

# X9SPV-F X9SPV-LN4F

# USER'S MANUAL

Revision 1.0a

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# Preface

# **About This Manual**

This manual is written for system integrators, PC technicians and knowledgeable PC users. It provides information for the installation and use of the **SUPER**• X9SPV motherboard product series. This product is intended to be professionally installed and serviced by a technician.

# About This Motherboard

The X9SPV motherboard series is a value-driven product aimed at users who demand a small form-factor, ultra low-power motherboard for PC, gateway server or embedded applications.

The X9SPV motherboard series features a mobile, 3rd generation Intel® Core™ i7/i5/i3 processor onboard with an FCBGA1023 package, offering many features such as two ECC SO-DIMM memory support, four SATA 2.0 ports, two SATA 3.0 ports, an on-board VGA with Intel HD 4000 graphics option. It also includes 4 LAN ports (X9SPV-LN4F), IPMI 2.0, Disk on Module, and TPM support. These enable the X9SPV motherboard series to deliver an energy-efficient, low power, high performance platform, in a small form-factor.

# **Manual Organization**

**Chapter 1** describes the features, specifications and performance of the mainboard and provides detailed information about the chipset.

**Chapter 2** provides hardware installation instructions. Read this chapter when installing the processor, memory modules and other hardware components into the system. If you encounter any problems, see **Chapter 3**, which describes troubleshooting procedures for video, memory and system setup stored in the CMOS. **Chapter 4** includes an introduction to the BIOS and provides detailed information on running the CMOS Setup utility.

Appendix A provides BIOS Error Beep Codes.

Appendix B lists Driver Installation Instructions.

Appendix C provides the UEFI BIOS Recovery Instructions.

# Conventions Used in the Manual:

Special attention should be given to the following symbols for proper installation and to prevent damage done to the components or injury to yourself:



**Danger/Caution:** Instructions to be strictly followed to prevent catastrophic system failure or to avoid bodily injury



Warning: Critical information to prevent damage to the components or data loss.



**Important:** Important information given to ensure proper system installation or to relay safety precautions.



**Note:** Additional Information given to differentiate various models or provides information for correct system setup.

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# Chapter 1

# Introduction

# 1-1 Overview

## Checklist

Congratulations on purchasing your computer motherboard from an acknowledged leader in the industry. Supermicro boards are designed with the utmost attention to detail and to provide you with the highest standards in quality and performance.

Please check that the following items have all been included with your motherboard. If anything listed here is damaged or missing, contact your retailer.

All the following items are included in the retail box only.

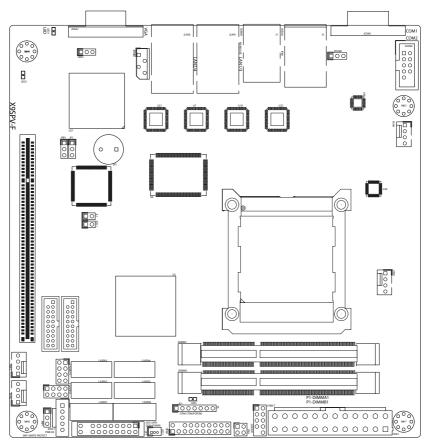
- One (1) Supermicro Motherboard with CPU and Heatsink installed
- Two (2) SATA cables
- One (1) I/O shield



# SUPER X9SPV-F/LN4F Image

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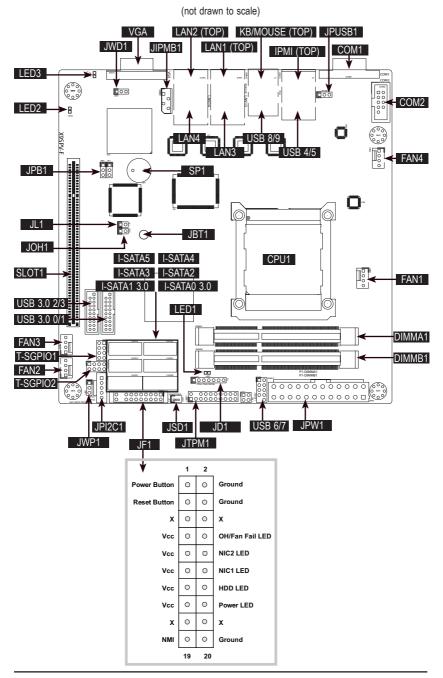
**Note**: All graphics and images shown in this manual were based upon the latest PCB Revision available at the time of publishing of the manual. The motherboard you've received may or may not look exactly the same as the image shown in this manual.



X9SPV-F/LN4F Motherboard Layout

Important Notes to the User

- Jumpers not indicated are for testing only.
- See Chapter 2 for detailed information on jumpers, I/O ports and JF1 front panel connections.
- "□" indicates the location of "Pin 1".



#### X9SPV-F/LN4F Quick Reference

Connectors/LED	Description					
LED1	Standby Power LED					
LED2	IPMI Heartbeat LED					
LED3	Unsupported Memory LED					
SLOT1	PCI-E x16 Gen 2 Slot					
JL1	Chassis Intrusion Header					
JOH1	Overheat LED					
USB 0/1, USB 2/3	USB 3.0 Headers					
USB 6/7	USB 2.0 Header					
USB 4/5, USB 8/9	Backpanel USB Ports					
FAN1~4	CPU Fan, System Fan and Auxilliary Fan Headers					
T-SGPIO1, T-SGPIO2	Serial General Purpose I/O headers					
JPI2C1	JPI2C, PWR supply (I2C) System Management Bus					
JF1	Front Panel Control Header					
JSD1	DOM (Disk on Module) Power Connector					
JTPM1 TPM Header						
SP1	Onboard Speaker/Buzzer					
JD1	Power LED/Speaker Header					
I-SATA1~I-SATA6	SATA Connectors (White connectors: SATA 3, Black: SATA 2)					
JPW1	24-Pin ATX Power Connector					
DIMMA1, DIMMB1	SODIMM Memory Sockets					
COM1, COM2	Serial Port 1 (COM1) on the Backpanel, Serial Port 2 (COM2) Header					
IPMI IPMI Port						
KB/MOUSE	Combination PS/2 Keyboard or Mouse Port					
LAN1, LAN2	LAN1, LAN2 Gb Ethernet Ports					
LAN3, LAN4	LAN3, LAN4 Gb Ethernet Ports (X9SPV-LN4F only)					
VGA VGA Port						
JIPMB1	4-pin External BMC I2C Header (for an IPMI card)					
CPU1	CPU / Processor					

#### Ports, LEDs, and Connectors

### **Jumper Descriptions**

Jumper	Description	Default Setting	
JPB1	BMC (IPMI) Enable/Disable	Pins 1-2 (Enabled)	
JBT1	CMOS Clear	Open (Short pads to clear)	
JWD1 Watch Dog Timer		Pins 1-2 (Reset)	
JWP1	BIOS Write Protect	Pins 1-2 (Enabled)	
JPUSB1	USB Wake-up	Pins 1-2 (Enabled)	

#### **Motherboard Features**

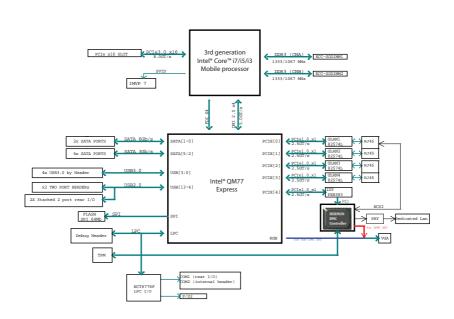
CPU	Onboard, Mobile, 3rd generation Intel® Core™ i7/i5/i3 processor (FCBGA1023)				
Memory	Two (2) SO-DIMM slots support up to 16 GB of DDR3, unbuffered, 1066/1333 MHz, ECC SO-DIMM memory				
	Supports One DIMM per Channel				
	DIMM sizes				
	ECC SO-DIMM 2 GB, 4 GB and 8GB				
Chipset	Mobile Intel® QM77 Express (3.9W)				
Expansion Slots	One (1) PCI-E x 16, Gen 3 Slot (i3 with Gen 2 only)				
Graphics	Intel HD 4000 Inte	egrate	d Graphics		
	Matrox G200eW G	Graph	lics		
Network Connections	Four (4) RJ-45 Rear I/O Panel Connectors (Intel 82574L) on the X9SPV-LN4F only				
Two (2) RJ-45 Rear I/O Panel Connector on the X9SPV-F only			Panel Connectors (Intel 82574L)		
	One (1) RJ-45 IPM	Al Co	nnector		
I/O Devices	SATA Connections				
	SATA 3.0 Ports	5	Two (2) (SATA 0/1)		
			RAID 0, 1 Support		
	SATA 2.0 Ports	;	Four (4) (SATA 2~5)		
			RAID 0, 1, 5, 10		
	USB Devices	es			
	Four (4) USB 2.0 ports on the rear I/O panel (USB 4/5, 8/9)				
	Six (6) USB ports on headers for front panel access: USB0/1 (3.0), USB 2/3 (3.0), USB 6/7 (2.0)				
	Graphics				
	One (1) Back panel VGA port				
	Keyboard/Mouse				
	Combination PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse port on the I/O backpanel				
	Serial (COM) Ports				
	Two (2) Fast UART 16550 connections: one 9-pin RS-232 port (Backpanel COM1 port) and one header (COM2)				
	Super I/O				
	Winbond Super I/O NCT6776F				

	IPMI 2.0				
	Nuvoton WPCM450 BMC				
BIOS	16 MB SPI AMI BIOS® SM Flash BIOS				
	Plug and Play, ACPI 1.0/2.0/3.0, USB Keyboard and SMBIOS 2.3				
Power	ACPI/ACPM Power Management				
	Main Switch Override Mechanism				
	Suspend-To-RAM (STR)				
	One (1) Disk-On-Module (DOM) Power Connector				
	Power-on mode for AC power recovery				
PC Health Monitoring	CPU Monitoring				
	Onboard voltage monitors for CPU core, 1.8V, +3.3V, +5V, +/-12V, +3.3V Stdby, +5V Stdby, VBAT, HT, Memory, Chipset				
	Tachometer Monitoring				
	CPU & chassis environment Monitoring				
	CPU Thermal Trip support				
	Thermal Monitor (TM1) support				
	Fan Control				
	Fan status monitoring with firmware 4-pin (Pulse Width Modulation) fan speed control				
	Low noise fan speed control				
System Management	PECI (Platform Environment Configuration Interface) 2.0 support				
	System resource alert via Supero Doctor III				
	SuperoDoctor III, Watch Dog, NMI				
	Chassis Intrusion header and detection				
CD Utilities	BIOS flash upgrade utility				
(Download from Website)	Drivers and software for Intel® QM77 Express chipset utilities				
Other	ROHS 6/6 (Full Compliance)				
	One (1) TPM 1.2 Header				
Dimensions	Mini-ITX form factor (6.7" x 6.7")				

Model/PN	PN 3rd Gen IVB ECC		Turbo (1C/DC/QC) GHz	Core/Thread	
X9SPV-LN4F-3QE	i7-3612QE	2.1	3.1/3.0/2.8	4C/8T	
X9SPV-LN4F-3LE	i7-3555LE	2.5	3.2/3.1/NA	2C/4T	
X9SPV-F-3610ME	i5-3610ME	2.7	3.3/3.1/NA	2C/4T	
X9SPV-F-3217UE	i3-3217UE	1.6	NA/NA/NA	2C/4T	

# **Motherboard Features Table**

Model/PN	TDP	Cache	PClex16	TXT	VT-d	VT-X	AES-NI
X9SPV-LN4F-3QE	35W	6MB	Gen3	Y	Y	Y	Y
X9SPV-LN4F-3LE	25W	4MB	Gen3	Y	Y	Y	Y
X9SPV-F-3610ME	35W	3MB	Gen3	Y	Y	Y	Y
X9SPV-F-3217UE	17W	3MB	Gen2	Ν	Ν	Y	N



X9SPV Motherboard Series Block Diagram



**Note:** This is a general block diagram. Please see the Motherboard Features pages for details on the features of the motherboard.

# 1-2 Chipset Overview

The X9SPV Motherboard Series supports a single on board, 3rd generation Intel® Core™ i7/i5/i3 processor (FCBGA1023 Mobile ECC CPU).

Built around the functionality and the capability of the Intel® QM77 Express chipset, the motherboard provides substantial system performance and storage capability for performance platforms in a compact package.

The Intel QM77 Express chipset is part of the mobile Intel Chipset family, with a single-chip architecture. Among its features are

- 3.9W Power Consumption
- Intel Anti-Theft Technology
- SATA Controller (up to 6G/s)
- Smart Response Technology (SSD Cache)

For more information regarding the Intel QM77 Express chipset, please visit Intel's website at: http://www.intel.com

# 1-3 PC Health Monitoring

This section describes the PC health monitoring features of the X9SPV Motherboard Series. These motherboards have an onboard System Hardware Monitor chip that supports PC health monitoring.

#### **Recovery from AC Power Loss**

BIOS provides a setting for you to determine how the system will respond when AC power is lost and then restored to the system. You can choose for the system to remain powered off (in which case you must hit the power switch to turn it back on) or for it to automatically return to a power on state. See the Power Lost Control setting in the BIOS chapter of this manual to change this setting. The default setting is **Last State**.

## **Onboard Voltage Monitoring**

The onboard voltage monitor will scan the following voltages continuously: CPU core, 1.8V, +3.3V, +5V, +/-12V, +3.3V Stdby, +5V Stdby, VBAT, HT, Memory, Chipset. Once a voltage becomes unstable, it will give a warning or send an error message to the screen. The User can adjust the voltage thresholds to define the sensitivity of the voltage monitor by using SD III.

#### Fan Status Monitor with Software

The PC health monitor can check the RPM status of the cooling fans via Supero Doctor III.

# 1-4 Power Configuration Settings

This section describes features of your motherboard that deal with power and power settings.

#### Slow Blinking LED for Suspend-State Indicator

When the CPU goes into a suspend state, the chassis power LED will start blinking to indicate that the CPU is in suspend mode. When the user presses any key, the CPU will wake up and the LED will automatically stop blinking and remain on.

#### **BIOS Support for USB Keyboard**

If the USB keyboard is the only keyboard in the system, it will function like a normal keyboard during system boot-up.

#### Main Switch Override Mechanism

When an ATX power supply is used, the power button can function as a system suspend button. When the user presses the power button, the system will enter a Soft Off state. The monitor will be suspended and the hard drive will spin down. Pressing the power button again will cause the whole system to wake up. During the SoftOff state, the ATX power supply provides power to keep the required circuitry in the system "alive." In case the system malfunctions and you want to turn off the power, just press and hold the power button for 4 seconds. The power will turn off and no power will be provided to the motherboard.

## 1-5 Power Supply

As with all computer products, a stable power source is necessary for proper and reliable operation. It is even more important for processors that have high CPU clock rates of 1 GHz and faster.

The **SUPER**<sup>©</sup> X9SPV Motherboard Series accommodates 12V ATX power supplies. Although most power supplies generally meet the specifications required by the CPU, some are inadequate. A 2-Amp of current supply on a 5V Standby rail is strongly recommended.

# 1-6 Super I/O

The Super I/O provides two high-speed, 16550 compatible serial communication ports (UARTs). Each UART includes a 16-byte send/receive FIFO, a programmable baud rate generator, complete modem control capability and a processor interrupt system. Both UARTs provide legacy speed with baud rate of up to 115.2 Kbps as well as an advanced speed with baud rates of 250 K, 500 K, or 1 Mb/s, which support higher speed modems.

The Super I/O provides functions that comply with ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface), which includes support of legacy and ACPI power management through a SMI or SCI function pin. It also features auto power management to reduce power consumption.

## Notes

# Chapter 2

# Installation

# 2-1 Static-Sensitive Devices



Electrostatic-Discharge (ESD) can damage electronic components. To prevent damage to your system board, it is important to handle it very carefully. The following measures are generally sufficient to protect your equipment from ESD.

# Precautions

- · Use a grounded wrist strap designed to prevent static discharge.
- Touch a grounded metal object before removing the board from the antistatic bag.
- Handle the board by its edges only; do not touch its components, peripheral chips, memory modules or gold contacts.
- · When handling chips or modules, avoid touching their pins.
- Put the motherboard and peripherals back into their antistatic bags when not in use.
- For grounding purposes, make sure your computer chassis provides excellent conductivity between the power supply, the case, the mounting fasteners and the motherboard.
- Use only the correct type of onboard CMOS battery. Do not install the onboard upside down battery to avoid possible explosion.

# Unpacking

The motherboard is shipped in antistatic packaging to avoid static damage. When unpacking the board, make sure the person handling it is static protected.

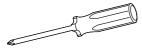
# 2-2 Motherboard Installation

All motherboards have standard mounting holes to fit different types of chassis. Make sure that the locations of all the mounting holes for both motherboard and chassis match. Although a chassis may have both plastic and metal mounting fasteners, metal ones are highly recommended because they ground the motherboard to the chassis. Make sure that the metal standoffs click in or are screwed in tightly. Then use a screwdriver to secure the motherboard onto the motherboard tray.



**Caution**: Some components are very close to the mounting holes. Please take precautionary measures to prevent damage to these components when installing the motherboard to the chassis.

## **Tools Needed**





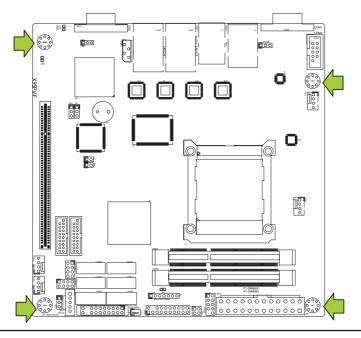


Philips Screwdriver Pan head screws (4 pieces) Stand Offs (4 pieces) (Only if needed)

Note: The above items are not provided with this motherboard.

# Location of Mounting Holes

There are four (4) mounting holes on the X9SPV motherboard series.



2-2



**Caution:** To avoid damaging the motherboard and its components, please do not use a force greater than 8 lb/inch on each mounting screw during motherboard installation.

# Installation Instructions

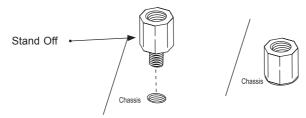


Install the I/O shield into the chassis.



Locate the mounting holes on the motherboard. Refer to the layout on the previous page for mounting hole locations.

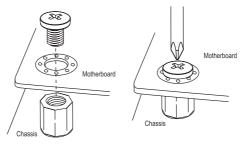
Locate the matching mounting holes on the chassis. Install standoffs in the chassis as needed. Align the mounting holes on the motherboard against the mounting holes on the chassis.





Install the motherboard into the chassis carefully to avoid damage to motherboard components.

Insert a Pan head #6 screw into a mounting hole on the motherboard and its matching mounting hole on the chassis, using the Philips screwdriver.





Repeat Step 4 to insert #6 screws to all mounting holes.

Make sure that the motherboard is securely placed on the chassis.

## 2-3 System Memory



Ø

#### CAUTION

Exercise extreme care when installing or removing DIMM modules to prevent any possible damage.

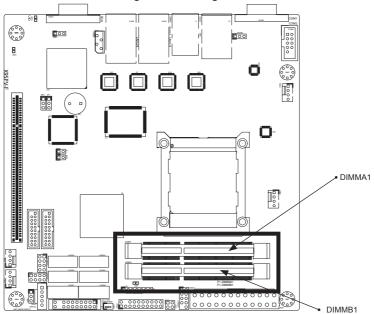
**Note**: Check the Supermicro website for a list of memory modules that have been validated with the X9SPV motherboard series.

#### How to Install SO DIMMs

- Insert the desired number of SO DIMMs into the memory slots, starting with DIMMA1, then DIMMB1. Pay attention to the notch along the bottom of the module to prevent incorrect DIMM module installation.
- Insert each SO DIMM module vertically and snap it into place. Repeat step 1 to install DIMMB1 if needed. See instructions on the next page.

#### **Memory Support**

The X9SPV Motherboard Series supports up to 16GB of DDR3 ECC SODIMMs (1066/1333 MHz in 2 SODIMM slots).



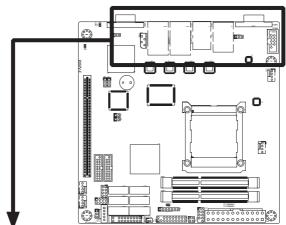
#### Installing and Removing DIMMs

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# The SO DIMM Socket Position the SO DIMM module's bottom key so it aligns with the receptive point on the Align slot. Take note of the module's side notches and the locking clips on the socket. Insert the SO DIMM module straight down. Press down until the module locks into place. The side clips will automatically secure the SO DIMM module, locking it into place. To Remove: Use your thumbs to gently push the side clips near both ends away from the module. This should release it from the slot. Pull the SO DIMM module upwards.

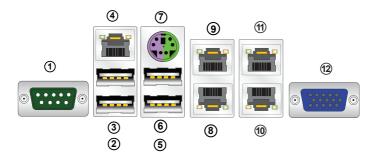
# 2-4 Connectors/I/O Ports

The I/O ports are color coded in conformance with the PC 99 specification. See the figure below for the colors and locations of the various I/O ports.



#### **Back Panel Connectors and I/O Ports**

I/O Port Locations and Definitions



1. COM1	7. PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse		
2. USB5	8. LAN2		
3. USB4	9. LAN1		
4. IPMI LAN	10. LAN4 (X9SPV-LN4F Only)		
5. USB9	11. LAN3 (X9SPV-LN4F Only)		
6. USB8	12. VGA		

#### **Back Panel Connectors**

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#### PS/2 KB/Mouse Port (KB/Mouse)

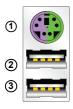
The PS/2 keyboard/mouse port is located above the Back Panel USB Ports 8/9 on the motherboard. See the table at right for pin definitions.

PS/2 KB/Mouse Pin Definitions (JF1)		
Pin#	Definition	
1	KB Data	
2	MS Data	
3	Ground	
4	Vcc	
5	KB CLK	
6	MS CLK	

#### Note:

This motherboard offers three Keyboard/Mouse connection options as shown in the graphic below.

- 1. Connect a keyboard cable or a mouse cable to the PS2 KB/Mouse port.
- 2. Plug in a Y cable that connects to a KB cable and a mouse cable on other end to USB Port 0.
- 3. Plug in a Y cable that connects to a KB cable and a mouse cable on other end to USB Port 1.



**Keyboard/Mouse** (For a keyboard cable or Mouse cable)

Back Panel USB (2.0)#8 (For a Y cable that connects to a KB cable and a Mouse Cable)

#### Back Panel USB (2.0)#9

(For a Y cable that connects to a KB cable and a Mouse Cable)



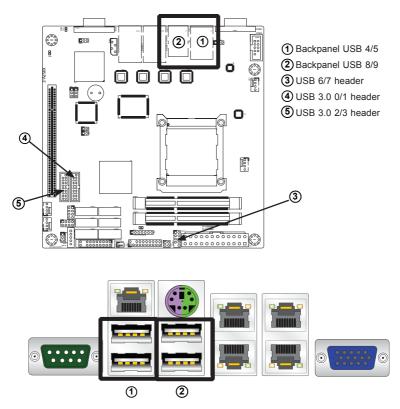
**Back Panel Connectors** 

#### Universal Serial Bus (USB)

Four Universal Serial Bus ports (USB 4/5, 8/9) are located on the I/O backpanel. Additionally, one USB 2.0 header (USB 6/7) and two USB 3.0 headers (USB 0/1, 2/3) are also located on the motherboard to provide front chassis access. (Cables are not included). See the tables on the right for pin definitions.

Back Panel USB Type A USB 10 Pin Definitions				
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition	
1	+5V	5	+5V	
2	USB_PN	6	USB_PN	
3	USB_PP	7	USB_PP	
4	Ground	8	Ground	

Front Panel USB 2.0 Pin Definitions				
Pin #	Definition	Pin #	Definition	
1	+5V	6	+5V	
2	USB_PN	7	USB_PN	
3	USB_PP	8	USB_PP	
4	Ground	9	Ground	
5	NA	10	Кеу	



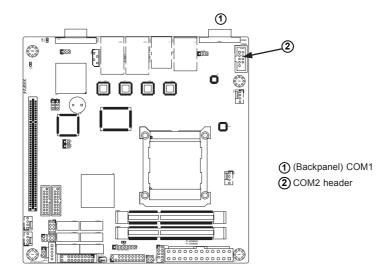
#### **Back Panel Connectors**

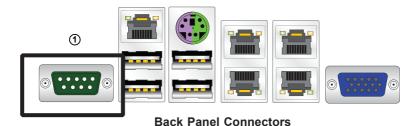
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#### Serial Ports (COM1/COM2)

Two COM connections (COM1, COM2) are located on the motherboard. COM1 is located on the back I/O panel. A COM2 header is also located just behind the COM1 port to provide an additional onboard serial port. See the table on the right for pin definitions.

Serial Ports-COM1/COM2/COM3/COM4 Pin Definitions				
Pin #	Definition	Pin #	Definition	
1	DCD	6	DSR	
2	RXD	7	RTS	
3	TXD	8	CTS	
4	DTR	9	RI	
5	Ground	10	N/A	





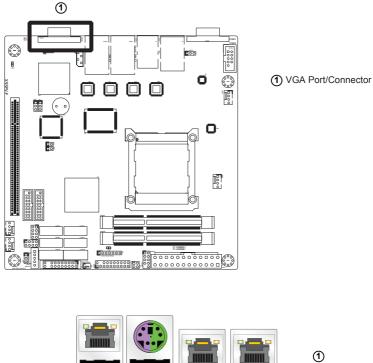
#### VGA Connector (VGA)

A VGA connector is located next to the LAN Ports on the I/O back panel. This connector is used to provide video display. Refer to the board layout below for the location.

	VGA Port/Connector Pin Definitions				
Pin #	Definition	Pin #	Definition		
1	Red Video	9	+5V DC		
2	Green Video	10	Ground (Vsync, DDC)		
3	Blue Video	11	Reserved		
4	Reserved	12	I <sup>2</sup> C Data		
5	Ground	13	H Sync		
6	Red Return	14	V Sync		
7	Green Return	15	I <sup>2</sup> C Clock		
8	Blue Return				



15-pin VGA Connector



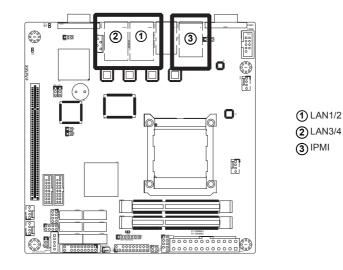


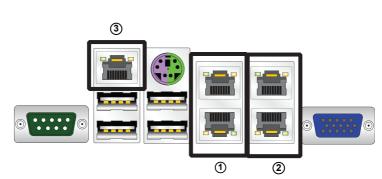
#### **Back Panel Connectors**

### LAN Ports (LAN1~LAN4)

Two gigabit LAN ports are located on the I/O back panel (four on the X9SPV-LN4F). These ports accept RJ45 type cables. These are used to connect the motherboard to a network. On product models X9SPV-F and X9SPV-LN4F, an IPMI port is also provided for remote management through a TCP/IP network.

RJ45/LAN Pin Definitions			
Pin #	Definition	Pin #	Definition
1	TX_D1+	5	BI_D3-
2	TX_D1-	6	RX_D2-
3	RX_D2+	7	BI_D4+
4	BI_D3+	8	BI_D4-



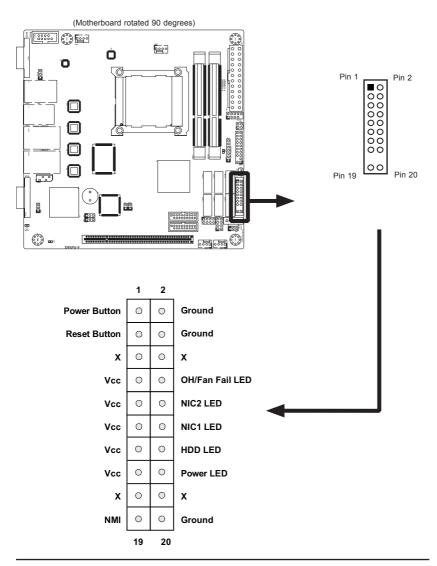


### **Back Panel Connectors**

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### **Front Control Panel**

JF1 contains header pins for various buttons and indicators that are normally located on a control panel at the front of the chassis. These connectors are designed specifically for use with Supermicro server chassis. See the figure below for the descriptions of the various control panel buttons and LED indicators. Refer to the following section for descriptions and pin definitions.



#### JF1 Header Pins

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### **Front Control Panel Pin Definitions**

### Power LED

The Power LED connection is located on pins 15 and 16 of JF1. Refer to the table on the right for pin definitions.

### HDD LED

The HDD LED connection is located on pins 13 and 14 of JF1. Attach a hard drive LED cable here to display disk activity (for any hard drive activities on the system, including Serial ATA and IDE). See the table on the right for pin definitions.

### NIC1/NIC2 LED Indicators

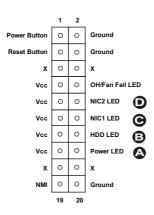
The NIC (Network Interface Controller or Ethernet Controller) LED connection for LAN port 1 is located on pins 11 and 12 of JF1, and the LED connection for LAN Port 2 is on Pins 9 and 10. Attach the NIC LED cables to display network activity. Refer to the table on the right for pin definitions.

Power LED Pin Definitions (JF1)		
Pin#	Definition	
15	+3.3V	
16 Ground		

HDD LED Pin Definitions (JF1)		
Pin#	Definition	
13	+3.3V	
14	HD Active	

NIC 1/2 LED Pin Definitions (JF1)		
Pin# Definition		
11/9	Vcc	
12/10	Ground	

POWER LED
HDD LED
NIC1
NIC2



JF1 Header Pins

### Overheat (OH)/Fan Fail LED

Connect an LED Cable to the OH/Fan Fail connection on pins 7 and 8 of JF1 to provide advanced warnings of chassis overheat or fan failure. Refer to the table on the right for pin definitions.

### **Power Fail LED**

The Power Fail LED connection is located on pins 5 and 6 of JF1. Refer to the table on the right for pin definitions.

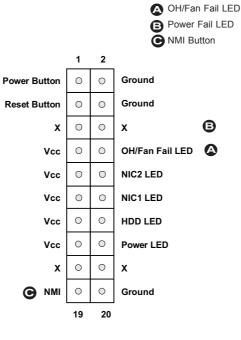
#### **NMI Button**

The non-maskable interrupt button header is located on pins 19 and 20 of JF1. Refer to the table on the right for pin definitions.

OH/Fan Fail Indicator Status		
State	Definition	
Off	Normal	
On	Overheat	
Flash- ing	Fan Fail	

Power Fail LED Pin Definitions (JF1)	
Pin#	Definition
5	Vcc
6 Ground	

NMI Button Pin Definitions (JF1)		
Pin#	Definition	
1	Signal	
2	Ground	





#### **Reset Button**

The Reset Button connection is located on pins 3 and 4 of JF1. Attach it to a hardware reset switch on the computer case. Refer to the table on the right for pin definitions.

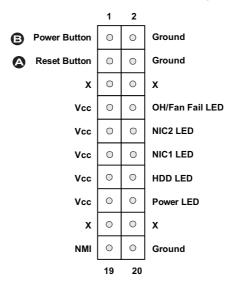
#### **Power Button**

The Power Button connection is located on pins 1 and 2 of JF1. Momentarily contacting both pins will power on/off the system. To turn off the power when set to suspend mode, press the button for at least 4 seconds. Refer to the table on the right for pin definitions.

Reset Button Pin Definitions (JF1)		
Pin#	Definition	
3	Reset	
4 Ground		

Power Button Pin Definitions (JF1)		
Pin#	Definition	
1	Signal	
2	Ground	







### 2-5 Connecting Cables

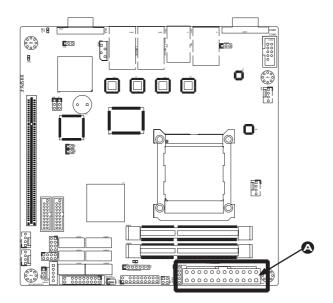
This section provides brief descriptions and pin-out definitions for onboard power connectors. Be sure to use the correct cable for each header or connector.

### ATX Power Connector (JPW1)

The 24-pin power connector is used to provide power to the motherboard. This connector meets the SSI EPS 12V specification. See the tables on the right for pin definitions.

ATX Power 24-pin Connector Pin Definitions (JPW1)			
Pin#	Definition	Pin #	Definition
13	+3.3V	1	+3.3V
14	-12V	2	+3.3V
15	COM	3	COM
16	PS_ON	4	+5V
17	COM	5	COM
18	COM	6	+5V
19	COM	7	COM
20	Res (NC)	8	PWR_OK
21	+5V	9	5VSB
22	+5V	10	+12V
23	+5V	11	+12V
24	COM	12	+3.3V

A 24-pin PWR



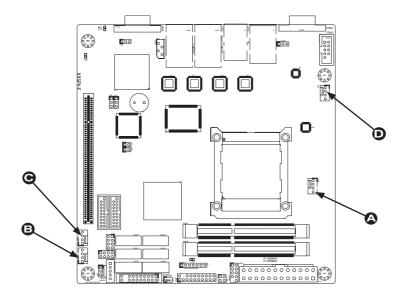
#### **Fan Headers**

The X9SPV Motherboard Series has three fan headers (Fan1~Fan3). These fans are 4-pin fan headers. Although Pins 1~3 of the fan headers are backward compatible with the traditional 3-pin fans, please 4-pin fans on the motherboard to enable the motherboard to control fan speed through the BIOS. Refer to the table on the right for pin definitions.

Note: The speeds of 4-pin (PWM) fans are controlled by Thermal Management via BIOS Hardware Monitoring in the Advanced Setting. (The default setting is **Disabled**.)

Fan Header Pin Definitions		
Pin# Definition		
1	Ground	
2 +12V		
3	Tachometer	
4	PWM_Control	





### **Chassis Intrusion (JL1)**

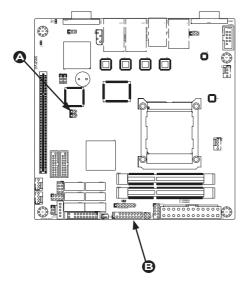
A Chassis Intrusion header is located at JL1 on the motherboard. Attach the appropriate cable from the chassis to inform you of a chassis intrusion when the chassis is opened.

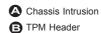
### TPM Header (JTPM1)

This header is used to connect a Trusted Platform Module (TPM), available from a third-party vendor. A TPM is a security device that allows encryption and authentication of hard drives. It enables the motherboard to deny access if the TPM associated with the hard drive is not installed in the system. See the table on the right for pin definitions.

	Chassis Intrusion Pin Definitions (JL1)		
Pin#	Definition		
1	Intrusion Input		
2	Ground		

Tr	Trusted Platform Module Header Pin Definitions			
Pin #	Definition	Pin #	Definition	
1	LCLK	2	GND	
3	LFRAME	4	No Pin	
5	LRESET	6	VCC5	
7	LAD3	8	LAD2	
9	VCC3	10	LAD1	
11	LAD0	12	GND	
13	RSV0	14	RSV1	
15	SB3V	16	SERIRQ	
17	GND	18	CLKRUN	
19	LPCPD	20	RSV2	





### SATA DOM Power (JSD1)

The SATA DOM Power on JSD1 is used to supply power to SATA Disk-on-Module (DOM) solid-state storage devices.

### Power SMB I<sup>2</sup>C Connector (JPI2C1)

Power System Management Bus (I<sup>2</sup>C) connector enables monitoring the status of the power supply, fan and system temperature. See the table on the right for pin definitions.

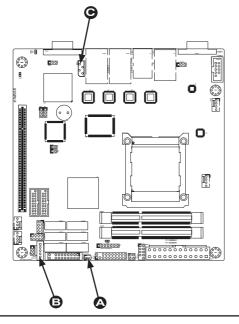
### System Management Bus (JIPMB1)

A System Management Bus header for the IPMI slot is located at IPMB. Connect the appropriate cable here to use the IPMB I2C connection on your system.

SATA DOM Power Pin Definitions		
Pin#	Definition	
1	+5V	
2	Ground	
3	Ground	

PWR Supply I <sup>2</sup> C Pin Definitions		
Pin# Definition		
1	Clock	
2	Data	
3	PWR Fail	
4	Ground	
5	+3.3V	

System Management Bus		
Pin#	Definition	
1	Clock	
2	Ground	
3	Data	
4	No Connection	





### T-SGPIO Headers (T-SGPIO1/2)

The T-SGPIO1 and T-SGPIO2 (Serial-Link General Purpose Input/Output) headers are located near the SATA connectors on the motherboard. These headers are used to communicate with the enclosure management chip in the system. See the table on the right for pin definitions. Refer to the board layout below for the locations of the headers.

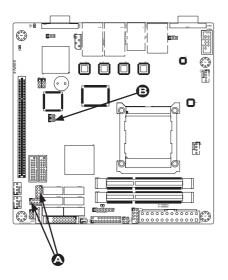
Serial_Link-SGPIO Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	NC	2	NC
3	Ground	4	DATA Out
5	Load	6	Ground
7	Clock	8	NC

Overheat LED Pin Definitions		
Pin#	Definition	
1	5vDC	
2 OH Active		

OH/Fan Fail LED Status Message		
State	Message	
Solid	Overheat	
Blinking Fan Fail		

### Overheat/Fan Fail LED (JOH1)

The JOH1 header is used to connect an LED to provide warnings of chassis overheat. This LED will also blink to indicate a fan failure. Refer to the table on right for pin definitions.





### Power LED/Speaker (JD1)

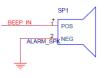
On the JD1 header, pins 1~3 are used for a power LED and pins 4~7 are used for an external speaker. If you wish to use the onboard speaker, you should close pins 6-7 with a jumper. See the table on the right for speaker pin definitions.

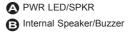
### Internal Speaker/Buzzer (SP1)

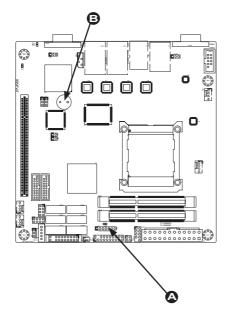
The Internal Speaker on SP1 can be used to provide audible indications for various beep codes. See the table on the right for pin definitions. Refer to the layout below for the locations of the Internal Buzzer (SP1).

Speaker Connector Pin Definitions		
Pin Setting Definition		
Pins 6-7	Internal Speaker	
Pins 4-7	Z External Speaker	

Internal Buzzer Pin Definition			
Pin#	Definitions		
Pin 1	Pos. (+)	Beep In	
Pin 2	Neg. (-)	Alarm Speaker	







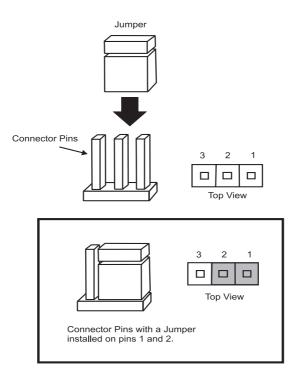
#### **Jumper Settings** 2-6

### **Explanation of Jumpers**

To modify the operation of the motherboard, jumpers can be used to choose between optional settings. Jumpers create shorts between two pins to change the function of the connector. Pin 1 is identified with a square solder pad on the printed circuit board.



Note: On two pin jumpers, "Closed" means the jumper is on and "Open" means the jumper is off the pins.



### BMC Enable/Disable (JPB1)

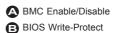
JPB1 is used to enable or disable the BMC (Baseboard Management Control) chip and the onboard IPMI connection. This jumper is used together with the IPMI settings in the BIOS. See the table on the right for jumper settings. Supported on both the X9SPV-F and X9SPV-LN4F.

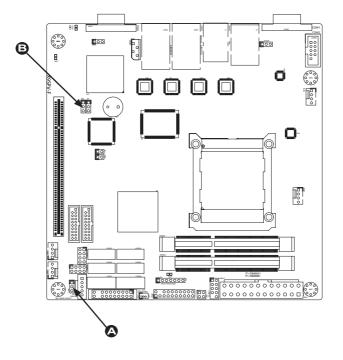
### **BIOS Write Protect (JWP1)**

The BIOS Write-Protect jumper (JWP1) is used to protect the BIOS firmware from accidentally being erased. Close pins 2-3 before reprogramming the firmware. Otherwise, we recommend that it is enabled (pins 1-2) during normal operation.

BMC IPMI Enable/Disable Jumper Settings		
Settings	Definition	
Pins 1-2 Enabled (Default)		
Pins 2-3 Disabled		

BMC IPMI Enable/Disable Jumper Settings		
Settings	Definition	
Pins 1-2	Enabled (Default)	
Pins 2-3	Disabled	





#### **CMOS Clear (JBT1)**

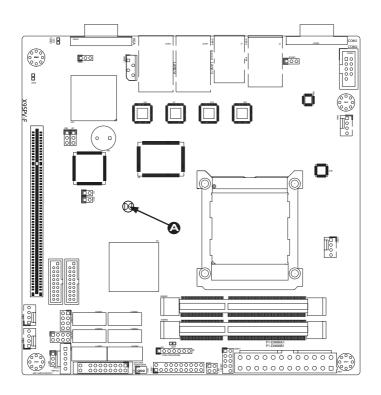
JBT1 is used to clear CMOS. Instead of pins, this "jumper" consists of contact pads to prevent accidental clearing of CMOS. To clear CMOS, use a metal object such as a small screwdriver to touch both pads at the same time to short the connection. Always remove the AC power cord from the system before clearing CMOS.



by

**Important:** For an ATX power supply, you must completely shut down the system, remove the AC power cord and then short JBT1 to clear CMOS.



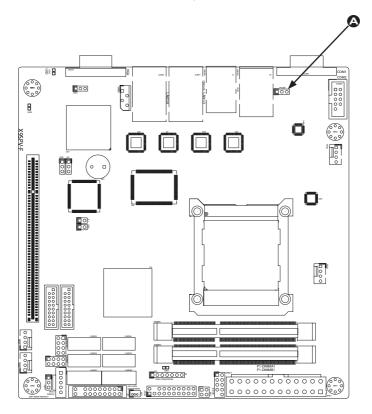


### USB Wake-Up (JPUSB1)

Use the JPUSB1 jumper to enable system "wake-up" via a USB device. This jumper allows you to "wake-up" the system by pressing a key on the USB keyboard or by clicking the USB mouse of your system. The JPUSB1 jumper is used together with the USB Wake-Up function in the BIOS. Enable both the jumper and the BIOS setting to activate this function. See the table on the right for jumper settings and jumper connections.

USB Wake-Up Jumper Settings Jumper Setting Definition Pins 1-2 Enabled Disabled (Default) Pins 2-3

**O** USB Wake-up





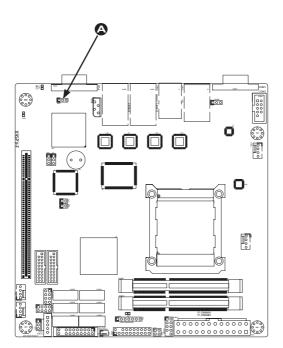
Note: The default jumper setting is "Disabled". When the "USB Wake-Up" function is enabled, it will be active on all USB ports.

### Watch Dog Reset (JWD1)

Watch Dog (JWD1) is a system monitor that can reboot the system when a software application hangs. Close pins 1~2 to reset the system if an application hangs. Close pins 2~3 to generate a non-maskable interrupt signal for the application that hangs. See the table on the right for jumper settings. Watch Dog must also be enabled in the BIOS.

Watch Dog Jumper Settings		
Jumper Setting Definition		
Pins 1-2	Reset (default)	
Pins 2-3	NMI	
Open	Disabled	





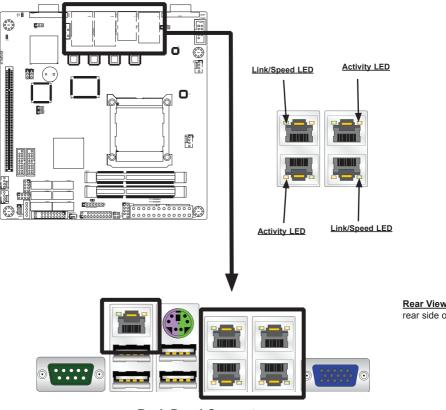
### 2-7 Onboard Indicators

### LAN Port LEDs

Two LAN ports are located on the I/O Backpanel. Each Ethernet LAN port has two LEDs. The yellow Activity LED (right, see below) indicates activity, while the Link/ Speed LED (left) may be green, amber or off to indicate the speed of the connection. See the tables at right for more information.

GLAN Link/Speed LED Indicator	
LED Color Definition	
Off	No Connection or 10 Mbps
Green (On) 100 Mbps	
Amber (On)	1 Gbps

GLAN Activity LED Indicator	
Color	Definition
Yellow (Flashing)	ConnectionActive



**Back Panel Connectors** 

#### Standby Power LED (LED1)

An Onboard Power LED is located at LED1 on the motherboard. When LED1 is on, the AC power cable is connected and the power supply hard switch is on. The system may be on standby or running.

#### **IPMI Heartbeat LED (LED2)**

An IPMI Heartbeat LED is located at LED2. When LED2 blinks, it means that IPMI is enabled and functioning properly. For the X9SPV-F and X9SPV-LN4F only.

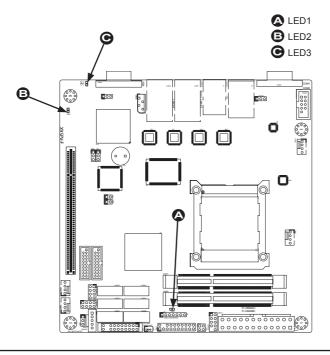
#### Overheat / Fan Fail (LED3)

LED3 is located next to the VGA port. This indicator alerts of either a Fan Failure, or System Overheat.

Onboard PWR LED (LED1) LED Status	
Status Definition	
Off System Off (Soft Switch)	
On Power is Detected	

IPMI Heartbeat LED (LED2) LED Settings	
Status	Definition
Green: Blinking	IPMI is ready for use
Off	IPMI Disabled

OH/Fan Fail LED Indicator (LED3) LED Settings		
Status	Definition	
Yellow: Blinking with continuous beep	Fan Failure	
Yellow: Solid with continuous beep	System Overheat	
Off	Normal	



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### 2-8 Serial ATA and HDD Connections

Note the following conditions when connecting the Serial ATA and hard disk drive cables:

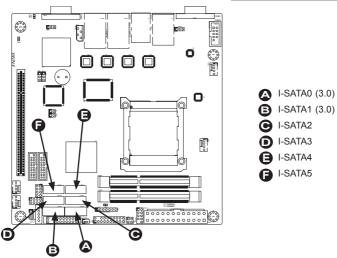
 Be sure to use the correct cable for each connector. Refer to Page 1-1 for cables that came with your shipment.

### SATA Connections (SATA1~SATA6)

Two Serial ATA (SATA) 3.0 connectors (I-SATA 0/1) are located on the motherboard. In addition, four SATA 2.0 (I-SATA 2~5) connectors are also located on the board. The SATA 3.0 ports support RAID 0, 1 while the SATA 2.0 ports support RAID 0, 1, 5 &10. These Serial Link connections provide faster data transmission than legacy Parallel ATA. See the table below for pin definitions.

SATA Connector Types		
Port#	Connection Type	Connector Color
SATA 0/1,	SATA 3.0	White
SATA 2~5	SATA 2.0	Black

SATA 2.0/3.0 Connectors Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Signal
1	Ground
2	SATA_TXP
3	SATA_TXN
4	Ground
5	SATA_RXN
6	SATA_RXP
7	Ground



### Notes

## Chapter 3

### Troubleshooting

### 3-1 Troubleshooting Procedures

Use the following procedures to troubleshoot your system. If you have followed all of the procedures below and still need assistance, refer to the 'Technical Support Procedures' and/or 'Returning Merchandise for Service' section(s) in this chapter. Always disconnect the AC power cord before adding, changing or installing any hardware components.

### Before Power On

- 1. Be sure to unplug the power cable before installing or removing the components.)
- 2. Make sure that there are no short circuits between the motherboard and chassis.
- 3. Disconnect all ribbon/wire cables from the motherboard, including those for the keyboard and mouse. Also, be sure to remove all add-on cards.
- 4. Connect the chassis speaker and the power LED to the motherboard. Check all jumper settings as well.

### No Power

- 1. Make sure that there are no short circuits between the motherboard and chassis.
- 2. Make sure that all jumpers are set to their default positions.
- 3. Check if the 115V/230V switch on the power supply is properly set.
- 4. Turn the power switch on and off to test the system.
- The battery on your motherboard may be old. Check to make sure that it still supplies ~3VDC. If it does not, replace it with a new one.

### No Video

1. If the power is on, but you have no video--in this case, you will need to remove all the add-on cards and cables first.

- Use the speaker to determine if any beep codes exist. (Refer to Appendix A for details on beep codes.)
- 3. Remove all memory modules and turn on the system. (If the alarm is on, check the specs of memory modules, reset the memory or try a different one.)

### **Memory Errors**

- 1. Make sure that the ECC SO-DIMM modules are properly installed and fully seated in the slots.
- Please check Section 2-3 and make sure that you are using the correct memory. Also, it is recommended that you use the memory modules of the same type and speed for all DIMMs in the system.
- 3. Check for bad DIMM modules or slots by swapping modules between slots to see if you can locate the faulty modules.
- 4. Check the power supply voltage 115V/230V switch.

### If You Lose the System's Setup Configuration

- Please be sure to use a high quality power supply. A poor quality power supply may cause the system to lose the CMOS setup information. Refer to Section 1-5 for details on recommended power supplies.
- The battery on your motherboard may be old. Check to verify that it still supplies ~3VDC. If it does not, replace it with a new one.
- 3. If the above steps do not fix the Setup Configuration problem, contact your vendor for repairs.

### 3-2 Technical Support Procedures

Before contacting Technical Support, please make sure that you have followed all the steps listed below. Also, Note that as a motherboard manufacturer, Supermicro does not sell directly to end users, so it is best to first check with your distributor or reseller for troubleshooting services. They should know of any possible problem(s) with the specific system configuration that was sold to you.

- Please go through the 'Troubleshooting Procedures' and 'Frequently Asked Question' (FAQ) sections in this chapter or see the FAQs on our website (<u>http://www.supermicro.com/support/faqs/</u>) before contacting Technical Support.
- BIOS upgrades can be downloaded from our website at (<u>http://www.supermicro.</u> <u>com/support/bios/</u>).

**Note:** Not all BIOS can be flashed. Some cannot be flashed; it depends on the modifications to the boot block code.

3. If you've followed the instructions above to troubleshoot your system, and still cannot resolve the problem, then contact Supermicro's technical support and provide them with the following information:

- Motherboard model and PCB revision number
- BIOS release date/version (this can be seen on the initial display when your system first boots up)
- System configuration (OS version, peripheral devices, power supply type, etc) An example of a Technical Support form is on our website at <u>(http://www.supermicro.com/support/contact.cfm).</u>
- 4. Distributors: For immediate assistance, please have your account number ready when placing a call to our technical support department. We can be reached by e-mail at support@supermicro.com, by phone at: (408) 503-8000, option 2, or by fax at (408)503-8019.

### 3-3 Frequently Asked Questions

### Question: What type of memory does my motherboard support?

### Answer:

The X9SPV Motherboard Series supports up to 16GB of ECC DDR3 1066/1333 MHz, two-way interleaved or non-interleaved SO-DIMM memory. <u>See Section</u> 2-4 for details on installing memory.

# Question: Why does Microsoft Windows show less memory than what is physically installed?

**Answer:** Microsoft implemented a design change in Windows XP with Service Pack 2 (SP2) and Windows Vista. This change is specific to the Physical Address Extension (PAE) mode behavior which improves driver compatibility. For more information, please read the following article at Microsoft's Knowledge Base website at: http://support.microsoft.com/kb/888137.

### Question: How do I update my BIOS?

Answer: It is recommended that you <u>do not</u> upgrade your BIOS if you are not experiencing any problems with your system. Updated BIOS files are located on our web site at <u>http://www.supermicro.com/support/bios/</u>. Please check our

BIOS warning message and the information on how to update your BIOS on our web site. Select your motherboard model and download the BIOS (.rom) file to your computer. Also, check the current BIOS revision and make sure that it is newer than your BIOS before downloading. You may choose the zip file or the .exe file. If you choose the zipped BIOS file, please unzip the BIOS file onto a bootable device or a USB pen/thumb drive. To flash the BIOS, run the batch file named "ami.bat" with the new BIOS ROM file from your bootable device or USB pen/thumb drive. Use the following format:

F:\> ami.bat BIOS-ROM-filename.xxx <Enter>

**Notes:** Always use the file named "ami.bat" to update the BIOS and insert a space between "ami.bat" and the filename. The BIOS-ROM-filename will bear the motherboard name (i.e., X9SCV) and build date as the extension. For example, "X9SCV0.526".

When completed, your system will automatically reboot. If you choose the .exe file, please run the .exe file under Windows to create the BIOS flash floppy disk. Insert the floppy disk into the system you wish to flash the BIOS. Then, boot the system to the floppy disk. The BIOS utility will automatically flash the BIOS without any prompts. Please note that this process may take a few minutes to complete. Do not be concerned if the screen is paused for a few minutes.

**Warning**: Do not shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent possible system boot failure!

When the BIOS flashing screen is completed, the system will reboot and will show "Press F1 or F2". At this point, you will need to load the BIOS defaults. Press <F1> to go to the BIOS setup screen, and press <F9> to load the default settings. Next, press <F10> to save and exit. The system will then reboot.



M

**Note:** The SPI BIOS chip installed on this motherboard is not removable. To repair or replace a damaged BIOS chip, please send your motherboard to RMA at Supermicro for service.

If your BIOS crashes and your motherboard will no longer boot, please read Appendix C - UEFI BIOS Recovery Instructions for instructions.

### 3-4 Returning Merchandise for Service

A receipt or copy of your invoice marked with the date of purchase is required before any warranty service will be rendered. You can obtain service by calling your vendor for a Returned Merchandise Authorization (RMA) number. When returning to the manufacturer, the RMA number should be prominently displayed on the outside of the shipping carton, and mailed prepaid or hand-carried. Shipping and handling charges will be applied for all orders that must be mailed when service is complete.

This warranty only covers normal consumer use and does not cover damages incurred in shipping or from failure due to the alteration, misuse, abuse or improper maintenance of products.

During the warranty period, contact your distributor first for any product problems.

### Notes

### Chapter 4

### BIOS

### 4-1 Introduction

This chapter describes the AMI BIOS Setup Utility for the X9SPV-F/LN4F Motherboard. The AMI ROM BIOS is stored in a Flash EEPROM and can be easily updated. This chapter describes the basic navigation of the AMI BIOS Setup Utility setup screens.



**Note:** For instructions on BIOS recovery, please refer to the instruction guide posted at http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/.

### Starting BIOS Setup Utility

To enter the AMI BIOS Setup Utility screens, press the <Delete> key while the system is booting up.



**Note**: In most cases, the <Delete> key is used to invoke the AMI BIOS setup screen. There are a few cases when other keys are used, such as <F1>, <F2>, etc.

Each main BIOS menu option is described in this manual. The Main BIOS setup menu screen has two main frames. The left frame displays all the options that can be configured. Grayed-out options cannot be configured. Options in blue can be configured by the user. The right frame displays the key legend. Above the key legend is an area reserved for a text message. When an option is selected in the left frame, it is highlighted in white. Often a text message will accompany it. (**Note**: the AMI BIOS has default text messages built in. Supermicro retains the option to include, omit, or change any of these text messages.)

The AMI BIOS Setup Utility uses a key-based navigation system called "hot keys". Most of the AMI BIOS setup utility "hot keys" can be used at any time during the setup navigation process. These keys include <F1>, <F10>, <Enter>, <ESC>, arrow keys, etc.



Note: Options printed in Bold are default settings.

### How To Change the Configuration Data

The configuration data that determines the system parameters may be changed by entering the AMI BIOS Setup utility. This Setup utility can be accessed by pressing <Del> at the appropriate time during system boot.

### How to Start the Setup Utility

Normally, the only visible Power-On Self-Test (POST) routine is the memory test. As the memory is being tested, press the <Delete> key to enter the main menu of the AMI BIOS Setup Utility. From the main menu, you can access the other setup screens. An AMI BIOS identification string is displayed at the left bottom corner of the screen, below the copyright message.

**Warning!** Do not upgrade the BIOS unless your system has a BIOS-related issue. Flashing the wrong BIOS can cause irreparable damage to the system. In no event shall Supermicro be liable for direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages arising from a BIOS update. If you have to update the BIOS, do not shut down or reset the system while the BIOS is updating. This is to avoid possible boot failure.

### 4-2 Main Setup

When you first enter the AMI BIOS Setup Utility, you will enter the Main setup screen. You can always return to the Main setup screen by selecting the Main tab on the top of the screen. The Main BIOS Setup screen is shown below.

Aptio Setup Utility - Main Advanced Event Logs IPMI	Copyright (C) 2011 Americar Boot Security Exit	n Megatrends, Inc.
System Date System Time	[Thu 01/01/2009] [04:35:57]	Set the Date. Use Tab to switch between Date elements.
Supermicro X9SPV−F/LN4F Version Build Date	2.00 06/01/2012	
Processor Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-3612QE CPU @ 2 Speed Physical Count Logical Count	210GHz 2100 MHz 1 8	++: Select Screen 14: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt.
System Memory Size	2048 MB	F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.14.1219. C	opyright (C) 2011 American M	Megatrends, Inc.

System Overview: The following BIOS information will be displayed:

### System Time/System Date

Use this option to change the system time and date. Highlight *System Time* or *System Date* using the arrow keys. Enter new values through the keyboard. Press the <Tab> key or the arrow keys to move between fields. The date must be entered in Day MM/DD/YY format. The time is entered in HH:MM:SS format. (**Note:** The time is in the 24-hour format. For example, 5:30 P.M. appears as 17:30:00.)

### Supermicro X9SPV-F/LN4F

Version: This item displays the version of the BIOS used in the system.

Build Date: This item displays the day this version of BIOS was built.

### Processor

This displays the processor type, speed, physical count, and logical count.

### System Memory

This displays the size of memory available in the system.

### 4-3 Advanced Setup Configurations

Use the arrow keys to select Boot Setup and hit <Enter> to access the submenu items:

Boot Feature Processor & Clock Options Advanced Chipset Control IDE/SATA Configuration PCIE/PCL/PRP Configuration Remote Access Configuration ACPI Configuration Intel(R) 82574L Gigabit Network Connectio - 00:25:90: It: Select Item Enter: Select: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit	Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Main <mark>Advanced</mark> Event Logs IPMI Boot Security Exit	Megatrends, Inc.
	Processor & Clock Options Advanced Chipset Control IDE/SATA Configuration PCIE/PCI/PNP Configuration Super I/O Configuration Remote Access Configuration ACPI Configuration iSCSI Configuration Intel(R) 82574L Gigabit Network Connectio - 00:25:90: Intel(R) 82574L Gigabit Network Connectio - 00:25:90: Intel(R) 82574L Gigabit Network Connectio - 00:25:90:	++: Select Screen 14: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit

### ►BOOT Feature

### Quiet Boot

This option allows the bootup screen options to be modified between POST messages or the OEM logo. Select Disabled to display the POST messages. Select Enabled to display the OEM logo instead of the normal POST messages. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

### **Option ROM Display Messages**

This sets the display mode for Option ROM. The options are **Force BIOS** and Keep Current.

### **Bootup Num-Lock**

This feature selects the Power-on state for Numlock key. The options are Off and  $\mathbf{On}$ .

### Wait For 'F1' If Error

This forces the system to wait until the 'F1' key is pressed if an error occurs. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

### INT19 Trap Response

The Interrupt 19 (INT19) feature determines how the BIOS will react to INT19 trapping by Option ROM. If set to Immediate, BIOS will execute the trap right away. If set to Postponed, BIOS will execute the trap during legacy boot. The options are **Immediate** and Postponed

### Watch Dog Function

If enabled, the Watch Dog Timer will allow the system to reboot when it is inactive for more than 5 minutes. The options are Enabled and **Disabled.** 

#### **Power Button Function**

This feature controls how the system shuts down when the power button is pressed. Select 4-Seconds Override to force the user to press and hold the Power Button for 4 seconds before the system turns off. Select Instant Off if you want the system to instantly power off when the Power Button is pressed. The options are 4 Seconds Override and **Instant Off.** 

### **Restore on AC Power Loss**

Use this feature to set the power state after a power outage. Select Stay-Off for the system power to remain off after a power loss. Select Power-On for the system power to be turned on after a power loss. Select Last State to allow the system to resume its last state before a power loss. The options are Power-On, Stay-Off and Last State.

### Processor and Clock Options



**Warning**: Take Caution when changing the Advanced settings. An incorrect value, a very high DRAM frequency or incorrect DRAM timing may cause system to become unstable. When this occurs, revert to the default setting.

The top section is for informational purposes only and displays CPU information including type, speed, number of cores, etc.

#### Hyper Threading

Set to Enabled to use the processor's Hyper Threading Technology feature. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

### **Active Processor Cores**

Set to Enabled to use a processor's Second Core and beyond. (Please refer to Intel's web site for more information.) The options are **All**, 1, 2, and 3.

#### Limit CPUID Maximum

This feature allows the user to set the maximum CPU ID value. Enable this function to boot the legacy operating systems that cannot support processors with extended CPUID functions. The options are Enabled and **Disabled** (for the Windows OS.).

### Execute-Disable Bit (Available when supported by the OS and the CPU)

Set to Enabled to enable the Execute Disable Bit which will allow the processor to designate areas in the system memory where an application code can execute and where it cannot, thus preventing a worm or a virus from flooding illegal codes to overwhelm the processor or damage the system during an attack. The default is **Enabled**. (Refer to Intel and Microsoft Web Sites for more information.)

### Intel® Virtualization Technology (Available when supported by the CPU)

Select Enabled to use the feature of Virtualization Technology to allow one platform to run multiple operating systems and applications in independent partitions, creating multiple "virtual" systems in one physical computer. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.



**Note**: If there is any change to this setting, you will need to power off and restart the system for the change to take effect. Please refer to Intel's web site for detailed information.

### Hardware Prefetcher (Available when supported by the CPU)

If set to Enabled, the hardware pre fetcher will pre fetch streams of data and instructions from the main memory to the L2 cache in the forward or backward manner to improve CPU performance. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

### Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch (Available when supported by the CPU)

The CPU fetches the cache line for 64 bytes if this option is set to Disabled. The CPU fetches both cache lines for 128 bytes as comprised if **Enabled**.

### **Clock Spread Spectrum**

Select Enable to use the feature of Clock Spectrum, which will allow the BIOS to monitor and attempt to reduce the level of Electromagnetic Interference caused by the components whenever needed. Select Disabled to enhance system stability. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

### CPU PPM Configuration

### **Power Technology**

This feature determines what power-saving scheme the motherboard uses. The options are Disabled, **Energy Efficient** and Custom. If Custom is selected, the following options become available:

### EIST

EIST (Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology) allows the system to automatically adjust processor voltage and core frequency in an effort to reduce power consumption and heat dissipation. **Please refer to Intel's web site for detailed information.** The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

### Turbo Mode

This feature allows processor cores to run faster than marked frequency in specific conditions. The options are Disabled and **Enabled.** 

### CPU C3 Report, CPU C6 Report

This BIOS feature enables or disables C3 (ACPI C2) and C6 (ACPI C3) reporting to the operating system. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

### Config TDP LOCK

Use this feature to lock the Config TDP Control register. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

### Long Duration Power Limit

This is the processor power consumption limit (in Watts) during a long duration time window. The default setting is  ${\bf 0}.$ 

### Long Duration Maintained

This is the time in milliseconds where the Long Duration Power Limit is maintained. The default setting is  $\mathbf{1}$ .

### Short Duration Power Limit

During Turbo Mode, the system may exceed the processor's default power setting and exceed the Short Duration Power limit. By increasing this value, the processor can provide better performance for a short duration. The default setting is **0**.

### ACPI T State

Select enabled for ACPI throttling state support. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

### Advanced Chipset Control



**WARNING**: Setting the wrong values in the following sections may cause the system to malfunction.

### System Agent (SA) Configuration

This submenu allows you to configure System Agent Parameters.

### ▶ Memory Configuration

This section displays memory status such as memory speed and total memory.

### **Memory Frequency Limiter**

Use this item to select the maximum memory frequency (in Mhz). The options are **Auto**, 1067, 1333, 1600, 1867, 2133, 2400, and 2667.

### **DDR Selection**

Use this item to select the type of DDR. The options are DDR3, DDR3L, and **Auto**.

### **DDR Reset Wait Time**

Enter the amount of time (in nano seconds) to wait for switch DDR voltage. The minimum value is 20ns. The default value is **2000000**.

### **ECC Support**

Select Enabled to support ECC. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

### **Memory Scrambler**

Select Enabled to support Memory Scrambler. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

### VT-d

Select Enabled to enable Intel's Virtualization Technology support for Direct I/O VT-d by reporting the I/O device assignments to VMM through the DMAR ACPI Tables. This feature offers fully-protected I/O resource-sharing across the Intel platforms, providing the user with greater reliability, security and availability in networking and data-sharing. The settings are **Enabled** and Disabled.

### PEG0 - Gen X

This feature selects the speed of the PEG0 port. The options are **Auto**, Gen1, Gen2, and Gen3.

### PEG0 ASPM

Set this item to control ASPM (Active State Power Management) support for PEG: Device 1 Function 0. The options are Disabled, **Auto**, ASPM L0s, ASPM L1, and ASPM L0sL1.

#### Enable PEG

Use this feature to enable the PEG. The options are Disabled, Enabled, and Auto.

#### **De-emphasis Control**

This item sets the De-emphasis control on PEG. The options are -6 dB and -3.5 dB.

### Initiate Graphic Adapter

Use this feature to select which device will operate as the primary display. The options are **Auto**, IGFX/PEG, PEG/On Board, and On Board/PEG. Note: selecting IGFX/PEG will enable the Intel HD 4000 GPU.

### ▶ PCH-IO Configuration

This submenu allows you to configure PCH Parameters.

### ►USB Configuration

### Legacy USB Support

This feature enables support for legacy USB devices. Select Auto to disable legacy support if USB devices are not present. Select Disable to have USB devices available only for EFI applications. The options are **Enabled**, Disabled and Auto.

### USB3.0 Support

This feature enables controller support for USB 3.0 (XHCI) in the BIOS. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

### **XHCI Hand-Off**

This item is for Operating Systems that do not support Exstensible Host Controller Interface (xHCI) hand-off. When enabled, xHCI ownership change will be claimed by the xHCI driver. The settings are **Enabled** and Disabled.

### EHCI Hand-Off

This item is for Operating Systems that do not support Enhanced Host Controller Interface (EHCI) hand-off. When enabled, EHCI ownership change will be claimed by the EHCI driver. The settings are Enabled and **Disabled**.

### **XHCI Pre-Boot Driver**

This feature enables support for the xHCl pre-boot driver. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

### XHCI Mode

Use this feature to select the xHCl controller mode of operation. The options are **Smart Auto**, Auto, Enabled, and Disabled.

### HS Port #1~#4 Switchable

This feature allows for HS port switching between xHCI and EHCI. When set to Disabled, the specified port is routed to EHCI. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

**Note**: If HS port is routed to xHCI, the corresponding SS port is enabled.

### **XHCI Streams**

Use this feature to enable the maximum primary stream array size for xHCI. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

### EHCI1, EHCI2

This feature enables the EHCl interface (USB 2.0). At least one EHCl controller must always be enabled. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

### **USB Ports Per-Port Disable Control**

If set to Enabled, this feature allows deactivation of selected USB ports. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled. If set to Enabled, the following will appear:

### USB Port #0~#13 Disable

Select which USB ports to disable. The settings are Enabled and **Disabled**.

### Deep Sx (EUP)

Select Enabled to enable Deep Sleep State support. The settings are Enabled and **Disabled**.

#### SLP\_S4 Assertion Width

Use this feature to select a minimum assertion width of the SLP\_S4 signal. The options are Disabled, 1-2 Seconds, 2-3 Seconds, 3-4 Seconds, and **4-5 Seconds**.

#### ►IDE/SATA Configuration

When this submenu is selected, the AMI BIOS automatically detects the presence of the SATA Devices and displays the following items:

#### SATA Controllers

This item enables or disables the on board SATA controller. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled:

#### **SATA Mode Selection**

This item selects the mode for the installed drives. The options are Disabled, IDE Mode, **AHCI Mode** and RAID Mode. The following are displayed depending on your selection:

#### **IDE Mode**

The following items are displayed when IDE Mode is selected:

#### Serial ATA Port 0~5

This item displays the information detected on the installed SATA drives on the particular SATA port.

#### AHCI Mode

The following items are displayed when AHCI Mode is selected:

#### Aggressive LPM Support

This feature Enables or Disables Aggressive Link Power Management support for Cougar Point B0 stepping and later. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

#### Serial ATA Port 0~5 Hot Plug

Set this item to Enabled to enable hot-plugging for the particular port. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

#### Serial ATA Port 0~5 Spin Up Device

Set this item to Enabled to enable device spin-up support. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

#### **RAID Mode**

The following items are displayed when RAID Mode is selected:

#### Serial ATA Port 0~5 Hot Plug

Set this item to Enabled to enable hot-plugging for the particular port. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

#### Serial ATA Port 0~5 Spin Up Device

Set this item to Enabled to enable device spin-up support. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

### ▶PCIe/PCI/PnP Configuration

This feature allows the user to set the PCI/PnP configurations for the following items:

#### Launch PXE, Storage, Video OpROM Policy

In case of multiple Option ROMs (Legacy and UEFI-compatible), this feature specifies what ROM to launch. The options are Do not launch, UEFI only, and **Legacy only**.

#### Other PCI device ROM priority

This feature specifies what ROM to launch for PCI devices other than network, mass storage or video. The options are UEFI OpROM and **Legacy OpROM**.

#### PCI Latency Timer

This feature sets the latency Timer of each PCI device installed on a PCI bus. Select 64 to set the PCI latency to 64 PCI clock cycles. The options are 32 PCI Bus Clocks, **64 PCI Bus Clocks**, 96 PCI Bus Clocks, 128 PCI Bus Clocks, 160 PCI Bus Clocks, 192 PCI Bus Clocks, 224 PCI Bus Clocks and 248 PCI Bus Clocks.

#### PERR# Generation

Set this item to Enabled to allow PCI devices to generate PERR# error codes. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

#### SERR# Generation

Set this item to Enabled to allow PCI devices to generate SERR# error codes. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

#### **ASPM Support**

Set this item to the desired ASPM (Active State Power Management) level. The options are **Disabled**, Auto and Force LOs.

#### **Maximum Payload**

This feature selects the setting for the PCIE maximum payload size. The options are **Auto**, 128 Bytes, and 256 Bytes, 512 Bytes, 1024 Bytes, 2048 Bytes, and 4096 Bytes.

#### **Maximum Read Request**

This feature selects the setting for the PCIE maximum Read Request size. The options are **Auto**, 128 Bytes, 256 Bytes, 512 Bytes, 1024 Bytes, 2048 Bytes, and 4096 Bytes.

#### Above 4G Decoding

Set this item to Enabled to activate 64-bit capable devices to be decoded above the 4G address space. This works only if the system supports 64-bit PCI decoding. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

#### VGA Palette Snoop

When enabled, this feature allows video add-on cards to borrow the color palette from the system's video card. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

#### ►PCI Express Settings

#### **Relaxed Ordering**

Select Enabled to allow certain PCI-E transactions to violate the strict ordering rules of PCI-E so that a transaction can be completed before other transactions that have already been queued in order to enhance PCI-E performance. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

#### Extended Tag

Select Enabled to allow a PCI Express device to use 8-bit tag field as a requester. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

#### No Snoop

Select Enabled to activate the PCI Express no snoop option. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

#### Maximum Payload

This feature selects the setting for the PCI Express maximum payload size. The options are **Auto**, 128 Bytes, and 256 Bytes, 512 Bytes, 1024 Bytes, 2048 Bytes, and 4096 Bytes.

#### **Maximum Read Request**

This feature selects the setting for the PCI Express maximum Read Request size. The options are **Auto**, 128 Bytes, 256 Bytes, 512 Bytes, 1024 Bytes, 2048 Bytes, and 4096 Bytes.

#### **ASPM Support**

Set this item to the desired ASPM (Active State Power Management) level. The options are **Disabled**, Auto and Force L0s.

#### Extended Synch

Select Enabled for Extended Synchronization support, which will extend the same synchronization patterns for the PCI-E device. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

#### Link Training Retry

This feature allows the user to decide how many attempts a software program can make before time-out for the program. The default setting is 5. The options are Disabled, 2, 3, and 5.

#### Link Training Timeout (US)

This feature allows the user to decide how many microseconds a software program should wait before polling the 'Link Training' bit in the Link Status Register. The range is between 10 to 1000. The default setting is **500**.

#### **Unpopulated Links**

Select Disable Link to disable the unpopulated PCI-E links (connections) to save power. The options are **Keep Link ON** and Disable.

## ▶PCI Express GEN 2 Settings

#### **Completion Timeout**

For device functions that support completion timeout programmability, this feature allows system software to modify the completion timeout value. If Default is selected, the timeout value is 50us to 50ms. If Shorter is selected, the software will use shorter timeout ranges supported by the hardware. If Longer is selected, software will use longer ranges supported by the hardware. The options are **Default**, Shorter, Longer, and Disabled.

#### ARI Forwarding (Available when supported by the hardware)

If set to Enabled, the downstream port disables it's traditional Device Number field (0 enforcement) when turning a Type1 Configuration Request into a Type0

Configuration Request, permitting access to Extended Functions in an ARI device immediately below the port. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

#### AtomicOp Requester Enable (Available when supported by the hardware)

When set to Enabled, this feature initiates AtomicOp requests only if Bus Master Enable bit is in the Command Register set. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

#### AtomicOp Egress Blocking (Available when supported by the hardware)

When set to Enabled, this feature blocks outbound AtomicOp Requests via Egress ports. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

#### IDO Request Enable (Available when supported by the hardware)

When set to Enabled, this feature permits setting the number of ID-Based Ordering (IDO) bit (Attribute[2]) requests to be initiated. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

#### IDO Completion Enable (Available when supported by the hardware)

When set to Enabled, this feature permits setting the number of ID-Based Ordering (IDO) bit (Attribute[2]) requests to be initiated. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

#### LTR Mechanism Enable (Available when supported by the hardware)

When set to Enabled, this feature enables the Latency Tolerance Reporting mechanism. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

# End-End TLP Prefix Blocking (Available when supported by the hardware)

When set to Enabled, this feature blocks forwarding of TLPs containing End-End TLP prefixes.

#### Target Link Speed (Available when supported by the hardware)

When set to Force to 2.5 or 5.0 GT/s, this feature sets an upper limit on the link operational speed of downstream ports by restricting the values advertised by the upstream component in its training sequences. When set to Auto, HW initialized data will be used. The options are **Auto**, Force to 2.5 GT/s, and Force to 5.0 GT/s.

#### Clock Power management (Available when supported by the hardware)

When set to Enabled, this feature permits the device to use CLKREQ# signal for power management of link clock in accordance to protocol defined in appropriate form factor specification. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

#### Compliance SOS (Available when supported by the hardware)

When set to Enabled, this feature will force LTSSM to send SKP ordered sets between sequences when sending compliance pattern or modified compliance pattern. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

# Hardware Autonomous Width (Available when supported by the hardware)

When set to Disabled, this feature disables the hardware's ability to change link width (except width size reduction) for the purpose of correcting unstable link operation. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

# Hardware Autonomous Speed (Available when supported by the hardware)

When set to Disabled, this feature disables the hardware's ability to change link speed (except speed size reduction) for the purpose of correcting unstable link operation. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

#### PCI-E Slot 1 Option ROM

Use this feature to enable or disable PCI-E slot 1 Option ROM. The options are Disabled and **Enabled.** 

#### **Onboard LAN Option ROM Select**

This feature selects whether to load the iSCSI or PXE onboard LAN option ROM. The options are iSCSI and **PXE**.

#### Onboard LAN 1 ~ LAN 4

Use this item to enable or disable onboard LAN for the specified port. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

#### Load Onboard LAN 1 ~ LAN 4 Option ROM

This feature is to enable or disable the onboard option ROMs. The options are Disabled and Enabled. The default for LAN 1 is **Enabled**. Default for LAN 2 ~ LAN 4 is **Disabled**.

#### Network Stack

Set this item to Enabled to activate the Network Stack (PXE and UEFI). The options are Enabled and **Disabled**. When enabled, the following options appear:

#### **Ipv4 PXE Support**

This feature enables Ipv4 boot support. If disabled, an Ipv4 PXE boot option will not be created. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

#### Ipv6 PXE Support

This feature enables Ipv6 boot support. If disabled, an Ipv6 PXE boot option will not be created. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

#### ► Super IO Device Configuration

#### Serial Port 1 Configuration / Serial Port 2 Configuration

#### Serial Port 1 / Serial Port 2

Select Enabled to enable the onboard serial port. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

#### Serial Port 1 Settings / Serial Port 2 Settings

This option specifies the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of Serial Port 1 and Serial Port 2. Select Disabled to prevent the serial port from accessing any system resources. When this option is set to Disabled, the serial port becomes unavailable.

The options for Serial Port 1 are:

Auto,

IO=3F8h; IRQ=4;

IO=3F8h; IRQ=4, 10, 11; IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 10, 11; IO=3E8h; IRQ=4, 10, 11; IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 10, 11;

The options for Serial Port 2 are:

#### Auto,

IO=2F8h; IRQ=3; IO=3F8h; IRQ=4, 10, 11; IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 10, 11; IO=3E8h; IRQ=4, 10, 11;

IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 10, 11;

#### Remote Access Configuration

#### COM1, COM2, SOL Console Redirection

Use this feature to enable console redirection for COM1, and COM2 ports. The options are Enabled and Disabled. The default for COM1 and COM2 is **Disabled**. The default for SOL is **Enabled**.

## ► Console Redirection Settings

This feature allows the user to specify how the host computer will exchange data with the client computer, which is the remote computer used by the user.

#### **Terminal Type**

This feature allows the user to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the extended ASCII character set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are ANSI, **VT100**, VT100+, and VT-UTF8.

#### **Bits Per Second**

This item sets the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, and **115200** (bits per second).

#### Data Bits

Use this feature to set the data transmission size for Console Redirection. The options are 7 and  ${\bf 8}$  (Bits).

#### Parity

A parity bit can be sent along with regular data bits to detect data transmission errors. Select Even if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is even. Select Odd if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is odd. Select None if you do not want to send a parity bit with your data bits in transmission. Select Mark to add mark as a parity bit to be sent along with the data bits. Select Space to add a Space as a parity bit to be sent with your data bits. The options are **None**, Even, Odd, Mark, and Space.

#### Stop Bits

A stop bit indicates the end of a serial data packet. Select 1 Stop Bit for standard serial data communication. Select 2 Stop Bits if slower devices are used. The options are **1** and 2.

#### Flow Control

This feature allows the user to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None** and Hardware RTS/CTS.

#### VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

Select Enabled to enable VT-UTF8 Combination Key support for ANSI/VT100 terminals. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

#### **Recorder Mode**

Select Enabled to capture the data displayed on a terminal and send it as text messages to a remote server. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

#### Resolution 100x31

Select Enabled for extended-terminal resolution support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

#### Legacy OS Redirection Resolution

Use this feature to select the number of rows and columns used in Console Redirection for legacy OS support. The options are 80x24 and **80x25**.

#### Putty Keypad

Use this feature to select function key and keypad setting on Putty. The options are **VT100**, LINUX, XTERMR6, SCO, ESCN, and VT400.

#### **Redirection After BIOS POST**

When set to BootLoader, legacy console redirection is disabled before booting to legacy OS. When set to Always Enable, legacy console redirection is enabled for legacy OS. The options are **Always Enable** and BootLoader.

# Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management/Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS)

This item allows the user to configure Console Redirection settings to support Outof-Band Serial Port management.

#### **Console Redirection (for EMS)**

Select Enabled to use a COM Port selected by the user for Console Redirection. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

# ► Console Redirection Settings (for EMS)

This feature allows the user to specify how the host computer will exchange data with the client computer, which is the remote computer used by the user.

#### **Out-of-Band-Mgmt Port**

Use this feature to select the port for out-of-band management. The options are **COM1**, COM2, and SOL.

#### **Terminal Type**

This feature allows the user to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the extended ASCII character set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are ANSI, VT100, VT100+, and **VT-UTF8**.

#### **Bits Per Second**

This item sets the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 57600, and **115200** (bits per second).

#### **Flow Control**

This feature allows the user to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None**, Hardware RTS/ CTS, and Software Xon/Xoff.

## ►ACPI Configuration

Use this feature to configure Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) power management settings for your system.

#### **High Precision Timer**

Select Enabled to activate the High Performance Event Timer (HPET) that produces periodic interrupts at a much higher frequency than a Real-time Clock (RTC) does in synchronizing multimedia streams, providing smooth playback and reducing the dependency on other timestamp calculation devices, such as an x86 RDTSC Instruction embedded in the CPU. The High Performance Event Timer is used to replace the 8254 Programmable Interval Timer. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

#### **ACPI Sleep State**

This setting allows you to configure the ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) sleep state for your system when it is in the Suspend mode. The options are Suspend Disabled, S1 only (CPU Stop Clock), S3 only (Suspend to RAM), and **Both S1 and S3 available for OS to choose from**. S3 (Suspend to RAM) is the deepest sleep state in these options.

#### PS2 KB/MS Wake up

Use this feature to select the PS2 Keyboard/Mouse wake up setting. The options are **S1 (OS Control)**, S5 (OS Control), Force Enable, and Force Disable.

# ▶ Trusted Computing Configuration

#### Security Device Support

This feature enables or disables the BIOS support for a security device. The options are Disable and **Enable**. Note that the OS will not reveal the security device. Also, the TCG EFI protocol and the INT1A interface will not be available.

# ►Intel TXT(LT) Configuration

#### Secure Mode Extensions (SMX)

This feature can be configured if it is supported by the processor. Enable this feature to activate Intel TXT, below. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

#### Intel TXT (LT) Support

Intel TXT (Trusted Execution Technology) helps protect against software-based attacks and ensures protection, confidentiality and integrity of data stored or created on the system. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

## **iSCSI** Configuration

When sharing the iSCSI devices on this machine (iSCSI target), this section is used to enter the worldwide unique name of an iSCSI initiator. An iSCSI initiator application must be configured on the machine that will access the iSCSI drives in this machine.

#### **iSCSI** Initiator Name

Only IQN (iSCSI Qualified Names) names are accepted. For more information on iSCSI, research RFC 3720 and RFC 3721 at the Internet Engineering Task Force website (IETF -- www.ietf.org).

#### Add an Attempt

The settings on this section are setup parameters to connect to a remote iSCSI device

iSCSI Attempt Name - assigns a unique name to this attempt.

iSCSI Mode - select Enabled or Disabled

Connection Retry Count - if the initial connection fails or times out, this is how many times an attempt will be made to connect.

Connection Establishing Timeout - This is the time in milliseconds the system will wait for a connection until it times out. The minimum is 100ms and the maximum is 20 secs.

ISID - This is the OUI-format ISID. The default value is taken from the device's MAC address. Only the last 3 bytes are configurable.

Enable DHCP - Select Enabled to allow a DHCP server to assign the IP addresses for this attempt. If this is set to Disabled, then you need to enter the Initiator IP Address, Subnet Mask and Gateway manually.

Target Name - Enter the qualified domain name of the target iSCSI device.

Target IP Address - Enter the IP Address of the target iSCSI device.

Target Port - Enter the port address of the target iSCSI device.

Boot LUN - This is the target's LU number in Hexadecimal format.

Authentication Type - Select CHAP or None.

If CHAP is selected above:

CHAP Type - Select One Way or Mutual.

CHAP Secret - Assign a secret word that is also defined in the target iSCSI device. Minimum length is 12 bytes and maximum is 16 bytes.

When finished, select Save Changes.

#### **Delete Attempts**

This feature deletes previously defined attempts as above.

#### **Change Attempt Order**

This feature changes the order in which several iSCSI connection attempts are made

# Intel(R) 82579LM / Intel(R) 82574L Gigabit Network Connection

# ►NIC Configuration

#### Link Speed

Use this feature to select the link speed to be used. The options are **AutoNeg**, 10 Mbps Half, 10 Mbps Full, 100 Mbps Half and 100 Mbps Full.

#### Wake On LAN

Use this feature to activate the Wake On LAN (WOL) feature. The options are **Enabled**, and Disabled.

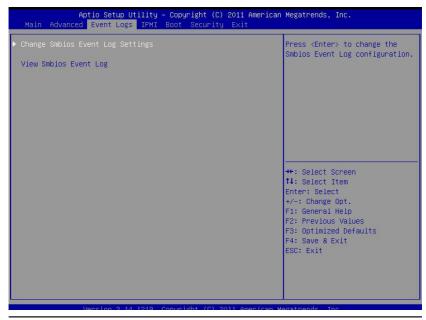
#### Blink LEDs (Range 0-15 seconds)

Please specifies the blink rate of the NIC LED. Select from 1-15 second intervals.

#### Port Configuration Information

This section displays the current configuration of the Network Interface.

# 4-4 Event Logs



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# ► Change SmBIOS Event Log Settings

#### **Smbios Event Log**

Change this item to enable or disable all features of the Smbios Event Logging during boot. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

#### Erase Event Log

This option erases all logged events. The options are **No**, Yes, Next reset and Yes, Every reset.

#### When Log is Full

This option automatically clears the Event Log memory of all messages when it is full. The options are **Do Nothing** and Erase Immediately.

#### Log System Boot Event

This option toggles the System Boot Event logging to enabled or disabled. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

#### MECI

The Multiple Event Count Increment (MECI) counter counts the number of occurences a duplicate event must happen before the MECI counter is incremented. This is a numeric value.

#### METW

The Multiple Event Time Window (METW) defines number of minutes must pass between duplicate log events before MECI is incremented. This is in minutes, from 0 to 99.

#### View SmBIOS Event Log

This feature displays the contents of the SmBIOS Event Log.

# 4-5 IPMI Settings

Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) is a set of common interfaces that IT administrators can use to monitor system health and to manage the system as a whole. For more information on the IPMI specifications, please visit Intel's website at www.intel.com.

Aptio Setup Util Main Advanced Event Logs I	<mark>ity – Copyright (C) 2011 f</mark> PMI Boot Security Exit	american Megatrends, Inc.
IPMI Firmware Revision IPMI STATUS ▶ System Event Log ▶ BMC network configuration	1.51 Working	Configure BMC network paramèters
		++: Select Screen 11: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit

#### ►System Event Log

This feature is used to change the System Event Log (SEL) configuration.

**SEL Components** - Change this item to enable or disable all features of System Event Logging. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled. When Enabled, the following can be configured:

**Erase SEL** - This option erases all logged SEL events. The options are **No**, Yes, On Next reset and Yes, On Every reset.

#### When SEL Full

This option automatically clears the System Event Log memory of all messages when it is full. The options are **Do Nothing** and Erase Immediately.

#### Log EFI Status Codes

This option enables or disables the logging of Extensible Firmware Interface (EFI) status codes. The options are Disabled, and **Enabled**.

#### ▶BMC Network Configuration

Set this feature to configure the IPMI LAN adapter with a network address.

#### Update IPMI LAN Configuration

This feature allows the user to decide if the BIOS should configure the IPMI setting at next system boot. The options are **No** and Yes. If the option is set to Yes, the user is allowed to configure the IPMI settings at next system boot.

#### **Configuration Source**

This feature selects whether the IP address, Subnet Mask and Gateway Address are automatically assigned by the network's DHCP (Dynamic Host and Configuration Protocol) server or manually entered by the user (Static). When DHCP is selected, all the options below are automatically assigned to the system by itself or by an external DHCP server. If Static is selected, the IP Address, Subnet Mask and Gateway Address must be manually entered below. The options are Static and **DHCP**.

Station IP Address - Enter the IP address for this machine. This should be in decimal and in dotted quad form (i.e., 192.168.10.253). The value of each threedigit number separated by dots should not exceed 255.

**Subnet Mask** - Subnet masks tell the network which subnet this machine belongs to. The value of each three-digit number separated by dots should not exceed 255.

**Station MAC Address** - MAC addresses are 6 two-digit hexadecimal numbers (Base 16, 0 ~ 9, A, B, C, D, E, F) separated by dots (i.e., 00.30.48.D0.D4.60).

Gateway IP Address - Enter the Gateway or Router address (i.e., 192.168.10.1).

# 4-6 Boot

Use this feature to configure Boot Settings:

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc. Main Advanced Event Logs IPMI <mark>Boot</mark> Security Exit		
Setup Prompt Timeout Boot Option Priorities Boot Option #1 Boot Option #2	1 [IBA GE Slot 0100 v] [UEFI: Built-in EFI]	Number of seconds to wait for setup activation key. 65535(0xFFFF) means indefinite waiting.
<ul><li>Network Devices</li><li>▶ Delete Boot Option</li></ul>		
		<pre>+*: Select Screen 14: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save &amp; Exit ESC: Exit</pre>
Vension 9-14-12	19 Conuright (C) 2011 American	

#### Setup Prompt Timeout

Use this feature to enter the number of seconds to wait for setup activation key. The default setting is **1** second.

#### **Boot Options Priorities**

This feature allows the user to specify which devices are boot devices and the order of priority from which the system boots during startup.

#### Boot Option #1, Boot option #2, Boot Option #3, etc

The settings are [any detected boot device] and Disabled.

#### **USB Device BBS Priorities**

#### **Network Devices**

This option sets the order of the legacy network devices detected by the motherboard.

#### ▶ Delete Boot Option

This feature allows the user to delete a previously defined boot device from which the systems boots during startup.

#### 4-27

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# 4-7 Security Settings

Aptio Setup Uti Main Advanced Event Logs	lity – Copyright (C) 2011 Am IPMI Boot Security Exit	erican Megatrends, Inc.
Password Description		Set Administrator Password
If ONLY the Administrator's p then this only limits access only asked for when entering If ONLY the User's password in is a power on password and mu boot or enter Setup. In Setup have Administrator rights. The password length must be in the following range: Minimum length	to Setup and is Setup. s set, then this st be entered to the User will 3	
Maximum length	20	++: Select Screen
Access Level Administrator Password User Password	Administrator	<pre>11: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults</pre>
HDD Password	[Disabled]	F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit

- If the Administrator password is defined ONLY this controls access to the BIOS setup ONLY.
- If the User's password is defined ONLY this password will need to be entered during each system startup or boot, and will also have Administrator rights in the setup.
- Passwords must be at least 3 and up to 20 characters long.

#### Administrator Password

Press Enter to create a new, or change an existing Administrator password.

#### User Password:

Press Enter to create a new, or change an existing User password.

#### HDD Password:

Select Enable to activate Hard Disk Drive password support. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

# 4-8 Exit

Select the Exit tab from the BIOS Setup Utility screen to enter the Exit BIOS Setup screen.

Aptio Setup Utility – Main Advanced Event Logs IPMI B	Copyright (C) 2011 American oot Security <mark>Exit</mark>	Megatrends, Inc.
Discard Changes and Exit Save Changes and Reset Discard Changes		Exit system setup without saving any changes.
Restore Defaults Save as User Defaults Restore User Defaults		
Boot Override IBA GE Slot 0100 v1381 UEFI: Built-in EFI Shell Me FW Image Re-Flash	[Disabled]	
		++: Select Screen 14: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Vara (a) 0.11 1010 - 01	nuridht (P) 2011 American M	

#### **Discard Changes and Exit**

Select this option to quit the BIOS Setup without making any permanent changes to the system configuration, and reboot the computer. Select Discard Changes and Exit from the Exit menu and press <Enter>.

#### Save Changes and Reset

When you have completed the system configuration changes, select this option to leave the BIOS Setup Utility and reboot the computer, so the new system configuration parameters can take effect. Select Save Changes and Exit from the Exit menu and press <Enter>.

#### **Discard Changes**

Select this option and press <Enter> to discard all the changes and return to the AMI BIOS Utility Program.

#### **Restore Defaults**

To set this feature, select Restore Defaults from the Exit menu and press <Enter>. These are factory settings designed for maximum system stability, but not for maximum performance.

#### Save As User Defaults

To set this feature, select Save as User Defaults from the Exit menu and press <Enter>. This enables the user to save any changes to the BIOS setup for future use

#### **Restore User Defaults**

To set this feature, select Restore User Defaults from the Exit menu and press <Enter>. Use this feature to retrieve user-defined settings that were saved previously.

#### **Boot Override**

Listed on this section are other boot options for the system (i.e., Built-in EFI shell). Select an option and press <Enter>. Your system will boot to the selected boot option. This is a one-time override.

#### IBA IGE Slot 0100 v1381

This item will attempt to boot from the Network Boot Device.

#### UEFI: Built-in EFI Shell

This item at temps to launch EFI shell application (Shellx64.efi) from one of the available filesystem devices.

#### Me FW Image Re-Flash

Use this item to enable the ME image re-flash function. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

# Appendix A

# **POST Error Beep Codes**

This section lists POST (Power On Self Test) error beep codes for the AMI BIOS. POST error beep codes are divided into two categories: recoverable and terminal. This section lists Beep Codes for recoverable POST errors.

# **Recoverable POST Error Beep Codes**

When a recoverable type of error occurs during POST, BIOS will display a POST code that describes the problem. BIOS may also issue one of the following beep codes:

- 1 long and two short beeps video configuration error
- 1 repetitive long beep no memory detected
- 1 continuous beep with the front panel Overheat LED on system overheat
- 8 short beeps display memory read/write error

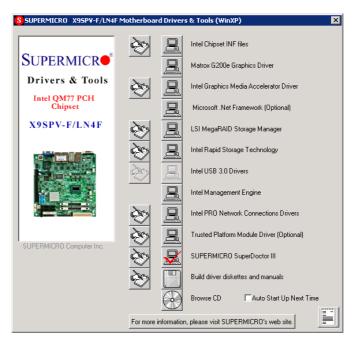
## Notes

# Appendix B

# **Software Installation Instructions**

# **B-1** Installing Drivers

Additional drivers and tools for your motherboard are available for download at the Supermicro website. To install these software programs and drivers, run the application and a screen will appear as below. Click the icons to the right of these items.



#### **Driver/Tool Installation Display Screen**



**Note:** Click the icons showing a hand writing on the paper to view the readme files for each item. Click a computer icon to the right of an item to install an item (from top to the bottom) one at a time. After installing each item, you must re-boot the system before proceeding with the next item on the list. The bottom icon with a CD on it allows you to view the entire contents of the CD.

# B-2 Configuring Supero Doctor III

The Supero Doctor III program is a Web-base management tool that supports remote management capability. It includes Remote and Local Management tools. The local management is called the SD III Client. The Supero Doctor III program included on the CDROM that came with your motherboard allows you to monitor the environment and operations of your system. Supero Doctor III displays crucial system information such as CPU temperature, system voltages and fan status. See the Figure below for a display of the Supero Doctor III interface.



Note 1: Both default user name and password are ADMIN.

**Note 2**: In the Windows OS environment, the Supero Doctor III settings take precedence over the BIOS settings. When first installed, Supero Doctor III adopts the temperature threshold settings previously set in the BIOS. Any subsequent changes to these thresholds must be made within Supero Doctor, since the SD III settings override the BIOS settings. For the Windows OS to adopt the BIOS temperature threshold settings, please change the SDIII settings to be the same as those set in the BIOS.

#### Supero Doctor III Interface Display Screen-I (Health Information)









**Note:** SD III Software Revision 1.0 can be downloaded from our Web site at: ftp://ftp.supermicro.com/utility/Supero\_Doctor\_III/. You can also download SDIII User's Guide at: http://www.supermicro.com/PRODUCT/ Manuals/SDIII/UserGuide.pdf. For Linux, we will still recommend that you use Supero Doctor II.

### Notes

# Appendix C

# **UEFI BIOS Recovery Instructions**



**Warning!** Do not upgrade the BIOS unless your system has a BIOS-related issue. Flashing the wrong BIOS can cause irreparable damage to the system. In no event shall Supermicro be liable for direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages arising from a BIOS update. If you need to update the BIOS, do not shut down or reset the system while the BIOS is updating to avoid possible boot failure.

# C-1 An Overview to the UEFI BIOS

The Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) specification provides a softwarebased interface between the operating system and the platform firmware in the pre-boot environment. The UEFI specification supports an architecture-independent mechanism for add-on card initialization to allow the UEFI OS loader, which is stored in the add-on card, to boot up the system. UEFI offers a clean, hand-off control to a computer system at bootup.

# C-2 How to Recover the UEFI BIOS Image (-the Main BIOS Block)

An AMIBIOS flash chip consists of a boot sector block and a main BIOS code block (a main BIOS image). The boot sector block contains critical BIOS codes, including memory detection and recovery codes for the user to flash a new BIOS image if the original BIOS image is corrupted. When the system power is on, the boot sector codes execute first. Once it is completed, the main BIOS code will continue with system initialization and bootup.



**Note:** Follow the BIOS Recovery instructions below for BIOS recovery when the main BIOS block crashes. However, when the BIOS Boot sector crashes, you will need to send the motherboard back to Supermicro for RMA repair.

# C-3 To Recover the Boot Sector Using a USB-Attached Device

This feature allows the user to recover a BIOS image using a USB-attached device without additional utilities used. A USB flash device such as a USB Flash Drive, or

a USB CD/DVD ROM/RW device can be used for this purpose. However, a USB Hard Disk drive cannot be used for BIOS recovery at this time.

To perform UEFI BIOS recovery using a USB-attached device, follow the instructions below.

1. Using a different machine, copy the "Super.ROM" binary image file into the disc Root "\" Directory of a USB device or a writeable CD/DVD.



**Note:** If you cannot locate the "Super.ROM" file in your driver disk, visit our website at www.supermicro.com to download the BIOS image into a USB flash device and rename it to "Super ROM" for BIOS recovery use.

- Insert the USB device that contains the new BIOS image ("Super.ROM") into your USB drive and power on the system
- While powering on the system, keep pressing <Ctrl> and <Home> simultaneously on your PS2 keyboard until your hear two short beeps. This may take from a few seconds to one minute.
- 4. After locating the new BIOS binary image, the system will enter the BIOS Recovery menu as shown below.



**Note**: At this point, you may decide if you want to start with BIOS Recovery. If you decide to proceed with BIOS Recovery, follow the procedures below.

Aptio Setup Utility -	Copyright (C) 2010 American Recove	
MARNINGI System firmware is being up Keyboard is locked. DO NOT TURN THE POMER DEF III Once firmware update is completed press any key to reboot the system Flash update progress		+: Select Screen 11: Select tem
		Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values
		F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.10.1208. Co	pyright (C) 2010 American M	egatrends, Inc.

5. When the screen as shown above displays, using the arrow key, select the item- "Proceed with flash update" and press the <Enter> key. You will see the progress of BIOS Recovery as shown in the screen below.

Aptio Setup Utili	ty – Copyright (C) 20	10 American Megatrends, Inc. Recovery
HARNING! System firmware is bein Keyboard is locked. DO NOT TURN THE POWER OFF !!! Once firmware update is complete press any key to reboot the syst Flash update progress	ed tem	
		++: Select Scheen 11: Select Item Enter: Select +/:: Charge Oot. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.10.120	3. Copyright (C) 2010	American Megatrends, Inc.

Note: <u>Do not interrupt</u> the process of BIOS flashing until it is completed.

- 6. After the process of BIOS Recovery is complete, press any key to reboot the system.
- 7. Using a different system, extract the BIOS package into a bootable USB flash drive.

8. When a DOS prompt appears, enter AMI.BAT BIOSname.### at the prompt.

Note: <u>Do not interrupt this process</u> until BIOS flashing is completed.

- After seeing the message that BIOS update is completed, unplug the AC power cable from the power supply to clear CMOS, and then plug the AC power cable in the power supply again to power on the system.
- 10. Press <Del> continuously to enter the BIOS Setup utility.
- 11. Press <F3> to load default settings.
- 12. After loading default settings, press <F4> to save the settings and exit the BIOS Setup utility.

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