Software version TC1.0 NOVEMBER 2008



TANDBERG Codec C90

Administrator Guide

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What's in this guide?

The top menu bar and the entries in the Table of Contents are all hyperlinks, just click on them to go to the topic.



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Chapter 1 Introduction

Thank you for choosing TANDBERG!

Your TANDBERG Codec C90 has been designed to give you many years of safe, reliable operation.

How to read this document

You will find that some places information has been copied from other chapters (but adapted, when needed) to let you have all the relevant information there and then. This helps eliminating the need to read through long sections before you can even think of getting started.

Our main objective with this user guide is to address your goals and needs. Please let us know how well we succeeded!

We recommend you visit the TANDBERG web site regularly for updated versions of the manual.

Go to: ► http://www.tandberg.com/docs



In this chapter...

- Intellectual property rights
- Trademark
- Copyright
- Disclaimer
- Patent information
- Safety instructions
- Environmental issues

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Disclaimer

The specifications for the Products and the information in this document are subject to change at any time, without notice, by TANDBERG.

Every effort has been made to supply complete and accurate information in this Administrator Guide, however, TANDBERG assumes no responsibility or liability for any errors or inaccuracies that may appear in this document.

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The Products that are covered by this Administrator Guide are protected under copyright, patent, and other intellectual property rights of various jurisdictions. Any applicable software licenses and any limited warranty are located in the License Information section in this TANDBERG Codec C90 Administrator Guide.

This Product is

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Patent Information

The products described in this manual are covered by one or more of the following patents:

US6,584,077	US5,838,664	US5,600,646
US5,003,532	US5,768,263	US5,991,277
US7,034,860	US7,010,119	EP01953201
US6.731.334	GB1338127	

Other patents pending.

Please view ▶ www.tandberg.com/tandberg_pm.jsp for an updated list

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Safety Instructions

For your protection please read these safety instructions completely before you connect the equipment to the power source. Carefully observe all warnings, precautions and instructions both on the apparatus and in these operating instructions.

Retain this manual for future reference.

Water and Moisture

Do not operate the apparatus under or near water – for example near a bathtub, kitchen sink, or laundry tub, in a wet basement, near a swimming pool or in other areas with high humidity.

- Never install jacks for communication cables in wet locations unless the jack is specifically designed for wet locations.
- Do not touch the product with wet hands.

Cleaning

Unplug the apparatus from communication lines, mains power-outlet or any power source before cleaning or polishing. Do not use liquid cleaners or aerosol cleaners. Use a lint-free cloth lightly moistened with water for cleaning the exterior of the apparatus.

Ventilation

Do not block any of the ventilation openings of the apparatus. Never cover the slots and openings with a cloth or other material. Never install the apparatus near heat sources such as radiators, heat registers, stoves, or other apparatus (including amplifiers) that produce heat.

Do not place the product in direct sunlight or close to a surface directly heated by the sun.

Lightning

Never use this apparatus, or connect/disconnect communication cables or power cables during lightning storms.

Dust

Do not operate the apparatus in areas with high concentration of dust.

Vibration

Do not operate the apparatus in areas with vibration or place it on an unstable surface.

Power Connection and Hazardous Voltage

The product may have hazardous voltage inside.

- Never attempt to open this product, or any peripherals connected to the product, where this action requires a tool.
- This product should always be powered from an earthed power outlet.
- Never connect attached power supply cord to other products.
- In case any parts of the product has visual damage never attempt to connect main power, or any other power source, before consulting service personnel
- The plug connecting the power cord to the product/power supply serves as the main disconnect device for this equipment. The power cord must always be easily accessible.
- Route the power cord so as to avoid it being walked on or pinched by items placed upon or against it. Pay particular attention to the plugs, receptacles and the point where the cord exits from the apparatus.
- Do not tug the power cord.
- If the provided plug does not fit into your outlet, consult an electrician.
- Never install cables, or any peripherals, without first unplugging the device from its power source.

Servicing

- Do not attempt to service the apparatus yourself as opening or removing covers may expose you to dangerous voltages or other hazards, and will void the warranty. Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel.
- Unplug the apparatus from its power source and refer servicing to qualified personnel under the following conditions:
 - If the power cord or plug is damaged or fraved.
 - If liquid has been spilled into the apparatus.
 - If objects have fallen into the apparatus.
 - If the apparatus has been exposed to rain or moisture
 - If the apparatus has been subjected to excessive shock by being dropped.

- If the cabinet has been damaged.
- If the apparatus seems to be overheated.
- If the apparatus emits smoke or abnormal odor.
- If the apparatus fails to operate in accordance with the operating instructions.

Accessories

Use only accessories specified by the manufacturer, or sold with the apparatus.

Communication Lines

Do not use communication equipment to report a gas leak in the vicinity of the leak.

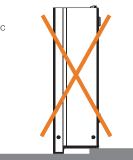
IMPORTANT!

There should always be a distance of minimum 10 cm (0.33 ft) free space in the front of the codec.



WARNING!

Make sure the Codec C90 never rest on the front panel.



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Environmental Issues

Thank you for buying a product which contributes to a reduction in pollution, and thereby helps save the environment. Our products reduce the need for travel and transport and thereby reduce pollution. Our products have either none or few consumable parts (chemicals, toner, gas, paper).

TANDBERG's Environmental Policy

Environmental stewardship is important to TANDBERG's culture. As a global company with strong corporate values. TANDBERG is committed to following international environmental legislation and designing technologies that help companies. individuals and communities creatively address environmental challenges.

TANDBERG's environmental objectives are to:

- Develop products that reduce energy consumption, CO2 emissions, and traffic congestion
- · Provide products and services that improve quality of life for our customers
- Produce products that can be recycled or disposed of safely at the end of product life
- Comply with all relevant environmental legislation.

Digital User Guides

TANDBERG is pleased to announce that we have replaced the printed versions of our user guides with digital versions available on the TANDBERG web site: ► http://www.tandberg.com/docs. The environmental benefits of this are significant. The user guides can still be printed locally, whenever needed.

European Environmental Directives

As a manufacturer of electrical and electronic equipment TANDBERG is responsible for compliance with the requirements in the European Directives 2002/96/EC (WEEE - Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) and 2002/95/EC (RoHS).

The primary aim of the WEEE Directive and RoHS Directive is to reduce the impact of disposal of electrical and electronic equipment at end-of-life. The WEEE Directive aims to reduce the amount of waste electrical and electronic equipment sent for disposal to landfill or incineration by requiring producers to arrange for collection and recycling. The RoHS Directive bans the use of certain heavy metals and brominated flame retardants to reduce the environmental impact of WEEE which is in landfill or incinerated.

TANDBERG has implemented necessary process changes to comply with the European WEEE Directive (2002/96/EC) and the European RoHS Directive (2002/95/EC).

Waste Handling

In order to avoid the dissemination of hazardous substances in our environment and to diminish the pressure on natural resources, we encourage you to use the appropriate recycling systems in your area. Those systems will reuse or recycle most of the materials of your end of life equipment in a sound wav.



TANDBERG products put on the market after August 2005 are marked with a crossed-out wheelie bin symbol that invites you to use those take-back systems.

Please contact your local supplier, the regional waste administration or visit our web page ► http:// www.tandberg.com/recycling if you need more information on the collection and recycling system in your area.

Information for Recyclers

As part of compliance with the European WEEE Directive, TANDBERG provides recycling information on request for all types of new equipment put on the market in Europe after August 13th 2005.

Please contact TANDBERG and provide the following details for the product for which you would like to receive recycling information:

- Model number of TANDBERG product
- Your company's name
- Contact name
- Address
- Telephone number
- E-mail.



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Chapter 2

Getting started

This chapter introduces you to the codec and gets you up and going.

This guide has been divided into several chapters, all of which provide different information. You can access the chapters directly by clicking on the menu bar at the top of this page.



In this chapter...

- Assemble your system
- Using the remote control
- ► Turn on the system
- ► Verify IP address settings
- ► Setting a static IP address
- Add the system to the network
- Verify your settings
- ► Time zone settings
- About monitors

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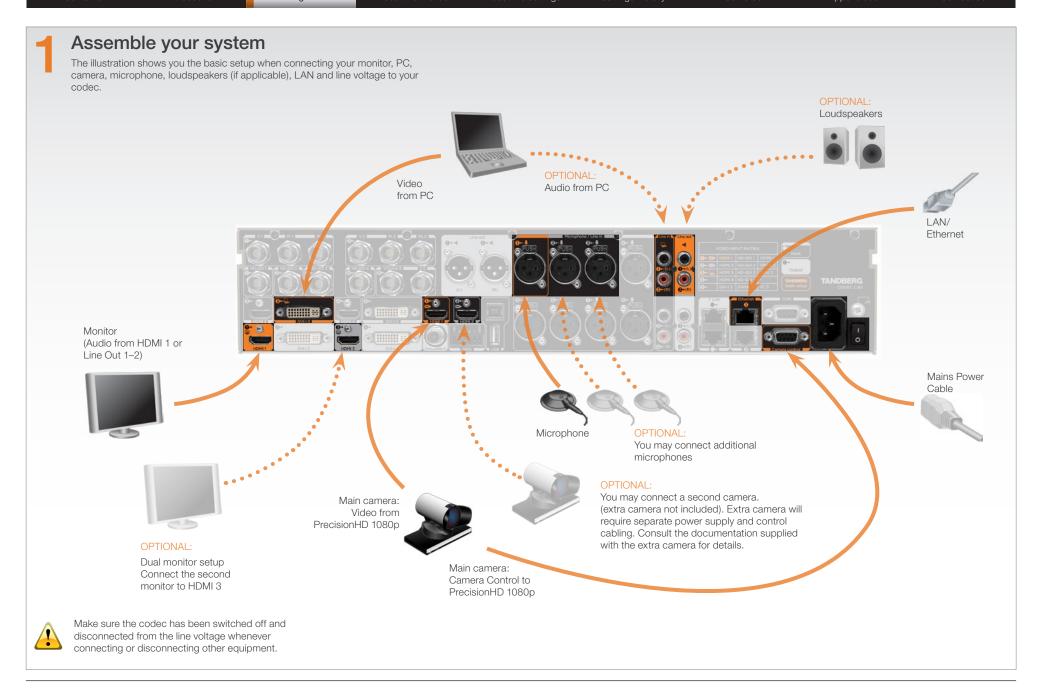
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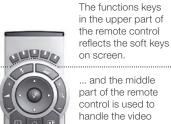
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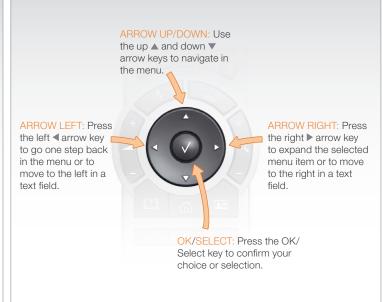
Using the Remote Control



part of the call.

... while the lower part of the remote control resembles very much the keypad of a mobile phone





Batteries

4ghi 5jki mno 6

7 pqrs 8 tuv wxyz 9

Make sure the remote control has working batteries (4 x AAA batteries).







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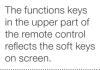
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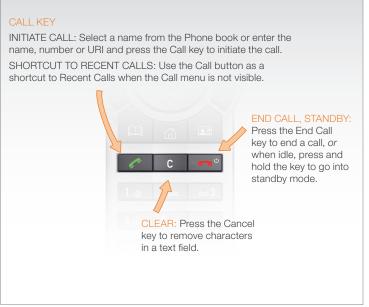
Using the Remote Control, *cont...*

7 pqrs 8 tuv wxyz 9



... and the middle part of the remote control is used to handle the video part of the call.

... while the lower part of the remote control resembles very much the keypad of a mobile phone











IR sensor range (DIP switch setting)

The IR sensor has a short and long range. Open the battery cover and remove the batteries to set the DIP switch.

- Short range (1 m): Move the DIP switch down
- · Long range: Move the DIP switch up.



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Turn on the system

- Turn on the codec and wait a few minutes for the system to start
- Make sure the remote control has the batteries installed.
- Press **Home** (n on the remote control to show the menu on screen
- When you can see the menu on screen, proceed to Step 2.

Show the menu:

• Press **Home** () on the remote control to show the menu on screen

Navigate in the menu:

 Use the arrow keys on the remote control to navigate up and down in the menus

Confirm your choice:

• To confirm your choice, press $\mathbf{OK}(\sqrt{\ })$ on the remote control

Verify IP address settings

Go to System Information to verify the IP address:

- 1. Navigate to Settings > System Information
- 2. When the IP address is automatically assigned from a DHCP server, the Address of the codec is shown on the System Information page.
- 3. Press **Home** () to exit.

If you need to set a static IP address Go to IP Settings to set static IP addresses: 1. Navigate to Settings > Administrator Settings > IP Settings. 2. Set IP Assignment to Static. Press the left arrow key to go back one step 3. Enter the IP Address, Subnet Mask and Gateway address in the address fields. The sequence is shown below. 4. Press **OK** to save the changes, or Cancel to leave without saving. 5. Press **Home** () to exit. IP SETTINGS IP Assignment: DHCP IP Address: Subnet Mask: Gateway: IP SETTINGS OK ODHCP IP Assignment: Static Cancel Static Subnet Mask: Gateway: OK Cancel IP SETTINGS IP Assignment: Static IP Address: Subnet Mask: Gateway: OK Cancel

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Add the system to the network

Your service provider should have provided you with the information you need to get on-line.

For H323 type of communication, this will include such things as system name, H323 alias, gatekeeper address, etc. For SIP type of communication, similar type of information will be supplied.

For networks administrated through TMS (TANDBERG Management Suite), your TMS administrator will be able to assist you when configuring.

The $\mbox{{\bf H323}}$ and $\mbox{{\bf SIP}}$ settings are configured from the Administrator Settings menu:

Navigate to Settings > Administrator Settings > Advanced Settings.

 Expand the items in need of modification and enter the information supplied by your service provider.





Verify your settings

We strongly recommend that you verify the settings by inspecting the System Information list.

You do this by accessing the System Information in the same way as you did when you verified you IP address setting.

Go to System Information to verify the settings:

- Navigate to Settings > System Information
- Verify the previous configurations. For example, if you successfully registered to a SIP server the Status will show Registered. If the registration failed the Status will show Not registered.
- 3. Press Home () to exit.



Time zone settings

Verify the date and time to see if the time zone settings need to be adjusted. The date and time is located in the upper right corner on screen.

Go to time zone settings to set the NTP (date and time) settings:

- 1. Navigate to Settings > Administrator Settings > Time > Zone
- You may need to consult the NTP Time Zone expression list to find the right expression. Go to the Appendices section and the NTP Time Zone expression to see a complete overview.
- 3. Enter the time zone expression for where the system is located. The default value is Etc/UTC.

NOTE: Spelling correctly is important when entering the NTP Time Zone expression

- 4. Press Save to save the changes, or Cancel to leave without saving.
- 5. Press **Home** () to exit.

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About main and dual monitors

The main monitor

The main monitor can be connected to the default video output HDMI 1 or one of the other outputs which are HDMI 3, DVI-I 2 or DVI-I 4.

Connecting to HDMI 1

When you connect the main monitor to the default video output on Codec C90 the menu, icons and other information on screen (OSD on screen display) will show on this monitor.

Connecting to DVI-I 2, DVI-I 4, HDMI 3

When connecting the main monitor to another video output, and no menu shows on screen, you must run a shortcut on the remote control to reset the resolution and move the OSD to this output.

The resolution will be set to the default value, which is 1280x720@60Hz for HDMI and 1024x768@60Hz for DVI.

The menu on screen, icons and other information (OSD - on screen display) will be moved to the selected output.

Key sequence

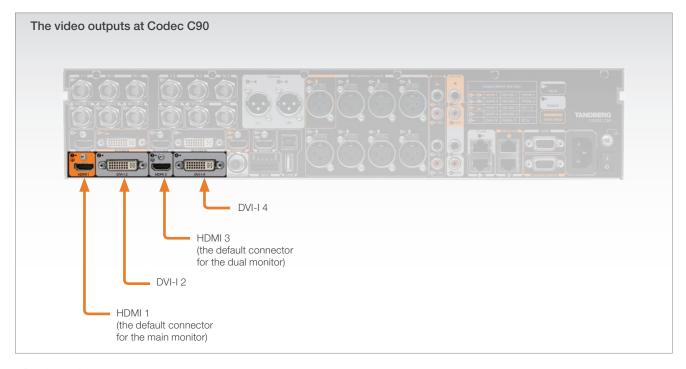
If connected to DVI-I 2, DVI-I 4 or HDMI 3 you must run the following shortcut or key sequence on the remote control.

• Disconnect * # * # 0 x # (where x is output 2, 3 or 4)

Example: Set DVI-I 2 as the OSD output:

Disconnect * # * # 0 2 #

You can also set the resolution and the OSD output by setting up a serial port connection and run API commands. See the Codec C90 System Integrator Guide for information about API commands.



Dual monitors

When you want to run a dual monitor setup, connect the second monitor to video output HDMI 3 on Codec C90.

Dual monitor configuration

Go to Administrator settings to set the monitor to dual:

- Navigate to Settings > Administrator Settings > Video > Output > Monitor
- 2. Set the Monitor to Dual.
- 3. Press **Home** () to exit.

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Chapter 3

About the menus

In this chapter...

Explains the menu system



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About the menus

The menu system is divided into three levels:

- 1. The Home menu
- 2. The Settings menu
- 3. The Administrator Settings menu

Navigate in the menus

Use the remote control to navigate in the menus:

- Use the arrows down/up to select a menu item
- Use the arrow right to expand the selection
- Use the arrow left to go one step back

Change a value

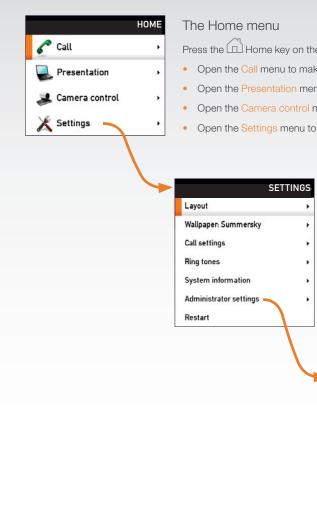
- Select a value from a drop down list and press the OK button to save, or press the left arrow to leave without saving.
- Enter a value/text in a value/text field. Press Save to save the change or Cancel to leave without saving.

In this guide we will concentrate on what's behind the Administrator Settings menu and leave the other menus to be explained in the Codec C90 User Guide.



You can download the Codec C90 User Guide from our web site.

Go to: ► http://www.tandberg.com/docs



Press the Home key on the remote control to open the Home menu:

- Open the Call menu to make a call
- Open the Presentation menu to select a presentation source
- Open the Camera control menu to pan, tilt or zoom the camera
- Open the Settings menu to configure the system

The Settings menu

The Settings menu lets the user:

- Open the Layout control menu to control the screen layout, including selfview
- Select Wallpaper to chose a background picture on screen
- Open the Call settings menu to configure the default bit rate and auto answer settings
- Select Ring tones to chose a ring tone
- Open the System Information page to see an overview of the system configurations
- Open the Administrator settings menu to configure the system
- · Select Restart to restart the system.



The Administrator settings menu

The Administrator settings menu lets the user:

- Open the IP address menu to configure the IP settings
- Open the Advanced configuration menu to access the system configuration settings



Changes in the administrator settings may affect the behavior of the system and should be configured by the system administrator.

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Chapter 4

The Settings menu



Explaining the administrator settings



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Administrator settings

The Administrator settings menu lets the user configure the IP settings and the system settings.

The IP Settings menu

The IP Settings are found in the IP Settings menu as well as in the Advanced Configuration menu in the Network settings.



Changes in the administrator settings may affect the behavior of the system and should be configured by the system administrator.



Each setting is explained in the administrator The settings library section.

Navigate in the menus

Use the remote control to navigate in the menus:

- Use the arrows down/up to select a menu item
- Use the arrow right to expand the selection
- Use the arrow left to go one step back

Change a value

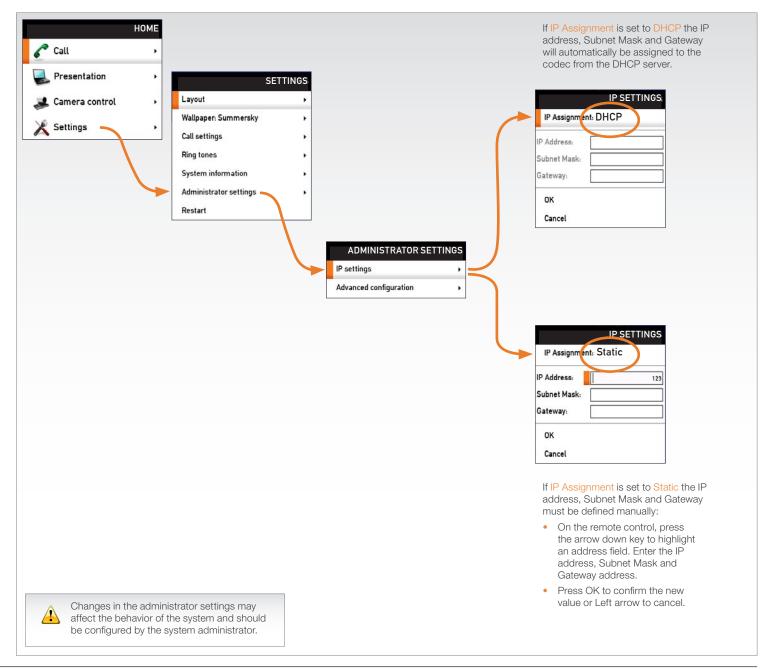
- Select a value from a drop down list and press the OK button to save, or press the left arrow to leave without saving.
- Enter a value/text in a value/text field. Press Save to save the change or Cancel to leave without saving.

In this guide we will concentrate on what's behind the Administrator Settings menu and leave the other menus to be explained in the Codec C90 User Guide.



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Administrator settings, cont...

The Administrator settings menu lets the user:

- Open the IP address menu to configure the IP settings
- Open the Advanced configuration menu to access the system configuration settings

The Advanced configuration menu

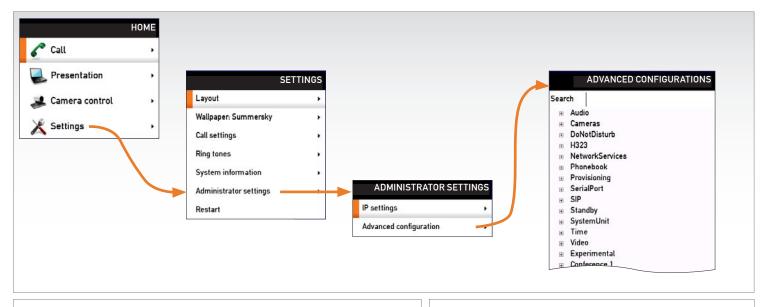
The Advanced configuration defines the system settings. The system settings are structured in a hierarchy, making up a database of system settings.



Changes in the administrator settings may affect the behavior of the system and should be configured by the system administrator.

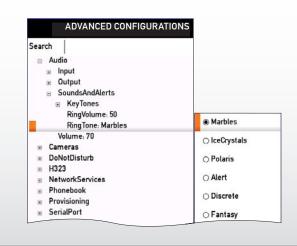


Each setting is explained in the administrator The settings library section.



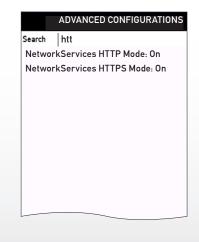
Navigate in the menu

- 1. Use the up ▲ and down ▼ arrow keys on the remote control to navigate in the menu
- 2. Press the right ▶ arrow key to expand the selected menu item or to move to the right in a text field
- Press the left ◀ arrow key to go one step back in the menu or to move to the left in a text field
- 4. Press the OK/Select key to confirm your choice or selection





Enter the as many characters as needed, until the setting you are searching for displays in the list.



In this guide we will concentrate on what's behind the Administrator Settings menu and leave the other menus to be explained in the Codec C90 User Guide.



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Chapter 5

Administrator Settings Library

This chapter gives a detailed description of the administrator settings

The administrator settings defines the system settings and are structured in a hierarchy, making up a database of system settings.

NOTE: The description of the Administrator settings are preliminary, and subject to change.



In this chapter...

- Audio
- Cameras
- Conference
- Do Not Disturb
- ► H323
- Network
- Network Services
- ▶ Phone Book Server
- Provisioning
- Serial Port
- ► SIP
- Standby
- System Unit
- Video

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Description of the administrator settings

In the following pages you will find a complete list of the administrator settings. The examples shows either the default value or an example of a value.

We recommend you visit the TANDBERG web site regularly for updated versions of the manual. Go to: http://www.tandberg.com/docs

NOTE: The description of the Administrator settings are preliminary, and subject to change,

The Audio settings

Audio Volume: <0..100>

Sets the volume level [0-100] on the loudspeaker output in steps of 0.5dB from -34.5dB to 15dB. Volume 0 = Off.

The volume level bar which is displayed on screen, when using the remote control, goes from 0 to 20.

Range: The volume level goes from 0 to 100

Volum level equals Audio gain value

0 equals 0

1 equals -34.5 dB

70 equals 0.0 dB

100 equals 15.0 dB

Example: Audio Volume: 70

Audio Input Microphone [1..8] Type: <Microphone/Line>

The microphone inputs are intended for electret type microphones. The microphone inputs are balanced with 48 V phantom power. The microphone input can be set to line or microphone mode. Addresses the specific microphone.

Microphone: Phantom voltage and pre-amplification is On

Line: Select Line when you have a standard balanced line input. The phantom voltage and pre-amplification is Off.

Example: Audio Input Microphone 1 Type: Line

Audio Input Microphone [1..8] Mode: <On/Off>

By default, all inputs are enabled. Just plug in an audio source and it is active. Audio inputs that are On will automatically be mixed. Unconnected inputs will automatically be muted. Addresses the specific microphone.

On: Turns the microphone On.

Off: Connected but unused inputs should be set to Off to prevent audio/noise from the inputs.

Example: Audio Input Microphone 1 Mode: On

Audio Input Microphone [1..8] Level: <0..18>

Defines the input level of each microphone in steps of 1dB from 0dB to 18 dB. Addresses the specific microphone.

Please see the Audio Level tabels in the Codec C90 System Integrators Guide for a complete overview of the menu values represented in dB.

Range: 0 to 18 dB

Example: Audio Input Microphone 1 Level: 14

Audio Input Microphone [1..8] EchoControl Mode: <On/Off>

The echo canceller continuously adjusts itself to the audio characteristics of the room and compensate for any changes it detects in the audio environment. If the changes in the audio conditions are very significant the echo canceller may take a second or two to re-adjust. Addresses the specific microphone.

On: Echo Control is normally set to On to prevent the far end from hearing their own audio. Once selected, echo cancellation is active at all times.

Off: Echo Control should be switched Off if external echo cancellation or playback equipment is used.

Example: Audio Input Microphone 1 EchoControl Mode: On

Audio Input Microphone [1..8] EchoControl NoiseReduction: <On/Off>

The system has a built-in noise reduction which reduces constant background noise (e.g. noise from air-conditioning systems, cooling fans etc.). In addition, a high pass filter (Humfilter) reduces very low frequency noise. Requires the Echo Control Mode to be enabled for the specified microphone. Addresses the specific microphone.

On: The Noice Reduction should be set to On in the presence of low frequency noise.

Off: Turns Noise Reduction Off for the specified microphone input.

Example: Audio Input Microphone 1 EchoControl NoiseReduction: On

Audio Input HDMI [3, 4] Mode: <On/Off>

Determines whether or not the audio channel on the HDMI input should be active. The HDMI 3 and HDMI 4 has audio channels. Addresses the specific Audio HDMI input.

On: Set to On to enable the audio channel on the HDMI input 3 or 4.

Off: Set to On to disable the audio channel on the HDMI input.

Example: Audio Input HDMI 3 Mode: On

Audio Input Line [1..4] Mode: <On/Off>

Determines whether or not an Audio Line input is active. Addresses the specific Audio Line input.

On: Set to On to enable the Audio Line input.

Off: Set to Off to disable the Audio Line input.

Example: Audio Input Line 1 Mode: On

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Audio Input Line [1..4] Level: <0..18>

Defines the input level of each Line input in steps of 1dB from 0dB to 18 dB. Addresses the specific Audio Line input.

Please see the Audio Level tabels in the Codec C90 System Integrators Guide for a complete overview of the menu values represented in dB.

Range: 0 to 18 dB

Contents

Example: Audio Input Line 1 Level: 10

Audio Input Line [1..4] Channel: <Left/Right/Mono>

Defines whether the Audio Line input is a mono signal or part of a multichannel signal.

Left: The Audio Line input signal is the left channel of a stereo signal.

Right: The Audio Line input signal is the right channel of a stereo signal.

Mono: The Audio Line input signal is a mono signal.

Example: Audio Input 3 Channel: Left

Audio Input Line [3..4] LoopSuppression: <On/Off>

Loop suppression detects whether a delayed signal loop is present from an audio Line output to an audio Line input on the codec. If a loop is detected this unwanted feedback is suppressed. This function may be useful if a DVD player is connected to both an input and an output of the codec. If the DVD player is in stop or record mode it will loop the output signal from the codec directly back to the codec's input.

On: Set to On to activate Loop Suppression. When Loop Suppression is activated the codec will detect delayed signal loops from line output 3 to line input 3 and from line output 4 to line input 4. (Only line input 3 and 4, and line output 3 and 4 are intended connected to a DVD player in the current setup.)

Off: Set to Off to deactivate Loop Suppression. Note! Line input 1 and 2 do not support Loop Suppression, hence Loop Suppression can be set to Off only for these outputs.

Example: Audio Input Line 3 LoopSuppression: On

Audio Output Line [1..6] Mode: <On/Off>

Determines whether or not an Audio Line output is active. Addresses the specific Audio Line output.

On: Set to On to enable the Audio Line output.

Off: Set to Off to disable the Audio Line output.

Example: Audio Output Line 1 Mode: On

Audio Output Line [1, 3] Type: <Auto/SPDIF>

Determines if the Audio Line output is an analog or digital type output. Addresses the specified Audio Line output (1 or 3).

Auto: The system will select analog or digital (SPDIF) mode depending on the detected Audio Module. If a TANDBERG Digital NAM is detected then SPDIF mode will be selected, otherwise analog mode will be selected.

SPDIF: Set to SPDIF when you want the Audio Line 1 or 3 output to be in digital mode. This will disable Output Line 2 and 4.

Example: Audio Output Line 1 Type: Auto

Audio Output Line [2, 4..6] Type: <Analog>

Line output 2, 4, 5, 6 are dedicated analog outputs, hence type can be set to analog only.

Example: Audio Output line 2 type: analog

Audio Output Line [1..6] Level: <-18..0>

Defines the output level of the specified Audio Output Line in steps of 1dB from -18dB to 0dB. Addresses the specific Audio Line output connector.

Please see the Audio Level tabels in the Codec C90 System Integrators Guide for a complete overview of the menu values represented in dB.

Range: -18 to 0 dB

Example: Audio Output Line 1 Level: -10

Audio Output Line [1..6] Channel: <Left/Right/Mono>

Defines whether the Audio Line output is a mono signal or part of a multichannel signal.

Left: The Audio Line output signal is the left channel of a stereo signal.

Right: The Audio Line output signal is the right channel of a stereo signal.

Mono: The Audio Line output signal is a mono signal.

Example: Audio Output Line 1 Channel: left

Audio Output HDMI [1, 3] Mode: <On/Off>

Determines whether or not the audio channel on the HDMI output should be active. Addresses the specific Audio HDMI output.

On: Set to On to enable the audio channel on the HDMI 1 or HDMI 3 output.

Off: Set to On to disable the audio channel on the HDMI 1 or HDMI 3 output.

Example: Audio Output HDMI 1 mode: On

Audio SoundsAndAlerts KeyTones Mode: <On/Off>

Determines whether or not the system should produce a sound every time a key on the remote control is pressed.

On: There will be a sound indicator when pressing keys on the remote control.

Off: The remote control Key Tones is switched off.

Example: Audio SoundsAndAlerts KeyTones Mode: Off

Audio SoundsAndAlerts RingVolume: <0..100>

Defines the volume of the ring tone for an incoming call.

The ring tone volume level bar which is displayed on screen, when using the remote control, goes from 0 to 20

Range: The ring tone volume goes from 0 to 100

Volum level equals Audio gain value

0 equals 0

1 equals -34.5 dB

70 equals 0.0 dB

100 equals 15.0 dB

Example: Audio SoundsAndAlerts RingVolume: 50

Audio SoundsAndAlerts RingTone: <Marbles/IceCrystals/Polaris/Alert/Discrete/Fantasy/Jazz/Nordic/Echo/Rhythmic>

Defines the ringtone for incoming calls.

Range: Select a tone from the list of ringtones.

Example: Audio SoundsAndAlerts RingTone: Jazz

The Camera settings

Cameras Camera [1..7] Backlight: <On/Off>

Backlight is used to compensate for lights shining directly at the camera (usually the sun entering the window) to avoid a too dark image from the room. Addresses the specific camera.

On: Set to On to turn on the backlight compensation.

Off: Set to Off to turn the backlight compensation off.

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Backlight: Off

Cameras Camera [1..7] Mirror: <On/Off>

The Mirror mode makes it possible to reverse the the video on screen. Normally you will see yourself in the same view as other people sees you. With mirror enabled the experience will be like looking at yourself in a mirror. Addresses the specific camera.

On: Set to On to see the selfview in mirror mode, e.g. the selfview is reversed and the experience of selfview is as seeing yourself in a mirror.

Off: Set to Off to see the selfview in normal mode, e.g. the experience of selfview is as seeing yourself as other people see you.

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Mirror: Off

Cameras Camera [1..7] Flip: <On/Off>

Applies to cameras which supports Flip mode. Enables the video on screen to be flipped upside down. Addresses the specific camera. TANDBERG PrecisionHD 1080p camera auto detects if the camera is mounted upside down, hence flip mode is not necessary.

On: When set to On the video on screen is flipped. This setting is used with cameras that can be mounted upside down, but cannot auto detect that the camera is mounted upside down.

Off: Set to Off to display the video on screen the normal way.

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Flip: Off

Cameras Camera [1..7] IrSensor: <On/Off>

The Camera IR setting determines whether the infrared receiver at the camera should be enabled or not. The IR sensor LED is located in the front of the camera and flickers when the IR sensor is activated from the remote control. Addresses the specific camera.

On: Set to On to enable the IR sensor on the camera.

Off: Set to Off to disable the IR sensor on the camera.

Example: Cameras Camera 1 IrSensor: On

Cameras Camera [1..7] Brightness Mode: <Auto/Manual>

Define whether to control the camera brightness manually or to have it automatically adjusted by the system. Addresses the specific camera.

Auto: When set to Auto, the camera brightness is automatically set by the system.

Manual: Set to Manual to enable manual control of the camera brightness, e.g. the level of the brightness level setting will be used for the camera.

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Brightness Mode: auto

Cameras Camera [1..7] Brightness Level: <1..31>

Define the Brightness Level for the camera. Requires the Brightness Mode to be set to manual. Addresses the specific camera.

Range: 1-31

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Brightness Level: 1

Cameras Camera [1..7] Whitebalance Mode: <Auto/Manual>

Define whether to control the camera whitebalance manually or to have it automatically adjusted by the system. Addresses the specific camera.

Auto: When set to Auto, the camera will continuously adjust the whitebalance depending on the camera view.

Manual: Set to Manual to enable manual control of the camera whitebalance, e.g. the level of the whitebalance level setting will be used for the camera.

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Whitebalance Mode: auto

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Cameras Camera [1..7] Whitebalance Level: <1..16>

Specify which camera to control. Define the Whitebalance Level for the camera. Requires the Whitebalance Mode to be set to manual. Addresses the specific camera.

Range: 1-16

Contents

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Whitebalance Level: 1

Cameras Camera [1..7] Focus Mode: <Auto/Manual>

Determines whether the camera should be in auto focus or manual focus mode. Addresses the specific camera.

Auto: When set to Auto the focus will be updated throughout the call. When moving the camera, the system will use auto focus for a few seconds to set the right focus of the new camera position. After a few seconds auto focus is turned off to prevent continuous focus adjustments of the camera.

Manual: If set to Manual the focus is adjusted manually.

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Focus Mode: auto

Cameras Camera [1..7] Gamma Mode: <Auto/Manual>

Applies to cameras which supports Gamma mode. The Gamma Mode setting enables for gamma corrections. Gamma describes the nonlinear relationship between image pixels and monitor brightness. Addresses the specific camera. The TANDBERG PrecisionHD 1080p camera do not need Gamma Mode. The TANDBERG PrecisionHD camera do support Gamma Mode.

Auto: Auto is the default and the recommended setting.

Manual: In severe light conditions, you may switch mode to manual and specify explicitly which gamma table to use by setting the Gamma Level.

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Gamma Mode: auto

Cameras Camera [1..7] Gamma Level: <0..7>

By setting the Gamma Level you can select which gamma correction table to use. This setting may be useful in difficult lighting conditions, where changes to the the brightness setting does not provide satisfactory results. Requires the Gamma Mode to be set to Manual. Addresses the specific camera.

Range: 0-7

Example: Cameras Camera 1 Gamma Level: 0

The Conference settings

Conference [1..1] AutoAnswer Mode: <On/Off>

The Autoanswer setting determines whether an incoming call is put through automatically or manually.

On: The system will automatically answer all incoming calls.

Off: All incoming call must be answered manually by pressing the OK key or the green Call key on the remote control.

Example: Conference 1 AutoAnswer Mode: Off

Conference [1..1] AutoAnswer Delay: <0..50>

Defines how long (in seconds) an incoming call has to wait before it is answered automatically by the system. Requires the Autoanswer Mode to be enabled.

Range: 0-50 seconds

Example: Conference 1 AutoAnswer Delay: 0

Conference [1..1] IncomingMultisiteCall Mode: <Allow/Deny>

The Incoming Multisite Call setting determines whether or not the system should accept incoming calls to an already active conference.

Allow: When set to Allow, and with an ongoing MCU call/conference, the user can accept another incoming call. This will result in the incoming call being added to the MCU conference.

Deny: The system will not accept incoming calls when you are in a call. The calling side will receive a busy signal.

Example: Conference 1 IncomingMultisiteCall Mode: Allow

Conference [1..1] FarEndControl Mode: <On/Off>

Lets you control if the remote side (far end) should be allowed to select your video sources and control your local camera (pan, tilt, zoom).

On: Set to On when you want the the far end to be able to select your video sources and control your local camera (pan, tilt, zoom). You will still be able to control your camera and select your video sources as normal.

Off: When set to Off the far end can not access any of the features above on your system.

Example: Conference 1 FarEndControl Mode: On

Conference [1..1] Encryption Mode: <Off/BestEffort>

BestEffort: The system will use encryption whenever possible.

In Point to point calls: If the far end system supports encryption (AES-128), the call will be encrypted. If not, the call will proceed without encryption.

In MultiSite calls: In order to have encrypted MultiSite conferences, all sites must support encryption. If not, the conference will be unencrypted.

Icons on screen: A padlock with the text "Encryption On" displays on screen, for a few seconds, when the conference starts.

Off: The system will not use encryption.

Example: Conference 1 Encryption Mode: BestEffort

Conference [1..1] DefaultCall Protocol: <H323/SIP>

Specify the Default Call Protocol to be used when placing calls from the system. The call protocol can also be defined directly for each call when setting up a call.

H.323: Select H.323 to ensure that calls are set up as a H.323 calls.

SIP: Select SIP to ensure that calls are set up as a SIP calls.

Example: Conference 1 DefaultCall Protocol: H323

Conference [1..1] DefaultCall Rate: <64..6000>

Specify the Default Call Rate to be used when placing calls from the system. The call rate can also be defined directly for each call when setting up a call.

Range: 64-6000 kbps

Example: Conference 1 DefaultCall Rate: 766

The Do not disturb setting

DoNotDisturb Mode: <On/Off>

The Do Not Disturb setting determines whether or not there should be an alert on incoming calls.

On: Set to On when you want no alert to incoming calls. The calling side will receive a busy signal when trying to call the codec.

Off: This is the default setting. The DoNotDisturb is automatically turned Off if the codec receives any IR signal from the handheld remote control.

Example: DoNotDisturb Mode: Off

The H323 Profile settings

H323 Profile [1..1] PortAllocation: < Dynamic/Static>

The H.323 Port Allocation setting affects the H.245 port numbers used for H.323 call signalling.

Dynamic: The system will allocate which ports to use when opening a TCP connection. The reason for doing this is to avoid using the same ports for subsequent calls, as some firewalls consider this as a sign of attack. When Dynamic is selected, the H.323 ports used are from 11000 to 20999. Once 20999 is reached they restart again at 11000. For RTP and RTCP media data, the system is using UDP ports in the range 2326 to 2487. Each media channel is using two adjacent ports, ie 2330 and 2331 for RTP and RTCP respectively. The ports are automatically selected by the system within the given range. Firewall administrators should not try to deduce which ports are used when, as the allocation schema within the mentioned range may change without any further notice.

Static: When set to Static the ports are given within a static predefined range [5555-6555].

Example: H323 Profile 1 PortAllocation: Dynamic

H323 Profile [1..1] H323Alias ID: <S: 0, 49>

Lets you specify the H.323 Alias ID which is used to address the system on a H.323 Gatekeeper and will be displayed in the call lists. Example: "name.surname@company.com", "My H.323 Alias ID"

Format: String with a maximum of 49 characters

Example: H323 Profile 1 H323Alias ID: ""

H323 Profile [1..1] H323Alias E164: <S: 0, 30>

The H.323 Alias E.164 defines the address of the system, according to the numbering plan implemented in the H.323 Gatekeeper. The E.164 alias is equivalent to a telephone number, sometimes combined with access codes. Example: "9047615901", ""550092"

Format: Compact string with a maximum of 30 characters. Valid characters are 0-9, * and #.

Example: H323 Profile 1 H323Alias E164: ""

H323 Profile [1..1] CallSetup Mode: <Direct/Gatekeeper>

The H.323 Call Setup Mode defines whether to use a Gatekeeper or Direct calling when establishing H323 calls.

Direct: An IP-address must be used when dialling in order to make the H323 call.

Gatekeeper: The system will use a Gatekeeper to make a H.323 call. When selecting this option the H323 Profile Gatekeeper Address and H323 Profile Gatekeeper Discovery settings must also be configured.

NOTE! Direct H.323 calls can be made even though the H.323 Call Setup Mode is set to Gatekeeper.

Example: H323 Profile 1 CallSetup Mode: Gatekeeper

H323 Profile [1..1] Gatekeeper Address: <S: 0, 64>

Specifies the IP address of the Gatekeeper. Requires the H.323 Call Setup Mode to be set to Gatekeeper and the Gatekeeper Discovery to be set to Manual.

Format: String with a maximum of 64 characters.

Example: H323 Profile 1 Gatekeeper Address: "10.47.1.58"

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H323 Profile [1..1] Gatekeeper Discovery: <Manual/Auto>

Determines how the system shall register to a H.323 Gatekeeper.

Manual: The system will use a specific Gatekeeper identified by the Gatekeeper's IP-address.

Auto: The system will automatically try to register to any available Gatekeeper. If a Gatekeeper responds to the request sent from the codec within 30 seconds this specific Gatekeeper will be used. This requires that the Gatekeeper is in auto discovery mode as well. If no Gatekeeper responds, the system will not use a Gatekeeper for making H.323 calls and hence an IP-address must be specified manually.

Example: H323 Profile 1 Gatekeeper Discovery: Manual

H323 Profile [1..1] Authentication LoginName: <S: 0, 50>

The system sends the Authentication Login Name and the Authentication Password to a H.323 Gatekeeper for authentication. The authentication is a one way authentication from the codec to the H.323 Gatekeeper, i.e. the system is authenticated to the gatekeeper. If the H.323 Gatekeeper indicates that no authentication is required, the system will still try to register. Requires the H.323 Gatekeeper Authentication Mode to be enabled.

Format: String with a maximum of 50 characters.

Example: H323 Profile 1 Authentication Loginname: ""

H323 Profile [1..1] Authentication Password: <S: 0, 50>

The system sends the Authentication Login Name and the Authentication Password to a H.323 Gatekeeper for authentication. The authentication is a one way authentication from the codec to the H.323 Gatekeeper, i.e. the system is authenticated to the gatekeeper. If the H.323 Gatekeeper indicates that no authentication is required, the system will still try to register. Requires the H.323 Gatekeeper Authentication Mode to be enabled.

Format: String with a maximum of 50 characters.

Example: H323 Profile 1 Authentication Password:

H323 Profile [1..1] Authentication Mode: <On/Off>

On: If the H.323 Gatekeeper Authentication Mode is set to On and a H.323 Gatekeeper indicates that it requires authentication, the system will try to authenticate itself to the gatekeeper. Requires the Authentication ID and Authentication Password to be defined on both the codec and the Gatekeeper.

Off: If the H.323 Gatekeeper Authentication Mode is set to Off the system will not try to authenticate itself to a H.323 Gatekeeper, but will still try a normal registration.

Example: H323 Profile 1 Authentication Mode: Off

The Network settings

Network [1..1] Assignment: <Static/DHCP>

Defines whether to use DHCP or Static IP assignment.

Static: The IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default Gateway for the system must be specified in the respective address fields.

DHCP: The system adresses are automatically assigend by the DHCP server.

Changes to this setting requires a restart of the codec.

Example: Network 1 Assignment: DHCP

Network [1..1] IPv4 Address: <S: 0, 64>

Defines the Static IP address for the system. Only applicable if Static IP assignment is chosen.

Format: Compact string with a maximum of 64 characters.

Example: Network 1 IPv4 Address: "10.47.5.100"

Network [1..1] IPv4 SubnetMask: <S: 0, 64>

Defines the IP subnet mask. Only applicable if Static IP assignment is chosen.

Format: Compact string with a maximum of 64 characters.

Example: Network 1 IPv4 SubnetMask: "255.255.255.0"

Network [1..1] IPv4 Gateway: <S: 0, 64>

Defines the IP default gateway. Only applicable if Static IP assignment is chosen.

Format: Compact string with a maximum of 64 characters.

Example: Network 1 IPv4 Gateway: "10.47.5.100"

Network [1..1] IPv4 QoS Mode: <Off/Diffserv>

Defines whether IP Diffserv QoS should be used. The QoS (Quality of Service) is a method which handles the priority of audio, video and data in the network. The QoS settings must be supported by the infrastructure. DiffServ (Differentiated Services) is a computer networking architecture that specifies a simple, scalable and coarse-grained mechanism for classifying, managing network traffic and providing QoS priorities on modern IP networks.

Off: When set to Off no QoS method is used.

Diffserv: Select Diffserv and then go to the Diffserv sub-menus (Audio, Data, Signalling and Video) to configure these settings.

Example: Network 1 IPv4 QoS Mode: diffserv

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Network [1..1] IPv4 QoS Diffserv Audio: <0..63>

The DiffServ Audio setting is used to define which priority Audio packets should have in an IP network. Enter a priority, which ranges from 0 to 63 for the packets. The higher the number, the higher the priority. These priorities might be overridden when packets are leaving the network controlled by the local network administrator.

Audio: A recommended value is DiffServ Code Point (DSCP) is AF41, which equals the value 34. If in doubt, contact your network administrator.

Range: 0-63

Example: Network 1 IPv4 OoS Diffserv Audio: 0

Network [1..1] IPv4 QoS Diffserv Data: <0..63>

The DiffServ Data setting is used to define which priority Data packets should have in an IP network. Enter a priority, which ranges from 0 to 63 for the packets. The higher the number, the higher the priority. These priorities might be overridden when packets are leaving the network controlled by the local network administrator.

Data: A recommended value is DiffServ Code Point (DSCP) AF23, which equals the value 22. If in doubt, contact your network administrator.

Range: 0-63

Example: Network 1 IPv4 QoS Diffserv Data: 0

Network [1..1] IPv4 QoS Diffserv Signalling: <0..63>

The DiffServ Signalling setting is used to define which priority Signalling packets should have in an IP network. Enter a priority, which ranges from 0 to 63 for the packets. The higher the number, the higher the priority. These priorities might be overridden when packets are leaving the network controlled by the local network administrator.

Signalling: A recommended value is DiffServ Code Point (DSCP) AF31 which equals the value 26. If in doubt, contact your network administrator.

Range: 0-63

Example: Network 1 IPv4 QoS Diffserv Signalling: 0

Network [1..1] IPv4 QoS Diffserv Video: <0..63>

The DiffServ Video setting is used to define which priority Video packets should have in an IP network. Enter a priority, which ranges from 0 to 63 for the packets. The higher the number, the higher the priority. These priorities might be overridden when packets are leaving the network controlled by the local network administrator.

Video: A recommended value is DiffServ Code Point (DSCP) AF41, which equals the value 34. If in doubt, contact your network administrator.

Range: 0-63

Example: Network 1 IPv4 QoS Diffserv Video: 0

Network [1..1] DNS Server [1..5] Address: <S: 0, 64>

Defines the network addresses for DNS servers. Up to 5 addresses may be specified. If the network addresses are unknown, please contact your administrator or Internet Service Provider.

Format: String with a maximum of 64 characters.

Example: Network 1 DNS Server [1..5] Address: ""

Network [1..1] DNS Domain Name: <S: 0, 64>

DNS Domain Name is the default domain name suffix which is added to unqualified names.

Example: If the DNS Domain Name is "company.com" and the name to lookup is "MyVideoSystem", this will result in the DNS lookup "MyVideoSystem.company.com".

Format: String with a maximum of 64 characters.

Example: Network 1 DNS Domain Name: "company.com"

The Network services settings

NetworkServices Telnet Mode: <On/Off>

Telnet is a network protocol used on the Internet or local area network (LAN) connections.

On: The Telnet protocol is enabled.

Off: The Telnet protocol is disabled. This is the default factory setting.

Example: NetworkServices Telnet Mode: Off

NetworkServices HTTP Mode: <On/Off>

HTTP is a web-interface for system management, call management such as call transfer, diagnostics and software uploads.

On: The HTTP protocol is enabled.

Off: The HTTP protocol is disabled.

Example: NetworkServices HTTP Mode: On

NetworkServices HTTPS Mode: <On/Off>

HTTPS is a Web protocol that encrypts and decrypts user page requests as well as the pages that are returned by the Web server.

On: The HTTPS protocol is enabled.

Off: The HTTPS protocol is disabled.

Example: NetworkServices HTTPS Mode: On

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NetworkServices SNMP Mode: <Off/ReadOnly/ReadWrite>

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) is used in network management systems to monitor network-attached devices (routers, servers, switches, projectors, etc) for conditions that warrant administrative attention. SNMP exposes management data in the form of variables on the managed systems, which describe the system configuration. These variables can then be queried (set to ReadOnly) and sometimes set (set to ReadWrite) by managing applications.

Off: Set to Off when you want to disable the SNMP network service.

ReadOnly: Set to ReadOnly when you want to enable the SNMP network service for queries only.

ReadWrite: Set to ReadOnly when you want to enable the SNMP network service for both queries and commands.

Example: NetworkServices SNMP Mode: ReadWrite

NetworkServices SNMP CommunityName: <S: 0, 50>

Enter the name of the Network Services SNMP Community. SNMP Community names are used to authenticate SNMP requests. SNMP requests must have a 'password' (case sensitive) in order to receive a response from the SNMP Agent in the codec. The default password is "public". If you have the TANDBERG Management Suite (TMS) you must make sure the same SNMP Community is configured there too. Note! The SNMP Community password is case sensitive.

Format: String with a maximum of 50 characters.

Example: NetworkServices SNMP CommunityName: "public"

NetworkServices SNMP SystemContact: <S: 0, 50>

Enter the name of the Network Services SNMP System Contact.

Format: String with a maximum of 50 characters.

Example: NetworkServices SNMP SystemContact: ""

NetworkServices SNMP SystemLocation: <S: 0, 50>

Enter the name of the Network Services SNMP System Location.

Format: String with a maximum of 50 characters.

Example: NetworkServices SNMP SystemLocation: ""

NetworkServices SNMP HostlpAddress [1..3]: <S: 0, 64>

Enter the IP address of up to three SNMP Managers. All traps will then be sent to the hosts listed.

The system's SNMP Agent (in the codec) responds to requests from SNMP Managers (a PC program etc.). SNMP Traps are generated by the SNMP Agent to inform the SNMP Manager about important events. Can be used to send event created messages to the SNMP agent about different events like: system reboot, system dialing, system disconnecting, MCU call, packet loss etc. Traps can be sent to multiple SNMP Trap Hosts.

Format: String with a maximum of 64 characters.

Example: NetworkServices SNMP HostIpAddress 1: ""

NetworkServices H323 Mode: <On/Off>

Determines whether the system should be able to place and receive H.323 calls.

On: Set to On to enable the possibility to place and receive H.323 calls. This is the default setting.

Off: Set to Off to disable the possibility to place and receive H.323 calls.

NOTE! Changes in this setting requires the codec to be restarted.

Example: NetworkServices H323 Mode: On

NetworkServices SIP Mode: <On/Off>

Determines whether the system should be able to place and receive SIP calls.

On: Set to On to enable the possibility to place and receive SIP calls. This is the default setting.

Off: Set to Off to disable the possibility to place and receive SIP calls.

NOTE! Changes in this setting requires the codec to be restarted.

Example: NetworkServices SIP Mode: On

NetworkServices NTP Mode: <Auto/Manual>

The Network Time Protocol (NTP) is used to synchronize the time of the system to a reference time server. The time server will subsequently be queried every 24th hour for time updates. The time will be displayed on the top of the screen. The system will use the time to timestamp messages transmitted to Gatekeepers or Border Controllers requiring H.235 authentication. The system will use the time to timestamp messages transmitted to Gatekeepers or Border Controllers that requires H.235 authentication. It is also used for timestamping Placed Calls, Missed Calls and Received Calls.

Auto: The system will use the NTP server, by which address is supplied from the DHCP server in the network. If no DHCP server is used, or the DHCP server does not provide the system with a NTP server address, the system will use the static defined NTP server address specified by the user.

Manual: The system will always use the static defined NTP server address specified by the user.

Example: NetworkServices NTP Mode: Manual

NetworkServices NTP Address: <S: 0, 64>

Enter the NTP Address to define the network time protocol server address. This address will be used if NTP Mode is set to Manual, or if set to Auto and no address is supplied by a DHCP server.

Format: String with a maximum of 64 characters.

Example: NetworkServices NTP Address: "1.tandberg.pool.ntp.org"

122110 00000 000

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The Phone book server settings

Phonebook Server [1..5] ID: <S: 0, 64>

Enter a name for the external phonebook. Addresses the specific phonebook.

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Format: String with a maximum of 64 characters.

Example: Phonebook Server 1 ID: ""

Phonebook Server [1..5] URL: <S: 0, 255>

 $\hbox{ Enter the address (URL) to the external phonebook server. Addresses the specific phonebook server.}$

Format: String with a maximum of 255 characters.

Example: Phonebook Server 1 URL: "http://tms.company.com/tms/public/external/

phonebook/phonebook.asmx"

The Provisioning settings

Provisioning Mode: <Off/TMS>

Provides the possibility of managing the codec (endpoint) by using an external manager/management system.

Off: The system will not try to register to any management system.

TMS: If set to TMS the system will try to register with a TMS server as described in Provisioning ExternalManager settings. TMS is short for TANDBERG Management System. Please contact your TANDBERG representative for more information.

Example: Provisioning Mode: TMS

Provisioning ExternalManager Address: <S: 0, 64>

If an External Manager address and a path is configured, the system will post an HTTP message to this address when starting up. When receiving this HTTP posting the External Manager (typically a management system) can return configurations/commands to the unit as a result. If the DHCP Option 242 is returned in the DHCP response from the DHCP server the system will interpret this as the External Manager address to use.

Specifies the IP Address to the External Manager/Management system.

Format: String with a maximum of 64 characters.

Example: Provisioning ExternalManager Address: ""

Provisioning ExternalManager Protocol: <http://https>

Determines whether or not to use secure management.

HTTP: Set to HTTP to disable secure management. Requires HTTP to be enabled in the Network Services HTTP Mode setting.

HTTPS: Set to HTTPS to enable secure management. Requires HTTPS to be enabled in the Network Services HTTPS Mode setting.

Example: Provisioning ExternalManager Protocol: http

Provisioning ExternalManager Path: <S: 0, 255>

If an External Manager address and a path is configured, the system will post an HTTP message to this address when starting up. When receiving this HTTP posting the External Manager (typically a management system) can return configurations/commands to the unit as a result. If the DHCP Option 242 is returned in the DHCP response from the DHCP server the system will interpret this as the External Manager address to the unit as a result.

Specifies the path to the External Manager/Management system.

Example: tms/public/external/management/SystemManagementService.asmx

Format: String with a maximum of 255 characters.

Example: Provisioning ExternalManager Path: ""

The Serial port settings

SerialPort BaudRate: <9600/19200/38400/115200>

Specify the baud rate (bps) on the COM port (data port). The default value is 38400.

Other default parameters for the COM port are: Parity: None Databits: 8 Stopbits: 1 Flow control: None.

Valid inputs for baud rate: 9600, 19200, 38400, 115200

Example: SerialPort BaudRate: 38400

SerialPort LoginRequired: <On/Off>

The Serial Login setting determines whether or not there should be a login when connecting to the COM port (data port).

On: Login is required when connecting to the COM port (data port).

Off: The user can access the COM port (data port) without any login.

Example: SerialPort LoginRequired: Off

The SIP Profile settings

SIP Profile [1..1] URI [1..1]: <S: 0, 255>

The SIP URI or number is used to address the system. This is the URI that is registered and used by the SIP services to route inbound calls to the system. A Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) is a compact string of characters used to identify or name a resource.

Example: "sip:name@example.com", "1234", "1234@example.com"

Format: Compact string with a maximum of 255 characters.

Example: SIP Profile 1 URI 1: "sip:name@example.com"

SIP Profile [1..1] DefaultTransport: <UDP/TCP/TLS/Auto>

Select the transport protocol to be used over the LAN.

UDP: The system will always use UDP as the default transport method.

TCP: The system will always use TCP as the default transport method.

TLS: The system will always use TLS as the default transport method. For TLS connections a SIP CA-list can be uploaded using the web interface. If no such CA-list is available on the system then anonymous Diffie Hellman will be used.

Auto: The system will try to connect using transport protocols in the following order: TLS, TCP, UDP.

Example: SIP Profile 1 DefaultTransport: Auto

SIP Profile [1..1] TIsVerify: <On/Off>

For TLS connections a CA-list can be uploaded from the web interface.

On: Set to On to verify TLS connections. Only TLS connections to servers, whom x.509 certificate is validated against the CA-list, will be allowed.

Off: Set to Off to allow TLS connections without verifying them. The TLS connections are allowed to be set up without verifying the x.509 certificate received from the server against the local CA-list. This should typically be selected if no SIP CA-list has been uploaded.

Example: SIP Profile 1 TlsVerify: Off

SIP Profile [1..1] Type: <Auto/Nortel/Microsoft/Cisco/Alcatel/Experimental/Avaya/Siemens>

Enables SIP extensions and special behaviour for a vendor or provider

Auto: Should be used when registering to standard SIP proxy like OpenSer.

Nortel: Must be used when registering to a Nortel MCS 5100 or MCS 5200 PBX.

Microsoft: Must be used when registering to a Microsoft LCS or OCS server.

Cisco: Must be used when registering to a Cisco CallManager version 5 or later.

Alcatel: Must be used when registering to a Alcatel-Lucent OmniPCX Enterprise R7 or later.

Siemens: Must be used when registering to a Siemens HiPath 8000.

Telio: Must be used in combination with a Telio subscription (www.telio.no).

Experimental: Can be used if auto is not working Note! This mode is for testing purposes only.

Example: SIP Profile 1 Type: Auto

SIP Profile [1..1] Proxy [1..1] Discovery: <Auto/Manual>

Manual: When Manual is selected, the manually configured SIP Proxy address will be used

Auto: When Auto is selected, the SIP Proxy address is obtained using Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP).

Example: SIP Profile 1 Proxy 1 Discovery: Manual

SIP Profile [1..1] Proxy [1..1] Address: <S: 0, 255>

The Proxy Address is the manually configured address for the outbound proxy. It is possible to use a fully qualified domain name, or an IP address. The default port is 5060 for TCP and UDP but another one can be provided.

Format: Compact string with a maximum of 255 characters.

Example: SIP Profile 1 Proxy 1 Address: ""

SIP Profile [1..1] Authentication [1..1] LoginName: <S: 0, 50>

This is the user name part of the credentials used to authenticate towards the SIP proxy.

Format: String with a maximum of 50 characters.

Example: SIP Profile 1 Authentication 1 LoginName: ""

SIP Profile [1..1] Authentication [1..1] Password: <S: 0, 50>

This is the password part of the credentials used to authenticate towards the SIP proxy.

Format: String with a maximum of 50 characters.

Example: SIP Profile 1 Authentication 1 Password:

The Standby settings

Standby Control: <On/Off>

The Standby Control setting determines whether the system should go into standby mode or not.

On: The system will go into standby mode when the Standby Delay has timed out. Requires the Standby Delay to be set to an appropriate value.

Off: The system will not go into standby.

Example: Standby Control: On

Standby Delay: <1..480>

Defines how long (in seconds) the system will wait before it goes into standby mode. Requires the Standby Control to be enabled.

Range: 1-480 seconds

Example: Standby Delay: 10

The System unit settings

SystemUnit Name: <S: 0, 50>

Enter a System Name to define a name of the system unit. If the H.323 Alias ID is configured on the system then this ID will be used instead of the system name. The system name will be displayed:

- * When the codec is acting as an SNMP Agent
- * Towards a DHCP server

Format: String with a maximum of 50 characters.

Example: SystemUnit Name: "Meeting Room Name"

SystemUnit IrSensor Mode: <On/Off/Auto>

The System Unit IR Sensor setting determines whether the infrared receiver on the codec should be enabled or not. The IR sensor LED is located in the front of the codec and flickers when an ir signal is received from the remote control.

On: Set to On to enable the IR sensor on the codec.

Off: Set to Off to disable the IR sensor on the codec.

Auto: The system will automatically disable the IR sensor on the codec if the IR sensor at camera is enabled. Otherwise the IR sensor on the codec will be enabled.

Example: SystemUnit IrSensor Mode: On

The Time zone setting

Time Zone: <S: 0, 100>

Specifies the NTP time zone where the system is located. See a list of the valid NTP Time Zone expressions in the Appendices section.

Format: String with a maximum of 100 characters.

Example: Time Zone: "Etc./UTC"

The Video settings

Video Selfview: <On/Off>

The Video Selfview setting determines whether or not the main video source (selfview) should be displayed on screen.

On: Set to On when you want selfview to be displayed on screen.

Off: Set to Off when you do not want selfview to be displayed on screen.

Example: Video Selfview: On

Video WallPaper: <Summersky/Growing/None>

The Video Wallpaper setting determines whether or not a background picture should be displayed on screen.

Summersky, Growing: Select the wallpaper to be displayed on screen.

None: Set to None when you do not want a wallpaper to be displayed on screen.

Example: Video Selfview: None

Video MainVideoSource: <1..5>

Define which video input source shall be used as the main video source. The input source is configured to a video input connector. See the Video Input Matrix table at the back of the codec and the description of the Video Input Matrix in the Interfaces section.

Range: 1-5 video sources

Example: Video MainVideoSource: 1

Video DefaultPresentationSource: <1..5>

Define which video input source shall be used as the default presentation source (e.g. when you press the Presentation key on the remote control). The input source is configured to a video input connector. See the Video Input Matrix table at the back of the codec and the description of the Video Input Matrix in the Interfaces section.

Range: 1-5 presentation sources

Example: Video DefaultPresentationSource: 3

Video Monitors: <Single/Dual>

The codec can be used with more than one monitor and this setting lets you set the codec's monitor layout mode to Single or Dual. The dual output is provided on HDMI output 3.

Single: The same layout is shown on all monitors. Dual: The layout is distributed on two monitors.

Example: Video Monitors: Single

Video OSD Mode: <On/Off>

The Video OSD (On Screen Display) Mode lets you define whether or not information and icons on screen should be displayed.

On: Set to On to display the on screen menus, icons and indicators (microphone on/off, encryption on/off).

Off: Set to Off to hide the on screen menus, icons and indicators (microphone on/off, encryption on/off).

Example: Video OSD Mode: On

Video OSD Output: <1..4>

The Video OSD (On Screen Display) Output lets you define which monitor should display the on screen menus, information and icons.

Range: Monitor 1-4

Example: Video OSD Output: 1

Video Input Source [1..5] CameraControl Mode: <On/Off>

Determines whether or not the camera control should be enabled for the specific video input source. Addresses the specific video input source.

On: Set to On to enable camera control for the camera connected to the selected video input connector.

Off: Set to Off to disable camera control for the camera connected to the selected video input connector.

Example: Video Input Source 1 CameraControl Mode: On

Video Input Source [1..5] CameraControl Camerald: <1..5>

Select the ID of the camera in the Visca chain that is connected to this camera source. The Camerald setting represents the camera's position in the Visca chain. Addresses the specific video input source.

Cascaded cameras and Visca commands are described in the PrecisionHD 1080p User Guide. The user guide is found at www.tandberg.com/docs

Example: Video Input Source 1 CameraControl CameraId: 1

Video Input Source [1..5] Name: <S: 0, 50>

Customizable name of the connector group. Enter the name of the video input source 1-5.

Format: String with a maximum of 50 characters.

Example: Video Input Source 1 Name: ""

Video Input Source 1 Connector: <HDMI/HDSDI/YPbPr>

Select which video input connector to be active on connector group 1

HDMI: Select HDMI when you want to use the HDMI 1 connector as input

HDSDI: Select HD-SDI when you want to use the HD-SDI 1 connector as input

YPbPr: Select YPbPr when you want to use the Y-Pb-Pr (Component) 1 connectors as input

Example: Video Input Source 1 Connector: HDMI

Video Input Source 2 Connector: <HDMI/HDSDI/YPbPr>

Select which video input connector to be active on connector group 2

HDMI: Select HDMI when you want to use the HDMI 2 connector as input

HDSDI: Select HD-SDI when you want to use the HD-SDI 2 connector as input

YPbPr: Select YPbPr when you want to use the Y-Pb-Pr (Component) 2 connectors as input

Example: Video Input Source 2 Connector: HDMI

Video Input Source 3 Connector: <HDMI/HDSDI/DVI>

Select which video input connector to be active on connector group 3

HDMI: Select HDMI when you want to use the HDMI 3 connector as input

HDSDI: Select HD-SDI when you want to use the HD-SDI 3 connector as input

DVI: Select DVI-I when you want to use the DVI-I 3 connector as input

Example: Video Input Source 3 Connector: DVI

Video Input Source 4 Connector: <HDMI/HDSDI>

Select which video input connector to be active on connector group 4

HDMI: Select HDMI when you want to use the HDMI 4 connector as input

HDSDI: Select HD-SDI when you want to use the HD-SDI 4 connector as input

Example: Video Input Source 4 Connector: HDMI

Video Input Source 5 Connector: <YC/Composite/DVI>

Select which video input connector to be active on connector group 5

YC: Select YC when you want to use the S-Video (YC) input. Connect the S-Video input to the connector marked as Y/Comp and C. NOTE! This configuration is not supported in version 1.

Composite: Select Comp when you want to use the Composite input. Connect the Composite input to the connector marked as Y/Comp NOTE! This configuration is not supported in version 1.

DVI: Select DVI-I when you want to use the DVI-I 5 connector as input.

Example: Video Input Source 5 Connector: DVI

Video Input Source [1..5] Quality: <Motion/Sharpness>

When encoding and transmitting video there will be a tradeoff between high resolution and high framerate. For some video sources it is more important to transmit high framerate than high resolution and vice versa. The Quality setting specifies whether to give priority to high frame rate or to high resolution for a given source. Addresses the selected video input connector.

Motion: Gives the highest possible framerate. Used when there is a need for higher frame rates, typically when a large number of participants are present or when there is a lot of motion in the picture.

Sharpness: Gives the highest possible resolution. Used when you want the highest quality of detailed images and graphics.

Example: Video Input Source 1 HDMI 1 Quality: Motion

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Video Output HDMI [1, 3] Resolution: <640_480_60/800_600_60/1024_768_60/1280_1024_60/1280_720_60/1920_1080_60/1280_768_60/1360_768_60/1366_768_60>

Select the preferred resolution for the monitor connected to video output HDMI 1 or 3. This will force the selected resolution on the monitor.

Range: 640x480@60p, 800x600@60p, 1024x768@60p, 1280x1024@60p, 1280x720@60p, 1920x1080@60p, 1280x768@60p, 1360x768@60p, 1366x768@60p

Example: Video Output HDMI 1 Resolution: 1920_1080_60

Video Output DVI [2, 4] Resolution: <640_480_60/800_600_60/1024_768_60/1280_1024_6 0/1280_720_60/1920_1080_60/1280_768_60/1360_768_60/1366_768_60>

Select the preferred resolution for the monitor connected to video output DVI-I 2 or 4. This will force the selected resolution on the monitor.

Range: 640x480@60p, 800x600@60p, 1024x768@60p, 1280x1024@60p, 1280x720@60p, 1920x1080@60p, 1280x768@60p, 1360x768@60p, 1366x768@60p

Example: Video Output DVI 2 Resolution: 1920 1080 60

Video Output Composite [5] Resolution: <PAL/NTSC>

Select the preferred resolution for the monitor connected to video output composite 1. This will force the selected resolution on the monitor.

Range: PAL, NTSC

Example: Video Output Composite 5 Resolution: NTSC

The Experimental menu

The Advanced configurations menu has an option called Experimental. The settings within this menu can be used 'as is' and will not be documented.

NOTE! The Experimental menu WILL change.

We recommend you visit the TANDBERG web site regularly for updated versions of the manual. Go to: ▶ http://www.tandberg.com/docs

Chapter 6

Cameras

Your TANDBERG PrecisionHD 1080p Camera has been designed to give you many years of safe, reliable operation.

Additional information about the camera is found in the TANDBERG PrecisionHD 1080p User Guide.



In this chapter...

- ► The PrecisionHD 1080p camera
- ► Connecting the camera
- ► Best view—Face recognition
- ▶ Video output formats
- Cameras in daisy chain

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The PrecisionHD 1080p camera

Video out (HDMI, HD-SDI). For video signals, connect from the video out on the camera to the video in on the codec.

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Power and camera control. For power in and camera control, connect from the camera control & power on the camera to the Camera port on the codec. When the camera is used with TANDBERG codecs power will be supplied through Camera Control cable. When used with non-TANDBERG Codecs, you may have to connect power separately.

HDMI and HD-SDI

- HDMI is the main source for video out when connected to Codec C90. Maximum resolution is 1080p60.
- HD-SDI is the secondary source for video. Maximum resolution is 1080p30.
- The HDMI and HD-SDI can be used simultaneously. The maximum resolution is then 1080p30 if you want both to run with the same resolution.

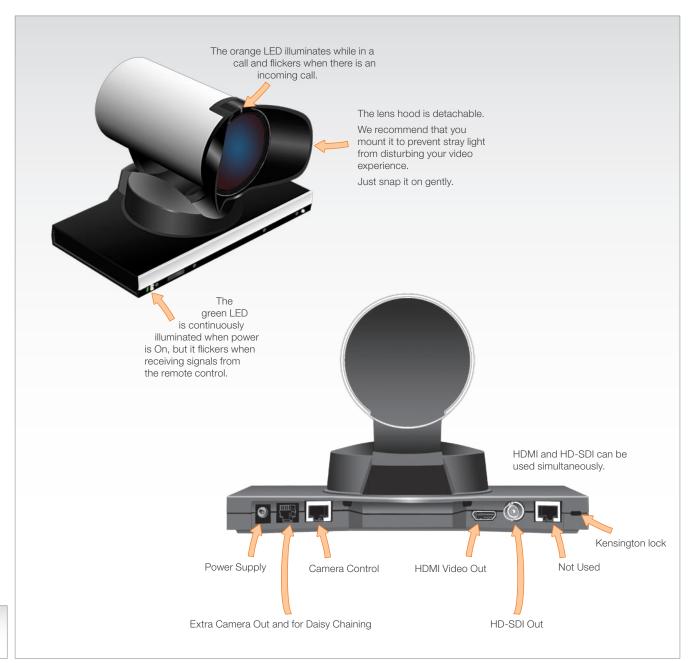
Kensington lock

The Kensington lock may be used to prevent the camera to be moved from its place or to prevent theft.

Cascaded cameras

The sockets named Extra Camera Out and Power In are used when connecting cameras in daisy chain.

- The first camera in the chain is powered up by the camera control cable. The next cameras must use the 12V DC Power in.
- The daisy chained cameras are connected by using an extra camera cable between the Extra Camera sockets.





See the TANDBERG PrecisionHD 1080p User Guide for comprehensive information about the camera.

Go to: ▶ http://www.tandberg.com/docs

Connecting the camera

The HDMI and HD-SDI can be used simultaneously.

HDMI cable

The HDMI cable delivered with the camera is 5 meters.

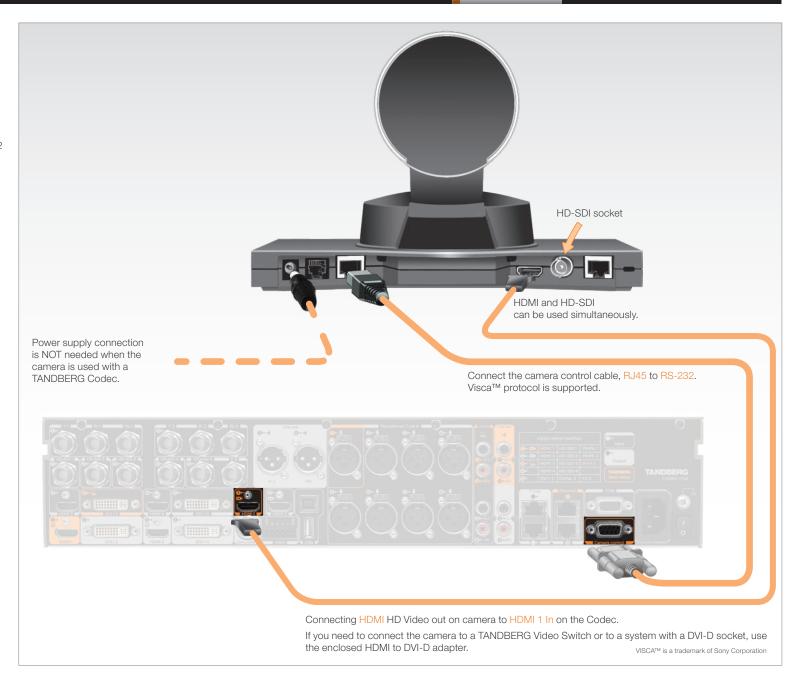
Maximum length is 15 meter with a category 2 certified good quality HDMI cable.

HD-SDI cable

The HD-SDI cable must be purchased separately. The maximum recommendable length of HD SDI cable is 100 m.

HDMI to DVI-D adapter

The HDMI to DVI-D adapter is used when connecting to a TANDBERG MXP codec or TANDBERG Video Switch



Best view-Face recognition

This camera is capable of face recognition when used with TANDBERG C90 Codecs. Consequently, the functionality is subject to change without further notice in order to take advantage of further developments.

NOTE: Observe that the **Best view** feature is still a preview feature.

The face recognition system aims to search for faces in order to optimize the picture frame, hence the name **Best view**. Once a face or group of faces has been detected camera zoom and camera angle will be changed accordingly to obtain an optimal presentation on the screen

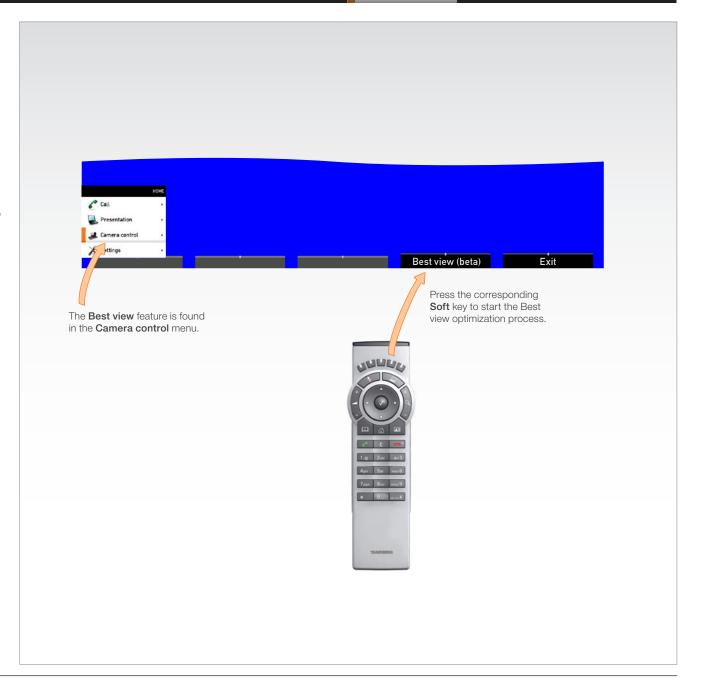
Kindly observe the following:

- The **Best view** optimization process may take up to 5 seconds.
- The detection of faces works better when people look towards the camera.
- The area from the eyebrows down to just below the lips should be uncovered.
- · Beard is normally not a problem.

Using Best view

Note that **Best view** works with TANDBERG C90 Codecs only!

- Press the Layout key on the remote control to display the Layout menu. Select Selfview to be shown as required.
- 2. Press the Home key on the remote control to display the Home menu and select Camera control
- 3. In the Camera control menu, locate the **Best view** button at the bottom of the screen.
- Press the corresponding Soft key on the remote control to start the Best view optimization process. Look towards the camera for about five seconds.
- 5. The system will now look for human faces and adjust the zoom and camera angle to obtain a best fit.



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Video output formats

This section describes the video output formats for the TANDBERG PrecisionHD 1080p camera.

DIP switch settings for video output formats

The video output format for the camera is set by DIP switches. The DIP switches are found on the bottom side of the camera.

The default setting is Auto. When using HDMI, the video output format is automatically detected. See the table to the right.

Maximum resolution for HDMI is 1080p60.

Maximum resolution for HD-SDI is 1080p30.

Line voltage frequency

The camera will automatically detect the line voltage frequency when it is 50 or 60 Hz. You may set the video output format to a specific value (use the DIP switches) to override the auto frequency detection, if a different line voltage frequency is an issue.



Bottom side of the TANDBERG PrecisionHD 1080p camera

DIP Switch table for video formats									
1	2	3	4	5	HDMI	HD-SDI			
0	0	0	0	0	Aut	0			
0	0	0	0	1	1920x1080p25	1920x1080p25			
0	0	0	1	0	1920x1080p30	1920x1080p30			
0	0	0	1	1	1920x1080p50	1280x720p50			
0	0	1	0	0	1920x1080p60	1280x720p60			
0	0	1	0	1	1280x720p25	1280x720p25			
0	0	1	1	0	1280x720p30	1280x720p30			
0	0	1	1	1	1280x720p50	1280x720p50			
0	1	0	0	0	1280x720p60	1280x720p60			
0	1	0	0	1	Software control				

Appendices

The table shows the different settings available for the HDMI and the HD-SDI outputs.

Auto: Camera negotiates format over HDMI. HD-SDI tracks HDMI and defaults to 1080p30 in absence of HDMI sync.

Software: For more on the **Software control** setting, read about video mode selections in the TANDBERG PrecisionHD 1080p User Guide.

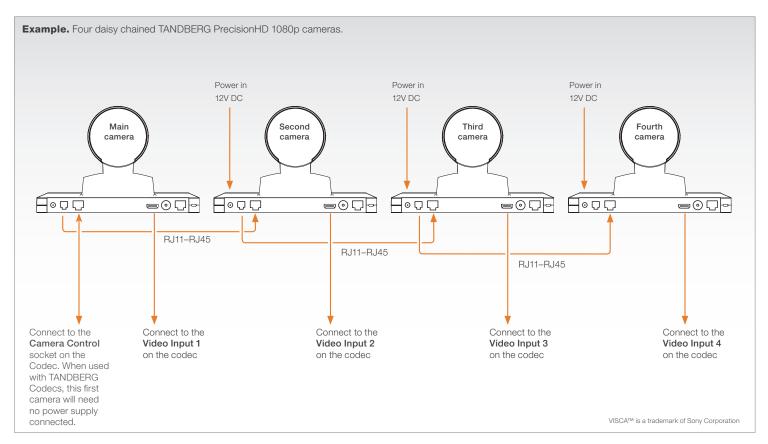
Cameras in daisy chain

A single daisy chain can have up to seven cameras.

Cascaded cameras

The sockets named Extra Camera and Power In are used when connecting cameras in daisy chain.

- HDMI and HD-SDI. The HDMI and HD-SDI can be used simultaneously on the same camera.
- Power. The first camera in the chain is powered up from the codec by the VISCA camera control cable. Additional cameras must use the 12V DC Power in.
- Extra camera cable. The daisy chained cameras are connected by using the VISCA Extra Camera cable between the Extra Camera In and Codec Control In sockets



Chapter 7 Appendices



In this chapter...

- ► General room guidelines
- Executive meeting room setup
- ► High end meeting room setup
- Video input matrix
- Software upgrade
- Upload certificates
- XML files
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General room guidelines

The physical conditions

When building a video meeting room, or using an existing room for video meetings there are a few guidelines to consider.

Lighting

- The illumination should be distributed evenly in the room to obtain low contrast
- The ideal light intensity is a little higher than in an ordinary meeting room. Typically, the luminous intensity should be 800–1400Lux, measured at the table with an incident light meter

Seating area and table

- The seating area and table should be non-shiny and non-patterned
- The seating area should allow all participants to see the monitor

Walls

- The color of the wall should be in good contrast to skin tonality Light blue is a complementary color to skin tonality, it gives a good contrast and is commonly used
- Acoustically reflective surfaces (such as glass or concrete) should be covered with curtains or sound treatment

Audio

- The Noise Floor (the sum of all the noise sources) should be less than 44 dBC
- The reverberation time should be 0.3 to 0.5 seconds

Ventilation

- The requirements for ventilation may be a little higher than in an ordinary meeting room. Consult the specifications for the monitor for data about the energy consumption. The TANDBERG Codec C90 together with the TANDBERG PrecisionHD 1080p camera has the following specifications:
 - Max rating 175 Watts
 - Normal operation 110 Watts
 - Standby 110 Watts
- Keep in mind the Noise Floor (see Audio)
- Velocity creates noise, therefore keep velocity of air low

The room equipment

When placing and using the room equipment there are a few recommendations and guidelines to consider.

The microphone

- The microphones should be evenly distributed on the table. Avoid positions where they can be hidden behind obstacles like laptop, projector or other equipment placed on the table
- Do not place a microphone close to power outlets or similar arrangements on the table. The microphone will pick up noise from these arrangements quite strongly

The camera

The camera should be able to "see" all participants in the room.
 Use the pan, tilt and zoom features to adjust the picture.

The PC

 PC's placed on the table should not cover the microphones as this will reduce the audio quality at the far end

Position of the system

- Position the video system in such a way that all participants attending the meeting are visible to the far end.
- If appropriate, the far end should be able to see people entering or leaving the room

The document camera

- The document camera should be close to the chair person or a designated controller of the document camera for ease of use
- Make sure this person is visible on screen while carry out the task

Other peripherals

Arrange all the peripherals so that the chair person can reach each
of them to point, change the display, DVD, and still be fully visible
on screen while carry out the task

Environmental considerations

This section explains how to carry out basic adjustments and simple tests to ensure that you send and receive the best possible image and audio quality when using your system.

Iris control and lighting

By default the system camera will use an automatic iris to compensate for changes in lighting. In addition to this feature, you may further assist the system to maintain the best possible image quality by paying special attention to environmental lighting and background colors as described below.

Remember the system will send live images of both yourself and your immediate surroundings.

- Avoid direct sunlight on the subject matter i.e. yourself, the background or onto the camera lens as this will create harsh contrasts
- Avoid placing the seatings in front of a window with natural daylight, as this will make the faces of people very dark
- If light levels are too low you may need to consider using artificial lighting. As described above, direct illumination of the subject matter and camera lens should be avoided
- When using artificial lighting, daylight type lamps will produce the most effective results. Avoid colored lighting
- Indirect light from shaded sources or reflected light from pale walls often produces excellent results
- Avoid harsh side lighting or strong light from above. Strong sunlight from a window or skylight may put part or all of the subject matter in shadow or cause silhouetting

Loudspeaker volume

The audio system will use the Digital Natural Audio Module (DNAM) which is integrated in the system. The volume of the audio is controlled by the Volume key on the remote control.

The audio quality

To keep the high quality audio, make sure there is free sight to the speaker module

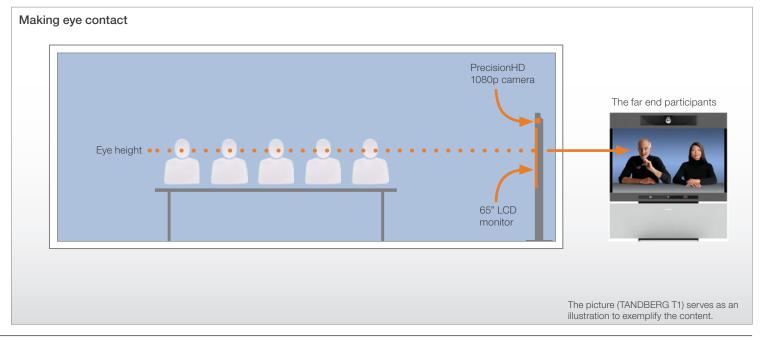
- There should be free sight between the ears of the participants and the system speaker module
- Participant sitting too far away from the video system may not have the same audio quality as the others.

The line of free sight This participant may not have the same audio quality as the others The picture (TANDBERG TI) serves as an illustration to exemplify the content.

Natural communication

Making eye contact with the far end participants will improve the natural communication between the people

- Adjust the camera view (using zoom in/out) to allow the participants to be shown in full size on screen, and to keep eye contact with each other at the same eye level
- If the participants are sitting too close to the monitor the camera will "look down" at the participants. This may not give a good presentation of the participants at the far end.



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Guidelines for the executive meeting room

For executive meeting rooms and the executive office.

General recommendations for the room layout

To fully utilize the telepresence experience there are some guidelines you should consider.

The distance between the table and the video system

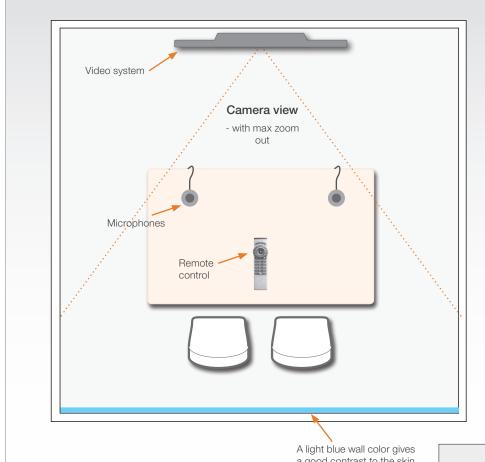
- If the monitor is a 65" full HD LCD display this requires 2–2,5 m / 78-98 inch distance to the table to allow all participants to see a clear picture on screen
- Make sure all participants are covered within the camera angle, which at maximum zoom out is 72°
- Adjust the camera view (using zoom in/out) to allow the participants to be shown in full size on screen, and to keep eye contact with each other at the same eye level
- The camera should capture all participants in the room
- If the participants are sitting too close to the monitor the camera will "look down" at the participants. This may not give a good presentation of the participants at the far end.

The speaker module

• There should be free sight between the system speaker module and the ear of the participants.

The microphones

- The microphones should be evenly distributed on the table
- · Avoid positions where they can be hidden behind obstacles like laptop or other equipment placed on the table
- Do not place a microphone close to power outlets or similar arrangements on the table. The microphone may pick up noise from these arrangements quite strongly.



Adjust the camera view

Press the Zoom +/- button on the remote control to adjust the picture on screen.

Adjust the camera view to allow the participants to be shown in full size on screen, and to keep eye contact with each other at the same eye level.

a good contrast to the skin tonality.



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Sharing a PC presentation

General recommendations for the executive meeting room and executive office are described on the previous page.

Dual video stream

Contents

With dual video stream you can view two different live video streams simultaneously, the main video and one additional source. This could for example be both a PC presentation and the person who gives the presentation.

If one of the video systems does not support Dual Video Stream, no second video stream will be established and the PC presentation will be shown as the main video.

Sharing the presentation

- 1. Make sure the PC do not cover any of the microphones as this will reduce the audio quality at the far end
- 2. Locate the DVI cable and connect the PC to the video system
- 3. When pressing the PC button () on the remote control the default presentation source is activated.

The DVI/VGA input is compliant with VESA Extended Display Identification Data (EDID) and will be able to notify the PC of the supported output formats.

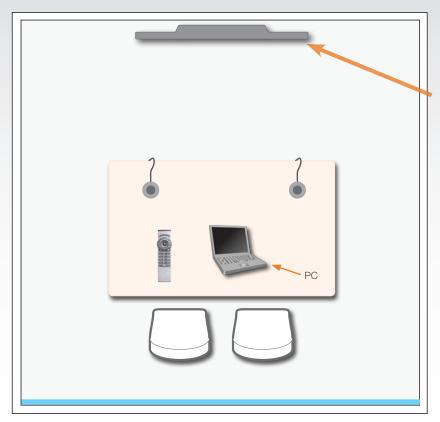
Troubleshooting if the presentation does not show

- On most PC's you must press a special key combination to switch the PC image from the PC screen to the video screen
- Make sure the connector used for PC presentation is configured as the default presentation source.
 - Go to: Home > Administrator settings > Advanced configurations > Video > DefaultPresentationSource (the default value is 3, and corresponds to ...Video > Input > Source 3)
- Make sure your PC is set to activate your VGA output

Other presentation sources

You can also connect other presentation sources like:

- DVD
- Document camera



Shows the PC presentation and the participants

The screen layout

Press the Layout button on the remote control to select a suitable lavout on screen.

The default layout when showing a PC presentation is designed to allow the participants to keep eye contact with each other during the presentation.



Default layout with a wide signal in from the PC (currently only supported on digital input)



Default layout with a 4/3 signal in from the PC.

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Guidelines for the high end meeting room

For high end team collaboration rooms, team meeting rooms and showroom floor.

General recommendations for the room layout

To fully utilize the telepresence experience there are some guidelines you should consider.

The distance between the table and the video system

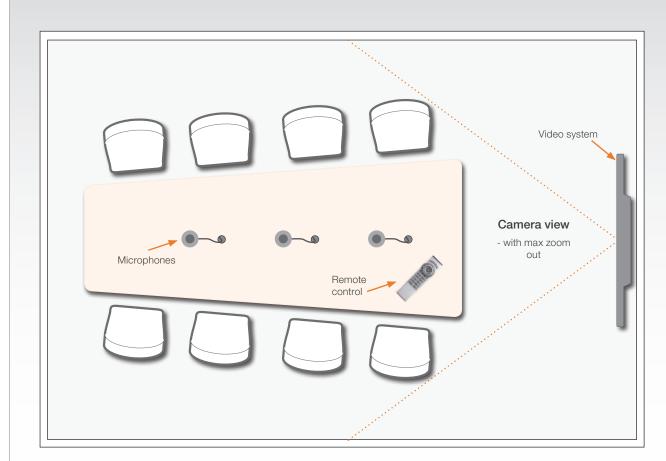
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Dual video stream

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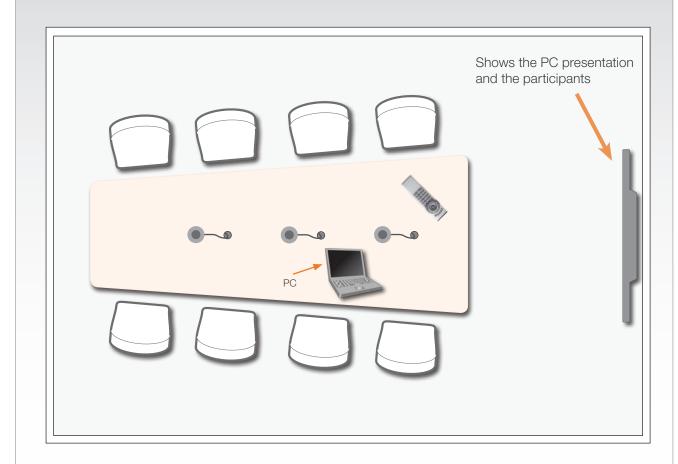
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Default layout with a wide signal in from the PC (currently only supported on digital input)



Default layout with a 4/3 signal in from the PC.

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The Video Input Matrix

The video input matrix is found at the rear side of the codec and illustrates the combinations in which the video inputs can be connected.

About the matrix

Only one video input source from each row can be active at any time.

The numbers in the left column represents the Video Input Sources 1–5. The main connectors, which are used in basic setup, are marked in orange color.

The Comp. 5 and S-Video (YC) 5 inputs uses the same physical connectors and can not be connected at the same time.

Configure the video inputs

You can configure the video input settings from the Administrator Settings menu or by running API commands.

The default configurations are shown below:

What connectors are active is determined by the configuration of the video input connector settings:

- Video Input Source 1 Connector: HDMI
- Video Input Source 2 Connector: HDMI
- Video Input Source 3 Connector: DVI
- Video Input Source 4 Connector: HDMI
- Video Input Source 5 Connector: DVI

The video name of the connector inputs should be set:

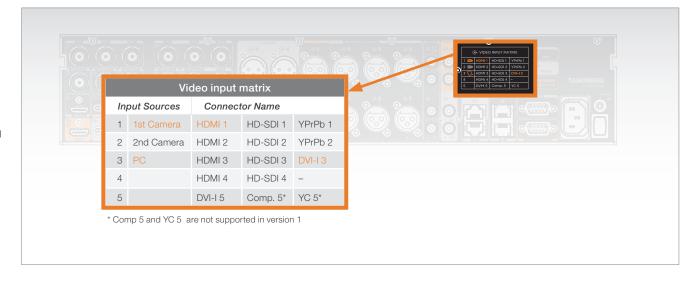
- Video Input Source 1 Name: "Main Camera"
- Video Input Source 2 Name: "Secondary Camera"
- Video Input Source 3 Name: "PC"
- Video Input Source 4 Name: "DVD"
- Video Input Source 5 Name: "Document Camera"

The video quality of the connector inputs should be set:

- Video Input Source 1 Quality: Motion
- · Video Input Source 2 Quality: Motion
- Video Input Source 3 Quality: Sharpness
- · Video Input Source 4 Quality: Motion
- Video Input Source 5 Quality: Sharpness

To determine the main video source and the default presentation source for the system the following setting must be configured:

- Video MainVideoSource: 1
- Video DefaultPresentationSource: 3



Administrator settings

Open the menu on screen to configure the video input sources and which of the sources should be the main video source and the default presentation source.

If the system is in standby mode, press any key on the remote control to wake up the system.

- Select: Settings > Administrator Settings > Advanced Configurations
- 2. From this point you can:
 - Search for the words "source" or "video" to see a list of the available Video Input Source [1–5] Connector settings
 - or, you can navigate down in the list to Video > Input > Source 1 > Connector
- On the remote control, press the right arrow to edit the values
 - Select a value and press Save, or press Cancel to leave without saving.
- 4. Proceed and configure the:
 - Video Input Source Name, for the current input
 - Video Input Source Quality, for the current input
 - Video Main Video Source, for the system
 - · Video Default Presentation Source, for the system

API commands

Open a telnet or ftp session to the codec to issue an API command to configure the video input sources and which of the sources should be the main video source and the default presentation source.

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The following commands determines which connector to be active:

- · xconfiguration video input source 1 connector: hdmi
- xconfiguration video input source 2 connector: hdmi
- xconfiguration video input source 3 connector: dvi
- · xconfiguration video input source 4 connector: hdmi
- xconfiguration video input source 5 connector: dvi

Set the video quality and a name of the video inputs 1 to 5:

- xconfiguration video input source 1 quality: motion
- xconfiguration video input source 1 name: "Main Camera"
- Configure the video inputs 2 to 5

The main video source is the camera, connected to video input source 1:

• xconfiguration video mainvideosource: 1

The default presentation source is a PC, connected to video input source 3:

• xconfiguration video defaultpresentationsource: 3

Software upgrade

The Upgrade tab lets you select the software upgrade file for TANDBERG Codec C90 and install the new software.

Please follow the procedure described on this page.

The software upgrade procedure

Contact your TANDBERG representative to obtain the software upgrade file.

- Open a web browser and enter the IP address to connect to the Codec C90 by HTTP
- 2. Select the Upgrade tab
- 3. Click Browse... and locate the upgrade file (.PKG)
- 4. Click the Install software button to start the installation.
- Leave the system for a few minutes to allow the installation process to complete. The upgrade process takes about 4–5 minutes.



Upload certificates

The Upload certificates tab lets you upload a CA list (ROOT certificate) to authenticate TLS connections on SIP and a HTTPS certificate to enable HTTPS.

The system administrator issues/obtains and installs unique certificates to each system.

For TLS connections a ROOT Certificate (CA-list) can be uploaded from the web interface.

When the SIP setting TIsVerify is enabled, only TLS connections to servers, whom x.509 certificate is validated against the CA-list, will be allowed.

Go to: Settings > Administrator settings > Advanced configuration > SIP > Profile > TlsVerify

To install a certificate, you need:

- HTTPS certificate (.PEM format)
- ROOT certificate (.PEM format)
- Private key (.PEM format)
- Passphrase (optional)

The certificates upload procedure

Contact your system administrator to obtain the required files (.PEM format).

How to upload the certificate

- Open a web browser and enter the IP address to connect to the Codec C90 by HTTP.
- 2. Select the Upload certificates tab
- 3. Click Browse... and locate the certificate files (.PEM)
- 4. Type in the Passphrase
- 5. Click the Upload button to start the certificate installation.



XML files

The XML files tab gives a complete overview of the status of the system and the commands available on XML format

Configuration

Configuration type commands defines the system settings and are controlled from the Administrator Settings menu or from the API. Configuration type commands are either supplied or read by the user.

Example: Set IP addresses, default presentation source, standby delay, and enabling/disabling of various features etc.

The configuration commands are structured in a hierarchy, making up a database of system settings.

Status

Status type commands returns information about the system and system processes and are issued from the API. Status type commands are read by the user

Example: Information generated by the system about ongoing calls, network status, conference status etc.

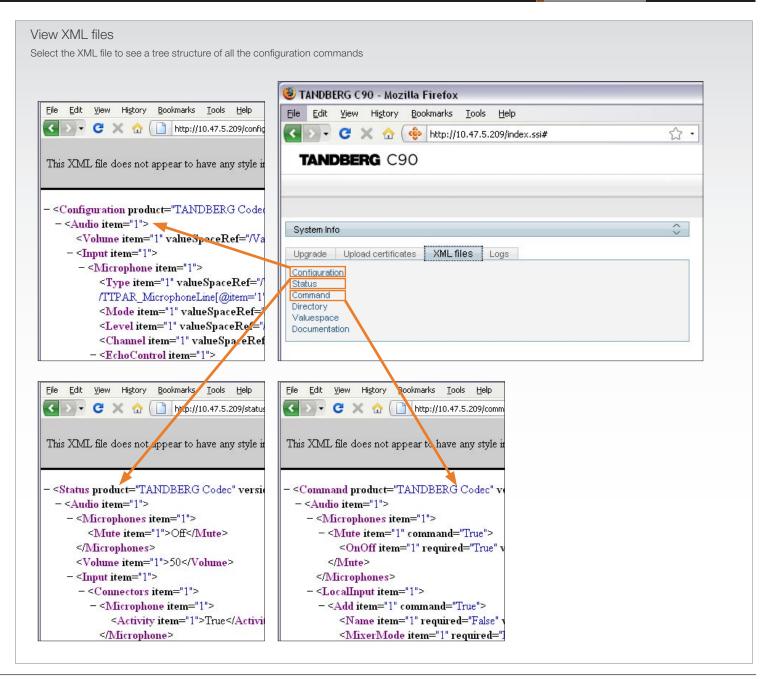
All status information is structured in a hierarchy, making up a database constantly being updated by the system to reflect system and process changes.

Command

Command type commands instructs the system to perform an action and are issued from the API. Command type commands are supplied by the user.

Example: instructing the system to place a call, mute/unmute microphones, disconnect a call, etc.

A Command type command is usually followed by a set of parameters to specify how the given action is to be executed.



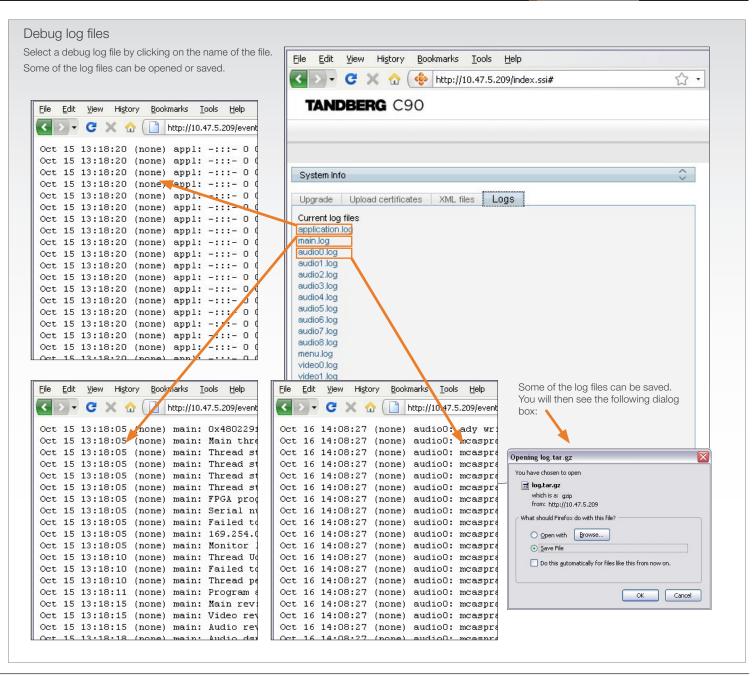
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Log files

In the Logs tab you will find debug log files.

These are TANDBERG specific debug files which may be required by TANDBERG in the need of technical support.



NTP Time Zone expressions

With reference to the Time zone setting in the Administrator settings menu, see the Settings library section.

Africa/Libreville

Africa/Lome

Africa/Luanda

Africa/Lusaka

Africa/Malabo

Africa/Maputo

Africa/Maseru

Africa/Lubumbashi

Specifies the NTP time zone where the system is located.

Example 1: Time Zone: "America/New_York"

Example 2: Time Zone: "Etc/UTC"

NOTE: Spelling correctly is important when entering the NTP Time Zone expression.

Africa Africa/Abidjan Africa/Accra Africa/Addis Ababa Africa/Algiers Africa/Asmara Africa/Asmera Africa/Bamako Africa/Banqui Africa/Banjul Africa/Bissau Africa/Blantvre Africa/Brazzaville Africa/Bujumbura Africa/Cairo Africa/Casablanca Africa/Ceuta Africa/Conakry Africa/Dakar Africa/Dar_es_Salaam Africa/Djibouti Africa/Douala Africa/El Aaiun Africa/Freetown Africa/Gaborone Africa/Harare Africa/Johannesburg

Africa/Mbabane Africa/Mogadishu Africa/Monrovia Africa/Nairobi Africa/Ndjamena Africa/Niamey Africa/Nouakchott Africa/Ouagadougou Africa/Porto-Novo Africa/Sao Tome Africa/Timbuktu Africa/Tripoli Africa/Tunis Africa/Windhoek America America/Adak America/Anchorage America/Anguilla America/Antiqua Africa/Kampala America/Araguaina Africa/Khartoum America/Argentina Africa/Kigali Africa/Kinshasa

America/Argentina/Buenos_Aires America/Argentina/Catamarca America/Argentina/ComodRivadavia America/Argentina/Cordoba America/Argentina/Jujuy America/Argentina/La_Rioja America/Argentina/Mendoza America/Argentina/Rio_Gallegos America/Argentina/San_Juan America/Argentina/San_Luis America/Argentina/Tucuman America/Argentina/Ushuaia

America/Asuncion America/Atikokan America/Atka America/Bahia America/Barbados America/Belem America/Belize America/Blanc-Sablon America/Boa Vista America/Bogota

America/Aruba

America/Boise America/Buenos Aires America/Cambridge Bay America/Campo Grande America/Cancun America/Caracas America/Catamarca America/Cavenne

America/Cayman America/Chicago America/Chihuahua America/Coral Harbour America/Cordoba America/Inuvik America/Costa Rica America/lgaluit America/Cuiaba America/Jamaica America/Curacao America/Juiuv America/Danmarkshavn America/Juneau America/Dawson America/Kentucky

America/Dawson Creek America/Kentucky/Louisville America/Denver America/Kentucky/Monticello America/Detroit America/Knox IN America/Dominica America/La Paz

America/Edmonton America/Lima America/Eirunepe America/Los Angeles America/El Salvador America/Louisville America/Ensenada America/Maceio America/Fort Wayne America/Managua America/Fortaleza America/Manaus America/Glace Bay America/Marigot America/Godthab America/Martinique America/Goose Bay America/Mazatlan America/Grand Turk America/Mendoza America/Grenada America/Menominee America/Guadeloupe America/Merida America/Guatemala America/Mexico_City America/Miquelon America/Guayaguil

America/Moncton America/Guyana America/Halifax America/Monterrev America/Havana America/Montevideo America/Hermosillo America/Montreal America/Indiana America/Montserrat America/Indiana/Indianapolis America/Nassau America/Indiana/Knox America/New York America/Indiana/Marengo America/Nipigon America/Indiana/Petersburg America/Nome America/Indiana/Tell_City America/Noronha America/Indiana/Vevav America/North Dakota America/Indiana/Vincennes America/North_Dakota/Center America/Indiana/Winamac America/North Dakota/New Salem

America/Indianapolis

Africa/Lagos

NTP Time Zone expressions, cont...

America/Pangnirtung America/Yellowknife Asia/Dili Asia/Rangoon Atlantic/South_Georgia America/Paramaribo Antarctica Asia/Dubai Asia/Riyadh Atlantic/St Helena America/Phoenix Antarctica/Casev Asia/Dushanbe Asia/Riyadh87 Atlantic/Stanley America/Port_of_Spain Antarctica/Davis Asia/Gaza Asia/Riyadh88 Australia America/Port-au-Prince Antarctica/DumontDUrville Asia/Harbin Asia/Riyadh89 Australia/ACT America/Porto Acre Antarctica/Mawson Asia/Ho_Chi_Minh Asia/Saigon Australia/Adelaide America/Porto Velho Antarctica/McMurdo Asia/Hong_Kong Asia/Sakhalin Australia/Brisbane America/Puerto_Rico Antarctica/Palmer Asia/Hovd Asia/Samarkand Australia/Broken Hill Antarctica/Rothera Asia/Irkutsk Asia/Seoul Australia/Canberra America/Rainy_River Antarctica/South Pole Australia/Currie America/Rankin Inlet Asia/Istanbul Asia/Shanghai Asia/Jakarta Australia/Darwin America/Recife Antarctica/Syowa Asia/Singapore Antarctica/Vostok Australia/Eucla America/Regina Asia/Javapura Asia/Taipei America/Resolute Arctic Asia/Jerusalem Asia/Tashkent Australia/Hobart America/Rio Branco Arctic/Longyearbyen Asia/Kabul Asia/Tbilisi Australia/LHI America/Rosario Asia Asia/Kamchatka Asia/Tehran Australia/Lindeman America/Santiago Asia/Aden Asia/Karachi Asia/Tel Aviv Australia/Lord Howe America/Santo_Domingo Asia/Almaty Asia/Kashgar Asia/Thimbu Australia/Melbourne America/Sao_Paulo Asia/Amman Asia/Katmandu Asia/Thimphu Australia/North America/Scoresbysund Asia/Kolkata Asia/Tokyo Australia/NSW Asia/Anadyr America/Shiprock Asia/Aqtau Asia/Krasnoyarsk Asia/Ujung_Pandang Australia/Perth America/St_Barthelemy Asia/Agtobe Asia/Kuala_Lumpur Asia/Ulan_Bator Australia/Queensland Australia/South America/St_Johns Asia/Ashgabat Asia/Kuching Asia/Ulaanbaatar America/St_Kitts Asia/Ashkhabad Asia/Kuwait Asia/Urumgi Australia/Sydney America/St Lucia Asia/Macao Asia/Vientiane Australia/Tasmania Asia/Baghdad America/St Thomas Asia/Macau Asia/Vladivostok Australia/Victoria Asia/Bahrain America/St_Vincent Asia/Baku Asia/Magadan Asia/Yakutsk Australia/West America/Swift_Current Asia/Bangkok Asia/Makassar Asia/Yekaterinburg Australia/Yancowinna Asia/Manila Brazil America/Tegucigalpa Asia/Beirut Asia/Yerevan America/Thule Asia/Bishkek Asia/Muscat Atlantic Brazil/Acre America/Thunder_Bay Asia/Brunei Asia/Nicosia Atlantic/Azores Brazil/DeNoronha America/Tijuana Asia/Calcutta Asia/Novosibirsk Atlantic/Bermuda Brazil/East Asia/Choibalsan Asia/Omsk Brazil/West America/Toronto Atlantic/Canary America/Tortola Asia/Chongqing Asia/Oral Atlantic/Cape Verde Canada America/Vancouver Asia/Phnom Penh Atlantic/Faeroe Canada/Atlantic Asia/Chungking America/Virgin Asia/Colombo Asia/Pontianak Atlantic/Faroe Canada/Central America/Whitehorse Asia/Dacca Asia/Pyongyang Atlantic/Jan_Mayen Canada/Eastern America/Winnipeg Asia/Damascus Asia/Qatar Atlantic/Madeira Canada/East-Saskatchewan America/Yakutat Asia/Dhaka Asia/Qyzylorda Atlantic/Reykjavik Canada/Mountain

NTP Time Zone expressions, cont...

Canada/Newfoundland	Etc/GMT-2	Europe/Luxembourg	GMT+0	Navajo	Pacific/Tarawa
Canada/Pacific	Etc/GMT-3	Europe/Madrid	GMT0	NZ	Pacific/Tongatapu
Canada/Saskatchewan	Etc/GMT-4	Europe/Malta	GMT-0	NZ-CHAT	Pacific/Truk
Canada/Yukon	Etc/GMT-5	Europe/Mariehamn	Greenwich	Pacific	Pacific/Wake
CET	Etc/GMT-6	Europe/Minsk	Hongkong	Pacific/Apia	Pacific/Wallis
Chile	Etc/GMT-7	Europe/Monaco	HST	Pacific/Auckland	Pacific/Yap
Chile/Continental	Etc/GMT-8	Europe/Moscow	Iceland	Pacific/Chatham	Poland
Chile/EasterIsland	Etc/GMT-9	Europe/Nicosia	Indian	Pacific/Easter	Portugal
CST6CDT	Etc/Greenwich	Europe/Oslo	Indian/Antananarivo	Pacific/Efate	posixrules
Cuba	Etc/UCT	Europe/Paris	Indian/Chagos	Pacific/Enderbury	PRC
EET	Etc/Universal	Europe/Podgorica	Indian/Christmas	Pacific/Fakaofo	PST8PDT
Egypt	Etc/UTC	Europe/Prague	Indian/Cocos	Pacific/Fiji	ROC
Eire	Etc/Zulu	Europe/Riga	Indian/Comoro	Pacific/Funafuti	ROK
EST	Europe	Europe/Rome	Indian/Kerguelen	Pacific/Galapagos	Singapore
EST5EDT	Europe/Amsterdam	Europe/Samara	Indian/Mahe	Pacific/Gambier	Turkey
Etc	Europe/Andorra	Europe/San_Marino	Indian/Maldives	Pacific/Guadalcanal	UCT
Etc/GMT	Europe/Athens	Europe/Sarajevo	Indian/Mauritius	Pacific/Guam	Universal
Etc/GMT+0	Europe/Belfast	Europe/Simferopol	Indian/Mayotte	Pacific/Honolulu	US
Etc/GMT+1	Europe/Belgrade	Europe/Skopje	Indian/Reunion	Pacific/Johnston	US/Alaska
Etc/GMT+10	Europe/Berlin	Europe/Sofia	Iran	Pacific/Kiritimati	US/Aleutian
Etc/GMT+11	Europe/Bratislava	Europe/Stockholm	iso3166.tab	Pacific/Kosrae	US/Arizona
Etc/GMT+12	Europe/Brussels	Europe/Tallinn	Israel	Pacific/Kwajalein	US/Central
Etc/GMT+2	Europe/Bucharest	Europe/Tirane	Jamaica	Pacific/Majuro	US/Eastern
Etc/GMT+3	Europe/Budapest	Europe/Tiraspol	Japan	Pacific/Marquesas	US/East-Indiana
Etc/GMT+4	Europe/Chisinau	Europe/Uzhgorod	Kwajalein	Pacific/Midway	US/Hawaii
Etc/GMT+5	Europe/Copenhagen	Europe/Vaduz	Libya	Pacific/Nauru	US/Indiana-Starke
Etc/GMT+6	Europe/Dublin	Europe/Vatican	localtime	Pacific/Niue	US/Michigan
Etc/GMT+7	Europe/Gibraltar	Europe/Vienna	MET	Pacific/Norfolk	US/Mountain
Etc/GMT+8	Europe/Guernsey	Europe/Vilnius	Mexico	Pacific/Noumea	US/Pacific
Etc/GMT+9	Europe/Helsinki	Europe/Volgograd	Mexico/BajaNorte	Pacific/Pago_Pago	US/Pacific-New
Etc/GMT0	Europe/Isle_of_Man	Europe/Warsaw	Mexico/BajaSur	Pacific/Palau	US/Samoa
Etc/GMT-0	Europe/Istanbul	Europe/Zagreb	Mexico/General	Pacific/Pitcairn	UTC
Etc/GMT-1	Europe/Jersey	Europe/Zaporozhye	Mideast	Pacific/Ponape	WET
Etc/GMT-10	Europe/Kaliningrad	Europe/Zurich	Mideast/Riyadh87	Pacific/Port_Moresby	W-SU
Etc/GMT-11	Europe/Kiev	Factory	Mideast/Riyadh88	Pacific/Rarotonga	zone.tab
Etc/GMT-12	Europe/Lisbon	GB	Mideast/Riyadh89	Pacific/Saipan	Zulu
Etc/GMT-13	Europe/Ljubljana	GB-Eire	MST	Pacific/Samoa	
Etc/GMT-14	Europe/London	GMT	MST7MDT	Pacific/Tahiti	

Supported RFCs in SIP

The RFC (Request for Comments) series contains technical and organizational documents about the Internet, including the technical specifications and policy documents produced by the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF).

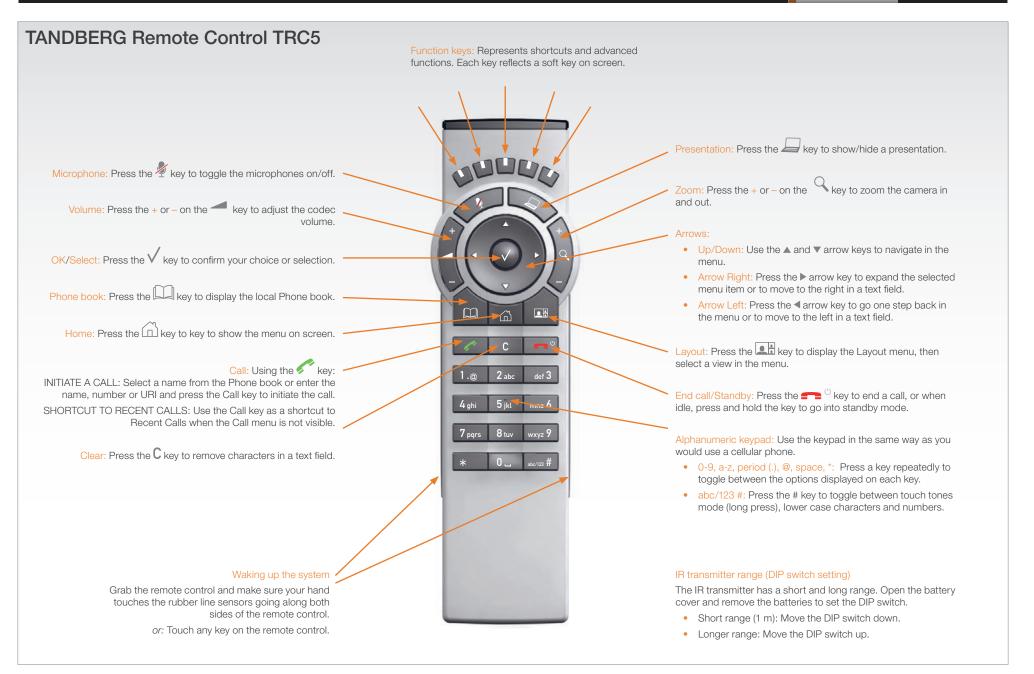
Current RFCs and drafts supported in SIP

- RFC 1889 RTP: A Transport Protocol for Real-time Applications
- RFC 2190 RTP Payload Format for H.263 Video Streams
- RFC 2327 SDP: Session Description Protocol
- RFC 2396 Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax
- RFC 2429 RTP Payload Format for the 1998 Version of ITU-T Rec. H.263 Video (H.263+)
- RFC 2617 Digest Authentication
- RFC 2782 DNS RR for specifying the location of services (DNS SRV)
- RFC 2833 RTP Payload for DTMF Digits, Telephony Tones and Telephony Signals
- RFC 2976 The SIP INFO Method
- RFC 3016 RTP Payload Format for MPEG-4 Audio/Visual Streams
- RFC 3047 RTP Payload Format for ITU-T Recommendation G.722.1
- RFC 3261 SIP: Session Initiation Protocol
- RFC 3262 Reliability of Provisional Responses in SIP
- RFC 3263 Locating SIP Servers
- RFC 3264 An Offer/Answer Model with SDP
- RFC 3311 UPDATE method
- RFC 3361 DHCP Option for SIP Servers
- RFC 3420 Internet Media Type message/sipfrag
- RFC 3515 Refer method
- RFC 3550 RTP: A Transport Protocol for Real-Time Applications
- RFC 3581 Symmetric Response Routing
- RFC 3605 RTCP attribute in SDP
- RFC 3711 The Secure Real-time Transport Protocol (SRTP)
- RFC 3840 Indicating User Agent Capabilities in SIP
- RFC 3890 A Transport Independent Bandwidth Modifier for SDP
- RFC 3891 The SIP "Replaces" Header
- RFC 3892 Referred-By Mechanism
- RFC 3960 Early Media
- RFC 3984 RTP Payload Format for H.264 Video
- RFC 4028 Session Timers in SIP
- RFC 4145 TCP-Based Media Transport in the SDP
- RFC 4568 SDP:Security Descriptions for Media Streams

- RFC 4574 The Session Description Protocol (SDP) Label Attribute
- RFC 4582 The Binary Floor Control Protocol
- RFC 4585 Extended RTP Profile for RTCP-Based Feedback
- RFC 4587 RTP Payload Format for H.261 Video Streams
- RFC 4629 RTP Payload Format for ITU-T Rec. H.263 Video
- RFC 5168 XML Schema for Media Control
- RFC 4796 The SDP Content Attribute
- RFC 4583 SDP Format for BFCP Streams
- draft-ietf-sipping-cc-transfer-06.txt
- draft-ietf-avt-rtp-h264-rcdo-01.txt
- draft-ietf-avt-rtp-h264-params-01.txt

Media capabilities supported in SIP

The audio and video media capabilities supported in SIP are the same as for H.323.



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TANDBERG Remote Control TRC5 key map

The TANDBERG Remote control TRC5 has the following button codes and IR signal parameters.

Button codes - Remote control TRC5		В	utton o	codes - R	- Remote control T		
Dec	Hex	Address	Button name	Dec	Hex	Address	Button name
0	0			33	21	0	Ok
1	1	0	Number 1	34	22	0	Call
2	2	0	Number 2	35	23	0	End call
3	3	0	Number 3	36	24	0	Phone book
4	4	0	Number 4	37	25	0	Layout
5	5	0	Number 5	38	26	0	Clear
6	6	0	Number 6	39	27		
7	7	0	Number 7	-	-		
8	8	0	Number 8	41	29		
9	9	0	Number 9	42	2A	0	Soft key 1
10	0A	0	Number 0	43	2B	0	Soft key 2
11	0B	0	*	44	2C	0	Soft key 3
12	0C	0	#	45	2D	0	Soft key 4
13	0D			46	2E	0	Soft key 5
14	0E			_	-		
15	OF			-	-		
16	10			_	-		
17	11	0	Presenter	_	-		
18	12			51	33	0	Home
19	13						
20	14						
21	15						
22	16	0	Zoom out				
23	17	0	Zoom in				
24	18						
25	19	0	Volume down				
26	1A	0	Volume up				
27	1B	0	Microphone off				
28	1C						
29	1D	0	Arrow up				
30	1E	0	Arrow down				
31	1F	0	Arrow left				
32	20	0	Arrow right				

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The PrecisionHD camera

This page describes the TANDBERG PrecisionHD camera, which was the first TANDBERG HD camera.

Connecting the camera

Video out. For video out signals, connect from the HDMI on the camera to a HDMI video input on the codec.

Power and camera control. For power in and camera control, connect from the camera control & power on the camera to the Camera port on the codec.

HDMI

- HDMI is the main source for video out when connected to a Codec C90. Maximum resolution is 1280x720p30
- This output does not support HDCP (High Bandwidth Digital Content Protection).

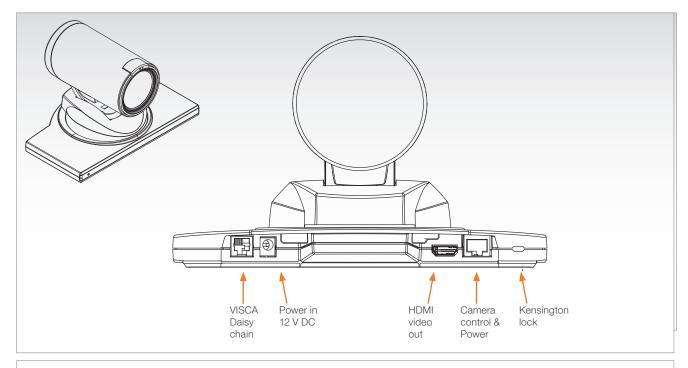
Cascaded cameras

The sockets named Extra Camera and Power In are used when connecting cameras in daisy chain.

- The first camera in the chain is powered up by the camera control cable. The next cameras must use the 12V DC Power in.
- The daisy chained cameras are connected by using an extra camera cable (maximum length ## m) between the Extra Camera sockets.

Kensington lock

The Kensington lock may be used to prevent the camera to be moved from its place or to prevent theft.



Pin-out—VISCA Daisy chain								
RJ 6 pins modular jack								
Pin	Pin Signal name							
6	GND							
5	GND							
4	RXD (in)							
3	TXD (out)							
2	Presence (12V in daisy chain)							
1	GND							

I III-out—VIOOA camera control					
RJ 8 pins shielded modular jack					
Pin	Signal name				
8	+12V (presence 2.8mA current source when connected in daisy chain)				
7	GND				
6	TXD (out)				
5	NC (no connect)				
4	NC (no connect)				
3	RXD (in)				
2	GND				
1	+12V				

Pin-out-VISCA camera control

Pin-out—TANDBERG camera cable RJ45 (8 pin) to D-SUB							
Signal name	RJ45 pin		D-SUB pin				
+12V DC	1	Twisted	4				
GND	2	pair	5				
RX	3	Twisted	2				
TX	6	pair	3				
NC	4	Twisted	1				
NC	5	pair	6				
GND	7	Twisted	5				
+12V DC	8	pair	4				

CE Declaration for Codec C90

For an official, signed version of this document, or details regarding documentation from the technical construction file, please contact TANDBERG.

EC Declaration of conformity							
MANUFACTURER:	TANDBERG Telecom AS						
PRODUCT NAME:	TANDBERG Codec C90						
TYPE NUMBER:	TTC6-09						
DESCRIPTION:	Video Conferencing Equipment						
DIRECTIVES: This equipment complies with.	LVD 2006/95/EC EMC 2004/108/EC						
HARMONIZED STANDARDS: Applied in order to verify compliance with directives.	EN 60950-1:2001, A11:2004 EN 55022 (2006) EN 55024 (1998) + A1 (2001) EN 61000-3-2 (2006) EN 61000-3-3 (1995) + A1 (2	, ,					
TEST REPORTS and CERTIFICATES ISSUED BY:	Reports: Certificates No.: LVD (Nemko AS) 106684 EMC (Nemko AS) E08517.00						
TECHNICAL CONSTRUCTION FILE NO.: YEAR WHICH THE CE-MARK WAS AFFIXED:	X14347 2008						

China RoHS table

This product complies with the Chineese RoHS.

产品中有毒有害物质表

部件名称	有毒有害物质或元素						
HP/TT-/21/W	铅	汞	镉	六价铬	多溴联苯	多溴二苯醚	
金属部件	Х	0	0	0	0	0	
印刷电路板及组件	Х	0	0	0	0	0	
线缆和线缆组装	X	0	0	0	0	0	
显示器(包括照明灯)	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	

说明:

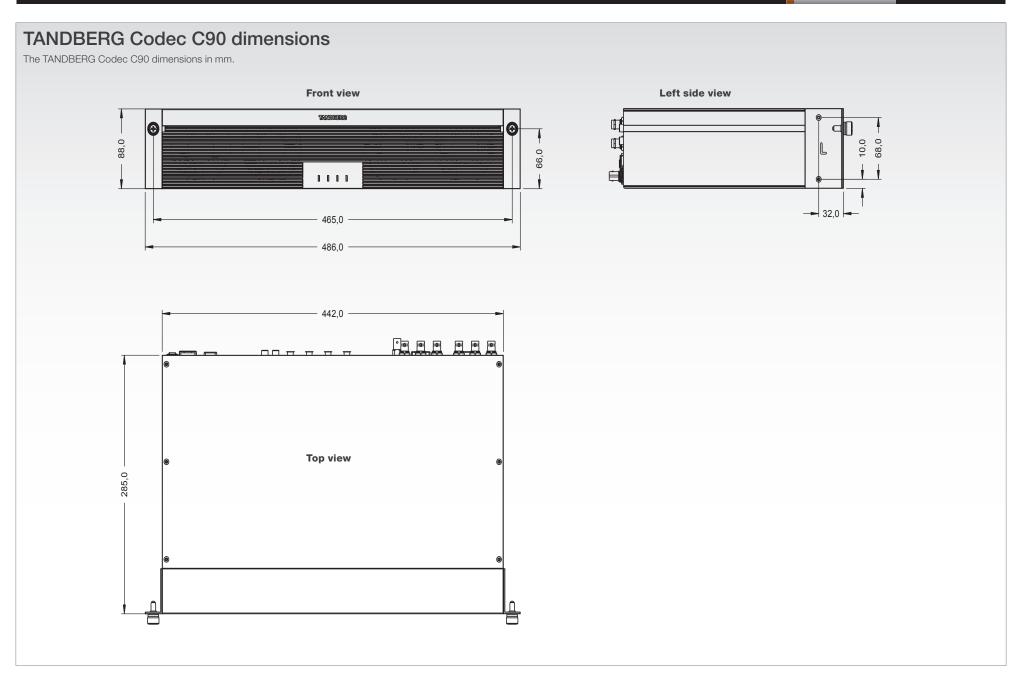
O:表示该有毒有害物质在此部件所有均质材料中的含量均在中国标准《电子信息产品中有毒有害物质的限量要求》(SJ/T 11363-2006)所规定的限量要求以下。

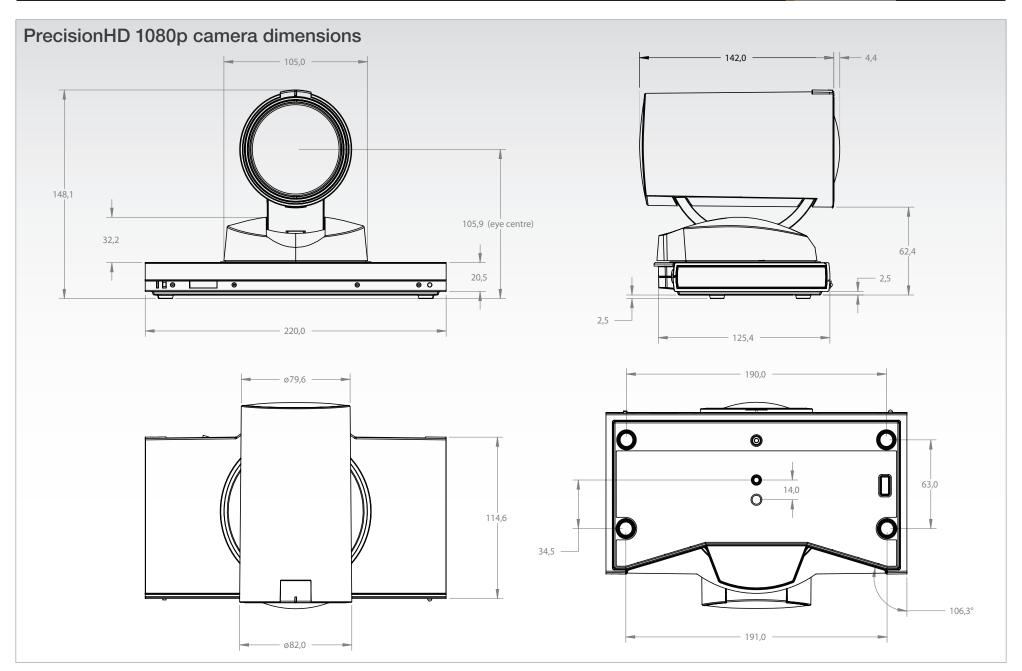
X:表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出中国标准《电子信息产品中有毒有害物质的限量要求》(SJ/T 11363-2006)所规定的限量要求。

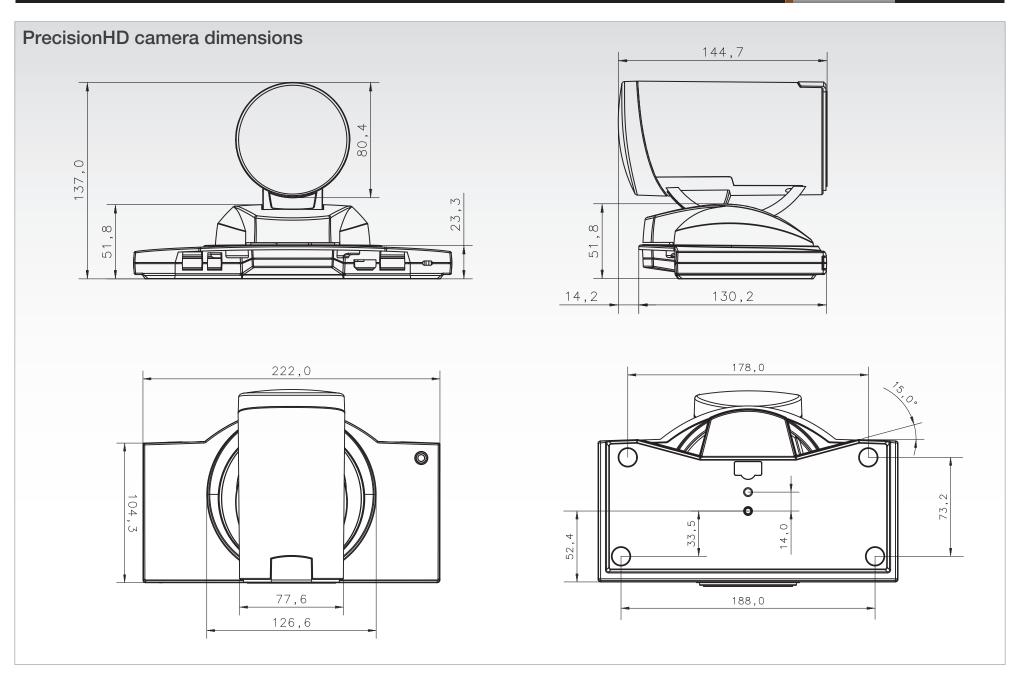
注意: 在所售产品中未必包含所有上述所列部件。

除非在产品上有另外特别的标注,以下标志为针对所涉及产品的环保使用期限标志。环保使用期限只适用于产品在产品手册中所规定的使用条件。









TANDBERG Codec C90 Administrator Guide Contents Introduction Getting started About the menus About the settings Settings Library Cameras Appendices Contact us 1280x720@30 fps (720p30) 1280x768@60fps (WXGA) **Technical specifications** set for balanced line level 1280x720@25 fps (720p25) 1024x768@60fps (XGA) • 2 x RCA/Phono, Line Level: Stereo PC input 2 x RCA/Phono, Line Level: Stereo auxiliary/ 1280x1024@60fps (SXGA) DVD input 2 x DVI-I inputs, supported formats: 640x480@60fps (VGA) UNIT DELIVERED COMPLETE WITH: 2 x HDMI, digital: Stereo PC/DVD inputs Analog (VGA): 800x600@60fps (SVGA) Video conferencing codec, remote control, 1024x768@60, 70, 75, 85 fps (XGA) rack mounting rails, LAN cable, power cable **AUDIO OUTPUTS (8 OUTPUTS)** 1280x1024@60, 75 fps (SXGA) 1 x COMPOSITE OUTPUT (BNC CONNECTOR), • 2 x XLR, balanced line level, stereo main audio BANDWIDTH supported formats: Digital (DVI-D): • 2 x RCA/Phono, line level, stereo main audio. PAL/NTSC H.323/SIP up to 6 Mbps point-to-point 1920x1080@60 fps (1080p60) configurable to S/PDIF • Up to 10 Mbps total MultiSite bandwidth 1920x1080@50 fps (1080p50) • 2 x RCA/Phono, line level, stereo to recording **VESA Monitor Power Management** 1920x1080@30 fps (1080p30) device FIREWALL TRAVERSAL 1920x1080@25 fps (1080p25) • 1 x HDMI, digital, stereo main audio TANDBERG Expressway[™] Technology LIVE VIDEO RESOLUTIONS (ENCODE/DECODE) 1280x720@60 fps (720p60) 1 x HDMI, digital, stereo to recording device H.460.18, H.460.19 Firewall Traversal

VIDEO STANDARDS

H.261, H.263, H.263+, H.264

VIDEO FEATURES

- Native 16:9 Widescreen
- Advanced Screen Layouts
- Intelligent Video Management
- Local Auto Layout

VIDEO INPUTS (13 INPUTS)

4 x HDMI inputs, supported formats:

- 1920x1080@60 fps (1080p60)
- 1920x1080@50 fps (1080p50)
- 1920x1080@30 fps (1080p30)
- 1920x1080@25 fps (1080p25)
- 1280x720@60 fps (720p60)
- 1280x720@50 fps (720p50)
- 640x480@60 fps (480p60)
- 800x600@60 fps (SVGA)
- 1024x768@60, 70, 75, 85 fps (XGA)
- 1280x1024@60, 75 fps (SXGA)

4 x HD-SDI inputs, supported formats:

- 1920x1080@30 fps (1080p30)
- 1920x1080@25 fps (1080p25)
- 1280x720@60 fps (720p60)
- 1280x720@50 fps (720p50)

- 1280x720@50 fps (720p50)
- 640x480@60 fps (480p60)
- 800x600@60 fps (SVGA)
- 1024x768@60, 70, 75, 85 fps (XGA)
- 1280x1024@60, 75 fps (SXGA)

2 x YPbPr inputs, supported formats:

- 1920x1080@60fps (1080p60)
- 1920x1080@50fps (1080p50)
- 1920x1080@30fps (1080p30)
- 1920x1080@25fps (1080p25)
- 1280x720@60fps (720p60)
- 1280x720@50fps (720p50)
- 1280x720@30fps (720p30)
- 720x576@50fps (576p50)
- 720x480@60fps (w480p60)

1 x S-Video/Composite input (BNC connectors)*

PAL/NTSC

Extended Display Identification Data (EDID)

VIDEO OUTPUTS (5 OUTPUTS)

2 x HDMI outputs, 2 x DVI-I outputs, supported formats:

- 1920x1080@60fps (HD1080p60)
- 1280x720@60fps (HD720p60)
- 1366x768@60fps (WXGA)

- 176x144@30fps (QCIF)
- 352x288@30fps (CIF)
- 512x288@30fps (w288p)
- 576x448@30fps (448p)
- 768x448@30fps (w448p)
- 704x576@30fps (4CIF)
- 1024x576@30fps (w576p)
- 640x480@30fps (VGA)
- 800x600@30fps (SVGA)
- 1024x768@30fps (XGA)
- 1280x1024@30fps (SXGA)
- 1280x720@30fps (HD720p30)
- 1920x1080@30fps (HD1080p30)**

AUDIO STANDARDS

 G.711, G.722, G.722.1, 64 bit & 128 bit MPEG4 AAC-LD, AAC-LD Stereo

AUDIO FEATURES

- · CD-Quality 20KHz Mono and Stereo
- Eight separate acoustic echo cancellers
- 8-port Audio mixer
- Automatic Gain Control (AGC)
- Automatic Noise Reduction
- Active lip synchronization

AUDIO INPUTS (14 INPUTS)

 8 x microphone, 48V phantom powered, XLR connector each with separate echo cancellers and noise reduction, all microphones can be

DUAL STREAM

- H.239 (H.323) dual stream
- · BFCP (SIP) dual stream
- Available in MultiSite from any site
- Support for resolutions up to 1080p30 in both main stream and dual stream simultaneously

MULTISITE FEATURES

- 4-way High Definition SIP/H.323 MultiSite
- Full Individual audio and video transcoding up to 1080p30
- Individual layouts in MultiSite CP (Takes out SelfView)
- H.323/SIP/VoIP in the same conference
- Best Impression (Automatic CP Layouts)
- H.264, Encryption, Dual Stream from any site
- IP Downspeeding
- Dial in/Dial out
- Conference rates up to 10 Mbps

PROTOCOLS

- H.323
- SIP

EMBEDDED ENCRYPTION

- H.323/SIP point-to-point and multipoint calls
- Standards-based: H.235 v2 & v3 and AES
- Automatic key generation and exchange
- Supported in Dual Stream & MultiSite

Administrator Guide Contents Introduction Getting started About the menus About the settings Settings Library Cameras Appendices Contact us IP NETWORK FEATURES STORAGE AND TRANSPORT TEMPERATURE MTBF PRODUCT RELIABILITY/MTBF 1920x1080@25fps • -20° C to 60° C (-4° F to 140° F) at RH 10-90% DNS lookup for service configuration The predicted reliability is expressed in the 1280x720@60fps (non-condensing) expected random Mean Time Between Failures Differentiated Services (QoS) 1280x720@50fps (MTBF) for the electronic components based on IP adaptive bandwidth management (including 1280x720@30fps the Power On Hours: **APPROVALS** flow control) 1280x720@25fps • Power On Hours (POH) > 69 000 hours Directive 2006/95/EC (Low Voltage Directive) Auto gatekeeper discovery Automatic or manual focus/brightness/ Useful Life Cycle > 6 years Standard EN 60950-1 Dynamic playout and lip-sync buffering whitebalance Directive 2004/108/EC (EMC Directive) H.245 DTMF tones in H.323 Far-end camera control ISO 9001 certificate is available upon request - Standard EN 55022, Class B Date and Time support via NTP Daisy-chain support (Visca protocol camera) Standard EN 55024 Packet Loss based Downspeeding Dual HDMI and HD-SDI output Standard EN 61000-3-2/-3-3 URI Dialing Upside-down mounting with automatic flipping November 2008 Approved according to UL 60950-1 and CSA of picture TCP/IP 60950-1-07 DHCP Complies with FCC15B Class B SYSTEM MANAGEMENT Support for the TANDBERG Management Suite SECURITY FEATURES **DIMENSIONS** Total management via embedded SNMP, Management via HTTPS and SSH • Length: 17.36"/44.1cm Telnet, SSH, XML, SOAP IP Administration Password • Height: 3.67"/9.3cm Remote software upload: via web server, SCP, Menu Administration Password HTTP, HTTPS • Depth: 11.8"/30cm Disable IP services 1 x RS-232 local control and diagnostics • Weight: 11.22 lbs/5.1 kg Network Settings protection Remote control and on-screen menu system NETWORK INTERFACES **DIRECTORY SERVICES** *not supported in version 1 • 2*** x separate LAN/Ethernet (RJ-45) Support for Local directories (My Contacts) 10/100/1000 Mbit **reauires option Corporate Directory ***only one LAN/Ethernet interface supported in Unlimited entries using Server directory OTHER INTERFACES version 1 supporting LDAP and H.350 USB host for future usage Unlimited number for Corporate directory USB device for future usage (through TMS) GPIO^{*} All specifications subject to change without notice, 200 number local directory system specifics may vary. Received Calls PRECISIONHD 1080p CAMERA Placed Calls 1/3" CMOS All images in these materials are for Missed Calls with Date and Time representational purposes only, actual products • 12 x zoom mav differ. • +15°/-25° tilt, +/- 90° pan **POWFR** 43.5° vertical field of view Auto-sensing power supply TANDBERG and Expressway are registered 72° horizontal field of view 100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz trademarks or trademarks of TANDBERG in the Focus distance 0.3m-infinity U.S. and other countries. • 175 watts max. for codec and main camera 1920 x 1080 pixels progressive @ 60fps Other formats supported (configurable through OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

1920x1080@30fps

Dip-switch):

1920x1080@60fps (HDMI only)

1920x1080@50fps (HDMI only)

0° C to 35° C (32° F to 95° F) ambient

• 10% to 90% Relative Humidity (RH)

temperature

owners.

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