

# QLogic Fibre Channel Switch

Event Message Guide Firmware Version 7.4

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QLogic Corporation, 26650 Aliso Viejo Parkway, Aliso Viejo, CA 92656, (800) 662-4471 or (949) 389-6000

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# 1 Introduction

This manual describes the alarm messages for QLogic Fibre Channel switches. This manual is organized as follows:

- Section 1 describes the intended audience, related materials, and technical support.
- Section 2 describes event logging concepts, including definitions of severity levels, how to configure the event log, how to display the event log, and how to download the event log from the switch.
- Section 3 describes the message format and lists the messages.

### **Intended Audience**

This manual is for Storage Area Network (SAN) administrators to provide a reference for switch alarm messages, their meanings, and follow up actions.

### **Related Materials**

The Fibre Channel Standards are available from:

Global Engineering Documents 15 Inverness Way East Englewood, CO 80112-5776

Phone: (800) 854-7179 or (303) 397-7956

Fax: (303) 397-2740

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### **Technical Support**

Customers should contact their authorized maintenance provider for technical support of their QLogic switch products. QLogic-direct customers may contact QLogic Technical Support; others will be redirected to their authorized maintenance provider.

Visit the QLogic support Web site listed in Contact Information for the latest firmware and software updates.

### **Availability**

QLogic Technical Support for products under warranty is available during local standard working hours excluding QLogic Observed Holidays.

### **Training**

QLogic offers certification training for the technical professional for both the SANblade™ HBAs and the QLogic switches. From the training link at <a href="https://www.qlogic.com">www.qlogic.com</a>, you may choose Electronic-Based Training or schedule an intensive "hands-on" Certification course.

Technical Certification courses include installation, maintenance and troubleshooting QLogic SAN products. Upon demonstrating knowledge using live equipment, QLogic awards a certificate identifying the student as a Certified Professional. The training professionals at QLogic may be reached by email at tech.training@qlogic.com.

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### **Contact Information**

Support Headquarters  QLogic Web Site	QLogic Corporation 4601 Dean Lakes Boulevard Shakopee, MN 55379 USA  www.qlogic.com			
Technical Support Web Site	http://support.qlogic.com			
Technical Support Email	support@qlogic.com			
Technical Training Email	tech.training@qlogic.com			
North American Region				
Email	support@qlogic.com			
Phone	+1-952-932-4040			
Europe, Middle East, and Africa Region				
Email	emeasupport@qlogic.com			
Phone Numbers by Language	+353 1 6924960 - English +353 1 6924961 - Français +353 1 6924962 - Deutsch +353 1 6924963 - Español +353 1 6924964 - Português +353 1 6924965 - Italiano			
Asia Pacific Region				
Email	apacsupport@qlogic.com			
Phone Numbers by Language	+63-2-885-6712 - English +63-2-885-6713 - (Mandarin) +63-2-885-6714 - (Japanese) +63-2-885-6715 - (Korean)			
Latin and South America Region				
Email	calasupport@qlogic.com			
Phone Numbers by Language	+52 55 5278 7016 - English +52 55 5278 7017 - Español +52 55 5278 7015 - Português			

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# 2 Events and Event Logging

Messages originate from the switch, from Enterprise Fabric Suite 2007, or from the QuickTools web applet in response to events that occur in the fabric. This chapter describes the following topics:

- Understanding Severity Levels
- Displaying Events using the Event Browser
- Displaying the Events Using the Command Line Interface
- Configuring the Event Log
- Archiving and Downloading the Event Log
- Configuring Port Alarm Thresholds

### **Understanding Severity Levels**

Events are classified by the following severity levels:

Table 2-1. Event Serverity Levels

Severity Level	Description
Fault	Describes events that may require assistance from your authorized maintenance provider. Each fault event has a corresponding alarm message.
Alarm	Describes events that are disruptive to the administration or operation of a fabric and require administrator intervention. Alarms are always logged and always displayed on the screen. Alarm thresholds can be defined for certain port errors, allowing you to customize the point at which an alarm will be generated.
Critical	Describes events that are generally disruptive to the administration or operation of the fabric, but require no action.
Warning	Describes events that are generally not disruptive to the administration or operation of the fabric, but are more important than the informative level events.
Informative	Describes routine events associated with a normal fabric.

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### Displaying Events using the Event Browser

Both Enterprise Fabric Suite 2007 and QuickTools have an event browser that displays a list of events generated by the switches in the fabric and by the applications themselves. Event browser messages are permanently discarded when you close an Enterprise Fabric Suite 2007 or QuickTools session; however, you can save these events to a file on the workstation before you close the session and read the file later with a text editor or browser.

The information in the event browsers is presented in the following order: severity, time, source, type, and description of the event. The maximum number of entries allowed on a switch is 1,200. Both the Enterprise Fabric Suite 2007 and QuickTools event browser can contain a maximum of 10,000 event messages. Once the maximum is reached, the event list wraps, and the oldest events in the event list are deleted.

Event browser entries from the switch use the switch time stamp. Event browser entries from Enterprise Fabric Suite 2007 and QuickTools use the management station and workstation time stamps, respectively. You can filter and sort the contents of both event browsers.

The Event Browser begins recording when enabled and Enterprise Fabric Suite 2007 or QuickTools is running. If the Event Browser is enabled using the Preferences dialog, the next time Enterprise Fabric Suite 2007 or QuickTools is started, all events from the switch log will be displayed. If the Event Browser is disabled when Enterprise Fabric Suite 2007 or QuickTools is started and later enabled, only those events from the time the Event Browser was enabled and forward will be displayed.

# Displaying the Events Using the Command Line Interface

When you log into a switch through Telnet, the command line interface automatically displays the alarm history. You can use the Show Alarm or Show Log command to display the alarm history at any time. New alarm messages are displayed in the command stream as they occur.

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### In the CLI, each message has the following format:

[ordinal][time\_stamp][severity][source][message\_ID][message\_text]

Table 2-2. Event Log Message Format

Component	Description
[ordinal]	A number assigned to each message in sequence since that last time the alarm history was cleared.
[time_stamp]	The time the alarm was issued in the format day-month-hh:mm:ss:ms-yyyy. This time stamp comes from the switch for events that originate with the switch, and from the workstation for events that originate from Enterprise Fabric Suite 2007.
[severity]	The event severity: A-Alarm, C-Critical, W-Warning, I-Informative.
[source]	The program module or application that generated the event. Sources include Zoning, Switch, PortApp, EPort, Management Server. Alarms do not include the source.
[message_ID]	A number that identifies the message using the following format: category.message_number
[message_text]	The alarm message text

Here is a sample of an informative-level message from the Switch source:

[1][Wed May 26 12:30:29.965 UTC 2004][I][8400.0022][Switch][Successful login user (snmp@IB-session6) with admin privilege]

For more information about the CLI commands, refer to the *Command Line Interface Guide* for your switch.

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### **Configuring the Event Log**

You can customize what events are recorded in the switch event log using the Set Log command. With the Set Log command, you can filter the events to be recorded by component, specific ports, and severity level. You can choose from the following component events:

- E Port events
- Management server events
- Name server events
- Port events
- Switch management events
- Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) events
- Zoning events

For more information about the CLI commands, refer to the *Command Line Interface Guide* for your switch.

### **Archiving and Downloading the Event Log**

You can use the CLI to create a file on the switch that contains the most recent 1200 entries. This file can then be downloaded to the workstation using FTP. To create and download a log file, do the following:

1. Log into the switch through Telnet and create an archive of the event log using the Set Log Archive command.

```
SANbox #> admin start
SANbox (admin) #> set log archive
```

This creates a file on the switch named logfile.

2. Open an FTP session on the switch and login with the account name *images* and password *images*. Transfer the file *logfile* in binary mode with the Get command.

```
>ftp ip_address
user:images
password: images

ftp>bin
ftp>get logfile
    xxxxx bytes sent in xx secs.
ftp>quit
```

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### **Configuring Port Alarm Thresholds**

You can configure the switch to generate alarms for selected events. Configuring an alarm involves choosing an event type, rising and falling triggers, a sample window, and finally enabling or disabling the alarm. You can configure port alarm thresholds for the following port events using Enterprise Fabric Suite 2007 or the CLI:

- Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) errors
- Decode errors
- Inter-switch Link (ISL) connections
- Device logins
- Device logouts
- Loss-of-signal errors

To configure port threshold alarms using Enterprise Fabric Suite 2007, do the following:

- 1. Open the Switch menu in the faceplate display, and select **Port Threshold Alarm Configuration**.
- The Port Threshold Alarm Configuration dialog prompts you to enable or disable all alarms, select an event, set triggers, set a sample window and enable or disable an individual alarm. For more information, refer to the Enterprise Fabric Suite 2007 User Guide for your switch.

To configure port threshold alarms using the command line interface, use the Set Config Threshold command. For more information, refer to the *Command Line Interface Guide* for your switch.

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# 3 Event Messages

This section lists event messages from the command line interface and Enterprise Fabric Suite 2007 in message ID sequence by the following severity levels:

- Fault Events
- Alarm Events
- Critical Events
- Warning Events
- Informative Events

You can look up a message by its message ID or by searching for the message text. If the message you are looking for does not appear in this section, contact your authorized maintenance provider.

### **Fault Events**

The following fault messages apply only to SANbox 9000 series switches. Fault events, like alarms, require administrator attention and may require assistance from your authorized maintenance provider.

AC\_FAULT

Meaning: AC power may be unplugged or switched off.

**AUX PORT ERROR** 

Meaning: At least one internal FC link is not functional.

FAN\_FAULT\_DETECTED

Meaning: Fan blade reports an internal fault.

FAN\_FLOW\_MISMATCH

Meaning: Incompatible air flow directions (FAN0, FAN1, PS0, PS1)

FANO\_MISSING

Meaning: FAN0 is not installed.



FAN1\_MISSING

Meaning: FAN1 is not installed.

FW\_APP\_FAIL

Meaning: Internal application failure.

FW APP PEER FAULT

Meaning: Application declared an error communicating with other CPU.

FW\_APP\_SELF\_FAULT

Meaning: Application declared an internal fault.

FW\_APP\_STARTUP\_FAIL

Meaning: Application is unable to complete startup processing.

FW\_FILE\_SYSTEM\_REMADE

Meaning: A Remake Filesystem command was performed in maintenance

mode.

FW\_FT\_APP\_REG\_FAIL

Meaning: Application is unable to register with Fault Tolerant (FT) manager.

FW\_FT\_APP\_SYNC\_FAIL

Meaning: Failure to synchronize data to the secondary CPU blade.

FW FT CPU FAILOVER FAILED

Meaning: Unable to complete failover process.

FW\_FT\_NO\_ABDICATE\_REPLY

Meaning: Unable to failover due to lack of secondary CPU blade response.

FW\_HEARTBEAT\_LOST

Meaning: Communication with the blade was lost.

FW\_INIT\_FAIL

Meaning: Blade did not complete the initialization sequence.

FW\_POST\_FAIL

Meaning: Power-On Self Test failure.

FW\_UPDATE\_FAIL

Meaning: Firmware update to the secondary CPU blade failed.

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**HW\_BAD\_SEATING** 

Meaning: Blade is improperly seated.

**HW MP ACCESS CPU0** 

Meaning: The maintenance panel SPROM data accessed through CPU0 is

either inaccessible or invalid.

**HW MP ACCESS CPU1** 

Meaning: The maintenance panel SPROM data accessed through CPU1 is

either inaccessible or invalid.

HW\_MP\_DATA\_MISMATCH

Meaning: The maintenance panel SPROMs accessed through CPU0 and

CPU1 are not identical.

**HW\_POWERUP\_FAIL** 

Meaning: Blade never established initial communications.

HW\_SENSOR\_FAULT

Meaning: Hardware temperature/voltage sensors are not functional.

HW\_UNSUPPORTED\_BLADE

Meaning: Installed blade is unknown or not supported.

SENSOR FAULT

Meaning: Power Supply blade reports an internal fault.

temp\_sensor\_TEMP

Meaning: The temperature sensor reading is out of range; it is too high.

temp\_sensor can be BOARD\_0, BOARD, BOARD\_1, DS1780\_0, DS1780, DS1780\_1, MAX1617\_0, MAX1617, ASIC\_0, ASIC,

MAX1617 1, ASIC 1, or MEZZ BOARD.

voltage\_sensor\_HIGH

Meaning: The *voltage\_sensor* voltage supply is out of range; it is too high.

voltage\_sensor can be 1.55V, 2.5V, 1.5V, ASIC\_1.8V, 1.25V, 1.8V,

3.3V, CPU\_1.8V, 5V, 12V, ASIC\_0\_1.5V, or ASIC\_1\_1.5V.

voltage\_sensor\_LOW

Meaning: The *voltage\_sensor* voltage supply is out of range; it is too low.

1.55V, 2.5V, 1.5V, ASIC\_1.8V, 1.25V, 1.8V, 3.3V, CPU\_1.8V, 5V,

12V, ASIC 0 1.5V, or ASIC 1 1.5V.



### **Alarm Events**

An alarm event requires action before you can proceed any further. The following lists each alarm event ID numbers and message displayed, and provides a description of the meaning of the message and recommended action to take.

### (A1000.000F) (The switch is canceling the hotreset - try again later)

Meaning: You cannot move forward with the hot reset. All applications and

switch resources are backing out of the procedure and returning to

normal operation.

Action: Ensure that the fabric is stable and that no changes are being

made to switch configurations or connections and then try again.

### (A1000.001D) (Hotreset failed and the switch must be reset normally)

Meaning: The hot reset has failed and left the switch in an indeterminate

state.

Action: Reset the switch.

### (A1000.001E) (Hotreset failed and the switch is being reset)

Meaning: There was a failure during the hotreset process; the switch is being

reset normally.

Action: None

#### (A1003.000B) (Failing release of fabric lock held by switch with domain domain ID)

Meaning: The local switch is locked because zoning changes are being

made by a remote switch.

Action: Wait for the lock to time out and try again.

### (A1003.000C) (Fabric Busy, failing lock request from domain domain\_ID)

Meaning: The command failed because the fabric is busy with another

command in progress.

Action: Wait 10 seconds and retry the command.

#### (A1003.000D) (Fabric already locked by domain domain\_ID)

Meaning: The switch given by the *domain\_ID* has locked the fabric.

Action: Unlock the domain\_ID lock on the switch given by *domain\_ID*.

### (A1003.000E) (Couldn't acquire lock from domain domain\_ID)

Meaning: The fabric may be changing, and therefore could not acquire the

lock.

Action: Wait for the fabric to stabilize, then try again.

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### (A1003.0010) (Segmenting, zoneset zone\_set\_name not defined)

Meaning: In non-interop mode, there is a conflict in the zoning configuration,

causing the Inter-Switch Link (ISL) to isolate. The zone set is not found within the local zoning data base while interop mode is

disabled.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

### (A1003.0011) (Segmenting, zoneset zone set name already active)

Meaning: In non-interop mode, there is a conflict in the zoning configuration,

causing the Inter-Switch Link (ISL) to isolate. A switch tried to activate a zone set that is already active while interop mode is

disabled.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

### (A1003.0012) (Segmenting, zoneset zone\_set\_name merge conflict)

Meaning: In non-interop mode, there is a conflict in the zoning configuration,

causing the Inter-Switch Link (ISL) to isolate. After a zone merge with interop mode disabled, two zone sets were discovered in the

local zoning database with the same name, but different

membership.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

#### (A1003.0013) (Segmenting, zone zone name merge conflict)

Meaning: In non-interop mode, there is a conflict in the zoning configuration,

causing the Inter-Switch Link (ISL) to isolate. After a zone merge with interop mode disabled, two zone were discovered in the local zoning database with the same name, but different membership.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

### (A1003.0014) (Segmenting, alias alias\_name merge conflict)

Meaning: There is a conflict in the zoning configuration causing the

Inter-Switch Link (ISL) to isolate. Two aliases with the same name but different membership were discovered in the local zoning

database.

Action: Reconcile the active zone sets so that the two aliases have

identical membership.

## (A1003.0015) (Zoneset Activation received from switch with domain domain\_ID failed, unknown zoneset zone\_set\_name)

Meaning: A zone set activation received from the named switch failed

because the zone set was not in the zoning database.

Action: Examine the named switch to verify that the zoning database is

correct.



### (A1003.0016) (Releasing Lock held too long by domain\_ID)

Meaning: A zone merge could not be completed in the acceptable time.

Action: Check the status of the switch given by *domain\_ID*.

### (A1003.0017) (Activation of zoneset by management server failed due to port port\_number out of range.)

Meaning: A zone member defined by domain ID and port was received within

a management server AZSD command with a port number out of

range.

Action: Check the management server application zoning configuration to

ensure zone members are properly configured.

### (A1003.001B) (Failing remote zoning configuration, total zoneset limit would be exceeded)

Meaning: The maximum number of zone sets allowed on the switch has

been exceeded because of a zone merge.

Action: Reduce the number of zone sets on the remote switch.

### (A1003.001C) (Failing remote zoning configuration, total member limit would be exceeded)

Meaning: The maximum number of zone members allowed on the switch has

been exceeded because of a zone merge.

Action: Reduce the number of zone members on the remote switch.

### (A1003.001D) (Failing remote zoning configuration, total zones in zonesets limit would be exceeded)

Meaning: The maximum number of zones allowed in all zone sets has been

exceeded because of a zone merge.

Action: Reduce the number of zones on the remote switch.

## (A1003.001F) (Failing remote zoning configuration, member limit for zone zone\_name exceeded, (size= number\_of\_zones, limit= maximum\_number\_of\_zones))

Meaning: The maximum number of members allowed for the given zone has

been exceeded because of a zone merge.

Action: Reduce the number of members in the given zone on the remote

switch.

#### (A1003.0020) (Failing remote zoning configuration, total zone limit would be exceeded)

Meaning: The maximum number of zones allowed on the switch has been

exceeded because of a zone merge.

Action: Reduce the number of zones on the remote switch.

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### (A1003.0021) (Failing remote zoning configuration, Zoneset is empty)

Meaning: An empty zone set was included as part of a zone merge and was

rejected.

Action: Modify the zoning database on the remote switch to remove or

correct the empty zone set.

### (A1003.0022) (Unable to update database with newly activated information, Zoning Save in Progress)

Meaning: Modifications were being made to the security or zoning database

while a security set or zone set was being activated or deactivated

from a remote switch.

Action: Try the activation or deactivation again later.

### (A1003.0023) (Fabric Busy Zoneset operation failed)

Meaning: The activation or deactivation of a zone set failed because the

fabric is currently busy.

Action: Try the activation or deactivation again later.

### (A1003.0024) (Request already in progress (internal lock held))

Meaning: A fabric operation is currently in progress.

Action: Wait and try again.

### (A1003.0025) (Error reading security set.)

Meaning: There was a problem handling the activate direct management

server command. The format of the command was not standard.

Action: Check the security configuration.

### (A1003.0028) (SFC failure received from remote switch with domain domain\_ID)

Meaning: The remote switch given by domain ID rejected the Staged Fabric

Configuration (SFC) message, so the SFC request has failed.

Action: Check the status of the remote switch at the given domain ID.

There could be an issue with the security configuration or the

zoning configuration.

#### (A1003.0029) (No response received from switch with domain ID domain\_ID)

Meaning: The remote switch given by domain\_ID did not reply to an Acquire

Change Authorization (ACA) message, so the ACA request has

failed.

Action: Check the status of the remote switch at the given domain ID.

There could be an issue with the security configuration or the

zoning configuration.



(A1003.002A) (No response received from switch with domain ID domain\_ID)

Meaning: A Staged Fabric Configuration (SFC) frame was sent to the switch

given by domain\_ID, but a response was not received.

Action: Check the status of the remote switch at the given domain ID.

There could be an issue with the security configuration or the

zoning configuration.

(A1003.002B) (No response received from switch with domain ID domain ID)

Meaning: A Update Fabric Configuration (UFC) frame was sent to the switch

given by *domain\_ID*, but a response was not received.

Action: Check the status of the switch.

(A1003.002C) (Zone Merge response indicates failure due to zoning limits, Isolating link)

Meaning: Response from other switch indicates that the active zone sets

could not be merged.

Action: Edit or delete the conflicting zone objects or deactivate the zone

set on the remote switch.

(A1003.002D) (Zone Merge response indicates failure to merge, Isolating link)

Meaning: The attempt to merge two fabrics failed because each active zone

set contained a zone with the same name, but different

membership.

Action: Edit the affected zone to remove the conflict or deactivate one of

the zone sets.

(A1003.002F) (SW2 Zoning Not Supported by other switch, Isolating link)

Meaning: The inter-switch link isolated because the local switch is configured

for FC-SW-2-compliant zoning (interoperability mode set to

Standard), but the remote switch is not.

Action: Set the interoperability mode on the remote switch to Standard.

(A1003.002E) (Zoning merge has been rejected.)

Meaning: The attempt to merge two fabrics failed because the active zone

sets each contained a zone with the same name, but different

membership.

Action: Either edit the affected zone to remove the conflict, or deactivate

one of the zone sets.

(A1003.0030) (Zone Merge rejected by remote switch.)

Meaning: The zone merge failed.

Action: See the switch log for more details on why the merge failed.

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### (A1003.0031) (Error reading zoneset from activate direct.)

Meaning: A device supporting the management server has sent an Activate

Zoneset Direct \$(AZSD) command that did not follow the expected

standard layout.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

### (A1003.0032) (Zoneset zone\_set\_name failed validity checks (empty or contains empty zone/alias))

Meaning: The zone set either has no zones or contains a zone or alias

without members.

Action: Add zones and members, or remove the empty zones and aliases

from the zone set.

### (A1003.0033) (No memory for command completion)

Meaning: Insufficient switch memory.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

### (A1003.0034) (Merge failed, total zoneset limit would be exceeded.)

Meaning: A fabric merge failed because the combined number of zone sets

exceeds the zoning database limit.

Action: Remove zone sets from the local switch zoning database to allow

the fabric merge to complete.

#### (A1003.0035) (Merge failed, invalid zone data received, ISOLATING)

Meaning: A remote switch sent a zone merge that was invalid.

Action: Reconcile interoperability modes on the local and remote switches

so that they are the same.

### (A1003.0036) (Merge failed, member limit for zone zone\_name exceeded, (size= member number, limit= member limit))

Meaning: A fabric merge failed because the combined number of members

in two zones having the same name exceeds the limit for the

number of members in a zone.

Action: Remove members either from the zone on the local switch or the

remote switch so that the combined sum is less than member limit.

#### (A1003.0037) (Merge failed, Total zone member limit would be exceeded)

Meaning: A fabric merge failed because the total number of zone members

exceeds the zoning database limit.

Action: Remove zone members either from the local switch or the remote

switch so that the combined sum is less than member limit.



(A1003.0038) (Merge failed, Total zones in zonesets limit would be exceeded.)

Meaning: A fabric merge failed because the total number of zones in zone

sets exceeds the zoning database limit.

Action: Remove zones either from the local switch or the remote switch so

that the combined sum is less than the zones-in-zone sets limit.

(A1003.0039) (Merge failed, total zone limit would be exceeded.)

Meaning: A fabric merge failed because the total number of zones exceeds

the zoning database limit.

Action: Remove zones either from the local switch or the remote switch so

that the combined sum is less than maximum zone limit.

(A1003.003A) (Zone Merge conflict for ZoneSet zone\_set\_name (Zone mismatch for zone=

zone\_name, check type or members), ISOLATING)

Meaning: A fabric merge failed because two zones of the same name in two

zone sets of the same name have different membership.

Action: Reconcile the membership in the two zones so that they are the

same.

(A1003.003B) (Incomplete merge request sequence received, unable to process request.)

Meaning: A remote switch sent a merge request that was not understood.

Action: Check the remote switch for configuration errors or equipment

malfunction.

(A1003.003C) (Incompatible Zoning mode, Isolating link)

Meaning: The fabric contains switches with a mix of interoperability mode

settings.

Action: Configure all switches in the fabric to have the same value for

interoperability mode.

(A1003.003E) (Security: Ports downed for INVALID\_ATTACH require administrative action to be brought online.)

Meaning: When deactivating a security set, ports that were previously

downed due to security violations remain down.

Action: Reset the ports or place the ports online.

(A1003.003F) (ISL group empty and links up. Set ports offline to activate.)

Meaning: An attempt to activate fabric binding with an ISL group that has no

members is not allowed because there are inter-switch links (ISL)

logged in to the switch.

Action: Configure all ISLs offline or add each ISL member with fabric

binding information to the ISL group before activating.

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### (A1003.0040) (Zone Member type member\_type unsupported.)

Meaning: An invalid zone member type was discovered in a zone. ACL hard

zone membership must be defined by domain\_ID and port number.

Action: Correct the member type.

## (A1003.0041) (Zoning objects which contain Fibre Channel (FC) Address Members not being sent to remote switch on save, not supported in this mode)

Meaning: An attempt was made to assign a zone member by FC address

while interoperability mode was disabled. When Interop mode is disabled, zone membership must be defined by worldwide name or

domain\_ID and port number.

Action: Enable Interop mode or change the zone membership type.

# (A1003.0048) (Active Zone Set zoneset\_name no longer in database, please deactivate zone set if not already in progress (the save will be deferred until zone set no longer active!)

Meaning: The switch will not allow you to delete a zone set that has the same

name as the active zone set from the zoning database.

Action: Deactivate the active zone set before deleting the zone set has the

same name.

### (A1003.004C) (Active ZoneSet containing Fibre Channel Address may cause fabric to segment due to switches that do not support this zone member type)

Meaning: Some switches in the fabric may not support Fibre Channel

address zone members in the active zone set.

Action: Edit the necessary zone sets to use worldwide name zone

membership.

#### (A1003.004D) (Port group does not contain entry for this switch)

Meaning: The security set cannot be activated because the port group does

not have an entry for the local switch worldwide name.

Action: Edit the port group to include the local switch worldwide name.

#### (A1003.004E) (Group entry for local switch does not support authentication)

Meaning: The local switch worldwide name group entry is not configured for

authentication, but other members within the group are. This

configuration is not allowed.

Action: Change the local switch worldwide name entry to run Challenge

Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) authentication or remove CHAP authentication from other members of the group.



### (A1003.004F) (No Zone Merge Response)

Meaning: A merge request was sent out to all switches in the fabric but a

response was not received from at least one switch.

Action: Check other switches in fabric to determine why a response was

not sent.

### (A1003.0050) (ISL group does not contain entry for this switch)

Meaning: The Inter-Switch Link (ISL) group does not contain an entry for the

local switch worldwide name. This is a required entry.

Action: Add the switch worldwide name to the ISL group, then activate the

security set.

### (A1003.0051) (Domain ID for local switch does not match fabric binding)

Meaning: The configured fabric binding value for the local switch worldwide

name does not match the current domain ID for the switch.

Action: Change the fabric binding value for local switch worldwide name

within the ISL group to the current value of the domain ID.

### (A1003.0052) (ISL group does not contain entry for switch domain\_ID)

Meaning: The ISL group does not contain an entry for each switch in the

fabric. Fabric binding requires an entry for each switch.

Action: Make sure there is an entry in the ISL group for each switch in the

fabric, and try activating the security set again.

## (A1003.0053) (Fabric binding must be unique, domains are assigned to multiple security group members

Meaning: The fabric binding setting for the members of the ISL group are not

unique.

Action: Make the fabric binding settings unique for each member of the ISL

group, or set them to 0 so that they are not enforced.

### (A1003.0054) (Failure at remote switch)

Meaning: A frame was sent to a remote switch, but the expected response

was not received.

Action: Check the status of the remote switch.

#### (A1003.0055) (Problem on zoning save of following switches: domain ID list)

Meaning: A zoning save could not be performed on some remote switches.

Action: Examine the named switches. If there are no obvious problems,

contact your authorized maintenance provider.

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### (A1003.0058) (Active ZoneSet zone\_set no longer in database, please deactivate zoneset if not already in progress or fabric will be inconsistent)

Meaning: A zone set with the same name as the current active zone set no

longer resides in the zoning database. The active zone set will not be added to the full zone set sequence to prevent inconsistency in

the zoning database.

Action: Deactivate the active zone set to keep the fabric consistent.

### (A1003.0059) (Failing remote zoning configuration, zone member type not supported)

Meaning: A remote switch's zoning configuration contains a zone member

type that is not supported.

Action: Edit the zone to remove the unsupported member type.

### (A1003.0060) (Zone Merge conflict (Alias mismatch for alias= alias, check members)

Meaning: The zone merge failed due to an alias mismatch.

Action: Examine the zoning configuration for conflicts.

## (A1003.0062) (Failing delete orphans zoning request, fabric locked by switch with domain ID domain\_ID. Retry command later.)

Meaning: An attempt was made to delete the orphan zones while the fabric

was locked.

Action: Retry the command later.

#### (A1003.0063) (Failing delete orphans zoning request, fabric busy. Retry command later.)

Meaning: An attempt was made to delete the orphan zones while the fabric

was busy.

Action: Retry the command later.

#### (A1003.0064) (UFC failure received from domain domain\_ID)

Meaning: An Update Fabric Configuration (UFC) message was received with

a failed status from the switch given by domain\_ID.

Action: Check the status of the switch at the given domain ID.

## (A1003.0066) (ISL group entry for switch wwn does not contain valid binding configuration. Entry should have binding domain domain\_ID)

Meaning: A switch in the fabric is using a domain ID that differs from the

configured fabric binding domain ID.

Action: Change either the current switch domain ID or the fabric-binding

domain ID so that they match.



### (A1003.0069) (Failing remote zoning configuration, invalid zone data received)

Meaning: Zoning activation failed because the switch detected invalid zoning

data that is not supported in the local interop mode.

Action: Check your zoning configuration and remove incompatible zone

members.

### (A1004.0001) (Port in active hard zone, but not installed or present on this switch.)

Meaning: A zone member in an ACL zone on this switch is defined with an

invalid port number.

Action: Examine the fabric and correct the zone membership.

### (A1004.0005) (No communication from neighbor switch on port port\_number with domain ID domain ID, lost route)

Meaning: This switch has not received a hello from the remote switch for 80

seconds. The routes learned through this link are discarded.

Action: None

### (A1004.0008) (Eport Isolating due to ELP Incompatibility)

Meaning: An E Port isolated due to an ELP (Exchange Link Parameter)

incompatibility.

Action: Review the accompanying alarms for a specific cause.

#### (A1004.0009) (Eport Isolating due to ESC Incompatibility)

Meaning: An E\_Port isolated because the connecting switch failed to support

the standard routing protocol FSPF.

Action: Connect a compatible switch.

### (A1004.000A) (Eport Isolating due to EFP Domain Overlap)

Meaning: An E\_Port isolated because each fabric has a switch with the same

domain ID.

Action: Change the domain ID on one of the conflicting switches.

#### (A1004.000B) (Eport Isolating due to Switch Administratively Offline)

Meaning: An E\_Port isolated because the local switch has been placed

offline.

Action: Configure the administrative state to Online to establish the link.

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### (A1004.000C) (Eport Isolating due to Domain ID Locked, Domain ID unavailable)

Meaning: An E\_Port isolated because the requested domain ID matches

another in the fabric, and assigning an alternative is prohibited by

the domain ID Lock parameter.

Action: Disable the domain ID lock parameter or reconfigure the domain

IDs.

### (A1004.000D) (Eport Isolating due to RDI SW Reject)

Meaning: An E Port isolated because the principal switch rejected the local

switch domain ID.

Action: Change the domain ID so that it is unique in the fabric.

### (A1004.000E) (Eport Isolating due to RDI Domain out of Range)

Meaning: An E\_Port isolated because the principal switch rejected the local

switch domain ID as being out of range (1–239).

Action: Change the domain ID to a valid number.

### (A1004.000F) (Eport Isolating due to Merge Zone Failure)

Meaning: An inter-switch link failed because the two active zone sets have a

zone with the same name, but different members.

Action: Modify one or both of the zones so that their membership is the

same, or deactivate one of the active zone sets. To connect the two

fabrics, reset the affected E Ports.

### (A1004.0010) (Eport Isolating due to Remote switch using same domain ID)

Meaning: An E Port isolated because the remote switch has the same

domain ID.

Action: Change the domain ID on one of the switches.

#### (A1004.0011) (Eport Isolating due to Remote switch isolated)

Meaning: An E\_Port isolated because the remote switch has the same

domain ID.

Action: Change the domain ID on one of the switches.

#### (A1004.0012) (Eport Isolating due to ISL Security)

Meaning: A remote switch attempted to log in but was rejected because it

failed to satisfy the ISL group membership requirements.

Action: Review the ISL group configuration and make the necessary

corrections to include the remote switch as a member.



### (A1004.0013) (Eport Isolating due to all switches incapable of becoming Principal Switch)

Meaning: An E\_Port isolated because the principal priority on all switches is

set to 254.

Action: Configure one of the switches to be the principal switch by

changing the principal priority.

#### (A1004.0014) (Eport Isolating due to TOV mismatch indicated on ELP)

Meaning: An E\_Port isolated because the R\_A\_TOV or E\_D\_TOV time out

values are different on the two switches.

Action: Modify the switch configurations so that R A TOV or E D TOV

values are the same.

### (A1004.0015) (Eport Isolating due to Invalid Attach)

Meaning: An E\_Port isolated because of invalid attachment.

Action: Check for invalid attachment due to security or authentication

incompatibility.

### (A1004.0020) (R\_A\_TOV mismatch indicated. Reconfigure to connect to remote switch.)

Meaning: An E\_Port isolated because the R\_A\_TOV timeout values on the

two switches do not match.

Action: Modify R A TOV so that it is the same on both switches. The

recommended value is 10 seconds.

#### (A1004.0021) (E\_D\_TOV mismatch indicated. Reconfigure to connect to remote switch.)

Meaning: An E Port isolated because the E D TOV timeout values on the

two switches do not match.

Action: Modify E\_D\_TOV so that it is the same on both switches. The

recommended value is 2 seconds.

### (A1004.0023) (Attempting to connect to switch with incompatible time out value configured (R A TOV/E D TOV).)

Meaning: An E Port isolated because the values for R A TOV or E D TOV

are not the same on both switches.

Action: Modify the switches so that the time out values are the same.

#### (A1004.0024) (Attempting to connect to switch that is in non-interop mode)

Meaning: An attempt was made to connect to a switch with a different value

for Interop Mode.

Action: Modify the Interop Mode values so that they are the same on both

switches.

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## (A1004.0026) (Configured Domain ID domain\_ID not available and Domain ID is locked on this switch)

Meaning: An attempt was made to connect a switch to a fabric with a

conflicting domain ID, and the domain ID could not be reassigned.

Action: Change the domain ID so that it is unique in the fabric, or disable

the domain ID lock so that the domain ID can be automatically

reassigned.

### (A1004.0029) (No Switch capable of being Principal Switch. Reconfigure Principal Switch Priority.)

Meaning: An E\_Port isolated because the principal priority on all switches is

set to 254.

Action: Configure one of the switches to be the principal switch by

changing the principal priority.

## (A1004.002B) (Port port\_number not configured for E-Port capability, reconfigure to G/GL to connect to remote switch)

Meaning: An attempt was made by a remote switch to connect through a port

that could not configure itself as an E\_Port.

Action: Change the port type on the remote switch to G\_Port or GL\_Port.

### (A1004.002D) (Non-interop Legacy switch setting prevents domain/port zoning)

Meaning: Zone members involving switches of other vendors cannot be

defined by domain ID and port number when Interop Mode is

disabled and Legacy Address Formatting is enabled.

Action: Disable (False) the Legacy Address Formatting, enable Interop

Mode, or reassign the zone members using a method other than

domain ID and port number.

## (A1004.002F) (Request for Domain ID rejected, WorldWide Name (WWN) device\_WWN not allowed to join fabric.)

Meaning: The switch with the specified worldwide name is not allowed to join

the fabric.

Action: Add the switch to a group in the active security set.

#### (A1004.0030) (Topology change, lost route to switch with domain ID domain\_ID)

Meaning: Connection to a switch in the fabric was lost.

Action: Inspect switch connections and device hardware for proper

operation. Review accompanying alarms for other causes.



### (A1004.0032) (E\_Port not supported on remote port. Reconfigure remote switch to connect.)

Meaning: An E\_Port isolated because the port on the remote switch could

not configure itself as an E\_Port.

Action: Change the port type on the remote switch to G\_Port or GL\_Port.

### (A1004.0033) (Remote switch is in Interop mode or using Legacy Address Format)

Meaning: A remote switch is attempting to connect with conflicting settings

for Interop mode or legacy address format.

Action: Configure the switches so that Interop mode and Legacy Address

Format settings are the same throughout the fabric.

### (A1004.0034) (Failed to connect to a switch due to incompatibility - contact technical support.)

Meaning: The two switches are incompatible. Possible causes include

incompatible interoperability mode configurations, incompatible

firmware versions, and incompatible licensing.

Action: Verify that the interoperability mode settings, firmware versions,

and licensing on the remote switch are compatible. Otherwise,

contact your authorized maintenance provider.

### (A1004.0035) (Failed to connect to a switch due to incompatibility - check interop settings.)

Meaning: The remote switch failed to connect possibly because the

interoperability mode setting is different from that of the local

switch.

Action: Reconcile the interoperability mode settings on the local and

remote switch so that they are the same. If necessary, contact your

authorized maintenance provider.

### (A1004.0036) (Domain ID domain\_ID assigned to different switches. Cannot join fabrics.)

Meaning: An attempt was made to join two fabrics that had switches with the

same domain ID.

Action: Change the domain ID on one of the switches so that it is unique,

and then join the fabrics again.

# (A1004.0037) (Fabric Binding Error - please reconfigure: Local switch assigned domain domain\_ID which is locked, fabric binding indicates domain domain\_ID should be used.)

Meaning: The local switch has a conflicting domain ID and cannot be

automatically reassigned because the domain ID is locked.

Action: Change the domain ID of the local switch.

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### (A1004.0038) (WorldWide Name (WWN) device\_WWN assigned domain domain\_ID, fabric binding indicates this domain is reserved for device\_WWN.)

Meaning: The user-activated fabric binding conflicts with the current domain

ID assignment.

Action: Change the domain ID of the device.

## (A1004.0039) (WorldWide Name (WWN) device\_WWN currently in fabric, no fabric binding in active security set for this WWN.)

Meaning: Fabric binding failed due to security incompatibility.

Action: Check the security settings of the named device.

## (A1004.003F) (Request for Domain ID rejected, WorldWide Name (WWN) device\_WWN not allowed to join fabric.)

Meaning: The switch with the specified WWN is not allowed to join the fabric.

Action: Add the switch to a group in the active security set.

## (A1004.0040) (World Wide Name (WWN) device\_WWN assigned domain domain\_ID, fabric binding indicates it should use domain\_ID.)

Meaning: A fabric binding configuration was activated that conflicts with the

current domain ID assignment.

Action: Change the domain ID of the named device, and then reconfigure

the fabric.

#### (A1004.0041) (Eport isolating due to E\_Port License Exceeded.)

Meaning: An E Port isolated because all licensed E Ports are in use.

Action: Obtain a license key to license additional E\_Ports.

### (A1004.0043) (Forcing Domain ID change due to Interoperability setting from

old\_domain\_ID to new\_domain\_ID.)

Meaning: The Domain ID of the switch is changed due to an interoperability

configuration change. The old Domain ID does not conform to the range of allowed Domain IDs for the new interoperability setting.

Action: None

#### (A1004.0048) (Eport Isolating due to Port Binding failure)

Meaning: A switch device attempted to login as an Inter-Switch Link (ISL),

but that device was not configured in the port binding list.

Action: Add the device to the port binding list.



### (A1004.0049) (Eport Isolating due to Remote inactive)

Meaning: The remote switch is unresponsive, and the link has not been

brought up. The port will be isolated because the remote switch

failed to respond.

Action: Investigate the remote switch for connection problems.

### (A1004.0050) (Maximum hard zoning member limit exceeded, Reverting to soft zoning. Requires port reset.)

Meaning: The maximum number of zone members associated with a port is

limited to 64. If this number is exceeded, the switch cannot enforce

hard zoning and will revert to soft zoning.

Action: Reduce the number of zone members associated with the port and

reset the port.

### (A1004.0051) (Blade IO blade\_number isolated due to startup problem)

Meaning: There is an internal communication issue with an IO blade. It will

be set down until it clears.

Action: If this problem persists, contact your authorized maintenance

provider.

### (A1004.0052) (Eport Isolating due to Switch Binding failure)

Meaning: A device attempted to login as an inter-switch link, but that device

was not configured in the switch binding list.

Action: Add the device to the switch binding list.

### (A1004.0053) (Adding Denial of Service entry for source FC Address 0xaddress)

Meaning: A number of frames from the indicated address have been

received. These frames are from a source that is not zoned with the destination. A denial of service entry will be set up to discard

these frames.

Action: Investigate the source at the specified Fibre Channel address.

### (A1004.0054) (Eport Isolating due to Link to self)

Meaning: Two ports on the same switch cannot be connected together.

Action: Disconnect one or both ports.

## (A1004.0055) (Chassis Interconnect cables misconfigured, see configuration guide for optimal setup)

Meaning: Two SANbox 9000 switches are interconnected with

HyperStacking cables in a manner that is not supported.

Action: Refer to the Installation Guide for information about how to connect

SANbox 9000 switches with HyperStacking cables.

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### (A1004.0056) (Blade compromised due to internal data link failure (SET))

Meaning: An I/O blade has been compromised due to failure of its internal

data link to the CPU blade.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

### (A1004.0057) (Blade no longer compromised due to internal data link failure (CLEAR))

Meaning: The I/O blade link failure has been resolved.

Action: None

#### (A1004.0060) (Virtual Lanes configuration change will take effect on next port reset)

Meaning: The virtual lanes configuration does not become active until you

reset the port.

Action: Reset the port.

## (A1005.0006) (Request from WWN device\_WWN address FC\_address, failed authentication, verify MS security configuration)

Meaning: Management server authentication is enabled, and the received

frame failed authentication.

Action: Verify the MS group configuration.

## (A1005.000A) (Cannot enforce zoning for member domain\_ID, port\_number, this zone member will be ignored)

Meaning: A zone member given by domain ID and port number could not be

found in the fabric.

Action: Examine the fabric connections and zoning definitions.

## (A1005.000C) (Configuration error, insufficient credit in pool. Extended credit not granted for port\_number)

Meaning: Insufficient credits were available in the credit pool to grant the

credit request.

Action: Decrease the number of requested credits or add more donor

ports.

## (A1005.000D) (Configuration error, insufficient credit in pool. Extended credit not granted for port port number)

Meaning: Insufficient credits were available in the credit pool to grant the

credit request.

Action: Decrease the number of requested credits or add more donor

ports.



### (A1005.000E) (Configuration error, can't extend credit on loop capable ports. Extended credit not granted for port: port\_number)

Meaning: Loop ports cannot borrow credits from the credit pool.

Action: Change the port type to G\_Port or F\_Port.

### (A1005.0013) (Hotswap procedure failed - must hardreset switch)

Meaning: The blade hot-swap procedure failed or the procedure was not

followed correctly.

Action: Perform a hard reset.

### (A1005.0020) (Warning - development logging is enabled)

Meaning: Development logging is enabled.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

### 3(A1005.0024) (Switch must be reset after leaving the Diagnostics Admin State)

Meaning: After changing the switch administrative state from Diagnostics to

any other state, the switch must be reset to complete the state

change.

Action: Reset the switch.

### (A1005.0034) (System resource error - contact technical support)

Meaning: There is a system resources problem on the switch.

Action: Contact technical support.

### (A1005.0035) (System resource error - contact technical support)

Meaning: There is an internal problem on the switch.

Action: Contact technical support.

### (A1005.0036) (Hotswap procedure failed before last reset - must hardreset switch)

Meaning: The blade hotswap procedure failed and the switch was reset

without a power-on self test.

Meaning: Reset the switch with a hard reset.

### (A1005.0037) (Hotswap procedure never completed - the blade will not be functional until the switch is hardreset)

Meaning: The blade hot-swap procedure was not completed.

Action: Reset the switch with a hard reset.

#### (A1005.0038) (Switch incompatibility error - contact technical support)

Meaning: Switch incompatibility error.

Action: Contact technical support.

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#### (A1005.0039) (Fabric Login (FLOGI) from address FC\_address failed)

Meaning: The payload of the FLOGI was not valid.

Action: Check the device connection or replace the device. If the problem

persists, contact your authorized maintenance provider.

# (A1005.003A) (Fabric Login (FLOGI) from address FC\_address failed authorization/authentication)

Meaning: Security authentication failed.

Action: Check the security configuration on both the device and the switch

to ensure that they are configured properly.

#### (A1005.003B) (Warning - Debug logging filter level is set)

Meaning: Debug logging has been set using the Set Log Level command.

Action: Confirm that you intended to do this. If not, use the Set Log Level

command to change the severity level to Info, Warn, or Critical.

# (A1005.003C) (User Port(s) port\_numbers, isolated, lost steering path, administering them to state DOWNED.)

Meaning: The ports required for steering the user ports have failed.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

### (A1005.003E) (Warning, port(s) port\_numbers configured ONLINE, but remain DOWN after NDCLA.)

Meaning: Ports that were down before a non-disruptive code load and

activation remain down. This message serves as a reminder because the alarm log is cleared during the non-disruptive code

load and activation.

Action: None

#### (A1005.003F) (Badly formatted SML Notification Ack session session\_ID string - string)

Meaning: The switch sent a notification that was not formatted correctly;

there may be a resource problem on the switch.

Action: If this is a recurring message, contact your authorized maintenance

provider.

#### (A1005.0040) (Unsupported SFP within port.)

Meaning: An unsupported SFP transceiver was installed in the port.

Action: Replace the transceiver.

### (A1005.0041) (Setting port admin state DOWN due to POST failure)

Meaning: The port failed the power-on self test and has been disabled.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.



# (A1005.0042) (Target device port\_address attached to port port\_number with IOStreamGuard Enabled)

Meaning: The target device is attached to a port with IO StreamGuard

enabled.

Action: Disable I/O StreamGuard on the port.

### (A1005.0045) (Configured port data conflicting within hardware capabilities)

Meaning: Configured port settings conflict with the hardware capabilities of

the port. The port is down.

Action: Reconfigure the port to be compatible with the port hardware.

# (A1005.0047) (Attempts to login backend switch fail because backend switch does not support NPIV.)

Meaning: The backend fabric switch does not support N\_Port ID

Virtualization (NPIV) which in turn brings down the TF\_Port.

Action: Ensure that the backend fabric switch supports NPIV.

#### (A1005.004A) (Temporary license for Fabric Security will expire in hours hour(s))

Meaning: The temporary Fabric Security license will expire in the time

displayed.

Action: Purchase and install the Fabric Security license to continue using

the security feature.

#### (A1005.004B) (The switch was reset due to firmware upgrade issues)

Meaning: After a firmware upgrade, the Serial Prom Cyclic Redundancy

Check (CRC) did not match what was expected. It is likely that licenses were updated on the switch while running older firmware.

Action: Check your license configuration for changes.

#### (A1005.004C) (ICC number cable installed - ALARM CLEARED)

Meaning: A HyperStack cable has been connected to the specified

Inter-Chassis Connection (ICC) port and the associated alarm has

been cleared.

Action: None

#### (A1005.004D) (ICC number cable not installed - ALARM SET)

Meaning: A HyperStack cable is not connected to the specified Inter-Chassis

Connection (ICC) port and the associated alarm has been set.

Action: None

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### (A1005.004E) (Attempts to login backend switch fail because backend switch does not support NPIV.)

Meaning: The backend fabric switch does not support N Port ID

Virtualization (NPIV), which in turn brings down the TF\_Port.

Action: Ensure that the backend fabric switch supports NPIV.

### (A1005.004F) (Media device sensor is value units. Transitioning from state to state)

Meaning: The specified sensor (temperature, voltage, TxBias, TxPower,

RxPower) has set a fault. The sensor reports its value (°Celsius, volts, milliAmps, milliWatts) and transition states (low alarm, low

warning, normal, high warning, high alarm).

Action: For the temperature sensor transitioning from low alarm to high

alarm, cool the system. For all other sensors transitioning from low

alarm to high alarm, replace the media.

### (A1005.0050) (Media device device\_name is value units. Transitioning from state to state)

Meaning: The specified sensor (temperature, voltage, TxBias, TxPower,

RxPower) has cleared an existing fault. The sensor reports its value (°Celsius, volts, milliAmps, milliWatts) and transition states (low alarm, low warning, normal, high warning, high alarm).

Action: None

#### (A1005.0051) (Canceling config edit mode as a result of a CPU switchover)

Meaning: A CPU blade switchover occurred while a Config Edit session was

open. The Config Edit session was canceled.

Action: Reopen the Config Edit session.

#### (A1005.0052) (Canceling IP ping as a result of a CPU switchover)

Meaning: A CPU blade switchover occurred while an Ethernet ping was in

progress. The Ethernet ping was canceled.

Action: Retry the Ping command.

#### (A1005.0053) (Canceling FC ping as a result of a CPU switchover)

Meaning: A CPU blade switchover occurred while an Fibre Channel ping was

in progress. The Fibre Channel ping was canceled.

Action: Retry the Fcping command.

#### (A1005.0054) (Canceling FC Trace Route as a result of a CPU switchover)

Meaning: A CPU blade switchover occurred while an Fibre Channel trace

route was in progress. The trace route was canceled.

Action: Retry the Fctrace command.



#### (A1005.0055) (Canceling TFTP operation as a result of a CPU switchover)

Meaning: A CPU blade switchover occurred while a Trivial File Transfer

Protocol (TFTP) operation was in progress. The operation was

canceled.

Action: Retry the operation.

### (A1005.0057) (Canceling the unpacking of a firmware image as a result of a CPU switchover)

Meaning: A CPU blade switchover occurred while an firmware image unpack

was in progress. The unpack was canceled.

Action: Retry the image unpack.

#### (A1005.0058) (Canceling the zoning edit mode as a result of a CPU switchover)

Meaning: A CPU blade switchover occurred while a Zoning Edit session was

in progress. The Zoning Edit session was canceled.

Action: Reopen the Zoning Edit session.

#### (A1005.0059) (Canceling the security edit mode as a result of a CPU switchover)

Meaning: A CPU blade switchover occurred while a Security Edit session

was in progress. The Security Edit session was canceled.

Action: Reopen the Security Edit session.

#### (A1005.005A) (Canceling CIM edit mode as a result of a CPU switchover)

Meaning: A CPU blade switchover occurred while a CIM Edit session was in

progress. The edit session was canceled.

Action: Reopen the CIM Edit session.

#### (A1005.005B) (Canceling system edit mode as a result of a CPU switchover)

Meaning: A CPU blade switchover occurred while a system edit session was

in progress. The edit session was canceled.

Action: Reopen the system edit session.

#### (A1005.005C) (Canceling SNMP edit mode as a result of a CPU switchover)

Meaning: A CPU blade switchover occurred while an SNMP edit session was

in progress. The edit session was canceled.

Action: Reopen the SNMP edit session.

#### (A1005.005D) (Canceling Radius edit mode as a result of a CPU switchover)

Meaning: A CPU blade switchover occurred while a Remote Authentication

Dial In Service (RADIUS) edit session was in progress. The edit

session was canceled.

Action: Reopen the RADIUS Edit session.

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#### (A1005.005E) (Canceling Services edit mode as a result of a CPU switchover)

Meaning: A CPU blade switchover occurred while a services edit session

was in progress. The edit session was canceled.

Action: Reopen the services edit session.

### (A1005.005F) (Canceling Nicknames edit mode as a result of a CPU switchover)

Meaning: A CPU blade switchover occurred while a nicknames edit session

was in progress. The edit session was canceled.

Action: Reopen the nicknames edit session.

# (A1005.0060) (A control link between blade\_ID and blade\_ID (via blade\_ID) has failed, blade control is not fully redundant, contact technical support.).

Meaning: A portion of the control plane network on the switch has failed. The

switch should continue to function normally, but any further failures

may cause the switch to malfunction.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

# (A1005.0061) (A control link between blade\_ID and blade\_ID (via blade\_ID) is now functioning normally.

Meaning: The control link has recovered and is functioning normally.

Action: None

#### (A1005.0063) (CPU never entered HotStandby state)

Meaning: Secondary CPU never entered Hot Standby state, and therefore

the switch is not fault tolerant.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

# (A1005.0064) (Switch is not fault-tolerant. Fault Tolerant license is installed, but only 1 CPU blade installed)

Meaning: The Fault Tolerant license key was installed on a SANbox 9000

switch with only one CPU blade.

Action: Install the second CPU blade.

# (A1005.0065) (Fault Tolerant license is installed, but secondary CPU's latch is open so unable to become Fault Tolerant)

Meaning: The SANbox 9000 switch is not fault tolerant because the

secondary CPU blade is not fully installed.

Action: Close the secondary CPU blade latch.



### (A1005.0066) (Switch is not fault-tolerant. Fault Tolerant license is installed, but secondary CPU is faulted)

Meaning: The SANbox 9000 switch is not fault tolerant because of a fault on

the secondary CPU blade.

Action: Replace the secondary CPU blade.

### (A1005.0067) (HyperStack(tm) license installed, but only 1 CPU blade installed - alarm status)

Meaning: A SANbox 9000 switch that is licensed for HyperStacking must

have two CPU blades to make use of the HyperStack feature. If only one CPU blade is installed, this alarm message is issued with

alarm status ALARM SET. When the second CPU blade is

installed, the alarm message is reissued with alarm status ALARM

CLEAR.

Action: If the alarm status is ALARM SET, install the second CPU blade.

#### (A1005.0068) (Primary blade seating is questionable)

Meaning: The SANbox 9000 primary CPU blade is not fully installed.

Action: Reseat the primary CPU blade.

#### (A1005.0069) (Primary blade seating was resolved)

Meaning: The SANbox 9000 primary CPU blade seating problem has been

corrected.

Action: None

#### (A1005.006A) (User account account name has expired)

Meaning: The named user account has exceeded its expiration date.

Action: Review the user account and make the necessary corrections.

#### (A1005.006B) (Temperature too high, turning off lasers)

Meaning: The switch has overheated and the Fibre Channel port lasers have

been turned off.

Action: Power down the switch, correct the conditions that caused the

switch to overheat, and power up the switch.

#### (A1005.006C) (3.3V out of spec, turning off lasers)

Meaning: Fibre Channel switch ports are receiving incorrect voltages. Lasers

have been turned off.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

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#### (A1005.006D) (Unable to synchronize with NTP server)

Meaning: The switch was unable to synchronize its time clock with the

Network Time Protocol (NTP) server.

Action: Confirm that the NTP service and NTP client are enabled. Confirm

that the NTP server IP address is correct and that the server is

operating.

#### (A1005.006E) (A reset is required to activate this version of firmware)

Meaning: The installed firmware cannot be activated without disrupting I/O

traffic.

Action: Perform a hard reset.

### (A1005.006F) (Hotreset Vversion -> Vversion is not supported)

Meaning: The installed firmware cannot be activated without disrupting I/O

traffic.

Action: Perform a hard reset.

### (A1005.0070) (Hotreset to older firmware version not supported. A reset is required to activate this version of firmware)

Meaning: The installed firmware cannot be activated without disrupting I/O

traffic.

Action: Perform a hard reset.

# (A1005.0071) (Unable to obtain dynamic IP address, falling back to static IP address of address on interface interface)

Meaning: The switch was unable to obtain its IP address from the Dynamic

Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server. The static IP address

will be used.

Action: Investigate the DHCP server.

#### (A1005.0072) (Unable to turn off lasers, please power off the switch)

Meaning: Conditions exist that could damage the switch and the switch was

unable to turn off the Fiber Channel port lasers.

Action: Power down the switch and contact your authorized maintenance

provider.

#### (A1005.0073)(Blade fault fault reported)

Meaning: The named blade fault has occurred.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.



#### (A1005.0074) (Blade seating is questionable)

Meaning: A SANbox 9000 blade is improperly installed.

Action: Examine the switch and reinstall blades as needed.

### (A1005.0075) (Blade seating problem was resolved)

Meaning: The SANbox 9000 blade seating problem as resolved.

Action: None

#### (A1005.0076) (Extraction latch is open)

Meaning: A SANbox 9000 blade latch is open.

Action: Examine the switch and close open latches.

#### (A1005.0077) (Extraction latch was closed)

Meaning: The SANbox 9000 blade latch has been closed.

Action: None

#### (A1005.0078) (Extraction latch ignored until hotreset completes)

Meaning: Extraction latch was opened while a switch hot reset was in

progress.

Action: Return the extraction latch to the closed position. Wait until the hot

reset is complete, then remove the blade.

#### (A1005.0079) (Blade fault fault reported from primary CPU, resetting switch)

Meaning: A blade fault has occurred on the SANbox 9000 primary CPU

blade and the switch is resetting.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

### (A1005.007A) (Blade fault fault reported from primary CPU, powering off blades/ports)

Meaning: A blade fault has occurred on the SANbox 9000 primary CPU

blade. I/O blades are being powered down.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

#### (A1005.007C) (Secondary CPU's latch is closed so now able to become Fault Tolerant)

Meaning: The SANbox 9000 secondary CPU blade latch has been closed;

the switch is now fault tolerant.

Action: None

#### (A1005.007D) (Canceling callhome edit mode as a result of a CPU switchover)

Meaning: A CPU blade switchover occurred while a CallHome Edit session

was open. The CallHome Edit session was canceled.

Action: Reopen the CallHome Edit session.

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#### (A1005.0099) (Canceling IPsec edit mode as a result of a CPU switchover)

Meaning: A CPU switchover occurred while an Ipsec Edit session was in

progress. The edit session was canceled.

Action: Open another Ipsec Edit session.

#### (A1005.0101) (ipv6: duplicate address detected)

Meaning: Another IP version 6 system on the local network is using the same

address as this switch.

Action: If the discovery method is static, assign a different IP version 6

address, or disconnect the device that is using the same address.

#### (A1005.009B) (IPSec configuration error: error description)

Meaning: An error occurred while saving changes to an IP Security

configuration. None of the configuration modifications have been

applied to the switch's active database.

Action: Resolve any other IP Security alarms. If this alarm persists, contact

your authorized maintenance provider.

#### (A1005.009C) (IPSec configuration error: Association assocation\_name : error\_description

Meaning: An error occurred affecting the specified association while saving

the IP Security configuration. The association has not been applied

to the active database.

Action: Redo modifications to the association and save it.

#### (A1005.009D) (IPSec configuration error: Policy policy\_name : reason)

Meaning: An error occurred affecting the specified policy while saving the IP

Security configuration. The policy has not been applied to the

active database.

Action: Redo modifications to the policy and save it.

# (A1006.0004) (Zoning conflict, device\_WWN is in an ACL hard zone, but device\_WWN share a soft zone)

Meaning: The named zone members cannot communicate because they are

members of different ACL hard zones.

Action: Place both zone members in the same ACL hard zone or exclude

both from ACL hard zones.

#### (A1006.0005) (Zoning enforcement error in Nameserver)

Meaning: An error occurred while checking ACL zoning.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.



(A1006.0006) (Zoning conflict, device\_WWN and device\_WWN do not share an ACL hard zone, but device\_WWN share a soft zone)

Meaning: The named zone members cannot communicate because they are

members of different ACL hard zones.

Action: Place both zone members in the same ACL hard zone or exclude

both from ACL hard zones.

(A1007.0001) (Security: Unspecified zoning enforcement error)

Meaning: A device was not authorized or it failed security checks and will not

be allowed to join the fabric.

Action: None

(A1007.0002) (Security: Remote Switch with WorldWide Name (WWN) wwn configured for chap, no chap configured for local switch. 2-way Authentication Failure)

Meaning: The device WWN is either not configured in the security database,

or it is not configured for Challenge Handshake Authentication

Protocol (CHAP).

Action: Add the device WWN to the active security set if it missing, or

modify the group to allow for CHAP authentication with the other

devices.

(A1007.0005) (Security: Authentication request was rejected by *port*.)

Meaning: Indicates that a remote switch rejected a security authentication

attempt. The port will isolate.

Action: Checks the security configuration on the remote switch to

determine the problem.

(A1007.0006) (Security: Could not validate Authentication Response from *port\_number*, payload seems to be incorrect.)

Meaning: The format of the payload of the response frame does not match

what was expected.

Action: Check for errors on the remote side of the link. Check the

transceiver and cable. Update firmware on remote switch.

(A1007.0007) (Security: Fabric Binding (ESA) not supported on remote switch and Fabric Binding is enabled, failing security checks)

Meaning: Either fabric binding is not enabled on the remote switch or the

remote switch does not support security at all.

Action: Check the security configuration on the remote switch.

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(A1007.0008) (Security: ESA Response failure, failing security checks)

Meaning: A failure was received during processing of the ESA received

frame. Either the payload did not match the standard layout or the

payload status indicated a reject.

Action: Check for errors on the remote side of the link. Check the

transceiver and cable. Update firmware on the remote switch.

(A1007.0009) (Security checks EFMD response failure, failing security check.)

Meaning: A remote switch rejected a Exchange Fabric Membership Data

(EFMD) frame. The port will be isolated.

Action: Check remote switch for the reason that the EFMD frame was

rejected. It is possible that the FabricBindingEnabled parameter is

different on the two switches.

(A1007.000A) (Security: Dropping lock held by domain domain\_id for number seconds)

Meaning: A remote switch has held the fabric lock for too long. The local

switch is dropping the lock in order to send out a Exchange Fabric

Membership Data (EFMD) frame.

Action: None

(A1007.000B) (Security: EFMD Rejected, bad revision)

Meaning: The remote switch is running at a different Exchange Fabric

Membership Data (EFMD) version level than the local switch. Ports

will isolate.

Action: None

(A1007.000C) (Security policy restrict mode, security db differs)

Meaning: The current security policy calls for Restrict Mode, which means

that all switches in the fabric must have the same security

databases or the inter-switch links will not log in. In this case, the

security databases differ.

Action: Reconfigure the active security set so that the ISL group members

are the same.

(A1007.000D) (Security policy in mode mode, other switch in mode mode, sec db conflict)

Meaning: The security policy on the local switch differs from that of the

remote switch.

Action: Configure the security policy on the remote switch to match that of

the local switch.



# (A1007.000E) (Security: Auth challenge received from WWN port\_WWN, not Authorized to join)

Meaning: A challenge authentication frame was received from a remote

switch, but the local switch does not have an entry for itself within

the active security set ISL group.

Action: Edit the ISL group to include the local switch.

### (A1007.000F) (Security: Chap session Gen Response indicates error, chap unable to authenticate)

Meaning: An Authentication Response frame cannot be built because the

Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) session is

not in the right state. The port will isolate.

Action: Check the remote device for a possible error condition. Reset the

port to retry again. If errors continue, disable CHAP for this device

if the device belongs in the fabric.

# (A1007.0010) (Security: Chap session Receive Challenge indicates bad state, chap unable to authenticate)

Meaning: The Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP)

session state is not in the correct state for a challenge message.

The port will isolate.

Action: Check the remote device for a possible error condition. Reset the

port to retry again. If errors continue, disable CHAP for this device

if the device belongs in the fabric.

#### (A1007.0011) (Chap failure, isolating with Invalid Attach)

Meaning: Frame does not match format for a Challenge Handshake

Authentication Protocol (CHAP) status frame. Ports will isolate.

Action: Check the remote device for a possible error condition. Reset the

port to retry again. If errors continue, disable CHAP for this device

if it belongs in the fabric.

# (A1007.0012) (Port with World Wide Name (WWN) port\_WWN address FC\_address not authorized to login, verify MS security configuration)

Meaning: The port cannot login with the current security configuration.

Action: Add the named port to the Management Server group in the active

security set.

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#### (A1007.0013) (Response from address FC\_address, lacks authentication, discarding)

Meaning: A response received on the indicated port lacked Common

Transport (CT) authentication.

Action: Verify that the CT security configuration of the management

application using the remote port is compatible with the configuration of the Management Server security group on the

switch.

# (A1007.0014) (Response from WorldWide Name (WWN) device\_WWN address FC\_address, failed authentication, discarding)

Meaning: A request received on the indicated port failed Common Transport

(CT) authentication.

Action: Verify that the CT security configuration of the management

application using the remote port is compatible with the

configuration of the Management Server security group on the

switch.

#### (A1007.001C) (Security: Bad Authentication Flags)

Meaning: The received AUTH frame did not meet the standard format for the

frame payload. Within the header portion of the payload, there are some flags that are supposed to be set to zero (0). This frame has

the flags set to something other than zero (0).

Action: Check the remote device for a possible error condition. Reset the

port to retry again. If errors continue, disable Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) for this device if it belongs in the

fabric.

### (A1007.001D) (Ignoring RADIUS Server Radius\_Server, invalid IP address configured)

Meaning: A Remote Authentication Dial In Service (RADIUS) server could

not be found at the configured IP address.

Action: Check the RADIUS server, or change the configuration to use an

IP address for a valid RADIUS server.

#### (A1007.001F) (Access reject from RADIUS server IP\_address:port for device on this port)

Meaning: Security authentication has reached the maximum retry count. The

port will now isolate.

Action: Check the security configuration.



### (A1007.0020) (MAX Retry count reached on CHAP Authentication Protocol Reset, failing Authentication)

Meaning: A Remote Authentication Dial In Service (RADIUS) server has

rejected a RADIUS authentication request.

Action: Check the configuration on both the switch and on the RADIUS

server for incompatibilities.

#### (A1007.0021) (No response to RADIUS access request for device on port port)

Meaning: A configured Remote Authentication Dial In Service (RADIUS)

server did not respond to an authentication request within the

timeout period.

Action: Check RADIUS server configuration and the RADIUS server.

### (A1007.0022) (Invalid response authenticator from RADIUS server IP\_address:port, check shared secret)

Meaning: There is a Remote Authentication Dial In Service (RADIUS) server

configuration problem.

Action: Check the shared secret. The shared secret must be configured on

both the RADIUS server and the switch.

### (A1007.0023) (Invalid response authenticator from RADIUS server IP\_address:port, check shared secret

Meaning: There is a Remote Authentication Dial In Service (RADIUS)

configuration problem.

Action: Confirm that the shared secret configured on the switch is identical

to the shared secret configured on the RADIUS server.

# (A1007.0024) (Invalid access accept from RADIUS server IP\_address:port, bad or missing Service-Type)

Meaning: A service-type Remote Authentication Dial In Service (RADIUS)

attribute was not found in a RADIUS packet.

Action: This is a RADIUS server configuration issue. Consult your RADIUS

server documentation.

#### (A1007.0025) (Security feature not supported.)

Meaning: The switch is coming out of Non-Disruptive Code Load and

Activation (NDCLA) and had an active security prior to the NDCLA,

but the security feature is no longer supported.

Action: A license key may be required for the security feature.

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### (A1007.0026) (Unable to validate Chap Response from device\_WWN, possible Chap secret misconfiguration or security breach attempt.)

Meaning: A Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP)

authentication attempt failed due to failure while comparing

secrets.

Action: Check security configuration.

#### (A1007.0027) (Radius server could not validate authentication response from port number)

Meaning: Remote Authentication Dial In Service (RADIUS) authentication

failed.

Action: Confirm that the secret is the same on the switch as it is on the

RADIUS server.

#### (A1007.0028) (Security: 2-Way Authentication, No security entry found for port)

Meaning: Unable to locate a security member entry to complete a two-way

authentication.

Action: Edit the group to include the port.

#### (A1007.0029) (Security protocol not using chap, unable to authenticate.)

Meaning: A Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) negotiate

frame that specifies an unsupported authentication protocol was

received.

Action: Check the remote device for a possible error condition. Reset the

port to try again. If errors continue, disable CHAP for this device if

the device belongs in the fabric.

### (A1007.002A) (Inconsistent Fabric Binding configuration. Enabled on remote switch(s), disabled on local switch.

Meaning: Inconsistent fabric binding configuration settings between local and

remote switch. All switches in the fabric must have the same

configured fabric binding setting.

Action: Enable or disable fabric binding on all switches.



#### (A1007.002B) (Security: Chap session Negotiate Authentication failed)

Meaning: The local switch received an authentication negotiate frame which

failed processing. Either the payload of the frame did not match the

standard layout of the frame or the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) session between the devices being authenticated was not in the state where the negotiate frame

was expected.

Action: Check the remote device for a possible error condition. Reset the

port to retry again. If errors continue, disable Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) for this device if it belongs in the

fabric.

# (A1007.002C) (Security: Authentication protocol msg (AUTH\_DONE) inconsistent with Authentication protocol in progress)

Meaning: The local switch received an AUTH\_DONE command

authentication frame while the Challenge Handshake

Authentication Protocol (CHAP) session was not in the correct state to expect this type of frame. The remote device is not

following standard authentication protocol.

Action: Check the remote device for a possible error condition. Reset the

port to retry again. If errors continue, disable CHAP for this device

if the device belongs in the fabric.

#### (A1007.002D) (Ignoring RADIUS Server RADIUS\_server, invalid UDP port configured)

Meaning: A Remote Authentication Dial In Service (RADIUS) server was

configured with invalid data for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP) port. This configuration field is required to use the RADIUS server.

Action: Set the UDP port value in the switch RADIUS server configuration

using the Set Setup Radius command.

#### (A1007.002E) (Ignoring RADIUS Server RADIUS server, zero timeout configured)

Meaning: A Remote Authentication Dial In Service (RADIUS) server was

configured with invalid data for the timeout value. A valid time out

value is required to use the RADIUS server.

Action: Set the timeout value in the switch RADIUS server configuration.

using the Set Setup Radius command.

#### (A1007.002F) (Ignoring RADIUS Server RADIUS\_server, no shared secret is configured)

Meaning: A Remote Authentication Dial In Service (RADIUS) server was

configured with invalid data for the shared secret. A valid time out

value is required to use the RADIUS server.

Action: Set the shared secret in the switch RADIUS server configuration.

using the Set Setup Radius command.

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#### (A1007.0030) (Security protocol not using chap, unable to authenticate.)

Meaning: A Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) negotiate

frame was received that specifies an unsupported Diffie-Helmann

(DH) group type.

Action: Check the remote device for a possible error condition. Reset the

port. If errors continue, disable CHAP for this device if it belongs in

the fabric.

#### (A1007.0031) (Security protocol not using chap, unable to authenticate.)

Meaning: A Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) negotiate

frame was received that specified an unsupported hashing algorithm or an algorithm that is not allowed for this security

member's configuration.

Action: Check the remote device for a possible error condition. Reset the

port. If errors continue, disable CHAP for this device if it belongs in

the fabric.

### (A1007.0032) (Fabric conditions or configurations do not currently allow for changing fabric binding.)

Meaning: An attempt to change the fabric binding setting was rejected due to

current fabric binding configuration settings within the active

security set.

Action: Check fabric binding settings and the domain IDs of the switches

within the fabric. Add missing switches to the ISL group of the

active security set.

### (A1007.0033) (Device device\_WWN failed port binding.)

Meaning: A device attempted fabric login (FLOGI), but that device was not

configured in the port binding list for the specified port.

Action: Add the device to the port binding list.

#### (A1007.0034) (Device device\_wwn failed switch binding.)

Meaning: A device attempted fabric login (FLOGI), but that device was not

configured in the switch binding list for the specified switch.

Action: Add the device to the switch binding list.

# (A1007.0035) (Port taken offline due to switch binding failure following configuration change.)

Meaning: A configuration change was made to the switch binding list such

that the device(s) on the port were no longer allowed to be logged

in.

Action: Add the devices to the switch binding list.



# (A1007.0036) (Port taken offline due to port binding failure following configuration change.)

Meaning: A configuration change was made to the port binding list such that

the device(s) on the port were no longer allowed to be logged in.

Action: Add the devices to the port binding list.

### (A1007.0037) (Device device\_wwn failed port binding)

Meaning: A switch device attempted to login as an Inter-Switch Link (ISL),

but that device was not configured in the port binding list for the

specified port.

Action: Add the device to the port binding list.

#### (A1007.0038) (Device device\_wwn failed switch binding)

Meaning: A switch device attempted to login as Inter-Switch Link (ISL), but

that device was not configured in the switch binding list.

Action: Add the device to the switch binding list.

#### (A1007.0039) (Ignoring RADIUS Server server, no shared secret configured)

Meaning: An attempt was made to authenticate a switch login through a

Remote Authentication Dial In Service (RADIUS) server, but no

shared secret exists.

Action: Configure a shared secret.

# (A1007.003A) (Using local user authentication. No radius servers configured for user authentication)

Meaning: A Remote Authentication Dial In Service (RADIUS) configuration

was set to authenticate user accounts through a RADIUS server, but no RADIUS server was configured. User accounts will be

authenticated by the switch.

Action: Correct the user authentication order or configure a RADIUS

server.

### (A2000.0001) (Pwr1 removed - ALARM SET)

Meaning: Power supply #1 has failed or was removed from the switch.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

#### (A2000.0002) (Pwr2 failure - ALARM SET)

Meaning: Power supply #2 has failed or was removed from the switch.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

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### (A2000.0004) (power\_supply\_number AC power may be unplugged or switched off -

**ALARM SET)** 

Meaning: One of the two power supplies is not receiving power.

Action: Check the switch power supply and the AC power source.

#### (A2001.0001) (Pwr2 was installed - ALARM CLEARED)

Meaning: Power supply #2 was installed.

Action: None

#### (A2001.0002) (Pwr1 OK - ALARM CLEARED)

Meaning: Power supply OK.

Action: None

### (A2001.0004) (power\_supply\_number AC power is good - ALARM CLEARED)

Meaning: AC power has been restored.

Action: None

#### (A2002.0001) (fan\_number was removed)

Meaning: A field replaceable fan was removed from the switch.

Action: Reinstall the fan.

#### (A2002.0002) (Fan fan\_blade failure - ALARM SET)

Meaning: A cooling fan has failed.

Action: Replace the fan if it is a customer replaceable unit. Otherwise,

contact your authorized maintenance provider.

#### (A2002.0003) (Fan or power supply flow mismatch - ALARM SET)

Meaning: The switch has two cooling fans with opposite air flow directions.

Action: Replace one of the fans with another fan with the correct air flow

direction.

### (A2003.0001) (fan\_blade inserted - ALARM CLEARED)

Meaning: The switch fan blade has been installed and the alarm is cleared.

Action: None

#### (A2003.0002) (fan\_blade OK - ALARM CLEARED)

Meaning: The switch fan blade is operational and the alarm is cleared.

Action: None



#### (A2003.0003) (Fan flow match - ALARM CLEARED)

Meaning: The opposing fan air flow condition has been corrected.

Action: None

### (A2004.0001) (Secondary cpu\_blade assuming control of system due to a failure of Primary

cpu\_blade)

Meaning: Control is transferring from the primary CPU blade to the

secondary CPU blade on a SANbox 9000 switch.

Action: Investigate the former primary CPU blade for the cause of the

failure.

### (A2004.0002) (Secondary *cpu\_blade* assuming control of system due to an administrative switchover)

Meaning: Control is transferring from the primary CPU blade to the

secondary CPU blade on a SANbox 9000 switch.

Action: None

### (A2004.0003) (Secondary cpu\_blade assuming control of system due to an opening of the latch or removal of Primary cpu\_blade)

Meaning: Control is transferring from the primary CPU blade to the

secondary CPU blade on a SANbox 9000 switch.

Action: None

#### (A3000.0001) (Temp overheat, sensor\_name sensor reads value C - ALARM SET)

Meaning: The chassis temperature has reached a failure threshold.

Action: Check air flow, fan operation, and ambient temperature. If the

problem cannot be corrected, power down the switch.

# (A3000.0002) (Temp sensor sensor\_name on blade slot\_number reads value C - ALARM SET)

Meaning: The chassis temperature has reached a failure threshold.

Action: Check air flow, fan operation, and ambient temperature. If the

problem cannot be corrected, power down the switch.

### (A3001.0001) (Temp overwarm, sensor\_name sensor reads value C - ALARM SET)

Meaning: The chassis temperature has reached a warning threshold.

Action: Check air flow, fan operation, and ambient temperature.

### (A3002.0001) (sensor name sensor has returned to normal range - ALARM CLEARED)

Meaning: The chassis temperature has returned to the normal range and the

alarm condition has been cleared.

Action: None

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### (A3002.0002) (Temp sensor sensor\_name on blade slot\_number reads value C - ALARM CLEARED)

Meaning: The named blade has returned to the normal operating

temperature range.

Action: None

### (A3003.0001) (IOn) (Hardware error detected. Use 'show switch' for more info.)

Meaning: A fatal hardware error was discovered during the

Power-On-Self-Test (POST) phase of startup. This switch is not

currently operational.

Action: Enter the Show Post Log command to investigate.

#### (A3003.0002) (POST detected a fatal error the last time it ran and will be re-executed.)

Meaning: A fatal hardware error was discovered from the previous

Power-On-Self-Test (POST). This switch is not currently

operational.

Action: Enter the Show Post Log command to investigate.

# (A3003.0003) (Diagnostics have detected a fatal error on the I/O blade in slot slot\_number. The blade is not operational.)

Meaning: Diagnostic testing has determined that there is a failure on

specified I/O blade. The blade did not pass the Power-On-Self-Test

(POST).

Action: Enter the Show Post Log command to investigate.

#### (A3004.0001) (Non-fatal hardware error detected. Use 'show post log' for more info)

Meaning: A non-fatal hardware error was discovered during the

Power-On-Self-Test (POST) phase of startup.

Action: Enter the Show Post Log command to investigate.

# (A3004.0002) (Diagnostics have detected a partial failure on the I/O blade in slot slot number)

Meaning: Diagnostic testing has determined that there is a partial failure on

specified I/O blade. Most likely, at least one of the ports did not

pass the Power-On-Self-Test (POST).

Action: Enter the Show Post Log command to investigate.

### (A3005.0001-000C) (value voltage sensor shows valueV - ALARM SET)

Meaning: A switch voltage sensor on a SANbox 5000 series switch is

experiencing an out-of-range voltage condition.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.



### (A3005.0001-000C) (Blade fault (*valueV\_HIGH* - The [value]V voltage supply is out of range, it is too high)

Meaning: A high voltage blade fault has occurred on a SANbox 9000 switch.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

#### (A3006.0001-000C) (value voltage sensor shows valueV - ALARM SET)

Meaning: An out-of-range voltage condition has occurred on a SANbox 5000

switch.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

### (A3006.0001-000C) (Blade fault (valueV\_LOW - The valueV voltage supply is out of range, it is too low)

Meaning: A low voltage blade fault has occurred on a SANbox 9000 switch.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

#### (A3007.0001-000C) (value voltage sensor shows valueV - ALARM CLEAR)

Meaning: The out-of-range voltage condition on a SANbox 5000 series

switch has cleared.

Action: None

#### (A3007.0001-000C) (Blade fault (blade\_fault - CLEARED)

Meaning: The high or low voltage SANbox 9000 blade fault has cleared.

Action: None

# (A3008.0000) (The configuration area was damaged or a Remake Filesystem was performed from PROM mode. You must perform a 'config restore' to clear this error.)

Meaning: The configuration area was damaged or a Remake Filesystem was

performed from Maintenance mode.

Action: Enter the Config Restore command to clear the error. If this does

not correct the problem, contact your authorized maintenance

provider.

#### (A3014.0001) (Blade in slot slot\_number set Down due to failure of all AuxPorts)

Meaning: The blade in the named slot has isolated because all auxiliary ports

to the cross-connect blades have failed.

Action: Contact your authorized maintenance provider.

#### (A3014.0002) (Blade in slot slot\_number set Online due to internal failure recovery)

Meaning: The blade in the named slot has recovered at least one auxiliary

port to a cross-connect blade and is no longer isolated.

Action: None

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### (A3014.0003) (IOn) (Blade blade\_ID set Down due to the configured blade type not matching the installed blade)

Meaning: The I/O blade given by **blade ID** has isolated because the

operational blade type does not match the configured blade type.

Action: Change the configured blade type to match the I/O blade that is

present, or insert an I/O blade of the configured blade type.

### (A4000.0001) (threshold of value hit rising trigger trigger\_number in value second window on port port number - ALARM SET

Meaning: The switch exceeded the specified threshold for the rising trigger in

the specified sample window.

Action: Investigate the specified port for problems or adjust the rising

trigger or sample window.

#### (A6000.0002) (Configured port speed for port port\_number not compatible with media.)

Meaning: The transceiver in the named port is not capable of transmitting at

the configured port speed.

Action: Reconfigure the port speed or replace the transceiver.

### (A6001.0001) (cmon: insufficient memory)

Meaning: The Hotreset command has failed due to insufficient memory on

the switch. The switch has been returned to its state before the

Hotreset command was entered.

Action: If acceptable, enter the Reset Switch command to reboot the

switch. Contact technical support if a non-disruptive code load and

activation is required.

#### (A6001.0002) (cmon: blade failed NDCLA)

Meaning: The Non-Disruptive Code Load and Activation (NDCLA) has failed

on this I/O blade.

Action: None

#### (A6001.0003) (cmon: switch failed NDCLA)

Meaning: The Non-Disruptive Code Load and Activation (NDCLA) has failed.

The switch has performed a hard reset.

Action: None

#### (A6001.0004) (cmon: Blade was removed during NDCLA)

Meaning: An I/O blade was removed during the Non-Disruptive Code Load

and Activation (NDCLA).

Action: None



### (A6001.0005) (Secondary CPU firmware update in progress, hotreset aborted.)

Meaning: The firmware image was being updated on the secondary CPU

when a hot reset was attempted.

Action: Wait for the firmware update to complete, then retry the hot reset.

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### **Critical Events**

Critical events are events that disrupt the administration or operation of the fabric, but do not require any action before you can proceed. The following lists each critical event and the event id number and message displayed, and provides an explanation of the message.

(C) (8100.0001) (Name Server) (Port: port\_number) (Protocol violation from address FC address)

Meaning: There has been a name server protocol violation. Contact your

authorized maintenance provider.

(C) (8300.0006) (Zoning) (Dropping lock held by domain domain\_ID, Merge requests outstanding)

Meaning: Another switch has held the fabric zoning lock too long. It is being

released to accommodate another fabric zoning request.

(C) (8300.000A) (Zoning) (Fabric Busy, failing lock request from domain domain\_ID)

Meaning: Another switch in the fabric has requested the fabric zoning lock

from this switch while this switch is processing zoning commands.

(C) (8300.000B) (Zoning) (Failed to lock fabric, lock already held by switch with domain domain\_ID)

Meaning: Unable to complete the requested zoning command because fabric

zoning lock is already held by another switch in the fabric.

(C) (8300.000C) (Zoning) (Couldn't acquire lock from domain domain\_ID)

Meaning: Fabric may be changing, couldn't acquire lock. Wait for fabric to

stabilize, try again.

(C) (8300.000E) (Zoning) (Failing release of fabric lock held by switch with domain=

Meaning: Unable to release fabric zoning lock because it is held by another

switch in the fabric.

(C) (8300.000F) (Zoning) (Failed to lock fabric, lock already held with lock id lock\_id)

Meaning: The fabric is already locked.

(C) (8300.0017) (The zoning database has been reset and zoneset zone\_set deactivated by user user\_name)

Meaning: The zoning database was reset while a zone set was active. The

zoning information was cleared and the active zone set was

deactivated.



(C) (8300.0018) (ZoneSet zone\_set has been activated by user user\_name)

Meaning: A zone set in the zoning database has been activated

(C) (8300.0019)(ZoneSet zone\_set has been deactivated by user user\_name)

Meaning: A zone set in the zoning database has been deactivated.

(C) (8300.001A) (A ZoneSet activation has failed.)

Meaning: An attempt to activate a zone set has failed.

(C) (8400.0002) (Switch) (The switch is being reset - please wait)

Meaning: The switch is being reset.

(C) (8400.0003) (Switch) (The switch is being shutdown - please wait)

Meaning: The switch is being gracefully shutdown.

(C) (8400.0004) (Switch) (The switch is proceeding with a hotreset)

Meaning: Hot reset is in progress.

(C) (8400.0005) (Switch) (The switch is now performing a hotreset)

Meaning: Hot reset is in progress.

(C) (8400.0006) (Switch) (Admin mode for user user\_name was canceled by user

user\_name)

Meaning: Admin authority mode was canceled by another user interface

session that had the authority to do so.

(C) (8400.0008) (Switch) (The switch will be reset in several seconds

Meaning: The switch is being reset as a result of a command from a user

interface.

(C) (8400.0009) (Switch) (The switch will hardreset in several seconds)

Meaning: A hard reset of the switch is pending.

(C) (8400.000A) (Switch) (The switch will hotreset in several seconds)

Meaning: A hot reset is pending.

(C) (8400.000B) (Switch) (The switch will be shutdown several seconds)

Meaning: The switch will be shut down in several seconds.

(C) (8400.000C) (Switch) (Configuration is being restored - this could take several minutes)

Meaning: When a complete configuration restore is done on a switch, a

switch reset follows immediately to place the new configuration in

effect.

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(C) (8400.000E) (Switch) (Upgrading Licensed Ports to number\_of\_ports)

Meaning: The number of licensed ports on the switch has been upgraded.

(C) (8400.000F) (Switch) (Attempted Licensed Port upgrade of ports that are already licensed)

Meaning: The switch has already been upgraded to the number of licensed

ports.

(C) (8400.0011) (Switch) (The switch will be reset in several seconds due to a config restore)

Meaning: Switch management is processing a config restore command.

(C) (8400.0012) (Switch) (IOn) (Blade was inserted)

Meaning: An I/O blade has been inserted into the chassis.

(C) (8400.0014) (Switch) (IOn) (FC4G16 Blade was removed)

Meaning: An I/O blade has been removed from the chassis.

(C) (8400.0014) (Switch) (CPUn) (CPU Blade was removed)

Meaning: A CPU blade has been removed from the chassis.

(C) (8400.0015) (Switch) (The switch will be reset in several seconds)

Meaning: The switch is being reset as a result of a command from a user

interface.

(C) (8400.0016) (Switch) (Group members are being saved - this may take several seconds)

Meaning: Group members are being saved in the security database.

(C) (8400.0017) (Switch) (Security edit session has been preempted by a security merge)

Meaning: A security merge has occurred and the security edit session has

been cancelled.

(C) (8400.001C) (Switch) (The switch is being reset - this may take several seconds)

Meaning: The switch is being reset.

(C) (8400.001D) (Switch) (The switch is being shutdown - this may take several seconds)

Meaning: The switch is being shutdown.

(C) (8400.0027) (Switch) (Invalid user account\_name attempted to log into switch)

Meaning: Invalid user login attempt.

(C) (8400.0028) (Switch) (Invalid user account\_name attempted to log into switch)

Meaning: Invalid user login attempt.



(C) (8400.0029) (Switch) (User account\_name attempted to log into switch with an incorrect password)

Meaning: Invalid user login attempt.

(C) (8400.002A) (Switch) (User account\_name attempted to log into switch with an incorrect password)

Meaning: Invalid user login attempt.

(C) (8400.002E) (Switch) (number\_of\_zone\_members zone members are being saved - this may take several seconds)

Meaning: It will take several seconds to save the large zoning database.

(C) (8400.002F) (Switch) (Zoning database of over 3000 zone members may damage some vendors' switches, if you have other vendor's switches in your fabric, please refer to their switch manual/documentation to see what zone member limits the switch supports)

Meaning: You have a large database on the switch consisting of over 3000

zone members. This could cause a problem in mixed fabrics because not all vendors support a configuration this large.

(C) (8400.0030) (Switch) (Zoning edit session has been preempted by a zoning merge)

Meaning: A zoning edit session has been preempted by a zone merge. The

zoning edit session has been canceled.

(C) (8400.003B) (Switch) (Creating the support file - this will take several seconds)

Meaning: The switch is creating a support file. This takes a few seconds to

complete.

(C) (8400.003C) (Switch) (Network setup is changing - may lose connection - admin being released automatically)

Meaning: Changes made to the network configuration may interrupt your

connection to the switch.

(C) (8400.0042) (Switch) (Warning - deleting the active zoneset may cause fabric isolation)

Meaning: Deleting the active zone set from the zoning database could isolate

all switches in the fabric.

(C) (8400.0043) (Switch) (Warning - clearing the active zoneset may cause fabric isolation)

Meaning: Clearing all zoning definitions from the active zone set could isolate

all switches in the fabric.

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# (C) (8400.0044) (Switch) (A reset is required since a Power On Self Test (POST) has never run on these ports)

Meaning: After upgrading ports, it may be necessary to reset the switch so

that the POST can run on the newly licensed ports.

#### (C) (8400.0045) (Switch) (Upgrading License for 4G capability)

Meaning: Installation of the license key that grants 4-Gbps transmission

speed capability to the Fibre Channel ports is in progress.

#### (C) (8400.0046) (Switch) (Upgrading License for multiple ISL capability)

Meaning: The switch has been upgraded to allow for multiple inter-switch

links.

#### (C) (8400.0047) (Switch) (New licenses are being installed

Meaning: New licenses are being installed.

# (C) (8400.0049) (Switch) (The Configuration Wizard from *ip\_address* is exiting - switch configuration may have changed)

Meaning: Changes made to switch may result in loss of communication with

the switch.

#### (C) (8400.004B) (Switch) (Attempted to license modes on an unsupported switch type)

Meaning: An attempt was made to install a license key for a feature that is

not supported on the switch.

### (C) (8400.004C) (Switch) (Services setup is changing - may lose connection - admin being released automatically)

Meaning: The Services configuration is changing and this may result in the

loss of a connection.

#### (C) (8400.004D) (Switch) (ntpdate: no server suitable for synchronization found)

Meaning: The Network Time Protocol (NTP) server was not found.

### (C) (8400.004E) (Switch) (ntpdate: synchronization lost)

Meaning: The Network Time Protocol (NTP) server synchronization was lost.

# (C) (8400.0050) (Switch) (Upgrading License allowing manufacturing setup mode capability)

Meaning: The license upgrade was successful.

#### (C) (8400.0052) (Switch) (Upgrading License for EFCM capability)

Meaning: The license upgrade was successful.



(C) (8400.0053) (Switch) (The switch WWN is being upgraded)

Meaning: The license upgrade was successful.

(C) (8400.0054) (Switch) (radius: All RADIUS servers failed to respond)

Meaning: None of the Remote Authentication Dial In Service (RADIUS)

servers configured responded. Check the RADIUS server

configuration.

(C) (8400.0057) (Switch) (User login (user\_name) is being closed - Telnet connections have been disabled

Meaning: A Telnet session has closed.

(C) (8400.0058) (Switch) (User (user\_name) is using their initial/default password)

Meaning: The specified user has not changed their password from its initial

value.

(C) (8400.005B) (Switch) (A nicknames configuration edit session has been canceled)

Meaning: A nicknames edit session was canceled by the user.

(C) (8400.005C) (Switch) (The switch will be reset in several seconds in order to activate the Transparent mode configuration changes.)

Meaning: Configuration changes which affect Transparent mode or

Transparent mode port mappings, will result in the switch being

reset.

(C) (8400.005C) (Switch) (The switch will be reset in several seconds due to switch mode transition)

Meaning: The configuration is changing between transparent mode and full

fabric mode. This will result in an automatic switch reset to activate

the change.

(C) (8400.005D) (Switch) (Upgrading License for SANdoctor)

Meaning: The SANdoctor bundle license was applied successfully.

(C) (8400.005E) (Switch) (Upgrading License for Transparent Switch Mode change capability.)

Meaning: The Transparent Mode license was applied successfully.

(C) (8400.005F) (Switch) (Upgrading License for SMI-S capability)

Meaning: The Common Information Model (CIM) license was applied

successfully.

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(C) (8400.0060) (Switch) (Warning-Illegal transparent mode configuration, primary and backup cannot be mapped to the same port. Port port\_number's backup mapping has been deleted.

Meaning: When mapping TH ports to TF ports, the primary and backup TF

ports cannot be the same for a given TH port.]

(C) (8400.0061) (Switch) (Warning-Illegal transparent mode configuration, Either the primary or backup map for port port\_number was set to a port whose type is not TF. The mapping for this port has been cleared.

Meaning: An attempt was made to map a TH port to a port that was not of

type TF.

(C) (8400.0062) (Switch) (New firmware has been installed.)

Meaning: New firmware was successfully installed.

(C) (8400.0065) (Switch) (The switch is being automatically hardreset after leaving the Diagnostics AdminState.)

Meaning: The switch automatically undergoes a hard reset after leaving the

Diagnostics administrative state.

(C) (8400.0066) (Switch) (IOn) (Blade is being automatically hardreset after leaving the Diagnostics AdminState.)

Meaning: I/O blade is undergoing a hard reset after leaving the Diagnostics

administrative state.

(C) (8400.0067) (Switch) (The switch is entering Diagnostics AdminState and will automatically hardreset and have the configured AdminState when leaving the Diagnostics AdminState.)

Meaning: The switch is entering the Diagnostics state and will automatically

undergo a hard reset. The switch will return to the configured administrative state after leaving the Diagnostics administrative

state.

(C) (8400.0068) (Switch) (IOn) (Blade is entering Diagnostics AdminState and will automatically hardreset and have the configured AdminState when leaving the Diagnostics AdminState.)

Meaning: The I/O blade is entering Diagnostics state and will automatically

undergo a hard reset. The I/O blade will return to the configured administrative state after leaving the Diagnostics administrative

state.



(C) (8400.0069) (Switch) (Warning-When leaving the Diagnostics AdminState of the primary CPU blade, an automatic reset of the blade will occur. The blade and the switch will come back up in the configured AdminState.)

Meaning: The primary CPU blade is entering Diagnostics state and will

automatically undergo a hard reset. The I/O blade will return to the configured administrative state after leaving the Diagnostics

administrative state.

(C) (8400.006A) (Switch) (Upgrading License for Fabric Security)

Meaning: The Fabric Security Bundle license was applied successfully.

(C) (8400.006B) (Switch) (Upgrading License for CLI Extended Credits capability)

Meaning: The CLI Extended Credits license was applied successfully.

(C) (8400.0070) (*blade\_ID* blade is operational)

Meaning: The specified blade is powered on and fully operational.

(C) (8400.0071) (Extraction latch was opened)

Meaning: The latch has been pulled down. The blade is not accessible.

(C) (8400.0072) (Extraction latch was closed)

Meaning: The latch has been closed. The blade is inserted into the chassis.

(C) (8400.0073) (Blade was powered off)

Meaning: The blade is powered off after a latch pull.

(C) (8400.0074) (Blade was powered on)

Meaning: The blade was powered on after an extraction latch was closed.

(C) (8400.0075) (Upgrading License for Fault Tolerant capability)

Meaning: The Fault Tolerant license was applied successfully.

(C) (8400.0076) (Upgrading License for HyperStack(tm) capability)

Meaning: The HyperStack license was applied successfully.

(C) (8400.0079) (Canceling config edit mode as a result of a CPU switchover)

Meaning: A CPU blade switchover occurred while a Config Edit session was

open.

(C) (8400.007A) (Resaving the zoning config as a result of a CPU switchover)

Meaning: A CPU blade switchover occurred while saving the configured

zoning database. A save 'retry' is occurring.

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#### (C) (8400.007B) (Resaving the security config as a result of a CPU switchover)

Meaning: A CPU blade switchover occurred while saving the security

database. A save 'retry' will now occur.

#### (C) (8400.007C) (CPUn) (Switching over to Secondary blade\_ID)

Meaning: Control is transferring from the primary CPU to the specified

secondary CPU blade.

# (C) (8400.0080) (Switch) (blade\_ID) (Blade fault blade\_fault processing in progress, gathering support information...)

Meaning: The system is gathering support information in response to the

blade fault that occurred on the specified blade.

### (C) (8400.008A) (A Zoning merge has occurred)

Meaning: Two fabrics have been connected and their zoning databases have

been merged.

### (C) (8400.008D) (Illegal configuration detected based on licensing. Configuration will be updated.)

Meaning: The restoration of a configuration backup has violated current

feature licensing. The active configuration will be automatically

updated based on current licensing.

### (C) (8400.008E) (Inconsistent configuration defaults detected. Defaults will be updated.)

Meaning: Two fabrics have been connected, and their zoning databases

have been merged.

#### (C) (8400.008F) (Attempted speed licensed upgrade that is already enabled)

Meaning: An attempt was made to install a license for a port speed that is

already operable on the switch.

#### (C) (8400.0096) (Secondary CPU firmware update complete)

Meaning: The update of the firmware image on the secondary CPU is

complete.

### (C) (8600.0009) (PortApp) (Port: port\_number) (Link reset (LR) to be performed on port\_port\_number.)

Meaning: The port will perform a link reset (LR) due to a loss of credit

problem.

# (C) (8600.000A) (PortApp) (Port: port\_number) (Link reset (LR) to be performed on port port\_number.)

Meaning: The port will perform a link reset (LR) due to a loss of credit

problem.



(C) (8600.000B) (PortApp) (Port: port\_number) (Link reset (LR) to be performed on port port\_number.)

Meaning: The port will perform a link reset (LR) due to loss of credit issue.

(C) (8600.0013) (PortApp) (Invalid vendor data from media device for port port\_number)

Meaning: The switch could not read and verify the media module ID. This

may indicate a discovery error or a bad checksum in the serial ID. Other possibilities include an improperly installed media module or

an internal media I/O hardware fault.

(C) (8600.0014) (PortApp) (Invalid vendor data from media device for port port\_number)

Meaning: The switch could not read and verify the media module ID. This

could be caused by a media discovery error, a bad checksum in the media serial ID, an improperly installed media, or an internal

media I/O hardware fault.

(C) (8600.0015) (PortApp) (Unresponsive device alpa on port port\_number removed from the fabric.)

Meaning: A device on the loop port did not take an OPN primitive off the loop

destined for it. This suggests the device either has been physically removed or is faulty. In addition, it has been removed from the

fabric nameserver.

(C) (8600.0016) (PortApp) (Online port(s) port\_numbers were reset due to disruption during hot reset.)

Meaning: Some ports were disrupted during the hot reset operation.

(C) (8600.0017) (PortApp) (External port license count exceeded, downing external port port\_number)

Meaning: The named external port is down because the number of licensed

external ports has been exceeded.

(C) (8600.0018) (PortApp) (External port license became available, re-starting downed external ports)

Meaning: An external port that was previously down because of insufficient

port licenses is now online.

(C) (8600.0019) (PortApp) (Internal port license count exceeded, downing internal port port\_number)

Meaning: A device attempted to login to an internal port, but a license was

not available. A license upgrade may be required, or a license may

be released by downing ports.

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# (C) (8600.001A) (PortApp) (Internal port license became available, re-starting downed internal ports)

Meaning: A license has become available and ports that had been previously

downed to due to unavailable licenses will be restarted.

(C) (8600.001B) (RX Seq Error D\_ID sequence\_destination S\_ID sequence\_source SEQ\_ID sequence\_ID OX\_ID originator\_exchange RX\_ID recipient\_exchange CMPLT complete\_status NFRAMES frame\_count)

Meaning: An error was encountered while handling the receive sequence

referenced in the log message. Contact your authorized

maintenance provider.

(C) (8700.0007) (EPort) (Port: port\_number) (Received frame from address not in Access Control List (ACL) hard zone (src address = FC\_address, dest address = FC\_address))

Meaning: The destination for the receive frame is in an ACL zone and the

source is not. The frame will not be forwarded.

(C) (8700.000D) (EPort) (Port: port\_number) (Resetting Inter-Switch Link (ISL), a time out value has been reconfigured.)

Meaning: The Resource Allocation (R\_A\_TOV) or Error Detect (E\_D\_TOV)

timeout value has been reconfigured. E Ports will be automatically

reset to inform the neighbor switch of the change.

(C) (8700.000E) (EPort) (Port: port\_number) (InteropCredit value was reconfigured, resetting port.)

Meaning: The InteropCredit parameter has changed. The affected port will

be automatically reset.

(C) (8700.000F) (EPort) (Port: port\_number) (Broadcast frame received & broadcast disabled, discarding broadcast frames.)

Meaning: Broadcast is disabled and the switch has received a broadcast

frame. Enable broadcast to receive broadcast frames.

(C) (8700.0010) (EPort) (Port: port\_number) (Inter-Switch Link (ISL) unstable. ISL init will be held back until ISL up time is 5 seconds)

Meaning: The ISL is unstable, indicating that the media module or the cable

is bad.

(C) (8700.0011) (Eport) (Port: port\_number) (Connection failure, remote switch not compatible)

Meaning: The remote switch is not compatible with the local switch. The

E\_Port cannot exchange switch capabilities with the remote switch.



# (C) (8700.0012) (Eport) (Port: port\_number) (Connection failure, fabric limited to two switches)

Meaning: The switch cannot be connected to the fabric due to a license

restriction.

#### (C) (8700.0013) (Connection failure, fabric limited to two switches)

Meaning: The switch cannot be connected to the fabric due to license

restriction.

### (C) (8B00.0005) (Unable to test profile profile because the CallHome service is disabled)

Meaning: The test of the named profile failed because the Call Home service

is disabled.

#### (C) (8B00.0006) (Unable to test *profile* because the CallHome service is disabled)

Meaning: The test of the named profile failed because the Simple Mail

Transfer Protocol (SMTP) server IP addresses are the factory defaults or the servers are disabled in the Call Home service

configuration.

# (C) (8B00.0007) (Unable to test profile *profile* because the FromEmailAddress has not been configured in the CallHome setup)

Meaning: The test of the named profile failed because the

From Email Address was not specified in the Call Home service

configuration.

### (C) (8B00.0008) (Unable to test profile profile because the CallHome service is updating configuration)

Meaning: The profile cannot be tested while the Call Home service

configuration is being updated.

#### (C) (8B00.0009) (Unable to send test result for profile profile)

Meaning: The pass or fail notification for the test could not be sent to the

requestor.

# (C) (8B00.000A) (Unable to provide profile processing information, the CallHome service is updating configuration)

Meaning: Profile status information is not available while the Call Home

service configuration is being updated.

# (C) (8B00.000B) (Unable to change SMTP servers because the CallHome service is updating configuration)

Meaning: You cannot change the active Simple Mail Transfer Protocol

(SMTP) server while updating the Call Home service configuration.

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# (C) (8B00.000C) (FromEmailAddress has not been configured in the CallHome setup. Messages cannot be sent to the SMTP server until this condition is corrected.)

Meaning: The FromEmailAddress must be specified in the Call Home service

configuration. This e-mail address will receive notifications from the Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) servers concerning e-mail

messages that could not be delivered.

#### (C) (8B00.0012) (Critical protocol failure with SMTP server)

Meaning: Communications have failed, or an unrecoverable Simple Mail

Transfer Protocol (SMTP) protocol error has occurred on the active

SMTP server.

#### (C) (8B00.0014) (Successful recovery of SMTP communications)

Meaning: Communications have been re-established with one of the Simple

Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) servers following a communications

failure.

### (C) (8B00.0016) (SMTP server ip\_address, port port\_number, did not accept any recipients from profile profile. Email message will not be sent for this profile.)

Meaning: The Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) server does not

recognize or could not resolve any of the recipient e-mail

addresses listed for the profile.

#### (C) (8F00.000C) Fabric Status status

Meaning: The severity level of the fabric status has changed. The description

field will show the reason for fabric status.

#### (C) (8F00.000D) Switch Status status

Meaning: The severity level of the switch status has changed. The

description field will show the reason for the switch status.

#### (C) (8F00:000E) Link Status status

Meaning: The severity level of the link status has changed. The description

field will show the reason for the link status.



### **Warning Events**

Warning events are generally not disruptive, but are more significant than Informative-level events. The following lists the Warning events and the event ID number and message displayed, and provides an explanation of the message.

(W) (8300.0000) (User) (Releasing Lock held too long by account\_name)

Meaning: A lock was held by a user for too long. The lock will be

automatically released.

(W) (8300.0011) (User) Releasing Lock held too long by domain\_ID.

Meaning: A lock was held by another switch for too long. The lock will be

automatically released.

(W) (8300.0012) (User) SFC received with unknown operation operation\_code.

Meaning: Received a frame from another switch with an unknown Staged

Fabric Configuration (SFC) operation code. Ignoring operation.

(W) (8300.0013) (User) Unlock failed, resource unavailable, will retry.

Meaning: A fabric unlock performed through a Release Change

Authorization failed because the switch ran out of buffer memory. The unlock mechanism will retry when memory is freed up.

(W) (8300.0014) (User) Bad release change authorization response received from switch with domain ID domain ID

Meaning: The switch is attempting to do a fabric unlock through a Release

Change Authorization request, but a remote switch indicated a

failure. This switch will proceed with the unlock.

(W) (8300.0015) (User) No RCA response received from domain\_ID, proceeding with unlock

Meaning: The switch never received a reply to a message sent to release the

change authorization. The release of the change authorization will

occur regardless.

(W) (8300.0016) (User) Zoning activation failed, resource limitation

Meaning: This switch is attempting to activate a zone set but cannot do so

due to a resource problem.

(W) (8400.0007) (Switch) (Attempted unauthenticated login username account\_name)

Meaning: A login was attempted with an account name that was not in the list

of allowable users of switch management.

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(W) (8400.0018) (Switch) (User account\_name login rejected - maximum logins already in use)

Meaning: The attempted login was rejected because there are too many

sessions. There may be switch management sessions open on the

switch that are no longer in use.

(W) (8400.001F) (Switch) (User account\_name login rejected - maximum logins already in use)

Meaning: The attempted login was rejected because there are too many

sessions. There may be switch management sessions open on the

switch that are no longer in use.

(W) (8400.0020) (Switch) (User account\_name login rejected - maximum logins already in use)

Meaning: The attempted login was rejected because there are too many

sessions. There may be switch management sessions open on the

switch that are no longer in use.

(W) (8400.0021) (Switch) (User account\_name login rejected - maximum logins already in use)

Meaning: The attempted login was rejected because there are too many

sessions. There may be switch management sessions open on the

switch that are no longer in use.

(W) (8400.0034) (Switch) (Port port\_number was Downed before hotreset due to excessive errors - still DOWNED)

Meaning: A port was disabled by the threshold monitoring application before

the hot reset and is still disabled after the hot reset.

(W) (8400.0035) (Switch) (Retrying port port\_number that was Downed due to excessive errors)

Meaning: A port that was disabled by the threshold monitoring application is

periodically being retried to see if the error conditions have been

cleared.

(W) (8400.003D) (Switch) (Invalid user (user\_name) attempted to log into switch)

Meaning: Invalid user login attempt.

(W) (8400.007D) (Switch) (ntp: attempting to synchronize to server at ip\_address]

Meaning: The switch is attempting to synchronize its time with the Network

Time Protocol (NTP) server at the specified IP address.

(W) (8700.0009) (EPort) (Port: port\_number) (Inter-Switch Link (ISL) communication error)

Meaning: The remote switch has lost the local switch's identity.



### (W) (8700.000A) (EPort) (Port: port\_number) (No response from remote switch, resetting Inter-Switch Link (ISL))

Meaning: No communication has been received from the remote switch for

some time, indicating that it may not be functioning properly. The

E\_Port will be reset in an attempt to reestablish the ISL.

## (W) (8B00.000D) (SMTP servers in the CallHome setup are using duplicate IP address and port number pairs)

Meaning: The Call Home service configuration must not duplicate both the

Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) server IP address and port number values. However, the configuration may duplicate either the server IP address or the port number. For better fault tolerance, the SMTP servers should run on different physical systems. The port number value of 25 is the well-known service number for the

SMTP protocol.

### (W) (8B00.000E) (Message queue is empty, cancelling attempts to retry sending last message)

Meaning: The Call Home service was waiting to resend a message when the

message expired, or there was a request to clear the queue of all

messages.

## (W) (8B00.000F) (Will retry sending via SMTP server *ip\_address*, port *port\_number*, after seconds seconds)

Meaning: After a communication failure or Simple Mail Transfer Protocol

(SMTP) protocol error, the switch attempts to resend the e-mail

message using the specified server, port, and delay.

#### (W) (8B00.0010) (Will retry sending via SMTP server ip\_address, port port\_number)

Meaning: After receiving a transient error from the Simple Mail Transfer

Protocol (SMTP) server on a e-mail message sent to a recipient, the Call Home service will attempt to resend the e-mail message.

# (W) (8B00.0011) (SMTP addresses are defaults or disabled, will not retry sending messages until a valid SMTP address has been configured and enabled)

Meaning: Either both Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) server IP

addresses in the Call Home service configuration are the default

value (0.0.0.0), or they have not been enabled.

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(W) (8B00.0013) (Encountered failure communicating with SMTP server=ip\_address, port=port\_number, Reason=reason, Description=description, Response=response)

Meaning: The Call Home Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) client was

unable to establish communications with the specified SMTP server. The Reason, Description, and Response fields describe the error. If the error is a system call failure, the Description field provides more detail. If the error was an SMTP server response

failure, the Response field provides more detail.

(W) (8B00.0015) (Profile profile, recipient email\_address via SMTP server ip\_address/port\_number, SMTP error: error)

Meaning: A Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) error has occurred for the

given profile, recipient, server, and port.

(W) (8B00.0017) (CallHome message send for profile profile to recipient email\_address failed on SMTP server ip\_address, port port\_number. Retry will be attempted.)

Meaning: The Call Home service failed to send an e-mail message to the

recipient in the named profile through the specified Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) server because of a transient error. The

Call Home service will attempt to resend the message.

(W) (8B00.0018) (CallHome message send for profile profile to recipient email\_address failed on SMTP server ip\_address, port port\_number. Retry failed, ignoring recipient.)

Meaning: The Call Home service attempt to resend an e-mail message to the

recipient in the named profile through the specified Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) server has failed. The Call Home service

will not attempt to resend the message.

(W) (8B00.0019) (CallHome message send for profile profile to recipient email\_address failed on SMTP server ip\_address, port port\_number. Retry will not be attempted, ignoring recipient.)

Meaning: The Call Home service failed to send an e-mail message to the

recipient in the named profile through the specified Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) server because of a non-transient error. The Call Home service will not attempt to resend the message.

(W) (8F00.000C) (Fabric Status status)

Meaning: The severity of the fabric status has changed. The description field

will show the reason for fabric status.

(W) (8F00.000D) (Switch Status status)

Meaning: The severity of the switch status has changed. The description field

will show the reason for the switch status.



#### (W) (8F00:000E) (Link Status status)

Meaning: The severity of the link status has changed. The description field

will show the reason for link status.

### Informative Events

Informative events are events that occur in the normal activities of a fabric. The following lists the event ID and text of the message along with an explanation of the message.

(I) (8200.0001) (mserver) (Hotreset is not permitted at this time, try again later)

Meaning: The switch was busy at the time of the attempted hot reset. Try the

hot reset again later.

(I) (8200.0002) (mserver) (Port: port\_number) (Rejecting request from address FC\_address, inband management is disabled on port\_number)

Meaning: A Management Server command was received on a port that is

configured to refuse inband management requests.

(I) (8200.0100) (mserver) (Cannot map number\_of\_characters characters to Switch Symbolic Name (max number\_of\_characters))

Meaning: The RIELN management server command was processed, and the

Interconnect Element Logical Name was registered. However, the registered name is of greater length than the maximum length allowed for the Switch Symbolic Name, so therefore the Switch Symbolic Name was not changed to match the registered name.

(I) (8200.0101) (mserver) (Cannot map non-printable characters to Switch Symbolic Name)

Meaning: The RIELN management server command was processed, and th

The RIELN management server command was processed, and the Interconnect Element Logical Name was registered. However, the registered name contains unprintable characters. These characters are not allowed for the switch symbolic name, therefore the switch symbolic name was not changed to match the registered name.

(I) (8200.0200) (mserver) (Rejecting request (GZM) for zone zone\_name containing unsupported alias member(s)

Meaning: The fabric zone server command GZM (Get Zone Member) was

rejected because the requested zone member was an alias that is not defined in *Fibre Channel General Services-3 (FC-GS-3)*.

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#### (I) (8200.0201) (mserver) (Rejecting request command:command)

Meaning: A fabric zone server command was rejected for the reason detailed

in the message. This can be caused by two users attempting to configure the switch or zoning database at the same time. Contact your authorized maintenance provider if the reason for the failure is

not clear.

### (I) (8200.0202) (mserver) (Rejecting request (GZS) for zone set zone\_set\_name containing unsupported alias member(s))

Meaning: The fabric zone server command GZS (Get Zone Set) was rejected

because the requested zone set contains one or more members that are aliases. Since aliases are not defined in GS-3, the request

could not be completed.

## (I) (8200.0300) (mserver) (Cannot register HBA World Wide Name (WWN) device\_WWN, FDMI database has reached its configured limit.)

Meaning: The switch contains a database that is configured to allow a certain

number of HBAs to register Fabric Device Management Interface (FDMI) information with this switch. An HBA has attempted to register its FDMI information with the switch, but allowing it to do so would cause the FDMI database to exceed the configured limit.

## (I) (8200.0301) (mserver) (Port: port\_number) (Rejecting FDMI request from address FC\_address on port port\_number; FDMI is configured as disabled.)

Meaning: The Fabric Device Management Interface (FDMI) server on this

switch has been disabled so any FDMI requests received by the

switch will be rejected.

#### (I) (8300.0004) (zoning) (New Active ZoneSet zone\_set\_name)

Meaning: A new zone set has been activated.

#### (I) (8300.0007) (zoning) (Fabric lock held by domain domain\_ID, hotreset not permitted)

Meaning: Another switch has acquired our fabric zoning lock; a zoning

request is about to occur. Retry a hot reset after the fabric zoning

lock is released.

#### (I) (8300.0008) (zoning) (Processing zoning requests, Checkpoint not permitted)

Meaning: Another switch has acquired our fabric zoning lock; a zoning

request is about to occur. Retry a hot reset after the fabric zoning

lock is released.

#### (I) (8300.0009) (Zoning) (Reading zoning database, Checkpoint not permitted)

Meaning: A change to the fabric zoning database forced a read of the

database to occur. Retry a hot reset after the read is complete.



(I) (8300.0010) (Zoning) (Removing all inactive zoning objects)

Meaning: All zones that were members of the previously active zone set are

being removed from the zoning database.

(I) (8400.0001) (Switch) (Modifying configured DomainID domain\_ID to negotiated value domain ID)

Meaning: The configuration is changing. The configured domain ID is

changed to the negotiated value.

(I) (8400.0006) (Switch) (Admin mode for user account\_name was canceled by user account\_name)

Meaning: An Admin session was canceled by another user interface session

that had the authority to do so.

(I) (8400.001A) (Switch) (Admin access has timed out for user account\_name)

Meaning: The Admin session opened by the named user has timed out due

to inactivity.

(I) (8400.0022) (Switch) (Successful login user account\_name with admin privilege)

Meaning: A user with admin authority has successfully logged into the

switch. The IP address of the user is unknown.

(I) (8400.0023) (Switch) (Successful login user account\_name with admin privilege from address ip address)

Meaning: A user with admin authority has successfully logged into the switch

with the specified IP address.

(I) (8400.0024) (Switch) (Successful login user account\_name without admin privilege)

Meaning: A user without admin authority has successfully logged into the

switch. The IP address of the user is unknown.

(I) (8400.0025) (Switch) (Successful login user account\_name without admin privilege)

Meaning: A user without admin authority has successfully logged into the

switch.

(I) (8400.0026) (Switch) (A zoning configuration edit session has been canceled)

Meaning: The zoning configuration edit session has been canceled as a

result of the Zoning Cancel command.

(I) (8400.002B) (Switch) (User login account\_name is being closed - In-Band connections have been disabled)

Meaning: The session has been closed as a result of a configuration change.

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(I) (8400.002C) (Switch) (User login session session\_ID user account\_name has timed out)

Meaning: A user login session has ended because of inactivity.

(I) (8400.0036) (Switch) (Hotreset not permitted at this time, try again later)

Meaning: Conditions exist that will not allow a hotreset. Try again later.

(I) (8400.0037) (Switch) (VIEnable automatically set to False since MFSEnable has been set to True)

Meaning: Setting the Set Config Port parameter MFSEnable to True

automatically sets the Set Config Port parameters VIEnable and

LCFEnable to False.

(I) (8400.0038) (Switch) (LCFEnable automatically set to False since MFSEnable has been set to True)

Meaning: Setting the Set Config Port parameter MFSEnable to True

automatically sets the Set Config Port parameters VIEnable and

LCFEnable to False.

(I) (8400.0039) (Switch) (MFSEnable automatically set to False since VIEnable has been set to True)

Meaning: Setting the Set Config Port parameter VIEnable to True

automatically sets the Set Config Port parameter MFSEnable to

False.

(I) (8400.003A) (Switch) (MFSEnable automatically set to False since LCFEnable has been set to True)

Meaning: Setting the Set Config Port parameter LCFEnable to True

automatically sets the Set Config Port parameter MFSEnable to

False.

(I) (8400.003E) (Switch) (Readjusting TempMonitoringWarning from value C to value C)

Meaning: The temperature threshold at which the switch issues a warning

alarm is being changed.

(I) (8400.0040) (Switch) (Readjusting TempMonitoringFailure from value C to value C)

Meaning: The temperature threshold at which the switch issues a failure

alarm is being changed.

(I) (8400.0048) (Switch) (A CIM edit session has been canceled)

Meaning: A Common Information Model (CIM) edit session has been

cancelled.



(I) (8400.008C) (CallHome configuration has changed)

Meaning: The Call Home service configuration was changed by the

administrator.

(I) (8400.0097) (DNS lookup for host\_name failed)

Meaning: The specified host name was not found on the Domain Name

System (DNS) server. Verify that the host name is correct. If so,

report the failed host name to your network administrator.

(I) (8600.0007) (PortApp) (Port: port\_number) (Cancelling Online Test)

The online test was canceled. Meaning:

(I) (8600.001C) (Bring down TH port because its mapped TF port port\_number goes offline)

The state of a Transparent Host port has changed to *Downed* Meaning:

because the state of the specified active mapped Transparent

Fabric port has changed to Offline.

(I) (8600.001D) (PortID port\_fcid PortWWN port\_wwn logged into nameserver.)

Meaning: The device given by the port Fibre Channel address and port WWN

has logged in to the name server.

(I) (8600.001E) (PortID port\_fcid PortWWN port\_wwn logged out of nameserver)

Meaning: The device given by the port Fibre Channel address and port WWN

has logged out of the name server.

(I) (8600.001F) (SYNC\_ACQ)

The port identified in previous event messages has acquired Meaning:

synchronization with a connected device.

(I) (8600.0020) (SYNC\_LOSS)

Meaning: The port identified in subsequent event messages has lost

synchronization with a connected device.

(I) (8700.0002) (EPort) (In Fabric Reconfiguration)

Changes to the switch configuration are in progress. Meaning:

(I) (8700.0003) (EPort) (Topology change, switch with domain ID domain ID joined the

fabric)

Meaning: A switch with the given domain ID has joined the fabric.

(I) (8700.0004) (EPort) (Port: port\_number) (Remote Switch World Wide Name (WWN) is switch WWN)

> Meaning: A switch with the given domain ID has been discovered on the

> > given port.

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#### (I) (8700.0005) (EPort) (Port: port\_number) (Inter-Switch Link (ISL) Offline)

Meaning: The specified E\_Port is offline, possibly due to a loss of

synchronization.

### (I) (8700.0006) (EPort) (Port: port\_number) (Reinitializing port previously isolated for reason reason)

Meaning: The E\_Port that previously isolated for the stated reason is now

reinitializing.

#### (I) (8700.0008) (EPort) (Link State Record (LSR) aged out for domain ID =domain\_ID)

Meaning: A record in the Link State Database (LSDB) is being aged out. It

will no longer be in the LSDB.

#### (I) (8700.000B) (EPort) (Hotreset prohibited, fabric is busy.)

Meaning: A hot reset is not possible when configuration changes are being

made anywhere in the fabric.

#### (I) (8700.000C) (EPort) (Hotreset prohibited, fabric is busy.)

Meaning: A hot reset is not possible when configuration changes are being

made anywhere in the fabric.

#### (I) (8F00.0006) Fabric Removed

Meaning: The user has removed a fabric from the application.

#### (I) (8F00.0007) Switch Added

Meaning: The application fabric discovery process has discovered a new

switch in the fabric.

#### (I) (8F00.0008) Switch Removed

Meaning: The user has removed a switch from the display.

#### (I) (8F00.0009) Link Added

Meaning: The application fabric discovery process has discovered a new

inter-switch link (ISL) in the fabric

#### (I) (8F00.000A) Link Removed

Meaning: A link has been removed from the display. This is either because

the fabric discovery process has discovered that the link is no longer in the fabric, or because the user has deleted the link

manually.

#### (I) (8F00.000B) Login Changed

Meaning: The login to the fabric has changed. The description field will show

the reason for the change in the login.



### (I) (8F00.000C) Fabric Status status

Meaning: The severity of the fabric status has changed. The description field

will show the reason for fabric status.

#### (I) (8F00.000D) Switch Status status

Meaning: The severity of the switch status has changed. The description field

will show the reason for the switch status.

#### (I) (8F00:000E) Link Status status

Meaning: The severity of the link status has changed. The description field

will show the reason for link status.

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