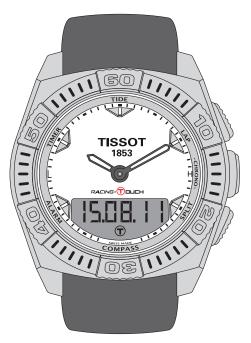


RACING-TOUCH USER'S MANUAL



Acknowledgements

We would like to thank you for choosing a TISSOT watch, a Swiss brand among the most highly renowned in the world. Your RACING-TOUCH watch has the most recent technical innovations. It gives you a constant analogue time display and a variety of digital displays. In addition, the following functions can be accessed simply by touching the glass: Alarm, Compass, Lap time, Split time, Timer and Tide.





WARNING

Customer Service Center

TISSOT TACTILE WATCHES MUST ONLY BE SERVICED BY TISSOT'S AUTHORIZED CUSTOMER SERVICE CENTERS, WHICH ARE LOCATED IN OVER 160 COUNTRIES

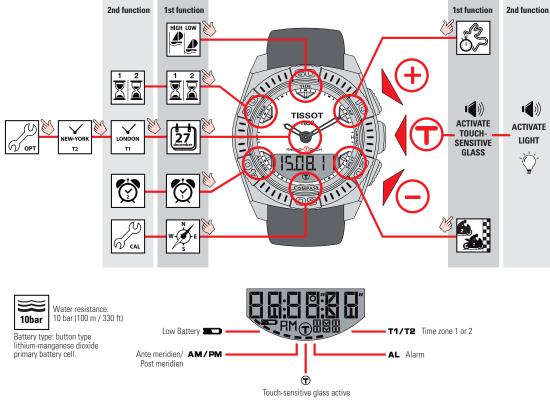
> Recommended service prices support.tissot.ch



RACING-TOUCH





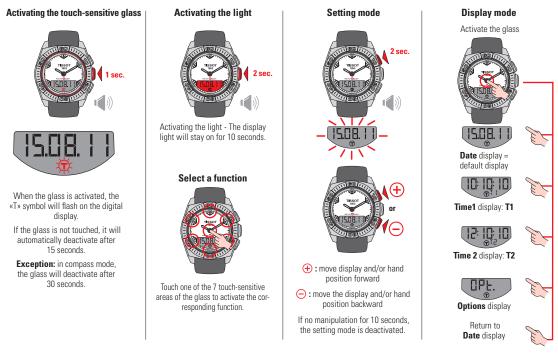


	Activate touch-sensitive glass / Activate light	
LONDON T1	CENTRE – Time 1	4
NEW-YORK T2	CENTRE – Time 2	4
27 december	CENTRE – Date	4
OPT	CENTRE – Options	5
	TIDE – Tide schedule	8

j S	LAP – Lap chronograph	9
	SPLIT – Split chronograph	10
W S E	COMPASS – Compass	11
Ö	ALARM – Alarm	12
	TIMER – Timer/countdown	13

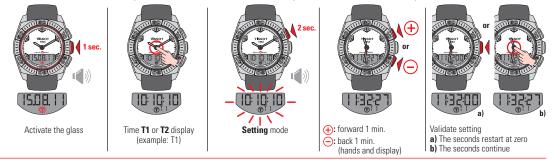


GENERAL USER INFORMATION



SETTING > TIME T1 & T2

Pressing and holding the 2 o'clock (+) or 4 o'clock (-) pushers will move the hands forward or backward. After a full revolution, the minute hand will stop and the hour hand advances/reverses in steps of one hour. Time T2 is set in steps of 15 minutes.



SETTING > DATE

27

The calendar is perpetual, i.e. the number of days per month is predefined allowing the watch to correctly indicate the date until 2099. In continuous setting, the days scroll past slowly at first, and then quicker. After a full month, the calendar scrolls in months, and then likewise in years.



RACING-TOUCH





SETTING > OPTIONS

Use the options menu to access the main settings of the watch.



Activate glass



Options display (see page 4)



Switch to sub-menu: Units display



Beep display



Swap timezones T1 with T2



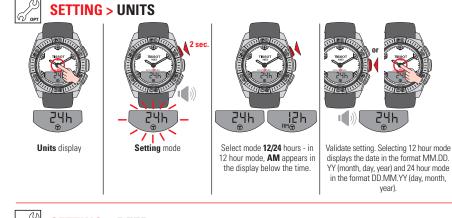
Automatic switch to **standby** mode after 10 seconds. Beeps every second

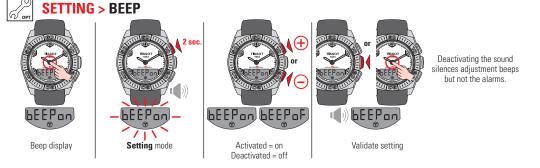


Back to **units** display



At any time: exit sub-menu back to date display









SETTINGS > SWAP

Swap mode allows the exchange of time T1 with time T2. Example: Before travelling, one can set the local time zone of the destination under T2 and upon arrival use the swap setting to have local time displayed as T1. When returning simply swap the two time zones back again.





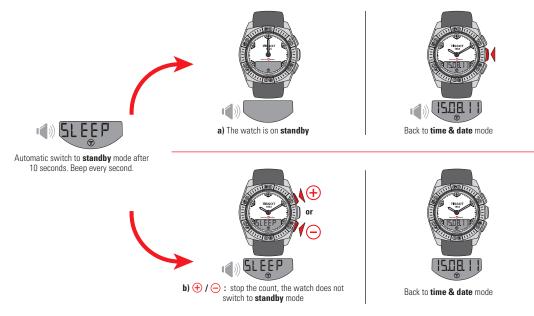




OPT

SETTINGS > SLEEP

Sleep (or standby) mode is a battery economy mode. All the functions are deactivated except the time and date which are continuously being updated in the background. This mode economises the battery when the watch is not being worn.





SETTINGS > SYNCHRONISATION



The watch needs to be synchronised if the watch hands do not display the same time as the digital display, or if they are not correctly superimposed when accessing the functions.

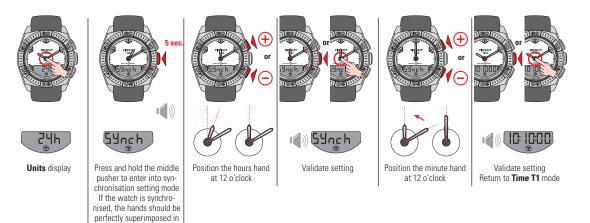
The watch is desynchronised when its electric motor's mechanism is disturbed due to heavy impacts for example.

N.B.: The glass must be active to access the synchronisation mode.

Synchronised

X Desynchronised

the 12 o'clock position.







TIDE The minute hand indicates the actual state of a tide at a chosen location and the hour hand shows the tendency to low or high tide.

Activate glass



Tide display



Hour hand indicates the tendency to low or high tide Minute hand indicates the actual state of the tide (amplitude)



The display indicates the time of next high and low tides



SETTING > CALIBRATING THE TIDE FUNCTION

For your RACING-TOUCH to indicate correct tidal information, you need to enter the exact time of the next high tide at your location. Please visit one of the websites listed on page 8 for information about tidal times.





Tides

Tides are the rise and fall of sea levels caused by the combined effects of the rotation of the Earth and the gravitational forces exerted by the Moon and the Sun. The interval between two high tides is of approximately 12 hours and 25 minutes.

During high tide, the sea level rises because the side of the Earth facing the Moon (nearest it) is attracted by the gravitational force of the Moon. Combined with the centrifugal force caused by the rotation of the Earth, oceans stretch into an ellipse with the Earth in the center. The ellipse has two peaks; one nearest the Moon and one farthest from it (at the antipodal point). As the Earth spins on its axis once a day and the Moon needs about 30 days to rotate around the Earth, the ellipse stays aligned with the Moon meaning that there are two high and two low tides in one day.

Description of function

Upon activation of the Tide function, the hands of your RACING-TOUCH indicate tidal information.

Minute hand

The minute hand moves back and forth in a half circle between 9 o'clock and 3 o'clock and indicates the actual state (amplitude) of the current tide. As there are four tides a day, the minute hand will need 6 hours to go from 9 to 3 o'clock and thus indicating how high, how low or how average is the current sea level for a chosen location. Hour hand

In Tide function, the hour hand only has two positions. It points either towards 9 o'clock ("L") or towards 3 o'clock ("H"). If it points to "L", it means that the tidal tendency (next tide) is to low tide and if it points to "H" it is to high tide. When the Tide function is calibrated for a chosen location, the LCD display indicates at which time the next high and low tides will occur.

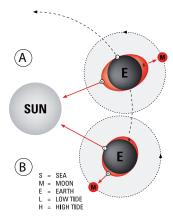
Example: The next tide will be a low tide (hour hand points to «L»), the sea level is still high as the last tide was a high one but it is now descending (minute hand is always trying to catch up the hour hand). It will be full low tide in approximately 4 hours, at exactly 5:54 pm.

Note

For best accuracy of the tide function, set tidal times as frequently as possible. For your safety, always carefully plan boat trips with accurate information and tools that meet your needs.

Useful links

www.tides.info www.tide-forecast.info





Example



LAP The lap function is a chronograph dedicated to measuring lap times of 1 runner / racer, etc.







Dusher First lap time is running



background



Last lap time must be stopped with the + pusher



Reset lap chronograph with the — pusher Lap times are saved as long as the chronograph is not started again



LAP > SAVED DATA

Every lap time measured with the lap function are saved and can be displayed on the watch as well as total race time, fastest, slowest and average lap times statistics.



Activate glass



Touch twice to access saved lap times



Scroll through lap times with the 🕂 and 🔶 pushers





Scroll through statistics with the 🕂 and \bigcirc pushers



SPLIT

The split function is a chronograph dedicated to measuring total racing time of up to 99 racers competing in the same timed event. Example: measure the arrival time of several runners in a 100 meter race.

Sec







Start split chronograph with the + pusher



Last arrival time must be stopped with the pusher



Reset split chronograph with the — pusher Arrival times are saved as long as the split chronograph is not started again



SPLIT > SAVED DATA

Every split time measured with the split function is saved and can be displayed on the watch.



Activate glass



Touch twice to access saved split times



Scroll through split times with the \bigoplus and \bigoplus pushers TOT: last arrival time and total race time





COMPASS

The minute hand points to magnetic North. By setting the magnetic declination the minute hand will indicate True Noth. In compass mode, the LCD displays the azimuth (angle between Heading (12 o'clock) and the North (minutes hand)).



Activate glass



Minutes hand points to North LCD display indicates the azimuth



Calibration of the **compass**

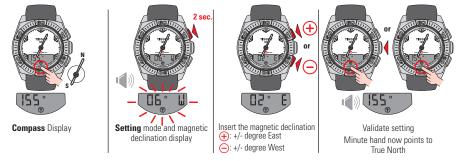


Back to regular **compass** display



SETTING > COMPASS > MAGNETIC DECLINATION

The RACING-TOUCH compass can be adjusted to indicate True North if the magnetic declination for a chosen location is known.





SETTING > COMPASS > COMPASS CALIBRATION

In case you feel that your RACING-TOUCH is no longer pointing to North (due to a shock or a strong exposure to a magnetic field), you can recalibrate it.



Compass calibration display



Activate **calibration** mode - glass deactivated during calibration



Turn the watch on itself for more than a complete revolution on a horizontal surface (e.g. a table) in an environment free from magnetic interference, at a rotation speed of around 30° per second. Total time: 20 seconds maximum







GLOSSARY > COMPASS

Compass

In compass mode, your RACING-TOUCH indicates the magnetic North. By setting the magnetic declination in the watch, it will indicate True North.



Compass explanations

The vertical lines (meridians) on the Earth converge at the True North Pole (Ng), indicating its direction. The hand of a conventional compass indicates the direc-

tion of the Magnetic North Pole (Nm). The angle between these two directions Ng and Nm is known as magnetic declination. The magnetic declination value depends on your location on Earth. Furthermore, the Magnetic North Pole is constantly moving. So the magnetic declination value also depends on the date. If the correct magnetic declination value (for the location and date) is set (see the setting procedure on page 11), the minutes hand of your RACING-TOUCH will point to True North (Ng). If the magnetic declination is set to 0, your

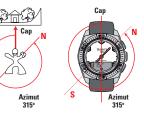
RACING-TOUCH will point to Magnetic North (Nm). The magnetic declination values and dates are indicated on topographic charts, or can be found on the internet. Website example: http://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/geomagmodels/Declination.jsp

Azimuth

In compass mode, the LCD display of your RACING-TOUCH indicates the azimuth (heading or direction) that the watch (6-12 o'clock axis) is facing.

Azimuth explanations

An azimuth is the horizontal angle between the direction of an object (heading) and North and is measured in degrees from 0° to 359° (e.g.: East = 90°). In compass mode, 12 o'clock represents the heading given by the azimuth relative to North.



Example: Imagine you want to follow

a given azimuth of 315° East using your RACING-TOUCH. Activate the compass function and hold the watch horizontally in front of you. Rotate on yourself until you read the azimuth you are looking for (here 315°) in the LCD: the direction that both yourself and the watch are facing at that moment is the azimuth (here 315°) to follow.

Note 1

For a correct indication of North, it is very important to hold the watch as level as possible.

Note 2

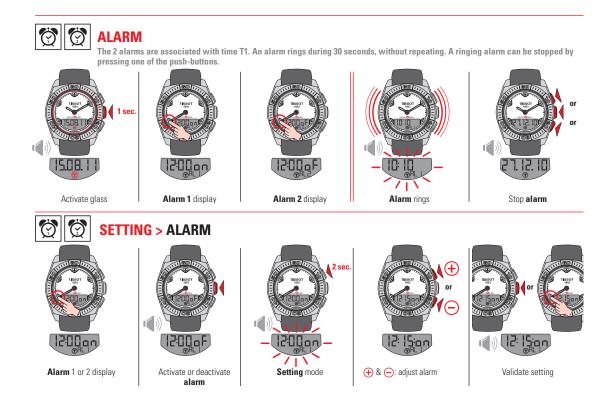
The compass function, like any other compass, should not be used near a metal or magnetic mass. In case of doubt, you can recalibrate your compass.

Characteristic of the function

Accuracy: ± 8°







RACING-TOUCH





TIMER

The RACING-TOUCH features 2 individual timers that can be set manually. Use the pushers to set a time in the timer function.



Activate glass



First timer display Touch twice to access the second timer



Setting mode



⊕: add time
⊖: remove time



Validate setting



Start or stop the timer





Stop the ringing with any pusher



Reload the last time set on the **timer**

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