

Product Manual

Momentus [®] 5400.3 SATA Blade Server

ST9160821SB ST9120822SB ST9100828SB ST980815SB ST960815SB ST9402116SB

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One gigabyte, or GB, equals one billion bytes and one terabyte, or TB, equals one trillion bytes when referring to hard drive capacity. Accessible capacity may vary depending on operating environment and formatting. Quantitative usage examples for various applications are for illustrative purposes. Actual quantities will vary based on various factors, including file size, file format, features and application software. Seagate reserves the right to change, without notice, product offerings or specifications.

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1.0 Introduction

This manual describes the functional, mechanical and interface specifications for the following Seagate Momentus[®] 5400.3 SATA Blade Server model drives:

- ST9160821SB
- ST9120822SB
- ST9100828SB
- ST980815SB
- ST960815SB
- ST9402116SB

These drives provide the following key features:

- 5,400 RPM spindle speed.
- 8-Mbyte buffer.
- Quiet operation. Fluid Dynamic Bearing (FDB) motor.
- High instantaneous (burst) data-transfer rates (up to 150 Mbytes per second).
- Perpendicular recording technology provides the drives with increased areal density.
- State-of-the-art cache and on-the-fly error-correction algorithms.
- Full-track multiple-sector transfer capability without local processor intervention.
- 900 Gs nonoperating shock and 350 Gs of operating shock.
- SeaTools diagnostic software performs a drive self-test that eliminates unnecessary drive returns.
- The 3D Defense System[™], which includes Drive Defense, Data Defense and Diagnostic Defense, offers the industry's most comprehensive protection for disc drives.
- Support for S.M.A.R.T. drive monitoring and reporting.
- Support for Read Multiple and Write Multiple commands.

1.1 About the Serial ATA interface

The Serial ATA interface provides several advantages over the traditional (parallel) ATA interface. The primary advantages include:

- Easy installation and configuration with true plug-and-play connectivity. It is not necessary to set any jumpers or other configuration options.
- Thinner and more flexible cabling for improved enclosure airflow and ease of installation.
- Scalability to higher performance levels.

In addition, Serial ATA makes the transition from parallel ATA easy by providing legacy software support. Serial ATA was designed to allow you to install a Serial ATA host adapter and Serial ATA disc drive in your current system and expect all of your existing applications to work as normal.

The Serial ATA interface connects each disc drive in a point-to-point configuration with the Serial ATA host adapter. There is no master/slave relationship with Serial ATA devices like there is with parallel ATA. If two drives are attached on one Serial ATA host adapter, the host operating system views the two devices as if they were both "masters" on two separate ports. This essentially means both drives behave as if they are Device 0 (master) devices.

Note. The host adapter may, optionally, emulate a master/slave environment to host software where two devices on separate Serial ATA ports are represented to host software as a Device 0 (master) and Device 1 (slave) accessed at the same set of host bus addresses. A host adapter that emulates a master/slave environment manages two sets of shadow registers. This is not a typical Serial ATA environment.

The Serial ATA host adapter and drive share the function of emulating parallel ATA device behavior to provide backward compatibility with existing host systems and software. The Command and Control Block registers, PIO and DMA data transfers, resets, and interrupts are all emulated.

The Serial ATA host adapter contains a set of registers that shadow the contents of the traditional device registers, referred to as the Shadow Register Block. All Serial ATA devices behave like Device 0 devices. For additional information about how Serial ATA emulates parallel ATA, refer to the "Serial ATA: High Speed Serialized AT Attachment" specification. The specification can be downloaded from http://www.serialata.org.

2.0 Drive specifications

Unless otherwise noted, all specifications are measured under ambient conditions, at 25°C, and nominal power. For convenience, the phrases *the drive* and *this drive* are used throughout this manual to indicate the ST9160821SB, ST9120822SB, ST9100828SB, ST980815SB, ST960815SB, and ST9402116SB models.

2.1 Specification summary table

The specifications listed in this table are for quick reference. For details on specification measurement or definition, see the appropriate section of this manual.

Drive specification	ST9160821SB	ST9120822SB	ST9100828SB	ST980815SB	ST960815SB	ST9402116SB	
Formatted Gbytes (512 bytes/sector)*	160	120	100	80	60	40	
Guaranteed sectors	312,581,808	234,441,648	195,371,568	156,301,488	117,210,240	78,140,160	
Bytes per sector	512	512					
Physical read/write heads	4	3	3	2	2	1	
Discs	2	2	2	1	1	1	
Cache (Mbytes)	8						
Recording density in BPI (bits/inch max)	870k						
Track density TPI (tracks/inch max)	150k						
Areal density (Gbits/inch ² max)	132						
Spindle speed (RPM)	5,400						
Internal transfer rate (Mbits/sec max)	352						
I/O data transfer rate (Mbytes/sec max)	150						
ATA data-transfer modes supported	SATA 1.0, Seria PIO modes 0–4 Multiword DMA Ultra DMA mod	modes 0–2	2.5				
Height (max)	9.5 +/- 0.2 mm (0.374 +/0078 inches)						
Width (max)	69.85 mm (2.75 +/- 0.0098 inches)						
Length (max)	100.50 +/- 0.25 mm (3.957 +/- 0.010 inches)						
Weight (typical)	100 grams (0.22 lb) 96 grams (0.21 lb)						
Average latency (msec)	5.6			•			
Power-on to ready (sec typical)	3.0						
Standby to ready (sec typical)	3.0						
Track-to-track seek time (msec typical)	1.0 (read), 1.5	(write)					

Table 1: Drive specifications

Table 1: Drive specifications

Drive specification	ST9160821SB	ST9120822SB	ST9100828SB	ST980815SB	ST960815SB	ST9402116SB
Average seek, read (msec typical)	11.0					
Average seek, write (msec typical)	13.0	13.0				
Average random seek (msec)	12.5					
Full-stroke seek (msec)	22 (typical); 24	(max)				
Startup current, +5V (typical)	1.0 amps					
Seek power (typical)	2.0 watts					
Read/write power (typical)	Read: 1.9 watts	; Write: 1.8 watt	S			
Idle mode, low power (typical)	0.6 watts					
Standby mode	0.2 watts (typic	al)**				
Sleep mode	0.2 watts (typic	al)**				
Voltage tolerance (including noise)	+5.0V ± 5%					
Ambient temperature		erating), –40° to 7 ver-on Hours (PC	70°C (nonoperati 0H): 8760/year	ng)		
Temperature gradient (°C per hour max, noncondensing)	20°C (operating 30°C (nonoperating					
Relative humidity	5% to 90% (op 5% to 95% (no					
Relative humidity gradient	30% per hour r	nax				
Wet bulb temperature (max)	30°C (operating 40°C (nonoperation					
Altitude, operating	-304.8 m to 3,0	048 m (–1000 ft t	o 10,000 ft)			
Altitude, nonoperating (meters below mean sea level)	-304.8 m to 12	,192 m (–1000 ft	to 40,000 ft) ma:	x		
Shock, operating (Gs max at 2 msec)	350					
Shock, nonoperating (Gs max at 2 msec)	800					
Shock, nonoperating (Gs max at 1 msec)	900					
Shock, nonoperating (Gs max at 0.5 msec)	400					
Vibration, operating (max displace- ment may apply below 10 hz)	1.0 G (0 to pea	k, 5–500 Hz)				
Vibration, nonoperating (max dis- placement may apply below 22 hz)	5 Gs (0 to peak	, 5–500 Hz)				
Drive acoustics, sound power (bels)						
Idle***	2.4 (typical) 2.6 (max)					
Performance seek	3.0 (typical) 3.2 (max)					
Nonrecoverable read errors	overable read errors 1 per 10 ¹⁴ bits read					
Annualized Failure Rate (AFR)	1.79% at maxir	num case tempe	rature of 40°C ar	nd 8,760 power	on hours (POH).	
Load/Unload (U/UL) cycles						
25°C, 50% relative humidity 600,000 software-controlled power on/off cycles 20,000 hard power on/off cycles						
32°C, 80% relative humidity 5°C, 80% relative humidity 5°C, 10% relative humidity 55°C, 16% relative humidity		re-controlled pov wer on/off cycles				

Table 1:Drive specifications

Drive specification	ST9160821SB	ST9120822SB	ST9100828SB	ST980815SB	ST960815SB	ST9402116SB
Warranty	page: www.seagate.c From this page serial number,	ne warranty for a com/support/serv , click on the "Ve	rify Your Warrant or part number) a	y" link. You will b	be asked to provi	de the drive
Supports Hotplug operation per Serial ATA Revision 2.5 specifica- tion	Yes (requires C	OMPRESET fro	m host after a ho	tplug event)		

*One Gbyte equals one billion bytes when referring to hard drive capacity. Accessible capacity may vary depending on operating environment and formatting.

**Typical notebooks will pull power to the drive when entering S3 and S4; while in the S3 and S4 states, drive sleep and drive standby modes will not contribute to battery power consumption.

***During periods of drive idle, some offline activity may occur according to the S.M.A.R.T. specification, which may increase acoustic and power to operational levels.

2.2 Formatted capacity

Model	Formatted capacity*	Guaranteed sectors	Bytes per sector
ST9160821SB	160 Gbytes	312,581,808	512
ST9120822SB	120 Gbytes	234,441,648	512
ST9100828SB	100 Gbytes	195,371,568	512
ST980815SB	80 Gbytes	156,301,488	512
ST960815SB	60 Gbytes	117,210,240	512
ST9402116SB	40 Gbytes	78,140,160	512

*One Gbyte equals one billion bytes when referring to hard drive capacity. Accessible capacity may vary depending on operating environment and formatting.

2.2.1 LBA mode

When addressing these drives in LBA mode, all blocks (sectors) are consecutively numbered from 0 to n-1, where *n* is the number of guaranteed sectors as defined above.

See Section 4.3.1, "Identify Device command" (words 60-61 and 100-103) for additional information about 48bit addressing support of drives with capacities over 137 Gbytes.

2.3 Default logical geometry

Cylinders	Read/write heads	Sectors per track
16,383	16	63

LBA mode

When addressing these drives in LBA mode, all blocks (sectors) are consecutively numbered from 0 to n-1, where *n* is the number of guaranteed sectors as defined above.

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2.4 Physical organization

Drive model	Read/write heads	Number of discs
ST9160821SB	4	2
ST9120822SB	3	2
ST9100828SB	3	2
ST980815SB	2	1
ST960815SB	2	1
ST9402116SB	1	1

2.5 Recording and interface technology

Interface	Serial ATA (SATA)
Recording method	Perpendicular
Recording density BPI (bits/inch max)	870k
Track density TPI (tracks/inch max)	150k
Areal density (Gbits/inch ² max)	132
Spindle speed (RPM) (± 0.2%)	5,400
Maximum Internal transfer rate (Mbits/sec)	352
I/O data-transfer rate (Mbytes/sec max)	150 (SATA 1.0)
Interleave	1:1
Cache buffer	8 Mbytes (8,192 kbytes)

2.6 Physical characteristics

Drive specific	ation	
Height	(mm) (inches)	9.5 +/-0.2 0.374 +/-0.0078
Width	(mm) (inches)	69.85 +/-0.25 2.75 +/-0.0098
Length	(mm) (inches)	100.50 +/-0.25 3.957 +/-0.010
Typical weight	ST9160821SB ST9120822SB ST9100828SB ST980815SB ST960815SB ST960815SB ST9402116SB	100 grams 0.22 pounds 96 grams 0.21 pounds

2.7 Seek time

Seek measurements are taken with nominal power at 25°C ambient temperature. All times are measured using drive diagnostics. The specifications in the table below are defined as follows:

- Track-to-track seek time is an average of all possible single-track seeks in both directions.
- Average seek time is a true statistical random average of at least 5,000 measurements of seeks between random tracks, less overhead.

Table 2: Typical seek times	Table 2:	Typical seek times
-----------------------------	----------	--------------------

Typical seek times (msec)	Read	Write
Track-to-track	1.0	1.5
Average	11.0	13.0
Full-stroke	22.0	24.0
Average latency	5.56	5.56

Note. These drives are designed to consistently meet the seek times represented in this manual. Physical seeks, regardless of mode (such as track-to-track and average), are expected to meet the noted values. However, due to the manner in which these drives are formatted, benchmark tests that include command overhead or measure logical seeks may produce results that vary from these specifications.

2.8 Time to ready

Time to ready	Typical	Max @ 25°C
Power-on to Ready (sec)	3.5	8.0
Standby to Ready (sec)	3.0	8.0

2.9 Power specifications

The drive receives DC power (+5V) through a native SATA power connector.

2.9.1 Power consumption

Power requirements for the drives are listed in the table on page 7. Typical power measurements are based on an average of drives tested, under nominal conditions, at 25°C ambient temperature, after 25 minutes of operation.

Spinup power

Spinup power is measured from the time of power-on to the time that the drive spindle reaches operating speed.

Seek mode

During seek mode, the read/write actuator arm moves toward a specific position on the disc surface and does not execute a read or write operation. Servo electronics are active. Seek mode power is measured based on three random seek operations every 100 msecs. This mode is not typical.

• Read/write power and current

Read/write power is measured with the heads on track, based on three 63 sector read or write operations every 100 msecs.

• Idle mode power

Idle mode power is measured with the drive up to speed, with servo electronics active and with the heads in a random track location.

Standby mode

During Standby mode, the drive accepts commands, but the drive is not spinning, and the servo and read/ write electronics are in power-down model

Power dissipation	+5V input average (25° C)
Spinup	1.0 A
Seek	2.0 watts
Read	1.9 watts
Write	1.8 watts
Idle, performance mode*	1.4 watts
Idle, active*	0.75 watts
Idle, low power mode*	0.6 watts
Standby	0.2 watts
Sleep	0.2 watts

Table 3: DC power

*During periods of drive idle, some offline activity may occur according to the S.M.A.R.T. specification, which may increase acoustic and power to operational levels.

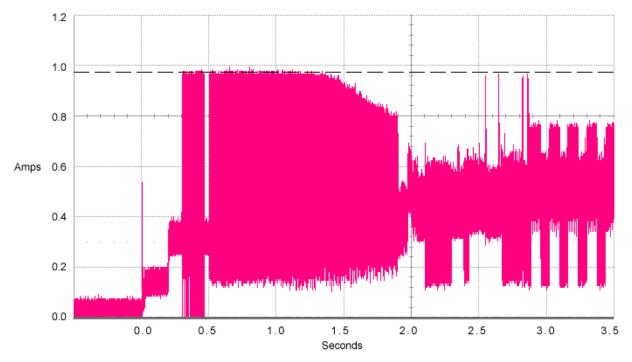


Figure 1. Typical +5V startup and operation current profile

2.9.2 Deferred spinup

Momentus 5400.3 SATA drives provide a deferred spinup feature which storage subsystem controllers can use to sequence disc drive initialization. This is beneficial to systems which include multiple Serial ATA hard disc drives because it allows subsystem controllers to stagger the spinup of each drive to accommodate available power supply current. This feature does not impact time-to-ready in typical desktop systems.

To accommodate the deferred spinup of multiple disc drives in an enclosure, Momentus 5400.3 SATA disc drives will spin up only after power is applied to the drive and after successful PHY (Physical layer) initialization. PHY initialization occurs after the PHY enters the DP7:DR_Ready state. This state is reached after a successful exchange of Out-Of-Band (OOB) signals with a functional host-side Serial ATA port. In desktop systems, SATA transceivers should initialize OOB as soon as power comes ready to guarantee the drive spins up quickly. Seagate disc drives will not spin up without an operational host-side Serial ATA transceiver.

Additional details

Upon system power up, PHY communication is initiated with a COMRESET signal, which is generated by the host-side transceiver. COMRESET is followed by a COMINIT signal generated by the disc drive transceiver. COMRESET and COMINIT are followed by an exchange of COMWAKE signals and Align primitives. The disc drive will spin up after the successful exchange of Align primitives cause the PHY to come ready.

For more details, refer to:

- Section 6.8 of the Serial ATA 1.0 High-Speed Serialized AT Attachment specification
- Section 6.2 of the Serial ATA II: Extensions to Serial ATA 1.0 specification
- SATA 1.0 design guides

Note. These specifications and guides are available on the Serial ATA web site (www.serialata.org).

2.9.3 Conducted noise

Input noise ripple is measured at the host system power supply across an equivalent 15-ohm resistive load on the +5 volt line.

Using 5-volt power, the drive is expected to operate with a maximum of 100 mV peak-to-peak square-wave injected noise at up to 10 MHz.

Note. Equivalent resistance is calculated by dividing the nominal voltage by the typical RMS read/write current.

2.9.4 Voltage tolerance

Voltage tolerance (including noise):

 $5V \pm 5\%$

2.10 Environmental specifications

2.10.1 Ambient temperature

Ambient temperature is defined as the temperature of the environment immediately surrounding the drive. Duty 50%, power-on hours (POH) of 8,750 per year (24 hours per day, 7 days per week operation). Actual drive case temperature should not exceed 45°C (113°F) within the operating ambient conditions.

Above 1,000 feet (305 meters), the maximum temperature is derated linearly by 1°C every 1000 feet.

Operating:	0° to 40°C (32° to 104°F)
Nonoperating:	-40° to 70°C (-40° to 158°F)

2.10.2 Temperature gradient

Operating	20°C per hour (68°F per hour max), without condensation
Nonoperating	30°C per hour (86°F per hour max), without condensation

2.10.3 Humidity

2.10.3.1 Relative humidity

Operating	5% to 90% noncondensing (30% per hour max)
Nonoperating	5% to 95% noncondensing (30% per hour max)

2.10.3.2 Wet bulb temperature

Operating	30°C (86°F max)
Nonoperating	40°C (104°F max)

2.10.4 Altitude

Operating	-304.8 m to 3,048 m (-1,000 ft to 10,000+ ft)
Nonoperating	-304.8 m to 12,192 m (-1,000 ft to 40,000+ ft)

2.10.5 Shock

All shock specifications assume that the drive is mounted securely with the input shock applied at the drive mounting screws. Shock may be applied in the X, Y or Z axis.

2.10.5.1 Operating shock

These drives comply with the performance levels specified in this document when subjected to a maximum operating shock of 350 Gs based on half-sine shock pulses of 2 msec. Shocks should not be repeated more than two times per second.

2.10.5.2 Nonoperating shock

The nonoperating shock level that the drive can experience without incurring physical damage or degradation in performance when subsequently put into operation is 800 Gs based on a nonrepetitive half-sine shock pulse of 2 msec duration.

The nonoperating shock level that the drive can experience without incurring physical damage or degradation in performance when subsequently put into operation is 900 Gs based on a nonrepetitive half-sine shock pulse of 1 msec duration.

The nonoperating shock level that the drive can experience without incurring physical damage or degradation in performance when subsequently put into operation is 400 Gs based on a nonrepetitive half-sine shock pulse of 0.5 msec duration.

2.10.6 Vibration

All vibration specifications assume that the drive is mounted securely with the input vibration applied at the drive mounting screws. Vibration may be applied in the X, Y or Z axis.

2.10.6.1 Operating vibration

The maximum vibration levels that the drive may experience while meeting the performance standards specified in this document are specified below.

5–500 Hz	1.0 Gs (0 to peak). Max displacement may apply below 10 Hz.
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2.10.6.2 Nonoperating vibration

The maximum nonoperating vibration levels that the drive may experience without incurring physical damage or degradation in performance when subsequently put into operation are specified below.

5–500 Hz: 5.0 Gs (0 to peak). Max displacement may apply below 22 Hz.

2.11 Acoustics

Drive acoustics are measured as overall A-weighted acoustic sound power levels (no pure tones). All measurements are consistent with ISO document 7779. Sound power measurements are taken under essentially free-field conditions over a reflecting plane. For all tests, the drive is oriented with the cover facing upward.

Note. For seek mode tests, the drive is placed in seek mode only. The number of seeks per second is defined by the following equation:

(Number of seeks per second = 0.4 / (average latency + average access time))

Table 4:Drive level acoustics

Models		ldle*	Performance Seek
2 discs	ST9160821SB ST9120822SB ST9100828SB	2.4 bels (typ) 2.6 bels (max)	3.0 bels (typ) 3.2 bels (max)
1 disc	ST980815SB ST960815SB ST9402116SB	2.2 bels (typ) 2.4 bels (max)	2.9 bels (typ) 3.1 bels (max)

*During periods of drive idle, some offline activity may occur according to the S.M.A.R.T. specification, which may increase acoustic and power to operational levels.

2.12 Electromagnetic immunity

When properly installed in a representative host system, the drive operates without errors or degradation in performance when subjected to the radio frequency (RF) environments defined in the following table:

Test	Description	Performance level	Reference standard
Electrostatic discharge	Contact, HCP, VCP: ± 4 kV; Air: ± 8 kV	В	EN 61000-4-2: 95
Radiated RF immunity	80 to 1,000 MHz, 3 V/m, 80% AM with 1 kHz sine 900 MHz, 3 V/m, 50% pulse modulation @ 200 Hz	A	EN 61000-4-3: 96 ENV 50204: 95
Electrical fast transient	\pm 1 kV on AC mains, \pm 0.5 kV on external I/ O	В	EN 61000-4-4: 95
Surge immunity	\pm 1 kV differential, \pm 2 kV common, AC mains	В	EN 61000-4-5: 95
Conducted RF immunity	150 kHz to 80 MHz, 3 Vrms, 80% AM with 1 kHz sine	A	EN 61000-4-6: 97
Power Frequency H-field immunity	1 A/m, 50Hz/60Hz, 3 axes	A	EN 61000-4-8: 97
Voltage dips, interrupts	30% Reduction for 25 cycles >95% Reduction for 250 cycles >95%, 0.5 cycles	C C B	EN 61000-4-11: 94

A - 1) No upset or degradation in performance beyond manufacturer's specified limits.
 2) No data loss.

B - 1) Unit self recovers without user intervention.2) No data loss.

C - 1) Upset OK provided that unit will function after user intervention.

2.13 Reliability

Measurement type	Specification
Nonrecoverable read errors	1 per 10 ¹⁴ bits read, max.
Annualized Failure Rate (AFR)	1.79% at maximum case temperature of 40°C and 8,760 power on hours (POH).
Load/Unload (U/UL)	
25°C, 50% relative humidity	600,000 software-controlled power on/off cycles 20,000 hard power on/off cycles
32°C, 80% relative humidity 5°C, 80% relative humidity 5°C, 10% relative humidity 55°C, 16% relative humidity	600,000 software-controlled power on/off cycles 20,000 hard power on/off cycles
Warranty	5 years on distribution units.
	To determine the warranty for a specific drive, use a web browser to access the following web page:
	www.seagate.com/support/service/
	From this page, click on the "Verify Your Warranty" link. You will be asked to pro- vide the drive serial number, model number (or part number) and country of pur- chase. The system will display the warranty information for your drive.

2.14 Agency certification

2.14.1 Safety certification

The drives are recognized in accordance with UL 1950 and CSA C22.2 (950) and meet all applicable sections of IEC950 and EN 60950 as tested by TUV North America.

2.14.2 Electromagnetic compatibility

Hard drives that display the CE mark comply with the European Union (EU) requirements specified in the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (89/336/EEC). Testing is performed to the levels specified by the product standards for Information Technology Equipment (ITE). Emission levels are defined by EN 55022, Class B and the immunity levels are defined by EN 55024.

Seagate uses an independent laboratory to confirm compliance with the EC directives specified in the previous paragraph. Drives are tested in representative end-user systems. Although CE-marked Seagate drives comply with the directives when used in the test systems, we cannot guarantee that all systems will comply with the directives. The drive is designed for operation inside a properly designed enclosure, with properly shielded I/O cable (if necessary) and terminators on all unused I/O ports. Computer manufacturers and system integrators should confirm EMC compliance and provide CE marking for their products.

Korean RRL

If these drives have the Korea Ministry of Information and Communication (MIC) logo, they comply with paragraph 1 of Article 11 of the Electromagnetic Compatibility control Regulation and meet the Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Framework requirements of the Radio Research Laboratory (RRL) Ministry of Information and Communication Republic of Korea.

These drives have been tested and comply with the Electromagnetic Interference/Electromagnetic Susceptibility (EMI/EMS) for Class B products. Drives are tested in a representative, end-user system by a Korean-recognized lab.

- EUT name (model numbers): ST9160821SB, ST9120822SB, ST9100828SB, ST980815SB, ST960815SB, and ST9402116SB.
- Certificate number: STX-L253 (B)
- Trade name or applicant: Seagate Technology
- Manufacturing date: January 2006
- Manufacturer/nationality: USA, Singapore and China

Australian C-Tick (N176)

If these models have the C-Tick marking, they comply with the Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS3548 1995 and meet the Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Framework requirements of the Australian Communication Authority (ACA).

2.14.3 FCC verification

These drives are intended to be contained solely within a personal computer or similar enclosure (not attached as an external device). As such, each drive is considered to be a subassembly even when it is individually marketed to the customer. As a subassembly, no Federal Communications Commission verification or certification of the device is required.

Seagate Technology LLC has tested this device in enclosures as described above to ensure that the total assembly (enclosure, disc drive, motherboard, power supply, etc.) does comply with the limits for a Class B computing device, pursuant to Subpart J, Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation with noncertified assemblies is likely to result in interference to radio and television reception.

Radio and television interference. This equipment generates and uses radio frequency energy and if not installed and used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, may cause interference to radio and television reception.

This equipment is designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference in a residential installation. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television, which can be determined by turning the equipment on and off, you are encouraged to try one or more of the following corrective measures:

- Reorient the receiving antenna.
- Move the device to one side or the other of the radio or TV.
- Move the device farther away from the radio or TV.
- Plug the computer into a different outlet so that the receiver and computer are on different branch outlets.

If necessary, you should consult your dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for additional suggestions. You may find helpful the following booklet prepared by the Federal Communications Commission: *How to Identify and Resolve Radio-Television Interference Problems*. This booklet is available from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. Refer to publication number 004-000-00345-4.

2.15 Environmental protection

Seagate designs its products to meet environmental protection requirements worldwide, including regulations restricting certain chemical substances.

2.15.1 European Union Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)

The European Union Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive restricts the presence of chemical substances, including Lead (Pb), in electronic products effective July 2006.

A number of parts and materials in Seagate products are procured from external suppliers. We rely on the rep-resentations of our suppliers regarding the presence of RoHS substances in these parts and materials. Our supplier contracts require compliance with our chemical substance restrictions, and our suppliers document their compliance with our requirements by providing material content declarations for all parts and materials for the disc drives documented in this publication. Current supplier declarations include disclosure of the inclusion of any RoHS-regulated substance in such parts or materials.

Seagate also has internal systems in place to ensure ongoing compliance with the RoHS Directive and all laws and regulations which restrict chemical content in electronic products. These systems include standard operating procedures that ensure that restricted substances are not utilized in our manufacturing operations, laboratory analytical validation testing, and an internal auditing process to ensure that all standard operating procedures are complied with.

2.16 Corrosive environment

Seagate electronic drive components pass accelerated corrosion testing equivalent to 10 years exposure to light industrial environments containing sulfurous gases, chlorine and nitric oxide, classes G and H per ASTM B845. However, this accelerated testing cannot duplicate every potential application environment.

Users should use caution exposing any electronic components to uncontrolled chemical pollutants and corrosive chemicals as electronic drive component reliability can be affected by the installation environment. The silver, copper, nickel and gold films used in Seagate products are especially sensitive to the presence of sulfide, chloride, and nitrate contaminants. Sulfur is found to be the most damaging. In addition, electronic components should never be exposed to condensing water on the surface of the printed circuit board assembly (PCBA) or exposed to an ambient relative humidity greater than 95%. Materials used in cabinet fabrication, such as vulcanized rubber, that can outgas corrosive compounds should be minimized or eliminated. The useful life of any electronic equipment may be extended by replacing materials near circuitry with sulfide-free alternatives.

3.0 Configuring and mounting the drive

This section contains the specifications and instructions for configuring and mounting the drive.

3.1 Handling and static-discharge precautions

After unpacking, and before installation, the drive may be exposed to potential handling and electrostatic discharge (ESD) hazards. Observe the following standard handling and static-discharge precautions:

Caution:

- Keep the drive in the electrostatic discharge (ESD) bag until you are ready for installation to limit the drive's exposure to ESD.
- Before handling the drive, put on a grounded wrist strap, or ground yourself frequently by touching the metal chassis of a computer that is plugged into a grounded outlet. Wear a grounded wrist strap throughout the entire installation procedure.
- Handle the drive only by its edges or frame.
- The drive is fragile—handle it with care. Do not press down on the drive top cover.
- Always rest the drive on a padded, antistatic surface until you mount it in the computer.
- Do not touch the connector pins or the printed circuit board.
- Do not remove the factory-installed labels from the drive or cover them with additional labels. Removal voids the warranty. Some factory-installed labels contain information needed to service the drive. Other labels are used to seal out dirt and contamination.

3.2 Configuring the drive

Each drive on the Serial ATA interface connects in a point-to-point configuration with the Serial ATA host adapter. There is no master/slave relationship because each drive is considered a master in a point-to-point relationships. If two drives are attached on one Serial ATA host adapter, the host operating system views the two devices as if they were both "masters" on two separate ports. This means both drives behave as if they are Device 0 (master) devices.

Serial ATA drives are designed for easy installation with no jumpers, terminators, or other settings. It is not necessary to set any jumpers on this drive for proper operation. The jumper block adjacent to the signal connector is for factory use only.

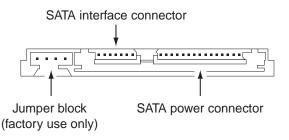


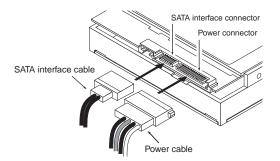
Figure 2. Serial ATA connectors

3.3 Serial ATA cables and connectors

The Serial ATA interface cable consists of four conductors in two differential pairs, plus three ground connections. The cable size may be 30 to 26 AWG with a maximum length of one meter (39.37 inches). See Table 6 for connector pin definitions. Either end of the SATA signal cable can be attached to the drive or host.

For direct backplane connection, the drive connectors are inserted directly into the host receptacle. The drive and the host receptacle incorporate features that enable the direct connection to be hot pluggable and blind mateable.

For installations which require cables, you can connect the drive as illustrated in Figure 3.





Each cable is keyed to ensure correct orientation.

3.4 Drive mounting

You can mount the drive using four screws in the side-mounting holes or four screws in the bottom-mounting holes. See Figure 4 for drive mounting dimensions. Follow these important mounting precautions when mounting the drive:

- Allow a minimum clearance of 0.030 inches (0.76 mm) around the entire perimeter of the drive for cooling.
- Use only M3 UNC mounting screws.
- Do not overtighten the mounting screws (maximum torque: 4.0 inch-lb).
- Four (4) threads (0.080 inches) minimum screw engagement recommended.

Measurements shown in Figure 4 are in inches.

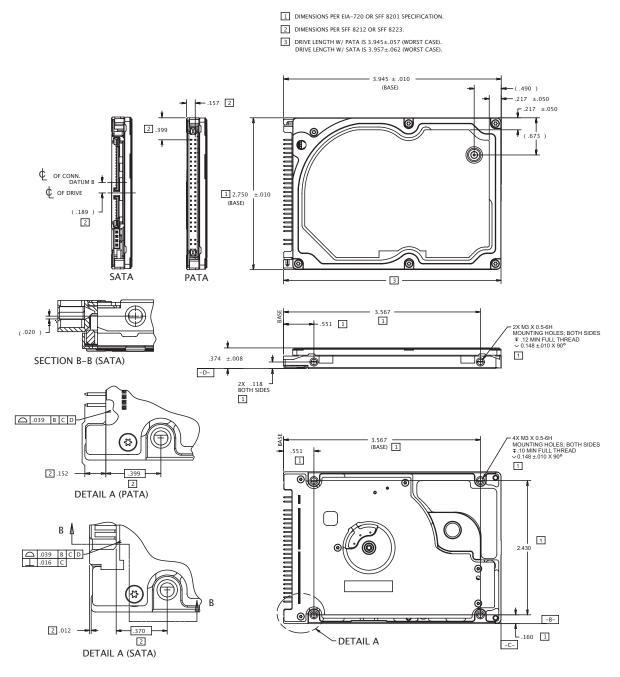


Figure 4. Mounting dimensions-top, side and end view

4.0 Serial ATA (SATA) interface

These drives use the industry-standard Serial ATA interface that supports FIS data transfers. It supports ATA programmed input/output (PIO) modes 0–4; multiword DMA modes 0–2, and Ultra DMA modes 0–6. The drive also supports the use of the IORDY signal to provide reliable high-speed data transfers.

For detailed information about the Serial ATA interface, refer to the "Serial ATA: High Speed Serialized AT Attachment" specification.

4.1 Hot-Plug compatibility

Momentus 5400.3 SATA drives incorporate connectors which enable you to hot plug these drives in accordance with the Serial ATA: High Speed Serialized AT Attachment specification revision 2.0. This specification can be downloaded from http://www.serialata.org. This device requires a COMRESET from the host after a hotplug event.

4.2 Serial ATA device plug connector pin definitions

Table 6 summarizes the signals on the Serial ATA interface and power connectors..

Segment	Pin	Function	Definition
	S1	Ground	2nd mate
	S2	A+	Differential signal pair A from Phy
	S3	A-	
	S4	Ground	2nd mate
	S5	В-	Differential signal pair B from Phy
	S6	B+	
Signal	S7	Ground	2nd mate

Key and spacing separate signal and power segments

Segment	Pin	Function	Definition
Power	P1	V ₃₃	3.3V power
	P2	V ₃₃	3.3V power
	P3	V ₃₃	3.3V power, pre-charge, 2nd mate
	P4	Ground	1st mate
	P5	Ground	2nd mate
	P6	Ground	2nd mate
	P7	V ₅	5V power, pre-charge, 2nd mate
	P8	V ₅	5V power
	P9	V ₅	5V power
	P10	Ground	2nd mate
	P11	Reserved	The pin corresponding to P11 in the backplane receptacle connector is also reserved The corresponding pin to be mated with P11 in the power cable receptacle connector shall always be grounded
	P12	Ground	1st mate.
	P13	V ₁₂	12V power, pre-charge, 2nd mate
	P14	V ₁₂	12V power
	P15	V ₁₂	12V power

Table 6: Serial ATA connector pin definitions

Notes:

- 1. All pins are in a single row, with a 1.27 mm (0.050") pitch.
- 2. The comments on the mating sequence apply to the case of backplane blindmate connector only. In this case, the mating sequences are:
 - the ground pins P4 and P12.
 - the pre-charge power pins and the other ground pins.
 - the signal pins and the rest of the power pins.
- 3. There are three power pins for each voltage. One pin from each voltage is used for pre-charge when installed in a blind-mate backplane configuration.
- 4. All used voltage pins (V_x) must be terminated.

4.3 Supported ATA commands

The following table lists Serial ATA standard commands that the drive supports. For a detailed description of the ATA commands, refer to the Serial ATA: High Speed Serialized AT Attachment specification. See "S.M.A.R.T. commands" on page 30.for details and subcommands used in the S.M.A.R.T. implementation.

Command name	Command code (in hex)
ATA-standard commands	
Device Configuration Restore	B1h/C0h
Device Configuration Freeze Lock	B1h/C1h
Device Configuration Identify	B1h/C2h
Device Configuration Set	B1h/C3h
Download Microcode	92h
Execute Device Diagnostics	90h
Flush Cache	E7h
Flush Cache Extended	EAh
Identify Device	ECh
Initialize Device Parameters	91h
Read Buffer	E4h
Read DMA	C8h
Read DMA Extended	25h
Read DMA without Retries	C9h
Read Long with Retries	22h
Read Long without Retries	23h
Read Multiple	C4h
Read Multiple Extended	29h
Read Native Max Address	F8h
Read Native Max Address Extended	27h
Read Sectors	20h
Read Sectors Extended	24h
Read Sectors without Retries	21h
Read Verify Sectors	40h
Read Verify Sectors Extended	42h
Read Verify Sectors without Retries	41h
Seek	70h
Set Features	EFh
Set Max Address	F9h

Command name	Command code (in hex)		
Note: Individual Set Max commands are identi- fied by the value placed in the Set Max Fea- tures register as defined to the right.	Address: Password: Lock: Unlock: Freeze Lock:	00 _H 01 _H 02 _H 03 _H 04 _H	
Set Multiple Mode	C6h		
S.M.A.R.T. Disable Operations	B0h/D9h		
S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Autosave	B0h/D2h		
S.M.A.R.T. Enable Operations	B0h/D8h		
S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Auto Offline	B0h/DBh		
S.M.A.R.T. Enable One Attribute Modification	B0h/E0h		
S.M.A.R.T. Execute Offline	B0h/D4h		
S.M.A.R.T. Read Attribute Thresholds	B0h/D1h		
S.M.A.R.T. Read Data	B0h/D0h		
S.M.A.R.T. Read Log Sector	B0h/D5h		
S.M.A.R.T. Return Status	B0h/DAh		
S.M.A.R.T. Save Attribute Values	B0h/D3h		
S.M.A.R.T. Write Attribute Thresholds	B0h/D7h		
S.M.A.R.T. Write Attribute Values	B0h/E1h		
S.M.A.R.T. Write Log Sector	B0h/D6h		
Write Buffer	E8h		
Write DMA	CAh		
Write DMA Extended	35h		
Write DMA without Retries	CBh		
Write Long with Retries	32h		
Write Long without Retries	33h		
Write Multiple	C5h		
Write Sectors	30h _, 31h		
Write Sectors Extended	34h		
ATA-standard power-management commands			
Check Power Mode	98h or E5h		
Idle	97h or E3h		
Idle Immediate	95h or E1h		
Sleep	99h or E6h		
Standby	96h or E2h		
Standby Immediate	94h or E0h		
ATA-standard security commands			

Command name	Command code (in hex)
Security Set Password	F1h
Security Unlock	F2h
Security Erase Prepare	F3h
Security Erase Unit	F4h
Security Freeze Lock	F5h
Security Disable Password	F6h

4.3.1 Identify Device command

The Identify Device command (command code EC_H) transfers information about the drive to the host following power up. The data is organized as a single 512-byte block of data, whose contents are shown in the table on page 27. All reserved bits or words should be set to zero. Parameters listed with an "x" are drive-specific or vary with the state of the drive. See Section 2.0 on page 3 for default parameter settings.

The following commands contain drive-specific features that may not be included in the Serial ATA specification.

Word	Description	Value
0	Configuration information: • Bit 15: 0 = ATA; 1 = ATAPI • Bit 7: removable media • Bit 6: removable controller • Bit 0: reserved	0C5A _H
1	Number of logical cylinders	16,383
2	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
3	Number of logical heads	16
4	Retired	0000 _H
5	Retired	0000 _H
6	Number of logical sectors per logical track: 63	003F _H
7–9	Retired	0000 _H
10–19	Serial number: (20 ASCII characters, 0000 _H = none)	ASCII
20	Retired	0000 _H
21	Retired	0400 _H
22	Obsolete	0000 _H
23–26	Firmware revision (8 ASCII character string, padded with blanks to end of string)	x.xx
27–46	Drive model number: (40 ASCII characters, padded with blanks to end of string)	ST9160821SB ST9120822SB ST9100828SB ST980815SB ST960815SB ST9402116SB
47	(Bits 7–0) Maximum sectors per interrupt on Read multiple and Write multiple (16)	8010 _H
48	Reserved	0000 _H
49	Standard Standby timer, IORDY supported and may be dis- abled	2F00 _H
50	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
51	PIO data-transfer cycle timing mode	0200 _H
52	Retired	0200 _H
53	Words 54–58, 64–70 and 88 are valid	0007 _H
54	Number of current logical cylinders	xxxx _H
55	Number of current logical heads	xxxx _H

Word	Description	Value	
56	Number of current logical sectors per logical track	xxxx _H	
57–58	Current capacity in sectors	xxxx _H	
59	Number of sectors transferred during a Read Multiple or Write Multiple command	xxxx _H	
60–61	Total number of user-addressable LBA sectors available (see Section 2.2 for related information)	ST9160821SB = 312,581,808 ST9120822SB = 234,441,648 ST9100828SB = 195,371,568 ST980815SB = 156,301,488 ST960815SB = 117,210,240 ST9402116SB = 78,140,160	
62	Retired	0000 _H	
63	Multiword DMA active and modes supported (see note following this table)	xx07 _H	
64	Advanced PIO modes supported (modes 3 and 4 supported)	0003 _H	
65	Minimum multiword DMA transfer cycle time per word (120 nsec)	0078 _H	
66	Recommended multiword DMA transfer cycle time per word (120 nsec)	0078 _H	
67	Minimum PIO cycle time without IORDY flow control (240 nsec)	00F0 _H	
68	Minimum PIO cycle time with IORDY flow control (120 nsec)	0078 _H	
69–74	ATA-reserved	0000 _H	
75	Queue depth	0000 _H	
76	Serial ATA capabilities	0508 _H	
77	ATA-reserved	0000 _H	
78	Serial ATA features supported	0048 _H	
79	Serial ATA features enabled	0040 _H	
80	Major version number	003E _H	
81	Minor version number	0000 _H	
82	Command sets supported	306B _H	
83	Command sets supported	4001 _H	
84	Command sets support extension	4000 _H	
85	Command sets enabled	30 <i>xx</i> _H	
86	Command sets enabled	0001 _H	
87	Command sets enable extension	4000 _H	
88	Ultra DMA support and current mode (see note following this table)	xx7F _H	
89	Security erase time	0000 _H	
90	Enhanced security erase time	0000 _H	
92	Master password revision code	FFFE _H	

Word	Description	Value
93	Hardware reset value (see description following this table)	xxxx _H
94	Auto acoustic management setting	xxxx _H
95–99	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
100– 103	Total number of user-addressable LBA sectors available (see Section 2.2 for related information) These words are required for drives that support the 48-bit addressing feature. Maximum value: 0000FFFFFFFFFFFF.	ST9160821SB = 312,581,808 ST9120822SB = 234,441,648 ST9100828SB = 195,371,568 ST980815SB = 156,301,488 ST960815SB = 117,210,240 ST9402116SB = 78,140,160
104– 127	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
128	Security status	0001 _H
129– 159	Seagate-reserved	xxxx _H
160– 254	ATA-reserved	0000 _H
255	Integrity word	xxA5 _H

Note. See the bit descriptions below for words 63, 88, 93 and 94 of the Identify Drive data:

Description	(if	bit is	set	to	1)
-------------	-----	--------	-----	----	----

 Bit	Word 63
 0	Multiword DMA mode 0 is supported.
 1	Multiword DMA mode 1 is supported.
2	Multiword DMA mode 2 is supported.
8	Multiword DMA mode 0 is currently active.
9	Multiword DMA mode 1 is currently active.
10	Multiword DMA mode 2 is currently active.
 Bit	Word 88
 0	Ultra DMA mode 0 is supported.
1	Ultra DMA mode 1 is supported.
2	Ultra DMA mode 2 is supported.
3	Ultra DMA mode 3 is supported.
4	Ultra DMA mode 4 is supported.
 8	Ultra DMA mode 0 is currently active.
9	Ultra DMA mode 1 is currently active.
10	Ultra DMA mode 2 is currently active.
 11	Ultra DMA mode 3 is currently active.
12	Ultra DMA mode 4 is currently active.

13	Ultra DMA mode 5 is currently active.		
Bit	Word 93		
13	1 = 80-conductor cable detected, CBLID above V _{IH} 0 = 40-conductor cable detected, CBLID below VIL		

4.3.2 Set Features command

This command controls the implementation of various features that the drive supports. When the drive receives this command, it sets BSY, checks the contents of the Features register, clears BSY and generates an interrupt. If the value in the register does not represent a feature that the drive supports, the command is aborted. Power-on default has the read look-ahead and write caching features enabled. The acceptable values for the Features register are defined as follows:

Table 7: Set Features command values

- 02_H Enable write cache *(default).*
- 03_H Set transfer mode (based on value in Sector Count register). Sector Count register values:
 - 00_{H} Set PIO mode to default (PIO mode 2).
 - 01_H Set PIO mode to default and disable IORDY (PIO mode 2).
 - 08_H PIO mode 0
 - 09_H PIO mode 1
 - 0A_H PIO mode 2
 - 0B_H PIO mode 3
 - 0C_H PIO mode 4 (default)
 - 20_H Multiword DMA mode 0
 - 21_H Multiword DMA mode 1
 - 22_H Multiword DMA mode 2
 - 40_H Ultra DMA mode 0
 - 41_H Ultra DMA mode 1
 - 42_H Ultra DMA mode 2
 - 43_H Ultra DMA mode 3
 - 44_H Ultra DMA mode 4
 - 45_H Ultra DMA mode 5
- 55_H Disable read look-ahead (read cache) feature.
- 82_H Disable write cache
- AA_H Enable read look-ahead (read cache) feature (default).
- F1_H Report full capacity available
- **Note.** At power-on, or after a hardware or software reset, the default values of the features are as indicated above.

4.3.3 S.M.A.R.T. commands

S.M.A.R.T. provides near-term failure prediction for disc drives. When S.M.A.R.T. is enabled, the drive monitors predetermined drive attributes that are susceptible to degradation over time. If self-monitoring determines that a failure is likely, S.M.A.R.T. makes a status report available to the host. Not all failures are predictable. S.M.A.R.T. predictability is limited to the attributes the drive can monitor. For more information on S.M.A.R.T. commands and implementation, see the *Draft ATA-5 Standard*.

SeaTools diagnostic software activates a built-in drive self-test (DST S.M.A.R.T. command for D4_H) that eliminates unnecessary drive returns. The diagnostic software ships with all new drives and is also available at: <u>http://seatools.seagate.com</u>.

This drive is shipped with S.M.A.R.T. features disabled. You must have a recent BIOS or software package that supports S.M.A.R.T. to enable this feature. The table below shows the S.M.A.R.T. command codes that the drive uses.

Code in features register	S.M.A.R.T. command
D0 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Read Data
D1 _H	Vendor-specific
D2 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Enable/Disable Attribute Autosave
D3 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Save Attribute Values
D4 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Execute Off-line Immediate (runs DST)
D5 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Read Log Sector
D6 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Write Log Sector
D7 _H	Vendor-specific
D8 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Enable Operations
D9 _H	S.M.A.R.T. Disable Operations
DA _H	S.M.A.R.T. Return Status

 Table 8:
 S.M.A.R.T. commands

Note. If an appropriate code is not written to the Features Register, the command is aborted and 0x04 (abort) is written to the Error register.

5.0 Seagate Technology support services

Internet

For information regarding Seagate products and services, visit <u>www.seagate.com</u>. Worldwide support is available 24 hours daily by email for your questions.

Presales Support:

Presales@Seagate.com

Technical Support:

DiscSupport@Seagate.com

Warranty Support:

http://www.seagate.com/support/service/index.html

mySeagate

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Seagate Service Centers

Presales Support

Our Presales Support staff can help you determine which Seagate products are best suited for your specific application or computer system, as well as product availability and compatibility.

Technical Support

Seagate technical support is available to assist you online at <u>support.seagate.com</u> or through one of our call centers. Have your system configuration information and your "ST" model number available.

SeaTDD[™] (+1-405-324-3655) is a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD). You can send questions or comments 24 hours daily and exchange messages with a technical support specialist during normal business hours for the call center in your region.

Customer Service Operations

Warranty Service

Seagate offers worldwide customer support for Seagate products. Seagate distributors, OEMs and other direct customers should contact their Seagate Customer Service Operations (CSO) representative for warranty-related issues. Resellers or end users of drive products should contact their place of purchase or Seagate warranty service for assistance. Have your serial number and model or part number available.

Data Recovery Services

Seagate offers data recovery services for all formats and all brands of storage media. Our data recovery services labs are currently located throughout the world. . Additional information, including an online request form and data loss prevention resources, is available at http://services.seagate.com/index.aspx

Authorized Service Centers

Seagate Service Centers are available on a global basis for the return of defective products. Contact your customer support representative for the location nearest you.

USA/Canada/Latin America support services

For an extensive list of telephone numbers to technical support, presales and warranty service in USA/ Canada/Latin America, including business hours, go to the "Contact Us" page on <u>www.seagate.com</u>.

Global Customer Support

Presales, Technical, and Warranty Support									
Call Center USA, Canada,	Toll-free	Direct dial							
and Mexico	1-800-SEAGATE	+1-405-324-4700							
Data Recovery Services									
Call Center	Toll-free	Direct dial	FAX						
USA, Canada, and Mexico	1-800-475-01435	+1-905-474-2162	1-800-475-0158 +1-905-474-2459						

Europe, the Middle East and Africa Support Services

For an extensive list of telephone numbers to technical support, presales and warranty service in Europe, the Middle East and Africa, go to the "Contact Us" page on <u>www.seagate.com</u>.

Asia/Pacific Support Services

For an extensive list of telephone numbers to technical support, presales and warranty service in Asia/Pacific, go to the "Contact Us" page on <u>www.seagate.com</u>.

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