TP-LINK®

User Guide

TD-W8961ND

300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router



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FCC STATEMENT

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to pro-vide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not in-stalled and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/ TV technician for help.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Note: The manufacturer is not responsible for any radio or TV interference caused by unauthorized modifications to this equipment. Such modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This device and its antenna must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

"To comply with FCC RF exposure compliance requirements, this grant is applicable to only Mobile Configurations. The antennas used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter."

CE Mark Warning

€€1588

This is a class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Canadian Compliance Statement

This device complies with Industry Canada license-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause interference, and

(2)This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Cet appareil est conforme aux norms CNR exemptes de licence d'Industrie Canada. Le fonctionnement est soumis aux deux conditions suivantes:

(1) cet appareil ne doit pas provoquer d'interférences et

(2) cet appareil doit accepter toute interférence, y compris celles susceptibles de provoquer un fonctionnement non souhaité de l'appareil.

This device has been designed to operate with the antennas listed below, and having a maximum gain of 3 dBi. Antennas not included in this list or having a gain greater than 3 dBi are strictly prohibited for use with this device. The required antenna impedance is 50 ohms.

To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that permitted for successful communication.

Industry Canada Statement

Complies with the Canadian ICES-003 Class B specifications.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

This device complies with RSS 210 of Industry Canada. This Class B device meets all the requirements of the Canadian interference-causing equipment regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la Classe B respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

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당해 무선설비는 운용중 전파혼신 가능성이 있음.

NCC Notice & BSMI Notice

注意!

依據 低功率電波輻射性電機管理辦法

第十二條 經型式認證合格之低功率射頻電機,非經許可,公司、商號或使用者均不得擅自變更頻 率、加大功率或變更原設計之特性或功能。

第十四條 低功率射頻電機之使用不得影響飛航安全及干擾合法通行; 經發現有干擾現象時, 應立 即停用, 並改善至無干擾時方得繼續使用。前項合法通信, 指依電信規定作業之無線電信。低功率 射頻電機需忍受合法通信或工業、科學以及醫療用電波輻射性電機設備之干擾。

安全諮詢及注意事項

- ●請使用原裝電源供應器或只能按照本產品注明的電源類型使用本產品。
- ●清潔本產品之前請先拔掉電源線。請勿使用液體、噴霧清潔劑或濕布進行清潔。
- ●注意防潮,請勿將水或其他液體潑灑到本產品上。
- ●插槽與開口供通風使用,以確保本產品的操作可靠並防止過熱,請勿堵塞或覆蓋開口。
- ●請勿將本產品置放於靠近熱源的地方。除非有正常的通風,否則不可放在密閉位置中。
- ●請不要私自打開機殼,不要嘗試自行維修本產品,請由授權的專業人士進行此項工作。

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Safety Information

- When product has power button, the power button is one of the way to shut off the product; when there is no power button, the only way to completely shut off power is to disconnect the product or the power adapter from the power source.
- Don't disassemble the product, or make repairs yourself. You run the risk of electric shock and voiding the limited warranty. If you need service, please contact us.
- Avoid water and wet locations.

This product can be used in the following countries:

AT	BG	BY	CA	CZ	DE	DK	EE
ES	FI	FR	GB	GR	HU	IE	IT
LT	LV	MT	NL	NO	PL	PT	RO
RU	SE	SK	TR	UA			

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

For the following equipment:

Product Description: 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router

Model No.: TD-W8961ND

Trademark: TP-LINK

We declare under our own responsibility that the above products satisfy all the technical regulations applicable to the product within the scope of Council Directives: Directives 1999/5/EC, Directives 2004/108/EC, Directives 2006/95/EC, Directives 1999/519/EC, Directives 2011/65/EU The above product is in conformity with the following standards or other normative documents ETSI EN 300 328 V1.7.1: 2006 ETSI EN 301 489-1 V1.9.2:2011& ETSI EN 301 489-17 V2.2.1:2012 EN 55022:2010 EN 55022:2010 EN 61000-3-2:2006+A1:2009+A2:2009 EN 61000-3-3:2008 EN60950-1:2006+A11: 2009+A1:2010+A12:2011 EN62311:2008

The product carries the CE Mark:



Person responsible for marking this declaration:

Yang Hongliang Product Manager of International Business

Date of issue: 2013

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Package Contents

The following contents should be found in your package:

- One TD-W8961ND 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router
- > One Power Adapter for TD-W8961ND 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router
- Quick Installation Guide
- > One RJ45 cable
- Two RJ11 cables
- One ADSL splitter
- > One Resource CD which includes this User Guide

Solution Note:

Make sure that the package contains the above items. If any of the listed items are damaged or missing, please contact your distributor.

Chapter 1 Introduction

Thank you for choosing the TD-W8961ND 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router.

1.1 Product Overview

The device is designed to provide a simple and cost-effective ADSL Internet connection for a private Ethernet or IEEE 802.11n/ IEEE 802.11g/ IEEE 802.11b wireless network.

The TD-W8961ND connects to an Ethernet LAN or computers via standard Ethernet ports. The ADSL connection is made using ordinary telephone line with standard connectors. Multiple workstations can be networked and connected to the Internet using a single Wide Area Network (WAN) interface and single global IP address. The advanced security enhancements, **IP/MAC Filter**, **Application Filter** and **URL Filter** can help to protect your network from potentially devastating intrusions by malicious agents from the outside of your network.

Quick Start of the Web-based Utility is supplied and friendly help messages are provided for the configuration. Network and Router management is done through the Web-based Utility which can be accessed through local Ethernet using any web browser.

ADSL

The TD-W8961ND supports full-rate ADSL2+ connectivity conforming to the ITU and ANSI specifications. In addition to the basic DMT physical layer functions, the ADSL2+ PHY supports dual latency ADSL2+ framing (fast and interleaved) and the I.432 ATM Physical Layer.

Wireless

In the most attentive wireless security, the modem router provides multiple protection measures. It can be set to turn off the wireless network name (SSID) broadcast so that only stations that have the SSID can be connected. The modem router provides wireless LAN 64/128-bit WEP encryption security, WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK authentication, as well as TKIP/AES encryption security.

1.2 Main Features

- Four 10/100Mbps Auto-Negotiation RJ45 LAN ports (Auto MDI/MDIX), one RJ11 port.
- > Provides external splitter.
- > Adopts Advanced DMT modulation and demodulation technology.
- > Supports bridge mode and Router function.
- > Multi-user sharing a high-speed Internet connection.
- Downstream data rates up to 24Mbps, upstream data rates up to 3.5Mbps (With Annex M enabled).
- Supports long transfers, the max line length can reach to 6.5Km.
- > Supports remote configuration and management through SNMP and CWMP.

- Supports PPPoE, it allows connecting the internet on demand and disconnecting from the Internet when idle.
- Provides reliable ESD and surge-protect function with quick response semi-conductive surge protection circuit.
- > High speed and asymmetrical data transmit mode, provides safe and exclusive bandwidth.
- > Supports All ADSL industrial standards.
- > Compatible with all mainstreams DSLAM (CO).
- > Provides integrated access of internet and route function which face to SOHO user.
- > Real-time Configuration and device monitoring.
- > Supports Multiple PVC (Permanent Virtual Circuit).
- Built-in DHCP server.
- > Built-in firewall, supporting IP/MAC filter, Application filter and URL filter.
- > Supports Virtual Server, DMZ host and IP Address Mapping.
- > Supports Dynamic DNS, UPnP and Static Routing.
- > Supports system log and flow Statistics.
- > Supports firmware upgrade and Web management.
- > Provides WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK data security, TKIP/AES encryption security.
- > Provides 64/128-bit WEP encryption security and wireless LAN ACL (Access Control List).

1.3 Conventions

The modem router or device mentioned in this User Guide stands for TD-W8961ND without any explanations.

Parameters provided in the pictures are just references for setting up the product, which may differ from the actual situation.

Chapter 2 Hardware Installation

2.1 The Front Panel



Figure 2-1

The LEDs locate on the front panel. They indicate the device's working status. For details, please refer to LED Explanation.

LED Explanation:

Name	Status	Indication
	On	The modem router is powered on.
ப் (Power)	Off	The modem router is off. Please ensure that the power adapter is connected correctly.
	On	ADSL line is synchronized and ready to use.
(ADSL)	Flash	The ADSL negotiation is in progress.
(ADSL)	Off	ADSL synchronization fails. Please refer to Note 1 for troubleshooting.
	On	The network is available with a successful Internet connection.
	Flash	There is data being transmitted or received via the Internet.
Ø(INTERNET)	Off	There is no successful Internet connection or the modem router is operating in Bridge mode. Please refer to Note 2 for troubleshooting.
	On	Wireless is enabled but no data is being transmitted.
奈 (WLAN)	Flash	The modem router is sending or receiving data over the wireless network.
	Off	Wireless function is disabled.
	On	A wireless device has been successfully added to the network by WPS function.
≙ (WPS)	Flash	WPS handshaking is in process and will continue for about 2 minutes. Please press the WPS button on other wireless devices that you want to add to the network while the LED is flashing.
	Off	The WPS function is disabled or the wireless device fails to be added to the network in 2 minutes after WPS function is

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		enabled. Please refer to <u>4.3.3 WPS Settings</u> for more information.
	On	There is a device connected to this LAN port.
G (LAN1-4)	Flash	The modem router is sending or receiving data over this LAN port.
	Off	There is no device connected to this LAN port.

P Note:

- If the ADSL LED is off, please check your Internet connection first. Refer to <u>2.4 Connecting</u> the Router for more information about how to make Internet connection correctly. If you have already made a right connection, please contact your ISP to make sure if your Internet service is available now.
- 2. If the Internet LED is off, please check your ADSL LED first. If your ADSL LED is also off, please refer to Note 1. If your ADSL LED is GREEN ON, please check your Internet configuration. You may need to check this part of information with your ISP and make sure everything have been input correctly. Refer to <u>4.1.1 Device Info</u> and <u>4.3.1 Internet</u> for more information.

2.2 The Back Panel

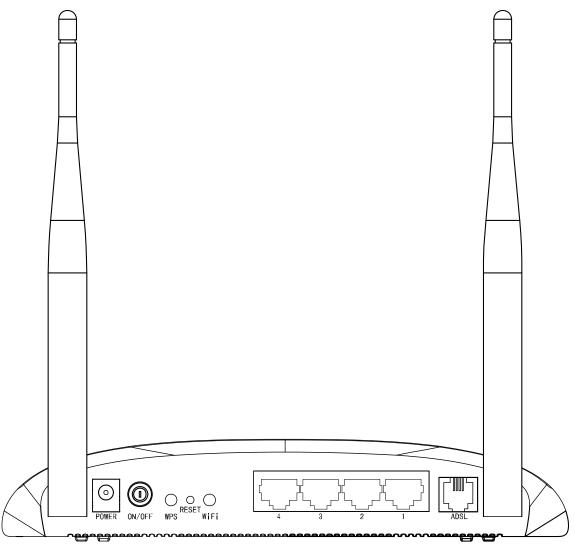


Figure 2-2

- > **POWER**: The Power plug is where you will connect the power adapter.
- > **ON/OFF**: The switch for the power.
- WPS: The switch for the WPS function. For details, please refer to <u>4.3.3.1 Wireless-WPS</u> <u>Settings</u>.
- RESET: There are two ways to reset the modem router 's factory defaults.
 Method one: With the modem router powered on, use a pin to press and hold the Reset button for at least 5 seconds. And the modem router will reboot to its factory default settings.
 Method two: Restore the default setting from "Maintenance-SysRestart" of the modem router 's Web-based Utility.
- **WiFi**: The switch for the WiFi function.
- 1, 2, 3, 4 (LAN): Through the port, you can connect the modem router to your PC or the other Ethernet network devices.
- ADSL: Through the port, you can connect the modem router with the telephone. Or you can connect them by an external separate splitter. For details, please refer to <u>2.4 Connecting the Modem Router</u>.

> Antennas: Used for wireless operation and data transmit.

2.3 Installation Environment

- > The Product should not be located where it will be exposed to moisture or excessive heat.
- Place the modem router in a location where it can be connected to the various devices as well as to a power source.
- Make sure the cables and power cord are safely placed out of the way so they do not create a tripping hazard.
- > The modem router can be placed on a shelf or desktop.
- Keep away from the strong electromagnetic radiation and the device of electromagnetic sensitive.

2.4 Connecting the Modem Router

Before installing the device, please make sure your broadband service provided by your ISP is available. If there is any problem, please contact your ISP. Before cable connection, cut off the power supply and keep your hands dry. You can follow the steps below to install it.

Step 1: Connect the ADSL Line.

Method one: Plug one end of the twisted-pair ADSL cable into the ADSL port on the rear panel of TD-W8961ND, and insert the other end into the wall socket.

Method two: You can use a separate splitter. External splitter can divide the data and voice, and then you can access the Internet and make calls at the same time. The external splitter has three ports:

- · LINE: Connect to the wall jack
- PHONE: Connect to the phone sets
- MODEM: Connect to the ADSL port of TD-W8961ND

Plug one end of the twisted-pair ADSL cable into the ADSL port on the rear panel of TD-W8961ND. Connect the other end to the MODEM port of the external splitter.

- Step 2: Connect the Ethernet cable. Attach one end of a network cable to your computer's Ethernet port or a regular hub/switch port, and the other end to the LAN port on the TD-W8961ND.
- Step 3: Power on the computers and LAN devices.
- **Step 4:** Attach the power adapter. Connect the power adapter to the power connector on the rear of the device and plug in the adapter to a electrical outlet or power extension. The electrical outlet shall be installed near the device and shall be easily accessible.

TD-W8961ND 300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router User Guide ╔ POWER ON/OFF WPS RESET OFFI ADSL Splitter MODEN **Power Adapter** 10100 Phone

Desktop PC

Figure 2-3

Chapter 3 Quick Installation Guide

3.1 Configure PC

After you directly connect your PC to the TD-W8961ND or connect your adapter to a Hub/Switch which has connected to the modem router, you need to configure your PC's IP address. Follow the steps below to configure it..

Step 1: Click the Start menu on your desktop, right click My Network Places, and then select Properties (shown in Figure 3-1).

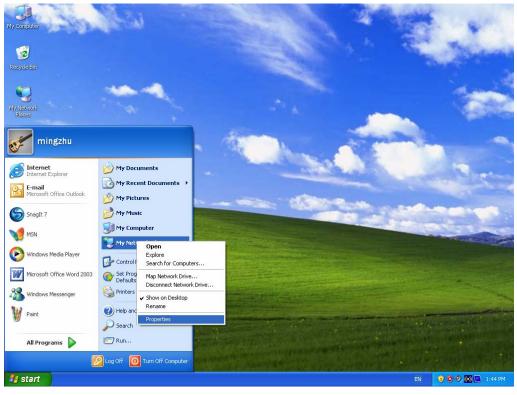


Figure 3-1

Step 2: Right click Local Area Connection (LAN), and then select Properties.

Network Connections		
File Edit View Favorites Tools	Advanced Help	2
🌀 Back 🔹 🕥 👻 🏂 Sea	rch 🎼 Folders	
Address 🔕 Network Connections		💌 🄁 Go
Network Tasks	LAN or High-Speed Internet	
 Create a new connection Set up a home or small office network Change Windows Firewall settings Disable this network device Repair this connection Rename this connection View status of this connection Change settings of this connection 	Ocal Area Connection Disable Status Repair Bridge Connections Create Shortcut Delete Rename Properties	
Other Places 🛞		
Control Panel My Network Places My Documents My Computer		



Step 3: Select **General** tab, highlight Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), and then click the **Properties** button.

General Authentication Advanced Connect using: Image: Realtek RTL8139 Family PCI Fast Eth Configure This connection uses the following items: Image: Client for Microsoft Networks
 Realtek RTL8139 Family PCI Fast Etł Configure This connection uses the following items: Client for Microsoft Networks File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks QoS Packet Scheduler
This connection uses the following items: Image: Client for Microsoft Networks Image: Client for Microsoft Networks
 Client for Microsoft Networks File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks OoS Packet Scheduler
 File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks OoS Packet Scheduler
QoS Packet Scheduler
Install
Description
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.
Show icon in notification area when connected Notify me when this connection has limited or no connectivity
OK Cancel

Figure 3-3

Step 4: Configure the IP address as Figure 3-4 shows. After that, click OK.

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Proper	ties 🛛 🛛 🛛 🛛
General	
You can get IP settings assigned autom this capability. Otherwise, you need to a the appropriate IP settings. ODbtain an IP address automatically	sk your network administrator for
Use the following IP address: —	
<u>I</u> P address:	192.168.1.2
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
<u>D</u> efault gateway:	192.168.1.1
○ O <u>b</u> tain DNS server address autom	atically
• Use the following DNS server add	resses:
Preferred DNS server:	192.168.1.1
Alternate DNS server:	· · ·
	Ad <u>v</u> anced
	OK Cancel

Figure 3-4

Note:

You can configure the PC to get an IP address automatically, select "Obtain an IP address automatically" and "Obtain DNS server address automatically" in the screen above.

Now, you can run the Ping command in the command prompt to verify the network connection. Please click the **Start** menu on your desktop, select **run** tab, type **cmd** or **command** in the field and press **Enter**. Type **ping 192.168.1.1** on the next screen, and then press **Enter**.

If the result displayed is similar to the screen below, the connection between your PC and the modem router has been established.

Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64	
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:	
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% los	s),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:	
Minimum = Oms, Maximum = Oms, Average = Oms	

Figure 3-5

If the result displayed is similar to the screen shown below, it means that your PC has not connected to the modem router.

```
Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Figure 3-6

You can check it follow the steps below:

1) Is the connection between your PC and the modem router correct?

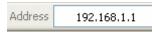
The LEDs of LAN port which you link to the device and the LEDs on your PC's adapter should be lit.

2) Is the TCP/IP configuration for your PC correct?

If the modem router's IP address is 192.168.1.1, your PC's IP address must be within the range of 192.168.1.2 ~ 192.168.1.254.

3.2 Login

Once your host PC is properly configured, please proceed as follows to use the Web-based Utility: Start your web browser and type the private IP address of the modem router in the URL field: **192.168.1.1**.



After that, you will see the screen shown below, enter the default User Name **admin** and the default Password **admin**, and then click **OK** to access to the **Quick Start** screen. You can follow the steps below to complete the Quick Start.



Figure 3-7

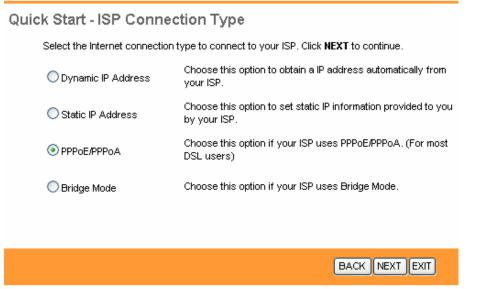
Step 1: Select the Quick Start tab, then click RUN WIZARD, and you will see the next screen. Click the NEXT button.

	Quick Start
	The Wizard will guide you through these four quick steps. Begin by clicking on NEXT.
	Step 1. Choose your time zone
	Step 2. Set your Internet connection
	Step 3. Wireless network configuration
	Step 4. Save settings of this ADSL Router
	NEXTEXIT
	Figure 3-8
)	nfigure the time for the modem router, and then click the NEXT button.

Select the appropriate time zone for your location and click NEXT to continue.
(GMT) Greenwich Mean Time : Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London
BACK NEXT EXIT



Step 3: Select the connection type to connect to the ISP (We select **PPPoE/PPPoA** mode for example here), and then click the **NEXT** button.





Step 4: Configure the following options provided by your ISP: Username, Password, VPI, VCI and Connection Type. Then click NEXT.

Quick Start - PPPoE/PPF	PoA
Enter the PPPoE/PPPoA informa	ation provided to you by your ISP. Click NEXT to continue.
Username: Password: VPI: VCI:	
Connection Type:	PPPoE LLC
	BACK NEXT EXIT
	Fig. 11. 0. 11



Step 5: Configure the rules for the WLAN, and click NEXT.

Quick Start - Wlan
You may enable/disable Wan, change the Wan SSID and Authentication type in this page. Click NEXT to continue.
Access Point : 💿 Activated 🔘 Deactivated
SSID : TP-LINK_012345
Broadcast SSID:
Authentication Type : Disabled
BACK NEXT EXIT
F ' 0.40

Figure 3-12

Solution Note:

If the Access Point is activated, the wireless function will be available even without the external antenna because of an additional printed antenna. To adopt the wireless security protection measures, please refer to section 4.3.3.

Step 6: Click **NEXT** to finish the Quick Start.

Quick Start Complete !!
The Setup Wizard has completed. Click on BACK to modify changes or mistakes. Click NEXT to save the current settings.
BACK NEXT EXIT
Figure 3-13

Chapter 4 Software Configuration

This User Guide recommends using the "Quick Installation Guide" for first-time installation. For advanced users, if you want to know more about this device and make use of its functions adequately, maybe you will get help from this chapter to configure the advanced settings through the Web-based Utility.

After your successful login, you can configure and manage the device. There are main menus on the top of the Web-based Utility; submenus will be available after you click one of the main menus. On the center of the Web-based Utility, there are the detailed configurations or status information. To apply any settings you have altered on the page, please click the **SAVE** button.

4.1 Status

Choose "**Status**", you can see the next submenus: **Device Info**, **System Log** and **Statistics**. Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

Quick Start	Inter Set		Advance Setup	d Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
Device I	nfo	Syste	em Log	Statistics			
	Figure 4-1						

Click any of them, and you will be able to view the corresponding information.

4.1.1 Device Info

Choose "**Status** \rightarrow **Device Info**" menu, and you will be able to view the device information, including LAN, WAN and ADSL. The information will vary depending on the settings of the modem router configured on the Interface Setup screen.

Status	Quick Start		erface etup	Advanced Setup	Acce: Manage		Maintenance	e Status	Help
	Devic	e Info	Syste	em Log					
	~								
Device Information									
		Firr	nware Vers	ion : 3.0.0 Bui	ld 120524 Rel.(15221			
				ess : d8:5d:4c					
LAN			IR Addre	ess : 192.168.	11				
				ask : 255.255.					
146			DHCP Ser	ver : Enabled					
Wireless									
		Curren	t Connected	d Wireless Clie	ents number is		0	Refresh	
	ID			MAC					
WAN									
	PVC	VPI/VCI	IP Addres	ss Sub	net Ga	iteWay	DNS Server	Encapsulation	Status
	PVC0	1/32	N/A	N	/Α	N/A	N/A	Bridge	Down
	PVC1	0/33	N/A	N		N/A	N/A	Bridge	Down
	PVC2	0/35	N/A	N	/A	N/A	N/A	Bridge	Down
	PVC3	0/100	N/A	N	/A	N/A	N/A	Bridge	Down
	PVC4	8/35	N/A	N	/A	N/A	N/A	Bridge	Down
	PVC5	8/48	N/A	N	/A	N/A	N/A	Bridge	Down
	PVC6	0/38	N/A	N	/A	N/A	N/A	Bridge	Down
ADSL									
ADSL Firmware Version : FwVer:3.20.17.0_TC3087 HwVer:T14.F7_11.2 Line State : Down Modulation : N/A Annex Mode : N/A									
	Downstream SNR Margin : N/A N/A db Line Attenuation : N/A N/A db								
			Data R Max R C		N/A	kbps kbps			

Figure 4-2

P Note:

Click the other submenus **System Log** or **Statistics** in Figure 4-2, and you will be able to view the system log and traffic statistics about the modem router.

4.1.2 System Log

Choose "**Status** \rightarrow **System Log**" menu, and you will be able to query the logs of the modem router.

т	D-W896	IND 30	0Mbps Wir	eless N ADSL	2+ Modem Ro	outer Use	r Guide
Status	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
	Device Ir	ifo Sy	stem Log	Statistics			
	_						
System Log							
	1/1/2000	0:0:2> m	ain: init co	ompleted	1		
	1/1/2000	0:0:2> N	o DNS serve	r available			
	1/1/2000	0:0:2> L	ast errorlog	y repeat 10 Tin	nes		
			-	fail: no server			
			-	pause 60 secor	nds		
			o DNS serve:				
				g repeat 10 Tin			
			-	fail: no server			
			-	pause 60 secor	nds		
			o DNS servei				
				g repeat 10 Tin			
			-	fail: no server	available	-	
			-	pause 1 day		3	
			o DNS serve				
				g repeat 10 Tin			
			-	fail: no server			
			djtime task o DNS servei	pause 60 secor	las		
				r available 9 repeat 10 Tin			
				g repeat 10 11m fail: no server			
			-	pause 60 secor			
			o DNS serve	-	iub		
				g repeat 10 Tin	183		
				fail: no server			
			-	pause 1 day		1	
	2, 2, 2000			prove a way		-4	
			CLEAR LC	G SAVELOG			
			CLEARIC	SAVELUG			

Figure 4-3

The modem router can keep logs of all traffic. You can query the logs to find what happened to the modem router.

Click the **CLEAR LOG** button to clear the logs.

Click the **SAVE LOG** button to save the logs.

4.1.3 Statistics

Choose "**Status** \rightarrow **Statistics**" menu, and you will be able to view the network traffic over Ethernet, ADSL and WLAN.

Т	D-W8961ND 30	0Mbps Wire	eless N /	ADSL	2+ Modem Ro	outer Us	er Guide
Status	Quick Interface Start Setup	Advanced Setup	Acce Manage		Maintenance	Status	Help
	Device Info Sy	stem Log 🔰 🤇	Statistics				
Traffic Statistics							
	Interfa	ce : 💿 Ethernet 🔘	ADSL OW	LAN			
	Transmit St	atistics			Receive Statistic	:\$	
	Transmit Frames		156	Receive	Frames		348
	Transmit Multicast Fram	es	733	Receive	Multicast Frames		724
	Transmit total Bytes		891164	Receive	total Bytes		798447
	Transmit Collision		0	Receive	CRC Errors		0
	Transmit Error Frames		0	Receive	Under-size Frames		0
		REFRESH					



- Interface: You can select Ethernet, ADSL and WLAN to view the corresponding network traffic over different ports.
- > Select **Ethernet**, and you will see the statistics table as below.

Interface : 💿 Ethernet 🔘 ADSL 🔘 WLAN

Transmit Statistics		Receive Statistics	
Transmit Frames	156	Receive Frames	348
Transmit Multicast Frames	733	Receive Multicast Frames	724
Transmit total Bytes	891164	Receive total Bytes	798447
Transmit Collision	0	Receive CRC Errors	0
Transmit Error Frames	0	Receive Under-size Frames	0

Statistics Table:

	Transmit Frames	The frames transmitted over the Ethernet port.
	Transmit Multicast Frames	The multicast frames transmitted over the Ethernet
		port.
Transmit	Transmit total Bytes	The total bytes transmitted over the Ethernet port.
Statistics	Transmit Collision	The collision occurred over the Ethernet port when
		data is being transmitted.
	Transmit Error Frames	The error frames over the Ethernet port when data is
		being transmitted.
	Receive Frames	The frames received over the Ethernet port.
	Receive Multicast Frames	The multicast frames received over the Ethernet port.
_	Receive total Bytes	The total bytes received over the Ethernet port.
Receive	Receive CRC Errors	The CRC errors occurred over the Ethernet port when
Statistics	Receive CRC Effors	data is being received.
	Receive Under-size Frames	The Under-size frames received over the Ethernet
	Receive Under-Size Frames	port.

Select **ADSL**, and you will see the statistics table as below.

Interface : OEthernet OADSLOWLAN

Transmit Statistics		Receive Statistics	
Transmit total PDUs	0	Receive total PDUs	0
Transmit total Error Counts	0	Receive total Error Counts	0

Statistics Table:

Transmit Statistics	Transmit total PDUs	The total PDUs transmitted over the ADSL port.
	Transmit total Error Counts	The total errors occurred over the ADSL port when data
		is being transmitted.
Dessive	Receive total PDUs	The total PDUs transmitted over the ADSL port.
Receive Statistics	Reactive total Farray Counts	The total errors occurred over the ADSL port when data
	Receive total Error Counts	is being received.

Select **WLAN**, and you will see the statistics table as below.

Interface : OEthernet OADSL 💿 WLAN

Transmit Statistics		Receive Statistics	
Tx Frames Count	1227	Rx Frames Count	6060
Tx Errors Count	0	Rx Errors Count	590
Tx Drops Count	0	Rx Drops Count	0

Statistics Table:

	Tx Frames Count	The frames transmitted over the WLAN when wireless data is
		being transmitted.
Transmit	Tx Errors Count	The errors occurred over the WLAN when wireless data is being
Statistics		transmitted.
	Tu Drong Count	The drops occurred over the WLAN when wireless data is being
	Tx Drops Count	transmitted.
	Rx Frames Count	The frames received over the WLAN when wireless data is being
	RX Frames Count	transmitted.
Receive	Rx Errors Count	The errors occurred over the WLAN when wireless data is being
Statistics	RX Errors Count	received.
	Du Duran Oraunt	The drops occurred over the WLAN when wireless data is being
	Rx Drops Count	received.

Click the **REFRESH** button to refresh immediately.

4.2 Quick Start

Please refer to "3.2 Login".

4.3 Interface Setup

Choose "Interface Setup", you can see the next submenus: Internet and LAN.



Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.3.1 Internet

Choose "Interface Setup→Internet" menu, you can configure the parameters for WAN ports in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-6).

Interface	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
	Internet		Wireles	s			
ATM VC							
		Virtual Circuit		PVCs Summary			
			: O Activated (_			
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ge: 0~255) ge: 1~65535)			
QoS				J			
		ATM QoS					
		PCR		s/second			
		SCR		s/second			
		MBS	: 0 cells	\$			
Encapsulation			~				
		ISP	 Dynamic IP Static IP Ad 				
			💿 Bridge Mod	e			
Bridge Mode							
		Encapsulation	: 1483 Bridged I	PLLC 🔽			
			SAVE DELE	TE			

Figure 4-6

- ATM VC: ATM settings are used to connect to your ISP. Your ISP provides VPI (Virtual Path Identifier), VCI (Virtual Channel Identifier) settings to you. In this Device, you can totally setup 8 VCs on different encapsulations, if you apply 8 different virtual circuits from your ISP. You need to activate the VC to take effect. For PVCs management, you can use ATM QoS to setup each PVC traffic line's priority.
 - Virtual Circuit: Select the VC number you want to setup, PVC0~PVC7.
 - Status: If you want to use a designed VC, you should activate it.

- **VPI:** Identifies the virtual path between endpoints in an ATM network. The valid range is from 0 to 255. Please input the value provided by your ISP.
- VCI: Identifies the virtual channel endpoints in an ATM network. The valid range is from 32 to 65535 (1 to 31 is reserved for well-known protocols). Please input the value provided by your ISP.
- **PVCs Summary:** Click the button, and you can view the summary information about the PVCs.
- QoS: Select the Quality of Service types for this Virtual Circuit, including CBR (Constant Bit Rate), UBR (Unspecified Bit Rate) and VBR (Variable Bit Rate). These QoS types are all controlled by the parameters specified below, including PCR (Peak Cell Rate), SCR (Sustained Cell Rate) and MBS (Maximum Burst Size), please configure them according to your needs.
- Encapsulation: There are four connection types: Dynamic IP Address, Static IP Address, PPPoA/PPPoE and Bridge Mode. Please choose the designed type that you want to use. After that, you should follow the configuration below to proceed.

1) Dynamic IP Address

Select this option if your ISP provides you an IP address automatically. This option is typically used for Cable services. Please enter the Dynamic IP information accordingly.

ISP : Opnamic IP Address Static IP Address PPPoA/PPPoE Bridge Mode	
Encapsulation : 1483 Bridged IP LLC Bridge Interface : O Activated O Deactivated NAT : Enable Default Route : Yes No TCP MTU Option : TCP MTU(default:1500) 1500 bytes Dynamic Route : RIP2-B Multicast : Disabled	

Figure 4-7

- Encapsulation: Select the encapsulation mode for the Dynamic IP Address, you can leave it default.
- NAT: Select this option to Enable/Disable the NAT (Network Address Translation) function for this VC. The NAT function can be activated or deactivated per PVC basis.
- Default Route: If enable this function, the current PVC will be considered as the default gateway to internet from this device.
- **TCP MTU Option:** Enter the TCP MTU as your desire.

- Dynamic Route: Select this option to specify the RIP (Routing Information protocol) version for WAN interface, including RIP1, RIP2-B and RIP2-M. RIP2-B and RIP2-M are both sent in RIP2 format, the difference is that RIP2-M using Multicast, while RIP2-B using Broadcast format.
 - Direction: Select this option to specify the RIP direction. None is for disabling the RIP function. Both means the ADSL modem router will periodically send routing information and accept routing information, and then incorporate them into routing table. IN only means the ADSL modem router will only accept but will not send RIP packet. OUT only means the ADSL modem router will only send but will not accept RIP packet.
- Multicast: Select IGMP version, or disable the function. IGMP (Internet Group Multicast Protocol) is a session-layer protocol used to establish membership in a multicast group. The ADSL ATU-R supports both IGMP version 1 (IGMP v1) and IGMP v2. Select "Disabled" to disable it.

2) Static IP Address

Select this option if your ISP provides static IP information to you. You should set static IP address, IP subnet mask, and gateway address in the screen below (shown in Figure 4-8).

ISP :	 Dynamic IP Address Static IP Address PPPoA/PPPoE Bridge Mode
Encapsulation :	1483 Bridged IP LLC
Static IP Address :	
IP Subnet Mask :	0.0.0.0
Gateway :	0.0.0.0
Bridge Interface :	Activated Deactivated
NAT :	Enable 💌
Default Route :	Yes ○ No
TCP MTU Option :	TCP MTU(default:1500) 1500 bytes
Dynamic Route :	RIP2-B 🗸 Direction : Both 🗸
Multicast :	Disabled 💌

Figure 4-8

P Note:

Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which is four IP octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x), such as 192.168.1.100. The modem router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format.

3) PPPoA/PPPoE

Select this option if your ISP requires you to use a PPPoE connection. This option is typically used for DSL services. Select Dynamic PPPoE to obtain an IP address automatically for your PPPoE connection. Select Static PPPoE to use a static IP address for your PPPoE connection. Please enter the information accordingly.

ISP :	O Duramia ID Address
IOF .	
	O Static IP Address
	PPP0A/PPP0E
	O Bridge Mode
Servicename :	
Username :	
Password :	
Encapsulation :	PPPoE LLC V
Bridge Interface :	Activated Deactivated
Connection :	 Always On (Recommended)
	Connect On-Demand (Close if idle for minutes)
	Connect Manually
TCP MSS Option :	TCP MSS(default:1400) 1400 bytes
Get IP Address :	◯ Static ⊙ Dynamic
Static IP Address :	0.0.0.0
IP Subnet Mask :	0.0.0.0
Gateway :	
-	Enable V
	Yes ○ No
	TCP MTU(default:1480) 1480 bytes
Dynamic Route :	
Multicast :	Disabled 💙

Figure 4-9

- **Servicename:** Enter a name to mark current connection, or you can leave it blank.
- **Username:** Enter your username for your PPPoA/PPPoE connection.
- **Password:** Enter your password for your PPPoA/PPPoE connection.
- Encapsulation: For both PPPoA/PPPoE connection, you need to specify the type of Multiplexing, either LLC or VC Mux.
- **Bridge Interface:** Activate the option, and the modem router can also work in Bridge mode.
- Connection: For PPPoA/PPPoE connection, you can select Always on or Connect on-Demand or Connect Manually. Connect on demand is dependent on the traffic. If there is no traffic (or Idle) for a pre-specified period of time), the connection will tear down

automatically. And once there is traffic send or receive, the connection will be automatically on.

- Static/Dynamic IP Address: For PPPoA/PPPoE connection, you need to specify the public IP address for this ADSL modem router. The IP address can be either dynamically (via DHCP) or given IP address provided by your ISP. For Static IP, you need to specify the IP address, Subnet Mask and Gateway IP address.
- Default Route: You should select Yes to configure the PVC as the default gateway to internet from this device.

4) Bridge Mode

If you select this type of connection, the modem can be configured to act as a bridging device between your LAN and your ISP. Bridges are devices that enable two or more networks to communicate as if they are two segments of the same physical LAN.

ISP :	 Dynamic IP Address Static IP Address PPPoA/PPPoE Bridge Mode
Encapsulation :	1483 Bridged IP LLC 💙

Figure 4-10

P Note:

After you finish the Internet configuration, please click **SAVE** to make the settings take effect.

4.3.2 LAN

Choose "Interface Setup \rightarrow LAN" menu, and you will see the LAN screen (shown in Figure 4-11). Please configure the parameters for LAN ports according to the descriptions below.

Interface		iterface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status Hel	lp
	Internet	LAN	Vireles	38			
Router Local IP							
		IP Address	: 192.168.1.1				
	IP	Subnet Mask	: 255.255.255.0)			
	Dy	namic Route	: RIP2-B 🔽	Direction : Both	*		
		Multicast	:: IGMP v2 🔽				
		IGMP Snoop	🗄 🔘 Disabled 🤇	Enabled			
DHCP							
		DHCP	': 🔘 Disabled 🤇	🖲 Enabled 🔘 Relay			
DHCP Server							
	Startin	g IP Address	: 192.168.1.100)			
		IP Pool Count	:: 101				
		Lease Time	: 259200 se	econds (0 sets to defau	lt value of 259200)		
	P	hysical Ports	: ? ? ?	4			
DHCP Table			1 . 1 - 1 - 1				
	Hostname	IF	Address	MAC Addres	s Status	Expire Time	
		192.	168.1.101 💌	Manual Config	Static V		
	tplink25097	19:	2.168.1.100	40:61:86:FC:74	:29 Auto	2days, 23:59:39	
DNS							
		DNS Relay	: Use Auto Dis	covered DNS Server Onl	у 💌		
	Primary	DNS Server	:: N/A				
	Secondary	DNS Server	: N/A				
			SAVE CAI	NCEL			



- Router Local IP: These are the IP settings of the LAN interface for the device. These settings may be referred to as Private settings. You may change the LAN IP address if needed. The LAN IP address is private to your internal network and cannot be seen on the Internet.
 - **IP Address:** Enter the modem router's local IP Address, then you can access to the Web-based Utility via the IP Address, the default value is 192.168.1.1.
 - **IP Subnet Mask:** Enter the modem router's Subnet Mask, the default value is 255.255.255.0.
 - Dynamic Route: Select this option to specify the RIP (Routing Information protocol) version for LAN interface, including RIP1, RIP2-B and RIP2-M. RIP2-B and RIP2-M are both sent in RIP2 format, the difference is that RIP2-M using Multicast, while RIP2-B using Broadcast format.
 - **Direction:** Select this option to specify the RIP direction. **None** is for disabling the RIP function. **Both** means the ADSL modem router will periodically send routing information and accept routing information, and then incorporate them into routing table. **IN only**

means the ADSL modem router will only accept but will not send RIP packet. **OUT only** means the ADSL modem router will only send but will not accept RIP packet.

- Multicast: Select IGMP version, or disable the function. IGMP (Internet Group Multicast Protocol) is a session-layer protocol used to establish membership in a multicast group. The ADSL ATU-R supports both IGMP version 1 (IGMP v1) IGMP v2 and IGMP v3. Select "Disabled" to disable it.
- **IGMP Snoop:** Enable the IGMP Snoop function if you need.
- DHCP Server: Select Enabled, then you will see the screen below (shown in Figure 4-12). The modem router will work as a DHCP Server; it becomes the default gateway for DHCP client connected to it. DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Control Protocol. The DHCP Server gives out IP addresses when a device is booting up and request an IP address to be logged on to the network. That device must be set as a DHCP client to obtain the IP address automatically. By default, the DHCP Server is enabled. The DHCP address pool contains the range of the IP address that will automatically be assigned to the clients on the network.

	DHCP: 🔿 Disabled 🤇	Enabled 🔘 Relay		
IP Po Lea	Address : 192.168.1.100 ol Count : 101 ase Time : 259200 se cal Ports : 2 9) econds (0 sets to default value of 2	259200)	
Hostname	IP Address	MAC Address	Status	Expire Time
	192.168.1.101 💌	Manual Config 🗸	Static 💌	
tplink25097	192.168.1.100	40:61:86:FC:74:29	Auto	2days, 23:59:39
DN Primary DNS Secondary DNS	S Server : N/A	covered DNS Server Only 🔽		



- Starting IP Address: Enter the starting IP address for the DHCP server's IP assignment. Because the default IP address for the modem router is 192.168.1.1, the default Start IP Address is 192.168.1.100, and the Start IP Address must be 192.168.1.100 or greater, but smaller than 192.168.1.254.
- **IP Pool Count:** The max user pool size.
- Lease Time: The length of time for the IP lease. After the dynamic IP address has expired, the user will be automatically assigned a new dynamic IP address. The default is **259200** seconds.

- **Physical Ports:** If a physical port is unchecked, the client connected to that port will not be able to obtain IP address automatically although the DHCP function is enabled. All the ports are checked by default.
- > DHCP Table: The information of the DHCP clients will be displayed here

Hostname	IP Address	MAC Address	Status	Expire Time
	192.168.1.101 💌	Manual Config 🛛 🗸	Static 💌	
tplink25097	192.168.1.100	40:61:86:FC:74:29	Auto	2days, 23:59:39

- Hostname: Display the name of the DHCP client.
- **IP Address:** Display the IP Address of the DHCP client.
- **MAC Address:** Display the MAC Address of the DHCP client.
- Status: Display the status of the assigned IP Address, either Static or Auto. Static indicates that the IP Address is bounded to the MAC Address, while Auto indicates that the IP Address is assigned to the MAC Address automatically.

How to assign a static IP address to the client?

- 1). Select an **IP Address** from the drop-down list.
- 2). Enter the **MAC Address** of the client in the table.
- **DNS Relay:** If you want to disable this feature, you just need to set both Primary and secondary DNS IP to 0.0.0.0. If you want to use DNS relay, you can setup DNS server IP to 192.168.1.1 on their Computer. If not, the device will perform as no DNS relay.
- Primary DNS Server: Type in your preferred DNS server.
- Secondary DNS Server: Type in your preferred DNS server.

P Note:

If **Use Auto Discovered DNS Server Only** is selected in DNS Relay, this modem router will accept the first received DNS assignment from one of the PPPoA, PPPoE or MER/DHCP enabled PVC(s) during the connection establishment. If **Use User Discovered DNS Server Only** is selected in DNS Relay, it is necessary for you to enter the primary and optional secondary DNS server IP addresses. After type in the address, click SAVE button to save it and invoke it.

DHCP Relay: Select Relay, then you will see the next screen (shown in Figure 4-13), and the modem router will work as a DHCP Relay. A DHCP relay is a computer that forwards DHCP data between computers that request IP addresses and the DHCP server that assigns the addresses. Each of the device's interfaces can be configured as a DHCP relay. If it is enabled, the DHCP requests from local PCs will forward to the DHCP server runs on WAN side. To have this function working properly, please run on router mode only, disable the DHCP server on the LAN port, and make sure the routing table has the correct routing entry.

DHCP: 🔿 Disabled 🔿 Enabled 💿 Relay
DHCP Server IP for Relay Agent : 0.0.0.0
Figure 4-13

• **DHCP Server IP for Relay Agent:** Enter the DHCP server IP Address runs on WAN side.

P Note:

If you select **Disabled**, the DHCP function will not take effect.

4.3.3 Wireless

Choose "Interface Setup→Wireless" menu, and you will see the Wireless screen (shown in Figure 4-14). Please configure the parameters for wireless according to the descriptions below.

т	D-W8961ND 300	Nbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router User Guide
Interface	Quick Interface Start Setup	Advanced Access Maintenance Status Help Setup Management
	Internet LAN	Wireless
Access Point Settings		
		Contractivated
		: UNITED STATES Y Auto Y Current Channel: 10
	Transmit Power	
	Beacon Interval(ms)	
	RTS/CTS Threshold	
	Fragmentation Threshold (bytes)	: 2346 (range: 256~2346, even numbers only)
	DTIM(ms)	: 1 (range: 1~255)
	Wireless Mode	: 802.11b+g+n 💙
11n Settings		
	Channel Bandwidth	: 20/40 MHz 😽
	Extension Channel	above the control channel 😒
	Guard Interval	: AUTO
	MCS	: AUTO 🗸
Multiple SSIDs Settings		
	SSID Index	: 1 🗸
		: • Yes 🔿 No
	Use WPS	: 💽 Yes 🔘 No
WPS Settings		
	WPS state	: Unconfigured
	WPS mode	PIN code O PBC
		Start WPS
	WPS progress	
	2210	Reset to OOB
	Authentication Type	: TP-LINK_012345
	Adheniication Type	
WDS Settings		
		00:00:00:00:00
		: 00:00:00:00:00
Wireless MAC Address	Mac Maarcoo #4	
Filter		
		C Activated O Deactivated
		: Allow Association Vireless LAN station(s) association.
		: 00:00:00:00:00
		: 00:00:00:00:00 : 00:00:00:00:00
		: 00:00:00:00:00 : 00:00:00:00:00
		: 00:00:00:00:00:00
		: 00:00:00:00:00:00
		: 00:00:00:00:00:00
		: 00:00:00:00:00:00
	mue Audress #0	
		SAVE CANCEL

Figure 4-14

- Access point Settings: These are the settings of the access point. You can configure the rules to allow wireless-equipped computers and other devices to communicate with a wireless network.
 - Access point: Select Activated to allow wireless station to associate with the access point.
 - **Channel:** Select the channel you want to use from the drop-down List of Channel. This field determines which operating frequency will be used. It is not necessary to change the wireless channel unless you notice interference problems with another nearby access point.
 - **Transmit Power:** Here you can specify the transmit power of modem router. You can select High, Medium or Low which you would like. High is the default setting and is recommended.
 - **Beacon Interval:** Enter a value between 20-1000 milliseconds. The Beacon Interval value indicates the frequency interval of the beacon. A beacon is a packet broadcast by the modem router to synchronize the wireless network. The default value is 100.
 - RTS/CTS Threshold: Should you encounter inconsistent data flow, only minor reduction
 of the default value 2347 is recommended. If a network packet is smaller than the preset
 RTS threshold size, the RTS/CTS mechanism will not be enabled. The modem router
 sends Request to Send (RTS) frames to a particular receiving station and negotiates the
 sending of a data frame. After receiving an RTS, the wireless station responds with a
 Clear to Send (CTS) frame to acknowledge the right to begin transmission. In most
 cases, keep its default value of 2347.
 - **Fragmentation Threshold:** This value specifies the maximum size for a packet before data is fragmented into multiple packets. If you experience a high packet error rate, you may slightly increase the Fragmentation Threshold. Setting the Fragmentation Threshold too low may result in poor network performance. Only minor reduction of the default value is recommended. In most cases, it should remain at its default value of 2346.
 - DTIM: This value, between 1 and 255, indicates the interval of the Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM). A DTIM field is a countdown field informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages. When the modem router has buffered broadcast or multicast messages for associated clients, it sends the next DTIM with a DTIM Interval value. Its clients hear the beacons and awaken to receive the broadcast and multicast messages. The default value is 1.
 - Wireless Mode: In the drop-down list you can select "802.11b", "802.11g", "802.11n", "802.11b+g", "802.11g+n" and "802.11b+g+n". "802.11b+g+n" allows both 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n wireless stations to connect to the modem router.
- 11n Settings: These are the settings of the 11n parameters. If "802.11n", "802.11g+n" or "802.11b+g+n" is selected for Wireless mode, these settings will be displayed.
 - **Channel Bandwidth:** Select the Bandwidth you want to use from the drop-down List. There are two options, "20 MHz" and "20/40 MHz". If bigger bandwidth is selected, device could transmit and receive data with higher speed.

- Extension Channel: If "20/40 MHz" is selected, this option will be displayed.
- **Guard Interval:** Select the guard interval you want from the drop-down list.
- MCS: Select the wireless transmission rate from the drop-down list. By default, the option is AUTO.
- > Multiple SSIDs Settings: These are the settings of the SSID.
 - **SSID Index:** The index of the SSID, and in this model, you can only leave it as a default value of 1.
 - **Broadcast SSID:** When wireless clients survey the local area for wireless networks to associate with, they will detect the SSID broadcast by the modem router. To broadcast the modem router's SSID, keep the default setting. If you don't want to broadcast the modem router's SSID, select "No".
 - Use WPS: Use WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) function, you can add a new wireless device to an existing network quickly. To Use WPS, keep the default setting, and configure the parameters in WPS Settings. If you don't want to Use WPS, select "No", then you will see the screen as shown below.

Multiple SSIDs Settings			
	SSID Index :	1 💌	
	Broadcast SSID :	💿 Yes 🔘 No	
	Use QSS :	🔘 Yes 💿 No	
	SSID :	TP-LINK_012345	
	Authentication Type :	Disabled 🗸 🗸	
WDS Settings			



- SSID: Wireless network name shared among all points in a wireless network. The SSID must be identical for all devices in the wireless network. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 characters (use any of the characters on the keyboard). Make sure this setting is the same for all stations in your wireless network. Type the desired SSID in the space provided.
- Authentication Type: Select an authentication type from the drop-down list, which allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. Options available are: Disabled, WEP-64Bits, WEP-128Bits, WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, and WPA-PSK/ WPA2-PSK.

1) WEP- 64Bits

To configure WEP-64Bits settings, select the WEP-64Bits option from the drop-down list. The menu will change to offer the appropriate settings. WEP-64Bits is a data privacy mechanism based on a 64-bit shared key algorithm, as described in the IEEE 802.11g standard.

Multiple SSIDs Settings		
	SSID Index :	1 💌
	Broadcast SSID :	● Yes ● No
	Use QSS :	◯ Yes ⊙ No
	SSID :	TP-LINK_012345
	Authentication Type :	WEP-64Bits
WEP		
	VVEP 64-bits :	For each key, please enter either (1) 5 characters excluding symbols, or (2) 10 characters ranging from $0-9$, a, b, c, d, e, f.
		For each key, please enter either (1) 13 characters excluding symbols, or (2) 26 characters ranging from 0~9, a, b, c, d, e, f.
	⊙ Key#1 :	0x000000000
	◯ Key#2 :	0×000000000
	◯ Key#3 :	0×000000000
	🔘 Key#4 :	0×000000000
WDS Settings		

Figure 4-16

2) WEP-128Bits

To configure WEP-128Bits settings, select the WEP-128Bits option from the drop-down list. The menu will change to offer the appropriate settings. 128-bit is stronger than 64-bit.

Multiple SSIDs Settings		
	SSID Index :	1 💌
	Broadcast SSID :	· ⊙ Yes ◯ No
	Use QSS :	🔿 Yes 💿 No
	SSID :	TP-LINK_012345
	Authentication Type :	WEP-128Bits
WEP		
	WEP 64-bits :	For each key, please enter either (1) 5 characters excluding symbols, or (2) 10 characters ranging from 0~9, a, b, c, d, e, f. For each key, please enter either (1) 13 characters excluding symbols, or (2) 26
		characters ranging from 0~9, a, b, c, d, e, f.
	⊙ Key#1 :	0×000000000000000000000000000000000000
	🔘 Key#2 :	0×000000000000000000000000000000000000
	○ Key#3 :	0×000000000000000000000000000000000000
	○Key#4:	0×000000000000000000000000000000000000
WDS Settings		

Figure 4-17

3) WPA-PSK

To configure WPA-PSK settings, select the WPA-PSK option from the drop-down list. The menu will change to offer the appropriate settings. WPA-PSK requires a shared key and does not use a separate server for authentication. PSK keys can be ASCII or Hex type.

Multiple SSIDs Settings			
	SSID Index :	1 🗸	
	Broadcast SSID :		
	Use QSS :	🔿 Yes 💿 No	
	SSID :	TP-LINK_012345	
	Authentication Type :	WPA-PSK	
WPA-PSK			
	Encryption :	TKIP/AES 🔽	
	Pre-Shared Key :		(8~63 ASCII characters or 64
	1	hexadecimal characters)	
WDS Settings			

Figure 4-18

- Encryption: Select the encryption you want to use: TKIP/AES, TKIP or AES (AES is an encryption method stronger than TKIP).
 - **TKIP** (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) a wireless encryption protocol that provides dynamic encryption keys for each packet transmitted.
 - **AES** (Advanced Encryption Standard) A security method that uses symmetric 128-bit block data encryption.
- Pre-Shared Key: Enter the key shared by the modem router and your other network devices. It must have 8-63 ASCII characters or 64 Hexadecimal digits.

4) WPA2-PSK

To configure WPA2-PSK settings, select the WPA2-PSK option from the drop-down list. The menu will change to offer the appropriate settings. WPA2-PSK requires a shared key and does not use a separate server for authentication. PSK keys can be ASCII or Hex type.

Multiple SSIDs Settings		
	SSID Index : 1 🔽	
	Broadcast SSID : 💽 Yes 🔿 No	
	Use QSS : 🔘 Yes 💿 No	
	SSID : TP-LINK_012345	
	Authentication Type : VVPA2-PSK	
WPA2-PSK		
	Encryption : TKIP/AES	
	Pre-Shared Key : (8~63 ASCII characters)	64
WDS Settings		

Figure 4-19

5) WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK

To configure WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK settings, select the WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK option from the drop-down list. The menu will change to offer the appropriate settings. WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK requires a shared key and does not use a separate server for authentication. PSK keys can be ASCII or Hex type. WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK is more flexible than WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK.

Multiple SSIDs Settings			
	SSID Index :	1 🕶	
	Broadcast SSID :	O Yes ○ No	
	Use WPS :	🔿 Yes 💿 No	
	SSID :	TP-LINK_012345	
	Authentication Type :	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK 🔽	
WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK			
	Encryption :	TKIP/AES 🔽	
	Pre-Shared Key :	hexadecimal characters)	(8~63 ASCII characters or 64
WDS Settings		nexaucumar characters)	

Figure 4-20

- > **WPS Settings:** WPS can help you to add a new wireless device to an existing network quickly. This section will guide you how to use WPS function.
 - WPS state: Display the current WPS state.
 - WPS mode: If the wireless adapter supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS), you can
 establish a wireless connection between wireless adapter and modem router using
 either Push Button Configuration (PBC) method or PIN method, please select the one
 you want.

4.3.3.1 WPS Settings

1) PBC

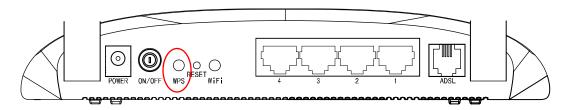
If the wireless adapter supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup and the Push Button Configuration (PBC) method, you can add it to the network by PBC with the following two methods. Click **PBC**, you will see the screen as shown below.

WPS Settings		
	WPS state : Unconfigured	
	WPS mode : 🔘 PIN code 💿 PBC	
	Start WPS	
	WPS progress : Idle	
	Reset to OOB	
	SSID: TP-LINK_012345	
	Authentication Type : WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK 🔽	
WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK		

Figure 4-21

Method One:

Step 1: Press the WPS button on the black panel of the modem router or click Start WPS button in Figure 4-21.



Step 2: Press and hold the WPS button of the adapter directly for 2 or 3 seconds.



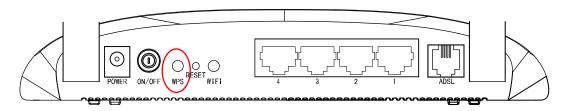
Step 3: Wait for a while until the next screen appears. Click **Finish** to complete the WPS configuration.

🐨 WPS for Wireless 🛛 🔀
WPS (
Wireless Configuration Completed
Your computer has successfully joined the TP-LINK network.
< Back Finish Cancel

The WPS Configuration Screen of Wireless Adapter

Method Two:

Step 1: Press the WPS button on the black panel of the modem router or click **Start WPS** button in Figure 4-21.



Step 2: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose "Push the button on my access point" in the configuration utility of the WPS as below, and click Next.

😺 WPS for Wireless	×
Join a Wireless N	etwork
WPS is preparing to join y	our computer to a wireless network.
	Which setup method do you want to use?
	Push the button on my access point
WPS	Enter a PIN into my access point or a registrar Enter the PIN from my access point
	Push the button on your access point and click Next to continue.
	Automatically select the network \checkmark
·	
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel

The WPS Configuration Screen of Wireless Adapter

Step 3: Wait for a while until the next screen appears. Click **Finish** to complete the WPS configuration.

WPS for Wireless
WPS (
Wireless Configuration Completed
Your computer has successfully joined the TP-LINK network.
< Back Finish Cancel

The WPS Configuration Screen of Wireless Adapter

2) PIN code

If the wireless adapter supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup and the PIN method, you can add it to the network by PIN with the following two methods. Click **PIN code**, you will see the screen as shown below.

WPS Settings	
	WPS state : Unconfigured
	WPS mode : 💿 PIN code 🔘 PBC
	AP self PIN code : 00745659
	enrollee PIN code : Start WPS
	WPS progress : Idle
	Reset to OOB
	SSID : TP-LINK_012345
	Authentication Type : WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK 🔽
WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK	



Method One: Enter the PIN into my modem router

Step 1: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose "Enter a PIN into my access point or a registrar" in the configuration utility of the WPS, and get the PIN code on the screen as below, then click Next.

🐨 WPS for Wireless		×
Join a Wireless N	etwork	
WPS is preparing to join ,	our computer to a wireless network.	
	Which setup method do you want to use?	_
	\bigcirc Push the button on my access point	
WPS	Enter a PIN into my access point or a registrar	
	Enter the PIN from my <u>access</u> point	
Ť	Enter the PIN 16952898 into your access point or external registrar and click Next to continue.	
	Automatically select the network 🗹]
		_
	< <u>₿</u> ack <u>N</u> ext> Cancel	

The WPS Configuration Screen of Wireless Adapter

Step 2: For the modem router, keep PIN code selected and enter the PIN code of the wireless adapter in the field after enrollee PIN code as shown below. Then click Start WPS.

WPS Settings	
	WPS state : Unconfigured
	WPS mode : 💿 PIN code 🔘 PBC
	AP self PIN code : 00745659
	enrollee PIN code . 16952898
	Start WPS
	WPS progress : Idle
	Reset to OOB
	SSID : TP-LINK_012345
	Authentication Type : WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK
WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK	



Method Two: Enter the PIN from my modem router

- Step 1: Get the Current PIN code of the modem router from AP self PIN code in Figure 4-23 (each modem router has its unique PIN code. Here takes the PIN code 55924054 of this modem router for example).
- Step 2: For the configuration of the wireless adapter, please choose "Enter a PIN from my access point" in the configuration utility of the WPS as below, and enter the PIN code of the modem router into the field after "Access Point PIN". Then click Next.

🐺 WPS for Wireless	
Join a Wireless N	etwork
WPS is preparing to join y	our computer to a wireless network.
	Which setup method do you want to use?
	OPush the button on my access point
WDS	Enter a PIN into my access point or a registrar
	Enter the PIN from my access point
	Enter the PIN from your access point below and click Next to continue.
	Access Point PIN: 00745659
	Automatically select the network 💌
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel

The WPS Configuration Screen of Wireless Adapter

S Note:

The default PIN code of the modem router can be found in its label or the WPS configuration screen as Figure 4-23.

WPS progress: Show the current WPS progress.

- SSID: Wireless network name shared among all points in a wireless network. The SSID must be identical for all devices in the wireless network. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 characters (use any of the characters on the keyboard). Make sure this setting is the same for all stations in your wireless network. Type the desired SSID in the space provided.
- Authentication Type: Select an authentication type from the drop-down list, which allows you to configure security features of the wireless LAN interface. Options available are: Disabled, WEP-64Bits, WEP-128Bits, WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, and WPA-PSK/ WPA2-PSK.
- WDS Settings: Select On/Off to enable/disable WDS. With this function enabled, the modem router can bridge two or more WLANs.
 - **MAC Address:** Enter the MAC Address you wish to bridge in the field.
- Wireless MAC Address Filter: Wireless access can be filtered by using the MAC addresses of the wireless devices transmitting within your network's RADIUS.
 - Active: If you wish to filter users by MAC Address, select "Activated", and "Deactived" for don't.
 - Action: To filter wireless users by MAC Address, select "Allow Association" or "Deny Association" the follow Wireless LAN station(s) association.
 - **MAC Address:** Enter the MAC Address you wish to filter in the field.

P Note:

For most users, it is recommended to use the default Wireless LAN Performance settings. Any changes made to these settings may adversely affect your wireless network. Under certain circumstances, changes may benefit performance. Carefully consider and evaluate any changes to these wireless settings.

4.4 Advanced Setup

Choose "Advanced Setup", you can see the next submenus:





Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.4.1 Firewall

Choose "**Advanced Setup**→**Firewall**" menu, and you will see the next screen (shown in Figure 4-25).

Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Managemen	t Main	tenance	Status	Help			
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	QoS	VLAN	ADSL					
	l										
Firewall				~							
		Firewall: 💿 Enabled 🔘 Disabled SPI: 🔘 Enabled 💿 Disabled									
			(WARNING: If Y	You enabled SPI, all erver, and ACL WAI		ed from WAN	would be blocke	ed, including			
			Diviz, Virtual St	orver, and ACE VVA	visiue.j						
			SAVE CA	NCEL							



- Firewall: Select this option can automatically detect and block Denial of Service (DoS) attacks, such as Ping of Death, SYN Flood, Port Scan and Land Attack.
- SPI: If you enable SPI, all traffics initiated from WAN would be blocked, including DMZ, Virtual Server, and ACL WAN side.

4.4.2 Routing

Choose "Advanced Setup \rightarrow Routing" menu, and you will see the routing information in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-26).

Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Managemen	t Mai	intenance	Status		Help
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	QoS	VLAN	ADSL			
Routing Table List									
	#	Dest IP	Mask	Gateway IP	Metric	Device	Use	Edit	Drop
	1	192.168.1.0	24	192.168.1.1	1	enet0	937		
			ADD ROU	TE					



Click ADD ROUTE button to add a new route in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-27).

Static Route			
	Destination IP Address :	0.0.0.0	
	IP Subnet Mask :	0.0.0.0	
	Gateway IP Address :	0.0.0	
	Metric :	0	
	Announced in RIP :	Yes 🔽	
		SAVE DELETE	BACK CANCEL

Figure 4-27

- Destination IP Address: This parameter specifies the IP network address of the final destination.
- > **IP Subnet Mask:** Enter the subnet mask for this destination.

- Gateway IP Address: Enter the IP address of the gateway. The gateway is an immediate neighbor of your ADSL modem router that will forward the packet to the destination. On the LAN, the gateway must be a modem router on the same segment as your modem router; over Internet (WAN), the gateway must be the IP address of one of the remote nodes.
- Metric: Metric represents the "cost" of transmission for routing purposes. IP Routing uses hop count as the measurement of cost, with a minimum of 1 for directly connected networks. Enter a number that approximates the cost for this link. The number need not to be precise, but it must between 1 and 15. In practice, 2 or 3 is usually a good number.
- Announced in RIP: This parameter determines if the ADSL modem router will include the route to this remote node in its RIP broadcasts. If set to Yes, the route to this remote node will be propagated to other hosts through RIP broadcasts. If No, this route is kept private and is not included in RIP broadcasts.

4.4.3 NAT

Choose "Advanced Setup \rightarrow NAT" menu, you can setup the NAT (Network Address Translation) function for the Modem router (shown in Figure 4-28).

Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Mainte	enance	Status	Help
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	QoS	VLAN	ADSL		
NAT								
		Virtual Circuit						
		NAT Status Number of IPs	: Activated : 💿 Single 🔘	Muttiple				
				manple				
		0	Virtual Serve	I				

Figure 4-28

- > Virtual Circuit: Enter Virtual Circuit Index that you plan to setup for the NAT function.
- NAT Status: This field shows the current status of the NAT function for the current VC. You can go to the previous screen (shown in Figure 4-6) to activate the function.
- Number of IPs: This field is to specify how many IPs are provided by your ISP for current VC. It can be single IP or multiple IPs. We select Multiple to explain.

P Note:

For VCs with single IP, they share the same DMZ and Virtual servers; for VCs with multiple IPs, each VC can set DMZ and Virtual servers. Furthermore, for VCs with multiple IPs, they can define the Address Mapping rules; for VCs with single IP, since they have only one IP, there is no need to individually define the Address Mapping rule.

4.4.3.1 DMZ

Choose "**Advanced Setup** \rightarrow **NAT** \rightarrow **DMZ**" in Figure 4-28, you can configure the DMZ host in the next screen. A DMZ (demilitarized zone) is a host between a private local network and the outside public network. It prevents outside users from getting direct access to a server that has company data. Users of the public network outside the company can access to the DMZ host.

DMZ	
	DMZ setting for : Single IP Account
	DMZ: 💿 Enabled 🔘 Disabled
	DMZ Host IP Address : 192.168.1.100
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	SAVE BACK

Figure 4-29

> DMZ Host IP Address: Enter the specified IP Address for DMZ host on the LAN side.

4.4.3.2 Virtual Server

Choose "Advanced Setup \rightarrow NAT \rightarrow Virtual Server" in Figure 4-28, you can configure the Virtual Server in the next screen.

The Virtual Server is the server or server(s) behind NAT (on the LAN), for example, Web server or FTP server, that you can make visible to the outside world even though NAT makes your whole inside network appear as a single machine to the outside world.

Virtual Server							
	Virtua	al Server for :	Single IP Acco	unt			
		Rule Index :	3 🔽				
		Application :	FTP		FTP 🔤	~	
		Protocol :	ALL 🔽				
	Start	Port Number :	21				
	End I	Port Number :	21				
	Loca	IIP Address :	192.168.1.102	2			
Virtual Server Listing							
	Rule	Appli	cation	Protocol	Start Port	End Port	Local IP Address
	1	F	TP	ALL	21	21	192.168.1.100
	2	HTTP_	Server	ALL	80	80	192.168.1.101

Figure 4-30

- Rule Index: The Virtual server rule index for this VC. You can specify 10 rules in maximum. All the VCs with single IP will use the same Virtual Server rules.
- > Application: The Virtual servers can be used for setting up public services on your LAN.
- > **Protocol:** The protocol used for this application.
- Start & End port number: Enter the specific Start and End Port number you want to forward. If it is one port only, you can enter the End port number the same as Start port number. For

example, if you want to set the FTP Virtual server, you can set the start and end port number to 21.

- **Local IP Address:** Enter the IP Address for the Virtual Server in LAN side.
- > Virtual Server Listing: This displays the information about the Virtual Servers you establish.

To add a virtual server entry:

Step 1: Select the "Virtual Circuit" and select "Virtual Server".

P Note:

For VCs with single IP, select **Single**; For VCs with multiple IPs, select **Multiple** for the option.

- **Step 2:** Select the Rule index for the rule as shown in Figure 4-30.
- Step 3: Select the application you want from drop-down list, then the protocol and port number will be added to the corresponding field automatically, you only need to configure the IP address for the virtual server; If the application list does not contain the service that you want, please configure the Port number, IP Address and Protocol manually.
- **Step 4:** After that, click **SAVE** to make the entry take effect.

Other operations for the entries as shown in Figure 4-30:

Enter the index of assigned entry, and click the **DELETE** button to delete the entry.

Click the **BACK** button to return to the previous screen.

Click the **CANCEL** button to cancel the configuration which is made just now.

4.4.3.3 IP Address Mapping

Select Multiple for numbers of IPs in Figure 4-28, and choose "Advanced Setup \rightarrow NAT \rightarrow IP Address Mapping(for Multiple IP Service)". You can configure the Address Mapping Rule in the next screen. The IP Address Mapping is for those VCs that configured with multiple IPs. The IP Address Mapping rule is per-VC based (only for Multiple IPs' VCs).

IP Address Mapping								
	Address N	lapping R	ule :	PVC0				
		Rule Ind	lex :	1 💌				
		Rule Ty	/pe:	Many-to-Many	/ Overlo	ad 🔽		
	L	.ocal Star	t IP :	0.0.0.0		(for all local	IPs, enter 0.0.0.0 for S	tart IP)
		Local End	d IP :	255.255.255.2	55	(for all local IPs, enter 255.255.255.255 for End IP)		.255 for End IP)
	P	ublic Star	t IP :	61.141.228.32	!			
	I	Public End	: AI IP	61.141.228.25	4]		
Address Mapping List								
	Rule	Туре	Lo	cal Start IP	Loc	al End IP	Public Start IP	Public End IP
	1	M-M Ov		0.0.0.0	255.2	55.255.255	61.141.228.32	61.141.228.254
			F	iaure 4-3	31			



- Rule Index: Select the Virtual server rule index for this VC. You can specify 8 rules in maximum.
- Rule Typ: There are four types: one-to-one, Many-to-One, Many-to-Many Overload and Many-to-Many No-overload.

- Local Start & End IP: Enter the local IP Address you plan to map to. Local Start IP is the starting local IP address and Local End IP is the ending local IP address. If the rule is for all local IPs, then the Start IP is 0.0.0.0 and the End IP is 255.255.255.255.
- Public Start & End IP: Enter the public IP Address you want to do NAT. Public Start IP is the starting public IP address and Public End IP is the ending public IP address. If you have a dynamic IP, enter 0.0.0.0 as the Public Start IP.
- > Address Mapping List: This displays the information about the Mapping addresses.

To add a mapping rule:

Step 1: Select the "Virtual Circuit" and Multiple for the "Number of IPs". Then select the tab IP Address Mapping (shown in Figure 4-28).

P Note:

IP Address Mapping is only available for VCs with Multiple IPs.

- **Step 2:** Select the Rule index for the rule as shown in Figure 4-31.
- Step 3: Select the rule type you want from the drop-down list.
- **Step 4:** Enter the local and public IP addresses in the corresponding fields.
- **Step 5:** After that, click **SAVE** to make the entry take effect.

Other operations for the entries as shown in Figure 4-31:

Select the index of assigned entry, and click the **DELETE** button to delete the entry.

Click the **BACK** button to return to the previous screen.

Click the **CANCEL** button to cancel the configuration which is made just now.

4.4.4 QoS

Choose "Advanced Setup \rightarrow QoS", you can configure the QoS in the next screen. QoS helps to prioritize data as it enters your modem router. By attaching special identification marks or headers to incoming packets, QoS determines which queue the packets enter, based priority. This is useful when there are certain types of data you want to give higher priority, such as voice data packets give higher priority than Web data packets. This option will provide better service of selected network traffic over various technologies.

T	D-W896′	1ND 300	Mbps Wire	eless N ADS	L2+ Mod	em Ro	outer Use	r Guide
Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Mainter	nance	Status	Help
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	Q08	VLAN	ADSL		
Quality of Service								
		QoS	 Activated (
		Summary		ngs Summary				
Rule								
		Rule Index	1 💌					
		Active		Deactivated				
		Application						
		Physical Ports	WLAN Enet	1 Enet2 Enet3	Enet4			
		Destination MAC						
		IP						
		Mask						
		Port Range	~					
		Source MAC						
		IP						
		Mask						
		Port Range	~					
		Protocol ID						
		Vian ID Range						
	10 D.	IPP/DS Field		DSCP				
	IP Pri	ecedence Range Type of Service		~				
		DSCP Range		(Value Range:	0~63)			
		802.1p		Value Range.	0~00)			
Action		•						
		IPP/DS Field		DSCP				
		dence Remarking						
		ervice Remarking:		~				
		DSCP Remarking		e Range: 0 ~ 63)				
	8	02.1p Remarking Queue #			~			
		aucue #						
			ADD DELET	E CANCEL				

Figure 4-32

- QoS: Select this option to Activate/Deactivate the IP QoS on different types (IP ToS and DiffServ).
- **Summary:** Click the button to view the configurations of QoS.
- Rule: Configure the rules for QoS. If the traffic complies with the rule, then the modem router will take the corresponding action to deal with it.
 - **Rule Index:** Select the index for the rule you want to configure.
 - Active: Activate the rule. The rule can take effect only when it is activated.
 - Application: Select the application that the rule aimed at.
 - **Physical Ports:** Select the port whose traffic flow are controlled by the rule.
 - **Destination MAC & IP & Mask & Port Range:** Enter the IP information about the Destination host for the rule.

- Source MAC & IP & Mask & Port Range: Enter the IP information about the Source host for the rule.
- **Protocol ID:** Select one among TCP/UDP, TCP, UDP or ICMP protocols for the application.
- Vian ID Range: Enter the Vian range, and the rule will be effective to the selected Vians.
- **IPP/DS Field:** Select the type of the action to assign the priority.

When you select IPP/TOS, you can assign the priority via IP information. IP QoS function is intended to deliver guaranteed as well as differentiated Internet services by giving network resource and usage control to the Network operator.

- **IP Precedence Range:** Enter the IP precedence range that the modem router takes to differentiate the traffic.
- **Type of Service:** Select the type of service that the modem router takes to deal with the traffic.
- **802.1p:** Select the priority range for the rule.

When you select DSCP, you can assign the priority via DHCP (the header of IP group). It maps the IP group into corresponding service class.

- **DSCP Range:** Enter the DSCP range to differentiate the traffic.
- **802.1p:** Select the priority range for the rule.
- Action: Configure the action that the modem router takes to deal with the traffic which accord with the rule.
 - **IPP/DS Field:** Select the type for the action.
 - **IP Precedence Remarking:** Select the number to remark the priority for IP precedence.
 - **Type of Service Remarking:** Select the type to remark the service.
 - **DSCP Remarking:** Enter the number to remark the DSCP priority.
 - **802.1p Remarking:** Select the type to remark the 802.1p priority.
 - **Queue:** Select the priority type for the action.

4.4.5 VLAN

Choose "Advanced Setup→VLAN", you can activate the VLAN function in the next screen.

Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a group of devices on one or more LANs that are configured so that they can communicate as if they were attached to the same LAN, when in fact they are located on a number of different LAN segments. Because VLANs are based on logical instead of physical connections, it is very flexible for user/host management, bandwidth allocation and resource optimization. There are two types of VLAN as follows:

Port-Based VLAN: Each physical switch port is configured with an access list specifying membership in a set of VLANs.

ATM VLAN: Using LAN Emulation (LANE) protocol to map Ethernet packets into ATM cells and deliver them to their destination by converting an Ethernet MAC address into an ATM address.

Т	D-W896′	1ND 300	Mbps Wire	eless N ADSL	2+ Modem R	outer Use	r Guide
Advanced	Quick Start Firewall	Interface Setup Routing	Advanced Setup NAT	Access Management QoS	Maintenance	Status	Help
VLAN							
		VLAN Functior): 💿 Activated Assign VLAN	O Deactivated	face		
		0	Define VLAN	Group			
			Figure				

Figure 4-33

1) Assign VLAN PVID for each Interface

- ----

Click **Assign VLAN PVID for each Interface** in Figure 4-33, you can assign the PVID for each interface in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-34).

PVID Assign	
	ATM VC #0: pVID 1
	VC #1 : PVID 1
	VC #2: pVID 1
	VC #3∶ p∨lD 1
	VC #4 : p∨lD 1
	VC #5∶ p∨iD 1
	VC #6 : p∨iD 1
	VC #7 : pVID 1
	Ethernet Port #1 : PVID
	Port #2 : PVID 1
	Port #3∶ p∨iD 1
	Port #4 : p∨lD 1
	Wireless LAN : pviD1
	SAVE CANCEL NEXT

Figure 4-34

PVID: Each physical port has a default VID called PVID (Port VID). PVID is assigned to untagged frames or priority tagged frames (frames with null (0) VID) received on this port.

2) Define VLAN Group

Click **Define VLAN Group** in Figure 4-33, you can define VLAN groups in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-35).

VLAN Group Setting										
		VLAN Index	: 1 💌							
		Active : 💿 Yes 🔿 No								
		VLAN ID	: 1 (Decimal)							
		ATM VCs: Port # V V V V V V V V 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7								
		Ethernet : Port # V V V 1 2 3 4								
	v	Vireless LAN	Tagged Port # 0							
VLAN Group Summary										
	Group Active	ID	VLAN Group Ports	VLAN Tagged Ports						
	1 Yes	1	e4,e3,e2,e1,w,p0,p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7							
	p:pvc, e:etherne	t, and w:wla	n							
			SAVE DELETE CANCEL							



- > VLAN Index: Select the VLAN index for this VC. You can specify 8 groups in maximum.
- > VLAN ID: This indicates the VLAN group.
- ATM VCs: Select the ATM VCs as members of VLAN, and if you leave the Tagged blank, the tag in frames will be deleted when transmitted from the VC.
- **Ethernet:** Select the Ethernet port as a member of VLAN.
- Wireless LAN: Select the wireless LAN port as a member of VLAN, and if you leave the Tagged blank, the tag in frames will be deleted when transmitted from the port.
- > VLAN Group Summary: This displays the information about the VLAN Groups.

4.4.6 ADSL

Choose "Advanced Setup \rightarrow ADSL", you can select the ADSL Type and ADSL Mode in the next screen. The ADSL feature can be selected when you meet the physical connection problem. Please check the proper settings with your Internet service provider.

Advanced	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
	Firewall	Routing	NAT	QoS	VLAN ADSL	÷	
ADSL		ADSL Mode ADSL Type		M 🗸			
			SAVE				

Figure 4-36

- > ADSL Mode: Select the ADSL operation mode which your ADSL connection uses.
- > **ADSL Type:** Select the ADSL operation type which your ADSL connection uses.

4.5 Access Management

Choose "Access Management", you can see the next submenus:

Quick Start	Interface / Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintena	nce Status	Help			
ACL	Filter	SNMP	UPnP	DDNS	CWMP				
Figure 4.27									



Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.5.1 ACL

Choose "Access Management \rightarrow ACL", you can see the next screen (shown in Figure 4-38). You can specify the client to access the ADSL modem router once setting his IP as a Secure IP Address through selected applications.

	D-W8961ND	300Mbps W	/ireless N ADS	L2+ Modem R	outer User (Guide				
Access		face Advance tup Setup		Maintenance	Status	Helj				
Management	ACL	Filter SNI	MP UPnP							
Access Control Setup										
		ACL : 💿 Activat	ted 🔘 Deactivated							
Access Control Editing										
	ACL R	ACL Rule Index : 1 💌								
		Active : 💽 Yes 🔘 No								
		Address: 0.0.0.0	~ 0.0.0.0	(0.0.0.0 ~ 0.0	.0.0 means all IPs)					
		Interface: LAN 🗸	<u></u>							
Access Control Listing										
	Index	Active	Secure IP Address	Application	Interface					
	1	Yes	0.0.0.0-0.0.0.0	ALL	LAN					
		CAVE								
		SAVE	DELETE CANCEL							



- ACL: If Activated, the IP addresses which are contained in the Access Control List can access to the modem router. If Deactivated, all IP addresses can access to the modem router.
- > ACL Rule Index: Select the ACL rule index for the entry.
- > Active: Enable the ACL rule.
- Secure IP Address: Select the IP addresses which are permitted to access to the modem router remotely. With the default IP 0.0.0.0, any client would be allowed to remotely access the ADSL modem router.
- Application: Select the application for the ACL rule, and then you can access the modem router through it.
- > Interface: Select the interface for access: LAN, WAN or Both.
- > Access Control of Listing: This displays the information about the ACL Rules.

4.5.2 Filter

Choose "Access Management \rightarrow Filter", you can see the Filter screen (the default is IP/MAC Filter screen shown in Figure 4-39). The filtering feature includes IP/MAC Filter, Application Filter, and URL Filter. The feature makes it possible for administrators to control user's access to the Internet, protect the networks.

4.5.2.1 IP Filter

Select **IP/MAC Filter** as the Filter type, and select **IP** as the Rule type (shown in Figure 4-39), then you can configure the filter rules based on IP address. The filtering includes **Outgoing** and **Incoming**, the detailed descriptions are provided below.

Access	Quick Start		nterface Setup	Advan Setu		Access Managemo	ent Mai	intenance	Status	Hel
Management	ACI	-	Filter		SNMP	UPr		DDNS	CWMP	
Filter										
Filter Type		Filter T	ype Selection		Filter	~				
IP / MAC Filter Set Editing	P	/ MAC F	ilter Set Index Interface Direction	PVC0	~					
P / MAC Filter Rule Editing	IP /	MAC Fill	ter Rule Index Rule Type	:: 1 💌						
		Sourc	ce IP Address Subnet Mask Port Number	: 255.255	255.255	0.0.0.0 m	eans Don't ca are)	re)		
	D	estinatio	on IP Address Subnet Mask Port Number	0.0.0.0	(0)	(0.0.0.0 m	eans Don't ca are)	re)		
IP / MAC Filter Listing		Ru	Protoco le Unmatchec		•					
IF / MAC TIKE LISUNG	IP / M	AC Filte	er Set Index	1 💌		Interface	PVC	0	Direction	Both
	# Act	tive	Src Address	Mask	Dest	IP/Mask	Src Port	Dest Port	Protocol	Unmatched
	1 Y	es	192.168. 255.255.25	2.1.1.2.2.1.2.2.2.		.0.0.0/	0	25	TCP	Next
	2 Y	es	192.168. 255.255.25			0.0.0/ 0.0.0	0	110	TCP	Forward
	3 Y	es	192.168. 255.255.25			96.134.12/ 55.255.255	0	0	TCP	Forward
	4	2	-			-	1.1.1			
		-	20			S23	040	1.040	-	2
	6	-	20			- 1 0	1 243	1.0) <u> </u>	2

Figure 4-39

- **Filter Type Selection:** Select the filter type for the configuration below.
- IP/MAC Filter Set Index: Select the Set index for the IP Filter entry. This index can match with six IP / MAC Filter Rule Indexes.
- > Interface: Select the interface for the entry.

Note:

If select PVC0~PVC7 as an interface, the filter will match the IP traffic of WAN port with specified IPs (Source IP Address and Destination IP Address). If select LAN as an interface, the filter will match the IP traffic of LAN port with specified IPs.

Direction: Select the direction for this IP Filter rule. There are three filtering directions: Both, Incoming, Outgoing.

P Note:

Incoming means that IP traffic which is coming into the modem router, and the Outgoing means that IP traffic which is going out the modem router.

> **IP/MAC Filter Rule Index:** Select the Rule index for the IP Filter entry.

Solution Note:

You should set the IP/MAC Filter Set Index and IP/MAC Filter Rule Index together to appoint the address (shown in the Filter List) for the IP Filter rule. For example, (1, 2), it means the rule will be shown in the row 2 IP/MAC Filter Set Index 1.

- **Rule Type:** For IP Filter, please select IP here.
- > Active: Select "Yes" to make the rule to take effect.
- Source IP Address: Enter the source IP address for the rule. You can enter 0.0.0.0; it means that all IP addresses are controlled by the rule.
- Destination IP Address: Enter the destination IP address for the rule. You can enter 0.0.0.0, it means that all IP addresses are controlled by the rule. The set of Subnet Mask and Port Number are same as Source IP Address.
- Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask for the rule.
- Port Number: Enter the Port Number for the rule. You can enter 0, which means that all ports are controlled by the rule.
- > **Protocol:** Select the protocol: **TCP**, **UDP** or **ICMP** for the filter rule.
- Rule Unmatched: If the current rule can not match, and you select Forward, the modem router will skip the rule and transmit directly. If you select Next, the modem router will find the next filter rule (show in Filter list) to match.
- > **IP/MAC Filter Listing:** This displays the information about the IP Filter rules.

To add an IP Address filtering entry:

For example: If you desire to block E-mail received and sent by the IP address 192.168.1.7 on your local network; And wish to make the PCs with IP address 192.168.1.8 unable to visit the website of IP address 202.96.134.12, while other PCs have no limit. You can configure the rules as follows. Presume the rules are both aimed at the interface PVC0, and their indexes are (1, 1), (1, 2) and (1, 3).

Step 1: Select the "IP/MAC Filter" as the Filter Type Selection (show in Figure 4-39).

Filter Type Selection :	IP / MAC Filter	¥	
-------------------------	-----------------	---	--

Select the "IP" as the Rule Type on the Filter screen, then you can configure the specific rule for the example.

Rule Type : IP ¥

Step 2: Select the IP/MAC Filter Set Index and IP/MAC Filter Rule Index for the rule, then select the Interface "PVC0", and select the Direction "Both" for the first rule.

IP / MAC Filter Set Index :	1 💌
Interface :	PVC0 🔽
Direction :	Both 🔽
IP / MAC Filter Rule Index :	1 💌
Rule Type :	IP 🔽
Active :	💿 Yes 🔘 No

P Note:

If you want to make the rule take effect, please select **Yes** to active the rule.

Step 3: Enter the "Source IP Address", "Destination IP Address", "Subnet Mask" and "Port Number" in the corresponding field.

Source IP Address :	192.168.1.7		(0.0.0.0 means Don't care)
Subnet Mask :	255.255.255.2	255	
Port Number :	0	(0 mea	ins Don't care)
Destination IP Address :	0.0.0.0		(0.0.0.0 means Don't care)
Subnet Mask :	0.0.0.0		
Port Number :	25	(0 mea	ns Don't care)
Protocol : Rule Unmatched :	TCP 🔽 Next 🔽		

- Step 4: Select the Protocol as "TCP" and select the Unmatched rule as "Next".
- **Step 5:** Finally, click the **SAVE** to save the entry.
- Step 6: Go to Step 2 to configure the next two rules: Block E-mail received by the IP address 192.168.1.7 on your local network; Make the PC with IP address 192.168.1.8 unable to visit the website of IP address 202.96.134.12.

P Note:

After you complete the IP filter rules for the example, the Filter list will show as follows. You can enter the **IP / MAC Filter Set Index** to view the information about the rule.

#	Active	Src Address/Mask	Dest IP/Mask	Src Port	Dest Port	Protocol	Unmatched
1	Yes	192.168.1.7/ 255.255.255.255	0.0.0.0/ 0.0.0.0	0	25	TCP	Next
2	Yes	192.168.1.7/ 255.255.255.255	0.0.0.0/ 0.0.0.0	0	110	TCP	Forward
3	Yes	192.168.1.8/ 255.255.255.255	202.96.134.12/ 255.255.255.255	0	0	TCP	Forward

Other operations for the entries as shown in Figure 4-39:

Select the IP / MAC Filter Set Index and IP/MAC Filter Rule Index to view or modify the entry.

Select the **IP / MAC Filter Set Index** and **IP/MAC Filter Rule Index** to locate the specific rule, and then click the **DELETE** button to delete the entry.

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4.5.2.2 MAC Filter

Select **IP/MAC Filter** as the Filter type, and select **MAC** as the Rule type (shown in Figure 4-40), and then you can configure the filter rules based on MAC address.

Access	Quic Star		Interface Setup	Advano Setu		Access anagemer	nt Ma	intenance	Status	Help
Management			Filter	> I - (SNMP	UPnF		DDNS	CWMP	
Filter										
Filter Type										
		Filter	Type Selection	h: P/MAC	Filter					
IP / MAC Filter Set Editing										
	IF	/MAC	Filter Set Index	<: 1 😽						
			Interface	e: PVCO	4					
			Direction	h: Both	*					
IP / MAC Filter Rule Editing										
	IP	/ MAC F	Filter Rule Inde:	k: 1 😽						
			Rule Type							
			Active	e: 💽 Yes	🔘 No					
			MAC Addres:	00:0a:ab	-00-07-ba					
		5	WAC Address							
IP / MAC Filter Listing										
-	IP / N	AAC Fil	lter Set Index	: 1 😽		Interface	PVC	:0	Direction	Both
	# A	ctive	Src Addres	s/Mask	Dest I	P/Mask	Src Port	Dest Port	Protocol	Unmatched
		Yes	00:0a;eb:00			-	-	-	-	Next
		Yes	00:0a:eb:0	0:07:5f		-	-	-	-	Forward
	3	-	-			-	-	-	-	-
	4	-	-			-	-	-	-	-
	5	-	-			-	-	-	-	-
	0	-	-			-	-	-	-	-
				SAVE	DELETE	CANCEL				

Figure 4-40

- > Rule Type: Select MAC for the MAC Filter rule.
- > Active: Select "Yes" to make the rule to take effect.
- > MAC Address: Enter the MAC address for the rule.
- Rule Unmatched: If the current rule can not match, and you select Forward, the modem router will skip the rule and transmit directly. If you select Next, the modem router will find the next filter rule (show in Filter list) to match.
- > **IP/MAC Filter Listing:** This displays the information about the MAC Filter rules.

To add a MAC Address filtering entry:

For example: If you want to block the PCs with MAC addresses 00:0A:EB:00:07:BE and 00:0A:EB:00:07:5F to access the Internet, you can configure as follows. Presume the rules are both aimed at the interface PVC0, and their indexes are (1, 1) and (1, 2).

Step 1: Select the "IP/MAC Filter" as the Filter Type Selection:

Filter Type Selection : IP / MAC Filter

Select the "MAC" as the Rule Type on the Filter screen (show in Figure 4-40).

Rule Type : MAC V, Then you can configure the specific rule for the example.

Step 2: Select the **IP/MAC Filter Set Index** and **IP/MAC Filter Rule Index** for the rule, then select the Interface "PVC0", and select the Direction "Outgoing" for the first rule.

IP / MAC Filter Set Index :	1 💌
Interface :	PVC0 🔽
Direction :	Outgoing 🔽
IP / MAC Filter Rule Index :	1 💌
Rule Type :	MAC 🔽
Active :	💿 Yes 🔘 No

P Note:

If you want to make the rule take effect, please select **Yes** to active the rule. **Step 3:** Enter the "MAC Address" and select the Unmatched rule as "Next".

MAC Address :	00:0A:EB:00:07:BE					
Rule Unmatched :	Next 🔽					

Step 4: Finally, click the SAVE to save the entry.

Step 5: Go to Step 2 to configure the next rule: Block the PC with MAC address 00:0A:EB:00:07:5F to access the Internet.

Note:

After you complete the MAC filter rules for the example, the Filter list will show as follows. You can enter the **IP / MAC Filter Set Index** to view the information about the rule.

#	Active	Src Address/Mask	Dest IP/Mask	Src Port	Dest Port	Protocol	Unmatched
1	Yes	00:0a:eb:00:07:be	-	-	-	-	Next
2	Yes	00:0a:eb:00:07:5f	-	-	-	-	Forward

Other operations for the entries as shown in Figure 4-39:

Select the IP / MAC Filter Set Index and IP/MAC Filter Rule Index to view or modify the entry.

Select the **IP / MAC Filter Set Index** and **IP/MAC Filter Rule Index** to locate the specific rule, and then click the **DELETE** button to delete the entry.

4.5.2.3 Application Filter

Select **Application Filter** as the Filter type (shown in Figure 4-41), and then you can configure the filter rules based on application.

т	D-W896	1ND 300	Mbps Wire	less N ADSL	2+ Mode	m Router Use	r Guide
Access Management	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintena	ince Status	Help
management	ACL	Filter	SNMP	UPnP	DDNS	CWMP	
Filter							
Filter Type			A unite ation Fille				
Application Filter Editing	FIN	er Type Selection	Application Filte	er 💌			
		Application Filter		-			
			: Allow De				
			: Allow De				
		Real Audio∕Video	: 💿 Allow 🔘 De	eny			
			SAVE CAN	CEL			

Figure 4-41

- **Filter Type Selection:** Select the Application Filter for the next configuration.
- > **Application Filter:** Activate or deactivate the function.
- ICQ & MSN & YMSG & Real Audio/Video: Select Allow or Deny for these applications. If you select Allow, the modem router will accept the application; if you select Deny, the modem router will forbid the application.

4.5.2.4 URL Filter

Select **Application Filter** as the Filter type (shown in Figure 4-42), and then you can configure the filter rules based on URL.

Filter		
Filter Type		
URL Filter Editing	Filter Type Sel	ection : URL Filter
ONLY INCOLUMNING	,	Active : 💿 Yes 🔘 No
	URL	Index : 3 💌
		URL: www.sina.com
URL Filter Listing		
	Index	URL
	1	www.baidu.com
	2	WWW.CNW.COM.CN
	3	www.sina.com
	4	
	5	
	6	
	7	
	8	
	9	
	10	
	11	
	12	
	13	
	14	
	15	
	16	
		SAVE DELETE CANCEL

Figure 4-42

- **Filter Type Selection:** Select the URL Filter for the next configuration.
- > Active: Select "Yes" to make the rule to take effect.
- > **URL Index:** Select the index for the URL Filter entry.
- > **URL:** Enter the URL for this URL Filter.
- > **URL Filter Listing:** This displays the information about the URL Filter rules.

To add a URL filter entry:

For example: If you want to forbid the user to access the website: <u>www.yahoo.com</u>. Presume the rule is aimed at the interface PVC0, and its index is "1".

- Step 1: Select the "URL Filter" as the Filter Type Selection (show in Figure 4-42).
- Step 2: Select the Index for the rule, and then enter the website in the URL field.
- Step 3: Finally, Select Yes to active the rule, and then click the SAVE to save the entry.

Other operations for the entries as shown in Figure 4-42:

Select the URL Index to view or modify the entry.

Select the **URL Index** to locate the specific rule, and then click the **DELETE** button to delete the entry.

4.5.3 SNMP

Choose "Access Management→SNMP", you can see the SNMP screen. The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is used for exchanging information between network devices.

Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Access Setup Management		Maintenar	nce Status	Help
Management	ACL	Filter	SNMP	→ UPnP	DDNS	CWMP	
SNMP							
		SNMP :	Activated (Deactivated			
		Get Community :	public				
		Set Community :	public				
		Trap Host :	0.0.0.0				
			SAVE				

Figure 4-43

- Get Community: Set the password for the incoming Get and Get next requests from the management station.
- > Set Community: Set the password for incoming Set requests from the management station.

4.5.4 UPnP

Choose "Access Management \rightarrow UPnP", you can configure the UPnP in the screen (shown in Figure 4-44).

UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) is a distributed, open networking standard that uses TCP/IP for simple peer-to-peer network connectivity between devices. An UPnP device can dynamically join a network, obtain an IP address, convey its capabilities and learn about other devices on the network. In turn, a device can leave a network smoothly and automatically when it is no longer in use. UPnP broadcasts are only allowed on the LAN.

Start	nterface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	e Status	Help				
ACL	Filter	SNMP	UPnP	DDNS	CWMP					
UPnP: 💿 Activated 🔘 Deactivated										
Aı	to-configured	: 💿 Activated 🤇	Deactivated (by UPr	P-enabled Applicati	ion)					
		SAVE								
	ACL	ACL Filter UPnP	ACL Filter SNMP UPnP : • Activated (Auto-configured : • Activated (ACL Filter SNMP UPPP UPnP: O Activated O Deactivated Auto-configured: O Activated O Deactivated (by UPr	ACL Filter SNMP UPPP DDNS UPnP : Activated Deactivated Auto-configured : Activated Deactivated (by UPnP-enabled Application) 	ACL Filter SNMP UPnP DDNS CWMP UPnP : Activated Deactivated Auto-configured : Activated Deactivated (by UPnP-enabled Application)				

Figure 4-44

UPnP: Activate or Deactivate the UPnP function. Only when the function is activated, can the UPnP take effect. Auto-Configure: If you activate the function, then the UPnP network devices can automatically configure network addressing, announce their presence in the network to other UPnP devices and enable exchange of simple product and service descriptions.

4.5.5 DDNS

Choose "Access Management \rightarrow DDNS", you can configure the DDNS function in the screen (shown in Figure 4-45).

The modem router offers a Dynamic Domain Name System (**DDNS**) feature. The feature lets you use a static host name with a dynamic IP address. User should type the host name, user name and password assigned to your ADSL modem router by your Dynamic DNS provider.

Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenan	ice Status	Help
Management	ACL	Filter	SNMP	UPnP (DDNS	CWMP	
Dynamic DNS							
		Dynamic DNS :	🔘 Activated 🤇	Deactivated			
		Service Provider :	http://www.no	-ip.com/ 🔽			
		My Host Name :					
		Username :					
		Password :					
			SAVE				

Figure 4-45

- > **Dynamic DNS:** Activate the DDNS function or not.
- > Service Provider: This field displays the service provider of DDNS.
- > My Host Name: Enter your host name here.
- > Username & Password: Type the "User Name" and "Password" for your DDNS account.

4.5.6 CWMP

Choose "Access Management \rightarrow CWMP", you can configure the CWMP function in the screen (shown in Figure 4-46).

The modem router offers CWMP feature. The function supports TR-069 protocol which collects information, diagnoses the devices and configures the devices automatically via ACS (Auto-Configuration Server).

I	D-W896'	IND 300	vibps wire	eless N ADSL	2+ Mode	em Ro	outer Us	er Gulae
		1						
Access	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Mainten	ance	Status	Help
Management	ACL	Filter	SNMP	UPnP	DDNS	CW	MP	
CWMP Setup								
		CVVMP	: 🔘 Activated 🤇	Deactivated				
Login ACS								
		URL	:		_			
		User Name						
Connection Request		Password	:					
connection Request		Path	. /tr069					
			: 7547					
		UserName	:					
		Password	:					
Periodic Inform								
			C Activated	Deactivated				
		Interval(s)						
			SAVE CAN	CEL				

Figure 4-46

- > **CWMP:** Select activate the CWMP function.
- > **URL:** Enter the website of ACS which is provided by your ISP.
- > User Name/Password: Enter the User Name and password to login the ACS server.
- > **Path:** Enter the path that connects to the ACS server.
- > **Port:** Enter the port that connects to the ACS server.
- User Name/Password: Enter the User Name and Password that provided the ACS server to login the modem router.
- Periodic Inform: Activate or deactivate the function. If Activated, the information will be informed to ACS server periodically.
- > **Interval:** Enter the interval time here.

4.6 Maintenance

Choose "Maintenance", you can see the next submenus:





Click any of them, and you will be able to configure the corresponding function.

4.6.1 Administration

Choose "Maintenance \rightarrow Administration", you can set new password for admin in the screen (shown in Figure 4-48).

Maintenance		erface etup	Advanced Setup	Acces Managen		Maintena	ince	Status	Help
	Administration	Time .	Zone	Firmware	Sys	Restart	Diag	nostics	
	1								
Administrator		Username : ;	admin						
	New	Password :	admin						
	Confirm	Password :							
			SAVE CA						

Figure 4-48

P Note:

- 1) There is only one account that can access Web-Management interface. The default account is "admin", and the password is "admin". Admin has read/write access privilege.
- When you change the password, you should enter the new password twice, and then click SAVE to make the new password take effect.

4.6.2 Time Zone

Choose "**Maintenance** \rightarrow **Time Zone**", you can configure the system time in the screen (shown in Figure 4-49).

The system time is the time used by the device for scheduling services. There are three methods to configure the time. You can manually set the time or connect to a NTP (Network Time Protocol) server. If a NTP server is set, you will only need to set the time zone. If you manually set the time, you may also set Daylight Saving dates and the system time will automatically adjust on those dates.

1) NTP Server automatically

Select NTP Server automatically as the Synchronize time, you only need to set the time zone.

T	D-W8961ND 3	00Mbps Wii	reless N A	DSL2+	Modem Ro	outer User	^r Guide
Maintenance	Quick Interfac Start Setup	e Advanced Setup	Acces Managen	- 11	laintenance	Status	Help
	Administration	Time Zone	Firmware	SysRes	start Diag	nostics	
Time Zone Time Synchronization	Current Date/	Time : 03/17/2010 1:	5:57:30				
	Synchronize time	with : 💿 NTP Serv 🔿 PC's Cloc					
	Time J Daylight Sa	_ · _ ·		: Dublin, Edin	nburgh, Lisbon, Loi	ndon 💌	
	NTP Server Add	-		(0.0.0.0: Def	fault Value)		
		SAVE CA	ANCEL				

Figure 4-49

P Note:

The ADSL modem router built-in some NTP Servers, when the modem router connects to the Internet, the modem router will get the system time automatically from the NTP Server. You can also configure the NTP Server address manually, and then the modem router will get the time from the specific Server firstly.

2) PC's Clock

Select **PC's Clock** as the Synchronize time, you don't need to set any items.

Maintenance	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenan	ce	Status	Help				
	Administ	ration Tim	e Zone	Firmware Sy	sRestart	Diagno	ostics					
Time Zone												
Time Synchronization		Current Date/Time	: 03/17/2010 15	:58:53								
	Syn	Synchronize time with : 🔘 NTP Server automatically										
			⊙ PC's Clock	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C								
		Date	Manually : 3 / 17	/ 2010 (Morr	th/Date/Year)							
		Time	15 58		nin:sec)							
			SAVE CA	NCEL								

Figure 4-50

3) Manually

Select **Manually** as the Synchronize time, you need to set the date and time corresponding to the current time.

T	D-W8961N	ND 300	Mbps Wir	reless N /	ADSL	2+ Mode	em Ro	outer Use	er Guide			
Maintenance	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Acce Manage		Mainten	ance	Status	Help			
	Administrati	ion Tim	ie Zone		Sys		Diag					
	l											
Time Zone	0.1	rrant Data (Time	e: 04/15/2009 10	0.18-20								
Time Synchronization	Cu		. 04/10/2003 10	5.10.23								
	Synchro	Synchronize time with : ONTP Server automatically										
			OPC's Cloc	k								
		Date	● Manually e:4 /15	/ 2009	(Marth D	inte Manual						
			e: 10 ; 18			vate/Year) ∺ec)						
						-						
			SAVE CA	ANCEL								
			Figure	4-51								

4.6.3 Firmware

Choose "**Maintenance** \rightarrow **Firmware**", you can upgrade the firmware of the modem router in the screen (shown in Figure 4-52). Make sure the firmware or romfile you want to use is on the local hard drive of the computer. Click **Browse** to find the local hard drive and locate the firmware or romfile to be used for upgrade.

Maintenance	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status Help				
	Administration Time		ne Zone	Firmware Sys	Restart Diagnostics					
Firmware/Romfile Upgrade										
	Current Firmware Version : 3.0.0 Build 120524 Rel.05221									
	New Firmware Location : Browse									
	New	Romfile Location	Browse							
		Romfile Backup	C ROMFILE	SAVE						
		Status	s :							
	It might take several minutes, don't power off it during upgrading. Device will restart a the upgrade.									
			and apgrade.							
			UPGRADE							

Figure 4-52

To upgrade the modem router 's firmware, follow these instructions below:

- **Step 1:** Type the path and file name of the update file into the "New Firmware Location" field. Or click the **Browse** button to locate the update file.
- Step 2: Click the UPGRADE button.

P Note:

- 1) When you upgrade the modem router 's firmware, you may lose its current configurations, so please back up the modem router's current settings before you upgrade its firmware.
- 2) Do not turn off the modem router or press the Reset button while the firmware is being upgraded.

3) The modem router will reboot after the upgrading has been finished.

To back up the modem router's current settings:

Step 1: Click the **ROMFILE SAVE** button (shown in Figure 4-52), click **Save** button in the next screen (shown in Figure 4-53) to proceed.

File Dow	vnload - Security Warning 🛛 🔀						
Do you want to save this file?							
•••	Name: rom-0 Type: Unknown File Type, 16.0 KB From: 192.168.1.1 <u>S</u> ave Cancel						
While files from the Internet can be useful, this file type can potentially harm your computer. If you do not trust the source, do not save this software. <u>What's the risk?</u>							

Figure 4-53

Step 2: Save the file as the appointed file (shown in Figure 4-54).

Save As						? 🔀		
Save jn:	🚞 TD-W8961ND		~ (3 🦻	ب 111			
My Recent Documents								
My Documents								
My Computer								
	File <u>n</u> ame: rom-	0			*	<u>S</u> ave		
My Network	Save as type: Do	cument			*	Cancel		
Figure 4-54								

To restore the modem router's settings:

Step 1: Click the **Browse** button to locate the update file for the device, or enter the exact path in "New Romfile Location" field.

Step 2: Click the UPGRADE button to complete.

4.6.4 SysRestart

Choose "Maintenance \rightarrow SysRestart", you can select to restart the device with current settings or restore to factory default settings in the screen (shown in Figure 4-55).

Maintenance	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Managem		Maintenance	Status	Help
	Administra	ation Tim	e Zone	Firmware	SysF	Restart Diag	nostics	
System Restart								
	Sys	tem Restart with	-	Settings Default Settings				
			RESTART]				

Figure 4-55

4.6.5 Diagnostics

Choose "**Maintenance** \rightarrow **Diagnostics**", you can view the test results for the connectivity of the physical layer and protocol layer for both LAN and WAN sides in the screen (shown in Figure 4-56).

т	D-W8961ND	300Mbps W	/ireless N A	DSL2+ Mod	em Router Use	r Guide
Maintenance	Quick Inter Start Set		ed Access Managem	Mainter	nance Status	Help
	Administration	Time Zone	Firmware	SysRestart	Diagnostics	
Diagnostic Test	Virtual Circu	it: PVC0 💌				
	>> Testing	Ethernet LAN connect ADSL Synchronizatio	Π.	PASS FAIL		
	-	ATM OAM segment pi ATM OAM end to end	-	SKIPPED SKIPPED		
		ATM OAM F4 segmen ATM OAM F4 end to a		SKIPPED SKIPPED		
	>> Ping Prin	nary Domain Name Se		SKIPPED		
Ping Tool	>> Ping wv	vw.yahoo.com		SKIPPED		
	IP Address/	Domain Name:		Ping		
	- Info	-				
					~	
		E	ro 1 56			

Figure 4-56

4.7 Help

Choose " $\ensuremath{\text{Help}}$ ", you can view the help information for configuration of any function.

Help	Quick Start	Interface Setup	Advanced Setup	Access Management	Maintenance	Status	Help
Quick Start							
		0	Quick Start				
Interface Setup		0	Internet Setti	ngs			
			LAN Settings	0-#*****			
Advanced Setup			Wireless LAN	rsettings			
		0	Firewall				
			Routing NAT				
		-	QoS				
		-	VLAN				
Access Management			ADSL				
Houss Management		0	ACL				
		Ō	IP Filter				
		-	SNMP UPnP				
		Ŏ	DDNS				
		0	CWMP				
Maintenance		0	Administratio	n			
		-	Time Zone				
		-	Firmware SupPostort				
			SysRestart Diagnostics				
Status							
			Device Info				
			System Log Statistics				
		-					

Figure 4-57

P Note:

Click the tab, and you will be able to get the corresponding information.

Appendix A: Specifications

General				
	ANSI T1.413, ITU G.992.1, ITU G.992.2, ITU G.992.3, ITU G.992.5,			
Standards and Protocols	IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g, IEEE 802.11n, IEEE 802.3, IEEE			
	802.3u, TCP/IP, PPPoA, PPPoE, SNTP, HTTP, DHCP, ICMP, NAT			
Safety & Emission	FCC, CE			
Ports	Four 10/100M Auto-Negotiation RJ45 ports (Auto MDI/MDIX)			
1 0113	One RJ11 port			
LEDs				
	□ 1,2,3,4(LAN), □			
	10Base-T: UTP category 3, 4, 5 cable			
Network Medium	100Base-TX: UTP category-5			
	Max line length: 6.5Km			
Data Rates	Downstream: Up to 24Mbps			
	Upstream: Up to 3.5Mbps (With Annex M enabled)			
System Requirement	Internet Explorer 5.0 or later, Netscape Navigator 6.0 or later			
	Win 9x/ ME/ 2000/ XP/ Vista/ 7			
Physical and Environment				
Working Temperature	0°C ~ 40°C			
Working Humidity	10% ~ 90% RH (non-condensing)			
Storage Temperature	-40°C ~ 70°C			
Storage Humidity	5% ~ 90% RH (non-condensing)			

Appendix B: Troubleshooting

T1. How do I restore my Modem Router's configuration to its factory default settings?

With the modem router powered on, press and hold the **RESET** button on the rear panel for 8 to 10 seconds before releasing it.

P Note:

Once the modem router is reset, the current configuration settings will be lost and you will need to re-configure the modem router.

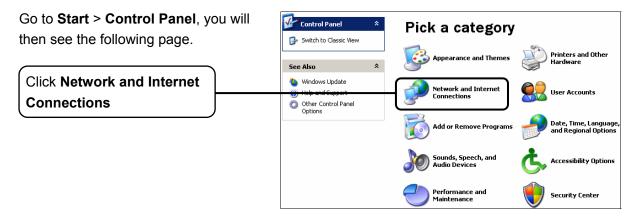
T2. What can I do if I don't know or forget my password?

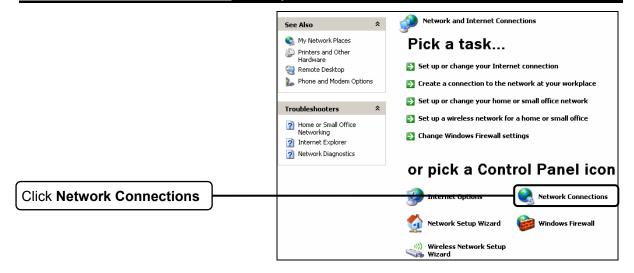
- 1) Restore the modem router's configuration to its factory default settings. If you don't know how to do that, please refer to **T1**.
- 2) Use the default user name and password: admin, admin.
- 3) Try to configure your modem router once again by following the instructions in <u>3.2 Login</u>.

T3. What can I do if I cannot access the web-based configuration page?

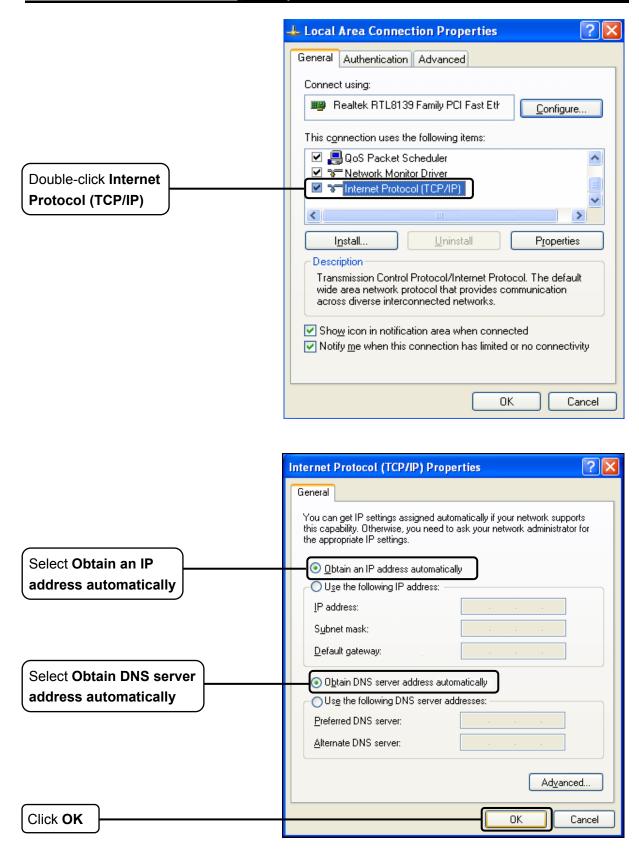
1) Configure your computer's IP Address.

For Windows XP OS



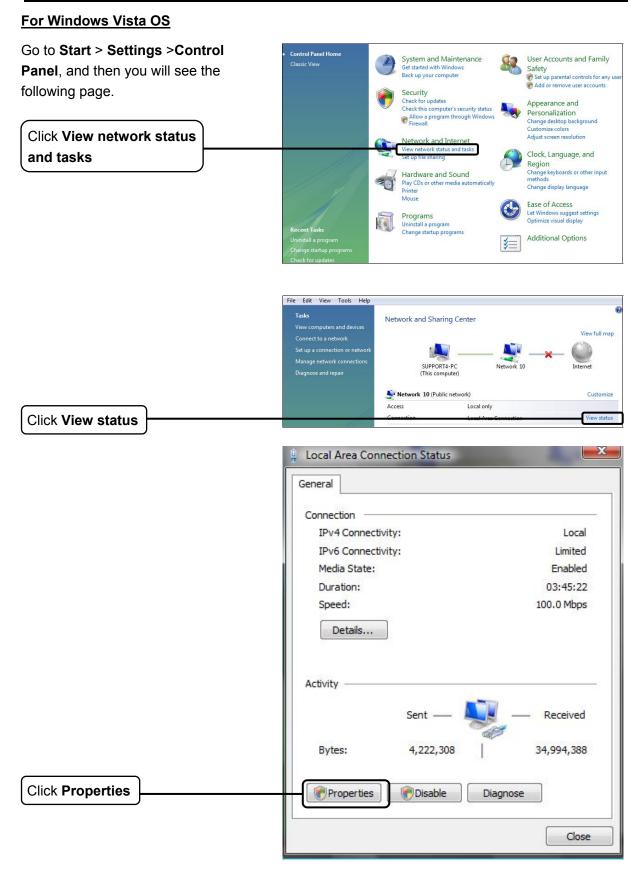


	LAN or High-Speed Internet	
(Right-click Local Area)	Network Tasks 🕆	
	Create a new Connection	
Connection	connection Realtek RTL8139 Family PCI F	
	Set up a home or small office network	Dieable
	Change Windows	Status
	Firewall settings	Repair
	Sisable this network device	Bridge Connections
	🗞 Repair this connection	Create Shortcut
	Rename this connection	Delete
Click Properties	View status of this connection	Rename Properties
	Change settings of this connection	Hopordos



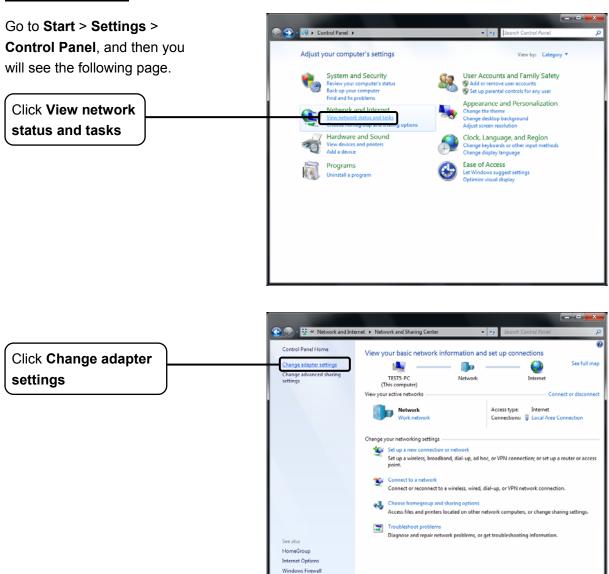
🕹 Local Area Connection Properties 🛛 🔹 💽
General Authentication Advanced
Connect using:
Realtek RTL8139 Family PCI Fast Etł <u>Configure</u>
This connection uses the following items:
☑ ☐ QoS Packet Scheduler ☑ Intervert Monitor Driver ☑ Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)
Install Uninstall Properties
Description Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks. Show icon in notification area when connected
Notify me when this connection has limited or no connectivity

Click OK



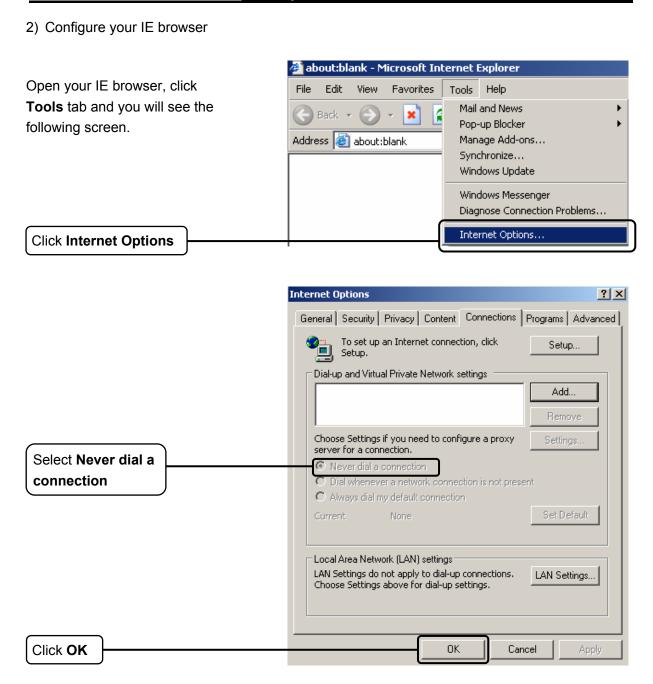
	Local Area Connection Properties
	Networking
	Connect using:
	Marvell Yukon 88E8056 PCI-E Gigabit Ethemet Controller
	Configure
	This connection uses the following items:
	 ✓ ➡ File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks ✓ ▲ Network Magic Device Discovery Driver
	🗹 🔺 Realtke RtlProt WLAN Utility Protocol Driver
Double-click Internet Protocol Version 4	
(TCP/IPv4)	🗹 📥 Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver
	Link-Layer Topology Discovery Responder
	Install Uninstall Properties
	Description
	Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication
	across diverse interconnected networks.
	OK Consel
	OK Cancel
	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties
	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties
	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties
Select Obtain an IP address	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties
Select Obtain an IP address automatically	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties
	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties
	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties General Alternate Configuration You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings. @ Qbtain an IP address automatically @ Qbtain an IP address: IP address: IP address: Subnet mask:
automatically	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties
automatically Select Obtain DNS server	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties
automatically	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties General Alternate Configuration You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings. • Qbtain an IP address automatically • Qbtain an IP address: IP address: IP address: Lefault gateway: Obtain DNS server address automatically Obtain DNS server addresses:
automatically Select Obtain DNS server	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties ? General Alternate Configuration You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings. Qbtain an IP address automatically Qbtain an IP address: IP address: Lipefault gateway:
automatically Select Obtain DNS server	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties General Alternate Configuration You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings. @ Qbtain an IP address automatically @ Qbtain an IP address: IP address: IP address: Lefault gateway: Obtain DNS server address automatically Obtain DNS server addresses:
automatically Select Obtain DNS server address automatically	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties ? General Alternate Configuration You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings. Qbtain an IP address automatically Qbtain an IP address: IP address: Lipefault gateway:
automatically Select Obtain DNS server	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties ? *** General Alternate Configuration You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings. Obtain an IP address automatically Uge the following IP address: IP address: Subnet mask: Optain DNS server address automatically Obtain DNS server address automatically Optain DNS server: Alternate DNS server: Alternate DNS server:

For Windows 7 OS





	Local Area Connection Properties
	Networking
	Connect using:
	Realtek RTL8168C(P)/8111C(P) Family PCI-E Gigabit Eth
	Configure
Double-click Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	This connection uses the following items:
	Install Uninstall Properties Description Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.
	OK Cancel
	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties
	General Alternate Configuration
	You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.
Select Obtain an IP	Obtain an IP address automatically
address automatically	Use the following IP address:
	IP address:
	Subnet mask:
Select Obtain DNS	Default gateway:
server address	Optain DNS server address automatically
automatically	O Use the following DNS server addresses:
	Preferred DNS server:
	Validate settings upon exit Advanced
Click OK	OK Cancel



Now, try to log on to the Web-based configuration page again after the above settings have been configured. If you still cannot access the configuration page, please restore your modem router's factory default settings and reconfigure your modem router following the instructions in <u>3.2 Login</u>. Please feel free to contact our Technical Support if the problem still exists.

T4. What can I do if I cannot access the Internet?

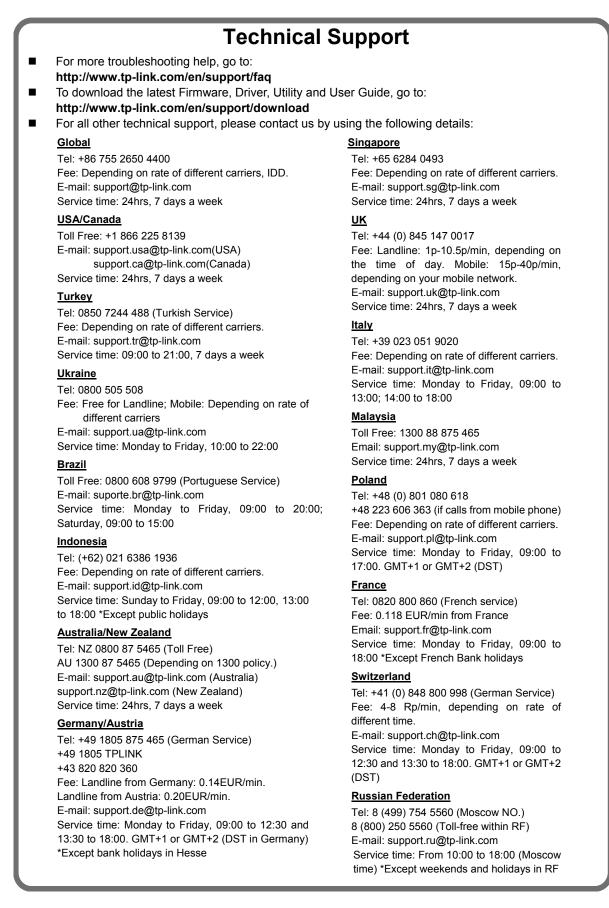
1) Check to see if all the connectors are connected well, including the telephone line, Ethernet cables and power adapter.

- 2) Check to see if you can log on to the web management page of the Modem Router. If you can, try the following steps. If you cannot, please set your computer referring to T3 then try to see if you can access the Internet. If the problem persists, please go to the next step.
- 3) Consult your ISP and make sure all the VPI/VCI, Connection Type, account username and password are correct. If there are any mistakes, please correct the settings and try again.
- 4) If you still cannot access the Internet, please restore your modem router to its factory default settings and reconfigure your modem router by following the instructions in <u>3.2 Login</u>.
- 5) Please feel free to contact our Technical Support if the problem still exists.

Pote:

For more details about Troubleshooting and Technical Support contact information, please log on to our Technical Support Website: <u>http://www.tp-link.com/en/support</u>

Appendix C: Technical Support



Free Manuals Download Website <u>http://myh66.com</u> <u>http://usermanuals.us</u> <u>http://www.somanuals.com</u> <u>http://www.4manuals.cc</u> <u>http://www.4manuals.cc</u> <u>http://www.4manuals.cc</u> <u>http://www.4manuals.com</u> <u>http://www.404manual.com</u> <u>http://www.luxmanual.com</u> <u>http://aubethermostatmanual.com</u> Golf course search by state

http://golfingnear.com Email search by domain

http://emailbydomain.com Auto manuals search

http://auto.somanuals.com TV manuals search

http://tv.somanuals.com