Panasonic



Non-Linear Editing System

AJ-DE97_P

Installation Manual

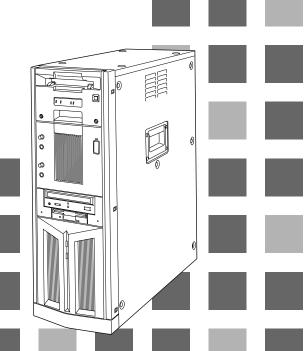
Thank you for purchasing the the unit.

Please read through this manual which tells you:

- How to set up the unit (assembly precautions)
- How to check the unit's functions (methods for checking that the functions are operating after startup)

Reading through this Manual before proceeding with installation will make it easier to understand the installation procedures involved.

For details on video and audio uploading, editing and other operations, refer to the Reference Manual (AJ-SF97).



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To improve the operating efficiency, the devices, etc. listed in these operating instructions are subject to change without prior notice.

Chapter 1 Do these first!

This chapter explains the procedures (setup) to prepare the purchased unit for operation and the cautions to be heeded.

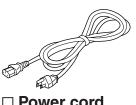
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1-1. Checking the accessories and attaching the stabilizer feet



Before proceeding with the connections, check that all the accessories shown below are present and accounted for.

Do not subject the supplied mouse, keyboard or cables to strong bumps or shocks. Doing so could damage them.



□ Power cord



□ Keyboard



☐ Mouse



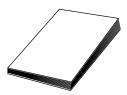
☐ Stabilizers (×4)

 \square mounting screws (×8)

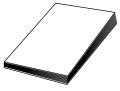


When the SCSI hard disk drive for external expansion purposes is to be connected, attach one ferrite core to one end of the SCSI I/F cable and the other one to the other end.

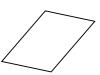
 \square Ferrite cores (×4)



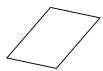
□ Installation manual (which you are now reading)



□ Operating instructions



☐ Warranty card

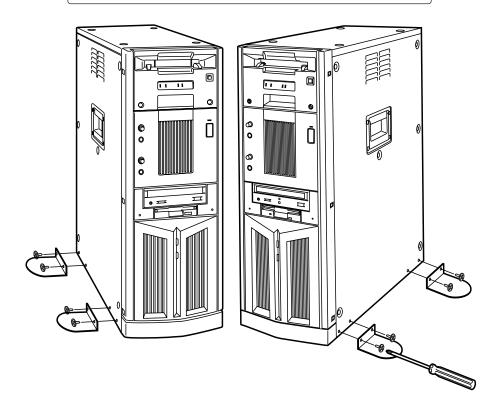


☐ Service support guide

Attaching the stabilizer feet

CAUTION:

To reduce the risk of injury due to tipping over, Mount the stabilizers before installation.

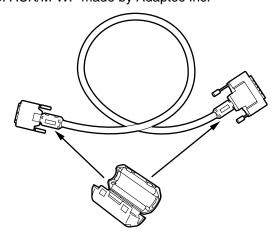


Attaching the ferrite cores

When the SCSI hard disk drive for external expansion purposes is to be connected, one of ferrite cores packed with the unit must be attached to one end of the SCSI I/F cable and the other one must be attached to the other end.

It is recommended that the cable shown below be used as the SCSII/F cable.

• Model No. ACK/M-WP made by Adaptec Inc.



1-2. Checking the AC supply voltage and precautions



Use a AC voltmeter or other instrument to check that the supply voltage at the installation location is inside the following range:

□ 120 V ±10 %

Note:

Not only may the unit fail to operate properly if it has been started up with a supply voltage outside the above range but the software programs and data pre-installed on the system hard disk inside the unit may be destroyed as well.

Use of an uninterruptible power supply system is recommended if the unit is to be used in unsatisfactory power supply conditions. For details, consult with your dealer.

1-3. Cable connection precautions (rear panel)



Bear in mind the points listed below when connecting the accessory cables to the unit's rear panel. It is recommended that you proceed while referring to the rear panel connection diagram in the Operating Instructions. (Refer to page 12 of Operating Instructions.)

- page 12 of Operating Instructions.)

 □ Connect the keyboard.

 □ Connect the mouse.

 □ Check the names of the connectors on the rear panel to verify that the keyboard has not been connected to the mouse connector or the mouse has not been connected to the keyboard connector.

 □ Connect the power cord to the socket on the main unit.

 □ Secure the power cord using the clamp.
- ☐ Refrain from connecting the power plug to the power outlet at this stage.

1-4. Connecting the peripheral devices and layout precautions

Bear in mind the points listed below when connecting the computer monitor, monitor (Video) for monitoring the pictures and other peripheral devices to the unit. It is recommended that you proceed while referring to the rear panel

connection diagrams in the Operating Instructions. (Refer to pages 13-16 of Operating Instructions.) <Check> For details on the handling of peripheral devices, refer to the operating instructions accompanying each device concerned. ☐ Connect the peripheral devices while power to the unit and peripheral devices is off. □ Before moving the unit, turn its power off. Do not move the unit while the power is still on. □ Install the unit in a flat and stable location. ☐ At the installation stage, ensure that the connectors and cables protruding from the unit's rear panel do not make contact with any objects in the vicinity. ☐ At the installation stage, do not drop the keyboard or mouse, and take care not to run their cables underneath the unit or peripheral devices. □ Do not place objects on top of the unit. □ Leave a sufficient clearance around the unit in order to improve the ventilation inside the unit. □ Do not place food or drinks in the vicinity of the unit. Morsels of food or spilled drinks can cause trouble. ☐ Check that you have not forgotten to connect the VGA cable between the unit and the monitor for the computer. Check that you have not forgotten to connect the video cable between the unit and monitor (Video) for monitoring the pictures. □ Check that you have not forgotten to connect the unit and any other peripheral devices. Check that all the devices required have been connected, and insert the power plugs of the unit and peripheral devices into the power outlets. ☐ When the SCSI hard disk drive for external expansion purposes is to be connected: Attach one of the ferrite cores packed with the unit to one end of the SCSI I/F cable and the attach the other one to the other end.

Chapter 2 Power startup checks and AV disk inspections

This chapter explains the checks that must be conducted on the basic hardware settings and basic inspections of the AV disks after the unit's power switch has been set to the ON position.

When conducting the checks and inspections described in this chapter, do not turn off the power or reset the system unnecessarily. Doing so may change or destroy the pre-installed software programs or data.

For details on turning off the power and resetting the system, refer to the descriptions given for the items concerned.

2-1. Checking the power startup	8
2-2. Checking the SCSI device settings	0
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2-1. Checking the power startup

When the unit's power switch is set to ON, the unit's basic test is automatically conducted, and its results can be checked out by beep tones and displays which appear on the computer monitor.

After the power switches of the computer monitor, monitor (Video) for monitoring the pictures and other peripheral devices have been set to ON, set the unit's power switch to ON and conduct the checks described below at startup.

If trouble has been detected as a result of conducting the checks, refer to the "Troubleshooting" section in the Operating Instructions. (Refer to pages 20–27 of the Operating Instructions.)

Since it takes very little time to check the displays on the computer monitor, you will find it easier to perform the checks if you quickly glance through the whole of this section and the BIOS screen displays in Appendix A (pages 34–38) and understand what is involved.

For details on how to adjust the monitor and otherwise handle any of the peripheral devices, refer to the operating instructions accompanying each device concerned.

Note:

If a monitor display which should have been checked during startup has been overlooked, the unit must be rebooted so that it can be checked.

Under no circumstances must the power be turned off or the system reset while white characters appear on a blue background during startup.

Wait until the Windows NT flag appears, and then reboot the unit using the system reset switch on the unit's front panel.

<check>/></check>
// _

☐ Check that the two disk access lamps light up and flash when the power is turned on.

Checking the computer monitor displays (BIOS start screen) during startup



☐ Is the memory size value (standard 256 MB) correct?

☐ Did the CD-ROM drive name appear (for an instant)?

☐ Did the name of the system hard drive appear? (Refer to the BIOS screen displays in Appendix A.)

☐ Did the SCSI card name appear?

(Refer to the BIOS screen displays in Appendix A.)

☐ Did all the SCSI disk names appear?

(Refer to the BIOS screen displays in Appendix A.)

☐ Did the PCI device list appear?

(Refer to the BIOS screen displays in Appendix A.)

2-2. Checking the SCSI device settings

In this section the SCSI-BIOS Tool is used to check the SCSI device settings. You will find it easier to perform the checks if, before starting the actual procedure, you quickly glance through SCSI-BIOS Tool items B-1-B-3 (pages 39-43) in Appendix B and understand how the settings of the parts corresponding to the items to be checked in this section are displayed. In particular, the following parts in B-3 must be understood.

- (1) SCSI device configuration check
- (2) SCSI ID check

If items with different settings have been detected as a result of conducting the checks, refer to the explanation given in

♦ When the SCSI device parameters are wrong

which is found in B-3 of Appendix B, and to the "Troubleshooting" section in the Operating Instructions. (Refer to pages 20–27 of Operating Instructions.)

When the checks in this section have been completed with no errors found, proceed to the next section [2-3. AV disk inspections] without exiting the SCSI-BIOS Tool.

 After the series of checks described in Section 2-1 (Checking the power startup) have been completed with no errors found, reboot the unit and check the SCSI device settings.

Note:

If, upon completion of the checks in the previous section, the screen displays during the startup procedure have reached the white characters on a blue background status, do not turn off the power or reset the system until the display status changes.

If either step is to be performed, wait until the Windows flag appears on the screen, and then reboot the unit using the reset switch.

2. Check the SCSI device settings following the instructions in "(1) SCSI device configuration check" and "(2) SCSI ID check" in B-3 (pages 40, 41) of Appendix B (SCSI-BIOS Tool).

SCSI device configuration checks (1) (Conduct the checks for both channels A and B.)



- Check the SCSI Channel Interface Definitions.
- ☐ Is the Host Adapter SCSI ID set to "7"?
- ☐ Is the SCSI Parity Checking set to "Enable"?
- ☐ Is the Host Adapter SCSI Termination set to "Automatic"?

SCSI device configuration checks (2) (Conduct the checks for both channels A and B.)



 Check the parameters of all the SCSI-ID #0-#15 devices in SCSI Device Configuration.

(Check that the parameters of all the devices are set as shown below.)

- ☐ Is the Maximum Sync Transfer Rate set to "160"?
- ☐ Is the Initiate Wide Negotiation set to "yes"?
- ☐ Is the Enable Disconnection set to "yes"?
- ☐ Is the Send Start Unit Command set to "yes"?
- ☐ Is the Enable Write Back Cache set to "N/C"?
- ☐ Is the BIOS Multiple LUN Support set to "no"?
- ☐ Is the Include in BIOS Scan set to "yes"?

SCSI ID checks

(Conduct the checks for both channels A and B.)

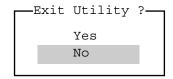


□ Does "Adaptec SCSI Card 39160" appear for SCSI ID #7?

2-3. AV disk inspections

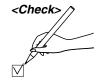
In this section, the AV disks are inspected using the SCSI-BIOS Tool. These inspections check for defects in the AV disks as recording media. (It takes about 2 hours to conduct all the inspections in this category.)

1. To return the screen display to the inspection menu selection, press the [Esc] key several times until the message box shown below is displayed.



- 2. After selecting [No], press the [Enter] key, follow the displays and return the device channel (channel A, B) selection screen.
- 3. Inspect the disks following the instructions on "(3) Inspecting the disk media" in B-3 (pages 46, 47) of Appendix B (SCSI-BIOS Tool).

Channel A SCSI disk checks



- □ Did "Verify Disk" of the SCSI ID #1 disk end with "Disk Verification Complete"?
- □ Did "Verify Disk" of the SCSI ID #2 disk end with "Disk Verification Complete"?

Channel B SCSI disk checks



- □ Did "Verify Disk" of the SCSI ID #0 disk end with "Disk Verification Complete"?
- □ Did "Verify Disk" of the SCSI ID #1 disk end with "Disk Verification Complete"?
- □ Did "Verify Disk" of the SCSI ID #2 disk end with "Disk Verification Complete"?
- 4. If all the disks have been inspected with no errors found, refer to B-4 (page 44) in Appendix B, and exit the SCSI-BIOS Tool.

Chapter 3 Disk-related configuration checks

This chapter describes the checks on the disk-related settings which are conducted on the startup screen of Windows NT, the operating system used by the unit, and the inspections conducted on the AV disks to verify whether they can be used by this system.

The inspections described in this chapter are conducted after the Windows NT startup screen appears normally after the power to all the units and devices has been turned on.

For details on the checks and inspections conducted prior to the appearance of the Windows NT startup screen, refer to Chapters 1 and 2 of this manual.

3-1. Checking the disk settings		13
3-2 Checking the AudioPool VideoPool &	TitlePool directories	15

3-1. Checking the disk settings

The checks in this section are performed after the series of checks described in the previous chapter have been completed with no errors found.

When the sequence of power startup steps is completed and the waiting-tolog-on dialog box has appeared on the screen, follow the instructions in the box and complete the logging on procedure for Windows NT.

On the startup window after Windows NT log-on, check the disk settings in this section using the Disk Administrator which is a Windows NT management tool.

Before starting the actual procedure, you will find it easier to perform the checks if you quickly glance through items C-1–C-3 (pages 45, 46) of Appendix C how to use Disk Administrator provided with Windows NT and understand how the settings of the parts corresponding to the items to be checked in this section are displayed.

If items with wrong settings have been detected as a result of conducting the checks, refer to the explanations with the \Diamond marks in the sections concerned in Appendix C and to the "Troubleshooting" section in the Operating Instructions. (Refer to pages 20–27 of Operating Instructions.)

• Start up the Disk Administrator following the instructions in C-2 (page 45) of Appendix C.

Disk volume-related status information check using the Disk Administrator

Check>//	Are 6 disks (excluding the CD-ROW) displayed altogether?
	☐ Is one CD-ROM drive displayed?
	$\hfill\Box$ Are the names of the drives for disk 0 set to "C:" or "D:"?
	$\hfill \square$ Is "NTFS" the format of disk 0 for both "C:" and "D:"?
	$\hfill\Box$ Is the name of the drive for disks 1 through 4 set to "O:"?
	$\hfill \square$ Is the name of the drive for disk 5 set to "L:"?
	$\ \square$ Is "RTLFS" the format of disks 1 through 5?
	$\hfill \square$ Is the name of the CD-ROM drive set to "E:"?

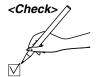
If the checks in this section have been completed error-free, exit the Disk Administrator by following the procedure described in item C-6 of Appendix C.

3-2. Checking the AudioPool, VideoPool & TitlePool directories

In this section, the Windows NT Explorer is used to check the making of the AudioPool, VideoPool and TitlePool directories on the Windows NT startup screen.

- 1. If there is an application now starting up in Windows NT, exit the application and start the procedure from the Windows NT startup screen.
- 2. On the [Start] menu, click [Program] → [Windows NT Explorer] to start.
- Click the RTLFS-Volume(L:) drive under My Computer on the left side of the divided window.

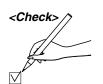
Check the names of the directories which appear in the right side of the divided window.



□ Does the AudioPool directory (L: \ AudioPool) appear for drive "L:"?

4. On the left side of the divided window, click the RTLFS-Volume(O): drive under "My Computer."

Check the names of the directories which appear on the right side of the divided window.

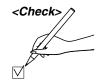


□ Does the VideoPool directory (O:\VideoPool) appear for drive "O:"?

□ Does the system directory (O:\system) appear for drive "O:"?

On the left side of the divided window, click the System2(D): drive under "My Computer."

Check the names of the directories which appear on the right side of the divided window.



□ Does the TitlePool directory (D:\TitlePool) appear for drive "D:"?

6. When the checks in this section have been completed with no errors found, click x at the top right of the Explorer window, exit the Windows NT Explorer, and return to the Windows NT startup screen.

Chapter 4 Checking operation using the pre-installation program

This chapter explains after the unit has been installed how to conduct comprehensive operation checks on the hardware of the unit using the limited edition of the editing software program which is pre-installed in the unit.

Note:

Do not install the editing program until the checks described in this chapter have been completed. Otherwise, it may no longer be possible to run the limited edition of the program which was pre-installed.

After the power to the unit has been turned on, wait until the Windows NT startup screen has appeared without any problem. It is only after this that all the checks described in this chapter are to be performed. For details on the checks and inspections before this screen appears, refer to Chapters 1 and 2 of this Manual.

When an external VTR is to be used, connect the external input and output devices to both the component and composite connectors before starting the checks.

4-1. Checking the uploading operation	 	 16
4-2. Check the editing functions	 	 24
4-3. Checking the downloading operation	 	 30

4-1. Checking the uploading operation

Proceed with the checks in this section after the series of checks described in the previous chapters have been completed with no errors found.

In this section, the limited edition of the pre-installed editing software program is used to check the uploading operation on the startup screen which appears after Windows NT log-on.

If errors have been detected in the settings as a result of conducting the checks, refer to the explanations enclosed within the \diamondsuit marks in the sections concerned in Appendix C and to the "Troubleshooting" section in the Operating Instructions. (Refer to pages 20–27 of Operating Instructions)

 Double-click the Panasonic NLE System icon (shown below) on the Windows NT startup screen to start the limited edition of the editing software program.

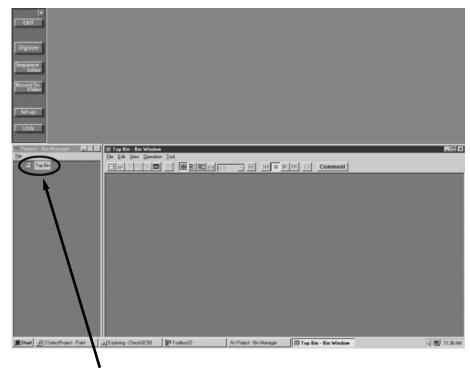
(Startup may take ten seconds or so.)



2. The screen shown below now appears.



☐ Did the screen shown below appear as a result of starting the limited edition of the editing software program?

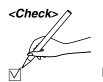


Double-click Top Bin if the Bin window of Top Bin is not open.

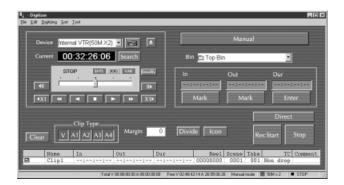


3. Click the Digitizer button from the Toolbox at the top left of the screen to start the digitizer.

VTR control checks



☐ Did the digitizer window as shown below appear?



The device list box for selecting the VTRs and other devices is located at the top left of the digitizer window.

The VTR unit to be controlled can be changed by changing the device.





☐ Is "Internal VTR (50Mx2)" shown for Device on the digitizer window?

- 4. If "Internal VTR (50Mx2)" is not shown for Device, click the
 ight end of the list box to display the device list, and select "Internal VTR (50Mx2)" which is the system's internal VTR.
 - 5. Insert the DVCPRO tape with the recorded images into the system's internal VTR, and wait for its loading to be completed.
 - 6. Play back the tape in the internal VTR using the VTR function buttons on the digitizer window.

The area shown below of the digitizer window is where the VTR function buttons are located. Clicking one of these buttons using the mouse initiates the operation of the button clicked.





□ Did the internal VTR playback start in the 50M ×2 speed mode when the □ button was clicked?

Check the internal VTR's playback output by viewing the video monitor.

- □ Were the internal VTR playback images in the 50M ×2 speed mode affected by noise or disturbances during the playback of the tape which was recorded normally?
- \square Was the sound played back at the $\times 2$ speed?

After checking that the tape can be played back normally in the internal VTR's $50M \times 2$ speed mode, check the uploading operation.

The area in the digitizer window shown in the figure below contains the uploading function buttons.



- 7. Set the internal VTR to the 50M ×2 speed playback mode and click the button. This starts the uploading of the internal VTR's playback data to the internal AV disk.
- 8. To exit uploading, click the button.
- 9. By clicking the button, an icon of the now uploaded clip is generated automatically and registered as a new icon in the bin.
- 10. When the button is clicked while the internal VTR is still in the 50M ×2 speed playback mode, the next data is uploaded. The uploading is completed by clicking the button, and an icon of the new clip is automatically registered in the bin. If the clip format is DVCPRO 50M, the edge of the icon of the registered clip will be colored blue; if it is 25M, it will be colored yellow.
- 11. Repeat these steps to upload multiple clips to the AV disk.

When all the clips have been uploaded, the internal VTR 50M $\times 2$ speed mode playback must be ended and the tape removed.

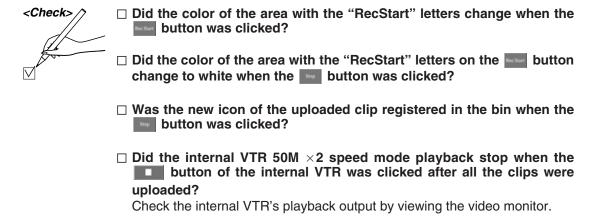
The internal VTR's stop button is in the area of the digitizer window shown below.



- 12. The internal VTR stops when the button in the above figure is clicked.
- 13. The tape is ejected by clicking the <a> button.

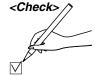
Precautions when checking the uploading operation

While the uploading operation is being checked, do not click on any parts except those provided on the digitizer window. Doing so may make it impossible to conduct a proper check on the uploading operation.



This now completes the internal VTR's uploading operation. Next, the playback of the uploaded data is checked.

- 14. The uploaded data can be played by inputting the space key after the clip registered in the bin has been clicked (selected).
- 15. Check the clip's playback images on the monitor (video) for monitoring the pictures.
- 16. Playback automatically stops at the end of the selected clips. To stop playback at any time, input the space key again.



□ Were the clips registered in the bin selected when they were clicked?

 $\hfill\Box$ Was the selected clip played (at $\times 1$ speed) when the space key was pressed?

☐ Did the selected clip stop playing when the space key was pressed again?

☐ Was the playback AV of the selected clip affected by noise or disturbances?

All the playback images of the clips are checked on the monitor (video) for monitoring the pictures.

This now completes the check for the uploading operation and the uploaded data for the internal VTR's 50M $\times 2$ speed mode.

To conduct further checks on the uploading for

- Internal VTR (50Mx1): Internal VTR 50M ×1 speed,
- Internal VTR (25Mx4): Internal VTR 25M ×4 speed and
- Internal VTR (25Mx1): Internal VTR 25M ×1 speed,

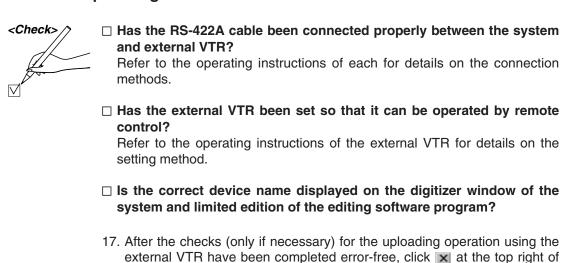
select "Internal VTR (50Mx1)", "Internal VTR (25Mx4)" and "Internal VTR (25Mx1)" as the device displayed on the VTR control panel, and conduct the same checks described above as for "Internal VTR (50Mx2)."

Even with a system that connects an external VTR or a system which uses a microphone for uploading, select the name of a device displayed from among those listed below, and conduct the same checks as the ones conducted so far. The table below shows the settings for the input/output signals, data format during uploading and RS-422 port in the limited edition of the editing software program.

Connect the signal lines and conduct the checks in accordance with these settings.

Name of device displayed	Video input	Audio input	Data format during uploading	RS-422 connector
External VTR 1	Composite	Analog	DVCPRO	Port 1
External VTR 2	Component	Digital	DVCPRO 50	Port 1
External VTR 3	SDI	SDI embedded	DVCPRO 50	Port 2
Microphone		Mic input jack on system's front panel used		

Checks before using an external VTR or microphone for uploading



the digitizer window to close the window.

Do not exit the Toolbox since the limited edition of the editing software program will be used in the next section as well.

4-2. Checking the editing functions

Proceed to check the editing operations using the same limited edition of the editing software program which was used in the last section. Upload several clips to the AV disk in advance to use in checking the operations.

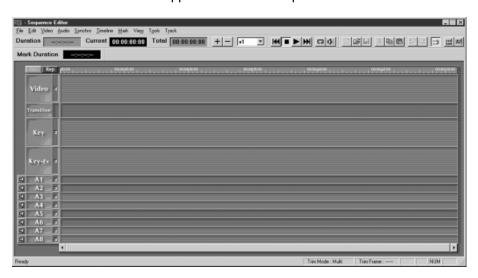
If the clips registered in the bin have been erased, return to the previous section (4-1.), create several fresh clips and play them back to check that no noise or disturbances are present.

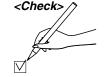


The sequence editor is used to check the editing operations.

Click the Sequence Editor button from the Toolbox to start the sequence editor.

The screen shown below appears when the sequence editor starts.

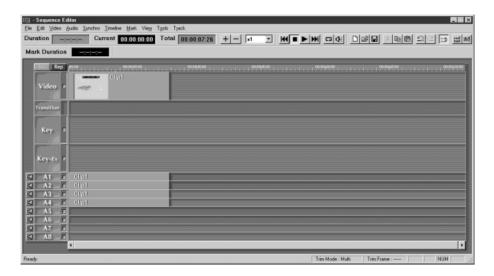


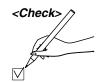


□ Did the sequence editor screen appear when the Sequence button was clicked?

2. When the sequence editor has started, drag and drop the clips registered in the bin onto the video track, and create the video sequence.

The length of the dropped clip is indicated by a proportionately long rectangle, and the clip icon appears at the far left of the rectangle. The figure below shows an example of the display.





☐ Was it possible to drag and drop the clip on the video track?

3. In the same way, drag and drop several clips on the video track and create the video sequence.

The clips on the video tracks are automatically color-coded.



When a clip extends beyond the sequence editor screen, click the "+" or "-" button at the top of the window to change the time axis. The displayed length of a clip can be shortened using the "-" button.

A video sequence created by only drag and drop procedures is automatically set to the cut editing mode.

The clips are automatically positioned without gaps, and the the appears at each join.

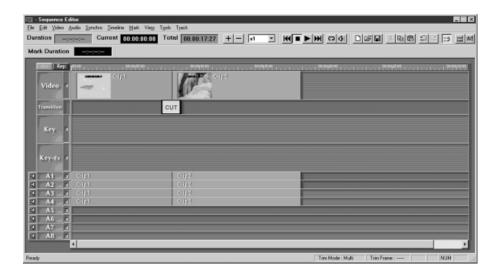
<Note>

The limited edition of the editing software program limits the number of clips in the sequence editor to 30. This number includes the clips on the audio tracks.

For instance, in the case of DVCPRO 50M format clips (usually one video and four audio channels), the number of clips has already reached 5.

In addition, the specifications of the sequence editor do not permit DVCPRO 50M and DVCPRO 25M clips to be mixed so data in the same format must be used to create a video sequence consisting of multiple clips.

The figure below shows an example of the display of a video sequence consisting of two clips.





☐ Was it possible to drag and drop several clips on the video track?



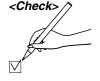
☐ Did the ☐ mark appear at each join between the clips as shown in the figure above?

After creating the video sequence, play it back and check it.



The sequence is played back using the function buttons (shown on the left) located at the top of the sequence editor window.

- 4. Click the <u>M</u> button to move the play start position to the beginning of the video sequence.
- 5. Click the button to start playing the video sequence.
- 6. The playback images are now output to the monitor (video) for monitoring the pictures.
- 7. The cursor appears on the video track to indicate the current playback position while the video sequence is being played.
- 8. Playback is automatically ended at the end of the video sequence.
- 9. Click the button to suspend playback at any time.

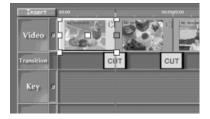


- □ Did the playback of the video sequence start when the ▶ button was clicked?
- □ Did the playback of the video sequence stop when the button was clicked?
- □ Was there any noise or disturbances in the playback AV of the video sequence?

Check the playback images visually on the monitor (video) for monitoring the pictures.

Next, check the operation for the video 2-channel simultaneous playback in which video effects are utilized.

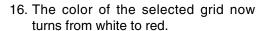
- 10. Use the mouse to click the first clip in the video sequence in which multiple clips were placed on the video track.
- 11. As shown in the figure on the right, some square dots called "grids" appear on the clip.

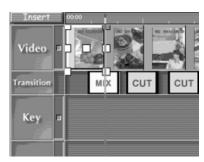


- 12. Among these grids, select the middle grid on the right side by clicking it with the mouse.
 - Keep the mouse in the clicked (dragged) status.
- 13. The color of the selected grid now turns from white to red.
- 14. Keep dragging the grid which has now turned red and move it toward the left before releasing the mouse at the appropriate position. (This shortens the duration of the clip concerned.)

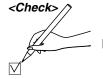
15. Next, select the grid on the far left of the same clip by clicking it with the mouse.

Keep the mouse in the clicked (dragged) status.



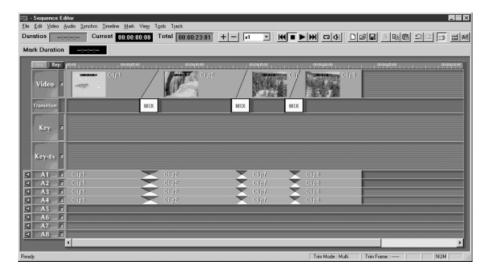


- 17. Keep dragging the grid which has turned red and move it toward the right before releasing the mouse at the appropriate position.
- 18. The join between the first and second clips changes to a mark as shown in the figure above. (The default video effect is dissolve.)



- ☐ Did the join between the clips change to a ☐ mark as shown in the figure above?
- 19. If necessary, repeat steps 11 through 18 for other clips, and add the video effect to the video sequence.

An example of video timeline containing the video effect is shown below.



After creating the video sequence, check its playback.



The function buttons (see figure at left) at the top of the sequence editor window are used for the playback operations.

- 20. Click the **M** button to move the playback start position to the start of the video sequence.
- 21. The playback of the video sequence is started when the button is clicked.
- 22. The playback images are output to the video monitor.
- 23. While the video sequence is being played back, the playback position is indicated on the video track by the cursor.
- 24. Playback ends automatically when the end of the video sequence is reached.
- 25. To stop the playback at any time, click the button.



- □ Did the video sequence playback start when the ▶ button was clicked?
- □ Did the video sequence playback stop when the button was clicked?
- □ Were the audio and video playback of the video sequence affected by noise or disturbances?

Check the playback images by viewing the video monitor.

After checking the editing operations in the video sequence, destroy the video sequence created.

- 26. Click the x mark at the top right of the sequence editor window with the mouse.
- 27. The window shown below now appears.



28. Click the _____ button to exit the sequence editor.

This completes the editing operation checks.

Do not exit the Toolbox since the limited edition of the editing software program will be used in the next section as well.

4-3. Checking the downloading operation

In this section, the downloading operation using the limited edition of the editing software program is checked.

To check the downloading operation, use the clips which were already uploaded by the digitizer and registered in the bin. (Check that the clips used are free from noise and disturbances.)

Ensure that a cassette tape enabling test recording is already loaded in the system's internal VTR.

<Note>

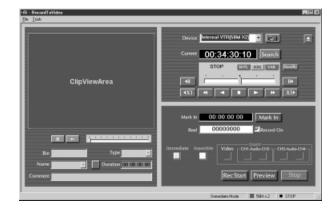
Clips must be used to check the downloading operation. If the video sequence used in section 4-2 is downloaded, it will not be recorded properly on the tape.



Use the Record To Video tool to check the downloading operation.

1. Click the Record To Video button from Toolbox to start the Record To Video tool.

When Record To Video tool is started, the screen shown below appears.



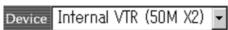


☐ Did the Record To Video tool screen appear when the Record To button was clicked?



☐ Has a cassette tape enabling test recording been loaded in the system's internal VTR?

☐ Is "Internal VTR (50Mx2)" shown as the device display?



- 2. If "Internal VTR (50Mx2)" is not displayed at the Device on the Record To Video window, click the **■** mark at the far right of the list box to display the device list, and select "Internal VTR (50Mx2)" which is the system's internal VTR.
- 3. Select (by clicking) "Immediate" among the selector buttons that indicate the selectable recording modes on the Record To Video window.





- □ Did "Immediate" among the recording mode selector buttons turn light blue?
- 4. Use the mouse to drag the DVCPRO 50M clip (clip with the blue-edged icons) registered in the bin, and drop it in the Clip View Area on the Record To Video window.
- 5. The image of the first frame of the clip dropped in the Clip View Area is displayed in the area.



□ Was the image of the first frame of the clip concerned displayed in the Clip View Area?

6. Click the RecStart button in the Record To Video window to start downloading. The letters of "RecStart" on the button turn red.



The image being downloaded can be checked on the video monitor.

When the downloading is completed, the letters of "RecStart" on the RecStart button return to their original color.



☐ Did the "RecStart" letters turn red when the RecStart button was clicked to start downloading?

□ Was the image of the downloaded clip displayed on the video monitor?

☐ Did the letters of the RecStart button return to their original color after the images were downloaded?

If the answer to the above questions was "yes" in each case, downloading is completed.

Next, play back the tape with the downloaded images to check the recording results.

<Notes>

If the tape is played back using the button on the Record To Video window when "Internal VTR (50Mx2)" is the Device on the Record To Video window, the images of every other frame will be displayed on the video monitor.

If preview playback at $\times 1$ speed is performed for a DVCPRO 50M tape by this system using the button, control over the head tracks will not be exercised for the tape's recording tracks. This means that even when the data has been recorded properly, the images may be affected by noise or disturbances when they are played back, rendering this operation unsuitable for checking the downloading.

The images are played back properly by performing preview playback at $\times 1$ speed for a DVCPRO 25M tape.

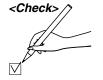
Therefore, the system must be set to the $\times 1$ speed mode for playback if a DVCPRO 50M tape is to be played back normally.

To set the system to the 50M $\times 1$ speed mode, select "Internal VTR (50Mx1)" for the Device on the digitizer or Record To Video window.

- Click the mark at the far right in the Device list box on the Record To Video window to display the device list, and select "Internal VTR (50Mx1)."
- 8. Operate the internal VTR using the VTR control panel on the Record To Video window, and return to the approximate point where the downloaded images start on the tape.



- 9. Click the button among the VTR controls to play back the internal VTR's tape at the ×1 speed, and check the downloaded data.
- 10. The playback images are output to the video monitor.
- 11. To stop playback, click the button.



- □ Did the tape playback at the ×1 speed start when the ▶ button was clicked?
- □ Did the tape playback at the ×1 speed stop when the button was clicked?
- ☐ Were the tape's playback images affected by noise or disturbances? Check the playback images by viewing the video monitor.

This now completes the check for the downloading operation and the downloaded data for the internal VTR's 50M $\times 2$ speed mode.

To conduct further checks on the downloading for

- Internal VTR (50Mx1): Internal VTR 50M ×1 speed and
- Internal VTR (25Mx4): Internal VTR 25M ×4 speed,

select "Internal VTR (50Mx1)" and "Internal VTR (25Mx4)" as the device displayed on the VTR control panel, and conduct the same checks described above as for "Internal VTR (50Mx2)."

<Note>

Consult your local dealer regarding installation of the AJ-SF97 non-linear editing software.

A-1. Concerning BIOS information at startup

The following BIOS information items are displayed on the computer's monitor immediately after the unit's power is turned on.

Basic inspections of the PC unit hardware of the unit can be conducted by checking the items displayed.

- (1) Award Modular BIOS version
- (2) Type of CPU
- (3) Main memory size (on completion of memory test)
- (4) System disk drive acquisition status (system disk drive name)
- (5) CD-ROM drive acquisition status (CD-ROM drive name)
- (6) SCSI card (ASC-39160) SCSI-BIOS startup information
- (7) SCSI-HDD (for 5 units) connection information
- (8) PCI device information

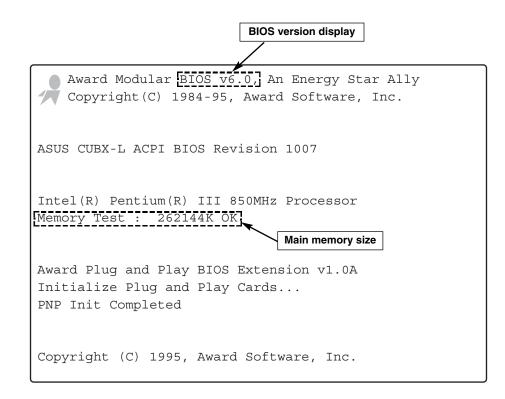
A-2. Details on PC unit BIOS information checks

The information to be checked on the computer's monitor display immediately after the unit's power is turned on in Section 2-1 (Checking the power startup) of Chapter 2 consists of the following six items. Which part of the screen should be checked is described for each item in turn.

- (1) Main memory size
- (2) CD-ROM drive name
- (3) System disk drive name
- (4) SCSI card name
- (5) SCSI disk drive names (for 5 units)
- (6) Plug & Play (PnP) device list

(1) Main memory size

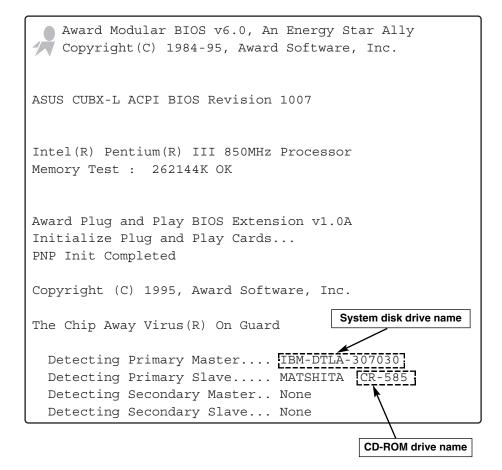
The figure below shows the screen which appears after the PC unit's main memory (size: 256 MB) check has been completed with no errors found. "262144 KB (256 MB)" is displayed as the main memory size when the unit is shipped.



(2) CD-ROM drive name and (3) System disk drive name

The figure below shows the screen on which the CD-ROM drive and system disk drive are checked and which displays the device information acquired from the devices.

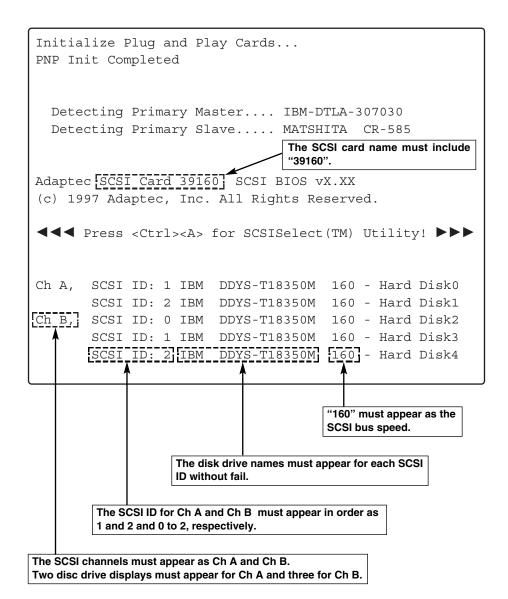
The screen shows that "CR-585" is the unit's CD-ROM drive and that the "IBM-DTLA-307030" made by IBM is the unit's system disk drive (HDD).



(4) SCSI card name and (5) SCSI disk drive names (for 5 units)

The figure below shows the screen which displays the BIOS installation of the SCSI card (ASC-39160) inserted into the PCI slot and the information for the five SCSI disk drives connected to the SCSI card.

Normally, information for all five drives is displayed as shown in the figure.



(6) PCI device list

The figure below shows the device list screen which appears after the SCSI device display. The PCI device list occupies the bottom half of the screen. The PCI device list appears only for a short while at the unit's startup stage. Check that the list is displayed and that the Device Class and IRQ sections are displayed.

CPU Clock : 850MHz Cache Memory : 512K Diskette Drive A : 1.44M, 3.5 in. Display Type : EGA/VGA Diskette Drive B : None Serial Port(s) : 3FB 2FB Pri. Master Disk : 20576MB, UDMA2 DRAM TYPE : SDRAM Pri. Slave Disk : CD-ROM, MODE 4 SPD On Module(s) : Yes Sec. Master Disk : None Data Integrity : Non-ECC Sec. Slave Disk: None

<BIOS:> BIOS update data incorrect (CPUID=00000619), Update not loaded.

PCI device listing....

			r		
Bus No.	Device No.	Func No.	Vender ID	Device ID	Device Class IRQ
0	4	1	8086	7111	IDE Controller 14/15
0	4	2	8086	7112	Serial bus controller 9
0	11	0	9005	00C0	Mass storage controller 10
0	11	1	9005	00C0	Mass storage controller 5
1	0	0	102B	0525	Display controller 11
2	2	0	123F	8120	Multimedia device 10
2	3	0	1131	5400	Multimedia device 5
2	4	0	1131	5400	Multimedia device 9
3	1	0	1131	5400	Multimedia device 11
3	2	0	123F	8120	Multimedia device 10
3	5	0	102B	8010	Processors NA

It must be checked that Device Class and IRQ are displayed.

B-1. Outline of SCSI-BIOS Tool

The SCSI-BIOS Tool makes it possible to:

- Check and change the SCSI host adapter settings.
- Check the SCSI device settings which may conflict with other device settings.

B-2. How to start up SCSI-BIOS Tool

1. If Windows NT has been started up, click [Start] ▶ [Shutdown] to restart Windows NT.

If Windows NT has not been started up, set the power to [ON].

2. When the following message appears on the screen while the PC is starting up, press [Ctrl] + [A] on the keyboard.

```
Adaptec SCSI Card 39160 SCSI BIOS vX.XX

(c) 1997 Adaptec, Inc. All Rights Reserved.

◄◄ Press <Ctrl><A> for SCSISelect(TM) Utility! ▶▶▶
```

3. A dialog box with an underlying blue tone is opened, and the selection screen shown below appears.

Bus:Device:Channel-00:0B:A 00:0B:B

B-3. How to use SCSI-BIOS Tool

(1) Checking the SCSI device configuration

- Press the [↑] or [↓] arrow key to highlight the SCSI channel to be checked, and then press the [Enter] key to select the channel. (Press the [Esc] key to return to the previous menu.)
- 2. The selection screen shown below now appears. Press the $[\uparrow]$ or $[\downarrow]$ arrow key to highlight the [Configure/View Host Adapter Settings] item, and press the [Enter] key.

(Press the [Esc] key to return to the previous menu.)

3. The selection screen shown below now appears. Press the $[\uparrow]$ or $[\downarrow]$ arrow key to highlight the [SCSI Device Configuration] item, and press the [Enter] key.

(Press the [Esc] key to return to the previous menu.)

4. The parameters for SCSI devices #0 to #15 now appear. Check that the parameters of all the devices are set as shown below. (Press the [Esc] key to return to the previous menu.)

SCSI Device	Confi	.aura	ation	
SCSI Device ID	#0	#1		#15
Sync Transfer Rate(MB/sec)	160	160		160
Initiate Wide Negotiation	yes	yes		yes
Enable Disconnection	yes	yes		yes
Send Start Unit Command	yes	yes		yes
-Options Listed Below Have NC	EFFEC	T if	the BIOS is Di	sabled —
Enable Write Back Cache	N/C	N/C		N/C
BIOS Multiple LUN Support	no	no		no
Include in BIOS Scan	yes	yes		yes

♦ When the SCSI device parameters are wrong ♦

Change the parameters.

To change a parameter, press the $[\uparrow]$ or $[\downarrow]$ arrow key to highlight the item to be changed.

Next, press the [Enter] key. A pop-up menu will appear, and the selectable settings are displayed.

Highlight the item to be selected, and press the [Enter] key to make the selection.

(2) Checking the SCSI IDs

- Press the [↑] or [↓] arrow key to highlight the SCSI channel to be checked, and press the [Enter] key to make the selection. (Press the [Esc] key to return to the previous menu.)
- 2. The selection screen shown below now appears. Press the $[\uparrow]$ or $[\downarrow]$ arrow key to highlight the [SCSI Disk Utilities] item, and press the [Enter] key.

(Press the [Esc] key to return to the previous menu.)

```
Options_____Options_____Configure/View Host Adapter Settings
SCSI Disk Utilities
```

3. Check that the screen shown below now appears. (Press the [Esc] key to return to the previous menu.)

```
_Select SCSI Disk and press <Enter>_
SCSI ID #0 : No Device
SCSI ID #1: IBM DDYS-T18350M
SCSI ID #2: IBM DDYS-T18350M
SCSI ID #3 : No device
SCSI ID #4 : No device
SCSI ID #5 : No device
SCSI ID #6 : No device
SCSI ID #7 : Adaptec SCSI Card 39160
SCSI ID #8 : No device
SCSI ID #9 : No device
SCSI ID #10 : No device
SCSI ID #11 : No device
SCSI ID #12 : No device
SCSI ID #13 : No device
SCSI ID #14 : No device
SCSI ID #15 : No device
```

The figure on the left shows the information for channel A. With channel B, IBM DDYS-T18350M is displayed for #0 as well.

\diamondsuit When there are not enough devices \diamondsuit

- Check that the power supply has been connected to the SCSI HDD.
- Check that the SCSI cable has been connected properly.
- Check the SCSI ID settings.

(3) Inspecting the disk media

- Press the [↑] or [↓] arrow key to highlight the SCSI channel to be checked, and press the [Enter] key to make the selection. (Press the [Esc] key to return to the previous menu.)
- 2. The selection screen shown below now appears. Press the $[\uparrow]$ or $[\downarrow]$ arrow key to highlight the [SCSI Disk Utilities] item, and press the [Enter] key.

(Press the [Esc] key to return to the previous menu.)

```
Options_____Options_____Configure/View Host Adapter Settings
SCSI Disk Utilities
```

3. The window shown below now appears. Press the [↑] or [↓] arrow key to highlight the SCSI disk (ID #0 to 2) to be inspected, and press the [Enter] key.

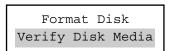
(Press the [Esc] key to return to the previous menu.)

```
Select SCSI Disk and press <Enter>
SCSI ID #0 : No Device
SCSI ID #1 : IBM DDYS-T18350M
SCSI ID #2 : IBM DDYS-T18350M
SCSI ID #3 : No device
SCSI ID #4 : No device
SCSI ID #5 : No device
SCSI ID #6 : No device
SCSI ID #7 : Adaptec SCSI Card 39160
SCSI ID #8 : No device
SCSI ID #9 : No device
SCSI ID #10 : No device
SCSI ID #10 : No device
SCSI ID #11 : No device
```

SCSI ID #13 : No device SCSI ID #14 : No device SCSI ID #15 : No device The figure on the left shows the information for channel A. With channel B, IBM DDYS-T18350M is displayed for #0 as well.

4. The selection screen shown below now appears. Press the $[\uparrow]$ or $[\downarrow]$ arrow key to highlight the [Verify Disk Media] item, and press the [Enter] key.

(Press the [Esc] key to return to the previous menu.)



- The [Verify Disk?] message now appears. Select [Yes] to start the disk media check.
- 6. The progress made is indicated, and when the [Disk Verification Complete] message is displayed, press the [Esc] key.

♦ If the prompt to re-allocate the disk media appears during the disk media check ♦

It means that there is a defect in the media.

(4) Formatting the disk

Note:

Basically, this operation need not be performed with this unit. Carelessly and needlessly formatting the disk will destroy the data on the drive.

Once formatting is started, it cannot be aborted.

- Press the [↑] or [↓] arrow key to highlight the SCSI channel to be checked, and press the [Enter] key to make the selection. (Press the [Esc] key to return to the previous menu.)
- 2. The selection screen shown below now appears. Press the $[\uparrow]$ or $[\downarrow]$ arrow key to highlight the [SCSI Disk Utilities] item, and press the [Enter] key.

(Press the [Esc] key to return to the previous menu.)

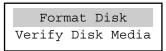
```
Options_____Options_____Configure/View Host Adapter Settings

SCSI Disk Utilities
```

3. The window shown below now appears. Press the [↑] or [↓] arrow key to highlight the SCSI device to be inspected, and press the [Enter] key. (Press the [Esc] key to return to the previous menu.)

```
_Select SCSI Disk and press <Enter>_
SCSI ID #0 : No Device
SCSI ID #1: IBM DDYS-T18350M
SCSI ID #2: IBM DDYS-T18350M
SCSI ID #3 : No device
SCSI ID #4 : No device
SCSI ID #5 : No device
SCSI ID #6 : No device
SCSI ID #7 : Adaptec SCSI Card 39160
SCSI ID #8 : No device
SCSI ID #9 : No device
SCSI ID #10 : No device
SCSI ID #11 : No device
SCSI ID #12 : No device
SCSI ID #13 : No device
SCSI ID #14 : No device
SCSI ID #15 : No device
```

The figure on the left shows the information for channel A. With channel B, IBM DDYS-T18350M is displayed for #0 as well. 4. The selection screen shown below now appears. Press the [↑] or [↓] arrow key to highlight the [Format Disk] item, and press the [Enter] key. (Press the [Esc] key to return to the previous menu.)



5. The [Format Disk?] prompt now appears. If [Yes] is selected, the [Are you sure?] prompt appears.

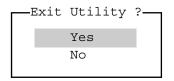
If [Yes] is selected, the message shown below appears, and formatting is commenced.

```
!!! Please Wait !!! !!! Please Wait !!!
Depending on your disk capacity, formatting
may take from one minute to several hours
!!! Please Wait !!! !!! Please Wait !!!
```

6. Upon completion of the formatting, the [Formatting Complete] message appears. Press the [Esc] key.

B-4. How to exit SCSI-BIOS Tool

1. Press the [Esc] key several times until the following message box appears on the screen.



2. Select [Yes] and press the [Enter] key twice.

C-1. Outline of Disk Administrator

The Disk Administrator is a graphic tool for administrating the disk resources.

Outline of operations which the Disk Administrator can perform

- Volumes can be formatted and labeled.
- The partition sizes, additional partitions, blank areas which can be used to create the striping sets, and other disk-related status information can be read.
- The allocation of the drive names, volume labels, file system types and sizes and other Windows NT volume-related status information can be read.

C-2. How to start up Disk Administrator

1. From the [Start] menu, select and click [Programs] → [Administrative Tools] → [Disk Administrator].

<Respond to messages until Disk Administrator starts up>

"System configuration will be automatically updated to reflect these changes when you next opt to save changes when exiting Disk Administrator."

: [OK]

- 3. "System configuration will now be updated.": [OK]
- 4. "Do you want to write a signature on Disk XX so that Disk Administrator can access the drive?"

: [Yes]

5. The Disk Administrator now starts up, and the dialog box shown in Fig. 1 appears on the screen. (The display may vary slightly, depending on the changes made to the disc capacity, etc.)

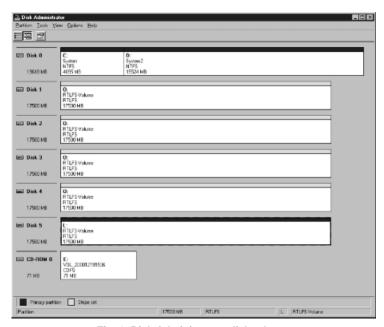


Fig. 1 Disk Administrator dialog box

C-3. Checking the disk settings

Checking the Windows NT volume-related status information

On the Disk Administrator dialog box, check that the disk statuses are as shown below.

Disk No.	Drive name	Format
Disk 0	C:, D:	NTFS
Disk 1	O:	RTLFS
Disk 2	O:	RTLFS
Disk 3	O:	RTLFS
Disk 4	O:	RTLFS
Disk 5	L:	RTLFS
CD-ROM	E:	

- ♦ There are not enough disks ♦
- ♦ The displayed data differs from the above table ♦
 - Following the instructions in C-6 (page 52), exit the Disk Administrator and Windows NT, and try rebooting the unit.
 - Perform the checks in C-2 and C-3 again when the unit is started up again.
 - If the status still remains unchanged, an incorrect disk setting or defective disk may be to blame.

C-4. How to inspect the disks

- 1. Click the disk to be checked.
- 2. Click [Properties] from the [Tools] menu. The dialog box in Fig. 2 is now opened.

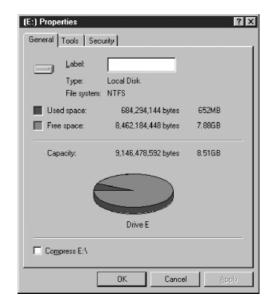


Fig. 2 Properties dialog box

3. When the [Tools] tag is clicked, the dialog box shown in Fig. 3 is opened.

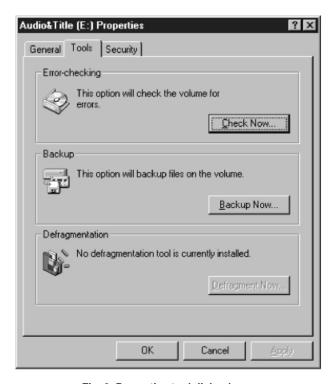


Fig. 3 Properties tool dialog box

4. When [Check Now...] is clicked in the Error-checking, the HDD check option dialog box shown in Fig. 4 is opened.

When a check has been entered for the check disk option, click it to release (cancel) the check.

When the check status is displayed after checking "Start" button and the check is completed, the dialog box signaling completion shown in Fig. 5 appears. Click [OK].

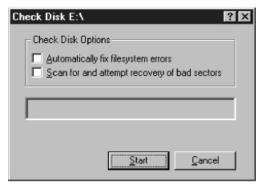


Fig. 4 HDD check option dialog box



Fig. 5 Dialog box signaling completion

5. The properties tool dialog box screen shown in Fig. 3 now returns. Click [Cancel] to exit the tool.

♦ When the checks on "C:" and "D:" of disk 0 reveal an error or problem ♦

• There is a possibility that the system disk is destroyed.

C-5. How to format disks

The operations described in this section are to be performed only for disks No.1 through 5 (drive "O:" and "L:") in the event that serious problems have arisen in the editing software program installed in the system and the system's disk configuration information has been lost.

Carelessly and needlessly formatting the disk will destroy not only the installed editing software program but the unit's system software programs and recorded data as well and is, therefore, not recommended.

How to format drive "O:"

- 1. Click all drives 1 through 4 while holding down the [Ctrl] key on the keyboard.
- 2. When "Create stripe set" is clicked on the [Partition] menu, the "Create Stripe Set" dialog box shown in Fig. 6 appears. Click [OK].

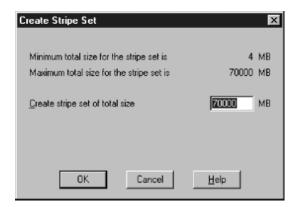


Fig. 6 Create Stripe Set dialog box

3. When [Commit changes Now] is clicked on the [Partition] menu, the confirmation dialog box shown in Fig. 7 appears. Click [Yes].



Fig. 7 Confirmation dialog box

4. The error-free termination dialog box shown in Fig. 8 appears. Click [OK].



Fig. 8 Error-free termination dialog box

5. Click the drive in which the striping set was just created, and when "Assign drive letter" is clicked on the [Tools] menu, the "Assign Drive Letter" dialog box shown in Fig. 9 appears.

Set "O" for "Assign drive letter," and click [OK].



Fig. 9 Assign Drive Letter dialog box

6. The confirmation dialog box shown in Fig. 10 now appears. Click [Yes].



Fig. 10 Confirmation dialog box

- 7. Exit the Disk Administrator.
- 8. On the [Start] menu, click and select [Programs] followed by [Panasonic RT-LFS] and [format RT-LFS] in this order.

9. The RT-LFS format tool starts up, and the dialog box shown in Fig. 11 appears.

Set "0" for "Drive Letter," and click [Format!].

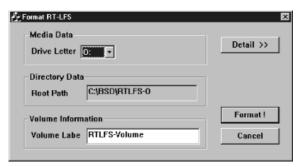


Fig. 11 Format RT-LFS tool dialog box

 If the formatting is completed error-free, the "Format completed!" dialog box shown in Fig. 12 appears. Click [OK].



Fig. 12 "Format completed!" dialog box

How to format drive "L:"

- 1. Click drive 5.
- 2. When "Create" is clicked on the [Partition] menu, the "Create Primary Partition" dialog box shown in Fig. 13 appears. Click [OK].

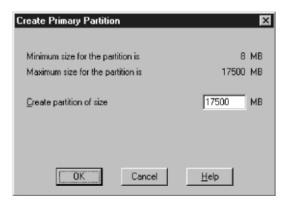


Fig. 13 Create Primary Partition dialog box

- 3. When [Commit changes now] is clicked on the [Partition] menu, the confirmation dialog box shown in Fig. 7 appears. Click [Yes].
- 4. The error-free termination dialog box shown in Fig. 8 appears. Click [OK].
- 5. Click disk drive 5, and on the [Tools] menu click "Assign drive letter." The "Assign Drive Letter" dialog box shown in Fig. 9 now appears. Set "L" for "Assign drive letter," and click [OK].
- 6. The confirmation dialog box shown in Fig. 10 now appears. Click [OK].
- 7. Exit the Disk Administrator.
- 8. On the [Start] menu, click and select [Programs] followed by [Panasonic RT-LFS] and [format RT-LFS] in this order.
- The RT-LFS format tool starts up, and the dialog box shown in Fig. 11 appears.
 Set "L" for "Drive Letter," and click [Format].
- If the formatting is completed error-free, the "Format completed!" dialog box shown in Fig. 12 appears. Click [OK].
- 11. Click the mark at the top right of the RT-LFS format tool to exit the tool.

C-6. How to exit Disk Administrator

• Select and click [EXIT] on the [Partition] menu.

Appendix $m{D}$ How to use Event Viewer provided with Windows NT

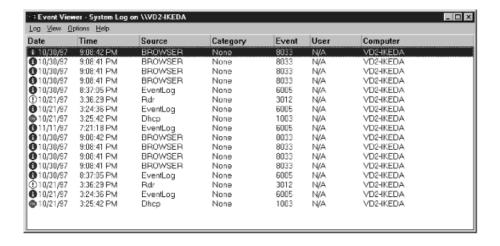
D-1. Outline of Event Viewer

The Event Viewer is a tool which makes it possible to monitor the recording (in the system log) of the events issued by the Windows NT system or applications.

The information obtained from the Event Viewer can be used to analyze the past trouble which has occurred in the unit's system.

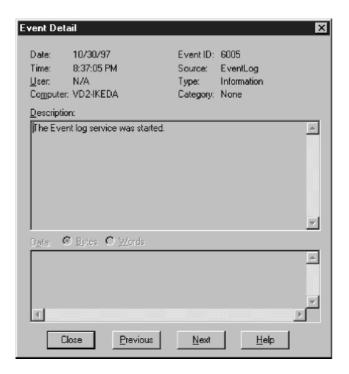
D-2. How to start Event Viewer

- 1. Exit all applications, and return to the Windows NT startup screen.
- 2. Select and click [Programs] → [Administrative tools] → [Event Viewer] from the [Start] menu.
- 3. [System Log] is now displayed. (One example is shown in the figure below.)



D-3. Checking system events

- 1. Click one of the events recorded in the [System Log] to set it to the "selected coloring" status, and double-click it.
- 2. [Event Detail] now appears. (One example is shown in the figure below.)



D-4. How to exit Event Viewer

- 1. Click the [Close] button to exit [Event Detail].
- 2. Click at the top right to exit the [System Log].

Appendix E Shutdown Procedure at Hang-up for Limited Edition of the Editing Software Program

If, when checking operation using the limited edition of the editing software program, an unspecified operation causes input to no longer be accepted, try using the procedure below to shut down the program.

- 1. From the keyboard, press [Ctrl] + [Alt] + [Delete] (all three keys) at the same time.
- The "Windows NT Security" window is displayed. Click the [Task Manager] button as instructed by the "Use the Task Manager to close ..." message.
- 3. The "Windows NT Task Manager" window is displayed. From among the items shown in the list, click on "Toolbox32" so that it is highlighted to indicate that it is selected. Then click the [End Task] button.
- 4. When a dialog box with the indication "This Windows application cannot ..." appears, click the [End Task] button. (If the dialog box does not appear, click the [End Task] button a second time.) (If the task ends without the dialog box being displayed, continue with the next step.)
- 5. The "Windows NT Task Manager" window reappears. Repeat steps 3 and 4 above to end the remaining tasks listed.
- 6. Click on the x mark in the upper right corner of the "Windows NT Task Manager" window to close the Task Manager.

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