INSTRUCTION MANUAL

TRANSFORMER PROTECTION RELAY

GRT100 - ***D

TOSHIBA CORPORATION

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(Ver. 4.0)

Safety Precautions

Before using this product, be sure to read this chapter carefully.

This chapter describes safety precautions when using the GRT100. Before installing and using the equipment, read and understand this chapter thoroughly.

Explanation of symbols used

Signal words such as DANGER, WARNING, and two kinds of CAUTION, will be followed by important safety information that must be carefully reviewed.

A DANGER	Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which will result in death or serious injury if you do not follow instructions.
A WARNING	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which could result in death or serious injury if you do not follow instructions.
	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which if not avoided, may result in minor injury or moderate injury.
CAUTION	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which if not avoided, may result in property damage.

A DANGER

• Current transformer circuit

Never allow the current transformer (CT) secondary circuit connected to this equipment to be opened while the primary system is live. Opening the CT circuit will produce a dangerous high voltage.

• Exposed terminals

Do not touch the terminals of this equipment while the power is on, as the high voltage generated is dangerous.

• Residual voltage

Hazardous voltage can be present in the DC circuit just after switching off the DC power supply. It takes about 30 seconds for the voltage to discharge.

• Fiber optic

Do not view directly with optical instruments.

ACAUTION

• Earth

Earth the earthing terminal of the equipment securely.

CAUTION

Operation conditions

Use the equipment within the range of ambient temperature, humidity and dust as detailed in the specification and in an environment free of abnormal vibration.

• Ratings

Before applying AC voltage and current or DC power supply to the equipment, check that they conform to the equipment ratings.

• Printed circuit board

Do not attach and remove the printed circuit board while the DC power to the equipment is on, as this may cause the equipment to malfunction.

• External circuit

When connecting the output contacts of the equipment to an external circuit, carefully check the supply voltage used and prevent the connected circuit from overheating.

• Connection cable

Carefully handle the connection cable without applying excessive force.

Modification

Do not modify this equipment, as this may cause the equipment to malfunction, and any such modifications will invalidate the warranty.

Short-link

Do not remove a short-link which is mounted at the terminal block on the rear of the relay before

shipment, as this may cause the performance of this equipment such as withstand voltage, etc., to reduce.

• Disposal

When disposing of this product, do so in a safe manner according to local regulations.

This product contains a lithium-ion battery, which should be removed at the end-of-life of the product. The battery must be recycled or disposed of in accordance with local regulations. The battery can be removed by withdrawing the Signal Processing module (SPM) from the relay case, and cutting the connecting leads and plastic strap which hold the battery.

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 \blacksquare The data given in this manual are subject to change without notice. (Ver.4.0)

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1. Introduction

GRT100 provides high-speed transformer and reactor protection, and realises high dependability and security for diverse faults such as single-phase faults, multi-phase faults, overload and over-excitation.

GRT100 is used as a main protection and backup protection of the following transformers and reactors.

- Two-winding or three-winding power transformers
- Auto-transformers
- Generator-transformer units
- Shunt reactors

GRT100 is designed to provide stability under magnetizing inrush and overexcitation conditions. GRT100 is available for mixed 1A/5A inputs

GRT100 provides the following metering and recording functions.

- Metering
- Fault records
- Event records
- Disturbance records

GRT100 provides the following human interfaces for relay setting or viewing of stored data.

- Relay front panel: LCD, LED display and operation keys
- Local PC
- Remote PC

Password protection is provided to change settings. Eight active setting groups are provided. This allows the user to set one group for normal operating conditions while other groups may be set to cover alternative operating conditions by binary input using the PLC.

GRT100 can provide the following serial interface ports:

- RS232C for a local PC and Relay Setting and Monitoring System (RSM100)
- RS485 for a remote PC, and Relay Setting and Monitoring System (RSM100) or Substation control and Automation System (SAS) with IEC60870-5-103 protocol
- Fibre Optic (FO, option) for a remote PC, and Relay Setting and Monitoring System (RSM100) or Substation control and Automation System (SAS) with IEC60870-5-103 protocol
- 100BASE-TX, or -FX (option) for Substation control and Automation System (SAS) with IEC61850 protocol

Another interface IRIG-B port is provided for an external clock connection.

The RS232C port is located on the front panel of the relay. Other ports (RS485, FO, 100BASE-TX and IRIG-B) are located on the rear of the relay.

Further, the GRT100 provides the following functions.

- Configurable binary inputs and outputs
- Programmable logic for I/O configuration, alarms, indications, recording, etc.
- Automatic supervision

GRT100 has two model series which differ according to the number of three-phase current inputs for differential protection as follows:

Relay Type and Model

Relay Type:
- Type GRT100; Numerical transformer protection relay
Relay Model:
- Model 100 series; 2 three-phase current inputs, applied to two-winding transformers
 Model 101; 16 binary inputs, 13 binary outputs, 5 binary outputs for tripping
 Model 102; 16 binary inputs, 23 binary outputs, 5 binary outputs for tripping
- Model 200 series; 3 three-phase current inputs, applied to two- and three-winding transformers
 Model 201; 16 binary inputs, 13 binary outputs, 5 binary outputs for tripping
 Model 202; 16 binary inputs, 23 binary outputs, 5 binary outputs for tripping
Model 203; 15 binary inputs (12-independent), 13 binary outputs, 3 binary outputs for tripping
Model 204; 15 binary inputs (12-independent), 23 binary outputs, 3 binary outputs for tripping

Model 100 series have 2 three-phase current inputs and can be applied to two-winding transformers. Model 200 series have 3 three-phase current inputs and can be applied to two- and three-winding transformers.

2. Application Notes

GRT100 is applied to both main protection and backup protection for the following transformers and reactors:

- Two-winding or three-winding power transformers
- Auto-transformers
- Generator-transformer units
- Shunt reactors

2.1 Protection Scheme

GRT100 provides the following protection schemes with measuring elements in parentheses. Appendix A shows the block diagrams of the GRT100 series.

- Current differential protection (DIFT)
- Restricted earth fault protection (1REF-3REF)
- Time-overcurrent protection (1OC-3OC, 1OCI-3OCI, 1EF-3EF and 1EFI-3EFI)
- Thermal overload protection (THR)
- Frequency protection (FRQ)
- Overexcitation protection (V/F)
- Trip and/or indication of external devices (Buchholtz relay, pressure or temperature sensing devices etc.)

The DIFT, provided with DIF and HOC elements and the REF are applied for main protection. For details, see Sections 2.2, 2.3 and 2.10.

They provide transformer protection coverage as follows:

- REF: protection for winding to earth faults of star-winding side
- DIF: protection for all internal transformer faults (The DIF can be blocked by 2F or 5F element.)
- HOC: protection for all internal transformer faults, specifically for heavy internal faults, high-speed operation (The HOC is not blocked by 2F or 5F element. The sensitivity is set above the estimated maximum inrush current.)



The number of measuring elements for the restricted earth fault protection and time-overcurrent protection is dependent on the relay models.

Figure 2.1.1, 2.1.2 and 2.1.3 show typical application and the relationship between AC inputs and the measuring elements applied in each model.







Figure 2.1.2 Measuring Elements of Model 200 series





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2.2 Current Differential Protection

2.2.1 Differential Scheme

Current differential protection DIFT provides an overall transformer protection deriving phase current from each transformer winding, calculating the differential current on a per phase basis and detecting phase-to-phase and phase-to-earth faults.

The current differential protection is based on Kirchhoff's first law that the vector summation of all currents flowing into a protected zone must be zero. Figure 2.2.1.1 shows the principle of current differential protection. Differential current (id) is the vector summation of all terminal current of the transformer. The differential current (id=i1+i2) is zero because the current (i1) equals current (-i2) during a load condition or an external fault. During an internal fault, the differential current (id) is not zero because the current (i1) does not equal to the current (-i2), and the DIFT operates.



Figure 2.2.1.1 Current Differential Protection

Scheme logic

Figure 2.2.1.2 shows the scheme logic of the current differential protection. Current differential element DIFT comprises sub-elements HOC, DIF, 2F and 5F which operate for differential current on a per phase basis.

Note: For the symbols used in the scheme logic, see Appendix M.

HOC is a high-set overcurrent element operating for differential current. It provides high-speed protection for heavy internal faults.

DIF is a percentage restraining element and has dual restraining characteristics, a weak restraint in the small current region and a strong restraint in the large current region, to cope with erroneous differential current which may be caused due to output imbalance of the CTs in case of an external fault. (For the characteristics, see Section 2.10.)

The DIF output signal can be blocked when the 2F or 5F elements detect second harmonic inrush current during transformer energization or fifth harmonic components during transformer overexcitation. Blocking is enabled by setting scheme switch [2F-LOCK] or [5F-LOCK] to "ON". The following two or three blocking schemes are selectable by scheme switch [DIFTPMD].

- "3POR": When any one phase of the 2F or 5F element operates, tripping by the DIF element is blocked in all 3 phases. "3POR" is recommended for transformers with large capacity whose second harmonic component may be low. Its blocking function is stronger than that of the "1P" or "2PAND" below.
- "1P": When any phase of the 2F or 5F elements operate, only the corresponding phase output of the DIF element is blocked.
- "2PAND": Even if 2F or 5F element operates during manetising inrush, the trip by DIF element is allowed when any two phases or more of DIF element operate.

"2PAND" is recommended for a transformer with small or midium capacity whose second harmonic component in inrush current is genarally higher than that of transformer with large capacity. This mode is applicable if [Phase matching] is set to "Beta".

Protection by DIF and HOC can perform instantaneous three-phase tripping of up to five breakers. Any of the five breaker tripping signals DIFT-1 to DIFT-5 are enabled or disabled by the scheme switch [DIF1] to [DIF5] settings.



Note: Models 203 and 204 are not provided with DIFT-4 and DIFT-5, and perform tripping of up to three breakers.

Figure 2.2.1.2 Scheme Logic of Current Differential Protection

Display mode following differential tripping

i.

Following a trip output, GRT100 can display either the operating phase or the faulted phase according to the user's requirements as shown in Table 2.2.1.1. The operating phase or faulted phase display is selectable by a setting in the Record menu.

	Operating phase display	Faulted phase display	
Setting (Setting/Record/Fault record/Phase mode)	1 = Operating	2 = Fault	
Displayed phase	Operating phase Generally, the operating phase of the DIF element does not correspond with the faulted phase, but depends on the transformer configuration and the electrical quantities that are input to the GRT100 current differential calculation.	Faulted phase (for single-phase to earth, phase to phase, two-phase to earth and three-phase to earth faults)	
Application	All two- and three-winding transformers	 Faults at primary side or secondary side of Yy0 and Yy6 transformers 	
		 Faults at primary side of Yd1, Yd3, Yd5, Yd7, Yd9, Yd11, Yy2, Yy4, Yy8 and Yy10 transformers 	
		 Faults at secondary side of Dy1, Dy3, Dy5, Dy7, Dy9 and Dy11 transformers 	
		• Faults on Dd2, Dd4, Dd6, Dd8 and Dd10 transformers, faults at Zig-zag connected side of transformers and faults at tertiary side of three-winding transformers are not supported.	
Logic	Refer to Figure 2.2.1.4.	Refer to Figure 2.2.1.4.	
	* Phase (A/B/C) display is based on the operating signal of DIF or HOC element, and "N" display is based on the operating signal of REF and DIFT elements. If the REF is not used, "N" is not displayed.	* Phase (A/B/C) display is based on the operating signal of DIF or HOC element and a differential current value, and "N" display is based on the operating signal of REF and DIFT elements. If the REF is not used, "N" is not displayed.	

Table 2.2.1.1 Operating Phase / Faulted Phase Display



Figure 2.2.1.4 Operating Phase and Faulted Phase Selection Logic

2.2.2 Stability for CT Saturation during Through-fault Conditions

For current differential protection of transformers, GRT100 has a strong restraint characteristic in the large current region for erroneous differential current due to CT saturation. Further, GRT100 provides a CT saturation countermeasure function. If any CTs saturate due to a large through-fault current, an apparent differential current is generated in the differential circuit and may cause false operation of the differential protection.

Operation Principle

Even when a CT saturates under very large primary currents, the waveform of the saturated CT secondary current has two identifiable periods in each cycle: a non-saturated period and a saturated period. The GRT100 utilizes this phenomenon and provides very secure operation for external faults with a large through-fault current.

Figure 2.2.2.1 shows a block diagram of the CT saturation countermeasure (CTS). The CTS has a waveform discriminating element (WDE) and starting element (SE). WDE operates if the change in the instantaneous value of the differential current is less than a specified percentage of the change in the instantaneous value of the restraining current. In the CTs non-saturated period, the differential current is theoretically zero for through-fault currents. The element operates in this period.



Figure 2.2.2.1 Differential Element with CT Saturation Countermeasure

The algorithm of this element is given by the following equation:

 $\Delta \, \mathrm{Id} < 0.15 \times (\Delta \, \mathrm{Ip} + \Delta \, \mathrm{In})$

where,

 Δ Id : Change in the differential current Id

 $(\Delta Ip + \Delta In)$: Change in the restraining current in the positive and negative cycles

Id : Differential current

- Ip : Sum of positive input currents
- In : Sum of negative input currents

SE operates when the sum of the absolute values of the difference between the instantaneous values of current data at each current input from one cycle is greater than $0.5 \times (CT \text{ secondary rated current})$.

SE discriminates between healthy and faulty power system conditions and blocks the output of WDE which may otherwise operate during healthy conditions.

Figure 2.2.2.2 shows CT secondary current waveforms of the incoming and outgoing terminals,

and also the differential current at the time of an external fault with outgoing terminal CT saturation.



Figure 2.2.2.2 CT Secondary Current Waveforms and Differential Current for an External Fault with CT Saturation

From the inception of the fault until the CT secondary current at the outgoing terminal saturates, the differential current Id is zero and the change in the differential current Δ Id obtained from equation (2) is also zero. However, the change in the restraining current given by equation (3) is a sufficiently large positive value, so equation (1) is met and WDE operates.

SE detects changes in the terminal currents and rapidly operates, producing an AND output with WDE. After this, since there is a period during which equation (1) is not satisfied, a certain time delay is inserted to reliably block the operation of the DIFT_DIF differential element.

If, during an internal fault, there is a period during which the change in the instantaneous value of the differential current is small due to CT saturation, WDE will not operate because the change in the restraining current is also small during that period. Thus, during an internal fault, operation of the differential element is not blocked falsely.

The CTS function can be disabled by the scheme switch [CTSEN].

2.2.3 Matching of CT Secondary Currents

The currents supplied to the differential elements must be matched in phase displacement and amplitude under through-load and through-fault conditions.

Generally, it is difficult to completely match the incoming current with the outgoing current for the relay input because the CT ratios at the primary, secondary and tertiary sides of a transformer are not matched in terms of the CT ratio, phase angle and cancelling of zero-sequence current.

GRT100 provides the following matching method:



Figure 2.2.2.1 Matching Method

GRT100 supports selectable two matching methods, α -method (Alpha) and β -method (Beta). The method is selected by the scheme switch [Phase matching].

Phase matching is performed by setting according to the hands of a clock and the transformer connections described in IEC60076-1. For details of the setting, refer to 2.2.5.

2.2.3.1 α -method phase matching

This method corrects the phase angle by using each winding current calculated as follows:

- Current substructed zero-sequence current from each phase current in Star- winding side of transformer
- Phase-to-phase Current in Delta-winding side of transformer

The followings show calculation formula and current vectors in an example of a transformer Yd11.



$$\dot{I}p2 = \frac{2\dot{I}pb - \dot{I}pc - \dot{I}pa}{3}, \quad \dot{I}s2 = \frac{\dot{I}sb - \dot{I}sa}{\sqrt{3}}$$
 (2)
 $\dot{I}p3 = \frac{2\dot{I}pc - \dot{I}pa - \dot{I}pb}{3}, \quad \dot{I}s3 = \frac{\dot{I}sc - \dot{I}sb}{\sqrt{3}}$ (3)

where,

İpa, *İpb*, *İpc*: Primary side terminal current of transformer

Isa, Isb, Isc : Secondary side terminal current of transformer

Further, zero-sequence current is eliminated from the relay input current (Ip*) for the calculation of the differential current as follows:

$$\dot{I}p1 = \frac{2\dot{I}pa - Ipb - Ipc}{3} = \frac{3Ipa - (Ipa + Ipb + Ipc)}{3} = Ipa - Ipo$$
$$\dot{I}p2 = \frac{2\dot{I}pb - \dot{I}pc - \dot{I}pa}{3} = \frac{3Ipb - (Ipa + Ipb + Ipc)}{3} = Ipb - Ipo$$
$$\dot{I}p3 = \frac{2\dot{I}pc - \dot{I}pa - \dot{I}pb}{3} = \frac{3Ipa - (Ipa + Ipb + Ipc)}{3} = Ipc - Ipo$$

2.2.3.2 β-method (Traditional method) phase matching

This is a traditional method that delta current (phase-to-phase current) on the Star-winding side of a Star/Delta transformer and phase current on the Delta-winding side of that is introduced into a relay input for the calculation of the differential current. Traditionally, the phase matching is realized by Delta connecting the CTs on the Star-winding side and by Star connecting the CTs on the Delta-winding side. In GRT100, however, it is realized by software.

The followings show calculation formula and current vectors in an example of a transformer Yd11.



2.2.3.3 Zero-sequence current elimination

In addition to compensating for the phase angle between the primary and secondary currents of the transforemer, also phase angle matching prevents unnecessary operation due to zero-sequence current during an external earth fault, such as in the following cases.

Case 1:

When an external fault occurs at the star-connected side of the transformer shown in Figure 2.2.3.2, a zero-sequence current flows in star-connected side, but the zero-sequence current at the delta-side circulates in the delta winding. The zero-sequence current is only fed into the star winding side of the DIFT which is star-connected at the CT secondary, thus causing the DIFT to operate incorrectly. In α -method phase matching, the zero-sequence current is eliminated from a relay input current as described above. In β -method phase matching, the zero-sequence current is eliminated from the relay input current by Delta connection on the Star-winding side.

Since the DIFT provides a function to eliminate the zero-sequence current by software, the DIFT is insensitive the fault described.



Figure 2.2.3.2 External Earth Fault at the Star-connected side of a Transformer

Case 2:

When the delta winding of a power transformer is earthed through an earthing transformer as shown in Figure 2.2.3.3 and the earthing transformer is located within the differential protection zone, in case of an external earth fault the zero-sequence current flows only on the delta side of the power transformer and appears as a differential current.



Figure 2.2.3.3 External Earth Fault at the Delta-winding side of a Transformer with in-zone Earthing Transformer

In α -method phase matching, since the DIFT provides a function to eliminate the zero-sequence current by software, the DIFT is insensitive to the fault described.

In β -method phase matching, however, since the zero-sequence current is not eliminated because of Star connection on the Delta-winding side, the DIFT may operate unnecessary.

In case the GRT100 is applied to a transformer with in-zone earthing transformer, the [Phase matching] = "Alpha" setting is recommended.

2.2.3.4 Matching of CT Ratio

If I_1 to I_3 correspond to 1CT to 3CT secondary currents, differential current I_d is calculated according to the following equation,

 $I_d = kct1 \cdot I_1 + kct2 \cdot I_2 + kct3 \cdot I_3$

where kct1 to kct3 are settings corresponding to 1CT to 3CT.

Setting kct1 is obtained by using the following equation.

 $kct1 = I_n/I_{base1}$

= $I_n/(\sqrt{3} \times I_{base1})$ if 1CT is delta-connected.

where

 I_n = rated secondary current of 1CT (1A or 5A)

 I_{base1} = secondary current of 1CT based on the kVA rating of the power transformer.

= transformer capacity(kVA)/ $(\sqrt{3} \times \text{rated voltage}(kV)) \times \text{CT ratio of 1CT}$

If the 1CT secondary circuit is delta-connected, $\sqrt{3} \times I_{base1}$ is used instead of I_{base1} in the equation above.

Settings kct2 and kct3 are obtained in the same way.

The differential current I_d is zero under through-load and through-fault conditions.

 $kct1 \times I_1$ to $kct3 \times I_3$ are equal to the rated secondary current of each CT when the rated line currents based on the kVA rating of the power transformer flow.

2.2.4 Connection between CT Secondary Circuit and the GRT100

GRT100 is provided with 2 or 3 three-phase current input terminals depending on the relay model.

To validate the phase angle matching described previously and apply in-phase current from each winding to the relay, connect the CT secondary circuits to the current input terminals of the relay as follows;

As shown below, the phases used in the phase angle setting (indicated by an arrowhead) must be connected to the AC input terminals with the lowest number in the terminal group such as 1, 9, 17, then the other two phases should be connected to the terminals with a larger number clockwise from the setting phase, such as 3 and 5, 11 and 13, or 19 and 21.



Figure 2.2.4.1 Connection of CT Secondary Circuit and the GRT100

Terminal numbers and corresponding input currents are shown in the following table.

Model	Terminal block	Terminal number		Input current
100 series / 200 series	TB1	1-2)	
		3-4		Current of primary winding
		5-6	J	
		9-10)	
		11-12		Current of secondary winding
		13-14	J	
		17-18		
		19-20		Current of tertiary winding
		21-22	J	

2.2.5 Setting

Element			Range	Step	Default	Remarks
DIFT						
DIF		i _k	0.10 - 1.00 (*)	0.01	0.30	Minimum operating current
		р1	10 - 100%	1%	100%	% slope of small current region
		p2	10 - 200%	1%	200%	% slope of large current region
		kp	1.00 - 20.00(*)	0.01	1.00	Break point of dual characteristics
		k2f	10 - 50%	1%	15%	Second harmonic detection
		k5f	10 - 100%	1%	30%	Fifth harmonic detection
HOC		kh	2.00 - 20.00(*)	0.01	2.00	High-set overcurrent protection
CT matching						
	ſ	kct1	0.05 - 50.00	0.01	1.00	Primary winding
CT ratio		kct2	0.05 - 50.00	0.01	1.00	Secondary winding
	Ĺ	kct3	0.05 - 50.00	0.01	1.00	Tertiary winding
Phase angle ma	atching					If [Phase matching]=Alpha setting
	\langle	yd_p	1(star) / 2(delta)		1	Primary winding
(α -method)		yd_s	1(star) / 2(delta)		1	Secondary winding
		yd_t	1(star) / 2(delta)		1	Tertiary winding
		vec_s	0 – 11	1	0	Phase angle difference between primary and secondary
	Ĺ	vec_t	0 – 11	1	0	Phase angle difference between primary and tertiary
						If [Phase matching]=Beta setting
	Γ	d1	0 – 11	1	0	Primary winding
(β-method)		d2	0 – 11	1	0	Secondary winding
	Ĺ	d3	0 – 11	1	0	Tertiary winding
Scheme switch						
[Phase matching]		Alpha / Beta		Beta	Matching methods of CT secondary currents	
[DIFTPMD]		3POR / 1P		3POR	Trip mode (if [Phase matching] = Alpha)	
[DIFTPMD]			3POR / 2PAND / 1P		3POR	Trip mode (if [Phase matching] = Beta)
[2F – LOCK	(]		Off / On		On	Block by second harmonic
[5F - LOCK]		Off / On		On	Block by fifth harmonic
[DIF1] to [DI	F5]		Off / On		(**)	Output tripping signal
[CTSEN]			Off / On		Off	CT saturation function

The following shows the setting elements necessary for the current differential protection and their setting ranges. Setting can be performed on the LCD screen or PC screen.

(*): Multiplier of CT secondary rated current including CT ratio correction.

(**): Default settings are dependent on the models. See Appendix H.

Setting of ik

ik determines the minimum operation sensitivity of the DIF element. ik is set as a ratio to the CT secondary rated current.

The minimum sensitivity setting ik is determined from the maximum erroneous differential current under normal operating conditions.

Setting of p1, p2 and kp

Percentage restraining factor (% slope)

= (Differential current) / (Through current)

= (Differential current) / [{(Incoming current) + (Outgoing current)} /2]

p1 is the percentage restraining factor which defines the DIF restraining characteristic in the small current region. The setting is determined by the sum of:

- CT accuracy error (generally considered as 5%)
- Tap error: Error between maximum/minimum tap and the middle tap when taking the middle tap of the tap changer as a reference.
- Matching error: The error due to CT mismatch may be small enough to be neglected in the setting.
- Relay calculation error, and others (5%)

The recommended setting is "Sum of above" \times 1.5 (margin).

p2 is the percentage restraining factor which defines the restraining characteristic in the large current region. The setting is determined from the maximum erroneous differential current which is generated when a large through fault current flows.

kp is the break point of the dual percentage restraining characteristics. It is set above the maximum operating current level of the transformer between the maximum forced-cooled rated current and the maximum emergency overload current level, as a ratio to the CT secondary rated current.

Setting of k2f

k2f is set to detect the second harmonic content in the inrush current during transformer energization and blocks GRT100 to prevent incorrect operation due to the inrush current. A setting of 15% is suggested if there is no data on the minimum second harmonic content.

Setting of k5f

k5f is set to detect the fifth harmonic content during transformer over-excitation and blocks GRT100 to prevent incorrect operation due to transient over-excitation conditions.

A setting of 30% is suggested if there is no data on the minimum fifth harmonic content.

Setting of kh

Kh is the HOC setting and should be set above the estimated maximum inrush current.

The recommended setting is more than "Maximum peak value of Inrush current" × kct.

Setting for CT ratio matching

Taking the transformer shown in Figure 2.2.5.1 as an example, the CT ratio matching settings kct1 to kct3 can be calculated as follows. For transformer capacity, take the maximum of the rated capacites of the three windings.

Са	lculation steps	Primary	Secondary	Tertiary
(1)	Transformer capacity (kVA)		40×10^{3}	
(2)	Voltage(kV)	154	66	11
(3)	Rated line current(A)	150	350	2100
	=(1)/($\sqrt{3}$ × (2))			
(4)	CT ratio	60	120	240
(5)	Secondary rated line current(A) =(3)/(4)	2.50	2.92	8.75
(6)	CT secondary rating(A)	5	5	5
(7)	Setting =(6)/(5)	Kct1=2.00	Kct2=1.71	Kct3=0.57

Note: kct1 to kct3 should be set to 2.00 or less. If more, the CT ratio matching of relay input current may be not stable.





As explained in Section 2.2.3 for Mathcing of CT Secondary Currents, examples of setting for both α -method and β -method are described as follows:

Setting for phase angle matching

The phase angle difference between line currents on either side of the power transformer are corrected by setting according to the hands of a clock and the transformer connections described in IEC60076-1 as follows:

(When α-method is selected for [Phase matching])

If a winding is star-connected, set 1 (=star) for winding setting yd_p, yd_s, and yd_t. If delta-connected, set 2 (=delta). Next, set the phase angle difference vec_s and vec_t from the primary winding as a lagging angle winding expressed in hours. One hour corresponds to lagging by thirty degrees.

Note: In the case of a zigzag connected winding, set 2 (=delta).

Example:

Setting for star/star/delta transformer.



yd_p: Because the primary winding is star-connected, set 1.

yd_s: Because the secondary winding is star-connected, set 1.

vec_s: Because the secondary winding is in phase with the primary winding, set 0.

yd_t: Because the tertiary winding is delta-connected, set 2.

vec_t: Because the tertiary winding lags the primary winding by 330°, set 11.

The settings for the transformer connections described in IEC60076-1 are listed in Table 2.2.5.2.

Note: The following calculation is performed in the relay for phase angle correction.

O'clock		Remarks		
0	la' = (2la – lb – lc)/ 3	lb' = (2lb – lc – la)/ 3	lc' = (2lc – la – lb)/ 3	
1	$la' = (la - lb)/\sqrt{3}$	$lb' = (lb - lc)/\sqrt{3}$	$lc' = (lc - la)/\sqrt{3}$	Setting value
2	la' = (la – 2lb + lc)/ 3	lb' = (la + lb - 2lc)/3	Ic' = (Ib + Ic - 2Ia)/3	0 ~
3	$la' = (lc - lb)/\sqrt{3}$	$lb' = (la - lc)/\sqrt{3}$	$Ic' = (Ib - Ia)/\sqrt{3}$	
4	la' = (2lc – la – lb)/ 3	lb' = (2la – lb – lc)/ 3	Ic′ = (2Ib−Ia−Ic)/ 3	$10 \times \sqrt{2}$
5	$la' = (lc - la)/\sqrt{3}$	$lb' = (la - lb)/\sqrt{3}$	$Ic' = (Ib - Ic)/\sqrt{3}$	
6	la′ = (lb + lc −2la)/ 3	lb' = (la - 2lb + lc)/3	Ic' = (Ia + Ib - 2Ic)/ 3	3
7	$la' = (lb - la)/\sqrt{3}$	$lb' = (lc - lb)/\sqrt{3}$	$lc' = (la - lc)/\sqrt{3}$	
8	la' = (2lb – la – lc)/ 3	lb' = (2lc – la – lb)/ 3	lc' = (2la – lb – lc)/ 3	
9	$la' = (lb - lc)/\sqrt{3}$	$lb' = (lc - la)/\sqrt{3}$	$lc' = (la - lb)/\sqrt{3}$	6 5
10	la' = (la + lb - 2lc)/ 3	lb' = (lb + lc -2la)/ 3	Ic' = (Ia – 2Ib + Ic)/ 3	
11	$la' = (la - lc)/\sqrt{3}$	$lb' = (lb - la)/\sqrt{3}$	$Ic' = (Ic - Ib)/\sqrt{3}$	

Table 2.2.5.1 Phase Angle Matching Calculation

(a) Settin	gs for typical connections	of 2-windings transformer			Domarka
described in IEC60076-1		Drimary	Socondary	Phase angle Diff	
	Primary, Secondary (P) (S)	(yd_p)	(yd_s)	(vec_s)	calculation (Table 2.2.5.1)
Yy0	<	1	1	0	P: 0 O'clock
	\downarrow \downarrow				S: 0 O'clock
Dd0		2	2	0	P: 1 O'clock
	$\overline{\langle 1 \rangle}$ $\overline{\langle 1 \rangle}$				S: 1 O'clock
Yd1	\wedge	1	2	1	P: 0 O'clock
	\downarrow \checkmark				S: 1 O'clock
Dy1	Å ∕ <i>1</i>	2	1	1	P: 11 O'clock
_	\square				S: 0 O'clock
Dd2		2	2	2	P: 1 O'clock
	\square				S: 3 O'clock
Dd4		2	2	4	P: 1 O'clock
					S: 5 O'clock
Yd5	\uparrow \checkmark	1	2	5	P: 0 O'clock
	\prec				S: 5 O'clock
Dy5	$\land \neg$	2	1	5	P: 7 O'clock
					S: 0 O'clock
Үуб	$\bigwedge \bigvee $	1	1	6	P: 0 O'clock
					S: 6 O'clock
Dd6		2	2	6	P: 1 O'clock
					S: 7 O'clock
Yd7	\uparrow	1	2	7	P: 0 O'clock
	\prec				S: 7 O'clock
Dy7	$\land \qquad \searrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad $	2	1	7	P: 5 O'clock
_					S: 0 O'clock
Dd8		2	2	8	P: 1 O'clock
					S: 9 O'clock
Dd10		2	2	10	P: 1 O'clock
					S: 11 O'clock
Yd11	\uparrow	1	2	11	P: 0 O'clock
	\perp				S: 11 O'clock
Dy11	$\dot{\mathbf{x}}$	2	1	11	P: 1 O'clock
					S: 0 O'clock
Dz10		2	2	10	P: 1 O'clock
					S: 11 O'clock

Table 2.2.5.2 Setting for Phase Angle Matching (for α -method)

Note: A 2-windings transformer covers a 3-windings transformer with a stabilizing-winding circuit for which 2-windings transformer protection relay can be applied.

Transformer connections described in			Settings for phase angle correction					Remarks	
IEC60076-1 Primary , Secondary, Tertiary			$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$, PA Diff. (vec_t)	Phase angle matching calculation (Table	
ronnary	(P)	(S)	(T)						2.2.5.1)
Yy0d1				1	1	0	2	1	P: 0 O'clock S: 0 O'clock T: 1 O'clock
Yy0d11	\bigwedge	\bigwedge		1	1	0	2	11	P: 0 O'clock S: 0 O'clock T: 11 O'clock
Yd1d1	\uparrow			1	2	1	2	1	P: 0 O'clock S: 1 O'clock T: 1 O'clock
Yd11d11				1	2	11	2	11	P: 0 O'clock S: 11 O'clock T: 11 O'clock
Dy11d0	\mathbf{A}	\sum	\mathbf{A}	2	1	11	2	0	P: 1 O'clock S: 0 O'clock T: 1 O'clock
Dy1d0		-		2	1	1	2	0	P: 11 O'clock S: 0 O'clock T: 11 O'clock
Dd0d0				2	2	0	2	0	P: 1 O'clock S: 1 O'clock T: 1 O'clock
Үу0у0			\bigwedge	1	1	0	1	0	P: 0 O'clock S: 0 O'clock T: 0 O'clock

(b) Settings for typical connections of 3-windings transformer

Note: Dotted line: Reference phase

<How to set phase angle matching for GRT100>

Reference phase for phase angle matching

The phase of a star-connected winding side is used as the reference phase for phase angle matching.

Yd: primary Dy: secondary Yy: primary Dd: the reference vector leads the A phase of the primary side by 30°.

Phase rotation

The relationship between each terminal current vector of a transformer, which depends on the transformer connection and the connection between the transformer and the power system, must be checked. The phase displacement of a delta-connected side may not be determined only by the transformer connection described in IEC60076. Table 2.2.5.3 shows an example illustrating the connection of a transformer and power system and their current vectors when a Yd1 type transformer is connected to the power system with both clockwise and anticlockwise phase rotation. In this case, the setting for phase angle correction is not corresponding to that of Table 2.2.5.1.

	Delta-side connected with 30° lagging	Delta-side connected with 30° leading			
Connection between Yd1 Transformer and Power system	Transformer Primary Yd1 Secondary a U U a b V - c W - C W - C W - C W - C W - C W - C W - C W - C W - C W - C W - C W - C W - C W -	Primary Yd1 Secondary a U U a b V b c W c			
Each winding connection and Incoming/Outgoing current	$\begin{array}{c c} a & & Transformer \\ \hline I_{1a} & & & \\ \hline I_{1a} & & & \\ \hline I_{1b} & & & \\ \hline I_{1b} & & & \\ \hline I_{1c} & & & \\ \hline I_{1c} & & & \\ \hline I_{2c} & & \\ $	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			
Incoming current vector and Outgoing current vector	I_{1c} $I_{2b} = I_{2b} - I_{2a}$ $I_{2b} = I_{2c} - I_{2a}$ $I_{2b} = I_{2c} - I_{2a}$ $I_{2a} = I_{2a} - I_{2c}$ $I_{2b} = I_{2a} - I_{2c}$ $I_{2b} = I_{2c} - I_{2b}$ $I_{2c} = I_{2c} - I_{2b}$ $I_{2a} = I_{2a} - I_{2c}$ $I_{2b} = I_{2a} - I_{2c}$ $I_{2b} = I_{2c} - I_{2b}$ $I_{2c} = I_{2c} - I_{2b}$	$\begin{array}{c c} & I_{1a} & I_{2c} = I_{2c} - I_{2a} \\ \hline I_{1c} & I_{1b} & I_{2b} = I_{2b} - I_{2c} \\ \hline I_{2a} & I_{2a} = I_{2a} - I_{2b} \\ \hline Incoming & Outgoing \\ Current & Current \\ \end{array}$			
Setting	Yd_p=1, yd_s=2, vec_s=1 (Same as Yd1)	Yd_p=1, yd_s=2, vec_s=11 (same as Yd11)			



Auto-transformer (with internal delta-winding)

Set Yy0.

Zigzag connected transformer

Set yd_p , yd_s and vec_s to 2 (=delta) for zigzag connected side. Zero-sequence current is canceled.

When three-winding model (model 200 series) applied to two-winding transformer:

Keep the settings of "yd_t" and "vec_t" to the default setting values.

One-and-a-half breaker system

When applied to one-and-a-half breaker system, note the DIFT and REF setting as shown in Table 2.2.5.4.

	Setting					
		DIFT	1REF	2REF		
Yd11 Yd11 J J J	Yd11	yd_p=1 yd_s=2 vec_s=11	110			
One-and-a-half breaker system	Yy0d11	yd_p=1 yd_s=1 vec_s=0 yd_t=2 vec_s=11	210			
	Yy0d11	yd_p=1 yd_s=1 vec_s=0 yd_t=2 vec_s=11	110	110		

 Table 2.2.5.4
 Example of DIFT and REF Setting

(When β-method is selected for [Phase matching])

The phase angle differences between line currents on each side of the power transformer are corrected by setting according to the hands of a clock as follows:

Rule 1:

If all the windings are star-connected, then take one of the windings as a reference winding and set 1 (= one o'clock) for it. For other winding(s), set the phase angle difference from the reference winding by the expression of the leading angle. One hour corresponds to leading by thirty degrees.

- Example 1 If the setting winding leads the reference winding by 60°, set 3 (= three o'clock).
- Example 2 If the setting winding is in phase with the reference winding, set 1 (= one o'clock).
- Example 3 If the setting winding lags the reference winding by 60° (that is leading by 300°), set 11 (= eleven o'clock).

Rule 2:

If any of the windings are delta-connected, take one of the delta-connected winding(s) as a reference winding and set 0 (= noon) for it. For other star- or delta-connected winding(s), set according to the Rule 1 mentioned above.

- Example 1 If the setting winding leads the reference winding by 60° , set 2 (= two o'clock).
- Example 2 If the setting winding is in phase with the reference winding, set 0 (= noon).
- Example 3 If the setting winding lags the reference winding by 60° (that is leading by 300°), set 10 (ten o'clock).

The settings for the two-winding transformer connections described in IEC60076-1 are listed in Table 2.2.5.5.

Three-winding transformers are also set according to the above mentioned rules.

Example 4 Setting for star/star/delta transformer.

Primary Secondary Tertiary

	Setting (d1 / d2 / d3)
Primary (d1)	11
Secondary (d2)	11
Tertiary (d3)	0

Setting	Calculation	Remarks
0	la = la	
1	la = (la − lc)/ √3	Setting value
2	la = –lc	0
3	$Ia = (-Ic + Ib)/\sqrt{3}$	11 1 1
4	la = lb	10 2
5	$la = (lb - la) / \sqrt{3}$	
6	la = —la	9
7	$la = (-la + lc)/\sqrt{3}$	
8	la = lc	
9	$la = (lc - lb) / \sqrt{3}$, 6 ⁵
10	la = —lb	
11	$la = (la - lb) / \sqrt{3}$	

Note: The following calculation is performed in the relay for phase angle correction.

Transformer connections described in IEC60076-1		Settings for phase angle correction	Remarks		
		Primary , Secondary (d1) (d2)			
Yy0	$\begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\$	1 , 1			
Dd0	$\wedge \wedge$	0,0			
Yd1	\land	1 , 0			
Dy1	$\wedge \neg$	0 , 11			
Dd2	A	0 , 10	Based on primary winding.		
		or 2 , 0	Based on secondary winding.		
Dd4	\uparrow	0, 8	Based on primary winding.		
		or 4 , 0	Based on secondary winding.		
Yd5	$\bigwedge \overline{\checkmark}$	5,0			
Dy5	$\wedge \prec$	0, 7			
Үу6	$\uparrow \checkmark$	1 , 7	Based on primary winding.		
	\checkmark	or 7 , 1	Based on secondary winding.		
Dd6	$\land \forall$	0, 6 or 6, 0			
Yd7	$\downarrow P$	7 , 0			
Dy7	\land	0,5			
Dd8	$\wedge \sim$	0,4	Based on primary winding.		
		or 8 , 0	Based on secondary winding.		
Dd10	$\wedge \wedge$	0, 2	Based on primary winding.		
		or 10 , 0	Based on secondary winding.		
Yd11	\uparrow	11 , 0			
Dy11		0, 1			

Setting for Phase Angle Matching (for β-method) Table 2.2.5.5

Note: A 2-windings transformer covers a 3-windings transformer with a stabilizing-winding circuit for which 2-windings transformer protection relay can be applied.

Transformer connections described in IEC60076-1		Settings for phase angle correction					
		Primary, Secondary, Tertiary				Remarks	
		(d1))	(d2)		(d3)	
Yy0d1	$\uparrow \uparrow \checkmark \checkmark$	1	I	1	ı	0	
Yy0d11	\downarrow \downarrow \triangleright	11	ı	11	ı	0	
Yd1d1	$\downarrow \land \land$	1	ı	0	ı	0	
Yd11d11	IAA	11	ı	0	ı	0	
Dy11d0	$\land \land \land$	0	,	1	ı	0	
Dy1d0		0	ı	11	ı	0	
Dd0d0	$ \land \land \land \land \land \land \land \land \land \land \land \land \land \land \land \land \land \land \land$	0	1	0	1	0	
Үу0у0		1	I	1	ı	1	

(b) Settings for typical connections of 3-windings transformer

Note :

- 1. If all the windings are star-connected, then take one of the windings as a reference winding and set 1 (= one hour) for it.
- 2. If any of the windings are delta-connected, take one of the delta-connected winding(s) as a reference winding and set 0 for it.

2.3 Restricted Earth Fault Protection

Restricted earth fault protection (REF) is a zero-phase current differential scheme applied to a star-connected winding whose neutral is earthed directly or through a low impedance. It gives highly sensitive protection for internal earth faults.

REF employs a low impedance current differential scheme which detects the differential current between the zero-sequence current I_0 derived from the three-phase line currents and the neutral current I_N in the neutral conductor as shown in Figure 2.3.1.



Figure 2.3.1 Restricted Earth Fault Protection

REF and the overall differential protection DIFT use the three-phase line currents in common.

GRT100 has two or three REF elements depending on the model, providing separate protection for all star-connected and neutral-earthed windings.

The elements have the same percentage restraining characteristics and are stable for all faults outside the protected zone.

Figure 2.3.2 shows the block diagram of the REF element which is composed of REF_DIF and REF_DEF. The REF_DIF has a percentage restraining characteristic while the REF_DEF provides a directional check feature to discriminate between internal and external faults. When the REF_DEF is "ON", the REF_DEF element is used. The REF_DEF element provides additional security against incorrect operation of the REF element in the event of saturation of the neutral CT. The REF_DEF is blocked when the maximum phase current exceeds $2 \times \text{kct} \times$ (Rated current of neutral CT), since the REF element is used for earth fault protection of transformer winding. For details, see Section 2.10.3. In case of terminal current larger than that, the DIFT element provides tripping. The REF_DEF can be disabled by setting the scheme switch [REF_DEF] to "OFF".



Figure 2.3.2 Block Diagram of REF

Figure 2.3.3 shows the scheme logic of the restricted earth fault protection when three REF elements are applied. Each REF element can perform instantaneous or time-delayed tripping of up to five breakers. Any of the five breaker tripping signals 1REF-1 to 3REF-5 are enabled or disabled by the scheme switch [1REF1] to [3REF5] settings.

Note: Models 203 and 204 are not provided with 1REF-4, 1REF5, 2REF-4, 2REF-5, 3REF-4 and



Note: Models 203 and 204 are not provided with 1REF-4, 1REF-5, 2REF-4, 2REF-5, 3REF-4 and 3REF-5.

Figure 2.3.3 Scheme Logic of Restricted Earth Fault Protection

Appendix L shows applications of the three REF elements to various types of transformers. When protecting a two- or three-winding transformer, 1REF, 2REF and 3REF elements should be applied to the primary (or high-voltage) winding, secondary (or medium-voltage) winding and tertiary (or low-voltage) winding respectively. This is also valid for auto-transformer protection but the application must comply with Appendix L.

In the application to auto-transformers, one REF element may introduce two or three line currents and one neutral current as shown in Appendix L. 1REF to 3REF elements recognize the number of the line currents according to the scheme switch setting of [1REF] to [3REF].
Setting

The following shows the setting elements for the restricted earth fault protection and their setting ranges.

Element		Range	Step	Default	Remarks
1REF	1ik	0.05 - 0.50(*)	0.01	0.50	Minimum operating current
	1kct1	1.00 - 50.00	0.01	1.00	
	1kct2	1.00 - 50.00	0.01	1.00	CT ratio matching
	1kct3	1.00 - 50.00	0.01	1.00 🔎	J
	1p2	50 - 100%	1%	100%	% slope of DF2
	1kp	0.50 - 2.00(*)	0.01	1.00	DF2 restraining current section of large current characteristic
2REF	2ik	0.05 - 0.50(*)	0.01	0.50	Minimum operating current
	2kct1	1.00 - 50.00	0.01	1.00	
	2kct2	1.00 - 50.00	0.01	1.00	CT ratio matching
	2kct3	1.00 - 50.00	0.01	1.00	ļ
	2p2	50 - 100%	1%	100%	% slope of DF2
	2kp	0.50 - 2.00(*)	0.01	1.00	DF2 restraining current section of large current characteristic
3REF	3ik	0.05 - 0.50(*)	0.01	0.50	Minimum operating current
	3kct1	1.00 - 50.00	0.01	1.00	
	3kct2	1.00 - 50.00	0.01	1.00	CT ratio matching
	3kct3	1.00 - 50.00	0.01	1.00 🗸	J
	3p2	50 - 100%	1%	100%	% slope of DF2
	3kp	0.50 - 2.00(*)	0.01	1.00	DF2 restraining current section of large current characteristic
T1REF		0.00 - 10.00s	0.01s	0.00s	
T2REF		0.00 - 10.00s	0.01s	0.00s	Delayed tripping
T3REF		0.00 - 10.00s	0.01s	0.00s	J
Scheme sv	vitch				
[1REF1] t	o [1REF5]	Off/On		(**)	Enable or disable to output
[2REF1] to [2REF5]		Off/On		(**)	tripping signal
[3REF1] to [3REF5]		Off/On		(**)	
[1REF] to	[3REF]	110/210/310		1lo	Number of line currents input to
[REF_DE	F]	Off/On		Off	IREF, 2REF and 3REF elements

(*): Multiplier of secondary rated current

(**): Default settings are dependent on the models. See Appendix H.

Setting of ik (1ik, 2ik and 3ik)

1ik, 2ik and 3ik are minimum operating current settings and are set as a ratio to the line CT secondary rated current. ik is determined from the maximum erroneous zero sequence differential current under normal operating conditions. A typical setting would be between 10% and 50%.

Setting of kct (1kct1-1kct3, 2kct1-2kct3 and 3kct1-3kct3)

CT ratio matching is performed between the line CT(s) and the neutral CT by setting 1kct1-1kct3 for 1REF element, 2kct1-2kct3 for 2REF element and 3kct1-3kct3 for 3REF element. The settings are obtained as a ratio of the line CTs ratio to the neutral CT ratio and the line CTs have the notations shown in Appendix L according to 1REF to 3REF applications.

For example, the settings of 1kct1, 1kct2, 2kct1 and 2kct2 are calculated;

1kct1 = (CT ratio of line CT 1ct-1)/(CT ratio of neutral CT 1nCT)

1kct2 = (CT ratio of line CT 1ct-2)/(CT ratio of neutral CT 1nCT)

2kct1 = (CT ratio of line CT 2ct-1)/(CT ratio of neutral CT 2nCT)

2kct2 = (CT ratio of line CT 2ct-2)/(CT ratio of neutral CT 2nCT)

where,

CT ratio = (primary rated current)/(secondary rated current).

Setting of scheme switch [1REF] to [3REF]

[1REF] to [3REF] are set to "110", "210" or "310" when they introduce one, two or three line currents respectively.

Setting of scheme switch [REF_DEF]

The function of REF_DEF is set to "On/Off" by setting.

2.4 Overcurrent Protection

GRT100 provides definite time and inverse time overcurrent elements for both phase faults and earth faults, separately for each transformer winding. Three phase currents from each set of line CTs are used for the phase fault protection elements, while the earth fault protection is based on the neutral CT input. These elements can be used selectively depending on the requirements of the particular application, but the following points should be noted:

- In the case of large power transformers, overcurrent protection is usually employed only as back-up protection for terminal faults, and for uncleared LV system faults. In such cases, the overcurrent elements can be applied either on one or both sides of the transformer as required.
- Coverage of internal transformer faults is generally limited.
- It is common practice to apply IDMTL phase and earth fault overcurrent protection as back-up for the LV system. Current and time settings must be arranged to grade with downstream relays and fuses. The phase fault current setting must also be set to exceed the maximum overload current.
- High-set instantaneous overcurrent protection can be applied on the primary side to provide back-up protection for terminal faults. The current setting must be higher than the maximum through-fault current to ensure that the element does not operate for faults on the LV side.

One of the following IEC-standard-compliant inverse time characteristics or one long time inverse characteristic is available for the inverse current protection.

- standard inverse IEC 60255-3
- very inverse IEC 60255-3
- extremely inverse IEC 60255-3

Up to three definite time elements (1OC to 3OC) and inverse time elements (1OCI to 3OCI) input three phase currents from line CTs in the transformer windings.

Up to three definite time elements (1EF to 3EF) and inverse time elements (1EFI to 3EFI) input neutral currents from CTs in the neutral circuit.

Figure 2.4.1 and Figure 2.4.2 show the scheme logic of overcurrent protection. Each element can perform time-delayed tripping of up to five breakers. The breaker tripping signals are blocked by the scheme switch settings.

The number of overcurrent elements applied depends on the relay models.



Note: 2OC and 3OC provide the same logic as 1OC. 2OCI and 3OCI provide the same logic as 1OCI. Models 203 and 204 are not provided with 1OC-4, 1OC-5, 2OC-4, 2OC-5, 3OC-4, 3OC-5, 1OCI-4, 1OCI-5, 2OCI-4, 2OCI-5, 3OCI-4 and 3OCI-5.





Note: 2EF and 3EF provide the same logic as 1EF. 2EFI and 3EFI provide the same logic as 1EFI. Models 203 and 204 are not provided with 1EF-4, 1EF-5, 2EF-4, 2EF-5, 3EF-4, 3EF-5, 1EFI-4, 1EFI-5, 2EFI-4, 2EFI-5, 3EFI-4 and 3EFI-5.



Setting

The following shows the setting elements for the overcurrent protection and their setting ranges.

Element	Range	Step	Default	Remarks
10C	0.10 - 20.0(*)	0.01	2.00	Definite time overcurrent (line)
20C	0.10 - 20.0(*)	0.01	2.00	Definite time overcurrent (line)
30C	0.10 - 20.0(*)	0.01	2.00	Definite time overcurrent (line)
T10C	0.00 - 10.00s	0.01s	1.00s	Delayed tripping for 1OC
T2OC	0.00 - 10.00s	0.01s	1.00s	Delayed tripping for 2OC
T3OC	0.00 - 10.00s	0.01s	1.00s	Delayed tripping for 3OC
10CI	0.10 - 5.00(*)	0.01	1.00	Inverse time overcurrent (line)
20CI	0.10 - 5.00(*)	0.01	1.00	Inverse time overcurrent (line)
30CI	0.10 - 5.00(*)	0.01	1.00	Inverse time overcurrent (line)
T10CI	0.05 - 1.00	0.01	1.00	Time multiplier setting for 10CI
T2OCI	0.05 - 1.00	0.01	1.00	Time multiplier setting for 20CI
T3OCI	0.05 - 1.00	0.01	1.00	Time multiplier setting for 3OCI
1EF	0.10 - 20.00(*)	0.01	2.00	Definite time overcurrent (neutral)
2EF	0.10 - 20.00(*)	0.01	2.00	Definite time overcurrent (neutral)
3EF	0.10 - 20.00(*)	0.01	2.00	Definite time overcurrent (neutral)
T1EF	0.00 - 10.00s	0.01s	1.00s	Delayed tripping for 1EF
T2EF	0.00 - 10.00s	0.01s	1.00s	Delayed tripping for 2EF
T3EF	0.00 - 10.00s	0.01s	1.00s	Delayed tripping for 3EF
1EFI	0.10 - 5.00(*)	0.01	1.00	Inverse time overcurrent (neutral)
2EFI	0.10 - 5.00(*)	0.01	1.00	Inverse time overcurrent (neutral)
3EFI	0.10 - 5.00(*)	0.01	1.00	Inverse time overcurrent (neutral)
T1EFI	0.05 - 1.00	0.01	1.00	Time multiplier setting for 1EFI
T2EFI	0.05 - 1.00	0.01	1.00	Time multiplier setting for 2EFI
T3EFI	0.05 - 1.00	0.01	1.00	Time multiplier setting for 3EFI
Scheme switch				Inverse time characteristic selection of
M1OCI to M3OCI	Long-Std-Very-Ext		Std	OCI elements
M1EFI to M3EFI	Long-Std-Very-Ext		Std	EFI elements
Scheme switch	Off/On		(**)	Enable or disable tripping by
[10C1] to [30C5]				OC elements
[10CI1] to [30CI5]				OCI elements
[1EF1] to [3EF5]				EF elements
[1EFI1] to [3EFI5]				EFI elements

(*): Multiplier of CT secondary rated current.

 $(\ast\ast)$: Default settings are dependent on the models. See Appendix H.

The overcurrent elements use the same three-phase line currents and neutral current as the

differential protection and the restricted earth fault protection. When choosing settings, the following relationships between the overcurrent elements and the connected windings must be taken into account.

10C, 10CI :	Primary (high-voltage) winding
20C, 20CI :	Secondary (medium-voltage) winding
30C, 30CI :	Tertiary (low-voltage) winding
1EF, 1EFI :	1REF applied neutral circuit
2EF, 2EFI :	2REF applied neutral circuit
3EF, 3EFI :	3REF applied neutral circuit

2.5 Thermal Overload Protection

The thermal overload protection is applied to protect transformers from electrical thermal damage. A-phase current is used to detect the thermal overload of a transformer. The characteristics are exponential functions according to the IEC 60255-8 standard and take into account the I^2R losses due to the particular operational current and the simultaneous cooling due to the coolant. In this way the tripping time during an overload condition takes the pre-load into consideration. An alarm stage can be set to operate before reaching the tripping condition.

Figure 2.5.1 shows the scheme logic of the thermal overcurrent protection. THR tripping output can be given to up to five breakers. Any of the five breaker tripping signals THR-1 to THR-5 can be blocked by the scheme switch [THR1] to [THR5] settings. Alarming signal THR-A can be blocked by the scheme switch [THRA] setting.



Note: Models 203 and 204 are not provided with THR-4 and THR-5.

Figure 2.5.1 Scheme Logic of Thermal Overload Protection

Setting

The following shows the setting elements for the thermal overload protection and their setting ranges.

Element	Range	Step	Default	Remarks
τ	0.5 – 500.0min	0.1min	60.0min	Thermal time constant
k	0.10 - 4.00	0.01	1.30	Constant
IB	0.50 - 2.50(*1)	0.01	1.00	Basic current
lp	0.00 - 1.00(*1)	0.01	0.00	Pre-specified load current
ТА	0 – 10min	1min	10min	Time for alarm (before trip) (*3)
Scheme switch THR1 to THR5 THRA	Off/On Off/On		(*2) On	Enable or disable Trip Alarm

(*1): Multiplier of CT secondary rated current

(*2): Default settings are dependent on the models. See Appendix H.

(*3): Alarming time = THR trip time (operating time) – T_A (setting time)

Note: Ip sets a minimum level of previous load current to be used by the thermal element, and is typically used when testing the element. For the majority of applications, Ip should be set to zero, in which case the previous load current, Ip, is calculated internally by the thermal model, providing memory of conditions occurring before an overload.

2.6 Frequency Protection

GRT100 provides underfrequency or overfrequency protection and/or alarms for load shedding or for detecting such an overfrequency condition caused by disconnecting load from a particular generation location.

The frequency element FRQ comprises two frequency elements 81-1 and 81-2, the former is used for tripping and the latter for alarms.

Figure 2.6.1 shows the scheme logic of the frequency protection. The tripping element 81-1 outputs underfrequency and overfrequency trip signals L1 and H1. Either underfrequency or overfrequency protection is selected by setting the scheme switch [FRQ-UF1] to "ON" or "OFF".

The alarm element 81-2 outputs underfrequency and overfrequency alarm signals L2 and H2. Either underfrequency or overfrequency alarms are selected by setting the scheme switch [FRQ-UF2] to "ON" or "OFF".

Frequency protection can perform time-delayed tripping of up to five breakers. Any of the breaker tripping signals FRQ-1 to FRQ-5 can be blocked by the scheme switch [FRQ1] to [FRQ5] settings.

Note: Models 203 and 204 are not provided with FRQ-4 and FRQ-5.

Alarm signal FRQ-A can be blocked by the scheme switch [FRQA] setting.

Frequency protection is blocked under the condition that the system voltage is lower than the setting of the undervoltage element UV.



Note: Models 203 and 204 are not provided with FRQ-4 and FRQ-5.

Figure 2.6.1 Scheme Logic of Frequency Protection

Setting

The following shows the setting elements for the frequency protection and their setting ranges.

Element	Range	Step	Default	Remarks
81-1 (L1, H1)	45.00 – 55.00Hz (54.00 – 66.00Hz	0.01Hz 0.01Hz	49.00Hz 59.00Hz) (*)	Trip
81-2 (L2, H2)	45.00 – 55.00Hz (54.00 – 66.00Hz	0.01Hz 0.01Hz	48.00Hz 58.00Hz)	Alarms
UV	40 - 100V	1V	40V	Undervoltage block
TFRQL	0.00 - 60.00s	0.01s	10.00s	Underfrequency trip time delay
TFRQH	0.00 - 60.00s	0.01s	10.00s	Overfrequency trip time delay
TFRQA	0.00 - 60.00s	0.01s	10.00s	Alarm time delay
Scheme switch				Enable or disable
[FRQ-UF1]	Off/On		On	Trip
[FRQ-UF2]	Off/On		On	Alarm
[FRQ1] to [FRQ5]	Off/On		(**)	Trip
[FRQA]	Off/On		On	Alarm

(*): Frequency values shown in parentheses are for the case of 60Hz rating. Other frequency values are shown for the case of 50Hz rating.

(**): Default settings are dependent on the models. See Appendix H.

2.7 Overexcitation Protection

Overexcitation protection is applied to protect transformers from overvoltage and overfluxing conditions.

Any single phase-to-phase connected voltage is used to detect overexcitation. Trip and alarm characteristics, which are based on a measurement of the voltage/frequency ratio, are provided.

Figure 2.7.1 shows the scheme logic of overexcitation protection. Overexcitation element V/F responds to voltage/frequency and outputs three signals. Signal T has an inverse time characteristic. Signals H and A have high-set and low-set definite time characteristics respectively. Signal T and signal H with a delayed pick-up timer TVFH are used for tripping. Signal A is used for alarm with a delayed pick-up timer TVFA.

The V/F element has a reset feature with definite time reset. The reset time RT is set to match the cooling characteristic that is the time for the protected transformer to reach a normal temperature after releasing the overexitation condition.



Note: Models 203 and 204 are not provided with V/F-4 and V/F-5.

Figure 2.7.1 Scheme Logic of Overexcitation Protection

Overexcitation protection can trip up to five breakers. Any of the breaker tripping signals V/F-1 to V/F-5 can be blocked by the scheme switch [V/F1] to [V/F5] settings.

Note: Models 203 and 204 are not provided with V/F-4 and V/F-5.

Alarm signal V/F-A can be blocked by the scheme switch [V/FA] setting.

Setting

The following shows the setting elements for the overexcitation protection and their setting ranges.

Element	Range	Step	Default	Remarks
V	100.0 - 120.0V	0.1V	100.0V	Transformer rated voltage / VT ratio
А	1.03 - 1.30(*)	0.01	1.03	Alarm
L	1.05 - 1.30	0.01	1.05	Low level
Н	1.10 - 1.40	0.01	1.40	High level
LT	1 – 600s	1s	600s	Operation time at low level (Inverse time curve)
HT	1 – 600s	1s	1s	Operation time at high level (Inverse time curve)
RT	60 – 3600s	1s	250s	Reset time after removing overexcitation condition
TVFH	1 – 600s	1s	10s	Operating time at high level setting (Definite time delay)
TVFA	1 – 600s	1s	10s	Alarm time (Definite time delay)
Scheme switch				
[V/F1] to [V/F5]	Off/On		(**)	Enable or disable tripping
[V/FA]	Off/On		On	Enable or disable alarm

(*): Multiplier of (rated voltage) / (rated frequency)

(**): Refer to Appendix H for default setting.



Figure 2.7.2 Setting Points

2.8 Trip by External Devices

Up to four binary signals EXT. MECHANICAL TRIP1 to EXT. MECHANICAL TRIP4 can be used for tripping external devices. Figure 2.8.1 shows the scheme logic for the signal EXT_MEC.TP1. The signal can trip up to five breakers. Any of the tripping signals EXT_MEC.TP1-1 to EXT_MEC.TP4-5 can be blocked by the scheme switches [M.T1-1] to [M.T1-5] setting.

The other binary signals have the same scheme logic.



Figure 2.8.1 Scheme Logic of Trip by External Device

Setting

The following shows the setting elements for tripping by external devices and their setting ranges.

Element	Range	Step	Default	Remarks
Scheme switch				Enable or disable tripping
EXT_MEC.TP1-1 to -5				
EXT_MEC.TP2-1 to -5	Off/On		(*)	
EXT_MEC.TP3-1 to -5				
EXT_MEC.TP4-1 to -5				

(*): Default settings are dependent on the model. See Appendix H.

Note: Models 203 and 204 are not provided with EXT_MEC.TP1-4 and EXT_MEC.TP1-5, and [M.T1-4] and [M.T1-5].

Tripping Output 2.9

Figure 2.9.1 shows the tripping logic. Each protection can output five tripping signals to enable tripping for five breakers. The tripping signals are set according to the number of breakers to be tripped and drive the heavy duty, high-speed tripping output relays TRIP-1 to TRIP-5.

Note: Models 203 and 204 are not provided with TRIP-4 and TRIP-5.

When the scheme switch [L/O] is set to "ON", tripping signals can be locked and reset with the [RESET] key on the front panel. When the switch is set to "OFF", they are reset automatically after clearing the fault.

The tripping output relays reset 200ms after the tripping signal disappears. When [L/O] is set to "OFF", the tripping circuit must be opened with the auxiliary contact of the breaker prior to reset of the tripping relay to prevent the tripping relay from directly interrupting the tripping current of the breaker.







2.10 Characteristics of Measuring Elements

2.10.1 Percentage Current Differential Element DIF

The segregated-phase current differential element DIF has dual percentage restraining characteristics. Figure 2.10.1 shows the characteristics of DF1 and DF2 on the differential current (I_d) and restraining current (I_r) plane. I_d is a vector summation of phase current of all windings and I_r is a scalar summation of phase current of all windings.



Figure 2.10.1 Current Differential Element

Characteristic DF1 is expressed by the following equation:

 $I_d \ge p1 \cdot I_r + (1 - p1/2)ik$

where,

p1 : slope of DF1

ik : minimum operating current

Id and Ir are defined as follows for a three-winding transformer.

 $I_d = |kct1 \cdot I_1 + kct2 \cdot I_2 + kct3 \cdot I_3|$

 $I_r = (kct1 \cdot |I_1| + kct2 \cdot |I_2| + kct3 \cdot |I_3|)/2$

where,

kct1 ,kct2 ,kct3 : CT ratio matching settings of primary, secondary and tertiary winding

I₁, I₂, I₃ : currents of primary, secondary and tertiary winding

This characteristic has weaker restraint in the small current region and ensures sensitivity to low level faults.

Characteristic DF2 is expressed by the following equation:

 $I_d \ge p2 \cdot I_r + (p1 - p2)kp + (1 - p1/2)ik$

where,

p2 : slope of DF2

kp : break point of DF1 characteristic

This characteristic has stronger restraint in the large current region and ensures stability against CT saturation during through faults.

2.10.2 High-set Overcurrent Element HOC

High-set overcurrent element HOC is an instantaneous overcurrent characteristic, and is applied in the differential circuit. The characteristic is expressed by the following equation:

 $I_d \ge kh$

Id is defined as follows for three-winding transformer.

 $\mathbf{I}_{d} = | kct1 \cdot \mathbf{I}_{1} + kct2 \cdot \mathbf{I}_{2} + kct3 \cdot \mathbf{I}_{3} |$

where,

kct1, kct2, kct3: CT ratio matching settings of primary, secondary and tertiary winding

HOC is an un-restrained current differential element which can protect a transformer against damage due to a heavy internal fault, because it has a simple operation principle and high-speed operation. Note that HOC is not immune to transformer inrush currents and therefore cannot be applied with a sensitive setting.

2.10.3 Restricted Earth Fault Element REF

The restricted earth fault element REF is composed of REF_DIF and REF_DEF, as was shown in Figure 2.3.2.

The REF_DIF has dual percentage restraining characteristics. Figure 2.10.2 shows the characteristics on the differential current (Id) and restraining current (Ir) plane. Id is the differential current between the residual current of each winding and the neutral current and Ir is the restraining current which is the larger of the residual current and the neutral current.



Figure 2.10.2 REF_DIF Characteristic

Characteristic DF1 is expressed by the following equation:

 $I_d \ge p1 \cdot I_r + (1-p1) \cdot ik \cdot max-kct$

where,

p1 : slope of DF1 (fixed to 10%)

ik : minimum operating current

max-kct : CT ratio matching of line CT to neutral CT (when plural line CTs are applied, maximum kct is employed.)

For the 1REF element, I_d and I_r are calculated by the following equations when applied to a circuit with one neutral CT and three line CTs. (For the REF element application, see Appendix L.)

 $I_d = |1kct1 \cdot I_{1o} + 1kct2 \cdot I_{2o} + 1kct3 \cdot I_{3o} + I_N|$

$$\begin{split} I_r = max.(\ 1kct1\cdot |I_{1a}| \ , \ 1kct1\cdot |I_{1b}| \ , \ 1kct1\cdot |I_{1c}| \ , \ 1kct2\cdot |I_{2a}| \ , \ 1kct2\cdot |I_{2b}| \ , \ 1kct2\cdot |I_{2c}| \ , 1kct3\cdot |I_{3a}| \ , \\ 1kct3\cdot |I_{3b}| \ , \ 1kct3\cdot |I_{3c}| \ , \ |I_N| \) \end{split}$$

where,

 I_{1o} , I_{2o} , I_{3o} : residual current of primary, secondary and tertiary winding

I_{1a}, J_{1b}, J_{1c}, J_{2a}, J_{2b}, J_{2c}, J_{3a}, J_{3b}, J_{3c}: phase current of primary, secondary and tertiary winding

I_N : residual current of neutral circuit

1kct1, 1kct2, 1kct3: CT ratio matching of primary, secondary and tertiary line CT to neutral CT

Characteristic DF2 is expressed by the following equation:

 $I_d \ge p2(I_r-kp)$

where

p2: slope of DF2

kp : break point of DF1 characteristic

The characteristic of REF_DEF is composed of a directional characteristic and a non-directional characteristic as shown in Figure 2.10.3 (a) and (b). This characteristic is employed so that the REF is not blocked at one-end infeed current I_N .



The REF_DEF detects an internal fault by checking the direction between transformer neutral current I_N and zero-sequence current $3I_0$ calculated from phase currents I_a , I_b and I_c . The REF_DEF is blocked when the maximum phase current is larger than 2 times of Max-kct as follows:

 $Max.(1kct1 \bullet I_{1a}, \dots 1kct3 \bullet I_{3c}) \ge I_{BLK} = Max.(1kct1, 1kct2, 1kct3) \times 2$

(Example)



2.10.4 Inverse Time Overcurrent Element OCI and EFI

The OCI and EFI elements have one long time inverse characteristic and three inverse time characteristics in conformity with IEC 60255-3 as shown in Figure 2.10.4. One of these characteristics can be selected.

These characteristics are expressed by the following equations and curves.



Figure 2.10.4 Characteristics of Inverse Time Overcurrent Element

2.10.5 Definite Time Overcurrent element OC and EF

The OC and EF elements measure the phase currents and the residual current respectively.

2.10.6 Thermal Overload Element THR

Thermal overload element THR has a characteristic based on thermal replica according to the IEC 60255-8 standard (see Appendix N), which evaluates the phase current (A-phase) of the CT secondary circuits. Figure 2.10.5 shows the characteristic of THR element. The element has trip and alarm stages.

Trip stage:

$$t = \tau \cdot Ln \frac{I^2 - Ip^2}{I^2 - (k \cdot I_B)^2}$$

Alarm stage:

$$t = \tau \cdot Ln \frac{(I^2 - Ip^2) \cdot (1 - T_A/\tau)}{I^2 - (k \cdot I_B)^2}$$

where

- t: operating time
- τ : thermal time constant
- I: load current

k·IB: allowable overload current as specified in IEC 60255-8 (refer to Appendix N)

IB: basic current of transformer (rated current)

- k : constant (allowable overload current / I_B)
- Ip: prior load current before the overload occurs
- T_A : time for alarm

(Alarming time = t (operating time) $- T_A$ (setting time)

Ln: natural logarithm

Figure 2.10.6 shows the thermal curve for a range of time constant settings in the cold state when the prior load current Ip is zero.



Figure 2.10.5 Characteristic of Thermal Overload Element



Figure 2.10.6 Thermal Curves

2.10.7 Frequency Element FRQ

GRT100 has two elements for trip or alarm. Each element operates either in overfrequency or underfrequency.

2.10.8 Overexcitation Element V/F

The characteristic is based on the ratio of voltage to frequency. The alarm is definite time delayed, while the tripping characteristic is either definite time or inverse time, as shown in Figure 2.10.7.



Figure 2.10.7 Characteristic of Overexcitation Element

The inverse time characteristic of V/F is expressed by the following equation.

$$t = \frac{K_2}{(V/F) - K_1}$$

where,

t: operating time

V : voltage (any phase-to-phase voltage)

F: frequency

V/F=(Vm/Fm) / (Vs/Fs)

(Vm: Input voltage, Fm: Input frequency, Vs: Setting of rated voltage, Fs: Rated frequency)

$$K_{1} = \frac{(LT) \times L - (HT) \times H}{(LT) - (HT)}$$
$$K_{2} = \frac{(LT) \times (HT) \times (H - L)}{(LT) - (HT)}$$

The V/F element has a reset feature with definite time reset (RT). When the V/F falls below the reset threshold, the integral state of the inverse time function is reset to the initial value after the RT time.

Example: V/F=(Vin/Fin)/(V/Fs)=(130/50)/(100/50)=1.3, in case of Vin: Input voltage (130V), Fin: Input frequency (50Hz), V: Rated voltage (100V), Fs: Rated frequency (50Hz)

3. Technical Description

3.1 Hardware Description

3.1.1 Outline of Hardware Modules

The case outline of GRT100 is shown in Appendix F.

The hardware structures of the models are shown in Figure 3.1.1 and Figure 3.1.2. The front view shows the equipment without the human machine interface module.

The GRT100 consists of the following hardware modules. The human machine interface module is provided with the front panel.

- Transformer module (VCT)
- Signal processing module (SPM)
- Binary input and output module #1 (IO1 or IO8)
- Binary input and output module #2 (IO2)
- Binary output module #3 (IO3)
- Human machine interface module (HMI)



Figure 3.1.1 Hardware Structure (Model: 101, 201, 203)



Figure 3.1.2 Hardware Structure (Model: 102, 202, 204)

The correspondence between each model and module used is as follows:

	Models	101	102	201	202	203	204
Module							
VCT		×	×	×	×	×	×
SPM		×	×	×	×	×	×
I01		×	×	×	×		
IO2		×	×	×	×	×	×
IO3			×		×		×
108						×	×
HMI		×	×	×	×	×	×

Note: The VCT and SPM modules are not interchangeable among different models.

The hardware block diagram of the GRT100 using these moduls is shown in Figure 3.1.3.



(*1) 103: required for Model 102, 202, 204



3.1.2 Transformer Module

The transformer module (VCT module) provides isolation between the internal and external circuits through auxiliary transformers and transforms the magnitude of the AC input signals to suit the electronic circuits. The AC input signals are as follows:

- three-phase currents (I_a, I_b and I_c) for each winding
- neutral current (I_N) for each winding
- phase-to-phase voltage

Figure 3.1.4 shows a block diagram of the transformer module. There are 8 to 12 auxiliary CTs and 1 auxiliary VT mounted in the transformer module depending on the relay model. (For the correspondence between the relay model and number of AC input signals, see Table 3.2.1.)

The transformer module is also provided with an IRIG-B port. This port collects the serial IRIG-B format data from an external clock for synchronization of the relay calendar clock. The IRIG-B port is isolated from the external circuit by a photo-coupler. A BNC connector is used as the input connector.



Figure 3.1.4 Transformer Module (e.g. models 101, 102)

3.1.3 Signal Processing Module

The signal processing and communication module (SPM) incorporates a signal processing circuit and a communication control circuit. Figure 3.1.3.1 shows the block diagram.

The signal processing circuit consists of an analog filter, multiplexer, analog to digital (A/D) converter, main processing unit (MPU) and memories (RAM and ROM), and executes all kinds of processing including protection, measurement, recording and display.

The SPM contains a lithium-ion battery, which should be removed at the end-of-life of the product. The nominal backup time of a lithium-ion battery is one year after the shipment from the factory.

The analog filter performs low-pass filtering for the corresponding current and voltage signals.

The A/D converter has a resolution of 16 bits and samples input signals at sampling frequencies of 2400Hz (at 50Hz) and 2880Hz (at 60Hz).

The MPU carries out operations for the measuring elements and scheme logic operations for protection, recording, displaying and signal transmission control.

The SPM can be provided with Optical interface or Ethernet LAN interface for serial communication system.



Figure 3.1.3.1 Signal Processing Module

3.1.4 Binary Input and Output Module

There are four types of binary input and output module (IO module): These modules are fitted according to the model (see Section 3.1.1).

3.1.4.1 IO1 and IO8 Module

IO1 and IO8 provide a DC/DC converter, binary inputs and binary outputs for tripping.

As shown in Figure 3.1.4.1, the IO1 module incorporates a DC/DC converter, 15 photo-coupler circuits (BI) for binary input signals and 6 auxiliary relays (TP1 to 5) dedicated to the circuit breaker tripping command.

As shown in Figure 3.1.4.2, the IO8 module incorporates a DC/DC converter, 12 photo-coupler circuits (BI) for binary input signals and 3 auxiliary relays (TP) dedicated to the circuit breaker tripping command. The 12 binary inputs have dedicated positive and negative inputs suitable for double-pole switching.

The nominal input voltage rating of the DC/DC converter is 24V, 48V, 110V/125V or 220V/250V. The normal range of input voltage is -20% to +20%.

The five or three tripping command auxiliary relays are the high-speed operation type and have one normally open output contact.



Figure 3.1.4.1 IO1 Module



Figure 3.1.4.2 IO8 Module

3.1.4.2 IO2 Module

As shown in Figure 3.1.4.3, the IO2 module incorporates 3 photo-coupler circuits (BI14-BI16) for binary input signals, 14 auxiliary relays (BO1-BO13 and FAIL) for binary output signals and an RS-485 transceiver.

The auxiliary relay FAIL has one normally closed contact, and operates when a relay failure or abnormality in the DC circuit is detected. BO1 to BO13 each have one normally open contact. BO12 and BO13 are the high-speed operation type.

The RS-485 transceiver is used for the link with the relay setting and monitoring (RSM) system. The external signal is isolated from the relay internal signal.



Figure 3.1.4.3 IO2 Module

3.1.4.3 IO3 Module

The IO3 module is used to increase the number of binary outputs.

The IO3 module incorporates 10 auxiliary relays (BO1-BO10) for binary outputs. All auxiliary relays each have one normally open contact.



Figure 3.1.4.4 IO3 Module

3.1.5 Human Machine Interface (HMI) Module

The operator can access the GRT100 via the human machine interface (HMI) module. As shown in Figure 3.1.5, the HMI module has a liquid crystal display (LCD), light emitting diodes (LED), view and reset keys, operation keys, testing jacks and an RS-232C connector on the front panel.

The LCD consists of 40 columns by 4 rows with a backlight and displays record, status and setting data.

There are a total of 8 LED indicators and their signal labels and LED colors are defined as follows:

Label	Color	Remarks
IN SERVICE	Green	Lit when relay is in service.
TRIP	Red	Lit when trip command is issued.
ALARM	Red	Lit when failure is detected.
TESTING	Red	Lit when disabling automatic monitoring function or resetting the time counting of THR and V/F elements by the scheme switches.
(LED1)	Red	
(LED2)	Red	
(LED3)	Red	
(LED4)	Red	

LED1 to LED4 are user-configurable.

Once it has started operating, the TRIP LED continues to operate even after the trip command disappears. Pressing the RESET key resets it. Other LEDs operate as long as a signal is present. The RESET key is ineffective for these LEDs.

The VIEW key starts the LCD indication and switches between windows. The reset key clears the LCD indication and turns off the LCD backlight.

The operation keys are used to display the record, status and setting data on the LCD, input the settings or change the settings.

The monitoring jacks and two pairs of LEDs, A and B, on top of the jacks can be used while the test mode is selected in the LCD window. Signals can be displayed on LED A or LED B by selecting the signal to be observed from the "Signal List" or "Variable Timer List" and setting it in the window and the signals can be transmitted to an oscilloscope via the monitoring jacks. (For the "Signal List" or "Variable Timer List", see Appendix B or C.)

The RS-232C connector is a 9-way D-type connector for serial RS-232C connection. This connector is used for connection with a local personal computer.



Figure 3.1.5 Front Panel

3.2 Input and Output Signals

3.2.1 Input Signals

AC input signals

Table 3.2.1 shows the AC input signals necessary for each of the GRT100 models and their respective input terminal numbers. See Appendix G for external connections.

Winding 1, 2 and 3 in the Table correspond to high-voltage or primary, medium-voltage or secondary, and low-voltage or tertiary winding respectively.

Terminal No.	GRT100-101, 102	Terminal No.	GRT100-201, 202, 203, 204
TB1		TB1	
1-2	A phase current of winding 1	1-2	A phase current of winding 1
3-4	B phase current of winding 1	3-4	B phase current of winding 1
5-6	C phase current of winding 1	5-6	C phase current of winding 1
7-8	Neutral current of winding 1	7-8	Neutral current of winding 1
9-10	A phase current of winding 2	9-10	A phase current of winding 2
11-12	B phase current of winding 2	11-12	B phase current of winding 2
13-14	C phase current of winding 2	13-14	C phase current of winding 2
15-16	Neutral current of winding 2	15-16	Neutral current of winding 2
17-18	—	17-18	A phase current of winding 3
19-20	—	19-20	B phase current of winding 3
21-22	—	21-22	C phase current of winding 3
23-24	—	23-24	Neutral current of winding 3
25-26	—	25-26	
27-28	Phase to phase voltage of winding 1	27-28	Phase to phase voltage of winding 1
30	(earth)	30	(earth)

Table 3.2.1 AC Input Signals

Binary input signals

Table 3.2.2 shows the binary input signals necessary for the GRT100, their driving contact conditions and functions enabled. See Appendix G for external connections.

The binary input circuit of the GRT100 is provided with a logic level inversion function as shown in Figure 3.2.1. Each input circuit has a binary switch BISW which can be used to select either normal or inverted operation. This allows the inputs to be driven either by normally open or normally closed contacts. Where the driving contact meets the contact conditions indicated in Table 3.2.2 then the BISW can be set to "N" (normal). If not, then "I" (inverted) should be selected.

The default setting of the BISW is "N" (normal) for all input signals.

Further, all binary input functions are programmable by PLC (Programmable Logic Circuit) function.

If a signal is not required, the function concerned is disabled.

The operating voltage of binary input signal is typical 74V DC at 110V/125V DC rating and 138V DC at 220/250V DC. The minimum operating voltage is 70V DC at 110/125V DC rating and 125V DC at 220/250V DC.

Signal Names	Driving Contact Condition / Function Enabled	BISW* (default)
External Mechanical trip	Closed when external device operated. / Initiate trip command	1
(EXT_MEC.TP1)	from operation of external device.	
External Mechanical trip	Closed when external device operated. / Initiate trip command	2
(EXT_MEC.TP2)	from operation of external device.	
External Mechanical trip	Closed when external device operated. / Initiate trip command	3
(EXT_MEC.TP3)	from operation of external device.	
External Mechanical trip	Closed when external device operated. / Initiate trip command	4
(EXT_MEC.TP4)	from operation of external device.	
Indication reset	Closed to reset TRIP LED indication. / Reset indication	5
	externally.	
Protection block	Closed to block the protection. / Block the protection	6
	externally.	
Signal for event record	Closed when external device operated. / Initiate event record	14
	with external signal.	
Signal for event record	Closed when external device operated. / Initiate event record	15
	with external signal.	
Signal for event record	Closed when external device operated. / Initiate event record	16
	with external signal	

Table 3.2.2 Binary Input Signals



Figure 3.2.1 Logic Level Inversion

3.2.2 Binary Output Signals

The number of output binary signals and their output terminals vary depending on the relay model. See Appendix G for details. For all models, all outputs except the tripping command, signal for command protections and relay failure signal can be configured.

The signals shown in the signal list in Appendix B can be assigned to the output relay individually or in arbitrary combinations. Signals can be combined using either an AND circuit or OR circuit with 6 gates each as shown in Figure 3.2.2. The output circuit can be configured according to the setting menu. Appendix D shows the factory default settings.

A 0.2s delayed drop-off timer can be attached to these assigned signals. The delayed drop-off time is disabled by the scheme switch [BOTD].

The relay failure contact closes when a relay defect or abnormality in the DC power supply circuit is detected.



Figure 3.2.2 Configurable Output

3.2.3 PLC (Programmable Logic Controller) Function

GRT100 is provided with a PLC function allowing user-configurable sequence logics on binary signals. The sequence logics with timers, flip-flops, AND, OR, NOT logics, etc. can be produced by using the PC software "PLC tool" and linked to signals corresponding to relay elements or binary circuits.

Configurable binary inputs, binary outputs and LEDs, and the initiation trigger of disturbance record are programmed by the PLC function. Temporary signals are provided for complicated logics or for using a user-configured signal in many logic sequences.

PLC logic is assigned to protection signals by using the PLC editor tool. For PLC tool, refer to PLC tool instruction manual.



Figure 3.2.3 Sample Screen of PLC Tool
3.3 Automatic Supervision

3.3.1 Basic Concept of Supervision

Though the protection system is in a non-operating state under normal conditions, it is waiting for a power system fault to occur at any time and must operate for the fault without fail. Therefore, the automatic supervision function, which checks the health of the protection system during normal operation by itself, plays an important role. A numerical relay based on microprocessor technology is able to implement such as automatic supervision function. GRT100 implements an automatic supervision function based on the following concept:

- The supervising function should not affect protection performance.
- Perform supervision with no omissions wherever possible.
- When a failure occurs, it should be possible to easily identify the failure location.

Note: Automatic supervision function includes automatic monitor function and automatic test function. For the terminology, refer to IEC IEV 60448.

3.3.2 Relay Monitoring and Testing

The relay is supervised with the following items.

AC input imbalance monitoring

The AC current input is monitored such that the following equation is satisfied and the health of the AC input circuit is checked.

 $Max(|I_{a}|, |I_{b}|, |I_{c}|) - 4 \times Min(|I_{a}|, |I_{b}|, |I_{c}|) \ge k_{0}$

where,

 $Max(|I_a|, |I_b|, |I_c|) = Maximum amplitude among I_a, I_b and I_c$

 $Min(|I_a|, |I_b|, |I_c|) = Minimum amplitude among I_a, I_b and I_c$

 $k_0 = 20\%$ of rated current

A/D accuracy checking

An analogue reference voltage is transmitted to a prescribed channel in the analogue-to-digital (A/D) converter, and it is checked that the data after A/D conversion is within a prescribed range and that the A/D conversion characteristics are correct.

Memory monitoring

The memories are monitored as follows depending on the type of the memory and checked that the memory circuits are healthy:

• Random access memory monitoring:

Writes/reads prescribed data and checks the storage function.

- Program memory monitoring: Checks the checksum value of the written data.
- Setting value monitoring: Checks discrepancy between the setting values stored in duplicate.

Watchdog Timer

A hardware timer which is cleared periodically by software is provided and it is checked that the software is running normally.

DC Supply monitoring

The secondary voltage level of the built-in DC/DC converter is monitored and checked that the DC voltage is within a prescribed range.

3.3.3 PLC Data and IEC61850 Mapping Data Monitoring

If there is a failure in PLC data and IEC61850 mapping data, the function may be stopped. Therefore, the PLC data and IEC61850 mapping data are monitored and an alarm of "PLC stop" or "MAP stop" is issued if any failure detected.

3.3.4 IEC61850 Communication Monitoring

The sending and receiving functions in the Ethernet LAN communication are monitored. The receiving function is executed by checking GOOSE message receiving status, and the sending function is executed by checking Ping response to the other party. If a failure is detected, an alarm of "GOOSE stop" or "Ping err" is issued.

These functions are disabled by setting the scheme switches [GSECHK] and [PINGCHK].

3.3.5 Failure Alarms

When a failure is detected by the automatic supervision, it is followed with LCD display, LEDs indication, external alarms and event recording. Table 3.3.1 summarizes the supervision items and alarms.

The LCD messages are shown on the "Auto-supervision" screen which is displayed automatically when a failure is detected or displayed by pressing the $\boxed{\text{VIEW}}$ key. The event record messages are shown on the "Event record" screen by opening the "Record" sub-menu.

Those alarms are retained until the failure is recovered.

Those alarms can be disabled collectively by setting the scheme switch [AMF] to OFF. The setting is used to block unnecessary alarms during commissioning test or maintenance.

When the Watchdog Timer detects that the software fails to run normally, LCD display and event recording on the failure cannot be expected.

DC supply failure disables the LCD display and event recording on the failure as well.

For the discrimination of the two failures mentioned above, refer to Section 6.7.2.

		-			
Supervision Item	LCD Message	LED "In Service"	LED "ALARM"	Ext. alarm	Event record Message
AC input imbalance monitoring	(1)	On/Off (2)	On	(4)	CT err Relay fail
A/D accuracy check	A/D err	Off	On	(4)	Relay fail
CPU, Memory monitoring	(1)				
Watchdog Timer		Off	On	(4)	
DC supply monitoring		Off	(3)	(4)	Relay fail
PLC data or IEC61850 mapping data monitoring	PLC stop or MAP stop	on	on	(4)	Relay fail-A
GOOSE message check	GOOSE stop	on	on	(4)	Relay fail-A

Table 3.3.1 Supervision Items and Alarms

Supervision Item	LCD Message	LED "In Service"	LED "ALARM"	Ext. alarm	Event record Message
Ping response check	Ping err	on	on	(4)	Relay fail-A

(1): Diverse messages are provided as expressed with "---fail" in the Table in Section 6.7.2.

(2): The LED is on when the scheme switch [SVCNT] is set to "ALM" and off when set to "ALM & BLK" (refer to Section 3.3.4).

- (3): Whether the LED is lit or not depends on the degree of the voltage drops.
- (4): The binary output relay "FAIL" operates.

3.3.6 Trip Blocking

When a failure is detected by the following supervision items, the trip function is blocked as long as the failure exists and restored when the failure is removed.

- A/D accuracy check
- Memory monitoring
- Watchdog Timer
- DC supply monitoring

When a failure is detected by the AC input imbalance monitoring, the scheme switch [SVCNT] setting can be used to determine if both tripping is blocked and an alarm is initiated, or, if only an alarm is initiated.

3.3.7 Setting

The setting elements necessary for the automatic supervision and its setting range are shown in the table below.

Element	Range	Step	Default	Remarks
[SVCNT]	ALM&BLK / ALM		ALM&BLK	Alarming and/or blocking
[GSECHK]	OFF/ON		OFF	GOOSE check
[PINGCHK]	OFF/ON		OFF	Ping response check

3.4 Recording Function

GRT100 is provided with the following recording functions:

Fault recording

Event recording

Disturbance recording

These records are displayed on the LCD of the relay front panel or on the local or remote PC.

3.4.1 Fault Recording

Fault recording is started by a tripping command of the GRT100 or PLC command by user-setting (max. 8) and the following items are recorded for one fault:

Date and time of fault occurrence

Operating phase or fault phase

Tripping command

Tripping mode

Power system quantities

Up to the 8 most-recent faults can be stored as fault records. If a new fault occurs when 8 faults have been stored, the record of the oldest fault is deleted and the record of the latest fault is then stored.

Date and time of fault occurrence

The time resolution is 1ms using the relay internal clock.

To be precise, this is the time at which a tripping command has been initiated, and thus it is approximately 10 ms after the occurrence of the fault.

Operating phase or fault phase

The operating phase or fault phase can be selected to be displayed following tripping, depending on the requirements of user.

For details, see Section 2.3.1.

Tripping command

The tripping output relay(s) operated is shown in terms of its number (e.g. TP-1: 1, TP-2: 2 etc.).

Tripping mode

This shows the protection scheme that initiated the tripping command.

Power system quantities

The following power system quantities for pre-fault and post-fault are recorded.

- Magnitude and phase angle of phase current of each winding (I_{a1}, I_{b1}, I_{c1}) up to I_{a3}, I_{b3}, I_{c3}
- Magnitude and phase angle of neutral current of each winding $(I_{n1} up to I_{n3})$
- Magnitude and phase angle of symmetrical component current of each winding (I₁₁, I₂₁, I₀₁ up to I₁₃, I₂₃, I₀₃)
- Magnitude and phase angle of phase-to-phase voltage (V)

- Magnitude of phase differential current (Ida, Idb, Idc)
- Magnitude of residual differential current for REF protection (Id01 up to Id03)
- Percentage of thermal capacity (THM%)

Phase angles above are expressed taking that of the voltage as a reference phase angle. If the voltage input is not provided, then the positive sequence current of the primary winding is used as a reference phase angle.

3.4.2 Event Recording

The events shown are recorded with a 1 ms resolution time-tag when the status changes. The user can set a maximum of 128 recording items, and their status change mode. The event items can be assigned to a signal number in the signal list. The status change mode is set to "On" (only recording On transitions) or "On/Off" (recording both On and Off transitions) mode by setting. The "On/Off" mode events are specified by "Bi-trigger events" setting. If the "Bi-trigger events" is set to "100", No.1 to 100 events are "On/Off" mode and No.101 to 128 events are "On" mode.

The name of an event cannot be set on LCD. It can set only by RSM100. Maximum 22 characters can be set and can be viewed on both of the LCD and RSM Setting(view) screen. But the LCD screen of event record displays only 11 characters. Therefore, it is recommended the maximum 11 characters are set.

The elements necessary for event recording and their setting ranges are shown in the table below. The default setting of event record is shown in Appendix H.

Element	Range	Step	Default	Remarks
BITRN	0 - 128	1	100	Number of bi-trigger(on/off) events
EV1 – EV128	0 - 3071			Assign the signal number

Up to 1024 records can be stored. If an additional event occurs when 1024 records have been stored, the oldest event record is deleted and the latest event record is then stored.

3.4.3 Disturbance Recording

Disturbance Recording is started when overcurrent starter elements operate or a tripping command is output, or PLC command by user-setting (max. 4: Signal No. 2632 to 2635) is output. The records include 13 analog signals (primary: I_{a1} , I_{b1} , I_{c1} , I_{n1} , secondary: I_{a2} , I_{b2} , I_{c2} , I_{n2} , tertiary: I_{a3} , I_{b3} , I_{c3} , I_{n3} , voltage: V), 32 binary signals and the dates and times at which recording started. Any binary signal in shown in Appendix B can be assigned by the binary signal setting of disturbance record. The default setting of binary signal is shown in Appendix H.

The name of binary signal can be set only by RSM100. Maximum 22 characters can be set and can be viewed on both of the LCD and RSM Setting(view) screen. But the waveform data analysis screen of disturbance record displays up to 11 characters of them. Therefore, it is recommended the maximum 11 characters are set.

The LCD display only shows the dates and times of the disturbance records stored. Details can be displayed on a PC. For how to obtain disturbance records on the PC, see the PC software instruction manual.

The post-fault recording time can be set between 0.1 and 3.0s and the default setting is 1.0s. The pre-fault recording time depends on the post recording time. The pre-fault recording time is fixed at 0.3s.

The number of records stored depends on the post-fault recording time. The approximate relationship between the post-fault recording time and the number of records stored is shown in Table 3.4.2.

Note: If the recording time setting is changed, all previously recorded data is deleted.

Model	Recording time Frequency	0.1s	0.5s	1.0s	1.5s	2.0s	2.5s	3.0s
101,102	50Hz	40	34	20	15	11	9	8
	60Hz	40	28	17	12	9	8	6
201,202	50Hz	40	25	15	11	8	7	6
203,204	60Hz	40	21	13	9	7	6	5

Table 3.4.2 Post Fault Recording Time and Number of Disturbance Records Stored

Disturbance recording is initiated when overcurrent elements operate, a tripping signal is output, 2F or 5F element operates or external event signals are input. Three phase overcurrent elements 10CP-S to 30CP-S are applied to the line CTs and neutral overcurrent elements 10CP-G to 30CP-G to the neutral CTs.

The initiations are blocked by the scheme switches.

Settings

The elements necessary for starting disturbance recording and their setting ranges are shown in the table below.

Element	Range	Step	Default(**)	Remarks
10CP-S	0.10 - 20.00(*)	0.01		Phase overcurrent element
20CP-S	0.10 - 20.00(*)	0.01		
30CP-S	0.10 - 20.00(*)	0.01		
10CP-G	0.05 - 20.00(*)	0.01		Neutral overcurrent element
20CP-G	0.05 - 20.00(*)	0.01		
30CP-G	0.05 - 20.00(*)	0.01		
Scheme switch	ON/OFF			Initiating disturbance record
TRIP1 to TRIP5				by tripping
10CPS to 30CPS				by phase overcurrent element
10CPG to 30CPG				by neutral overcurrent element
2F				by 2F element
5F				by 5F element
EVENT1 to EVENT3				by external event

(*): Multiplier of CT secondary rated current

(**): Default settings are dependent on the models. See Appendix H.

3.5 Metering Function

The GRT100 performs continuous measurement of the analogue input quantities. The measurement data shown below are displayed on the LCD of the relay front panel or on the local or remote PC.

- Magnitude and phase angle of phase current of each winding (I_{a1}, I_{b1}, I_{c1}) up to I_{a3}, I_{b3}, I_{c3}
- Magnitude and phase angle of neutral current of each winding $(I_{n1} up to I_{n3})$
- Magnitude and phase angle of symmetrical component current of each winding (I₁₁, I₂₁, I₀₁ up to I₁₃, I₂₃, I₀₃)
- Magnitude and phase angle of phase-to-phase voltage (V)
- Magnitude of phase differential current (Ida, Idb, Idc)
- Magnitude of residual differential current for REF protection (Id01 up to Id03)
- Percentage of thermal capacity (THM%)
- Frequency

Phase angles above are expressed taking that of positive sequence voltage as a reference phase angle, where leading phase angles are expressed as positive values.

The above system quantities are displayed in values on the primary side or on the secondary side of the CT according to a setting. To display accurate values, it is necessary to set the CT ratio and VT ratio too. For the setting method, see "Setting the transformer parameters" in 4.2.6.7.

4. User Interface

4.1 Outline of User Interface

The user can access the relay from the front panel.

Local communication with the relay is also possible using a personal computer (PC) via an RS232C port. Furthermore, remote communication is also possible using RSM (Relay Setting and Monitoring), IEC103 communication via an RS485, optical fibre or Ethernet LAN etc.

This section describes the front panel configuration and the basic configuration of the menu tree of the local human machine communication ports and HMI (Human Machine Interface).

4.1.1 Front Panel

As shown in Figure 3.1.13, the front panel is provided with a liquid crystal display (LCD), light emitting diodes (LED), operation keys, VIEW and RESET keys, monitoring jack and RS232C connector.

LCD

The LCD screen, provided with a 4-line, 40-character back-light, displays detailed information of the relay interior such as records, status and setting. The LCD screen is normally unlit, but pressing the $\overrightarrow{\text{VIEW}}$ key will display the digest screen and pressing any key other than $\overrightarrow{\text{VIEW}}$ and $\overrightarrow{\text{RESET}}$ will display the menu screen.

These screens are turned off by pressing the (RESET) key or (END) key. If any display is left for 5 minutes or longer without operation, the back-light will go off.

LED

There are 8 LED displays. The signal labels and LED colours are defined as follows:

Label	Color	Remarks
IN SERVICE	Green	Lit when the relay is in service.
TRIP	Red	Lit when a trip command is issued.
ALARM	Red	Lit when a failure is detected.
TESTING	Red	Lit when disabling automatic monitoring function or resetting the time counting of THR and V/F elements by the scheme switches.
(LED1)	Red	Configurable LED to assign signals with or without latch when relay operates.
(LED2)	Red	Configurable LED to assign signals with or without latch when relay operates.
(LED3)	Red	Configurable LED to assign signals with or without latch when relay operates.
(LED4)	Red	Configurable LED to assign signals with or without latch when relay operates.

LED1 to LED4 are configurable.

The TRIP LED lights up once the relay is operating and remains lit even after the trip command goes off. The TRIP LED can be turned off by pressing the $\overrightarrow{\text{RESET}}$ key. Other LEDs are lit as long as a signal is present and the $\overrightarrow{\text{RESET}}$ key is invalid while the signal is being maintained.

Operation keys

The operation keys are used to display records, status, and set values on the LCD, as well as to input or change set values. The function of each key is as follows:

- \bigcirc 0-9, -: Used to enter a selected number, numerical values and text strings.
- \mathbb{Q} $\mathbf{\nabla}$, \mathbf{A} : Used to move between lines displayed on a screen

Keys 2, 4, 6 and 8 marked with \bigtriangledown , \triangleleft , \blacktriangleright and \blacktriangle are also used to enter text strings.

- ③ (CANCEL): Used to cancel entries and return to the upper screen.
- \oplus (END): Used to end entry operation, return to the upper screen or turn off the display.
- (ENTER): Used to store or establish entries.

VIEW and RESET keys

Pressing (VIEW) key displays digest screens such as "Metering", "Latest fault" and "Auto-supervision".

Pressing (RESET) key turns off the display.

Monitoring jacks

The two monitoring jacks A and B and their respective LEDs can be used when the test mode is selected on the LCD screen. By selecting the signal to be observed from the "Signal List" and setting it on the screen, the signal can be displayed on LED A or LED B, or transmitted to an oscilloscope via a monitoring jack.

RS232C connector

The RS232C connector is a 9-way D-type connector for serial RS232C connection with a local personal computer.

4.1.2 Communication Ports

The following 3 individual interfaces are mounted as the communication ports:

- RS232C port
- Serial communication port (RS485 port, optional Fibre optic or Ethernet LAN etc.)
- IRIG-B port

(1) RS232C port

This connector is a standard 9-way D-type connector for serial port RS232C transmission and mounted on the front panel. By connecting with a personal computer using this connector, setting operation and display functions can be performed on the personal computer.

(2) Serial communication port

Two serial communication ports can be provided. In one port, it is connected to the RSM (Relay Setting and Monitoring system) via the protocol converter G1PR2 or IEC60870-5-103 communication via BCU/RTU (Bay Control Unit / Remote Terminal Unit) to connect between relays and to construct a network communication system. (See Figure 4.4.1 in Section 4.4.)

In another port, it is connected to the substation automation system via Ethernet communication networks using IEC 61850 protocol.

Screw terminal for RS485, ST connector for fibre optic, or 100Base-TX (RJ-45 connector) or 100Base-FX (SC connector) for Ethernet LAN is provided on the back of the relay as shown in Figure 4.1.1.

(3) IRIG-B port

The IRIG-B port is mounted on the transformer module. This port collects serial IRIG-B format data from the external clock to synchronize the relay calendar clock. The IRIG-B port is isolated from the external circuit by using a photocoupler. A BNC connector is used as the input connector.

This port is provided on the back of the relay and Figure 4.1.1 shows the location of this connector.



4.2 Operation of the User Interface

The user can access such functions as recording, measurement, relay setting and testing with the LCD display and operation keys.

4.2.1 LCD and LED Displays

Displays during normal operation

When the GRT100 is operating normally, the green "IN SERVICE" LED is lit and the LCD is off.

Press the (VIEW) key when the LCD is off to display the digest screens which are "Metering", "Latest fault" and "Auto-supervision" screens in turn. The last two screens are displayed only when there is some data. The following are the digest screens and can be displayed without entering the menu screens.

Metering1		08/Dec/1997	22:56
la1 ***.*kA	l a 2	**.**kA In1	**. **kA
lb1 ***.*kA	l b 2	**.**kA In2	**.**kA
lc1 ***.*kA	I c 2	**. **kA	
Metering2		08/Dec/1997	22:56
la3 ***.*kA		In 3	**.**kA
lb3 ***.*kA		V	***.*kV
lc3 ***.*kA			**.*Hz

Note: I 1 for primary(high-voltage) winding current

I $\Box 2$ for secondary(medium-voltage) winding current

I \square 3 for tertiary(low-voltage) winding current

Ia \Box , Ib \Box , Ic \Box for phase current

In \Box for neutral current

Press the (RESET) key to turn off the LCD.

For any display, the back-light is automatically turned off after five minutes.

Displays in tripping

Latest	fault	08/Dec/1997 22:56:**.***
Phase	BC	Trip 1-2-3-4-5
DIFT		

If a fault occurs and a tripping command is output when the LCD is off, the red "TRIP" LED and other configurable LED if signals assigned to trigger by tripping.

Press the (VIEW) key to scroll the LCD screen to read the rest of messages.

Press the (RESET) key to turn off the LEDs and LCD display.

Notes:

- When configurable LEDs (LED1 through LED4) are assigned to latch signals by trigger of tripping, press the RESET key more than 3s until the LCD screens relight. Confirm turning off the configurable LEDs. Refer to Table 4.2.1 Step 1.
- 2) Then, press the (RESET) key again on the "Latest fault" screen in short period, confirm turning

off the "TRIP" LED. Refer to Table 4.2.1 Step 2.

3) When only the "TRIP" LED is go off by pressing the (RESET) key in short period, press the (RESET) key again to reset remained LEDs in the manner 1) on the "Latest fault" screen or other digest screens. LED1 through LED4 will remain lit in case the assigned signals are still active state.

		LED ligh	ting status
	Operation	"TRIP" LED	Configurable LED (LED1 - LED4)
Step 1	Press the $(RESET)$ key more than 3s on the "Latest fault" screen	*	*
		continue to lit	turn off
Step 2	Then, press the RESET key in short period on the "Latest fault" screen		
		turn off	

Table 4.2.1 Turning off latch LED operation

When any of the menu screens is displayed, the VIEW and RESET keys do not function.

To return from menu screen to the digest "Latest fault" screen, do the following:

- Return to the top screen of the menu by repeatedly pressing the (END) key.
- Press the (END) key to turn off the LCD.
- Press the VIEW key to display the digest "Latest fault" screen.

Displays in automatic supervision operation

Auto-supervision 08	3/Dec/1997 22:56
	5, 500, 100, 22.00
DIO ell	

If the automatic supervision function detects a failure while the LCD is off, the "Auto-supervision" screen is displayed automatically, showing the location of the failure and the "ALARM" LED lights.

Press the <u>VIEW</u> key to display other digest screens in turn including the "Metering" and "Latest fault" screens.

Press the (RESET) key to turn off the LEDs and LCD display. However, if the failure continues, the "ALARM" LED remains lit.

After recovery from a failure, the "ALARM" LED and "Auto-supervision" display turn off automatically.

If a failure is detected while any of the screens is displayed, the current screen remains displayed and the "ALARM" LED lights.

Notes:

- 1) When configurable LEDs (LED1 through LED4) are assigned to latch signals by issuing an alarm, press the (RESET) key more than 3s until all LEDs reset except "IN SERVICE" LED.
- 2) When configurable LED is still lit by pressing **(RESET)** key in short period, press **(RESET)** key again to reset remained LED in the above manner.
- 3) LED1 through LED4 will remain lit in case the assigned signals are still active state.

While any of the menu screens is displayed, the (VIEW) and (RESET) keys do not function. To return to the digest "Auto-supervision" screen, do the following:

- Return to the top screen of the menu by repeatedly pressing the (END) key.
- Press the END key to turn off the LCD.
- Press the VIEW key to display the digest screen.
- Press the RESET key to turn off the LCD.

4.2.2 Relay Menu

Figure 4.2.1 shows the menu hierarchy in the GRT100. The main menu has five sub-menus, "Record", "Status", "Setting (view)", "Setting (change)", and "Test". For details of the menu hierarchy, see Appendix E.





Record

In the "Record" menu, the fault records, event records and disturbance records are displayed or erased.

Status

The "Status" menu displays the power system quantities, binary input and output status, relay measuring element status, signal source for time synchronization (IRIG-B, RSM or IEC) and adjusts the clock.

Setting (view)

The "Setting (view)" menu displays the relay version, plant name and the current settings of relay address and RS232C baud rate in communication, record, status, protection, configurable binary inputs and outputs, and configurable LEDs.

Setting (change)

The "Setting (change)" menu is used to set or change the settings of password, plant name, relay address and RS232C baud rate in communication, record, status, protection, configurable binary inputs and outputs, and configurable LEDs.

Since this is an important menu and is used to set or change settings related to relay tripping, it has password security protection.

Test

The "Test" menu is used to set testing switches, to forcibly operate binary output relays, to measure variable timer time and to observe the binary signals in the logic circuit.

This menu also has password security protection.

When the LCD is off, press any key other than the (VIEW) and (RESET) keys to display the top "MENU" screen and then proceed to the relay menus.

MENU	
1 = R e c o r d	2 = Status
3=Setting(view)	4=Setting(change)
5 = T e s t	

To display the "MENU" screen when the digest screen is displayed, press the (RESET) key to turn off the LCD, then press any key other than the (VIEW) and (RESET) keys.

Press the (END) key when the top screen is displayed to turn off the LCD.

An example of the sub-menu screen is shown below. The top line shows the hierarchical layer of the screen, screen title and total number of lines of the screen. The last item is not displayed for all the screens. "/6" displayed on the far left means that the screen is in the sixth hierarchical layer, while 1/7 displayed on the far right means that the screen has seven lines excluding the top line and that the cursor is on the first line.

To move the cursor downward or upward for setting or for viewing other lines not displayed on the window, use the ∇ and \triangle keys.

/6 VT	· &	CT	rat	c i o			1 /	7
1 C T	(1 -	20000):	2000	_		
2 C T	(1 -	20000):	1000			
3 C T	(1 -	20000):	400			
1 n C T	(1 –	20000):	100			
2 n C T	(1 -	20000):	100			
3 n C T	(1 -	20000):	100			
VΤ	(1 –	20000):	400			

To move to the lower screen or move from the left-side screen to the right-side screen in Appendix E, select the appropriate number on the screen. To return to the higher screen or move from the right-side screen to the left-side screen, press the $\overline{(END)}$ key.

The (CANCEL) key can also be used to return to the higher screen but it must be used carefully because it may cancel entries made so far.

To move between screens of the same hierarchical depth, first return to the higher screen and then move to the lower screen.

4.2.3 Displaying Records

The sub-menu of "Record" is used to display fault records, event records and disturbance records.

4.2.3.1 Displaying Fault Records

To display fault records, do the following:

- Open the top "MENU" screen by pressing any keys other than the (VIEW) and (RESET) keys.
- Select 1 (= Record) to display the "Record" sub-menu.

```
/1 Record
1=Fault record 2=Event record
3=Disturbance record
```

• Select 1 (= Fault record) to display the "Fault record" screen.

```
/2 Fault Record
1=Display 2=Clear
```

• Select 1 (= Display) to display the dates and times of fault records stored in the relay from the top in new-to-old sequence.

-			
/ 3	Fault record		1/ 4
<u>#</u> 1	16/0ct/1997	18:13:57.031	
# 2	20/Sep/1997	15:29:22.463	
# 3	6 0 4 / J u I / 1 9 9 7	11:54:53.977	

Move the cursor to the fault record line to be displayed using the ▲ and ▼ keys and press the (ENTER) key to display the details of the fault record.

	∕4 Fault Record #1 3⁄42	
Date and Time	16/Oct/1997 18:13:57.031	
Fault phase	Phase BC Trip 1-2-3-4-5 ← (CB tripped
Tripping mode>	DIFT	
	Prefault values	
(Ia1 **. **kA ***. *° Ia2 **. **kA ***. *°	
	Ib1 **. **kA ***. *° Ib2 **. **kA ***. *°	
	Ic1 **. **kA ***. *° Ic2 **. **kA ***. *°	
	I11 **. **kA ***. *° I12 **. **kA ***. *°	
	I21 **. **kA ***. *° I22 **. **kA ***. *°	
	IO1 **. **kA ***. *° IO2 **. **kA ***. *°	
	In1 **. **kA ***. *° In2 **. **kA ***. *°	
	Ia3 **. **kA ***. *°	
	Ib3 **. **kA ***. *°	
	Ic3 **. **kA ***. *°	
	I13 **. **kA ***. *°	
	I23 **. **kA ***. *°	
Power system	IO3 **. **kA ***. *°	
quantities ->	In3 **. **kA ***. *°	
	V ***. *kV ***. *°	
	Ida ***. **pu Id01 ***. **pu	
	Idb * * *. * * pu Id 0 2 * * *. * * pu	
	Idc ***. **pu Id03 ***. **pu	
	Fault values	
	Ia1 **. **kA ***. *° Ia2 **. **kA ***. *°	
	Ib1 **. **kA ***. *° Ib2 **. **kA ***. *°	
	Ic1 **. **kA ***. *° Ic2 **. **kA ***. *°	
	I11 **. **kA ***. *° I12 **. **kA ***. *°	
	I21 **. **kA ***. *° I22 **. **kA ***. *°	
	IO1 **. **kA ***. *° IO2 **. **kA ***. *°	
	In1 **. **kA ***. *° In2 **. **kA ***. *°	
	Ia3 **. **kA ***. *°	
	Ib3 **. **kA ***. *°	
	Ic3 **. **kA ***. *°	
	I13 **. **kA ***. *°	
	I23 **. **kA ***. *°	
	IO3 **. **kA ***. *°	
	In3 **. **kA ***. *°	
	V ***. *kV ***. *°	
	Ida ***. **pu Id01 ***. **pu	
	Idb ***. **pu Id02 ***. **pu	
	Idc ***. **pu Id03 ***. **pu	
(THM ***. *%	

Note: I 1 for primary(high-voltage) winding current

I 2 for secondary(medium-voltage) winding current

I \square 3 for tertiary(low-voltage) winding current

In \Box for neutral current

I1 \Box , I2 \Box , I0 \Box for symmetrical component current

Ida, Idb, Idc for differential current

Ido1, Ido2, Ido3 for zero-phase differential current in 1REF, 2REF, 3REF

The lines which are not displayed in the window can be displayed by pressing the \blacktriangle and \checkmark keys. To clear all the fault records, do the following:

- Open the "Record" sub-menu.
- Select 1 (Fault record) to display the "Fault record" screen.
- Select 2 (= Clear) to display the following confirmation screen.

/2 Fault record Clear all fault records? ENTER=Yes CANCEL=No

• Press the $\overline{(ENTER)}$ (= Yes) key to clear all the fault records stored in non-volatile memory.

If all fault records have been cleared, the "Latest fault" screen of the digest screens is not displayed.

4.2.3.2 Displaying Event Records

To display events records, do the following:

- Open the top "MENU" screen by pressing any keys other than the (VIEW) and (RESET) keys.
- Select 1 (= Record) to display the "Record" sub-menu.
- Select 2 (= Event record) to display the "Event record" screen.

```
/2 Event Record
1=Display 2=Clear
```

• Select 1 (= Display) to display the events with date and time from the top in new-to-old sequence.

/	3	Ε	۷	е	n	t		r	е	С	0	r	d														2	2/4	8
1	6	/ 0	С	t	/	1	9	9	8		2	3	:	1	8	:	0	4	2	9	4	Т	'r i	р				0 f	f
1	6	/ 0	С	t	/	1	9	9	8		2	3	:	1	8	:	0	3	9	1	3	Т	ri	р				0 n	
1	2	/ F	е	b	/	1	9	9	8		0	3	:	5	1	:	3	7	6	2	2	R	ly		set	C	h a	ang	е

The lines which are not displayed in the window can be displayed by pressing the \blacktriangle and \triangledown keys.

To clear all the event records, do the following:

- Open the "Record" sub-menu.
- Select 2 (Event record) to display the "Event record" screen.
- Select 2 (= Clear) to display the following confirmation screen.

/2 Event record Clear all event records? ENTER=Yes CANCEL=No

• Press the (ENTER) (= Yes) key to clear all the event records stored in non-volatile memory.

4.2.3.3 Displaying Disturbance Records

Details of the disturbance records can be displayed on the PC screen only (*); the LCD displays only the recorded date and time for all disturbances stored in the relay. To display them, do the following:

(*) For the display on the PC screen, refer to RSM100 manual.

• Open the top "MENU" screen by pressing any keys other than the (VIEW) and (RESET) keys.

- Select 1 (= Record) to display the "Record" sub-menu.
- Select 3 (= Disturbance record) to display the "Disturbance record" screen.

```
/2 Disturbance record
1=Display 2=Clear
```

• Select 1 (= Display) to display the date and time of the disturbance records from the top in new-to-old sequence.

```
/3 Disturbance record 3/12
#1 16/0ct/1997 18:13:57.031
#2 20/Sep/1997 15:29:22.463
#3 04/Jul/1997 11:54:53.977
```

The lines which are not displayed in the window can be displayed by pressing the \blacktriangle and \triangledown keys.

To clear all the disturbance records, do the following:

- Open the "Record" sub-menu.
- Select 3 (Disturbance record) to display the "Disturbance record" screen.
- Select 2 (= Clear) to display the following confirmation screen.

/2 Disturbance record Clear all disturbance records? ENTER=Yes CANCEL=No

• Press the ENTER (= Yes) key to clear all the disturbance records stored in non-volatile memory.

4.2.4 Displaying the Status

From the sub-menu of "Status", the following statuses can be displayed on the LCD:

Metering data of the protected transformer

Status of binary inputs and outputs

Status of measuring elements output

Status of time synchronization source

The data are renewed every second.

This sub-menu is also used to adjust the time of the internal clock.

4.2.4.1 Displaying Metering Data

To display metering data on the LCD, do the following.

• Select 2 (= Status) on the top "MENU" screen to display the "Status" screen.

```
/1 Status
1=Metering 2=Binary I/O
3=Relay element 4=Time sync source
5=Clock adjustment
```

• Select 1 (= Metering) to display the "Metering" screen.

/2 Metering	$16/0c \pm /1007$ $18.133/20$
1 a 1 **. **KA	***.*° laz **.**KA ***.*°
lb1 **.**kA	***.*° Ib2 **.**kA ***.*°
lc1 **.**kA	***.*° Ic2 **.**kA ***.*°
111 **. **kA	***.*° 12 **.**kA ***.*°
121 **. **kA	***.*° 22 **.**kA ***.*°
101 **. **kA	***.*° 102 **.**kA ***.*°
In1 **. **kA	***.*° In2 **.**kA ***.*°
la3 **.**kA	* * * . * ⁰
lb3 **.**kA	* * * . * ⁰
Ic3 **.**kA	* * * . * ⁰
113 **.**kA	* * * . * ⁰
123 **.**kA	* * * . * ⁰
103 **. **kA	* * * . * ⁰
In 3 **. **kA	* * * . * ⁰
V ***.*kV	* * * . * ⁰
Ida ***.**pu	ld01***.**pu
ldb ***.**pu	ld02***.**pu
ldc ***.**pu	ld03***. **pu
THM ***.*%	
Frequency	* * . * H Z

Note: I 🗆1 for primary(high-voltage) winding current

I $\Box 2$ for secondary(medium-voltage) winding current

I \Box 3 for tertiary(low-voltage) winding current

Ia \Box , Ib \Box , Ic \Box for phase current

In \Box for neutral current

I1□, I2□, I0□ for symmetrical component current

Ida, Idb, Idc for differential current

Ido1, Ido2, Ido3 for zero-phase differential current in 1REF, 2REF, 3REF

Metering data is expressed as primary values or secondary values depending on the setting. For setting, see Section 4.2.6.6.

4.2.4.2 Displaying the Status of Binary Inputs and Outputs

To display the binary input and output status, do the following:

- Select 2 (= Status) on the top "MENU" screen to display the "Status" screen.
- Select 2 (= Binary I/O) to display the binary input and output status. (Binary inputs and outputs depend oh the relay model.)

/2 Binary input &	output	t			3 /	5
Input (I0#1)	[000]	000	000	000		1
Input (I0#2)	[000]					1
Output(IO#1-trip)	[000]	00				1
Output(IO#2) Output(IO#3)	0007 0007	$\begin{smallmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\begin{smallmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	000	0 0	1 1

The display format is shown below.

	[■]
Input (IO#1)	BI1	BI2	BI3	BI4	BI5	BI6	BI7	BI8	BI9	BI10	BI11	BI12	_	_	_
Input (IO#2)	BI14	BI15	BI16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Output (IO#1-trip)	TP-1	TP-2	TP-3	TP-4	TP-5	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Output (IO#2)	BO1	BO2	BO3	BO4	BO5	BO6	BO7	BO8	BO9	BO10	BO11	BO12	FAIL	BO13	—
Output (IO#3)	BO1	BO2	BO3	BO4	BO5	BO6	BO7	BO8	BO9	BO10	_	_	_	_	_

Lines 1 and 2 show the binary input status. BI1 to BI16 corresponds to each binary input signal. For details of the binary input signals, see Appendix G. The status is expressed with logical level "1" or "0" at the photo-coupler output circuit. IO#1 and IO#2 in the table indicates the name of the module containing the binary input circuits.

Lines 3 to 5 show the binary output status. TP-1 to TP-5 of line 3 corresponding to the tripping command outputs. Models 203 and 204 are not provided with TP-4 and TP-5. FAIL of line 4 corresponds to the relay failure output. Other outputs expressed with BO1 to BO13 are configurable. The status of these outputs is expressed with logical level "1" or "0" at the input circuit of the output relay driver. That is, the output relay is energized when the status is "1".

IO#1 to IO#3 in the table indicate the names of the module containing the binary output relays.

To display all the lines, press the \blacktriangle and \triangledown keys.

4.2.4.3 Displaying the Status of Measuring Elements

To display the status of the measuring elements on the LCD, do the following:

- Select 2 (= Status) on the top "MENU" screen to display the "Status" screen.
- Select 3 (= Relay element) to display the status of the relay elements.

/2 Relav element					3 /	9
DIFT	ΓΟΟΟ	000	000	000		1
REF	ΓΟΟΟ					٦
0 C	[000]	000	000			1
0 C I	[000]	000	000			1
EF	ΓΟΟΟ					1
EFI	ΓΟΟΟ					1
THR	ΓΟΟ					1
V / F	[000]					٦
FRQ	ΓΟΟΟ	0				1

The display format is as shown below.

	[■														■]
	А	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	А	В	С	_	_	_
DIFT		DIF			2f			5f			HOC				
REF	1	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	_	—
00	А	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	_	_	_	_	_	_
00		10C			20C			30C							
001	А	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	_	_	_	_	_	_
001		10CI			20CI			30CI							
EF	1	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	_	_
EFI	1	2	3	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
THR	S	А	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
V/F	Н	Т	А	—	_	—	_	_	_	—	—	—	—	_	_
FRQ	L1	L2	H1	H2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Line 1 shows the operation status of current differential elements. Line 2 shows the status of restricted earth fault elements. Line 3 shows the status of overcurrent elements. Line 4 shows the status of time overcurrent elements. Line 5 shows the status of the overcurrent element for earth fault. Line 6 shows the status of time overcurrent elements for earth fault. Lines 7, 8 and 9 show the status of thermal overload element, overexcitation element and frequency element respectively.

The status of each element is expressed with logical level "1" or "0". Status "1" means the element is in operation.

To display all the lines on the LCD, press the \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown keys.

4.2.4.4 Displaying the Status of the Time Synchronization Source

The inner clock of the GRT100 can be synchronized with external clocks such as the IRIG-B time standard signal clock or RSM (relay setting and monitoring system) clock or by an IEC60870-5-103 or SNTP server. To display on the LCD whether these clocks are active or inactive and which clock the relay is synchronized with, do the following:

- Select 2 (= Status) on the top "MENU" screen to display the "Status" screen.
- Select 4 (= Time sync source) to display the status of time synchronization sources.

/	2	Т	i	mε	;	s	у	n c	; h	r c	n	i.	za	t	i c	n		s o u	r c	e e		4 /	4
		RΙ	G	:	I	n	а	c t	i	v e													
	R	SM	:		I	n	а	c t	i	v e													
		EC	:		I	n	а	c t	i	v e													
*	SI	ΝT	Ρ	:	A	С	t	i v	е	(S	е	r v	е	r	*)						

The asterisk on the far left shows that the internal clock is synchronized with the marked source clock. If the marked source clock is inactive, the internal clock runs locally.

For details of the setting time synchronization, see Section 4.2.6.6.

4.2.4.5 Adjusting the Time

To adjust the clock when the internal clock is running locally, do the following:

- Select 2 (= Status) on the top "MENU" screen to display the "Status" screen.
- Select 5 (= Clock adjustment) to display the setting screen.

/ 2	1	2 /	Feb/19	98	22	2:	56:19	[local]	1	/	5
Minu	ıte	(0 -	5	9)	:	4	1 _			
Hour	•	(0 -	2	3)	:	2	2			
Dау		(1 -	3	1)	:	1	2			
Mont	:h	(1 -	1	2)	:		2			
Year		(1990 -	208	9)	:	199	8			

Line 1 shows the current date, time and time synchronization source with which the internal clock is synchronized. The time can be adjusted only when [Local] is indicated on the top line, showing that the clock is running locally. When [IRIG] or [RSM] or [IEC] or [SNTP] is indicated, the following adjustment is invalid.

- Enter a numerical value within the specified range for each item and press the (ENTER) key.
- Press the END key to adjust the internal clock to the set hours without fractions and return to the previous screen.

If a date which does not exist in the calendar is set and (END) is pressed, "Error: Incorrect date" is displayed on the top line and the adjustment is discarded. Adjust again.

4.2.5 Viewing the Settings

The sub-menu "Setting (view)" is used to view the settings made using the sub-menu "Setting (change)" except for the relay version.

The following items are displayed:

Relay version Description Address in the RSM, IEC60870-5-103 or IEC61850 communication Recording setting Status setting Protection setting Binary input setting Binary output setting LED setting

Enter a number on the LCD to display each item as described in the previous sections.

4.2.5.1 Relay Version

To view the relay version, do the following.

• Press 3 (= Setting (view)) on the main "MENU" screen to display the "Setting (view)" screen.

```
/1 Setting(view)
1=Version 2=Description 3=Comm.
4=Record 5=Status 6=Protection
7=Binary input 8=Binary output 9=LED
```

• Press 1 (= Version) on the "Setting (view)" screen and the "Relay version" screen appears.

/2 Relay version		3/8
Relay type:	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * *
Serial No.:	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * *
Main software:	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * *
IEC61850 eng.∶	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * *
PLC data:	* * * * * * * * * * * (* * * * *	***)
IEC103 data:	* * * * * * * * * * * (* * * * *	***)
IEC61850 data:	* * * * * * * * * * * (* * * * *	***)
GOOSE subscript:	* * * * * * * * * * * (* * * * *	***)

4.2.5.2 Settings

The "Description", "Comm.", "Record", "Status", "Protection", "Binary input", "Binary output" and "LED" screens display the current settings input using the "Setting (change)" sub-menu.

4.2.6 Changing the Settings

The "Setting (change)" sub-menu is used to make or change settings for the following items:

Password

Description

Address in the RSM, IEC60870-5-103 or IEC61850 communication

Recording Status Protection Binary input Binary output LED

All of the above settings except the password can be seen using the "Setting (view)" sub-menu.

4.2.6.1 Setting Method

There are three setting methods as follows.

- To enter a selective number
- To enter numerical values
- To enter a text string

To enter a selected number

If a screen as shown below is displayed, perform setting as follows.

The number to the left of the cursor shows the current setting or default setting set at shipment. The cursor can be moved to upper or lower lines within the screen by pressing the \blacktriangle and \triangledown keys. If setting (change) is not required, skip the line with the \bigstar and \triangledown keys.

/6 Schem	e switch	า			1/***
DIFTPMD	1 = 3 P 0 R	2 = 1 P			1 _
1 R E F	1 = 1 0	2 = 2 0	3 = 3 0		1
2 R E F	1 = 1 0	2 = 2 0	3 = 3 0		1
3 R E F	1 = 1 0	2 = 2 0	3 = 3 0		1
REF_DEF	0 = 0 f f	1 = 0 n			1
M 1 O C I	1 = L o n g	2 = S t d	3 = V e r y	4 = E x t	1
M 2 O C I	1 = L o n g	2 = S t d	3 = V e r y	4 = E x t	1
M 3 0 C I	1 = L o n g	2 = S t d	3 = V e r y	4 = E x t	1
M1EFI	1 = L o n g	2 = S t d	3 = V e r y	4 = E x t	1
M 2 E F I	1 = L o n g	2 = S t d	3 = V e r y	4 = E x t	1
M3EFI	1 = L o n g	2 = S t d	3 = V e r y	4 = E x t	1
L / 0	0 = 0 f f	1 = 0 n			1
2 F – L O C K	0 = 0 f f	1 = 0 n			1
5F - LOCK	0 = 0 + 1	1 = 0 n			1
DIF1	0 = 0 + f	1 = 0 n			1
DIF2	0 = 0 + 1	1 = 0 n			1
DIF3	0 = 0 + +	1 = 0 n			1
	0 0.5 5	1 0			:
M = 14 - 1	0 = 0 + 1	I = 0 n			1
M. 14-2	$U = U \uparrow \uparrow$	1 = U N			1
M. 14-3	$\mathbf{U} = \mathbf{U} \uparrow \uparrow$	I = 0 n			1
S V C N T			A I M		1
		1 – 0 m	4 L M		1
U I SEN	U = U T T	i = 0 n			I

- Move the cursor to a setting line.
- Enter the selected number. (Numbers other than those displayed cannot be entered.)
- Press the ENTER key to confirm the entry and the cursor will move to the next line below. (On the lowest line, the entered number blinks.)
- After completing the setting on the screen, press the (END) key to return to the upper menu.

To correct the entered number, do the following.

- If it is before pressing the (ENTER) key, press the (CANCEL) key and enter the new number.
- If it is after pressing the ENTER key, move the cursor to the correct line by pressing the ▲ and ▼ keys and enter the new number.

Note: If the CANCEL key is pressed after any entry is confirmed by pressing the ENTER key, all the entries performed so far on the screen concerned are canceled and screen returns to the upper one.

When the screen shown below is displayed, perform setting as follows.

The number to the right of "Current No.=" shows the current setting.

/3 Change	active gro	oup (Active	group= *)
1 = G r o u p 1	2 = G r o u p 2	3 = G r o u p 3	4 = G r o u p 4
5 = G r o u p 5	6 = G r o u p 6	7 = G r o u p 7	8 = G r o u p 8
Current	No.= *	Selec	t No. = _

- Enter a number to the right of "Select No. = ". (Numbers other than those displayed cannot be entered.)
- Press the (ENTER) key to confirm the entry and the entered number blinks.
- After completing the setting on the screen, press the (END) key to return to the upper screen.

To correct the entered number, do the following.

- If it is before pressing the ENTER key, press the CANCEL key and enter the new number.
- If it is after pressing the ENTER key, enter the new number.

To enter numerical values

When the screen shown below is displayed, perform setting as follows:

The number to the left of the cursor shows the current setting or default setting set at shipment. The cursor can be moved to upper or lower lines within the screen by pressing the \blacktriangle and \triangledown keys. If setting (change) is not required, skip the line with the \bigstar and \triangledown keys.

/6 VT	F & C T	r a t	tio				1 /7
1 C T	(1 -	20000)	:	2000	_	
2 C T	(1 -	20000)	:	1000		
3 C T	(1 -	20000)	:	400		
1 n C T	(1 -	20000)	:	100		
2 n C T	(1 -	20000)	:	100		
3 n C T	(1 -	20000)	:	100		
VΤ	(1 -	20000)	:	400		

- Move the cursor to a setting line.
- Enter the numerical value.
- Press the (ENTER) key to confirm the entry and the cursor will move to the next line below. (If a numerical value outside the displayed range is entered, "Error: Out of range" appears on the top line and the cursor remains on the line. Press the (CANCEL) key to clear the entry.)
- After completing the setting on the screen, press the (END) key to return to the upper screen.

To correct the entered numerical value, do the following.

- If it is before pressing the ENTER key, press the CANCEL key and enter the new numerical value.
- If it is after pressing the ENTER key, move the cursor to the correct line by pressing the ▲ and ▼ keys and enter the new numerical value.

Note: If the CANCEL key is pressed after any entry is confirmed by pressing the ENTER key, all the entries made so far on the screen concerned are canceled and the screen returns to the upper one.

To enter a text string

Text strings are entered in the bracket under the "Plant name" or "Description" screen.

To select a character, use keys 2, 4, 6 and 8 to move the blinking cursor down, left, right and up. " \rightarrow " and " \leftarrow " on each of lines 2 to 4 indicate a space and backspace, respectively. A maximum of 22 characters can be entered within the brackets.



- Set the cursor position in the bracket by selecting " \rightarrow " or " \leftarrow " and pressing the ENTER key.
- Move the blinking cursor to select a character.
- Press the (ENTER) to enter the blinking character at the cursor position in the brackets.
- Press the $\overline{(END)}$ key to confirm the entry and return to the upper screen.

To correct the entered character, do either of the following.

- Discard the character by selecting "←" and pressing the ENTER key and enter the new character.
- Discard the whole entry by pressing the CANCEL key and restart the entry from the first.

To complete the setting

Enter after making entries on each setting screen by pressing the (ENTER) key, the new settings are not yet used for operation, though stored in the memory. To validate the new settings, take the following steps.

• Press the <u>END</u> key to the upper screen. Repeat this until the confirmation screen shown below is displayed. The confirmation screen is displayed just before returning to the "Setting (change)" sub-menu.

• When the screen is displayed, press the ENTER key to start operation using the new settings, or press the CANCEL key to correct or cancel entries. In the latter case, the screen turns back to the setting screen to enable re-entries. Press the CANCEL key to cancel entries made so far

and to turn to the "Setting (change)" sub-menu.

4.2.6.2 Password

For the sake of security of changing the settings and testing the relay, password protection can be set as follows;

• Press 4 (= Setting (change)) on the main "MENU" screen to display the "Setting (change)" screen.

/1 Setting(change) 1=Password 2=Description 3=RSM comm 4=Record 5=Status 6=Protection 7=Binary input 8=Binary output 9=LED

• Press 1 (= Password) to display the "Password" screen.

```
2 Password
Input new password [___]
Retype new password [__]
```

- Enter a 4-digit number within the brackets after "Input new password" and press the (ENTER) key.
- For confirmation, enter the same 4-digit number in the brackets after "Retype new password" and press the **(ENTER)** key.
- Press the END key to display the confirmation screen. If the retyped number is different from that first entered, the following message is displayed on the bottom of the "Password" screen before returning to the upper screen.

"Mismatch-password unchanged."

Re-entry is then requested.

• Press 2 (= Test) on the "Password" screen to set the password for the test.

```
/2 Test
Input new password [___]
Retype new password [__]
```

Set the password the same manner as that of the "Setting" above.

Password trap

After the password has been set, the password must be entered in order to enter the setting change and the test screens.

If 4 (= Setting (change)) is entered on the top "MENU" screen, the password trap screen "Password" is displayed. If the password is not entered correctly, it is not possible to move to the "Setting (change)" sub-menu screens.

```
Password
Input password [__]
```

Canceling or changing the password

To cancel the password protection, enter "0000" in the two brackets on the "Password" screen. The "Setting (change)" screen is then displayed without having to enter a password.

The password can be changed by entering a new 4-digit number on the "Password" screen in the same way as the first password setting.

If you forget the password

Press CANCEL and RESET together for one second on the top "MENU" screen. The screen disappears, and the password protection of the GRT100 is canceled. Set the password again.

4.2.6.3 Description

To enter the plant name and other data, do the following. These data are attached to records.

- Press 4 (= Setting (change)) on the main "MENU" screen to display the "Setting (change)" screen.
- Press 2 (= Description) to display the "Description" screen.

• To enter the plant name, select 1 (= Plant name) on the "Description" screen.

/3 Plant name [_] ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ ()[]@ ←→ abcdefghiiklmnoparstuvwxvz {}*/+-<=> ←→ 0123456789 !"#\$%&'::..^`

To enter special items, select 2 (= Description) on the "Description" screen.

```
/3 Description [ ]
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ ()[]@ \leftarrow \rightarrow
abcdefghiiklmnopqrstuvwxvz {}*/+-<=> \leftarrow \rightarrow
0123456789 !"#$%&'::..^`
```

• Enter the text string.

4.2.6.4 Communication

If the relay is linked with RSM (relay setting and monitoring system), IEC60870-5-103 or Ethernet LAN, the relay address must be set. Do this as follows:

- Press 4 (= Setting (change)) on the main "MENU" screen to display the "Setting (change)" screen.
- Press 3 (= Comm.) to display the "Communication" screen.

```
/2 Communication
1=Address/Parameter
2=Switch
```

• Press 1 (= Address/Parameter) to enter the relay address number.

/3 Addre	ss/Par	ameter		1 / **
HDLC (1 -	32):	1	-
IEC (0 -	254):	2	
SYADJ (–	-99999 -	9999):	0	ms
IP1-1 (0 -	254):	0)
IP1-2 (0 -	254):	0	
IP1-3 (0 -	254):	0	
IP1-4 (0 -	254):	0	
SM1-1(0 -	254):	0	
SM1-2(0 -	254):	0	For channel 1(port 1)
SM1-3 (0 -	254):	0	
SM1-4 (0 -	254):	0	
GW1-1(0 -	254):	0	
GW1-2(0 -	254):	0	
GW1-3 (0 -	254):	0	
GW1-4 (0 -	254):	0)
S I 1 – 1 (0 -	254):	0	٦
S I 1 – 2 (0 -	254):	0	For SNTP server 1
S I 1 – 3 (0 -	254):	0	
SI1-4 (0 -	254):	0	J
	:			
SI4-1 (0 -	254):	0	٦
S I 4 – 2 (0 -	254):	0	For SNTP server 4
S I 4 – 3 (0 -	254):	0	
SI4-4 (0 -	254):	0	J
SMODE (0 -	1):	0	
GOINT (1 -	60):	60	S
PG1-1(0 -	254):	0)
PG1-2(0 -	254):	0	For channel 1(port 1)
PG1-3(0 -	254):	0	
PG1-4 (0 -	254):	0	J

• Enter the address number on "HDLC" column for RSM and/or "IEC" column for IEC60870-5-103 and the compensation value on "SYADJ" column for adjustment of time synchronization of protocol used (-: lags the time, +: leads the time). Enter IP address for IP1-1 to IP1-4, Subnet mask for SM1-1 to SM1-4, Default gateway for GW1-1 to GW1-4, and SNTP server address for SI1-1 to SI4-4. Four SNTP servers are available.

Enter "0" or "1" on "SMODE" column to set the standard time synchronized mode for SNTP server. Using low accuracy level of time server, synchronized compensation to maintain synchronization accuracy may not be done automatically. Therefore enter "1", and synchronized compensation is done forcibly. The default setting is "0".

Enter the time on "GOINT" to set the maximum GOOSE message publishing term if GOOSE message receive checked.

Enter the IP address of the device for PG1-1 to PG1-4 if Ping response checked.

IP address: ***, ***, ***, *** IP1-1 IP1-2 IP1-3 IP1-4

SM1-1 to SM1-4, GW1-1 to GW1-4, SI1-1 to SI4-4, PG1-1 to PG1-4: same as above.

• Press the ENTER key.

CAUTION: Do not overlap the number in a network.

• Press 2 (= Switch) on the "Communication" screen to select the protocol, transmission speed

/3 Switch		1/ *
PRTCL1	1 = H D L C 2 = I E C 1 0 3	2 _
232C	$1 = 9 \ . \ 6 2 = 1 \ 9 \ . \ 2 3 = 3 \ 8 \ . \ 4 4 = 5 \ 7 \ . \ 6$	4
IECBR	1 = 9 . 6 2 = 1 9 . 2	2
IECBLK	1=Normal 2=Blocked	1
8 5 0 B L K	1=Normal 2=Blocked	1
8 5 0 A U T	0 = 0 f f 1 = 0 n	1
TSTMOD	0 = 0 f f 1 = 0 n	0
GSECHK	0 = 0 f f 1 = 0 n	0
PINGCHK	0 = 0 f f 1 = 0 n	0

(baud rate) and test mode setting, etc., of the RSM or IEC60870-5-103 or IEC61850.

• Select the number corresponding to the system and press the ENTER key.

<PRTCL1>

PRTCL1 is used to select the protocol for channel 1 (COM1 or OP1) of the serial communication port RS485 or FO (fibre optic).

• When the remote RSM system applied, select 1 (=HDLC). When the IEC60870-5-103 applied, select 2 (=IEC103).

<232C>

This line is to select the RS-232C baud rate when the RSM system applied.

Note: The default setting of the 232C is 9.6kbps. The 57.6kbps setting, if possible, is recommended to serve user for comfortable operation. The setting of RSM100 is also set to the same baud rate.

<IECBR>

This line is to select the baud rate when the IEC60870-5-103 system applied.

<IECBLK>

Select 2 (=Blocked) to block the monitor direction in the IEC60870-5-103 communication.

<850BLK>

Select 2 (=Blocked) to block the monitor direction in the IEC61850 communication.

<850AUT>

In the IEC61850 communication, GRT100 provides the access restriction which permits a client to access only if an authentication parameter matches with a valid parameter (password). Password is 4-digit number and shared with RSM100.

Select 1 (=On) to use the authentication function.

<TSTMOD>

Select 1 (=On) to set the test mode in the IEC61850 communication.

<GSECHK>

This function is to alarm if any one of GOOSE messages written in GOOSE subscribe file cannot be received.

Select 1 (=On) to execute GOOSE receive check in the IEC61850 communication.

<PINGCHK>

This function is to check the health of network by regularly sending Ping to IP address which is set on PG^{*-*} .

Select 1 (=On) to execute Ping response check.

4.2.6.5 Setting the Recording

To set the recording function as described in Section 4.2.3, do the following:

- Press 4 (= Setting (change)) on the main "MENU" screen to display the "Setting (change)" screen.
- Press 4 (= Record) to display the "Record" screen.

```
/2 Record
1=Fault record 2=Event record
3=Disturbance record
```

Setting the fault recording

• Press 1 (= Fault record) to display the "Fault record" screen.

```
/3 Fault record 1/1
Phase mode 1=Operating 2=Fault 1 _
```

• Enter 1 or 2 and press the ENTER key.

Enter 1 (= Operating) to display the operating phase.

Enter 2 (= Fault) to display the fault phase.

Setting the event recording

• Press 2 (= Event record) to display the "Event record" screen.

/3 Ev	ent r	ecord			1 / 1 2 9
BITRN	(0 -	128):	128 _	
E V 1	(0 -	3071):	0	
E V 2	(0 -	3071):	1	
E V 3	(0 -	3071):	1	
E V 4	(0 -	3071):	1	
E V 5	(0 -	3071):	3071	
E V 6	(0 -	3071):	3071	
E V 7	(0 -	3071):	3071	
E V 8	(0 -	3071):	3071	
E V 9	(0 -	3071):	3071	
E V 1 0	(0 -	3071):	3071	
		:			
		:			
		:			
E V 1 2 8	(0 -	3071):	3071	

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BITRN>

• Enter the number of event to record the status change both to "On" and "Off". If enter 20, both status change is recorded for EV1 to EV20 events and only the status change to "On" is recorded for EV21 to EV128 events.

<EV*>

• Enter the signal number to record as the event in Appendix B. It is recommended that this setting can be performed by RSM100 because the signal name cannot be entered by LCD screen. (Refer to Section 3.4.2.)

Setting the disturbance recording

• Press 3 (= Disturbance record) to display the "Disturbance record" screen.

```
/3 Disturbance record
1=Record time & starter
2=Scheme switch
3=Binary signal
```

• Press 1 (= Record time & starter) to display the "Record time & starter" screen.

/4 Rec	ord time	& starte	r	1 / 5
Time (0.1-	3.0):	1.0 _	S
10CPS (0.10-	20.00):	1.00	рu
20CPS (0.10-	20.00):	1.00	рu
1 O C P G (0.05-	20.00):	1.00	рu
2 O C P G (0.10-	20.00):	1.00	рu

• Enter the recording time and starter element settings.

To set starters, do the following:

• Press 2 (= Scheme switch) on the "Disturbance record" screen to display the "Scheme switch" screen.

/4 Sche	me swit	c h	1 / 14
TRIP1	0=0ff	1 = 0 n	1 –
TRIP2	0=0ff	1 = 0 n	1
TRIP3	0=0ff	1 = 0 n	1
:	:	:	1
EVENT3	0=0ff	1 = 0 n	1

- Enter 1 to use as a starter or enter 0 if not to use.
- Press 3 (= Binary signal) on the "Disturbance record" screen to display the "Binary signal" screen.

/4 Binary	sign	a		1 / 3 2
SIG1 (0 -	3071):	1 _	
SIG2 (0 -	3071):	2	
SIG3 (0 -	3071):	3	
SIG4 (0 -	3071):	4	
S I G 3 2 (0 -	3071):	0	

• Enter the signal number to record binary signals in Appendix B. It is recommended that this

setting can be performed by RSM100 because the signal name cannot be entered by LCD screen. (Refer to Section 3.4.3.)

4.2.6.6 Status

To set the status display described in Section 4.2.4, do the following.

Press 5 (= Status) on the "Setting (change)" sub-menu to display the "Status" screen.

/ 2 Status
1 = Metering
2 = Time synchronization
3 = Time zone

Setting the metering

• Press 1 (= Metering) to display the "Metering" screen.

```
/3 Metering 1/1
Display value 1=Primary 2=Secondary 1 _
```

• Enter the selected number and press the ENTER key. Repeat this for all items.

Setting the time synchronization

The calendar clock can run locally or be synchronized with external IRIG-B time standard signal, RSM clock, IEC60870-5-103(IEC) or SNTP. This is selected by setting as follows:

• Press 2 (= Time synchronization) to display the "Time synchronization" screen.

/3 Time synchronization 0=0ff 1=IRIG 2=RSM 3=IEC 4=SNTP Current No.=0 Select No.=_

• Enter the selected number and press the (ENTER) key.

Note: When to select IRIG-B, RSM, IEC, or SNTP, check that they are active on the "Time synchronization source" screen in "Status" sub-menu. If it is set to an inactive IRIG-B, RSM, IEC, or SNTP, the calendar clock runs locally.

Setting the time zone

When the calendar clock is synchronized with the IRIG-B time standard, it is possible to transform GMT to the local time.

• Press 3 (= Time zone) to display the "Time zone" screen.

/3 Time	zone			1 / 2
GMT (-12-	+12):	+ 9 _	hrs
GMTm (-59-	+59):	+ 0	min

• Enter the difference between GMT and local time. Enter a numerical value to GMT (hrs) and GMTm (min), and press the ENTER key.

4.2.6.7 Protection

The GRT100 can have 8 setting groups for protection according to the change of power system operation, one of which is assigned to be active. To set protection, do the following:

• Press 6 (= Protection) on the "Setting (change)" screen to display the "Protection" screen.

```
/2 Protection
1=Change active group
2=Change setting
3=Copy group
```

Changing the active group

• Press 1 (= Change active group) to display the "Change active group" screen.

/3 Change	active gr	oup (Active	group= *)
1 = G r o u p 1	2 = G r o u p 2	3 = G r o u p 3	4 = G r o u p 4
5 = G r o u p 5	6 = G r o u p 6	7 = G r o u p 7	8 = G r o u p 8
Current	No.= *	Seleo	ct No. = _

• Enter the selected number and press the ENTER key.

Changing the settings

Almost all the setting items have default values that are set when the product GRT100 was shipped. For the default values, see Appendix D and H. To change the settings, do the following:

• Press 2 (= Change setting) to display the "Change setting" screen.

/3Change setting(Active group= *)1 = Group12 = Group23 = Group34 = Group45 = Group56 = Group67 = Group78 = Group8

• Press the group number to change the settings and display the "Protection" screen.

/4 Protection (Group *) 1=Transformer parameter 2=Trip

Settings are required for transformer parameter and protection functions.

Setting the transformer parameters

Enter the VT&CT ratio as follows:

• Press 1 (= Transformer parameter) on the "Protection" screen to display the "Transformer parameter" screen.

/5 Transformer parameter (Group *) 1=VT & CT ratio

• Press 1 (VT&CT ratio) to display the "VT&CT ratio" screen.

/6 V1	& C T	rat	tio			1 /7
1 C T	(1 -	20000) :	: 2000	-	
2 C T	(1 -	20000) :	: 1000		
3 C T	(1 -	20000) :	: 400		
1 n C T	(1 -	20000) :	100		
2 n C T	(1 -	20000) :	: 100)	
3 n C T	(1 -	20000) :	: 100)	
VΤ	(1 -	20000) :	: 400		

- Enter the VT ratio and press the ENTER key.
- Enter the CT ratio and press the (ENTER) key.

CAUTION

Do not set the CT primary rated current. Set the CT ratio.

(CT ratio) = (CT primary rated current [A]) / (Relay rated current [A])

• Press the $\overline{(END)}$ key to return the display to the "Transformer parameter" screen.

Setting the protection function

To set the protection schemes, scheme switches and protection elements, do the following. Protection elements are measuring elements and timers.

Note: Depending on the selected protection scheme and scheme switch setting, some of the scheme switches and protection elements are not used and so need not be set. The protection function setting menu of the GRT100 does not display unnecessary setting items. Therefore, start by setting the protection scheme, then set the scheme switch, then the protection elements.

As a result of the above, note that some of the setting items described below may not appear in the actual setting.

• Press 2 (= Trip) on the "Protection" screen to display the "Trip" screen.

/5 Trip (Group *)
1 = Phase matching
2 = Scheme switch
3 = Protection element

Setting the phase matching

- Press 1 (= Phase matching) to display the "Phase matching" screen.
- Select 1 (= Alpha) or 2 (= Beta) to set the phase matching method.

/6 Phase ma 1=Alpha 2=	atching =Beta			
Current N	No.= 2	Select	No.	= _

Note: If the "Alpha" is selected, the phase matching method corresponds to that of GRT100-xxxC model. If the "Beta", it corresponds to that of GRT100-xxxA and -xxxB models.

• Press the (END) key to return the display to the "Trip" screen.

Setting the scheme switch

• Press 2 (= Scheme switch) to display the "Scheme switch" screen.
/ C. Cahama					1 /
/o Scheme	e swilcr	1			/ * * *
DIFTPMD	1 = 3 P 0 R	2 = 1 P			1 _
1 R E F	1 = 1 0	2 = 2 0	3 = 3 0		1
2 R E F	1 = 1 0	2 = 2 0	3 = 3 0		1
3 R E F	1 = 1 0	2 = 2 0	3 = 3 0		1
REF_DEF	0 = 0 f f	1 = 0 n			1
M1OCI	1 = L o n g	2 = S t d	3 = V e r y	4 = E x t	1
M 2 O C I	1 = Long	2 = S t d	3 = Very	4 = E x t	1
M 3 0 C I	1 = Long	2 = S t d	3 = Very	4 = E x t	1
M1EFI	1 = Long	2 = S t d	3 = Very	4 = E x t	1
M 2 E F I	1 = Long	2 = S t d	3=Very	4 = E x t	1
M3EFI	1 = Long	2 = S t d	3 = V e r y	4 = E x t	1
L / 0	0 = 0 f f	1 = 0 n			1
2 F – L O C K	0 = 0 f f	1 = 0 n			1
5 F - L O C K	0 = 0 f f	1 = 0 n			1
DIF1	0 = 0 f f	1 = 0 n			1
DIF2	0 = 0 f f	1 = 0 n			1
DIF3	0 = 0 f f	1 = 0 n			1
:					:
M. T4-1	0 = 0 f f	1 = 0 n			1
M. T4-2	0 = 0 f f	1 = 0 n			1
M. T4-3	0 = 0 f f	1 = 0 n			1
:					:
SVCNT	0 = A L M & E	3LK 1=#	LM		1
CTSEN	0 = 0 f f	1 = 0 n			1

Note: The menu of DIFTPMD depends on the phase matching. The above screen is α -method (Alpha). In the case of β -method (Beta), DIFTPMD is 1=3POR, 2=2PAND, 3=1P. Refer to Section 2.2.1.

If the "On" is selected in the menu of REF_DEF, the REF characteristic corresponds to that of GRT100-xxxC model. If the "Off", it corresponds to that of GRT100-xxxA and -xxxB models.

• Enter the number corresponding to the switch status to be set and press the ENTER key for each switch.

The setting of REF depends on the type of the transformer. The setting method is shown in Appendix L.

• After setting all switches, press the (END) key to return to the "Trip" screen.

Setting the protection elements

• Press 3 (= Protection element) on the "Trip" screen to display the "Protection element" screen.

/6 Protect	ion element	(Group= *)
1 = D I F T	2 = R E F	3 = 0 C
4 = T H R	5 = V / F	6 = F R Q

<DIFT>

- Press 1 (= DIFT) to display the "DIFT" screen. The measuring elements used in the current differential protection are set using this screen.
- Enter the numerical value and press the (ENTER) key for each element.
- After setting all elements, press the (END) key to return to the "Protection element" menu.

/7 DI	FΤ				1 / 1 5
i k	(0.10-	1.00):	0.10	_ pu
р1	(10-	100):	10	%
p 2	(10-	200):	100	%
kр	(1.00-	20.00):	1.00	рu
kct1	(0.05-	50.00):	1.00	
kct2	(0.05-	50.00):	1.50	
kct3	(0.05-	50.00):	2.00	
y d _ p	(1 -	2):	1	
yd_s	(1 -	2):	1	
vec_s	(1 -	11):	0	
yd_t	(1 -	2):	1	
vec_t	(1 -	11):	0	
k 2 f	(10-	50):	10	%
k 5 f	(10-	100):	5 0	%
k h	(2.00-	20.00):	2.00	рu

<REF>

- Press 2 (= REF) to display the "REF" screen. The measuring elements and timers used in the restricted earth fault protection are set using this screen.
- Enter the numerical value and press the ENTER key for each element.
- After setting all elements, press the $\overline{\text{END}}$ key to return to the "Protection element" menu.

/7 REF				1 / 2 1
1ik (0.05-	0.50):	0.05 _	рu
1 k c t 1 (1.00-	50.00):	1.00	
1 k c t 2 (1.00-	50.00):	1.00	
1kct3(1.00-	50.00):	1.00	
1p2 (50-	100):	50	%
1kp (0.50-	2.00):	1.00	рu
2 i k (0.05-	0.50):	0.50	рu
2kct1(1.00-	50.00):	1.00	
2 k c t 2 (1.00-	50.00):	1.00	
2kct3 (1.00-	50.00):	1.00	
2p2 (50-	100):	50	%
2 k p (0.50-	2.00):	1.00	рu
3 i k (0.05-	0.50):	0.50	рu
3kct1(1.00-	50.00):	1.00	
3kct2(1.00-	50.00):	1.00	
3kct3 (1.00-	50.00):	1.00	
3p2 (50-	100):	50	%
3kp (0.50-	2.00):	1.00	рu
T1REF(0.00-	10.00):	0.01	S
T2REF(0.00-	10.00):	0.01	S
T3REF (0.00-	10.00):	0.01	S

<0C>

• Press 3 (OC) to display the "OC" screen. The overcurrent elements and timers are set using this screen.

- Enter the numerical value and press the ENTER key for each element.
- After setting all elements, press the $\overline{\text{END}}$ key to return to the "Protection element" menu.

/7 OC					1/24
1 O C	(0.10-	20.00):	0.10 _	рu
2 O C	(0.10-	20.00):	0.10	рu
3 O C	(0.10-	20.00):	0.10	рu
T 1 0 C	(0.00-	10.00):	0.00	S
T 2 0 C	(0.00-	10.00):	0.00	S
T 3 0 C	(0.00-	10.00):	0.00	S
1001	(0.10-	5.00):	0.10	рu
2001	(0.10-	5.00):	0.10	рu
3001	(0.10-	5.00):	0.10	рu
T 1 0 C I	(0.05-	1.00):	0.50	
T 2 0 C I	(0.05-	1.00):	0.50	
T 3 0 C I	(0.05-	1.00):	0.50	
1 E F	(0.10-	20.00):	0.10	рu
2 E F	(0.10-	20.00):	0.10	рu
3 E F	(0.10-	20.00):	0.10	рu
T 1 E F	(0.00-	10.00):	0.00	S
T 2 E F	(0.00-	10.00):	0.00	S
T 3 E F	(0.00-	10.00):	0.00	S
1 E F I	(0.10-	5.00):	0.10	рu
2 E F I	(0.10-	5.00):	0.10	рu
3 E F I	(0.10-	5.00):	0.10	рu
T 1 E F I	(0.05-	1.00):	0.50	
T 2 E F I	(0.05-	1.00):	0.50	
T 3 E F I	(0.05-	1.00):	0.50	

<THR>

- Press 4 (= THR) to display the "THR" screen. The measuring elements and the timer used in the thermal overload protection are set using this screen.
- Enter the numerical value and press the (ENTER) key for each element.
- After setting all elements, press the $\overline{\text{END}}$ key to return to the "Protection element" menu.

_					_
/ 7	THR				1/5
τ	(0.5-	500.0):	0.5_	min
k	(0.10-	4.00):	0.10	
ΙB	(0.50-	2.50):	0.50	рu
lр	(0.00-	1.00):	0.50	рu
ΤA	(0 -	10):	0	min

<V/F>

- Press 5 (= V/F) to display the "V/F" screen. The measuring elements and timers used in the overexcitation protection are set using this screen.
- Enter the numerical value and press the ENTER key for each element.
- After setting all elements, press the $\overline{(END)}$ key to return to the "Protection element" menu.

/ 7	V / F				1/9
V	(100.0-	120.0):	100.0 _	V
Α	(1.03-	1.30):	1.10	рu
L	(1.05-	1.30):	1.20	рu
Н	(1.10-	1.40):	1.30	рu
LΤ	(1 -	600):	1	S
ΗT	(1 –	600):	1	S
RΤ	(60-	3600):	60	S
ΤVF	FH (1 –	600):	1	S
ΤVF	FA (1 –	600):	1	S

<FRQ>

- Press 6 (= FRQ) to display the "FRQ" screen. The measuring elements and timers used in the frequency protection are set using this screen.
- Enter the numerical value and press the (ENTER) key for each element.
- After setting all elements, press the (END) key to return to the "Protection element" menu.

/7 FRQ				1 / 6
81-1 (45.00-	55.00):	45.00 _	Ηz
81-2 (45.00-	55.00):	45.00	Ηz
UV (40-	100):	4 0	V
TFRQL (0.00-	60.00):	0.00	s
TFRQH (0.00-	60.00):	0.00	S
TFRQA (0.00-	60.00):	0.00	S

Setting group copy

To copy the settings of one group and overwrite them to another group, do the following:

• Press 3 (= Copy group) on the "Protection" screen to display the "Copy group A to B" screen.

```
/3 Copy group A to B (Active group= *)
A ( 1- 8):
B ( 1- 8):
```

- Enter the group number to be copied in line A and press the ENTER key.
- Enter the group number to be overwritten by the copy in line B and press the (ENTER) key.

4.2.6.8 Binary Input

The logic level of binary input signals can be inverted by setting before entering the scheme logic. Inversion is used when the input contact cannot meet the conditions described in Table 3.2.2.

• Press 7 (= Binary input) on the "Setting (change)" sub-menu to display the "Binary input" screen.

/2 Binary	input	1 = N o r m	2 = l n v	1 / 1 5
BISW 1				1 _
BISW 2				1
BISW 3				1
BISW 4				1
BISW 5				1
:				:
BISW14				1
B I S W 1 5				1
BISW16				1

• Enter 1 (= Normal) or 2 (= Inverted) and press the ENTER key for each binary input.

4.2.6.9 Binary Output

All the binary outputs of the GRT100 except the tripping command, and the relay failure signal are user-configurable. It is possible to assign one signal or up to six ANDing or ORing signals to one output relay. Available signals are listed in Appendix B.

It is also possible to attach a drop-off delay time of 0.2 seconds to these signals. The drop-off delay time is disabled by the scheme switch [BOTD].

Appendix D shows the factory default settings.

To configure the binary output signals, do the following:

Selection of output module

• Press 8 (= Binary output) on the "Setting (change)" screen to display the "Binary output" screen. The available output module(s) will be shown.

/2 Binary	output
1 = 1 0 # 2	2 = 1 0 # 3

• Press the number corresponding to the selected output module to display the "Binary output" screen.

/3 Binary Select BO	output	(1-13)	(02)
		Select No.=	= _

Note: The setting is required for all the binary outputs. If any of the binary outputs are not to be used, enter 0 for the logic gates #1 to #6 when assign signals.

Selecting the output relay

• Enter the output relay number and press the ENTER key to display the "Setting" screen.

/4 Setting (B01 of I02) 1=Logic gate type & delay timer 2=Input to logic gate Setting the logic gate type and timer

• Press 1 to display the "Logic gate type and delay timer" screen.

/5 Logic gate type & delay timer1 /Logic1=0R2=AND1BOTD0=0ff1=0n1

- Enter 1 or 2 to use an OR gate or AND gate and press the ENTER key.
- Enter 0 or 1 to add 0.2s drop-off delay time to the output relay or not and press the ENTER key.
- Press the (END) key to return to the "Setting" screen.

Assigning signals

• Press 2 on the "Setting" screen to display the "Input to logic gate" screen.

/ 5	lnput	to lo	gic gate		1 / 6
Ιn	#1 (0 -	3071):	21 _	
Ιn	#2 (0 -	3071):	4	
Ιn	#3 (0 -	3071):	6 7	
Ιn	#4 (0 -	3071):	0	
Ιn	#5 (0 -	3071):	0	
Ιn	#6 (0 -	3071):	0	

• Assign signals to gates (In #1 to #6) by entering the number corresponding to each signal referring to Appendix B.

Note: If signals are not assigned to all the gates #1 to #6, enter 0 for the unassigned gate(s).

Repeat this process for the outputs to be configured.

4.2.6.10 LEDs

Four LEDs of the GRT100 are user-configurable. Each is driven via a logic gate which can be programmed for OR gate or AND gate operation. Further, each LED has a programmable reset characteristic, settable for instantaneous drop-off, or for latching operation. The signals listed in Appendix B can be assigned to each LED as follows.

Selection of LED

• Press 9 (= LED) on the "Setting (change)" screen to display the "LED" screen.

/2 LED Select LED	(1- 4)
	Select No.= _

• Enter the LED number and press the (ENTER) key to display the "Setting" screen.

/3 Setting (LED1) 1=Logic gate type & reset 2=Input to logic gate Setting the logic gate type and reset

• Press 1 to display the "Logic gate type and reset" screen.

/4 Logic gate type & reset1/Logic 1=0R 2=AND1_Reset 0=Inst 1=Latch1

- Enter 1 or 2 to use an OR gate or AND gate and press the [ENTER] key.
- Enter 0 or 1 to select "Instantaneous reset" or "Latch reset" and press the ENTER key.
- Press the (END) key to return to the "Setting" screen.

Note: To release the latch state, refer to Section 4.2.1.

Assigning signals

• Press 2 on the "Setting" screen to display the "Input to logic gate" screen.

/ 4	lnput	to log	gic gate		1 /	4
Ιn	#1 (0 -	3071) :	21		
Ιn	#2 (0 -	3071) :	4		
Ιn	#3 (0 -	3071) :	67		
Ιn	#4 (0 -	3071) :	0		

• Assign signals to gates (In #1- #4) by entering the number corresponding to each signal referring to Appendix B.

Note: If signals are not assigned to all the gates #1-#4, enter 0 to the unassigned gate(s).

Repeat this process for other LEDs to be configured.

4.2.7 Testing

The sub-menu "Test" provides such functions as setting of testing switches, forced operation of binary outputs, time measurement of the variable setting timer and logic signal observation.

The password must be entered in order to enter the test screens because the "Test" menu has password security protection. (See Section 4.2.6.2.)

4.2.7.1 Setting the switches

The automatic monitor function (A.M.F.) can be disabled by setting the switch [A.M.F] to "OFF".

Disabling the A.M.F. prevents tripping from being blocked even in the event of a failure in the items being monitored by this function. It also prevents failures from being displayed on the "ALARM" LED and LCD described in Section 4.2.1. No events related to A.M.F. are recorded, either.

Disabling A.M.F. is useful for blocking the output of unnecessary alarms during testing.

Note: Set the switch [A.M.F] to "Off" before applying the test inputs, when the A.M.F is disabled.

The switch [Reset] is used to test the THR and V/F elements. When the switch [Reset] is set to "1", the time counting of inverse time characteristic can be forcibly reset.

While the switch [A.M.F] is set to "0" or [Reset] is set to "1", the red "TESTING" LED is lit for

alarm purposes.

Caution: Be sure to restore these switches after the tests are completed.

Disabling automatic monitoring

• Press 5 (= Test) on the top "MENU" screen to display the "Test" screen.

/1 Test 1=Switch 2=Binary output 3=Timer 4=Logic circuit

• Press 1 (= Switch) to display the "Switch" screen.

/2 Swite	c h		1/3
A. M. F.	0 = 0 f f	1 = 0 n	1 _
Reset	0 = 0 f f	1 = 0 n	0
IECTST	0 = 0 f f	1 = 0 n	1

- Enter 0 for A.M.F to disable the A.M.F. and press the ENTER key.
- Enter 1(=On) for IECTST to transmit 'test mode' to the control system by IEC60870-5-103 communication when testing the local relay, and press the ENTER key.
- Press the (END) key to return to the "Test" screen.

Resetting the time counting of THR and V/F elements

- Enter 1 for Reset to reset the time counting forcibly and press the (ENTER) key.
- Press the END key to return to the "Test" screen.

4.2.7.2 Binary Output Relay

It is possible to forcibly operate all binary output relays for checking connections with the external devices. Forced operation can be performed on one or more binary outputs at a time for each module.

• Press 2 (= Binary output) on the "Test" screen to display the "Binary output" screen.

/2 Binary output 1=10#1 2=10#2 3=10#3

The LCD displays the output modules mounted depending on the model.

• Enter the selected number corresponding to each module to be operated. Then the LCD displays the name of the module, the name of the output relay, the name of the terminal block and the terminal number to which the relay contact is connected.

/3 B()	(0 = D i s a b e 1 = E n a b e)	1 / 1 4
10#2	B 0 1		1 _
10#2	B 0 2		1
10#2	B 0 3		1
10#2	B 0 4		0
10#2	B 0 5		0
10#2	B 0 6		0
10#2	B 0 7		0
10#2	B 0 8		0
10#2	B O 9		0
10#2	B 0 1 0		0
10#2	B011		0
10#2	B 0 1 2		0
10#2	FAIL		0
10#2	B 0 1 3		0

- Enter 1 and press the ENTER key.
- After completing the entries, press the (END) key. Then the LCD displays the screen shown below.

```
/3 BO
Keep pressing 1 to operate.
Press CANCEL to cancel.
```

- Keep pressing 1 key to operate the output relays forcibly.
- Release the press of 1 key to reset the operation.

4.2.7.3 Timer

The pick-up or drop-off delay time of the variable timer used in the scheme logic can be measured with monitoring jacks A and B. Monitoring jacks A and B are used to observe the input signal and output signal to the timer respectively.

• Press 3 (= Timer) on the "Test" screen to display the "Timer" screen.



- Enter the number corresponding to the timer to be observed and press the ENTER key. The timers and related numbers are listed in Appendix C.
- Press the (END) key to display the following screen.

/2 Timer Press ENTER to operate. Press CANCEL to cancel.

• Press the ENTER key to operate the timer. The "TESTING" LED turns on, and timer is

initiated and the following display appears. The input and output signals of the timer can be observed at monitoring jacks A and B respectively. The LEDs above monitoring jacks A or B are also lit if the input or output signal exists.

```
/2 Timer
Operating...
Press END to reset.
Press CANCEL to cancel.
```

- Press the (END) key to reset the input signal to the timer. The "TESTING" LED turns off.
- Press the CANCEL key to test other timers. Repeat the above testing.

4.2.7.4 Logic Circuit

It is possible to observe the binary signal level on the signals listed in Appendix B with monitoring jacks A and B.

• Press 4 (= Logic circuit) on the "Test" screen to display the "Logic circuit" screen.

/2 Logic	circu	it		1 /	2
TermA (0 -	3071):	1 _		
TermB(0 -	3071):	48		

- Enter a signal number to be observed at monitoring jack A and press the ENTER key.
- Enter the other signal number to be observed at monitoring jack B and press the ENTER key.

After completing the setting, the signals can be observed by the binary logic level at monitoring jacks A and B or by the LEDs above the jacks.

On screens other than the above screen, observation with the monitoring jacks is disabled.

4.3 Personal Computer Interface

The relay can be operated from a personal computer using an RS-232C port on the front panel. On the personal computer, the following analysis and display of the fault voltage and current are available in addition to the items available on the LCD screen.

• Display of voltage and current waveform:	Oscillograph, vector display
• Symmetrical component analysis:	On arbitrary time span
Harmonic analysis:	On arbitrary time span
• Frequency analysis:	On arbitrary time span
For the details, see the separate instruction manual "PC	INTERFACE RSM100".

4.4 Communication Interface

The relay can be provided with the following communication interfaces:

- RSM100 (Relay Setting and Monitoring)
- IEC 60870-5-103
- IEC 61850

4.4.1 RSM (Relay Setting and Monitoring System)

The Relay Setting and Monitoring (RSM) system is a system that retrieves and analyses the data on power system quantities, fault and event records and views or changes settings in individual relays via a telecommunication network using a remote PC.

For the details, see the separate instruction manual "PC INTERFACE RSM100".

Figure 4.4.1.1 shows the typical configuration of the RSM system via a protocol converter G1PR2. The relays are connected through twisted pair cables, and the maximum 256 relays can be connected since the G1PR2 can provide up to 8 ports. The total length of twisted pair wires should not exceed 1200 m. Relays are mutually connected using an RS485 port on the relay rear panel and connected to a PC RS232C port via G1PR2. Terminal resistor (150 ohms) is connected the last relay. The transmission rate used is 64 kbits/s.

Figure 4.4.1.2 shows the configuration of the RSM system with Ethernet LAN (option). The relays are connected to HUB through UTP cable using RJ-45 connector at the rear of the relay. The relay recognizes the transmission speed automatically.

In case of the optional fiber optic interface (option), the relays are connected through graded-index multi-mode $50/125\mu m$ or $62.5/125\mu m$ type optical fiber using ST connector at the rear of the relay.



Figure 4.4.1.1 Relay Setting and Monitoring System (1)



Figure 4.4.1.2 Relay Setting and Monitoring System (2)

4.4.2 IEC 60870-5-103 Interface

The relay can support the IEC60870-5-103 communication protocol. This protocol is mainly used when the relay communicates with substation automation system and is used to transfer the following measurand, status data and general command from the relay to the control system.

- Measurand data: current, voltage, frequency
- Status data: events, fault indications, etc.

The IEC60870-5-103 function in the relay can be customized with the original software "IEC103 configurator". It runs on a personal computer (PC) connected to the relay, and can help setting of Time-tagged messages, General command, Metering, etc. For details of the setting method, refer to "IEC103 configurator" manual. For the default setting of IEC60870-5-103, see Appendix N.

The protocol can be used through the RS485 port on the relay rear panel and can be also used through the optional fibre optical interface.

The relay supports two baud-rates 9.6kbps and 19.2kbps.

The data transfer from the relay can be blocked by the setting.

For the settings, see the Section 4.2.6.4.

4.4.3 IEC 61850 interface

The relay can also communicate with substation automation system via Ethernet communication networks using IEC 61850 protocols.



Figure 4.4.3.1 Substation Automation System using Ethernet-based IEC 61850 protocol

4.5 Clock Function

The clock function (Calendar clock) is used for time-tagging for the following purposes:

- Event records
- Disturbance records
- Fault records
- Metering
- Automatic supervision
- Display of the system quantities on the digest screen
- Display of the fault records on the digest screen
- Display of the automatic monitoring results on the digest screen

The calendar clock can run locally or be synchronized with the external IRIG-B time standard signal, RSM or IEC clock. This can be selected by setting.

If it is necessary to synchronize with the IRIG-B time standard signal, it is possible to transform GMT to the local time by setting.

When the relays are connected to the RSM system as shown in Figure 4.4.1.1, the calendar clock of each relay is synchronized with the RSM clock. If the RSM clock is synchronized with the external time standard (GPS clock etc.), then all the relay clocks are synchronized with the external time standard.

5. Installation

5.1 Receipt of Relays

When relays are received, carry out the acceptance inspection immediately. In particular, check for damage during transportation, and if any is found, contact the vendor.

Check that the following accessories are attached.

- 3 pins for the monitoring jack, packed in a plastic bag.
- An optional attachment kit required in rack-mounting. (See Appendix F.)

1 large bracket with 5 round head screws, spring washers and washers (M4 \times 10)

1 small bracket with 3 countersunk head screws (M4 \times 6)

2 bars with 4 countersunk head screws (M3 \times 8)

Always store the relays in a clean, dry environment.

5.2 Relay Mounting

Either a rack or flush mounting relay is delivered as designated by the customer. The GRT100 models are housed into type A case. Appendix F shows the case outline.

If the customer requires a rack-mounting relay, support metal fittings necessary to mount it in the 19-inch rack are also supplied with the relay.

When mounting the relay in the rack, detach the original brackets fixed on both sides of the relay and seals on the top and bottom of the relay. Attach the larger bracket and smaller bracket on the left and right side of the relay respectively and the two bars on the top and bottom of the relay.

How to mount the attachment kit, see Appendix F.

Dimension of the attachment kit EP-101 is also shown in Appendix F.

5.3 Electrostatic Discharge

ACAUTION

Do not take out any modules outside the relay case since electronic components on the modules are very sensitive to electrostatic discharge. If it is absolutely essential to take the modules out of the case, do not touch the electronic components and terminals with your bare hands. Additionally, always put the module in a conductive anti-static bag when storing it.

5.4 Handling Precautions

A person's normal movements can easily generate electrostatic potential of several thousand volts. Discharge of these voltages into semiconductor devices when handling electronic circuits can cause serious damage, which often may not be immediately apparent but the reliability of the circuit will have been reduced.

The electronic circuits are completely safe from electrostatic discharge when housed in the case. Do not expose them to risk of damage by withdrawing modules unnecessarily.

Each module incorporates the highest practicable protection for its semiconductor devices. However, if it becomes necessary to withdraw a module, precautions should be taken to preserve the high reliability and long life for which the equipment has been designed and manufactured.

ACAUTION

- Before removing a module, ensure that you are at the same electrostatic potential as the equipment by touching the case.
- Handle the module by its front plate, frame or edges of the printed circuit board. Avoid touching the electronic components, printed circuit board or connectors.
- Do not pass the module to another person without first ensuring you are both at the same electrostatic potential. Shaking hands achieves equipotential.
- Place the module on an anti-static surface, or on a conducting surface which is at the same potential as yourself.
- Do not place modules in polystyrene trays.

It is strongly recommended that detailed investigations on electronic circuitry should be carried out in a Special Handling Area such as described in the IEC 60747.

5.5 External Connections

External connections are shown in Appendix G.

Note: In wire connections of terminal block for type A case, the following connections are recommended because a communication port is located between terminal blocks.



Figure 5.5.1 Example of Wire Connection

6. Commissioning and Maintenance

6.1 Outline of Commissioning Tests

The GRT100 is fully numerical and the hardware is continuously monitored.

Commissioning tests can be kept to a minimum and need only include hardware tests and conjunctive tests. The function tests are at the user's discretion.

In these tests, user interfaces on the front panel of the relay or local PC can be fully applied.

Test personnel must be familiar with general relay testing practices and safety precautions to avoid personal injuries or equipment damage.

Hardware tests

These tests are performed for the following hardware to ensure that there is no hardware defect. Defects of hardware circuits other than the following can be detected by monitoring which circuits function when the DC power is supplied.

User interfaces Binary input circuits and output circuits AC input circuits

Function tests

These tests are performed for the following functions that are fully software-based. Tests of the protection schemes and fault locator require a dynamic test set.

Measuring elements Timers Metering and recording

Conjunctive tests

The tests are performed after the relay is connected with the primary equipment and other external equipment.

The following tests are included in these tests:

On load test: phase sequence check and polarity check Tripping circuit test

6.2 Cautions

6.2.1 Safety Precautions

ACAUTION

- The relay rack is provided with a grounding terminal. Before starting the work, always make sure the relay rack is grounded.
- When connecting the cable to the back of the relay, firmly fix it to the terminal block and attach the cover provided on top of it.
- Before checking the interior of the relay, be sure to turn off the power.

Failure to observe any of the precautions above may cause electric shock or malfunction.

6.2.2 Cautions on Tests

ACAUTION

- While the power is on, do not connect/disconnect the flat cable on the front of the printed circuit board (PCB).
- While the power is on, do not mount/dismount the PCB.
- Before turning on the power, check the following:
 - Make sure the polarity and voltage of the power supply are correct.
 - Make sure the CT circuit is not open.
 - -Make sure the VT circuit is not short-circuited.
- Be careful that the transformer module is not damaged due to an overcurrent or overvoltage.
- If settings are changed for testing, remember to reset them to the original settings.

Failure to observe any of the precautions above may cause damage or malfunction of the relay.

Before mounting/dismounting the PCB, take antistatic measures such as wearing an earthed wristband.

6.3 **Preparations**

Test equipment

The following test equipment is required for the commissioning tests.

- 1 Single-phase voltage source
- 2 Single-phase current sources
- 1 Variable-frequency source
- 1 Combined fundamental and 2nd-harmonic adjustable current supply
- 1 Combined fundamental and 5th-harmonic adjustable current supply
- 1 DC power supply
- 1 DC voltmeter
- 1 AC voltmeter
- 1 Phase angle meter
- 2 AC ammeters
- 1 Frequency meter
- 1 Time counter, precision timer
- 1 PC (not essential)

Relay settings

Before starting the tests, it must be specified whether the tests will use the user's settings or the default settings.

For the default settings, see the following appendixes:

Appendix DBinary Output Default Setting ListAppendix HRelay Setting Sheet

Visual inspection

After unpacking the product, check for any damage to the relay case. If there is any damage, the internal module might also have been affected. Contact the vendor.

Relay ratings

Check that the items described on the nameplate on the front of the relay conform to the user's specification. The items are: relay type and model, AC voltage, current and frequency ratings, and auxiliary DC supply voltage rating.

Local PC

When using a local PC, connect it with the relay via the RS-232C port on the front of the relay. RSM100 software is required to run the PC.

For the details, see the separate instruction manual "PC INTERFACE RSM100".

6.4 Hardware Tests

The tests can be performed without external wiring, but DC power supply and AC voltage and current source are required.

6.4.1 User Interfaces

This test ensures that the LCD, LEDs and keys function correctly.

LCD display

- Apply the rated DC voltage and check that the LCD is off.
 - Note: If there is a failure, the LCD displays the "Auto-supervision" screen when the DC voltage is applied.
- Press the [RESET] key for 1 second and check that black dots appear on the whole screen.

LED display

- Apply the rated DC voltage and check that the "IN SERVICE" LED is lit in green.
- Press the **(RESET)** key for 1 second and check that seven LEDs under the "IN SERVICE" LED and two LEDs for monitoring jacks A and B are lit in red.

VIEW and RESET keys

- Press the VIEW key when the LCD is off and check that the "Metering" screen is displayed on the LCD.
- Press the **RESET** key and check that the LCD turns off.

Keypad

- Press any key on the keypad when the LCD is off and check that the LCD displays the "MENU" screen. Press the END key to turn off the LCD.
- Repeat this for all keys.

6.4.2 Binary Input Circuit

The testing circuit is shown in Figure 6.4.1.



Figure 6.4.1 Testing Binary Input Circuit

• Display the "Binary input & output" screen from the "Status" sub-menu.

/2 Binary input &	output	3 / 5
Input (IO#1)	F000 000 000 000) 1
Input (I0#2)	ΓΟΟΟ	1
Output(IO#1-trip)	ΓΟΟΟ]
0 u t p u t (0 # 2)) 00]
0utput(10#3)		

• Apply the rated DC voltage to terminal A4, B4, ..., A6 of terminal block TB4, and A14, B14 and A15 of terminal block TB3. Check that the status display corresponding to the input signal changes from 0 to 1. (For details of the binary input status display, see Section 4.2.4.2.)

The user will be able to perform this test for one terminal to another or for all the terminals at once.

6.4.3 Binary Output Circuit

This test can be performed by using the "Test" sub-menu and forcibly operating the relay drivers and output relays. Operation of the output contacts is monitored at the output terminal. The output contact and corresponding terminal number are shown in Appendix G.

• Press 2 (= Binary output) on the "Test" screen to display the "Binary output" screen. The LCD displays the output modules mounted, depending on the model.

• Enter the selected number corresponding to each module to be operated. Then the LCD displays the name of the module, the name of the output relay, the name of the terminal block and the terminal number to which the relay contact is connected.

/3 B0		(0 = D i s a b e 1 = E n a b e)	1 / 1 4
10#2	B 0 1		1 _
10#2	B 0 2		1
10#2	B 0 3		1
10#2	B 0 4		0
10#2	B 0 5		0
10#2	B 0 6		0
10#2	B 0 7		0
10#2	B 0 8		0
10#2	B O 9		0
10#2	B 0 1 0		0
10#2	B 0 1 1		0
10#2	B 0 1 2		0
10#2	FAIL		0
10#2	B 0 1 3		0

- Enter 1 and press the (ENTER) key.
- After completing the entries, press the END key. Then the LCD displays the screen shown below. If 1 is entered for all the output relays, the following forcible operation can be performed collectively.

/3 B0	
Keep pressing 1	to operate.
Press CANCEL to	cancel.

- Keep pressing the 1 key to operate the output relays forcibly.
- Check that the output contacts operate at the terminal.
- Release pressing the 1 key to reset the operation.

6.4.4 AC Input Circuits

This test can be performed by applying the checking voltages and currents to the AC input circuits and verifying that the values applied coincide with the values displayed on the LCD screen.

The testing circuit for Model 100 series is shown in Figure 6.4.2. A single-phase voltage source and two single-phase current sources are required. (Test Model 200 series by same testing method of Model 100 series.)



Figure 6.4.2 Testing AC Input Circuit (Model 100s)

• Check that the metering data is set to be expressed as secondary values (Display value = 2) on the "Metering" screen.

"Setting (view)" sub-menu \rightarrow "Status" setting screen \rightarrow "Metering" screen

If the setting is Primary (Display value = 1), change the setting in the "Setting (change)" sub-menu. Remember to reset it to the initial setting after the test is finished.

• Open the "Metering" screen in the "Status" sub-menu.

"Status" sub-menu \rightarrow "Metering" screen

• Apply the rated AC voltages and currents and check that the displayed values are within ± 5% of the input values.

6.5 Function Test

6.5.1 Measuring Element

Measuring element characteristics are realized by the software, so it is possible to verify the overall characteristics by checking representative points.

Operation of the element under test is observed by the binary output signal at monitoring jacks A or B or by the LED indications above the jacks. In any case, the signal number corresponding to each element output must be set on the "Logic circuit" screen of the "Test" sub-menu.

/2 Logic circuit 1/2 TermA(0-3071): 1_ TermB(0-3071): 48

When a signal number is entered for the TermA line, the signal is observed at monitoring jack A and when entered for the TermB line, observed at monitoring jack B.

Note: The voltage level at the monitoring jacks is $+15V \pm 3V$ for logic level "1" and less than 0.1V for logic level "0".

CAUTION

- Use the testing equipment with more than $1k\Omega$ of internal impedance when observing the output signal at the monitoring jacks.
- Do not apply an external voltage to the monitoring jacks.

In case of a three-phase element, it is enough to test for a representative phase. A-phase element is selected hereafter.

6.5.1.1 Current differential element DIF

The current differential element is checked on the following items

- Operating current value
- Percentage restraining characteristic
- Operating time
 - Note: Set all the CT ratio matching settings (kct1 to kct3) to "1" and phase angle matching settings (d1 to d3) to "0" in the testing described in 6.5.1.1 to 6.5.1.4, because the operating value depends on the settings.

Operating current value

Minimum operating current value is checked by simulating a one-end infeed. Figure 6.5.1 shows a testing circuit simulating an infeed from a primary winding.



Figure 6.5.1 Operating Current Value Test Circuit (Model 100s, 200s)

The output signal numbers of the DIF elements are as follows:

Element	Signal number
DIF-A	44
DIF-B	45
DIF-C	46

- Press 4 (= Logic circuit) on the "Test" sub-menu screen to display the "Logic circuit" screen.
- Enter a signal number 44 to observe the DIF-A operation at monitoring jack A and press the ENTER key.
- Apply a test current to A-phase current terminals and change the magnitude of the current applied and measure the value at which the element DIF-A operates.
 Check that the measured value is within 7% of the theoretical operating value.
 Theoretical operating value = (CT secondary rated current) × (ik setting)

Percentage restraining characteristics

The percentage restraining characteristic is tested on the outflow current (I_{out}) and infeed current (I_{in}) plane as shown in Figure 6.5.2. The characteristic shown in Figure 6.5.2 is equivalent to the one on the differential current (Id) and restraining current (Ir) plane shown in Figure 2.11.1.



Figure 6.5.2 Current Differential Element (lout - lin Plane)

Figure 6.5.3 shows a testing circuit simulating an infeed from a primary winding and outflow from a secondary winding.



Figure 6.5.3 Percentage Restraining Characteristic Test of DIF (Model 100s, 200s)

- Press 4 (= Logic circuit) on the "Test" sub-menu screen to display the "Logic circuit" screen.
- Enter a signal number 44 to observe the DIF-A output at monitoring jack A and press the ENTER key.
- Apply an infeed current to terminal TB1-1 and -2.

When the infeed current applied is larger than the setting of ik (pu) and smaller than $kp(2+p_1)/2 + ik(2-p_1)/4$ (pu), characteristic DF1 is checked.

When the infeed current applied is larger than $kp(2+p_1)/2 + ik(2-p_1)/4$ (pu), characteristic DF2 is checked.

- Note: When the default settings are applied, the critical infeed current which determines DF1 checking or DF2 checking is $1.56 \times (CT \text{ secondary rated current})$.
- Apply an outflow current of the same magnitude and counterphase with the infeed current to terminal TB1-9 and 10.
- Decrease the out flow current in magnitude and measure the values at which the element operates.
- Check that the measured values are within 7% of the theoretical values.

For characteristic DF1, the theoretical outflow current is given by the following equation:

 $I_{out} = (2-p_1)(I_{in}-ik)/(2+p_1)$ (pu)

where, $p_1 =$ slope setting of DF1

ik = minimum operating current setting

When the default settings are applied, $I_{out} = [(I_{in}-0.3) / 3] \times (CT \text{ secondary rated current}).$

For characteristic DF2, the theoretical outflow current is given by the following equation.

 $I_{out} = [(2-p_2)I_{in} - (2-p_1)ik + 2(p_2 - p_1)kp]/(2+p_2) (pu)$

where, $p_2 =$ slope setting of DF2

kp = break point of DF1 and DF2

When the default settings are applied, $I_{out} = 0.43 \times (CT \text{ secondary rated current})$.

Operating time

The testing circuit is shown in Figure 6.5.4.



Figure 6.5.4 Operating Time Test (Model 100s, 200s)

- Set a test current to 3 times of DIF operating current (= CT secondary rated current × ik setting).
- Apply the test current and measure the operating time.
- Check that the operating time is 40 ms or less.

6.5.1.2 2F element

The testing circuit is shown in Figure 6.5.5.



Figure 6.5.5 Testing 2F Element (Model 100s, 200s)

The output signal number of the 2F element is as follows:

Element	Signal number
2F	122

- Set the second harmonic restraint setting k2f to 15% (= default setting).
- Press 4 (= Logic circuit) on the "Test" sub-menu screen to display the "Logic circuit" screen.
- Enter a signal number to observe the 2F output at monitoring jack A and press the (ENTER) key.
- Set the fundamental frequency current I₁ to 3 times of ik setting. Change the magnitude of the second harmonic current I₂ and measure the value at which the element operates.
- Calculate the percentage of the second harmonic by I_2/I_1 when the element operates. Check that the percentage is within 7% of the k2f setting.

6.5.1.3 5F element

The testing circuit is shown in Figure 6.5.6.



Figure 6.5.6 Testing 5F Element (Model 100s, 200s)

The output signal number of the 5F element is as follows:

Element	Signal number
5F	123

- Set the fifth harmonic restraint setting k5f to 30%.(= default setting)
- Press 4 (= Logic circuit) on the "Test" sub-menu screen to display the "Logic circuit" screen.
- Enter a signal number to observe the 5F output at monitoring jack A and press the ENTER key.
- Set the fundamental frequency current I₁ to 3 times of ik setting. Change the magnitude of the fifth harmonic current I₅ and measure the value at which the element operates.
- Calculate the percentage of the fifth harmonic by I_5/I_1 when the element operates. Check that the percentage is within 7% of the k5f setting.

6.5.1.4 High-set overcurrent element HOC

Operating current value

The testing circuit is shown in Figure 6.5.1.

The output signal numbers of the HOC elements are as follows:

Element	Signal number
HOC-A	41
HOC-B	42
HOC-C	43

- Press 4 (= Logic circuit) on the "Test" sub-menu screen to display the "Logic circuit" screen.
- Enter a signal number 41 to observe the HOC-A output at monitoring jack A and press the ENTER key.
- Apply a test current to A-phase current terminals and change the magnitude of the current applied and measure the value at which the element operates. Check that the measured value is within 7% of the following value.

Operating value = (CT secondary rated current) \times (kh setting)

Operating time

The testing circuit is shown in Figure 6.5.4.

- Set a test current to 2 times of HOC operating current (= CT secondary rated current × kh setting)
- Apply the test current and measure the operating time.
- Check that the operating time is 25 ms or less.

6.5.1.5 Restricted earth fault element REF

The restricted earth fault element is checked on the following items.

- Operating current value
- Percentage restraining characteristic
 - Note: Set all the CT ratio matching settings (1kct1 1kct3 to 3kct1 3kct3) to "1", because the operating value depends on the settings.

Operation current value

The testing circuit is shown in Figure 6.5.7.



Figure 6.5.7 Operating Current Value Test of REF_DIF element (Model 100s, 200s)

The test current input terminal number and output signal number of the REF_DIF element is as follows:

Element	Input terminal number	Output signal number
 1REF_DIF	TB1-7 and -8	29
2REF_DIF	TB1-15 and -16	30
3REF_DIF	TB1-23 and –24	31

- Press 4 (= Logic circuit) on the "Test" sub-menu screen to display the "Logic circuit" screen.
- Enter the signal number 29 to observe the 1REF_DIF output at monitoring jack A and press the ENTER key.
- Apply a test current to TB1-7 and -8 and change the magnitude of the current applied and measure the value at which the element operates.

Check that the measured value is within 15% of the theoretical operating value. Theoretical operating value = (CT secondary rated current) \times (1ik setting)

Percentage restraining characteristics

The percentage restraining characteristic is tested on the outflow current (l_{out}) and infeed current (l_{in}) plane as shown in Figure 6.5.8. The characteristic shown in Figure 6.5.8 is equivalent to the one on the differential current (ld) and restraining current (lr) plane shown in Figure 2.11.2.



Figure 6.5.8 REF_DIF Element (Iout - Iin Plane)



Figure 6.5.9 shows a testing circuit simulating infeed from a neutral circuit and outflow from a primary winding.

Figure 6.5.9 Testing Restricted Earth Fault Element (Model 100s, 200s)

• Enter a signal number 29 to observe the 1REF_DIF output at monitoring jack A and press the ENTER key. • Apply an infeed current to terminal TB1-1 and -2.

When the infeed current applied is larger than the setting of ik (pu) and smaller than $[kp\cdot p2 + (1-p1)ik]/(p2 - p1)$ (pu), characteristic DF1 is checked.

When the infeed current applied is larger than $[kp \cdot p2 + (1-p1)ik]/(p2 - p1)$ (pu), characteristic DF2 is checked.

- Note: When the default settings are applied, the critical infeed current which determines DF1 checking or DF2 checking is 1.6×(CT secondary rated current).
- Apply an outflow current of the same magnitude and counterphase with the infeed current, to terminal TB1-7 and -8.
- Decrease the outflow current in magnitude and measure the values at which the element operates.
- Check that the measured values are within 15% of the theoretical values.

For characteristic DF1, the theoretical outflow current is given by the following equation.

 $I_{out} = (1-p_1)(I_{in}-ik) (pu)$

where,

p1 = slope setting of DF1 (= 0.1 fixed)

ik = minimum operating current setting

When the default settings are applied, $I_{out} = 0.9 \times (I_{in} - 0.5) \times (CT \text{ secondary rated current})$. For characteristic DF2, the theoretical outflow current is given by the following equation

 $I_{out} = (1-p_2) I_{in} + p_2 \times kp$ (pu)

where,

 $p_2 =$ slope setting of DF2

kp = restraining current section setting of DF2

When the default settings are applied, $I_{out} = 1.0 \times (CT \text{ secondary rated current})$.

6.5.1.6 Definite time overcurrent elements OC, EF

The testing circuit is shown in Figure 6.5.10.



Figure 6.5.10 Testing OC and EF (Model 100s, 200s)

Element	Signal number
10C, 20C, 30C	47, 53, 59
1EF, 2EF, 3EF	72, 75, 78

The testing procedure is as follows:

- Press 4 (= Logic circuit) on the "Test" sub-menu screen to display the "Logic circuit" screen.
- Enter a signal number to observe the OC or EF output at monitoring jack A and press the ENTER key.
- Apply a test current and change the magnitude of the current applied and measure the value at which the element operates.

Check that the measured value is within $\pm 5\%$ of the theoretical operating value.

Theoretical operating value = (CT secondary rated current) × (OC or EF setting)

6.5.1.7 Inverse time overcurrent elements OCI, EFI

The testing circuit is shown in Figure 6.5.11.



Figure 6.5.11 Testing OCI and EFI (Model 100s, 200s)

One of the four inverse time characteristics can be set, and the output signal numbers are as follows:

Element	Signal number
10CI, 20CI, 30CI	50, 56, 62
1EFI, 2EFI, 3EFI	73, 76, 79

Fix the time characteristic to test by setting the OCI or EFI on the "OC" screen.

"Setting (change)" sub-menu \rightarrow "Protection" screen \rightarrow "Trip" screen \rightarrow "Protection element" screen \rightarrow "OC" screen

The testing procedure is as follows:

- Press 4 (= Logic circuit) on the "Test" sub-menu screen to display the "Logic circuit" screen.
- Enter a signal number to observe the OCI or EFI output at monitoring jack A and press the ENTER key.
- Apply a test current and measure the operating time. The magnitude of the test current should be between $1.2 \times I_S$ to $20 \times I_S$, where $I_S = (CT \text{ secondary rated current}) \times (OCI \text{ or EFI current setting})$.
- Calculate the theoretical operating time using the characteristic equations shown in Section 2.11.4. Check that the measured operating time is within the error mentioned below.

Accuracy: Standard, Very and Long-time inverse: IEC 60255-3 class 5 Extremely inverse: IEC 60255-3 class 7.5

6.5.1.8 Thermal overload element THR

The testing circuit is shown in Figure 6.5.12.



Figure 6.5.12 Testing THR (Model 100s, 200s)

The output signal of testing element is assigned to the monitoring jack A.

The output signal numbers of the elements are as follows:

Element	Signal No.
THR-S	83
THR-A	87

To test easily the thermal overload element, the scheme switch [THMRST] in the "Switch" screen on the "Test" menu is used.

- Set the scheme switch [THMRST] to "ON".
- Enter the signal number to observe the operation at the monitoring jack A as shown in Section 6.5.1.
- Apply a test current and measure the operating time. The magnitude of the test current should be between $1.2 \times I_s$ to $10 \times I_s$, where I_s is the current setting.

CAUTION

After the setting of a test current, apply the test current after checking that the THM% has become 0 on the "Metering" screen.

• Calculate the theoretical operating time using the characteristic equations shown in Section 2.10.6. Check that the measured operating time is within 5%.
6.5.1.9 Frequency element FRQ

The frequency element is checked on the following items

- Operating frequency
- Undervoltage block

Operating frequency test

The testing circuit is shown in Figure 6.5.13.



Figure 6.5.13 Testing Frequency Element (Model 100s, 200s)

The output signal numbers of the FRQ elements are as follows:

Element	Signal number	Remarks
81-1	89	Underfrequency tripping
	91	Overfrequency tripping
81-2	90	Underfrequency alarm
	92	Overfrequency alarm

- Press 4 (= Logic circuit) on the "Test" sub-menu screen to display the "Logic circuit" screen.
- Enter a signal number to observe the FRQ output at monitoring jack A and press the ENTER key.
- Apply rated voltage and change the magnitude of the frequency applied and measure the value at which the element operates. Check that the measured value is within ±0.03Hz of the setting.

Undervoltage block test

- Apply rated voltage and change the magnitude of frequency to operate the element.
- Keep the frequency that the element is operating, and change the magnitude of the voltage applied from the rated voltage to less than UV setting voltage. And then, check that the element resets.

6.5.1.10 Overexcitation element V/F

The overexcitation element is checked on the following items

- Operating value of definite time tripping and alarm characteristic
- Operating time of inverse time tripping characteristic

The output signal numbers of the V/F elements are as follows:

Element	Signal number	Remarks
V/F	80	Definite time tripping
	81	Inverse time tripping
	82	Definite time alarm

Operating value test for definite time tripping and alarm

The testing circuit is shown in Figure 6.5.14.



Figure 6.5.14 Operating Value Test of V/F (Model 100s, 200s)

- Set V (rated voltage setting) to 100V.
- Press 4 (= Logic circuit) on the "Test" sub-menu screen to display the "Logic circuit" screen.
- Enter a signal number 80 or 82 to observe the V/F output at monitoring jack A and press the (ENTER) key.
- Apply a test voltage at rated frequency and increase the magnitude of the voltage applied and measure the value at which an alarm signal or a trip signal is output. Check that the measured values are within 2% of (V setting) × (A setting) for an alarm signal and (V setting) × (H setting) for a trip signal.

Operating time characteristic test

The testing circuit is shown in Figure 6.5.15.



Figure 6.5.15 Operating Time Characteristic Test of V/F (Model 100s, 200s)

The testing procedure is as follows:

- Press 4 (= Logic circuit) on the "Test" sub-menu screen to display the "Logic circuit" screen.
- Enter a signal number 81 to observe the inverse time tripping output at monitoring jack A and press the ENTER key.

Note: Set the swich [Reset] to "Off" \rightarrow "On" \rightarrow "Off" to initialize a time count. See Section 4.2.7.1.

- Apply a test voltage at rated frequency and measure the operating time. The magnitude of the test voltage should be between (V setting) × (L setting) and (V setting) × (H setting).
- Calculate the theoretical operating time using the characteristic equations shown in Section 2.11.8 where V is the test voltage. Check that the measured operating time is from +15% to -10% of the calculated value.

6.5.2 Timer Test

The pick-up delay time of the variable timer can be measured by connecting the monitoring jacks A and B to a time counter as shown in Figure 6.5.15. Jacks A and B are used to observe the input signal and output signal of the timer, respectively.





- Press 3 (= Timer) on the "Test" sub-menu screen to display the "Timer" screen.
- Enter the number corresponding to the timer to be observed. The timers and assigned numbers are listed in Appendix C.
- Press the END key to display the following screen.

```
/2 Timer
Press ENTER to operate.
Press CANCEL to cancel.
```

• Press the <u>ENTER</u> key to start measuring the time. The "TESTING" LED turns on, and timer is initiated and the following display appears. The input and output signals of the timer can be observed at monitoring jacks A and B respectively.

Check that the measured time is within \pm 10ms of the setting time.

During the test, the following display appears on the LCD and the LEDs above the jacks are also lit if the input or output signal exists.

```
/2 Timer
Operating....
Press END to reset.
Press CANCEL to cancel.
```

- Press the (END) key to reset the input signal to the timer. The "TESTING" LED turns off.
- Press the [CANCEL] key to test other timers. Repeat the above testing.

6.5.3 Protection Scheme

In the protection scheme tests, a dynamic test set is required to simulate power system pre-fault, fault and post-fault conditions.

Tripping is observed with the tripping command output relays TRIP-1 to -5. Check that the indications and recordings are correct.

6.5.4 Metering and Recording

The metering function can be checked while testing the AC input circuit. See Section 6.4.4.

Fault recording can be checked while testing the protection schemes. Open the "Fault records" screen and check that the descriptions are correct for the applied fault.

Recording events are listed in Table 3.4.1. The top 8 events are external events and others are internal events. Event recording on the external events can be checked by changing the status of binary input signals. Change the status in the same way as the binary input circuit test (see Section 6.4.2) and check that the description displayed on the "Event Records" screen is correct.

Note: Whether to record or not can be set for each event. Change the status of the binary input signal after confirming that the related event is set to record. (The default setting enables all the events to be recorded.)

Some of the internal events can be checked in the protection scheme tests.

Disturbance recording can be checked while testing the protection schemes. The LCD display only shows the date and time when a disturbance is recorded. Open the "Disturbance records" screen and check that the descriptions are correct.

Details can be displayed on the PC. Check that the descriptions on the PC are correct. For details on how to obtain disturbance records on the PC, see the RSM100 Manual.

6.6 Conjunctive Tests

6.6.1 On Load Test

With the relay connected to the line which is carrying a load current, it is possible to check the polarity of the voltage transformer and current transformer and the phase rotation with the metering displays on the LCD screen.

• Open the following "Metering" screen from the "Status" sub-menu.

/2 Metering	16/0ct/19	97 18:13 3/20
la1 **.**kA	***.*° la2	**.**kA ***.*°
lb1 **.**kA	***.*° Ib2	**. **kA ***. *°
lc1 **.**kA	***.*° Ic2	**.**kA ***.*°
1 1 **. **k A	***.*° 12	**. **kA ***. *°
121 **. **kA	***.*° I22	**. **kA ***. *°
101 **. **kA	***.*° 102	**. **kA ***. *°
In1 **. **kA	***.*° In2	**. **kA ***. *°
la3 **.**kA	***.*°	
lb3 **.**kA	***.*°	
lc3 **.**kA	* * * . * 0	
113 **.**kA	* * * . * 0	
123 **. **kA	* * * . * 0	
103 **. **kA	* * * . * 0	
In 3 **. **kA	* * * . * ⁰	
V ***.*kV	***.*°	
Ida ***.**pu	I	d01***. **pu
ldb ***.**pu	I	d 0 2 * * * . * * p u
ldc ***.**pu	I	d 0 3 * * * . * * p u
THM ***.*%		
Frequency	**.	* H z

- Note: The magnitude of voltage and current can be set in values on the primary side or on the secondary side by the setting. (The default setting is the primary side.) Phase angles are expressed taking that of the voltage input as the reference angle.
- Check that the phase rotation is correct.
- Verify the phase relation between voltage and current with a known load current direction.

6.6.2 Tripping Circuit Test

The tripping circuit including the circuit breaker is checked by forcibly operating the output relay and monitoring the breaker that is tripped. Forcible operation of the output relay is performed on the "Binary output" screen of the "Test" sub-menu as described in Section 6.4.3.

Tripping circuit

- Set the breaker to be closed.
- Press 2 (= Binary output) on the "Test" sub-menu screen to display the "Binary output" screen. The LCD displays the output modules mounted.
- Enter 1 to select the IO1 module, then the LCD displays the screen shown below.

/3 B0		(0=Disable	1 = E n a b l e)	1/5
I 0 # 1	T P – 1			1 _
I 0 # 1	T P – 2			1
I 0 # 1	T P – 3			1
10#1	T P – 4			0
10#1	T P – 5			0

TP-1 to 5 are output relays with one normally open contact. Models 203 and 204 are not provided with TP-4 and TP-5.

- Enter 1 for TP-1 and press the ENTER key.
- Press the (END) key. Then the LCD displays the screen shown below.

```
/3 BO
Keep pressing 1 to operate.
Pr<u>ess CANCEL to cancel.</u>
```

- Keep pressing the 1 key to operate the output relay TP-1 and check that the No. 1 breaker is tripped.
- Release pressing the 1 key to reset the operation.
- Repeat the above for other output relays TP-2 to TP-5.

6.7 Maintenance

6.7.1 Regular Testing

The relay is almost completely self-supervised. The circuits which cannot be supervised are binary input and output circuits and human interfaces.

Therefore regular testing can be minimized to checking the unsupervised circuits. The test procedures are the same as described in Sections 6.4.1, 6.4.2 and 6.4.3.

6.7.2 Failure Tracing and Repair

Failures will be detected by automatic supervision or regular testing.

When a failure is detected by supervision, a remote alarm is issued with the binary output signal of FAIL and the failure is indicated on the front panel with LED indicators or LCD display. It is also recorded in the event record.

Failures detected by supervision are traced by checking the "Auto-supervision "screen on the LCD.

If any messages are shown on the LCD, the failed module or failed external circuits can be located by referring to Table 6.7.1.

This table shows the relationship between messages displayed on the LCD and the estimated failure location. Locations marked with (1) have a higher probability than locations marked with (2).

As shown in the table, some of the messages cannot identify the fault location definitely but suggest plural possible failure locations. In these cases, the failure location is identified by replacing the suggested failed modules with spare modules one by one until the "Alarm" LED is turned off.

The replacement or investigation should be performed first for the module or circuit with higher probability in the table.

If there is a failure and the LCD is not working such as a screen is frozen or not displayed, the failure location is either SPM or HMI module.

Message				Fail	ure location	on			
	VCT	SPM	IO1 or IO8	102	IO3	HMI	AC cable	LAN cable/ network	PLC, IEC61850 data
Checksum err		×							
ROM data err		×							
ROM-RAM err		×							
SRAM err		×							
CPU err		×							
Invalid err		×							
NMI err		×							
BU-RAM err		×							
EEPROM err		×							
A/D err		×							
Sampling err		×							
CT1 err	× (2)	× (2)					× (1)		
CT2 err	× (2)	× (2)					× (1)		
CT3 err	× (2)	× (2)					× (1)		
DIO err		× (2)	× (1)	× (1)	× (1)				
RSM err		× (1)	× (2)						
LCD err						×			
DC supply off			×						
RTC err		×							
PCI err		×							
LAN err		×							
GOOSE stop		× (2)						× (1)	
Ping err		× (2)						×(1)	
PLC stop									×
MAP stop									×
No-working of LCD		× (2)				× (1)			

Table 6.7.1 LCD Message and Failure Location

The location marked with (1) has a higher probability than the location marked with (2).

If no message is shown on the LCD, this means that the failure location is either in the DC power supply circuit or in the microprocessors mounted on the SPM module. Then check the "ALARM" LED. If it is off, the failure is in the DC power supply circuit. If it is lit, open the relay front panel and check the LEDs mounted on the SPM module. If the LED is off, the failure is in the DC power supply circuit. If the LED is off, the failure is in the failure is in the microprocessors.

In the former case, check if the correct DC voltage is applied to the relay.

If so, replace the IO1 or IO8 module mounting the DC/DC converter and confirm that the "ALARM" LED is turned off.

In the latter case, replace the SPM module containing the processors and confirm that the "ALARM" LED is turned off.

When a failure is detected during regular testing, it will not be difficult to identify the failed module to be replaced.

- Note: When a failure or an abnormality is detected during the regular test, confirm the following first:
 - Test circuit connections are correct.
 - Modules are securely inserted in position.
 - Correct DC power voltage with correct polarity is applied and connected to the correct terminals.
 - Correct AC inputs are applied and connected to the correct terminals.
 - Test procedures comply with those stated in the manual.

6.7.3 Replacing Failed Modules

If the failure is identified to be in the relay module and the user has spare modules, the user can recover the protection by replacing the failed modules.

Repair at the site should be limited to module replacement. Maintenance at the component level is not recommended.

Check that the replacement module has an identical module name (VCT, SPM, IO1, IO2, etc.) and hardware type-form as the removed module. Furthermore, the SPM module should have the same software name.

The module name is indicated on the bottom front of the relay case. The hardware type-form is indicated on the module in the following format:

Module name	Hardware type-form
VCT	G1PC2-
SPM	G1SP*- DDDD
101	G1I01- DDD
102	G1102-
103	G1103- DDD
IO8	G1108- DDD
HMI	

The software name is indicated on the memory device on the module with letters such as GSPTM1-***, etc.

A CAUTION	When handling a module, take anti-static measures such as wearing an earthed
	wrist band and placing modules on an earthed conductive mat. Otherwise, many
	of the electronic components could suffer damage.

CAUTION After replacing the SPM module, check all of the settings including the data related to the PLC, IEC103 and IEC61850, etc. are restored the original settings.

The initial replacement procedure is as follows:

• Switch off the DC power supply.

A WARNING Hazardous voltage may remain in the DC circuit just after switching off the DC power supply. It takes approximately 30 seconds for the voltage to discharge.

- Disconnect the trip outputs.
- Short circuit all AC current inputs and disconnect all AC voltage inputs.
- Unscrew the relay front cover.

Replacing the Human Machine Interface (HMI) Module (Front Panel)

- Open the front panel of the relay by unscrewing the binding screw located on the left side of the front panel.
- Unplug the ribbon cable on the front panel by pushing the catch outside.
- Remove the two retaining screws and one earthing screw on the relay case side, then detach the front panel from the relay case.
- Attach the replacement module in the reverse procedure.

Replacing the Transformer (VCT) Module

CAUTION Before pulling out the transformer module, pull out all other modules. For the method of pulling out other module, see the section "Replacing other module".

- Open the right-side front panel (HMI module) by unscrewing the two binding screws located on the left side of the panel.
- Open the left-side front panel by unscrewing the two binding screws located on the right side of the panel.
- Detach the module holding bar by unscrewing the binding screw located on the left side of the bar.
- Unplug the ribbon cable on the SPM module by nipping the catch.
- Remove the metal cover by unscrewing the binding screw located at the top and bottom of the cover.
- Pull out the module.
- Insert the replacement module in the reverse procedure.

Replacing other modules

• Open the right-side front panel (HMI module) by unscrewing the two binding screws located on the left side of the panel.

- Open the left-side front panel by unscrewing the two binding screws located on the right side of the panel.
- Detach the module holding bar by unscrewing the binding screw located on the left side of the bar.
- Unplug the ribbon cable running among the modules by nipping the catch (in case of black connector) and by pushing the catch outside (in case of gray connector) on the connector.
- Pull out the module by pulling up or down the top and bottom levers.
- Insert the replacement module in the reverse procedure.
- After replacing the SPM module, input the user setting values again.

For failed module tracing and its replacement, see Appendix Q.

6.7.4 Resumption of Service

After replacing the failed module or repairing failed external circuits, take the following procedures for the relay to restore the service.

• Switch on the DC power supply and confirm that the "IN SERVICE" green LED is lit and the "ALARM" red LED is not lit.

• Supply the AC inputs and reconnect the trip outputs.

6.7.5 Storage

The spare relay or module should be stored in a dry and clean room. Based on IEC Standard 60255-6 the storage temperature should be -25° C to $+70^{\circ}$ C, but the temperature of 0° C to $+40^{\circ}$ C is recommended for long-term storage.

Note: Supply DC power after checking that all the modules are in their original positions and the ribbon cables are plugged in.

7. Putting Relay into Service

The following procedure must be adhered to when putting the relay into service after finishing commissioning or maintenance tests.

- Check that all external connections are correct.
- Check the setting of all measuring elements, timers, scheme switches, recordings and clock are correct.

In particular, when settings are changed temporarily for testing, be sure to restore them.

- Clear any unnecessary records on faults, events and disturbances which are recorded during the tests.
- Press the <u>VIEW</u> key and check that no failure message is displayed on the "Auto-supervision" screen.
- Check that the green "IN SERVICE" LED is lit and no other LEDs are lit on the front panel.

Appendix A Block Diagram



: Relay Element : Binary input/output

Note: Models 203 and 204 are not provided with TRIP-4 and TRIP-5.

Block Diagram of Transformer Differential Relay GRT100

Appendix B Signal List

— 159 —

Signal	Signal list			
No.	Signal Name	Contents		
0	CONSTANT 0	constant ()		
1	CONSTANT_1	constant 1		
2				
4				
5				
6				
8				
9				
10				
12				
13				
14				
16				
17				
18				
20				
21				
22				
24				
25				
26				
28				
29				
<u> </u>				
32				
33				
35				
36				
37		Differential element/Of/Efleck is not included		
39	DIF_NBLK-B	ditto		
40	DIF_NBLK-C	ditto		
41		Differential relay		
42	DIFT HOC-C	ditto		
44	DIFT_DIF-A	ditto		
45		ditto ditto		
40	10C-A	OC relay		
48	10C-B	ditto		
49 50	100-0 100-A	ditto Inverse time OC relav		
51	10CI-B	ditto		
52	10CI-C	ditto		
53 54	200-A 200-B	ditto		
55	20C-C	ditto		
56	20CI-A	Inverse time OC relay		
58	20СІ-Б 20СІ-С	ditto		
59	30C-A	OC relay		
60	30C-B	ditto		
62	30CI-A	Inverse time OC relay		
63	3OCI-B	ditto		
64	30CI-C			
66	40C-B	ditto		
67	40C-C	ditto		
68 69	40CI-A 40CI-B	Inverse time OC relay		
70	40CI-C	ditto		

Signal	list	
No.	Signal Name	Contents
71	1REF	Restricted earth fault relay
72		Earth fault relay
74	2REF	Restricted earth fault relay
75	2EF	Earth fault relay
76	2EFI 2DEE	Inverse time earth fault relay
78	3EF	Earth fault relay
79	3EFI	Inverse time earth fault relay
80	V/F-H	Overexcitation relay
82	V/F-A	ditto
83	THR-S	Thermal overload relay
84 85		
86		
87	THR-A	Thermal overload relay
88		Fraguancy ralay
90	FRQ-L2	ditto
91	FRQ-H1	ditto
92	FRQ-H2	ditto
93	CTF ALARM	CT failure alarm
95	2F-A	2nd harmonic inrush current detection
96	2F-B	ditto
97	2F-0 5F-A	fifth harmonic components detection
99	5F-B	ditto
100	5F-C	ditto CT acturation
101	CT_SAT-R	ditto
103	CT_SAT-C	ditto
104		
105		
107		
108		
110		
111		
112		
114		
115		
110		
118		
119	FRQBLK	UV block signal for FRQ
120	DIF TRIP	DIF relay trip
122	2F_LOCK	2F detect
123		5F detect
124	DIF-T1 DIF-T2	DIF relay trip 1
126	DIF-T3	DIF relay trip 3
127	DIF-T4	DIF relay trip 4
120	T10C	10C relay timer
130	10C-1	1OC relay trip 1
131	100-2	10C relay trip 2
132	100-3	10C relay trip 3
134	10C-5	1OC relay trip 5
135	10Cl-1	10Cl relay trip 1
130	1001-2 10Cl-3	10Cl relay trip 3
138	10CI-4	1OCI relay trip 4
139	10CI-5	10Cl relay trip 5
140	1200	

Signal	list	
No.	Signal Name	Contents
141	20C-1	2OC relay trip 1
142	20C-2	2OC relay trip 2
143	200-3	20C relay trip 3
144	200-4	200 relay trip 5
146	2001-1	20Cl relay trip 1
147	20CI-2	20Cl relay trip 2
148	20Cl-3	2OCI relay trip 3
149	20Cl-4	20CL relay trip 4
150	ZOCI-5 T3OC	30C relay timer
152	30C-1	3OC relay trip 1
153	30C-2	3OC relay trip 2
154	30C-3	3OC relay trip 3
155	30C-5	30C relay trip 4
157	30CI-1	30Cl relay trip 1
158	30CI-2	30Cl relay trip 2
159	30CI-3	3OCI relay trip 3
160	3001-4	30Cl relay trip 4
162	5001-5 T40C	40C relay timer
163	40C-1	4OC relay trip 1
164	40C-2	4OC relay trip 2
165	40C-3	40C relay trip 3
160	400-4	40C relay trip 4
168	400-5 40Cl-1	40Cl relay trip 5
169	40CI-2	4OCI relay trip 2
170	40Cl-3	4OCI relay trip 3
1/1	40Cl-4	4OCI relay trip 4
173	11RFF	1RFF relay timer
174	T1EF	1EF relay timer
175	1REF-1	1REF relay trip 1
1/6	1REF-2 1REF-3	1REF relay trip 2 1REF relay trip 3
178	1REF-4	1REF relay trip 4
179	1REF-5	1REF relay trip 5
180	1EF-1	1EF relay trip 1
181	1EF-2 1EF-3	1EF relay trip 2
183	1EF-4	1EF relay trip 5
184	1EF-5	1EF relay trip 5
185	1EFI-1	1EFI relay trip 1
186	1EFI-2 1EFI-3	1EFI relay trip 2
188	1FFI-4	1FFI relay trip 5
189	1EFI-5	1EFI relay trip 5
190	T2REF	2REF relay timer
191		2EF relay timer
192	2REF-1	2REF relay trip 2
194	2REF-3	2REF relay trip 3
195	2REF-4	2REF relay trip 4
196	2REF-5	2REF relay trip 5
197	2EF-1 2FF-2	2EF relay trip 2
199	2EF-3	2EF relay trip 3
200	2EF-4	2EF relay trip 4
201	2EF-5	2EF relay trip 5
202	2EFI-1 2EFL2	ZEFT relay trip 1 2EEL relay trip 2
203	2EFI-3	2EFI relay trip 3
205	2EFI-4	2EFI relay trip 4
206	2EFI-5	2EFI relay trip 5
207		3KEF relay timer
200	3RFF-1	3RFF relay trip 1
210	3REF-2	3REF relay trip 2

Signal	list	
No.	Signal Name	Contents
211	3REF-3	3REF relay trip 3
212	3REF-4	3REF relay trip 4
213		3REF relay trip 5
214	3EF-1 3EF-2	3EF relay trip 2
216	3EF-3	3EF relay trip 3
217	3EF-4	3EF relay trip 4
218	3EF-5	3EF relay trip 5
219	3EFI-1 3EFI-2	3EFI relay trip 1 3EFI relay trip 2
220	3EFI-3	3EFI relay trip 3
222	3EFI-4	3EFI relay trip 4
223	3EFI-5	3EFI relay trip 5
224	DIF-1	DIF I relay trip
225	2001	20CL relay trip
227	30CI	30Cl relay trip
228	40CI	4OCI relay trip
229	V/F_TRIP	V/F trip
230	rku	rkų tip
232		
233		
234		V/F Harley frage
235	TV/F-H	v/r-n reiay timer V/F-A relay timer
237	V/F-1	V/F relay trip 1
238	V/F-2	V/F relay trip 2
239	V/F-3	V/F relay trip 3
240	V/F-4 V/F-5	V/F relay trip 4 V/F relay trip 5
242	V/F-ALARM	V/F relay alarm
243	THR-1	THR relay trip 1
244	THR-2	THR relay trip 2
245	THR-3	THR relay trip 3
247	THR-5	THR relay trip 5
248	THR-ALARM	THR relay alarm
249	TFRQ-L	FRQ-L relay timer
250	TFRQ-A	FRQ-A relay timer
252	FRQ-1	FRQ relay trip 1
253	FRQ-2	FRQ relay trip 2
254	FRQ-3	FRQ relay trip 3
256	FRQ-5	FRQ relay trip 5
257	FRQ-A	FRQ relay alarm
258	MEC.TRIP1-1	Mechanical trip 1
259		ditto
261	MEC.TRIP1-4	ditto
262	MEC.TRIP1-5	ditto
263	MEC.TRIP2-1	Mechanical trip 2
264	MEC.TRIP2-2 MEC.TRIP2-3	ditto
266	MEC.TRIP2-4	ditto
267	MEC.TRIP2-5	ditto
268	MEC.TRIP3-1	Mechanical trip 3
269	MEC.TRIP3-2 MEC.TRIP3-3	ditto
271	MEC.TRIP3-4	ditto
272	MEC.TRIP3-5	ditto
273	MEC.TRIP4-1	Mechanical trip 4
275	MEC.TRIP4-2 MFC.TRIP4-3	ditto
276	MEC.TRIP4-4	ditto
277	MEC.TRIP4-5	ditto
278		Liement for trip 1
219	WIND.2_IP-1 WIND.3 TP-1	ditto

Signal	list	
No.	Signal Name	Contents
281	WIND.4_TP-1	ditto
282	MEC.TRIP-1	ditto
284	TRIP-1	Trip O/P-1
285	WIND.1_TP-2	Element for trip 2
286	WIND.2_TP-2	ditto
287	WIND.3_1P-2 WIND.4_TP-2	ditto
289	MEC.TRIP-2	ditto
290	ELEMENT_OR-2	ditto
291		Trip O/P-2 Element for trip 2
292	WIND.1_TP-3 WIND.2_TP-3	ditto
294	WIND.3_TP-3	ditto
295	WIND.4_TP-3	ditto
290	MEC.TRIP-3 FLEMENT OR-3	ditto
298	TRIP-3	Trip O/P-3
299	WIND.1_TP-4	Element for trip 4
300	WIND.2_TP-4	ditto
301	WIND.3_1P-4 WIND / TP-4	ditto
303	MEC.TRIP-4	ditto
304	ELEMENT_OR-4	ditto
305	TRIP-4	Trip O/P-4
300	WIND.1_1P-5 WIND.2 TP-5	ditto
308	WIND.3 TP-5	ditto
309	WIND.4_TP-5	ditto
310	MEC.TRIP-5	ditto
311	ELEMENT_UR-5	
313	TRIP	Trip signal shot
314	TRIP-DETOR	Trip O/P OR
315	TP1	Trip command without off-delay timer
310	TP3	Trip command without off-delay timer
318	TP4	Trip command without off-delay timer
319	TP5	Trip command without off-delay timer
320		
321		
323		
324		
325		
320		
328		
329		
330		DIFT-DIF trip signal
332	1REF TRIP	1REF trip signal
333	2REF_TRIP	2REF trip signal
334	3REF_TRIP	3REF trip signal
335	10C_TRIP	10C trip signal
337	30C TRIP	30C trip signal
338	40C_TRIP	40C trip signal
339	10CI_TRIP	10Cl trip signal
340	20CI_TRIP	2001 trip signal
341	40CL TRIP	40Cl trip signal
343	1EF_TRIP	1EF trip signal
344	2EF_TRIP	2EF trip signal
345		3EF trip signal
340 347	2FFL TRIP	2FFI trip signal
348	3EFI_TRIP	3EFI trip signal
349	FRQ_TRIP	FRQ trip signal
350	V/F_TP	V/F trip signal

Signal list

No.	Signal Name	Contents
351		Thermal trip signal
352	DIFI_IRIP FRO-LIF TRIP	DIF I trip signal
354	FRQ-OF_TRIP	Over-FRQ trip signal
355	FRQ-UF_ALARM	Under-FRQ alarm signal
356		Over-FRQ alarm signal Mechanical trip 1
358	MEC.TRIP2	Mechanical trip 2
359	MEC.TRIP3	Mechanical trip 3
360	MEC.TRIP4	Mechanical trip 4
361		Mechanical trip
363	V/F-H TRIP	V/F high level trip signal
364		
365		
367		
368		
369		
370	100	OC relay
372	300	ditto
373	40C	ditto
374	DIFT_HOC	Differential relay
375		
377		
378		
379		
380		
382		
383		
384		
386		
387		
388		
389		
391		
392		
393		
395		
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390		
400		
401		
402		
403		
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407 408		
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411		
412		
414		
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<u>.</u>		
508		
509		
510		

Signal list

No.	Signal Name	Contents
511		
512	BI1 COMMAND	Binary input signal BI1
514	BI2 COMMAND	Binary input signal BI2
515	BI3_COMMAND	Binary input signal BI3
516	BI4_COMMAND	Binary input signal BI4
517		Binary input signal BIS Binary input signal BI6
519	BI7_COMMAND	Binary input signal BI7
520	BI8_COMMAND	Binary input signal BI8
521	BI9_COMMAND	Binary input signal BI9
522	BI10_COMMAND	Binary input signal BI10
523	BIT1_COMMAND	Binary input signal BI11 Binary input signal BI12
525	BI12_COMMAND	Binary input signal BI13
526	BI14_COMMAND	Binary input signal BI14
527	BI15_COMMAND	Binary input signal BI15
528	BI16_COMMAND	Binary input signal BI16
529		
531		
532		
533		
534		
536		
537		
538		
539		
540		
542		
543		
544		
545		
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566		
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573		
575		
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1238		
1239		
1240		

Signal	Signal list		
No.	Signal Name	Contents	
1241	IEC_MDBLK	monitor direction blocked	
1242		IEC60870-5-103 testmode	
1243		group1 active	
1244	GROUP3 ACTIVE	group2 active	
1246	GROUP4 ACTIVE	aroup4 active	
1247	GROUP5_ACTIVE	group5 active	
1248	GROUP6_ACTIVE	group6 active	
1249	GROUP7_ACTIVE	group7 active	
1250	GROUP8_ACTIVE		
1201			
1252		SV BLOCK	
1254			
1255			
1256			
1257			
1258	RELAY_FAIL-A	RELAY FAILURE (only alarm)	
1259			
1200	TRIP-H	Trip signal hold	
1262			
1263	CT1_ERR_UF	CT error(unfiltered)	
1264	CT2_ERR_UF	ditto	
1265	CT3_ERR_UF	ditto	
1266	CT4_ERR_UF	ditto	
1267	CT1_ERR	C I failure	
1200	CT3 EDD	ditto	
1203	CT4 FRR	ditto	
1271	CT ERR	ditto	
1272			
1273			
1274			
12/5			
1270			
1278			
1279	GEN_PICKUP	General start/pick-up	
1280	GEN_TRIP	General trip	
1281			
1202			
1203	BI1 COM LIE	Binary input signal BI1 (unfiltered)	
1285	BI2 COM UF	Binary input signal BI2 (unfiltered)	
1286	BI3_COM_UF	Binary input signal BI3 (unfiltered)	
1287	BI4_COM_UF	Binary input signal BI4 (unfiltered)	
1288	BI5_COM_UF	Binary input signal BI5 (unfiltered)	
1289		Binary input signal BI6 (unfiltered)	
1290	BIS COM UF	Binary input signal BI8 (unfiltered)	
1291	BI9 COM LIF	Binary input signal BI9 (unfiltered)	
1293	BI10 COM UF	Binary input signal B10 (unfiltered)	
1294	BI11_COM_UF	Binary input signal BI11 (unfiltered)	
1295	BI12_COM_UF	Binary input signal BI12 (unfiltered)	
1296	BI13_COM_UF	Binary input signal BI13 (unfiltered)	
1297	BI14_COM_UF	Binary input signal BI14 (unfiltered)	
1290	BI16 COM LIF	Binary input signal B116 (unfiltered)	
1300			
1301			
1302			
1303			
1304			
1305			
1300			
1308			
1309			
1310			

Signal	Signal list		
No.	Signal Name	Contents	
1311			
1313			
1314			
1316			
1317			
1319			
1320 1321			
1322			
1323			
1324			
1326			
1327	COOSE IN OI	Coose Input Quality #1	
1329	GOOSE_IN_Q2	Goose Input Quality #1	
1330	GOOSE_IN_Q3	Goose Input Quality #3	
1331	GOOSE_IN_Q4 GOOSE_IN_O5	Goose Input Quality #4 Goose Input Quality #5	
1333	GOOSE_IN_Q6	Goose Input Quality #6	
1334	GOOSE_IN_Q7	Goose Input Quality #7	
1336	GOOSE_IN_Q0 GOOSE IN Q9	Goose Input Quality #9	
1337	GOOSE_IN_Q10	Goose Input Quality #10	
1338	GOOSE_IN_Q11	Goose Input Quality #11 Goose Input Quality #12	
1340	GOOSE_IN_Q13	Goose Input Quality #12	
1341	GOOSE_IN_Q14	Goose Input Quality #14	
1342	GOUSE_IN_Q15 GOOSE_IN_Q16	Goose Input Quality #15	
1344	GOOSE_IN_Q17	Goose Input Quality #17	
1345	GOOSE_IN_Q18	Goose Input Quality #18	
1340	GOOSE_IN_Q19 GOOSE IN Q20	Goose Input Quality #19 Goose Input Quality #20	
1348	GOOSE_IN_Q21	Goose Input Quality #21	
1349	GOOSE_IN_Q22	Goose Input Quality #22	
1351	GOOSE_IN_Q24	Goose Input Quality #24	
1352	GOOSE_IN_Q25	Goose Input Quality #25	
1353	GOOSE_IN_Q26 GOOSE IN Q27	Goose Input Quality #20 Goose Input Quality #27	
1355	GOOSE_IN_Q28	Goose Input Quality #28	
1356	GOOSE_IN_Q29 GOOSE_IN_O30	Goose Input Quality #29 Goose Input Quality #30	
1358	GOOSE_IN_Q31	Goose Input Quality #30	
1359	GOOSE_IN_Q32	Goose Input Quality #32	
1360	GOOSE_IN_1 GOOSE IN 2	Goose Input #1	
1362	GOOSE_IN_3	Goose Input #3	
1363	GOOSE_IN_4	Goose Input #4	
1365	GOOSE_IN_6	Goose Input #6	
1366	GOOSE_IN_7	Goose Input #7	
1367	GOUSE_IN_8 GOOSE_IN_9	Goose Input #8	
1369	GOOSE_IN_10	Goose Input #10	
1370	GOOSE_IN_11	Goose Input #11	
1372	GOOSE_IN_12 GOOSE_IN_13	Goose Input #12	
1373	GOOSE_IN_14	Goose Input #14	
13/4 1375	GOUSE_IN_15 GOOSE IN_16	Goose Input #15	
1376	GOOSE_IN_17	Goose Input #17	
1377	GOOSE_IN_18	Goose Input #18	
1378	GOOSE_IN_19 GOOSE IN 20	Goose Input #19	
1380	GOOSE_IN_21	Goose Input #21	

Signal	list	
No.	Signal Name	Contents
1381	GOOSE_IN_22	Goose Input #22
1382	GOOSE_IN_23	Goose Input #23
1384	GOOSE IN 25	Goose Input #24
1385	GOOSE IN 26	Goose Input #26
1386	GOOSE_IN_27	Goose Input #27
1387	GOOSE_IN_28	Goose Input #28
1388	GOOSE_IN_29	Goose Input #29
1389	GOUSE_IN_30	Goose Input #30
1390	GOOSE IN 32	Goose Input #31
1392	00002_11_02	
1393		
1394		
1395		
1390		
1398		
1399		
1400		
1401	LOCAL_OP_ACT	local operation active
1402		remote operation active
1403		ALADM LED ON
1405	TRIP I ED ON	TRIP I ED ON
1406	TEST LED ON	TEST LED ON
1407		
1408		
1409	LED_RESET	TRIP LED RESET
1410		
1412		
1413	PROT COM ON	IEC103 communication command
1414	PRG_LED1_ON	PROGRAMMABLE LED1 ON
1415	PRG_LED2_ON	PROGRAMMABLE LED2 ON
1416	PRG_LED3_ON	PROGRAMMABLE LED3 ON
1417	PRG_LED4_ON	PROGRAWIWADLE LED4 UN
1419		
1420		
1421		
1422		
1423		
1424		
1426		
1427		
1428		
1429		
1430		
1432		
1433		
1434	F.Record_DONE	fault record sotred
1435	F.Record_CLR	Fault record clear
1430	E.Kecora_ULK	Eveni record clear
1438	Data Lost	Data clear by BU-RAM memory monitoring error
1439		
1440		
1441		
1442		
1443		
1445	PLC data CHG	PLC data change
1446	IEC103_data_CHG	IEC-103 data change
1447	IEC850_data_CHG	IEC-850 data change
1448	Sys.set_change	System setting change
1449	Kly.set_change	Kelay setting change
1400	Gip.set_change	Group setting change

Signal	Signal list			
No.	Signal Name	Contents		
1451				
1402				
1454				
1455				
1456	KEY-VIEW	VIEW key status (1:pressed)		
1457	KEY-RESET	RESET key status (2:pressed)		
1458		ENTER key status (3:pressed)		
1459	KET-END KEY-CANCEI	CANCEL key status (5:pressed)		
1461				
1462				
1463				
1464				
1465	DC_supply_err	DC supply error		
1400	PCL err	PCI hus error		
1468	GOOSE stop	GOOSE stopped		
1469	Ping_err	Ping no anwer		
1470	PLC_err	PLC stopeed		
1471	61850_err	61850 stopped		
14/2	SUIVI_ETT	Program KOWI Checksum error		
1473	SRAM err	SRAM memory monitoring error		
1475	BU RAM err	BU-RAM memory monitoring error		
1476				
1477	EEPROM_err	EEPROM memory monitoring error		
1478		A/D and many sharelying array		
14/9	CPU or	A/D accuracy checking error		
1481	Invalid	Invalid error		
1482	NMI	NMI		
1483	Sampling_err	Sampling error		
1484	DIO_err	DIO card connection error		
1485	LAN_err	LAN error		
1400	ROM data err	8M Romdata error		
1488				
1489				
1490				
1491				
1492				
1494				
1495				
1496				
1497				
1498				
1500				
1501				
1502				
1503				
1504				
1505				
1507				
1508				
1509				
1510				
<u> </u>				
1533				
1534				
1535				

Signal	list	
No.	Signal Name	Contents
1536	EXT_MEC.TP1	External mechanical trip commnad 1
1537	EXT_MEC.TP2	External mechanical trip commad 2
1539	EXT_MEC.TP4	External mechanical trip commad 4
1540	IND.RESET	Indication reset command
1541		
1543		
1544		
1546		
1547		
1540		
1550		
1551		External event command 1
1553	EVENT2	External event command 2
1554	EVENT3	External event command 3
1555		
1557		
1558		
1560		
1561		
1563		
1564		
1565		
1567		
1568	PROT_BLOCK	Protection block command
1570	1REF_BLOCK	1REF trip block command
1571		10C trip block command
1572	1EF BLOCK	1001 trip block command
1574	1EFI_BLOCK	1EFI trip block command
15/5	2REF_BLOCK	2REF trip block command
1577	200_BLOCK	20Cl trip block command
1578		2EF trip block command
1580	3REF_BLOCK	3REF trip block command
1581	30C_BLOCK	3OC trip block command
1582		3001 trip block command 3EE trip block command
1584	3EFI_BLOCK	3EFI trip block command
1585	40C_BLOCK	40C trip block command
1587	FRQ_BLOCK	FRQ trip block command
1588		FRQ-A trip block command
1509	V/F-A_BLOCK	V/F-A trip block command
1591		THR trip block command
1592	THR-A_BLOCK MEC TP1_BLOCK	I HR-A trip block command MEC TP1 trip block command
1594	MEC.TP2_BLOCK	MEC.TP2 trip block command
1595	MEC.TP3_BLOCK	MEC.TP3 trip block command
1597		יייבט. דר א נויף טוטטג גטווווזמווע
1598		
1600	TP1 DELAY	Trip command off-delay timer setting
1601	TP2_DELAY	Trip command off-delay timer setting
1602	TP3_DELAY	I rip command off-delay timer setting
1603	TP5_DELAY	Trip command off-delay timer setting
1605		

Signal	list	
No	Signal Name	Contents
	e.g. a. i taine	
1606		
1607		
1608		
1609		
1010		
1612		
1613		
161/		
1615		
1616	DIF-A BLOCK	DIF-A trip blocking command
1617	DIF-B BLOCK	DIF-B trip blocking command
1618	DIF-C BLOCK	DIF-C trip blocking command
1619		
1620		
1621		
1622		
1623		
1624		
1625		
1626		
1627		
1628		
1629		
1630		
1632		
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1670		
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1700		
1700		
1/90		

Signal list

No.	Signal Name	Contents
1791		
1792	IO#1-TP1	Binary output signal of TP1
1793	IO#1-TP2	Binary output signal of TP2
1/94	IO#1-IP3	Binary output signal of TP3
1795	10#1-1P4	Binary output signal of TP4
1796	IO#1-1P5	Binary output signal of TP5
1797		
1798		
1799		
1000		
1001		
1802		
1804		
1805		
1806		
1807		
1808		
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1811		
1812		
1813		
1814		
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1043		
1845		
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1851		
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1855		
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2618		
2619		
2620		

Signal list

No.	Signal Name	Contents
2621		
2622		
2624	F.RECORD1	Fault record stored command 1
2625	F.RECORD2	Fault record stored command 2
2626	F.RECORD3	Fault record stored command 3
2628	F.REGURD4	
2629		
2630		
2632	D RECORD1	Disturbance record stored command 1
2633	D.RECORD2	Disturbance record stored command 2
2634	D.RECORD3	Disturbance record stored command 3
2635	D.RECORD4	Disturbance record stored command 4
2637		
2638		
2639		
2640	SET.GROUP1 SET.GROUP2	Active setting group changed command (Change to group I) Active setting group changed command (Change to group2)
2642	SET.GROUP3	Active setting group changed command (Change to group2)
2643	SET.GROUP4	Active setting group changed commamd (Change to group4)
2644	SET.GROUP5	Active setting group changed command (Change to group5)
2045 2646	SET GROUPO	Active setting group changed command (Change to groupo) Active setting group changed command (Change to group7)
2647	SET.GROUP8	Active setting group changed command (Change to group?)
2648		
2649		
2650		
2652		
2653		
2654		
2655		I lser configurable trip mode in fault record
2657	CON_TPMD2	ditto
2658	CON_TPMD3	ditto
2659	CON_TPMD4	ditto
2661	CON_TPMD5	ditto
2662	CON_TPMD7	ditto
2663	CON_TPMD8	ditto
2664		
2005		
2667		
2668		
2669		
2670		
2672		
2673		
2674		
2675		
2677		
2678		
2679		
2681		
2682		
2683		
2684		
2686	PROT COM RECV	Protection inactivate command received
2687		
2688	TPLED_RST_RCV	TRIP LED RESET command received
2810		
2010		

Signal list		
No.	Signal Name	Contents
2811		
2812		
2814		
2815		
2817	TEMP001	
2818	TEMP003	
2819	TEMP004 TEMP005	
2821	TEMP006	
2822 2823	TEMP007 TEMP008	
2824	TEMP009	
2825	TEMP010 TEMP011	
2827	TEMP012	
2828	TEMP013	
2830	TEMP014 TEMP015	
2831	TEMP016	
2832	TEMP017 TEMP018	
2834	TEMP019	
2835	TEMP020	
2837	TEMP022	
2838	TEMP023	
2839	TEMP024 TEMP025	
2841	TEMP026	
2842	TEMP027	
2844	TEMP020	
2845	TEMP030	
2846	TEMP031 TEMP032	
2848	TEMP033	
2849	TEMP034 TEMP035	
2851	TEMP036	
2852	TEMP037	
2854	TEMP030	
2855	TEMP040	
2856	TEMP041 TEMP042	
2858	TEMP043	
2859	TEMP044 TEMP045	
2861	TEMP046	
2862	TEMP047	
2864	TEMP048 TEMP049	
2865	TEMP050	
2866	TEMP051 TEMP052	
2868	TEMP053	
2869	TEMP054	
2871	TEMP055	
2872	TEMP057	
2873	TEMP058	
2875	TEMP060	
2876	TEMP061	
2878	TEMP063	
2879	TEMP064	
ZXXU		

Signal	Signal list		
No.	Signal Name	Contents	
2881	TEMP066		
2882	TEMP067 TEMP068		
2884	TEMP069		
2885	TEMP070		
2887	TEMP072		
2888	TEMP073		
2890	TEMP074 TEMP075		
2891	TEMP076		
2892	TEMP077 TEMP078		
2894	TEMP079		
2895 2896	TEMP080 TEMP081		
2897	TEMP082		
2898	TEMP083		
2000	TEMP085		
2901	TEMP086		
2902	TEMP088		
2904	TEMP089		
2905			
2907	TEMP092		
2908	TEMP093		
2909	TEMP094 TEMP095		
2911	TEMP096		
2912	TEMP097 TEMP098		
2914	TEMP099		
2915	TEMP100 TEMP101		
2917	TEMP102		
2918	TEMP103		
2919	TEMP104 TEMP105		
2921	TEMP106		
2922	TEMP107 TEMP108		
2924	TEMP109		
2925	TEMP110 TEMP111		
2927	TEMP112		
2928	TEMP113		
2929	TEMP114 TEMP115		
2931	TEMP116		
2932	TEMP117 TEMP118		
2934	TEMP119		
2935	TEMP120 TEMP121		
2937	TEMP122		
2938	TEMP123		
2939	TEMP124		
2941	TEMP126		
2942	TEMP127 TEMP128		
2944	TEMP129		
2945	TEMP130		
2940	TEMP132		
2948	TEMP133		
2949 2950	TEMP135		

Signal list			
No.	Signal Name	Contents	
2951	TEMP136		
2952	TEMP137 TEMP138		
2954	TEMP139		
2955	TEMP140 TEMP1/1		
2957	TEMP142		
2958	TEMP143		
2959	TEMP144 TEMP145		
2961	TEMP146		
2962	TEMP147 TEMP148		
2964	TEMP149		
2965	TEMP150 TEMP151		
2967	TEMP152		
2968	TEMP153 TEMP154		
2970	TEMP155		
2971	TEMP156		
2972	TEMP157 TEMP158		
2974	TEMP159		
2975	TEMP160 TEMP161		
2977	TEMP162		
2978	TEMP163 TEMP164		
2980	TEMP165		
2981	TEMP166		
2983	TEMP168		
2984	TEMP169		
2965	TEMP170 TEMP171		
2987	TEMP172		
2988	TEMP173 TEMP174		
2990	TEMP175		
2991 2992	TEMP176 TEMP177		
2993	TEMP178		
2994	TEMP179 TEMP180		
2996	TEMP181		
2997	TEMP182		
2990	TEMP184		
3000	TEMP185		
3001	TEMP186 TEMP187		
3003	TEMP188		
3004	TEMP189 TEMP190		
3006	TEMP191		
3007	TEMP192 TEMP103		
3009	TEMP193		
3010	TEMP195		
3011	TEMP190		
3013	TEMP198		
3014 3015	TEMP199 TEMP200		
3016	TEMP201		
3017	TEMP202 TEMP203		
3019	TEMP204		
3020	TEMP205		

Signal list		
No.	Signal Name	Contents
3021	TEMP206	
3022	TEMP207	
3023	TEMP208	
3024	TEMP209	
3025	TEMP210	
3026	TEMP211	
3027	TEMP212	
3028	TEMP213	
3029		
3030		
3031		
3032	TEMP218	
3034	TEMP219	
3035	TEMP220	
3036	TFMP221	
3037	TEMP222	
3038	TEMP223	
3039	TEMP224	
3040	TEMP225	
3041	TEMP226	
3042	TEMP227	
3043	TEMP228	
3044	TEMP229	
3045	TEMP230	
3046	TEMP231	
3047	TEMP232	
3048	TEMP233	
3049	TEMP234	
3050	TEMP235	
3051		
3052		
3053		
3055		
3056	TEMP240	
3057	TEMP242	
3058	TEMP243	
3059	TEMP244	
3060	TEMP245	
3061	TEMP246	
3062	TEMP247	
3063	TEMP248	
3064	TEMP249	
3065	TEMP250	
3066	TEMP251	
3067	TEMP252	
3068	TEMP253	
3069	TEMP254	
3070	TEMP255	
<u 1<="" td=""><td></td><td></td></u>		

Appendix C

Variable Timer List

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Variable Timer List

Timer	Timer No.	Contents
T10C	1	10C TRIP TIMER
T2OC	2	20C TRIP TIMER
T3OC	3	30C TRIP TIMER
(T4OC)	4	(4OC TRIP TIMER)
T1REF	5	1REF TRIP TIMER
T1EF	6	1EF TRIP TIMER
T2REF	7	2REF TRIP TIMER
T2EF	8	2EF TRIP TIMER
T3REF	9	3REF TRIP TIMER
T3EF	10	3EF TRIP TIMER
TVFH	11	V/F-H TRIP TIMER
TVFA	12	V/F-A ALARM TIMER
TFRQL	13	FRQ-L TRIP TIMER
TFRQH	14	FRQ-H TRIP TIMER
TFRQA	15	FRQ-A ALARM TIMER

Appendix D

Binary Output Default Setting List

Binary Output Default Setting List

Relay	Module	BO No.	Signal Name	Contents		Setting	
Model	Name				Signal No.	Logic	Timer
						(OR: 1, AND:	(OFF: 0, ON: 1)
						2)	
GRT100	102	BO1	TRIP-1	TRIP First	284	1	1
-101		BO2	TRIP-2	TRIP Second	291	1	1
		BO3	DIFT	DIFT relay operating	224	1	1
		BO4	10C, 10Cl	10C or 10Cl relay operating	129, 225	1	1
		BO5	20C, 20Cl	20C or 20CI relay operating	140, 226	1	1
		BO6	1REF, 1EF, 1EFI	1REF, 1EF or 1EFI relay operating	173, 174, 73	1	1
		BO7	2REF, 2EF, 2EFI	2REF, 2EF or 2EFI relay operating	190, 191, 76	1	1
		BO8	FRQ	FRQ relay operating	230	1	1
		BO9	V/F	V/F-L, H relay operating	229	1	1
		BO10	V/F-A	V/F-A relay operating	242	1	1
		BO11	THR	THR-L, H relay operating	83	1	1
		BO12	THR-A	THR-A relay operating	248	1	1
		BO13	EXT_MEC.TP1, 2, 3, 4	External mechanical relay trip	1536, 1537, 1538, 1539	1	1
GRT100	IO2	BO1	TRIP-1	TRIP First	284	1	1
-102		BO2	TRIP-2	TRIP Second	291	1	1
		BO3	DIFT	DIFT relay operating	224	1	1
		BO4	10C, 10Cl	10C or 10Cl relay operating	129, 225	1	1
		BO5	20C, 20Cl	2OC or 2OCI relay operating	140, 226	1	1
		BO6	1REF	1REF relay operating	173	1	1
		BO7	2REF	2REF relay operating	190	1	1
		BO8	1EF, 1EFI	1EF or 1EFI relay operating	174, 73	1	1
		BO9	2EF, 2EFI	2EF or 2EFI relay operating	191, 76	1	1
		BO10	FRQ	FRQ relay operating	230	1	1
		BO11	V/F-T	V/F-T relay operating	81	1	1
		BO12	V/F-H	V/F-H relay operating	235	1	1
		BO13	V/F-A	V/F-A relay operating	242	1	1
	IO3	BO1	THR	THR-L, H relay operating	83	1	1
		BO2	THR-A	THR-A relay operating	248	1	1
		BO3	TRIP-1	TRIP First	284	1	1
		BO4	TRIP-2	TRIP Second	291	1	1
		BO5	TRIP-1	TRIP First	284	1	1
		BO6	TRIP-2	TRIP Second	291	1	1
		BO7	EXT_MEC. TP1	External mechanical relay trip 1	1536	1	1
		BO8	EXT_MEC. TP2	External mechanical relay trip 2	1537	1	1
		BO9	EXT_MEC. TP3	External mechanical relay trip 3	1538	1	1
		BO10	EXT_MEC. TP4	External mechanical relay trip 4	1539	1	1

Relay	Module	BO No.	Signal Name	Contents		Setting	
Model	Name				Signal No.	Logic (OR: 1, AND: 2)	Timer (OFF: 0, ON: 1)
GRT100	102	BO1	TRIP-1	TRIP First	284	1	1
-201		BO2	TRIP-2	TRIP Second	291	1	1
		BO3	TRIP-3	TRIP Third	298	1	1
		BO4	DIFT	DIFT relay operating	224	1	1
		BO5	10C, 10Cl, 1REF, 1EF,	10C, 10CI, 1REF, 1EF or 1EFI relay	129, 225, 173, 174, 73	1	1
			1EFI	operating			
		BO6	20C, 20Cl, 2REF, 2EF,	2OC, 2OCI, 2REF, 2EF or 2EFI relay	140, 226, 190, 191, 76	1	1
			2EFI	operating			
		BO7	30C, 30Cl, 3REF, 3EF,	3OC, 3OCI, 3REF, 3EF or 3EFI relay	151, 227, 207, 208, 79	1	1
			3EFI	operating			
		BO8	FRQ	FRQ relay operating	230	1	1
		BO9	V/F	V/F-L, H relay operating	229	1	1
		BO10	V/F-A	V/F-A relay operating	242	1	1
		BO11	THR	THR-L, H relay operating	83	1	1
		BO12	THR-A	THR-A relay operating	248	1	1
		BO13	EXT_MEC. TP1, 2, 3, 4	External mechanical relay trip	1536, 1537, 1538, 1539	1	1
GRT100	102	BO1		TRID Firet	284	1	1
-202	102	BO2	TRIP-2	TRIP Second	204	1	1
202		BO3	TRIP-3		298	1	1
		BO4	DIFT	DIFT relay operating	230	1	1
		BO5	100 100	10C or 10Cl relay operating	129 225	1	1
		BO6	200, 2001	20C or 20Cl relay operating	140, 226	1	1
		BO7	30C. 30Cl	3OC or 3OCI relay operating	151, 227	1	1
		BO8	1REF	1REF relay operating	173	1	1
		BO9	2REF	2REF relay operating	190	1	1
		BO10	3REF	3REF relay operating	207	1	1
		BO11	1EF, 1EFI	1EF or 1EFI relay operating	174, 73	1	1
		BO12	2EF, 2EFI	2EF or 2EFI relay operating	191, 76	1	1
		BO13	3EF, 2EFI	3EF or 3EFI relay operating	208, 79	1	1
	102	DO1	500		000	4	4
	103	BOI		FRQ relay operating	230	1	1
		BO2	V/F-1	V/F-1 relay operating	81	1	1
		BOJ		V/F-ri relay operating	230	1	1
		BO5			242	1	1
		BOS			00 2/19	1	1
		BO0		External mechanical rolay trip 1	240 1526	1	1
		BO8	EXT_WEC. TP?	External mechanical relay trip 2	1537	1	1
		B00	EXT_WEG. TP3	External mechanical relay trip 2	1538	1	1
		BO10	EXT_MEC. TP4	External mechanical relay trip 4	1539	1	1

Relay	Module	BO No.	Signal Name	Contents		Setting	
Model	Name				Signal No.	Logic	Timer
						(OR: 1, AND:	(OFF: 0, ON: 1)
						2)	
GRT100	102	BO1	TRIP-1	TRIP First	284	1	1
-203		BO2	TRIP-2	TRIP Second	291	1	1
		BO3	TRIP-3	TRIP Third	298	1	1
		BO4	DIFT	DIFT relay operating	224	1	1
		BO5	10C, 10Cl, 1REF, 1EF,	10C, 10Cl, 1REF, 1EF or 1EFI relay	129, 225, 173, 174, 73	1	1
			1EFI	operating			
		BO6	20C, 20Cl, 2REF, 2EF,	20C, 20CI, 2REF, 2EF or 2EFI relay	140, 226, 190, 191, 76	1	1
			2EFI	operating			
		BO7	30C, 30Cl, 3REF, 3EF,	3OC, 3OCI, 3REF, 3EF or 3EFI relay	151, 227, 207, 208, 79	1	1
			3EFI	operating			
		BO8	FRQ	FRQ relay operating	230	1	1
		BO9	V/F	V/F-L, H relay operating	229	1	1
		BO10	V/F-A	V/F-A relay operating	242	1	1
		BO11	THR	THR-L, H relay operating	83	1	1
		BO12	THR-A	THR-A relay operating	248	1	1
		BO13	EXT_MEC. TP1, 2, 3, 4	External mechanical relay trip	1536, 1537, 1538, 1539	1	1
GRT100	IO2	BO1	TRIP-1	TRIP First	284	1	1
-204		BO2	TRIP-2	TRIP Second	291	1	1
		BO3	TRIP-3	TRIP Third	298	1	1
		BO4	DIFT	DIFT relay operating	224	1	1
		BO5	10C, 10Cl	1OC or 1OCI relay operating	129, 225	1	1
		BO6	20C, 20Cl	2OC or 2OCI relay operating	140, 226	1	1
		BO7	30C, 30CI	3OC or 3OCI relay operating	151, 227	1	1
		BO8	1REF	1REF relay operating	173	1	1
		BO9	2REF	2REF relay operating	190	1	1
		BO10	3REF	3REF relay operating	207	1	1
		BO11	1EF, 1EFI	1EF or 1EFI relay operating	174, 73	1	1
		BO12	2EF, 2EFI	2EF or 2EFI relay operating	191, 76	1	1
		BO13	3EF, 2EFI	3EF or 3EFI relay operating	208, 79	1	1
	IO3	BO1	FRQ	FRQ relay operating	230	1	1
		BO2	V/F-T	V/F-T relay operating	81	1	1
		BO3	V/F-H	V/F-H relay operating	235	1	1
		BO4	V/F-A	V/F-A relay operating	242	1	1
		BO5	THR	THR-L, H relay operating	83	1	1
		BO6	THR-A	THR-A relay operating	248	1	1
		BO7	EXT_MEC. TP1	External mechanical relay trip 1	1536	1	1
		BO8	EXT_MEC. TP2	External mechanical relay trip 2	1537	1	1
		BO9	EXT_MEC. TP3	External mechanical relay trip 3	1538	1	1
		BO10	EXT_MEC. TP4	External mechanical relay trip 4	1539	1	1

Appendix E

Details of Relay Menu and LCD & Button Operation







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a-1 b-2



LCD AND BUTTON OPERATION INSTRUCTION



Appendix F Case Outline

- Flush Mount Type
- Rack Mount Type

190.5

34.75

260



Front View



Side view

223

235.4

Panel cut-out



Rear view



Terminal block

Case Outline : Flush Mount Type

4-φ5.5

6.2



Front View

Case Outline: Rack Mount Type



	Parts	
(a)	1 Large bracket,	5 Round head screws with spring washers and washers (M4x10)
(b)	1 Small bracket,	3 Countersunk head screws (M4x6)
(c)	2 Bars, 4 Coun	tersunk head screws (M3x8)

Dimensions of Attachment Kit EP-101

How to Mount Attachment Kit for Rack-Mounting

Caution: Be careful that the relay modules or terminal blocks, etc., are not damage while mounting. Tighten screws to the specified torque according to the size of screw.



Appendix G

External Connections



Typical External Connection of Model 101D

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Typical External Connection of Model 102D



Typical External Connection of Model 201D



Typical External Connection of Model 202D





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Appendix H

Relay Setting Sheet

- 1. Relay Identification
- 2. Contacts Setting
- 3. Relay and Protection Scheme Setting Sheet

Date:

Relay Setting Sheets

1.	Relay	Identification
----	-------	----------------

	Relay type		Serial Number
	Frequency		CT rating
	VT rating		dc supply voltage
	Password		
	Active setti	ng group	
2.	Contacts Set	ting	
	(1) IO#2	BO1	
		BO2	
		BO3	
		BO4	
		BO5	
		BO6	
		BO7	
		BO8	
		BO9	
		BO10	
		BO11	
		BO12	
		BO13	
	(2) IO#3	BO1	
		BO2	
		BO3	
		BO4	
		BO5	
		BO6	
		BO7	
		BO8	
		BO9	
		BO10	

3. Relay and Protection Scheme Setting Sheet

					Default Settir	ig of Relay S	rating / 1A rating)			
No	Nama	Range	Unite	Contonto	World	l wide		El	NA	User
IN≌	Name		Units	Contents	2-Winding	3-Wir	nding	3-Wi	nding	setting
		5A rating 1A rating			101D 102D	201D	202D	203D	204D	
1	Active group	1-8	-	Active setting group		1			1	
2	1CT	1 - 20000	_	CT ratio	20	00		20	00	
3	2CT	1 - 20000	_	ditto	20	00		20	00	
4	3CT	1 - 20000	- I	ditto		200	00	20	00	
	1001	1 20000		ditto		200	50	20	00	
5		1 - 20000	-	ditto	20	00		20	00	
6	2nC1	1 - 20000	-	ditto	40	00		40	0	
7	3nCT	1 - 20000	-	ditto		40	0	40	00	
8	VT	1 - 20000	-	VT ratio	40	00		40	00	
9	Phase matching	Alpha - Beta	-	Phase angle matching	Be	eta		Be	ta	
10	DIFTPMD	3POR - 2PAND - 1P	-	DIF trip mode	3P	OR		3P	OR	
		3POR - 1P		-	3P	OR		3P	OR	
11	1RFF	110 - 210	_	Transformer type for REF	110				_	
1		110 - 210 - 310				11	0	1	0	
10	2055	110 - 210 - 310		ditto	110		0	· · · ·	.0	
12	ZREF	110 - 210	_	ditto	110					
		110 - 210 - 310				11	0	1	0	
13	3REF	110 - 210 - 310	-	ditto	-	11	0	1	0	
14	REE DEE	Off - On	_	Directional checking	0	off		0	off	
· · ·		0		function of REF	,					
15	M10CI	Long - Std - Very - Ext	-	OCI back-up trip	S	td		S	td	
16	M2OCI	Long - Std - Very - Ext		ditto	S	td		S	td	
17	M3OCI	Long - Std - Very - Ext	—	ditto		St	d	S	td	
18	M1EFI	Long - Std - Very - Ext	- 1	EFI back-up trip	S	td		S	td	
19	M2EFI	Long - Std - Very - Ext	-	ditto	S	td		S	td	
20	M3EFI	Long - Std - Verv - Ext	- 1	ditto		St	d	S	td	
21	1/0		-	Trin signal lock out	ć	off	-		uff	
20	2E100K	011-011 Off 0n	1.	2E reetraint		n lin			in in	
22		011-011		Li restraint		/11 \m			11	I
23	5F-LOCK	Off - On	-	5F restraint	0	n			'n	
24	DIF1	Off - On	-	Current differential trip	C	n		C	'n	
25	DIF2	Off - On	-	ditto	C	n		C	'n	
26	DIF3	Off - On	-	ditto	Off	0	n	C	'n	
27	DIF4	Off - On	-	ditto	C	off		-	-	
28	DIF5	Off - On	-	ditto	C	off		-	-	
29	1REF1	Off - On	-	Restricted earth fault trip	C	n		C	n	
30	1REF2	Off - Op	_	ditto)n			In	
21	10552	01-01		ditto		/m			in .	
- 31	IREF3	01-01	_	ditto	0					
32	IREF4	Off - Oh	-	ditto	(m		-	-	
33	1REF5	Off - On	-	ditto	C	m			-	
34	10C1	Off - On	-	OC trip	C	n		C	'n	
35	10C2	Off - On	—	ditto	C	off		C	/ff	
36	10C3	Off - On	-	ditto	C	off		C	ſf	
37	10C4	Off - On	-	ditto	C)ff		-	-	
38	10C5	Off - On	-	ditto	C	off		-	-	
39	1001	Off - On	_	OCI trip	0)n		C	n	
40	10012	Off On		ditto						
40	10012	01-01		ditto					11	
41	10013	Off - On	-	ditto	C	ρητ 		(п	
42	10014	Off - On	-	ditto	L	т		-	-	
43	10Cl5	Off - On	-	ditto	C	off		-	-	
44	1EF1	Off - On	-	EF trip	C	n		C	'n	
45	1EF2	Off - On	-	ditto	C	off		C	ſf	L
46	1EF3	Off - On	L –	ditto	C	off		C	ſf	
47	1EF4	Off - On	-	ditto	C	off		· ·	-	
48	1EF5	Off - On	-	ditto	C	off		-	-	
40	1EFI1	Off - On	- 1	EFI trip	с С	n		C	n	1
50	1EEI2	Off - On	- 1	ditto	C	off		- C	off	1
50	100	011-011 Off 0n	-	ditto		 hff			 Iff	
51		011-011	<u> </u>	ditte				L		—
52	1EFI4	0π - 0h		uillo	C	11			-	
53	1EFI5	<u>Οπ</u> - On	<u> </u>	aitto	C	π		i	-	L
54	2REF1	Off - On	-	Restricted earth fault trip	C	n		C	n	I
55	2REF2	Off - On	-	ditto	C	n		C	'n	
56	2REF3	Off - On	-	ditto	C	n		C	'n	
57	2REF4	Off - On	- 1	ditto	C	off		-	-	
58	2REF5	Off - On	-	ditto	C	ff			-	
59	2001	Off - On	- 1	OC trip	0	ff		С	off	1
60	2002	Off - On	- 1	ditto)n)n	
64	2002	Off On		ditto		ff			 Iff	
01	2003	011-011	<u> </u>	ditte				L		I
62	2004	0π - 0h		uillo	C	11		<u> </u>	-	
63	20C5	Ott - On	-	ditto	C	T		L	-	l
64	20Cl1	Off - On	-	OCI trip	C	off		C	ſf	<u> </u>
65	20Cl2	Off - On	L –	ditto	C	n		C	'n	
66	20Cl3	Off - On	- 1	ditto	C	off		C	ſf	
67	20Cl4	Off - On	-	ditto	C	off			-	
68	20CI5	Off - On	- 1	ditto	0	off		l .		
60	2FF1	Off - On	- 1	FF trip	с С	off		C	off	i
70	200	Off On	-	ap		n.			 In	
74	2012	011-011	<u> </u>	ditto						
11	2015	011 - UN	<u> </u>	uitto	-	11		- · · ·	11	I
/2	2EF4	Uπ - Un	-	นแป	C				-	I
73	2EF5	Ott - On	- I	ditto	C	т		I -	-	1

					Default Setting of Relay Series(5A rating / 1A rating)						
	Maria	Range	11-24-	Qualitation		World	d wide		EI	NA	User
Nº	Name	5	Units	Contents	2-W	indina	3-W	indina	3-Wi	ndina	setting
		5A rating 1A ratin	a		101D	102D	201D	202D	203D	204D	
74	25511	Off - On	9	EEL trip	TOTE	1020	E01D	2020	2000	204D	
75	20111	Off On		ditto					0		
75	2EF12	Off On	-	ditto			1 1 1			/11 /F F	
70	26613	Off On		ditto		0	ri i uf f			11	
70	2000	011 - 011	-	ditto		0	11		-	-	
78	2EF15	Off - On	-	ditto		U	TT /			-	
79	3REF1	Off - On	-	Restricted earth fault trip			(Jn	C	n	
80	3REF2	Off - On	-	ditto	-		(Jn	C	n	
81	3REF3	Off - On	-	ditto	-		(On	C	n	
82	3REF4	Off - On	-	ditto			C	Dff	-	-	
83	3REF5	Off - On	-	ditto	-		C	Dff	-	-	
84	30C1	Off - On	-	OC trip			0	Dff	0	ff	
85	30C2	Off - On	-	ditto	-		0	Off	0	ff	
86	30C3	Off - On	-	ditto	-		(Dn	C	n	
87	30C4	Off - On	-	ditto	-		0	Off	-	-	
88	30C5	Off - On	-	ditto		-	0	Dff	-	-	
89	30CI1	Off - On	-	OCI trip	-		0	Dff	0	ff	
90	30C12	Off - On	-	ditto	-		0	Dff	0	ff	
91	30C13	Off - On	-	ditto	-	-	(Dn	C)n	
92	30CI4	Off - On	- 1	ditto		-	0	Off	-	-	I
93	30C15	Off - On	— —	ditto		-	0	Off	-	-	
94	3EF1	Off - On	- 1	EF trip		-	0	Off	0	ff	I
95	3EF2	Off - On	- 1	ditto			0	Off	0	ff	Ī
96	3EF3	Off - On	- 1	ditto		-	0	On	C)n	1
97	3EF4	Off - On	_	ditto		-		Off		-	
98	3EF5	Off - On	 _	ditto		-	(Off		-	1
99	3EEI1	Off - On	_	EEL trip			0	Off	0	ff	
100	3EFI2	Off - On		ditto		-	0	Off	0	ff	
101	3EFI3	Off - On		ditto		-	()n	C)n	
102	3EEI4	Off - On		ditto			0	Off	-	-	
103	3EF15	Off - On		ditto		-	0	Off	-	-	
104	FRQ-UE1	Off - On		ERQ trip		0)n		0)n	
105	FRQ-UE2	Off - On		ditto		0)n		0)n	
106	ERO1	Off - On		ditto)n)n	
107	ERO2	Off - On		ditto)n)n	
108	FR03	Off - On		ditto	0)f f)n)n	
100	ERO4	Off On		ditto			ff	511		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
110	EROS	Off - On		ditto		0	ff				
111	EROA	Off - On		ditto		0)n			-)n	
112	1/(E1	Off On		V/E trip)n)n	
112	V/F2	Off - On		ditto)n		0)n	
113	V/F2	Off On		ditto				20	0		
114	V/F3	Off On	-	ditto	C	/11		Л	C	/11	
110	V/F4	011 - 011		ditto		0	41		-	-	
110	V/F5		-	ditto		0	11		-	-	
117	V/FA	011 - 011	-	ditto			n N		C	201	
110	TUDO		-	ditte		C	20		C	201	
119	TUD2	011 - 011	-	ditto				2	C	2	
120	TUDA	011 - 011	-	ditto	, c	//I		JN	C C	71	
121	THR4	Off - On	-	ditto		0	11		-	-	
122	THR5	Off - On	-	ditto		0	TT			-	
123	IHRA	Utt - Un		uitto		C	лі 		C	/11	I
124	M. 11-1	Off - On		wechanical trip1		C	n		C	n	I
125	M. 11-2	Off - On		aitto		C	n		C	n	
126	M.T1-3	Off - On		ditto	C	n t	L (Jn	C	n	
127	M.T1-4	Off - On		ditto	ļ	0	11		-	-	I
128	M.T1-5	Off - On	-	ditto		C	ff		-	-	
129	M.T2-1	Off - On		Mechanical trip2		C)n		C)n	
130	M.T2-2	Off - On	-	ditto		C	Dn		C)n	
131	M.T2-3	Off - On	-	ditto	C)ff	(Dn	C)n	
132	M.T2-4	Off - On	_	ditto		0	ff		-	-	
133	M.T2-5	Off - On		ditto		0	ff			-	
134	M.T3-1	Off - On	_	Mechanical trip3		C)n		C	n	
135	M.T3-2	Off - On	-	ditto		C)n		C)n	
136	M. T3-3	Off - On	-	ditto	C	Off	(On	C	n	
137	M.T3-4	Off - On	-	ditto		0	ff			-	
138	M.T3-5	Off - On	-	ditto		0	ff		-	-	
139	M.T4-1	Off - On	-	Mechanical trip4		C)n		C	n	
140	M.T4-2	Off - On	-	ditto		C)n		C	n	
141	M.T4-3	Off - On	-	ditto	C)f f	(On	C)n	
142	M. T4-4	Off - On	-	ditto		0	ff			-	
143	M.T4-5	Off - On	-	ditto		0	ff			-	
144	SVCNT	ALM&BLK - ALM	-	Super visor control		ALM	&BLK		ALM	&BLK	
145	CTSEN	Off - On	_	DIF output blocked by CT		C	ff		0	ff	
			1	saturation							

							D	efault Settir	ng of Relay S	Series(5A rat	ting / 1A rating	a)	
			Ra	ange				World	d wide	501100(0/114	FI	JA	User
Nº	Na	ame			Units	Contents	2_\\/i	nding	3_\//i	nding	3_\\/i	nding	setting
			EA roting	1A roting			1010	1020	2010	2020	2020	2040	ootting
		-	SATaling	IA fatility		Minimum operating	101D	102D	2010	202D	203D	204D	
146	DIFT	ik	0.10	- 1.00	pu	winimum operating		0.	30		0.	30	
-						Current							
147		p1	10	- 100	%	% slope of small current		1	00		1(00	
_						region							
148		p2	10 -	- 200	%	% slope of large current		2	00		20	00	
_		· · ·				region							
149		kp	1.00	- 20.00	pu	Break point of DIF		1.	00		1.	00	
						characteristic							
150		kct1	0.05	- 50.00	-	CT ratio		1.	00		1.	00	
151		kct2	0.05	- 50.00	-	ditto		1.	00		1.	00	
152		kct3	0.05	- 50.00	-	ditto	-	-	1.	00	1.	00	
153		d1	0 -	- 11	-	Phase angle			0)	
154		d2	0 -	- 11	-	ditto			0)	
155		d3	0 -	- 11	-	ditto			0		()	
156		yd_p	1	- 2	-	Primary winding			2			2	
157		yd_s	1	- 2	-	Secondary winding			2			2	
158		vec s	0 -	- 11	-	Phase angel(Secondary)			0		()	
159		yd_t	1	- 2	-	Tertiary winding	-	-		2		2	
160		vec_t	0 -	- 11	-	Phase angle(Tertiary)	-	-		0	()	
161		k2f	10	- 50	%	2f restraint		1	5		1	5	
162		k5f	10	- 100	%	5f restraint		3	80		3	0	
163		kh	2.00	- 20.00	pu	HOC operaing current		2.	00		2.	00	
164	DEE	116	0.05	0.50	P	Minimum sensitivity for		^	50		0	50	
104	KEF		0.05	- 0.00	pu	1REF		0.	50		0.	50	
165		1kct1	1.00	- 50.00		CT ratio for 1REF		1.	00		1.	00	
166		1kct2	1.00	- 50.00		ditto		1.	00		1.	00	
167		1kct3	1.00	- 50.00	_	ditto	-	-	1.	00	1.	00	
168		1p2	50 -	- 100	%	Percent slope for 1REF		1	00		1(00	
169		1kp	0.50	- 2.00	pu	DF2 sensitivity		1.	00		1.	00	
1.00						Minimum sensitivity for			= 0				
170		21k	0.05	- 0.50	pu	2REF		0.	50		0.	50	
171		2kct1	1.00	- 50.00	_	CT ratio for 2REF		1.	00		1.	00	
172		2kct2	1.00	- 50.00	-	ditto		1.	00		1.	00	
173		2kct3	1.00	- 50.00	_	ditto		-	1	00	1	00	
174		2n2	50	- 100	%	Percent slope for 2REF		1	00	00	1(00	
175		2kp	0.50	- 2 00	nu	DF2 sensitivity		1	00		1	00	
		2.00	0.00	2.00	pu	Minimum sensitivity for			<u> </u>				
176		3ik	0.05	- 0.50	pu	3DEE	-	-	0.	50	0.	50	
177		3kct1	1.00	- 50.00	_	CT ratio for 3REF		_	1	00	1	00	
178		3kct2	1.00	- 50.00	_	ditto			1.	00	1.	00	
170		3kct3	1.00	- 50.00	_	ditto			1.	00	1.	00	
190		3n2	1.00	100	0/.	Dercent slope for 3PEE	-	-	1.	00	1.	00	
100		3/2	0.50	2.00	70		-	-	1	00	1	00	
101		JKP T1DEE	0.50	- 2.00	pu	1DF2 Selfsitivity	-	-	1.	00	1.	00	
102			0.00	10.00	3	2DEE delay trip timer		0.	00		0.	00	
103		T2DEE	0.00	10.00	3 6	3PEE dolay trip timor		0.	00	00	0.	00	
195	00	10C	0.00	20.00	3		-	- 2	00	00	2	00	
100	00	200	0.10	20.00	pu	ditto		2.	00		2.	00	
100		200	0.10	20.00	pu r	ditto		2.	00	00	2.	00	
10/		300 T100	0.10	10.00	pu ^	OC dolay trip timor		- 4	2.	υU	Z.	00	
100		T200	0.00	10.00	S	ditto		1.	00		1.	00	
109		T200	0.00	10.00	S	ditto		1.	4	00	1.	00	
190		1000	0.00	F 00	S	OCL clomont		-	1.	υU	1.	00	I
191		2001	0.10	- 3.00	pu r	ditto		1.	00			00	I
192		2001	0.10	5.00	pu nu	ditto		1.	4	00		00	
193		3001	0.10	- 5.00	pu	OCI dolayod tripping		-	1.	υU	1.	JU	
194		T10CI	0.05	- 1.00	—	timor		1.	00		1.	00	1
405		TOCOL	0.05	1.00		umer			00		· ·	00	I
195		1200I	0.05	- 1.00	_	ditto		1.		00	1.	00	
196		13001	0.05	- 1.00		uillo E E element	-	-	1.	UU	1.	00	
197			0.10	- 20.00	pu			2.	00		2.	00	
198		2EF	0.10	- 20.00	pu	aitto		2.	- 10	00	2.	00	I
199		3EF	0.10	- 20.00	pu	aitto	-	-	2.	υU	2.	00	l
200		T1EF	0.00	- 10.00	S	EF delay trip timer		1.	00		1.	00	L
201		T2EF	0.00	- 10.00	S	ditto		1.	00		1.	ບບ	L
202		T3EF	0.00	- 10.00	S	ditto		-	L 1.	00	1.	UU	l
203		1EFI	0.10	- 5.00	pu	EFI element		1.	00		1.	00	L
204		2EFI	0.10	- 5.00	pu	ditto		1.	00		1.	00	I
205		3EFI	0.10	- 5.00	pu	dittp	-	-	1.	00	1.	00	
206		T1EEI	0.05	- 1 00	_	EEI delayed tripping timor		1	00		1	00	
200			0.05	1.00				1.					
207		T2EFI	0.05	- 1.00		ditto		1.	00		1.	00	
208		T3EFI	0.05	- 1.00	—	ditto	-	-	1.	00	1.	00	
209	THR	t	0.5 -	500.0	min	Time constant		60	0.0		60	0.0	
210		k	0.10	- 4.00	—	Constant		1.	30		1.	30	
211		IB	0.50	- 2.50	pu	Basic current		1.	00		1.	00	
212		lp	0.00	- 1.00	pu	Pre-load current		0.	00		0.	00	
213		TA	0 -	- 10	min	Time for alarming		1	0		1	0	

						Default Setting of Relay Series(5A	A ratin	ng / 1A rating)	
Nº	Na	me	Range	Units	Contents	World wide		ENA	User
	-	-				2-Winding 3-Winding		3-Winding	setting
			5A rating 1A rating			101D 102D 201D 202D)	203D 204D	
214	V/F	V	100.0 - 120.0	V	Voltage	100.0		100.0	
215		A	1.03 - 1.30	pu	Alarm level	1.03		1.03	
210		니	1 10 - 1 40	pu	High level	1.40		1.05	
217			1.10	pu	Inverce time delay for	1.40		1.40	
218		LI	1 - 600	s	high level	600		600	
210		нт	1 - 600	e	Inverce time delay fir low	v 1		1	
213			1 - 000	5	level			1	
220		RT	60 - 3600	s	Radiant heat time	250		250	
221		TVFH	1 - 600	s	Delay time for high level	10 01 10		10	
222		IVFA	1 - 600	s	Delay time for alarm level	el 10		10	
223	FRQ	81-1	45.00 - 55.00	Hz	rating	49.00		49.00	
					Frequency-1 in 60Hz		-		
			54.00 - 66.00	Hz	rating	59.00		59.00	
224		01.2	45.00 55.00	L.I.a.	Frequency-2 in 50Hz	48.00		48.00	
224		01-2	45.00 - 55.00	пг	rating	40.00		48.00	
			54.00 - 66.00	Hz	Frequency-2 in 60Hz	58.00		58.00	
005		1.0.7	10, 100		rating	40		40	
225		00	40 - 100	v	Voltage	40		40	
226		TFRQL	0.00 - 60.00	s	IRIP delay timer for low	10.0		10.0	
					TRIP delay timer for high		-		
227		IFRQH	0.00 - 60.00	s	level	10.0		10.0	
220		TEROA	0.00 - 60.00	~	TRIP delay timer for alarm	10.0		10.0	
220		II KQA	0.00 - 00.00	5	level	10.0		10.0	
229	BIS	W 1	Norm - Inv	-	Binary input	Norm		Norm	
230	BIS	W 2	Norm - Inv	-	ditto	Norm		Norm	
231	BIS	W 3	Norm - Inv	-	ditto	Norm	_	Norm	
232	BIS	W 5		-	ditto	Norm	-	Norm	
233	BIS	W6	Norm - Inv	_	ditto	Norm		Norm	
235	BIS	W 7	Norm - Inv	-	ditto	Norm		Norm	
236	BIS	W 8	Norm - Inv	-	ditto	Norm		Norm	
237	BIS	W 9	Norm - Inv	-	ditto	Norm		Norm	
238	BISV	N 10	Norm - Inv	-	ditto	Norm		Norm	
239	BISV	N 11	Norm - Inv	-	ditto	Norm		Norm	
240	BISV	N 12	Norm - Inv	-	ditto	Norm		Norm	
241	BISV	N 13	Norm - Inv	-	ditto	Norm			
242	BISV	N 14	Norm - Inv	-	ditto	Norm		Norm	
243	BISV	N 15	Norm - Inv	-	ditto	Norm		Norm	
244	BISV	N 16	Norm - Inv	-	ditto	Norm		Norm	
245	LEDT	Logic	OR - AND	-	Configurable LEDs	UR Inst	_	UR	
247		In #1	0 - 3071	_		0	-	281	
248		In #2	0 - 3071	-		0		0	
249		In #3	0 - 3071	-		0		0	
250		In #4	0 - 3071	-		0		0	
251	LED2	Logic	OR - AND	-	Configurable LEDs	OR		OR	
252		Reset	Inst - Latch	-		Inst		Inst	
253		In #1	0 - 3071	-		0		291	
254		In #2	0 - 3071	-		0		0	
255		In #3	0 - 30/1	-		0	_	0	
200 257	1 ED 3	111 #4	0 - 30/1 OR - 4ND	<u> </u>				90	— —
258	2203	Reset	Inst - Latch	-	Configurable LEDS	Inst	-	Inst	
259		In #1	0 - 3071	-		0	-	298	
260		In #2	0 - 3071	- 1		0		0	1
261		In #3	0 - 3071	-		0		0	
262		In #4	0 - 3071	-		0		0	
263	LED4	Logic	OR - AND	-	Configurable LEDs	OR		OR	
264		Reset	Inst - Latch	-		Inst		Inst	
265		In #1	0 - 3071	-		0		0	
266		In #2	U - 3071	-		0		0	
207		in #3	U - 3071	-		U	_	U	— —
260	Plant	name	U - 3071 Specified by user	-	Plant name	U 00-name	-	U no-name	
270	Desc	ription	ditto	-	Memorandum for user	no-data		no-data	
271	HD	 LC	1 - 32	-	Relay ID No. for RSM	1		1	
0-5					Station address for		-		1
272	IE		U - 254		IEC103	2		2	
273	SV	ADJ	-9999 - 9999	ms	Time sync. Compensation	0		0	
2, 5	017			.110				, in the second s	
274	IP'	1-1	0 - 254	-	IP Address of CH#1	192		192	
275	IP'	1-2	0 - 254	-		168		168	L
2/0	IP'	1-3	0 - 254	-		19	_	19	
279	IP' QM	1-4	0 - 204	-	Subnet Mask of CH#1	255		255	——
279	SM	11-2	0 - 255	1 -	CODICE MORE OF CH#1	255		255	
280	SM	11-3	0 - 255	-		255		255	
281	SM	11-4	0 - 255	-	Subnet Mask of CH#1	0		0	
282	GW	/1-1	0 - 254		Gateway Address of	192		192	
283	GW	/1-2	0 - 254	-	CH#1	168		168	
284	GW	/1-3	0 - 254	-		19		19	
285	GW	/1-4	0 - 254	-		1		1	

					Default Settin	g of Relay	Series(5A rati	ing / 1A rating)	
No	Name	Range	Linits	Contents	World	l wide		ENA	User
11-	Nume		Office	Contenta	2-Winding	3-W	inding	3-Winding	setting
		5A rating 1A rating	1		101D 102D	201D	202D	203D 204D	
286	IP2-1	0 - 254	-	IP Address of CH#2	19	92		192	
287	IP2-2	0 - 254	-		16	68		168	
288	IP2-3	0 - 254	-		1	9		19	
289	IP2-4	0 - 254	-		17	73		173	
290	SM2-1	0 - 255	-	Subnet Mask of CH#2	25	55		255	
291	SM2-2	0 - 255	-		25	55		255	
292	SM2-3	0 - 255	-		25	55		255	
293	SM2-4	0 - 255	-		()		0	
294	GW2-1	0 - 254	-	Gateway Address of	19	92		192	
295	GW2-2	0 - 254	-	CH#2	16	68		168	
296	GW2-3	0 - 254	-		1	9		19	
297	GW2-4	0 - 254	-		1			1	
298	SI1-1	0 - 254	-	SNTP Server1 Address	()		0	
299	SI1-2	0 - 254	-		()		0	
300	SI1-3	0 - 254	-		()		0	
301	SI1-4	0 - 254	-		()		0	
302	SI2-1	0 - 254	-	SNTP Server2 Address	()		0	
303	SIZ-2	0 - 254	-		()		0	
304	512-3	0 - 254	_		()		0	
306	SIZ-4 SI3_1	0 - 254		SNTP Server3 Address		י ו		0	I
300	010-1 Q10-0	0 - 254		SINTE SEIVERS AUURESS	(<u>,</u> ו		0	
302	SI3-3	0 - 254	<u> </u>		r	,)		0	1
300	SI3-4	0 - 254	<u> </u>		r	,)		0	1
310	SI4-1	0 - 254	-	SNTP Server4 Address	r	,)		0	1
311	SI4-2	0 - 254	I _	Sterr Gerrert Audress	ſ	,)		0	1
312	SI4-3	0 - 254	- 1		(-)		0	1
313	SI4-4	0 - 254	- 1)		n n	1
314	SMODE	0 - 1	-	SNTP operation mode (foecibly synchronising or not)	()		0	
315	GOINT	1 - 60	s	GOOSE message interval	6	0		60	
316	PG1-1	0 - 254	_	Ping check addrs port#1	()		0	
317	PG1-2	0 - 254	-	3	()		0	
318	PG1-3	0 - 254	-		()		0	
319	PG1-4	0 - 254	-		()		0	1
320	PG2-1	0 - 254	-	Ping check addrs port#2	()		0	
321	PG2-2	0 - 254	-	5 · · · · · · · · · · · ·	()		0	
322	PG2-3	0 - 254	-		()		0	
323	PG2-4	0 - 254	_		()		0	
224	DDTCI 1			CH#1 Communication	ЦП				
324	PRICEI	HDEC - IEC 103	-	protocol		LC		HDLC	
325	232C	9.6 - 19.2 - 38.4 - 57.6	-	RS-232C baud rate	9.	.6		9.6	
326	IECBR	96-192	_	IEC60870-5-103 baud	10	12		10.2	
520	ILCOIX	3:0 - 13:2	_	rate	13	.2		15.2	
327	IECBLK	Normal - Blocked	-	Monitor direction blocked	Nor	mal		Normal	
328	850BLK	Normal - Blocked	-	IEC61850 Block	Nor	mal		Normal	
329	850AUT	Off - On	-	IEC61850 Authorize	0	ff		Off	
330	TSTMOD	Off - On	-	IEC61850 Test mode	0	off		Off	
331	GSECHK	Off - On	-	GOOSE receive check	0	ff		Off	
332	PINGCHK	Off - On	-	Ping check	0	off		Off	
333	Phase mode	Operating - Fault	_	Phase indication of Fault	Oper	ating		Operating	
H		. 5	I	recording	, per	~			
334	BITRN	0 - 128	- 1	Number of bi-trigger	10	00		100	I
205	Tiv	0.1 0.0		(on/off) events		0		4.0	
335	10000	0.1-3.0	s r	OC element for	1.	.u		1.0	I
207	200000	0.10 - 20.00	pu r	disturbance recorder	1.0	00		1.00	
320	30000	0.10 - 20.00	pu pu	initiation	1.	1	00	1.00	
330	10000	0.05, 20.00	pu pu	maauon	47	00		1.00	1
340	200000	0.05 - 20.00	pu pu		1.0	00		1.00	1
341	30CPG	0.05 - 20.00	pu			1	.00	1.00	1
342	TRIP1	Off - On	- Pu	Disturbance trigger	0	n I.		On	1
343	TRIP2	Off - On	- 1	ditto	0	n n		On	1
344	TRIP3	Off - On	- 1	ditto	Off	(On	On	İ
345	TRIP4	Off - On	- 1	ditto)ff			İ 👘
346	TRIP5	Off - On	- 1	ditto	0	ff			İ
347	10CPS	Off - On	-	ditto	0	n		On	Ï
348	20CPS	Off - On	-	ditto	0	n		On	1
349	30CPS	Off - On	-	ditto		(Dn	On	<u> </u>
350	10CPG	Off - On	_	ditto	0	n		On	
351	20CPG	Off - On	—	ditto	0	n		On	
352	30CPG	Off - On	-	ditto		(On	On	
353	2F	Off - On	-	ditto	0	n		On	
354	5F	Off - On	-	ditto	0	n		On	
355	EVENT1	Off - On	-	ditto	0	n		On	
356	EVENT2	Off - On	-	ditto	0	n		On	
357	EVENT3	Off - On	-	ditto	0	n		On	
358	Display value	Primary - Secondary	-	Metering	Prin	nary		Primary	
359	Time sync	Off - IRIG - RSM - IEC - SNTP	-	Time	0	ff		Off	L
360	GMT	-12 - +12	hrs	Time	()		0	I
1361	GMTm	E0 ±E0	I min	Lime		1		• 0	

Event record default setting													
No	Name	Range	Unit	Contents		Default settin	g			Мо	del		<u>.</u>
110.	Turne	runge	Onit	Contento	Sig. NO.	Signal name	type	101D	102D	201D	201D	203D	204D
1	EV1	0 - 3071	-	Event record signal	1536	Mec.Trip1	On/Off			~	,		
2	EV2	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1537	Mec.Trip2	On/Off			v	,		
3	EV3	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1538	Mec. Trip3	On/Off						
4	EV4	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1539	Trip	On/Off				/		
6	EV6	0 - 3071		ditto	1540	Ind reset	On/Off			· · ·	/		
7	EV0 EV7	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1552	Event1	On/Off			✓	/		
8	EV8	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1553	Event2	On/Off			~	/		
9	EV9	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1554	Event3	On/Off			~	/		
10	EV10	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1251	Relayfail	On/Off			√	/		
11	EV11	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1267	CT1 err	On/Off			~	/		
12	EV12	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1268	CT2 err	On/Off			~	/		
13	EV13	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1269	CT3 err	On/Off		-		۷		
14	EV14	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1270	CT4 err	On/Off			-	-		
15	EV15	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
16	EV16	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
17	EV17	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
18	EV18	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
19	EV19	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
20	EV20	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
21	EV21	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
22	EV22 EV23	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0								
23	EV23	0 - 3071	_	ditto	0		On/Off						
25	EV25	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
26	EV26	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
27	EV27	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
28	EV28	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
29	EV29	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
30	EV30	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
31	EV31	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
32	EV32	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
33	EV33	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
34	EV34	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
35	EV35	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
36	EV36	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
37	EV37	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
30	EV38	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
40	EV39	0 - 3071		ditto	0		On/Off						
41	EV40	0 - 3071	_	ditto	0		On/Off						
42	EV42	0 - 3071	_	ditto	0		On/Off						
43	EV43	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
44	EV44	0 - 3071	_	ditto	0		On/Off						
45	EV45	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
46	EV46	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
47	EV47	0 - 3071		ditto	0		On/Off						
48	EV48	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off				_		
49	EV49	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1258	Relay fail-A	On/Off			√	/		
50	EV50	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1438	Data lost	On/Off			✓	/		
51	EV51	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
52	EV52	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
53	EV53	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
54	EV54	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		Un/Off						
55	EV55	0 - 3071	-	นแอ	U		On/Off						
00 57	EV50	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0								
59	EV3/	0 - 3071		ditto	0								
50	EV.50	0 - 3071		ditto	0								
60	EV60	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
61	EV61	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
62	EV62	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
63	EV63	0 - 3071	- 1	ditto	0		On/Off						
64	EV64	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off	l					

Ever	nt recor	d default s	setting	g									
No	Name	Range	Unit	Contents		Default settin	g			M	odel	ů	<u>.</u>
NO.	Name	rtange	Onit	Contenta	Sig. NO.	Signal name	type	101D	102D	201D	201D	203D	204D
65	EV65	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
66	EV66	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
67	EV67	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
68	EV68	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
69	EV69	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
70	EV70	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
71	EV71	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
72	EV/2	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
73	EV73	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
74	EV74	0 - 3071	_	ditto	0		On/Off						
76	EV76	0 - 3071	_	ditto	0		On/Off						
77	EV77	0 - 3071	_	ditto	0		On/Off						
78	EV78	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
79	EV79	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
80	EV80	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
81	EV81	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
82	EV82	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
83	EV83	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
84	EV84	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
85	EV85	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
86	EV86	0 - 3071		ditto	0		On/Off						
87	EV87	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
88	EV88	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
89	EV89	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
90	EV90	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		Un/Off						
91	EV91	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
92	EV92	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
93	EV93	0 - 3071		ditto	0		On/Off						
95	EV95	0 - 3071	_	ditto	0		On/Off						
96	EV96	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
97	EV97	0 - 3071	_	ditto	0		On/Off						
98	EV98	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
99	EV99	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
100	EV100	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On/Off						
101	EV101	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1243	SET.GROUP1	On			١	/		
102	EV102	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1244	SET.GROUP2	On			١	/		
103	EV103	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1245	SET.GROUP3	On			١	/		
104	EV104	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1246	SET.GROUP4	On			1	/		
105	EV105	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1247	SET.GROUP5	On			١	/		
106	EV106	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1248	SET.GROUP6	On			1	/		
107	EV107	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1249	SET.GROUP7	On			1	/		
108	EV108	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1250	SELGROUP8	- On			1	, /		
109	EV109	0 - 30/1	-	ditto	1448	Sys. Set change	On Or			-			
110	EV110	0 - 30/1	-	ditto	1449	Crp. Set change	On On						
112	EV 111 EV/112	0 - 3071	<u> </u>	ditto	041	Gilp. Set change					•		
113	EV112	0 - 3071	_	ditto	0		On						
114	EV114	0 - 3071	<u> </u>	ditto	0		On						
115	EV115	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On						
116	EV116	0 - 3071	_	ditto	0		On						
117	EV117	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On						
118	EV118	0 - 3071	- 1	ditto	0		On	1					
119	EV119	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1445	PLC data CHG	On			١	/		
120	EV120	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On						
121	EV121	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1409	LED RST	On			١	/		
122	EV122	0 - 3071		ditto	1435	F.record_CLR	On			,			
123	EV123	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On						
124	EV124	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1436	E.record_CLR	On			١			
125	EV125	0 - 3071	-	ditto	1437	D.record_CLR	On			١			
126	EV126	0 - 3071		ditto	0		On						
127	EV127	0 - 3071	-	ditto	0		On						
128	EV128	0 - 3071	I – T	ditto	0		On						
				J J	Defa	ault setting		Model					
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No.	Name	Range	Unit	Contents	Signal No.	Signal name	101D 102D	201D 202D	203D 204D				
1	SIG1	0 - 3071	—	disturbance record triger	284	TRIP-1	V	V	V				
2	SIG2	0 - 3071	—	ditto	291	TRIP-2	~	V	V				
3	SIG3	0 - 3071	-	ditto	298	TRIP-3	✓	✓	V				
4	SIG4	0 - 3071	-	ditto	305	TRIP-4	✓	✓	V				
5	SIG5	0 - 3071	—	ditto	312	TRIP-5	✓	✓	V				
6	SIG6	0 - 3071	—	ditto	330	DIFT	~	~	V				
7	SIG7	0 - 3071	—	ditto	331	HOC	V	V	~				
8	SIG8	0 - 3071	_	ditto	122	2F	v	V	v				
9	SIG9	0 - 3071	—	ditto	123	5F	V	V	V				
10	SIG10	0 - 3071	—	ditto	332	1REF	V	V	~				
11	SIG11	0 - 3071	—	ditto	333	2REF	V	V	V				
12	SIG12	0 - 3071	—	ditto	334	3REF		~	~				
13	SIG13	0 - 3071	—	ditto	335	10C	✓	✓	✓				
14	SIG14	0 - 3071	—	ditto	336	20C	✓	✓	✓				
15	SIG15	0 - 3071	—	ditto	337	3OC		V	V				
16	SIG16	0 - 3071	—	ditto	338	40C							
17	SIG17	0 - 3071	—	ditto	339	10Cl	V	V	V				
18	SIG18	0 - 3071	—	ditto	340	20Cl	✓	✓	~				
19	SIG19	0 - 3071	—	ditto	341	30Cl		V	~				
20	SIG20	0 - 3071	—	ditto	342	40Cl							
21	SIG21	0 - 3071	—	ditto	343	1EF	~	~	~				
22	SIG22	0 - 3071	—	ditto	344	2EF	✓	✓	~				
23	SIG23	0 - 3071	—	ditto	345	3EF		V	~				
24	SIG24	0 - 3071	—	ditto	346	1EFI	v	v	v				
25	SIG25	0 - 3071	—	ditto	347	2EFI	V	V	V				
26	SIG26	0 - 3071	—	ditto	348	3EFI		~	~				
27	SIG27	0 - 3071	—	ditto	349	FRQ	✓	✓	✓				
28	SIG28	0 - 3071	—	ditto	350	V/F	~	~	V				
29	SIG29	0 - 3071	—	ditto	351	THR	V	~	V				
30	SIG30	0 - 3071	_	ditto	361	Mec.tirp	✓	✓	~				
31	SIG31	0 - 3071	_	ditto	0	·							
32	SIG32	0 - 3071	—	ditto	0								

Disturbance record default setting

PLC default setting

	Output	-	Tir	nina		Logic expression				D	alov Tim	o / Elin	Elon			
-	Oulpul		11	ning		Logic ex	pression			D6	elay Tim	e / Flip	гюр			
			Cycle			Model 100s	Model 200s		- Flip I	Flop			limer			
No	Signal				Turn				Back	Release	Off	On	One			None
	orginal	30	90	User	Turr	Filename: PO	RT100DA000	Norm	Duok					Time	Value	None
								-	Up	Signal	Delay	Delay	Shot	-		
1536	EXT_MEC TP1	Х				[513]BI1 (COMMAND									Х
1527	EVT MEC TD2	× ×				[51/1012]										v
1557	EAT_IVIEG.TP2	<u>^</u>				[314]DI2_0										
1538	EXI_MEC.TP3	X				[515]BI3_(COMMAND									Х
1539	EXT_MEC.TP4	Х				[516]BI4 (COMMAND									Х
15/0		Y				[517]BI5 (OMMAND									Y
1040	IND.INEGET															^
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1552	EVENT1	_Χ				[526]BI14	COMMAND									_X
1553	EVENT2	Х		1		[527]BI15	COMMAND									Х
1554	EV/ENIT3	v	1	1		[52910116	COMMAND									T Ŷ
1004				+		[520]DI 10_									<u> </u>	-^
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1569	DIF_BLOCK	_														
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1571	10C BLOCK															
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1574	1EFI BLOCK															
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1585	40C_BLOCK															
1586	40CI BLOCK			1												
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1588	FRQ-A_BLOCK															L
1589	V/F BLOCK			1					_						1 7	
1500	V/F-A BLOCK		1	1			i			İ						
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1591	THK_BLOCK	I I														└──
1592	THR-A_BLOCK			1							l l					1
1593	MEC TP1 BLOCK															
1504	MEC TE2 DI OCIZ		1	1												t
1094	IVIED. IFZ_BLUCK	l						I								──
<u>159</u> 5	MEC.1P3_BLOCK															L
1596	MEC.TP4 BLOCK			1												
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	Output			Tim	nina		Logic ex	nression			De	lav Tim	e / Flin I	Flon			
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Nº	Signal		20	00	Lloor	lurn	Filonomo: DC		Norm	Back	Release	Off	On	One	Time	Value	None
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4000		_	V				1045			υp	Signal	Delay	Delay	SHUL	000		
1600	TPT_DELAY	_	X				[3]5	IP1				X			200	ms	
1601	TP2_DELAY		Х				[316]	ITP2				Х			200	ms	
1602	TP3 DFLAY		Х				[317	ITP3				Х			200	ms	
1602		_	v				[219]					v			200	mo	
1003	TP5_DELAY	_	$\hat{\mathbf{v}}$				[310					 			200	1115	
1604	TP5_DELAY		Х				[319	1125				X			200	ms	
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1617	DIF-B_BLOCK	L															
1618	DIF-C_BLOCK		T														
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	Output			Timina		Logic ex	nression			De	alav Tim	e / Elin	Flon			
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				Cycle			Wodel TUUS	IVIODEI 2005		Flipi	гор			Timer			
Nº	Signal			00		Turn	F ¹ D 0			Back	Release	Off	On	One			None
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1700			_				100.01			Up	Signal	Delay	Delay	31101			
1792	IO#1-TP1	X					[284]1	RIP-1									Х
1793	IO#1-TP2	X					[291]	TRIP-2									Х
1794	IO#1-TP3	X					[298]	RIP-3									X
1704			-				[200]										× ×
1/95	10#1-1P4		-				[305]]	RIP-4									۸ ۲
1796	IO#1-TP5	X					[312]	RIP-5									Х
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	Output		Timing			Logic ex	nression			De	lav Tim	e / Flin I	lon			
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	Output		Tin	nina		Logic ex	nression			De	lav Tim	e / Flin I	Flon			
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			Cycle			Model 100s	Model 200s		Flip I	FIOP			I imer			
Nº	Signal				Turn				Back	Release	Off	On	One			None
	g	30	90	User		Filename: PG	RT100DA000	Norm		0			0	Time	Value	
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	Output	Timing					nression			De	alav Tim	م / Flin ا	Elon			
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Na	Olara al		Cycle	1	т				Deale	Delesse	0"	0				News
IN⊡	Signal	30	90	llser	Turn	Filename [,] PG	RT100DA000	Norm	васк	Release	Οπ	On	One	Time	Value	None
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2816	TEMP001															
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2817	TEMP002															
2818	TEMP003															
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2019	TEIVIP004	-														
2820	TEMP005															
2821	TEMPOOG															
2021		-														
2822	TEMP007															
2823	TEMP008															
2020																
2024	TEMP009															
2825	TEMP010															
2826	TEMD011															
2020		_														
2827	TEMP012															
2828	TEMP013															
2820	TEMP014															
2029	TEIVIFU14	_														
2830	TEMP015															
2831	TEMP016				1											
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2833	TEMP018			1	I I											
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2835	TEMP020															
2836	TEMP021															
2027	TEMD022			1	I											
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2838	TEMP023			1	I I											
2839	TEMP024															
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2840	TEMP025															
2841	TEMP026															
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2843	TEMP028															
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2044	TEMP020	-		-												
2845	TEMP030															
2846	TEMP031															
28/17	TEMP032															
2047				_												
2848	TEMP033															
2849	TEMP034															
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2820	TEMP035															
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2854	TEMP039															
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2856	TEMP041															
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	Output			Tim	nina		Logic ex	nression			De	lav Tim	e / Flin I	Flon			
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3070	TEMP255																
3071	TEMP256																

Appendix I

Commissioning Test Sheet (sample)

- 1. Relay identification
- 2. Preliminary check
- 3. Hardware test
 - 3.1 User interface check
 - 3.2 Binary input/Binary output circuit check
 - 3.3 AC input circuit check
- 4. Function test
 - 4.1 Percentage current differential element DIF test
 - 4.2 2F-lock element check
 - 4.3 5F-lock element check
 - 4.4 High-set overcurrent element HOC test
 - 4.5 Restricted earth fault element REF test
 - 4.6 Overcurrent element test
 - 4.7 Thermal overload element THR test
 - 4.8 Frequency element FRQ test
 - 4.9 Overexcitation element V/F test
- 5. Protection scheme test
- 6. Metering and recording check
- 7. Conjunctive test

1. Relay identification	
Туре	Serial number
Model	System frequency
Station	Date
Circuit	Engineer
Protection scheme	Witness
Active settings group number	
2. Preliminary check	
Ratings	
CT shorting contacts	
DC power supply	
Power up	
Wiring	
Relay inoperative alarm contact	
Calendar and clock	
3. Hardware check	
3.1 User interface check	
3.2 Binary input/Binary output circuit check	
Binary input circuit	
Binary output circuit	
3.3 AC input circuit check	

- 4. Function test
- 4.1 Percentage current differential element DIF test
- (1) Minimum operating value test

Tap setting	Measured current

(2) Percentage restraining characteristic test

Tap setting	l ₁	Measured current (I ₂)
	× I _k	
	× I _k	

(3) Operating time test

Tap setting	Test current	Measured time		

4.2 2F-lock element check

4.3 5F-lock element check

4.4 High-set overcurrent element HOC test

(1) Minimum operating value test

Tap setting	Measured current		

(2) Operating time test

Tap setting	Test current	Measured time		

4.5 Restricted earth fault element REF test

Tap setting	۱ _a	Measured current (I _n)
	× I _k	
	×Ik	

4.6 Overcurrent element test

(1) OC element

Element	Tap setting	Measured current
OC		

(2) EF element

Element	Tap setting	Measured current
EF		

(3) OCI element

Element	Test current	Measured operating time
OCI	$2 \times I_s$	
	$20 imes l_S$	

I_s: Setting value

(4) EFI element

Element	Test current	Measured operating time
EFI	$2 \times I_S$	
	$20 \times I_S$	

4.7 Thermal overload element THR test

Element	Test current	Measured operating time
THR		

4.8 Frequency element FRQ test

(1) Frequency

Element	Setting	Measured frequency
FRQ-L1		
FRQ-L2		
FRQ-H1		
FRQ-H2		

(2) Undervoltage block

Setting	Measured voltage

4.9 Overexcitation element V/F test

(1) Operating value test

Element	Setting	Measured voltage
V/F		

(2) Operating time test

Test voltage	Measured operating time

5. Protection scheme test

Scheme	Results

- 6. Metering and recording check
- Conjunctive test 7.

Scheme	Results
On load	
Tripping circuit	

Appendix J

Return Repair Form

RETURN / REPAIR FORM

Please fill in this form and return it to Toshiba Corporation with the GRT100 to be repaired.

TOSHIBA CORPORATION Fuchu Complex

1, Toshiba-cho, Fuchu-shi, Tokyo, Japan

For: Power Systems Protection & Control Department

Quality Assurance Section

Type: <u>GRT100</u> Model: _____

(Example: Type: <u>GRT100</u> Model: <u>101D-10-A0</u>)

Product No.:

Serial No. :

Date:

- 1. Why the relay is being returned ?
 - □ mal-operation
 - \Box does not operate
 - \Box increased error
 - \Box investigation
 - □ others

2. Fault records, event records or disturbance records stored in the relay and relay settings are very helpful information to investigate the incident.

So please inform us the information concerned in the incident with Floppy Disk, or filling up the Fault Record sheet and Relay Setting sheet attached.

Fault Record					
Date/Month/Ye	ear Time	/ /	/ :	:	
(E	Example: 04/ N	ov./ 1997	15:09:58.442)		
Faulty phase:					
Prefault values	(CT ratio:	kA/:	A, VT ratio:	kV/:	V)
I _{a1} :	kA or A∠	0	I _{a2} :	kA or A∠	0
Ib1:	kA or A∠	0	Ib2:	kA or A∠	0
I _{c1} :	kA or A∠	0	I _{c2} :	kA or A∠	0
I11:	kA or A∠	0	I _{12:}	kA or A∠	0
I _{21:}	kA or A∠	0	I _{22:}	kA or A∠	0
I01:	kA or A \angle	0	I ₀₂ :	kA or A \angle	0
I _{n1} :	kA or A \angle	0	I _{n2} :	kA or A∠	0
I _a 3:	kA or A \angle	0			
Ib3:	kA or A \angle	0			
I _c 3:	kA or A \angle	0			
I13:	kA or A \angle	0			
I23:	kA or A \angle	0			
I03:	kA or A \angle	0			
I _n 3:	kA or A \angle	0			
V:	kV or V \angle	0			
I _{da} :	kA or A		I _{d01} :	kA or A	
Idb:	kA or A		I _{d02} :	kA or A	
I _{dc} :	kA or A		I _{d03} :	kA or A	
Fault values	(CT ratio:	kA/:	A, VT ratio:	kV/:	V)
I _{a1} :	kA or A \angle	0	I _{a2} :	kA or A \angle	0
Ib1:	kA or A∠	0	Ib2:	kA or A∠	0
I _{c1} :	kA or A \angle	0	I _{c2} :	kA or A∠	0
I _{11:}	kA or A \angle	0	I ₁₂ :	kA or A \angle	0
I ₂₁ :	kA or A∠	0	I ₂₂ :	kA or A \angle	0
I01:	kA or A \angle	0	I ₀₂ :	kA or A \angle	0
I _{n1} :	kA or A \angle	0	I _{n2} :	kA or A \angle	0
I _a 3:	kA or A \angle	0			
Ib3:	kA or A \angle	0			
I _c 3:	kA or A \angle	0			
I13:	kA or A \angle	0			
I23:	kA or A \angle	0			
I03:	kA or A \angle	0			
I _n 3:	kA or A \angle	0			
V:	kV or V \angle	0			
I _{da} :	kA or A		I _{d01} :	kA or A	
I _{db} :	kA or A		I _{d02} :	kA or A	
I _{dc} :	kA or A		I _{d03} :	kA or A	

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	3.	What was the message on the LCD display at the time of the incident.
4. Please write the detail of the incident.		
 4. Please write the detail of the incident. 		
 4. Please write the detail of the incident. 		
 4. Please write the detail of the incident. 		
 5. Date of the incident occurred. Day/ Month/ Year: / / / (Example: 10/ July/ 1998) 6. Please write any comments on the GRT100, including the document. 	4.	Please write the detail of the incident.
5. Date of the incident occurred. Day/ Month/ Year: / (Example: 10/ July/ 1998) 6. Please write any comments on the GRT100, including the document.		
 5. Date of the incident occurred. Day/ Month/ Year: / / / (Example: 10/ July/ 1998) 6. Please write any comments on the GRT100, including the document. 		
 5. Date of the incident occurred. Day/ Month/ Year: / / / (Example: 10/ July/ 1998) 6. Please write any comments on the GRT100, including the document. 		
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Day/ Month/ Year: / / / (Example: 10/ July/ 1998) 6. Please write any comments on the GRT100, including the document.	5.	Date of the incident occurred.
(Example: 10/ July/ 1998) 6. Please write any comments on the GRT100, including the document.		Day/ Month/ Year: / / /
6. Please write any comments on the GRT100, including the document.		(Example: 10/ July/ 1998)
	6.	Please write any comments on the GRT100, including the document.

Customer	
Name:	
Company Name:	
Address:	
Telephone No.:	
Facsimile No.:	
Signature:	
Appendix K Technical Data

TECHNICAL DATA

Ratings		
AC current	1A or 5A	
AC voltage	100V, 110V, 115V, 120V	
Frequency	50Hz or 60Hz	
DC power supply	110Vdc/125Vdc (Operative range: 88 to 150Vdc) 220Vdc/250Vdc (Operative range: 176 to 300Vdc) 48Vdc/54Vdc/60Vdc (Operative range: 38.4 to 72Vdc) 24Vdc/30Vdc (Operative range: 19.2 to 36Vdc)	
AC ripple on DC supply IEC 60255-11	maximum 12%	
DC supply interruption IEC 60255-11		
Permissive duration of DC supply voltage		
interruption to maintain normal operation	maximum 50ms at 110Vdc	
Restart time	less than 10s	
Binary input circuit DC voltage	110Vdc/125Vdc (Operative range: 88 to 150Vdc) 220Vdc/250Vdc (Operative range: 176 to 300Vdc) 48Vdc/54Vdc/60Vdc (Operative range: 38.4 to 72Vdc) 24Vdc/30Vdc (Operative range: 19.2 to 36Vdc)	
Overload rating		
AC current input	4 times rated continuous	
	100 times rated for 1s	
AC voltage input	2 times rated continuous	
	2.5 times rated for 1s	
Burden		
AC current circuit	0.3VA per phase (at rated 5A)	
	0.4VA at zero sequence circuit (at rated 5A)	
	0.1VA per phase (at rated 1A)	
	0.3VA at zero sequence circuit (at rated 1A)	
AC voltage circuit	0.1VA (at rated voltage)	
DC power supply	less than 15W (quiescent)	
	less than 25W(operation)	
Binary input circuit	0.5W/input at 110Vdc	
Current differential protection		
Minimum operate current (ik)	0.10 to 1.00pu in 0.01pu steps	
Slope 1 (p1)	10 to 100% in 1% steps	
Slope 2 (p2)	10 to 200% in 1% steps	
kp	1.00 to 10.00pu in 0.01pu steps	
Vector group compensation	0 to 330° in 30° steps	
CT ratio correction (Winding 1 to 3) (kct1 – kct3)	0.05 to 50.00 in 0.01 steps	
Inrush setting (2nd harmonic ratio) (k2f)	10 to 50% in 1% steps	
Overexcitation setting (5th harmonic ratio) (k5f)	10 to 100% in 1% steps	
Operating time	typical 35ms	
High-set differential overcurrent protection		
Overcurrent (kh)	2.00 to 20.00pu in 0.01pu steps	

Restricted earth fault element		
Minimum operating current	0.05 to 0.50pu in 0.01pu steps	
Slope 1 (p1)	10 %	
Slope 2 (p2)	50 to 100% in 1% steps	
kp	0.50 to 2.00pu in 0.01pu steps	
CT ratio correction (kct)	1.00 to 50.00 in 0.01 steps	
Operating time	typical 35ms	
Time-overcurrent protection		
High-set overcurrent element		
Pick up level (OC, EF)	0.10 to 20.00pu in 0.10pu steps	
Delay time (TOC, TEF)	0.00 to 10.00s in 0.01s steps	
Operating time	typical 30ms (without delay time)	
Inverse time overcurrent element		
Pick up level (OCI, EFI)	0.10 to 5.00pu in 0.01pu steps	
Time multiplier (TOCI, TEFI)	0.05 to 1.00 in 0.01 steps	
Characteristic	Three IEC standard 60255-3 (Standard inverse, Very inverse,	
	Extremely inverse), or Long-time inverse	
	*Refer to Appendix P.	
Thermal overload protection	T	
Thermal time constant (τ)	0.5 to 500.0min in 0.1min steps	
Constant (k)	0.10 to 4.00 in 0.01 steps	
Basic current (IB)	0.50 t0 2.50pu in 0.01pu steps	
Special load current before overload (Ip)	0.00 to 1.00pu in 0.01 steps	
Time for alarming (TA)	0 to 10min in 1min steps	
Frequency protection		
Overfrequency	50.00 to 55.00Hz in 0.01Hz steps (50Hz relay)	
	60.00 to 66.00Hz in 0.01Hz steps (60Hz relay)	
Underfrequency	45.00 to 50.00Hz in 0.01Hz steps (50Hz relay)	
	54.00 to 60.00Hz in 0.01Hz steps (60Hz relay)	
Delay time	0.00 to 60.00s in 0.01s steps	
Start time	less than 100ms	
Undervoltage blocking	40 to 100V in 1V steps	
Overexitation protection		
Pickup voltage	100.0 to 120.0V in 0.1V steps	
Alarm level (A)	1.03 to 1.30pu in 0.01pu steps	
High level (H)	1.10 to 1.40pu in 0.01pu steps	
Low level (L)	1.05 to 1.30pu in 0.01pu steps	
LT (Definite time)	1 to 600s in 1s steps	
HT (Definite time)	1 to 600s in 1s steps	
TVFH (Definite time)	1 to 600s in 1s steps	
TVFA (Definite time)	1 to 600s in 1s steps	
Start time	less than 130ms	
RT (Definite time)	60 to 3600s in 1s steps	

Accuracy		
Current differential element: pick-up	+5%	
	+5%	
Time-overcurrent protection; pick-up	+5%	
Inverse time overcurrent characteristics:		
Standard inverse Verv and long-time inverse	IEC60255-3 class 5	
Extremely inverse	IEC60255-3 class 7 5	
Thermal overload protection: pick-up	+10%	
Frequency protection: pick-up	+0 0.3Hz	
Overexitation protection	+2% of nick-up voltage (frequency range ±2%)	
Disturbance record initiation		
Overcurrent element	0.10 to 20.000u in 0.010u steps	
Farth fault	0.05 to 20.00pu in 0.01pu steps	
Pre-fault time	0.3s (fixed)	
Post-fault time	0.05 (11,20)	
Communication port		
Front communication port (local PC)		
Connection	Point to point	
Cable type	Multi-core (straight)	
Cable length	15m (max.)	
Connector	RS232C 9-pin D-subminiature connector female	
Rear communication port (remote PC)		
RS485 I/F:		
Transmission data rate for RSM system	64kbps	
Connection	Multidrop mode (max. 32 relays)	
Connector	Screw terminals	
Cable and length	Twisted pair cable, max. 1200m	
Isolation	2kVac for 1min.	
Fibre optic I/F:	ST connector, graded-index multi-mode $50/125\mu m$ or $62.5/125\mu m$ type optical fibres	
Ethernet LAN I/F:	100BASE-TX: RJ-45 connector	
	100BASE-FX: SC connector	
IRIG-B port		
Connection	BNC connector	
Cable type	50 ohm coaxial cable	
Binary inputs		
Operating voltage	Typical 74Vdc(min. 70Vdc) for 110V/125Vdc rating	
	Typical 138Vdc(min. 125Vdc) for 220V/250Vdc rating	
	Typical 31Vdc(min. 28Vdc) for 48V/54V/60Vdc rating	
	Typical 16Vdc(min.15Vdc) for 24V/30Vdc rating	

Contact ratings	
Trip contacts	
Make and carry	5A continuously,
	30A, 290Vdc for 0.5s (L/R=10ms)
Break	0.15A, 290Vdc (L/R=40ms)
Auxiliary contacts	
Make and carry	4A continuously,
	10A, 220Vdc for 0.5s (L/R≧5ms)
Break	0.1A, 220Vdc (L/R=40ms)
Durability	
Make and carry	10,000 operations minimum
Break	100,000 operations minimum
Mechanical design	
Weight	12kg
Case color	2.5Y7.5/1(approximation to Munsell value)
Installation	Flush mounting or rack mounting

CT requirement

The GRT100 does not require the use of dedicated CTs nor the use of CTs with an identical ratio. The GRT100 can share the CTs with other protections and the different ratios are adjusted by setting.

The general CT requirements are set for the through-fault stability which comes up when any CTs saturate under very large through-fault currents. To ensure correct operation of the GRT100 for such through-fault currents, the factor Ks of each CT is required to satisfy the following conditions:

 $Ks \ge 1$ when $Tc \le 150ms$

or

 $Ks \ge 5$ when $Tc \le 200ms$

where,

Ks = ratio of CT knee point voltage to CT secondary probable voltage under the maximum through-fault current

 $= Vk / \{(R_{CT} + R_L + R_B + R_O)(I_Fmax / CT ratio)\}$

Tc = d.c. time constant of primary circuit

Vk = knee point voltage of CT

 R_{CT} = resistance of CT secondary winding

 R_L = loop resistance of cable between CT and relay

 R_B = ohmic load of GRT100 (i.e. 0.1 ohm for 1A rating and 0.012 ohm for 5A rating)

 R_0 = ohmic load of other series-connected relays (if any)

I_Fmax = maximum through-fault current

For example, if the following parameters are given:

Vk = 800 V, CT ratio = 1,200/1, R_{CT} = 5.0 ohm, R_L = 3.0 ohm, R_B = 0.1 ohm,

 $R_0 = 0$ ohm (i.e. no series-connected relays) and $I_Fmax = 40kA$

then the factor Ks is calculated as:

 $K_{S} = 800 / \{ (5.0 + 3.0 + 0.1) \times (40,000/1,200) \}$ = 800/270= 3.0

This shows that the GRT100 operates correctly for all the faults under the condition that the d.c. time constant of the primary circuit is less than 200ms.

ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE CLAIMS

Test	Standards	Details
Atmospheric Environn	nent	
Temperature	IEC60068-2-1/2	Operating range: -10°C to +55°C. Storage / Transit: -25°C to +70°C.
Humidity	IEC60068-2-78	56 days at 40°C and 93% relative humidity.
Enclosure Protection	IEC60529	IP51 (Rear: IP20)
Mechanical Environme	ent	
Vibration	IEC60255-21-1	Response - Class 1 Endurance - Class 1
Shock and Bump	IEC60255-21-2	Shock Response Class 1 Shock Withstand Class 1 Bump Class 1
Seismic	IEC60255-21-3	Class 1
Electrical Environment	t	
Dielectric Withstand	IEC60255-5	2kVrms for 1 minute between all terminals and earth. 2kVrms for 1 minute between independent circuits. 1kVrms for 1 minute across normally open contacts.
High Voltage Impulse	IEC60255-5	Three positive and three negative impulses of $5kV(peak)$, $1.2/50\mu s$, $0.5J$ between all terminals and between all terminals and earth.
Electromagnetic Envir	onment	
High Frequency Disturbance / Damped Oscillatory Wave	IEC60255-22-1 Class 3, IEC61000-4-12 / EN61000-4-12	1MHz 2.5kV applied to all ports in common mode. 1MHz 1.0kV applied to all ports in differential mode.
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC60255-22-2 Class 3, IEC61000-4-2 / EN61000-4-2	6kV contact discharge, 8kV air discharge.
Radiated RF Electromagnetic Disturbance	IEC60255-22-3 Class 3, IEC61000-4-3 / EN61000-4-3	Field strength 10V/m for frequency sweeps of 80MHz to 1GHz and 1.7GHz to 2.2GHz. Additional spot tests at 80, 160, 450, 900 and 1890MHz.
Fast Transient Disturbance	IEC60255-22-4, IEC61000-4-4 / EN61000-4-4	4kV, 2.5kHz, 5/50ns applied to all inputs.
Surge Immunity	IEC60255-22-5, IEC61000-4-5 / EN61000-4-5	1.2/50µs surge in common/differential modes: HV ports: 2kV/1kV (peak) PSU and I/O ports: 2kV/1kV (peak) RS485 port: 1kV (peak)
Conducted RF Electromagnetic Disturbance	IEC60255-22-6 Class 3, IEC61000-4-6 / EN61000-4-6	10Vrms applied over frequency range 150kHz to 100MHz. Additional spot tests at 27 and 68MHz.
Power Frequency Disturbance	IEC60255-22-7, IEC61000-4-16 / EN61000-4-16	300V 50Hz for 10s applied to ports in common mode. 150V 50Hz for 10s applied to ports in differential mode. Not applicable to AC inputs.
Conducted and Radiated Emissions	IEC60255-25, EN55022 Class A, IEC61000-6-4 / EN61000-6-4	Conducted emissions: 0.15 to 0.50MHz: <79dB (peak) or <66dB (mean) 0.50 to 30MHz: <73dB (peak) or <60dB (mean) Radiated emissions (at 30m): 30 to 230MHz: <30dB 230 to 1000MHz: <37dB

Test	Standards	Details
European Commission	n Directives	
CE	89/336/EEC	Compliance with the European Commission Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive is demonstrated according to EN 61000-6-2 and EN 61000-6-4.
	73/23/EEC	Compliance with the European Commission Low Voltage Directive is demonstrated according to EN 50178 and EN 60255-5.

Appendix L Setting of REF Element





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Appendix M

Symbols Used in Scheme Logic

Symbols used in the scheme logic and their meanings are as follows:

Signal names

Marked with	Measuring element output signal
Marked with	Binary signal input from or output to the external equipment
Marked with []	Scheme switch
Marked with "	Scheme switch position
Unmarked	Internal scheme logic signal

AND gates







1 1 1 1	A B C			Output
	1 1 1			1
Other cases 0	Other cases			0

А	В	Output	
1	1	0	1
Other cases			0

A B C			Output
1	0	1	
Other cases			0

OR gates



Α	В	Output	
0	0	0	0
Other cases			1

Α	В	Output	
0	0	1	0
Other cases			1

Α	В	С	Output
0	1	1	0
O	her cas	1	

Signal inversion



Timer





One-shot timer







Scheme switch



0 1	Α	Output
	0	1
1 0	1	0

Delaye pick-up timer with fixed setting XXX: Set time

Delayed drop-off timer with fixed setting XXX: Set time

Delaye pick-up timer with variable setting XXX - YYY: Setting range

Delayed drop-off timer with variable setting XXX - YYY: Setting range





S	R	Output
0	0	No change
1	0	1
0	1	0
1	1	0

Α	Switch	Output
1	ON	1
Oth	er cases	0

Switch	Output
ON	1
OFF	0

Appendix N

Implementation of Thermal Model to IEC60255-8

Implementation of Thermal Model to IEC60255-8

Heating by overload current and cooling by dissipation of an electrical system follow exponential time constants. The thermal characteristics of the electrical system can be shown by equation (1).

)

$$\theta = \frac{I^2}{I_{AOL}^2} \left(1 - e^{-t/\tau} \right) \times 100\%$$
 (1)

where:

 θ = thermal state of the system as a percentage of allowable thermal capacity,

I = applied load current,

 $I_{AOL} = kI_{B}$ = allowable overload current of the system,

 τ = thermal time constant of the system.

The thermal state θ is expressed as a percentage of the thermal capacity of the protected system, where 0% represents the cold state and 100% represents the thermal limit, that is the point at which no further temperature rise can be safely tolerated and the system should be disconnected. The thermal limit for any given electrical plant is fixed by the thermal setting I_{AOL}. The relay gives a trip output when $\theta = 100\%$.

If current I is applied to a cold system, then θ will rise exponentially from 0% to $(I^2/I_{AOL}^2 \times 100\%)$, with time constant τ , as in Figure N-1. If $\theta = 100\%$, then the allowable thermal capacity of the system has been reached.



A thermal overload protection relay can be designed to model this function, giving tripping times according to the IEC60255-8 'Hot' and 'Cold' curves.

$$t = \tau \cdot Ln \left[\frac{I^2}{I^2 - I_{AOL}^2} \right]$$
(1) Cold curve
$$t = \tau \cdot Ln \left[\frac{I^2 - I_P^2}{I^2 - I_{AOL}^2} \right]$$
(2) Hot curve

where:

 I_P = prior load current.

In fact, the cold curve is simply a special case of the hot curve where prior load current $I_P = 0$, catering for the situation where a cold system is switched on to an immediate overload.

Figure N-2 shows a typical thermal profile for a system which initially carries normal load current, and is then subjected to an overload condition until a trip results, before finally cooling to ambient temperature.



Figure N-2 (1) Thermal Curve without Prior Load Current



Figure N-2 (2) Thermal curve with Prior Load Current (θ =80%)

Appendix O

IEC60870-5-103: Interoperability and Troubleshooting

IEC60870-5-103 Configurator

IEC103 configurator software is included in a same CD as RSM100, and can be installed easily as follows:

Installation of IEC103 Configurator

Insert the CD-ROM (RSM100) into a CDROM drive to install this software on a PC.

Double click the "Setup.exe" of the folder "\IEC103Conf" under the root directory, and operate it according to the message.

When installation has been completed, the IEC103 Configurator will be registered in the start menu.

Starting IEC103 Configurator

Click [Start] \rightarrow [Programs] \rightarrow [IEC103 Configurator] \rightarrow [IECConf] to the IEC103 Configurator software.

Note: The instruction manual of IEC103 Configurator can be viewed by clicking [Help]→[Manual] on IEC103 Configurator.

IEC60870-5-103: Interoperability

1. Physical Layer

1.1 Electrical interface: EIA RS-485

Number of loads, 32 for one protection equipment

1.2 Optical interface

Glass fibre (option)

ST type connector (option)

1.3 Transmission speed

User setting: 9600 or 19200 bit/s

2. Application Layer

COMMON ADDRESS of ASDU

One COMMON ADDRESS OF ASDU (identical with station address)

3. List of Information

The following items can be customized with the original software tool "IEC103 configurator". (For details, refer to "IEC103 configurator" manual No.6F2S0812.)

- Items for "Time-tagged message": Type ID(1/2), INF, FUN, Transmission condition(Signal number), COT
- Items for "Time-tagged measurands": INF, FUN, Transmission condition(Signal number), COT, Type of measurand quantities
- Items for "General command": INF, FUN, Control condition(Signal number)
- Items for "Measurands": Type ID(3/9), INF, FUN, Number of measurand, Type of measurand quantities
- Common setting
 - Transmission cycle of Measurand frame

- FUN of System function
- Test mode, etc.

CAUTION: To be effective the setting data written via the RS232C, turn off the DC supply of the relay and turn on again.

3.1 IEC60870-5-103 Interface

3.1.1 Spontaneous events

The events created by the relay will be sent using Function type (FUN) / Information numbers (INF) to the IEC60870-5-103 master station.

3.1.2 General interrogation

The GI request can be used to read the status of the relay, the Function types and Information numbers that will be returned during the GI cycle are shown in the table below.

For details, refer to the standard IEC60870-5-103 section 7.4.3.

3.1.3 Cyclic measurements

The relay will produce measured values using Type ID=3 or 9 on a cyclical basis, this can be read from the relay using a Class 2 poll. The rate at which the relay produces new measured values can be customized.

3.1.4 Commands

The supported commands can be customized. The relay will respond to non-supported commands with a cause of transmission (COT) of negative acknowledgement of a command.

For details, refer to the standard IEC60870-5-103 section 7.4.4.

3.1.5 Test mode

In test mode, both spontaneous messages and polled measured values, intended for processing in the control system, are designated by means of the CAUSE OF TRANSMISSION 'test mode'. This means that CAUSE OF TRANSMISSION = 7 'test mode' is used for messages normally transmitted with COT=1 (spontaneous) or COT=2 (cyclic).

For details, refer to the standard IEC60870-5-103 section 7.4.5.

3.1.6 Blocking of monitor direction

If the blocking of the monitor direction is activated in the protection equipment, all indications and measurands are no longer transmitted.

For details, refer to the standard IEC60870-5-103 section 7.4.6.

3.2 List of Information

The followings are the default settings.

List of Information

			IEC103 Configurator Default se				efault set	etting		
INF	Description	Contents	GI	Туре	COT	FUN	D	DPI		
				ID			Signal No.	OFF	ON	
Star	idard Information numbers i	n monitor direction								
Syst	em Function									
0	End of General Interrogation	Transmission completion of GI items.		8	10	255				
0	Time Synchronization	Time Synchronization ACK.		6	8	255				
2	Reset FCB	Reset FCB(toggle bit) ACK		5	3	176				
3	Reset CU	Reset CU ACK		5	4	176				
4	Start/Restart	Relay start/restart		5	5	176				
5	Power On	Relay power on.			Not supported			1	-	
Statu	is Indications									
16	Auto-recloser active	If it is possible to use auto-recloser, this item is set active, if impossible, inactive.				Not supported	d			
17	Teleprotection active	If protection using telecommunication is available, this item is set to active. If not, set to inactive.				Not supported	b			
18	Protection active	If the protection is available, this item is set to active. If not, set to inactive.	GI	1	1, 7, 9, 12, 20, 21	176	1413	1	2	
19	LED reset	Reset of latched LEDs		1	1, 7, 11, 12, 20, 21	176	1409		2	
20	Monitor direction blocked	Block the 103 transmission from a relay to control system. IECBLK: "Blocked" settimg.	GI	1	9, 11	176	1241	1	2	
21	Test mode	Transmission of testmode situation froma relay to control system. IECTST "ON" setting.	GI	1	9, 11	176	1242	1	2	
22	Local parameter Setting	When a setting change has done at the local, the event is sent to control system.				Not supported	d			
23	Characteristic1	Setting group 1 active	GI	1	1, 7, 9, 11, 12, 20, 21	176	1243	1	2	
24	Characteristic2	Setting group 2 active	GI	1	1, 7, 9, 11, 12, 20, 21	176	1244	1	2	
25	Characteristic3	Setting group 3 active	GI	1	1, 7, 9, 11, 12, 20, 21	176	1245	1	2	
26	Characteristic4	Setting group 4 active	GI	1	1, 7, 9, 11, 12, 20, 21	176	1246	1	2	
27	Auxiliary input1					No				
28	Auxiliary input2					No				
29	Auxiliary input3					No				
30	Auxiliary input4					No				
Supe	ervision Indications									
32	Measurand supervision I	Zero sequence current supervision	GI	1	1, 7, 9	176	1271	1	2	
33	Measurand supervision V	Zero sequence voltage supervision				Not supported	d			
35	Phase sequence supervision	Negative sequence voltage supevision				Not supported	d			
36	Trip circuit supervision	Output circuit supervision				Not supported	b			
37	I>>backup operation					Not supported	b			
38	VT fuse failure	VT failure				Not supported	b			
39	Teleprotection disturbed	CF(Communication system Fail) supervision	Not supported							
46	Group warning	Only alarming	GI	1	1, 7, 9	176	1258	1	2	
47	Group alarm	Trip blocking and alarming	GI	1	1, 7, 9	176	1252	1	2	
Earth	Fault Indications									
48	Earth Fault L1	A phase earth fault				No				
49	Earth Fault L2	B phase earth fault				No				
50	Earth Fault L3	C phase earth fault				No				
51	Earth Fault Fwd	Earth fault forward				Not supported	b			
52	Earth Fault Rev	Earth fault reverse	Not supported							

			IEC103 Configurator Default se			Default set	ting		
INF	Description	Contents	GI	Туре	COT	FUN	[DPI	
				ID			Signal NO	OFF	ON
Fault In	ndications								
64	Start/pick-up L1	A phase, A-B phase or C-A phase element pick-up				No			
65	Start/pick-up L2	B phase, A-B phase or B-C phase element pick-up				No			
66	Start/pick-up L3	C phase, B-C phase or C-A phase element pick-up				No			
67	Start/pick-up N	Earth fault element pick-up				No			
68	General trip	Any trip		2	1, 7	176	1280		2
69	Trip L1	A phase, A-B phase or C-A phase trip				No			
70	Trip L2	B phase, A-B phase or B-C phase trip				No			
71	Trip L3	C phase, B-C phase or C-A phase trip				No			
72	Trip I>>(back-up)	Back up trip				Not supporte	d		
73	Fault location X In ohms	Fault location (prim. [ohm] / second. [ohm] / km selectable by IECFL)	Not supported						
74	Fault forward/line	Forward fault	Not supported						
75	Fault reverse/Busbar	Reverse fault				Not supporte	d		
76	Teleprotection Signal transmitted	Carrier signal sending	Not supported						
77	Teleprotection Signal received	Carrier signal receiving	Not supported						
78	Zone1	Zone 1 trip	Not supported						
79	Zone2	Zone 2 trip				Not supporte	d		
80	Zone3	Zone 3 trip				Not supporte	d		
81	Zone4	Zone 4 trip				Not supporte	d		
82	Zone5	Zone 5 trip				Not supporte	d		
83	Zone6	Zone 6 trip				Not supporte	d		
84	General Start/Pick-up	Any elements pick-up				No			
85	Breaker Failure	CBF trip or CBF retrip				Not supporte	d		
86	Trip measuring system L1					No			
87	Trip measuring system L2					No			
88	Trip measuring system L3					No			
89	Trip measuring system E					No			
90	Trip I>	Inverse time OC trip				No			
91	Trip I>>	Definite time OC trip	No						
92	Trip IN>	Inverse time earth fault OC trip	No						
93	Trip IN>>	Definite time earth fault OC trip				No			
Autore	close indications								
128	CB 'ON' by Autoreclose	CB close command output				Not supporte	d		
129	CB 'ON' by long-time Autoreclose					Not supporte	d		
130	Autoreclose Blocked	Autoreclose block				Not supporte	d		

			IEC103 configurator Default setting						
INF	Description	Contents	GI	Type ID	СОТ	FUN	Max. No.		
Measu	rands								
144	Measurand I	<meaurand i=""></meaurand>			No		0		
145	Measurand I,V	Ib1, Vab measurand <meaurand i=""></meaurand>		3.2	2, 7	176	2		
146	Measurand I,V,P,Q	<meaurand i=""></meaurand>	No				0		
147	Measurand IN, VEN	<meaurand i=""></meaurand>	No				0		
148	Measurand IL1,2,3, VL1,2,3, P,Q,f	la1, lb1, lc1, f measurand <meaurand ii=""></meaurand>		9	2, 7	176	9		
Generi	c Function								
240	Read Headings				Not supp	orted			
241	Read attributes of all entries of a group				Not supp	orted			
243	Read directory of entry				Not supp	orted			
244	Real attribute of entry				Not supp	orted			
245	End of GGI				Not supp	orted			
249	Write entry with confirm				Not supp	orted			
250	Write entry with execute		Not supported						
251	Write entry aborted		Not supported						

Details of MEA settings in IEC103 configurator

INF	MEA	Tb1	Offset	Data type	Limit		Co eff
					Lower	Upper	
145	lb1	1	28	short	0	4096	1.706666
	Vab	1	12	short	0	4096	3.413333
148	la1	1	24	short	0	4096	1.706666
	la2	1	28	short	0	4096	1.706666
	la3	1	32	short	0	4096	1.706666
	f	2	28	short	0	4096	0.0000833

	Description	Contents		IEC103 Configurator Default setting				
	Description Contents		СОМ	Type ID	СОТ	FUN		
Selec	Selection of standard information numbers in control direction							
Systen	n functions							
0	Initiation of general interrogation			7	9	255		
0	Time synchronization			6	8	255		
Genera	al commands							
16	Auto-recloser on/off			Not su	pported			
17	Teleprotection on/off		Not supported					
18	Protection on/off	(*1)	ON/OFF	20	20	176		
19	LED reset	Reset indication of latched LEDs.	ON	20	20	176		
23	Activate characteristic 1	Setting Group 1	ON	20	20	176		
24	Activate characteristic 2	Setting Group 2	ON	20	20	176		
25	Activate characteristic 3	Setting Group 3	ON	20	20	176		
26	Activate characteristic 4	Setting Group 4	ON	20	20	176		
Generi	ic functions							
240	Read headings of all defined groups			Not su	pported			
241	Read values or attributes of all entries of one group			Not su	pported			
243	Read directory of a single entry			Not su	pported			
244	Read values or attributes of a single entry		Not supported					
245	General Interrogation of generic data			Not su	pported			
248	Write entry			Not su	pported			
249	Write entry with confirmation			Not su	pported			
250	Write entry with execution			Not su	pported			

(*1) Note: While the relay receives the "Protection off" command, " IN SERVICE LED" is off.

Details of Command settings in IEC103 configurator

INF	DCO						
	Sig off	Sig on	Rev	Valid time			
18	2686	2686	✓	0			
19	0	2688		200			
23	0	2640		1000			
24	0	2641		1000			
25	0	2642		1000			
26	0	2643		1000			

✓: signal reverse

	Description	Contents	GRT100 supported	Comment
Basic a	application functions			
	Test mode		Yes	
	Blocking of monitor direction		Yes	
	Disturbance data		No	
	Generic services		No	
	Private data		Yes	
Miscel	laneous			
	Measurand		Max. MVAL = rated value times	
	Current L1	la	Configurable	
	Current L2	lb	Configurable	
	Current L3	Ic	Configurable	
	Voltage L1-E	Va	No	
	Voltage L2-E	Vb	No	
	Voltage L3-E	Vc	No	
	Active power P	Ρ	No	
	Reactive power Q	Q	No	
	Frequency f	f	Configurable	
	Voltage L1 - L2	Vab	Configurable	

Details of Common settings in IEC103 configurator

- Setting file's remark: GRT100_1.00
- Remote operation valid time [ms]: 4000

- Local operation valid time [ms]: 4000

- Measurand period [s]:
- Function type of System functions: 176
- Signal No. of Test mode: 1242
- Signal No. for Real time and Fault number: 1279

2

[Legend]

GI: General Interrogation (refer to IEC60870-5-103 section 7.4.3)

Type ID: Type Identification (refer to IEC60870-5-103 section 7.2.1)

- 1 : time-tagged message
- 2 : time-tagged message with relative time
- 3 : measurands I
- 4 : time-tagged measurands with relative time

5: identification

- 6 : time synchronization
- 8 : general interrogation termination
- 9 : measurands II
- 10: generic data
- 11: generic identification
- 20: general command
- 23: list of recorded disturbances
- 26: ready for transmission for disturbance data
- 27: ready for transmission of a channel
- 28: ready for transmission of tags
- 29: transmission of tags
- 30: transmission of disturbance values
- 31: end of transmission

COT: Cause of Transmission (refer to IEC60870-5-103 section 7.2.3)

- 1: spontaneous
- 2: cyclic
- 3: reset frame count bit (FCB)
- 4: reset communication unit (CU)
- 5: start / restart
- 6: power on
- 7: test mode
- 8: time synchronization
- 9: general interrogation
- 10: termination of general interrogation
- 11: local operation
- 12: remote operation
- 20: positive acknowledgement of command
- 21: negative acknowledgement of command
- 31: transmission of disturbance data
- 40: positive acknowledgement of generic write command
- 41: negative acknowledgement of generic write command
- 42: valid data response to generic read command
- 43: invalid data response to generic read command
- 44: generic write confirmation

FUN: Function type (refer to IEC60870-5-103 section 7.2.5.1)

DPI: Double-point Information (refer to IEC60870-5-103 section 7.2.6.5)

DCO: Double Command (refer to IEC60870-5-103 section 7.2.6.4)

IEC103 setting data is recommended to be saved as follows:

(1) Naming for IEC103setting data

The file extension of IEC103 setting data is ".csv". The version name is recommended to be provided with a revision number in order to be changed in future as follows:

First draft:	*****_01.csv
Second draft:	*****_02.csv
Third draft:	*****_03.csv
	A Revision number

The name "*****" is recommended to be able to discriminate the relay type such as GRZ100 or GRL100, etc. The setting files remark field of IEC103 is able to enter up to 12 one-byte characters. It is utilized for control of IEC103 setting data.

前広州_01.csy - II File(E) View(V) Co	EC103 Configurator ommunication(C) Online Menu(P) Help(H)	_0
Relay type GRB100 -C1108	Time tagged message Time tagged measurand General command Measurands Common setting	
Read Write	Permit of Providence P	
Check Sum	Local operation valid time [ms] 4000	
	Measurond period [a]	
	Function type of System functions 220 Change all FUNs	
1/1 •••	Signal No. of Test mode 1242	
Cartor	Signal No. for Relative time and Fault number [1279	

(2) Saving theIEC103 setting data

The IEC103 setting data is recommended to be saved in external media such as FD (floppy disk) or CD-R, not to remain in the folder.

Troubleshooting

No.	Phenomena	Supposed causes	Check / Confirmation	
			Object	Procedure
1 Communi trouble (Communication trouble (IEC103	Address setting is incorrect.	BCU RY	Match address setting between BCU and relay. Avoid duplication of address with other relay.
	not available.)	Transmission baud rate setting is incorrect.	BCU RY	Match transmission baud rate setting between BCU and relay.
		Start bit, stop bit and parity settings of data that BCU transmits to relay is incorrect.	BCU	Go over the following settings by BCU. Relay setting is fixed as following settings. - Start bit: 1bit - Stop bit: 1bit - Parity setting: even
		RS485 or optical cable interconnection is incorrect.	Cable	 Check the connection port. Check the interconnection of RS485 A/B/COM Check the send and received interconnection of optical cable.
		The setting of converter is incorrect. (RS485/optic conversion is executed with the transmission channel, etc.)	Converter	In the event of using G1IF2, change the DIPSW setting in reference to INSTRUCTION MANUAL (6F2S0794).
		The relationship between logical "0/1" of the signal and Sig.on/off is incorrect. (In the event of using optical cable)	BCU	Check the following; Logical0 : Sig.on Logical1:Sig.off
		Terminal resistor is not offered. (Especially when RS485 cable is long.)	cable	Impose terminal resistor (150[ohms]) to both ends of RS 485 cable.
		Relay cannot receive the requirement frame from BCU. (The timing coordination of sending and receiving switch control is irregular in half-duplex communication.)	BCU	Check to secure the margin more than 15ms between receiving the reply frame from the relay and transmitting the next requirement frame on BCU.
		The requirement frame from BCU and the reply frame from relay contend.	BCU	Check to set the time-out of reply frame from the relay.
		(The sending and receiving timing coordination is irregular in half-duplex communication.)		Time-out setting: more than 100ms (acceptable value of response time 50ms plus margin)

2	HMI does not display IEC103 event on the SAS side.	The relevant event sending condition is not valid.	RY	Change the event sending condition (signal number) of IEC103 configurator if there is a setting error. When the setting is correct, check the signal condition by programmable LED, etc.
		The relevant event Information Number (INF) and/or Function Type (FUN) may be different between the relay and SAS.	RY SAS	Match the relevant event Information Number (INF) or Function Type (FUN) between the relay and SAS.
		The relay is not initialised after writing IEC103 configurator setting.	RY	Check the sum value of IEC103 setting data from the LCD screen. When differing from the sum value on IEC103 configurator, initialise the relay.
		It changes to the block mode.	RY	Change the IECBR settling to Normal.
3	Time can be synchronised with IEC103 communication.	BCU does not transmit the frame of time synchronisation.	BCU	Transmit the frame of time synchronisation.
		The settling of time synchronisation source is set to other than IEC.	RY	Change the settling of time synchronisation source to IEC.

(Note) BCU: Bay control unit, RY: Relay

Appendix P IEC61850: MICS & PICS
MICS: IEC61850 Model Implementation Conformance Statement

The GRT100 relay supports IEC 61850 logical nodes and common data classes as indicated in the following tables.

Logical Nodes	GRT100	GGIO
L: System Logical Nodes		Nodes
LPHD	Yes	GSAL
Common Logical Node	Yes	I: Logica
LLNO	Yes	IARC
P: Logical Nodes for Protection functions		IHMI
PDIF	Yes	ITCI
PDIR		ITMI
PDIS		A: Logic
PDOP		ANCR
PDUP		ARCO
PFRC		ATCC
PHAR	Yes	AVCO
PHIZ		M: Logic
PIOC		MDIF
PMRI		MHAI
PMSS		MHAN
POPE		MMTR
PPAM		MMXN
PSCH		MMXU
PSDE		MSOL
PTEF		MSTA
PTOC	Ves	Silogio
PTOF	Ves	SARC
PTOV	103	SIMC
PTPC	Ves	SING
PTTP	Ves	
PTUC	163	SFDC Vilogia
PTUV		
PLIPE		XCBR
PTHE	Ves	Tilogia
PV/OC	163	
	Ves	
	165	IVIR
P230 B: Logical Nodes for protection related fun	etions	YEEN
		YLTO
		TPIR
RDRS		
RDIR		ZBAT
RFLO		ZCAB
RFSB		ZCAP
		ZCON
RSTN		ZGEN
C: Logical Nodes for Control		ZGIL
		ZLIN
		ZMOT
GILO		ZREA
CPOW		ZRRC
CSWI		ZSAR
G: Logical Nodes for Generic references		ZTCF
GAPC	Yes	ZTCR

Logian	madaa	:	IEC	61	050	7 1
Logical	nodes	ın	IEC	01	820-	•/-4

GGIO	Yes
Nodes	GRT100
GSAL	
I: Logical Nodes for Interfacing and archivi	ng
IARC	
IHMI	
ITCI	
ITMI	
A: Logical Nodes for Automatic control	1
ANCR	
ARCO	
ATCC	
AVCO	
M: Logical Nodes for Metering and measure	ement
MDIF	
MHAI	
MHAN	
MMIR	
	Yes
MMXU	Yes
MSQI	res
MSTA Selection Nedeo for Seneero and manitari	
SADC	ng
SARC	
SIMI	
X: Logical Nodes for Switchgear	
XSWI	
T: Logical Nodes for Instrument transforme	ers
TVTR	
Y: Logical Nodes for Power transformers	
YEFN	
YLTC	
YPSH	
YPTR	
Z: Logical Nodes for Further power system	equipment
ZAXN	
ZBAT	
ZCAB	
ZCAP	
ZCON	
ZGEN	
ZGIL	
ZLIN	
ZSAR	
ZICR	

Common data classes	GRT100
Status information	-
SPS	Yes
DPS	
INS	Yes
ACT	Yes
ACD	Yes
SEC	
BCR	
Measured information	
MV	Yes
CMV	Yes
SAV	
WYE	Yes
DEL	
SEQ	Yes
HMV	
HWYE	
HDEL	
Controllable status information	
SPC	Yes
DPC	
INC	Yes
BSC	
ISC	
Controllable analogue information	-
APC	
Status settings	
SPG	
ING	Yes
Analogue settings	
ASG	Yes
CURVE	
Description information	
DPL	Yes
LPL	Yes
CSD	

Common data classes in IEC61850-7-3

LPHD class							
Attribute Name	Attr. Type	Explanation	Т	M/O	GRT100		
LNName		Shall be inherited from Logical-Node Class (see IEC 61850-7-2)					
Data							
PhyName	DPL	Physical device name plate		Μ	Y		
PhyHealth	INS	Physical device health		Μ	Y		
OutOv	SPS	Output communications buffer overflow		0	Ν		
Proxy	SPS	Indicates if this LN is a proxy		М	Y		
InOv	SPS	Input communications buffer overflow		0	Ν		
NumPwrUp	INS	Number of Power ups		0	Ν		
WrmStr	INS	Number of Warm Starts		0	Ν		
WacTrg	INS	Number of watchdog device resets detected		0	Ν		
PwrUp	SPS	Power Up detected		0	Ν		
PwrDn	SPS	Power Down detected		0	Ν		
PwrSupAlm	SPS	External power supply alarm		0	N		
RsStat	SPC	Reset device statistics	Т	0	N		

Common Logical Node class							
Attribute Name	Attr. Type	Explanation	Т	M/O	GRT100		
LNName		Shall be inherited from Logical-Node Class (see IEC 61850-7-2)					
Data							
Mandatory Logica	Nandatory Logical Node Information (Shall be inherited by ALL LN but LPHD)						
Mod	INC	Mode		Μ	Y		
Beh	INS	Behaviour	_	Μ	Y		
Health	INS	Health		Μ	Y		
NamPlt	LPL	Name plate		Μ	Y		
Optional Logical	Node Inform	nation					
Loc	SPS	Local operation	_	0	Ν		
EEHealth	INS	External equipment health	_	0	Ν		
EEName	DPL	External equipment name plate	_	0	Ν		
OpCntRs	INC	Operation counter resetable		0	Ν		
OpCnt	INS	Operation counter	_	0	Ν		
OpTmh	INS	Operation time		0	Ν		
Data Sets (see IE	C 61850-7-2)						
Inherited and pecia	alized from Lo	ogical Node class (see IEC 61850-7-2)					
Control Blocks (see IEC 61850-7-2)							
Inherited and pecialized from Logical Node class (see IEC 61850-7-2)							
Services (see IEC	Services (see IEC 61850-7-2)						
Inherited and pecia	nherited and pecialized from Logical Node class (see IEC 61850-7-2)						

LLNO class							
Attribute Name	Attr. Type	Explanation	Т	M/O	GRT100		
LNName		Shall be inherited from Logical-Node Class (see IEC 61850-7-2)					
Data							
Common Logica	l Node Infor	mation					
		LN shall inherit all Mandatory Data from Common Logical Node Class		Μ			
Loc	SPS	Local operation for complete logical device		0	Y		
OpTmh	INS	Operation time		0	Ν		
Controls							
Diag	SPC	Run Diagnostics		0	Y		
LEDRs	SPC	LED reset	Т	0	Y		

PDIF class							
Attribute Name	Attr. Type	Explanation	Т	M/O	GRT100		
LNName		Shall be inherited from Logical-Node Class (see IEC 61850-7-2)					
Data							
Common Logica	l Node Infori	mation					
		LN shall inherit all Mandatory Data from Common Logical Node Class		М			
OpCntRs	INC	Resetable operation counter		0	Ν		
Status Informatio	on						
Str	ACD	Start		М	Y		
Ор	ACT	Operate	Т	М	Y		
TmAst	CSD	Active curve charactristic		0	Ν		
Measured Values	;						
DifAClc	WYE	Differential Current		0	Y		
RstA	WYE	Restraint Current		0	Ν		
Settings							
LinCapac	ASG	Line capacitance (for load currents)		0	Ν		
LoSet	ING	Low operate value, percentage of the nominal current		0	Ν		
HiSet	ING	High operate value, percentage of the nominal current		0	Ν		
MinOpTmms	ING	Minimum Operate Time		0	Ν		
MaxOpTmms	ING	Maximum Operate Time		0	N		
RstMod	ING	Restraint Mode		0	Ν		
RsDITmms	ING	Reset Delay Time		0	Ν		
TmACrv	CURVE	Operating Curve Type		0	Ν		

PHAR class							
Attribute Name	Attr. Type	Explanation	Т	M/O	GRT100		
LNName		Shall be inherited from Logical-Node Class (see IEC 61850-7-2)					
Data							
Common Logica	I Node Infor	mation					
		LN shall inherit all Mandatory Data from Common Logical Node Class		М			
OpCntRs	INC	Resetable operation counter		0	Ν		
Status Informati	on						
Str	ACD	Start		М	Y		
Settings							
HarRst	ING	Number of harmonic restrained		0	N		
PhStr	ASG	Start Value		0	Y		
PhStop	ASG	Stop Value		0	Ν		
OpDITmms	ING	Operate Delay Time		0	Ν		
RsDITmms	ING	Reset Delay Time		0	N		

PTOC class	PTOC class							
Attribute Name	Attr. Type	Explanation	Т	M/O	GRT100			
LNName		Shall be inherited from Logical-Node Class (see IEC 61850-7-2)						
Data								
Common Logical	Common Logical Node Information							
		LN shall inherit all Mandatory Data from Common Logical Node Class		М				
OpCntRs	INC	Resetable operation counter		0	Ν			
Status Informatio	on							
Str	ACD	Start		М	Y			
Ор	ACT	Operate	Т	М	Y			
TmASt	CSD	Active curve characteristic		0	Ν			
Settings								
TmACrv	CURVE	Operating Curve Type		0	Ν			
StrVal	ASG	Start Value		0	Y			
TmMult	ASG	Time Dial Multiplier		0	Ν			
MinOpTmms	ING	Minimum Operate Time		0	Ν			
MaxOpTmms	ING	Maximum Operate Time		0	Ν			
OpDITmms	ING	Operate Delay Time		0	Y			
TypRsCrv	ING	Type of Reset Curve		0	Ν			
RsDITmms	ING	Reset Delay Time		0	N			
DirMod	ING	Directional Mode		0	Ν			

PTOF class							
Attribute Name	Attr. Type	Explanation	Т	M/O	GRT100		
LNName		Shall be inherited from Logical-Node Class (see IEC 61850-7-2)					
Data							
Common Logical	Node Inform	nation					
		LN shall inherit all Mandatory Data from Common Logical Node Class		М			
OpCntRs	INC	Resetable operation counter		0	Ν		
Status Informatio	n						
Str	ACD	Start		М	Y		
Ор	ACT	Operate	Т	М	Y		
BlkV	SPS	Blocked because of voltage		0	Y		
Settings							
StrVal	ASG	Start Value (frequency)		0	Y		
BlkVal	ASG	Voltage Block Value		0	Y		
OpDITmms	ING	Operate Delay Time		0	Y		
RsDITmms	ING	Reset Delay Time		0	Ν		

PTRC class							
Attribute Name	Attr. Type	Explanation	Т	M/O	GRT100		
LNName		Shall be inherited from Logical-Node Class (see IEC 61850-7-2)					
Data							
Common Logica	l Node Infori	nation					
		LN shall inherit all Mandatory Data from Common Logical Node Class		М			
OpCntRs	INC	Resetable operation counter		0	Ν		
Status Informatio	on						
Tr	ACT	Trip		С	Y		
Ор	ACT	Operate (combination of subscribed Op from protection functions)		С	Ν		
Str	ACD	Sum of all starts of all connected Logical Nodes		0	Ν		
Settings							
TrMod	ING	Trip Mode		0	Ν		
TrPIsTmms	ING	Trip Pulse Time		0	Ν		

Condition C: At least one of the two status information (Tr, Op) shall be used.

PTTR class					
Attribute Name	Attr. Type	Explanation	Т	M/O	GRT100
LNName		Shall be inherited from Logical-Node Class (see IEC 61850-7-2)			
Data					
Common Logical	Node Inform	nation			
		LN shall inherit all Mandatory Data from Common Logical Node Class		Μ	
OpCntRs	INC	Resetable operation counter		0	Ν
Measured Values					
Amp	MV	Current for thermal load model		0	Ν
Tmp	MV	Temperature for thermal load		0	Ν
TmpRI	MV	Relation between temperature and max. temperature		0	Ν
LodRsvAlm	M∨	Load reserve to alarm		0	N
LodRsvTr	MV	Load reserve to trip		0	Ν
AgeRat	AgeRat MV Ageing rate				Ν
Status Informatio	n				
Str	ACD	Start		0	Y
Ор	ACT	Operate	Т	Μ	Y
AlmThm	ACT	Thermal Alarm		0	Y
TmTmpSt	CSD	Active curve characteristic		0	Ν
TmASt	CSD	Active curve characteristic		0	Ν
Settings				-	
TmTmpCrv	CURVE	Characteristic Curve for temperature measurement		0	N
TmACrv	CURVE	Characteristic Curve for current measurement /Thermal model		0	N
TmpMax	ASG	Maximum allowed temperature		0	N
StrVal	ASG	Start Value		0	Y
OpDITmms	ING	Operate Delay Time		0	N
MinOpTmms	ING	Minimum Operate Time		0	N
MaxOpTmms	ING	Maximum Operate Time		0	N
RsDITmms	ING	Reset Delay Time		0	N
ConsTms	ING	Time constant of the thermal model		0	Ν
AlmVal	ASG	Alarm Value		0	Ν

PTUF class					
Attribute Name	Attr. Type	Explanation	Т	M/O	GRT100
LNName		Shall be inherited from Logical-Node Class (see IEC 61850-7-2)			
Data					
Common Logical	Node Inform	nation			
		LN shall inherit all Mandatory Data from Common Logical Node Class		М	
OpCntRs	INC	Resetable operation counter		0	Ν
Status Informatio	n				
Str	ACD	Start		М	Y
Ор	ACT	Operate	Т	М	Y
BlkV	SPS	Blocked because of voltage		0	Y
Settings					
StrVal	ASG	Start Value (frequency)		0	Y
BlkVal	ASG	Voltage Block Value		0	Y
OpDITmms	ING	Operate Delay Time		0	Y
RsDITmms	ING	Reset Delay Time		0	Ν

PVPH class					
Attribute Name	Attr. Type	Explanation	Т	M/O	GRT100
LNName		Shall be inherited from Logical-Node Class (see IEC 61850-7-2)			
Data					
Common Logica	I Node Infor	mation			
		LN shall inherit all Mandatory Data from Common Logical Node Class		Μ	
OpCntRs	INC	Resetable operation counter		0	N
Status Informatio	on				
Str	ACD	Start		Μ	Y
Ор	ACT	Operate	Т	Μ	Y
VHzSt	CSD	Active curve characteristic		0	N
Settings					
VHzCrv	CURVE	Operating Curve Type		0	N
StrVal	ASG	Volts per hertz Start Value		0	Y
OpDITmms	ING	Operate Delay Time		0	Y
TypRsCrv	ING	Type of Reset Curve		0	N
RsDITmms	ING	Reset Delay Time		0	N
TmMult	ASG	Time Dial Multiplier		0	N
MinOpTmms	ING	Minimum Operate Time		0	N
MaxOpTmms	ING	Maximum Operate Time		0	N

GAPC class					
Attribute Name	Attr. Type	Explanation	Т	M/O	GRT100
LNName		Shall be inherited from Logical-Node Class (see IEC 61850-7-2)			
Data					
Common Logical	Node Inform	nation			
		LN shall inherit all Mandatory Data from Common Logical Node Class		М	
Loc	SPS	Local operation		0	Ν
OpCntRs	INC	Resetable operation counter		0	Ν
Controls					
SPCSO	SPC	Single point controllable status output		0	Ν
DPCSO	DPC	Double point controllable status output		0	Ν
ISCSO	INC	Integer status controllable status output		0	Ν
Status Informatio	n				
Auto	SPS	Automatic operation		0	Ν
Str	ACD	Start		М	Y
Ор	ACT	Operate	Т	М	Y
Setting					
StrVal	ASG	Start Value		0	Ν

GGIO class					
Attribute Name	Attr. Type	Explanation	Т	M/O	GRT100
LNName		Shall be inherited from Logical-Node Class (see IEC 61850-7-2)			
Data					
Common Logical	Node Inform	nation			
		LN shall inherit all Mandatory Data from Common Logical Node Class		М	
EEHealth	INS	External equipment health (external sensor)		0	Ν
EEName	DPL	External equipment name plate		0	Ν
Loc	SPS	Local operation		0	Ν
OpCntRs	INC	Resetable operation counter		0	Ν
Measured values					
AnIn	MV	Analogue input		0	Ν
Controls	-				
SPCSO	SPC	Single point controllable status output		0	Ν
DPCSO	DPC	Double point controllable status output		0	Ν
ISCSO	INC	Integer status controllable status output		0	Ν
Status Informatio	n				
Intin	INS	Integer status input		0	Ν
Alm	SPS	General single alarm		0	Ν
Ind01	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind02	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind03	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind04	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind05	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind06	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind07	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind08	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind09	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind10	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind11	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind12	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind13	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind14	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind15	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind16	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind17	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind18	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind19	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind20	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind21	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind22	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind23	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind24	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind25	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y
Ind26	SPS	General indication (binary input)		0	Y

MMXN class					
Attribute Name	Attr. Type	Explanation	Т	M/O	GRT100
LNName		Shall be inherited from Logical-Node Class (see IEC 61850-7-2)			
Data					
Common Logical	Node Inform	nation			
		LN shall inherit all Mandatory Data from Common Logical Node Class		М	
EEHealth	INS	External equipment health (external sensor)		0	Ν
EEName	DPL	External equipment name plate		0	Ν
Measured values					
Amp	MV	Current I (rms) not allocated to a phase		0	Ν
Vol	MV	Voltage V (rms) not allocated to a phase		0	Y
Watt	MV	Power (P) not allocated to a phase		0	Ν
VolAmpr	MV	Reactive Power (Q) not allocated to a phase		0	Ν
VolAmp	MV	Apparent Power (S) not allocated to a phase		0	Ν
PwrFact	MV	Power Factor not allocated to a phase		0	Ν
Imp	CMV	Impedance		0	Ν
Hz	MV	Frequency		0	Y

MMXU class					
Attribute Name	Attr. Type	Explanation	Т	M/O	GRT100
LNName		Shall be inherited from Logical-Node Class (see IEC 61850-7-2)			
Data					
Common Logical	Node Inform	nation			
		LN shall inherit all Mandatory Data from Common Logical Node Class		М	
EEHealth	INS	External equipment health (external sensor)		0	Ν
Measured values					
TotW	MV	Total Active Power (Total P)		0	Ν
TotVAr	MV	Total Reactive Power (Total Q)		0	Ν
TotVA	MV	Total Apparent Power (Total S)		0	Ν
TotPF	MV	Average Power factor (Total PF)		0	Ν
Hz	MV	Frequency		0	Ν
PPV	DEL	Phase to phase voltages (VL1VL2,)		0	Ν
PhV	WYE	Phase to ground voltages (VL1ER,)		0	Ν
A	WYE	Phase currents (IL1, IL2, IL3)		0	Y
W	WYE	Phase active power (P)		0	Ν
VAr	WYE	Phase reactive power (Q)		0	Ν
VA	WYE	Phase apparent power (S)		0	N
PF	WYE	Phase power factor		0	Ν
Z	WYE	Phase Impedance		0	N

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MSQI class					
Attribute Name	Attr. Type	Explanation	Т	M/O	GRT100
LNName		Shall be inherited from Logical-Node Class (see IEC 61850-7-2)			
Data					
Common Logical	Node Inform	nation			
		LN shall inherit all Mandatory Data from Common Logical Node Class		М	
EEHealth	INS	External equipment health (external sensor)		0	Ν
EEName	DPL	External equipment name plate		0	Ν
Measured values					
SeqA	SEQ	Positive, Negative and Zero Sequence Current		С	Y
SeqV	SEQ	Positive, Negative and Zero Sequence Voltage		С	Ν
DQ0Seq	SEQ	DQ0 Sequence		0	Ν
ImbA	WYE	Imbalance current		0	Ν
ImbNgA	MV	Imbalance negative sequence current		0	Ν
ImbNgV	MV	Imbalance negative sequence voltage		0	Ν
ImbPPV	DEL	Imbalance phase-phase voltage		0	Ν
ImbV	WYE	Imbalance voltage		0	Ν
ImbZroA	MV	Imbalance zero sequence current		0	Ν
ImbZroV	MV	Imbalance zero sequence voltage		0	Ν
MaxImbA	MV	Maximum imbalance current		0	N
MaxImbPPV	MV	Maximum imbalance phase-phase voltage		0	Ν
MaxImbV	MV	Maximum imbalance voltage		0	Ν

Condition C: At least one of either data shall be used.

SPS class						
Attribute	Attribute Type	FC	TrgOp	Value/Value Range	M/O/C	GRT100
Name				_		
DataName	Inherited from Data Class	(see IEC	C 61850-7	-2)		
DataAttribute						
			sta	tus		
stVal	BOOLEAN	ST	dchg	TRUE FALSE	М	Y
q	Quality	ST	qchg		М	Y
t	TimeStamp	ST			М	Y
			substi	tution		
subEna	BOOLEAN	SV			PICS_SUBST	Ν
subVal	BOOLEAN	SV		TRUE FALSE	PICS_SUBST	Ν
subQ	Quality	SV			PICS_SUBST	Ν
subID	VISIBLE STRING64	SV			PICS_SUBST	Ν
	CC	onfigurati	ion, descri	ption and extension		
d	VISIBLE STRING255	DC		Text	0	Ν
dU	UNICODE STRING255	DC			0	N
cdcNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	Ν
cdcName	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	Ν
dataNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLN_M	Ν
Services						
As defined in Ta	ble 13					

INS class						
Attribute	Attribute Type	FC	TrgOp	Value/Value Range	M/O/C	GRT100
Name			-			
DataName	Inherited from Data Class	(see IE0	C 61850-7	-2)		
DataAttribute						
			sta	atus		
stVal	INT32	ST	dchg		М	Y(*1)
q	Quality	ST	qchg		Μ	Y
t	TimeStamp	ST			М	Y
			Subs	titution		
subEna	BOOLEAN	SV			PICS_SUBST	N
subVal	INT32	SV			PICS_SUBST	Ν
subQ	Quality	SV			PICS_SUBST	Ν
subID	VISIBLE STRING64	SV			PICS_SUBST	Ν
	C	configura	tion, desci	ription and extension		
d	VISIBLE STRING255	DC		Text	0	Ν
dU	UNICODE STRING255	DC			0	N
cdcNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	Ν
cdcName	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	N
dataNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLN_M	N
Services						
As defined in T	able 13					

(*1): "ENUM" type is also used.

ACT class						
Attribute	Attribute Type	FC	TrgOp	Value/Value Range	M/O/C	GRT100
Name						
DataName	Inherited from Data Class	(see IE	C 61850-7	-2)		
DataAttribute)					
			sta	atus		
general	BOOLEAN	ST	dchg		М	Y
phsA	BOOLEAN	ST	dchg		0	Ν
phsB	BOOLEAN	ST	dchg		0	Ν
phsC	BOOLEAN	ST	dchg		0	Ν
neut	BOOLEAN	ST	dchg		0	Ν
q	Quality	ST	qchg		М	Y
t	TimeStamp	ST			М	Y
	c	configura	ntion, desc	ription and extension		
operTm	TimeStamp	CF			0	Ν
d	VISIBLE STRING255	DC		Text	0	Ν
dU	UNICODE STRING255	DC			0	Ν
cdcNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	Ν
cdcName	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	Ν
dataNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLN_M	Ν
Services						
As defined in	Table 13					

ACD class						
Attribute Name	Attribute Type	FC	TrgOp	Value/Value Range	M/O/C	GRT100
DataName	Inherited from Data Class	(see IE	C 61850-7	-2)		
DataAttribute						
			sta	atus		
general	BOOLEAN	ST	dchg		М	Y
dirGeneral	ENUMERATED	ST	dchg	unknown forward backward both	М	Y
phsA	BOOLEAN	ST	dchg		GC_2 (1)	Ν
dirPhsA	ENUMERATED	ST	dchg	unknown forward backward	GC_2 (1)	Ν
phsB	BOOLEAN	ST	dchg		GC_2 (2)	Ν
dirPhsB	ENUMERATED	ST	dchg	unknown forward backward	GC_2 (2)	Ν
phsC	BOOLEAN	ST	dchg		GC_2 (3)	Ν
dirPhsC	ENUMERATED	ST	dchg	unknown forward backward	GC_2 (3)	Ν
neut	BOOLEAN	ST	dchg		GC_2 (4)	Ν
dirNeut	ENUMERATED	ST	dchg	unknown forward backward	GC_2 (4)	Ν
q	Quality	ST	qchg		М	Y
t	TimeStamp	ST			М	Y
	c	onfigura	tion, desc	ription and extension		
d	VISIBLE STRING255	DC		Text	0	Ν
dU	UNICODE STRING255	DC			0	Ν
cdcNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	Ν
cdcName	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	Ν
dataNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLN_M	Ν
Services						
As defined in 7	Table 13					

MV class						
Attribute	Attribute Type	FC	TrgOp	Value/Value Range	M/O/C	GRT100
Name						
DataName	Inherited from Data Class	s (see IE	C 61850-7	⁷ -2)		
DataAttribute	•					
		T	meas	sured values		
instMag	AnalogueValue	MX			0	N
mag	AnalogueValue	MX	dchg		М	Y
range	ENUMERATED	MX	dchg	normal high low high-high low-low …	0	N
q	Quality	MX	qchg		М	Y
t	TimeStamp	MX			М	Y
			SL	Ibstitution		
subEna	BOOLEAN	SV			PICS_SUBST	Ν
subVal	AnalogueValue	SV			PICS_SUBST	Ν
subQ	Quality	SV			PICS_SUBST	Ν
subID	VISIBLE STRING64	SV			PICS_SUBST	Ν
		config	uration, de	scription and extension		
units	Unit	CF		see Annex A	0	Y
db	INT32U	CF		0 100 000	0	Ν
zeroDb	INT32U	CF		0 100 000	0	Ν
sVC	ScaledValueConfig	CF			AC_SCAV	Ν
rangeC	RangeConfig	CF			GC_CON	Ν
smpRate	INT32U	CF			0	Ν
d	VISIBLE STRING255	DC		Text	0	Ν
dU	UNICODE STRING255	DC			0	Ν
cdcNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	Ν
cdcName	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	N
dataNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLN_M	Ν
Services						
As defined in	Table 21					

CMV class								
Attribute	Attribute Type	FC	TrgOp	Value/Value Range	M/O/C	GRT100		
Name			_					
DataName	Inherited from Data Class	(see IEC	C 61850-7	-2)				
DataAttribute								
			meas	sured values				
instCVal	Vector	MX			0	Ν		
cVal	Vector	MX	dchg		М	Y		
range	ENUMERATED	MX	dchg	normal high low high-high low-low …	0	N		
q	Quality	MX	qchg		М	Y		
t	TimeStamp	MX			М	Y		
			su	bstitution				
subEna	BOOLEAN	SV			PICS_SUBST	Ν		
subVal	Vector	SV			PICS_SUBST	N		
subQ	Quality	SV			PICS_SUBST	Ν		
subID	VISIBLE STRING64	SV			PICS_SUBST	Ν		
configuration, description and extension								
units	Unit	CF		see Annex A	0	Y		
db	INT32U	CF		0 100 000	0	N		
zeroDb	INT32U	CF		0 100 000	0	N		
rangeC	RangeConfig	CF			GC_CON	N		
magSVC	ScaledValueConfig	CF			AC_SCAV	N		
angSVC	ScaledValueConfig	CF			AC_SCAV	N		
angRef	ENUMERATED	CF		V A other	0	N		
smpRate	INT32U	CF			0	N		
d	VISIBLE STRING255	DC		Text	0	N		
dU	UNICODE STRING255	DC			0	N		
cdcNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	N		
cdcName	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	N		
dataNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLN_M	N		
Services								
As aetinea in T	able Z I							

WYE class						
Attribute	Attribute Type	FC	TrgOp	Value/Value Range	M/O/C	GRT100
Name				_		
DataName	Inherited from Data Class	(see IEC	61850-7	-2)		
Data						
phsA	CMV				GC_1	Y
phsB	CMV				GC_1	Y
phsC	CMV				GC_1	Y
neut	CMV				GC_1	Y
net	CMV	GC_1	Ν			
res	CMV	GC_1	Ν			
DataAttribute						
		configu	iration, de	escription and extension		
angRef	ENUMERATED	CF		Va Vb Vc Aa Ab Ac Vab Vbc Vca Vother Aother	0	N
d	VISIBLE STRING255	DC		Text	0	Ν
dU	UNICODE STRING255	DC			0	Ν
cdcNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	N
cdcName	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	Ν
dataNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLN_M	Ν
Services						
As defined in 1	Table 21					

SEQ class	SEQ class								
Attribute	Attribute Type	FC	TrgOp	Value/Value Range	M/O/C	GRT100			
Name				_					
DataName	Inherited from Data Class	(see IEC	61850-7	-2)					
Data									
c1	CMV				М	Y			
c2	CMV				М	Y			
c3	CMV				М	Y			
DataAttribute									
measured attributes									
seqT	ENUMERATED	MX		pos-neg-zero dir-quad-zero	М	Y			
		configu	ration, de	scription and extension					
phsRef	ENUMERATED	CF		A B C	0	Ν			
d	VISIBLE STRING255	DC		Text	0	Ν			
dU	UNICODE STRING255	DC			0	Ν			
cdcNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	Ν			
cdcName	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	Ν			
dataNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLN_M	Ν			
Services									
As defined in T	able 21								

SPC class								
Attribute	Attribute Type	FC	TrgOp	Value/Value Range	M/O/C	GRT100		
Name								
DataName	Inherited from Data Class	s (see IEC	61850-7	-2)				
DataAttribute	l i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i							
			contro	ol and status				
ctlVal	BOOLEAN	CO		off (FALSE) on (TRUE)	AC_CO_M	Ν		
operTm	TimeStamp	CO			AC_CO_O	Ν		
origin	Originator	CO, ST			AC_CO_O	Y		
ctlNum	INT8U_RO	CO, ST		0255	AC_CO_O	Ν		
SBO	VISIBLE STRING65	со			AC_CO_SBO_N_ M	Ν		
SBOw	SBOW	СО			AC_CO_SBOW_E M	N		
Oper	Oper	CO			AC CO M	Y		
Cancel	Cancel	СО			AC_CO_SBO_N_ M and AC_CO_SBOW_E _M and AC_CO_TA_E_M	N		
stVal	BOOLEAN	ST	dchg	FALSE TRUE	AC_ST	Y		
q	Quality	ST	qchg		AC_ST	Y		
t	TimeStamp	ST			AC_ST	Y		
stSeld	BOOLEAN	ST	dchg		AC_CO_O	Ν		
			su	bstitution				
subEna	BOOLEAN	SV			PICS_SUBST	Ν		
subVal	BOOLEAN	SV		FALSE TRUE	PICS_SUBST	Ν		
subQ	Quality	SV			PICS_SUBST	Ν		
subID	VISIBLE STRING64	SV			PICS_SUBST	Ν		
		configu	ration, de	scription and extension				
pulseConfig	PulseConfig	CF			AC_CO_O	Ν		
CtlModel	CtlModels	CF			M	Y		
sboTimeout	INT32U	CF			AC_CO_O	Ν		
sboClass	SboClasses	CF			AC_CO_O	N		
d	VISIBLE STRING255	DC		Text	0	Ν		
dU	UNICODE STRING255	DC			0	Ν		
cdcNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	N		
cdcName	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	Ν		
dataNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLN_M	Ν		
Services								
As defined in	Table 31							

INC class									
Attribute	Attribute Type	FC	TrgOp	Value/Value Range	M/O/C	GRT100			
Name				_					
DataName	Inherited from Data Class	s (see IEC	61850-7	-2)					
DataAttribute									
control and status									
ctlVal	INT32	CO			AC_CO_M	Y(*2)			
operTm	TimeStamp	CO			AC_CO_O	Ν			
origin	Originator	CO, ST			AC_CO_O	Ν			
ctlNum	INT8U	CO, ST		0255	AC_CO_O	Ν			
SBO	VISIBLE STRING65	CO			AC_CO_SBO_N_M	Ν			
SBOw	SBOW	CO			AC_CO_SBOW_E_M	Ν			
Oper	Oper	CO			AC_CO_M	Ν			
Cancel	Cancel	CO			AC_CO_SBO_N_M	Ν			
					and				
					AC_CO_SBOW_E_M				
		0.7			and AC_CO_IA_E_M				
stVal	IN132	SI	dchg		M	Y			
Q	Quality	SI	qchg		M	Y			
T	TimeStamp	ST			M	<u>Y</u>			
stSeld	BOOLEAN	SI	dchg		AC_CO_O	N			
<u>-</u>		01	su	bstitution					
subEna	BOOLEAN	SV			PICS_SUBST	<u>N</u>			
subVal	IN132	SV		FALSE TRUE	PICS_SUBST	N			
subQ	Quality	SV			PICS_SUBST	N			
subID	VISIBLE STRING64	SV	L		PICS_SUBST	N			
		configu	ration, de	scription and extension					
CtlModel	CtlModels	CF			М	Y			
sboTimeout	INT32U	CF			AC_CO_O	N			
sboClass	SboClasses	CF			AC_CO_O	N			
minVal	INT32	CF			0	N			
maxVal	INT32	CF			0	Ν			
stepSize	INT32U	CF		1 … (maxVal – minVal)	0	Ν			
D	VISIBLE STRING255	DC		Text	0	Ν			
dU	UNICODE STRING255	DC			0	N			
cdcNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	N			
cdcName	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	Ν			
dataNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX		<u> </u>	AC_DLN_M	<u>N</u>			
Services									
As defined in 1	Table 31								

(*2): "ENUM" type is used.

ING class									
Attribute	Attribute Type	FC	TrgOp	Value/Value Range	M/O/C	GRT100			
Name			_						
DataName	Inherited from Data Class	(see IEC	61850-7	-2)					
DataAttribute	DataAttribute								
	setting								
setVal	INT32	SP			AC_NSG_M	Y(*3)			
setVal	INT32	SG, SE			AC_SG_M	Ν			
	configuration, description and extension								
minVal	INT32	CF			0	Ν			
maxVal	INT32	CF			0	Ν			
stepSize	INT32U	CF		1 … (maxVal – minVal)	0	Ν			
d	VISIBLE STRING255	DC		Text	0	Ν			
dU	UNICODE STRING255	DC			0	Ν			
cdcNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	Ν			
cdcName	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	Ν			
dataNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLN_M	Ν			
Services									
As defined in T	able 39								

(*3): "ENUM" type is also used.

ASG class						-		
Attribute	Attribute Type	FC	TrgOp	Value/Value Range	M/O/C	GRT100		
Name								
DataName	aName Inherited from Data Class (see IEC 61850-7-2)							
DataAttribute	•							
			se	tting				
setMag	AnalogueValue	SP			AC_NSG_M	Y		
setMag	AnalogueValue	SG, SE			AC_SG_M	N		
		configurat	ion, desc	ription and extension				
units	Unit	CF		see Annex A	0	Y		
sVC	ScaledValueConfig	CF			AC_SCAV	Y		
minVal	AnalogueValue	CF			0	Ν		
maxVal	AnalogueValue	CF			0	Ν		
stepSize	AnalogueValue	CF		1 … (maxVal – minVal)	0	N		
d	VISIBLE STRING255	DC		Text	0	Ν		
dU	UNICODE STRING255	DC			0	N		
cdcNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	Ν		
cdcName	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	N		
dataNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLN_M	Ν		
Services								
As defined in	Table 42							

DPL class										
Attribute	Attribute Type	FC	TrgOp	Value/Value Range	M/O/C	GRT100				
Name										
DataName	Inherited from Data Class	nherited from Data Class (see IEC 61850-7-2)								
DataAttribute	DataAttribute									
		configurat	ion, desci	ription and extension		-				
vendor	VISIBLE STRING255	DC			М	Y				
hwRev	VISIBLE STRING255	DC			0	N				
swRev	VISIBLE STRING255	DC			0	Y				
serNum	VISIBLE STRING255	DC			0	Ν				
model	VISIBLE STRING255	DC			0	Y				
location	VISIBLE STRING255	DC			0	Ν				
cdcNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	Ν				
cdcName	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	Ν				
dataNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLN_M	Ν				
Services	Services									
As defined in Ta	able 45									

LPL class									
Attribute	Attribute Type	FC	TrgOp	Value/Value Range	M/O/C	GRT100			
Name									
DataName Inherited from Data Class (see IEC 61850-7-2)									
DataAttribute									
	C	configura	tion, desc	ription and extension					
vendor	VISIBLE STRING255	DC			Μ	Y			
swRev	VISIBLE STRING255	DC			М	Y			
d	VISIBLE STRING255	DC			М	Y			
dU	UNICODE STRING255	DC			0	N			
configRev	VISIBLE STRING255	DC			AC_LN0_M	Y			
ldNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX		shall be included in LLN0 only;	AC_LN0_EX	N			
				for example "IEC					
				61850-7-4:2003"					
InNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLD_M	N			
cdcNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	N			
cdcName	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLNDA_M	N			
dataNs	VISIBLE STRING255	EX			AC_DLN_M	N			
Services									
As defined in T	able 45								

PICS: IEC61850 ASCI Conformance Statement

		Client/	Server/	GRT10	Remarks
Oliente		subscriber	publisher	0	
Client-s	erver roles			N	
B11	APPLICATION-ASSOCIATION)	-	C1	Y	
B12	Client side of (TWO-PARTY-	c1	-	-	
	APPLICATION-ASSOCIATION)				
SCSMs	supported				
B21	SCSM: IEC61850-8-1 used			Y	
B22	SCSM: IEC61850-9-1 used			N	
B23	SCSM: IEC61850-9-2 used			N	
B24	SCSM: other			-	
Generic	substation event model (GSE)				
B31	Publisher side	-	0	Y	
B32	Subscriber side	0	-	Y	
Transm	ission of sampled value model (SVC)				
B41	Publisher side	-	0	N	
B42	Subscriber side	0	-	N	
If Serve	r side (B11) supported				
M1	Logical device	c2	c2	Y	
M2	Logical node	c3	c3	Y	
M3	Data	c4	c4	Y	
M4	Data set	c5	c5	Y	
M5	Substitution	0	0	Ν	
M6	Setting group control	0	0	Y	
	Reporting				
M7	Buffered report control	0	0	Y	
M7-1	sequence-number			Y	
M7-2	report-time-stamp			Y	
M7-3	reason-for-inclusion			Y	
M7-4	data-set-name			Y	
M7-5	data-reference			Y	
M7-6	buffer-overflow			Y	
M7-7	entryID			Y	
M7-8	BufTm			Y	
M7-9	IntgPd			Y	
M7-10	GI			Y	
	Unbuffered report control	0	0	Y	
M8-1	sequence-number			Y	
M8-2	report-time-stamp			Y	
M8-3	reason-for-inclusion			Y	
M8-4	data-set-name			Y	
M8-5	data-reference			Y	
M8-6	BufTm			Y	
M8-7	IntgPd			Y	
M8-8	GI			Y	
	Logging	0	0	N	
M9	Log control	0	0	N	
M9-1	IntgPd			N	
M10	Log	0	0	N	
M11	Control	M	M	Y	
If GSE (B31/B32) is supported				
	GOOSE	0	0	Y	
<u>M12-1</u>	entryID				

<u>M12-2</u>	DataRefine				
M13	GSSE	0	0	Ν	
If SVC (B41/B42) is supported				
M14	Multicast SVC	0	0	Ν	
M15	Unicast SVC	0	0	Ν	
M16	Time	М	М	Y	
M17	File Transfer	0	0	Y	
Server					
S1	ServerDirectory		М	Y	
Applica	tion association				
S2	Associate	М	М	Y	
S3	Abort	М	М	Y	
S4	Release	M	M	Y	
Logical	device				
S5	LogicalDeviceDirectory	M	М	Y	
Logical	node				
S6	LogicalNodeDirectory	М	М	Y	
S7	GetAllDataValues	0	M	Y	
Data	1				
S8	GetDataValues	М	М	Y	
S9	SetDataValues	0	0	N	
S10	GetDataDirectory	0	М	Y	
S11	GetDataDefinition	0	M	Y	
Data se	t				
S12	GetDataSetValues	0	М	Y	
S13	SetDataSetValues	0	0	N	
S14	CreateDataSet	0	0	N	
S15	DeleteDataSet	0	0	N	
S16	GetDataSetDirectory	0	0	Y	
Substit	ution				
S17	SetDataValues	M	M	N	
Setting	group control				
S18	SelectActiveSG	0	0	Y	
S19	SelectEditSG	0	0	N	
S20	SetSGValues	0	0	N	
S21	ConfirmEditSGValues	0	0	N	
S22	GetSGValues	0	0	<u>N</u>	
S23	GetSGCBValues	0	0	Y	
Reporti	ng				
Buffere	d report control block (BRCB)				
S24	Report	CG	CG	Y	
S24-1	data-change (dchg)			Y	
524-2	duality-change (dchg)			Y	
524-3		-0	-0	N	
525		C6	C6	Y Y	
520		CO	C0	Ť	
		-0	-0	V	
521	data ahanga (daha)	CO	CO	ř V	
S21-1				r V	
S21-2	data undato (dund)			T NI	
521-3	CotLIPCR/Jaluos	6	<u> </u>		
S20 S20		6	6		
Logain				I	
	y http://www.angle.com/angle.com/angle.com/angle.com/angle.com/angle.com/angle.com/angle.com/angle.com/angle.com/a				
LUG COI	GetLCBV/alues	Γ.Λ.	N/	NI	
000	Geleon values	IVI	IVI	I IN	1

S31	SetLCBValues	0	М	Ν	
Log					
S32	QueryLogByTime	c7	М	Ν	
S33	QueryLogAfter	c7	М	Ν	
S34	GetLogStatusValues	М	М	Ν	
Generic	substation event model (GSE)				
GOOSE	-CONTROL-BLOCK				
S35	SendGOOSEMessage	c8	c8	Y	
S36	GetGoReference	0	c9	N	
S37	GetGOOSEElementNumber	0	c9	Ν	
S38	GetGoCBValues	0	0	Y	
S39	SetGoCBValues	0	0	Y	
GSSE-0	CONTROL-BLOCK				
S40	SendGSSEMessage	c8	c8	Ν	
S41	GetGsReference	0	c9	Ν	
S42	GetGSSEElementNumber	0	c9	Ν	
S43	GetGsCBValues	0	0	Ν	
S44	SetGsCBValues	0	0	Ν	
Transm	ission of sampled value model (SVC)				
Multica	st SVC				
S45	SendMSVMessage	c10	c10	Ν	
S46	GetMSVCBValues	0	0	Ν	
S47	SetMSVCBValues	0	0	Ν	
Unicast	SVC				
S48	SendUSVMessage	c10	c10	N	
S49	GetUSVCBValues	0	0	Ν	
S50	SetUSVCBValues	0	0	N	
Control					
S51	Select	М	0	N	
S52	SelectWithValue	М	0	N	
S53	Cancel	0	0	N	
S54	Operate	М	М	Y	
S55	CommandTermination	М	0	Y	
S56	TimeActivatedOperate	0	0	N	
File Tra	nsfer				
S57	GetFile	0	М	Y	
S58	SetFile	0	0	N	
S59	DeleteFile	0	0	N	
S60	GetFileAttributeValues	0	0	Y	
Time					
T1	Time resolution of internal clock			1ms	
T2	Time accuracy of internal clock			1ms	T1
Т3	Supported TimeStamp resolution			1ms	

M-Mandatory

O – Optional

c1 – shall be 'M' if support for LOGICAL-DEVICE model has been declared.

- c2 shall be 'M' if support for LOGICAL-NODE model has been declared.
- c3 shall be 'M' if support for DATA model has been declared.
- c4 shall be 'M' if support for DATA-SET, Substitution, Report, Log Control, or Time model has been declared.
- c5 shall be 'M' if support for Report, GSE, or SV models has been declared.
- c6 shall declare support for at least one (BRCB or URCB)

c7 - shall declare support for at least one (QueryLogByTime or QueryLogAfter).

- c8 shall declare support for at least one (SendGOOSEMessage or SendGSSEMessage)
- c9 shall declare support if TWO-PARTY association is available.

c10 - shall declare support for at least one (SendMSVMessage or SendUSVMessage).

PICS for A-Profile support

A-Profile	Profile Description	Clie	Client		ver	GRT100	Remarks
shortcut		F/S		F/S			
A1	Client/server A-Profile	c1		c1		Y	
A2	GOOSE/GSE	c2		c2		Y	
	management A-Profile						
A3	GSSE A-Profile	c3		c3		N	
A4	TimeSync A-Profile	c4		c4		Y	
c1 Shall be	'm' if support for any service s	specified in	Table 2 a	are declare	ed within t	ne ACSI basic	conformance statement.
c2 Shall be	m' if support for any service s	pecified in	Table 6 a	are declare	ed within t	ne ACSI basic	conformance statement.
c3 Shall be	m' if support for any service s	pecified in	Table 9 a	are declare	ed within t	ne ACSI basic	conformance statement.
c4 Support f	or at least one other A-Profile	shall be de	clared (e.	g. in A1-A3	3) in order	to claim confor	mance to IEC 61850-8-1.

PICS for T-Profile support

A-Profile	Profile Profile Description		Client		ver	GRT100	Remarks			
shortcut		F/S		F/S						
T1	TCP/IP T-Profile	c1		c1		Y				
T2	OSI T-Profile	c2		c2		N				
Т3	GOOSE/GSE T-Profile	c3		c3		Y				
T4	GSSE T-Profile	c4		c4		N				
T5	TimeSync T-Profile	0		0		Y				
c1 Shall be	'm' if support for A1 is declare	d. Otherw	ise, shall I	be 'i'.						
c2 Shall be	'o' if support for A1 is declare	d. Otherwis	se, shall b	e 'i'.						
c3 Shall be	'm' if support for A2 is declare	d. Otherw	ise, shall I	be 'i.						
c4 Shall be	c4 Shall be 'm' if support for A3 is declared. Otherwise, shall be 'i.									

MMS InitiateRed	quest genera	I parameters
-----------------	--------------	--------------

InitiateDeguaat		Clie	nt-CR		CPT100		
InitiateRequest	Base	F/S	Value/range	Base	F/S	Value/range	GRIIUU
InitiateRequest							
localDetailCalling	m	m		m	m		Y
proposedMaxServOutstandingCalling	m	m	1 or greater	m	m	1 or greater	Y
proposedMaxServOustandingCalled	m	m	1 or greater	m	m	1 or greater	Y
initRequestDetail	m	m		m	m		Y
InitiateRequestDetail							
proposedVersionNumber	m	m	shall be 2.1	m	m	shall be 2.1	Y
proposedParameterCBB	m	m		m	m		Y
servicesSupportedCalling	m	m		m	m		Y
additionalSupportedCalling	c1	х		c1	х		N
additionalCbbSupportedCalling	c1	х		c1	х		N
privilegeClassIdentityCalling	c1	х		c1	х		Ν
c1 Conditional upon Parameter CBB CSI	2						

MMS InitiateResponse general parameters

InitiatePaguast		Clie	ent-CR		Serv	er-CR	CPT100
initiateRequest	Base	F/S	Value/range	Base	F/S	Value/range	GRIIUU
InitiateResponse							
localDetailCalled	m	m		m	m		Y
negotiatedMaxServOutstandingCalling	m	m	1 or greater	m	m	1 or greater	Y
negotiatedMaxServOustandingCalled	m	m	1 or greater	m	m	1 or greater	Y
initResponseDetail	m	m		m	m		Y
InitiateResponseDetail							
negotiatedVersionNumber	m	m	shall be 2.1	m	m	shall be 2.1	Y
negotiatedParameterCBB	m	m		m	m		Y
servicesSupportedCalled	m	m		m	m		Y
additionalSupportedCalled	c1	х		c1	х		Ν
additionalCbbSupportedCalled	c1	х		c1	х		Ν
privilegeClassIdentityCalled	c1	х		c1	х		Ν
c1 Conditional upon Parameter CBB CS	PI						

		Clie	nt-CR		007400		
MMS service supported CBB	Base	F/S	Value/range	Base	F/S	Value/range	GRT100
status	0	0		0	m	-	Y
getNameList	0	0		0	c1		Y
identify	0	0		m	m		Y
rename	0	0		0	0		Ν
read	0	0		0	c2		Y
write	0	0		0	c3		Y
getVariableAccessAttributes	0	0		0	c4		Y
defineNamedVariable	0	0		0	0		Ν
defineScatteredAccess	0	i		0	i		N
getScatteredAccessAttributes	0	i		0	i		Ν
deleteVariableAccess	0	0		0	0		Ν
defineNamedVariableList	0	0		0	0		N
getNamedVariableListAttributes	0	0		0	c5		Y
deleteNamedVariableList	0	0		0	c6		Ν
defineNamedType	0	i		0	i		Ν
getNamedTypeAttributes	0	i		0	i		Ν
deleteNamedType	0	i		0	i		Ν
input	0	i		0	i		Ν
output	0	i		0	i		Ν
takeControl	0	i		0	i		Ν
relinguishControl	0	i		0	i		Ν
defineSemaphore	0	i		0	i		N
deleteSemaphore	0	i		0	i		Ν
reportPoolSemaphoreStatus	0	i		0	i		Ν
reportSemaphoreStatus	0	i		0	i		Ν
initiateDownloadSequence	0	i		0	i		Ν
downloadSegment	0	i		0	i		Ν
terminateDownloadSequence	0	i		0	i		Ν
initiateUploadSequence	0	i		0	i		Ν
uploadSegment	0	i		0	i		Ν
terminateUploadSequence	0	i		0	i		Ν
requestDomainDownload	0	i		0	i		Ν
requestDomainUpload	0	i		0	i		Ν
loadDomainContent	0	i		0	i		Ν
storeDomainContent	0	i		0	i		Ν
deleteDomain	0	i		0	i		Ν
getDomainAttributes	0	0		0	c14		Y
createProgramInvocation	0	i		0	i		Ν

MMS service supported conformance table

MMS service supported CBB		Clie	nt-CR		CRT100		
wiwis service supported CBB	Base	F/S	Value/range	Base	F/S	Value/range	GRIIOU
deleteProgramInvocation	0	i		0	i		Ν
start	0	i		0	i		Ν
stop	0	i		0	i		Ν
resume	0	i		0	i		Ν
reset	0	i		0	i		Ν
kill	0	i		0	i		Ν
getProgramInvocationAttributes	0	i		0	i		Ν
obtainFile	0	c9		0	c9		Ν
defineEventCondition	0	i		0	i		Ν
deleteEventCondition	0	i		0	i		Ν
getEventConditionAttributes	0	i		0	i		Ν
reportEventConditionStatus	0	i		0	i		Ν
alterEventConditionMonitoring	0	i		0	i		Ν
triggerEvent	0	i		0	i		Ν
defineEventAction	0	i		0	i		Ν
deleteEventAction	0	i		0	i		Ν
alterEventEnrollment	0	i		0	i		Ν
reportEventEnrollmentStatus	0	i		0	i		Ν
getEventEnrollmentAttributes	0	i		0	i		Ν
acknowledgeEventNotification	0	i		0	i		Ν
getAlarmSummary	0	i		0	i		Ν
getAlarmEnrollmentSummary	0	i		0	i		Ν
readJournal	0	c13		0	c13		Ν
writeJournal	0	0		0	0		Ν
initializeJournal	0	0		0	c12		Ν
reportJournalStatus	0	i		0	i		Ν
createJournal	0	i		0	i		Ν
deleteJournal	0	i		0	i		Ν
fileOpen	0	c8		0	c8		Y
fileRead	0	c8		0	c8		Y
fileClose	0	c8		0	c8		Y
fileRename	0	i		0	i		Ν
fileDelete	0	c9		0	c9		Ν
fileDirectory	0	c11		0	c11		Y
unsolicitedStatus	0	i		0	i		Ν
informationReport	0	c7		0	c7		Y
eventNotification	0	i		0	i		Ν
attachToEventCondition	0	i		0	i		Ν
attachToSemaphore	0	i		0	i		Ν
conclude	m	m		m	m		Ν
cancel	0	0		0	m		Ν
getDataExchangeAttributes	0	c10		0	c10		Ν
exchangeData	0	c10		0	c10		N

MMS convice supported CBB		Clie	nt-CR		CPT100			
WING Service Supported CBB	Base	F/S	Value/range	Base	F/S	Value/range		
defineAccessControlList	0	c10		0	c10		Ν	
getAccessControlListAttributes	0	c10		0	c10		Ν	
reportAccessControlledObjects	0	c10		0	c10		Ν	
deleteAccessControlList	0	c10		0	c10		Ν	
alterAccessControl	0	c10		0	c10		Ν	
reconfigureProgramInvocation	0	c10		0	c10		N	

c1 Shall be 'm' if logical device or logical node model support is declared in ACSI basic conformance statement. c2 Shall be 'm' if logical node model support is declared in ACSI basic conformance statement or if support for the MMS write service is declared.

c3 Shall be 'm' if ACSI support for SetDataValues service is declared or implied.

c4 Shall be 'm' if logical node model support is declared in ACSI basic conformance statement.

c5 Shall be 'm' if data set support is declared in the ACSI basic conformance statement.

c6 Shall be 'm' if support for defineNamedVariableList is declared.

c7 Shall be 'm' if support for ACSI Report or ACSI command termination is declared.

c8 Shall be 'm' if support for ACSI GetFile is declared.

c9 Shall be 'm' if support for ACSI SetFile is declared.

c10 Shall not be present since MMS minor version is declared to be 1.

c11 Shall be 'm' if support for ACSI GetFileAttributeValues is declared.

c12 Shall be 'm' if support for the ACSI log model is declared.

c13 Shall be 'm' if support for the ACSI QueryLogByTime or QueryLogAfter is declared.

c14 Shall be 'm' if support for the ACSI logical device model is declared.

MMS parameter CBB		Client-0	CR		CPT100		
	Base	F/S	Value/range	Base	F/S	Value/range	GRIIOU
STR1	0	0		0	c1		Y
STR2	0	0		0	0		Ν
NEST	1	1 or greater		1	c2		Y(10)
VNAM	0	0		0	c1		Y
VADR	0	0		0	0		Ν
VALT	0	0		0	c1		Y
bit	х	х		х	х		Ν
TPY	0	0		0	0		Ν
VLIS	0	c1		0	c3		Y
bit	х	х		х	х		Ν
bit	х	х		х	х		Ν
CEI	0	i		0	i		Ν
ACO	0	c4		0	c4		Ν
SEM	0	c4		0	c4		Ν
CSR	0	c4		0	c4		Ν
CSNC	0	c4		0	c4		Ν
CSPLC	0	c4		0	c4		N
CSPI	0	c4		0	c4		N

MMS Parameter CBB

c1 Shall be 'm' if ACSI logical node model support declared.

c2 Shall be five(5) or greater if ACSI logical node model support is declared.

c3 Shall be 'm' if ACSI data set, reporting, GOOSE, or logging model support is declared.

c4 Shall not be present. Receiving implementations shall assume not supported.

GetNameList conformance statement

CotNomoList		C	lient-CR		CPT100		
GethameList	Base	F/S	Value/range	Base	F/S	Value/range	GRIIOU
Request							
ObjectClass	m	m		m	m		Y
ObjectScope	m	m		m	m		Y
DomainName	0	0		m	m		Y
ContinueAfter	0	m		m	m		Y
Response+							
List Of Identifier	m	m		m	m		Y
MoreFollows	m	m		m	m		Y
Response-							
Error Type	m	m		m	m		Y
NOTE Object class 'vmd' (for an MMS Reject shall be issued	rmerly VI	NDSpe	cific in MMS V1.0) shal	l not app	ear. If a	a request contains this (ObjectClass,
	cu.						

AlternateAccessSelection conformance statement

Not applicable.

VariableAccessSpecification conformance statement

VariableAccessSpecification		Clie	nt-CR		CPT100					
VariableAccessopecification	Base	F/S	Value/range	Base	F/S	Value/range	GRIIIO			
listOfVariable	0	ο		0	c1		Y			
variableSpecification	0	ο		0	c1		Y			
alternateAccess	0	0		0	c1		Y			
variableListName	0	ο		0	c2		Y			
c1 Shall be 'm' if ACSI support for Logical Node Model is declared.										
c2 Shall be 'm' if ACSI support for A	CSI Data	aSets, r	eporting, or loggin	g is decla	ired.					

VariableSpecification conformance statement

VariableSpecification	Client-CR				CPT100		
	Base	F/S	Value/range	Base	F/S	Value/range	GRIIUU
name	0	0		0	m		Y
address	0	0		0	i		N
variableDescription	0	0		0	i		N
scatteredAccessDescription	0	x		0	х		N
invalidated	0	x		0	х		N

Read conformance statement

Read		Clie	nt-CR		CPT100		
Reau	Base	F/S	Value/range	Base	F/S	Value/range	GRIIOU
Request							
specificationWithResult	0	0		0	m		Y
variableAccessSpecification	m	m		m	m		Y
Response							
variableAccessSpecification	0	0		0	m		Y
listOfAccessResult	m	m		m	m		Y

Write conformance statement

Write	Client-CR				CPT100		
	Base	F/S	Value/range	Base	F/S	Value/range	GRIIOU
Request							
variableAccessSpecification	m	m		m	m		Y
listOfData	m	m		m	m		Y
Response							
failure	m	m		m	m		Y
success	m	m		m	m		Y

InformationReport conformance statement

InformationPapart	Client-CR				CBT100		
mormationReport	Base	F/S	Value/range	Base	F/S	Value/range	GRIIOU
Request							
variableAccessSpecification	m	m		m	m		Y
listOfAccessResult	m	m		m	m		Y

GetVariableAccessAttributes conformance statement

GetVariableAccessAttribute	Client-CR				GRT100		
S	Base	F/S	Value/range	Base	F/S	Value/range	
Request							
name	0	0		m	m		Y
address	0	0		m	х		Ν
Response							
mmsDeletable	m	m		m	m		Y
address	0	х		0	х		Ν
typeSpecification	m	m		m	m		Y

DefineNamedVariableList conformance statement

Not applicable.

GetNamedVariableListAttributes conformance statement

GotNamodVariableListAttributes		Clie	nt-CR		CPT100		
GenvalleuvallableListAttributes	Base	F/S	Value/range	Base	F/S	Value/range	GKTIO
Request							
ObjectName	m	m		m	m		Y
Response							
mmsDeletable	m	m		m	m		Y
listOfVariable	m	m		m	m		Y
variableSpecification	m	m		m	m		Y
alternateAccess	0	m		0	i		N

DeleteNamedVariableList conformance statement

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

ReadJournal conformance statement

Not applicable.

InitializeJournal conformance statement

JournalEntry conformance statement

Not applicable.

FileDirectory conformance statement Client-CR Server-CR FileDirectory **GRT100** Value/range Value/range F/S F/S Base Base Request Υ filespecification ο ο m m continueAfter 0 m m Υ ο Response+ listOfDirectoryEntry Υ m m m m MoreFollows Y m m m m

FileOpen conformance statement

FileOpen	Client-CR				CPT100		
	Base	F/S	Value/range	Base	F/S	Value/range	GRIIOU
Request							
filename	m	m		m	m		Y
initialPosition	ο	0		m	m		Y
Response+							
frsmID	m	m		m	m		Y
fileAttributes	m	m		m	m		Y

FileRead conformance statement

FileRead	Client-CR				CPT100		
	Base	F/S	Value/range	Base	F/S	Value/range	GRIIOU
Request							
frsmID	m	m		m	m		Y
Response+							
fileData	m	m		m	m		Y
MoreFollows	m	m		m	m		Y

FileClose conformance statement

FileClose	Client-CR			Server-CR			CBT100
	Base	F/S	Value/range	Base	F/S	Value/range	GRIIOU
Request							
frsmID	m	m		m	m		Y
Response+	m	m		m	m		Y

GOOSE conformance statement

	Subscriber	Publisher	Value/comment	GRT100
GOOSE Services	c1	c1		Y
SendGOOSEMessage	m	m		Y
GetGoReference	0	c3		Ν
GetGOOSEElementNumber	0	c4		N
GetGoCBValues	0	0		Y
SetGoCBValues	0	0		Y
GSENotSupported	c2	c5		Ν
GOOSE Control Block (GoCB)	0	0		Y

c1 Shall be 'm' if support is declared within ACSI basic conformance statement.

c2 Shall be 'm' if ACSI basic conformance support for either GetGoReference or GetGOOSEElementNumber is declared. c3 Shall be 'm' if support for ACSI basic conformance of GetGoReference is declared.

c4 Shall be 'm' if support for ACSI basic conformance of GetGOOSEElementNumber.

c5 Shall be 'm' if no support for ACSI basic conformance of GetGOOSEElementNumber is declared.

GSSE conformance statement

Not applicable.

Appendix Q

Inverse Time Characteristics



Normal Inverse

Very Inverse


Extremely Inverse

Long Time Inverse

Appendix R

Failed Module Tracing and Replacement

1. Failed module tracing and its replacement

If the "ALARM" LED is ON, the following procedure is recommended. If not repaired, contact the vendor.



Message	Failure location											
	VCT	SPM	IO1 or IO8	102	103	HMI	AC cable	LAN cable/ network	PLC, IEC61850 data			
Checksum err		×										
ROM data err		×										
ROM-RAM err		×										
SRAM err		×										
CPU err		×										
Invalid err		×										
NMI err		×										
BU-RAM err		×										
EEPROM err		×										
A/D err		×										
Sampling err		×										
CT1 err	× (2)	× (2)					× (1)					
CT2 err	× (2)	× (2)					× (1)					
CT3 err	× (2)	× (2)					× (1)					
DIO err		× (2)	× (1)	× (1)	× (1)							
RSM err		× (1)	× (2)									
LCD err						×						
DC supply off			×									
RTC err		×										
PCI err		×										
LAN err		×										
GOOSE stop		× (2)						× (1)				
Ping err		× (2)						×(1)				
PLC stop									×			
MAP stop									×			
No-working of LCD		× (2)				× (1)						

Table R-1 LCD Message and Failure Location

Note: This table shows the relationship between messages displayed on the LCD and the estimated failure location. Locations marked with (1) have a higher probability than locations marked with (2).

2. Methods of Replacing the Modules

A CAUTION	When handling a module, take anti-static measures such as wearing an earthed wrist band and placing modules on an earthed conductive mat. Otherwise, many
CALITION	of the electronic components could suffer damage.
CAUTION	After replacing the SPM module, <u>check all of the settings including the data</u> related the PLC, IEC103 and IEC61850, etc. are restored the original settings.

The initial replacement procedure is as follows:

1). Switch off the DC power supply.

A WARNING Hazardous voltage may remain in the DC circuit just after switching off the DC power supply. It takes about <u>30 seconds</u> for the voltage to discharge.

- 2). Remove the front panel cover.
- 3). Open the front panel.

Open the front panel of the relay by unscrewing the binding screw located on the left side of the front panel.



Case size : 1/2"inchs

4). Detach the holding bar.

Detach the module holding bar <u>by unscrewing the binding screw</u> located on the left side of the bar.





5). Unplug the cables.

Unplug the ribbon cable running among the modules by nipping the catch (in case of black connector) and by pushing the catch outside (in case of gray connector) on the connector.



6). Pull out the module.

Pull out the failure module by pulling up or down the top and bottom levers (white).



7). Insert the replacement module.

Insert the replacement module into the same slots where marked up.

- 8). Do the No.5 to No.1 steps in reverse order.
- **A** CAUTION Supply DC power after checking that all the modules are in their original positions and the ribbon cables are plugged in. If the ribbon cables are not plugged in enough (especially the gray connectors), the module could suffer damage.

Details of the gray connector on modules (top side)



9). Lamp Test

- (RESET) key is pushed 1 second or more by LCD display off.
- It checks that all LCDs and LEDs light on.

10). Check the automatic supervision functions.

- LCD not display "Auto-supervision" screens in turn, and Event Records
- Checking the "IN SERVICE" LED light on and "ALARM LED" light off.

Appendix S Ordering

TOSHIBA

Ordering

	Γ	GRT100	Ē	D —	-	\mathbb{H}	Н	
Model 100 series								
Type:								
Transformer protection Relay	GRT100	-						
Model:	GILLIOU							
-Model 100 series: 2 three-phase current inputs for		-						
2-winding transformer								
- 16 BIs 13 BOs 5 trin BOs	101							
- 16 BIs, 23 BOs, 5 trip BOs	101							
10 Did, 20 Dod, 0 uip Dod	102							
CT Rating:								
14 50 Hz 110 V/125 Vdc	1	-						
$14,5012,110\sqrt{125}$ Vdc	2							
5A = 50Hz = 110V/125Vdc	3							
5A 60Hz 110V/125Vdc	4							
1A = 50Hz = 220V/250Vdc	5							
1A, 50Hz, 220 V/250 V dc	6							
54,50Hz,220V/250Vdc	7							
5A, 50Hz, 220V/250Vdc	8							
14 50Hz 48V/54V/60Vdc	Δ							
1A, 50Hz, 48V/54V/60Vdc	B							
5A 50Hz $A8V/54V/60Vdc$	D C							
5A, $50Hz$, $48V/54V/60Vdc$								
1A 50Hz $24V/30Vdc$	E D							
1A, 50Hz, 24V/30Vdc	F							
54,50Hz,24V/30Vdc	G							
5A, 50Hz, 24V/30Vdc	н							
M_{12} , $50H_{7}$, $110V/125Vdc$	I							
Mix, $50Hz$, $110V/125Vdc$	K K							
Mix, $50Hz$, $220V/250Vdc$	I							
Mix, 60Hz, 220V/250Vdc	M							
Mix, $50Hz$, $48V/54V/60Vdc$	N							
Mix, 50Hz, 48V/54V/60Vdc	D							
Mix, $50H_{7}$, $24V/30Vd_{c}$								
Mix, $50Hz$, $24V/30Vdc$	R							
CT Rating-2:	K							
Single CT Rating	0	-						
Mix Drimary: 1A Secondary: 5A	1							
Mix, Trimary: 5A, Secondary: 1A	2							
Communications:	2							
$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{2} \frac{1}{2}	-							
$R5405 \pm 100DASE = IA$	A D							
$K5463 \pm 100DASE-FA$ Eibre ontia $\pm 100DASE$ EV	D E							
Miscellencous:	E			 		 		
Miscellaneous:		-					•	
None	0							
		-						-
Standard	None							
Option: User configurable LED label	J							

Note: Please inform us which is ordered panel surface mount type or 19-inch rack mount type.

In 19 inch rack mount type, please order optional attachment kit.

- for relay case Type-A attachment kit: EP101

		GRT	100	_	D	-	\mathbb{H}	Н	-
Model 200 series								Γ٦	
Type:		—							
Transformer protection Relay	GRT100								
Model:	GRII00								
-Model 200 series: 3 three-phase current inputs for									
-winding transformer									
16 Blg 13 BOg 5 trip BOg	201								
- 16 BIs, 15 BOs, 5 trip BOs	201								
15 BIs (12 independent) 12 BOs 2 trip BOs	202								
= 15 BIs (12-independent), 15 BOs, 5 trip BOs	203								
- 15 DIS (12-Independent), 25 DOS, 5 trip DOS	204								
$\frac{11}{1000}$	1	-							
1A, 50HZ, 110V/125VdC	1								
1A, 60HZ, 110V/125V dc	2								
5A, 50HZ, 110V/125Vdc	3								
5A, 60Hz, 110V/125Vdc	4								
1A, 50Hz, 220V/250Vdc	5								
1A, 60Hz, 220V/250Vdc	6								
5A, 50Hz, 220V/250Vdc	7								
5A, 60Hz, 220V/250Vdc	8								
1A, 50Hz, 48V/54V/60Vdc	А								
1A, 60Hz, 48V/54V/60Vdc	В								
5A, 50Hz, 48V/54V/60Vdc	С								
5A, 60Hz, 48V/54V/60Vdc	D								
1A, 50Hz, 24V/30Vdc	Е								
1A, 60Hz, 24V/30Vdc	F								
5A, 50Hz, 24V/30Vdc	G								
5A, 60Hz, 24V/30Vdc	Н								
Mix, 50Hz, 110V/125Vdc	J								
Mix, 60Hz, 110V/125Vdc	K								
Mix, 50Hz, 220V/250Vdc	L								
Mix, 60Hz, 220V/250Vdc	М								
Mix, 50Hz, 48V/54V/60Vdc	Ν								
Mix, 60Hz, 48V/54V/60Vdc	Р								
Mix, 50Hz, 24V/30Vdc	Q								
Mix, 60Hz, 24V/30Vdc	R								
CT Rating-2:		—							
Single CT Rating	0								
Mix Primary 1A Secondary 5A Tertiary 5A	1								
Mix Primary:5A Secondary:1A Tertiary:5A	2								
Mix, Primary:1A Secondary:1A Tertiary:5A	3								
Communications:	5								
$PS/485 \pm 100 PASE TY$	•								
RS485 + 100 RASE-TX	R								
Fibre ontic + 100 FASE FV									
Migaellenaous	E								
Nuscentaneous:								-	
None	0	-							
LED label:									
Standard	None								
Option: User configurable LED label	J								

Note: Please inform us which is ordered panel surface mount type or 19-inch rack mount type.

In 19 inch rack mount type, please order optional attachment kit.

- for relay case Type-A attachment kit: EP101

Version-up Records

Version No.	Date	Revised Section	Contents
0.0	Sep. 12, 2007		First issue
1.0	Apr. 14, 2008	2.2.2 3.1.3 4.2.6.4, 4.2.6.6 4.4.2	Modified the description and Figure 2.2.2.1. Modified the description. Modified the description. Modified the description.
2.0	Jul. 31, 2009	Precaution 4.2.2,4.2.6.2,4.2.7 Appendixes	Modified the description of 'Disposal'. Modified the description.(Add explanation of password for test screen.) Modified Appendix E and S.
3.0	Oct. 16, 2009	2.2.5 2.3 2.5 2.9 2.10.6 3.1.3 Appendix	Modified the description and Table numbers. Modified Figure 2.3.3. (Add " ON" under the scheme switch) Modified the description and Figure 2.5.1. (Add " ON" under the scheme switch) Modified Figure 2.9.1. (Add " ON" under the scheme switch) Modified the description Modified the description Modified Appendix N.
4.0	Dec. 11, 2009	2.2.1	Modified Table 2.2.1.1 and Figure 2.2.1.4.

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