

Internet Telephony Gateway VIP-050 / VIP-450

User's Manual

Rev 2.0

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Revision

PLAENT VIP-050 / VIP-450 User's Manual Revision: 2.0 Nov. 2004 Part No. EM-VIPSV2

How to Use This Manual

This manual was designed for the technical and non-technical users of PLANET Internet telephony gateway VIP-050 / VIP-450. It contains information about the functions of VIP and instructions for its installation, basic configuration and operation in related chapters, and introduces more advanced command line interface, firmware upgrade and appendix information. Read this section carefully for important information about the manual's organization.

Chapter 1: Overview

This chapter provides conceptual overview and description of VIP, explanation of how VIP interacts with each for enabling VoIP services, and an overview of the required tasks

Chapter 2: Installing VIP

This chapter describes required steps to properly and safely install and configure VIP on your network

Chapter 3: VIP Concepts

This chapter gives information about VIP technology and describes basic concepts using VIP for providing telephony services over IP network

Chapter 4: Configuring VIP from Web Browser

This chapter explains procedures for configuring VIP from a web browser

Chapter 5: Making a Call with VIP

This chapter explains how to make Internet calls from telephony devices connected to VIP directly or indirectly.

Chapter 6: Command Line Interface

This chapter describes how to access the command line interface. It also contains information about the commands used to configure VIP.

Chapter 7: Upgrading VIP

This chapter explains how to download new revision software and upgrade VIP.

Appendix A: Technical Specifications

This appendix lists VIP specifications and the assignment of pins of all the interface ports.

Appendix B: CLI Commands

This appendix provides a short description of each CLI command with a reference to the pages that contain detailed information on the command.

Appendix C: Factory Default Settings

This appendix lists factory settings of VIP.

Important Safety Instructions

Before plugging VIP into an electrical outlet, carefully read all the installation instructions in Chapter 2.

For your own safety and the safety of your equipment, always take the following precautions:

- Follow instructions and warnings in the documentation.
- Never push any object through the fan vent or other openings in the equipment. Such action may produce a short circuit, causing fire, electric shock, or equipment damage.
- Keep VIP away from all chemicals and sources of liquids.

Warning

- Connection of the RJ45 connector from a VIP to TNV circuits can cause permanent damage to VIP.
- Incorrectly connecting telephony devices to the RJ11 port on the Telephony Interface Module can cause permanent damage to the module.

Documentation Abbreviations

Throughout this guide, the user will come across a number of abbreviations that are common throughout the industry. The user should be familiar with the following abbreviations:

ATPM	Address Translation and Parsing Manager
CLI	Command Line Interface
DSP	Digital Signal Processor
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi-Frequency
E&M	Ear & Mouth
FXO	Foreign Exchange Office
FXS	Foreign Exchange Subscriber
SIP	ITU specification for multimedia transmission over IP networks
ICMP	Internet Control Message Protocol
IMTC	International Multimedia Telecommunications Consortium
IP	Internet Protocol
ITG	Internet Telephony Gateway
KTS	Key Telephone System
LAN	Local Area Network
NVS	Non-Volatile Storage

LED	Light Emitting Diode					
PBX	rivate Branch Exchange					
PSTN	Public Switched Telephone Network					
RTP	Real-Time Transport					
SIP	Session Initialization Protocol					
TCID	Telephony Channel Identifier					
TFTP	Trivial File Transfer Protocol					
TIM	Telephony Interface Modules					
TNV	Telephone Network Voltage					
UDP	User Datagram Protocol					
UTP	Unshielded Twisted Pair					
VAD	Voice Activity Detection					
WAN	Wide Area Network					

Notation Conventions

Throughout this guide, different type styles and characters are used. These serve a variety of purposes as described below:

Convention	Description
boldface	Commands and keywords are in boldface .
italic	Arguments for which you supply values are in italics.
courier	Messages that VIP CLI displays are in plain courier font.
[]	Elements in square brackets are optional.
{ x y z }	Alternative but required elements are grouped in braces ({ }) and separated by vertical bars ().
[x y z]	Optional alternative keywords are grouped in brackets ([]) and separated by vertical bars ().
string	A nonquoted set of characters. Do not use quotation marks around the string or the string will include the quotation marks.

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Chapter 1 Overview

This chapter illustrates an overview of PLANET Internet Telephony Gateway Family -

VIP-050 / VIP-450 and a detailed product description of features and capabilities.

1.1 Features

Via growth of Internet technology, Internet telephony service plays and turns into a cost-effective and highly reliable substitution system of the old-time traditional PBX system. PLANET VoIP (Voice over IP) system – VIP-050 / VIP-450 offer toll quality voice and real-time fax data over IP networks. With optimized SIP architecture, PLANET VIP series are ideal solution for various VoIP applications such as Headquarter and Branch Office communication, and IDD cost-effective solution. With its intuitive user-friendly interface, PLANET VIP series may be installed easily conveniently, and dramatically down cost the huge amount of IDD fee.

With embedded, efficient Real-Time Operating System, VIP series provides efficiency and feature enhancement capabilities; being programmed with updated firmware users may have the most flexibility and functionality to meet different kind of application requirement. It comes equipped with remote management capabilities, configurable signaling to work with PBX, KTS, and/or telephone. Building on state-of-the-art advanced VoIP related technology. PLANET VVIP series offers various features: echo cancellation, Voice Activity Detection (VAD), Comfort Noise Generation (CNG), lost packet recovery algorithms and optimized voice and FAX coders to bring users superior voice quality, and best compatibility with major Internet telephony service providers.

1.2 Networking Protocols

VIP supports several industry-standard networking protocols required for voice communication. The following table describes these protocols.

Networking Protocol	Description
Internet Protocol (IP)	IP is a messaging protocol that addresses and sends packets across the network. To enable IP protocol, VIP must have a static IP address, subnet, and gateway assigned to it.
Voice over IP Protocol (VoIP)	VoIP enables VIP to transfer voice communications over an IP network. VIP employs ITU-T SIP protocol for setting up call with one another.
Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)	TFTP allows you to transfer files over the network. VIP implements a TFTP client allowing you to download new revision firmware from a TFTP server. The TFTP client requires a TFTP server in your network.
Real-Time Transport (RTP)	RTP is a standard for transporting real-time data over IP network. VIP uses RTP protocol to send digitized and compressed voice packets.

Overview

1.3 Package Contents

The contents of your product should contain the following items:

- VIP-050
- 2-slot Internet Telephony Gateway
- Power cord
- 9-pin straight through RS-232 cable
- Quick Installation Guide
- User's Manual CD
- Rack mount Accessories

VIP-450

- 4-port Internet Telephony Gateway
- Power cord
- 9-pin straight through RS-232 cable
- Quick Installation Guide
- User's Manual CD

1.4 Front Panel

The front panel of VIP contains a RJ-45 Ethernet port, one DB9 RS-232 interface port, a push button and 16 LED indicators. The following figure illustrates the front panel of VIP.

	PLANET	Internet Telephony Gateway	IAN	○ 1 ○ 1 LAN Console ○ 2 ○ 2 ○ □ □	
VIP-050 THE RESET CFO ACT 100 LNR COLIn-UseIn-	VIP-050	PWR RESET CPU	○ ○ ○ ○ ACT 100 LNK COL		

Figure 1-1 VIP-050 Front Panel

VIP-450			Internet To	elepho	ny Ga	teway
O O PWR RESET	O CPU	 AN	- O) 2		 ● In-Use 4 * Ringin

Figure 1-2 VIP-450 Front Panel

LED Indicators

The LED indicators on the front panel display the current status of VIP as described in the following table:

Indicator	Color	Activity	Indication

PWR	Green	On	Power is supplied to the gateway.
SYSTEM	Green	Blinking	The system is running. (Heartbeat LED)
LAN • ACT • 100M • LNK • COL	Green Green Green Green	On On Off On On	Data is presented on LAN. The gateway is connected to LAN at 100Mb/s. The gateway is connected to LAN at 10Mb/s. The gateway is connected to LAN. Data collision is occurring on the network connection.
Slot A/B Channels 1-4	Green	Off On Blinking	The line is idle. The line is being used. The line is ringing.

Ports

VIP is equipped with an Ethernet interface with 10/100 Mbps auto-negotiation capability. The Ethernet interface port is located on the front panel. In addition to the Ethernet interface port, there is a 9-pin RS-232 interface port on the front panel. Their functions are described below:

Port	Label	Function
RJ45	LAN	Connecting VIP to a 10/100 Mbps Ethernet network
9-pin RS-232	User Console	Connecting VIP to a VT-100 terminal or terminal emulator for con- figuring VIP

Reset Button

There is a push button located behind a small hole next to the SYSTEM LED. This button allows you to reset VIP or force VIP to enter firmware upgrade mode.

Reset

Push a small, stiff object into the hole until the SYSTEM LED stops blinking, then release the button.

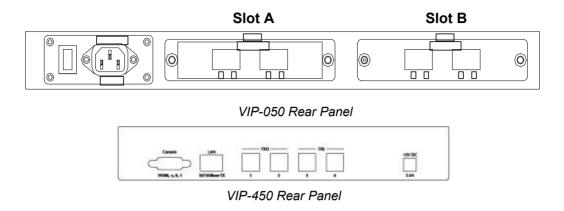
Force firmware download mode:

Powering on the gateway while pressing down the button for **5** seconds forces VIP to enter download mode

1.5 Rear Panel

The rear panel of VIP-050 has two slots allowing the installation of up to two Telephony-Interface-Module (TIM). Each module is equipped with 4 telephony interface ports. Depending on the type of the telephony interface module, the telephony interface ports may be connected to telephony devices, such as PBX, KTS, and telephone sets of central office. VIP-450 equips with two FXO and two FXS ports. In addition to the TIM slots (ports), there is an AC power receptacle and a power switch (power adapter: VIP-450) on the rear panel.

Overview



Note: For VIP-050, three modules available, VIP-FXS, VIP-FXO and VIP-E&M. Modules are not included, please consult your local dealer for the information of the modules.

Chapter 2 Installing VIP

This chapter gives information on how to install VIP.

2.1 Network Requirements

For VIP successfully operate in your network, your network must meet the following requirements:

- 1. A working 10/100 Base-T Ethernet. VIP connects to Internet via an Ethernet LAN.
- 2. IP network that supports gateway, and subnet mask. You'll need one static IP address to assign VIP.

2.2 Installing VIP

VIP can be used in a desktop configuration. Ensure that VIP is placed in a clean, well-ventilated, and vibration-free environment.

When VIP is placed on a desktop, be certain that the unit is placed on a sturdy, flat surface, near a grounded power outlet. At least three inches of clearance must be provided on both sides of VIP for well ventilation.

2.3 Connecting to the telephony devices

VIP-050 supports three types of TIM. One is FXO, FXS and the other is E&M. Each module has four ports for connecting to telephony devices. VIP-450 equips two FXO and two FXS interfaces to have the great flexibility of PBX connection (FXO), and telephone or FAX machine connection (FXS).

VIP-FXO module is designed for connecting to PBXs (extension line) or central office switches (CO line).

VIP-FXS module is designed for connecting to analog telephone sets or G3 fax machines. Connecting the telephony devices to the appropriate RJ11 ports on the TIM.

Warning: connection of incorrect telephony devices to the ports on the TIM can cause permanent damage to the TIM and/or VIP.

2.4 Connecting to the Network

The RJ45 network port on the front panel supports 10/100 Mbps half-duplex connection to Ethernet Network. You can use either category 3 or 5 straight-through UTP cable for 10 Mbps connections, but use Category 5 for 100 Mbps connections. To connect to Ethernet, insert one end of the Ethernet cable to the RJ45 port on the front panel of VIP and other end of the cable to an Ethernet switching hub or repeater hub.

Installing VIP

2.5 Providing Power to VIP

To provide AC power to VIP complete the following steps:

- 1. Turn the power switch on the rear panel of VIP to the off position.
- 2. Connect one end of the power cord that came with VIP to the power receptacle on the rear panel.
- 3. Connect the other end of the power cord to an AC power outlet.
- 4. Turn the power switch on. VIP will perform power on self-test. After completing the self-test, the SYSTEM LED blinks continuously and the TIM indicators on the front panel will turn on.

2.6 Assigning IP address to VIP

The IP address is the unique logical address identifying each IP node, such as VIP, on an IP network. An IP address is a 32-bit number expressed as four decimal numbers from 0 to 255 separated by periods. VIP needs a static IP address and be aware of the subnet mask and default gateway (typically a router) of your network to be able to send to and receive data from the IP network. Consult your network manager to obtain a unique and static IP address for VIP, the IP subnet mask and default gateway of your network, and fill out the work sheet in Appendix D before configuring the gateway. Procedures for assigning IP address, default gateway and subnet mask is available in Chapter 4.

Chapter 3 VIP Concepts

VIP enables the transmission of voice and fax traffic over any IP network by digitizing voice and fax signals, encapsulating the information within IP packets, and then sending the packets across the IP network

3.1 How VIP Operates

- 1. The TIM inside VIP digitizes analog voice signals at 8 Kbps.
- 2. VIP system software handles the:
 - Capture of telephone number presented as DTMF tones.
 - Mapping the telephone number to the IP address of remote VIP.
 - Setting up calls with remote VIPs utilizing SIP call control protocol.
 - Digitizing, compressing and encapsulating the voice into IP packets and transmission of the IP packets onto the Ethernet LAN.
- 3. A router attached to the LAN forwards the IP packets across the WAN, where they will be received by another VIP at the remote.
- 4. The process is reversed at the remote VIP.

3.2 ATPM

To allow you to easily dial a telephone or fax on the network, VIP maps a series of dialed digits to the IP address of the remote VIP whose phone or fax you are calling. This mapping information is contained in a database inside each VIP called the dial plan.

Based on the dial plan the Address Translation and Parsing Manager (ATPM) inside VIP translates telephony numbers to IP addresses of remote VIPs. The ATPM collects telephone number dialed by users, decides whether the dial string is part of the dial plan and, if it is, maps it a remote VIP. When the call is set up to the destination, a substring of the original dial string will be sent along to the remote VIP.

3.3 Destination

The destination is where a call is terminated. Typically, for inbound calls from IP network, VIP terminals the call at one of the telephony ports. The destination for the call is the telephony port where the call terminated. For calls initiated from telephony ports, VIP forward the call to a remote VIP via IP network, and the remote VIP terminal the call. The destination of the call is the remote VIP.

3.4 Hunt Group

Instead of directly mapping a phone number to a destination, the ATPM first maps the phone number to a group of destinations known as a Hunt Group. A hunt group is a group of destinations that are equivalent. For example, the customer support group of a company might have 20 people who can handle support calls. Access to customer support is through a single phone number but the next available support person is actually connected upon each incoming call. These 20 phones would be configured as a hunt group. A hunt group consists of a phone number and a list of destinations (members of the group). When an incoming phone number matches the phone number of the hunt group, VIP attempts to terminate the call at each of the destinations in the hunt group, one at a time until a call is successfully completed.

Every destination that can be reached by dialing a phone number is a member of at least one hunt group. When an address is presented to ATPM for lookup, the output is a hunt group ID number. As a second step, the hunt group ID is presented to ATPM to get the list of members. To effectively bypass the hunt group feature, simply make a unique hunt group for each destination and one member in each hunt group.

3.5 Dial Plan

The dial plan is a database inside VIP for the ATPM to map telephony numbers users dialed to the IP address of remote VIPs. The dial plan consists of the destination table, hunt group table and the address table. Users need to setup these tables, so that VIP knows how to setup calls with remote VIPs.

Address Table

The address table maps a phone number to a hunt group. The table contains entries that specify the following information:

- Telephone number
- The hunt group the phone number maps to.
- The minimum number of digits to collect before the ATPM starting address lookup.
- The maximum number of digits the ATPM collects before it considers the dial string is complete.
- Number of digits forward to the destination.

Address table sample:

Address Entry	Hunt Grp_ld	Min. Digits	Max. Digits	Prefix strip	Prefix Address
200	1	3	3	0	None
201	3	3	3	0	None
899	11	3	3	0	None
8	11	3	3	0	None
0	5	1	1	0	None
03	5	10	10	2	"0"

Hunt Group Table

The hunt group table maps a hunt group to a list of destinations.

Hunt group sample

Group id	Туре	#Members	Member ids	
1	2	1	1	
3	2	1	2	
5	2	1	4	
11	2	1	11	

Destination Table

The destination table maps a destination to a telephony port or the IP address of a remote VIP. Destination table sample

Dest id Mode Destination 1 PORT = 0Local 3 Local PORT = 2Local 5 PORT = 411 SIP Dest = 192.168.0.55/ 5060 12 DNS Dest = planetvip.dyndns.org /5060

3.6 DTMF Relay

Voice from PSTN is compressed by VIP before sending across the IP network and then decompressed by the destination VIP. The voice coders supported by VIP are designed for ideally compressing and decompressing human voice. If the compression / decompression process is performed on DTMF tone which needs to be conveyed across IP network, distortion might be too significant to be not cognizable in the receiving end. To overcome the shortcoming that the voice coders cannot perfectly encode DTMF tone, VIP encodes DTMF tone into special packets. The packets are then sent to the destination VIP via a separate IP connection. The destination VIP decodes the packets, generates the DTMF tone, and then sends the tone to the PSTN. The way VIP handles DTMF tone is so called DTMF relay.

VIP handles DTMF relay per SIP specifications. Certain third party VoIP devices may handle DTMF relay per IMTC standard. For VIP to interoperate with those VoIP devices, users need to specify which remote VoIP devices uses IMTC conforming DTMF relay technique. Refer to CLI command for detailed information on how to select DTMF relay mode.

3.7 Voice Codecs

Voice codecs supported by VIP include G.711, G.723.1 5.3kbps, G.723.1 6.3kbps and G.729 AB. When setting up a call, two VIP automatically negotiate with each other until an agreed upon codec is determined.

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Chapter 4 Configuring VIP from a Web Browser

This chapter explains procedures for configuring VIP from the web browser.

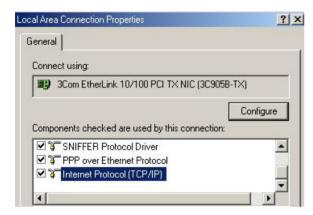
4.1 Http setting mode

This section describes the processes for setting up Internet Telephony Gateway once it has been installed. Microsoft Explorer version 4 or higher, or Navigator version 4.5 or higher can be used in this section to view and change parameters.

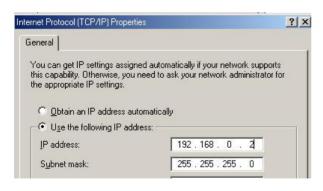
PC Setup

In order to configure VIP, PC needs to have TCP/IP protocol and a compatible IP Address.

- 1. Connect VIP to network with a RJ-45 UTP cable. Power it on.
- 2. Find a PC, for example, Windows 2000. Under Windows 2000, select the *Network Neighborhood* icon on the desktop, then select *Properties*. We will see a screen like below:



- 3. If a line like the one highlighted ("TCP/IP -> Network Card") is not listed, select Add-Protocol-Microsoft-TCP/IP-OK to add it.
- 4. Select *Properties* for the "TCP / IP -> Network card" entry. You will see a screen like the following:



Configuring VIP from a Web Browser

- 5. On the IP Address table, enter values as follows:
 - Specify an IP address set ON.
 - *IP Address*: 192.168.0.2
 - Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Restart your PC and Start your WEB browser.

- 6. In the *Address* box, enter the following: <u>http://192.168.0.1</u> (default IP address of the Voice Gateway)
- 7. Press enter to confirm and you should find the screen below.

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help ← Back ~ → ~ ② ③ ☆ ▲ ③ Search ⓐ Favorites ③ History	🥙 about:blank - Microsoft Internet Explorer	
Address 2 192.168.0.1	File Edit View Favorites Tools Help	
Enter Network Password ? × Please type your user name and password. Site: 192 168.0.1 Realm index.htm User Name administrator Password Image: Save this password in your password list	🛛 🖛 Back 🔹 🤿 🐨 🚳 🕼 🥘 Search 📾 Favorites 🥥 History 🛛 🛃 🚽 🗐 📑 🖶 🌆 🔯 🖧	
Enter Network Password ? Please type your user name and password. Site: 192.168.0.1 Realm index.htm User Name administrator Password Image: Save this password in your password list	Address 🙆 192.168.0.1	✓
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Please type your user name and password. Site: 192.168.0.1 Realm index.htm User Name administrator Password Save this password in your password list OK Cancel	

- 8. The User Name is **administrator** (all lower case). Password is <u>123</u>. Both <u>administrator</u> and <u>123</u> are default strings from factory). For security reasons, please change and memorize the new password after this first setup.
- 9. Click "OK". The main screen will appear as below.

Internet Telephony	n	Aain Menu Function Briefings
Gateway	The function	n groups are listed on the left frame. They are:
n Settings	Dial Plan Settings	Helps you configure the dial plan. You should complete the dial plan work sheets before working on this menu
stem Configuration e System Setting	View System Configurations	Includes the specific information related to ITG version, network, H.323, coder, and the channel of the gateway you are using
	Configure System Settings	Allows you to modify the system parameters as you wish
	Status	Poll and shows the port status of the ITG

4.1.1 Dial Plan/ Dial Settings

Main Menu Function Briefings

- 1. **Dial Plan Settings**, which helps you configure the dial plan. You should complete the dial plan work sheets before working on this menu.
- 2. View System Configurations, which includes the specific information related to version, network, SIP, coder, and the channel of the gateway you are using.
- 3.Configure System Settings, which allows you to modify the system parameters as you wish.

Select Main Menu\Dial Plan Settings, we can find the following Dial Plan Menu.

	Dial Settings	The Setup screen of the Dial Plan including:
PLANET Networking & Communication Internet Telephony		• Telephone Settings , which allows one to Add, Delete, Find, or List telephone numbers.
Gateway		 Hunt Group Settings, which allows one to Add, Delete, Find, or List hunt group set- tings
Dial Plan Settings View System Configuration Configure System Setting		 Destination Settings, which allows one to Add, Delete, Find, or List destination set- tings
Status	Common Dial Parameters	Defines the desired total dial time, first digit wait time, inter-digit wait time, and the termination digit
Help		Clears all telephone numbers, hunt groups, and destinations settings, for both old and new ones
	Restore Dial Plan	Retrieves all dial plan settings from the flash while temporary settings will be cleared
	Store to NVRAM	Stores all settings that you have specified permanently

4.1.1.1 Phone number

Please select Main Menu\Dial Plan\Phone/Hunt Group/Destination Settings, we can find Phone/Hunt Group/Dest. Setting Menu. We are doing VIP telephone address table management.

We can add (delete, find or list) desired telephone number mapping to hunt group at this menu.

PLANET	Telephone Number	Telephone number to match. This is only part of the total dialed string.
Networking & Communication Internet Telephony Gateway	Hunt Group ID	For each hunt group ID, you need to assign it a unique identifier between 0 and 99.
Main Menu Dial Plan Settings	Min. Digits	Minimum number of digits to be collected be- fore the ATPM starting matching the dial string with entries in the address table.
 Dial Settings Add 	Max. Dig- its	Maximum number of digits to be collected be- fore the ATPM starting matching the dialed string with entries in the address table.
Telephone Select	Strip Length	The number of digits to be stripped at the be- ginning of the collected dial string before for- warding the string to the destination.
	Append Prefix	(Optional) Digit to be added before the begin- ning of the collected dial string before forward- ing it to the destination.
PLANET Networking & Communication		Add Telephone Numbers
Telephony Gateway	Telephone Nurr	nber 0: 1234567
	Hunt Group ID:	12
	Min. Digits:	
ial Plan Settings	Max. Digits:	7
ial Plan Settings Dial Settings Id		
Main Menu Dial Plan Settings Dial Settings dd v elephone Select	Max. Digits: Strip Length:	7 0

To list the phone numbers, click on "List" and select "Telephone", the screen will displayed as below:

Configuring VIP from a Web Browser

PLANET Retrarting & Communication Internet Telephony Gateway
Main Menu
Dial Plan Settings
► Dial Settings
List 💌
Telephone
Select

List All Phone Numbers Result:

Phone #	Hunt Group ID	Min. Digits	Max. Digits	Strip	Prefix
0	9	0	10	1	None
01	9	0	4	1	None
02	9	0	4	1	None
03	9	0	4	1	None
05	9	0	4	1	None
06	9	0	4	1	None
09	9	0	10	0	0
1	2	0	1	0	None

To delete / find a Telephone, select the option and telephone, you can key in the phone number to find or delete. The right bottom screen will show the result.

		Delete A Telephone Number
Internet Telephony Gateway	Delete Telephone Number:	
Main Menu Dial Plan Settings + Dial Settings		Go Clear All Changes
Delete 💌 Telephone		
Select		



4.1.1.2 Hunt Group

Please select Main Menu\Dial Plan\Phone/Hunt Group/Destination Settings, we can find Phone/Hunt Group/Dest. Setting Menu. We are doing VIP hunt group table management.

PLANET Retworking & Communication	Add Hunt Group IDs		
Telephony Gateway	Hunt Group ID:		
Main Menu Dial Plan Settings	More Destinations for The Same Hunt Group		
► Dial Settings	Complete Clear All Changes		
Add 🚽 HuntGroup			
Select			

We can add (delete, find or list) desired hunt group ID mapping to destination ID at this menu. If you want to make the port calls to the secondary receiver, you can click one "More Destinations" you can then add the second, third receiver if the desired port/phone is busy.

We can add (delete, find or list) desired hunt group ID mapping to destination ID at this menu.

4.1.1.3 Destination IP/ Destination Channel

Please select Main Menu\Dial Plan\Phone/Hunt Group/Destination Settings, we can find Phone/Hunt Group/Dest. Setting Menu. We are doing VIP destination table management. One is Remote Destination IP, one is Remote Host Name and the other is Local Destination Channel.

	Add Remote Destination ID
Add Select	Destination ID:12IP Address:orHost Name:testvip.planet.com.twNote: if both IP Address and Host Name are defined, only IP Address will be recognized.PLANET TechnologyCompany/Location:PLANET TechnologyCompleteClear All Changes
Help	Add Destination ID Result:
	The Destination ID 12 is bound to Host Name testvip.planet.com.tw for H.323 VolP application.

PLANET Networking & Communication	Add Local Destination ID		
Internet Telephony Gateway	Destination ID: 13 Channel Number: 1		
Main Menu Dial Plan Settings > Dial Settings	Complete Clear All Changes		
Add 🔽 Local_Destination_Char			
Select	Add Destination ID Result:		
Help	The Destination ID 13 is bound to local channel 1.		

We can add (delete, find or list) desired destination ID mapping to Remote Destination IP, Domain Name or Local Destination Channel at this menu.

Please back to Dial Plan Menu.

4.1.1.4 Common Parameter

Please select Main Menu\Dial Plan\Common Parameter Settings

	Common Dial Parameters Settings
Internet Telephony Gateway	Total Dial Time: ms First Digit Wait Time: ms
Dial Plan Settings	Inter Digit Wait Time: ms
► Dial Se∎ings	Termination Digit:
 Common Dial parameters Clear Dial Plan 	Save The Changes Clear All Changes
Restore Dial Plan Save to NVRAM	
Save to LAVRAN	
View System Configuration	
Configure System Setting	Current Common Parameter Settings Are:
Status	
Help	System Info: Total dial time = 30000ms, First digit wait = 10000ms, Interdigit wait = 5000ms, Dial term digit = None

This Common Parameter Settings is the same as previous ATPM system parameters description. .

4.1.2 Clear DialPlan

Please select Main Menu\Dial Plan\Clear All Dial Plan Settings



Clear All Dial Plan Settings will clear all the settings you made before. However, the 'Clear All' is only temporary if you do not store to the Flash Memory afterwards.

That is, to restore all the settings from the Flash Memory, you need only to click on the 'Restore All Entries' on the left frame, or to reboot the system (the settings can be restored ONLY IF YOU DID NOT STORE the entries).

4.1.3 Restore DialPlan

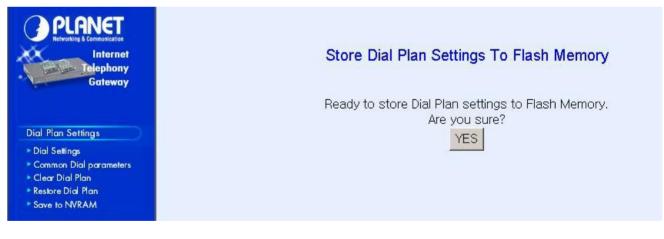
Please select Main Menu\Dial Plan\Restore All Dial Plan Settings

Retrieve all dial plan settings from the flash memory. All temporary settings will be cleared.



4.1.4 Save to NVRAM

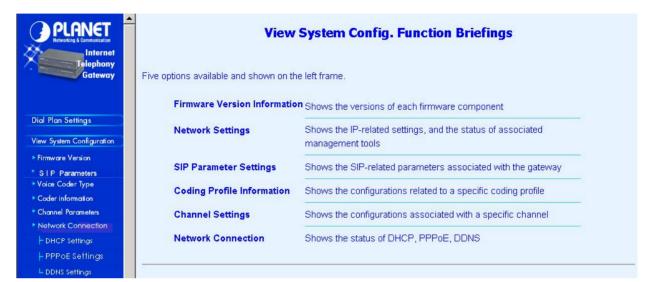
Please select Main Menu\Dial Plan\ Save to NVRAM Ready to store Dial Plan settings to Flash Memory



Please Back To Main Menu

4.2 View System Configurations

Please select Main Menu\View System Config.



View System Config. Function Briefings. Six options available

- 1. Firmware Version Information, which shows the versions of each firmware component
- 2.Network Settings, which shows the IP-related settings, and the status of associated management tools
- 3.SIP Parameter Settings, which shows the SIP-related parameters associated with the gateway
- 4. Coding Profile Information, which shows the configurations related to a specific coding profile
- 5. Channel Settings, which shows the configurations associated with a specific channel
- 6.Network Connection, which shows type of connection enabled in VIP

4.2.1 Firmware Version Information

Please select Main Menu\View System Config.\Firmware Version Info.

This will show current VIP firmware version information. Firmware Information:

Internet Telephony Gateway (PLA) Version: s1.0 Boot Loader Version: 4.13 RTOS Version: 2.5.0/BE SIP Stack Version: 2.1.1.4 DSP image Version: 8.1.2.1. TSG Version: R8.0 Gateway (Build 4)

4.2.2 SIP Parameters

Please select Main Menu\View System Config.\SIP Parameter Settings The SIP Parameters Settings:

Configuring VIP from a Web Browser

SIP Addr Configuration: UDP ctl addr = 192.168.0.99/5060 RTP data addr = 192.168.0.99/2070

Domain name server = 168.95.192.1 Info switch is off nat_call is on auto_reg is off outboundproxy : None

4.2.3 Voice Coder Type

Please select Main Menu\View System Config.\Coder Type The Voice Coder For Each Line Module: Voice coder is G.723 for Line Module 1.

4.2.4 Voice Coder Information

Please select Main Menu\View System Config.\Coder Information

PLANET Networking & Communication	Coder Selection
Telephony Gateway	Please Select A Desired Coder Below: G.723 Select
Dial Plan Settings	
View System Configuration	
Firmware Version	
SIP Parameters	
► Voice Coder Type	
Coder information	

4.2.5 Channel Parameters

Please select Main Menu\View System Config.\Channel Parameters This command can show the desired channel setting of VIP.



4.2.6 Network Connection

Please select Main Menu\View System Config\Network Connection This command can display the type of connection currently enabled in VIP.

4.2.6.1 DHCP Settings

Display current DHCP status in VIP



Command Line Interface reference:

net set dhcp

net set dhcp command configures VIP to be DHCP client in order to obtain TCP/IP related parameters from ISP while VIP is deployed in DHCP environment.

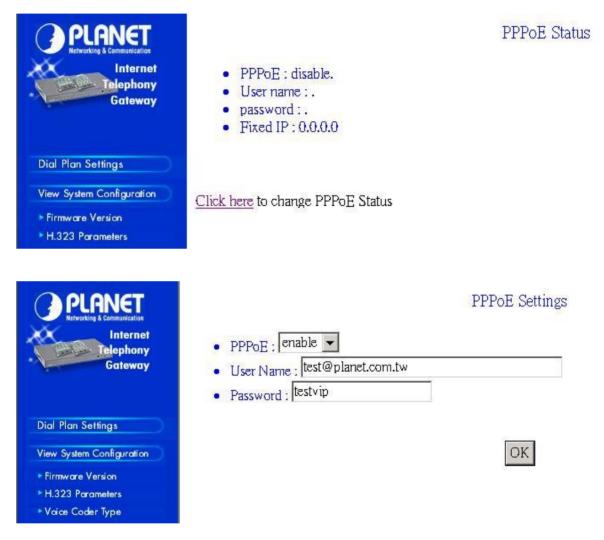
Syntax Description

on	Turn on DHCP client
off	Turn off DHCP client

If DHCP client is enabled/disabled, VIP has to be rebooted to make the DHCP service started/stopped.

4.2.6.2 PPPoE Settings

Display current PPPoE status in VIP



Command Line Interface reference:

net set pppoe

The **net set pppoe** command configures PPPoE related parameters while VIP is deployed in PPPoE environment.

Syntax Description

on	Turn on PPPoE client
off	Turn off PPPoE client
username	PPPoE connection username provided by ISP

Configuring VIP from a Web Browser

password	PPPoE connection password provided by ISP
fix_ip	Fixed IP address provided by ISP

If PPPoE client is enabled/disabled, VIP has to be rebooted to make the PPPoE service started/stopped.

4.2.6.3 DDNS Settings

Display current DDNS status in VIP

	Dyn-DNS Status
Lintern Telepho Gatew Dial Plan Settings	ny DDNS: disable.
View System Configurat Firmware Version H.323 Parameters Voice Coder Type 	
Dial Plan Settings View System Configuration Firmware Version H.323 Parameters	Dynamic DNS Settings Dyn-DNS : enable Server Name : dyndns Host Name : planetvip User Name : XXXXXXXX Set User Password : XXXXXXX OK
 Coder information Channel Parameters Network Connection DHCP Settings PPPOE Settings DDNS Settings Configure System Setting Status 	 DynDNS setting completed. DynDNS server name setting OK. DynDNS host name setting OK. DysDNS user name setting OK. DynDNS user password setting OK.
Help	Store the settings. Be certain that PPPoE has enabled.

Command Line Interface reference:

net set dyndns

DDNS service can help users to find each other in dynamic/static IP environment, and enable two VIPs call each other with registered host names. To be fully functional, DNS server **MUST** be added into SIP configuration while DDNS service is enabled.

DDNS clients supported in VIP are <u>www.dyndns.org</u> and <u>www.dtdns.com</u> currently.

If VIP DDNS client is enabled, users **MUST** register a DDNS name from the sites listed above before proceeding any further.

Syntax Description

on	Turn on DDNS client
off	Turn off DDNS client

If DDNS client is enabled, VIP has to be rebooted to make the DDNS service effective.

sub commands:

set dyndns add [serv_name] [host_name] [user_name] [password]

Adding applied DDNS name into VIP database.

Note: if multiple DDNS names are inserted, only the first one will be updated.

Syntax Description

serv_name	DDNS service server (MUST be "dyndns" or "dtdns" for now)
host_name	DDNS name registered from DDNS service provider
user_name	Username used to update DDNS account
password	Password used to update DDNS account

set dyndns delete [host_name]|all

Delete specified or all DDNS name(s) configured in VIP.

DDNS related parameters must be saved via commands: "config activate, config store" in order to be effective.

4.3 Configure System Settings

Please select Main Menu\Configure System Settings

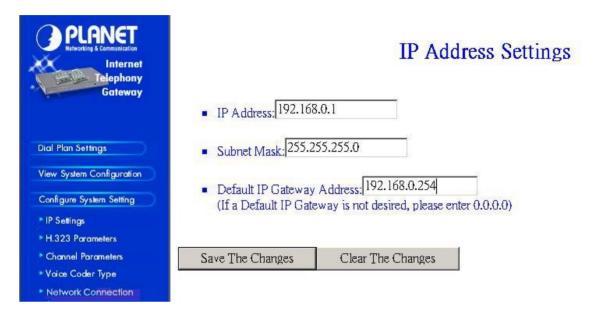
		System Config. S	Settings Function Bri	iefings	
Telephony Gateway	The following options are available	and shown on the left fran	ne.		
	IP Settings	Allows one to set the address of its Defa	ne gateway's IP address, it ault Gateway.	ts subnet mask, and the IF)
Dial Plan Settings View System Configuration	H.323 Parameter Settings	Allows one to set the Gatekeeper Mode	ne H.323 parameters, such , etc.	n as Fast Start Mode,	
Configure System Setting	Port Parameter Settings		Allows one to set parameters associated with each port, such as transmission/receive gains, comfort noise level, etc.		
 H.323 Parameters Channel Parameters 	Voice Coder Selection	oice Coder Selection Allows one to set the desired coder type, such as G.711, G.723 or G.729A, for all ports.			29A,
Voice Coder Type Network Connection DHCP Settings	Network Connection	Allows one to set th	ne status of DHCP, PPPoE	E, DDNS.	
⊢ PPPoE Settings		Default ITG	Channel Configurati	on	
Status	Local Port	TCID (Telephony Channel ID)	Destination ID	Hunt Group ID	Phone No.
Help	Port 1	0	1	1	201
	Port 2	1	2	2	202
	Dort 2		2	2	_

System Config. Settings Function Briefings

- 1. **IP Settings**, which allows one to set the gateway's IP address, its subnet mask, and its Default Gateway IP address.
- 2. **SIP Parameter Settings**, which allows one to set the SIP parameters, such as communication ports, SIP registration settings, outbound proxy server settings etc.
- 3. Channel Parameter Settings, which allows one to set parameters associated with each port, such as transmission/receive gains, comfort noise level, etc.
- 4. Voice Coder Type Selection, which allows one to set the desired coder type, such as G.711, G.723 or G.729A, in a per line module base.
- 5. **Network Connection**, which allows user to buildup Internet connection according to different connection type, currently connection types supported in VIP are DHCP, PPPoE connections.

4.3.1 IP Settings

Please select Main Menu\Configure System Settings\IP Settings



This screen can setup your VIP IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default IP Gateway Address. These values will be valid after VIP reboot.

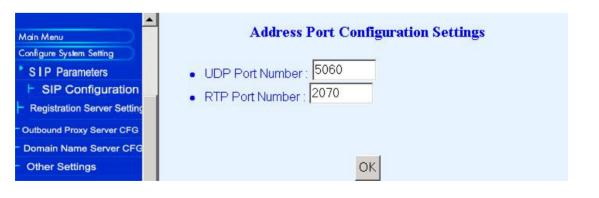
4.3.2 SIP Parameters

Please select Main Menu\Configure System Settings\SIP Parameter Settings

There are SIP Configuration Settings, Registration Server Settings, Outbound Proxy Sever configurations, Domain name server configurations, and Other settings.

4.3.2.1 SIP Configuration Settings

Please select Main Menu\Configure System Settings\SIP Parameter Settings\SIP Configuration Settings



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4.3.2.2 SIP Registration Server settings

Please select Main Menu\Configure System Settings\SIP Parameter Settings\SIP Registration Server Settings

PLANET Retworking & Communication		Registration Serv	ver Settings	
Telephony Gateway	Add C Del Expire Time : 300 sec Local Phone Numbers :	onds		
Main Menu Configure System Setting	Info	rmation of Regis	stration Server	
SIP Parameters	Registration Server IP Address	Port number	User Name	Password
Registration Server Setting				
Cutbound Proxy Server CFG		aul		
► Domain Name Server CFG		OK		
Other Settings				

4.3.2.2 SIP Outbound Proxy Server Settings

Please select Main Menu\Configure System Settings\SIP Parameter Settings\SIP Outbound Proxy Server Settings

	Outbound Proxy Server Settings		
Internet	Index	Outbound Proxy Server IP Address	Port number
Gateway	1		
		OK	
Main Menu			
Configure System Setting			
Configure System Setting SIP Parameters			
SIP Parameters			
► SIP Parameters ► SIP Configuration			
 SIP Parameters SIP Configuration Registration Server Setting 			

4.3.2.3 SIP Domain Name Server Settings

Please select Main Menu\Configure System Settings\SIP Parameter Settings\SIP Domain Name Server Settings

PLANET Retworking & Communication	Domain Name Server Settings
Telephony	Domain Name Server:
Gateway	
	ОК
Main Menu	
Configure System Setting	
SIP Parameters	
SIP Configuration	
Registration Server Setting	
HOutbound Proxy Server CFG	
⊢ Domain Name Server CFG	

4.3.2.4 Other SIP Settings

PLANET Networking & Communication	Domain Name Server Settings
Internet Telephony Gateway	 Info Switch: On ▼ Nat Call: On ▼ Auto_reg: On ▼
Main Menu Configure System Setting	OK
 SIP Parameters SIP Configuration 	
Registration Server Setting Outbound Proxy Server CFG	
 Domain Name Server CFG Other Settings 	

Configuring VIP from a Web Browser

Chapter 5 Troubleshooting Tips

This section provides solutions for problems you may possibly encounter while installing and connecting your Internet Telephony Gateway.

Power (PWR) LED is not illuminate

- 1. Check the power adapter connection.
- 2. If the power adapter or power cord is connected to the gateway, check that the cord is securely plugged into the power socket on the rear of the console.
- Check that the other end of the power adapter or power cord is securely plugged into the power outlet.
- 4. If both ends of the power cord are properly connected and there is still no power, the gateway might have a faulty power outlet, power adapter, or power cord.
- 5. Change to another power outlet or obtain another power adapter or power cord.

LNK LED is not illuminate

- 1. Check VIP was connected correctly:
 - a. Powered on
 - b. Correctly connected
- 2. Check if the cable connect to an end device is a standard straight through network Ethernet cable.
- 3. Make sure connectors at both end are securely seated.
- 4. Check VIP IP setting is correct

There is no dial tone when pick up the phone

- 1. Check line module port LED illuminate
- 2. Check the RJ11 telephone line is connected correctly between phone set and line module port

There is an out-of-service tone when dialing destination phone number

1. Check the dial plan setting (address table, hunt group table and destination table) at the destination phone number

There is no connected tone when dialing destination phone number

- 1. Check the IP network (Ethernet cable, Ethernet port and GW IP setting) is connected correctly
- 2. Check the destination VIP and phone is available

Final Steps

If the procedures in this section have not solved the problem, reset the gateway several times by turning the power on and off. If the problem still exists, contact customer support.

Chapter 6 Command Line Interface

VIP has a built-in command line interpreter and provides users a Command Line Interface (CLI). You can configure VIP by entering commands from the CLI.

You can access the CLI from a VT-100 terminal or terminal emulator connected to the RS-232 port on the front panel or through a Telnet session.

6.1 Connection through Serial Port

The serial port of VIP is fixed at the following settings:

Baud rate	19,200
Number of data bit	8
Parity check	None
Number of stop bit	1
Flow control	None

To access VIP through the RS-232 serial port, follow the steps below:

- 1. Insert one end of the serial cable that came with VIP into the 9-pin RS-232 port (labeled User Console) on the front panel.
- 2. Insert the other end of the cable into your terminal's serial port.
- 3. Configure the terminal so that settings for baud rate, number of data bit, parity check, number of stop bit and flow control capability exactly match VIP's serial interface. (Refer to you terminal documentation for more information about setting up these features).
- 4. Press <Return> from the terminal.
- VIP displays the following prompts on the terminal and you are ready to access the CLI then. EVIP>

6.2 Connection through Telnet

To use Telnet, you must have previously set the IP address using the **net set ip** command for VIP. Refer to the section describing the **net set** command later in this chapter for information about setting the IP address. Up to two sessions through Telnet are possible. To access VIP from a remote host with Telnet, perform the following tasks:

Task	Prompt	Туре
From the remote host, enter the telnet command followed by the IP address of VIP you want to access.	None	telnet <i>ip_addr</i>
When VIP prompts " Login: ", enter the user name "administrator"	Login:	administrator
When VIP prompts "Password:", enter the pass- word. The default password is " 123 " unless a password was previously established using the net set user_pw command (Refer to the section describing net set user_pw command later in this chapter for details about the setting password).	Password:	password

Upon successfully entered the password, VIP displays greeting message and the following prompts and you are ready to access the CLI commands.

ITG>

6.3 Command Help

Help for commands is provided by the CLI. Type **help** to see a listing of the top-level commands. On most cases, if you enter a command using the wrong number of arguments or inappropriate arguments, the CLI will give further usage.

6.4 Designating IP Address

Some commands require an IP address, which must be designated in a standard format. The IP address format is 32 bits, written as four octets separated by periods (dotted decimal format) that are made up of a network section, an optional subnet section, and a host section, as shown in the following example:

192.168.0.1

6.5 Designating Port Number

Some commands require a telephony port number. VIP designates the first port telephony interface as port number 0, the 2nd port as port number 1 and so on.

6.6 Command Reference

The following table list the CLI command in alphabetic order.

Command	Description
atpm	Dial plan management command
clrscr	Clear screen
config	Configuration management command
download	Download new revision code image from TFTP server
help	Display help screen
net	Set or display network parameters
ping	Ping another Internet host
set	Set system configuration
tel	Set or display telephony port options

For the ease of understanding and explaining these commands, the commands are categorized into the following command sets and the following sections explaining each set of the commands.

Command Set	Commands	Function
Utility	clrscr download help ping	General purpose utility commands
Network	net	Commands for setting or displaying network related parameters
Configuration management	config show set	Commands for configuring VIP or displaying configuration
Dial plan menagement	atpm	Commands for setting or displaying dial plan
Telephony	tel	Commands for setting or displaying telephony related options

6.7 Utility Commands

clrscr

The **cirscr** command to clear the screen

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords

download

Use the **download** command to enter download mode for reading code image from a TFTP server and program it to flash memory. Refer to 0 for detailed information on how to upgrade the system software.

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords

Note

This command in available from serial interface. It is not available from Telnet unless the TFTP loader is version 3.00 or higher.

help

The help command lists the top-level commands.

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords

ping

The **ping** command sends Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) echo request packets to another node on the network.

ping host_ip_addr

ping -s host_ip_addr count/timeout

Syntax description

	Causes ping to send one datagram per second, printing one line of output for every response received.
host_ip_addr	The IP address or IP alias of the host.
count	(Optional) The number of packets to send
timeout	(Optional) Timeout value for the ping in millisecond

6.8 Network Commands

net reset

Use the **net reset** command to reset VIP. The CLI will prompt you to confirm the command before resetting VIP.

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords

net set gateway ip_addr

Use the **net set gateway** command to assign a default gateway (router) for VIP. The default gateway routes packet data outside or your IP subnet.

Syntax description

The IP address of the default gateway. IP address of 0.0.0.0 stands for no default gateway.

Note

The new setting will not take effect until VIP is reset.

net set http {on|off}

ip_addr

VIP allows you enable of disable its built-in HTTP server. Use the **net set http** command to enable or disable the HTTP server.

Syntax description

on	Enable HTTP server. This allows users to access VIP from web browser.]
off	Disable HTTP server.	1

net set telnet {on|off}

VIP allows you enable of disable its built-in Telnet server. Use the **net set telnet** command to enable or disable the Telnet server.

Syntax description

on	Enable Telnet server. This allows users to access VIP from web browser.
off	Disable Telnet server.

net set ip *ip_addr*

Use the **net set ip** command to assign an static IP address to VIP.

Syntax description

ip_addr	The IP address of VIP.
---------	------------------------

Note

The new IP address will not take effect until VIP is reset.

net set ip_preced ip_preced

VIP allows you to set the 8-bit Service Type field in the IP header for all the voice packets it sends out. The Service Type field is broken down into five subfields, among which four subfileds are user configurable. This command is used to set these subfields.

net set ip_preced ip_preced [d] [f] [r]

Syntax description

ip_preced	The 3-bit PRECEDENCE subfiled ranging from 0 through 7.
d	The <i>D</i> bit subfield, either 0 or 1.
t	The <i>T</i> bit subfield, either 0 or 1.
r	The <i>R</i> bit subfield, either 0 or 1.

Default

ip_preced: 0 *d*: 0 *t*: 0 *r*: 0

Notes

The new setting will not take effect until the VIP is reset.

net set mask ip_mask

Use the net set mask command to set the IP subnet mask for VIP.

Syntax description

ip_mask The subnet mask of your network.

Note

The new setting will not take effect until VIP is reset.

net set speed {10|100|auto}

VIP allows you set the link speed for its Ethernet interface. Use the **net set speed** command to set the Ethernet link speed.

Syntax description

10	Fixed the Ethernet speed at 10 Mbps
100	Fixed the Ethernet speed at 100 Mbps

auto Enable the 10/100 Mbps auto-negoriation capablity.

net set user_pw password password

Use the **net set user_pw** command to change the password for Telnet user.

Syntax description

	The new password. The password must be equal to or less than 7	
password	alphanumeric characters. It must be identically typed twice for VIP to	
	be certain about the new password.	

net show

The net show command displays all the network settings.

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords

Example

The following example shows how to display network settings:

ITG> net show <enter> ************************************</enter>
PPPoE = disabled
DYN DNS = enabled
DHCP client = disabled
Configured IP address = 192.168.0.99.
Configured IP subnet mask = 255.255.255.0.
Default gateway IP address = 192.168.0.253.
Current active IP address = 192.168.0.99.
Current active subnet mask = 255.255.255.0.
IP precedence = 0 0 0 0 0
Ethernet MAC address = 00-30-4f-00-29-20
Ethernet speed setting = 10/100 Mbps auto-negotiation
USER password = 123
HTTP server = enabled
Telnet server = enabled
Ethernet speed setting = 10/100 Mbps auto-negotiation
USER password = 123

```
HTTP server = enabled
Telnet server = enabled
ITG>
```

net show hwstat

The net show hwstat command displays the hardware configuration of VIP.

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords

Example

The following example shows how to display hardware configuration:

ITG>net show hwstat <enter> ************************************</enter>		
Flash:	type-MX29L1611 32 sectors 64 KB/sector	
RAM:	8 MB 512K x 16	
LAN:	100 Mbps half duplex. Link UP	
TIM slot A: type-FXO2S2 DSP-C5409 codec-PEB2466 Diag-OK		

ITG>		

net set pppoe

The **net set pppoe** command configures PPPoE related parameters while VIP is deployed in PPPoE environment.

Syntax Description

on	Turn on PPPoE client
off	Turn off PPPoE client
username	PPPoE connection username provided by ISP
password	PPPoE connection password provided by ISP
fix_ip	Fixed IP address provided by ISP

net set dhcp

net set dhcp command configures VIP to be DHCP client in order to obtain TCP/IP related parameters from ISP while VIP is deployed in DHCP environment.

Syntax Description

on	Turn on DHCP client
off	Turn off DHCP client

net set dyndns

DDNS service can help users to find each other in dynamic/static IP environment, and enable two VIPs call each other with registered host names. To be fully functional, DNS server **MUST** be added into SIP configuration while DDNS service is enabled.

DDNS clients supported in VIP are <u>www.dyndns.org</u> and <u>www.dtdns.com</u> currently.

If VIP DDNS client is enabled, users **MUST** register a DDNS name from the sites listed above before proceeding any further.

Syntax Description

on	Turn on DDNS client
off	Turn off DDNS client

sub commands:

set dyndns add [serv_name] [host_name] [user_name] [password]

Adding applied DDNS name into VIP database.

Note: if multiple DDNS names are inserted, only the first one will be updated.

Syntax Description

serv_name	DDNS service server (MUST be "dyndns" or "dtdns" for now)
host_name	DDNS name registered from DDNS service provider
user_name	Username used to update DDNS account
password	Password used to update DDNS account

set dyndns delete [host_name]|all

Delete specified or all DDNS name(s) configured in VIP.

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords.

6.9 Configuration Management Commands

The configuration management commands allow the user to set values for system configuration parameters. In addition, it provides mechanisms to allow a user to control when new parameter values are put in use.

The CLI maintains three areas where the parameters are stored:

- Temporary
- Active
- Non-volatile Storage (NVS)

When a **set** command is entered and processed, it changes the parameter value in the Temporary area. This does not affect current operation of VIP, which is using the values in the Active area. The **config activate** command moves configuration data from the Temporary area to the Active area, where it can actually be used. Thus a user can make multiple changes in the Temporary area using **set** commands, then put them into use with a single **config activate** command. (Note that the **config activate** command may only be used between calls, and will usually tear down any in-progress calls when invoked.)

Configuration data in the Active area is only available while VIP remains in operation. If VIP is reset, the Active area is reloaded from the data stored in NVS. Data in the Active area may be saved to NVS by entering the **config store** command.

For most of the SIP parameter, settings won't take effect until VIP reset. To ensure the SIP setting to take effect, it is recommended to reset VIP after changing the settings using the **set** command.

In summary:

- Use set commands to make configuration parameters changes in the Temporary area
- Use the **config activate** command to move the new values into the Active area, available for use
- Use the config store command to save the new Active values in NVS
- Reset VIP after changing SIP settings and storing the setting to NVS.

config {activate|store|erase}

Use the **activate** command to manage the configuration data. A sequence of **set** command is typically preceded by and/or followed by the **config** command for the **set** command to become active.

Syntax description

activate	Move the configuration from temporary area to active area.
store	Store the active configuration data into non-volatile storage.
erase	Erase the configuration from non-volatile storage.

SIP related commands

show sip

The **show SIP** command displays the settings of the parameter that are related to SIP signaling protocol.

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords

Example

The following example shows how to display the SIP parameters:

ITG>show sip SIP Addr Configuration: UDP ctl addr = 192.168.0.99/5060 RTP data addr = 192.168.0.99/2070 Domain name server = 168.95.192.1 Info switch is off nat_call is on auto_reg is off outboundproxy : None

show sip reg

- Displays the information of registration

show sip cfg

- Displays the configuration of registration

show sip proxy

- Displays the configuration of proxy server

show sip dns_ip

- Displays the configuration of DNS server

show sip info_sw

- Displays the information switch

show sip auto_reg

- Displays auto-registration on/off when reboot

show sip nat_call

- Displays nat_call switch

show sip outboundproxy

- Displays the outbound proxy

set sip reg add

- used to add registration information

set sip reg add [reg_num] [expires] [#registrar] [ip] [port] {name | 0} {passwd | 0} {ip port ...}

Syntax description

reg_num	the phone number to be registered
expires	how long the reg_num is to re-register
#registrar	the number of registrar
ip	IP of the registrar
port	port of the registrar
name	[the name for authentication 0 for no authentication]
passwd	[the password for authentication 0 for no authentication]

set sip reg del

- used to delete registration information

set sip reg del [reg_num]

Syntax description

reg_num the phone number to be deleted

set sip cfg

- used to set the configuration of sip

set sip cfg [udp_ctl_port] [rtp_data_port]

Syntax description

udp_ctl_port	<udp control="" port=""> (0 : default port will be used)</udp>
rtp_data_port	<rtp data="" port=""> (0 : default port will be used)</rtp>

set sip proxy

- used to set the configuration of sip

set sip proxy [#proxy_svr] [proxy svr-1 nwa] { proxy svr-2 nwa }...

Syntax description

#proxy_svr number of proxy server | 0 to remove existing server

proxy svr nwa <ip> <port>

set sip actreg

- used to send out the registration

set sip actreg

set sip dns_ip

- used to set the domain name server. The IP domain should be in

numerical format

set sip dns_ip [ip]

Syntax description

ip <x.x.x.x> | 0 to remove dns ip

set sip info_sw

- used to set the sip process information switch

set sip info_sw [on/off]

set sip auto_reg

- used to set registration auto start when reboot in the condition of registration server is set

set sip auto_reg [on/off]

set sip nat_call

- used to set nat_call switch on/off whether the gateway in public IP is to receive calls from the private IP or not. The default value is on.

set sip nat_call [on/off]

set sip outboundproxy add

- used to add outbound proxy

set sip outboundproxy add [ip/hostname] [port]

set sip outboundproxy del

- used to delete outbound proxy

set sip outboundproxy del

set sip name [Registrar_ID] [name]

- used to setup SIP Caller ID information. You may use "show sip reg" to show the Registrar ID and setup the corresponding Caller ID parameter. The Caller ID is the [name] field.

6.10 Voice Coding Profile Configuration Commands

Coding profile is used to store coding parameters for voice and fax coding p that can be used by telephony port on VIP. VIP has built-in coding profiles, each having a unique profile ID and parameters for specific voice, fax or modem coder. Among these coding profiles, there are five may be used for voice or fax applications. The following table summarizes coding profiles available for voice and fax applications.

Coding profile ID	Coder	
0	G.723 6.3 kbps voice coder	
1	G.729ab voice coder	
2	G723 5.3 kbps voice coder	
5	Proprietary fax coder	
6	G.711 μ -law voice coder	
10	Standard T.38 fax coder	

This session will introduce commands for setting the parameters for a particular coding profile. All the commands in this session are of the same syntax as follows:

set coding profile_id option [option] . . .

Syntax for the *profile_id* is as follows:

profile_id ID of the coding profile to be modified.

6.10.1 Common Coding Profile Configuration Commands

set coding profile_id coding_type coding_type

Syntax description

coding_type Type of the codcc as defined in the following table.

Parameter	Description	
g711_mu	G.711 PCM u-law coding	
g723_53	G.723.1 5.3 kbps coding	
g723_63	G.723.1 6.3 kbps coding	
g729ab	G.729 annex A, annex B 8kbps coding	
fax_t38	Fax Relay in T.38 mode	

Note: Modification will not take effect till save and next reboot.

set coding profile_id cp_tone_detect {on | off}

This command is used to specify a secondary level of control of call progress tone detection. If the call progress detection control for a telephony port is set to "As per coding profile" (refer to command "set port port cp_tone_det_ctrl"), this parameter determines if detection is to be enabled or not.

Syntax description

on	Enable call progress tone detection.	
off	Disable call progress tone detection.	

set coding profile_id fax_tone_detect {on | off}

This command is used to specify a secondary level of control of V.21 fax tone detection. If the fax tone detection control for a telephony port is set to "As per coding profile" (refer to command "set port port fax_tone_det_ctrl"), this parameter determines if detection is to be enabled or not. For a voice coder, fax tone detection has to be enabled, otherwise, telephony port never switches to fax mode while the voice coder is active. For a fax profile it does not matter if the fax tone detection is enabled or disabled.

Syntax description

on	Enable V.21 fax tone detection.
off	Disable V.21 fax tone detection.

set coding profile_id usage {voice | fax} {on | off}

Syntax description

Voice	The coding profile is allowed, if the parameter that follows is "on", for being used as voice coder. The coding profile is not allowed, if the parameter that follows is "off", for being used as voice coder.
Fax	The coding profile is allowed, if the parameter that follows is "on", for being used as fax coder. The coding profile is not allowed, if the parameter that follows is "off", for being used as fax coder.

6.10.2 Voice Coding Profile Configuration Commands

set coding profile_id adaptive_playout {on | off}

VIP has built-in voice packet buffer, which allows VIP to remove packet jitter from the incoming packet stream. VIP also implements an adaptive voice packet playback. This command is used to enable/disable the adaptive playback function for a voice coding profile.

Syntax description

on	Enable adaptive playback.
off	Disable adaptive playback.

set coding profile_id dtmf_relay {on | off}

VIP supports DTMF Relay, in which DTMF tones are detected during voice processing, encoded into SIP-UserInformation packets and conveyed to the remote VIP via the SIP call control band. This command is used to enable or disable the DTMF Relay feature.

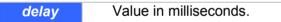
Syntax description

on	Detect DTMF tones while voice session is on-going, and send detected DTMF digits to remote gateway via the SIP call control band.
off	Do not detect DTMF tones. DTMF tones are compressed and send to remote gateway the same as regular voice frame.

set coding profile_id max_delay

Voice packets from network may have traversed variable path and each packets have experienced different propagation delay. To ease this phenomenon, VIP has a built-in voice packet buffer, which stores voice packets received from the network. The effect of non-uniform delay among packets is known as jitter. The voice buffer allows VIP to remove the packet jitter from the incoming packet stream before decompressing and sending the packet to telephony port for playing out. This command is used to set the size of voice buffer.

Syntax description



Notes

- 1. The maximum delay should be at least 2 packet times greater than the nominal delay. Refer to command "set coding *profile_id* nom_delay" for details about setting nominal delay.
- 2. The maximum delay for each coder is shown in the following table:

Maximum Delay
145 ms
500 ms
500 ms

set coding profile_id min_delay

This command is used to set the time each voice packet is stored in the voice packet buffer before VIP playing out the packet. It is only meaningful when the adaptive playback feature is disabled. Refer to "set coding *profile_id* adaptive_playout" for details about adaptive playback feature.

Syntax description

set coding profile_id nom_delay

Syntax description

Delay Value in milliseconds.

set coding profile_id vad {on | off}

This command is used to enable/disable the Voice Activity Detector (VAD) for a coding profile.

Syntax description

On	Enable VAD.	
Off	Disable VAD.	

set coding profile_id vad_thresh

This command is used to set threshold level for the VAD for a coding profile.

Syntax description

threshold Value in dBm, ranging from –20 to +10.

set coding profile_id vif

This command is used to set the size of the Voice Information Field (VIF), in bits, for a voice coder.

Syntax description

Coding type	Sampling time	VIF
G.711 μ -law	10 ms	640
	20 ms	1,280
	30 ms	1,920
G.723	30 ms	192
	60 ms	384
G.729AB	10 ms	80
	20 ms	160
	30 ms	240
	40 ms	320
	50 ms	400
	60 ms	480

Note:

Size of the Voice Information Field (VIF), in bits, for a voice coder are related to the coding type and the rate the voice coder samples a voice frame (the packet time), as shown in the table above. **VIF** sizes of a coder of values other than those shown in the table are not valid.

6.11 Dial Plan Management Commands

Among the command sets supported by the CLI, the dial plan management commands are the most sophisticated. Some of the dial plan management commands are only allowed when VIP is in the atpm table update state. For ease of explaining, this command set is further categorized into several sub command sets.

Sub command set	Purposes	Commands	atpm table up- date state re- quired?
Database update control	 Instruct VIP to start or stop atpm table update state. Store/restore atpm tables to/from non-volatile storage Purge atpm tables Erase dial plan database from non-volatile storage 	atpm req atpm done atpm re- store atpm store atpm purge atpm erase	No No Yes No Yes No
Destination table management	Manage atpm destination table	atpm dadd atpm ddel atpm dfind atpm dlist	Yes Yes No No
Hunt group table management	Manage atpm hunt group table	atpm hadd atom hdel atpm hfind atpm hlist	Yes Yes No No
Address table management	Manage atpm address table	atpm aadd atpm adel atpm afind atpm alist	Yes Yes No No
System	Manage atpm system configura- tion	atpm slist atpm sys	No Yes

The following sections describe each sub command set and the commands.

Database Update Control Commands

atpm done

The **atpm done** command ends the atpm table update session and re-enables the address translation.

Syntax description

This command has no arguments or keywords

atpm erase

The atpm erase command erases the dial plan database from the non-volatile memory.

Syntax description

This command has no arguments or keywords

atpm purge {all|addr|dest|hunt}

Use the **atpm purge** command to delete all entries from the atpm tables.

Syntax description

all	Delete all entries from atpm ddress, destination and hunt group ta- bles.
addr	Delete all entries from atpm address table.
dest	Delete all entries from atpm destination table.
hunt	Delete all entries from atpm hunt group table.

atpm req

The **atpm req** command starts the atpm table update session. Upon starting the atpm table update session, the ATPM address translation is disabled, hence no phone call can be made, until a **atpm done** command is issued.

Syntax description

This command has no arguments or keywords

atpm restore

The **atpm restore** command restores the whole dial plan from non-volatile storage to the atpm address, destination and hung group tables.

Syntax description

This command has no arguments or keywords

atpm store [erase]

The atpm store command store all atpm tables into non-volatile memory.

Syntax description

(Optional) Erase the non-volatile before storing the dial plan data-
base. This option is not recommended except the very first time you use the atpm store command.

Hunt Group Table Management Commands

atpm hadd hunt_group_id {1|2} dest_id [desi_id2] ...

Use the **atpm hadd** command to add an entry into the atpm hunt group table.

Syntax description

hunt_group_id	Hunt group ID. For each hunt group, you need to assign it a unique identifier between 1 and 65536.
1	Hunt type 1. Hunt type 1 hunts destination within a hunt group starting from the destination member just after the last used member.
2	Hunt type 2. Hunt type 2 hunts destination within a hunt group starting from the first destination member.
dest_id1	ID of the first destination member in the hunt group.
dest_id2	(Optional)List of ID's of additional destination members in the hunt group.
dest_id3	

Example

The following example shows how to group destination 1, 2, 3 and 4 into a hunt group, assign it hunt group ID 10, and specify hunt type 2 for this hunt group.

ITG>atpm hadd 10 2 1 2 3 4<Enter>

atpm hdel hunt_group_id

The **atpm hdel** command deletes an entry from the atpm hunt group table.

Syntax description

hunt_group_id ID of the hunt group to be deleted from the hunt group table.

atpm hfind hunt_group_id

The **atpm hfind** finds and display an entry in the hunt group table.

Syntax description

hunt_group_id ID of the hunt group to be displayed.

atpm hlist

The **atpm hlist** display all entries in the hunt group table.

Syntax description

This command has no arguments or keywords

Example

ITG>atpm hlist Group id Type #Members Member ids				
	и тур 			
1	2	1	1	
2	2	1	2	
3	2	1	3	
4	2	1	4	
5	2	1	5	
6	2	1	6	
7	2	1	7	
8	2	1	8	
11	2	1	11	
OK				
ITG>				

Address Table Management Commands

atpm aadd tel# min_digits max_digits hunt_group_id prefix_strip_len [prefix#]

Use the **atpm aadd** command to add an entry into the atpm address table.

Syntax description

tel#	Telephone number to match. This is only part of the total dialed string.
min_digits	Minimum number of digits to be collected before the ATPM starting matching the dialed string with entries in the address table.
max_digits	Maximum number of digits to be collected before the ATPM starting matching the dialed string with entries in the address table.
hunt_group_id	Hung group ID for this telephone number
pre- fix_strip_len	The number of digits to be stripped at the beginning of the collected dial string before forwarding the string to the destination.
prefix#	(Optional) Digit to be added before the beginning of the collected dial string before forwarding it to the destination.

atpm adel tel#

The **atpm adel** command deletes an entry from the atpm address table.

Syntax description

tel#	Number of a previously added entry to be deleted from the atpm ad-
(GIII	dress table.

atpm afind tel#

The **atpm afind** finds and display an entry in the address table.

Syntax description

tel# Number of a previously added entry in the atpm table to be displayed.

atpm alist

The **atpm alist** displays all entries in the address table.

Syntax description

This command has no arguments or keywords

Example

ITG>atpm alist					
Address	F	lunt	Min	Max	Prefix Prefix
Entry	Grj	p_ld	Digits	Digits	s strip Address
201	1	1	3	3	None
202	2	1	3	3	None
203	3	1	3	3	None
204	4	1	3	3	None
ITG>atpm done					
OK					
ITG>					

System Commands

atpm slist

The atpm slist displays the atpm system table.

Syntax description

This command has no arguments or keywords

Example

ITG>atpm slist
System Info: Total dial time = 30000ms, First digit wait = 10000ms,
Interdigit wait = 5000ms, Dial term digit = None
OK
ITG>

atpm sys dial_time 1st_digit_wait inter_digit_wait [dial_term_digit]

Use the atpm sys command to set the time constraints for collection of dial digits.

Syntax description

dial_time	The maximum time, in millisecond, allowed for entry of the entire string of dial digits. At expiration, ATPM starts address lookup.
1st_digit_wait	The maximum time, in millisecond, allowed between off-hook and when the first dial digit is entered. At expiration, ATPM con- siders address lookup to fail.
Inter_orgit_wait	previous digit. At expiration, ATPW starts address lookup.
dial_term_digitr	(Optional) End of the dial string is declared when the digit is en- tered.

6.12 Tel Commands

tel show pcm_gain_level

The **tel show pcm_gain_leve**l command to display the gain level setting of the PCM codec's receive channel.

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords

tel show port [port#]

The **tel show port** command displays the hook state of a telephony port.

Syntax Description

port#	Number of the port.
-------	---------------------

Default

If the port number is not specified, the CLI displays hook state of all telephony ports.

tel show ring_freq

The **tel show ring_freq** command to displays the frequency of the ring signal that VIP sends to FXS ports.

tel set pcm_gain_level {1|2|3|4|5}

The FXO ports might be connected to central office switch or PBX via local loop which may of as long as several miles. For compensating signal distortion in the local loop, VIP's PCM codec is designed in such a way that users might adjust it gain level before transmitting analog signal to the local loop. The **tel set pcm_gain_level** command is used to set the gain level for the PCM codec for compensating signal loss in the local loop.

Syntax Description

1	Set gain level to –1 dB
2	Set gain level to 0 dB
3	Set gain level to +1 dB
4	Set gain level to +2 dB
5	Set gain level to +3 dB

Default

The default setting is -1 dB.

Note

The PCM gain level setting is only meaningful to FXO ports. It is not applicable to FXS ports.

tel set ring_freq {1|2|3|4}

Use the tel set ring_freq command to set the frequency of the ringer VIP uses to ring a FXS port.

Syntax Description

1	Set ring freq to 17 Hz
2	Set ring freq to 20 Hz
3	Set ring freq to 25 Hz
4	Set ring freq to 50 Hz

Chapter 7 Upgrading and resetting VIP

VIP-450 is able to have system functionality enhancement via software upgrade. This must be operated in upgrade mode. In firmware upgrade mode, limited commands allow users to read new revision codes from a remote TFTP server and write into the built-in flash non-volatile storage.

To enter download mode, either Telnet or Console (RS-232) connection can take the job, and a TFTP server is required by VIP to complete firmware upgrade process.

7.1 Firmware upgrade

To switch from normal operation mode to download mode, use the **download** CLI command.

ITG> download <Enter>

Note: To be able to switch to download mode from Telnet session, TFTP loader on VIP must be version 3.00 or higher. To upgrade to firmware version 3.03 or above, bootloader version 4.01 or above is required.

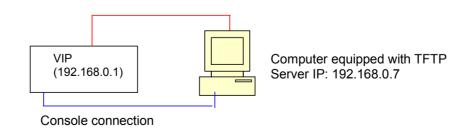
After **download** command is inserted, VIP will terminate all on-going calls, reset and enter firmware download mode. If you enter download mode from Telnet session. The Telnet session will be terminated too. You need to re-connect to VIP from Telnet client to be able to access the firmware download mode.

Before going any further, please note: **NEVER**, **NEVER TURN OFF POWER** while firmware upgrade is working in progress!! (**Please ensure power supply is stable before firmware upgrade is executed**.)

TFTP server is required to complete VIP series firmware upgrade process; there are various TFTP server software on the market, please utilize the existing software or find a new one on the net to complete upgrade process. (In this chapter, 3CDeamon TFTP server was installed for demonstration.)

TCP/IP Configuration: Computer installed with TFTP server: 192.168.0.7 VIP: 192.168.0.1

Note: If a Telnet connection is built behind NAT environment, **TCP port 69 MUST** be reserved for data communication.



TFTP server configuration

1. Execute TFTP server program, assign firmware file location, and save the path if necessary. (In this sample datagram, the file is assigned in c:\) (This part might vary on different kind of TFTP server.)

3CD 3CDaemon		_ 🗆 ×
Eile <u>V</u> iew <u>H</u> elp		
TFTP Server St	tart Time Peer Bytes Status	
Configure TFTP Server	3CDaemon Configuration	×
Configure TFTP Server	General Configuration TFTP Configuration FTP Profiles Syslog Configuration	
	Create directory names in incoming file requests?	
Click here to start it.	Allow overwrite of existing files?	
Click to stop.	Upload/Download directory: c:\	
Not debugging. Click to start.	Per-packet timeout in seconds (2-15): 5	
	Maximum retries (5-20):	
Clear list.	Interframe transmission gap: (0-1500) 0	
FTP Server		
Syslog Server —		
TFTP Client		

2. Allocate VIP firmware file in the directory, and apply the modification (if required). **Note: TCP port 69 is required for TFTP access.**

VIP configuration:

Telnet session

- a) Under Telnet firmware download mode, the user name: **eitg;** password: **123** (password may vary because of user's configuration) is used for logging on VIP
- b) Under ITG> prompt, insert command: download to enter VIP firmware upgrade mode.
- c) Insert command: "start" and answer questions on screen to proceed firmware upgrade.
- d) When VIP prompts downloading firmware file into EEPROM, insert "y" to continue.
- e) Wait till firmware is fully loaded into VIP, insert "quit" to leave firmware upgrade mode and answer "y" to reboot machine when VIP prompts for restart.

ITG>download		
 * Entering download mode will hang up all telephone connections * and all the configuration settings will lose. * Be certain all the configuration settings have been saved. 		
Do you want to enter download mode now (y/n)? [n] y		
Boot loader V4.12 Loading TFTP loader ** Internet Telephony Gateway TFTP Loader Ver 4.10 ** EITGLoader>start		
IP address of the TFTP server? [192.168.0.254] 192.168.0.7 File name? xyz123.imz		
Starting download file: xyz123.imz		
Download complete, file size = 833004 Application code downloaded successfully Do you want to write downloaded image to flash EEPROM (y/n)? [y] y Press <enter> to start flash EEPROM programming Flash EPROM programming on-going, BE CERTAIN NOT TO TURN POWER OFF Flash sector no. 4 write done Flash sector no. 5 write done Flash sector no. 6 write done Flash sector no. 7 write done Flash sector no. 8 write done Flash sector no. 9 write done Flash sector no. 10 write done Flash sector no. 10 write done Flash sector no. 10 write done Flash sector no. 11 write done Flash sector no. 12 write done Flash sector no. 13 write done Flash sector no. 14 write done Flash sector no. 15 write done Flash sector no. 15 write done Flash sector no. 16 write done Flash sector no. 17 write done Flash sector no. 16 write done Flash sector no. 16 write done Flash sector no. 17 write done Flash sector no. 16 write done Flash sector no. 17 write done Flash sector no. 16 write done Flash sector no. 17 write done Flash sector no. 16 write done Flash sector no. 17 write done Flash sector no. 18 write done Flash sector no. 19 write done Flash sector no. 10 wri</enter>		
Do you want to restart the system now (y/n)? [n] y		

Console session

- a) Connect VIP through the 9-pin RS232 female console (No password required) Under ITG> prompt, insert command: **download** to enter VIP firmware upgrade mode.
- b) Insert command: "start" and answer questions on screen to proceed firmware upgrade.
- c) When VIP prompts downloading firmware file into EEPROM, insert "y" to continue.
- d) Wait till firmware is fully loaded into VIP, insert "quit" to leave firmware upgrade mode and answer "y" to reboot machine when VIP prompts for restart.

ITG>download		
 * Entering download mode will hang up all telephone connections * and all the configuration settings will lose. * Be certain all the configuration settings have been saved. 		
Do you want to enter download mode now (y/n)? [n] y		
Boot loader V4.12 Loading TFTP loader ** Internet Telephony Gateway TFTP Loader Ver 4.10 ** EITGLoader>start		
IP address of the TFTP server? [192.168.0.254] 192.168.0.7 File name? xyz123.imz		
Starting download file: xyz123.imz		
Download complete, file size = 833004 Application code downloaded successfully Do you want to write downloaded image to flash EEPROM (y/n)? [y] y Press <enter> to start flash EEPROM programming Flash EPROM programming on-going, BE CERTAIN NOT TO TURN POWER OFF Flash sector no. 4 write done Flash sector no. 5 write done Flash sector no. 6 write done Flash sector no. 7 write done Flash sector no. 8 write done Flash sector no. 9 write done Flash sector no. 9 write done Flash sector no. 10 write done Flash sector no. 10 write done Flash sector no. 11 write done Flash sector no. 12 write done Flash sector no. 13 write done Flash sector no. 13 write done Flash sector no. 15 write done Flash sector no. 16 write done Flash sector no. 10 writ</enter>		
by you want to restart the system now (y/n)? [ii] y		

Trouble Shooting Tips

If following error (TFTP timeout error) occurs:

```
** Internet Telephony Gateway TFTP Loader Ver 4.10 **
EITGLoader>start
IP address of the TFTP server? [192.168.0.7]
File name? xyz123.imz
Starting download file: xyz123.imz
TFTP device open failed. - TFTP server timeout while waiting for a response from the client.
Download another file (y/n)? [n]
```

Possibility:

- a) Network connection is not correctly configured
 - → check if cable is securely connected.
 - → check if TFTP server IP address is correctly configured
 - → check if TCP port 69 is available for TFTP connection
 - ➔ if firmware upgrade is processed remotely, a fast connection between VIP and TFTP server is required (ping response time <300 ms)</p>

During firmware upgrade, "protocol error detected" displays on the screen.

** Internet Telephony Gateway TFTP Loader Ver 4.10 ** EITGLoader>start
IP address of the TFTP server? [192.168.0.7] File name? xyz123.imz
Starting download file: xyz123.imz
TFTP device open failed. - Protocol error detected.

a) In most circumstances, this error occurs while requested firmware file cannot be found on TFTP server.

Possibility:

Download another file (y/n)? [n]

- \rightarrow check if the firmware file is correctly located in assigned folder.
- \rightarrow check if TFTP server supports long file name format.
- \rightarrow check if firmware file name is correctly inserted
- \rightarrow check system log on TFTP server if there is error message for trouble shooting.

7.2 CLI Commands in Download Mode

Under download mode, the CLI supports the following commands:

Command	Description
help	Display help screen
quit	Terminate download mode, switch to normal operation mode.
set	Change IP parameter
start	Start downloading code from TFTP server

The following section describes each of the commands.

help

The help command lists the top-level commands.

quit

The quit command is used to terminate the download mode and return to normal operation mode.

Syntax Description

This command has no arguments or keywords

Note

Switching mode from Telnet session will terminate current active session. You'll need to connect to VIP again to be able to access the CLI.

set ip *ip_addr*

Use the **set ip** command to assign an static IP address to VIP.

Syntax description

ip_addr The IP address of VIP.

Note

The new IP address will not take effect until VIP is reset.

set gateway ip_addr

Use the **set gateway** command to assign a default gateway (router) for VIP. The default gateway routes packet data outside or your IP subnet.

Syntax description

ip_addr The IP address of the default gateway. Default value: 0.0.0.0

Note

The new setting will not take effect until VIP is reset.

set mask *ip_mask*

Use the set mask command to set the IP subnet mask for VIP.

Syntax description

ip mask The subnet mask of your network.

Note

The new setting will not take effect until VIP is reset.

start

Use the **start** command to start downloading code from TFTP server. VIP will prompt you for the IP address of the TFTP server and the file to download.

7.3 Restore default configuration

If there is system re-organization, firmware upgrade or improper parameters are loaded in VIP-450, restoring factory default settings may help you to restore initial state of machine and restart configuration.

Following are steps loading VIP series default parameters: Note: restore process in this session only can be applied to firmware version 3.xx)

System configuration default parameters

- a) Logon VIP via telnet or console connection, and insert command: config erase
- b) After this command, VIP pops up a warning message and prompts for confirmation.
- c) Press "y" to erase current system configuration parameters,
- d) Enter net reset to reboot and load the default system parameters into machine.
- e) Log on VIP, and insert command: config store to load factory default parameters into VIP.

A sample is attached below for reference.

ITG>config erase		
The system configuration data will be erased from non-volatile storage permanently.		
Are you sure to erase it (y/n)? [n] y System configuration records erased from flash ITG>net reset		
 * Restarting the system will hang up all telephone connections * and all the configuration settings will lose. * Be certain all the configuration settings have been saved. 		
Do you want to restart the system now (y/n)? [n] y		
Boot loader V4.12 Mem 16b 16M Loading application code		
******* Internet Telephony Gateway (PLA) Version s1.0 *******		

ITG>config store		
OK ITG>		

Dialplan configuration default parameters:

- a) Log on VIP via telnet or console connection.
- b) At the ITG prompt, insert following commands:
 - ITG>atpm erase

ITG>**net reset** (Answer "y" to reboot machine.)

After rebooting, logon VIP. At the ITG> prompt, insert: **atpm store** to restore Dialplan default value into VIP.

A sample is attached below for reference.

ITG>atpm erase
The dial plan will be erased from non-volatile storage permanently.
Are you sure to erase it (y/n)? [n] y Dial plan erased from flash OK ITG>net reset
 * Restarting the system will hang up all telephone connections * and all the configuration settings will lose.
* Be certain all the configuration settings have been saved.
Do you want to restart the system now (y/n)? [n] y
Boot loader V4.12 Mem 16b 16M Loading application code
******* Internet Telephony Gateway (PLA) Version s1.0 *******

ITG>No dial plan info can be found in the Flash, the default dial plan is used but NOT saved. OK
ITG>atpm store
ОК

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Appendix A Technical Specifications

A.1 VIP Technical Specifications

	VID 450: 2 ports loop stort EVO. 2 ports loop stort EVS
Telephony Interface	VIP-450: 2 ports loop start FXO, 2 ports loop start FXS
Module support	VIP-050: 4 ports loop start FXO, 4 ports loop start FXS
	(Up to two modules per unit)
Network Interface Ports	1 10/100Base-T, auto sensing, RJ45
Voice codec support	G.711 PCM 64kbps (A-law and μ-law) G.723.1A ACELP/M-MLQ (5.3, 6.3kbps) G.729AB CS-ACELP (8kbps)
Fax	ITU-T V.21, V.27ter, V.29, V.33 and V.17
Fax over IP protocol	T.38 Proprietary low bandwidth protocol
Echo cancellation	G.168 compliant, 16 ms tail length
	VIP-450: 4 channels voice/fax
Simultaneous connection	VIP-050: 8 channels voice/fax
Voice processing	Voice activity detection DTMF detection/generation Echo cancellation Comfort noise generation Call progress detection Gain control
Call control	SIP 2.0 (RFC3261)
Management	Built HTTP server allowing management from web browser Command line interface allowing management from VT-100 terminal or Telnet client
Software upgrade	Flash memory and built-in TFTP allowing software upgrade via net- work
	VIP-450: AC-to-DC power supply, 90-260 VAC, 50-60 Hz
Power	VIP-050: 90-240 VAC, 20 Watts, 50-60 Hz
Environmental	Operating temperature: 0° to 45° C (32° to 113° F) Storage temperature: -10° to 65° C (-4° to 149° F) Humidity: 10% to 85% (non-condensing)
Dimension (L x W x D)	VIP-450: 150 x 220 x 44 (mm) VIP-000: 445 x 275 x 44 (mm)

Compliances	EMI FCC Part 15 Class A EN55022 Class A (CISPR-22 Class A) VCCI Class A CE Safety UL 1950 CE
Mounting	VIP-450: Desktop VIP-000: Desktop or 19" rack mounting

A.2 Console Port

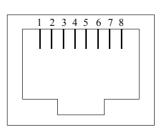
The console port uses a DB-9 RS-232 connector. The supplied straight-through RS-232 cable connects the console port of VIP to a console PC or terminal. Pinout for the port is described in the following table.

DB-9 pin	Signal
1	Not connected
2	TxD
3	RxD
4	Not connected
5	Ground
6	Not connected
7	Not connected
8	Not connected
9	Not connected

A.3 LAN Port

The 10/100 LAN port use standard RJ-45 connector and Ethernet pinouts. The following diagram and table show the pinout on the port connector. When connecting the LAN port to switches or repeaters, you must use a straight-through cable.

RJ45 pin	Signal
1	RxD+
2	RxD-
3	TxD+
4	Not connected
5	Not connected

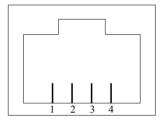


6	TxD-
7	Not connected
8	Not connected

A.4 FXO Port Pin Assignments

The FXO Telephony Interface Module has 4 RJ11C/W modular jacks. The following diagram and table show the assignments of the pin for the RJ11 port.

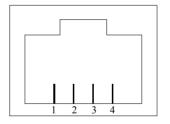
RJ-11 pin	Signal
1	Not connected
2	Tip
3	Ring
4	Not connected



A.5 FXS Port Pin Assignments

The FXS Telephony Interface Module has 4 RJ11C/W modular jacks. The following diagram and table show the assignments of the pin for the RJ11 port.

RJ-11 pin	Signal
1	Not connected
2	Tip
3	Ring
4	Not connected



A.6 FXO Card Technical Specifications

Signaling:	Loop Start / DTMF
No. of channels:	4
Interface Connectors:	4 RJ-11 2-pin modular jacks.
Line Impedance :	600 Ω 900 Ω
Insertion Loss:	2 dB nominal.
Frequency Response:	300Hz ~ 3400Hz +/- 2dB w.r.t. 1004Hz.
Return Loss:	≥ 18 dB
Input Level adjustment:	-6 dB to +6 dB
Output Attenuation:	0 dB to 13 dB
Longitudinal Balance:	≥ 45 dB

A.7 FXS Card Technical Specifications

Signaling:	Loop Start / DTMF
No. of channels:	4
Interface Connectors:	4 RJ-11 2-pin modular jacks.
Line Impedance :	600 Ω 900 Ω
Insertion Loss:	2 dB nominal.
Frequency Response:	300Hz ~ 3400Hz +/- 2dB w.r.t. 1004Hz.
Return Loss:	≥ 18 dB
Input Level adjustment:	-6 dB to +6 dB
Output Attenuation:	0 dB to 13 dB
Longitudinal Balance:	≥ 45 dB
Loop Current:	25mA nominal
Ring Voltage:	50Vrms Nominal
Ringing Tone:	16.67Hz, 20Hz(default), 25Hz or 50Hz

Appendix B CLI Commands

B.1 Normal Mode Commands

Command	Description
atpm aadd	Add an entry to the address table
atpm adel	Delete an entry from the address table
atpm afind	Find and display an entry in the address tble
atpm alist	Display all entries in the address table
atpm dadd	Add an entry to the destination table
atpm ddel	Delete an entry from the destination table
atpm dfind	Find and display an entry in the destination atble
atpm dlist	Display all entries in the address table
atpm hadd	Add an entry to the hunt group table
atpm hdel	Delete an entry from the hunt group table
atpm hfind	Find and display an entry in the hunt group tble
atpm hlist	Display all entries in the hunt group table
atpm done	End the atpm table update session
atpm erase	Erase all atpm tables from NVS
atpm purge	Purge entries from atpm table(s)
atpm req	Start atpm table update session
atpm restore	Restore atpm tables from NVS
atpm store	Store atpm tables into NVS
atpm slist	Display atpm system parameters
atpm sys	Set atpm system parameters
config activate	Move the configuration from temporary area to active area.
config erase	Erase the configuration from NVS
config store	Store the active configuration data into NVS
clrscr	Clear screen
download	Switch to download mode
help	Display help screen

CLI Commands

net reset	Reset the system	
net set gateway	Set default gateway's IP address	
net set http	Turn on/off HTTP server	
net set ip	Set IP address	
net set ip_preced	Set IP precedence bits	
net set mask	Set IP subnet mask	
net set speed	Select Ethernet link speed	
net set user_pw	Set password	
net show	Display IP parameters	
net show hwstat	Display hardware status	
ping	Send ICMP echo request to another host	
show sip	Display SIP parameter settings	
show version	Show software versions	
set sip	Setup SIP related parameters	
tel show pcm_gain_level	Display gain level setting of the PCM codec's receive channel.	
tel show port	Display hook state for a telephony port	
tel show ring_freq	Show ringer's frequency	
tel set pcm_gain_level	Set gain level for the PCM codec's receive channel	
tel set ring_freq	Set ringer's frequency	

B.2 Download Mode Commands

Command	Description
help	Display help screen
quit	Switch to normal operation mode
set gateway	Set default gateway 's IP address
set ip	Set IP address
net set mask	Set IP subnet mask
start	Start downloading file

Appendix C Factory Default Settings

The following table lists the settings of certain parameters before VIP is shipped.

Parameter	Default Setting
Network	
IP address	192.168.0.1
IP subnet mask	255.255.255.0
Default gateway	0.0.0.0
IP precedence	0
Ethernet link speed	10/100 auto-negotiation
User ID for HTTP browser and Telnet client login	administrator
Password for HTTP browser and Telnet access login	123
User name for Telnet session in download mode	eitg
Password for Telnet session in download mode	123
HTTP server	On
Telnet server	On
Serial port (Fixed)	
Baud rate	19,200
Number of data bit	8
Parity check	None
Number of stop bit	1
Voice codec	
Preferred voice codec	G.723 6.3kbps
TxVIF size (default voice codec=g.723)	192
RxVIF size (default voice codec=g.723)	192
VAD	Enabled
Playout nominal delay	120 ms
Playout maximum delay	240 ms
Playout minimum delay	0 ms
Fax tone detect	Enabled
Call Progress Tone detect	Enabled
Telephony	
PCM codec receiver gain for FXO ports	-1 dB
Ringer frequency for FXS ports	17 Hz

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