



Momentus® 5400.6 SATA

Standard models

ST9500325AS	ST9500325ASG
ST9320325AS	ST9320325ASG
ST9250315AS	ST9250315ASG
ST9160314AS	ST9160314ASG
ST9120315AS	ST9120315ASG
ST980313AS	ST980313ASG

100528359 Rev. G December 2012

© 2012 Seagate Technology LLC. All rights reserved.

Publication number: 100528359, Rev. G December 2012

Seagate, Seagate Technology and the Wave logo are registered trademarks of Seagate Technology LLC in the United States and/or other countries. Momentus and SeaTools are either trademarks or registered trademarks of Seagate Technology LLC or one of its affiliated companies in the United States and/or other countries. The FIPS logo is a certification mark of NIST, which does not imply product endorsement by NIST, the U.S., or Canadian governments. All other trademarks or registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

No part of this publication may be reproduced in any form without written permission of Seagate Technology LLC. Call 877-PUB-TEK1(877-782-8351) to request permission.

When referring to drive capacity, one gigabyte, or GB, equals one billion bytes and one terabyte, or TB, equals one trillion bytes. Your computer's operating system may use a different standard of measurement and report a lower capacity. In addition, some of the listed capacity is used for formatting and other functions, and thus will not be available for data storage. Actual quantities will vary based on various factors, including file size, file format, features and application software. Actual data rates may vary depending on operating environment and other factors. The export or re-export of hardware or software containing encryption may be regulated by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Industry and Security (for more information, visit www.bis.doc.gov), and controlled for import and use outside of the U.S. Seagate reserves the right to change, without notice, product offerings or specifications.

CONTENTS

	SEAG	ATE TECHN	IOLOGY SUPPORT SERVICES	1
1.0	Intro			
	1.1	ABOUT 1	THE SERIAL ATA INTERFACE	3
2.0	DRIVE	SPECIFICA	TIONS	4
2.0	2.1		CATION SUMMARY TABLE	
	2.2		TED CAPACITY	
	۷.۷	2.2.1	LBA mode	
	2.3		T LOGICAL GEOMETRY	
	2.4		AL ORGANIZATION	
	2.5		DING AND INTERFACE TECHNOLOGY	
	2.6		AL CHARACTERISTICS	
	2.7		ME	
	2.7		TOP TIMES	
	2.9		SPECIFICATIONS	
	2.5	2.9.1	Power consumption	
		2.9.1	Deferred spinup	
		2.9.2	Conducted noise	
		2.9.3	Voltage tolerance	
		2.9.4	Power-management modes	
	2.10		<u> </u>	
	2.10	2.10.1	NMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS	
		2.10.1	Ambient temperature	
		2.10.2	Temperature gradient	
		2.10.3	Altitude	
		2.10.4	Shock	
		2.10.5	Vibration	
	2 1 1			
	2.11		ICS	
	2.12		OMAGNETIC IMMUNITY	
	2.13		JTY	=
	0.4.4	2.13.1	Free Fall Protection feature	
	2.14		CERTIFICATION	
		2.14.1	Safety certification	
		2.14.2	Electromagnetic compatibility	
	0.45	2.14.3	7 GG Vermoduerr	
	2.15	_	NMENTAL PROTECTION	
		2.15.1	European Union Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)	
	0.40	2.15.2	China Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive	
	2.16	CORROS	SIVE ENVIRONMENT	20
3.0	Confi	GURING AN	ID MOUNTING THE DRIVE	21
-	3.1		IG AND STATIC-DISCHARGE PRECAUTIONS	
	3.2		JRING THE DRIVE	
	3.3		ATA CABLES AND CONNECTORS	
	3.4		OUNTING	
	C -		3.T.A.\	
4.0		-	ATA) INTERFACE	
	4.1		JG COMPATIBILITY	
	4.2		ATA DEVICE PLUG CONNECTOR PIN DEFINITIONS	
	4.3		TED ATA COMMANDS	
		4.3.1	Identify Device command	
		4.3.2	Set Features command	
		4.3.3	S.M.A.R.T. commands	33

FIGURES

Figure 1.	Typical +5V only startup and operation current profile	.13
Figure 2.	Serial ATA connectors	21
Figure 3.	Attaching SATA cabling	22
Figure 4.	Mounting dimensions—top, side and end view	23

Seagate Technology Support Services

For information regarding online support and services, visit http://www.seagate.com/www/en-us/about/contact_us/

Available services include:

- · Presales & Technical support
- Global Support Services telephone numbers & business hours
- Authorized Service Centers

For information regarding Warranty Support, visit http://www.seagate.com/support/warranty-and-returns

For information regarding data recovery services, visit http://www.seagate.com/services-software/data-recovery-services/

For Seagate OEM and Distribution partner portal, visit https://direct.seagate.com/portal/system

For Seagate reseller portal, visit http://spp.seagate.com

1.0 Introduction

This manual describes the functional, mechanical and interface specifications for the following Seagate Momentus® 5400.6 SATA model drives:

STANDARD MODELS FREE-FALL PROTECTION MODELS

ST9500325AS
ST9320325AS
ST9320325ASG
ST9250315AS
ST9160314AS
ST9120315ASG
ST9120315ASG
ST980313AS
ST980313ASG

These drives provide the following key features:

- 5400-RPM spindle speed.
- 8-Mbyte buffer.
- Free Fall Protection (on ST9500325ASG, ST9320325ASG, ST9250315ASG, ST9160314ASG, ST9120315ASG, and ST980313ASG models only)
- Quiet operation. Fluid Dynamic Bearing (FDB) motor.
- High instantaneous (burst) data-transfer rates (up to 3.0 Gbits/sec).
- · Perpendicular recording technology.
- State-of-the-art cache and on-the-fly error-correction algorithms.
- · Native Command Queuing (NCQ) with command ordering.
- Full-track multiple-sector transfer capability without local processor intervention.
- 1000 Gs nonoperating shock and 350 Gs of operating shock.
- SeaTools diagnostic software performs a drive self-test that eliminates unnecessary drive returns.
- The 3D Defense System[™], which includes Drive Defense, Data Defense and Diagnostic Defense, offers the industry's most comprehensive protection for disc drives.
- Support for S.M.A.R.T. drive monitoring and reporting.
- Support for Read Multiple and Write Multiple commands.

1.1 ABOUT THE SERIAL ATA INTERFACE

The Serial ATA interface provides several advantages over the traditional (parallel) ATA interface. The primary advantages include:

- Easy installation and configuration with true plug-and-play connectivity. It is not normally necessary to set any jumpers or other configuration options.
- Thinner and more flexible cabling for improved enclosure airflow and ease of installation.
- · Scalability to higher performance levels.

In addition, Serial ATA makes the transition from parallel ATA easy by providing legacy software support. Serial ATA was designed to allow you to install a Serial ATA host adapter and Serial ATA disc drive in your current system and expect all of your existing applications to work as normal.

The Serial ATA interface connects each disc drive in a point-to-point configuration with the Serial ATA host adapter. There is no master/slave relationship with Serial ATA devices like there is with parallel ATA. If two drives are attached on one Serial ATA host adapter, the host operating system views the two devices as if they were both "masters" on two separate ports. This essentially means both drives behave as if they are Device 0 (master) devices.

Note. The host adapter may, optionally, emulate a master/slave environment to host software where two devices on separate Serial ATA ports are represented to host software as a Device 0 (master) and Device 1 (slave) accessed at the same set of host bus addresses. A host adapter that emulates a master/slave environment manages two sets of shadow registers. This is not a typical Serial ATA environment.

The Serial ATA host adapter and drive share the function of emulating parallel ATA device behavior to provide backward compatibility with existing host systems and software. The Command and Control Block registers, PIO and DMA data transfers, resets, and interrupts are all emulated.

The Serial ATA host adapter contains a set of registers that shadow the contents of the traditional device registers, referred to as the Shadow Register Block. All Serial ATA devices behave like Device 0 devices. For additional information about how Serial ATA emulates parallel ATA, refer to the "Serial ATA: High Speed Serialized AT Attachment" specification. The specification can be downloaded from http://www.serialata.org.

2.0 DRIVE SPECIFICATIONS

Unless otherwise noted, all specifications are measured under ambient conditions, at 25°C, and nominal power. For convenience, the phrases *the drive* and *this drive* are used throughout this manual to indicate the Momentus 5400.6 SATA models.

2.1 SPECIFICATION SUMMARY TABLE

The specifications listed in this table are for quick reference. For details on specification measurement or definition, see the appropriate section of this manual. .

Table 1 Drive specifications for 500, 400 and 320 GB models

Drive specification	ST9500325AS ST9500325ASG	ST9320325AS ST9320325ASG	
Formatted Gbytes (512 bytes/sector)*	500	320	
Guaranteed sectors	976,773,168	625,142,448	
Bytes per sector	512		
Physical read/write heads	4	3	
Discs	2	2	
Cache (Mbytes)	8		
Recording density in BPI (bits/inch avg)	1490k		
Track density TPI (tracks/inch avg)	265k		
Areal density (Gbits/inch ² avg)	394		
Spindle speed (RPM)	5400		
Average latency (msec)	5.6		
Internal transfer rate (Mbits/sec max)	1175		
I/O data transfer rate (Mbytes/sec max)	300		
ATA data-transfer modes supported	SATA 1.0, Serial ATA Revision 2 PIO modes 0–4 Multiword DMA modes 0–2 Ultra DMA modes 0–6	2.6	
Height (max)	9.5 +/- 0.2 mm (0.374 +/0079 inches)		
Width (max)	69.85 mm +/- 0.25 mm (2.75 +/- 0.0098 inches)		
Length (max)	100.35 + 0.20 / - 0.25 mm (3.957 + 0.0079 / - 0.0098 inches)		
Weight (max)	98.8 grams (0.218 lb)		
Power-on to ready (sec typical)	3.6		
Power-on to ready (sec max)	3.8		
Standby to ready (sec typical)	1.8		
Standby to ready (sec max)	2		
Track-to-track seek time, read (msec typical)	1		
Average seek, read (msec typical)	14		
Full-stroke seek, read (msec max)	30		
Startup current, +5V (max)	1 amp		
Seek power (typical)	1.54 watts		
Read/write power (typical)	Read: 1.40 watts; Write: 1.78 wa	tts	
Idle mode, low power (typical)	0.67 watts		
Standby mode	0.20 watts (typical)***		
Sleep mode	0.20 watts (typical)***		
Voltage tolerance (including noise)	+5V ± 5%		
Ambient temperature	0° to 60°C (operating), -40° to 7	0°C (nonoperating)	
Temperature gradient (°C per hour max)	20°C (operating) 35°C (nonoperating)		

Table 1 Drive specifications for 500, 400 and 320 GB models

Drive specification	ST9500325AS ST9500325ASG	ST9320325AS ST9320325ASG	
Relative humidity	5% to 95% (operating) 5% to 95% (nonoperating)		
Relative humidity gradient	30% per hour max		
Wet bulb temperature (°C max)	37.7 (operating) 40 (nonoperating)		
Altitude, operating	-304.8 m to 3048 m (-1000 ft to 10,000+ ft)	
Altitude, nonoperating (meters below mean sea level, max)	-304.8 m to 12,192 m (-1000 ft to 40,000+	ft)	
Shock, operating (Gs max at 2 msec)	350		
Shock, nonoperating (Gs max at 2 msec)	800		
Shock, nonoperating (Gs max at 1 msec)	1000		
Shock, nonoperating (Gs max at 0.5 msec)	600		
Vibration, operating	1.0 G (0 to peak, 5-500 Hz)		
Vibration, nonoperating	5.0 Gs (0 to peak, 5–500 Hz)		
Drive acoustics, sound power (bels)			
Idle**	2.4 (typical) 2.6 (max)		
Performance seek	2.6 (typical) 2.7 (max)		
Nonrecoverable read errors	1 per 10 ¹⁴ bits read		
Annualized Failure Rate (AFR)	0.48%		
Load/Unload (U/UL) cycles			
25°C, 50% relative humidity	600,000 software-controlled power on/off cy 20,000 hard power on/off cycles	/cles	
32°C, 80% relative humidity 5°C, 80% relative humidity 5°C, 10% relative humidity 55°C, 16% relative humidity	600,000 software-controlled power on/off cy 20,000 hard power on/off cycles	vcles .	
Warranty	For information regarding Warranty Support http://www.seagate.com/support/warranty-a	t, visit: nd-returns	
Supports Hotplug operation per Serial ATA Revision 2.6 specification	Yes (requires COMRESET from host after a	a hotplug event)	

see notes after Table 3.

Table 2 Drive specifications for 250 and 160 GB models

Drive specification	ST9250315AS ST9250315ASG	ST9160314AS	ST9160301AS
Formatted Gbytes (512 bytes/sector)*	250	160	
Guaranteed sectors	488,397,168	312,581,808	
Bytes per sector	512	1	
Physical read/write heads	2		
Discs	1		
Cache (Mbytes)	8		
Recording density in BPI (bits/inch avg)	1490k		1238k
Track density TPI (tracks/inch avg)	265k		210k
Areal density (Gbits/inch ² avg)	394		269
Spindle speed (RPM)	5400		
Average latency (msec)	5.6		
Internal transfer rate (Mbits/sec max)	1175		
I/O data transfer rate (Mbytes/sec max)	300		
ATA data-transfer modes supported	SATA 1.0, Serial ATA Revision PIO modes 0–4 Multiword DMA modes 0–2 Ultra DMA modes 0–6	on 2.6	
Height (max)	9.5 +/- 0.2 mm (0.374 +/007	79 inches)	
Width (max)	69.85 mm +/- 0.25 mm (2.75 +/- 0.0098 inches)		
Length (max)	100.35 + 0.20 / - 0.25 mm (3.	957 + 0.0079 / - 0.0098 inches)
Weight (max)	93.5 grams (0.206 lb)		105 grams (0.23 lb)
Power-on to ready (sec typical)	3.6		
Power-on to ready (sec max)	3.8		
Standby to ready (sec typical)	1.8		
Standby to ready (sec max)	2		
Track-to-track seek time, read (msec typical)	1		
Average seek, read (msec typical)	14		
Full-stroke seek, read (msec max)	30		
Startup current, +5V (max)	1 amp		
Seek power (typical)	1.54 watts		
Read/write power (typical)	Read: 1.40 watts; Write: 1.78	watts	
Idle mode, low power (typical)	0.67 watts		
Standby mode	0.20 watts (typical)***		0.22 watts (typical)***
Sleep mode	0.20 watts (typical)***		0.22 watts (typical)**
Voltage tolerance (including noise)	+5V ± 5%		
Ambient temperature	0° to 60°C (operating), –40° to	o /0°C (nonoperating)	
Temperature gradient (°C per hour max)	20°C (operating) 35°C (nonoperating) 5% to 95% (operating) 5% to 95% (nonoperating)		
Relative humidity			
Relative humidity gradient	30% per hour max		
Wet bulb temperature (°C max)	37.7 (operating) 40 (nonoperating)		
Altitude, operating	-304.8 m to 3,048 m (-1,000	ft to 10,000+ ft)	
Altitude, nonoperating (meters below mean sea level, max)	-304.8 m to 12,192 m (-1000) ft to 40,000+ ft)	
Shock, operating (Gs max at 2 msec)	350		
Shock, nonoperating (Gs max at 2 msec)	800		

Table 2 Drive specifications for 250 and 160 GB models

ST9250315AS ST9250315ASG	ST9160314AS	ST9160301AS
1000	1	
600		
1.0 G (0 to peak, 5–500 Hz)		
5.0 Gs (0 to peak, 5-500 Hz)		
2.4 (typical) 2.6 (max)		2.0 (typical) 2.2 (max)
2.6 (typical) 2.7 (max)		2.5 (typical) 2.6 (max)
1 per 10 ¹⁴ bits read		
0.48%		
600,000 software-controlled power on/off cycles 20,000 hard power on/off cycles		
For information regarding Warranty Support, visit: http://www.seagate.com/support/warranty-and-returns		
Yes (requires COMRESET from host after a hotplug event)		
	1000 600 1.0 G (0 to peak, 5–500 Hz) 5.0 Gs (0 to peak, 5–500 Hz) 2.4 (typical) 2.6 (max) 2.6 (typical) 2.7 (max) 1 per 10 ¹⁴ bits read 0.48% 600,000 software-controlled 20,000 hard power on/off cycles (20,000 hard power on/off cycles) For information regarding Wahttp://www.seagate.com/sup	1000 600 1.0 G (0 to peak, 5–500 Hz) 5.0 Gs (0 to peak, 5–500 Hz) 2.4 (typical) 2.6 (max) 2.6 (typical) 2.7 (max) 1 per 10 ¹⁴ bits read 0.48% 600,000 software-controlled power on/off cycles 20,000 hard power on/off cycles 600,000 software-controlled power on/off cycles 20,000 hard power on/off cycles For information regarding Warranty Support, visit: http://www.seagate.com/support/warranty-and-returns

see notes after Table 3.

Table 3 Drive specifications for 120 and 80 GB models

Drive specification	ST9120315AS ST9120315ASG	ST980313AS ST980313ASG
Formatted Gbytes (512 bytes/sector)*	120	80
Guaranteed sectors	234,441,648	156,301,488
Bytes per sector	512	<u> </u>
Physical read/write heads	1	
Discs	1	
Cache (Mbytes)	8	
Recording density in BPI (bits/inch avg)	1490k	
Track density TPI (tracks/inch avg)	265k	
Areal density (Gbits/inch ² avg)	394	
Spindle speed (RPM)	5400	
Average latency (msec)	5.6	
Internal transfer rate (Mbits/sec max)	1175	
I/O data transfer rate (Mbytes/sec max)	300	
ATA data-transfer modes supported	SATA 1.0, Serial ATA Revision 2.6 PIO modes 0–4 Multiword DMA modes 0–2 Ultra DMA modes 0–6	6
Height (max)	9.5 +/- 0.2 mm (0.374 +/0079 inc	ches)
Width (max)	69.85 mm +/- 0.25 mm (2.75 +/- 0.	.0098 inches)
Length (max)	100.35 + 0.20 / - 0.25 mm (3.957 -	+ 0.0079 / - 0.0098 inches)
Weight (max)	93.5 grams (0.206 lb)	
Power-on to ready (sec typical)	3.6	
Power-on to ready (sec max)	3.8	
Standby to ready (sec typical)	1.8	
Standby to ready (sec max)	2	
Track-to-track seek time, read (msec typical)	1	
Average seek, read (msec typical)	14	
Full-stroke seek, read (msec max)	30	
Startup current, +5V (max)	1 amp	
Seek power (typical)	1.54 watts	
Read/write power (typical)	Read: 1.40 watts; Write: 1.78 watts	s
Idle mode, low power (typical)	0.67 watts	
Standby mode	0.20 watts (typical)***	
Sleep mode	0.20 watts (typical)***	
Voltage tolerance (including noise)	+5V ± 5%	
Ambient temperature	0° to 60°C (operating), -40° to 70°	°C (nonoperating)
Temperature gradient (°C per hour max)	20°C (operating) 35°C (nonoperating)	
Relative humidity	5% to 95% (operating) 5% to 95% (nonoperating)	
Relative humidity gradient	30% per hour max	
Wet bulb temperature (°C max)	37.7 (operating) 40 (nonoperating)	
Altitude, operating	-304.8 m to 3048 m (-1000 ft to 1	0,000+ ft)
Altitude, nonoperating (meters below mean sea level, max)	-304.8 m to 12,192 m (-1000 ft to	40,000+ ft)
Shock, operating (Gs max at 2 msec)	350	
Shock, nonoperating (Gs max at 2 msec)	800	

Table 3 Drive specifications for 120 and 80 GB models

Drive specification	ST9120315AS ST9120315ASG	ST980313AS ST980313ASG
Shock, nonoperating (Gs max at 1 msec)	1,000	
Shock, nonoperating (Gs max at 0.5 msec)	600	
Vibration, operating	1.0 G (0 to peak, 5–500 Hz)	
Vibration, nonoperating	5.0 Gs (0 to peak, 5–500 Hz)	
Drive acoustics, sound power (bels)		
Idle**	2.4 (typical) 2.6 (max)	
Performance seek	seek 2.5 (typical) 2.6 (max)	
Nonrecoverable read errors	1 per 10 ¹⁴ bits read	
Annualized Failure Rate (AFR)	0.48%	
Load/Unload (U/UL) cycles		
25°C, 50% relative humidity	relative humidity 600,000 software-controlled power on/off cycles 20,000 hard power on/off cycles	
32°C, 80% relative humidity 5°C, 80% relative humidity 5°C, 10% relative humidity 55°C, 16% relative humidity	600,000 software-controlled power on/off cycles 20,000 hard power on/off cycles	
Warranty	For information regarding Warranty Support, visit: http://www.seagate.com/support/warranty-and-returns	
Supports Hotplug operation per Serial ATA Revision 2.6 specification	Yes (requires COMRESET from host after a hotplug event)	

^{*}One Gbyte equals one billion bytes when referring to hard drive capacity. Accessible capacity may vary depending on operating environment and formatting.

2.2 FORMATTED CAPACITY

Model	Formatted capacity*	Guaranteed sectors	Bytes per sector
ST9500325AS and ST9500325ASG	500 Gbytes	976,773,168	
ST9320325AS and ST9320325ASG	320 Gbytes	625,142,448	
ST9250315AS and ST9250315ASG	250 Gbytes	488,397,168	512
ST9160314AS and ST9160314ASG	160 Gbytes	312,581,808	512
ST9120315AS and ST9120315ASG	120 Gbytes	234,441,648	
ST980313AS and ST980313ASG	80 Gbytes	156,301,488	

^{*}One Gbyte equals one billion bytes when referring to hard drive capacity. Accessible capacity may vary depending on operating environment and formatting.

2.2.1 LBA mode

When addressing these drives in LBA mode, all blocks (sectors) are consecutively numbered from 0 to n–1, where n is the number of guaranteed sectors as defined above.

See Section 4.3.1, "Identify Device command" (words 60-61 and 100-103) for additional information about 48-bit addressing support of drives with capacities over 137 Gbytes.

^{**}During periods of drive idle, some offline activity may occur according to the S.M.A.R.T. specification, which may increase acoustic and power to operational levels.

^{***}Typical notebooks will pull power to the drive when entering S3 and S4; while in the S3 and S4 states, drive sleep and drive standby modes will not contribute to battery power consumption.

2.3 DEFAULT LOGICAL GEOMETRY

CYLINDERS READ/WRITE HEADS		SECTORS PER TRACK
16,383	16	63

LBA mode

When addressing these drives in LBA mode, all blocks (sectors) are consecutively numbered from 0 to n-1, where n is the number of guaranteed sectors as defined above.

2.4 PHYSICAL ORGANIZATION

DRIVE MODEL	READ/WRITE HEADS	NUMBER OF DISCS
ST9500325AS and ST9500325ASG	4	2
ST9320325AS and ST9320325ASG	3	2
ST9250315AS, ST9250315ASG, ST9160314AS and ST9160314ASG	2	1
ST9120315AS, ST9120315ASG, ST980313AS and ST980313ASG	1	1

2.5 RECORDING AND INTERFACE TECHNOLOGY

	ST9500325AS, ST9500325ASG, ST9320325AS, ST9320325ASG, ST9250315AS, ST9250315ASG ST9160314AS, ST9160314ASG, ST9120315AS, ST9120315ASG, ST980313AS, ST980313ASG
Interface	Serial ATA (SATA)
Recording method	Perpendicular
Recording density BPI (bits/inch avg)	1490k
Track density TPI (tracks/inch avg)	265k
Areal density (Gbits/inch ² avg)	394
Spindle speed (RPM) (± 0.2%)	5400
Maximum Internal transfer rate (Mbits/sec)	1175
I/O data-transfer rate (Mbytes/sec max)	300
Interleave	1:1
Cache buffer	8 Mbytes (8192 kbytes)

2.6 PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DRIVE SPECIF	ICATION	
Height	(mm) (inches)	9.5 +/-0.2 0.374 +/-0.0079
Width	(mm) (inches)	69.85 +/-0.25 2.75 +/-0.0098
Length	(mm) (inches)	100.35 +0.20 / -0.25 3.957 +0.0079 / -0.0098
ST: ST:	9500325AS 9500325ASG 9320325AS 9320325ASG	98.8 grams 0.218 pounds
ST9250315AS ST9250315ASG ST9160314AS ST9160314ASG ST9120315AS ST9120315ASG ST980313AS ST980313AS		93.5 grams 0.206 pounds

2.7 SEEK TIME

Seek measurements are taken with nominal power at 25°C ambient temperature. All times are measured using drive diagnostics. The specifications in the table below are defined as follows:

- Track-to-track seek time is an average of all possible single-track seeks in both directions.
- Average seek time is a true statistical random average of at least 5000 measurements of seeks between random tracks, less overhead.

Table 4 Typical seek times

SEEK TIMES (MSEC)	READ
Track-to-track (typical)	1
Average (typical)	14
Full-stroke (max)	30
Average latency	5.56

Note. These drives are designed to consistently meet the seek times represented in this manual. Physical seeks, regardless of mode (such as track-to-track and average), are expected to meet the noted values. However, due to the manner in which these drives are formatted, benchmark tests that include command overhead or measure logical seeks may produce results that vary from these specifications.

2.8 START/STOP TIMES

TIME TO READY	TYPICAL	Max @ 25°C
Power-on to Ready (sec)	3.6	3.8
Standby to Ready (sec)	1.8	2

2.9 POWER SPECIFICATIONS

The drive receives DC power (+5V) through a native SATA power connector.

2.9.1 Power consumption

Power requirements for the drives are listed in the table on page 12. Typical power measurements are based on an average of drives tested, under nominal conditions, at 25°C ambient temperature.

Spinup power

Spinup power is measured from the time of power-on to the time that the drive spindle reaches operating speed.

Seek mode

During seek mode, the read/write actuator arm moves toward a specific position on the disc surface and does not execute a read or write operation. Servo electronics are active. Seek mode power is measured based on three random seek operations every 100 msecs. This mode is not typical.

· Read/write power and current

Read/write power is measured with the heads on track, based on three 63 sector read or write operations every 100 msecs.

Idle mode power

Idle mode power is measured with the drive up to speed, with servo electronics active and with the heads in a random track location.

Standby mode

During Standby mode, the drive accepts commands, but the drive is not spinning, and the servo and read/write electronics are in power-down model

Table 5 DC power

POWER DISSIPATION	+5V INPUT AVERAGE (25° C)
Spinup (max)	1 amp
Seek	1.54 watts
Read	1.40 watts
Write	1.78 watts
Idle, performance*	1.40 watts
Idle, active*	0.78 watts
Idle, low power mode*	0.67 watts
Standby**	0.20 watts
Sleep	0.20 watts

^{*}During periods of drive idle, some offline activity may occur according to the S.M.A.R.T. specification, which may increase acoustic and power to operational levels.

^{**}Standby power is measured at steady state (after 200ms from transition)

2.9.1.1 Typical current profile

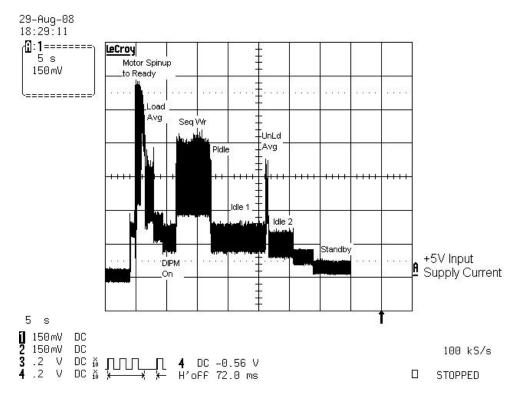


Figure 1. Typical +5V only startup and operation current profile

2.9.2 Deferred spinup

Momentus 5400.6 SATA drives do not support the deferred spinup option. If you require this option, refer to the Momentus 5400.3 SATA Blade Server family of drives.

2.9.3 Conducted noise

Input noise ripple is measured at the host system power supply across an equivalent 15-ohm resistive load on the +5 volt line.

Using 5-volt power, the drive is expected to operate with a maximum of 100 mV peak-to-peak square-wave injected noise at up to 10 MHz.

Note. Equivalent resistance is calculated by dividing the nominal voltage by the typical RMS read/write current.

2.9.4 Voltage tolerance

Voltage tolerance (including noise):

 $5V \pm 5\%$

2.9.5 Power-management modes

The drive provides programmable power management to provide greater energy efficiency. In most systems, you can control power management through the system setup program. The drive features the following power-management modes:

Table 6 Power management modes

Power modes	HEADS	SPINDLE	Buffer
Active (operating)	Tracking	Rotating	Full power
Idle, performance	Tracking	Rotating	Self refresh—low power
Idle, active	Floating	Rotating	Self refresh—low power
Idle, low power	Parked	Rotating	Self refresh—low power
Standby	Parked	Stopped	Self refresh—low power
Sleep	Parked	Stopped	Self refresh—low power

Active mode

The drive is in Active mode during the read/write and seek operations.

Idle mode

The buffer remains enabled, and the drive accepts all commands and returns to Active mode any time disc access is necessary.

Standby mode

The drive enters Standby mode when the host sends a Standby Immediate command. If the host has set the standby timer, the drive can also enter Standby mode automatically after the drive has been inactive for a specifiable length of time. The standby timer delay is established using a Standby or Idle command. In Standby mode, the drive buffer is in Self Refresh Low Power mode, the heads are parked and the spindle is at rest. The drive accepts all commands and returns to Active mode any time disc access is necessary.

Sleep mode

The drive enters Sleep mode after receiving a Sleep command from the host. In Sleep mode, the drive buffer is in Self Refresh Low Power mode, the heads are parked and the spindle is at rest. The drive leaves Sleep mode after it receives a Hard Reset or Soft Reset from the host. After receiving a reset, the drive exits Sleep mode and enters Standby mode with all current translation parameters intact.

· Idle and Standby timers

Each time the drive performs an Active function (read, write or seek), the standby timer is reinitialized and begins counting down from its specified delay times to zero. If the standby timer reaches zero before any drive activity is required, the drive makes a transition to Standby mode. In both Idle and Standby mode, the drive accepts all commands and returns to Active mode when disc access is necessary.

2.10 Environmental specifications

2.10.1 Ambient temperature

Ambient temperature is defined as the temperature of the environment immediately surrounding the drive. Actual drive case temperature should not exceed 70°C (158°F) within the operating ambient conditions.

Above 1000 feet (305 meters), the maximum temperature is derated linearly by 1°C every 1000 feet.

Operating:	0° to 60°C (32° to 140°F)
Nonoperating:	-40° to 70°C (-40° to 158°F)

Note. The recommended storage period:

- 1 year under controlled conditions of 34°C 90%RH or less
- 90 days in uncontrolled storage conditions

2.10.2 Temperature gradient

Operating	20°C per hour (68°F per hour max), without condensation
Nonoperating	35°C per hour (95°F per hour max), without condensation

2.10.3 Humidity

2.10.3.1 Relative humidity

Operating	5% to 95% noncondensing (30% per hour max)
Nonoperating	5% to 95% noncondensing (30% per hour max)

2.10.3.2 Wet bulb temperature

Operating	37.7°C (99.86°F max)
Nonoperating	40°C (104°F max)

2.10.4 Altitude

Operating	-304.8 m to 3048 m (-1000 ft to 10,000+ ft)
Nonoperating	-304.8 m to 12,192 m (-1000 ft to 40,000+ ft)

2.10.5 Shock

All shock specifications assume that the drive is mounted securely with the input shock applied at the drive mounting screws. Shock may be applied in the X, Y or Z axis.

Note. Additional shock protection is provided by the Free Fall Protection feature on ST9500325ASG, ST9320325ASG, ST9250315ASG, ST9160314ASG, ST9120315ASG and ST980313ASG models. See Section 2.13.1 for additional information about this feature.

2.10.5.1 Operating shock

These drives comply with the performance levels specified in this document when subjected to a maximum operating shock of 350 Gs based on half-sine shock pulses of 2 msec. Shocks should not be repeated more than two times per second.

2.10.5.2 Nonoperating shock

The nonoperating shock level that the drive can experience without incurring physical damage or degradation in performance when subsequently put into operation is 800 Gs based on a nonrepetitive half-sine shock pulse of 2 msec duration.

The nonoperating shock level that the drive can experience without incurring physical damage or degradation in performance when subsequently put into operation is 1000 Gs based on a nonrepetitive half-sine shock pulse of 1 msec duration.

The nonoperating shock level that the drive can experience without incurring physical damage or degradation in performance when subsequently put into operation is 600 Gs based on a nonrepetitive half-sine shock pulse of 0.5 msec duration.

2.10.6 Vibration

All vibration specifications assume that the drive is mounted securely with the input vibration applied at the drive mounting screws. Vibration may be applied in the X, Y or Z axis.

2.10.6.1 Operating vibration

The maximum vibration levels that the drive may experience while meeting the performance standards specified in this document are specified below.

5–500 Hz	1.0 Gs (0 to peak). Max displacement may apply below 10 Hz.

2.10.6.2 Nonoperating vibration

The maximum nonoperating vibration levels that the drive may experience without incurring physical damage or degradation in performance when subsequently put into operation are specified below.

5–500 Hz:	5.0 Gs (0 to peak). Max displacement may apply below 22 Hz.
-----------	---

2.11 ACOUSTICS

Drive emission of sound is measured consistent with the ECMA-74 and its' referenced standards. Testing is conducted at room temperature (approximately 25°C). Emission levels are reported as the total A-weighted sound power levels for steady state, idle, and active seek modes of operation.

Table 7 Drive A-weighted Sound Power Levels (SWL, BA)

IDLE*	PERFORMANCE SEEK		
ST9500325AS, ST9500325ASG, ST9320325AS, ST9320325ASG, ST9250315AS, ST9250315ASG, ST9160314AS, ST9160314ASG, ST9120315AS, ST9120315ASG, ST980313AS, ST980313ASG	ST9500325AS, ST9500325ASG, ST9320325AS, ST9320325ASG, ST9250315AS, ST9250315ASG, ST9160314AS, ST9160314ASG	ST9120315AS, ST9120315ASG, ST980313AS, ST980313ASG	
2.4 bels (typ) 2.6 bels (max)	2.6 bels (typ) 2.7 bels (max)	2.5 bels (typ) 2.6 bels (max)	

^{*}During periods of drive idle, some offline activity may occur according to the S.M.A.R.T. specification, which may increase acoustic and power to operational levels.

Test for Prominent Discrete Tones (PDTs)

Seagate follows the ECMA-74 standards for measurement and identification of PDTs. An exception to this process is the use of the absolute threshold of hearing. Seagate uses the lower limit for the threshold curve* to discern tone audibility and to compensate for the inaudible components of sound prior to computation of tone ratios according to Annex D of the ECMA-74 standards.

2.12 ELECTROMAGNETIC IMMUNITY

When properly installed in a representative host system, the drive operates without errors or degradation in performance when subjected to the radio frequency (RF) environments defined in the following table:

Table 8 Radio frequency environments

TEST	DESCRIPTION	PERFORMANCE LEVEL	REFERENCE STANDARD
Electrostatic discharge	Contact, HCP, VCP: ± 4 kV; Air: ± 8 kV	В	EN 61000-4-2: 95
Radiated RF immunity	80 to 2,000 MHz, 10 V/m, 80% AM with 1 kHz sine 900 MHz, 3 V/m, 50% pulse modulation @ 200 Hz	А	EN 61000-4-3: 96 ENV 50204: 95
Electrical fast transient	± 1 kV on AC mains, ± 0.5 kV on external I/O	В	EN 61000-4-4: 95
Surge immunity	± 1 kV differential, ± 2 kV common, AC mains	В	EN 61000-4-5: 95
Conducted RF immunity	150 kHz to 80 MHz, 3 Vrms, 80% AM with 1 kHz sine	A	EN 61000-4-6: 97
Power Frequency H-field immunity	1 A/m, 50Hz/60Hz, 3 axes	А	EN 61000-4-8: 97
Voltage dips, interrupts	30% Reduction for 25 cycles >95% Reduction for 250 cycles >95%, 0.5 cycles	C C B	EN 61000-4-11: 94

^{*}Defined as the median curve given by ISO 389-7 (Tf curve) minus 10dB at all frequencies.

2.13 RELIABILITY

MEASUREMENT TYPE	SPECIFICATION
Nonrecoverable read errors	1 per 10 ¹⁴ bits read, max.
Annualized Failure Rate (AFR)	<0.48%
Load/Unload (U/UL)	
25°C, 50% relative humidity	600,000 software-controlled power on/off cycles 20,000 hard power on/off cycles
32°C, 80% relative humidity 5°C, 80% relative humidity 5°C, 10% relative humidity 55°C, 16% relative humidity	600,000 software-controlled power on/off cycles 20,000 hard power on/off cycles
Warranty	For information regarding Warranty Support, visit: http://www.seagate.com/support/warranty-and-returns

2.13.1 Free Fall Protection feature

The Free Fall Protection feature provides enhanced data protection against shock events that may occur while the drive is operating. This feature is designed to decrease the likelihood of data loss by detecting a free fall event and unloading the actuator before a shock takes place in falls of >8 inches (nominal). The drive uses a 0 G sensor mounted on the printed circuit board assembly (PCBA) to sense this event.

To enable the Free Fall Protection feature on ST9500325ASG, ST9320325ASG, ST9250315ASG, ST9160314ASG, ST9120315ASG and ST980313ASG models, use Set Features command 41h. To disable this feature, use Set Features command C1h.

Information about Free Fall Events that have occurred is available through SMART attribute FEh.

Note. Of the models documented in this product manual, the Free Fall Protection feature is provided only on ST9500325ASG, ST9320325ASG, ST9250315ASG, ST9160314ASG, ST9120315ASG, and ST980313ASG models.

2.14 AGENCY CERTIFICATION

2.14.1 Safety certification

The drives are recognized in accordance with UL 1950 and CSA C22.2 (950) and meet all applicable sections of IEC950 and EN 60950 as tested by TUV North America.

2.14.2 Electromagnetic compatibility

Hard drives that display the CE mark comply with the European Union (EU) requirements specified in the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (89/336/EEC). Testing is performed to the levels specified by the product standards for Information Technology Equipment (ITE). Emission levels are defined by EN 55022, Class B and the immunity levels are defined by EN 55024.

Seagate uses an independent laboratory to confirm compliance with the EC directives specified in the previous paragraph. Drives are tested in representative end-user systems. Although CE-marked Seagate drives comply with the directives when used in the test systems, we cannot guarantee that all systems will comply with the directives. The drive is designed for operation inside a properly designed enclosure, with properly shielded I/O cable (if necessary) and terminators on all unused I/O ports. Computer manufacturers and system integrators should confirm EMC compliance and provide CE marking for their products.

Korean RRL

If these drives have the Korea Ministry of Information and Communication (MIC) logo, they comply with paragraph 1 of Article 11 of the Electromagnetic Compatibility control Regulation and meet the Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Framework requirements of the Radio Research Laboratory (RRL) Ministry of Information and Communication Republic of Korea.

These drives have been tested and comply with the Electromagnetic Interference/Electromagnetic Susceptibility (EMI/EMS) for Class B products. Drives are tested in a representative, end-user system by a Korean-recognized lab.

• Certificate number: STX-54006 (B)

• Trade name or applicant: Seagate Technology LLC

• Date of Certification: October 01, 2008

Manufacturer/nationality: USA, Singapore and China

Australian C-Tick (N176)

If these models have the C-Tick marking, they comply with the Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS3548 1995 and meet the Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Framework requirements of the Australian Communication Authority (ACA).

2.14.3 FCC verification

These drives are intended to be contained solely within a personal computer or similar enclosure (not attached as an external device). As such, each drive is considered to be a subassembly even when it is individually marketed to the customer. As a subassembly, no Federal Communications Commission verification or certification of the device is required.

Seagate Technology LLC has tested this device in enclosures as described above to ensure that the total assembly (enclosure, disc drive, motherboard, power supply, etc.) does comply with the limits for a Class B computing device, pursuant to Subpart J, Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation with noncertified assemblies is likely to result in interference to radio and television reception.

Radio and television interference. This equipment generates and uses radio frequency energy and if not installed and used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, may cause interference to radio and television reception.

This equipment is designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference in a residential installation. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television, which can be determined by turning the equipment on and off, you are encouraged to try one or more of the following corrective measures:

- · Reorient the receiving antenna.
- Move the device to one side or the other of the radio or TV.
- Move the device farther away from the radio or TV.
- Plug the computer into a different outlet so that the receiver and computer are on different branch outlets.

If necessary, you should consult your dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for additional suggestions. You may find helpful the following booklet prepared by the Federal Communications Commission: *How to Identify and Resolve Radio-Television Interference Problems*. This booklet is available from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. Refer to publication number 004-000-00345-4.

2.15 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

Seagate designs its products to meet environmental protection requirements worldwide, including regulations restricting certain chemical substances.

2.15.1 European Union Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)

Seagate designs its products to meet environmental protection requirements worldwide, including regulations restricting certain chemical substances. A new law, the European Union Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive, restricts the presence of chemical substances, including Lead, Cadmium, Mercury, Hexavalent Chromium, PBB and PBDE, in electronic products, effective July 2006. This drive is manufactured with components and materials that comply with the RoHS Directive..

2.15.2 China Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive 中国限制危险物品的指令

This product has an Environmental Protection Use Period (EPUP) of 20 years. The following table contains information mandated by China's "Marking Requirements for Control of Pollution Caused by Electronic Information Products" Standard.



该产品具有20年的环境保护使用周期 (EPUP)。 下表包含了中国 "电子产品所导致的污染的控制的记号要求"所指定的信息。

	Toxic or Hazardous Substances or Elements有毒有吝物质或元素					
				Hexavalent	Polybrominated	Polybrominated
	Lead	Mercury	Cadmium	Chromium	Biphenyl	Diphenyl Ether
Name of Parts	铅	汞	畅	六价铬	多農联苯	多製二苯醚
部件名称	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cq)	(Cr6+)	(PBB)	(PBDE)
PCBA	×	0	0	0	0	0
HDA	×	0	0	- 0	0	0

[&]quot;O" indicates the hazardous and toxic substance content of the part (at the homogenous material level) is lower than the threshold defined by the China RoHS MCV Standard.

2.16 CORROSIVE ENVIRONMENT

Seagate electronic drive components pass accelerated corrosion testing equivalent to 10 years exposure to light industrial environments containing sulfurous gases, chlorine and nitric oxide, classes G and H per ASTM B845. However, this accelerated testing cannot duplicate every potential application environment.

Users should use caution exposing any electronic components to uncontrolled chemical pollutants and corrosive chemicals as electronic drive component reliability can be affected by the installation environment. The silver, copper, nickel and gold films used in Seagate products are especially sensitive to the presence of sulfide, chloride, and nitrate contaminants. Sulfur is found to be the most damaging. In addition, electronic components should never be exposed to condensing water on the surface of the printed circuit board assembly (PCBA) or exposed to an ambient relative humidity greater than 95%. Materials used in cabinet fabrication, such as vulcanized rubber, that can outgas corrosive compounds should be minimized or eliminated. The useful life of any electronic equipment may be extended by replacing materials near circuitry with sulfide-free alternatives.

[&]quot;O"表示该部件(于同类物品程度上)所含的危险和有毒物质低于中国RoHS MCV标准所定义的门槛值。

[&]quot;X" indicates the hazardous and toxic substance content of the part (at the homogenous material level) is over the threshold defined by the China RoHS MCV Standard.

[&]quot;X"表示该部件(于同类物品程度上)所含的危险和有毒物质超出中国RoHS MCV标准所定义的门槛值。

3.0 CONFIGURING AND MOUNTING THE DRIVE

This section contains the specifications and instructions for configuring and mounting the drive.

3.1 HANDLING AND STATIC-DISCHARGE PRECAUTIONS

After unpacking, and before installation, the drive may be exposed to potential handling and electrostatic discharge (ESD) hazards. Observe the following standard handling and static-discharge precautions:

Caution:

- Keep the drive in the electrostatic discharge (ESD) bag until you are ready for installation to limit the drive's exposure to ESD.
- Before handling the drive, put on a grounded wrist strap, or ground yourself frequently by touching the metal chassis of a computer that is plugged into a grounded outlet. Wear a grounded wrist strap throughout the entire installation procedure.
- Handle the drive only by its edges or frame.
- The drive is fragile—handle it with care. Do not press down on the drive top cover.
- · Always rest the drive on a padded, antistatic surface until you mount it in the computer.
- Do not touch the connector pins or the printed circuit board.
- Do not remove the factory-installed labels from the drive or cover them with additional labels. Removal voids the warranty. Some factory-installed labels contain information needed to service the drive. Other labels are used to seal out dirt and contamination.

3.2 CONFIGURING THE DRIVE

Each drive on the Serial ATA interface connects in a point-to-point configuration with the Serial ATA host adapter. There is no master/slave relationship because each drive is considered a master in a point-to-point relationships. If two drives are attached on one Serial ATA host adapter, the host operating system views the two devices as if they were both "masters" on two separate ports. This means both drives behave as if they are Device 0 (master) devices.

Serial ATA drives are designed for easy installation. It is normally not necessary to set any jumpers on this drive for proper operation. If the host system does not support SATA 3Gb/s operation, place a jumper on pins 1 and 2 to limit the drive to 1.5Gb/s operation.

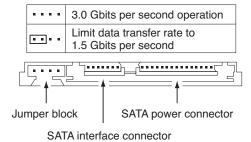


Figure 2. Serial ATA connectors

3.3 SERIAL ATA CABLES AND CONNECTORS

The Serial ATA interface cable consists of four conductors in two differential pairs, plus three ground connections. The cable size may be 30 to 26 AWG with a maximum length of one meter (39.37 inches). See Table 9 for connector pin definitions. Either end of the SATA signal cable can be attached to the drive or host.

For direct backplane connection, the drive connectors are inserted directly into the host receptacle. The drive and the host receptacle incorporate features that enable the direct connection to be hot pluggable and blind mateable.

For installations which require cables, you can connect the drive as illustrated in Figure 3.

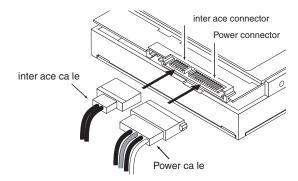


Figure 3. Attaching SATA cabling

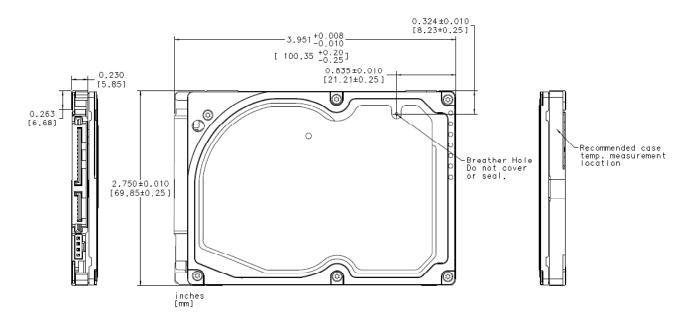
Each cable is keyed to ensure correct orientation.

3.4 DRIVE MOUNTING

You can mount the drive using four screws in the side-mounting holes or four screws in the bottom-mounting holes. See Figure 4. for drive mounting dimensions. Follow these important mounting precautions when mounting the drive:

- Allow a minimum clearance of 0.030 inches (0.76 mm) around the entire perimeter of the drive for cooling.
- Use only M3 UNC mounting screws.
- Do not overtighten the mounting screws. Maximum torque: 4.0 inch-lb (0.4519 N-m).
- Four (4) threads (0.080 inches, 2.032 mm) minimum screw engagement recommended.
- Avoid excessive drive distortion when mounting. Refer to the following specifications for stiffness/deflection information:

TOP COVER STIFFNESS/DEFLECTION	
Operating with no performance degradation, emitted noise, mechanical damage, or hard errors	10 mm probe: 2.0kgf OR 5 mm probe: 0.92kgf
Non-operating with no hard errors	20 mm probe: 2kgf at any point of top cover 20 mm probe: 15kgf at top cover edges only



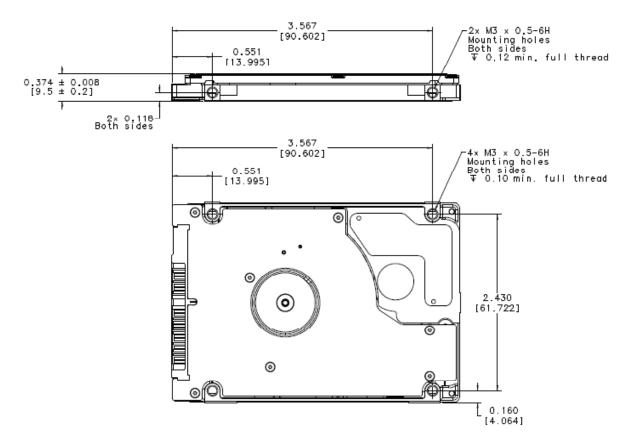


Figure 4. Mounting dimensions—top, side and end view

4.0 SERIAL ATA (SATA) INTERFACE

These drives use the industry-standard Serial ATA interface that supports FIS data transfers. It supports ATA programmed input/output (PIO) modes 0–4; multiword DMA modes 0–2, and Ultra DMA modes 0–6. The drive also supports the use of the IORDY signal to provide reliable high-speed data transfers.

For detailed information about the Serial ATA interface, refer to the "Serial ATA: High Speed Serialized AT Attachment" specification.

4.1 Hot-Plug compatibility

Momentus 5400.6 SATA drives incorporate connectors which enable you to hot plug these drives in accordance with the Serial ATA: High Speed Serialized AT Attachment specification revision 2.0. This specification can be downloaded from http://www.serialata.org. This device requires a COMRESET from the host after a hotplug event.

4.2 SERIAL ATA DEVICE PLUG CONNECTOR PIN DEFINITIONS

Table 9 summarizes the signals on the Serial ATA interface and power connectors..

Table 9 Serial ATA connector pin definitions

SEGMENT	PIN	FUNCTION	DEFINITION
	S1	Ground	2nd mate
	S2	A+	Differential signal pair A from Phy
	S3	A-	
	S4	Ground	2nd mate
	S5	B-	Differential signal pair B from Phy
	S6	B+	
Signal	S7	Ground	2nd mate
			Key and spacing separate signal and power segments
Power	P1	V ₃₃	3.3V power
	P2	V ₃₃	3.3V power
	P3	V ₃₃	3.3V power, pre-charge, 2nd mate
	P4	Ground	1st mate
	P5	Ground	2nd mate
	P6	Ground	2nd mate
	P7	V ₅	5V power, pre-charge, 2nd mate
	P8	V ₅	5V power
	P9	V ₅	5V power
	P10	Ground	2nd mate
	P11	Reserved	The pin corresponding to P11 in the backplane receptacle connector is also reserved The corresponding pin to be mated with P11 in the power cable receptacle connector shall always be grounded
	P12	Ground	1st mate.
	P13	V ₁₂	12V power, pre-charge, 2nd mate
	P14	V ₁₂	12V power
	P15	V ₁₂	12V power

Notes:

- 1. All pins are in a single row, with a 1.27 mm (0.050") pitch.
- 2. The comments on the mating sequence apply to the case of backplane blindmate connector only. In this case, the mating sequences are:
 - the ground pins P4 and P12.
 - the pre-charge power pins and the other ground pins.
 - the signal pins and the rest of the power pins.
- 3. There are three power pins for each voltage. One pin from each voltage is used for pre-charge when installed in a blind-mate backplane configuration.
- 4. All used voltage pins (V_x) must be terminated.

4.3 SUPPORTED ATA COMMANDS

The following table lists Serial ATA standard commands that the drive supports. For a detailed description of the ATA commands, refer to the Serial ATA: High Speed Serialized AT Attachment specification. See "S.M.A.R.T. commands" on page 33.for details and subcommands used in the S.M.A.R.T. implementation.

COMMAND NAME	COMMAND CODE (IN HEX)			
ATA-STANDARD COMMANDS				
Device Configuration Restore	B1h/C0h			
Device Configuration Freeze Lock	B1h/C1h			
Device Configuration Identify	B1h/C2h			
Device Configuration Set	B1h/C3h			
Download Microcode	92h			
Execute Device Diagnostics	90h			
Flush Cache	E7h			
Flush Cache Extended	EAh			
Identify Device	ECh			
Initialize Device Parameters	91h			
Read Buffer	E4h			
Read DMA	C8h			
Read DMA Extended	25h			
Read DMA without Retries	C9h			
Read Long with Retries	22h			
Read Long without Retries	23h			
Read Multiple	C4h			
Read Multiple Extended	29h			
Read Native Max Address	F8h			
Read Native Max Address Extended	27h			
Read Sectors	20h			
Read Sectors Extended	24h			
Read Sectors without Retries	21h			
Read Verify Sectors	40h			
Read Verify Sectors Extended	42h			
Read Verify Sectors without Retries	41h			
Seek	70h			
Set Features	EFh			
Set Max Address	F9h			
Note: Individual Set Max commands are identified by the value placed in the Set Max Features register as defined to the right.	Address: Password: Lock: Unlock: Freeze Lock:	00 _H 01 _H 02 _H 03 _H 04 _H		
Set Multiple Mode	C6h	•		
S.M.A.R.T. Disable Operations	B0h/D9h			
S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Autosave	B0h/D2h			

COMMAND NAME	COMMAND CODE (IN HEX)
S.M.A.R.T. Enable Operations	B0h/D8h
S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Auto Offline	B0h/DBh
S.M.A.R.T. Enable One Attribute Modification	B0h/E0h
S.M.A.R.T. Execute Offline	B0h/D4h
S.M.A.R.T. Read Attribute Thresholds	B0h/D1h
S.M.A.R.T. Read Data	B0h/D0h
S.M.A.R.T. Read Log Sector	B0h/D5h
S.M.A.R.T. Return Status	B0h/DAh
S.M.A.R.T. Save Attribute Values	B0h/D3h
S.M.A.R.T. Write Attribute Thresholds	B0h/D7h
S.M.A.R.T. Write Attribute Values	B0h/E1h
S.M.A.R.T. Write Log Sector	B0h/D6h
Write Buffer	E8h
Write DMA	CAh
Write DMA Extended	35h
Write DMA without Retries	CBh
Write Long with Retries	32h
Write Long without Retries	33h
Write Multiple	C5h
Write Multiple Extended	39h
Write Sectors	30h _, 31h
Write Sectors Extended	34h
Write Uncorrectable	45h
ATA-STANDARD POWER-MANAGEMENT COMMA	NDS
Check Power Mode	E5h
Idle	E3h
Idle Immediate	E1h
Sleep	E6h
Standby	E2h
Standby Immediate	E0h
ATA-STANDARD SECURITY COMMANDS	
Security Set Password	F1h
Security Unlock	F2h
Security Erase Prepare	F3h
Security Erase Unit	F4h
Security Freeze Lock	F5h
Security Disable Password	F6h
	

4.3.1 Identify Device command

The Identify Device command (command code EC_H) transfers information about the drive to the host following power up. The data is organized as a single 512-byte block of data, whose contents are shown in the table on page 27. All reserved bits or words should be set to zero. Parameters listed with an "x" are drive-specific or vary with the state of the drive.

The following commands contain drive-specific features that may not be included in the Serial ATA specification.

Word	DESCRIPTION	VALUE
0	Configuration information: Bit 15: 0 = ATA; 1 = ATAPI Bit 7: removable media Bit 6: removable controller Bit 0: reserved	0C5A _H
1	Number of logical cylinders	16,383
2	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
3	Number of logical heads	16
4	Retired	0000 _H
5	Retired	0000 _H
6	Number of logical sectors per logical track: 63	003F _H
7–9	Retired	0000 _H
10–19	Serial number: (20 ASCII characters, 0000 _H = none)	ASCII
20	Retired	0000 _H
21	Retired	0400 _H
22	Obsolete	0000 _H
23–26	Firmware revision (8 ASCII character string, padded with blanks to end of string)	x.xx
27–46	Drive model number: (40 ASCII characters, padded with blanks to end of string)	ST9500325AS ST9500325ASG ST9320325ASG ST9320325ASG ST9250315AS ST9250315ASG ST9160314AS ST9160314ASG ST9120315AS ST9120315AS ST980313ASG
47	(Bits 7–0) Maximum sectors per interrupt on Read multiple and Write multiple (16)	8010 _H
48	Reserved	0000 _H
49	Standard Standby timer, IORDY supported and may be disabled	2F00 _H
50	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
51	PIO data-transfer cycle timing mode	0200 _H
52	Retired	0200 _H
53	Words 54–58, 64–70 and 88 are valid	0007 _H
54	Number of current logical cylinders	xxxx _H
55	Number of current logical heads	xxxx _H

Word	DESCRIPTION	VALUE
56	Number of current logical sectors per logical track	хххх _Н
57–58	Current capacity in sectors	xxxx _H
59	Number of sectors transferred during a Read Multiple or Write Multiple command	xxxx _H
60–61	Total number of user-addressable sectors This field contains a value that is one greater than the total number of user-addressable sectors. The maximum value that shall be placed in this field is 0FFFFFFh. The 0FFFFFFh value applies to all capacities over 137Gbytes (see Section 2.2 and 2.3 for related information).	ST9500325AS = 0FFFFFFh ST9500325ASG = 0FFFFFFh ST9320325ASG = 0FFFFFFh ST9320325ASG = 0FFFFFFh ST9250315AS = 0FFFFFFh ST9250315ASG = 0FFFFFFh ST9160314AS = 0FFFFFFh ST9160314ASG = 0FFFFFFh ST9120315ASG = 234,441,648 ST9120315ASG = 234,441,648 ST980313ASG = 156,301,488 ST980313ASG = 156,301,488
62	Retired	0000 _H
63	Multiword DMA active and modes supported (see note following this table)	xx07 _H
64	Advanced PIO modes supported (modes 3 and 4 supported)	0003 _H
65	Minimum multiword DMA transfer cycle time per word (120 nsec)	0078 _H
66	Recommended multiword DMA transfer cycle time per word (120 nsec)	0078 _H
67	Minimum PIO cycle time without IORDY flow control (240 nsec)	00F0 _H
68	Minimum PIO cycle time with IORDY flow control (120 nsec)	0078 _H
69–74	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
75	Queue depth	001F _H
76	Serial ATA capabilities	0508 _H
77	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
78	Serial ATA features supported	0048 _H
79	Serial ATA features enabled	0040 _H
80	Major version number	003E _H
81	Minor version number	0028 _H
82	Command sets supported	306B _H
83	Command sets supported	4001 _H
84	Command sets support extension	6123 _H
85	Command sets enabled	30 <i>xx</i> _H
86	Command sets enabled	0001 _H
87	Command sets enable extension	4000 _H
88	Ultra DMA support and current mode (see note following this table)	xx7F _H
89	Security erase time	0000 _H
90	Enhanced security erase time	0000 _H

Word	DESCRIPTION	VALUE
92	Master password revision code	FFFE _H
93	Hardware reset value (see description following this table)	xxxx _H
94	Auto acoustic management setting	xxxx _H
95–99	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
100- 103	Total number of user-addressable LBA sectors available (see Section 2.2 for related information) These words are required for drives that support the 48-bit addressing feature. Maximum value: 0000FFFFFFFFFFFh.	ST9500325AS = 0FFFFFFH ST9500325ASG = 0FFFFFFH ST9320325AS = 0FFFFFFH ST9320325ASG = 0FFFFFFH ST9250315AS = 0FFFFFFH ST9250315ASG = 0FFFFFFH ST9160314ASG = 0FFFFFFH ST9160314ASG = 0FFFFFFH ST9120315AS = 234,441,648 ST9120315ASG = 234,441,648 ST980313AS = 156,301,488 ST980313ASG = 156,301,488
104– 118	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
119	Free Fall Protection support (bit 5)	1 = Free Fall Protection supported 0 = Free Fall Protection not supported
120	Free Fall Protection enable/disable (bit 5)	1 = Free Fall Protection feature is enabled 0 = Free Fall Protection feature is disabled
121– 127	ATA reserved	0000 _H
128	Security status	0001 _H
129– 159	Seagate-reserved	xxxx _H
160– 254	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
255	Integrity word	xxA5 _H

Note. See the bit descriptions below for words 63, 88, and 93 of the Identify Drive data: **Description (if bit is set to 1)**

Віт	WORD 63
0	Multiword DMA mode 0 is supported.
1	Multiword DMA mode 1 is supported.
2	Multiword DMA mode 2 is supported.
8	Multiword DMA mode 0 is currently active.
9	Multiword DMA mode 1 is currently active.
10	Multiword DMA mode 2 is currently active.

Віт	WORD 88
 0	Ultra DMA mode 0 is supported.
1	Ultra DMA mode 1 is supported.
2	Ultra DMA mode 2 is supported.
3	Ultra DMA mode 3 is supported.
4	Ultra DMA mode 4 is supported.
5	Ultra DMA mode 5 is supported
6	Ultra DMA mode 6 is supported
8	Ultra DMA mode 0 is currently active.
9	Ultra DMA mode 1 is currently active.
10	Ultra DMA mode 2 is currently active.
11	Ultra DMA mode 3 is currently active.
12	Ultra DMA mode 4 is currently active.
13	Ultra DMA mode 5 is currently active.
14	Ultra DMA mode 6 is currently active.
Віт	WORD 93
13	1 = 80-conductor cable detected, CBLID above V _{IH} 0 = 40-conductor cable detected, CBLID below V _{IL}

4.3.2 Set Features command

This command controls the implementation of various features that the drive supports. When the drive receives this command, it sets BSY, checks the contents of the Features register, clears BSY and generates an interrupt. If the value in the register does not represent a feature that the drive supports, the command is aborted. Power-on default has the read look-ahead and write caching features enabled. The acceptable values for the Features register are defined as follows:

Table 10 Set Features command values

02_H Enable write cache (default).

03_H Set transfer mode (based on value in Sector Count register).

Sector Count register values:

00_H Set PIO mode to default (PIO mode 2).

 $01_{\mbox{H}}$ Set PIO mode to default and disable IORDY (PIO mode 2).

08_H PIO mode 0

09_H PIO mode 1

0A_H PIO mode 2

0B_H PIO mode 3

0C_H PIO mode 4 (default)

20_H Multiword DMA mode 0

21_H Multiword DMA mode 1

22_H Multiword DMA mode 2

40_H Ultra DMA mode 0

41_H Ultra DMA mode 1

42_H Ultra DMA mode 2

43_H Ultra DMA mode 3

44_H Ultra DMA mode 4

45_H Ultra DMA mode 5

46_H Ultra DMA mode 6

55_H Disable read look-ahead (read cache) feature.

82_H Disable write cache

AA_H Enable read look-ahead (read cache) feature (default).

C1_H Disable the Free Fall Protection feature (41_H above enables the Free Fall Protection feature)

F1_H Report full capacity available

Note. At power-on, or after a hardware or software reset, the default values of the features are as indicated above.

4.3.3 S.M.A.R.T. commands

S.M.A.R.T. provides near-term failure prediction for disc drives. When S.M.A.R.T. is enabled, the drive monitors predetermined drive attributes that are susceptible to degradation over time. If self-monitoring determines that a failure is likely, S.M.A.R.T. makes a status report available to the host. Not all failures are predictable. S.M.A.R.T. predictability is limited to the attributes the drive can monitor. For more information on S.M.A.R.T. commands and implementation, see the *Draft ATA-8 Standard*.

SeaTools diagnostic software activates a built-in drive self-test (DST S.M.A.R.T. command for D4_H) that eliminates unnecessary drive returns. The diagnostic software ships with all new drives and is also available at: http://seatools.seagate.com.

This drive is shipped with S.M.A.R.T. features disabled. You must have a recent BIOS or software package that supports S.M.A.R.T. to enable this feature. The table below shows the S.M.A.R.T. command codes that the drive uses.

Table 11 S.M.A.R.T. commands

CODE IN FEATURES REGISTER	S.M.A.R.T. COMMAND	
D0 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Read Data	
D1 _H	Vendor-specific	
D2 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Attribute Autosave	
D3 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Save Attribute Values	
D4 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Execute Off-line Immediate (runs DST)	
D5 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Read Log Sector	
D6 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Write Log Sector	
D7 _H	Vendor-specific	
D8 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Enable Operations	
D9 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Disable Operations	
DA _H	S.M.A.R.T. Return Status	

Note. If an appropriate code is not written to the Features Register, the command is aborted and 0x04 (abort) is written to the Error register.

A	Default logical geometry 10
ACA 19	density 4, 6, 8
acoustics 5, 7, 9, 17	Device Configuration Freeze Lock 26
Active mode 14	Device Configuration Restore 26
Address 26	Device Configuration Set 26
AFR 18	Diagnostics 26
Agency certification 18	dimensions 23
Altitude 15	Discs 4, 6, 8
Altitude, nonoperating 5, 6, 8	dissipation 12
Altitude, operating 5, 6, 8	Download Microcode 26
Ambient temperature 4, 6, 8, 15	
ambient temperature 11	E
Annualized Failure Rate 18	Electrical fast transient 17
Annualized Failure Rate (AFR) 5, 7, 9	Electromagnetic compatibility 18
	Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (89/336/EEC) 18
Areal density 4, 6, 8, 10	Electromagnetic immunity 17
ATA data transfer modes supported 4 6 8	Electrostatic discharge 17
ATA data-transfer modes supported 4, 6, 8	electrostatic discharge (ESD) 21
Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS3548 1995 19	EN 55022, Class B 18
Australian Communication Authority (ACA) 19	EN 55024 18
Australian C-Tick 19	EN 60950 18
Average seek time 11	
Average seek, read 4, 6, 8	Environmental protection 20
n.	Environmental specifications 15
В	error-correction algorithms 2
bels 5, 7, 9	errors 5, 7, 9, 18
BPI 4, 6, 8	ESD 21
buffer 4, 6, 8, 10	EU 18
Bytes per sector 4, 6, 8, 9	European Union (EU) requirements 18
	European Union Restriction of Hazardous Substances 20
C	evice Configuration Identify 26
cables and connectors 22	Execute Device Diagnostics 26
Cache 4, 6, 8	F
cache 10	F
capacity 9	FCC verification 19
case temperature 15	features 2
CE mark 18	Federal Communications Commission 19
certification 18	Flush Cache 26
Check Power Mode 27	Flush Cache Extended 26
chemical substances 20	Formatted capacity 9
	Formatted Gbytes 4, 6, 8
China RoHS directive 20	Freeze Lock 26
Class B computing device 19	
compatibility 18	G
Conducted noise 13	Gbytes 9
Conducted RF immunity 17	geometry 10
Configuring the drive 21	gradient 4, 6, 8
connectors 22	
CSA C22.2 (950) 18	Guaranteed sectors 4, 6, 8, 9 guaranteed sectors 9, 10
current 4, 6, 8	guaranteed sectors 9, 10
cycles 18	Н
Cylinders 10	
D	handling 21
D	Handling precautions 21
data-transfer rates 2	heads 10
DC power 12	Height 4, 6, 8

height 11	0
Humidity 15	Operating shock 16
humidity 5, 6, 8	Operating vibration 16
1	
	P
I/O data-transfer rate 4, 6, 8, 10	Physical characteristics 11
Identify 26	Physical organization 10
Identify Device 26	Physical read/write heads 4, 6, 8
Identify Device command 28	point-to-point 3, 21
Idle 12, 27	Power consumption 12
Idle and Standby timers 14	power dissipation 12
Idle Immediate 27	power management 14
Idle mode 4, 6, 8, 14	power on/off cycles 18
Idle mode power 12	Power specifications 12
IEC950 18	Power-management modes 14
Information Technology Equipment (ITE) 18	Power-on to Ready 11
Initialize Device Parameters 26	Power-on to ready 4, 6, 8
Input noise ripple 13	precautions 21, 22
Interface 10	programmable power management 14
interface 24	_
Interleave 10	Q
Internal data transfer rate 4, 6, 8	quick reference 4
Internal data-transfer rate 10	4
ITE 18	R
K	Radiated RF immunity 17
	Radio and television interference 19
Korean RRL 19	radio frequency (RF) 17
L	random track location 12
-	Read Buffer 26
latency 4, 6, 8	Read DMA 26
LBA mode 9, 10	Read DMA Extended 26
Length 4, 6, 8	Read DMA without Retries 26
length 11	read errors 5, 7, 9, 18
Load/Unload 18	Read Long with Retries 26
logical geometry 10	Read Long without Retries 26
M	Read Multiple 26
M	Read Multiple Extended 26
master/slave 3	Read Native Max Address 26
Max Address 26	Read Native Max Address Extended 26
maximum temperature 15	Read Sectors 26
Microcode 26	Read Sectors Extended 26
mounting 22	Read Sectors without Retries 26
mounting screws 16	Read Verify Sectors 26
mounting the drive 21	Read Verify Sectors Extended 26
M	Read Verify Sectors without Retries 26
N	Read/write heads 10
noise 13	Read/write power 4, 6, 8
nominal power 11	read/write power and current 12
Nonoperating shock 16	Recording density 4, 6, 8, 10
Nonoperating vibration 16	Recording method 10
Nonrecoverable read errors 5, 7, 9	Recording technology 10
nonrecoverable read errors 18	Relative humidity 5, 6, 8, 15
	Reliability 18
	resistance 13

Retries 26	Surge immunity 17
RF 17 RoHS 20	Т
RPM 4, 6, 8 RRL 19	temperature 4, 5, 6, 8, 11, 15 Temperature gradient 4, 6, 8, 15
S	timers 14 TPI 4, 6, 8
S.M.A.R.T. 27	Track density 4, 6, 8, 10
S.M.A.R.T. implementation 26	Track-to-track seek time 4, 6, 8, 1
Safety certification 18 SATA 10, 24	TUV North America 18
screws 16, 22	U
Seagate Technology Support Services 1	UL 1950 18
sector 9	
sectors 9	V
Sectors per track 10 Security Disable Password 27	Vibration 16
Security Erase Prepare 27	Vibration, nonoperating 5, 7, 9
Security Erase Unit 27	Vibration, operating 5, 7, 9
Security Freeze Lock 27	Voltage dips, interrupts 17
Security Set Password 27	Voltage tolerance 4, 6, 8, 13
Security Unlock 27	W
Seek 26 seek mode 12	Warranty 18
Seek power 4, 6, 8	Weight 4, 6, 8
Seek time 11	weight 11
seek time 4, 6, 8	Wet bulb temperature 5, 6, 8, 15
Seeking 12	Width 4, 6, 8
Self refresh, low power 14	width 11
Serial ATA 10	Write Buffer 27 Write DMA 27
Serial ATA (SATA) interface 24	Write DMA Extended 27
serial ATA ports 3 servo electronics 12	Write Long with Retries 27
Set Features 26	Write Long without Retries 27
Set Max Address 26	Write Multiple 27
Set Multiple Mode 26	Write Sectors 27
Shock 16	Write Sectors Extended 27
Shock, nonoperating 5, 6, 7, 8, 9	Write uncorrectable 27
Shock, operating 5, 6, 7, 8, 9	
single-track seeks 11 Sleep 12, 27	
Sleep mode 4, 6, 8, 14	
sound power 5, 7, 9	
Specification summary table 4	
Spindle speed 4, 6, 8, 10	
Spinup 12	
spinup power 12	
Standby 12, 27 Standby Immediate 27	
Standby mode 4, 6, 8, 12, 14	
Standby to Ready 11	
Standby to ready 4, 6, 8	
Start/stop times 11	
Startup current 4, 6, 8	
static-discharge 21	

11



Seagate Technology LLC

AMERICAS Seagate Technology LLC 10200 South De Anza Boulevard, Cupertino, California 95014, United States, 408-658-1000
ASIA/PACIFIC Seagate Singapore International Headquarters Pte. Ltd. 7000 Ang Mo Kio Avenue 5, Singapore 569877, 65-6485-3888
EUROPE, MIDDLE EAST AND AFRICA Seagate Technology SAS 16-18 rue du Dôme, 92100 Boulogne-Billancourt, France, 33 1-4186 10 00

Publication Number: 100528359, Rev. G

December 2012

Free Manuals Download Website

http://myh66.com

http://usermanuals.us

http://www.somanuals.com

http://www.4manuals.cc

http://www.manual-lib.com

http://www.404manual.com

http://www.luxmanual.com

http://aubethermostatmanual.com

Golf course search by state

http://golfingnear.com

Email search by domain

http://emailbydomain.com

Auto manuals search

http://auto.somanuals.com

TV manuals search

http://tv.somanuals.com