

Installation Manual for UBI

S3C6410

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S3C6410 RISC Microprocessor Installation Manual for Unsorted Block Image

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Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. San #24 Nongseo-Dong, Giheung-Gu Yongin-City Gyeonggi-Do, Korea 446-711

Home Page: http://www.samsungsemi.com/

E-Mail: mobilesol.cs@samsung.com

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1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

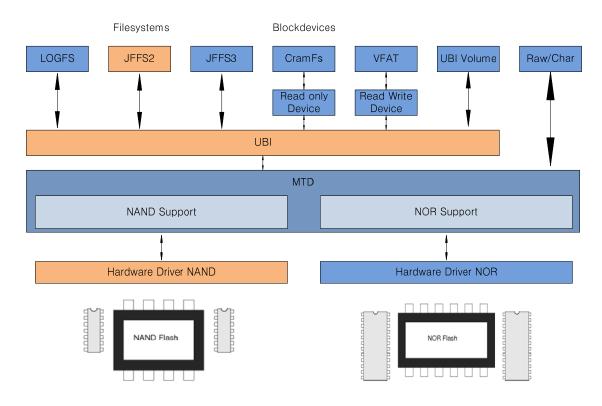
Ubi is general purpose flash management layer which has similar functionality as the Logical Volume Manager. The basic idea is that the UBI layer provides the management for multiple logical volumes, which can contain either static data or dynamic contents e.g. file systems.

This guide will explain the initial steps for Installing UBI(Unsorted Block Image) and how to compile Linux Kernel.

1.2 Overview

UBI Supports as follows:

- Bad Block Management
- Wear leveling across the device(s)
- Logical to Physical block mapping
- Volume information storage
- Device information







2 Kernel Compilation

2.1 Root file System

Make sure you have 2.6 compliant versions of *insmod*, *rmmod*, and *Ismod*. At least you have 2.6 compliant versions of *insmod*.

2.2 Kernel Compile

In this chapter, you will understand the initial steps for Installing S3C BSP on Linux operating system. Kernel source is compressed by the name of "s3c-linux-2.6.21.tar.bz2". Extract this bz2 file by executing the following command. After extracting the kernel tarball file "s3c-linux-2.6.21" directory will be generated. Go to "s3c-linux-2.6.21" directory and edit ".cross_compile" file.

[root@localhost test]# tar jxvf s3c-linux-2.6.21.tar.bz2

[root@localhost test]# cd s3c-linux-2.6.21

[root@localhost s3c-linux-2.6.21]# vi .cross_compile

Here edit your cross compiler path on first line depending on your environment, in our case cross compiler path is "/usr/local/arm/release-4.0.3/bin/arm-linux-".

You can load default-configuration-file that is composed with values optimized to target board. In Kernel, default-configuration-files are located in "s3c-linux-2.6.21" directory.

Load configuration file executing following command. Configuration file can be found at the directory of "s3c-linux-2.6.21/arch/arm/configs/".

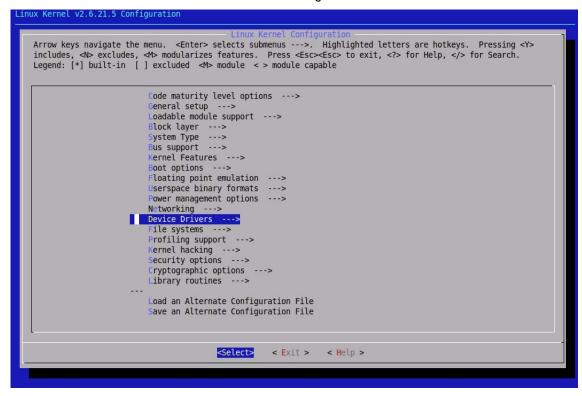
You should use this board-specific default configuration file for the SMDK board you are working on. For SMDK6410 board,

[root@localhost s3c-linux-2.6.21]# make smdk6410mtd_defconfig

Then, type as follows:

[root@localhost s3c-linux-2.6.21]# make menuconfig





Select 'Device Drivers' from the 'Linux Kernel Configuration'.

FIGURE 2 Device Drivers

Select 'Memory Technology Devices(MTD)'

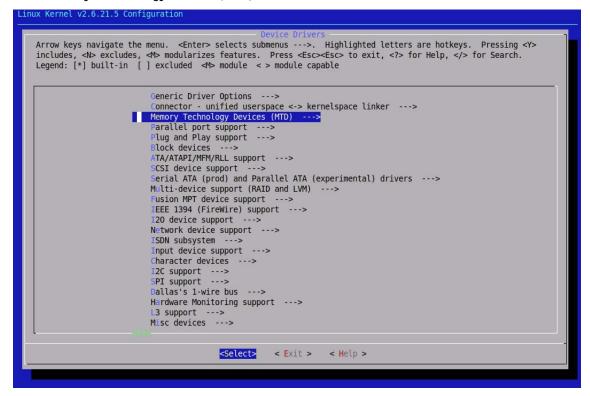


FIGURE 3 Memory Technology Devices





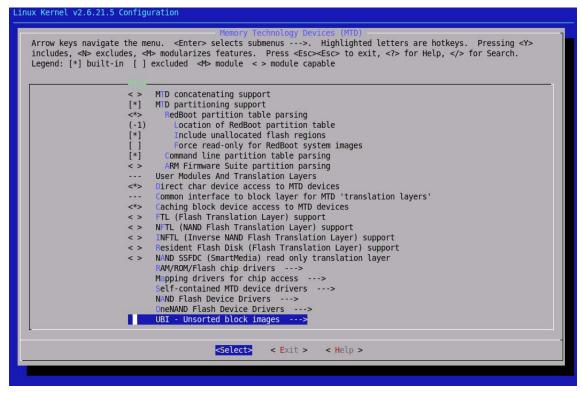


FIGURE 4 UBI - Unsorted Block Images

Select 'Enable UBI' to Module Type

	UBI - Unsorted block images
includes, <n> e</n>	<pre>gate the menu. <enter> selects submenus>. Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <y> xcludes, <m> modularizes features. Press <esc><esc> to exit, <?> for Help, for Search. lt-in [] excluded <m> module <> module capable</m></esc></esc></m></y></enter></pre>
	<pre>Gi> Enable UBI (4096) UBI wear-leveling threshold (NEW) (1) Percentage of reserved eraseblocks for bad eraseblocks handling (NEW) [] Emulate MTD devices (NEW) UBI debugging options [] UBI debugging (NEW)</pre>
	<pre><select> < Exit > < Help ></select></pre>

FIGURE 5 Enable UBI



Select "Emulate MTD devices"

Linux Kernel v2.6.21.5-cfs-v19 Configuration	
UBI - Unsorted bloc	k images
UBI - Unsorted block Arrow keys navigate the menu. <enter> selects submenus>. includes, <n> excludes, <m> modularizes features. Press <esc>- [*] built-in [] excluded <m> module < > module capable</m></esc></m></n></enter>	Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <y> <esc> to exit, <? > for Help, for Search. Legend:</esc></y>
<pre><d>> Enable UBI (4096) UBI wear-leveling threshold (1) Percentage of reserved eraseblocks [] mulate MTD devices</d></pre>	for bad eraseblocks handling
UBI debugging options [] UBI debugging	
<pre>CSelect> < Exit ></pre>	< Help >
	Cherby 2

FIGURE 6 Select "Emulate MTD Devices"

Finally select '*Exit*' and then 'Yes' to save your new kernel configuration.

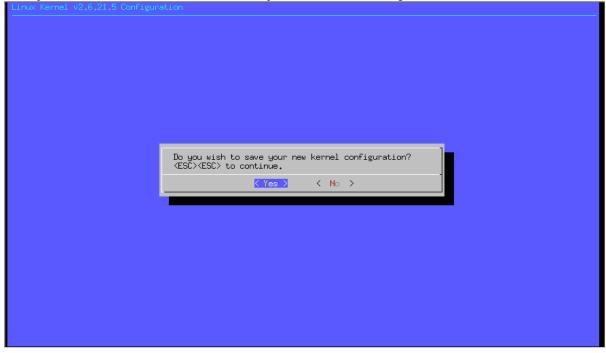


FIGURE 7 Saving New Kernel configuration



Execute the following commands on your host PC, the Kernel image will be created in "s3c-linux-2.6.21/arch/arm/boot/" directory by the name of "zImage". Also, UBI Module will be created in "s3c-linux-2.6.21/drivers/mtd/ubi/" directory by the name of "ubi.ko".

[root@localhost s3c-linux-2.6.21]# make



3 Test

In this Chapter, you will understand how to test UBI in you system.

3.1 Download "ubi.ko"

First, you have to download "ubi.ko" device module file that is created by make command. You can this device module in "linux/drivers/mtd/ubi/ubi.ko".

[root@Samsung tmp]# rz selected clock c0347854 (pclk) quot rz waiting to receive. Starting zmodem transfer. Press Ctr	35, calc 1157 l+C to cance				
	Select Files to Se	end using Zmodem			? ×
	찾는 위치([):	🚞 ubi		- 🔮 🦻	⊳ 🖽 -
	CVS build, c build, o built-in, o cdev, c cdev, o	E debug.c E debug.h E eba.c Ma eba.o E gluebi.c E io.c	a io,o	misc.c misc.o scan.c scan.h scan.h scan.o ubi.h	in ubi, ki j ubi, ki in ubi, m in ubi, o j upd, c in upd, c
					
	파일 이름(<u>N</u>): 파일 형식(<u>T</u>):	ubi,ko All Files (*,*)		-	<u>A</u> dd
	Files to send:	JAII Files (*,*)		•	
				<u>R</u> emove	
	Upload files as	ASCII	<u>0</u> K	Cancel]

3.2 Load UBI Module

Next, Insert UBI Module(ubi.ko) which is download from your host with insmod command. Input command as following.

[root@Samsung tmp]# insmod ubi.ko mtd=3

In this command, "mtd=3" is a MTD partition what you want to create UBI Volume. If you want to create UBI volume in another MTD partition, input number of partition. If you success insert UBI module(ubi.ko), you can see ubi information.



[root@Samsung tmp]# insmod ubi.ku	o mtd=3
UBI: empty MTD device detected	
UBI: create volume table (copy #	1)
UBI: create volume table (copy #	2)
UBI: attached mtd3 to ubil 🍎	
UBI: MTD device name:	"File System"
UBI: MTD device size:	14 MiB
UBI: physical eraseblock size:	16384 bytes (16 ків)
UBI: loģical eraseblock size:	15360 bytes
UBI: number of good PEBs:	896
UBI: number of bad PEBs:	0
UBI: smallest flash I/O unit:	512
UBI: VID header offset:	512 (aligned 512)
UBI: data offset:	1024
UBI: max. allowed volumes:	89
UBI: wear-leveling threshold:	4096
UBI: number of internal volumes:	1
UBI: number of user volumes:	0
UBI: available PEBs:	885
UBI: total number of reserved PE	Bs: 11
UBI: number of PEBs reserved for	bad PEB handling: 8
UBI: max/mean erase counter: 0/0	
UBI: background thread "ubi_bqt0	d" started, PID 939
[root@samsung tmp]#	

3.3 Create UBI Volume

Now, Make a UBI Volume in MTD partition. First of all, make "sysfs" directory and mount sysfs to sysfs directory.

[root@Samsung tmp]# mount sysfs sysfs ./sysfs [root@Samsung tmp]# mount -t sysfs sysfs ./sysfs

You need ubimkvol application which is to make ubi volume. Download ubimkvol application. And Excute ubimkvol as following command.

[root@Samsung tmp]# ./ubimkvol -s 10245780 -N Storage -d 0

This Command is make UBI Volume in MTD partition. Volume size is 10245780 bytes and Volume name is "Storage" and device node is "ubi0". If you want to know other option, you can see by input command "./ubimkvol -h".

[root@Samsung tmp]# ./ubimkvo	1 –s	10245780	-N	Storage	-d	0
UBI volume's node is /dev/ubi	0			-		
UBI Volume make is Success!!						

And, you want to confirm result, you can see proc file system.

[root@	§Samsung 1	tmp]# cat /proc/mtd	
dev:	size	erasesize name	
mtd0:	00040000	00004000 "Bootloader"	
mtd1:	001<0000	00004000 "Kernel"	
mtd2:	03000000	00004000 "Root - Cramfs"	
mtd3:	00e00000	00004000 "File System"	
mtd4:	009c9000	00003c0 <u>0</u> "storage"	



3.4 Mount jffs2

Finally, you want to read and write in UBI Volume, system is mounted temporary directory to /dev/mtdblock4.

[root@samsung tmp]# mount -t jffs2 /dev/mtdblock4 mnt/ -o loop JFFS2 write-buffering enabled buffer (512) erasesize (15360)



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