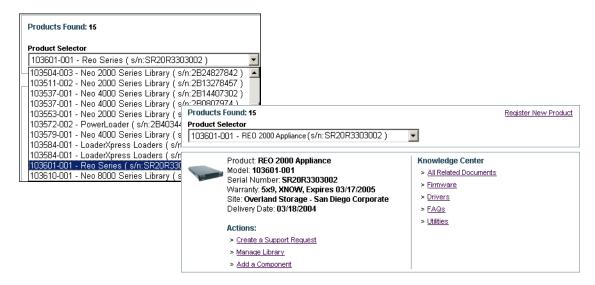
### **Registering Your Product**

- 1 Go to the Overland Storage Web site at: www.overlandstorage.com
- 2 Click SERVICE & SUPPORT.



- 3 If you have previously registered other products, log on via the **MEMBER LOGIN** section; otherwise, click **SIGN UP NOW**, and follow the onscreen steps to create a logon account.
- 4 Under MY PRODUCTS, click Add or Register a New Product.
- **5** Enter the serial number of your REO Appliance (usually located on the back of the unit) and delivery date, and click **SUBMIT**.

You can use the Product Selector to select a product and view information about it.



# **Locating Additional Information for Your Product**

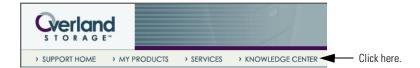
- 1 Go to the Overland Storage Web site at: www.overlandstorage.com
- 2 Click SERVICE & SUPPORT.



**3** Log on via the **MEMBER LOGIN** section.



4 Click KNOWLEDGE CENTER.



- 5 In the Browse Documents by Category section, click Technical.
- 6 Use the **Search Category** feature to search for a specific phrase. You can also open one of the subcategory folders and search from within it.

7 If you still have a question, use the following contact information:

For	Contact
Worldwide Headquarters	Overland Storage, Inc. 4820 Overland Avenue San Diego, CA 92123 Toll Free: 1.800.729.8725 Tel: 1.858.571.5555 Fax: 1.858.571.3664
Sales	Telephone: 1.858.571.5555 Fax: 1.858.571.3664 E-mail: sales@overlandstorage.com
Technical Support	Telephone:  Worldwide: 1.858.571.5555  EMEA: +44 (0) 118.9898050  Fax: 1.858.571.3664  E-mail: support@overlandstorage.com



# Glossary and Acronym List

**Application server.** A networked computer on which production programs are running. The programs on an application server typically handle application interaction between an end-user's browser-based programs and a company's back-end database or business applications. (While the application server runs the programs and processes requests, the actual programs and data are usually stored on a file server.)

**Backup server.** A networked computer that actually stores copies of files from other computers or servers or that runs backup software that automates the backup process of moving copies of files to separate storage medium, such as tape.

**D2D.** Disk-to-disk

**D2D2T.** Disk-to-disk-to-tape

**DHCP.** Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol

**File server.** A networked computer on which programs and data files are stored. (While the application server runs the programs and processes requests, the actual programs and data are usually stored on the file server.)

GbE. Gigabit Ethernet

**HBA.** Host bus adapter

Internet SCSI (iSCSI). A standard protocol for universal access to shared storage devices over standard, Ethernet-based transmission control protocol/Internet protocol (TCP/IP) networks. The connection-oriented protocol transports SCSI commands, data, and status across an IP network.

The iSCSI protocol enables block-level storage applications over TCP/IP networks. It builds on two widely-used technologies—SCSI commands for storage and IP protocols for networking.

- iSCSI uses the SCSI command set, the core storage commands used throughout all storage configurations.
- iSCSI uses IP and Ethernet, the basis for most corporate, metropolitan, and wide-area networks.

iSCSI uses standard Ethernet switches and routers to move the data from server to storage. It also allows IP and Ethernet infrastructure to be used for expanding access to storage area network (SAN) storage and extending SAN connectivity across any distance.

Tip: For more information about iSCSI, se the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) standards for IP storage at www.ietf.org (Internet Society, 2002. iSCSI (Draft), www.ietf.org/internet-drafts/draft-ietf-ips-iscsi-13.txt).

Initiator. The client is an initiator that plays the active role in issuing commands. In iSCSI terms, an initiator is a logical system component (usually present in the form of a device driver) that sends SCSI I/O commands to a target over an I/O bus or network. In this application, the initiator accompanies the initiator software or IP storage HBA on your application or backup server.

**iSCSI target.** The server is a target that plays the passive role in fulfilling client requests. An iSCSI target is a logical system component within an iSCSI appliance that receives SCSI I/O commands from an initiator and executes them. A target includes one or more logical units (LUs); each LU is a SCSI device, such as a disk or tape drive. In this application, the target is the array of disks on the REO Appliance.

FC. Fibre Channel

FC-AL. Fibre Channel Arbitrated Loop

FC-SW. Fibre Channel Switched

JBOD. Just a bunch of disks

LAN. Local-area network

LTO-2. Linear tape-open

LU. Logical unit

LUN. Logical unit number

**LVM.** Logical volume management

**Mail server.** A networked computer that stores and processes incoming and outgoing e-mail.

**Media server.** A VERITAS Backup Exec server that runs the Backup Exec engine. (Outside the VERITAS backup environment, a media server usually refers to a server that handles the transmission of audio and video information, such as a streaming-media server.)

**Medium Changer.** A secondary device that automates the movement of media to and from a primary device.

NIC. Network interface card

**Print server.** A networked computer that stores and processes print requests to a printer from an end-user's computer and returns status information to the end-user.

**RAID.** Redundant array of independent disks

**REO Device ID.** The SCSI target presented to the initiators.

SAN. Storage-area network

SCSI. Small Computer System Interface

**Target.** The target is a resource that receives and executes client requests.

TCP/IP. Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol

TOE. TCP offload engine

**U** (as in 2U). Unit; measures the height of a rack-mounted appliance. 1U is equal to 1.75 inches (4.445 centimeters).

**UPS.** Uninterruptible power supply

**Volume.** In this context, there are two types, physical and logical. The physical volume correlates directly to a physical disk drive in a JBOD or RAID configuration. A logical volume is based on a configuration and specification set by you.

WWNN. Worldwide node name

**WWPN.** Worldwide port name



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