Installation & Servicing Instructions

High efficiency condensing gas boiler E75CN/E110CN E75CP/E110CP

CAUTION! Read this ma

Read this manual thoroughly before installing, servicing, putting into operation or using this boiler and vent system.

WARNING!

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Refer to this manual. For assistance or additional information consult a qualified installer or the gas supplier.

CAUTION!

The user manual is part of the documentation that is delivered to the installation's operator. Go through the information in this manual with the owner/operator and make sure that he or she is familair with all necessary operating instructions.

NOTICE!

Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service technician or the gas supplier.

In the Commonwealth of Massachusetts this boiler must be installed by a licensed Plumber or Gas Fitter.

Pictured: E75CN, E110CN E75CP, E110CP



WARNING!

If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS
 - Do NOT try to light any appliance.
 - Do NOT touch any electrical switch.
 - Do NOT use any phone in your building.
 - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
 - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.



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These instructions to be retained by user.

Contents of instructions

These installation instructions contain important information for the safe installation, start-up and maintanance of boilers with capacities 75,000 through 110,000 BTU/hr.

These installation instructions are intended for professional installers, who have the necessary knowledge and are approved for working on heating and gas systems.

Subject to technical changes

Changes may be made without notice to the illustrations, process steps and technical data as a result of our policy of continuous improvement.

Updating of documentation

Please contact us if you have any suggestions for improvements or corrections.

Find our contact details on the back of this manual.

California Proposition 65 lists chemical substances known to the state to cause cancer, birth defects, death, serious illness or other reproductive harm. This product may contain such substances, be their origin from fuel combustion (gas, oil) or components of the product itself.

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Please observe these instructions in the interest of your own safety.

1.1 **Designated use**

The boiler is designed for heating water for a central heating system and generating domestic hot water. The boiler is delivered with a burner controller (MCBA) pre-installed. The boiler can be fitted with a modulating outdoor reset sensor ARV12 (included with the boiler) or an On/Off thermostat or relay panel end switch (accessories).

1.2 Hazard definitions

The following defined terms are used throughout the documentation to bring attention to the presence of hazards of various risk levels. Notices give important information concerning the operation of the product.

WARNING

NOTICE

- DANGER Indicates the presence of hazards that will cause severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.
- WARNING:

Indicates the presence of hazards that can cause severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

CAUTION: CAUTION Indicates presence of hazards that will or can cause minor personal injury or property damage.

CAUTION: CAUTION Risk of electric shock. Indicates presence of hazards due to electric shock.

NOTICE:

DANGER:

Indicates special instructions on installation, operation or maintenance that are important but not related to personal injury or property damage.

Symbol definitions 1.3

The following (safety) symbols may be encountered in these installation instructions and on the unit:



This symbol indicates that the unit must be stored away from frost.



This symbol indicates that the packaging and/or contents can be damaged as



a result of insufficient care taken during transport.



This symbol indicates that, whilst still in its packaging, the unit must be protected from weather conditions during transport and storage.

1.4 The following instructions must be followed

- The boiler must only be used for its designated purpose, as described in the Installation Instructions.
- Each unit is fitted with a data plate. Consult the details on this plate to verify whether the boiler is compliant with its intended location, e.g.: gas type, power source and venting classification.
- Only use the boiler with the accessories and spare parts listed.
- Other combinations, accessories and consumables must only be used if they are specifically designed for the intended application and do not affect the system performance and the safety requirements.
- Maintenance and repairs must only performed by trained professionals.
- Installation of a condensing gas boiler must be reported to the relevant gas utility company and have it approved.
- You are only allowed to operate the condensing gas boiler with the vent system that has been specifically designed and approved for this type of boiler.
 - Please note that local permission for the vent system and the condensate water connection to the public sewer system may be required.

You must also respect:

- The local building codes stipulating the installation rules.
- The local building codes concerning the air intake and outlet systems and the chimney connection.
- The regulations for the power supply connection.
- The technical rules laid down by the gas utility company concerning the connection of the gas connection to the local gas mains.
- The instructions and standards concerning the safety equipment for the water/ space heating system.
- The Installation Instructions for building heating systems.
- The boiler must be located in an area where leakage of the boiler or connections will not result in damage to the area adjacent to the boiler or to lower floors of the structure. When such locations cannot be avoided, it is recommended that a suitable drain pan be installed under the boiler.
- The boiler must be installed in such way that the all components are protected from water (dripping, spraying, rain etc.) during boiler operation and service.
- The boiler must not be installed on or against carpeting.
- Do not restrict or seal any air intake or outlet openings.
- If you find any defects, you must inform the owner of the system of the defect and the associated hazard in writing.

DANGER. Gas is flammable and may cause an explosion. Beware if you smell gas: there may be an explosion hazard!

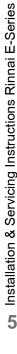
If the information in these instructions is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or death.

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do NOT try to light any appliance.
- Do NOT touch any electrical switch.
- Do NOT use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supllier, call the fire department.

Should overheating occur or the gas supply fail to shut off, do not turn off or disconnect the electrical supply to the pump. Instead, shut off the gas supply at a location external to the appliance.





1.5 Follow these instructions for the space heating water

Unsuitable heating system water can cause the formation of scale or sludge, which affects system efficiency. It can also cause corrosion and reduce life of the heat exchanger.

- You must follow Rinnai guidelines for boiler water quality.
- Thoroughly flush the system prior to filling.
- Follow the Rinnai cleaning instructions.
- Never use water that has been treated by salt bedding exchangers, reverse osmosis, D.I., or distilled water to soften the water to fill the heating system.
- Do not use inhibitors or other additives unless approved by Rinnai for that purpose!
- When frost protection of the heating system is desired, only use Rinnai-approved antifreezes, Noble Noburst Aluminum, or Rhomar RhoGard Aluminum Safe Multi-Metal.
- When using oxygen-permeable pipes, e. g. for under floor heating systems, you
 must separate the system from the boiler using plate heat exchangers.
- Valve off boiler while flushing system, do not introduce any system cleaner into the boiler loop. Flush system thoroughly to remove all system cleaner before filling boiler.

See the Rinnai Boiler Applications Manual and chapter 10 for additional information.

1.6 Tools, materials and additional equipment

For the installation and maintenance of the boiler you will need:

- Standard tools for space heating, gas and water fitting

 Digital manometer, capable of reading both positive and negative pressure (accuracy -0.001" W.C.)

- Combustion analyzer (intended for use with condensing boilers)
- Digital multimeter
- pH digital meter
- Metric Allen wrenches
- Metric socket wrenches
- In addition, a handtruck with a fastening belt is useful.

For maintenance to the boiler you need, apart from standard tooling for space heating, gas and water fitting the following items:

Rinnai toolkit Q and E-Series

1.7 Relevant Installation, Service and User manuals

- Vent system
- Rinnai Boiler Applications Manual

1.8 Disposal

- Dispose of the boiler packaging in an environmentally sound manner.
- Dispose of components of the heating system (e.g. boiler or control device), that must be replaced in an environmentally responsible manner.

The installation must comply to the requirements of the authority having jurisdiction or, in the absence of such requirements, to the latest edition of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54. In Canada, installation must be in accordance with the requirements of CAN/CSA B149.1, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code.

Where required by the authority having jurisdiction, the installation must comply to the Standard for Controls and Safety Devices for Automatically Fired Boilers, ANSI/ ASME CSD-1.

Install CO detectors per local regulations. Boiler requires an inspection every 2 years and maintenance every 4 years or 4000 hours. See maintenance section chapter 14.

Operating Limits of the boiler:

Max. boiler temperature: 176 °F (80.0 °C) Max. operating pressure: 45 psi (3 bar) Max Allowable Working Temperature ASME: 200 °F (93 °C) Max. Allowable Working Pressure ASME: 45 psi (3 bar)

The hot water distribution system must comply with all applicable codes and regulations. When replacing an existing boiler, it is important to check the condition of the entire hot water distribution system to ensure safe operation.

For installations in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, the following local requirements apply in addition to all other applicable NFPA requirements: For direct- vent boilers, mechanical-vent heating appliances or domestic hot water

equipment, where the bottom of the vent terminal and the intake is installed below four feet above grade the following requirements must comply:

- If not present on each floor level where there are bedrooms, a carbon monoxide detector and alarm must be placed in a living area outside the bedrooms. The carbon monoxide detector and alarm must comply with NFPA 720 (2005 Edition).
- A carbon Monoxide detector and alarm shall be located in the room that houses the appliance and/or equipment and shall:
 - a) Be powered by the same electrical circuit as the appliance and/or equipment such that only one service switch services both the appliance and the carbon monoxide detector;
 - b) Have battery back-up power;
 - c) Meet ANSI/UL 2034 Standards and comply with NFPA 720 (2005 Edition); and
 - d) Have been approved and listed by a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab as recognized under 527 CMR.
- 3) A product-approved vent terminal must be used, and if applicable, a product approved air intake must be used. Installation shall be performed in strict compliance with the manufacturer's instructions. A copy of the installation instructions shall remain with the appliance and/or equipment at the completion of the installation.
- 4) A metal or plastic identification plate shall be mounted at the exterior of the building, four feet directly above the location of vent terminal. The plate shall be of sufficient size to be easily read from a distance of eight feet away, and read "Gas Vent Directly Below".

Installation & Servicing Instructions Rinnai E-Series

2

For direct-vent boilers mechanical-vent heating boilers or domestic hot water equipment where the bottom of the vent terminal and the intake is installed higher than four feet above grade the following requirements must comply:

- If not present on each floor level where there are bedrooms, a carbon monoxide detector and alarm must be placed in a living area outside the bedrooms. The carbon monoxide detector and alarm must comply with NFPA 720 (2005 Edition).
- 2) A carbon monoxide detector shall:a) Be located inn the room where the boiler and/or equipment is located;b) Be either hard-wired or battery powered or both; and:
 - c) Shall comply with NFPA 720 (2005 Edition).
- 3) A product-approved vent terminal must be used, and if applicable, a product-approved air intake must be used. Installation shall be in strict compliance with the manufacturer's instructions. A copy of the installation instructions shall remain with the appliance and/or equipment at the completion of the installation.

3 Description of the boiler

Room sealed boiler

The boiler retreives its combustion air from outside then discharges the flue gasses to the outside.

Condensing

Retrieves heat as much as possible from the flue gasses. Water condensates on the heat exchanger.

Modulating

Stepless higher or lower burning according to the heat demand.

The Rinnai E boiler is a room sealed, condensing and modulating central heating boiler, with an integrated DHW fascility.

The boiler is provided with a compact stainless steel heat exchanger with smooth tubes. This design is a well thought out principle using durable materials.

The boiler burns gas for supplying heat. The heat is transferred in the heat exchanger to the water in the central heating system. By cooling down the exhaust gases condensate is formed. This results in high efficiency. The condensate, which has no effect on the heat exchanger and the function of the boiler, is drained through condensate collector trap.

The boiler is provided with an intelligent control system (CMS Control Management System). The boiler anticipates the heat demand of the central heating system or the domestic hot water facility system.

When an outdoor sensor is connected to the boiler it will operate weather dependantly using outdoor reset. This means that the boiler control measures the outside temperature and supply temperature. With this data the boiler calculates the optimal supply temperature for the installation.

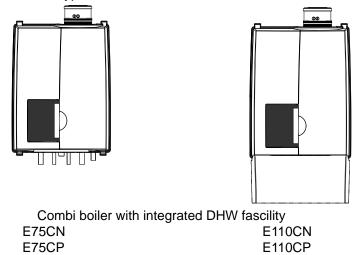
Rinnai E110CN

Explanation of the appliance type:

E = Type _______ 110 = Nominal load in (x1000) BTU _____ C = C = Combi ______ N = Netwood Coo (R = Prepage Coo)

N = Natural Gas (P = Propane Gas)

Different boilertypes:



4.1 Scope of delivery

The boiler is supplied ready for use.

- Please check if the packaging is intact.
- Check if all the items listed are included in the delivery.

The supply kit is contents:

- Boiler with casing;
- Automatic air separator (inside the boiler);
- Wall mounting suspension bracket;
- Bronze adapter fittings;
 - 3" PP exhaust adapters (x2);
- Plumbing kit
- Fixing material consisting of plugs and screws;
- Template;
- Installation instructions;
- User manual:
- Service manual;
- Outdoor sensor ARV12
- 3/4" gas shut off valve

4.2 Transportation

The boiler may be damaged when not secured properly.

- Only transport the boiler using appropriate transportation equipment, such as a handtruck with a fastening belt or special equipment for maneuvering steps.
- When shipping the boiler must be secured on the transportation equipment to prevent it from falling off.
- Protect all parts against impacts if they are to be transported.
- Follow the transportation markings on the packaging.
- Packaged boilers must always be lifted and carried by two people, or you must use a handtruck or special equipment for transport.

4

5.1 Requirements for the installation room

- The room where the boiler will be installed must always be frost free.
- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- Never use or store any chlorinated detergents or halogenated hydrocarbons (e.g. in spraycans, solvents and detergents, paints, adhesives) in proximity of the boiler.
- The boiler must be installed in such a way that it is protected from water (dripping, spraying, rain, etc.) during boiler operation and service (circulator replacement, condensate trap, control replacement, etc.)
- This boiler is for intended for indoor installations only.

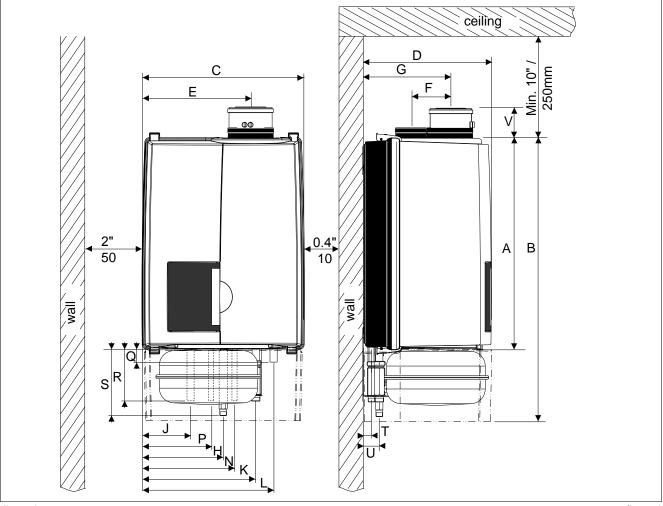
Products to avoid present in boiler room and/or around combustion air intake Spray cans containing chloro-/fluorcarbons Ammonium and/or ammonium solutions Permanent wave solutions Chlorinated waxes and/or cleaners Swimming pool chemicals based on chlorine Calcium chloride used for thawing Sodium chloride used for water softening **Refrigerant leaks** Paint or varnish removers Hydrochloric acid/muriatic acid Cements and glues Antistatic fabric softeners used in clothes dryers Chlorine-type bleaches, detergents, and cleaning solvents found in household laundry rooms Adhesives used to fasten building products and other similar products Areas likely to have contaminants Dry cleaning/laundry areas and establishments Swimming pools Metal fabrication plants Beauty shops Refrigeration repair shops Photo processing plants Auto body shops Plastic manufacturing plants Furniture refinishing areas and establishments New building construction Remodeling areas Garages with workshops

5.2 Fitting the boiler

	- Remove the packaging materials.
	- Lay the boiler on its back during unpacking. Remove the casing from the boiler. This part can be left apart during installation. It must be placed on the boiler and fixed with the screw behind the door and in the 4 quick releases before the boiler is started up.
I NOTICE	Turn the boiler to its side and remove the wall bracket from the back of the boiler by removing the 2 screws.
	 The boiler can be mounted practically to any wall with the suspension bracket and the enclosed mounting equipment. The wall must be flat and of sufficient strength in order to be able to securely hold and support the boiler weight with its water content. Take note of the necessary space around the boiler for installation of venting system, pipework and servicing. See drawing on pages 12 to 15. The location of the boiler can be determined by using the template supplied with the boiler documentation. Remember to account for the spacing of the plumbing kit. Drill the necessary holes using the template Install the mounting bracket to the wall using the supplied mounting materials
	 Lifting and carrying precautions: To avoid personal injury please follow these recommendations: Always lift the boiler with 2 people or use special equipment. When lifting the boiler, bend the knees, and keep the back straight and feet apart. Do not lift and twist at the same time. Lift and carry the boiler close to the body. Wear protective clothing and gloves to protect from any sharp edges.
	Lift the boiler only by the boiler's rear wall.

- Dispose the packaging materials.

5.3 Dimensions

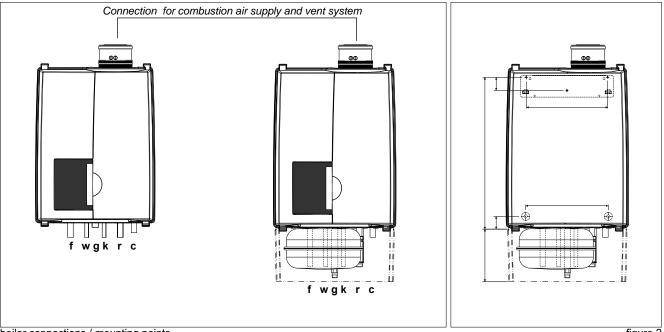


dimensions

	Boiler type	Сог	nbi
		E75CN E75CP	E110CN E110CP
		inches / mm	inches / mm
Α	Height	25.6" / 650	25.6" / 650
В	Height with expansion tank		34.3" / 870
С	Width	19.7" / 500	19.7" / 500
D	Depth	15.6" / 395	15.6" / 395
E	Left side / vent	13.2" / 335	13.2" / 335
F	Center to center / vent and air supply	4.7" / 120	4.7" / 120
G	Back / vent	10.6" / 270	10.6" / 270
Н	Left side / gas pipe	9.8" / 250	9.8" / 250
J	Left side / supply pipe	5.9" / 150	5.9" / 150
Κ	Left side / return pipe	13.8" / 350	13.8" / 350
L	Left side / condensate pipe	15.9" / 405	15.9" / 405
Ν	Left side / cold water pipe	11.2" / 285	11.2" / 285
Ρ	Left side / hot water pipe	8.5" / 215	8.5" / 215
Q	Pipe length of g*	0.7" / 19	8.5" / 215
R	Pipe length of c*	1.6" / 40	1.6" / 40
S	Pipe length of f, r, k and w*	2" / 50	6.3" / 160
Т	Back / Center of pipe c, k and w*	1" / 26	1" / 26
U	Back / Center of pipe f, g and r*	2" / 50	2" / 50
V	Pipe length vent co-axial	3.7" / 95	3.7" / 95
v	Pipe length vent parallel	7" / 177	7" / 177

dimensions

figure 1

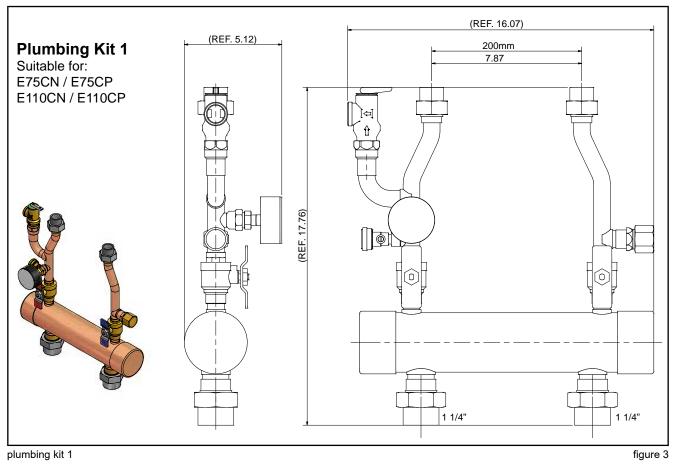


boiler connections / mounting points

figure 2

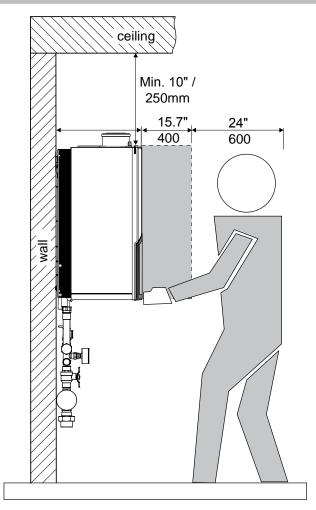
Boiler ty	/pe Com	bi
	E75CN E75CP	E110CN E110CP
Vent system / Combustion air supply	80/125mm	80/125mm
Gas pipe - g	3/4"M-NPT	3/4"M-NPT
Cupply pipe f	0.87" x 3/4"M-NPT /	G3/4"x
Supply pipe - f	22mm	3/4"M-NPT
Boturn pipo r	0.87" x 3/4"M-NPT /	G3/4"x
Return pipe - r	22mm	3/4"M-NPT
Condensate pipe - c	0.87" / 22mm	0.87" / 22mm
Cold water pipe - k	0.59" x 3/4"M-NPT /	G1/2"x
	15mm	3/4"M-NPT
Hot water pipe - w	0.59" x 3/4"M-NPT /	G1/2"x
riot water pipe - w	15mm	3/4"M-NPT

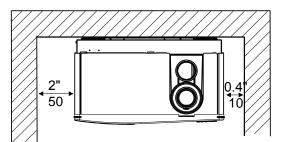
connection diameters



Rinnai supplies with each type of boiler a Plumbing kit. Find below the dimensions. See chapter 6.1 for additional information.

5.3.2 Clearances from boiler





service clearances to the boiler

figure 4

	Minimum required clearances to combustibles All types	Minimum required clearances to non-combustibles All types	Recommended service clearances All types
	inch / mm	inch / mm	inch / mm
Top of boiler	2" / 50	2" / 50	10" / 250
Back of boiler	0"	0"	0
Front of boiler	6" / 150	6" / 150	24" / 600
Left side of boiler	2" / 50	2" / 50	2" / 50
Right side of boiler	2" / 50	2" / 50	2" / 50
Floor / Ground	12" / 300	12" / 300	30" / 762
Vent	0"	0"	0"
clearances to the polle			table 3

For closet installation: clearance is 1" / 25mm from the front.

Low Loss Header

Clearances to combustible and non-Combustible is 0 inch for sides, top, front and floor/ground

5.4 Technical specifications

			E-Se	eries	
		Natural gas		Propane gas	
Boiler type		E75CN	E110CN	E75CP	E110CP
Input Hs CH	BTU/hr	75,000	110,000	75,000	110,000
	kW	22	32	22	32
Propane orifice diameter	inch / mm	n.a.	n.a.	0.16" / 4.15	0.20" / 5.2
Display indication at start-up		22.t	32.t	22.tP	32.tP
Q _n Output non-condensing CH	BTU/hr	67,500	98,000	67,500	98,000
	kW	19.8	28.8	19.8	28.8
Q _n Output EN677 efficiency CH	BTU/hr	74,100	108,000	74,100	108,000
	kW	21.7	31.7	21.7	31.7
Q _n Output AFUE CH	BTU/hr	72,400	105,700	72,400	105,700
	kW	21.2	30.7	21.2	30.7
Efficiency at 98.6/86°F (36/30°C) part load, Hs, EN677 CH	%	98.8	99.0	98.8	99.0
AFUE according IBR	%	96.5	96.1	96.5	96.1
O ₂ (at full load)	%	4.4 -	4.7	4.8 -	5.1
Electr. power consumption max.	W			45	
Electr. power consumption stand by	W	14			
Current	V/Hz	120Vac/60Hz			
Fuse rating	A	5AF & 4AT			
Degree of protection acc. EN 60529	_	I	PX4D (IPX0D in	case of room air)	
Weight (empty)	lbs / kg	91 / 39	101 / 40	91 / 39	101 / 40
Water content CH	gallon / liter	0.9 / 3.5	1.3 / 5	0.9 / 3.5	1.3 / 5
Water content DHW	gallon / liter	0.13 / 0.5	0.18 / 0.7	0.13 / 0.5	0.18 / 0.7
After run time pump CH	min			5	
After run time pump DHW	min	1			
P _{MS} Water pressure minmax.	PSI / bar	14-43 / 1-3			
P _{MW} Water pressure DHW max.	PSI / bar	150 / 10			
Flow temperature max.	°F / °C			/ 80	
Pump type		UPS20-48	UPS20-58	UPS20-48	UPS20-58
Available pump height CH	PSI / kPa	3.8 / 26	0.7 / 5	3.8 / 26	0.7 / 5
Approvals	<u> </u>			, CSA	
DHW flow (at 50°F)	gallon/min		4.6		4.6
DHW flow (at 10°C)	liter/min	0.4	17.4	0.4	17.4
DHW flow (at 75°F)	gallon/min	2.1	3.2	2.1	3.2
DHW flow (at 23.9°C)	liter/min	7.9	12.1	7.9	12.1
DHW temperature (T _{in} =50°F (10°C)	°F / °C		-	/ 80	
Pressure difference DHW	PSI / bar	2.9/0.2	4.4	2.9/0.2	4.4
Content expansion vessel	gallon / liter	2.1 / 8	3.1 / 12	2.1/8	3.1 / 12
Pre-charge pressure expansion vessel	PSI / bar		14.5	5/1	
CCA number			0404	2007	
CSA number			218	3087	

Technical specifications

Table 4

6

The boiler has the following connection pipes;

- The central heating circuit pipes. These must connected to the plumbing kit by means of adapter fittings. See further chapter 6.1;
- The gas supply pipe. It is provided with a 3/4" male thread into which the tail piece of the gas valve can be screwed. See further chapter 6.4;
- Cold and hot water pipes for domestic hot water (DHW).
 These consist of 3/4" (15 mm) copper pipe and can be connected to the installation by means of 1/2" M-NPT adapter fittings. See further chapter 6.5;
- The condensation drain pipe. It consists of an oval 1" (22 mm) plastic pipe. The drain pipe can be connected to this by means of an open connection. If the open connection is fitted in a different location, then the pipe can be lengthened by means of a 1 1/4" (32 mm) PVC sleeve. See further chapter 6.6;
- The vent system and air supply system.
 It consists of a concentric connection 3"/5" (80/125 mm). The boiler can be converted to a twin pipe connection that will accept 80mm flue and intake air or with the use of the included adapters 3" PVC/CPVC flue and intake. See further chapter 6.7.

NOTICEThe pipe to be connected to the boiler must be cleaned before connecting in
order to prevent dirt from entering and damaging the boiler.

6.1 Central heating system

Connect the central heating system according to its instructions.

The boiler pipes can be connected to the installation by means of compression fittings. Reducers should be used for connecting to thick-walled pipe (welded or threaded).

When removing the plastic sealing caps from the pipes, dirty testing water may drain from the boiler.

A Plumbing Kit must be fitted to the boiler.

The boiler, when used in connection with a refrigeration system, must
be installed so the chilled medium is piped in parallel with the boiler with
appropriate valves to prevent the chilled medium from entering the boiler.

INOTICE

NOTICE

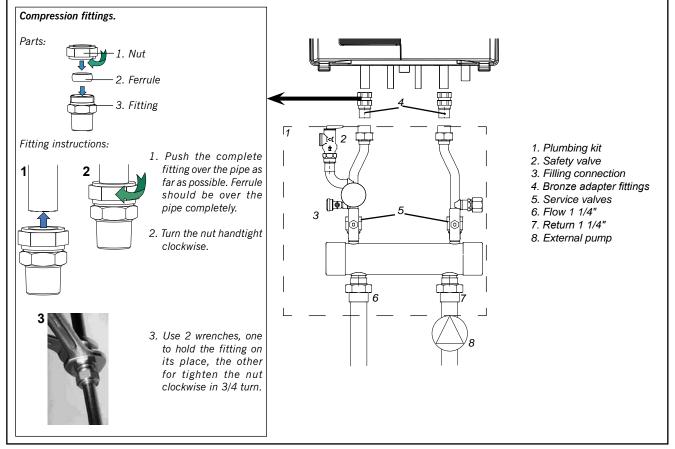
The boiler piping system of a hot water boiler connected to heating coils located in air handling units where they may be exposed to refrigerated air circulation must be equipped with flow control valves or other automatic means to prevent gravity circulation of the boiler water during the cooling cycle. **NOTICE** Rinnai supplies specific Plumbing Kits with each boiler type, which must be fitted directly underneath the boiler on the supply and return pipe. Use of the Rinnai boiler without the plumbing kit will result in the void of warranty.

To protect the entire heating system we recommend installing a dirt particle trap in the return circuit. When the boiler is installed to an existing heating system this trap is required. Use of a Y strainer is not permitted as substitute for a dirt trap.

- Install shut-off valves immediately before and after the dirt particle filter to allow the filter to be cleaned.
- Position 3 (figure 6) is a garden house thread boiler drain, that can be used to drain the boiler or add water tratment additives to the system, such as inhibitors or glycol.
- Position 4 (figure 6) is the supply connection for an idirect tank when used with the optinal 3-way valve kit.
- For information on locating the expansion tank and system fill, please see the Rinnai Boiler Applications Manual.

Thoroughly flush all pipes and radiators. We recommend the use of a Rinnai approved system cleaner. Refer to the Rinnai Boiler Applications Manual for an approved list of Rinnai system cleaners.

- Refer to the installation template and chapter 5.3 for the pipe connection dimensions.
- Fit the bronze adapter fittings, supplied with the boiler (fig. 5, pos. 4) first to the Plumbing Kit and then to the boiler.
- Connect the expansion tank to the system. See chapter 6.2.
- Connect the pipes so that they are free from strain.



Plumbing Kit installation

NOTICE

Installation & Servicing Instructions Rinnai E-Series

The boiler has a self-adjusting and self-protecting control system for the load and the pump capacity. By this means the temperature difference between the supply and return water is checked and controlled.

If the installation resistance is over the stated value; the load will be adjusted until an acceptable temperature difference between supply and return water has been obtained. If, after this, the temperature difference is still not acceptable then the boiler will switch off and wait until an acceptable temperature has arisen.

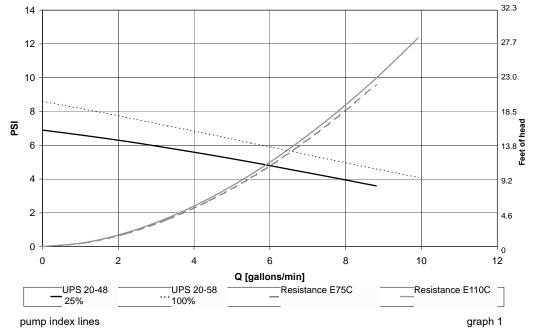
If an unacceptable temperature is detected, the control will repeatedly try to achieve water flow over the boiler. If not the boiler will switch off.

The electrical side of an external circulation pump (fig. 6, pos. 8) can be connected to the Control Tower. This pump thus switches simultaneously to the boiler pump.

The maximum absorbed current consumption of the external circulation pump may not exceed 120V, 2 Amp. If a pump with a larger current draw is required an isolation relay must be used. See the Rinnai Boiler Applications Manual for further information. The extra external pump must be selected according the installation resistance and required flow.

As standard the boiler is provided with a water filter in the return pipe of the boiler, so that debris of the central heating water is prevented from affecting the boiler.

When using more than one boiler in an installation please refer to the cascade installation instructions.



The boiler is designed to be used on pressurized heating systems only.

NOTICE

NOTICE

6.1.2 Safety valve

INOTICE An ASME 30 psi pressure relief valve is installed on the plumbing kit included with the boiler.

6.1.3 Low water cut off

I NOTICE The Rinnai E boiler has a factory installed pressure switch type Low Water Cut Off (LWCO). Check your local codes to see if a Low Water Cut Off is required (LWCO) and if this device conforms to local code. See the Rinnai Boiler Applications Manual for further information.

The Low water cut off is not serviceable.

6.2 Expansion tank

The E-Series boilers are equiped with an internal expansion tank.

The tank of the E75CN and E75CP is positioned inside the boiler casing. This expansion tank has a pre-charge pressure of 14.5 PSI / 1 Bar and a capacity of 2.1 gallon / 8 litres.

The tank of the E110CN and E110CP is positioned directly beneath the boiler and together with the casing forms a single entity with the boiler.

The casing can be removed by pulling forwards. The expansion tank has a pre-charge pressure of 14.5 PSI / 1 Bar and a capacity of 3.1 gallon / 12 litres.

If a larger capacity expansion tank is needed for the installation a standard expansion vessel should be fitted additionally.

In that case choose an expansion tank volume, of which the summary is geared to the installation's water capacity. The pre-charge pressure depends on the installation height above the expansion tank. Fit the expansion tank into the return pipe as close as possible to the boiler. The extra expansion tank should be sourced locally. Please refer to the expansion tank manufacturer for further information.



Fill the expansion tank to a minimum of 14.5 psi.

6.3 Underfloor heating system (plastic pipes)

When using oxygen-permeable pipes, e.g. for underfloor heating systems, the system must be separated using plate heat exchangers.

INOTICE No recourse can be made to the terms of the warranty in the event of failure to regard the regulations pertaining to plastic underfloor heating pipes.

6.4 Gas supply connection

Only work on gas lines if you are licensed for such work. If these instructions are not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or death.
Rinnai wall mounted boilers are built to run on Natural Gas <u>or</u> Propane Gas. The gas type the boiler is suitable for is indicated on the packaging and on the boiler by a blue label with Natural Gas or a green label with Propane Gas and on the identification plate on the boiler. First check the identification plate on the boiler for the suitable gas type.
Do not use the boiler for another type of gas than indicated on the identification plate of the boiler. This will cause improper functioning and can damage the boiler.
Natural gas: resume with chapter 6.4.1

Natural gas:	resume with chapter 6.4.1
Propane gas:	resume with chapter 6.4.2

6.4.1. Gas connection with natural gas

The gas supply connection must comply with local regulations or, if such regulations do not exist, with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z 223.1. For Canada, the gas connection must comply with local regulations or, if such regulations do not exist, with the CAN/CSA B149.1, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code.

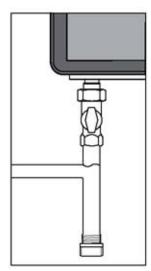




figure 7





Pipe sizing for natural gas

Contact gas supplier to size the gas supply line and meter.

Gas piping

A sediment trap must be installed upstream of the gas controls.

The boiler gas pipe is equiped with external 3/4" M-NPT thread, onto which the tail piece of the gas shut off valve can be connected. Use appropriate sealing.

The connection to the boiler must include a suitable method of disconnection and a gas control valve must be installed adjacent to the boiler for isolation purposes. The nominal inlet gas pressure measured at the boiler should be 7" W.C. (18 mbar) for Natural gas (Gas A). Maximum pressure with no flow (lockup) or with the boiler running is 10.5 inches W.C. Minimum pressure with the gas flowing (verify during boiler startup) is 5.0 inches W.C.

The gas pipe must be fitted to the gas valve free from any strain.

Make sure that the gas pipe system does not contain dirt, particularly with new pipes.

Always check the safety of the gas pipe system by means of a bubble test using leak-search spray.

The boiler and its individual shut off valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures in excess of 1/2 PSI (3.5kPa).

The boiler must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing its individual manual shutoff valve during any pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at test pressures equal to or less than 1/2 PSI (3.5 kPa).

6.4.2 Gas connection with propane gas

The gas supply connection must comply with local regulations or, if such regulations do not exist, with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z 223.1. For Canada, the gas connection must comply with local regulations or, if such regulations do not exist, with the CAN/CSA B149.1, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code.

Pipe sizing for propane gas

 Contact gas supplier to size pipes, tanks, and 100% lockup gas pressure regulator.

Propane Supply Pressure Requirements

- Adjust propane supply regulator provided by the gas supplier for 14 inches W.C. maximum pressure.
- Pressure required at gas valve inlet pressure port:
 - Maximum 14 inches W.C. with no flow (lockup) or with boiler running.
 - Minimum 8 inches W.C. with gas flowing (verify during boiler startup).

Gas shut off valve onto boiler

fiaure 7



ANGER

Ensure that the high gas pressure regulator is installed at least 6 to 10 feet upstream of the boiler.

Gas piping

- Use a gas shut off valve compatible with propane gases.
- A sediment trap must be provide upstream of the gas controls.

The boiler pipe is equiped with external 3/4" M-NPT thread, onto which the tail piece of the gas shut off valve can be screwed. Use appropriate sealing.

The connection to the boiler must include a suitable method of disconnection. A gas control valve must be installed adjacent to the boiler for isolation purposes. The nominal inlet working gas pressure measured at the boiler should be 12 inch W.C. (30mbar) for Propane gas (Gas E).

The gas pipe must be fitted to the gas valve free from any strain.

Make sure that the gas pipe system does not contain dirt, particularly with new pipes.

Always check the safety of the gas pipe system by means of a bubble test using leak-search spray.

The boiler and its individual shut off valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures in excess of 1/2 PSI (3.5kPa).

The boiler must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing its individual manual shutoff valve during any pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at test pressures equal to or less than 1/2 PSI (3.5 kPa).

6.5 Hot water supply

Connection of the drinking water installation should be performed according to the national secondary drinking water regulations.

Do NOT use toxic chemicals, such as are used for boiler treatment in potable water heating systems used for space heating.

The sanitary water pipes can be connected to the installation by use of adapter fittings. The cold water inlet on the Combi boilers must be equiped with the following components (counted in the water flow direction):

Flow regulator valve (supplied), Safety group, Expansion vessel 87 PSI/6bar (potable water, blue).

The 3/4" NPT adapter fitting with flow reducing valve must be fitted in the cold water connection.

A flow regulator valve is supplied with the boiler in a 3/4"NPT adapter fitting. The flow regulator valve ensures that a quantity of water is supplied which has a outlet temperature of 120°F (assuming a cold water temperature of 45°F). The quantity of water is virtually unaffected by the water pressure.

When there is a water pressure lower than 22PSI / 1.5 bar it is advisable to remove the inside mechanism of the flow reducing valve.

Condensate drain pipe 6.6

This boiler produces condensate. Condensate must be drained otherwise the boiler will not function and can cause property damage.

The condensation drain pipe should be connected to a drain in the building by means of an open connection. By this means the possibility of drain gases effecting the boiler is prevented. The drain connection should have a minimum diameter of 1.3" / 32mm.

Install the condensation drain pipe according to the applicable rules and regulations.

If the condensate outlet of the boiler is lower than the public sewage system a condensate pump must be used.

The condensate produced by the boiler has a pH value between 3 and 4.

Install a neutralization unit if required by the local code. It is recommended, but not required to install a condensate neutralizer.

Do not drain the condensation water to the external rain gutter because of the danger of freezing and blockage of the drain.

Before putting the boiler into operation fill the condensate trap with 1.27 cups / 300 ml of water. If the boiler will be installed in a high temperature installation such as baseboard, then fill the condensate trap with mineral oil instead of water.

Use materials approved by the authority having jurisdiction. In absence of such NOTICE authority, PVC and CPVC pipe must comply with ASTM D1785, F441 or D2665. Cement and primer must comply with ASTM D2564 or F493.



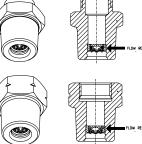
NOTICE

NOTICE

Periodic cleaning of the condensate disposal system must be carried out. See the Rinnai Boiler Application Manual for further information and for a piping diagram for the condensate.

For Canada, use CSA or ULC certified PVC or CPVC pipe, fittings and cement.





NOTICE

DANGER

Provisions for combustion and ventilation air must be made in accordance with section, Air for Combustion and Ventilation of the National Flue Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1, or Sections 7.2, 7.3 of 7.4 of CAN/CGA B149.1, Installation Codes, or applicable provisions of the local building codes.

- Do not store chemicals near the boiler or in rooms where the air is being supplied to the boiler. **See the list on page 10**.
- Do not allow the flue gases of other appliances to enter the boiler.
- Keep cabinet free of moisture

I NOTICE In the event that the system has actuated to shut off the main burner gas, do not attempt to place the boiler in operation. Contact a qualified service agency.

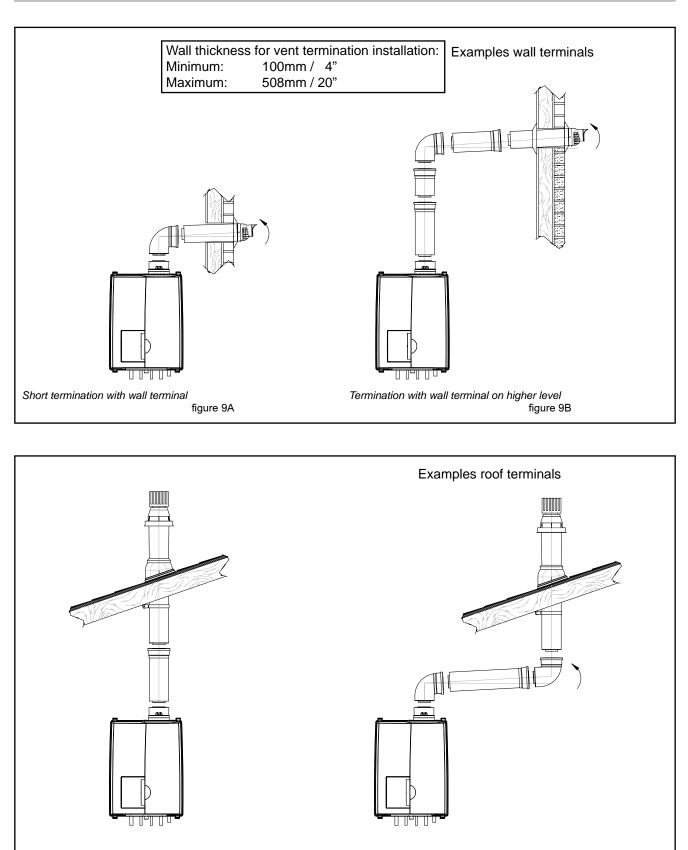
6.7.1 Intake / Exhaust Guidelines

Refer to the specific instructions on your vent product for additional installation requirements.

- You must use vent components that are certified and listed with this model.
- Do not combine vent components from different manufacturers.
- Venting should be as direct as possible with a minimum number of pipe fittings.
- Avoid dips or sags in horizontal vent runs by installing supports per the vent manufacturer's instructions.
- Support horizontal vent runs every four feet and all vertical vent runs every six feet or in accordance with local codes.
- Vent diameter must not be reduced.
- The boiler is unsuitable to install on a common vent installation, see also chapter 19.
- Do not connect the venting system with an existing vent or chimney.
- Do not common vent with the vent pipe of any other water heater or appliance.
- Vent connections must be firmly pressed together so that the gaskets form an air tight seal.
- Refer to the instructions of the vent system manufacturer for component assembly instructions.
- If the vent system is to be enclosed, it is suggested that the design of the enclosure shall permit inspection of the vent system. The design of such enclosure shall be deemed acceptable by the installer or the local inspector.

If it becomes necessary to access an enclosed vent system for service or repairs, Rinnai is not responsible for any costs or difficulties in accessing the vent system. Warranty does not cover obtaining access to an enclosed vent system.

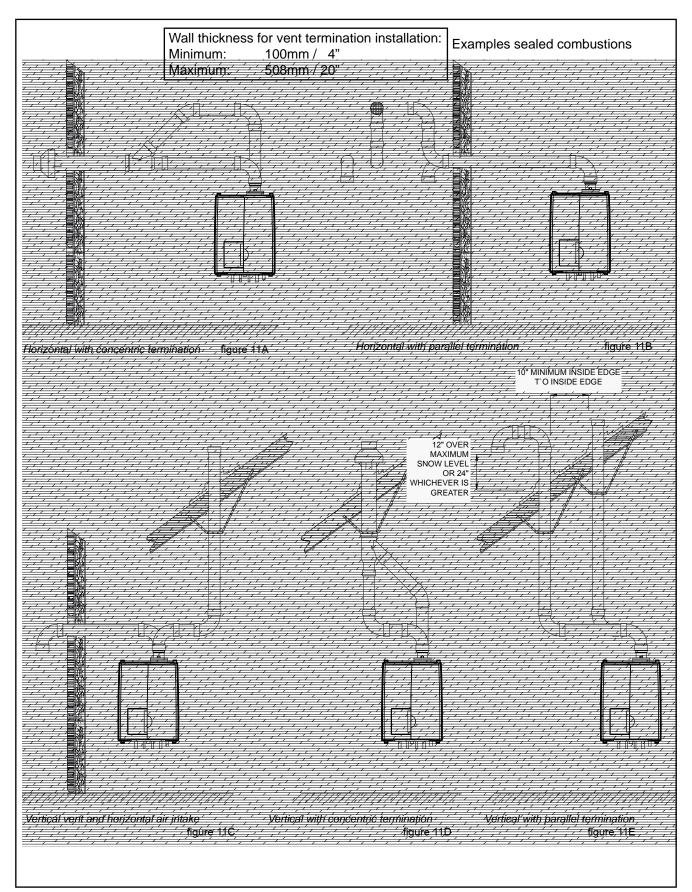
6.7.2a Examples vent and air supply systems (concentric)



Termination with roof terminal and bends figure 10B

Short termination with roof terminal

figure 10A



6.7.3 Installation of the vent system

NOTICE

Consult local and state codes pertaining to special building code and fire department requirements. Adhere to national code requirements.

NOTICE

Follow the listed maximum length of vent systems, which are boiler output dependent. The maximum permissible lengths are listed in table 9, chapter 6.7.6.

Decide how to install the exhaust and air intake system. You can choose between:

Concentric system (see page 26)

The concentric connection is provided standard initially.

The boiler concentric connection diameter is 3"/5" (80/125 mm), to which the venting and air supply system can be fitted, with or without elbow pieces. The maximum permissible pipe length is displayed in table 9, chapter 6.7.6.

Parallel system (see page 27)

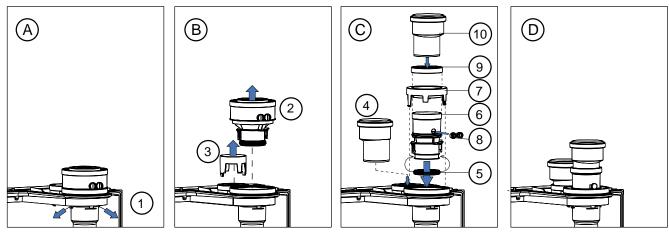
The boiler can be converted to a parallel system with supplied adapters.

It is possible to use a parallel pipe connection of 2x 3". In this case a seperate supplied kit, with 2 vent adapters 3" (ø80mm), cover 5" (ø125mm), vent exhaust pipe and gaskets should be fitted instead of the concentric vent adapter on top of the boiler. See figure 12 for installation. The maximum permissible pipe length is set out in table 9, chapter 6.7.6.

Room Air System (outdoor combustion air)

The boiler can use room air for combustion. If this option is selected the boiler must first be converted to the Parallel system. A single exhaust pipe can then be fitted. It is required to use a room air filter when using indoor air for combustion. The maximum permissible pipe length is set out in table 9, chapter 6.7.6.

We advise to install a vent system out of the venting system program supplied by NOTICE Rinnai (See chapter 19 Parts list Vent system). For further information about the available components of the venting and air supply system we recommend you consult Rinnai and the Installation instructions and parts list documentation.



boiler conversion from concentric to parallel

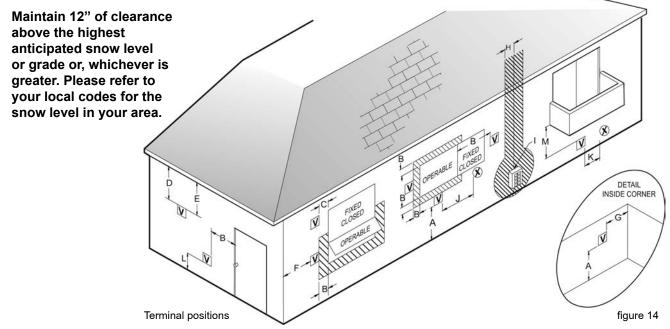
- 1. Push the 2 clips slightly outwards Α.
- Β. 2. Pull the concentric adaptor out of the boiler
 - 3. Press the cover in the connection at the back from inside out
- C. 4. Push the 3" adapter into the connection at the back of the boiler (= air intake)
 - 5. Pull the rubber seal around the bottom of the exhaust connector
 - 6. Push the exhaust connector in the boiler, in the boiler exhaust pipe until 'CLICK'
 - 7. Push the 5" cover over the exhaust connector in the 5" opening until 'CLICK'
 - 8. Push the rubber plug in open position in the O₂ measuring opening and close the stop.
 - 9. Push the gasket around the top of the exhaust connector
 - 10. Push the 3" exhaust adaptor in the exhaust connector.
- D. Connect the parallel vent system.

figure 12

Installation & Servicing Instructions Rinnai E-Series

6.7.4 Recommended vent/air intake terminal position

Terminals should be positioned as to avoid products of combustion entering openings into buildings or other vents.



Ref	Description	Canadian Installations - Direct Vent and non Direct Vent	US Installations Direct Vent	US Installations non Direct Vent
	Clearance above grade, veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	12 inches (30 cm)	12 inches (30 cm)	12 inches (30 cm)
	Clearance to window or door that may be opened	6 inches (15 cm) for appliances ≤ 10,000 Btuh (3 kW), 12 inches (30 cm) for ap- pliances > 10,000 Btuh (3 kW) and ≤ 100,000 Btuh (30 kW), 36 inches (91 cm) for appliances > 100,000 Btuh (30 kW)	Btuh (3 kW), 9 inches (30 cm) for appliances > 10,000 Btuh (3 kW) and \leq	4 feet (1.2 m) below or to side of opening; 1 foot (300 mm) above opening
С	Clearance to permanently closed window	*	*	*
	Vertical clearance to ventilated sof- fit, located above the terminal within a horizontal distance of 2 feet (61 cm) from the center line of the terminal	*	*	*
Е	Clearance to unventilated soffit	*	*	*
F	Clearance to outside corner	*	*	*
G	Clearance to inside corner	*	*	*
	Clearance to each side of center line ex- tended above meter/regulator assembly	3 feet (91 cm) within a height 15 feet (4.5 m) above the meter/regulator assembly	*	*
Ι	Clearance to service regulator vent outlet	36 inches (91 cm)	*	*
	Clearance to nonmechanical air supply inlet to building or the combustion air inlet to any other appliance	6 inches (15 cm) for appliances ≤ 10,000 Btuh (3 kW), 12 inches (30 cm) for ap- pliances > 10,000 Btuh (3 kW) and ≤ 100,000 Btuh (30 kW), 36 inches (91 cm) for appliances > 100,000 Btuh (30 kW)	Btuh (3 kW), 9 inches (30 cm) for appliances > 10,000 Btuh (3 kW) and \leq	4 feet (1.2 m) below or to side of opening; 1 foot (300 mm) above opening
К	Clearance to a mechanical air supply inlet	6 feet (1.83 m)	3 feet (91 cm) above if within 10 feet (3 m) horizontally	3 feet (91 cm) above if wit- hin 10 feet (3 m) horizontally
	Clearance above paved sidewalk or paved driveway located on public property	7 feet (2.13 m) [1]	*	7 feet (2.13 m)
	Clearance under veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	12 inches (30 cm) [2]	*	*

[1] A vent shall not terminate directly above a sidewalk or paved driveway that is located between two single family dwellings and serves both dwellings.

[2] Permitted only if veranda, porch, deck, or balcony is fully open on a minimum of two sides beneath the floor.

* For clearances not specified in ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 or CSA B149.1, clearances are in accordance with local installation codes and the requirements of the gas supplier.

clearances of venting system terminals

table 6

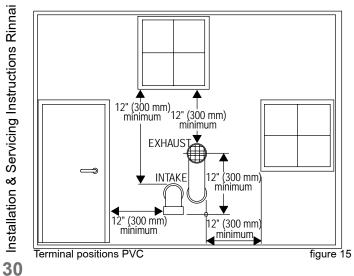
Recommended vent/air intake terminal position 6.7.4

I NOTICE	Terminals should be positioned as to avoid products of combustion entering openings into buildings or other vents.
	Maintain 12" of clearance above the highest anticipated snow level or grade or, whichever is greater. Please refer to your local codes for the snow level in your area.
	The termination shall be at least 4 feet (1,220 mm) for the US and 6 feet (1,830 mm) for Canada distance from electric meters, gas meters, regulators and relief equipment. (for room air application only)
I NOTICE	Horizontal vent systems should always be installed sloping towards the boiler (min. 21 mm/m, 1/4 "/ feet), in order to avoid condensate retaining in the vent system. With the condensate running back to the boiler the risk of ice forming at the terminal is reduced.
I NOTICE	The whole route of the vent system must be installed upwards, never downwards, completely nor partly.
I NOTICE	Place pipe supports every 4 feet (1219 mm) of horizontal run, beginning with the support near the boiler to prevent movement in fittings and allow boiler to be free from any strain or weight on boiler or fittings.
I NOTICE	The terminal should be located where dispersal of combustion products is not impeded and with due regard for the damage or discolouration that might occur to building products in the vicinity (see fig 14 and 15).

		Approval Codes for Installation	
Item Description	Flue Material	United States	
	PVC Schedule 40	ANSI/ASTM D1785	
pipes and fittings	PVC - DWV	ANSI/ASTM D2665	
	CPVC Schedule 40	ANSI/ASTM F441	
Plastic Pipe cement and	PVC	ANSI/ASTM D2564	
primer	CPVC	ANSI/ASTM F493	

Item Description	Flue Material	Manufacturer	US/CAN		Flue system
Stainless steel vent				concentric	Saf-T Vent SC
systems	AL29-4C	Heat Fab	UL1738	twin pipe	Saf-T Vent EZ Seal
Plastic Vent and/or air					Rolux Condensing
pipes and fittings	PPS	Ubbink			Vent System

Approval codes for installation of venting system



Fittings or Piping Equivalent					
	feet	m			
45 degree elbow	3	0.91			
90 degree elbow	6	1.83			
plastic pipe per foot	1	0.30			
concentric vent kit	3	0.91			

Equivalent friction loss of PVC/CPVC table 8



In certain weather conditions condensation may also accumulate on the outside of the air inlet pipe. Such conditions must be considered and where necessary insulation of the inlet pipe may be required. In cold and/or humid weather water vapor may condense on leaving the vent terminal. The effect of such 'water condensation' must be considered.

The terminal must be located in a place not likely to cause a nuisance.

Use the Instructions of the Rinnai venting system for installation and service.

Cellular or Foam core PVC is not permitted for use with the boiler.

6.7.5 Dimensioning of the exhaust and air intake duct

DANGERThe wall mounted boiler must be vented and supplied with combustion and
ventilation air as described in this section.
Ensure the vent and air piping and the combustion air supply comply with
these instructions regarding vent system, air system, and combustion air
quality.

WARNING Inspect finished vent and air piping thoroughly to ensure all are airtight and comply with the instructions provided and with all requirements of applicable codes.

- **I** NOTICE Failure to provide a properly installed vent and air system may cause severe personal injury or death.
- WARNING Use only the material listed in Rinnai's vent documentation for vent pipe, and fittings. Failure to comply could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Installation must comply with local requirements and with the National FuelNOTICEGas Code, ANSI Z223.1 for U.S installations or CSA B 149.1 for Canadian
installations.

INOTICE For closet and alcove installation, CPVC material (instead of PVC) must be used in a closet/alcove structure. Failure to follow this warning could result in fire, personal injury, or death.

All vent pipes must be connected and properly supported, and the exhaust must be pitched a minimum of a 1/4" inch per foot back to the boiler (to allow drainage of condensate). Please refer to the venting manufacturer's manual to see if a larger pitch is required for specific venting sytems.

For the Room Air System, combustion air piping from the outside MUST BE used. Use of combustion air from indoor rooms using louvers, plenums, or any other devices is not authorized.

See the Rinnai Boiler Applications Manual for further information on venting.

6.7.6 Combustion air and vent piping lengths.

In the table below you find the maximum equivalent pipe length of the vent/air system based on 3" diameter. These lengths are for single pipe (room air), twin pipe, and concentric venting systems.

Boiler type	3" Max Vent equivalent length	3" Max Air equivalent length
E75	100 feet	100 feet
E110	100 feet	100 feet

Equivalent vent length

table 9

Calculation of equivalent length vent system

Choose the vent type and fill out the corresponding table.

* When determining equivalent combustion air and vent length, add 6 feet for each 90° elbow, 3 feet for each 45° elbow, 5 feet for the concentric terminal in the Parallel System, and 2 feet for the concentric terminal in the Concentric System .

Parallel system

Length tube		Number of elbows 90° x 6*	Number of elbows 45° x 3*	Concentric terminal Add 5 ft.*	Total	N	Iultiply with factor	Equivalent length
Combustion air								
	ft	ft	ft	ft		ft	0.5	ft
Vent								
	ft	ft	ft	ft		ft	0.5	ft
6					Total ec	luiv	alent length	ft

Concentric system

Length concentric tube, boiler to roof horizontal	Number of elbows 90° x 6*	Number of elbows 45° x 3*	Concentric terminal Add 2 ft.*	Total	Multiply with factor	Total equivalent length
ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	1.0	ft

Twin tube (parallel) with ter Combustion air I		: 24 ft	with elbo	ow 3 :	x 90°		
Vent length	U	: 24 ft	with elbo	ow 2 :	x 90°, elbow 2	x 45°	
Calculation:							
Equivalent Air Length	: (24+	3x6+2) x 0.5	5	=	23 ft		
Equivalent Vent Length	: (24+	2x6+2x3+2)	x 0.5	=	23 ft +Total	=	46 ft.

41

61

81

The compensation factor eliminates or reduces the natural effect of derate of maximum input caused by the resistance of the vent system and/or the impact of the altitude.

Eq. length (ft) **Boiler type** E75 E110 CF (V) min max 0 10 0 0 11 20 0 0 21 30 0 2 31 40 4 1

2

3

4

1. Determine the Compensation Factor Vent System CF(V) in the table below.

6

8 10

Compensation factor vent system CP(V) table 10

60

80

100

2. Determine the Compensation Factor Altitude CF(A) in the table below.

Altitu	de (ft)	Boiler type E75, E110			
min	max	CF (A)			
0	1	0			
1,000	2,000	6			
2,000	3,000	12			
3,000	4,000	18			
4,000	5,000	24			
5,000	6,000	30			
6,000	7,000	36			
7,000	8,000	42			
8,000	9,000	48			
9,000	10,000	54			
Componentia	n factor altitu	do CD(A) tob			

Compensation factor altitude CP(A)

table 11

Any application or installation above 10,000 must be reviewed by Rinnai's Engineering group. This is to ensure the product is installed and the overall system is designed properly and that the units are commisioned properly. Not involving of Rinnai's Engineering group would result in no support of the product and no warranty.

3. Calculate the Compensation Factor Total CF(T):

$$CF(T) = CF(V) + CF(A)$$

The result is the setting for Parameter 73.

Change parameter 73 according to this result. See Chapter 10.1 how to change parameters.



Example of calculation: E110			
Eq. lenth vent system (taken from previous example) Altitude	46 ft 7,200ft	CF(V) = 6 CF(A) = 42 + CF(T) = 48	
Parameter setting (Par. 73) = 48		O(1) = 40	

Do not overcompensate the boiler by setting a higher value than calculated, otherwise the boiler could be seriously damaged.

When using indoor air, Rinnai strongly recommends the use of an indoor air filter, P/N 808000025.

This boiler requires adequate combustion air for ventilation and dilution of flue gases. Failure to provide adequate combustion air can result in unit failure, fire, explosion, serious bodily injury or death. Use the following methods to ensure adequate combustion air is available for correct and safe operation of this water heater.

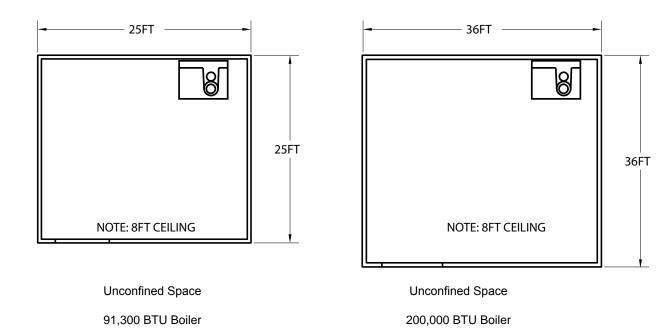
Important: Combustion air must be free of corrosive chemicals. Do not provide combustion air from corrosive environments. Appliance failure due to corrosive air is not covered by warranty.

Combustion air must be free of acid forming chemical such as sulfur, fluorine and chlorine. These chemicals have been found to cause rapid damage and decay and can become toxic when used as combustion air in gas appliances. Such chemicals can be found in, but not limited to bleach, ammonia, cat litter, aerosol sprays, cleaning solvents, varnish, paint and air fresheners. Do not store these products or similar products in the vicinity of this water heater.

Unconfined Space:

An unconfined space is defined in NFPA #54 "as a space whose volume is not less than 50 cubic feet per 1000 Btu/hr (4.8 m3 per kW per hour) of the aggregate input rating of all appliances installed in that space. Rooms communicating directly with the space in which the appliances are installed, through openings not furnished with doors, are considered a part of the unconfined space." If the "unconfined space" containing the appliance(s) is in a building with tight construction, outside air may still be required for proper operation. Outside air openings should be sized the same as for a confined space.

figure 16



Unconfined space

S Installation & Servicing Instructions Rinnai E-Series

Confined Space:

(Small Room, Closet, Alcove, Utility Room, Etc.)

A confined space is defined in the NFPA #54 as "a space whose volume is less than 50 cubic feet per 1000 Btu/hr (4.8 m3 per kW per hour) of the aggregate input rating of all appliances installed in that space." A confined space must have two combustion air openings. Size the combustion air openings based on the BTU input for all gas utilization equipment in the space and the method by which combustion air is supplied:

Using indoor air for combustion Using outdoor air for combustion

Louvers and Grills

When sizing the permanent opening as illustrated in figure 17, consideration must be taken for the design of the louvers or grills to maintain the required free area required for all gas utilizing equipment in the space. If the free area of the louver or grill design is not available, assume wood louvers will have 25% free area and metal louvers or grills will have 75% free area. Under no circumstance should the louver, grill or screen have openings smaller than 1/4".

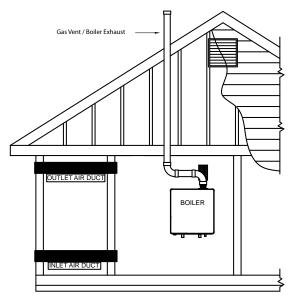
Example:

Wood: 10 in x 12 in x 0.25 = 30 in2 Metal: 10 in x 12 in x 0.75 = 90 in2

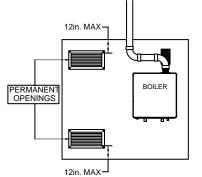
Location

To maintain proper circulation of combustion air two permanent openings (one upper, one lower) must be positioned in confined spaces. The upper shall be within 12 inches of the confined space and the lower opening shall be within 12 inches of the bottom of the confined space. Openings must be positioned as to never be obstructed.

Combustion air provided to the appliance should not be taken from any area of the structure that may produce a negative pressure (i.e. exhaust fans, powered ventilation fans).



Louvers and grills



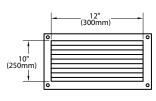


figure 17

Using Indoor Air For Combustion

When using air from other room(s) in the building, the total volume of the room(s) must be of adequate volume (Greater than 50 cubic feet per 1000 Btu/hr). Each Combustion air opening must have at least one square inch of free area for each 1000 Btuh, but not less than 100 square inches each.

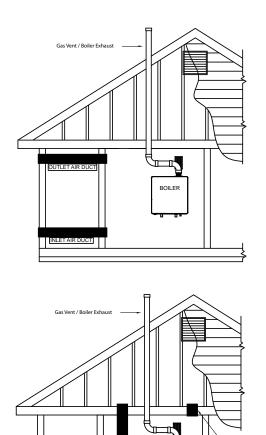
Using Outdoor Air For Combustion

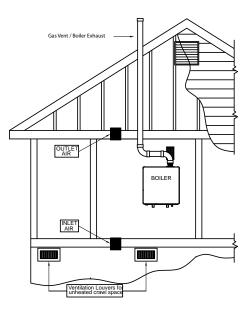
Outdoor air can be provided to a confined space through two permanent openings, one commencing within 12 in. (300mm) of the top and one commencing within 12" (300mm) of the bottom, of the confined space. The openings shall communicate to the outside by one of two ways:

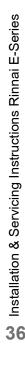
directly through horizontal ducts indirectly through vertical ducts

When communicating directly with the outdoors through horizontal ducts, each opening shall have a minimum free area of 1 in2/2000 Btu/hr (1100 mm2/ kW) of total input rating of all appliances in the confined space. Note: If ducts are used, the cross sectional area of the duct must be greater than or equal to the required free area of the openings to which they are connected.

When communicating indirectly with the outdoors through vertical ducts, each opening shall have a minimum free area of 1 in2/4000 Btu/hr (550 mm2/ kW) of total input rating of all appliances in the confined space. Combustion air to the appliance can be provided from a well ventilated attic or crawl space.









BOILER

TAIR DUC 1Ft (300m

Louvers and grills

The electrical connections to the boiler must be made in accordance with all applicable local codes and the latest revision of the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA-70. Installations should also conform with CSA C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code Part 1 if installed in Canada.

Devices such as, outdoor sensor, room thermostat or temperature control, temperature sensor or thermostat and an external pump are all connected to the internal connection terminal. The connection terminal is situated behind the Control Tower.

Connecting incoming power

Install a 120V main switch next to the boiler as service main switch of the boiler. Lead the cable through the back part of the boiler using a strain relief and lead the cable through the cable supports to the Control Tower.

Connect a power supply cable to the cable harness terminal strip that connects to both the power switch on the front of the Control Tower and the terminal strip with positions 1, 2, and 3 on the inside of the Control Tower.

The boiler must be electrically grounded in accordance with local codes, or in absence of local codes, with the National Electrical Code, ANSI/INFPA 70 and/or the CSA C22.1, Electrical Code.

RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK.

Once the main power supply is on then there is 120V on terminals 1 to 12 if the main switch next to the boiler is switched on.



CAUTION

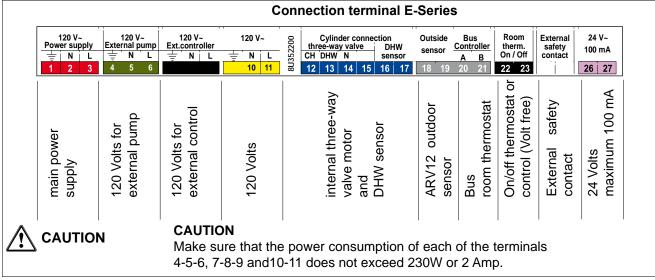
7

- No changes may be made to the wiring of the boiler;
- All connections should be designed in accordance with the applicable regulations;

NOTICE The Rinnai room thermostat and controls must be connected to their allocated connections. All other types or makes of room thermostats or controls which are used must have a Volt free contact.

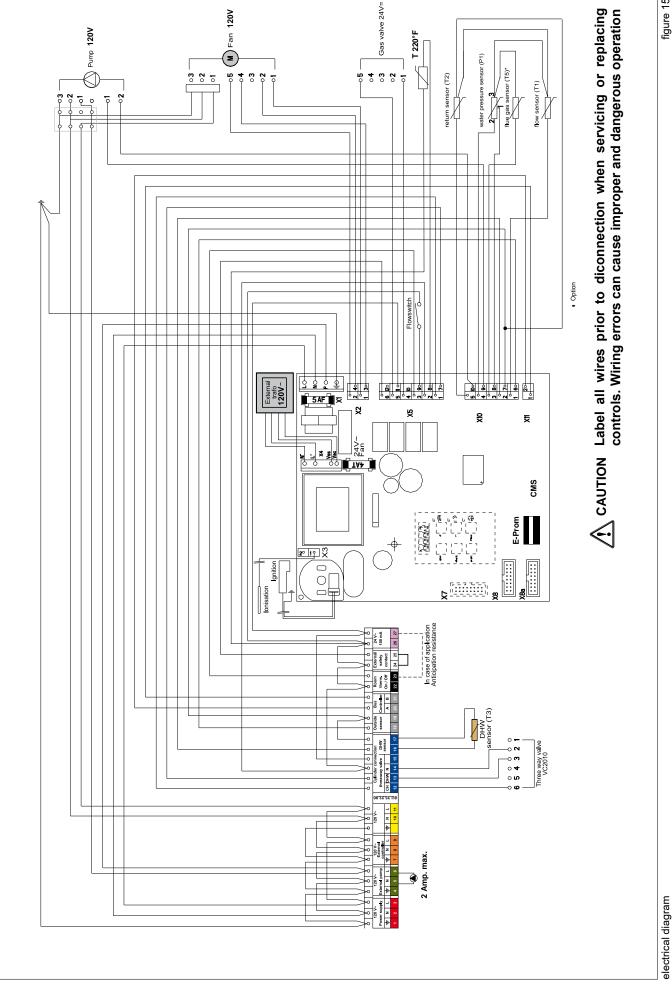
When using an on/off thermostat or control, it is possible that an anticipating resistance must be calibrated in order to prevent too high temperature fluctuations. As a standard rule this means mercury thermostats. This resistance wire is present in the Control Tower and must be connected to clamps 23 and 27. The anticipating resistance in the room thermostat has to be set at 0.11 A.

For more detailed questions regarding the components which are not supplied, the distributor should be contacted.



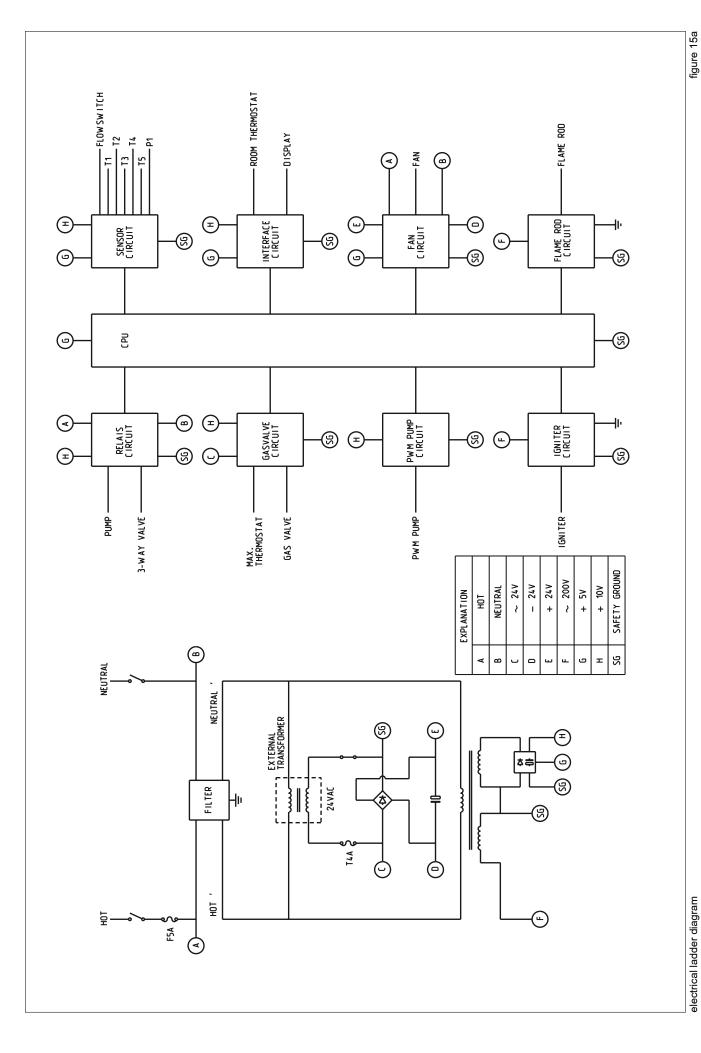
Connection terminal

Installation & Servicing Instructions Rinnai E-Series



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figure 15



The boiler is provided with a fully automatic microprocessor control, called CMS Control Management System. This control simplifies operation by undertaking all major control functions. Initially when power to the unit is switched on it will remain on standby. There is no indication LED on, until one of the program buttons is pressed. The control panel display will show the relevant state. When the installation is empty the display will show FILL.

The various parameters can be called up in two ways:

The Good-state or standard read out

The first way shows a simple display read out.

The boiler in operation will always show 'Good'. When a message is necessary this will be shown instead of Good.

Technical read out

The second way is a technical read out. In normal situations the following will be shown:
on the left the status in which the boiler is active;

- on the right the supply temperature in °F;
- Alternately indicated by:

the water pressure in the installation in PSI.

When a message (error or blocking code) is necessary this will be shown instead of the technical read out.

To switch over from the Good-state to the Technical read out (and vice versa): - Press the STEP-button for 5 seconds.

When the system has been filled the automatic de-aeration program starts, when a program has been selected, by pressing the button for Central Heating, DHW or pump program ([11111], (1111)

On a call for heating or hot water the control system will select the required water control temperature. This water temperature is called the T-set value. On a call for central heating the boiler ignites first at low input. The input is then changed slowly to match the load required. The boiler operates in this way to avoid excessive water noises and temperature overshoot. On a call for domestic hot water supply the T-set value of central heating return water temperature is monitored. Depending on the amount of domestic water which is withdrawn from the DHW fascility, the central heating return water temperature is adjusted, will vary.

Operation indication

(in the first display position by technical read out)

- No heat demand
- Fan pre/post purge
- 2 Ignition phase
- 3 Burner active on central heating
- H Burner active on DHW
- 5 Fan check
- 6 Burner off when room thermostat is demanding
- Pump overrun phase for central heating
- 8 Pump overrun phase for hot water
- 9 Burner off because of to high flow temperature
- Automatic de-aeration program

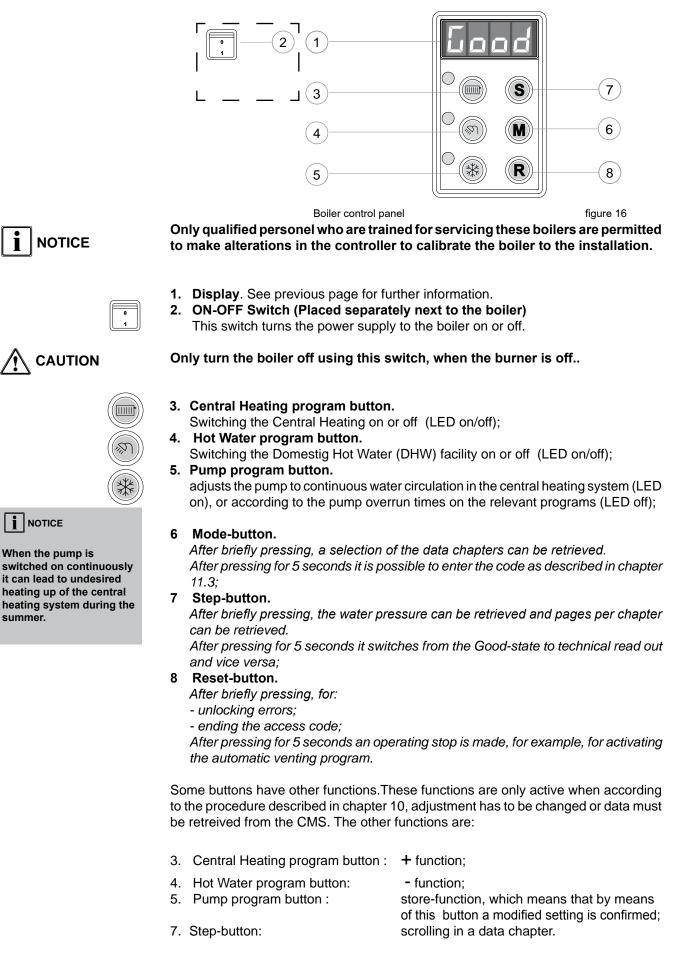


linna



NOTICE

8.1 Explanation of the function buttons



9 Starting	g up: Filling and de-aerating the boiler and installation
	 CAUTION Observe the following rules of safety: All work on the unit must take place in a dry environment. Rinnai units may never be in operation without their housing, except in connection with maintenance or adjustments (see Chapter 12 and 13). Never allow electrical or electronic components to come into contact with water.
I NOTICE	 NOTICE Carry out the following tasks in connection with maintenance, etc. to an already-installed unit: Shut down all programs Close the gas shut off valve Shut off the power at the main power switch Close the service valves (system supply and return) NOTICE
	 Take note of the following when maintenance or adjustments are needed: The unit must be able to function during these activities; for this reason, the unit's supply voltage, gas pressure and water pressure must be maintained. Ensure that this is not a source of potential danger during these activities.
	Following maintenance or other activities; always check the installation of all parts through which gas flows (with bubble test using leak-search spray).
9.1 Require	ements of the water system
	Before filling the heating system, the complete system, including all zones, must be thoroughly cleaned and flushed to remove sediment. Flush until clean water runs free of sediment. Rinnai suggests using an approved system cleaner to flush the system, but not the boiler. See the Rinnai Boiler Applications Manual for furtherinformation and for a list of approved cleaners. Approved antifreezes are Noble Noburst Aluminum, Rhomar RhoGard Aluminum Safe Multi-Metal. Never use salt bedding exchangers, reverse osmosis, D.I., or distilled water for filling the heating system.
	Do not use petroleum-based cleaning or sealing compounds in the boiler system. Damage of seals and gaskets in boiler and system could occur, resulting in substantial property damage.

The central heating installation needs to be filled with potable water.

WARNING When the water hardness of the filling water exceeds > 10.5 gpg (200 mg/L) and the volume of the installation > 20L/kW (5.2 gallons/3,412 BTU) the water has to be treated until below the maximum value of 10.5 gpg (200 mg/L). The pH value of the installation water must be between 6.5 and 8.5.

> Check the The pH value using a digital pH meter that has been properly calibrated or by having the water analyzed by a water treatment company. If pH differs from above, contact Rinnai engineering for further assistance.

 Failure to adhere to the water quality requirements will result in a void of warranty.

Freeze protection

Freeze protection for new or existing systems must use glycol that is specially formulated for this purpose. This includes inhibitors, which prevent the glycol from attack the metallic components. This should be for multi-metallic components. Make certain to check that the system fluid is correct for the glycol concentration and inhibitor level. The system should be tested at least once a year and as recommended by the producer of the glycol solution.

I NOTICE Use only Rinnai approved inhibitors. See the Rinnai Boiler Applications Manual for an approved list of inhibitors.

WARNING Use only inhibited propylene glycol solutions, which are specially formulated for central heating systems. Ethylene glycol is toxic and can attack gaskets and seals used in the boiler and system. Approved glycols ae listed in the Rinnai Boiler Applications Manual.

Additives in the installation water are not permitted.

9.2 Filling the heating system

For filling or topping up the installation you use the filling loop according to the following procedure:

	1 Switch on the power supply;
FILL	2 The display will show FILL;
	3 All functions off (heating $\overline{\text{mm}}$, DHW $\widehat{\otimes}$ and pump \Re);
S	4 Push briefly the 'STEP'-button: P XX (XX = water pressure in PSI);
	5 Open the filling loop (Indication on display increases);
P 22	6 Fill up slowly to 22 to 25 PSI;
Stop	7 STOP appears on the display;
	8 Close the filling loop;
	9 De-aerate the complete installation, start at the lowest point;
	10 Check the water pressure and if necessary top it up;
	11 Close the filling loop;
	12 Activate the functions in use (heating , DHW 🔊 and/or pump 🗱);
	13 If A XX appears on the display, wait for 17 minutes;
	14 Check the water pressure and if necessary top it up to 22 to 25 PSI
	15 Close the filling loop;
S	16 Press the 'STEP'-button;
	17 Be sure that the filling loop is closed.
R XX	18 After the automatic de-aeration program (A XX) is finished the boiler will return to
Good O XX	the Good state or Technical read out.
	Check the water pressure regularly and top off the installation when percessary

Check the water pressure regularly and top off the installation when necessary. The working pressure of the installation should be between 22 and 25 PSI when the system is cold.



It can take a while before all air has disappeared from a filled installation. Especially in the first week noises may be heard which indicate the presence of air. The automatic air vent in the boiler will remove this air, which means the water pressure can reduce during this period and therefore topping off with water will have to be done.

During normal use the following messages can occur with the necessary follow up:

FILL

Water pressure is too low (<10 PSI), FILL indication remains continuously visible, the boiler is taken out of operation. The installation needs to be topped off.



 $\langle | | / \rangle$

Water pressure is too low (<14,5 PSI), flashing FILL will alternate with indication of water pressure, boiler power of 50% is possible. The installation needs to be topped off.

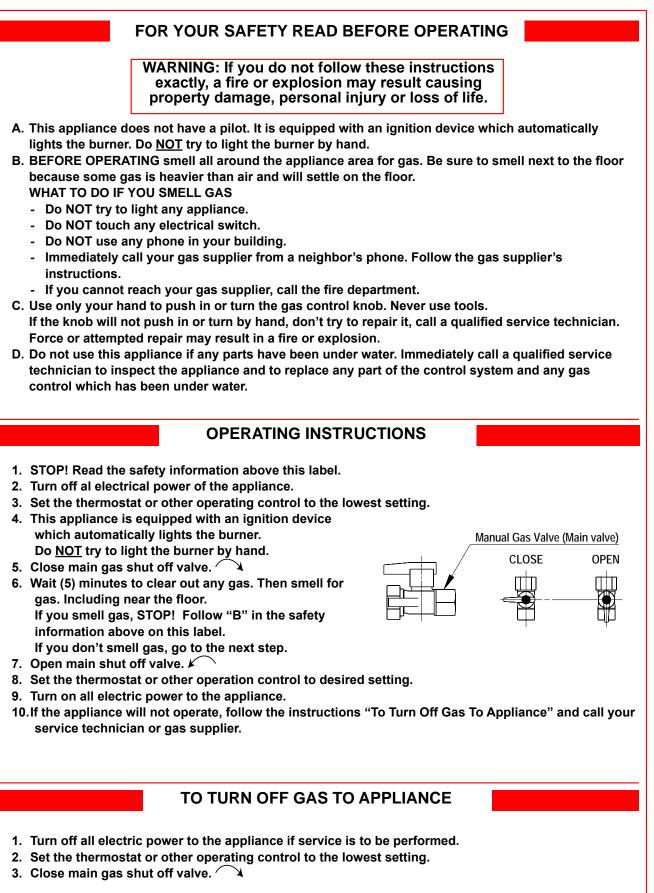


Water pressure is too high (>52,2 PSI), if HIGH indication remains continuously visible, the boiler is taken out of operation. The installation pressure needs to be decreased by draining water.

9.3 Hot water supply

Apply the water pipe pressure to the DHW fascility (open main valve and/or stop valve of the safety group).

Vent the DHW fascility and the hot water installation by opening a hot water shut off valve. Leave the shut off valve open for as long as required until all air has disappeared from the DHW fascility and the pipes and only water is flowing from the shut off valve.



b Installation & Servicing Instructions Rinnai E-Series

8U 34 01 00 / 05 09

When the boiler is installed it is ready for use. All adjustments of the boiler control are already pre-programmed for a heating system with radiators/convectors with a supply temperature of 185°F. The adjustments are described in the Parameter chapter on page 44.

In certain cases parameters have to be altered in case of :

- Lower supply temperature
- High altitude/long vent length

Read through the Parameter chapter to adjust the boiler to its installation. Contact Rinnai in case of doubt.

Only qualified personel who are trained for servicing these boilers are permitted NOTICE to make alterations in the controller to calibrate the boiler to the installation.

11.1	Altering	adiustm	nents
	Altering	uujustii	101110

STEP 1	Press the Mode-button for 5 seconds.
	The display shows COdE followed by an arbitrary number;
STEP 2	Press by means of the + or the - button until the code C123 is shown;
STEP 3	Press the STORE-button to confirm the code (code blinks1 x).

Now you have acces to the installer level. There are 4 chapters:

· PRFR · INFO	Parameters Information chapter (no adjustments possible)
· SEFU	Service chapter
· EFF0	Error-chapter (no adjustments possible)

The content of the chapters is described on the following pages.

STEP 4	Press briefly the MODE-button to select one of the 4 chapters, i.e. PARA;
STEP 5	Press once or more briefly on the STEP-button to select a Parameter (parameter visible on the left, value on the right) ;
STEP 6	Alter the value, if necessary/possible, by means of the + or the - button
STEP 7	Press briefly on the STORE-button to confirm the alteration. When you have to change more values, repeat from step 5.
STEP 8	Press once or more on the MODE-button until StBY or Good is shown: After a few seconds the text StBY will be replaced by the technical read-out or Good-state (Depending from the position the acces code is entered)
	When you want to return from an arbitrary position to the original read out press once or more on the MODE-button until StBY is shown.
NOTICE	If no single button is used within 20 minutes the display will return automatically to its original read-out (Good state or technical read out)

Parame	eter Mode		
PARA	FACTORY	DESCRIPTION	RANGE
1	186°F	maximum supply temperature CH	68 - 186°F
2*	00	type of CH installation:	
			01 DO NOT USE
		radiators with large surface areas or underfloor heating as additional heating:	02
		T max. supply 158°F K factor heating curve 1.8; gradient 10°F/min; gear differential 10°F	
		under floor heating with radiators as additional heating:	03
		T max. supply 140°F; K factor heating curve 1.5; gradient 8°F/min; gear differential 8°F	
		full under floor heating:	04
		T max. supply 122°F; K factor heating curve 1.0; gradient 6°F/min; gear differential 6°F	
3	max.	maximum power CH in kW (x3415 = BTU/hr)	min-max
4*	00	control principal with on / off thermostat:	
		100 % on / off thermostat	00
F *	2.2	100 % on / off weather dependant	01
5*	2.3	heating curve K-factor (see also heating curve graph)	0.2 - 3.5
6* =-	1.4	heating curve exponent (see also heating curve graph)	1.1 - 1.4
7*	14°F	heating curve climate zone (see also heating curve graph)	-4 - 32°F
10*	0°F	fine adjustment heating curve day temperature	-8 to 10°F
11*	0°F	fine adjustment heating curve night temperature	-8 to 10°F
14	10°F/min.	gradient speed °F/min.	0 - 28°F/min.
15*	00	Booster after night decrease*:	
		no	00
		yes	01
23	26°F	Frost Temperature	-4 to 50°F
27	32°F	Minimum T-set CH	0 - 158°F
31	132°F	DHW temperature	68 - 176°F
36	20	Type of three way valve DHW fascility	
		VC 2010 / VC 8010	x0
		Flowswitch	2x
43	max.	Maximum power DHW in kW (x3415 = BTU/hr)	min-max
49	100%	Maximum pump capacity heating	100 %
73	0	Altitude and venting CFT. See chapter 6.7.7	0 - 100
89	00	Address	
		No function	-01
		Bus thermostat	00
90	01	Display reading	
		°C and Bar	00
		°F and PSI	01

Info Moc	le		
INFO	FACTORY	DESCRIPTION	RANGE
		· ·	
1	°F	supply water temperature T1	
4	°F	return water temperature T2	
5	°F	DHW temperature T3	
7	°F	outdoor temperature T4	
8	°F	flue gas temperature T5 (optional sensor)	
16	%	actual power in %	
17	kW	actual power in kW (x3415 = BTU/hr)	
18	kW	actual load in kW (x3415 = BTU/hr)	
20		indication bus communication	
21	GJ	consumption total in GJ (x 33 = m3)	
22	GJ	consumption CH in GJ (x 33 = m3)	
23	GJ	consumption DHW in GJ (x 33 = m3)	
24	h	total number of burner run hours	
25	h	number of burner run hours CH	
26	h	number of burner run hours DHW	
32	h	total number of hours counter	
37	h	total number of run hours pump CH and DHW	
46	h	within how many hours is service required	

Service Mode			
SERV	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	RANGE
1	OFF	boiler in operation with burner function on	OFF - max.
2	OFF	fan adjustable and burner off	OFF - max.
3	OFF	pump adjustable with burner on	OFF - max.
4	OFF	showroom position ON = active and OFF = non active	ON - OFF

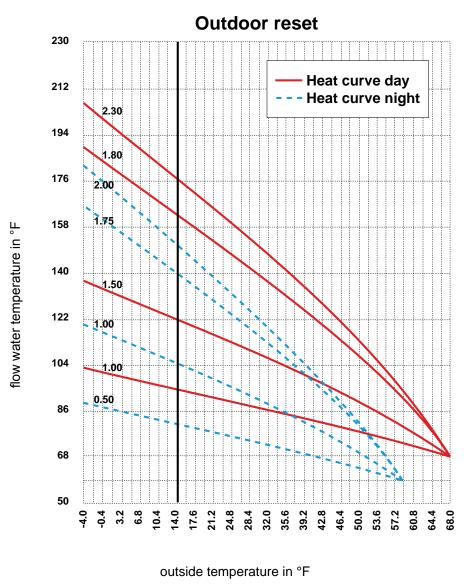
Error Mod	le	
ERRO	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
Err.L - Err.5		Last saved error until 5 last previous errors
1		error code
2		operation status boiler
3	°F	supply water temperature T1
4	°F	return water temperature T2
5 I	<w< td=""><td>load (x3415 = BTU/hr)</td></w<>	load (x3415 = BTU/hr)
6	%	pump capacity

Parameter-, Info-, Service- and Error-chapters

Table 12



* Most of the data in this table can be requested by the RS100. Most of the adjustments which are stated in this table are unnecessary when in combination with the Rinnai RS100 thermostat and will be taken care of by the RS100 itself and do not have to be adjusted. For further information regarding to the RS100 thermostat refer to the Rinnai RS100 installation manual.



heating line adjustments Parameter Step 6 and 7

10.2 Activating factory settings (green button function)

To activate the factory settings again please follow the next procedure (Note: all altered adjustments will be set back to their original factory settings):



- Select, when necessary, the technical read out;
- Select with the MODE-button chapter PARA;
- Press the STORE-button.

The word "Copy" will appear and the factory settings are active again.

11 Isolating the boiler

Some situations require turning the entire boiler off.



By switching off the three buttons with the LED's for central heating, hot water and pump program (),), the boiler is switched off. Do not shut off the power of the boiler, which means the circulation pump and the three-way valve are activated once every 24 hours in order to prevent these parts from seizing up.



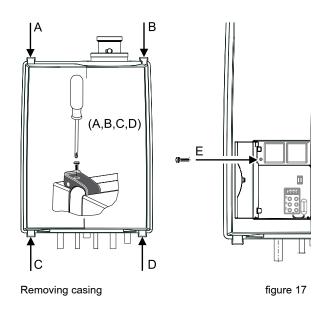
In the event of frost danger during an isolated boiler it is advisable to drain the boiler and/or the installation.

Work on the boiler must be carried out by a competent person, using NOTICE correctly calibrated instruments with current test certification. These installation instructions are intended for professional installers, who have the necessary knowledge and are approved for working on heating and gas systems. Before the boiler is fired, ensure that the boiler and the system are well de-aerated and free of air. Purge the gas line between the gas meter and the boiler. The boiler and its individual shut off valve must be disconnected from the NOTICE gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures in excess of 1/2 PSI (3.5kPa). To commission the boiler the casing has to be removed. remove the 4 screws A,B,C and D in the quick releases of the casing (figure 17); remove the screw E behind the door on the front of the casing (figure 17); remove it towards the front.

The boiler settings, such as burner pressure and adjustment of the air quantity are unnecessary, due to the fact that the boiler operates with a zero pressure control. This means the correct gas quantity is controlled by the suction operation of the fan. The fine adjustment which is carried out at the factory is once-only, which means that adjusting of these values is unnecessary. Only in case of replacing of the gas valve, venturi and/or fan, the zero pressure and the incorrect O_2 adjustment has to be checked and, if necessary, adjusted at the right value.

Always check the installation of all parts through which gas flows (by bubble test using leak-search spray)

During the commissioning of the boiler the Rinnai Installation, Commissioning, and Service card must be filled out.



DANGER

12.1 Testing for gas leaks

Prior to start-up of the boiler you must check the external tightness of the gas supply valve and confirm this in the start-up report.

DANGER

- ARNING Cover endangered positions before leak testing.
 - Do not spray the leak testing agent onto cables, plugs, electrical connection lines or electronic circuit boards. Do not allow it to drip onto them either.

Leaks may be caused to pipes and screw connections during commissioning and maintenance activities.

- Carry out a proper leak test.
- Only use approved leak detection agents for leak detection.
- Disconnect the heating system from the power supply.
- Check the exterior tightness of new conduit sections up to and including the direct sealing point on the gas burner fitting. The maximum test pressure allowed on the input of the gas burner fitting is 14 inch W.C. (35mbar).

12.2 Testing the Ignition Safety shut off device



WARNING

- Switch off system using the Central Heating button and the DHW button
- Disconnect the plug and socket connection of the ionization cable.
- Switch on the sytem using the Central Heating button and the DHW button.
- Press the MODE-button for 5 seconds.
- The display will show COdE followed by an arbitrary number;
- Select by means of the (m) or the (s) button the code C123;
- Press the Store-button to confirm the code (code blinks 1 x);
- Press the MODE-button until SERV is shown;
- Press the STEP-button once until 1 is shown; alternately 1 and OFF will be shown.
- Press the button once; Check if the boiler does one start-up attempt and four restart attampts. After the last start-up attempt, the boiler will lock out. The gas valve is shut off. The E02 code is blinking in the display.
- Connect the plug and socket connection of the ionisation cable.
- Press the reset button.
 - Check if the boiler starts-up.

Do not touch the inside of the igntion cable while it is disconnected during start up of the boiler.

12.3 Checking for contamination

NOTICE In order to be able to check the boiler for contamination in the following running years it is advisable to measure the maximum air displacement in the boiler when putting the boiler into operation. This value can be different with each type of boiler.

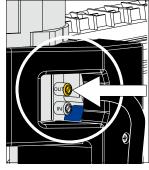
In order to be able to measure this value follow the next procedure:

- Press the MODE-button for 5 seconds.
- The display will show COdE followed by an arbitrary number;
- Select by means of the (m) or the (s) button the code C123;
- Press the Store-button to confirm the code (code blinks 1 x);
- Press the MODE-button until SERV is shown;
- Press the STEP-button until 2 is shown; alternately 2 and OFF will be shown.
- Turn open the upper measuring nipple on the gas valve (fig. 18);
- Connect the hose of the digital pressure gauge to the upper measuring nipple of the gas valve

- Press the button until the maximum value is achieved; The fan will function to its maximum revolutions (burner stays off)
- Measure the under pressure and write down this value.
 At the next servicing visit this value may drop 20% of its original value on the moment of installation. When this value is dropped more than 20% the boiler needs maintanance.



Press the () button until OFF is shown (keep button pressed) With this the procedure is finished.



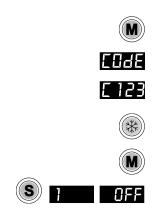
Check point contamination figure 18



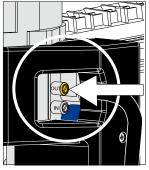


52

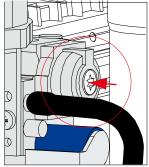
12.4 Checking of the zero pressure control



NOTICE



Check point contamination figure 19



Adjustment zero pressure figure 20



- The zero pressure control is set at the factory. To measure this value you need a difference pressure gauge with a range of +0.2 to -0.8 mbar (+0.08 to -0.001" W.C.). Follow the next procedure:
- Press the MODE-button for 5 seconds.
- The display will show COdE followed by an arbitrary number;
 - Select by means of the () or the () button the code C123;
 - Press the Store-button to confirm the code (code blinks 1 x);
 - Press the MODE-button until SERV is shown;
 - Press the STEP-button once until 1 is shown; alternately 1 and OFF will be shown.
 - Turn the upper measuring nipple on the gas valve open (fig. 19);
 - Connect the hose of the digital pressure gauge to the upper measuring nipple of the gas valve
 - Press the () button until the minimum value is achieved; The fan will function to its minimum revolutions (burner is active)
 - Measure the negative pressure. Value should be 0 to -4Pa (0 to -0.04 mbar or 0 to -0.016" W.C.).
 - If the zero pressure deviates too much:
 - Remove black cover of the gas valve
 - Remove cap with Torx screwdriver (fig. 20)
 - Turn slightly the Torx screw behind the cap:
 Turn left is positive pressure deviation
 Turn right is negative pressure deviation
 - Ending this procedure is done by pressing the Reset button.
 - Proceed by checking the O₂ value and correct it if necessary.

12.5 Checking the O ₂		
	The O ₂ percentage is factory-set. This has to be checked at commissioning, maintance and faults.	
	This can be checked by means of the following procedure:Remove the black cover of the gas valve by unscrewing the sealed screw.	
	- Put the boiler into operation and take care that it can deliver its heat;	
i	Tip: If there is no demand for heat on CH, turn the hot water tap completely open and measure the $\rm O_2.$	
	- Press the MODE-button for 5 seconds.	
EBdE	- The display will show COdE followed by an arbitrary number;	
E 123	- Select by means of the interview or the interview button the code C123;	
	- Press the Store-button to confirm the code (code blinks 1 x);	
	- Press the MODE-button until SERV is shown;	
S 1 OFF	 Press the STEP-button once until 1 is shown; alternately 1 and OFF will be shown. 	
	- Calibrate the O ₂ meter ;	
	- Place the probe of the O_2 meter into the check point (see fig. 21);	
shaqiyasist CO	 Press the button until the maximum value (in kW) is achieved; The boiler will burn on full load (value on display in kW) value in BTU/hr = x3415 	
checkpoint CO ₂ figure 21	 Check the O₂ percentage: Natural gas: full load: between 4.4% and 4.7% 	
	min. load: between (setting of full load +0.2%) and 6.0% Propane: full load: between 4.8% and 5.1%	
	min. load: between (setting of full load +0.2%) and 6.0%	

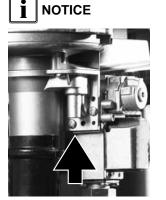
Example:Full load set on 4.6% O_ (natural gas) then the minimum load setting should be between 4.8% and 6% O_

Choose the right O_2 value according the kind of gas (Natural Gas or Propane Gas). Wrong adjustment may result causing property damage, personal injury or death.

- Let the O_2 meter do its measuring procedure.
- Adjust, if necessary, the adjustment screw to correct the O₂ value (see fig. 22).

Ending the O₂ measuring procedure:

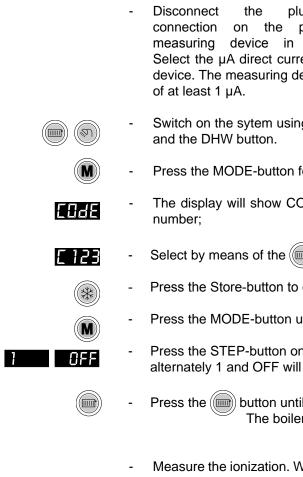
- Press the button until OFF is shown (keep button pressed). With this the procedure has ended..
- Replace the black cover on the gas valve and fix it with the screw.



adjustment screw CO₂ figure 22

OFF

12.6 Measuring the ionization current



- Switch off the system using the Central Heating button and the DHW button
 - and the socket plug probe and connect the See in series. figure 23. Select the µA direct current range on the measuring device. The measuring device must have a resolution Switch on the sytem using the Central Heating button
- Press the MODE-button for 5 seconds.
- The display will show COdE followed by an arbitrary

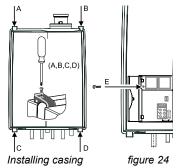
Ionization test figure 23

- Select by means of the (()) or the ()) button the code C123;
- Press the Store-button to confirm the code (code blinks 1 x);
- Press the MODE-button until SERV is shown;
- Press the STEP-button once until 1 is shown; alternately 1 and OFF will be shown.
- Press the (m) button until the maximum value (in kW) is achieved; The boiler will burn on full load (value on display in kW) value in BTU/hr = x3415
- Measure the ionization. When the boiler is in full load the ionization current must be > 4 μ A and write down this value in the log book.



- Press the (((ST)) button until OFF is shown (keep button pressed).
- Switch off the system using the Central Heating button and the DHW button
- Disconnect the measuring device and restore the plug and the socket connection on the probe.
- Switch on the sytem using the Central Heating button and the DHW button.

12.7 Installing the casing



- Install the cover on the boiler and clos all 4 quick releases of the casing
- Tighten the 4 screws A,B,C and D in the quick releases (figure 24);
- Tighten the screw E behind the door on the front of the casing (figure 24);

13 Maintenance

NOTICE

Maintenance or changes to the boiler may only be carried out by a qualified technician.

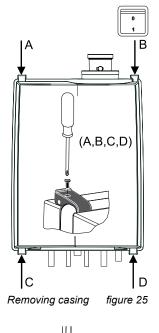
13.1 Periodic examination of venting systems and boiler

The inspection of the boiler and venting system should be done every 2 years and full maintenance every 4 years or 4000 hours of operation, whichever occurs first. When doing this the circumstances of the boiler's location must be taken into account. From this one can determine whether to deviate from this advice.

NOTICE

Please contact Rinnai for further guidance on the frequency and service requirements. Contact details can be found on the back page of this manual.

13.2 Inspection



Preparing the boiler for inspection

To carry out the maintenance activities please follow the next procedure:

- switch off the power supply;
- shut off the gas;
- valve off the boiler from the system using the boiler isolation valves in the plumbing kit.
- remove the 4 screws A,B,C and D in the quick releases of the casing (figure 25);
- remove the screw E behind the door on the front of the casing (figure 26);
- remove it towards the front.
- clean the casing with a cloth with a simple (non-abrasive) cleaning agent;

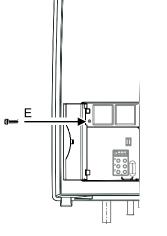


figure 26 Removing casing

14.2.1 Visual inspection for general signs of corrosion

- Check all gas and water pipes for signs of corrosion.
- Replace any pipes that are corroded.

14.2.2 Measuring the ionization current

See subsection 12.6 "Measuring the ionization current".

14.2.3 Measuring the inlet gas pressure

See subsection 6.4.1 and .2 "Gas connection with natural gas" and "Gas connection with propane".

14.2.4 Checking and adjusting the gas/air ratio

See subsection 12.4 "Checking of the zero pressure control".

14.2.5 Testing for gas leaks

See subsection 12.1 "Testing for gas leaks".

14.2.6 Carrying out a pressure test of the heating system

See chapter 9.2 "Filling the heating system".

14.2.7 Checking venting systems

Check the following points:

- Is the prescribed combustion air/flue system used?
- Have the instructions for configuring the flue system as specified in the relevant Installation instruction for the flue gas system been observed?
- Check air intake and flue gas for obstruction or damage.

13.2 Maintenance activities

The fan unit and burner cassette (figure 27 to 29) (2 and 4 year maintenace)

- remove the electrical connection plug from the gas valve (1) and fan motor (2);
- loosen the nut (3) of the gas pipe under the gas valve;
- replace the gasket with a new one;
- loosen the front cross head screw (4) of the black plastic silencer;
- after this turn the two clamping rods (9 and 10) ¹/₄ turn and remove them by pulling them forward. **Note the correct turning direction (red indicator. fig. 29)**;
- slightly lift the fan unit and remove it towards the front of the heat exchanger;
- remove the burner cassette out of the fan unit;
- check the burner cassette for wear, pollution and possible cracks. Clean the burner cassette with a soft brush and vacuum cleaner.

If burners are cracked replace the complete burner cassette;

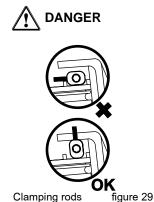
- replace the gaskets between burner and fan unit and the gasket between fan unit and heat exchanger;
- check the venturi and the gas-air distribution plate for pollution and clean this part, if necessary with a soft brush and vacuum cleaner. If the air box contains a lot of dirt it is plausible that the fan itself is dirty as well. To clean this, the fan has to be removed from the hood and the venturi. Clean the fan with a soft brush and a vacuum cleaner. Replace the gasket and ensure that all gaskets of the fan parts are mounted correctly.

Heat exchanger (2 and 4 year maintenance)

- check the heat exchanger for contamination. Clean this if necessary with a soft brush and a vacuum cleaner. Prevent dirt falling down into the heat exchanger.

Flushing the heat exchanger from the top down is not permitted

Refitting of the components is done in reverse order.



Make sure that during refitting the clamping rods they are put in the right position. They should be turned vertical.

If the boiler should activated with clamping rods in the wrong position it will cause serious property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

Ignition electrode (4 year or 4000 hour maintenance)

The replacement of the electrode is only necessary when the electrode is worn off. This can be checked by measuring the ionisation current. The minimum ionisation current has to be higher than $4\mu A$ on full load.

If the inspection glass is damaged the complete electrode must be replaced. Replace the ignition assembly after 4 years or 4000 hours, whichever occurs first. Replacement goes as follows:

- remove the electrical connections of the electrode;
- press the clips on both sides of the electrode to both sides and remove the complete electrode;
- remove and replace the gasket;

Refitting of the components is done in reverse order.



fan unit and gas valve

NOTICE

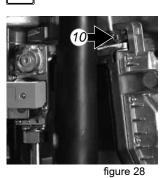
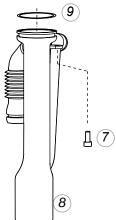
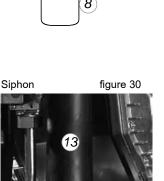


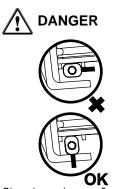
figure 27

NOTICE





Condensate tray figure 31



Clamping rods figure 32





Condensate trap and condensate tray (figure 30-32) (2 and 4 year maintenance) **Step 1: Condensate trap**

- first remove the screw (7);
- pull the condensation cup (8) downwards, out of the condensate tray (14)
 Check this for impurities. If there is not a lot of impurities it is not necessary to clean the condensate tray (Go to Step 3). If there is a lot of impurities in the cup it is necessary to remove and clean the condensate tray according Step 2;
- check the O-ring (9) of the cup and replace if necessary;
- clean the parts by flushing it with clean water;
- grease the O-ring again with acid free O-ring grease to make fitting easier;
- if there is a leak at the condensate trap (8) replace complete condensate trap by S4421200;

Step 2: Condensate tray

- remove the plug from the flue gas sensor if present;
- turn the two short clamping rods (11 and 12) ¹/₄ turn and remove them by pulling them forward; Note the right turning direction (red indicator);
- lift the exhaust pipe (13) out of the condensate tray (14);
- press the condensate tray (14) carefully downwards and remove it by pulling it forward;
- replace the gasket between condensate tray and heat exchanger by a new one;
- clean the condensate tray with water and a hard brush;
- check the condensate tray on leaks.

Step 3: Refitting is done in reverse order. Note that all gaskets seals completely.

Make sure that during refitting the clamping rods they are put in the right position. They should be turned vertical.

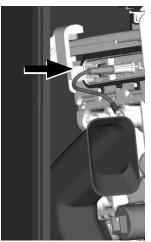
If the boiler should activated with clamping rods in the wrong position it will cause serious property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

Put the boiler into operation and check the O_2 (see page 50).

If replacement by new gaskets and burner mentioned in this chapter is not done within the service interval subscribed by Rinnai the boiler can be damaged and will cause serious property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

Use only original spare parts supplied by Rinnai. If other parts will be used the boiler can be damaged and will cause serious property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Use of non-Rinnai parts will result in the void of warranty.

Visual inspection of the flame

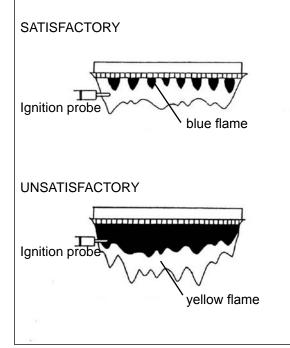


Inspection glass figure 33

The burner must flame evenly over the entire surface when operating correctly. The flame must burn with a clear, blue, stable flame.

Check the flame through the inspection glass in the ignition probe (fig. 33).

The flame pattern should be as shown in the figures below.



Further checks:

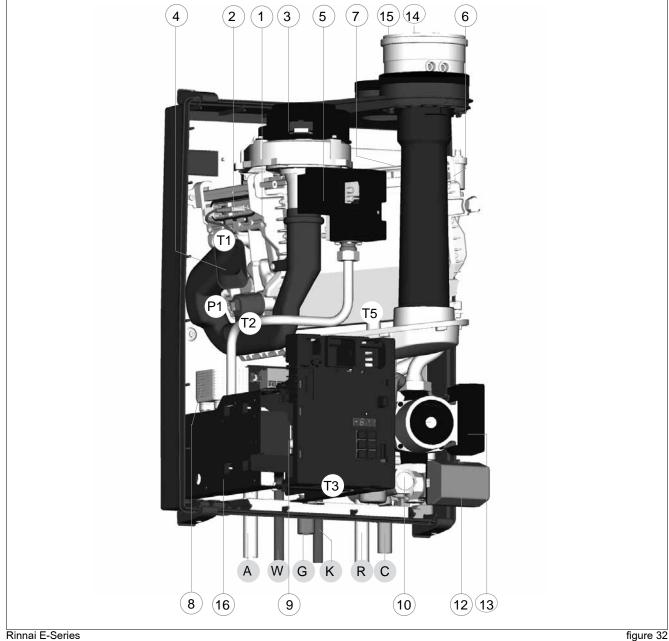
- Inspect the pressure relief valve
- Clean the water filter in the return pipe
- Check the pH of the water or glycol/water mixture.

Verify proper operation after servicing.

13.4 Warranty

For warranty conditions refer to the warranty card supplied with the boiler.

Parts of the boiler 14



Rinnai E-Series

- heat exchanger 1
- 2 ignition unit
- 3 fan unit
- air inlet damper 4
- 5 gas valve
- 6 automatic de-aerator
- ceramic burner cassette 7
- plate heat exchanger DHW 8
- T1 supply sensor
- T2 return sensor
- T3 sensor DHW and flow switch

- 9 operating panel
- 10 Control Tower (CMS)
- 11 water filter return CH
- 12 three-way valve
- 13 circulation pump
- 14 exhaust
- 15 combustion air supply
- 16 data plate
- P1 water pressure sensor
- G gas pipe
- A supply central heating
- R return central heating
- C condensate pipe
- K cold water pipe
- W hot water pipe

Error indication (short reference)

A detected error is indicated on the display by means of blocking or error messages. A distinction should be made between these two messages due to the fact that blocking can be of a temporary nature, however, error messages are fixed lockings. The control will try its utmost to prevent locking and will temporarily switch off the unit by blocking it. Hereunder is a list of some messages.

Blocks	with a number in the last 2 positions.
6L0 I	Block 01:
bl I I	External safety contact cut off Block 11: Maximum ∆T of flow and return sensor in central heating has repeatedly been exceeded. Du- ring the block normal operation of the hot water supply is possible. The pump continues to operate
ЬL 12	 at minimum capacity during the block. Block 12: Maximum ΔT of flow and return sensor in domestic hot water has repeatedly been exceeded. During the block normal operation of the central heating installation is possible. During the block the pump continuous to operate at minimum capacity.
6L60	pump continues to operate at minimum capacity. Block 60: Incorrect parameter setting of the minimum or maximum power.
6167	Block 67: A Δ T has been detected between flow and return sensor whereas the burner is not in operation. After the Δ T has disappeared the block will clear.
6L85	Block 85: The control has not detected a water flow. The venting cycle is started. If during this cycle water flow is detected, the venting cycle is ended and the burner is released.

with a number in the last two positions. Error E

E 00	Error 00:	Poor flame-forming
E 01	Error 01:	short-circuit of 24 volt circuit
E 02	Error 02:	no flame-forming
E 84	Error 04:	adjustment or error for voltage interruption
E 85	Error 05:	adjustment
E 12	Error 12:	fuse 24 volt/3AT faulty
E 18	Error 18:	maximum flow temperature exceeded
E 19	Error 19:	maximum return temperature exceeded
<u> 85</u> 3	Error 28:	number of revolutions not reported back from fan
E 69	Error 69:	no or incorrect display

Error 69: no or incorrect display

B



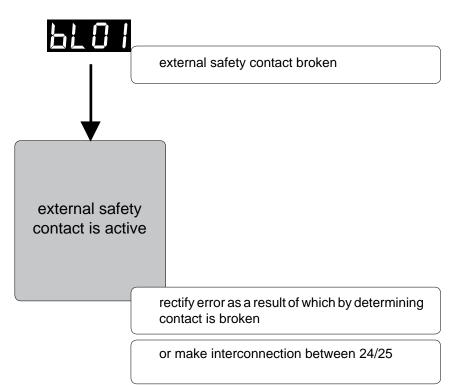
The following pages describes more detailed follow up instructions for solving blockings, errors and practical circumstances. These instructions are only for Rinnai trained installers and technicians.

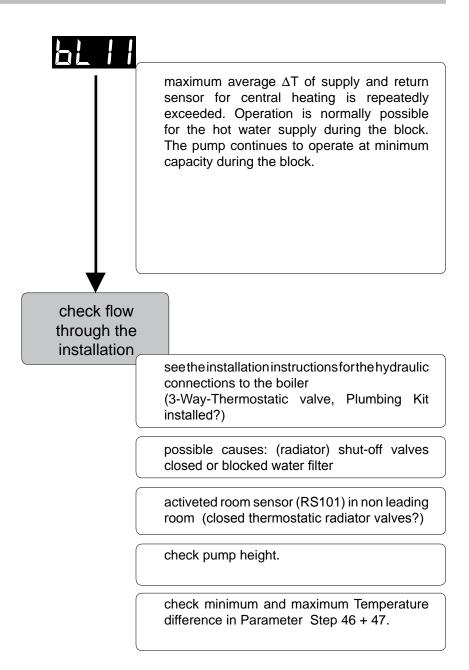
15.1 Blocks

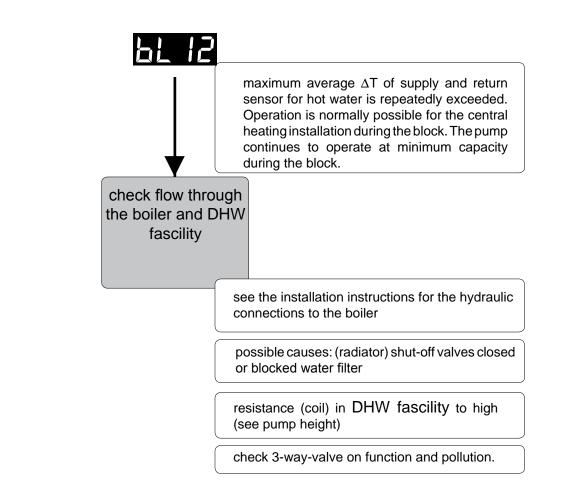
An error, which has been detected, is indicated on the display by a block message. Blocks can be temporary in nature. The controller will do everything possible to prevent a system lock and temporarily switching off the boiler as a result of a block. Please see below for a summary of blocks.

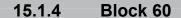
Blocks with a figure on the last 2 characters.

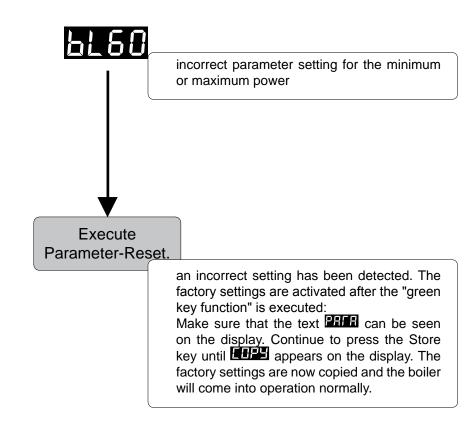
15.1.1 Block 01

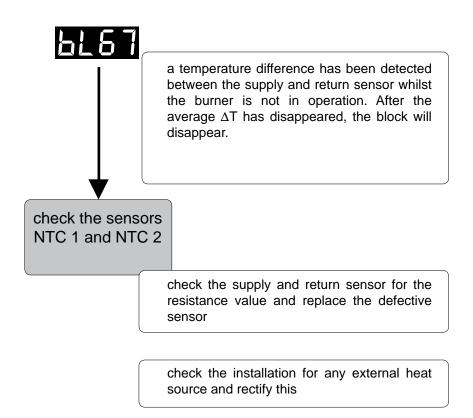


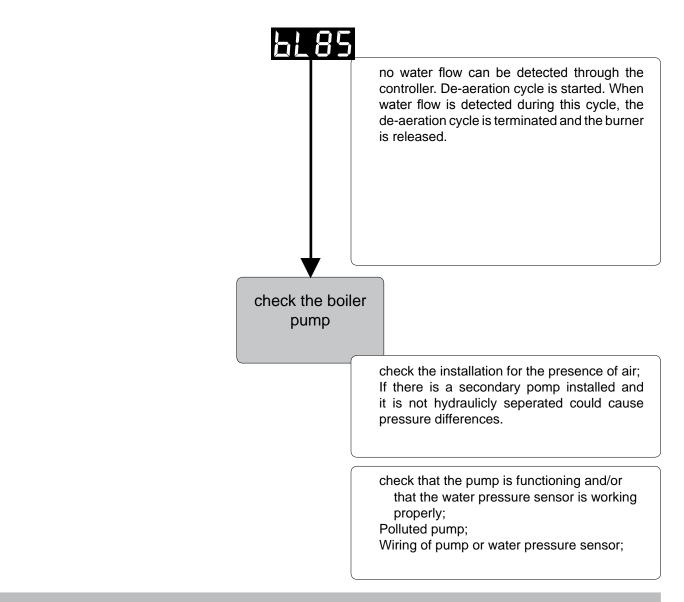


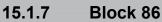


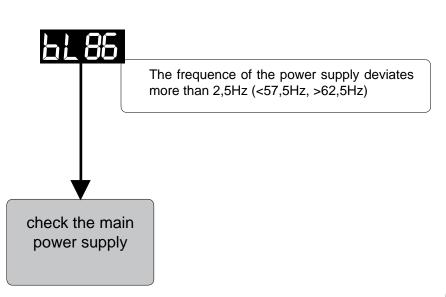








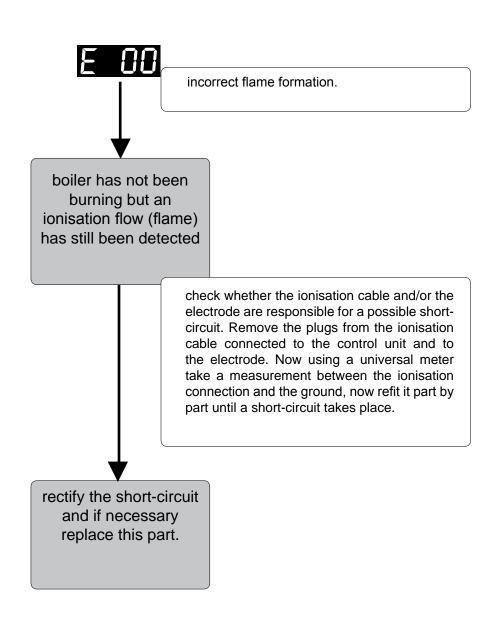


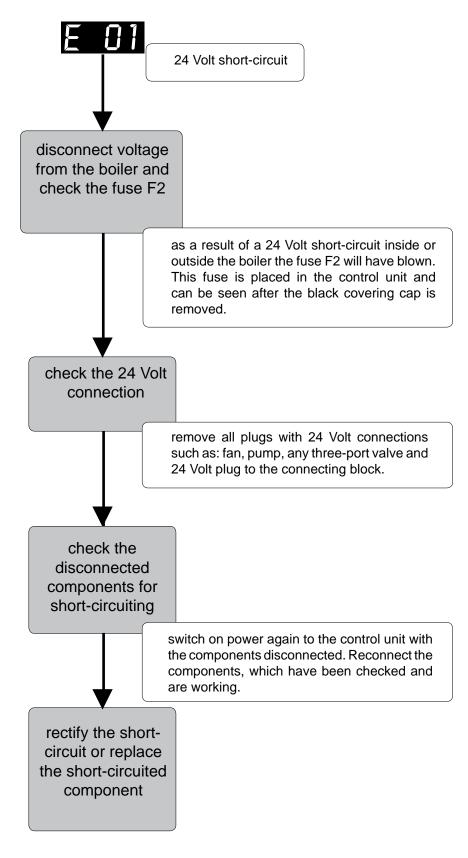


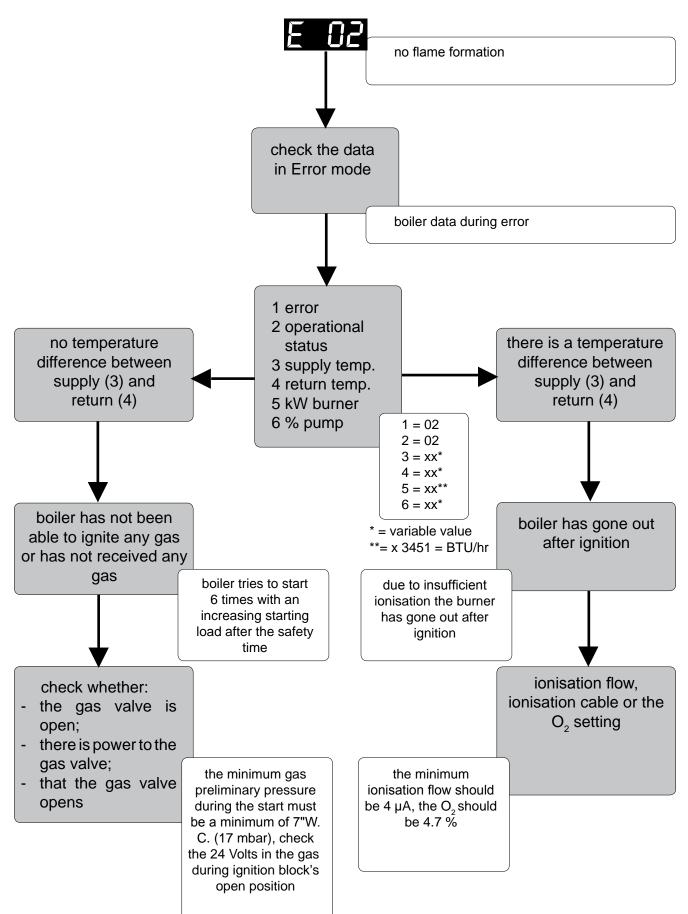
A detected error is indicated on the display by an Error message. Error messages are permanent locks which can only be removed by pressing the reset key. The controller will make every possible attempt to prevent the lock. Below is a summary of the Errors.

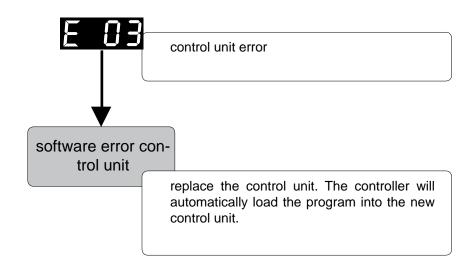
Error with one figure on the last 2 characters.

15.2.1 Error 00

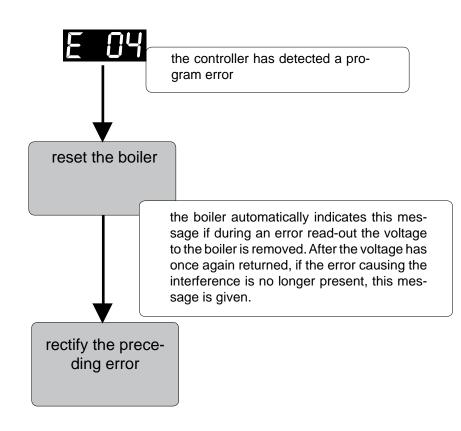


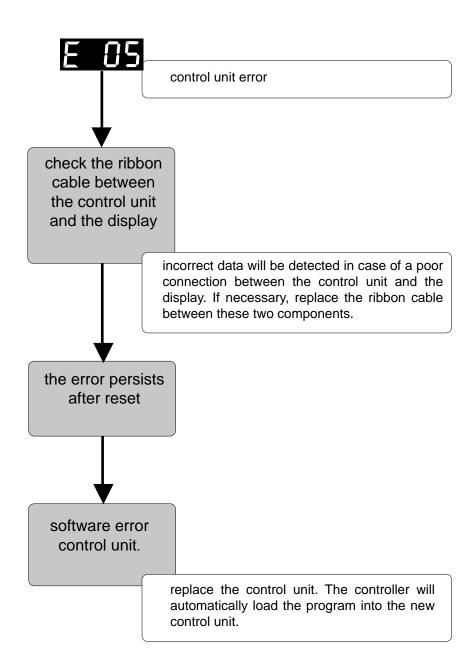


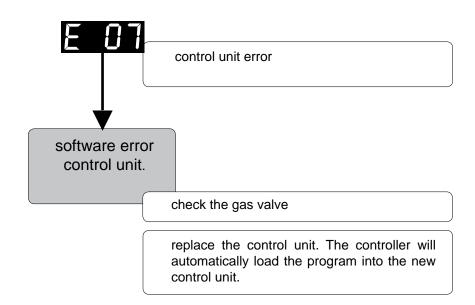




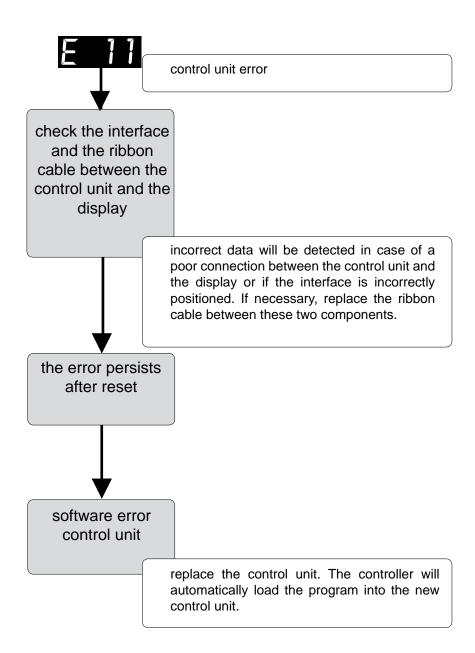
15.2.5 Error 04

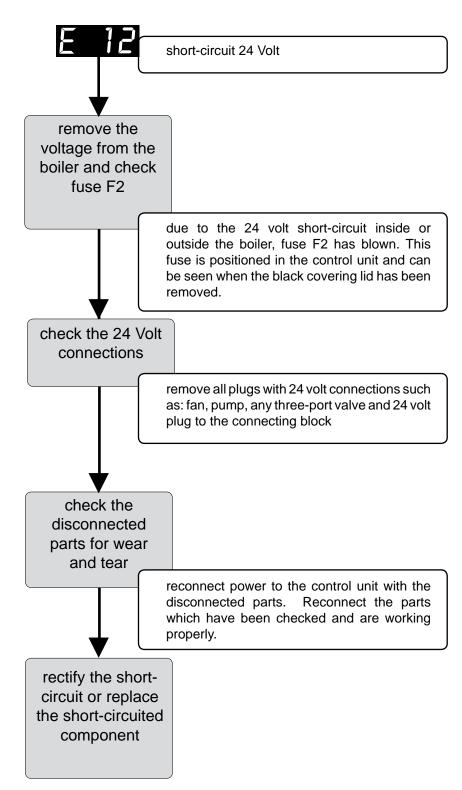


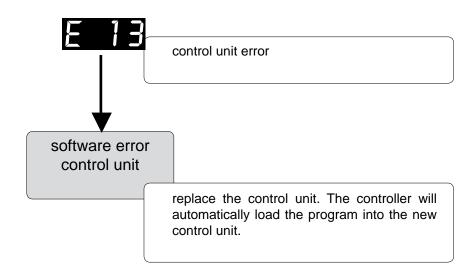






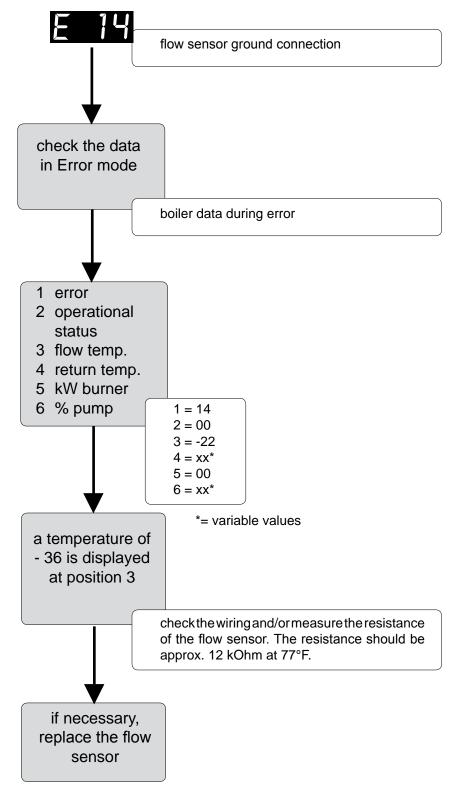


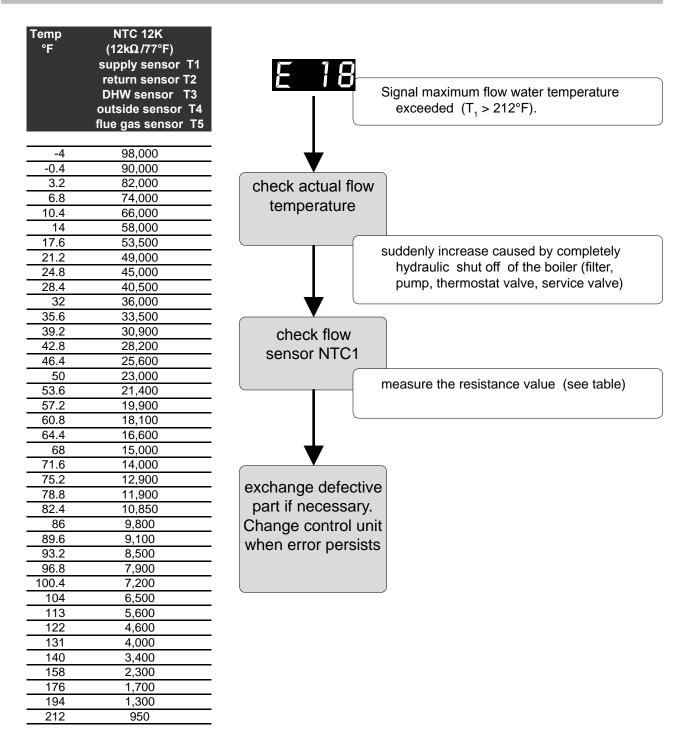




Temp	NTC 12K
°F	(12kΩ/77°F)
	supply sensor T1
	return sensor T2
	DHW sensor T3
	outside sensor T4
	flue gas sensor T5
	08.000
-4 -0.4	98,000 90,000
3.2	82,000
6.8	74,000
10.4	66,000
14	58,000
17.6	53,500
21.2	49,000
24.8	45,000
28.4	40,500
32	36,000
35.6	33,500
39.2	30,900
42.8	28,200
46.4	25,600
50	23,000
53.6	21,400
57.2	19,900
60.8	18,100
<u>64.4</u> 68	16,600 15,000
71.6	14,000
75.2	12,900
78.8	11,900
82.4	10,850
86	9,800
89.6	9,100
93.2	8,500
96.8	7,900
100.4	7,200
104	6,500
113	5,600
122	4,600
131	4,000
140	3,400
158	2,300
176	1,700
194	1,300
212	950

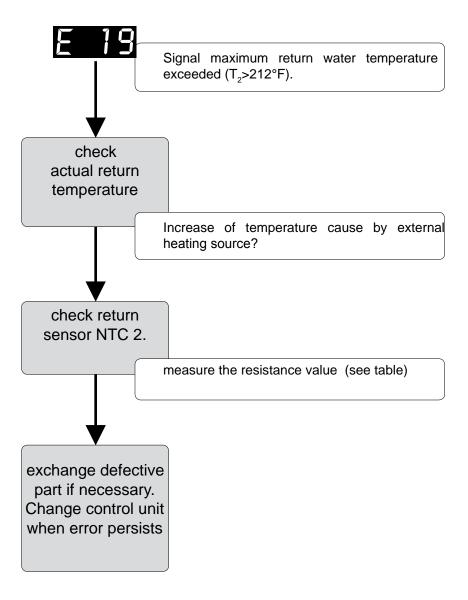
Resistance table NTC-Sensors



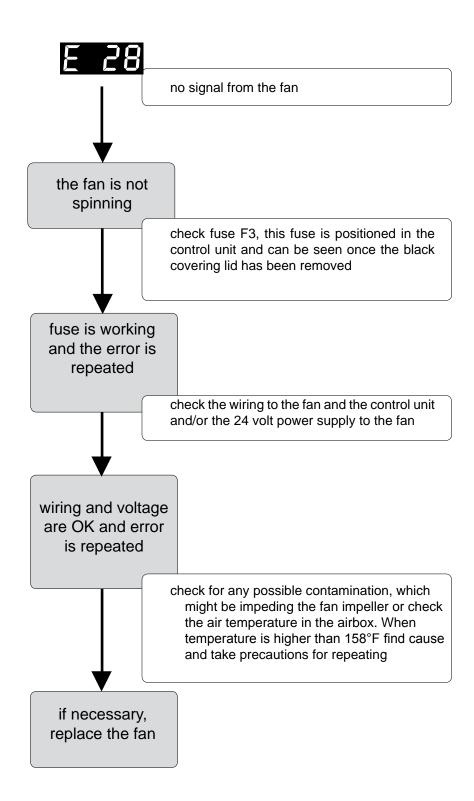


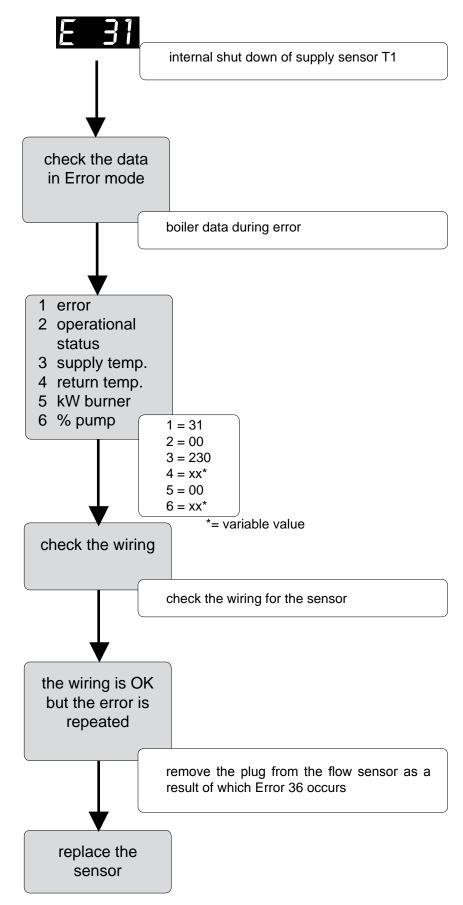
Resistance table NTC-Sensors

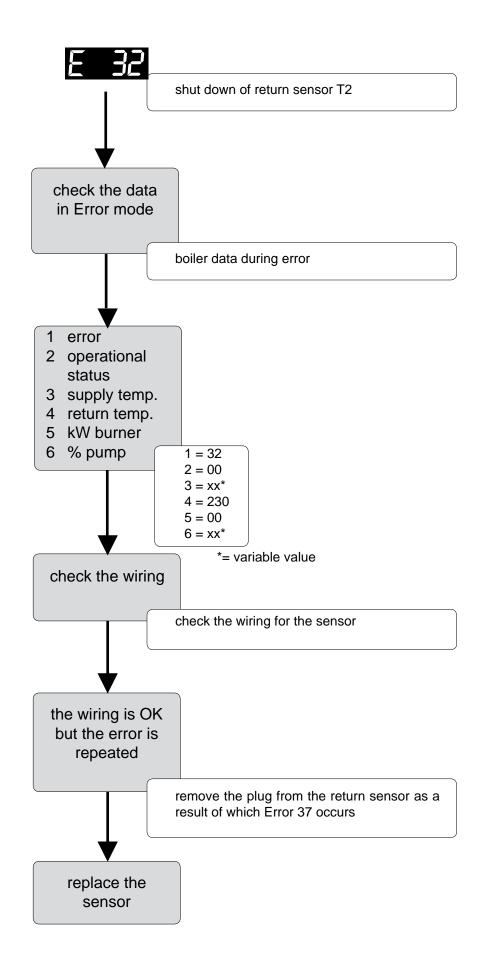
Temp	NTC 12K
°F	(12kΩ/77°F)
	supply sensor T1
	return sensor T2
	DHW sensor T3
	outside sensor T4
	flue gas sensor T5
-4	98,000
-0.4	90,000
3.2	82,000
<u>6.8</u> 10.4	74,000
10.4	66,000
17.6	<u>58,000</u> 53,500
21.2	49,000
24.8	45,000
28.4	40,500
32	36,000
35.6	33,500
39.2	30,900
42.8	28,200
46.4	25,600
50	23,000
53.6	21,400
57.2	19,900
60.8	18,100
64.4	16,600
68	15,000
71.6	14,000
75.2	12,900
78.8	11,900
82.4	10,850
86	9,800
89.6	9,100
93.2	8,500
96.8	7,900
100.4	7,200
104	6,500
113	5,600
<u>122</u> 131	4,600
131	4,000
158	<u>3,400</u> 2,300
176	1,700
194	1,300
212	950

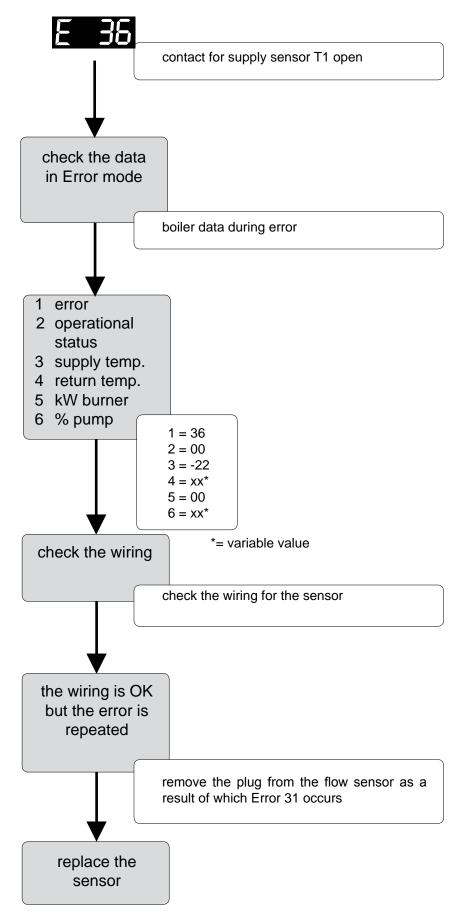


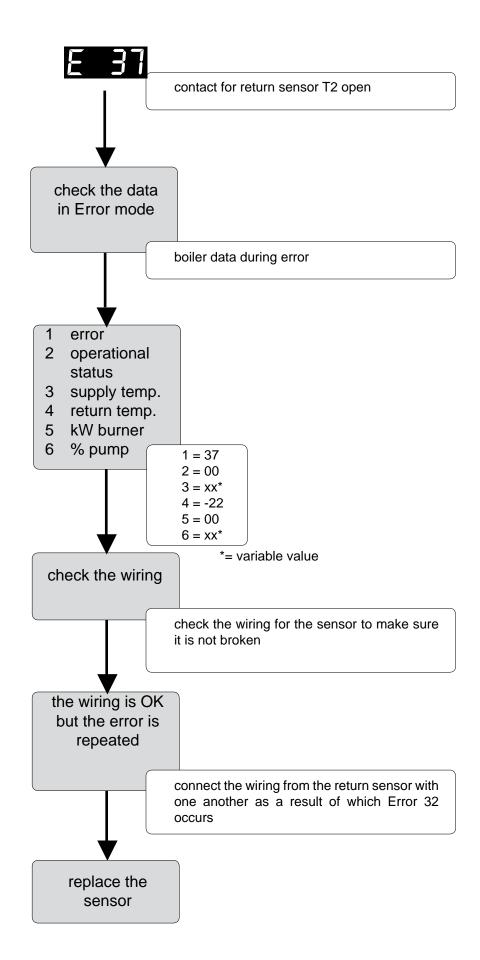
Resistance table NTC-Sensors

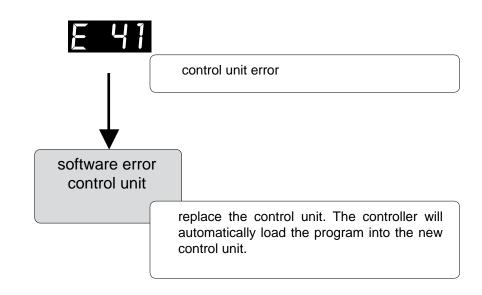




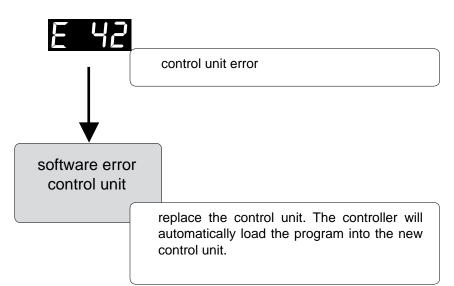




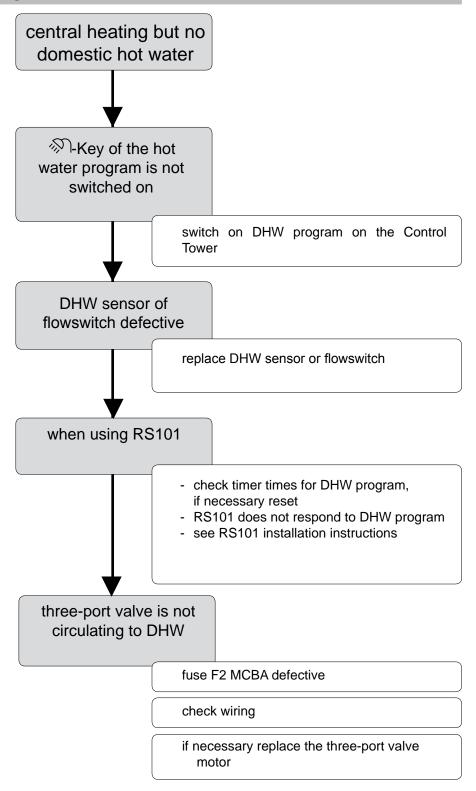


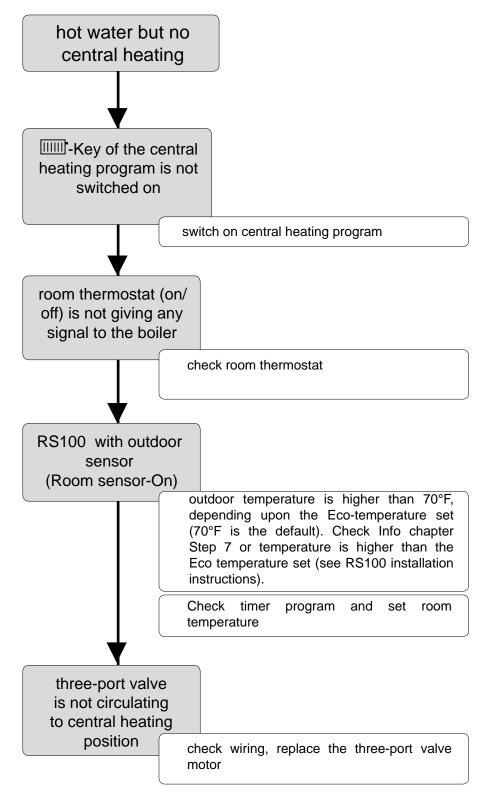




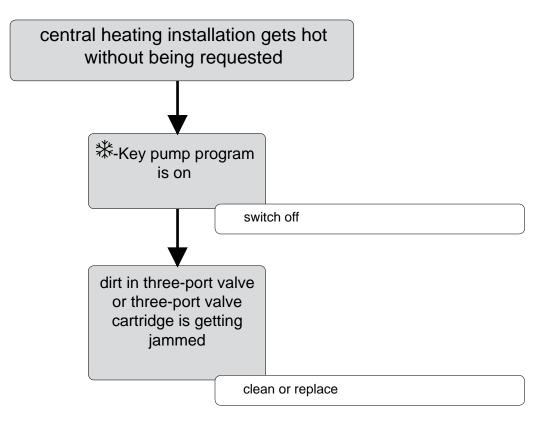


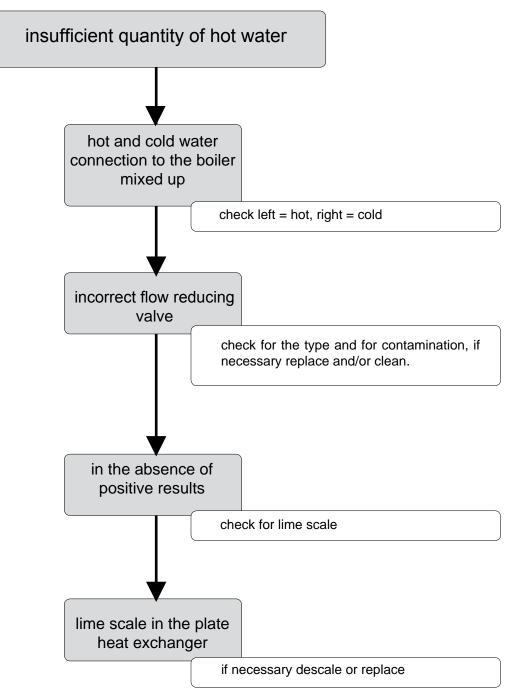
16.1 Central heating but no hot water

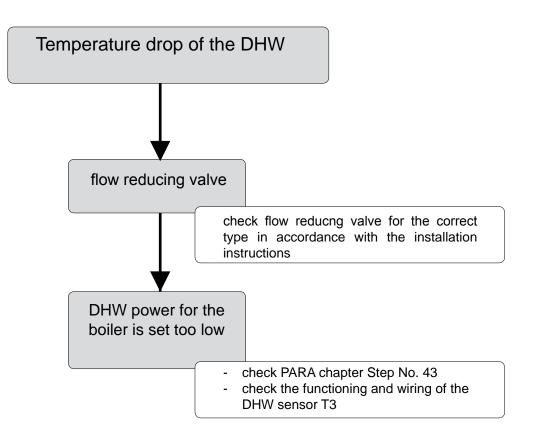


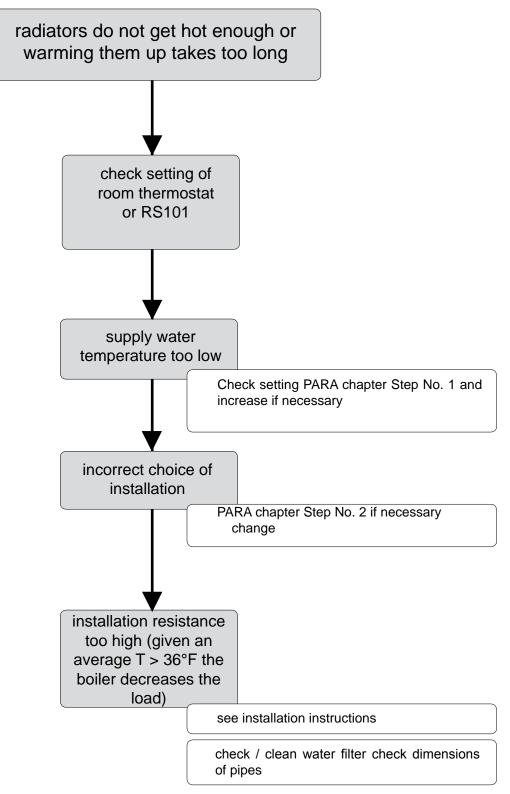


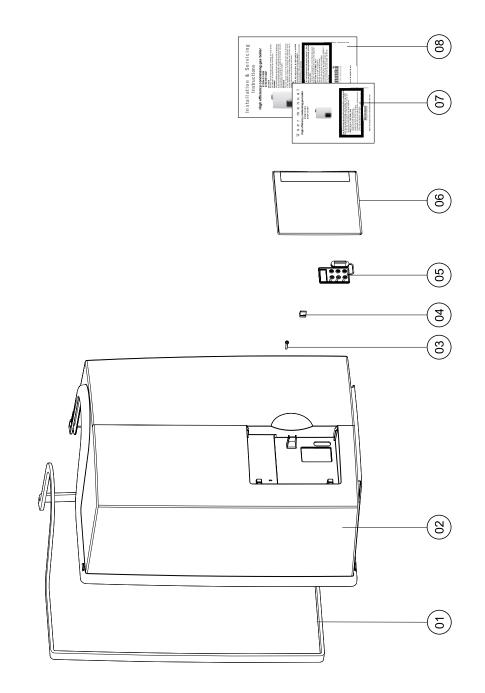
16.3 Central heating installation gets hot without being requested





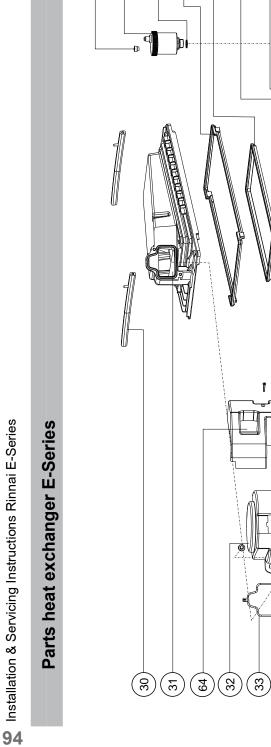




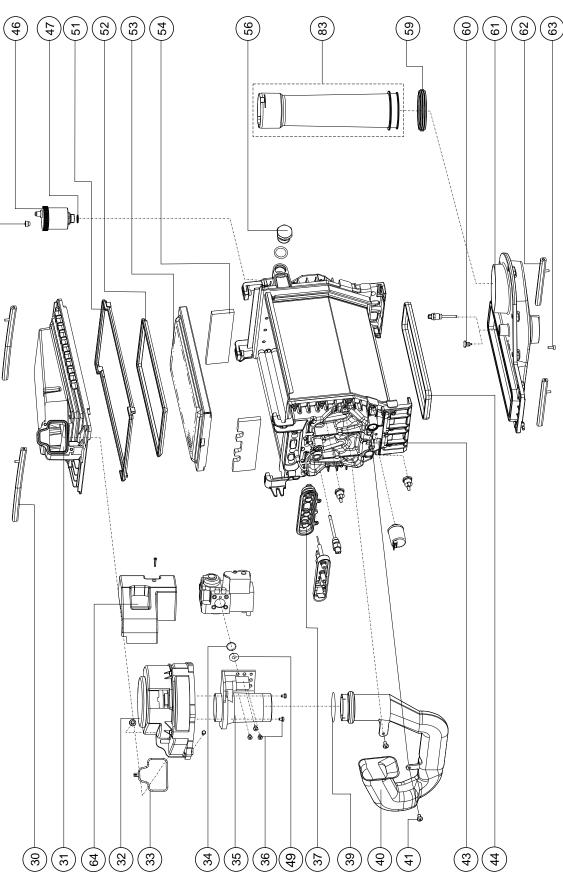


Parts casing E-Series

ltem	Item Description	Part No.	E7	E75C	E110C	0C
			z	Р	Ν	٩
			OS	0SS1	0SS2	S2
-	1 GASKET CASING E	80900073 X X	Х	X	×	×
2	2 CASING SET	809000074	×	Х	Х	\times
4	SPRING DOOR CASING	809000075 X	Х	×	Х	\times
5	5 GASKET CONTROLS	X X 920000608	×	Х	Х	×
9	DOOR CASING E	X 200000608	Х	×	×	\times
7	7 USER MANUAL E-SERIES	800000012 X	×	×	×	×
∞	8 INSTALLATION MANUAL E-SERIES 80000013 X X X	800000013	×	Х	Х	×

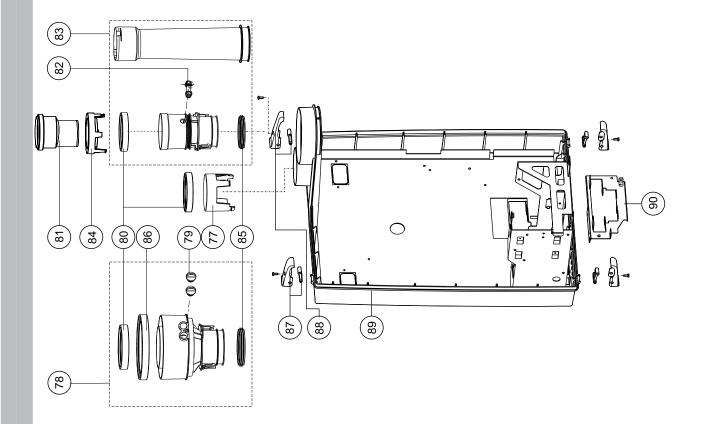


45



ltem	Description	Part No.	E7	E75C	E11	E110C
			z	Р	Ν	٩
			SO	OSS1	SO	0SS2
51	GASKET H.E./TOP PART OSS1	809000030	×	×		
51	GASKET H.E./TOP PART OSS2	809000031			Х	×
52	GASKET BURNER/TOP PART OSS1	809000033	×	×		
52	GASKET BURNER/TOP PART OSS2	809000034			X	×
53	BURNER CASSETTE SET OSS1	806000010	×	Х		
53	BURNER CASSETTE SET OSS2	806000011			Х	×
54	SET INSOLATION PIPE PLATE L+R	809000036	×	Х	×	×
22	SUPP. CLAMP BAR TOP PART H.EX	809000037	×	Х	Х	×
56	PLUG		×	Х	Х	×
59	LIP-RING Ø63 AMGAS	809000038	×	Х		
59	LIP-RING Ø80 AMGAS	809000039			Х	×
60	PLUG FLUE GAS SENSOR	809000040	×	×	×	×
61	CONDENSATE TRAY OSS1	809000041	×	×		
61	CONDENSATE TRAY OSS2	809000042			×	×
62	CLAMP BAR COND.TRAY	809000044	×	×	Х	×
63	BOLT M 5X12 IMBUS VERZ. 3X	809000045	×	\times	×	×
64	COVER GAS VALVE	809000046	×	×	Х	×
77	COVER AIR SUPPLY Ø80mm		×	Х	Х	×
78	CONCENTRIC FLUE ADAPTOR		\times	\times	\times	\times
79	PLUG CONC. FLUE ADPATOR		×	\times	×	×

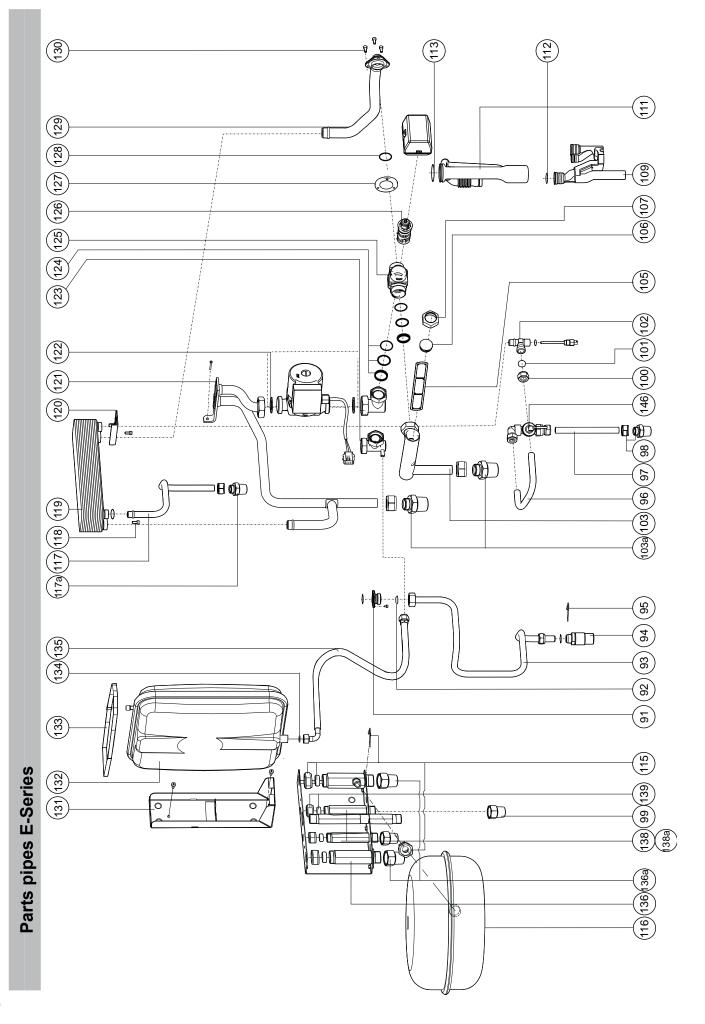
	-		- -	E/bC		E110C
			Ν	٦	z	
			OS:	S1	OS	S2
30 C	CLAMP BAR TOP PART H.EX. LONG	809000014	Х	Х	Х	×
31 T	TOP PART HEAT EXCH. SET OSS1	807000010	Х	Х		
31 T	TOP PART HEAT EXCH. SET 0SS2	807000011			Х	×
32 B	BOLT M 5X16 5x	809000015	Х	Х	Х	×
33 G	GASKET FAN/TOP PART H.EX.	809000016	Х	Х	Х	\times
34 G	GASKET GAS VALVE - VENTURI	809000017	Х	Х	Х	×
0	GASKET VENTURI - FAN	809000018	Х	Х	Х	\times
35 V	VENTURI OSS1	807000013	Х	Х		
35 V	VENTURI OSS2	807000014			Х	×
36 B	BOLT M5X12GR FASE ZSDIN7985	809000019	Х	×	X	×
37 G	GASKET IONISATION/IGNITION OSS	809000020	Х	Х	Х	\times
39 G	GASKET SILENCER-VENTURI	809000021	Х	Х	Х	×
40 D	DAMPER OSS1	807000016	×	×		
40 D	DAMPER OSS2	807000017			×	×
41 S	SCREW TAPTITE M5X8 CK-PD 3X	809000022	Х	Х	Х	\times
43 H	HEAT EXCHANGER OSS1 ASME	807000019	×	×		
43 H	HEAT EXCHANGER OSS2 ASME	807000020			×	\times
8	BULLET HEAD SCREW DRIVER	809000023	×	×	×	\times
44 G	GASKET CONDENSATE TRAY OSS1	809000025	Х	Х		
44 G	GASKET CONDENSATE TRAY OSS2	809000026			Х	×
45 C	CAP DE-AERATOR SHR 3x	807000023	Х	Х	Х	\times
46 D	DE-AERATOR CHROME	807000024	Х	Х	Х	×
47 C	0-RING ø13,94X2,62 DE-AER. 2x	809000028	Х	Х	Х	×
48 B	BOLT M 3X30 VERZ.DIN84/4.8 3X	809000029	Х	Х	Х	×
49 R	RESTRICTION PROPANE GAS 75			Х		
49 R	RESTRICTION PROPANE GAS 110					×



6 Installation & Servicing Instructions Rinnai E-Series

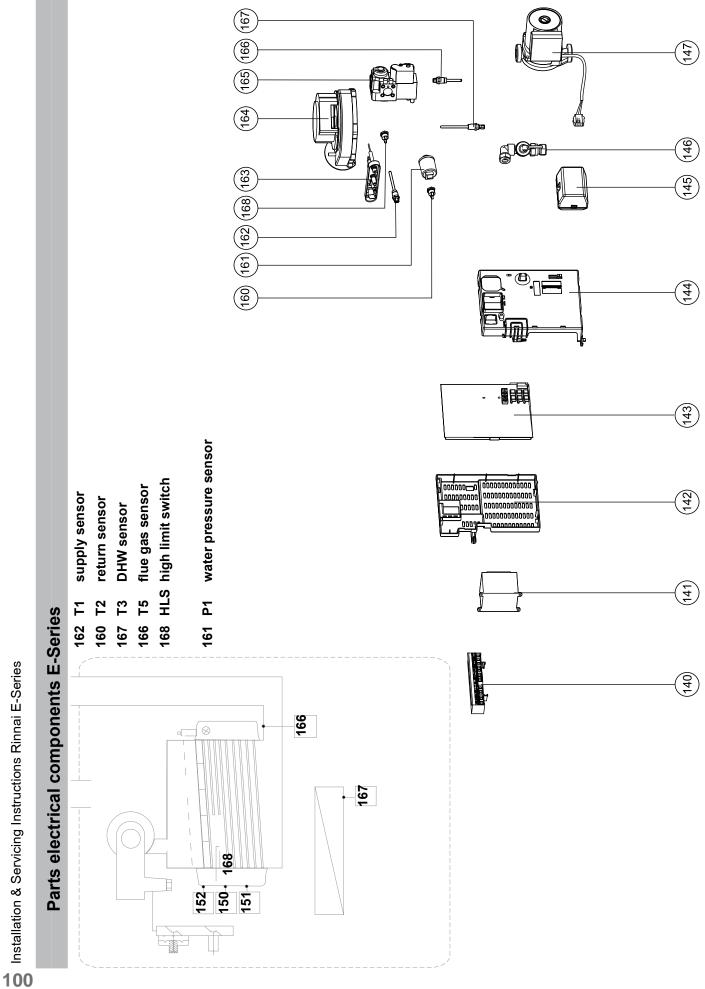
Parts rear wall E-Series

80GASKET80GASKET81FLUE AD82FEED TH83FLUE GA83FLUE GA84COVER A85GASKET86GASKET	GASKET AIR INTAKE ø80 SHR FLUE ADAPTER 80mm x 3" FEED THROUGH + PLUG FLUE GAS	80900047	Ν	Р	I V	۵
	AIR INTAKE ø80 SHR APTER 80mm x 3" ROUGH + PLUG FLUE GAS	80900047	z		z	-
	AIR INTAKE ø80 SHR APTER 80mm x 3" ROUGH + PLUG FLUE GAS	80900047	SO	OSS1	SO	0SS2
	APTER 80mm x 3" ROUGH + PLUG FLUE GAS		Х	Х	Х	\times
	ROUGH + PLUG FLUE GAS	808000022	Х	Х	Х	\times
			Х	Х	Х	×
	FLUE GAS SYSTEM PP SET OSS1	808000010	Х	Х		
	FLUE GAS SYSTEM PP SET OSS2	808000011			×	$ \times $
	COVER AIR SUPPLY ø125mm		Х	Х	Х	×
	GASKET FLUE GAS PIPE PP	809000048	Х	Х	Х	×
	GASKET AIR SUPPLY Ø125mm	809000049	Х	Х	Х	\times
87 QUICK RI	QUICK RELEASE SMALL E	809000078	Х	Х	Х	\times
88 QUICK RI	QUICK RELEASE LARGE E	809000079	Х	Х	Х	\times
89 BACK PA	BACK PART CASING		Х	Х	Х	×
BASE PL	BASE PLATE CASING		X	Х	×	\times
MOUNTIN	MOUNTING BRACKET OSS1/2	80900065	Х	Х	Х	×
90 BRACKE	BRACKET CONNECTION TERMINAL		Х	Х	×	\times



Item	Item Description	Part No.	ΕŢ	E75C	E11	E110C
			z	Р	z	٩
			0SS1	S1	0SS2	S2
119	PLATE EXCHANGER 24KW PF/ESHR	807000054	×	×		
	O-RING ø13,94X2,62 DE-AER. 2x	809000028	×	Х	×	×
	PLATE EXCHANGER 35KIW PF/ESHR	807000055			×	×
	O-RING ø21,89X2,62 EPDM 2X	809000088	×	Х	×	×
120	BRACKET PLATE EXCH. PF/ESHR		×	×	×	×
121	PIPE FLOW.PL.EXCH-CH E75C	807000058	×	×		
	PIPE FLOW.PL.EXCH-CH E110C	807000059			×	×
	BOLT M6X20 SS IMB.BP.4,2 3X	80900089	ЗX	ЗX	ЗX	ЗX
	O-RING 4,8X1,8 LOCK.HE Q 3X	80900090	ЗХ	3X	3X	ЗХ
123	PIPE 3WV-PUMPPF/ESHR	807000060			×	×
123	PIPE 3WV-PUMP	807000061	×	Х		
124	NUT M35 ø30	809000059	ЗX	ЗX	3X	ЗX
	O-RING ø26.70 X 1.78 3X	809000091	3X	ЗX	ЗX	3Х
	FITTING SET 3 WAY VALVE	807000062	Х	Х	Х	×
125	THREE WAY V. HOUSING VC O-RING	809000057	Х	Х	Х	×
126	CARTRIDGE 3WV	807000030	Х	Х	Х	×
127	FLANGE 3WV	807000063	Х	Х	Х	×
128	O-RING ø26.70 X 1.78 3X	809000091	Х	Х	×	×
129	PIPE PL.EXCH-3WV E	807000064	Х	Х	Х	×
130	TRAFO 120V/24V	80500010	×	Х	×	×
130	BOLT M 5X12 IMBUS VERZ. 3X	809000045	×	×	×	×
131	SUPPORT BRACKET		×	×		
132	EXPANSION VESSEL 8L E75C	807000065	×	Х		
133	CLAMPING STRIP WITH LOCK		×	×		
134	GASKET 15X11X2 5x	809000092	Х	Х		
135	FLEXIBLE HOSE 3/8" BIX10MM CLAMP	807000066	Х	Х		
136	EXTENSION PIECE FLOW PIPE				×	×
136A	CONNECTION G3/4" X 3/4"NPT	806000023			×	×
138	EXTENSION PIECE DHW PIPE				2X	2X
138A	CONNECTION SET 15 X 3/4" M-NPT	807000068			\times	×
139	NUT 1/2" G BRASS COMPR. 15	809000070			×	×
	COMPRESSION RING 22MM BRASS	809000085			×	×

ltem	Description	Part No.	E7	E75C	Ш,	E110C
			Z	Р	z	Ч
			SO	OSS1	SO	SS2
91	O-RING ø21.89X2.62 GASLINE	80900061	Х	Х	×	×
	GAS PIPE E75C	806000020	Х	Х		
92	GASKET FITTING 3/4" GASV.	80900062	Х	Х	×	×
93	FITTING GAS VALVE 3/4"	80600016	Х	Х	×	×
93	GAS PIPE E110C	80600021			×	×
94	GAS FITTING OSS1/2 E	806000015	×	×	×	×
	O-RING Ø13,94X2,62 YELLOW SILI Q	809000055	×	X	×	×
98	CONNECTION SET 15 X 3/4" NPT INCL	807000072	Х	Х		
66	CONNECTION SETG1/2" X 3/4" NPT INCL	807000073			×	×
100	NUT 1/2" G BRASS COMPR. 15	809000070	Х	Х	×	×
101	FILTER RETURN PIPE	809000608	×	×	×	×
102	T-PIECE T3 E	807000048	Х	Х	Х	×
	O-RING Ø5,00X2,00 FLOW SENSOR 5X	80900080	×	×	×	×
103	PIPE RET-3WV FILTER E	807000049	Х	Х	×	×
103A	ADAPTER FITTING 22mmX3/4" M-NPT	80700069	2X	2X		
105	FILTER RETURN PIPE	807000029	Х	Х	×	×
106	FILTER CAP	807000031	Х	Х	×	×
	O-RING ø25,07 X 2,62 3WV	809000058	×	Х	×	×
107	NUT M35 ø30	809000059	Х	Х	×	×
109	CONDENSATE COLLECTOR	80900081	Х	Х	×	×
111	TRAP - E SERIES	809000100	Х	Х	×	×
112	O-RING Ø40X3,53 TRAP TRAY Q	80900052	Х	Х	×	×
113	O-RING ø18,72X2,62 EPDM 3X	80900084	Х	Х	×	×
115	EXTENSION PIECE RETURN PIPE				×	×
	ADAPTER FITTING 3/4" INTX 15 COMPR.	807000050			×	×
	NUT 1 1/8"G COMPR.	80700051			×	×
	COMPRESSION RING 22MM BRASS	809000085			×	×
	SECURITY SPRING	80900086			×	×
116	EXPANSION VESSEL 12L E110C	807000052			×	×
117	PIPE Ø15 HOT WATER E	807000053	Х	Х	×	×
117A	CONNECTION SET 15 X 3/4" M-NPT	80700068	Х	Х		
		809000045 X	×	×	×	×
a Inst	Installation & Servicing Instructions	Rinnai E-Ser	les			



N N N 146 FLOW SWITCH 2,5L E 0551 146 FLOW SWITCH 2,5L E 805000043 X X 147 PUMP UPS20-48 120V 807000038 X X 147 PUMP UPS20-58 120V 807000033 X X 146 MTC T2/T3 805000032 X X 160 NTC T2/T3 805000032 X X 161 WATERPRESS SENS 805000033 X X X 162 NTC T1/T3 805000035 X X X 163 GUITION ELECTRODE+GASKET 805000035 X X X 163 GUNTSON ELECTRODE+GASKET 805000035 X X X 163 GUNTION ELECTRODE+GASKET 805000037 X X X 163 GUNTSON ELECTRODE+GASKET 805000037 X X X 164 FAN NRG 118 0SST/Z 805000037 X X X 164 FAN NRG 1	ltem	Item Description	Part No.	E7	E75C	E11	E110C
FLOW SWITCH 2,5L E 805000043 X PUMP UPS20-48 120V 807000038 X PUMP UPS20-48 120V 807000039 X PUMP UPS20-58 120V 807000039 X NTC T2/T3 805000032 X WATERPRESS SENS 805000032 X WTC T1/T3 805000035 X UTC T1/T3 805000035 X UTC T1/T3 805000035 X UNC T1/T3 805000035 X UNC T1/T3 805000035 X UNC T1/T3 805000035 X IGNITION ELECTRODE+GASKET 805000035 X IGNITION VIRE SHR 805000036 X IONISATION WIRE SHR 805000035 X IONISATION WIRE SHR 805000036 X IAN NRG 118 0SS1/2 805000036 X IAN NRG 118 0SS1/2 805000036				z	Ч	z	٩
FLOW SWITCH 2,5L E 805000043 X PUMP UPS20-48 120V 807000038 X PUMP UPS20-58 120V 807000039 X NTC T2/T3 805000032 X WATERPRESS SENS 805000033 X WTC T1/T3 805000035 X NTC T1/T3 805000035 X NTC T1/T3 805000035 X IGNITION ELECTRODE+GASKET 805000035 X IGNITION CABLE 805000035 X IGNITION VIRE SHR 805000035 X IAN NG T18 0SST/2 805000035 X IARNESS FAN 120V				OS	S1	SO	0SS2
PUMP UPS20-48 120V 807000038 X PUMP UPS20-58 120V 807000039 X NTC T2/T3 805000032 X WATERPRESS SENS 805000034 X WTC T1/T3 805000035 X WTC T1/T3 805000036 X WTC T1/T3 805000036 X MTC T1/T3 805000036 X MTC T1/T3 805000037 X MTC T1/T3 805000037 X MTC T1/T3 805000037 X MUTC T1/T3 805000037 X MUTC T1/T3 805000037 X MARNES FAN 120V 805000038 X MARNES FAN 120V 805000038 X MARNES FAN 120V 805000038 X MTC T1/T3 805000038 X MTC T1/T3 805000038 X	146	FLOW SWITCH 2,5L E	805000043	×	Х	X	×
PUMP UPS20-58 120V 807000039 × NTC T2/T3 805000032 × WATERPRESS SENS 805000034 × WATERPRESS SENS 805000035 × WATERPRESS SENS 805000035 × WATERPRESS SENS 805000035 × NTC T1/T3 805000035 × IGNITION ELECTRODE+GASKET 805000036 × IGNITION ELECTRODE+GASKET 805000037 × IGNITION CABLE SHR 805000037 × IONISATION WIRE SHR 805000037 × × IONISATION WIRE SHR 805000036 × × ARN NG T18 OSS1/2 806000037 × × HARNESS FAN 120V 805000036 × × GAS VALVE 805000036 × × MIC T1/T3 805000035 × ×	147	PUMP UPS20-48 120V	807000038	×	Х		
NTC T2/T3 805000032 X WATE RPRESS SENS 805000034 X NTC T1/T3 805000035 X NTC T1/T3 805000036 X IGNITION ELECTRODE+GASKET 805000036 X IGNITION ELECTRODE+GASKET 805000036 X IGNITION CABLE SHR 805000037 X IONISATION WIRE SHR 805000039 X X HARNES FAN 120V 808000027 X X HARNES FAN 120V 805000038 X X GAS VALVE 805000038 X X INTC T1/T3 805000035 X X	147	PUMP UPS20-58 120V	807000039			X	×
WATERPRESS SENS 805000034 X NTC T1/T3 805000035 X IGNITION ELECTRODE+GASKET 805000036 X IGNITION ELECTRODE+GASKET 805000036 X IGNITION CABLE SHR 805000037 X IGNITION CABLE SHR 805000037 X IONISATION WIRE SHR 805000039 X FAN NRG TI8 OSST/Z 808000027 X HARNESS FAN 120V 805000038 X GAS VALVE 806000019 X NTC T1/T3 805000035 X HIGH LIMIT SWITCH 805000033 X	160	NTC T2/T3	805000032	×	Х	×	×
NTC T1/T3 805000035 X IGNITION ELECTRODE+GASKET 805000036 X IGNITION CABLE SHR 805000037 X IGNITION CABLE SHR 805000037 X IONISATION WIRE SHR 805000039 X FAN NRG 118 OSS1/2 808000027 X HARNESS FAN 120V 805000038 X GAS VALVE 806000038 X NTC T1/T3 805000035 X HGH LIMIT SWITCH 805000033 X	161	WATERPRESS SENS	805000034	×	×	×	×
IGNITION ELECTRODE+GASKET 805000036 X IGNITION CABLE SHR 805000037 X IONISATION WIRE SHR 805000039 X X FAN NRG 118 OSS1/2 808000027 X X HARNESS FAN 120V 805000038 X X GAS VALVE 805000038 X X MTC T1/T3 805000038 X X HIGH LIMIT SWITCH 805000033 X X	162		805000035	×	Х	×	×
IGNITION CABLE SHR 805000037 X IONISATION WIRE SHR 805000039 X FAN NRG 118 OSS1/2 808000027 X HARNESS FAN 120V 805000038 X GAS VALVE 80600019 X NTC T1/T3 805000035 X HGH LIMIT SWITCH 805000033 X	163		805000036	×	Х	×	×
IONISATION WIRE SHR 80500039 X FAN NRG 118 OSS1/2 808000027 X HARNESS FAN 120V 805000038 X GAS VALVE 806000019 X NTC T1/T3 805000035 X HIGH LIMIT SWITCH 805000033 X			805000037	Х	Х	×	×
FAN NRG 118 OSS1/2 808000027 X HARNESS FAN 120V 805000038 X GAS VALVE 806000019 X NTC T1/T3 805000035 X HIGH LIMIT SWITCH 805000033 X		IONISATION WIRE SHR	805000039	×	Х	×	×
HARNESS FAN 120V 805000038 X GAS VALVE 806000019 X NTC T1/T3 805000035 X HIGH LIMIT SWITCH 805000033 X	164	FAN NRG 118 OSS1/2	808000027	Х	Х	×	×
GAS VALVE 806000019 NTC T1/T3 805000035 HIGH LIMIT SWITCH 805000033		HARNESS FAN 120V	805000038	×	Х	×	×
NTC T1/T3 80500035 HIGH LIMIT SWITCH 80500033	165	GAS VALVE	806000019	×	Х	×	×
HIGH LIMIT SWITCH 80500033	167	NTC T1/T3	805000035	Х	Х	×	×
	168	HIGH LIMIT SWITCH	805000033	×	Х	×	×

140 HARNESS E 140 HARNESS E STICKER CONNECTION TERN STICKER CONNECTION TERN CONNECTOR 2-POLE BLACK CONNECTOR 3-POLE BLACK CONNECTOR 3-POLE BLACK CONNECTOR 3-POLE BLACK CONNECTOR 3-POLE BLACK CONNECTOR 4-POLE BROWN CONNECTOR 4-POLE BROWN CONNECTOR 5-POLE BLUE 141 TRAF0 120V/24V SCREW 3,5X 9,5 VERZ.D7983 142 SCREW 3,5X 9,5 VERZ.D7983 143 CONTROL UNIT BACK E 143 CONTROL UNIT MCBA 5417 E FUSE 5AF 3X FUSE 4AT (250v)3X 144 CASING CONTR.UNIT FRONT 145 CASING CONTR.UNIT FRONT	Item Description	ption	Part No.	Ε7	E75C	E11	E110C
				Ζ	Р	Ζ	٩
				0S	OSS1	SO	0SS2
) Harne	SS E	805000041	Х	Х	Х	×
	STICKE	STICKER CONNECTION TERMINAL	805000046	×	×	×	×
	CONNE	CONNECTOR 2-POLE PURPLE	805000015	Х	Х	Х	×
	CONNE	CTOR 2-POLE BLACK	805000016				
	CONNE	CTOR 3-POLE GRAY	805000018	Х	Х	Х	×
	CONNE	CONNECTOR 4-POLE BROWN	805000021	\times	×	×	×
	CONNE	CTOR 6-POLE BLUE	805000022	Х	Х	Х	×
		120V/24V	809000094	×	Х	Х	×
	SCREW	SCREW 3,5X 9,5 VERZ.D7983 5X	805000011	Х	Х	Х	×
		CONTR.UNIT BACK E	809000093	Х	Х	Х	×
		CONTROL UNIT MCBA 5417 E RAC	805000025	Х	Х	×	×
	FUSE 5.	AF 3x	805000026	Х	Х	Х	×
	FUSE 4	AT (250v)3x	805000027	×	Х	Х	×
		CASING CONTR.UNIT FRONT E	809000094	Х	Х	Х	×
		3WAY VALVE ACTUATOR VC2010	805000030	Х	Х	Х	×
HARNESS DHW E	HARNE	SS DHW E	805000042	Х	X	Х	×

Vent Products

Listed and Tested Ve	ent Products for E75C, E110C, Q85S, Q130S, Q17	5S, Q175C and Q205S
Manufacturer	Descriptions	Parts #
Heatfab	DGV 3"/5" Conc Air Intake Tee 3"	DGV03TAD3
	DGV 3"/5" Conc X 12" Length	DGV03L12
	DGV 3"/5" Conc X 31" Length	DGV03L36
	DGV 3"/5" Conc Horz Term Adapter	DGV03HT
	DGV 3"/5" Conc Vert Term Adapter	DGV03VT
	Rain Cap	SGV300
	3"- Adapter to fit into 80 mm Flue Collar	adapter
	3"- 12 Length	SGV302
	3"- 31" Length	SGV307
	3"- 90 Deg Tr Elbow	SGV314
	3"- Screen Termination	SGV392
	3"- Round Wall Thimble Pate	SGV393
	3"- Tall Cone Flashing, Flat- 2/12 Pitch	SGV3TCF
Manufacturer	Descriptions	Parts #
IPEX	Concentric Vent Termination	1CT0303
	PVC - FGV Concentric Kit	196006
	PVC - FGV Wall Termination Kit	81219
	CPVC - FGV Concentric Vent Kit	197009
	Termination Vent Screen	196051
Manufacturer	Descriptions	Parts #
Rinnai/ Ubbink	1 Meter Sections of PP/PVC, 3"/5"	224080
	90 Degree, Male x Female, PP/PVC, 3"/5"	224078
	Horizontal PP Termination, 21 inch	223175
	Vertical PP Termination	184162
Manufacturer	Descriptions	Parts #
York International	3" PVC Concentric Vent Termination	1CT0303

Miscellaneous	
Terminal	General PVC 1120 3" SCH 40 DWV ASTM D 2665 900 Elbow
Air Intake Pipe	PVC 1120 3" SCH 40 DWV ASTM D 2665
Vent Pipe	PVC 1120 3" SCH 40 DWV ASTM D 2665

Vent Manufacturer Contact Information for Installation Instructions and Parts Lists: Rinnai/Ubbink Heat-Fab

Rinnai/Ubbink		Heat-Fab	
Telephone:	800-621-9419	Telephone:	800-772-0739
Fax:	678-829-1666	Fax:	413-863-4803
Web Site:	www.rinnai.us	Email:	cystsvc@heat-fab.com
		Web Site:	www.heatfab.com
IPEX		York International	
Telephone:	800-463-9572	Telephone:	405-364-4040
-	905-403-0264	-	877-874-7378
Fax:	905-403-9195	Web Site:	www.york.com/products/unitary/
Web Site:	www.ipexamerica.com		

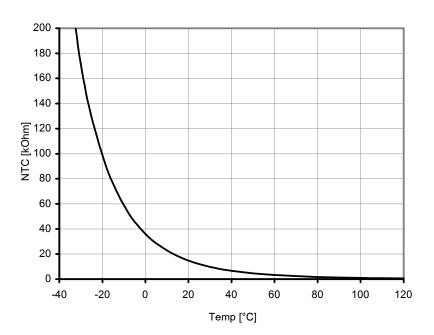
Do not common vent with the vent pipe of any other boiler or appliance. However, when an existing boiler is removed from a common venting system, the common venting system is likely to be too large for proper venting of the appliances remaining connected to it. At the time of removal of an existing boiler, the following steps shall be followed with each appliance remaining connected to the common venting system placed in operation, while the other appliances remaining connected to the common venting system are not in operation:

- (a) Seal any unused openings in the common venting system.
- (b) Visually inspect the venting system for proper size and horizontal pitch and determine there is no blockage or restriction, leakage, corrosion and otherdeficiencies which could cause an unsafe condition.
- (c) Insofar as is practical, close all building doors and windows and all doors between the space in which the appliances remaining connected to thecommon venting system are located and other spaces of the building. Turn on clothes dryers and any appliance not connected to the common venting system. Turn on any exhaust fans, such as range hoods and bathroom exhausts, so they will operate at maximum speed. Do not operate a summer exhaust fan. Close fireplace dampers.
- (d) Place in operation the appliance being inspected. Follow the lighting instructions. Adjust thermostat so appliance will operate continuously
- (e) Test for spillage at the draft hood relief opening after 5 minutes of mainburner operation. Use the flame of a match or candle, or smoke from acigarette, cigar or pipe.
- (f) After it has been determined that each appliance remaining connected to the common venting system properly vents when tested as outlined above, return doors, windows, exhaust fans, fireplace dampers and any other gas burning appliance to their previous condition of use."
- (g) Any improper operation of the common venting system should be corrected so the installation conforms with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 and/ or CAN/CSA B149.1, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code. When resizing any portion of the common venting system, the common venting system should be resized to approach the minimum size as determined using the appropriate tables in Part 11 of the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 and/or CAN/CSA B149.1, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code.

Appendix A - Outoor Reset Sensor Data

R 25 °C	12 kΩ
R 100 ° C	950 Ω
B _{25/85}	3750 K
Temperature coefficient	-4,2 %/K

Temp [°C]	NTC [kOhm]
-30	171.70
-20	98.82
-10	58.82
0	36.10
10	22.79
20	14.77
25	12.00
30	9.81
40	6.65
50	4.61
60	3.25
70	2.34
80	1.71
90	1.27
100	0.95
110	0.73
120	0.56



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