# **TECHNICAL & SERVICE MANUAL**



KHS0971 + CH0971 KHS1271 + CH1271

FILE NO.
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**Destination: North America** 

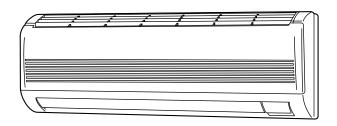
# DC INVERTER SPLIT SYSTEM AIR CONDITIONER

Indoor Model No.	Product Code No.
KHS0971	1 852 099 79
KHS1271	1 852 099 80

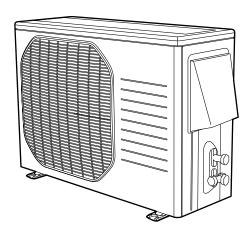
Outdoor Model No.	Product Code No.
CH0971	1 852 330 21
CH1271	1 852 330 22

**Indoor Unit** 

**Outdoor Unit** 







CH0971 CH1271

KHS0971 KHS1271

# **IMPORTANT**

These air conditioners employ new refrigerant R410A.

Pay special attention when

Pay special attention when servicing the unit.

**R410A** 

# Important! Please Read Before Starting

This air conditioning system meets strict safety and operating standards. As the installer or service person, it is an important part of your job to install or service the system so it operates safely and efficiently.

#### For safe installation and trouble-free operation, you must:

- Carefully read this instruction booklet before beginning.
- Follow each installation or repair step exactly as shown.
- Observe all local, state, and national electrical codes.
- Pay close attention to all warning and caution notices given in this manual.



This symbol refers to a hazard or unsafe practice which can result in severe personal injury or death.



This symbol refers to a hazard or unsafe practice which can result in personal injury or product or property damage.

#### If Necessary, Get Help

These instructions are all you need for most installation sites and maintenance conditions. If you require help for a special problem, contact our sales/service outlet or your certified dealer for additional instructions.

#### In Case of Improper Installation

The manufacturer shall in no way be responsible for improper installation or maintenance service, including failure to follow the instructions in this document.

#### **SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS**

WARNING

When Wiring



ELECTRICAL SHOCK CAN CAUSE SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH. ONLY A QUALIFIED, EXPERIENCED ELECTRICIAN SHOULD ATTEMPT TO WIRE THIS SYSTEM.

- Do not supply power to the unit until all wiring and tubing are completed or reconnected and checked.
- Highly dangerous electrical voltages are used in this system. Carefully refer to the wiring diagram and these instructions when wiring. Improper connections and inadequate grounding can cause accidental injury or death.
- · Ground the unit following local electrical codes.
- Connect all wiring tightly. Loose wiring may cause overheating at connection points and a possible fire hazard.

#### **When Transporting**

Be careful when picking up and moving the indoor and outdoor units. Get a partner to help, and bend your knees when lifting to reduce strain on your back. Sharp edges or thin aluminum fins on the air conditioner can cut your fingers.

#### When Installing

#### In a Ceiling or Wall

Make sure the ceiling/wall is strong enough to hold the unit's weight. It may be necessary to construct a strong wood or metal frame to provide added support.

#### In a Room

Properly insulate any tubing run inside a room to prevent "sweating" that can cause dripping and water damage to walls and floors.

#### In Moist or Uneven Locations

Use a raised concrete pad or concrete blocks to provide a solid, level foundation for the outdoor unit. This prevents water damage and abnormal vibration.

#### In an Area with High Winds

Securely anchor the outdoor unit down with bolts and a metal frame. Provide a suitable air baffle.

#### In a Snowy Area (for Heat Pump-type Systems)

Install the outdoor unit on a raised platform that is higher than drifting snow. Provide snow vents.

#### When Connecting Refrigerant Tubing

- Use the flare method for connecting tubing.
- Apply refrigerant lubricant to the matching surfaces of the flare and union tubes before connecting them, then tighten the nut with a torque wrench for a leak-free connection.
- · Check carefully for leaks before starting the test run.

#### When Servicing

- Turn the power off at the main power box (mains) before opening the unit to check or repair electrical parts and wiring.
- Keep your fingers and clothing away from any moving parts.
- Clean up the site after you finish, remembering to check that no metal scraps or bits of wiring have been left inside the unit being serviced.

#### Others



- Ventilate any enclosed areas when installing or testing the refrigeration system. Escaped refrigerant gas, on contact with fire or heat, can produce dangerously toxic gas.
- Confirm upon completing installation that no refrigerant gas is leaking. If escaped gas comes in contact with a stove, gas water heater, electric room heater or other heat source, it can produce dangerously toxic gas.

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# 1. OPERATING RANGE

	Temperature	Outdoor Air Intake Temp.	
Cooling	Maximum	95 °F D.B. / 71 °F W.B.	115 °F D.B.
Cooling	Minimum	67 °F D.B. / 57 °F W.B.	0 °F D.B.
Lloating	Maximum	80 °F D.B. / 67 °F W.B.	75 °F D.B. / 65 °F W.B.
Heating	Minimum	− D.B. / − W.B.	0 °F D.B.

# 2. SPECIFICATIONS

# 2-1. Unit Specifications

Indoor Unit KHS0971
Outdoor Unit CH0971

Voltage Rating				115V Single-Phase 60Hz		
					Cooling	Heating
မွ	Total Capacity		BTU/h	9,000	(3,000 to 9,000)	12,200 (3,000 to 12,200)
au			kW	2.65	(0.9 to 2.65)	3.6 (0.9 to 3.6)
Performance	Sensible Capacity		BTU/h		7,650	-
l f	Latent Capacity		BTU/h		1,350	-
اها	Air Circulation (High)	ft	³/min (m³/h)		282 (480)	312 (530)
	Moisture Removal (Hig	gh)	Pints/h		3.4	-
	Available Voltage Ran	ge	V		104 t	o 126
	Running Amperes		Α	7.6	( 2.5 to 7.6 )	10.3 (2.6 to 10.3)
Rating	Power Input		W	720	( 250 to 720 )	995 ( 250 to 995 )
3ati	Power Factor		%		83	84
1 = 1	EER		BTU/h/W		12.5	-
Electrical	COP		W/W		-	3.62
ect	SEER		BTU/Wh		16	-
	HSPF		BTU/Wh		-	8.5
	Compressor Locked R		Α			20
Ш	Fuse or Circuit Breake		Α			0
	Controls / Temperature Control				<b>'</b>	/ I.C. Thermister
	Control Unit			Wireless Remote Control Unit		
	Timer			24-Hour ON or OFF Timer, 1-Hour OFF Timer  Auto and 3 steps / Auto (Hi, Me, Lo)		
	Fan Speeds Indoor / Outdoor				•	
	Airflow Direction (Indoor) Horizontal					nual
	Vertical Air Filter					uto , Anti-Mold
Features	Compressor					
at	Refrigerant / Amount of	harged at chinment	lbs (g)	DC Rotary (Inverter) R410A / 2.09 (950)		
Fe	Refrigerant Control	marged at shipment	103 (9)	Electric Expansion Valve		
	Operation Sound	Indoor : Hi/Me/Lo/Qt*	dB-A	9	34 / 31 / 28 / 23	34 / 31 / 28 / 23
	(*Qt = Quiet mode)	Outdoor : Hi	dB-A	,	46	47
	Refrigerant Tubing Co		4271			Type
	Max. allowable tubing		ft (m)			(7.5)
	Refrigerant	Narrow tube	inch (mm)			6.35)
	Tube Diameter	Wide tube	inch (mm)		3/8 (	9.52)
	Refrigerant Tube Kit /	Accessories	` ,		Optional / Ai	r Clean Filter
ht					Indoor Unit	Outdoor Unit
Weigh	Unit Dimensions		inch	11-7/32	2 × 32-15/32 × 7-7/16	21-9/16 × 28-11/32 × 10-7/16
>	$Height \times Width \times$	Depth	(mm)	(2	$285 \times 825 \times 189$	$(548 \times 720 \times 265)$
& S	Package Dimensions	•	inch		2 × 35-7/16 × 13-25/32	23-5/8 × 33-11/16 × 14-1/4
Dimensions	Height $\times$ Width $\times$	Depth	(mm)	(2	$255 \times 900 \times 350$	$(600 \times 856 \times 362)$
nsi	Weight	Net	lbs (kg)	,	19.8 (9.0)	75.0 (34.0)
J me	-	Shipping	lbs (kg)		24.3 (11.0)	81.6 (37.0)
οi	Shipping Volume		cu.ft (m³)		2.82 (0.08)	6.35 (0.18)
	-		, ,			CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

DATA SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

Remarks: Rating conditions are:

Cooling: Indoor air temperature 80°F D.B. / 67°F W.B. Heating: Indoor air temperature 70°F D.B.

Outdoor air temperature 95°F D.B. / 75°F W.B. Outdoor air temperature 47°F D.B. / 43°F W.B.

Indoor Unit KHS1271
Outdoor Unit CH1271

٧	oltage Rating				115V Single-Phase 60Hz		
					Cooling	Heating	
၉	Total Capacity		BTU/h	11,900		14,300 (3,000 to 14,300)	
an	, ,		kW	3.5	(0.9 to 3.5)	4.2 (0.9 to 4.2)	
r	Sensible Capacity		BTU/h		9,100	-	
Performance	Latent Capacity		BTU/h		2,800	-	
Pe	Air Circulation (High)	ft	³/min (m³/h)		294 (500)	312 (530)	
	Moisture Removal (High	1)	Pints/h		4.26	-	
	Available Voltage Range	9	V		104 t	o 126	
	Running Amperes		Α	10.9	( 2.5 to 10.9 )	11.7 (2.5 to 11.7)	
ng	Power Input		W	1,090	( 250 to 1,090 )	1,165 (250 to 1,165)	
Rating	Power Factor		%		87	87	
E B	EER		BTU/h/W		10.9	-	
Electrical	COP		W/W		-	3.61	
Sct	SEER		BTU/Wh		17	-	
Ĕ	HSPF		BTU/Wh		-	9.3	
	Compressor Locked Rot		A		2		
	Fuse or Circuit Breaker		Α		2		
	Controls / Temperature	Control			·	/ I.C. Thermister	
	Control Unit			Wireless Remote Control Unit			
	Timer			24-Hour ON or OFF Timer, 1-Hour OFF Timer			
	Fan Speeds Indoor / Outdoor				Auto and 3 steps		
	Airflow Direction (Indoor) Horizontal				Mar		
			Vertical		Αι		
es	Air Filter					, Anti-Mold	
tur	Compressor			DC Rotary (Inverter)			
Features	Refrigerant / Amount cha	arged at shipment	lbs (g)				
-	Refrigerant Control				·	ansion Valve	
	•	Indoor : Hi/Me/Lo/Qt*	dB-A	] 3	6 / 33 / 29 / 25	34 / 31 / 29 / 25	
	,	Outdoor : Hi	dB-A	-	47	49 T	
	Refrigerant Tubing Conr		£ /\			Type	
	Max. allowable tubing le Refrigerant	Narrow tube	ft (m)		25 (	-	
	_		. ,		1/4 (	•	
		Wide tube	inch (mm)		3/8 (	r Clean Filter	
=	Refrigerant Tube Kit / Ad	ccessories					
ghi					Indoor Unit	Outdoor Unit	
Weigh	Unit Dimensions		inch		$2 \times 32 - 15/32 \times 7 - 7/16$	21-9/16 × 28-11/32 × 10-7/16	
& V	Height $\times$ Width $\times$ De	epth	(mm)		85 × 825 × 189)	$(548 \times 720 \times 265)$	
	Package Dimensions		inch		× 35-7/16 × 13-25/32	23-5/8 × 33-11/16 × 14-1/4	
Siol	Height × Width × De	•	(mm)	(2	55 × 900 × 350)	(600 × 856 × 362)	
ens	_	Net	lbs (kg)		19.8 (9.0)	77.2 (35.0)	
Dimensions		Shipping	lbs (kg)		24.3 (11.0)	83.8 (38.0)	
	Shipping Volume		cu.ft (m³)		2.82 (0.08)	6.35 (0.18)	

DATA SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

**Remarks:** Rating conditions are:

Cooling: Indoor air temperature 80°F D.B. / 67°F W.B. Heating: Indoor air temperature 70°F D.B. Outdoor air temperature 95°F D.B. / 75°F W.B. Outdoor air temperature 47°F D.B. / 43°F W.B.

# 2-2. Major Component Specifications

# 2-2-1. Indoor Unit

Indoor Unit KHS0971

Control PCB			
Part No.		CB-KHS0971	
Controls		Microprocessor	
Control Circuit Fuse		250V 3A	
Remote Control Unit		RCS-4HVPIS4U	
Fan			
Туре		Cross-Flow	
Q'ty Dia. and Length	inch (mm)	1 D3-11/16 / L24-31/32 (D94/L634)	
Fan Motor			
Туре		AC Motor	
Model Q'ty		IBH-884-076 1	
No. of Poles		4	
Rough Measure RPM (Cool / Heat)		1,200 / 1,250	
Nominal Output	W	16	
Coil Resistance	Ohm	BRN-WHT : 57.9	
(Ambient Temp. 68 °F (20 °C))		RED-WHT : 55.2	
Safety Device			
Туре		Thermal Fuse	
Operating Temp.	Open °F (°C)	266 (130)	
	Close °F (°C)	<del>-</del>	
Run Capacitor	Micro F	4.5	
	VAC	250	
Flap Motor			
Туре		Stepping Motor	
Model		MP24Z3	
Rating		DC 12V	
Coil Resistance	Ohm	Each Pair of Terminal : 400 +/- 7%	
(Ambient Temp. 77 °F (25 °C))			
Heat Exchanger Coil			
Coil		Aluminum Plate Fin / Copper Tube	
Rows		2	
Fins per inch		19.5	
Face Area	ft² (m²)	2.02 (0.188)	

#### Indoor Unit KHS1271

Control PCB		
Part No.		CB-KHS1271
Controls		Microprocessor
Control Circuit Fuse		250V 3A
Remote Control Unit		RCS-4HVPIS4U
-an		
Туре		Cross-Flow
Q'ty Dia. and Length	inch (mm)	1 D3-11/16 / L24-31/32 (D94/L634)
Fan Motor		
Туре		AC Motor
Model Q'ty		IBH-884-076 1
No. of Poles		4
Rough Measure RPM (Cool / Heat)		1,250 / 1,250
Nominal Output	W	16
Coil Resistance	Ohm	BRN-WHT : 57.9
(Ambient Temp. 68 °F (20 °C))		RED-WHT : 55.2
Safety Device		
Type		Thermal Fuse
Operating Temp.	Open °F (°C)	266 (130)
	Close °F (°C)	-
Run Capacitor	Micro F	4.5
	VAC	250
Flap Motor		
Туре		Stepping Motor
Model		MP24Z3
Rating		DC 12V
Coil Resistance	Ohm	Each Pair of Terminal : 400 +/- 7%
(Ambient Temp. 77 °F (25 °C))		
leat Exchanger Coil		
Coil		Aluminum Plate Fin / Copper Tube
Rows		2
Fins per inch		19.5
Face Area	ft² (m²)	2.02 (0.188)

# 2-2-2. Outdoor Unit

Outdoor Unit CH0971

Control PCB		
Part No.	CB-CH0971	
Controls	Microprocessor	
Control Circuit Fuse	125V 25A	
	1207 207	
Compressor		
Туре	DC Rotary (Inverter)	
Compressor Model / Nominal Output	G4C090LU1ER / 900W	
Compressor Oil Amount Pints (cc)	FV50S 0.68 (320)	
Coil Resistance (Ambient Temp. 68 °F (20 °C)) Ohm	U - V : 0.81	
	V - W : 0.81	
0.(1, D. )	W - U : 0.81	
Safety Device CT (Peak current cut-off control)	Yes	
Compressor Discharge Temp. Control	Yes	
Operation cut-off control in abnormal ambient Temp.	Yes	
Overload Relay Model	CS-7L115	
Operation Temp.	Open : 239 °F (115 °C), Close : 203 °F (95 °C)	
Run Capacitor Micro F	-	
VAC	-	
Crankcase Heater	115V 20W	
Fan		
Type	Propeller	
Q'ty Dia. inch (mm)	1 D15-3/4 (D400)	
Fan Motor		
Туре	DC Motor	
Model Q'ty	DAJ12-55J71-CU 1	
No. of Poles	8	
Rough Measure RPM (Cool / Heat)	750 / 680	
Nominal Output W	50	
Coil Resistance Ohm	RED - WHT : 77.5	
(Ambient Temp. 68 °F (20 °C))	WHT - BLU : 77.5	
	BLU - RED : 77.5	
Safety Device		
Type	Internal Controller	
Over- Current Protection	Yes	
Run Capacitor Micro F VAC	<u> </u>	
	<u>-</u>	
Heat Exchanger Coil		
Coil	Aluminum Plate Fin / Copper Tube	
Rows	2	
Fins per inch	18.1	
Face Area ft <sup>2</sup> (m <sup>2</sup> )	3.10 (0.288)	
External Finish	Acrylic baked-on enamel finish	
	DATA SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE	

## Outdoor Unit CH1271

Control PCB	
Part No.	CB-CH1271
Controls	Microprocessor
Control Circuit Fuse	125V 25A
Compressor	
Type	DC Rotary (Inverter)
Compressor Model / Nominal Output	G4C090LU1ER / 900W
Compressor Oil Amount Pints (cc)	FV50S 0.68 (320)
Coil Resistance (Ambient Temp. 68 °F (20 °C)) Ohm	U - V : 0.81
Con resistance (Ambient Temp. 66 1 (26 6)) Chim	V - W : 0.81
	W - U : 0.81
Safety Device	W 0.0.01
CT (Peak current cut-off control)	Yes
Compressor Discharge Temp. Control	Yes
Operation cut-off control in abnormal ambient Temp.	Yes
Overload Relay Model	CS-7L115
Operation Temp.	Open : 239 °F (115 °C), Close : 203 °F (95 °C)
Run Capacitor Micro F	-
VAC	<u>-</u>
Crankcase Heater	115V 20W
Fan	
Туре	Propeller
Q'ty Dia. inch (mm)	1 D15-3/4 (D400)
Fan Motor	
	DC Motor
Type Model Oth	DAJ12-55J71-CU 1
Model Q'ty No. of Poles	BAJ12-993/1-CU 1
Rough Measure RPM (Cool / Heat)	
Nominal Output W	50
Coil Resistance Ohm	
	WHT - BLU : 77.5
(Ambient Temp. 68 °F (20 °C))	BLU - RED : 77.5
Safety Device	BEO NEB . TT.0
Type	Internal Controller
Over- Current Protection	Yes
Run Capacitor Micro F	-
VAC	- -
Heat Exchanger Coil	
Coil	Aluminum Plate Fin / Copper Tube
Rows	2
Fins per inch	18.1
Face Area ft² (m²)	3.95 (0.367)
External Finish	, ,
External Fillish	Acrylic baked-on enamel finish

# 2-3. Other Component Specifications

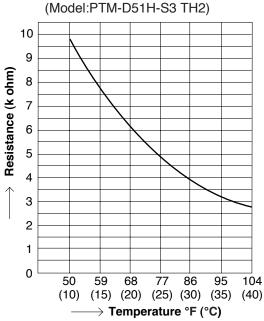
Indoor Unit KHS0971

KHS1271

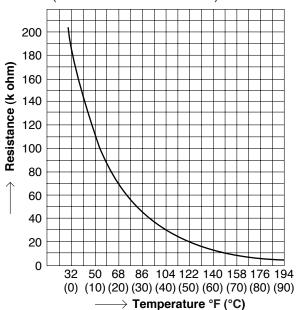
Outdoor Unit CH0971

CH1271

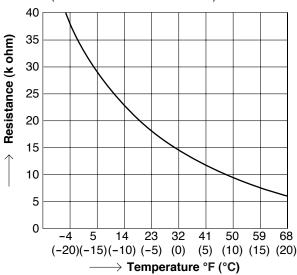




- · Indoor heat exchanger sensor (Model:PTM-D51H-S3 TH1)
- Compressor temp sensor (Model:DTN-TKS274Y TH2)

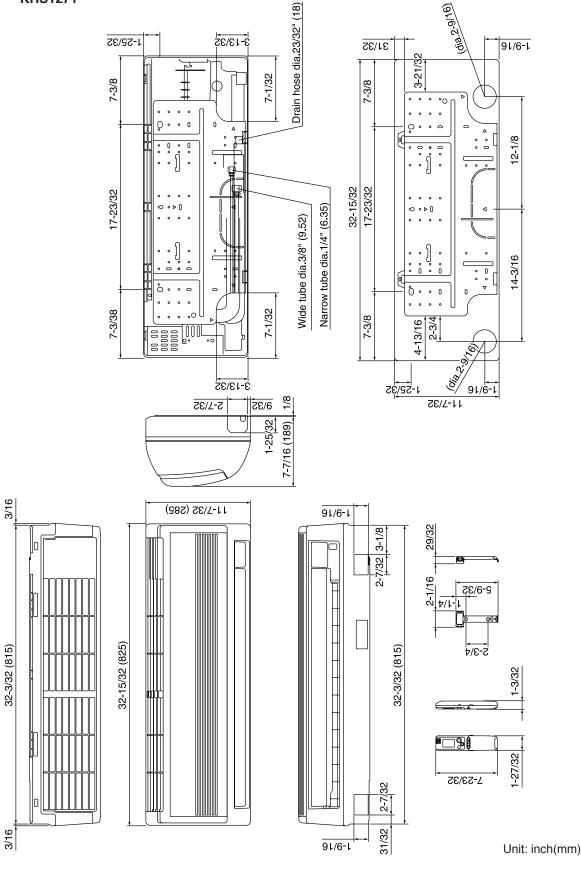


- · Outdoor air temp sensor (Model:DTN-TKS269B)
- Outdoor heat exchanger sensor (Model:DTN-TKS274Y TH1)

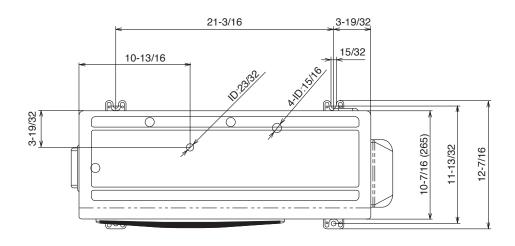


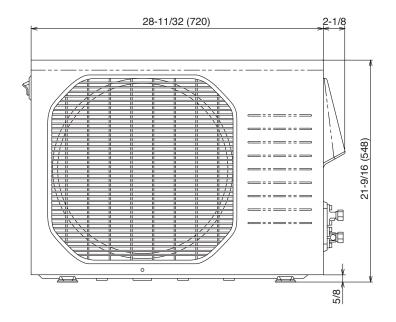
# 3. DIMENSIONAL DATA

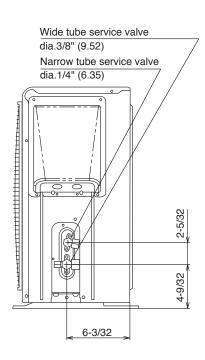
Indoor Unit KHS0971 KHS1271



# Outdoor Unit CH0971 CH1271





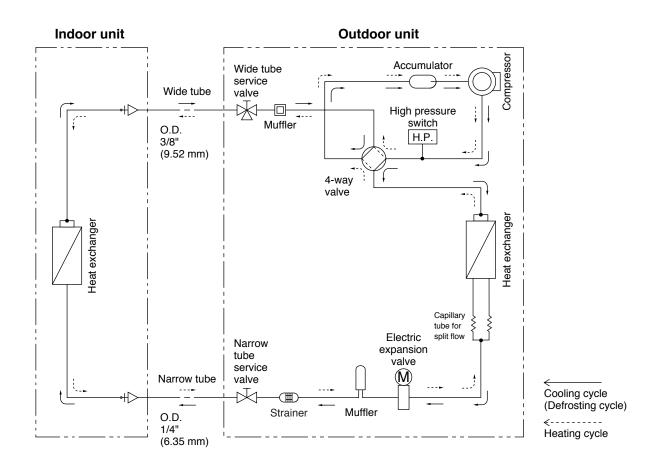


Unit: inch(mm)

# 4. REFRIGERANT FLOW DIAGRAM

# 4-1. Refrigerant Flow Diagram

Indoor Unit KHS0971 Outdoor Unit CH0971
KHS1271 CH1271



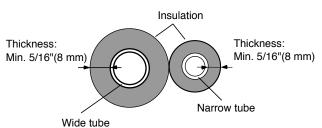
## **Insulation of Refrigerant Tubing**

#### IMPORTANT

Because capillary tubing is used in the outdoor unit, both the wide and narrow tubes of this air conditioner become cold. To prevent heat loss and wet floors due to dripping of condensation, **both tubes must be well insulated** with a proper insulation material. The thickness of the insulation should be a min. 5/16"(8 mm).



After a tube has been insulated, never try to bend it into a narrow curve because it can cause the tube to break or crack.



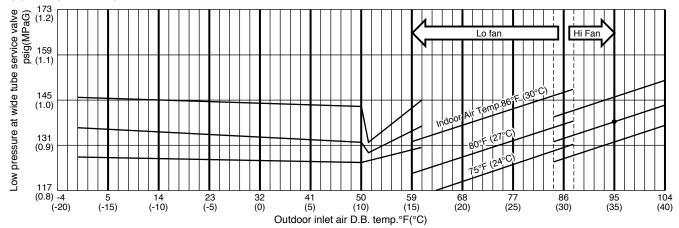
# 5. PERFORMANCE DATA

# 5-1. Temperature Charts

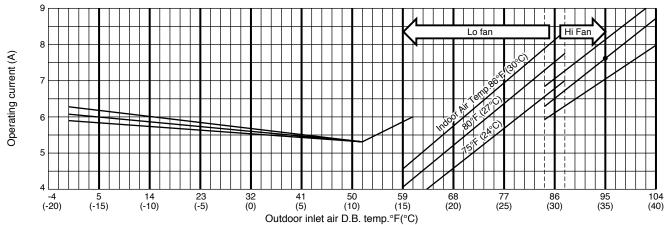
Indoor Unit KHS0971 Outdoor Unit CH0971

■ Cooling Characteristics (RH: 46%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (60Hz, 115V)

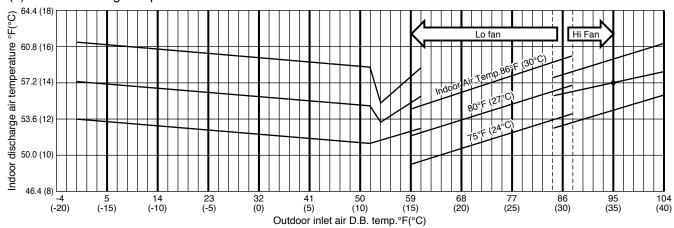
#### (1) Low pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



#### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



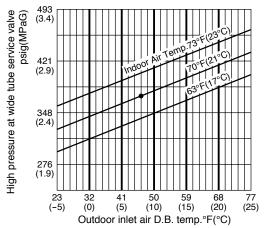
#### NOTE

· Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value.

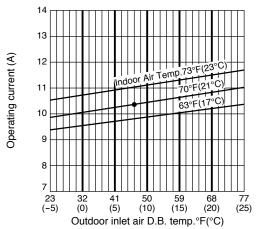
Indoor Unit KHS0971 Outdoor Unit CH0971

■ Heating Characteristics (RH: 46%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (60Hz, 115V)

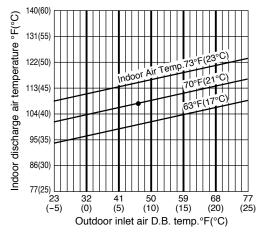
#### (1) High pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



#### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart

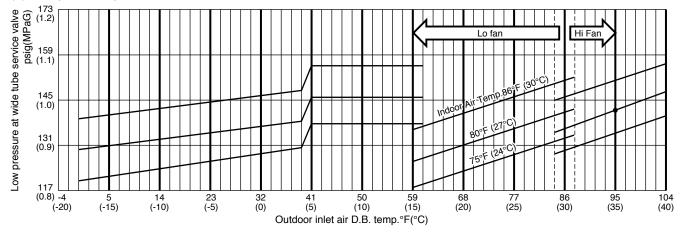


- · Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value.
- Overload prevention operates to protect the air conditioner when outdoor ambient temperature becomes extremely high in heating mode. (Refer to "8-2. Overload prevention during heating.")

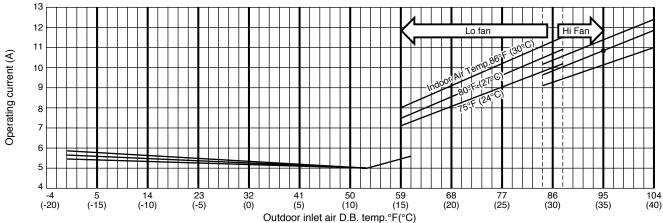
Indoor Unit KHS1271 Outdoor Unit CH1271

## ■ Cooling Characteristics (RH: 46%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (60Hz, 115V)

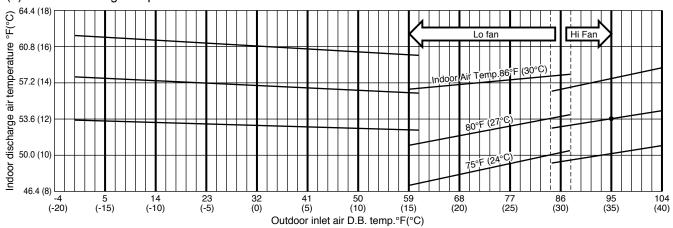
#### (1) Low pressure performance chart



## (2) Operating current performance chart



#### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



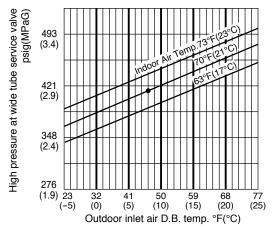
#### NOTE

· Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value.

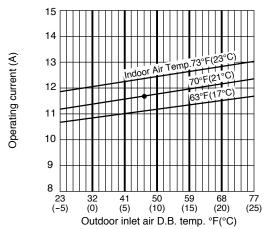
Indoor Unit KHS1271 Outdoor Unit CH1271

■ Heating Characteristics (RH: 46%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (60Hz, 115V)

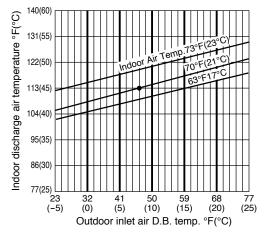
## (1) High pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



#### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



- · Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value.
- Overload prevention operates to protect the air conditioner when outdoor ambient temperature becomes extremely high in heating mode. (Refer to "8-2. Overload prevention during heating.")

# 5-2. Cooling Capacity

Indoor Unit : KHS0971
Outdoor Unit : CH0971

Power Supply: 115V Single Phase 60Hz

#### < Cooling Capacity >

RATING CA	PACITY:	9,000	BTU/h		AIR FL	OW RATE:	282	CFM		
INDO	OR			OUTDOOR						
ENT. TEMI	P. °F (°C)			AMBI	ENT TEMP	. °F (°C)				
W.B.	D.B.		65	75	85	95	105	115		
			(18.3)	(23.9)	(29.4)	(35.0)	(40.6)	(46.1)		
		TC	9,080	8,800	8,500	8,260	7,890	6,400		
	72 (22.2)	SHC	6,870	6,760	6,590	6,480	6,320	5,610		
59	76 (24.4)		7,860	7,690	7,580	7,470	7,250	6,400		
(15.0)	80 (26.7)	SHC	8,840	8,730	8,500	8,260	7,890	6,400		
	84 (28.9)		9,080	8,800	8,500	8,260	7,890	6,400		
	88 (31.1)	SHC	9,080	8,800	8,500	8,260	7,890	6,400		
		TC	9,440	9,160	8,860	8,630	8,250	6,580		
	72 (22.2)	SHC	5,770	5,610	5,500	5,390	5,220	4,510		
63	76 (24.4)	SHC	6,700	6,590	6,430	6,370	6,160	5,500		
(17.2)	80 (26.7)	SHC	7,690	7,580	7,470	7,360	7,200	6,480		
	84 (28.9)	SHC	8,680	8,570	8,400	8,300	8,130	6,580		
	88 (31.1)	SHC	9,440	9,160	8,860	8,630	8,250	6,580		
		TC	9,790	9,520	9,220	# 9,000	8,620	6,740		
	72 (22.2)	SHC	4,620	4,450	4,350	4,290	4,130	3,410		
67	76 (24.4)		5,550	5,440	5,330	5,220	5,060	4,350		
(19.4)	80 (26.7)	SHC	6,540	6,430	6,320	6,210	6,100	5,330		
	84 (28.9)	SHC	7,530	7,420	7,310	7,200	7,030	6,320		
	88 (31.1)	SHC	8,460	8,350	8,240	8,190	8,020	6,740		
		TC	10,120	9,860	9,560	9,360	8,980	6,890		
	72 (22.2)	SHC	3,360	3,250	3,140	3,080	2,920	2,210		
71	76 (24.4)	SHC	4,350	4,240	4,130	4,020	3,910	3,190		
(21.7)	80 (26.7)	SHC	5,330	5,220	5,110	5,060	4,890	4,180		
	84 (28.9)	SHC	6,270	6,210	6,100	5,990	5,880	5,110		
	88 (31.1)	SHC	7,250	7,140	7,030	6,980	6,810	6,100		
		TC	10,400	10,140	9,840	9,680	9,300	7,010		
75	76 (24.4)	SHC	3,140	3,030	2,920	2,860	2,750	2,040		
(23.9)	80 (26.7)	SHC	4,130	4,070	3,960	3,910	3,800	3,030		
	84 (28.9)	SHC	5,110	5,000	4,890	4,840	4,730	4,020		
	88 (31.1)	SHC	6,050	5,990	5,880	5,830	5,720	4,950		

TC: Total Cooling Capacity (BTU/h) SHC: Sensible Heat Capacity (BTU/h)

- Rating conditions (#) : Indoor Unit Entering Air Temp. 80 °F (26.7 °C) D.B. / 67 °F (19.4 °C) W.B.
   : Outdoor Ambient Temp. 95 °F (35 °C) D.B.
- 2. Above data does not take Freeze Prevention Protection during cooling operation into account. For this reason, the value may vary from the actual cooling characteristics.
- 3. Above data represents the value when the operation frequency of a compressor is fixed.

Indoor Unit : KHS1271
Outdoor Unit : CH1271

Power Supply: 115V Single Phase 60Hz

#### < Cooling Capacity >

RATING CA	PACITY:	11,900	BTU/h		AIR FL	OW RATE:	294	CFM
INDO	OR				OUTDOOL	3		
ENT. TEM	P. °F (°C)			AMBI	ENT TEMP	. °F (°C)		
W.B.	D.B.		65	75	85	95	105	115
			(18.3)	(23.9)	(29.4)	(35.0)	(40.6)	(46.1)
		TC	11,970	11,660	11,310	11,050	10,620	8,860
	72 (22.2)	SHC	8,480	8,300	8,130	7,960	7,730	6,880
59	76 (24.4)	SHC	9,450	9,280	9,100	8,990	8,760	7,850
(15.0)	80 (26.7)	SHC	10,530	10,360	10,130	10,020	9,790	8,860
	84 (28.9)	SHC	11,500	11,330	11,160	10,990	10,620	8,860
	88 (31.1)	SHC	11,970	11,660	11,310	11,050	10,620	8,860
		TC	12,370	12,070	11,730	11,480	11,050	9,020
	72 (22.2)	SHC	7,220	7,050	6,880	6,760	6,530	5,620
63	76 (24.4)	SHC	8,190	8,020	7,850	7,730	7,560	6,590
(17.2)	80 (26.7)	SHC	9,220	9,100	8,930	8,820	8,590	7,680
	84 (28.9)	SHC	10,250	10,080	9,900	9,790	9,560	8,650
	88 (31.1)	SHC	11,220	11,050	10,880	10,760	10,590	9,020
		TC	12,740	12,450	12,120	# 11,900	11,470	9,160
	72 (22.2)	SHC	5,900	5,730	5,620	5,500	5,330	4,360
67	76 (24.4)	SHC	6,880	6,760	6,590	6,530	6,300	5,330
(19.4)	80 (26.7)	SHC	7,900	7,790	7,620	7,560	7,330	6,420
	84 (28.9)	SHC	8,930	8,760	8,650	8,530	8,360	7,390
	88 (31.1)	SHC	9,900	9,790	9,620	9,560	9,330	8,360
		TC	13,080	12,800	12,470	12,290	11,870	9,270
	72 (22.2)	SHC	4,480	4,360	4,250	4,190	4,020	3,050
71	76 (24.4)	SHC	5,500	5,390	5,220	5,160	4,990	4,020
(21.7)	80 (26.7)	SHC	6,530	6,420	6,300	6,190	6,080	5,050
	84 (28.9)	SHC	7,500	7,390	7,280	7,220	7,050	6,080
	88 (31.1)	SHC	8,530	8,420	8,300	8,190	8,020	7,050
		TC	13,320	13,060	12,750	12,610	12,210	9,330
75	76 (24.4)	SHC	4,130	4,020	3,960	3,900	3,730	2,760
(23.9)	80 (26.7)	SHC	5,160	5,100	4,990	4,930	4,760	3,790
	84 (28.9)	SHC	6,190	6,080	5,960	5,900	5,790	4,820
	88 (31.1)	SHC	7,160	7,100	6,990	6,930	6,760	5,790

TC: Total Cooling Capacity (BTU/h) SHC: Sensible Heat Capacity (BTU/h)

- Rating conditions (#) : Indoor Unit Entering Air Temp. 80 °F (26.7 °C) D.B. / 67 °F (19.4 °C) W.B.
   : Outdoor Ambient Temp. 95 °F (35 °C) D.B.
- 2. Above data does not take Freeze Prevention Protection during cooling operation into account. For this reason, the value may vary from the actual cooling characteristics.
- 3. Above data represents the value when the operation frequency of a compressor is fixed.

# 5-3. Cooling Capacity (Low Ambient)

Indoor Unit : **KHS0971**Outdoor Unit : **CH0971** 

Power Supply: 115V Single Phase 60Hz

#### < Cooling Capacity (Low Ambient) >

RATING CA	PACITY:	9,000	BTU/h		AIR FL	OW RATE	:	282	CFM
INDO	OR				OUT	DOOR			
ENT. TEM	P. °F (°C)				AMBIENT	TEMP. °F	(°C)		
W.B.	D.B.		0	5	15	25	35	45	55
			(-17.8)	(-15.0)	(-9.4)	(-3.9)	(1.7)	(7.2)	(12.8)
		TC	7,310	7,300	7,350	7,380	7,390	7,370	7,310
	72 (22.2)	SHC	6,050	6,050	6,050	6,100	6,100	6,050	6,050
59	76 (24.4)	SHC	6,980	6,980	7,030	7,030	7,030	7,030	6,980
(15.0)	80 (26.7)	SHC	7,310	7,300	7,350	7,380	7,390	7,370	7,310
	84 (28.9)	SHC	7,310	7,300	7,350	7,380	7,390	7,370	7,310
	88 (31.1)	SHC	7,310	7,300	7,350	7,380	7,390	7,370	7,310
		TC	7,330	7,330	7,420	7,490	7,530	7,540	7,490
	72 (22.2)	SHC	4,840	4,840	4,840	4,890	4,890	4,890	4,890
63	76 (24.4)	SHC	5,770	5,770	5,830	5,880	5,880	5,880	5,880
(17.2)	80 (26.7)	SHC	6,810	6,810	6,810	6,870	6,870	6,870	6,870
	84 (28.9)	SHC	7,330	7,330	7,420	7,490	7,530	7,540	7,490
	88 (31.1)	SHC	7,330	7,330	7,420	7,490	7,530	7,540	7,490
		TC	7,290	7,300	7,450	7,560	7,640	7,680	7,660
	72 (22.2)	SHC	3,580	3,580	3,630	3,690	3,740	3,740	3,740
67	76 (24.4)	SHC	4,560	4,560	4,620	4,670	4,670	4,730	4,670
(19.4)	80 (26.7)	SHC	5,550	5,550	5,610	5,660	5,720	5,720	5,720
	84 (28.9)	SHC	6,540	6,540	6,590	6,650	6,650	6,650	6,650
	88 (31.1)	SHC	7,290	7,300	7,450	7,560	7,640	7,640	7,640
		TC	7,170	7,190	7,400	7,570	7,700	7,780	7,780
	72 (22.2)	SHC	2,320	2,320	2,370	2,420	2,480	2,530	2,530
71	76 (24.4)	SHC	3,250	3,250	3,360	3,410	3,470	3,470	3,470
(21.7)	80 (26.7)	SHC	4,290	4,290	4,350	4,400	4,450	4,510	4,510
	84 (28.9)	SHC	5,220	5,220	5,330	5,390	5,440	5,440	5,440
	88 (31.1)	SHC	6,210	6,210	6,270	6,320	6,370	6,430	6,430
		TC	6,980	7,010	7,300	7,530	7,710	7,820	7,850
75	76 (24.4)	SHC	2,040	2,040	2,150	2,210	2,260	2,320	2,320
(23.9)	80 (26.7)	SHC	3,030	3,030	3,140	3,190	3,250	3,300	3,300
	84 (28.9)	SHC	4,020	4,020	4,130	4,180	4,240	4,240	4,290
	88 (31.1)	SHC	4,950	4,950	5,060	5,110	5,170	5,220	5,220

 $TC: Total\ Cooling\ Capacity\ (BTU/h) \quad SHC: Sensible\ Heat\ Capacity\ (BTU/h)$ 

- 1. Above data does not take Freeze Prevention Protection during cooling operation into account. For this reason, the value may vary from the actual cooling characteristics.
- 2. Above data represents the value when the operation frequency of a compressor is fixed.

Indoor Unit : **KHS1271**Outdoor Unit : **CH1271** 

Power Supply: 115V Single Phase 60Hz

## < Cooling Capacity (Low Ambient) >

RATING CA	PACITY:	11,900	BTU/h		AIR FL	_OW RATE	:	294	CFM
INDO			OUTDOOR						
ENT. TEM	P. °F (°C)				AMBIENT	TEMP. °F	(°C)		
W.B.	D.B.		0	5	15	25	35	45	55
			(-17.8)	(-15.0)	(-9.4)	(-3.9)	(1.7)	(7.2)	(12.8)
		TC	9,660	9,670	9,680	9,710	9,730	9,700	9,670
	72 (22.2)	SHC	7,280	7,280	7,280	7,280	7,280	7,280	7,280
59	76 (24.4)	SHC	8,250	8,250	8,250	8,300	8,300	8,300	8,250
(15.0)	80 (26.7)	SHC	9,280	9,280	9,330	9,330	9,330	9,330	9,280
	84 (28.9)	SHC	9,660	9,670	9,680	9,710	9,730	9,700	9,670
	88 (31.1)	SHC	9,660	9,670	9,680	9,710	9,730	9,700	9,670
		TC	9,610	9,620	9,700	9,780	9,840	9,840	9,840
	72 (22.2)	SHC	5,900	5,900	5,900	5,960	5,960	5,960	5,960
63	76 (24.4)	SHC	6,880	6,880	6,930	6,930	6,990	6,990	6,990
(17.2)	80 (26.7)	SHC	7,900	7,900	7,960	8,020	8,020	8,020	8,020
	84 (28.9)	SHC	8,930	8,930	8,930	8,990	8,990	8,990	8,990
	88 (31.1)	SHC	9,610	9,620	9,700	9,780	9,840	9,840	9,840
		TC	9,460	9,490	9,640	9,770	9,890	9,920	9,970
	72 (22.2)	SHC	4,480	4,480	4,530	4,590	4,650	4,650	4,700
67	76 (24.4)	SHC	5,450	5,500	5,560	5,620	5,680	5,680	5,680
(19.4)	80 (26.7)	SHC	6,530	6,530	6,590	6,650	6,700	6,700	6,700
	84 (28.9)	SHC	7,500	7,500	7,560	7,620	7,680	7,680	7,730
	88 (31.1)	SHC	8,480	8,530	8,590	8,650	8,700	8,700	8,700
		TC	9,190	9,240	9,480	9,680	9,860	9,940	10,030
	72 (22.2)	SHC	2,990	3,050	3,100	3,160	3,280	3,280	3,330
71	76 (24.4)	SHC	4,020	4,020	4,130	4,190	4,250	4,300	4,300
(21.7)	80 (26.7)	SHC	5,050	5,050	5,160	5,220	5,280	5,330	5,330
	84 (28.9)	SHC	6,020	6,080	6,130	6,190	6,300	6,300	6,360
	88 (31.1)	SHC	7,050	7,050	7,160	7,220	7,280	7,330	7,330
		TC	8,840	8,900	9,240	9,520	9,760	9,880	10,020
75	76 (24.4)	SHC	2,590	2,650	2,760	2,820	2,930	2,930	2,990
(23.9)	80 (26.7)	SHC	3,680	3,680	3,790	3,850	3,960	4,020	4,020
	84 (28.9)	SHC	4,650	4,650	4,760	4,880	4,930	4,990	5,050
	88 (31.1)	SHC	5,620	5,680	5,790	5,850	5,960	5,960	6,020

TC : Total Cooling Capacity (BTU/h) SHC : Sensible Heat Capacity (BTU/h)

- 1. Above data does not take Freeze Prevention Protection during cooling operation into account. For this reason, the value may vary from the actual cooling characteristics.
- 2. Above data represents the value when the operation frequency of a compressor is fixed.

# 5-4. Heating Capacity

Indoor Unit : **KHS0971**Outdoor Unit : **CH0971** 

Power Supply: 115V Single Phase 60Hz

#### < Heating Capacity >

RATING CAPACITY:	12,200	BTU/h	A	AIR FLOW RATE: 312 CFM					
OUTDOOR		INDOOR							
ENT. TEMP. °F (°C)		AMBIENT TEMP. °F (°C)							
W.B.		60	65	70	75	80			
		(15.6)	(18.3)	(21.1)	(23.9)	(26.7)			
0 (-17.8)	TH	6,910	6,900	6,890	6,870	6,840			
3 (-16.1)	TH	7,140	7,130	7,110	7,090	7,070			
8 (-13.3)	TH	7,680	7,670	7,660	7,630	7,610			
13 (-10.6)	TH	8,250	8,230	8,220	8,190	8,170			
18 (-7.8)	TH	8,860	8,850	8,830	8,810	8,780			
23 (-5.0)	TH	9,510	9,490	9,470	9,450	9,420			
28 (-2.2)	TH	10,180	10,160	10,140	10,110	10,080			
33 (0.6)	TH	10,870	10,850	10,820	10,790	10,750			
38 (3.3)	TH	11,540	11,520	11,490	11,460	11,420			
43 (6.1)	TH	12,250	12,230	# 12,200	12,160	12,120			
48 (8.9)	TH	12,970	12,940	12,910	12,870	12,820			
53 (11.7)	TH	13,680	13,650	13,620	13,570	13,520			
58 (14.4)	TH	14,360	14,330	14,290	14,240	14,180			
63 (17.2)	TH	15,050	15,010	14,970	14,920	14,490			
65 (18.3)	TH	15,310	15,280	15,230	15,180	14,470			

TH: Total Heating Capacity (BTU/h)

- 1. Rating conditions (#) : Indoor Unit Entering Air Temp. 70 °F (21.1 °C) D.B.
  - : Outdoor Ambient Temp. 47 °F (8.3 °C) D.B. / 43 °F (6.1 °C) W.B.
- Above data does not take Defrost Operation, Overload Prevention Protection, and/or Cold Air Prevention Protection during heating operation into account. For this reason, the value may vary from the actual heating characteristics.
- 3. Above data represents the value when the operation frequency of a compressor is fixed.

Indoor Unit : KHS1271
Outdoor Unit : CH1271

Power Supply: 115V Single Phase 60Hz

#### < Heating Capacity >

RATING CAPACITY:	14,300	BTU/h	A	AIR FLOW RATE:	312	2 CFM			
OUTDOOR		INDOOR							
ENT. TEMP. °F (°C)		AMBIENT TEMP. °F (°C)							
W.B.		60	65	70	75	80			
		(15.6)	(18.3)	(21.1)	(23.9)	(26.7)			
0 (-17.8)	TH	8,010	8,000	7,980	7,960	7,930			
3 (-16.1)	TH	8,280	8,270	8,250	8,230	8,200			
8 (-13.3)	TH	8,930	8,910	8,890	8,870	8,840			
13 (-10.6)	TH	9,600	9,580	9,560	9,530	9,500			
18 (-7.8)	TH	10,330	10,310	10,290	10,260	10,220			
23 (-5.0)	TH	11,100	11,080	11,050	11,020	10,980			
28 (-2.2)	TH	11,900	11,870	11,840	11,800	11,760			
33 (0.6)	TH	12,720	12,690	12,660	12,610	12,560			
38 (3.3)	TH	13,530	13,500	13,460	13,410	13,360			
43 (6.1)	TH	14,380	14,350	# 14,300	14,250	14,190			
48 (8.9)	TH	15,240	15,200	15,150	15,090	15,020			
53 (11.7)	TH	16,090	16,050	15,990	15,920	15,850			
58 (14.4)	TH	16,910	16,850	16,790	16,720	16,640			
63 (17.2)	TH	17,730	17,670	17,600	17,520	16,690			
65 (18.3)	TH	18,040	17,980	17,910	17,480	16,620			

TH: Total Heating Capacity (BTU/h)

- 1. Rating conditions (#) : Indoor Unit Entering Air Temp. 70 °F (21.1 °C) D.B.
  - : Outdoor Ambient Temp. 47 °F (8.3 °C) D.B. / 43 °F (6.1 °C) W.B.
- Above data does not take Defrost Operation, Overload Prevention Protection, and/or Cold Air Prevention Protection during heating operation into account. For this reason, the value may vary from the actual heating characteristics.
- 3. Above data represents the value when the operation frequency of a compressor is fixed.

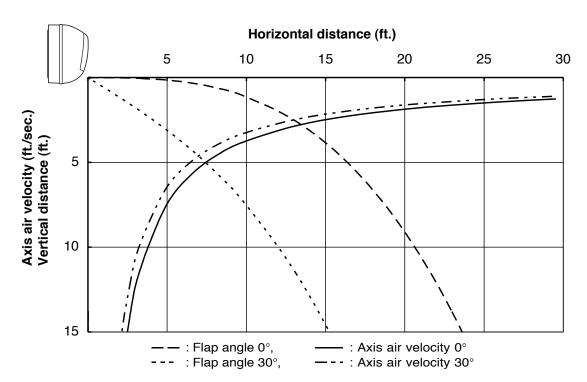
# 5-5. Air Throw Distance Charts

Indoor Unit KHS0971

Cooling | Room air temp.

Room air temp. : 80°F (26.7°C)

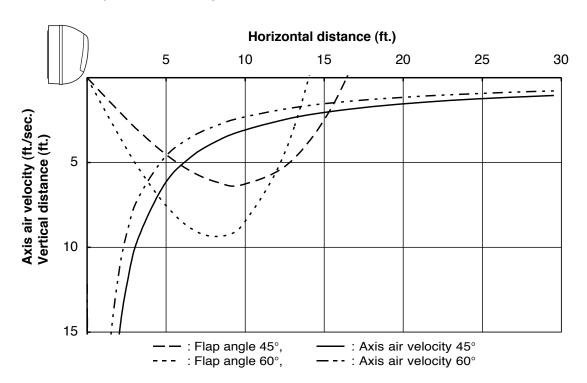
Fan speed : High



Heating

Room air temp. : 70°F (21.1°C)

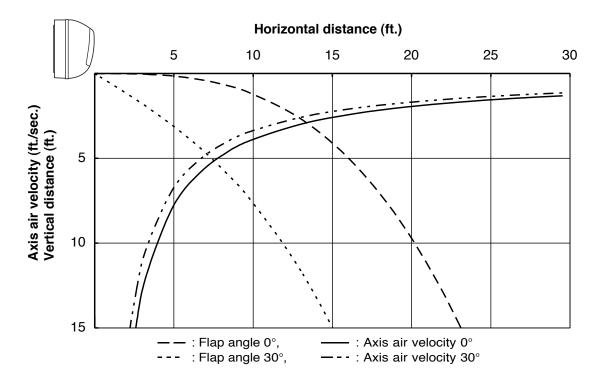
Fan speed : High



Heating

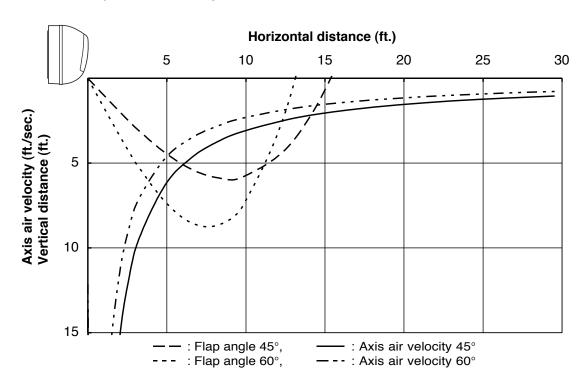
Cooling Room air temp. : 80°F (26.7°C)

Fan speed : High



Room air temp. : 70°F (21.1°C)

Fan speed : High



# 6. ELECTRICAL DATA

# 6-1. Electrical Characteristics

Indoor Unit KHS0971
Outdoor Unit CH0971

#### Cooling

			Indoor Unit	Outdoor Unit	Complete Unit
			Fan Motor	Fan Motor + Compressor	
Performance at				115V Single-phase 60Hz	
Rating conditions	Running amp.	Α	0.45	7.15	7.6
	Power input	W	45	675	720

Rating conditions: Indoor air temperature: 80°F (26.7°C) D.B. / 67°F (19.4°C) W.B.

Outdoor air temperature: 95°F (35°C) D.B.

#### Heating

			Indoor Unit	Outdoor Unit	Complete Unit
			Fan Motor	Fan Motor + Compressor	
Performance at				115V Single-phase 60Hz	
Rating conditions	Running amp.	Α	0.45	9.85	10.3
	Power input	W	45	950	995

Rating conditions: Indoor air temperature 70°F (21.1°C) D.B.

Outdoor air temperature 47°F (8.3°C) D.B. / 43°F (6.1°C) W.B.

Indoor Unit KHS1271
Outdoor Unit CH1271

## Cooling

			Indoor Unit	Outdoor Unit	Complete Unit
			Fan Motor	Fan Motor + Compressor	
Performance at				115V Single-phase 60Hz	
Rating conditions	Running amp.	Α	0.45	10.45	10.9
	Power input	W	45	1,045	1,090

Rating conditions: Indoor air temperature: 80°F (26.7°C) D.B. / 67°F (19.4°C) W.B.

Outdoor air temperature: 95°F (35°C) D.B.

#### Heating

			Indoor Unit	Outdoor Unit	Complete Unit
			Fan Motor	Fan Motor + Compressor	
Performance at				115V Single-phase 60Hz	•
Rating conditions	Running amp.	Α	0.45	11.25	11.7
	Power input	W	45	1,120	1,165

Rating conditions: Indoor air temperature 70°F (21.1°C) D.B.

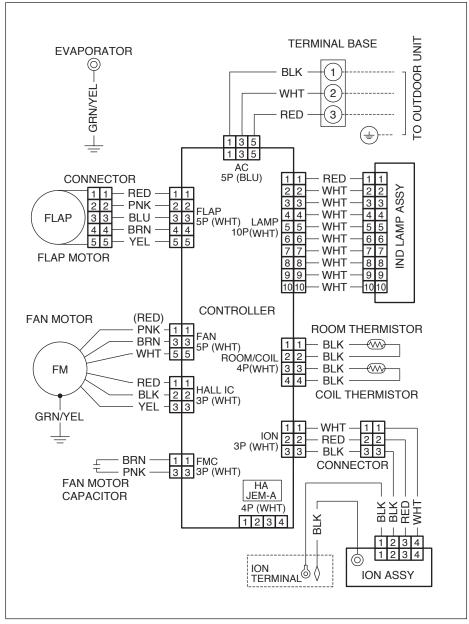
Outdoor air temperature 47°F (8.3°C) D.B. / 43°F (6.1°C) W.B.

# 6-2. Electric Wiring Diagrams

Indoor Unit KHS0971 KHS1271



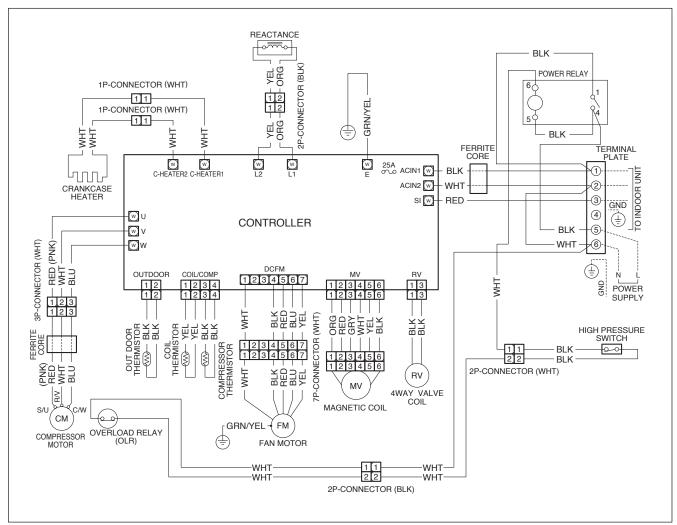
To avoid electrical shock hazard, be sure to disconnect power before checking, servicing and/or cleaning any electrical parts.



8FA2-5257-71600-0



To avoid electrical shock hazard, be sure to disconnect power before checking, servicing and/or cleaning any electrical parts.



8FA2-5257-69100-3

# 7. MAINTENANCE

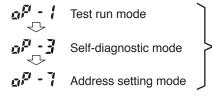
# 7-1. Address Setting of the Remote Control Unit

The address can be set in order to prevent interference between remote controllers when two indoor units are installed near each other. The address is normally set to "A." To set a different address, it is necessary to change the address on the second remote controller.

## NOTE

Once changed, you cannot restore the original address setting of the air conditioner.

- (1) Switch on the power source.
- (2) Break the address-setting tab marked "A" on the second remote controller to change the address (Fig. 13). When the tab is removed, the address is automatically set to B (Fig. 14).
- (3) Press and hold the remote controller ION button and 1 HR TIMER button. Then, press and hold the ACL (reset) button with a pointed object such as the tip of a pen. After 5 seconds, release ACL button first, then release ION and 1 HR TIMER buttons, "oP-1" (test run) appears, blinking in the remote controller clock display area.
- (4) Each time the 1 HR TIMER button is pressed, the display changes as shown below. Press this button 2 times to change the display to "oP-7" (address setting). (Fig. 15)



- (5) "oP-7" has now been selected for address setting.
- (6) Press the ON/OFF operation button on the remote controller. (Fig. 15) Check that the "beep" signal received sound is heard from the second indoor unit (approximately 5 times). The sound you hear is the signal that the remote controller address has been changed.
- (7) Finally press the remote controller ACL (reset) button to cancel the blinking "oP-7" display. (Fig. 15)

Changing of the second remote controller address is now completed.

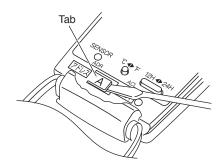


Fig. 13

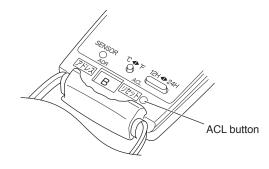
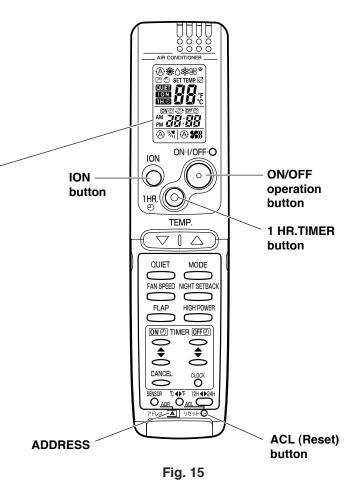
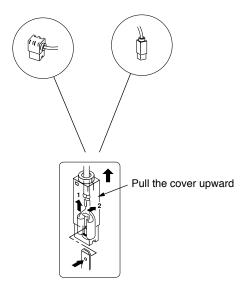


Fig. 14



# 7-2. Disconnecting and Connecting Positive Connector for Outdoor Unit



When the cover is pulled upward, the lock is released with the sequence of 1 and 2.

One of the two types of connectors illustrated at left is used. Their basic structure is the same for each.

#### **How to Disconnect**

Hold the resin connector cover, and pull the connector off. You cannot disconnect the connector by pulling the wire since it is locked inside. Always hold the cover to disconnect. (See illustration at left.) For the connector without the resin cover, push the lock in the direction of "2" while pulling it off.

#### **How to Connect**

In order to connect, hold the resin cover of the connector and push it in. Confirm the click sound for the inside lock.

# 8. FUNCTIONS

# 8-1. Operation Functions

## ■ Emergency operation

Emergency operation is available when the remote controller malfunctions, has been lost, or otherwise cannot be used.

To operate the system, press the OPERATION button, which is also used as the receiver, below the unit display. Each time this button is pressed, the OPERATION lamp changes color to indicate the type of operation. Select the desired type of operation.



 The set temperature is 4°F(2°C) below the detected room temperature in the case of cooling operation, and 4°F(2°C) above the room temperature in the case of heating operation. The flap and fan speed settings are AUTO.

## ■ AUTO cooling/heating operation

#### Selecting the operation mode

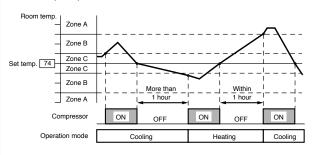
 When AUTO mode is selected, the microprocessor calculates the difference between the set temperature and the room temperature, and automatically switches to Cooling or Heating mode.

Room temp.  $\geq$  Set temp.  $\rightarrow$  COOL Room temp. < Set temp.  $\rightarrow$  HEAT

 As shown by the example in the figure below, with AUTO cooling/heating operation, the mode changes between Heating and Cooling mode according to changes in the relationship between the current room temperature and the set temperature.

#### Example

Example of operation in AUTO mode with the set room temperature at  $74^{\circ}F(23^{\circ}C)$ .

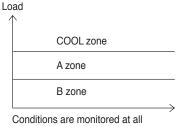


#### **■ SENSOR DRY**

During DRY operation, the system adjusts the room temperature and fan speed according to the conditions in the room, in order to maintain a comfortable room environment.

#### **SENSOR DRY operation**

• DRY operation is as shown in the figure below.



times when the room temperature is below 59°F(15°C).

#### DRY A

The compressor operation frequency varies. The indoor fan operates with 1/f fluctuation.

#### DRY B

The compressor operates at a low operating frequency. The indoor fan operates with 1/f fluctuation.

#### Monitor

- Monitoring operation takes place when the room temperature is below 59°F(15°C), or more than 5°F(3°C) below the set temperature.
- When the monitoring range is entered, the compressor stops, and the indoor fan operates with 1/f fluctuation.

#### ■ PAM-α control

 In order to further improve inverter performance, control is switched between PWM control at low operation speeds, and PAM control at high operation speeds, making the most effective use of power.

#### HIGH POWER

This function acts to raise the power but keeps the AC system in the same operating mode.

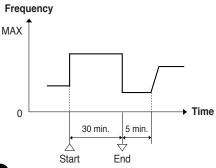
This function is set with the HIGH POWER button on the remote controller.

(It can be set regardless of the temperature and fan speed settings.)

#### • HIGH POWER operation from remote controller

The unit operates at maximum output for 30 minutes, regardless of the desired temperature.

The fan speed is 1 step above "High."



#### NOTE

- When HIGH POWER operation ends, the unit operates at low Hz for 5 minutes, regardless of the thermostat OFF conditions.
- · When in DRY mode, operation is in the cooling zone.

## **■** Lamp colors

#### **OPERATION lamp**

HEAT operation Red
DRY operation Orange
COOL operation Green
FAN operation Green

DEFROSTING operation Red and Orange

alternately

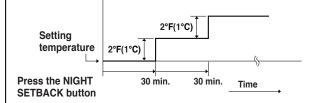
TIMER lamp Green
QUIET lamp Green
ION lamp Green

#### ■ NIGHT SETBACK

- When NIGHT SETBACK operation is set, the temperature and fan speed settings will be adjusted automatically to allow comfortable sleep.
- When NIGHT SETBACK operation is set, " mark" appears on the remote controller. The main unit display lamp also becomes dimmer.

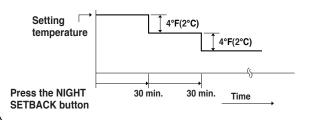
#### COOL and DRY modes

When the night setback mode is selected, the air conditioner automatically raises the temperature setting 2°F(1°C) when 30 minutes have passed after the selection was made, and then another 2°F(1°C) after another 30 minutes have passed, regardless of the indoor temperature when night setback was selected. This enables you to save energy without sacrificing comfort. This function is convenient when gentle cooling is needed.



#### HEAT mode

When the night setback mode is selected, the air conditioner automatically lowers the temperature setting  $4^{\circ}F(2^{\circ}C)$  when 30 minutes have passed after the selection was made, and then another  $4^{\circ}F(2^{\circ}C)$  after another 30 minutes have passed, regardless of the indoor temperature when night setback was selected. This enables you to save energy without sacrificing comfort. This function is convenient when gentle heating is needed.



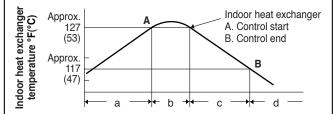
# ■ Timer backup

 Operation stops if there are no operator controls for 25 hours or longer after unit operation switched from OFF to ON by use of ON timer operation.

#### 8-2. Protective Functions

## Overload prevention during heating

During HEAT operation, the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger is used to control the frequency and lessen the load on the compressor before the protective device is activated.

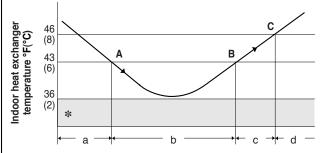


- a. Area: Automatic capacity control
- When Point A has been exceeded, the operation frequency is reduced by a certain proportion.
- c. Area: Frequency increase is prohibited.
- d. At Point B and below, overload prevention is ended and control is the same as in the a area.

# **■** Freeze prevention

During COOL or DRY operation, freezing is detected and operation is stopped when the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger matches the conditions below.

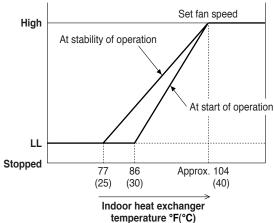
- Freeze-prevention operation is engaged when the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger is below 43°F(6°C).
- Restart after freeze-prevention operation occurs when the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger reaches 46°F(8°C) or above.



- a. Area: Automatic capacity control
- b. When the temperature drops below Point A, the operation frequency is reduced by a certain proportion.
- c. Area: Frequency increase is prohibited.
- d. When the temperature reaches Point C or above, freezing prevention is ended and control is the same as in the a area.
- When the temperature drops to below 36°F(2°C) (continuously for 2 minutes or longer), the compressor stops. Once the freeze condition is detected, the air conditioner will work less than the maximum frequency until it is turned off.

## ■ Cold-air prevention during heating

During heating, the fan speed is set to "LL" (very low) or stopped. As the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger rises, the fan speed is changed to the set speed.



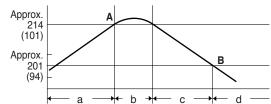
#### NOTE

- The fan speed is forcibly changed to "LL" beginning 30 seconds after the thermostat turns OFF.
- At stability of operation refers to operation when the room temperature has approached the set temperature.
- When HEAT operation starts, the indoor fan is stopped until the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger reaches 68°F(20°C) or higher, or until the room temperature reaches 59°F(15°C) or higher.

# **■** Compressor discharge temperature control

This function controls the operation frequency to prevent the compressor discharge temperature from rising more than a specified temperature.

#### Compressor discharge temperature °F(°C)



- a. Area: Automatic capacity control.
- b. When the temperature rises above Point A, the operation frequency is reduced at a specified rate.
- c. Area: Further frequency increase is prohibited.
- d. When the temperature falls below Point B, prevention of a rise in frequency is released and the air conditioner operates as in a area.
- \* The compressor will stop if the temperature of the compressor discharge exceeds 248°F(120°C) due to shortage of gas or other reason.

#### ■ Defrost detection and release

#### Reverse-Cycle Defrosting

## **Defrosting Sequence**

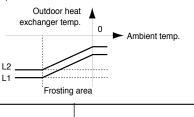
# Heating operation

- Outdoor fan ON
- 4-way valve ON

#### Frost sensing

Defrost detection occurs in either of the following cases:

- The temperature of the heat exchanger remains at or below the L1 line for 3 minutes after the start of HEAT operation.
- The temperature of the heat exchanger remains at or below the L2 line for 120 minutes after the start of HEAT operation.



#### Reverse-cycle defrosting operation

- Compressor →1 minute after it is stopped, compressor is ON.
- Outdoor fan → OFF
- Indoor fan → OFF
- 4-way valve → OFF
- Operation lamp → Repeatedly switches between red and orange illumination.

#### Releasing of defrosting

- Outdoor heating exchanger temp. is over 68°F(20°C).
- Defrosting operation lasts 12 minutes (maximum).
   2 minutes after it is stopped, compressor is ON.
   4-way valve is ON. Outdoor fan is ON.

#### NOTE

If the air conditioner is turned off during the defrosting cycle, it will continue defrosting and turn itself off after defrosting is completed.

## ■ CT (Peak current cut-off control)

- This function prevents the circuit breaker or fuse from operating
  to open the circuit. This function works when electrical current
  has increased due to an increase in the cooling / heating load,
  or to a decrease in the power supply voltage. In these cases,
  operation frequency is reduced or operation is interrupted automatically to control the electrical current for operation.
- When the cause of the increase in electrical current is rectified, the system will resume operation in the original mode.

(A)

	Cooling • Dry	Heating
Peak current cut-off trips	22.5	
Hz down	14.0	15.0

NOTE

Electrical current setting for COOL operation is used during DEFROST operation.

#### 9. TROUBLESHOOTING

#### 9-1. Precautions before Performing Inspection or Repair

- After checking the self-diagnostics monitor, turn the power OFF before starting inspection or repair.
- High-capacity electrolytic capacitors are used inside the outdoor unit controller (inverter). They retain an electrical charge (charging voltage DC 310V) even after the power is turned OFF, and some time is required for the charge to dissipate. Be careful not to touch any electrified parts before the controller LED (red) turns OFF.

If the outdoor controller is normal, approximately 30 seconds will be required for the charge to dissipate. However, allow at least 5 minutes for the charge to dissipate if there is thought to be any trouble with the outdoor controller.

#### 9-2. Method of Self-Diagnostics

Follow the procedure below to perform detailed trouble diagnostics.

#### NOTE

- 1: If the operation lamp blinks every 0.5 seconds immediately when the power is turned ON, there is an external ROM (OTP data) failure on the indoor circuit board, or a ROM socket insertion problem, or the ROM has not been installed.
- 2: The failure mode is stored in memory even when the power is not ON. Follow the procedure below to perform diagnostics.

#### **PROCEDURE**

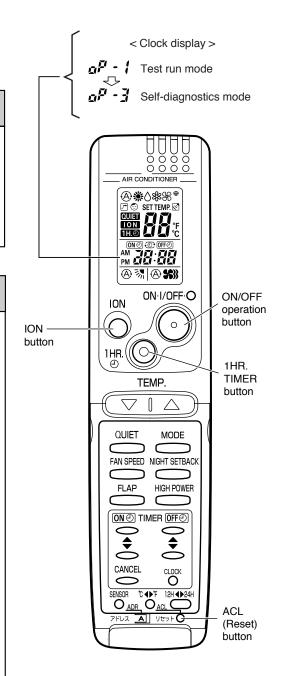
After turning on power to the air conditioner, use the remote controller and follow the steps below to execute self-diagnostics.

- Step 1: Press and hold the remote controller ION button and 1 HR TIMER button. Then, press and hold the ACL (reset) button with a pointed object such as the tip of a pen. After 5 seconds, release ACL button first, then release ION and 1 HR TIMER buttons, "oP-1" (test run) appears, blinking in the remote controller clock display area
- Step 2: Next, press the 1 HR TIMER button once to change the display from "oP-1" to "oP-3" (self-diagnostics). (The display continues to blink.)

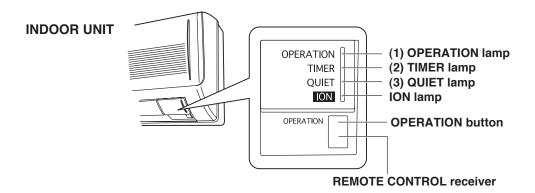
Step 3: Finally press the ON/OFF button to engage self-diagnostics mode.

- The self-diagnostics function utilizes the 3 indicator lamps on the main unit, in combinations of ON lamps, blinking lamps, and OFF lamps, to report the existence of sensor trouble or a protective operation. (The lamps blink or remain ON for 5 seconds, then turn OFF for 2 seconds.) Self-diagnostics is completed when the buzzer sounds 3 short beeps.
- A maximum of 3 self-diagnostics reports are displayed, for 5 seconds each, beginning with the most recent report. Following this display the lamps turn OFF. In order to view the self-diagnostics results again, press the ON/OFF button again.
- · The 3 lamps remain OFF if no trouble has occurred.

<IMPORTANT> After self-diagnostics is completed, be sure to press the ACL (reset) button to return to normal mode. The air conditioner will not operate if this is not done.



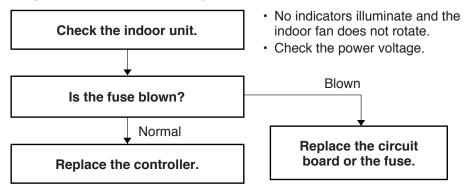
#### (1) Self-diagnostics Lamps



• Since the indications cover various units, the corresponding parts listed below may not be present in some models.

Indication on indoor unit		X ···· OFF ★ ···· Blinking ★ ···· ON (Illuminated)				
Quiet (3)	Timer (2)	Operation (1)	Code	Diagnostics items	Diagnostics contents	
X	X	₩	S01	Room temperature sensor failure	(1) Sensor open circuit or short circuit	
X	₩	X	S02	Indoor heat exchanger sensor failure	(2) Contact failure at connector or open circuit at terminal crimping location (short-circuit detection only for the humidity sensor)	
X	<b>(</b>	₩	S03	Humidity sensor failure	(3) Indoor/outdoor PCboard failure	
₩	X	X	S04	Compressor temperature sensor failure	(1) Sensor open circuit or short circuit	
<b>\P</b>	X	₩	S05	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor failure	(2) Contact failure at connector or open circuit at terminal crimping location (3) Outdoor PCboard failure	
<b>(</b>	<b>*</b>	$\times$	S06	Outdoor air temperature sensor failure		
<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	S07	Outdoor electrical current detection failure	Outdoor PCboard failure	
×	×	\$	E01	Indoor/outdoor communications failure (serial communications)	(1) Mis-wiring (2) AC power failure (3) Blown fuse (4) Power Relay failure (5) Indoor or outdoor PCboard failure (6) Outdoor Fan Motor failure (7) Reactor failure (8) High-Pressure Switch failure (9) Overload Relay failure (10) Magnetic Coil failure * See detailed flowchart in this section.	
X	<b>\( \phi \)</b>	×	E02	HIC circuit failure     Power Tr (transistor) circuit failure	(1) HIC or power Tr failure (2) Outdoor fan does not turn. (3) Instantaneous power outage (4) Service valve not opened. (5) Outdoor fan blocked. (6) Continuous overload operation (7) Compressor failure (8) Outdoor PCboard failure	
X	₩	₩	E03	Outdoor unit external ROM (OTP data) failure	(1) External ROM data failure (2) Outdoor PCboard failure	
<b>\(\frac{1}{2}\)</b>	X	X	E04	Peak current cut-off	(1) Instantaneous power outage (2) HIC or power transistor failure (3) Outdoor PCboard failure	
$\Diamond$	×	<b>\(\Delta\)</b>	E05	PAM circuit failure     Active circuit failure	(1) Outdoor PCboard failure (2) Outdoor power supply voltage failure	
₩	₩	X	E06	Compressor discharge overheat prevention activated.	(1) Electric expansion valve failure (2) Capillaries choked (3) Shortage of refrigerant (4) Continuous overload operation (5) Outdoor fan does not rotate (6) Outdoor PCboard failure	
$\Rightarrow$	<b>\(\Delta\)</b>	$\Rightarrow$	E07	Indoor fan operating failure	(1) Fan motor failure (2) Contact failure at connector (3) Indoor PCboard failure	
<b>*</b>	₩	₩	E08	4-way valve switching failure     Indoor zero-cross failure	(1) 4-way valve failure (heat pump model only) (2) Outdoor PCboard failure	
₩	<b>\(\Delta\)</b>	₩	E09	No-refrigerant protection	(1) Service valve not opened. (2) Shortage of refrigerant	
<b>\</b>	$\Diamond$	$\Rightarrow$	E10	DC compressor drive circuit failure	(1) Open phase (2) Outdoor PCboard failure	
<b>\(\frac{1}{2}\)</b>	₩	**	E11	Outdoor fan operating failure	(1) Fan motor failure (2) Contact failure at connector (3) Outdoor PCboard failure	
<b>\(\phi\)</b>	<b>*</b>	\$	E12	Outdoor system communications failure OLR operation Outdoor power supply open phase Outdoor coil freezing	(1) Mis-wiring (2) Blown fuse (3) Power Relay failure (4) Outdoor PCboard failure (5) Compressor failure * See detailed flowchart in this section.	
$\Rightarrow$	<b>\rightarrow</b>	<b>*</b>	E13	Freeze-prevention operation activated.	(1) Indoor fan system failure (2) Shortage of refrigerant (3) Low-temperature operation	

#### (2) If the self-diagnostics function fails to operate



#### 9-3. Checking the Indoor and Outdoor Units

#### (1) Checking the indoor unit

No.	Control	Check items (unit operation)
1	Use the remote controller to operate the unit in "TEST run" mode. To determine whether the mode is currently in "TEST run" mode, check the 4 indicator lamps on the unit. If all 4 are blinking, the current mode is "TEST run."	<ul> <li>The rated voltage must be present between inter-unit wirings 1 and 2.</li> <li>Connect a 5 k ohm resistor between inter-unit wirings 2 and 3. When the voltage at both ends is measured, approximately 12 to 15V DC must be output and the multimeter pointer must bounce once every 8 seconds.</li> <li>Or instead of measuring the voltage, you can insert an LED jig and check that the LED flickers once every 8 seconds.</li> </ul>

- If there are no problems with the above, then check the outdoor unit.
- For the "Test run" procedure, refer to the Appendix B "Installation Instructions".

#### (2) Checking the outdoor unit

No.	Control	Check items (unit operation)
1	Apply the rated voltage between outdoor unit terminals L and N.	The control panel LED (red) must illuminate.
2	Short-circuit the outdoor unit COM terminal to the T-RUN terminal.	The compressor, fan motor and 4-way valve must all turn on.

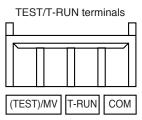
• If there are no problems with the above, then check the indoor unit.

#### Using the TEST/T-RUN terminals

T-RUN : Test run (compressor and fan motor turn ON).

TEST/MV : Compresses time to 1/60th (accelerates

operation by 60 times faster than normal).



#### (3) Serial Communication Error Identification Procedure

If the lamps on the main body show the following conditions after the completion of self-diagnostics, a communication error between the indoor unit and outdoor unit might be considered. In such a case, identify the breakdown section by using the following procedure.

**NOTE** Refer to "Method of Self-Diagnostics" for the self-diagnostics procedure.

Lamp	Quiet	Timer	Operation
Condition	(3)	(2)	(1)
E01	×	X	☆
E12	⇔	₩	⇔

 $\times$  : Off : Blinking : Illuminated

#### < Before the Operation >



For terminal strip short circuit work or inter-unit wiring removal, turn off the power to avoid an electric shock.

Release the terminal strip short circuit after the completion of self-diagnostics.



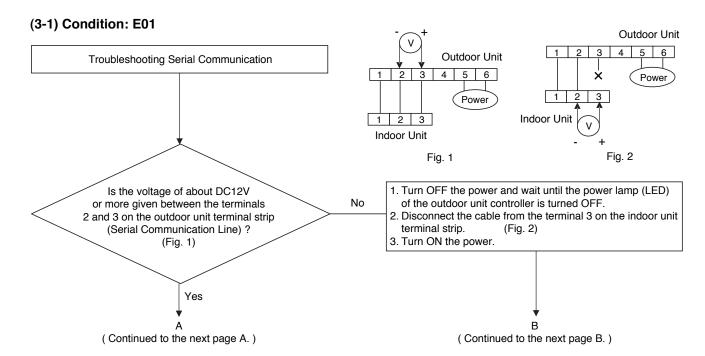
Do not perform the short-circuit work between any other terminals except for specified ones on the specified terminal strip. If such work is performed between the incorrect terminals, the unit might be broken.

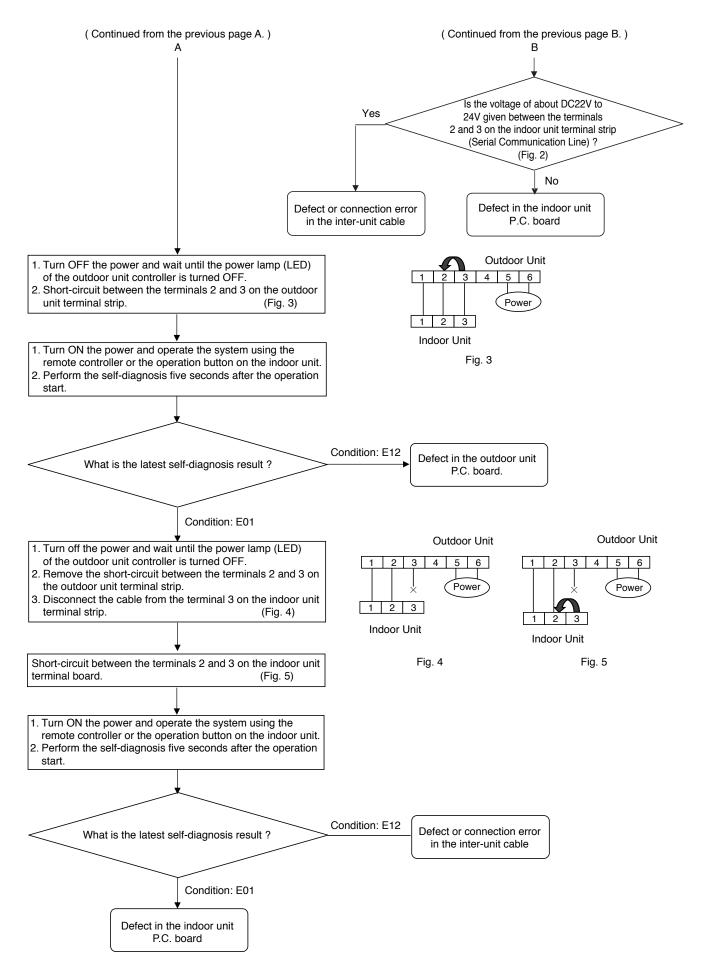


#### < Check Items before Troubleshooting Serial Communication Start >

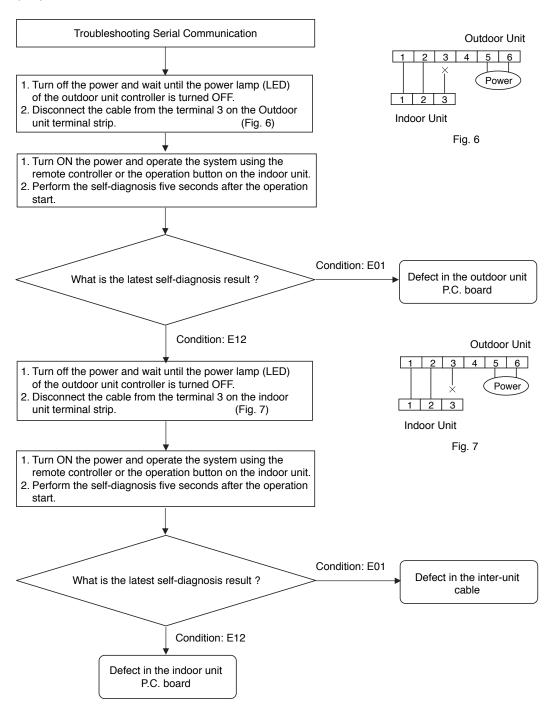
After confirming that the following errors do not exist, start the "Troubleshooting Serial Communication" in "Condition: E01 and E12".

- 1. Mis -wiring (inter-unit cable, etc.)
- 2. AC power failure
- 3. Blown fuse
- 4. Power Relay failure
- 5. Outdoor Fan Motor failure (defective insulation, etc.)
- 6. Reactor failure (defective insulation, etc.)
- 7. High-Pressure Switch failure
- 8. Overload Relay failure
- 9. Magnetic Coil failure (defective insulation, short-circuit, etc.)
- 10. Compressor failure (defective insulation, etc.)





#### (3-2) Condition: E12



#### 9-4. Trouble Diagnosis of Fan Motor

#### 9-4-1. Outdoor Fan Motor

- This outdoor DC fan motor contains an internal control PCB. Therefore, it is not possible to measure the coil resistance, and the following procedure should be used to check the motor.
- Perform the trouble diagnosis by Test Run mode described on Installation Instructions.

**Important:** (A) Turn OFF the power before connecting or disconnecting the motor connectors.

(B) When performing voltage measurement at the outdoor controller connector for (3) in the table below, the DC motor will trip and voltage output will stop approximately 10 seconds after operation is started. For this reason, to measure the voltage again, first turn OFF the outdoor unit power, then, measure the voltage in Test Run mode.

[Trouble symptom 1] The fan does not stop when the outdoor unit stops. → Outdoor unit controller trouble

[Trouble symptom 2] The fan motor does not rotate when the outdoor unit is operating.

#### (Diagnostic procedure)

\* Disconnect the motor connectors and measure the voltage at the DC motor connectors on the outdoor unit controller (3 locations).

Measurement location	Normal value
(1) Vs-Gnd: Between pin 1 and pin 4	DC 110V or more
(2) Vcc-Gnd: Between pin 5 and pin 4	DC 14V or more
(3) Vsp-Gnd: Between pin 7 and pin 4	After fluctuating 4 times between DC 1.0 to 4.3V (1 sec. ON) and DC 0 V (1 sec. OFF), the DC motor trips.

#### (Diagnostic results)

All of the above measured values are normal. → Fan motor trouble (Replace the motor.) Any one of the above measured values is not normal. → Outdoor unit controller trouble (Replace the controller .)

#### (Reference) DC motor connector pin arrangement

Pin 1: Vs (white) Pin 2: Not used Pin 3: Not used Pin 4: Gnd (black) Pin 5: Vcc (red) Pin 6: FG (blue) Pin 7: Vsp (yellow)

#### [Trouble symptom 3] Motor rotates for some time (several seconds), but then quickly stops, when the outdoor

unit operates. (There is trouble in the system that provides feedback of motor rotation speed from the

motor to the outdoor unit controller.)

[Trouble symptom 4] Fan motor rotation speed does not change during outdoor unit operation.

[Trouble symptom 5] Fan motor rotation speed varies excessively during outdoor unit operation.

#### (Remedy for symptom 3 to 5)

It is not possible to identify whether the trouble is outdoor unit controller trouble or motor trouble.

Therefore, first replace the outdoor unit controller, then (if necessary) replace the DC motor.

#### 9-5. Noise Malfunction and Electromagnetic Interference

An inverter A/C operates using pulse signal control and high frequencies. Therefore, it is susceptible to the effects of external noise, and is likely to cause electromagnetic interference with nearby wireless devices.

A noise filter is installed for ordinary use, preventing these problems. However, depending on the installation conditions, these effects may still occur. Please pay attention to the points listed below.

#### (1) Noise malfunction

This refers to the application of high-frequency noise to the signal wires, resulting in abnormal signal pulses and malfunction.

Locations most susceptible to noise	Trouble	Correction
Locations near broadcast stations where there are strong electromagnetic waves     Locations near amateur radio (short wave) stations     Locations near electronic sewing machines and arc-welding machines	Either of the following trouble may occur.  1. The unit may stop suddenly during operation.  2. Indicator lamps may flicker.	(The fundamental concept is to make the system less susceptible to noise.)  - Insulate for noise or distance from the noise source  1. Use shielded wires.  2. Move unit away from the noise source.

#### (2) Electromagnetic interference

This refers to noise generated by high-speed switching of the microcomputer and compressor. This noise radiates through space and returns to the electric wiring, affecting any wireless devices (televisions, radios, etc.) located nearby.

Locations most susceptible to noise	Trouble	Correction
A television or radio is located near the A/C and A/C wiring.     The antenna cable for a television or radio is located close to the A/C and A/C wiring.     Locations where television and radio signals are weak.	Noise appears in the television picture, or the picture is distorted.     Static occurs in the radio sound.	<ol> <li>Select a separate power source.</li> <li>Keep the A/C and A/C wiring at least 1 meter away from wireless devices and antenna cables.</li> <li>Change the wireless device's antenna to a high-sensitivity antenna.</li> <li>Change the antenna cable to a BS coaxial cable.</li> <li>Use a noise filter (for the wireless device).</li> <li>Use a signal booster.</li> </ol>

#### 10. CHECKING ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

# 10-1. Measurement of Insulation Resistance

 The insulation is in good condition if the resistance exceeds 1M ohm.

#### 10-1-1. Power Supply Cord

Clamp the grounding wire of power cord with the lead clip of the insulation resistance tester and measure the resistance by placing a probe on either of the two power wires. (Fig. 1)

Then also measure the resistance between the grounding and other power terminals. (Fig. 1)



Clamp an aluminum plate fin or copper tube with the lead clip of the insulation resistance tester and measure the resistance by placing a probe on each terminal screw on the terminal plate. (Fig. 2)

Note that the ground line terminal should be skipped for the check.

#### 10-1-3. Outdoor Unit

Clamp a metallic part of the unit with the lead clip of the insulation resistance tester and measure the resistance by placing a probe on each terminal screw where power supply lines are connected on the terminal plate. (Fig. 2)

# 10-1-4. Measurement of Insulation Resistance for Electrical Parts

Disconnect the lead wires of the desired electric part from terminal plate, capacitor, etc. Similarly disconnect the connector. Then measure the insulation resistance. (Figs. 3 and 4)

#### NOTE

Refer to Electric Wiring Diagram.

If the probe cannot enter the poles because the hole is too narrow then use a probe with a thinner pin.

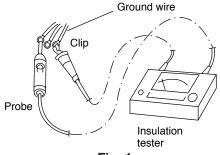


Fig. 1

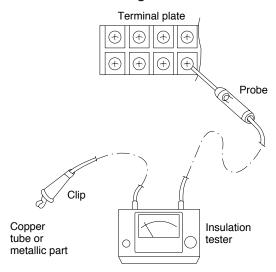


Fig. 2

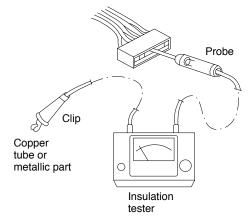
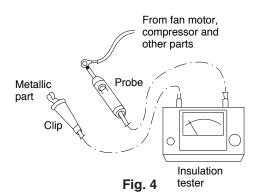


Fig. 3



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# 10-2. Checking Continuity of Fuse on PCB Ass'y

- Remove the PCB Ass'y from the electrical component box. Then pull out the fuse from the PCB Ass'y. (Fig. 5)
- Check for continuity using a multimeter as shown in Fig. 6.

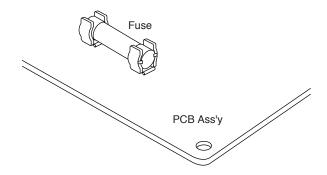


Fig. 5

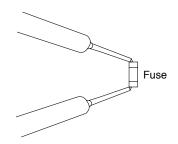


Fig. 6

# 11. REFRIGERANT R410A: SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS WHEN SERVICING UNIT

#### 11-1. Characteristics of New Refrigerant R410A

#### 11-1-1. What is New Refrigerant R410A?

R410A is a new refrigerant that contains two types of pseudo-non-azeotropic refrigerant mixture. Its refrigeration capacity and energy efficiency are about the same level as the conventional refrigerant, R22.

#### 11-1-2. Components (mixing proportions)

HFC32 (50%) / HFC125 (50%)

#### 11-1-3. Characteristics

- Less toxic, more chemically stable refrigerant
- The composition of refrigerant R410A changes whether it is in a gaseous phase or liquid phase. Thus, when there is a refrigerant leak the basic performance of the air conditioner may be degraded because of a change in composition of the remaining refrigerant. Therefore, do not add new refrigerant. Instead, recover the remaining refrigerant with the refrigerant recovery unit. Then, after evacuation, totally recharge the specified amount of refrigerant with the new refrigerant at its normal mixed composition state (in liquid phase).
- When refrigerant R410A is used, the composition will differ depending on whether it is in gaseous or liquid
  phase, and the basic performance of the air conditioner will be degraded if it is charged while the refrigerant is in
  gaseous state. Thus, always charge the refrigerant while it is in liquid phase.



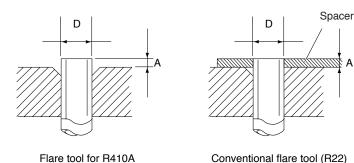
Ether-type oil is used for compressor oil for R410A-type units, which is different from the mineral oil used for R22. Thus more attention to moisture prevention and faster replacement work compared with conventional models are required.

#### 11-2. Checklist before Servicing

Use a clutch-type flare tool for R410A or the conventional flare tool. Note that sizes of the resultant flares differ between these two tools. Where a conventional flare tool is used, make sure to observe A Specification (amount of extrusion) by using the flare spacer.

Diameter of tube D	Specification A		
Diameter of tube D	Flare tool for R410A	Conventional flare tool (for R22)	
Dia.1/4" (6.35 mm)			
Dia.3/8" (9.52 mm)	0 to 0.0196"	0.0472"	
Dia.1/2" (12.7 mm)	(0 to 0.5 mm)	(1.2 mm)	
Dia.5/8" (15.88 mm)			

#### Size of flare



#### Tubing precautions

Refrigerant R410A is more easily affected by dust or moisture compared with R22, thus be sure to temporarily
cover the ends of the tubing with caps or tape prior to installation.

Never use 0.0276" (0.7 mm)-thick copper tubing or tubing which is less than 0.0315" (0.8 mm) in thickness, since air conditioners with R410A are subject to higher pressure than those using R22 and R407C.

#### No addition of compressor oil for R410A

No additional charge of compressor oil is permitted.

#### No use of refrigerant other than R410A

Never use a refrigerant other than R410A.

#### • If refrigerant R410A is exposed to fire

Through welding, etc., toxic gas may be released when R410A refrigerant is exposed to fire. Therefore, be sure to provide ample ventilation during installation work.

#### Caution in case of R410A leak

Check for possible leak points with the special leak detector for R410A. If a leak occurs inside the room, immediately provide thorough ventilation.

#### 11-3. Tools Specifically for R410A

• For servicing, use the following tools for R410A

Tool Distinction	Tool Name
	Gauge manifold
	Charging hose
	Gas leak detector
	Refrigerant cylinder
	Charging cylinder
	Refrigerant recovery unit
Tools specifically for R410A	Vacuum pump with anti-reverse flow (*1)
	(Solenoid valve-installed type, which prevents oil from flowing back into the
	unit when the power is off, is recommended.)
	Vacuum pump (*2)can be used if the following adapter is attached.
	Vacuum pump adapter (reverse-flow prevention adapter) (*3).
	(Solenoid valve-installed adapter attached to a conventional vacuum pump.)
	Electronic scale for charging refrigerant
	Flare tool
	Bender
Tools which can be com-	Torque wrench
monly used for R22,	Cutter, reamer
R407C, and R410A	Welding tool, nitrogen gas cylinder



- The above tools specifically for R410A must not be used for R22 and R407C. Doing so will cause malfunction of the unit.
- For the above vacuum pump (\*1, \*2) and vacuum pump adapter (\*3), those for R22-type units can be used for R410A-type. However, they must be used exclusively for R410A and never alternately with R22 and R407C.
- To prevent other refrigerants (R22, R407C) from being mistakenly charged to this unit, shape and external diameter of the service port screw has been altered.

<External diameter of service port> R410A: 5/16"

R22, R407C: 1/4"

#### 11-4. Tubing Installation Procedures

When the tubes are connected, always apply HAB oil on the flare portions to improve the sealing of tubing. The following is the HAB oil generally used:

Esso: ZERICE S32

NOTE For details on tubing installation procedures, refer to the installation manuals attached to the indoor unit and outdoor unit.

#### 11-5. In Case of Compressor Malfunction



- Should the compressor malfunction, be sure to make the switch to a replacement compressor as quickly as possible.
- Use only the tools indicated exclusively for R410A. → See "11-3. Tools Specifically for R410A."

#### 11-5-1. Procedure for Replacing Compressor

#### (1) Recovering refrigerant

- Any remaining refrigerant inside the unit should not be released to the atmosphere, but recovered using the refrigerant recovery unit for R410A.
- Do not reuse the recovered refrigerant, since it will contain impurities.

#### (2) Replacing Compressor

 Soon after removing seals of both discharge and suction tubes of the new compressor, replace it quickly.

#### (3) Checking for sealing

 Use nitrogen gas for the pressurized gas, and never use a refrigerant other than R410A. Also do not use oxygen or any flammable gas.

#### (4) Evacuation

- Use a solenoid valve-installed vacuum pump so that even if power is cut off in the middle of evacuation of air due to a power interruption, the valve will prevent the pump oil from flowing back.
- The equipment may be damaged if moisture remains in the tubing, thus carry out the evacuation thoroughly.
- When using a vacuum pump with exhaust air volume more than 0.883 cu.ft./min. and ultimate vacuum pressure rate of 50 micron Hg.

# (1) Recover refrigerant OK (2) Replace compressor OK (3) Check for sealing OK (4) Evacuation OK

#### Standard time for evacuation

Length of tubing	Less than 33 ft. (10 m)	More than 33 ft. (10 m)
Evacuation time	More than 10 minutes	More than 15 minutes

#### (5) Recharging

 Be sure to charge the specified amount of refrigerant in liquid state using the service port of the wide tube service valve. The proper amount is listed on the unit's nameplate.

When the entire amount cannot be charged all at once, charge gradually while operating the unit in Cooling Operation.



Never charge a large amount of liquid refrigerant at once to the unit. This may cause damage to the compressor.

When charging with a refrigerant cylinder, use an electronic scale for charging refrigerant. In this case, if the volume of refrigerant in the cylinder becomes less than 20% of the fully-charged amount, the composition of the refrigerant starts to change. Thus, do not use the refrigerant if the amount in the charging cylinder is less than 20%.

Also, charge the minimum necessary amount to the charging cylinder before using it to charge the air conditioning unit.

#### **Example:**

In case of charging refrigerant to a unit requiring 1.68 lb. (0.76 Kg) using a capacity of a 22 lb. (10 Kg) cylinder, the minimum necessary amount for the cylinder is:

$$1.68 + 22 \times 0.20 = 6.08$$
 lb.  $(0.76 + 10 \times 0.20 = 2.76$  Kg)

 For the remaining refrigerant, refer to the instructions of the refrigerant manufacturer.

If using a charging cylinder, transfer the specified amount of liquid refrigerant from the refrigerant cylinder to the charging cylinder.

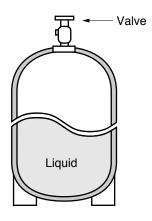
Prepare an evacuated charging cylinder beforehand.



 To prevent the composition of R410A from changing, never bleed the refrigerant gas into the atmosphere while transferring the refrigerant. (Fig. 3)

Do not use the refrigerant if the amount in the charging cylinder is less than 20%.

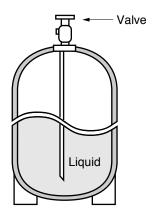
#### Configuration and characteristics of cylinders



#### Single valve

Charge liquid refrigerant with cylinder in up-side-down position.

Fig. 1



Single valve (with siphon tube)
Charge with cylinder in normal position.

Fig. 2

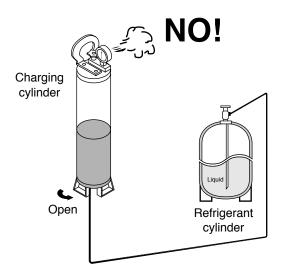


Fig. 3

#### 11-6. In Case Refrigerant is Leaking



Never attempt to charge additional refrigerant when refrigerant has been leaking from the unit. Follow the procedure described below to locate points of leaks and carry out repairs, then recharge the refrigerant.

#### (1) Detecting Leaks

 Use the detector for R410A to locate refrigerant leak points.

#### (2) Recovering refrigerant

- Never release the gas to the atmosphere; recover residual refrigerant using the refrigerant recovery unit for R410A, instead.
- Do not reuse the recovered refrigerant because its composition will have been altered.

#### (3) Welding leaking points

- Confirm again that no residual refrigerant exists in the unit before starting welding.
- Weld securely using flux and wax for R410A.
- Prevent oxide film from forming inside the tubes utilizing substitution with nitrogen (N2) in the refrigerant circuit of the unit. Leave ends of tubes open during welding.

#### (4) Checking for sealing

 Use nitrogen gas for the pressurized gas, and never use a refrigerant other than R410A. Also do not use oxygen or any flammable gas.

#### (5) Evacuation

- Use a solenoid valve-installed vacuum pump so that even if power is cut off in the middle of evacuation of air due to a power interruption, the valve will prevent the pump oil from flowing back.
- The equipment may be damaged if moisture remains in the tubing, thus carry out the evacuation thoroughly.
- When using a vacuum pump with exhaust air volume more than 0.883 cu.ft./min. and ultimate vacuum pressure rate of 50 micron Hg.

# (1) Detect leaks OK (2) Recover refrigerant OK (3) Weld leaking points OK (4) Check for sealing OK (5) Evacuation OK (6) Recharge

#### Standard time for evacuation

Length of tubing	Less than 33 ft. (10 m)	More than 33 ft. (10 m)
Evacuation time	More than 10 minutes	More than 15 minutes

#### (6) Recharging

 Recharge unit in the same manner explained on the previous page "(5) Recharging."

#### 11-7. Charging Additional Refrigerant

#### 11-7-1. When Tubes are Extended

• Observe the proper amount of refrigerant as stated in this service manual or the installation manual that came with the indoor unit. **Charge additional refrigerant in liquid state only.** 



Never charge additional refrigerant if refrigerant is leaking from the unit. Follow instructions given in "11-6. In Case Refrigerant is Leaking" and completely carry out repairs. Only then should you recharge the refrigerant.

#### 11-8. Retro-Fitting Existing Systems

#### 11-8-1. Use of Existing Units

 Never use new refrigerant R410A for existing units which use R22. This will cause the air conditioner to operate improperly and may result in a hazardous condition.

#### 11-8-2. Use of Existing Tubing

• If replacing an older unit that used refrigerant R22 with a R410A unit, do not use its existing tubing. Instead, completely new tubing must be used.

# **APPENDIX A INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

KHS0971 + CH0971 KHS1271 + CH1271

(OI-852-6-4180-802-00-2)

#### **Features**

This air conditioner is an inverter type unit that automatically adjusts capacity as appropriate. Details on these functions are provided below; refer to these descriptions when using the air conditioner.

#### Microprocessor Controlled Operation

The interior compartment of the remote control unit contains several features to facilitate automatic operation, easy logically displayed for easy use.

#### Simple One-touch Wireless Remote Control

The remote control unit has several features to facilitate automatic operation.

#### • 24-Hour ON or OFF Timer

This timer can be set to automatically turn the unit on or off at any time within a 24 hour period.

#### 1-Hour OFF Timer

This timer can be set to automatically turn off the unit at any time after one hour.

#### Night Setback

Pressing this button changes the setting of the room temperature thermostat, allowing you to set the temperature at whatever level that you find comfortable.

#### Automatic and 3-step Fan Speed

Auto/High/Medium/Low

#### Air Sweep Control

This function moves a flap up and down in the air outlet, directing air in a sweeping motion around the room and providing comfort in every corner.

#### Auto. Flap Control

This automatically sets the flap to the optimum position during heating, cooling, and drying operation.

#### Automatic Switching between Cooling and Heating

This unit automatically switches between cooling operation and heating operation according to the difference between the room temperature and the temperature setting.

#### Hot Start Heating System

Right from the start, the air is warm and comfortable. This system prevents any cold blasts at the beginning while the heat pump is warming up, or even defrosting.

#### Automatic Restart Function for Power Failure

Even when power failure occurs, preset programmed operation can be reactivated once power resumes.

#### • High Power Operation

If not in Auto Operation, the unit operates at maximum output for 30 minutes, regardless of the desired temperature.

The fan speed is 1 step above "High".

#### Quiet Operation

The fan rotates slower than the fan speed setting to provide a quieter operating sound.

#### ION Operation

While it is operating, the unit generates negative ions that freshen up the air in the room.

#### Anti-Mold Filter

This unit is equipped with an anti-mold filter that inhibits the growth of mold and bacteria.

#### Air Clean Filter

An air filter that eliminates unpleasant odors and cleans the air is available.

Purchase a replacement filter at your local dealer. (model **STK-FDXB**)

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Product Information	
If you have problems or questions concerning your Air Conditioner, you	
the following information. Model and earlied numbers are an the namen	lata an tha

If you have problems or questions concerning your Air Conditioner, you will need the following information. Model and serial numbers are on the nameplate on the bottom of the cabinet.

Model No.	Serial No
Date of purchase	
Dealer's address	
	<b>D</b>

Phone number \_\_\_\_\_

# Alert Symbols

The following symbols used in this manual, alert you to potentially dangerous conditions to users, service personnel or the appliance:





This symbol refers to a hazard or unsafe practice which can result in severe personal injury or death.

This symbol refers to a hazard or unsafe practice which can result in personal injury or product or property damage.

## **Installation Location**

- We recommend that this air conditioner be installed properly by qualified installation technicians in accordance with the Installation Instructions provided with the unit.
- Before installation, check that the voltage of the electric supply in your home or
  office is the same as the voltage shown on the nameplate.



- Do not install this air conditioner where there are fumes or flammable gases, or in an extremely humid space such as a greenhouse.
- Do not install the air conditioner where excessively high heatgenerating objects are placed.

#### Avoid:

To protect the air conditioner from heavy corrosion, avoid installing the outdoor unit where salty sea water can splash directly onto it or in sulphurous air near a spa.

# **Electrical Requirements**

- 1. All wiring must conform to the local electrical codes. Consult your dealer or a qualified electrician for details.
- **2.** Each unit must be properly grounded with a ground (or earth) wire or through the supply wiring.
- **3.** Wiring must be done by a qualified electrician.

# Safety Instructions

- Read this Instruction Manual carefully before using this air conditioner. If you still have any difficulties or problems, consult your dealer for help.
- This air conditioner is designed to give you comfortable room conditions.
   Use this only for its intended purpose as described in this Instruction Manual.

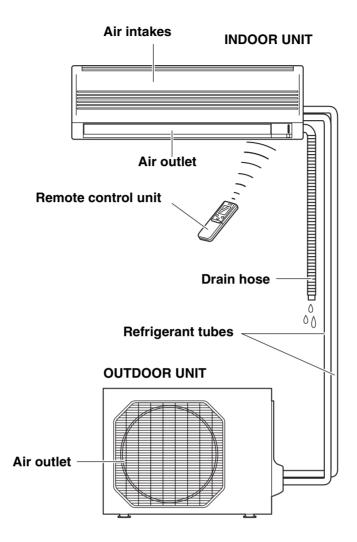


- Never use or store gasoline or other flammable vapor or liquid near the air conditioner it is very dangerous.
- This air conditioner has no ventilator for intaking fresh air from outdoors. You must open doors or windows frequently when you use gas or oil heating appliances in the same room, which consume a lot of oxygen from the air. Otherwise there is a risk of suffocation in an extreme case.



- Do not turn the air conditioner on and off from the power mains switch.
   Use the ON/OFF operation button.
- Do not stick anything into the air outlet of the outdoor unit. This is dangerous because the fan is rotating at high speed.
- Do not let children play with the air conditioner.
- Do not cool or heat the room too much if babies or invalids are present.

## Names of Parts



NOTE

This illustration is based on the external view of a standard model. Consequently, the shape may differ from that of the air conditioner which you have selected.

This air conditioner consists of an indoor unit and an outdoor unit. You can control the air conditioner with the remote control unit.

Air Intake	Air from the room is drawn into this section and passes through air filters which remove dust.	
Air Outlet	Conditioned air is blown out of the air conditioner through the air outlet.	
Remote Control Unit	The wireless remote control unit controls power ON/OFF, operation mode selection, temperature, fan speed, timer setting, and air sweeping.	
Refrigerant Tubes	The indoor and outdoor units are connected by copper tubes through which refrigerant gas flows.	
Drain Hose	Moisture in the room condenses and drains off through this hose.	
Outdoor (Condensing) Unit	The outdoor unit contains the compressor, fan motor, heat exchanger coil, and other electrical components.	

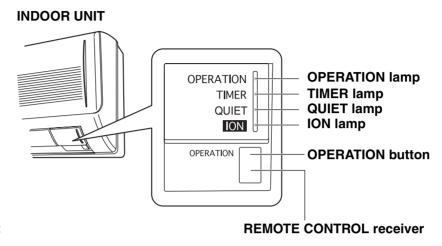
#### **Unit Display and Operation Button**



#### **IMPORTANT**

Avoid using radio equipment such as mobile phone near (within 4 ft.) the remote control receiver. Some radio equipment may cause malfunction of the unit.

If the trouble happens, disconnect power and restart the air conditioner after a few minutes.



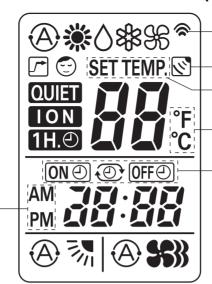
REMOTE CONTROL receiver	This section picks up infrared signals from the remote control unit (transmitter).	
OPERATION button	When the remote control cannot be used, pressing this button enables heating and cooling operation.	
	Each time this button is pressed, the type of operation conducted is indicated by the changing color of the OPERATION lamp. Press the button and select the lamp color that suits your preference for operation.	
	Cooling operation  Heating operation  (green)  (red)  Stop (lamp off)	
OPERATION lamp	This lamp lights when the system is in the continuous AUTO (red or green), HEAT (red), DRY (orange), COOL (green) and FAN (green) mode. The OPERATION lamp lights up red and orange alternately when the system is defrosting.	
TIMER lamp	This lamp lights when the system is being controlled by the timer.	
QUIET lamp	This lamp lights during operation in the QUIET mode.	
ION lamp	This lamp lights during operation in the ION mode while the indoor unit is operating.	

NOTE

The unit's display lamps are dimmed during operation in the NIGHT SETBACK mode.

#### EG

#### **Remote Control Unit (Display)**



Displayed when transmitting data

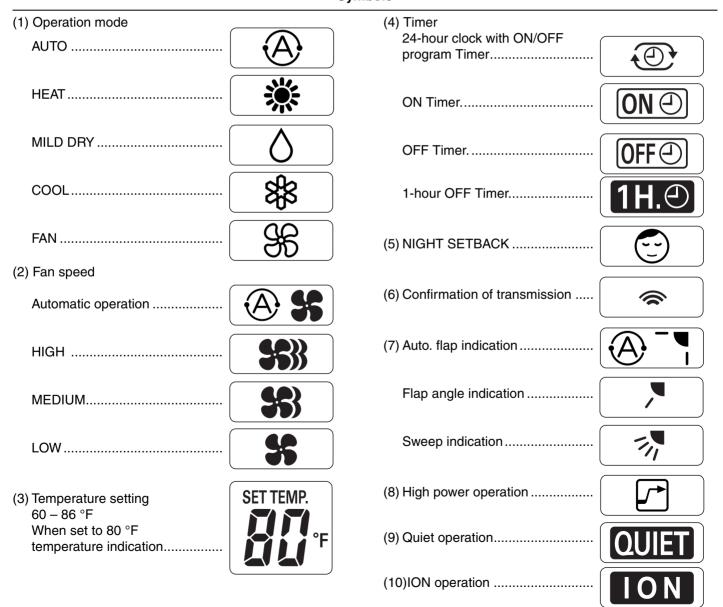
Displayed when indoor unit sensor is in use Displayed when setting temperature

Displayed when temperature is shown

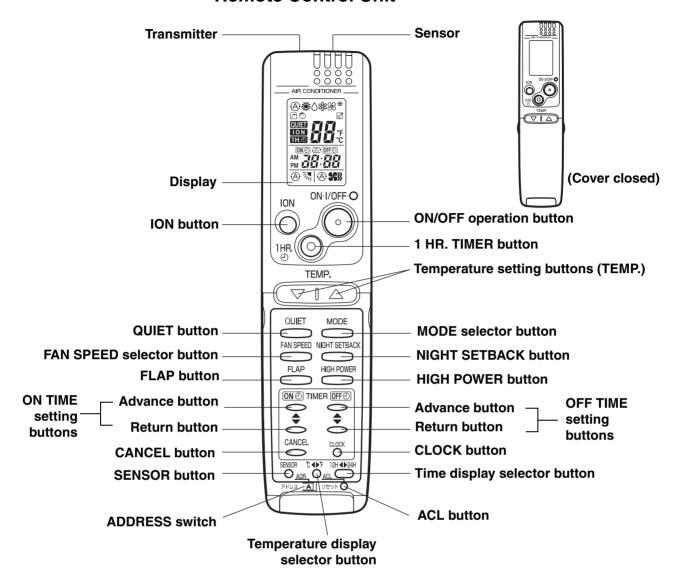
Displayed when setting timer

Displayed when the time display is set to 12-hour time.

#### **Symbols**



#### **Remote Control Unit**



**NOTE** The illustration above pictures the remote control unit after the cover has been opened.

Transmitter	When you press the buttons on the remote control unit, the smark appears in the display to transmit the setting changes to the receiver in the air conditioner.	
Sensor	A temperature sensor inside the remote control unit senses the room temperature.	
Display	Information on the operating conditions is displayed while the remote control unit is switched on. If the unit is turned off, FLAP setting and FAN SPEED setting are not displayed.	
ION button	TON: This button is for turning the negative ions generated during operation on and off.	
ON/OFF operation button	This button is for turning the air conditioner on and off.	
1 HR. TIMER button (1-HOUR OFF TIMER)	1H.②: When you press this button, regardless of whether the unit is operating or stopping, the unit operates for one hour and then shuts down.	

## **Remote Control Unit (continued)**

Temperature setting buttons (TEMP.)	Press the Dutton to increase the set temperature.  Press the Dutton to reduce the set temperature.  The temperature setting changes by 1 °C or 2 °F each time one of the TEMP. buttons is pressed.	
QUIET button	When you press this button, the fan rotates slower than the fan speed setting to provide a quieter operating sound.	
MODE selector button	Use this button to select AUTO, HEAT, DRY, COOL or FAN mode.	
(AUTO)	When this setting is selected, the air conditioner calculates the difference between the thermostat setting and the room temperature and automatically switches to the "COOL" or "HEAT" mode as appropriate.	
(HEAT)	The air conditioner makes the room warmer.	
(DRY)	$\Diamond$ : The air conditioner reduces the humidity in the room.	
(COOL)		
(FAN)	$\Re$ : The air conditioner works only as a circulation fan.	
FAN SPEED selector button	<ul> <li>S: The air conditioner automatically decides the fan speeds.</li> <li>S: High fan speed</li> <li>S: Medium fan speed</li> <li>S: Low fan speed</li> </ul>	
NIGHT SETBACK button	For details, see "5. Night Setback Mode". When you press this button in the HEAT, DRY or COOL mode, the ⑤ mark appears in the display, and the remote control unit will automatically adjust the set temperature to save energy.	
FLAP button	Press this button either to select the setting of the airflow direction to the auto. flap in each mode or one of the six possible positions manually or to select the sweep function which moves the flap up and down automatically.  The flap setting: If selected in a heating operation, the flap is set to position (3) in the following chart. If selected in a cooling or dry operation, the flap is set at position (7) in the following chart.  The airflow direction can be set manually. (six positions)  The flap moves up and down automatically.	
NOTE	When you press the FLAP button, the air flow direction will be changed one by one as follows. $(1) \longrightarrow (2) \longrightarrow (3) \longrightarrow (4) \longrightarrow (5) \longrightarrow (6) \longrightarrow (7) \longrightarrow (8) \longrightarrow$	
HIGH POWER button	: If this button is pressed during HEAT, DRY, COOL or FAN operation, the unit operates at maximum output for 30 minutes, regardless of the desired temperature.  The fan speed is 1 step above "High".	
ON TIME/OFF TIME setting buttons	No display: The timer does not operate.  ON②: The air conditioner starts at the set time.  OFF④: The air conditioner stops at the set time.  ON②: OFF④: The air conditioner stops and starts, or starts and stops, at the set times every day. For details, see "Setting the Timer".	

NOTE

The indoor fan runs continuously when the system is in normal operation. It does not turn off when the desired room temperature is reached. If Night Set Back mode is selected, the fan will turn off intermittently during cooling operation in order to control air flow.

#### **Remote Control Unit (continued)**

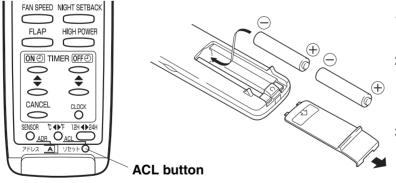
SENSOR button	When you press this button (use a small-tipped object such as a ballpoint pen), the mark will appear at the display. And the room temperature is detected by the sensor which is built into the indoor unit and the air conditioner is controlled accordingly.
NOTE	If the remote control is located near a heat source, such as a space heater or in direct sunlight, press the SENSOR button to switch to the sensor on the indoor unit.
Temperature Display Selector button	This switches the temperature display between °C and °F.
Time Display Selector button	This switches the time display between 24-hour time and 12-hour time.
ACL button (ALL CLEAR)	Puts the remote control unit into pre-operation status. Always press this button after replacing the batteries.
ADDRESS switch	<ul> <li>The address switch changes to prevent mixing of signals from remote control units when two air conditioners are installed next to each other. Normally, the address switch is set to A. For more information, please contact the dealer where you made the purchase.</li> <li>Normally, the tabs on the remote control unit should not be bent.</li> </ul>

#### NOTE

The remote control unit sends the temperature signal to the air conditioner regularly at five minute intervals. If the signal from the remote control unit stops for more than 15 minutes due to the loss of the remote control unit or other trouble, the air conditioner will switch to the temperature sensor which is built into the indoor unit and control the room temperature. In these cases, the temperature around the remote control unit may differ from the temperature detected at the air conditioner's position.

# Using the Remote Control Unit

#### **How to Install Batteries**



- 1. Slide the cover in the direction indicated by the arrow and remove it.
- Install two AAA alkaline batteries. Make sure the batteries point in the direction marked in the battery compartment.
- **3.** Use a thin object such as the tip of a pen to press the ACL button.

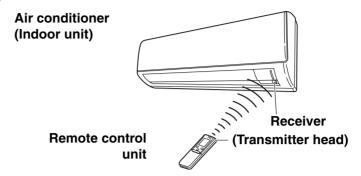
NOTE

- The batteries last about six months, depending on how much you use the remote control unit. Replace the batteries when the remote control unit's display fails to light, or when the remote control cannot be used to change the air conditioner's settings.
- Use two fresh leak-proof type-AAA alkaline batteries.
- In replacing batteries, follow the instructions as mentioned in the subsection "How to Install Batteries".
- If you do not use the remote control unit more than 1 month, take out the batteries.

#### Using the Remote Control Unit (continued)

#### How to Use the Remote **Control Unit**

When using the remote control unit, always point the unit's transmitter head directly at the air conditioner's receiver.



# Installation Position

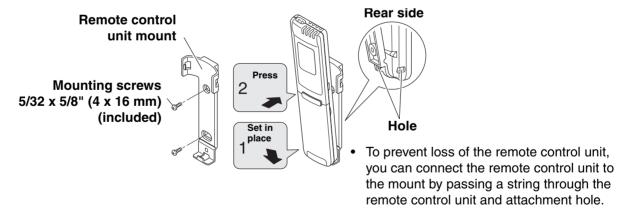
Remote Control Unit The remote control unit may be operated either from a non-fixed position or from a wall-mounted position. To ensure that the air conditioner operates correctly, DO NOT install the remote control unit in the following places:

#### DO NOT •

- In direct sunlight
- Behind a curtain or other places where it is covered
- More than 26 feet (8 m) away from the air conditioner
- In the path of the air conditioner's airstream
- Where it may become extremely hot or cold
- Where it may be subject to electrical or magnetic noise
- Where there is an obstacle between the remote control unit and air conditioner (since a check signal is sent from the remote control unit every 5 minutes)

#### **Mounting the Remote Control** Unit

Before mounting the remote control unit, press the ON/OFF operation button at the mounting location to make sure that the air conditioner operates from that location. The indoor unit should make a beeping sound to indicate that it has received the signal.



#### To take out the remote control unit, pull it forward.

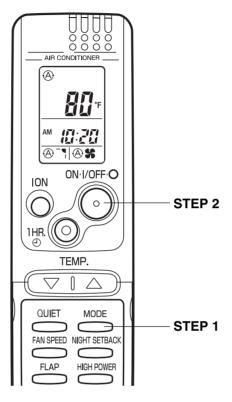
#### When Holding the Remote **Control Unit**

- When using the remote control unit and during air conditioner operation, the transmitter on the remote control unit should be pointed toward the receiver on the indoor unit.
- Make sure that there are no objects between the remote control unit and receiver which could block the signal.

# Operation with the Remote Control Unit

#### 1. Automatic Operation

This unit automatically switches between cooling operation and heating operation according to the difference between the room temperature and the temperature setting.



NOTE

Check that the circuit breaker on the power panel is turned on.

Once (a) mode is selected and the unit is preset by following the steps below, you can have the air conditioner automatically bring the room to the desired temperature simply by pressing the ON/OFF operation button.

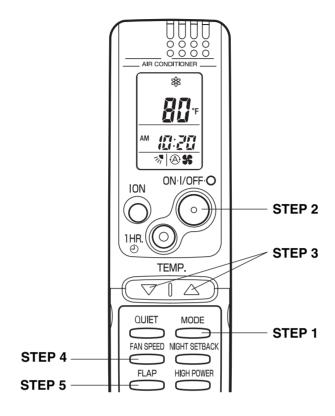
STEP 1	Press the MODE selector button to .	
STEP 2	Press the ON/OFF operation button.	

To stop the air conditioner, press the ON/OFF operation button again.

NOTE

 To change the temperature setting; press the temperature setting buttons and change the setting to the desired temperature.

#### 2. Manual Operation



**NOTE** Check that the circuit breaker on the power panel is turned on.

If the automatic operation settings of the unit do not meet your needs, press the setting buttons as described below and change the settings as desired.

STEP 1	Press the MODE selector button and select the desired mode.  For heating operation →  For dehumidifying operation →  For cooling operation →  For fan only operation →   **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **	
STEP 2	To start the air conditioner, press the ON/OFF operation button.	
STEP 3	Press the TEMP. setting buttons to change the temperature setting to the desired temperature.  Adjustable temperature range:  30 °C max. or 86 °F max.  16 °C min. 60 °F min.	
STEP 4	Set the FAN SPEED selector button to the setting you want.	
STEP 5	Press the FLAP button and set the airflow direction as desired. (Refer to "Adjusting the Airflow Direction" on page 21.)	

To stop the air conditioner, press the ON/OFF operation button again.

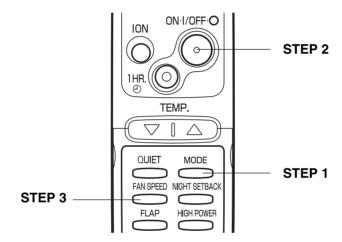
#### NOTE

- Choose the best position in the room for the remote control unit, which also acts as the sensor for room comfort and transmits the operating instructions.
   Once you've found this best position, always keep the remote control unit there.
- This appliance has a built-in 5-minute time delay circuit to ensure reliable operation. When the operation button is pressed, the compressor will start running within three minutes. In the event of power failure, the unit will stop.

#### 3. Adjusting the Fan Speed

A. Automatic fan speed Simply set the FAN SPEED selector button to the 🕀 💲 position. This automatically sets the best fan speed for the room temperature.

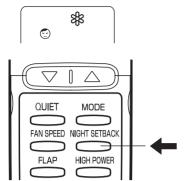
#### 4. Fan Only



If you want to circulate air without any temperature control, follow these steps:

STEP 1	Press the MODE selector button to switch to the fan mode $\%$ .
STEP 2	Press the ON/OFF operation button.
STEP 3	Press the FAN SPEED selector button to select the fan speed of your choice (\$\$), \$\$ or \$\$.

#### 5. Night Setback Mode



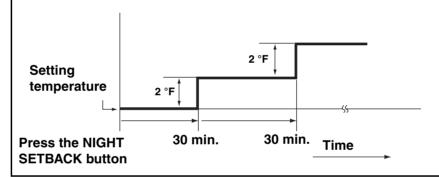
#### Night Setback Mode is used for saving energy.

Press the NIGHT SETBACK button while operation. The nark appears in the display.

To release the night setback function, press the NIGHT SETBACK button again.

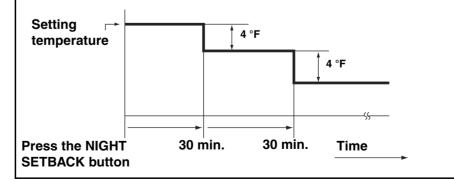
# A. In Cooling and DRY Mode: (常 and △)

When the night setback mode is selected, the air conditioner automatically raises the temperature setting 2 °F when 30 minutes have passed after the selection was made, and then another 2 °F after another 30 minutes have passed, regardless of the indoor temperature when night setback was selected. This enables you to save energy without sacrificing comfort. This function is convenient when gentle cooling is needed.

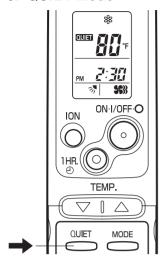


#### B. In Heating Mode: (\*)

When the night setback mode is selected, the air conditioner automatically lowers the temperature setting 4 °F when 30 minutes have passed after the selection was made, and then another 4 °F after another 30 minutes have passed, regardless of the indoor temperature when night setback was selected. This enables you to save energy without sacrificing comfort. This function is convenient when gentle heating is needed.



#### 6. QUIET Mode



QUIET Mode is used to reduce the fan sound of the indoor unit

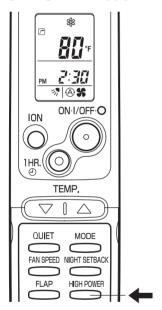
Press the QUIET button.

The **QUIET** mark appears in the display.

To cancel, press QUIET button again.

- In QUIET Mode, the fan rotates at a slower speed than the fan speed setting.
- If the unit is already operating with a very low airflow, the fan sound may not change even if the QUIET button is pressed.

#### 7. HIGH POWER Mode



HIGH POWER mode can be used to increase the output of the indoor unit for all operation modes except automatic operation.

Press the HIGH POWER button.

The mark appears in the display.

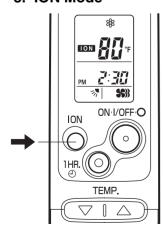
To cancel, press HIGH POWER button again.

- When the HIGH POWER button is pressed, the unit operates at maximum output for 30 minutes, regardless of the desired temperature. The fan speed is 1 step above "High".
- HIGH POWER Mode cannot be used when the operation mode is Automatic Operation.
- QUIET Mode and HIGH POWER Mode cannot be used at the same time.



- When set to High fan speed during heating operation, the fan runs at High fan speed even though the mark is displayed.
- Depending on the operating conditions, the fan speed may be increased by a small amount only.

#### 8. ION Mode



The ION mode is used during operation to generate negative ions that freshen up the air in the room.

Press the ION button.

The **ION** mark appears in the display.

To cancel, press ION button again.

- The indoor unit's ION lamp lights up while negative ions are being generated.
- ION "on" is the remote control unit's initial setting.
- The negative ions are generated from the negative ion generator.

#### EG

## **Special Remarks**

#### "DRY" ( ) Operation

#### How it works?

- Once the room temperature reaches the level that was set, the unit's operation frequency is changed automatically.
- During DRY operation, the fan speed automatically runs at lower speed for providing a comfortable breeze.
- "DRY" operation is not possible if the indoor temperature is 59 °F or less.

#### Heating (※) Operation

#### **Heating performance**

Because this air conditioner heats a room by drawing in the heat of the
outside air (heat pump system), the heating efficiency will fall off when the
outdoor temperature is very low. If sufficient heat cannot be obtained with this
air conditioner, use another heating appliance together with it.

#### **Defrosting**

When the outdoor temperature is low, frost or ice may form on the heat
exchanger coil, reducing heating performance. When this happens, a
microcomputer defrosting system operates. At the same time, the fan on the
indoor unit stops and the OPERATION lamp lights up red and orange
alternately until defrosting is completed. Heating operation restarts after
several minutes. (This interval will vary slightly depending upon the outdoor
temperature and the way in which frost forms.)

#### **Cold draft prevention**

 For several minutes after the start of heating operation, the indoor fan runs at lower speed until the indoor heat exchanger coil has warmed up sufficiently. However, the fan may remain stopped when the room temperature is low. This is because the COLD DRAFT PREVENTION SYSTEM is operating.

#### Cooling (\*) Operation

Sometimes the indoor unit may not get to the set fan speed such as LOW and QUIET under cool operation at very low outdoor temperatures due to the indoor unit being protected from ice or frost.

# Power failure during operation

 In the event of power failure, the unit will stop. When the power is resumed, the unit will restart automatically within five minutes by the remote control unit.

#### **Clicking Sound**

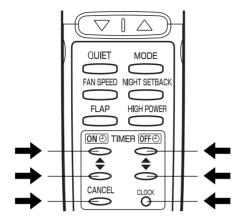
# Clicking sound is heard from the air conditioner

 In heating or cooling operation, any plastic parts may expand or shrink due to a sudden temperature change. In this event, a clicking sound may occur. This is normal, and the sound will soon disappear.

#### **Remote Control Unit**

 The remote control unit sends the setting condition to the air conditioner regularly at five minute intervals.

# Setting the Timer



NOTE

In the descriptions below, the following settings are used for the temperature and time indicator selector button on the bottom front section of the remote control.

- Temperature: °F
- Time: AM, PM

# 1. How to set the present time

(Example) To set to 10:30 pm.



Operation	Indication
Press the CLOCK button once if the time indicator is not flashing.	The time indication alone flashes.
<ol> <li>Press the Advance, Return (▲,</li> <li>▼) button until PM 10:30 is displayed.</li> </ol>	The time can be set in 1-minute increments. Holding down the button advances the time rapidly in 10-minute increments.
3. Press the CLOCK button again.	This completes the setting of the current time.

#### 2. How to set the OFF time

(Example) To stop the air conditioner at 11:00 am.



Press the OFF TIME setting button once.	The timer off indication is displayed, and the present OFF time is shown.
<ol> <li>Press the Advance, Return (▲,</li> <li>▼) button until AM 11:00 is displayed.</li> </ol>	The timer off indication blinks.  The time can be set in 10-minute increments. Holding down the button advances the time rapidly in 10-minute increments.
3. Wait a few seconds, and then the setting is complete.	The timer OFF indication stops blinking and the present time is displayed.

#### **Setting the Timer (continued)**

#### 3. How to set the ON time

(Example) To start operation at 7:10 am.

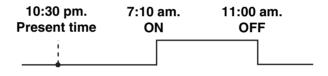


	*
	<b>∏</b> ° <sub>F</sub>
ON 6	7: [[]
<u> </u>	108

Operation	Indication
Press the ON TIME setting button once.	The timer ONO indication is displayed, and the present ON time is shown.
<ol> <li>Press the Advance, Return (▲,</li> <li>▼) button until AM 7:10 is displayed.</li> </ol>	The timer ON① indication blinks. The time can be set in 10-minute increments. Holding down the button advances the time rapidly in 10-minute increments.
3. Wait a few seconds, and then the setting is complete.	The timer ON① indication stops blinking and the present time is displayed.

# 4. How to set DAILY ON/OFF REPEAT timer

(Example) To start operation at 7:10 am. and stop the air conditioner at 11:00 am.





1. Set the timer ON/OFF times as shown in 2-1, 2, 3 and 3-1, 2, 3.

The present time 10:30 pm. and ON (a) (b) OFF(d) are displayed.

#### NOTE

- The ON/OFF combination timer uses the current time as the reference, and it is activated starting from whichever set time comes first.
- With the ON/OFF combination timer, the settings are repeated every day.
- You can check the timer ON/OFF times after you have set them by pressing the ON TIME and OFF TIME setting buttons.

#### To cancel a timer program

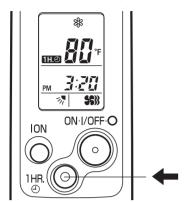
- Press the CANCEL button.
- When either an ON or OFF timer is to be canceled, press the button corresponding to the timer whose program is to be canceled, and then press the CANCEL button.



- The airflow direction, fan speed and temperature setting can be changed after a timer program has been set even when the unit is stopped. Even when operation is stopped during an ON timer program, the unit will start operating when the set time is reached provided that the program is not canceled.
- When the ON timer and OFF timer are set to the same time, the timer operates as if it is turned off.

### Using the 1-Hour OFF Timer

1. 1-Hour OFF Timer



This function causes the unit to operate for one hour and then stop, regardless of whether the unit is on or off when this button is pressed.

The 1H.O indicator in the display indicates that this function is operating.

#### Setting procedure:

Regardless of whether the unit is operating or stopped, press the 1 HR. TIMER button.

1H.O appears in the display.

#### **Cancellation procedure:**

Press the ON/OFF operation button to turn the unit off, wait for the unit to stop operating, and then press the ON/OFF operation button again.

The 1-Hour Timer function is now cancelled and the unit operates normally.

NOTE

- If, while the 1-Hour Timer function is operating, the 1HR. TIMER button is pressed once to cancel the function and then again, the unit continues to operate for one hour from that point in time and then stops.
- It is not possible to use the OFF Timer and 1-Hour OFF Timer together. Whichever function is set last takes precedence. If the 1 HR. TIMER button is pressed while the TIMER OFF function operates, the OFF Timer is cancelled and the unit will stop operating one hour later.

# 2. Operation together with the DAILY ON/OFF REPEAT Timer

The 1-Hour OFF Timer setting is given priority over the DAILY ON/OFF REPEAT setting.

# Tips for Energy Saving

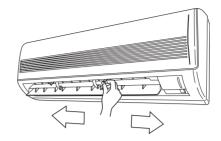
#### Do not

- Block the air intake and outlet of the unit. If they are obstructed, the unit will not work well, and may be damaged.
- Let direct sunlight into the room. Use sunshades, blinds or curtains. If the walls and ceiling of the room are warmed by the sun, it will take longer to cool the room.
- Always try to keep the air filter clean. (Refer to "Care and Cleaning".) A clogged filter will impair the performance of the unit.
  - To prevent conditioned air from escaping, keep windows, doors and any other openings closed.

# Adjusting the Airflow Direction

#### 1. Horizontal

The horizontal airflow can be adjusted by moving the vertical vanes with your hands to the left or right.

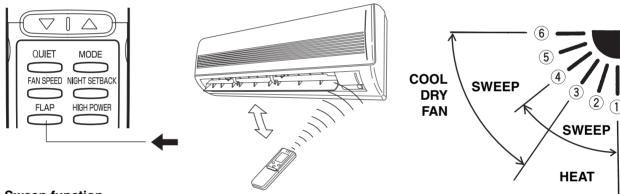




When the humidity is high, the vertical vanes should be in the front position during the cooling or dehumidifying operation. If the vertical vanes are positioned all of the way to the right or left, condensation may begin to form around the air vent and drip down.

#### 2. Vertical

The vertical airflow can be adjusted by moving the flap with the remote control unit. Do not move the flap with your hands. Confirm that the remote control unit has been turned on. Use the FLAP button to set either the sweep function or one of the six airflow direction settings.



#### A. Sweep function



The flap starts moving up and down to deliver air over the sweep range.

#### C. Auto flap function



The flap is set to the recommended position.

#### B. Setting the airflow manually



Referring to the above illustration, use the FLAP button to set the airflow direction within the range used during the heating, cooling, or dehumidifying operation.

#### NOTE

- The flap automatically closes when the unit is off.
- During the heating operation, the fan speed will be very low and the flap will be in the horizontal position (position ⑥) until the air being blown out of the unit begins to warm. Once the air warms up, the flap position and fan speed change to the settings specified with the remote control.



- Use the FLAP button on the remote control to adjust the position of the flap. If you move the flap by hand, the flap position according to the remote control and the actual flap position may no longer match. If this should happen, shut off the unit, wait for the flap to close, and then turn on the unit again; the flap position will now be normal again.
- Do not have the flap pointed down during cooling operation.
   Condensation may begin to form around the air vent and drip down.

# Operation without the Remote Control Unit

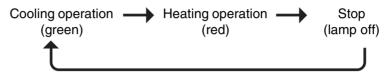
#### **INDOOR UNIT**

If you have lost the remote control unit or it has trouble, follow the steps below.



#### When the air conditioner is not running

Each time the OPERATION button is pressed, the type of operation conducted is indicated by the changing color of the OPERATION lamp. Press the button and select the lamp color that suits your preference for operation.



NOTE

The temperature is set to the room temperature minus 4 °F during the cooling operation and to the room temperature plus 4 °F during the heating operation, and the fan speed and flap are set to Auto.

# Care and Cleaning



- 1. For safety, be sure to turn the air conditioner off and also to disconnect the power before cleaning.
- 2. Do not pour water on the indoor unit to clean it. This will damage the internal components and cause an electric shock hazard.

#### **Casing and Grille (Indoor Unit)**

Clean the casing and grille of the indoor unit with a vacuum cleaner brush, or wipe them with a clean, soft cloth.

If these parts are stained, use a clean cloth moistened with a mild liquid detergent. When cleaning the grille, be careful not to force the vanes out of place.



- 1. Never use solvents, or harsh chemicals when cleaning the indoor unit.

  Do not wipe the plastic casing using very hot water.
- 2. Some metal edges and the fins are sharp and may cause injury if handled improperly; be especially careful when you clean these parts.
- 3. The internal coil and other components of the outdoor unit must be cleaned every year. Consult your dealer or service center.

### **Care and Cleaning (continued)**

#### **Anti-Mold Filter**

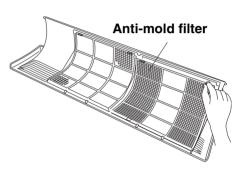
The anti-mold filter behind the air intake grille should be checked and cleaned at least once every two weeks.

### How to remove the anti-mold filter

 Grasp both ends of the air intake grille, and remove it by opening towards the front and pulling towards you.



2. Remove the anti-mold filter attached to the rear of the air intake grille.

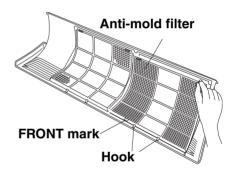


#### Cleaning

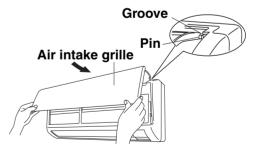
Use a vacuum cleaner to remove light dust. If there is sticky dust on the filter, wash the filter in lukewarm, soapy water, rinse it in clean water, and dry it.

# How to replace the anti-mold filter

 With the FRONT mark of the anti-mold filter at the front, align the two indentions near the mark with the hooks at the rear of the air intake grille, and then mount the anti-mold filter.



2. Allow the edge of the air intake grille to slide into the top of the indoor unit, and then insert it all the way inside.



Press in the bottom right and left corners of the air intake grille to attach the indoor unit.



NOTE

Attach so that the round pins at the top right and left corners of the air intake grille are inserted into the grooves at the top right and left of the indoor unit.

### **Care and Cleaning (continued)**

#### Air Clean Filter

The air clean filter removes dust and dirt from the air, and reduces odors and smoke from tobacco.

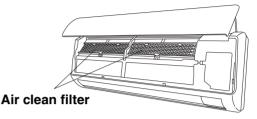


This air clean filter cannot remove harmful gases or vapors nor ventilate air in the room. You must open doors or windows frequently when you use gas or oil heating appliances. Otherwise there is a risk of suffocation in extreme cases.

### How to install the air clean filter

The air clean filter needs to be installed behind the air intake grille.

- 1. Remove the air intake grille.
- **2.** Install the air clean filter in the position shown in the figure.
- 3. Remount the air intake grille.



# How to clean the air clean filter

- In general, the filter should be sucked to remove dust in low fan speed of a vacuum cleaner once every three months.
- If there is heavily grime on the filter, soak the filter in lukewarm water with neutral detergent diluted 1:500 for 1 to 2 minutes then wash it.
- Rinse the filter in clean water, then let it dry on the towel in room temperature.



- Do not bend nor give excessive force onto the air clean filter.
- If the filter surface is heavily blocked with dirt or damaged, replace it with new one. Purchase a replacement filter at your local dealer. (model **STK-FDXB**)

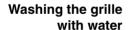
#### Cleaning the main unit and remote control unit

- · Wipe clean using a soft, dry cloth.
- To remove stubborn dirt, moisten a cloth in warm water no hotter than 104 °F, wring thoroughly, and then wipe.
- The air intake grille can be removed in order to wash it with water.

Removing and remounting the air intake grille Refer to "How to remove the anti-mold filter" and "How to replace the anti-mold filter" on page 23.



When using a footstool or the like, be careful not to let it tip over.



- Clean the grille gently using a soft sponge, or the like. Then wipe away any remaining moisture.
- Neutral detergent may be used to remove stubborn dirt. Then rinse thoroughly with water and wipe away any remaining moisture.

# Cleaning the negative ion generator

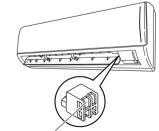
Follow the steps below when the generator has become dirty.



For safety, be sure to turn the air conditioner off and also to disconnect the power before cleaning.

Remove the dust on the negative ion generator.

- Use a toothbrush, etc. to dust off the end.
- Use a cotton swab, etc., to clean around the generator inside the plastic case, taking care not to touch the electrodes.



Negative ion generator (metal electrodes inside plastic case)

NOTE

- During use, the negative ion generator and other metal parts may become discolored: this is normal and not indicative of malfunctioning.
- If the dirt on and around the negative ion generator is left to build up, a puffing or sputtering sound will eventually be heard. In this case, clean the generator immediately.
- Do not apply excessive force while performing maintenance.

# Troubleshooting

If your air conditioner does not work properly, first check the following points before requesting service. If it still does not work properly, contact your dealer or service center.

Trouble	Possible Cause	Remedy
Air conditioner does not run at all.	1. Power failure.	1. Restore power.
	2. Leakage circuit breaker tripped.	2. Contact service center.
	3. Line voltage is too low.	3. Consult your electrician or dealer.
	Batteries in remote control unit have run down.	4. Replace batteries.
OPERATION lamp blinks and air conditioner does not operate.	Trouble in system.	Contact service center.
Compressor runs but soon stops.	Obstruction in front of condenser coil.	Remove obstruction.
Poor cooling (or heating) performance.	Dirty or clogged air filter.	Clean air filter to improve airflow.
	Heat source or many people in room.	2. Eliminate heat source if possible.
	3. Doors and/or windows are open.	Shut them to keep the heat (or cold) out.
	Obstacle near air intake or air discharge port.	4. Remove it to ensure good airflow.
	Thermostat is set too high for cooling (or too low for heating).	Set the temperature lower (or higher).
	(Outdoor temperature is too low for heating.)	(Consult your dealer or try to use another heat appliance.)
Clicking sound is heard from the air conditioner.	In heating or cooling operation, any plastic parts may expand or shrink due to a sudden temperature change. In this event, a clicking sound may occur.	This is normal, and the sound will soon disappear.
OPERATION lamp lights but outdoor unit will not run.	The use of cellular phones near the air conditioner may cause disturbance to its normal operation.	Turn off the power then restart the air conditioner after a while.     Consult your dealer.

# **Operating Range**

The air conditioner is operable within the temperature ranges as listed below:

	Temperature	Indoor air temperature	Outdoor air temperature
COOLING	Max.	95 °F DB / 71 °F WB	115 °F DB
	Min.	67 °F DB / 57 °F WB	0 °F DB
HEATING	Max.	80 °F DB / 67 °F WB	75 °F DB / 65 °F WB
	Min.	– DB / – WB	0 °F DB

# **APPENDIX B** INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

KHS0971 + CH0971 KHS1271 + CH1271

(II-852-6-4189-990-00-5)

# **SANYO** INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

### Inverter Split System Air Conditioner –

**COOL/DRY/HEAT Model** 

This air conditioner uses the new refrigerant R410A.

NOTE Refrigerant service valve size = 5/16"

#### **Contents**

		Page
	PORTA ase R	ANT! ead Before Starting2
1.	1-1. 1-2. 1-3.	Optional Copper Tubing Kit Type of Copper Tube and Insulation Material
2.	INST. 2-1.	ALLATION SITE SELECTION 4
3.	3-1. 3-2. 3-3. 3-4. 3-5. 3-6. 3-7. 3-8. 3-9.	Remove the Rear Panel from the Unit Make a Hole Install the Rear Panel on the Wall Remove the Grille to Install the Indoor Unit Shape the Indoor Side Tubing Wiring Instructions Recommended Wire Length and Diameter Wiring Instructions for Inter-unit Connections Mounting Drain Hose
4.		TO INSTALL THE OUTDOOR UNIT 16 Wiring Instructions for the Outdoor Unit
5.	5-1. 5-2.	Use of the Flaring Method Flaring Procedure with a Flare Tool Caution before Connecting Tubes Tightly Connecting Tubing between Indoor and Outdoor Units Insulation of Refrigerant Tubing Taping the Tubes Finishing the Installation
6.	■ Air	PURGING

■ Pump Down

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#### **Model Combinations**

Combine indoor and outdoor units only as listed below.

 Indoor Unit
 Outdoor Unit

 KHS0971
 CH0971

 KHS1271
 CH1271

 Power Source:
 CH1271

60 Hz, single-phase, 115 V

Be sure to read the yellow instruction sheet attached to the outdoor unit for models using the new refrigerant R410A.

7. REMOTE CONTROL UNIT INSTALLATION POSITION 23
7-1. Mounting on a Wall
8. ADDRESS SWITCH 24
8-1. Address Setting of the Remote Control Unit

#### NOTE

The illustrations are based on the typical appearance of a standard model. Consequently, the shape may differ from that of the air conditioner that you are installing.

#### **SANYO Commercial Solutions**

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Ontario, L4K 5C7, Canada

### **IMPORTANT!**

### **Please Read Before Starting**

This air conditioning system meets strict safety and operating standards. As the installer or service person, it is an important part of your job to install or service the system so it operates safely and efficiently.

### For safe installation and trouble-free operation, you must:

- Carefully read this instruction booklet before beginning.
- Follow each installation or repair step exactly as shown.
- Observe all local, state, and national electrical codes.
- Pay close attention to all warning and caution notices given in this manual.



This symbol refers to a hazard or unsafe practice which can result in severe personal injury or death.



This symbol refers to a hazard or unsafe practice which can result in personal injury or product or property damage.

#### If Necessary, Get Help

These instructions are all you need for most installation sites and maintenance conditions. If you require help for a special problem, contact our sales/service outlet or your certified dealer for additional instructions.

#### In Case of Improper Installation

The manufacturer shall in no way be responsible for improper installation or maintenance service, including failure to follow the instructions in this document.

#### SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

#### WARNING

#### When Wiring



ELECTRICAL SHOCK CAN CAUSE SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH. ONLY A QUALIFIED, EXPERIENCED ELECTRICIAN SHOULD ATTEMPT TO WIRE THIS SYSTEM.

- Do not supply power to the unit until all wiring and tubing are completed or reconnected and checked.
- Highly dangerous electrical voltages are used in this system. Carefully refer to the wiring diagram and these instructions when wiring. Improper connections and inadequate grounding can cause accidental injury or death.
- Ground the unit following local electrical codes.
- Connect all wiring tightly. Loose wiring may cause overheating at connection points and a possible fire hazard.

#### When Transporting

Be careful when picking up and moving the indoor and outdoor units. Get a partner to help, and bend your knees when lifting to reduce strain on your back. Sharp edges or thin aluminum fins on the air conditioner can cut your fingers.

#### When Installing...

#### ...In a Ceiling or Wall

Make sure the ceiling/wall is strong enough to hold the unit's weight. It may be necessary to construct a strong wood or metal frame to provide added support.

#### ...In a Room

Properly insulate any tubing run inside a room to prevent "sweating" that can cause dripping and water damage to walls and floors.

#### ...In Moist or Uneven Locations

Use a raised concrete pad or concrete blocks to provide a solid, level foundation for the outdoor unit. This prevents water damage and abnormal vibration.

#### ...In an Area with High Winds

Securely anchor the outdoor unit down with bolts and a metal frame. Provide a suitable air baffle.

#### ...In a Snowy Area (for Heat Pump-type Systems)

Install the outdoor unit on a raised platform that is higher than drifting snow. Provide snow vents.

#### **When Connecting Refrigerant Tubing**

- · Use the flare method for connecting tubing.
- Apply refrigerant lubricant to the matching surfaces of the flare and union tubes before connecting them, then tighten the nut with a torque wrench for a leak-free connection.
- · Check carefully for leaks before starting the test run.

#### When Servicing

- Turn the power OFF at the main power box (mains) before opening the unit to check or repair electrical parts and wiring.
- Keep your fingers and clothing away from any moving parts.
- Clean up the site after you finish, remembering to check that no metal scraps or bits of wiring have been left inside the unit being serviced.

#### **Others**



- Ventilate any enclosed areas when installing or testing the refrigeration system. Escaped refrigerant gas, on contact with fire or heat, can produce dangerously toxic gas.
- Confirm upon completing installation that no refrigerant gas is leaking. If escaped gas comes in contact with a stove, gas water heater, electric room heater or other heat source, it can produce dangerously toxic gas.

#### 1. General

This booklet briefly outlines where and how to install the air conditioning system. Please read over the entire set of instructions for the indoor and outdoor units and make sure all accessory parts listed are with the system before beginning.

#### 1-1. Tools Required for Installation (not supplied)

- 1. Standard screwdriver
- 2. Phillips head screwdriver
- 3. Knife or wire stripper
- 4. Tape measure
- 5. Carpenter's level

- 6. Sabre saw or key hole saw
- 7. Hacksaw
- 8. Core bits
- 9. Hammer
- 10. Drill
- 11. Tube cutter
- 12. Tube flaring tool
- 13. Torque wrench
- 14. Adjustable wrench
- 15. Reamer (for deburring)

#### 1-2. Accessories Supplied with Unit

Table 1

Parts	Figure	Q'ty	Parts	Figure	Q'ty	Parts	Figure	Q'ty
Remote control unit		1	Tapping screw	Truss-head Phillips 5/32 × 5/8" (4×16 mm)	10	Hex wrench*		1
Remote control unit holder	8-10 0	1	Rawl plug	Caca JO	8	Clamp		1
AAA alkaline battery	0	2	Drain hose adapter		1		*Packed in the outo	door unit.
Air clean filter		2	Cushion rubber*		4			

#### 1-3. Optional Copper Tubing Kit

Copper tubing for connecting the outdoor unit to the indoor unit is available in kits which contain the narrow and wide tubing, fittings and insulation. Consult your nearest sales outlet or A/C workshop.

#### 1-4. Type of Copper Tube and Insulation Material

If you wish to purchase these materials separately from a local source, you will need:

- 1. Deoxidized annealed copper tube for refrigerant tubing as detailed in Table 2.
  - Cut each tube to the appropriate lengths 1' to 1'4" (30 cm to 40 cm) to dampen vibration between units.

- Foamed polyethylene insulation for the specified copper tubes as required to precise length of tubing. Wall thickness of the insulation should be not less than 5/16" (8 mm).
- 3. Use insulated copper wire for field wiring. Wire size varies with the total length of wiring. Refer to 3-6. Wiring Instructions for details.



Check local electrical codes and regulations before obtaining wire. Also, check any specified instructions or limitations.

Table 2

84 - 4-1	Narrow Tube		Wide Tube	
Model	Outer Dia.	Thickness	Outer Dia.	Thickness
KHS0971/1271	1/4" (6.35 mm)	0.0314" (0.8 mm)	3/8" (9.52 mm)	0.0314" (0.8 mm)

#### 1-5. Additional Materials Required for Installation

- 1. Refrigeration (armored) tape
- Insulated staples or clamps for connecting wire (See local codes)
- 3. Putty
- 4. Refrigeration lubricant
- 5. Clamps or saddles to secure refrigerant tubing

#### 2. Installation Site Selection

#### 2-1. Indoor Unit



To prevent abnormal heat generation and the possibility of fire, do not place obstacles, enclosures and grilles in front of or surrounding the air conditioner in a way that may block air flow.

#### AVOID:

- direct sunlight.
- nearby heat sources that may affect performance of the unit.
- areas where leakage of flammable gas may be expected.
- places where large amounts of oil mist exist.

#### DO:

- select an appropriate position from which every corner of the room can be uniformly cooled. (High on a wall is best.)
- select a location that will hold the weight of the unit.
- select a location where tubing and drain hose have the shortest run to the outside. (Fig. 1)
- allow room for operation and maintenance as well as unrestricted air flow around the unit. (Fig. 2)
- install the unit within the maximum elevation difference (H) above or below the outdoor unit and within a total tubing length (L) from the outdoor unit as detailed in Table 3 and Fig. 3a.
- Install the indoor unit more than 3.3' (1 m) away from any antenna or power lines or connecting wires used for television, radio, telephone, security system, or intercom. Electrical noise from any of these sources may affect operation.

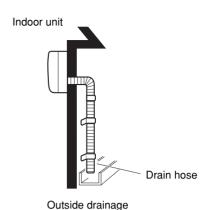


Fig. 1

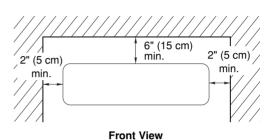


Fig. 2

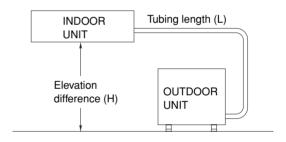


Fig. 3a

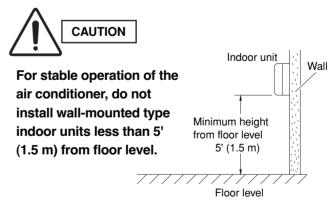


Fig. 3b

#### Table 3

Model	Max. Allowable Tubing Length at Shipment (ft.)	Limit of Tubing Length (L) (ft.)	Limit of Elevation Difference (H) (ft.)	Required Amount of Additional Refrigerant (oz./ft.)*
KHS0971	25	50	23	0.16
KHS1271	25	65	23	0.16

<sup>\*</sup> If total tubing length becomes 25 to 50 ft. (Max.) or 25 to 65 ft. (Max.), charge additional refrigerant (R410A) by 0.16 oz./ft.

No additional charge of compressor oil is necessary. For more detailed charging information, refer to the Technical & Service Manual.

#### 2-2. Outdoor Unit

#### AVOID:

- heat sources, exhaust fans, etc. (Fig. 4)
- damp, humid or uneven locations.

#### DO:

- choose a place as cool as possible.
- choose a place that is well ventilated.
- allow enough room around the unit for air intake/ exhaust and possible maintenance. (Fig. 5a)
- provide a solid base (level concrete pad, concrete block,  $4" \times 1'4"$  (10 × 40 cm) beams or equal), a minimum of 4" (10 cm) above ground level to reduce humidity and protect the unit against possible water damage and decreased service life. (Figs. 5b and 5c)



A solid base must not cover the hole of the bottom plate.

- Install cushion rubber under unit's feet to reduce vibration and noise. (Fig. 5d)
- use lug bolts or equal to bolt down unit, reducing vibration and noise.
- Install in a location where no antenna of a television or radio exists within 10' (3 m).

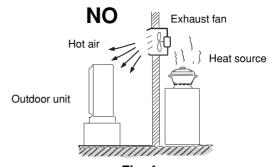


Fig. 4

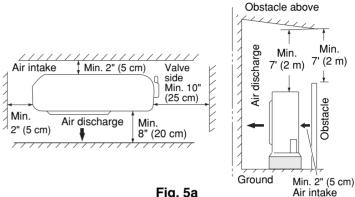


Fig. 5a

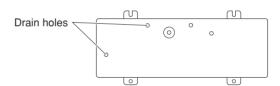


Fig. 5b

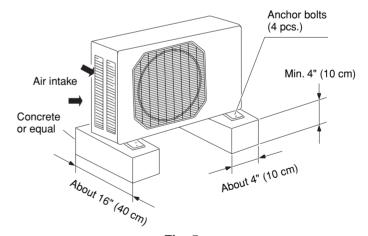


Fig. 5c

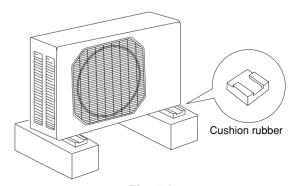


Fig. 5d

#### 3. How to Install the Indoor Unit

#### 3-1. Remove the Rear Panel from the Unit

- (1) Remove and discard the set screw on the rear panel. (Fig. 6)
- (2) Press the 2  $\triangle$  marks on the frame cover and disengage the stationary tabs from the frame. (Fig. 7)
- (3) Remove the rear panel.



Tubing can be extended in 5 directions as shown in Fig. 8. Select the direction you need providing the shortest run to the outside unit.

 When left tubing is to be done, switch the drain hose and drain cap. (For details, refer to "Switching drain hose and drain cap" on page 14.)

#### 3-2. Make a Hole

- (1) Place the rear panel from the indoor unit on the wall at the location selected. Make sure the panel is horizontal, using a carpenter's level or tape measure to measure down from the ceiling. Wait until after cutting the hole before attaching the rear panel to the wall.
- (2) Determine which side of the unit you should make the hole for tubing and wiring. (Fig. 9)



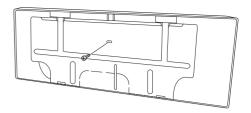
In the case of left-rear tubing, use the measurement points 2-3/4" (70 mm) from the edge of the rear panel for precise placement of the hose outlet. (Fig. 9)

(3) Before making the hole, check carefully that no studs or pipes are directly run behind the spot to be cut.



Also avoid areas where electrical wiring or conduits are located.

The above precautions are also applicable if tubing goes through the wall in any other location.



Set screw only for transportation

Fig. 6

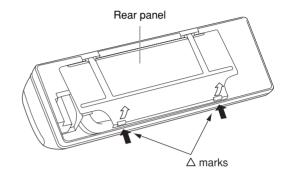


Fig. 7

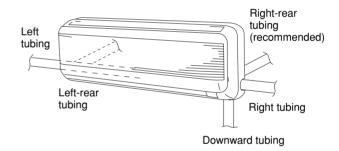


Fig. 8

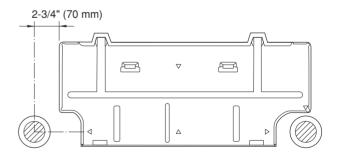


Fig. 9

(4) Using a sabre saw, key hole saw or hole-cutting drill attachment, cut a hole in the wall. See Table 4 and Fig. 10.

#### Table 4

Hole Dia.	
2-9/16" (65 mm)	

- (5) Measure the thickness of the wall from the inside edge to the outside edge and cut PVC pipe at a slight angle 1/4" (6 mm) shorter than the thickness of the wall. (Fig. 11)
- (6) Place the plastic cover over the end of the pipe (for indoor side only) and insert the pipe in the wall. (Fig. 12)

#### 3-3. Install the Rear Panel on the Wall

Be sure to confirm that the wall is strong enough to suspend the unit.

See either Item a) or b) below depending on the wall type.

#### a) If Wooden Wall

- (1) Attach the rear panel to the wall with the 8 screws provided. (Fig. 13)
  - If you are not able to line up the holes in the rear panel with the beam locations marked on the wall, use rawl plugs or toggle bolts to go through the holes on the panel or drill 3/16" (5 mm) dia. holes in the panel over the stud locations and then mount the rear panel.
- (2) Double check with a carpenter's level or tape measure that the panel is level. This is important to install the unit properly. (Fig. 14)
- (3) Make sure the panel is flush against the wall. Any space between the wall and unit will cause noise and vibration.

#### b) If Block, Brick, Concrete or Similar Type Wall

Make 3/16" (4.8 mm) dia. holes in the wall. Insert rawl plugs for appropriate mounting screws. (Fig. 15)

### NOTE

Hole should be made at a slight downward slant to the outdoor side.

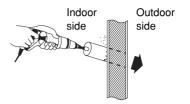


Fig. 10

PVC pipe (Locally purchased)

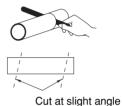


Fig. 11

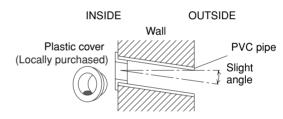


Fig. 12

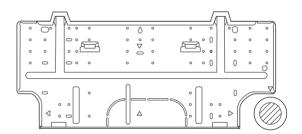


Fig. 13



Fig. 14

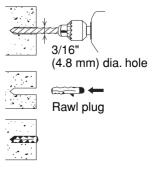


Fig. 15

#### 3-4. Remove the Grille to Install the Indoor Unit

Basically, these models can be installed and wired without removing the grille. If access to any internal part is needed, follow the steps as given below.



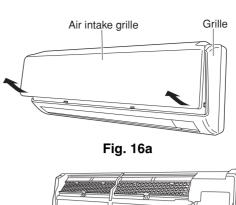
Be sure to wear work gloves during installation to avoid being cut by the sharp aluminum fins of the heat exchanger.

#### How to remove the grille

- (1) Grasp both ends of the air intake grille, and remove it by opening towards the front and pulling towards you. (Fig. 16a)
- (2) Remove the 2 screws. (Fig. 16b)
- (3) Remove the screw on the right side cover plate and open the cover. (Fig. 17a)
- (4) Take out the thermistor from the grille. (Fig. 17b)
- (5) Pull the lower part of the grille toward you to remove.(Fig. 18a)
- (6) Use a standard screwdriver to push on the tabs to remove the grille.

#### How to replace the grille

- (1) Reinstall the grille into the lower part while aligning its tabs on the upper part. (Fig. 18b) Insert the tabs in the slots and push the lower part of the grille back into position.
- (2) Make sure that the grille and frame are firmly fitted together by engaging the tabs.
- (3) Attach the thermistor on the grille. (Fig. 17a)
- (4) Close the cover and replace the screw. (Fig. 17a)
- (5) Affix the grille with the 2 previously removed screws. (Fig. 16b)
- (6) Install the air intake grille.
- (a) Allow the edge of the air intake grille to slide into the top of the indoor unit, and then insert it all the way inside. (Fig. 19a)
- (b) Press the bottom right and left corners of the air intake grille to attach it to the indoor unit. (Fig. 19b)



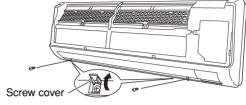
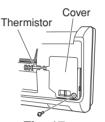


Fig. 16b



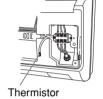
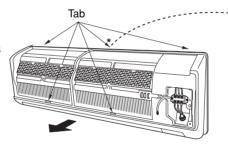


Fig. 17a

Fig. 17b



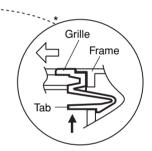
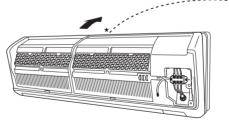


Fig. 18a



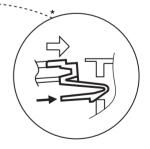


Fig. 18b

#### NOTE

Attach so that the round pins at the top right and left corners of the air intake grille are inserted into the grooves at the top right and left of the indoor unit.

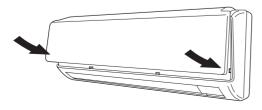


Fig. 19b

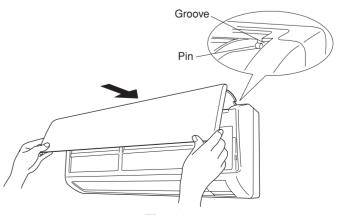


Fig. 19a

#### 3-5. Shape the Indoor Side Tubing

- (1) Arrangement of tubing by direction
  - a) Right or left tubing

Cut out the corner of the right/left frame with a hacksaw or the like. (Figs. 20 and 21)

- b) Right-rear or left-rear tubingIn this case, the corner of the frame need not be cut.
- (2) To mount the indoor unit on the rear panel:

Hang the 2 mounting slots of the unit on the upper tabs of the rear panel. (Fig. 22)

#### 3-6. Wiring Instructions

#### General precautions on wiring

- Before wiring, confirm the rated voltage of the unit as shown on its nameplate, then carry out the wiring closely following the wiring diagram.
- (2) Provide a power outlet to be used exclusively for each unit, with a power supply disconnect and circuit breaker for overcurrent protection provided in the exclusive line.
- (3) To prevent possible hazards due to insulation failure, the unit must be grounded.
- (4) Each wiring connection must be done tightly and in accordance with the wiring system diagram. Wrong wiring may cause the unit to misoperate or become damaged.
- (5) Do not allow wiring to touch the refrigerant tubing, compressor, or any moving parts of the fan.
- (6) Unauthorized changes in the internal wiring can be very dangerous. The manufacturer will accept no responsibility for any damage or misoperation that occurs as a result of such unauthorized changes.

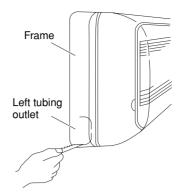


Fig. 20

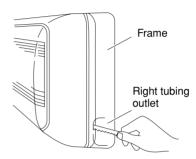


Fig. 21

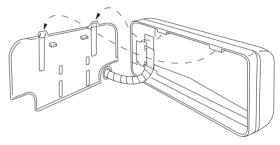


Fig. 22

#### 3-7. Recommended Wire Length and Diameter

Regulations on wiring diameter differ from locality to locality. For field wiring requirements, please refer to your local electrical codes. Carefully observe these regulations when carrying out the installation.

Table 5 lists recommended wire lengths and diameters for power supply systems.



Refer to the wiring system diagram (Fig. 23) for the meaning of (A), (B), and (C) in Table 5.

Refer to your local codes or in the absence of local codes see the National Electric Code: ANSI/NFPA70.

#### Table 5

AWG	. , . ,	(A) Power Supply Wiring Length (ft) (B) Power Line Length (ft)		Fuse or Circuit
Model	(#14)	(#12)	(#14)	Breaker Capacity
CH0971, CH1271	131 (Max.)	230 (Max.)	65 (Max.)	20A

# ... AWG (American Wire Gauge)



### WARNING

- Be sure to comply with local codes on running the wire from the indoor unit to the outdoor unit (size of wire and wiring method, etc.).
- Each wire must be firmly connected.
- No wire should be allowed to touch refrigerant tubing, the compressor, or any moving part.



- To avoid the risk of electric shock, each air conditioner unit must be grounded.
- For the installation of a grounding device, please observe local electrical codes.
- Grounding is necessary, especially for units using inverter circuits, in order to release charged electricity and electrical noise caused by high tension.
   Otherwise, electrical shock may occur.
- Place a dedicated ground more than 7' (2 m) away from other grounds and do not have it shared with other electric appliances.

#### **WIRING SYSTEM DIAGRAM**

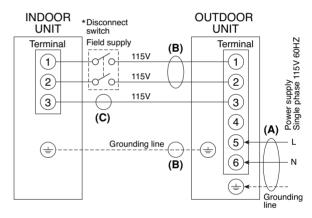


Fig. 23

### \* NOTE

Disconnect switch may be required by national or local codes.



Always comply with national and local code requirements.



- Be sure to connect the power supply line to the outdoor unit as shown in the wiring diagram.
   The indoor unit draws its power from the outdoor unit.
- Do not run wiring for antenna, signal, or power lines of television, radio, stereo, telephone, security system, or intercom any closer than 3'4" (1 m) from the power cable and wires between the indoor and outdoor units. Electrical noise may affect the operation.

#### 3-8. Wiring Instructions for Inter-unit Connections

- (1) Insert the inter-unit wiring (according to local codes) into the through-the-wall PVC pipe. Run the wiring toward the indoor side allowing approx. 10" (25 cm) to extend from the wall face. (Fig. 24)
- (2) Grasp both ends of the air intake grille, and remove it by opening towards the front and pulling towards you.
- (3) Remove the screw on the right side cover plate and open the cover. (Fig. 25)
- (4) Route the inter-unit wiring from the back of the indoor unit and pull it toward the front for connection. (Fig. 26a, 26b)
- (5) Connect the inter-unit wiring to the corresponding terminals on the terminal plate (Fig. 26a, 26b) while referring to the wiring diagram.
- (6) Be sure to secure the wiring with the provided clamp.



When closing the air intake grille, press on both corners. (Fig. 27)

Please refer to "How to replace the grille" on page 8 for installing the air intake grille.



Fig. 27

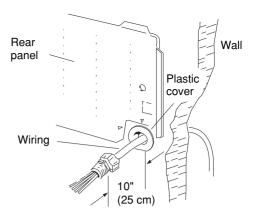


Fig. 24

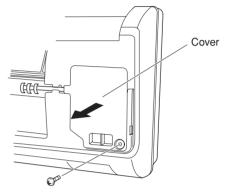


Fig. 25

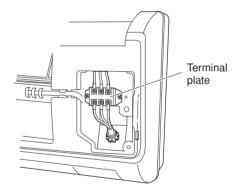


Fig. 26a

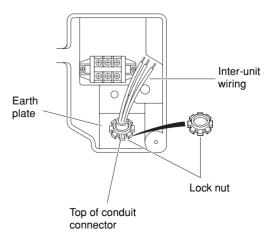


Fig. 26b



Loose wiring may cause the terminal to overheat or result in unit malfunction. A fire hazard may also exist.

Therefore, be sure all wiring is tightly connected.

When connecting each power wire to the corresponding terminal, follow the instructions "How to connect wiring to the terminal" and fasten the wire securely tight with the fixing screw of the terminal plate.

#### How to connect wiring to the terminal

#### a) For Indoor Unit

- Cut the wire end with a cutting pliers, then strip the insulation to expose the wire about 9/32" (7 mm).
   See the label (Fig. 28) near the terminal plate.
- (2) Using a screwdriver, loosen the terminal screw on the terminal plate.
- (3) Insert the wire and tighten the terminal screw completely using a screwdriver.

#### b) For Outdoor Unit

#### ■ For solid core wiring (or F-cable)

- (1) Cut the wire end with a cutting pliers, then strip the insulation to expose the solid wire about 15/16" (25 mm). (Fig. 29)
- (2) Using a screwdriver, remove the terminal screw(s) on the terminal plate.
- (3) Using the pliers, bend the solid wire to form a loop suitable for the terminal screw.
- (4) Shape the loop wire properly, place it on the terminal plate and fix it securely with the removed terminal screw using a screwdriver.

#### ■ For stranded wiring

- Cut the wire end with a cutting pliers, then strip the insulation to expose the stranded wiring about 3/8" (10 mm) and tightly twist the wire ends. (Figs. 30 and 31)
- (2) Using a screwdriver, remove the terminal screw(s) on the terminal plate.
- (3) Using a ring connector fastener or pliers, securely clamp each stripped wire end with a ring connector. (Fig. 30)
- (4) Place the ring connector wire, and replace and tighten the removed terminal screw using a screw-driver. (Fig. 32)

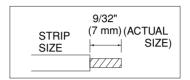


Fig. 28

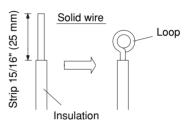


Fig. 29

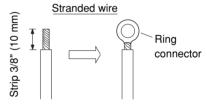


Fig. 30

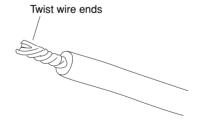


Fig. 31

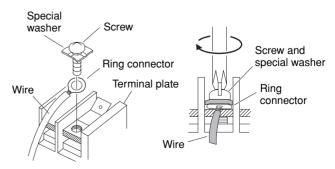


Fig. 32

#### 3-9. Mounting

- (1) To install the indoor unit, mount the indoor unit onto the 2 tabs on the upper part of the rear plate.
- (2) Hold down the air discharge outlet and press the lower part of the indoor unit until it clicks to securely fasten to the 2 tabs on the lower part of the rear plate. (Fig. 33)

### NOTE

For tubing, choose either the right or left tubing direction and follow the steps below. This work can be made easier by placing padding material (such as styrofoam) at the rear right side of the indoor unit. (Fig. 34)

### ■ Right-side tubing

- (1) Shape the refrigerant tubing so that it can easily go into the wall hole. (Fig. 35)
- (2) Push the wiring, refrigerant tubing, and drain hose through the hole in the wall. Adjust the indoor unit so it is securely seated on the rear panel. (Fig. 36)
- (3) Carefully bend the tubing (if necessary) to run along the wall in the direction of the outdoor unit and then tape as far as the fittings. (See Caution on page 18.) The drain hose should come straight down the wall to a point where water runoff won't stain the wall.
- (4) Connect the refrigerant tubing to the outdoor unit. (After performing a leak test on the connecting part, insulate it with the tubing insulation. (Fig. 37a)) Also, refer to Section 5-4. Connecting Tubing between Indoor and Outdoor Units.
- (5) Assemble the refrigerant tubing, drain hose, and conduit (including inter-unit wiring) as shown in Fig. 37b.

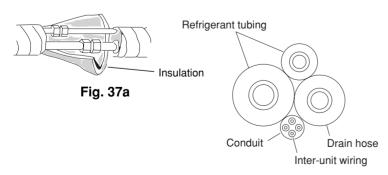


Fig. 37b

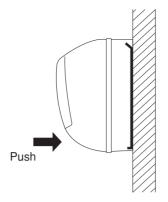


Fig. 33

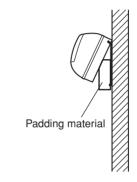


Fig. 34

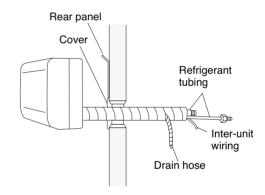


Fig. 35

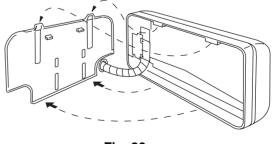


Fig. 36

#### **■** Left-side tubing

- (1) Lead the tubing and drain hose through the wall, allowing sufficient length for connection. Then bend the tubing using a tube bender to make the attachment. (Fig. 38)
- (2) Switch the drain hose and drain cap.

#### Switching drain hose and drain cap

- (a) Locate the drain hose and the drain cap. (Fig. 39)
- (b) Remove the screws fastening the drain hose on the right side, and pull out the drain hose to remove it. (Fig. 39)
- (c) Apply moderate force to pull off the drain cap on the left side. (If you cannot pull it off by hand, use a long-nose pliers.)
- (d) Reattach the drain hose to the left side and the drain cap to the right side. (Fig. 40a)

#### **Drain hose**

Slide the drain hose fully onto the drain pan outlet until the drain hose edge is pushed into the insulation. Check that the screw holes in the drain bracket and the drain pan outlet are aligned and securely in contact, then fasten them with the screw. (After attaching the drain hose, check that it is attached securely.) (Fig. 40c)

#### Drain cap

Use a Phillips screwdriver to push the drain cap in firmly. (If it is difficult to push in, wet the cap with water first.)

- (3) Install the indoor unit on the rear panel.
- (4) Connect the tubing and wiring led inside from outdoors.
- (5) After completing a leak test, bundle the tubing together with armoring tape and store it inside the tubing storage area at the back of the indoor unit and hold it with clamps. (Figs. 40a and 41)

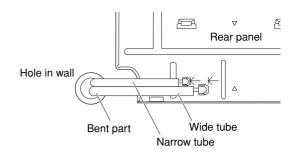


Fig. 38

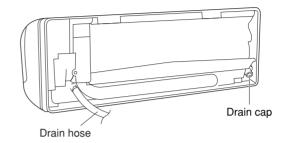


Fig. 39

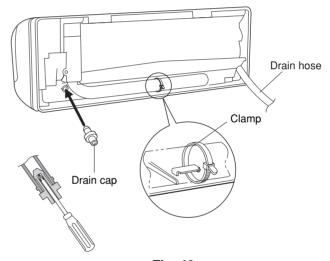


Fig. 40a

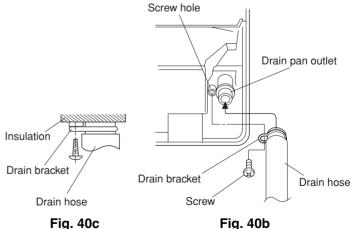


Fig. 40c

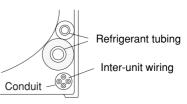


Fig. 41

#### To unmount indoor unit

Press the 2  $\triangle$  marks on the lower part of the indoor unit and unlatch the tabs. Then lift the indoor unit and unmount. (Fig. 42)

#### 3-10. Drain Hose

- a) The drain hose should be slanted downward to the outdoors. (Fig. 43)
- b) Never form a trap in the course of the hose.
- c) If the drain hose will run in the room, insulate the hose with insulation\* so that chilled condensation will not damage furniture or floors. (Fig. 44)
  - \* Foamed polyethylene or its equivalent is recommended.



Do not supply power to the unit or operate it until all tubing and wiring to the outside unit are completed.



**Risk of Electric Shock** 

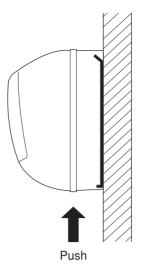


Fig. 42

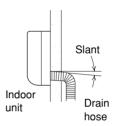


Fig. 43

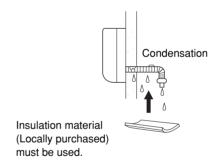


Fig. 44

#### 4. How to Install the Outdoor Unit

First refer to Section 2. Installation Site Selection.

#### 4-1. Wiring Instructions for the Outdoor Unit

Regulations on wire size differ from locality to locality. For field wiring requirements, please refer to your local electrical codes. Make sure that the installation fully complies with all local and national regulations.

- (1) Remove access panel "C". (Fig. 46)
- (2) Connect the inter-unit and power supply line according to the drawing on the panel side.
- (3) Be sure to size each wire allowing approx. 4"(10 cm) longer than the required length for wiring.Store excess wiring inside the cabinet.
- (4) When connections are completed, check that all connections are correct as shown in the wiring system diagram on panel side.
- (5) Be sure to ground the unit according to your local codes.

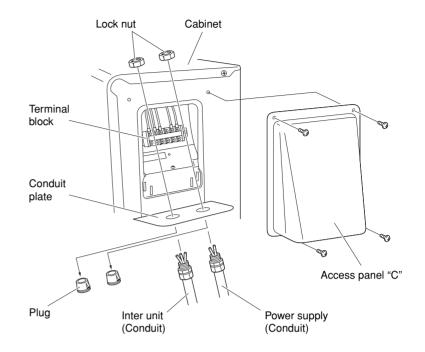


Fig. 46

#### 5. Refrigerant Tubing

#### 5-1. Use of the Flaring Method

Many of the conventional split system air conditioners employ the flaring method to connect refrigerant tubes which run between indoor and outdoor units. In this method, the copper tubes are flared at each end and connected with flare nuts.

#### 5-2. Flaring Procedure with a Flare Tool

- (1) Cut the copper tube to the required length with a tube cutter. It is recommended to cut approx. 12" to 20" (30 to 50 cm) longer than the tubing length you estimate.
- (2) Remove burrs at the end of the copper tube with a tube reamer or file. This process is important and should be done carefully to make a good flare. (Fig. 47)



When reaming, hold the tube end downward and be sure that no copper scraps fall into the tube. (Fig. 48)

- (3) Remove the flare nut from the unit and be sure to mount it on the copper tube.
- (4) Make a flare at the end of copper tube with a flare tool.\* (Figs. 49a and 49b)

(\*Use "RIGID" or equivalent.)

#### NOTE

A good flare should have the following characteristics:

- inside surface is glossy and smooth.
- edge is smooth.
- tapered sides are of uniform length.

#### 5-3. Caution before Connecting Tubes Tightly

- a) Be sure to apply a sealing cap or water-proof tape to prevent dust or water from getting into the tubes before they are used.
- Be sure to apply refrigerant lubricant to the matching surfaces of the flare and union before connecting them together. This is effective for reducing gas leaks. (Fig. 50)
- For proper connection, align the union tube and flare tube straight with each other, then screw in the flare nut lightly at first to obtain a smooth match. (Fig. 51)

#### Deburring

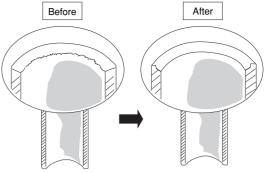


Fig. 47

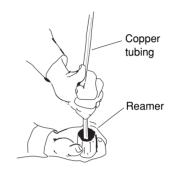
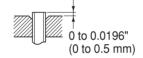
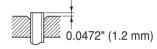


Fig. 48

If the special R410A flare tool is used:



If the previous flare tool (clutch-type) is used:



Adjust so that the amount of tube protrusion is as shown in the figure.

Fig. 49a

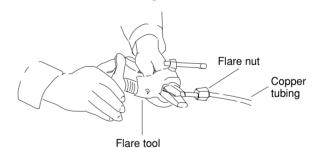


Fig. 49b

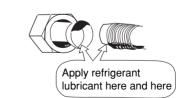


Fig. 50

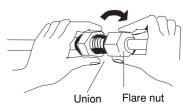


Fig. 51

# 5-4. Connecting Tubing between Indoor and Outdoor Units

- a) Tightly connect the indoor side refrigerant tubing extended from the wall with the outdoor side tubing. (Fig. 52)
- b) To fasten the flare nuts, apply specified torque as:

Table 6

Tube Dia.	Tightening Torque
1/4" (6.35 mm)	Approx. 120 – 160 lbs·in (140 – 180 kgf·cm)
3/8" (9.52 mm)	Approx. 300 – 360 lbs·in (340 – 420 kgf·cm)
1/2" (12.70 mm)	Approx. 430 – 540 lbs·in (490 – 610 kgf·cm)
5/8" (15.88 mm)	Approx. 590 – 710 lbs·in (680 – 820 kgf·cm)

#### 5-5. Insulation of Refrigerant Tubing

#### **IMPORTANT**

To prevent heat loss and wet floors due to dripping of condensation, **both tubes must be well insulated with a proper insulation material.** (Fig. 53)

The thickness of the insulation should be a minimum 5/16" (8 mm). (Fig. 54)

#### 5-6. Taping the Tubes



After a tube has been insulated, never try to bend it into a narrow curve, as this may cause the tube to break or crack.

- (1) At this time, the 2 refrigerant tubes (and electrical wire if local codes permit) should be taped together with armoring tape. The drain hose may also be included and taped together as 1 bundle with the tubing.
- (2) Wrap the armoring tape from the bottom of the outdoor unit to the top of the tubing where it enters the wall. As you wrap the tubing, overlap half of each previous tape turn. (Fig. 55)
- (3) Clamp the tubing bundle to wall, using 1 clamp approx. every 47" (120 cm).

#### NOTE

Do not wind the armoring tape too tightly, since this will decrease the heat insulation effect. Also, be sure the condensation drain hose splits away from the bundle and drips clear of the unit and the tubing.

#### 5-7. Finishing the Installation

After finishing insulating and taping over the tubing, use sealing putty to seal off the hole in the wall to prevent rain and draft from entering. (Fig. 56)

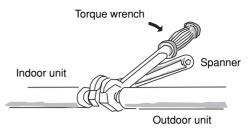


Fig. 52

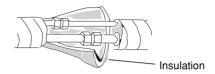


Fig. 53

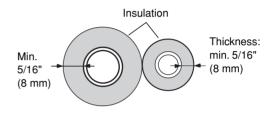


Fig. 54

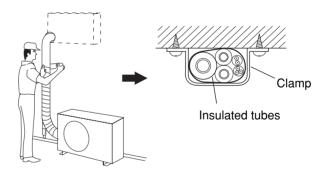


Fig. 55

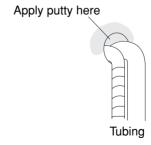


Fig. 56

#### 6. Air Purging

Air and moisture remaining in the refrigerant system have undesirable effects as indicated below. Therefore, they must be purged completely.

- pressure in the system rises
- operating current rises
- cooling (or heating) efficiency drops
- moisture in the air may freeze and block capillary tubing
- water may lead to corrosion of parts in the refrigerant system

#### ■ Air Purging with a Vacuum Pump (for Test Run)

- (1) Check that each tube (both narrow and wide tubes) between the indoor and outdoor units have been properly connected and all wiring for the test run has been completed. Note that both narrow and wide tube service valves on the outdoor unit are kept closed at this stage.
- (2) Using an adjustable wrench or box wrench, remove the valve caps from the service valve on both narrow and wide tubes.
- (3) Connect a vacuum pump and a manifold valve (with pressure gauges) to the service port on the wide tube service valve. (Fig. 57)



The service port on the wide tube service valve uses a Schrader core valve to access the refrigerant system. The valve core is similar to those used in automobile tires. Therefore, be sure to use a vacuum hose connector which has a pushpin inside.



Be sure to use a manifold valve for air purging. If it is not available, use a stop valve (field supply) for this purpose. The "Hi" knob of the manifold valve must always be kept closed.

(4) With the "Lo" knob of the manifold valve open, run the vacuum pump. The operation time for the vacuum pump varies with tubing length and the capacity of the pump. The following table shows the amount of time for evacuation:

Table 7

Required time for evacuation when 100 liter/h vacuum pump is used				
If tubing length is less than 33 ft. (10 m)  If tubing length is more than 33 ft. (10 m)				
10 min. or more	15 min. or more			

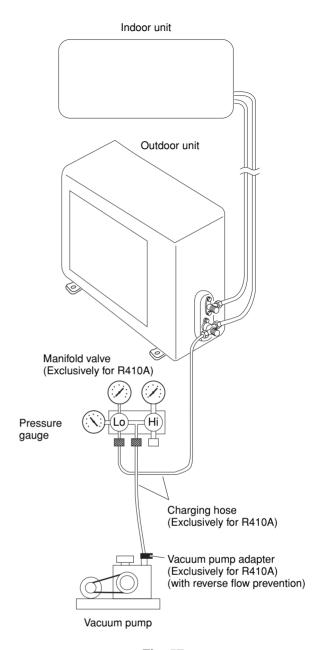


Fig. 57

### NOTE

To prevent other refrigerants from being mistakenly charged to units which use R410A, the size of the charge port on the service valve is different from the one for other refrigerant types. For servicing such as recharging, the specified charging hose, manifold and vacuum pump adapter (with reverse flow prevention) for R410A must be used.

#### NOTE

The required time in Table 7 is calculated based on the assumption that the ideal (or target) vacuum condition is around 10 mmHg abs.

- (5) With the vacuum pump still running, close the "Lo" knob of the manifold valve. Then stop the vacuum pump.
- (6) With the accessory hex wrench, turn the valve stem on the narrow tube service valve counter-clockwise by 90 degrees (1/4 turn) for 10 seconds, and then turn the stem clockwise to close it again. (Fig. 58)



Be sure to completely insert the hex wrench before attempting to turn the valve.

- (7) Leak test all joints at the tubing (both indoor and outdoors) with soapy water. Bubbles indicate a leak. Tighten the joint more when leaks, then check if there is no leak. Be sure to wipe off the soap with a clean cloth.
- (8) With the hex wrench, turn the wide tube service valve stem counter-clockwise to fully open the valve.
- (9) Turn the narrow tube service valve stem counterclockwise to fully open the valve.
- (10) Loosen the vacuum hose connected to the wide tube service port slightly to release the pressure. Then, remove the hose.



This may cause the refrigerant gas to leak. In order to avoid this, take off the hose quickly.

- (11) Fasten the valve cap on the wide tube service port securely with an adjustable wrench or box wrench. Next, mount the valve cap on the service valve and tighten it to 170 lbs·in (200 kgf·cm) with a torque wrench. This process is very important to prevent gas from leaking from the system.
- (12) Test run the air conditioner. (See next page.)
- (13) While the air conditioner is running, apply liquid soap to check for any gas leaks around the service valves or caps.
- (14) If there is no leakage, stop the air conditioner.
- (15) Wipe off the soap on the tubing.

This completes air purging with a vacuum pump and the air conditioner is ready for actual operation.

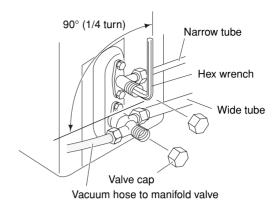


Fig. 58

#### How to Test Run the Air Conditioner

After turning on power to the air conditioner, use the remote controller and follow the steps below to conduct the test run.

- Set the remote controller in Test Run mode.
   (Fig. 59a)
  - a) Press and hold the ION button.
  - b) Then press and hold the 1HR TIMER button.
  - c) At the same time, press the ACL (reset) button once. Use a pointed object such as the tip of a pen to press the ACL button.
  - After a few seconds, "\$" appears and "oP-1" blinks in the remote controller display area.
     (Fig. 59b)
  - d) Release the 1HR TIMER button.
  - e) Release the ION button.
- (2) Start Cooling mode test run by pressing the ON/OFF operation button of the remote controller. (Fig. 59a)
  - This starts the fan producing uncooled forced air with the 4 indicator lamps (OPERATION lamp, TIMER lamp, QUIET lamp, and ION lamp) on the main unit blinking. (Fig. 59c)
  - After 3 minutes, the system shifts into cooling operation, and cool air will start to be felt. Cool mode test run is unaffected by the room temperature.
- (3) Press the ON/OFF operation button of the remote controller again to stop the test run. (Fig. 59a)
- (4) Finally press the ACL (reset) button of the remote controller to release it from Test Run mode to return to normal mode. (Fig. 59a)
  - "\mathbb{\*}" and "oP-1" will disappear from the remote controller display area.

### NOTE

#### Troubleshooting:

In the event that the green "Operation Light" is blinking upon powering up the system, an error condition exists. In this case, refer to the self-diagnostics procedure on the inside of the front cover.

#### **IMPORTANT**

After the test run is completed, be sure to press the ACL (reset) button to return to normal mode. The air conditioner will not operate correctly if this is not done.

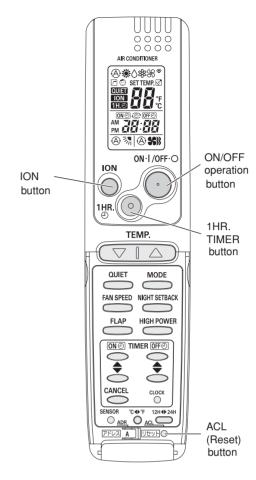


Fig. 59a

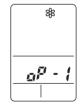


Fig. 59b

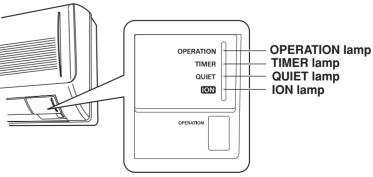


Fig. 59c

#### ■ Basic Functions of the Service Valves

The basic functions of the service valves are given in Table 8 below.

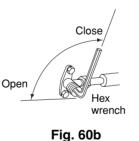
Table 8

Action	Narrow Tube Service Valve (2-Way)	Wide Tube Service Valve (3-Way)
Shipping	CLOSED	O-ring Valve cap Stem
Operating and test running the air conditioner	Fully OPEN	
Measuring pressure and gas charging	Fully OPEN	*
Air purging with a vacuum pump	CLOSED	*

\* The service port on the wide tube service valve uses a Schrader core valve to access the refrigerant system. Therefore, be sure to use a hose connector which has a push-pin inside. (Fig. 60a)



When opening or closing the service valve stem, use the accessory hex wrench. Be sure to fully seat the wrench before turning the valve.



# ■ Pump Down

Pump down means collecting all refrigerant gas in the system back into the outdoor unit without losing any of the gas. Pump down is used when the unit is to be moved or before servicing the refrigerant circuit.

#### **Pump Down Procedure**

#### Be sure to carry out pump down with the unit in cooling mode.

(1) Connect the Lo side charging hose of the manifold valve to the service port on the wide tube service valve.

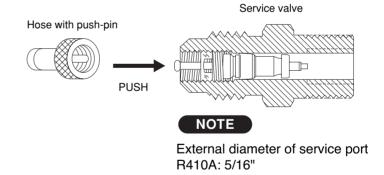


Fig. 60a

- (2) Using a hex wrench, turn the narrow tube service valve clockwise all the way to close the service valve. (Be sure to confirm that the wide tube service valve is fully open.)
- (3) Press the operation button and start cooling operation.
- (4) When the low pressure gauge reading falls to 14.2 to 7.1 psi (1 to 0.5 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>), fully close the wide tube valve stem. Then quickly stop the unit.
- (5) Disconnect all gauges and hoses, and replace the valve caps as they were before.

#### 7. Remote Control Unit Installation Position

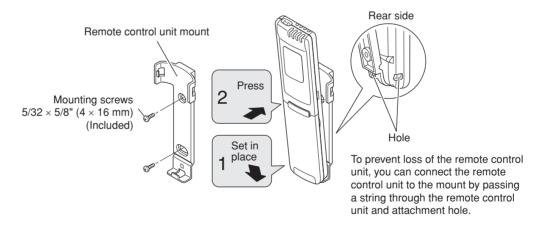
The remote control unit can be operated from either a non-fixed position or a wall-mounted position.

To ensure that the air conditioner operates correctly, do not install the remote control unit in the following places:

- In direct sunlight
- Behind a curtain or other place where it is covered
- More than 26' (8 m) away from the air conditioner
- In the path of the air conditioner's airstream
- Where it may become extremely hot or cold
- Where it may be subject to electrical or magnetic interference
- Where there is an obstacle between the remote control unit and the air conditioner (since a check signal is sent from the remote control unit every 5 minutes)

#### 7-1. Mounting on a Wall

Before mounting the remote control unit, press the ON/OFF operation button at the mounting location to make sure that the air conditioner operates from that location. The indoor unit should make a beeping sound to indicate that it has received the signal.



To take out the remote control unit, pull it forward.

Fig. 61

#### 8. Address Switch

#### 8-1. Address Setting of the Remote Control Unit

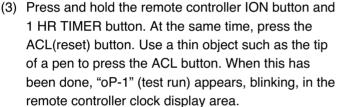
The address can be set in order to prevent interference between remote controllers when two Sanyo indoor units are installed near each other. The address is normally set to "A." To set a different address, it is necessary to change the address on the second remote controller.

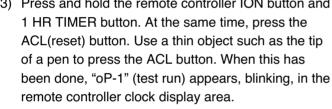
Fig. 62

#### NOTE

Once changed, you cannot restore the original address setting of the air conditioner.

- (1) Switch on the power source.
- (2) Break the address-setting tab marked "A" on the second remote controller to change the address (Fig. 62). When the tab is removed, the address is automatically set to B (Fig. 63).





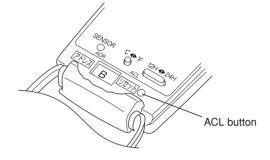
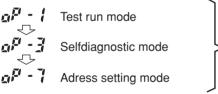
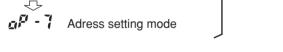


Fig. 63

(4) Each time the 1 HR TIMER button is pressed, the display changes as shown below. Press this button 2 times to change the display to "oP-7" (address setting). (Fig. 64)

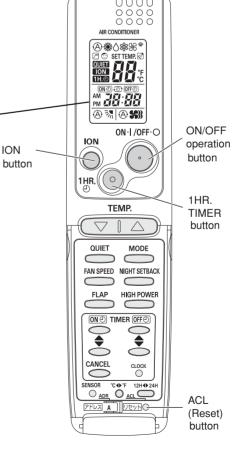






- (6) Press the ON/OFF operation button on the remote controller. (Fig. 64) Check that the "beep" signalreceived sound is heard from the second indoor unit (approximately 5 times). The sound you hear is the signal that the remote controller address has been changed.
- (7) Finally press the remote controller ACL (reset) button to cancel the blinking "oP-7" display. (Fig. 64)

Changing of the second remote controller address is now completed.



ION

Fia. 64

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