

### **RETAIN THESE INSTRUCTIONS** FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

# WOOD BURNING FIREPLACES MODELS BC36MH & BCD36MH

36" Wood Burning Fireplaces P/N 700,034M REV. A 03/2006



BC36MH

# BCD36MH

This installation manual will enable you to obtain a safe, efficient and dependable installation of your fireplace system. Please read and understand these instructions before beginning your installation.

Do not alter or modify the fireplace or its components under any circumstances. Any modification or alteration of the fireplace system, including but not limited to the fireplace, chimney components and accessories, may void the warranty, listings and approvals of this system and could result in an unsafe and potentially dangerous installation.

**IMPORTANT! TO ASSURE PROPER ALIGNMENT OF GLASS** DOORS: INSTALL THIS FIREPLACE IN A SQUARE AND PLUMB CONDITION, USING SHIMS AS NECESSARY AT SIDES AND/OR BOTTOM.



We recommend that our woodburning hearth products be installed and serviced by professionals who are certified in the U.S. by the National Fireplace Institute® (NFI) as NFI Woodburning Specialists or who are certified in Canada by Wood Energy Technical Wood Energy echnical Training

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### PACKAGING

The assembled wood fireplace is packaged with:

- 1 -One envelope containing the literature package which consists of the homeowner's manual, installation instructions and warranty (located in the firebox).
- 2 One Combustion Air Kit

### IMPORTANT: PLEASE READ AND UNDERSTAND THESE RULES TO FOLLOW FOR SAFETY.

### SAFETY RULES:

### A WARNING

To avoid the risk of damaging fireplace materials and increasing the risk of fire, do not use the fireplace to cook or warm food.

- 1. Before starting your fireplace installation, read these installation instructions carefully to be sure you understand them completely and in entirety. Failure to follow them could cause a fireplace malfunction resulting in serious injury and/or property damage.
- 2. Always check your local building codes. The installation must comply with all local, regional, state and national codes and regulations.
- 3. These fireplaces must be installed with Security Chimneys FTF8 (8" inside diameter) Chimney System only. These systems are intended for use in any application where a traditional masonry type fireplace would apply. The chimney system must always vent to the outside of the building.
- 4. To ensure a safe fireplace system and to prevent the build-up of soot and creosote, inspect and clean the fireplace and chimney prior to use and periodically during the heating season.
- **5.** Burn approved fuels only as defined in the Homeowner's Care and Operation Manual.
- 6. DO NOT use charcoal or coal under any circumstances.
- NEVER use gasoline, gasoline-type lantern fuel, kerosene, charcoal lighter fluid, or similar liquids to start or "freshen up" a fire in this fireplace. Keep any flammable liquids a safe distance from the fireplace.
- 8. NEVER leave children unattended when there is a fire burning in the fireplace.
- **9.** Always keep flue damper open when heat is present in the fireplace.
- **10.** Before servicing, allow the fireplace to cool. Always shut off any electricity or gas to the fireplace while working on it. This will prevent any possible electrical shock or burns.
- **11.**This fireplace is not intended to heat an entire home or be used as a primary heat source. It is designed to provide aesthetics and limited heat to the room.
- 12.Always ensure an that adequate supply of replacement combustion air from the outside of the house is accessible to the fire to support normal combustion. Fireplaces consume large volumes of air during the normal combustion process.

In the event the home is tightly sealed with modern energy efficient features, the combustion air kit (provided) may not provide all the air required to support combustion.
The manufacturer is not responsible for any smoking or related problems that may result

- from the lack of adequate combustion air. It is the responsibility of the builder/contractor to ensure that adequate combustion air has been provided for the fireplace.
- **13.** Always ensure that the air inlet to the fireplace is free from debris and any other obstructions that can block the entrance of air.
- **14.**DO NOT use a fireplace insert or any other product not specified by the manufacturer of this Superior appliance for use with this fireplace. All gas log sets must be operated with the damper clamped open.

# A WARNING

This fireplace has not been tested with an unvented gas log set. To reduce risk of fire or injury, do not install an unvented gas log set into this fireplace.

- **15.** "Smoke free" operation is not warranteed nor are we responsible for inadequate system draft caused by mechanical systems, general construction conditions, inadequate chimney heights, adverse wind conditions and/or unusual environmental factors or conditions beyond our control.
- **16.**Never, under any circumstances, install a fireplace, chimney component or any accessories, that has visible or suspected physical damage as a result of handling or transportation. These items should be inspected by your distributor or qualified factory representative to ensure safe condition. When in doubt, consult your distributor.
- **17.**For additional safety considerations and complete operating instructions, refer to the Care and Operation Manual provided with the fireplace.

**TOOLS AND BUILDING SUPPLIES** 

### NORMALLY REQUIRED Tools **Supplies** Framing materials Phillips screwdriver Hammer Wall finishing materials Saw and/or sabersaw Caulking materials (noncombustible) Level Measuring tape Fireplace surround and Plumb line hearth extension Electric drill and bits materials Pliers (noncombustible) Square

### PRECAUTIONS

**Note:** These fireplace systems are not difficult to install. However, in the interest of safety, it is recommended that the installer be a qualified or certified "tradesman" familiar with commonly accepted fireplace installation and safety techniques as well as prevailing local codes.

The most important areas of concern dealing with the installation of factory-built fireplaces are clearances to combustible materials, proper assembly of component parts, height of the chimney system, the proper use of accessories supplied by the manufacturer and the techniques employed in using finishing materials applied to the wall surrounding the fireplace, hearth extensions and wall shields. Each of these topics will be covered in thorough detail throughout this manual. Please give each your special attention as you progress with your installation.

### INTRODUCTION General Information

These fireplaces are conventional heat circulating appliances with standard grates, outside combustion air kit and standard decorative glass doors. The BCD36MH model is fitted with a blower and is available as an option for model BC36MH.

### The grate included properly positions the fire and limits the amount of fuel. IF A REPLACEMENT GRATE IS NEEDED REPLACE THE GRATE WITH MODEL 87L20 ONLY.

**Note:** Illustrations shown reflect "typical" installations with nominal dimensions and are for design and framing reference only. Actual installations may vary due to individual design preferences. However, always maintain minimum clearances to combustible materials and do not violate any specific installation requirements.

These fireplaces have been tested and listed by Warnock Hersey (Report No. J99025865A) to U.L. standard 127. These units are intended for installation in manufactured homes. These units may also be installed in buildings of conventional construction including commercial, providing all instructions provided herein are strictly adhered to.

These fireplace systems are designed for installation in accordance with the National Fire Protection Standard for chimneys, fireplaces and solid fuel burning appliances; NFPA 211latest edition and in accordance with codes such as the BOCA Basic/National Codes, the Standard Mechanical Code and the Uniform Building Codes.



# 🛕 WARNING

Failure to use manufacture provided parts, variations in techniques and construction materials or practices other than those described in this manual may create a fire hazard and void the limited warranty.

# A WARNING

Do not pack or fill required air spaces with insulation or other material. No material is allowed in these areas. Secure the airspace around the chimney with the firestop/thimble before completing the installation. Maintain 1" clearance between chimney and thimble.

# A WARNING

If insulation is used, the fireplace must not be placed directly against it. Insulation or vapor barriers, if used, must first be covered with gypsum board, plywood, particle board or other material to assure insulation and vapor barriers remain in place.

When complete these fireplace systems consists of four basic "sub-systems":

- 1. The Fireplace
- 2. The Chimney and Termination
- 3. Glass Doors
- 4. Combustion Air Kit

### CLEARANCES AND HEIGHT REQUIREMENTS

The fireplace may be placed on or near normal construction materials\*. The combustion air kit, firestop spacer and roof flashing (not chase flashings) may be placed directly on or against normal construction materials.\* The chimney and fireplace outer wrapper require a minimum 1" air space to insulation and building materials. A combustible mantel may be installed 12" above the opening of the fireplace as per NFPA 211-latest edition.

The minimum installed height of the completed fireplace system is 10' 6". The maximum height is 40' 0". See the Chimney Height section on *Page 3* for more information.

The fireplace and chimney system must be enclosed when installed in or passing through a living area where combustibles or people may come in contact with it. This is important to prevent possible personal injury or fire hazard.

For questions, please call your distributor or the manufacturer. Special restrictions apply to the front and facing of the fireplace and nearby walls (See **Pages 16 and 17**).

### **CHIMNEY SYSTEM**

These fireplaces are designed and code listed for use with Security Chimneys FTF8 chimney system only. Always use Security Chimneys FTF8 chimney components with these fireplaces. Do not modify or alter these components as this may cause a potential serious hazard and void the Warranty.

### \*Construction Materials:

- Framing Materials Paneling
- Particle Board
   Flooring
- Dry Wall Plywood
- Noncombustible Insulating Materials
- Etc.

### **Chimney Height**

The total height of your completed fireplace system from the surface the fireplace rests on to the chimney top must not exceed 40' and must also meet minimum height requirements. Refer to the minimum system height chart.

Minimum System Height Security's FTF8 Pipe							
Vertical Installation	10' 6"						
One Offsets	12' 0"						
Two Offsets	25' 0"						
Table 1							



### **Chimney Enclosure**

Construct a box-like framed structure to enclose the fireplace and chimney within the confines of the manufactured home, not necessarily above the roof line.

As with all chimney installations, avoid overhead obstructions such as trees, power lines, etc. The chimney/fireplace enclosure should be constructed and insulated just like any outside wall. In a cold climate, we recommend the base of the chimney/fireplace enclosure should also be insulated between the solid continuous floor beneath the fireplace and the chase bottom. Insulation in a cold climate installation is not required for safety.

**Note:** Local codes may not require firestopping at the ceiling levels for outside chimney enclosure installations. However, it is recommended for safety and the reduction of heat loss.

# A WARNING

Do not obstruct the collar openings around the base of the chimney at the top of the fireplace. Do not insulate the chimney enclosure cavity with blown or fill type insulation materials.

### ASSEMBLY OUTLINE Before You Start

Check your inventory list to be sure you have all the necessary parts supplied in good usable condition. Check also for any concealed damage.

Check the operation of the damper. The damper is controlled through the use of a control lever located within the firebox opening at the top center in front of the firebox lintel (*Figure 3*). The control lever snaps into place at either extreme of its range of motion. When locked in position all the way to the right, the damper is open. When locked in position all the way to the left, the damper is closed.



### LOCATION OF FIREPLACE

Carefully select the proper location for heat circulation, aesthetics, chimney obstructions and clearance to side wall(s). With proper preplanning, a slight adjustment of a few inches can save considerable time and expense later during construction and assembly.



# WARNING

This fireplace and chimney system is not approved for use in a bedroom or any room used for sleeping.

Carefully consider the position of the fireplace opening with respect to the location of adjacent or nearby stairwells, bath or kitchen exhaust fans and/or return air registers for forced air furnaces/air conditioners that could cause a smoking fireplace condition if the house is tightly insulated.

When locating the fireplace, consideration must be given to combustibles and final finishing. See *Figure 5* and confine the final location of combustible finish materials to the "Safe Zone".

DO NOT permanently place furniture or other items such as decorative pillows within 60" of the fireplace front face.



### **ASSEMBLY STEPS**

**Note:** The following steps represent the normal sequence of installation. Each installation is unique, however, and might require a different sequence.

- **1.** Position firebox prior to framing or into prepared framing.
- 2. Install the chimney system.
- **3.** Connect house wiring to the fireplace for blower (blower is optional for model BC36MH).
- 4. Install the outside combustion air kit.
- Plumb gas line if a decorative gas appliance will be used. (Gas connections should only be performed by an experienced, licensed/ certified tradesman).
- **6.** Complete the installation, finish wall material, surround and hearth extension to your individual taste.

Study the three dimensional illustration (*Figure 1*) to get a general idea of each element of your fireplace system.

### PRE-INSTALLATION NOTES

The fireplace may be installed directly on a combustible floor or raised on a platform of an appropriate height. Do not place fireplace on carpeting, vinyl or other soft floor coverings. It may, however, be placed on flat wood, plywood, particle board or other hard surfaces. Be sure fireplace rests on a solid continuous floor or platform with appropriate framing for support and so that no cold air can enter the room from under the fireplace.

The fireplace may be positioned and then the framing built around it, or the framing may be constructed and the fireplace positioned into the opening.

Usually, no special floor support is needed for the fireplace, however, to be certain:

- Estimate the total weight of the fireplace system including chimney and surround materials such as brick, stone, etc., to be installed. Shipping weights for the fireplace may be found on *Page 7*.
- 2. Measure the square footage of the floor space to be occupied by the system, surrounds and hearth extensions.
- **3.** Note the floor construction, i.e. 2 x 6's, 2 x 8's or 2 x 10's, single or double joists, type and thickness of floor boards.
- Use this information and consult your local building code to determine if you need additional support.

# **CAUTION**

Do not block the heat-circulating air inlet and outlet ports. Doing so may result in a potential fire hazard.

# A CAUTION

# The structural integrity of the manufactured home floor, wall, ceiling and roof must be main-tained.

The firestop thimble supplied with the unit must be used on a manufactured home installation. The firestop thimble must extend completely though the roof cavity to the outermost plane of the roof (*See Figures 16, 17 and 18*). Maintain 1" clearance between the thimble and the chimney.

If you plan to raise the fireplace and hearth extension, build the platform assembly then position fireplace and hearth extension on top. Secure the platform to the floor to prevent possible shifting.

### **CLEARANCES**

Minimum clearance to combustibles for the appliance is as follows: sides and back - 1" (25 mm), floor - 0" (0 mm), adjacent wall - 12" (305 mm), ceiling - 37-1/2" (953 mm).

### INSTALLING THE FIREPLACE

*IMPORTANT:* Plated polished brass glass doors may have a plastic covering over all brass pieces for protection during shipping and handling. The plastic covering should be removed after installation of the fireplace before its use. Under the plastic covering is a protective lacquer coating which should not be removed. In some instances, if it is removed, irreversible damage to the brass finish could occur.

**Step 1.** Slide the fireplace into prepared framing or position fireplace in its final position and frame later.

The fireplace may not be recessed into a combustible floor. Maintain the floor to hearth clearance established by the fireplace lower front face.

Step 2. Insert the provided metal safety strips, beneath the fireplace as illustrated (*Figures 6 through 9*). The safety strips should overlap 1/2" for continual coverage of the floor.

**Note:** Safety strips are not required when fireplace rests on a noncombustible surface.



Note: Hearth extensions must not interfere with circulating grillwork

### Figure 6



**Note:** Install the hearth extension only as illustrated (see **Pages 16 through 18**).

The safety strips should extend from front of the fireplace at least 1-1/2" and should extend to be at least flush with the sides. In the event a wooden support is used to elevate the fireplace above the floor, a "Z" type safety strip should be fabricated and used to protect the front surface of the wood support as well as the floor beneath the hearth extension (*Figures 8 and 9*). The safety strips should be tacked down to prevent possible movement.

**Note:** The "Z" type safety strip is not supplied.



**Step 3.** Refer to fireplace drawings and specifications on *Pages 6 and 7* for framing dimensions and details. Frame appliance enclosure as illustrated in *Figure 12* on *Page 7*.

# A WARNING

Under no circumstances can the fireplace top spacers (see Figure 12) be removed or modified, nor may you notch the header to fit around or be installed lower than the spacers. The header may be in direct contact with the top spacers but may not be supported by them.



Framing Dimensions for Ceiling Inches (millimeters)							
Flue Type	A	В					
FTF8, Vertical	14-1/2" (368 mm)	14-1/2" (368 mm)					
FTF8 Offset 30°	14-1/2" (368 mm)	25" (635 mm)					

### Figure 10

**Note:** The framed depth, 20-5/8" (524 mm) from a framed wall, must always be measured from a finished surface. If a wall covering such as drywall is to be attached to the rear wall, then the 20-5/8" (524 mm) must be measured from the drywall surface. It is important that this dimension be exact.

If the appliance is to be elevated above floor level, a solid continuous platform must be constructed.

The header may rest on the top metal spacers, but must not be notched to fit around them.

Consult all local codes.







Step 4. Fireplace should be secured to side framing members using the full length nailing tabs at the top and bottom of the fireplace front face. Use screws, 8d nails or equivalent fasteners (*Figure 13*). This manufactured home model is also provided with floor brackets used to secure the fireplace to the floor to prevent shifting in transit.

**Note:** The use of floor brackets are optional. They are included (unbent) inside the Combustion Air Kit package, located inside the firebox. Refer to **Figure 8** for suggested bracket placement.



**Note:** The nailing tabs and the area directly behind the nailing tabs are exempt from the clearances described on **Page 5**. Maintain at least 1/2" clearance from the firebox wrapper to the framing at the closest point of contact, directly adjacent to the flange.

### **INSTALLING THE CHIMNEY SYSTEM**

- Step 1. Before continuing, check the operation of the damper, as described on Page 4, (refer to Figure 2).
- Step 2. Using standard construction framing techniques, construct opening for chimney route up through the ceiling(s) and roof or through an outside chase.

Framing must maintain adequate minimum air space clearance at all times.

# **A**CAUTION

Allow minimum 1" chimney air space to framing members throughout chimney installation. A minimum 1" air space must be maintained from all insulation and building materials extending for any continuous length surrounding the chimney. Reference *Figures 10 and 11* and their charts for framing dimensions at Ceilings and Roofs.

In new construction, to determine chimney center line, use plumb line from roof or ceiling above fireplace to center of flue collar on fireplace.

For remodeling, plumb to center of flue collar from ceiling above, drive nail through ceiling from below to mark position, then mark and cut to passage from above ceiling (around nail) (*Figure 14*). Then plumb from ceiling or roof level directly above hole which has just been completed.



Step 3. Position appropriate thimble/firestop spacer combination at ceiling and nail temporarily with two (2) 8d nails or equivalent fasteners (*see Figures* 16, 17 and 18). Use one fastener on opposite sides to hold thimble/firestop spacer combination in position. Nail permanently, using at least two (2) more fasteners, after chimney sections have been assembled through the thimble/firestop spacer combination and after any necessary adjustments have been made. Firestop spacer must be secured by at least four (4) fasteners when completely installed.

**Note:** If there is a room above ceiling level, firestop spacer must be installed on the bottom side of the ceiling. If an attic is above ceiling level, firestop thimble must be installed on the bottom side of ceiling joist (**Figure 15**).





Ensure the thimble penetrates the roof opening. The thimble must extend completely through the ceiling or roof cavity to the outermost plane of the roof. Note: Thimble extensions (F8-TE26) are available from your dealer for constructions in which the distance between the outside of the roof and the inside of the ceiling exceeds 13". The thimbles and their extensions provide for zero clearances to combustibles and must be used at the ceiling/roof in manufactured homes (*Figures 17 and 18*).



# A WARNING

Do not allow insulating materials to be blown into the space inside the thimble and the chimney. To do so could result in a fire hazard.



Step 4. *Note:* Chimney sections are constructed with a unique locking tab design, which ensures an immediate, tight assembly between sections. Plan your chimney requirements carefully before assembly as chimney is difficult to disassemble after installation. If disassembled, the tabs might become damaged. Be certain tabs are properly formed to ensure locking tabs engage properly.

The Security Chimneys FTF8 chimney system is a two piece chimney, which snap together from the fireplace up. Start with the inner flue section with the lanced end up, snap lock it in to the matching collar on top of the fireplace. At all subsequent joints, the upper flue section fits into the preceding flue section. Each piece snaps together by means of locking tabs (9 locking tabs per joint). Check each piece by pulling up slightly from the top to ensure proper engagement before installed correctly, it will not separate when you test it. Also, the inner flue joint where each section is joined should be tight and flat without gaps (*Figure 19*).



Outer pipe section installs in just the opposite way; the lanced end goes down and each new section goes OVER the outside of the previous section installed (*Figure 20*).



**Note:** Assemble one component of chimney at a time (inner section first, then outer section last) before proceeding with the next complete section.

Continue to assemble the chimney up through framed opening. Assemble just enough to penetrate the roof flashing openings (*Figure 21*). Maintain 1" minimum air space to insulation and building materials and always check each chimney joint (inner and outer) to ensure proper engagement. Check vertical alignment of chimney so that it projects from the roof in true vertical position.



Security's chimney sections do not need to be screwed together. Additional reinforcement is not necessary except in certain offset conditions (refer to **Page 13, Figure 35**).

Step 5. The height of vertical chimney pipe supported only by the fireplace must not exceed 30'. Chimney heights above 30' must be supported by a Model FTF8-S4 stabilizer installed at 30' intervals.

*Note:* The Model FTF8-S4 adds 3" net effective height to the total chimney system.

Install the Model FTF8-S4 stabilizer by fitting inner section down into respective section of proceeding flue pipe and locking outer stabilizer section into place over the outer chimney pipe. Position for proper clearance through framed opening and nail straps securely (under tension in "shear") into place on framing. Use 8d nails. Attach successive lengths of chimney pipe directly to stabilizer using same techniques as described in **Step 4** (**Figure 22**).



**Note:** Do not apply excessive pressure to any subsequent chimney sections following the stabilizer when installing. Ensure each subsequent chimney section is securely attached by testing as noted in **Step 4**.

Step 6. Select the proper Security Chimneys roof flashing based on pitch of roof. Use chart below for selection:

Roof Pitch	FTF8
Flat to 6/12	F8-F6
6/12 to 12/12	F8-F12
Table 2	

Next, slide roof flashing over extended chimney section that previously has been installed above the roof opening in *Step 4*. Slide flashing all the way down until the flashing base rests flat on the roof (*Figure 23*). Again, check the vertical position of the chimney and the minimum air space to combustibles.



Step 7. Secure flashing by nailing along the perimeter into roof using 8d nails or equivalent fasteners. If shingled roof, slide upper end and sides of roof flashing under shingles (trim if necessary), seal the top and both sides of the flashing to the roof with roof caulking. Cover fastener heads with roof caulking (*Figure 24*).



Step 8. The standard Security Chimneys FTF8 roof flashing assemblies include a storm collar. Slide the storm collar over outer chimney, rest on flashing spacers and align with top surface of flashing. Insert tab in slot, pull tight and bend tab back over slot. Seal storm collar to outer chimney with roof caulking or mastic around entire circumference of pipe. Also add extra roof caulking to the tab/slot area to seal completely against water penetration (*Figure 25*). Check all joints very carefully to ensure no water intrusion can take place.



**Step 9.** FTF locking bands, Model FLB, may be required if the chimney extends too high above the roof flashing. As a general rule, if the chimney extends more than 6' above the roof flashing, the use of locking bands is advisable to strengthen the chimney assembly. Align the locking band at the chimney joint. Locking bands wrap around pipe joints equally covering the joints of both pipe sections. Use the nut provided and TIGHTEN snugly. Do not overtighten as this might damage the chimney section (*refer to Figure 25*). **Note:** If chimney extends more than 8' above roof surface, guy wires are also recommended. Use three (3) guy wires, attach to locking band assembly, extend and secure to roof in a triangular pattern (**Figure 26**). Guy wires are not supplied by the manufacturer.



### Step 10. Using a CTD Termination:

- 1. Hold the CTD over top of last chimney section (*Figure 27*).
- Center inner slip section in inner flue pipeslip down.



- Center outer locking section over outer flue pipe. Push down until locking tabs are firmly engaged.
- Pull up slightly on CTD to ensure locking joint has firmly engaged.

**Note:** It is recommended that all exterior exposed metal fireplace components; such as terminations, flashings, storm collars and/or flue be painted with a premium quality, high temperature, rust preventative paint designed for metal. This is especially important when installations are made in abnormally adverse or corrosive environments; such as near lakes, oceans or in areas with consistently high humidity conditions. Consult the paint manufacturers instructions for proper preparation and application.

### **TEN FOOT RULE SUMMARY**

The minimum chimney height above the roof and/or to adjacent walls and buildings is specified by all major building codes.

If the horizontal distance from the peak of the roof is less then 10', the top of the chimney must be at least 2' above the peak of the roof.

If the horizontal distance from the chimney edge to the peak of the roof is more than 10' a chimney height reference point is established on the roof surface 10' horizontally from the chimney edge. The top of the chimney must be at least 2' above this reference point. In all cases, the chimney cannot be less then 3' above the roof at the edge of the chimney.

The 2' in 10' rule is necessary in the interest of safety but does not ensure smoke-free operation. Trees, buildings, adjoining roof lines, adverse wind conditions, etc., may require a taller chimney should the fireplace not draft properly (*Figure 28*).



NOTE: DIAGRAMS & ILLUSTRATIONS ARE NOT TO SCALE.

# FTF8 CHIMNEY COMPONENT CALCULATIONS

The minimum installed height of the completed fireplace system is 10' 6". The maximum height is 40' 0" when the chimney is exposed.

To determine the number of chimney sections and chimney components required, follow these steps:

- 1. Determine total vertical height of the fireplace installation. This dimension is the distance from the surface the fireplace sets on to the point where smoke exits from the termination.
- 2. Determine the number of chimney components required, except chimney sections. This would include thimbles, extensions, roof flashing, etc.
- 3. The effective heights of the components are:

The Fireplace	=	37"
FTF8-12	=	10-1/4"
FTF8-18	=	16-1/4"
FTF8-24	=	22-1/4"
FTF8-36	=	34-1/4"
FTF8-48	=	46-1/4"
<b>FTF8-CTD</b> Termination	=	6"

4 Determine amoun of chimney height required by subtracting total combined height of all pre-selected components (fireplace and chimney components from total desired height).

Reference Vertical Elevation Chart and determine the number of chimney sections (quantity and length) required.

### **SPECIAL OFFSET INSTRUCTIONS**

### Chimney 30° Offset through Floor or Ceiling

It may be necessary to assemble the chimney at 30° when passing through the floor or ceiling area. Use the F8FS30-2 firestop spacer as shown in *Figure 29*. Support the chimney at floor or ceiling penetration with a FTF8 stabilizer if distance of chimney below ceiling is 10' or more. Maintain 1" minimum air space to combustibles from chimney sections. The chimney must pass vertically through the attic space.



To clear any overhead obstructions, you may offset your chimney system using Security's 30° offset and return elbows. Use two elbows - an offset elbow to initiate the offset and a return elbow to terminate it. A 30° offset elbow, angling in any direction, may be the first component used off the top of the fireplace flue collar.

The offset and return elbows may be attached together, or a section or sections of chimney may be used between, but do not exceed 20' in total length between elbows. If sections of pipe exceed 10' between elbows, a chimney stabilizer must be used at the midpoint (*see Figure 30*). The stabilizer support straps must be attached under tension (in shear) to structural framing members above. When two sets of elbows are used, the maximum combined length of chimney used between elbows cannot exceed 20' (*see Figure 31*). **Example:** If C<sub>1</sub> = 10' then C<sub>2</sub> cannot exceed 10'.

If an offset exceeds 6' in length, each chimney joint beyond the first 6' of offset to the return elbow, must be secured by a No. 8 x 1/2" sheet metal screw located at the underside of the joint (*see Figure 33*).

A 1/8" diameter hole must be drilled in the chimney joint using a 1/8" diameter drill. Hole should be drilled in center of joint overlap (*see Figure 33*). Be sure to drill only through the outer chimney casting. Do not puncture the inner flue.

Maximum offset of chimney system is  $30^{\circ}$ . Two offsets must not be assembled to form a  $60^{\circ}$  offset. However, two sets of offset and return elbows may be used on a single flue system, provided the total height of the system exceeds  $25^{\circ}$ .

Return elbow support straps must be securely attached under tension (in shear) to structural framing members above. Do not substitute a FTF8-30 offset elbow in place of a FTF8-E30 return elbow.

### **OFFSET CALCULATIONS**

**Step 1**. Use Offset Chart to determine amount of horizontal offset (A) and height (B) for various chimney section assemblies.

**Step 2.** Use "Height of Chimney Only" column in The Vertical Elevation Chart to determine combinations of chimney used above return elbow to achieve desired heights. Reference Components Effective Height Chart in vertical elevation chart section.

**Step 3**. Use Elevation Chart as job estimator only. Add necessary firestop spacers and stabilizers as required. Firestop spacers must be used as shown in *Figure 29* and stabilizers as shown in *Figure 22*.



### **FTF8 VERTICAL ELEVATION CHART**

He	eight Of		Nu	mber	Of FT	F8		Height Of	He	eight Of	Number Of FTF8				Height Of		
				T	UIIIPOI			Cilliney Only				UIIIII	ley C	unho	nems		Cinniney Only
Inches	Feet/Inches	12"	18"	24"	36"	48"	-S4	Meters	Inches	Feet/Inches	12"	18"	24"	36"	48"	-S4	Meters
10 1⁄4	0 10 1⁄4	1	0	0	0	0	-	0.26	247 1/2	20 7 1/2	0	1	0	0	5	-	6.29
16 1⁄4	1 4 1/4	0	1	0	0	0	-	0.41	253 1/2	21 1 1/2	0	0	1	0	5	-	6.44
22 1/4	1 10 1⁄4	0	0	1	0	0	-	0.57	257 3⁄4	21 5 3/4	1	1	0	0	5	-	6.55
26 1/2	2 2 1/2	1	1	0	0	0	-	0.67	263 3⁄4	21 11 3/4	1	0	1	0	5	-	6.70
32 1/2	2 8 1/2	1	0	1	0	0	-	0.83	269 3⁄4	22 5 3/4	0	1	1	0	5	-	6.85
34 1/4	2 10 1/4	0	0	0	1	0	-	0.87	275 3⁄4	22 11 3/4	1	0	0	1	5	-	7.00
38 1/2	3 2 1/2	0	1	1	0	0	-	0.98	277 1/2	23 1 1/2	0	0	0	0	6	-	7.05
44 1/2	3 8 1/2	1	0	0	1	0	-	1.13	281 3/4	23 5 3/4	0		0	1	5	-	/.16
46 1/4	3 10 1/4	0	0	0	0		-	1.17	287 3/4	23 11 3/4			0	0	6	_	7.31
50 1/2	4 2 1/2						-	1.28	293 3/4	24 5 3/4			0	0	6	_	7.40
00 1/	4 0 1/2						-	1.44	299 %4	24 11 9/4					0	_	7.01
60 1/	<u> </u>						-	1.39	210	20 4			1	0	0	_	7.72
70 3/	0 /2 6 3/						-	1.74	216	20 10					6	_	1.01
72 3/	6 6 3/4						-	2.00	222	20 4				1	6		0.03 8.18
8/ 3/	7 3/4							2.00	222 3/4	20 10					7		8.22
90 3/4	7 6 3/4	1					-	2.10	328	20 11 74			0	1	6	_	8.33
92 1/2	7 8 1/2					2	_	2.31	334	27 10			0		7	_	8 48
96 3/4	8 3/4			l ñ		1	_	2.00	340	28 4		Ĭĭ	ñ	n n	7	_	8 64
102 3/4	8 6 3/4	Ĭ	l o	Ő	l ò	2	_	2 61	346	28 10	ŏ	l i	1 ĭ	Ő	7	_	8 79
108 3/4	9 3/4	0	1	0	0	2	-	2 76	350 1/4	29 2 1/4	1	1	0	0	7	_	8.90
114 3/4	9 6 3/4	Ő	Ó	l ĭ	Ō	2	-	2.91	356 1/4	29 8 1/4		Ó	1	0	7	_	9.05
119	9 11	1	1	0	0	2	-	3.02	365 1/4	30 5 1/4	0	1	1	0	7	1	9.28
125	10 5	1	0	1	0	2	-	3.18	371 1/4	30 11 1⁄4	1	0	0	1	7	1	9.43
131	10 11	0	1	1	0	2	-	3.33	373	31 1	0	0	0	0	8	1	9.47
137	11 5	1	0	0	1	2	-	3.48	377 1/4	31 5 1/4	0	1	0	1	7	1	9.58
138 3⁄4	11 6 3⁄4	0	0	0	0	3	-	3.52	383 1⁄4	31 11 1⁄4	1	0	0	0	8	1	9.73
143	11 11	0	1	0	1	2	-	3.63	389 1/4	32 5 1/4	0	1	0	0	8	1	9.89
149	12 5	1	0	0	0	3	-	3.78	395 1⁄4	32 11 1⁄4	0	0	1	0	8	1	10.04
155	12 11	0	1	0	0	3	-	3.94	399 1/2	33 3 1/2	1	1	0	0	8	1	10.15
161	13 5	0	0	1	0	3	-	4.09	405 1/2	33 9 1/2	1	0	1	0	8	1	10.30
165 1/4	13 9 1/4	1	1	0	0	3	-	4.20	411 1/2	34 3 1/2	0	1	1	0	8	1	10.45
171 1/4	14 3 1/4		0		0	3	-	4.35	417 1/2	34 9 1/2		0	0	1	8	1	10.60
177 1/4	14 9 1/4	0	1		0	3	-	4.50	419 1/4	34 11 1/4	0	0	0	0	9	1	10.65
183 1/4	15 3 1/4		0	0		3	-	4.65	423 1/2	35 3 1/2	0		0	1	8	1	10.76
185	15 5	0	0	0	0	4	-	4.70	429 1/2	35 9 1/2	1		0	0	9	1	10.91
189 1/4	15 9 1/4					3	-	4.81	435 1/2	30 3 1/2					9	1	11.00
195 1/4						4	-	4.90	441 1/2	30 9 1/2					9	1	11.21
201 74	10 9 1/4					4	-	5.11	440 %4	01 1 %4 27 7 3/			1		9	1	11.32
20/ 74	17 7 1/-					4		5.20 5.37	457 3/	31 1 7/4					9	1	11.47
217 1/2	18 1 1/2			1				5.57	463 3/	38 7 3/4	1			1	a	1	11 78
223 1/2	18 7 1/2		1			4	1	5.52	465 1/2	38 9 1/2		ň	n		10	1	11.82
220 1/2	10 1 12	1				4		5.83	469 3/4	39 1 3/4	n n		n n	1	q	1	11 93
231 1/4	19 3 1/4	0	n	n	0	5	-	5.87	475 3/4	39 7 3/4	1	0	n	0	10	1	12.08
235 1/2	19 7 1/2	ŏ	Ĭĭ	ŏ	Ĭĭ	4	_	5.98	481 3/4	40 1 3/4	l o	Ĭĭ	ŏ	l õ	10	1	12.00
241 1/2	20 1 1/2	1	0	ŏ	Ó	5	-	6.13	486	40 6	Ĭ	Ö	1 1	1	9	1	12.34

Table 3





A Offset	B Height	FTF8-S4		Num Chim	A Offset	B Height			
(Inches)	(Inches)	Stabilizer	12"	18"	24"	36"	48"	(meters)	(meters)
4	15 3⁄4	_	0	0	0	0	0	0.10	0.40
9 1/8	24 5/8	-	1	0	0	0	0	0.23	0.63
12 1/8	29 3⁄4	-	0	1	0	0	0	0.31	0.76
14 1⁄4	33 1/2	_	2	0	0	0	0	0.36	0.85
15 1/8	35	-	0	0	1	0	0	0.38	0.89
17 1⁄4	38 5%	_	1	1	0	0	0	0.44	0.98
20 1⁄4	43 7⁄8	-	0	2	0	0	0	0.51	1.11
21 1/8	45 3⁄8	-	0	0	0	1	0	0.54	1.15
22 3⁄8	47 ½	-	2	1	0	0	0	0.57	1.21
23 1⁄4	49	-	0	1	1	0	0	0.59	1.25
25 3⁄8	52 3⁄4	-	1	2	0	0	0	0.64	1.34
27 1/8	55 3⁄4	-	0	0	0	0	1	0.69	1.42
28 3⁄8	57 7/8	-	1	1	1	0	0	0.72	1.47
29 1⁄4	59 ¾	-	0	1	0	1	0	0.74	1.51
31 3⁄8	63 1⁄8	-	0	2	1	0	0	0.80	1.60
32 1⁄4	64 5⁄8	-	0	0	1	1	0	0.82	1.64
33 ½	66 3⁄4	-	2	1	1	0	0	0.85	1.70
35 1⁄4	69 7⁄8	-	0	1	0	0	1	0.90	1.77
36 ½	72	-	2	0	2	0	0	0.93	1.83
38 1⁄4	75	-	0	0	0	2	0	0.97	1.91
40 3⁄8	78 3⁄4	-	0	1	1	1	0	1.03	2.00
42 1/2	82 3⁄8	-	0	2	2	0	0	1.08	2.09
44 1⁄4	85 3⁄8	-	0	0	0	1	1	1.12	2.17
46 3⁄8	89 1/8	_	0	1	0	2	0	1.18	2.26
50 1⁄4	95 3⁄4	-	0	0	0	0	2	1.28	2.43
52 3⁄8	99 1⁄2	-	0	1	0	1	1	1.33	2.53
55 3/8	104 5⁄8	-	0	0	1	1	1	1.41	2.66
58 3/8	109 7/8	-	0	1	0	0	2	1.48	2.79
61 3/8	115 1/8	-	0	0	0	2	1	1.56	2.92
63 1/2	118 3⁄4	-	0	1	1	1	1	1.61	3.02
68 7/8	128	1	0	0	0	1	2	1.75	3.25
/1	131 3/4	1	0	1	0	2	1	1.80	3.35
/4 1/8	138 1/2		0			0	3	1.90	3.52
	142 1/8		U				$\frac{2}{2}$	1.96	3.61
80	14/ 3/8		0	0			2	2.03	3.74
83	152 1/2		0			0	3	2.11	3.88
86	15/ 3/4		0		U J	2	2	2.18	4.01
00 1/8			0				2	2.24	4.10
92	100 1/8		0				3	2.34	4.27
94 1/8	1/1 %4	1	0		U	2	2	2.39	4.30
100 1/	100 1/		0			4	4	2.49	4.04
100 1/8	102 <sup>1</sup> /8		0		1		5 2	2.04	4.03
105 1/8	107 %		0					2.02	4.70
100 78	107 3/	1	0		0	2	4	2.70	4.09 5.00
115 1/2	208 1/2	1	0	n n	n	1		2.11	5.02 5.20
121 1/2	200 78 218 1/2	1	0	n n	n		5	2.92 3.02	J.29 5.55
121 78	210 72		0				5	0.00	0.00

**FTF8 OFFSET ELEVATION CHART** 

Table 4





### **INSTALLING OFFSETS**

First, review the Offset Elevation Chart and *Figure 34* for reference.

Step 1. Determine the offset distance where chimney is to pass through the first ceiling-dimension "A." To find this point on your ceiling, first determine the center point for a vertical chimney following the instructions for vertical installation.

> Measure height to the ceiling from the top of fireplace-dimension "B." Use the appropriate Offset Elevation Chart to find dimension "A." Mark point where you will drive your nail to show the center point for your offset ceiling cut.

Step 2. Proceed by using the Straight Up Installation Instructions for cutting and framing ceiling and roof openings.

**Note:** See Framing and Dimension Chart for the sizes of the ceiling and roof openings. The size of the roof opening varies with the degree of pitch of the roof.

### **Offset Elbow Assembly**

Offset elbows install the same as chimney sections. First, snap the inner section INTO the preceding inner section of flue. Check connection by pulling up slightly to ensure a tight fit. Next, the outer sections snap lock OVER the preceding outer section of chimney. Again, check outer section by pulling up slightly to ensure proper connection is made.

### **Return Elbow Assembly**

Return elbows install the same way as round terminations and stabilizers:

- Step 1. Hold return elbow over top of last chimney section.
- Step 2. Center inner slip section into inner flue pipe-slip down.
- Step 3. Center outer-locking section over outer chimney pipe. Push down until locking joint has firmly engaged.
- Step 4. Pull up slightly on return elbow to ensure locking joint has firmly engaged.
- Step 5. Secure support straps to framing members by nailing under tension in sheer (*Figure 35*).



### Notes:

- The return elbow assembly performs the same function as a stabilizer. Consider this when determining the need for a stabilizer.
- Do not apply excessive pressure to any subsequent chimney section following return elbow assembly when installing. Ensure that each subsequent chimney section is securely attached by testing as noted above.

### OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT CONSIDERATIONS

### **Blower Kit**

A Blower Kit model BFK36 is preinstalled, standard, on model BCD36MH and is available as an option for model BC36MH. The optional Blower Kit can be installed prior to or after installation of the fireplace.

**Note:** These fireplace models are not supplied with an optional wall switch (FWSK) for fan operation. BFK36 blower kits may be operated with their integral blower (On/Off) switch.

# A IMPORTANT

The fireplace must be wired to the house electrical system at the time of installation in order for the fans to operate, (See *Figures 36 and 37*).





**Note:** The utilization of fans will increase the air flow around the firebox. However, only a minimal increase in heat output should be anticipated.

# 🛕 IMPORTANT

This fireplace is not intended to be used as a substitute for a furnace to heat an entire home. Use for supplementary heating only.

The BFK36 Blower Kit is design certified by Warnock Hersey for use with these appliances. Always check local building codes. Installation of the BFK36 Blower Kit must comply with local regulations as well as the National Electric Code.

### **Combustion Air Kits**

These appliances are equipped with an outside (make-up) air door and integral actuator arm and an outside air kit with a collar, duct and hood (90L83). The appliance must be installed with an outside air vent system (*Figure 38*). These kits come complete with detailed installation instructions and all components necessary in completing a combustion air vent system.



After completing the installation of the combustion air vent system the actuator arm must be put in service and tested to ensure proper operation before completing any enclosure around the firebox. Failure to do so may result in extensive and costly rework.

Locate the actuator arm along the right side of the appliance firebox opening and refer to *Figure 39*. To operate, push the end of the actuator to the left as shown in *Figure 39*, until it "pops" free of its "locked" position. Pull the actuator forward to open the combustion air door, and push it back to close. To "lock" the combustion air door closed, ensure the actuator is pushed all the way back then push the end of the actuators to the right until the step in the actuator moves behind the appliance front face within the slotted opening.

Operate the actuator through several cycles including the "lock position. Ensuring proper operation and freedom of movement. Return the actuator arm to the locked position.



### **Gas Line Connection**

Install a 1/2" gas supply line through fireplace wall for connection to a decorative gas appliance inside the firebox. Outside, the gas supply line connects to a gas shut-off valve recessed flush into the wall or floor. The valve should be controlled by a removable valve key for safety.

Always plumb gas line installation per local codes. Check all connections using a gas leak test solution (also referred to as bubble leak solution). *Note:* Using a soapy water solution (50% dish soap, 50% water) is an effective leak test solution but it is not recommended, because the soap residue that is left on the pipes/fittings can result in corrosion over time. Never test any gas line connection with a match or open flame.

This provision is intended for connection to a decorative gas appliance incorporating an automatic shut-off device and complying with the Standard for Decorative Gas Appliances for installation in vented fireplaces, ANSI Z21.60 (1991) or American Gas Association draft requirements for Gas-Fired Log Lighters for Wood Burning Fireplaces, Draft No. 4 dated August, 1993. Install in accordance with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1. This complies with the revised U.L. 127 standard.

# A WARNING

This fireplace has not been tested with an unvented gas log set. To reduce risk of fire or injury, do not install an unvented gas log set into this fireplace.



When using the decorative gas appliance, the fireplace damper must be set in the fully open position.

# **A** CAUTION

Plumbing connections should only be performed by a qualified, licensed plumber. Main gas supply must be off when plumbing gas line to fireplace or performing service.

If you're installing a gas line, connect it before the fireplace is framed and enclosed in the finished wall. The gas knockout is determined by the indentation located at the bottom and slightly off center in the side refractories. THE KNOCK-**OUT IS ALWAYS REMOVED FROM INSIDE THE** FIREPLACE, DO NOT REMOVE THE KNOCKOUT UNLESS YOU ARE INSTALLING A GAS LINE. If removal is attempted from the outer wrapper, side refractory damage may occur. With a medium-sized hammer, lightly tap the surface of the indentation. The refractory material is very thin in this area and is easily removed. Once a small hole has been made, continue tapping until you have reached sufficient diameter for the gas line to fit through. The entire knockout does not have to be removed. Remove insulation in the gas line channel.

# A IMPORTANT

Repack insulation material in square hole around gas line, interior and exterior of fireplace, to seal.

### **COLD CLIMATE INSULATION**

If you live in a cold climate, it is especially important to seal all cracks around the fireplace and wherever cold air could enter the room with noncombustible material. Surround material must be caulked where it meets the black metal facing of the fireplace to avoid cold air intrusion. Use noncombustible caulking material only on fireplace facing to seal. Also, the outside air inlet duct should be wrapped with noncombustible insulation to minimize the formation of condensation. Do not place insulation materials directly against the chimney sections.

*Note:* 1" (25 mm) air space must be preserved for all materials extending for any continuous length adjacent to the chimney. **Note:** A 1" air space must be preserved for all combustible materials extending for any continuous length adjacent to the chimney.

It is especially important to insulate between the studs of an outside chase cavity and under the floor if the floor is above ground level. Do not place insulation directly against the fireplace or chimney system.

### **Glass Doors**

Glass doors have been installed on these fireplaces as standard equipment. Shipping and transit may have moved them out of alignment.

The doors are properly adjusted when the top door trim is in a straight, level line and the gap between the doors is even at the top and bottom. If adjustments are required, grasp the door handle and loosen the lower door pivot pin using a 3/8" open end wrench\*. Slide the door panel on the hinge pin until the gap between the upper door trim and upper frame is even. Retighten the lower door pivot pin\*. Repeat this procedure for the opposite door if needed (*Figure 40*).



\*Note: Upper door pivot pins can also be loosened for adjustment purposes; however, it is easier to loosen lower pins.

### **FIREPLACE FINISHES**

### **Mantels and Trim**

It is sometimes best to frame your fireplace after it is positioned and the chimney is installed. Frame enclosure for chimney and fireplace with materials of suitable grade and size as dictated by the prevailing constructions standards for the structure in which the fireplace system is to be located within.

**Note:** The header may rest on the two (2) metal top spacers on top of the unit but the header must not be notched to fit around the spacers.

These fireplaces may sit directly on a combustible surface. A 1" air space is required between framing, insulation, building materials and the chimney. A 1" air space is required between framing, insulation, building materials and the fireplace outer wrapper.

Combustible mantels and trim may be installed 12" above the fireplace opening as per NFPA 211-latest edition. and *Figure 41*. If a mantel is of a noncombustible material, it is exempt from these requirements as long as it does not interfere with the installation or operation of glass doors.



### Hearth Extensions and Wall Shields

A hearth extension must be installed with all fireplaces. Its purpose is twofold. It protects a combustible floor in front of the fireplace from both radiant heat and sparks and it distinguishes the prescribed hearth extension area from other non-protected surfaces.

The hearth extension must extend 16" beyond the front and 8" beyond both sides of the fireplace opening. Use a hearth extension constructed of a durable noncombustible material having an equal or better (lower k value) insulating value of k = .84 BTU IN/FT<sup>2</sup> HR °F or a thermal resistance that equals or exceeds r=1.19 HR °F FT<sup>2</sup>/BTU IN. A minimum 3/8" (10 mm) thick noncombustible material is all that is required over a noncombustible or slab floor.

If there is a continuous perpendicular side wall closer than 12" (305 mm) from the fireplace opening, it must be protected with a 24" x 30"x 1/2" (610 mm x 762 mm x 13 mm) wall shield (see *Figure 42*) constructed of a durable, noncombustible material having an equal or better (lower k value) insulating value than k = .84 BTU IN/FT<sup>2</sup> HR °F. A continuous protected side wall can not be closer than 7" (178 mm) from the side of the fireplace opening.

Secure the hearth extension to the floor to prevent possible shifting.

If the fireplace is installed on a combustible floor, use the metal safety strips (provided) on the floor extending half under the fireplace and half under the hearth extension (refer to *Figures 6 and 7*).





Hearth Extension Dimensions						
A 16"						
В	30"					
C	8"					
D	46"					

Note: To convert inches to millimeters divide by .03937.

### Figure 42

### Methods of Determining Hearth Extension and Wall Shield

**Equivalents** - To determine the thickness required for the alternate material when either the "k" value or "r" value is known, use either the <u>k formula</u> or <u>r formula</u>.

**Example:** If Micore 160 is to be used for the hearth extension fireplace, how thick must this material be?

- $k_{M} = k$  value per inch of **alternate** material
- $r_{M} = r$  value per inch of *alternate* material
- $T_{M}$  = minimum thickness required for *alternate* material
- $T_s = standard thickness of the$ *alternate*material

k<sub>1</sub> = k value per inch of *listed* material

- r<sub>1</sub> = r value per inch of *listed* material
- $T_{1} = minimum$  thickness of *listed* material

*Note:* An asterix "\*" indicates, it is a value taken from *Table 5*. Using the k formula:

Minimum thickness of alternate material $(T_M)$	=	k-value (per Inch) of <u>alternate material</u> ( $k_{\rm M}$ ) k-value (per inch) of listed material ( $k_{\rm L}$ )	X	Specified min. thickness of listed material (T <sub>L</sub> )
$T_{M}$ (inches)	=	<u>k</u>	x	TL
$T_{M}$ (inches)	=	<u>*.35</u> *.84	x	1"
.416 (inches)	=	.416	x	1"

Answer - The minimum required thickness of the Micore 160 is .417, "therefore round up to nearest standard thickness available which is 1/2."

### Using the r formula:

Minimum thickness of alternate material	=	r-value (per Inch) <u>of listed material</u> r-value (per inch) of alternate material	x	Specified min. thickness of listed material
$T_{M}$ (inches)	=	r	X	TL
$T_{M}$ (inches)	=	<u>*1.19</u> * 2.86	x	1"
.417 (inches	)=	.416	x	1"

Answer - The minimum required thickness of the Micore 160 is .417, "therefore round up to nearest standard thickness available which is 1/2."

Listed Material										
	k (per inch)	r (per inch)	Listed Min.Thickness							
Listed Material	<b>.84</b> К <sub>L</sub>	<b>1.19</b> r <sub>L</sub>	<b>1"</b> T <sub>L</sub>							
** Approved Alternate Materials for Floor/Hearth Protection										
AlternativeMaterials	Therma	l Values	MinimumThickness (rounded to nearest 1/8 inch)							
	k (per inch) K <sub>M</sub>	<b>r (per inch)</b> r <sub>M</sub>	Min. Thickness $T_{_{\rm M}}$							
Kaowool M Board	.47	2.13	.56" (1/2")							
Micore 160™ U.S. Gypsum	.35	2.86	.42" (3/8")							
Micore 300™ U.S. Gypsum	.46	2.17	.55" (1/2")							
Durock™ Cement Board U.S. Gypsum	1.92	.52	2.29" (2-1/4")							
Hardibacker™	1.95	.513	2.32" (2-3/8")							
Hardibacker 500™	2.30	.435	2.74" (2-3/4")							
Cultered Stone Hearth- stone™	2.82	.355	3.36" (3-3/8")							
Wonderboard	3.23	.31	3.85" (3-7/8")							
Super Firetemp M Johns-Manville	.61	1.64	.73" (3/4")							
Super Firetemp L Johns-Manville	.54	1.85	.64" (5/8")							
Face brick	9.00	.111	10.71" (10-3/4")							
Common brick	5.00	.20	5.95" (6")							
Cement mortar	5.00	.20	5.95" (6")							
Ceramic tile	12.5	.08	14.88" (14-7/8")							
Marble	~11	~.09	13.10" (13-1/8")							
Table 5										

\*\* If the hearth extension material(s) that is intended to be used is NOT listed on Table 5, the material can still be used if the material(s) is noncombustible. However, the manufacturer of the material must provide either the listed k-value per inch or r-value per inch with listed thickness so that the minimum thickness required for the hearth can be calculated (per instructions on this Page and/or as specified in the NFI Certification Manuals).

Note: Also see NFI (National Fireplace Institute) Certification Manuals showing other exceptable caluculation methods and acceptable alternate materials which can be used.

### Calculating Minimum Thickness if Multiple Materials are Used

At times it is important to know what combination of materials are acceptable for use as floor protection. The "R values" are used to determine acceptable combinations of materials because "R values" are additive where r and k values are not.

# "R value" = 1/k = "r" x thickness of material used

**Example:** Given that the required "R value" for a suitable floor protector used must be equal to or greater than:

If it is desired to elevate a marble hearth extension to a level of 5" or more above the floor surface. What combination of noncombustible materials can be used to accomplish this?

If common brick is used so that the 3 1/2" dimension is the height, "R" for the common brick becomes:

"
$$R_{M}^{"} = r_{M} \times T_{S} = 0.20 \times 31/2" = .70$$

Using 1/2" of mortar to set the brick, "R" for the mortar is calculated as follows:

" $R_{M}^{"} = r_{M} \times T_{S} = 0.20 \times 1/2" = .10$ 

Next, a 3/4" marble slab set in 1/2" mortar covers the brick, "R" for the marble and mortar becomes:

marble $"R"_{M} = r_{M} \times T_{S} = 0.05 \times 3/4" = .038$ mortar $"R"_{M} = r_{M} \times T_{S} = 0.20 \times 1/2" = .10$ 

The sum of all "R values" is: .70 + .10 +. 038 + .10 = .938

This would NOT be an acceptable combination of material for the hearth extension since the total calculated "R value" of the materials used is under the required "R value" of 1.19. An additional layer of insulating materials must be used.

*Note:* Also see NFI Certification Manuals for expanded explanation on calculating "R values" when multiple materials are used.

# 🛕 WARNING

The crack between the fireplace and the hearth extension must be sealed with a noncombustible material.

# **WARNING**

When installing hearth extension in front of a non-circulating fireplace model, the fireplace must be raised if height of hearth extension exceeds 3-5/16" above the bottom of fireplace (*Figure 43*).

When installing the hearth extension be careful not to block the heat-circulating air inlet grill on circulating models.



Max. Thickness Of Hearth Extension When Fireplace Is On The Floor *Figure 43* 

•

Secure the hearth extension to the floor to prevent possible shifting.

### **FINISH TO YOUR TASTE**

There are a wide variety of "finished looks" for these fireplaces, from formal wall decor with elaborate mantels to rustic wood paneling or warm brick facings.

Only noncombustible materials like stone, tile, brick, etc., may overlap the black front facing. Do not extend these materials beyond the black facing and into the firebox area. Be sure not to interfere with the installation and operation of glass doors or block the upper or lower grilles. Seal all joints between the black facing and wall surrounds to prevent air intrusion. Use noncombustible caulking material only to seal the black metal facing to the surround material on the finished wall.

Combustible materials may project beyond the sides of the fireplace opening as long as they are kept within the shaded areas illustrated in *Figure 44*.



### ACCESSORY PARTS AND COMPONENTS LIST FOR MODELS BCD36MH AND BC36MH

The accessory parts and components shown on *Pages 18 and 19* are to be used only with your BCD36MH or BC36MH fireplace system.

If you encounter any problems or have questions concerning the installation or application of this system, please contact your distributor. For the name of your nearest distributor call:

LHP 1110 West Taft Avenue Orange, CA 92865

### **INSTALLATION COMPONENTS**

The following items are available for use in the installation of this appliance.



### **INSTALLATION COMPONENTS**



The manufacturer reserves the right to make changes at any time, without notice, in design, materials, specifications, prices and also to discontinue colors, styles and products. Consult your local distributor for fireplace code information.

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