USER'S GUIDE



Internet Camera Server



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ABOUT THIS GUIDE

This manual describes Internet Camera, including a description of the features, as well as the installation procedures and web configuration. Included in the manual are the operating procedures for the IPView SE application.

INTRODUCTION



Thank you for the purchase of the Internet Camera connecting directly to an Ethernet or Fast Ethernet. It is different from the conventional PC Camera, the Internet Camera is a standalone system with built-in CPU and web-based solutions providing a low cost solution that can transmit high quality video images for monitoring. The Internet Camera can be managed remotely, accessed and controlled from any PC/Notebook over the Intranet or Internet via a web browser. The simple installation procedures and web-based interface offers easy integration to your network application environments coupled with many applications such as remote monitoring for a cost-effective solution.

Internet Camera

Network:

Local Area Network:

10Base-T Ethernet or 100Base TX Fast Ethernet

Recommended PC or Notebook to Access the Internet Camera

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Web Browser:

System requirement:

CPU: Memory Size: VGA card resolution: Pentium II, 266 MHz or above 32 MB (64 MB recommended) 800x600 or above

- Internet Explorer 5.0 or above (ActiveX & JAVA Mode Image View for Windows OS and JAVA Mode – Image View for other OS)
- Netscape 6.0 or above (JAVA Mode Image View)

IPView SE Application:

Support OS: Win 98 SE, Win 2000, Win Me, Win XP System requirement for IPView SE:

CPU:Pentium III, 450 MHz or aboveMemory Size:128 MB (256 MB recommended)VGA card resolution:800x600 or above

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FEATURES AND BENEFITS

This section describes the features and benefits of the Internet Camera

Simple To Use

The Internet Camera is a standalone system with built-in CPU requiring no special hardware or software such as PC frame grabber cards. The Internet Camera supports both ActiveX mode (for Internet Explorer users) and Java mode (for Internet Explorer and Netscape Navigator users). Therefore, all that is required is a web browser software such as Internet Explorer 5.0 or above or Netscape 6.0 or above. Just plug and view the picture from your Internet Camera with a valid IP Address.

Support Variety of Platforms

The Internet Camera supports TCP/IP networking, SMTP e-mail, HTTP and other Internet related protocols, and can be utilized in a mixed operating system environment such as Windows, Unix, and Mac. It can be integrated easily into other www/Intranet applications.

Web Configuration

Applying a standard web browser, the administrator can configure and manage the Internet Camera directly from its own web page via the Intranet or Internet. Up to 64 users name and password are permitted with privilege setting controlled by the administrator.

Remote Utility

The powerful IPView SE application assigns the administrator with a pre-defined user ID and password, allowing the administrator to modify the Internet Camera settings from the remote site via Intranet or Internet. When new firmware is available, you can also upgrade remotely over the network for added convenience. Users are also allowed to monitor the image, and take snapshots.

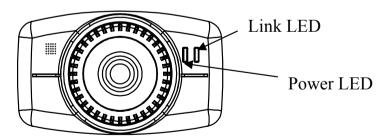
Broad Range of Applications

With today's high-speed Internet services, the Internet Camera can provide the ideal solution for live video images over the Intranet and Internet for remote monitoring. The Internet Camera allows remote access from a web browser for live image viewing and allows administrator to manage and control the Internet Camera anywhere and any time in the world. Apply the Internet Camera to monitor various objects and places such as homes, offices, banks, hospitals, child-care centers, amusement parks and other varieties of industrial and public monitoring. The Internet Camera can also be used for intruder detection; in addition, it can capture still images for archiving and many more applications.

4 Physical Description

This section describes the externally visible features of the Internet Camera.

Front Panel



Power LED

The Power LED is positioned on the right side of the Internet Camera's lens while facing the Internet Camera.

A steady blue light confirms that the Internet Camera is powered on.

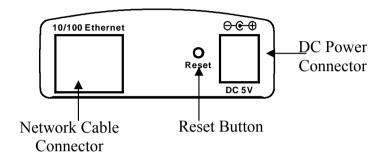
Link LED

The Link LED is positioned on the right side of the Internet Camera's lens while facing the Internet Camera. It is located right of the Power LED

A steady orange light confirms that the camera has good connection to LAN connectivity.

Dependent on the data traffic the LED will begin to flash to indicate that the Internet Camera is receiving/sending data from/to the network.

Rear Panel



Network Cable Connector

The Internet Camera's rear panel features an RJ-45 connector for connections to 10Base-T Ethernet cabling or 100Base-TX Fast Ethernet cabling (which should be Category 5 twisted-pair cable). The port supports the Auto MDI-X type, allowing the Internet Camera to automatically detect or negotiate the transmission speed of the network.

DC Power Connector

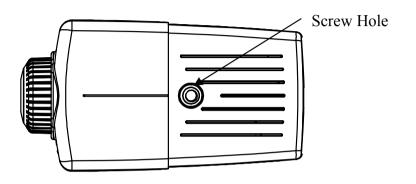
The DC power input connector is located on the Internet Camera's rear panel, and is labeled DC 5V with a single jack socket to supply power to the Internet Camera. Power will be generated when the power supply is connected to a wall outlet.

Reset Button

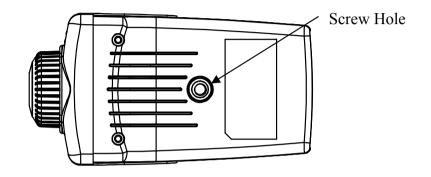
Reset will be initiated when the reset button is pressed once, and Power LED begins to flash.

Factory Reset will be initiated when the reset button is pressed continuously for three seconds or when Power LED begins to light up. Release the reset button and the Power LED will begin to flash, indicating the Internet Camera is changing to factory reset. The IP address will also return to the default setting as 192.168.0.20.

Top Panel



Bottom Panel



Screw Hole

Located on the top panel of the Internet Camera, the screw hole is used to connect the camera stand onto the Internet Camera by attaching the screw head on the camera stand into the screw hole of the Internet Camera.

Screw Hole

Located on the bottom panel of the Internet Camera, the screw hole is used to connect the camera stand onto the Internet Camera by attaching the screw head on the camera stand into the screw hole of the Internet Camera.

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UNPACKING THE INTERNET CAMERA

Carefully remove all items from the package. In addition to this User's Guide, be certain that you have:

- One Internet Camera
- One Utility CD-ROM
- One Quick Installation Guide
- One Camera Metal Stand
- One RJ-45 Ethernet Cable
- One Power Adapter

If any item is missing, or if you find any damage or mismatch, promptly contact your dealer for assistance.

Connecting the Internet Camera to the Camera Stand

The Internet Camera comes with a camera stand (optional) with a swivel ball screw head that can be attached to the Internet Camera's bottom screw hole. Attach the camera stand to the Internet Camera and station it for your application. There are three holes located in the base of the camera stand allowing the Internet Camera to be mounted on the ceiling or any wall securely.

6

HARDWARE INSTALLATION

This section describes the Hardware installation procedure for the Internet Camera.

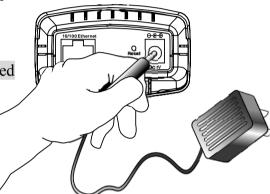
1 Connect an Ethernet cable

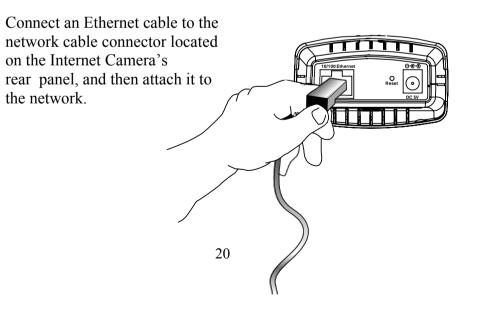


Attach the external power supply to the DC power input connector located on Internet Camera's rear panel, and then connect it to your local power supply.

Note:

Confirm power source is supplied from the LED indicators label Power on the Internet Camera Is illuminated.





Z Security

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SOFTWARE INSTALLATION

To ensure the highest security and prevent unauthorized usage of the Internet Camera the Administrator has the exclusive privilege to access the System Administration for settings and control requirements to allow users the level of entry and authorize the privileges for all users. The Internet Camera supports multi-level password protection and access to the Internet Camera is strictly restricted to define the user who has a "User Name" and "User Password" that is assigned by the Administrator.

Administrator can release a public user name and password so when remote users access the Internet Camera they will have the right to view the image transmitted by the Internet Camera.

Note:

Since the default settings are Null String, it is highly recommended to set the "Admin ID" and "Admin Password" when you are the first time to use the Internet Camera. Once the ID and Password are defined, only the administrator has the access to management the Internet Camera. This procedure should be done as soon as possible since the security features with the Internet Camera will not be enabled until the "Admin ID" and "Admin Password" is defined. This section describes the Software installation procedure of the Internet Camera for Web Configuration and IPView SE application.

Web Configuration

The Internet Camera must be configured through its built-in Webbased Configuration.

Extensive knowledge of LAN will be helpful in setting up the Internet Camera

From the web browser, enter the default IP address to access the Welcome screen of the Internet Camera. To configure your Internet Camera, type http://192.168.0.20 in the address box. The

number is the default IP address of your Internet Camera. Then, press [Enter].

<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit	⊻iew	Fav	ontes	<u>I</u> ools <u>H</u> e	lp.								-
e Back		⇒ Forward		Stop	(C) Refresh	Home	Q Search	Favorites	() History	Mail	Print	Edit	Discuss	
Address		http://19	2.16	3.0.20										• 🖓 Go
Links	🙆 🛛 Be	est of the \	√eb	🥙 C	hannel Guide	🤹 🥙 Cu	stomize Lini	ks 🙋 Fre	e HotMail	Intern	et Start	Microsoft	🛃 Windows Update	

Note:

The PC's IP address must correspond with the Internet Camera's IP address in the same segment for the two devices to communicate.

Main Menu Image

After the default IP address is entered from the browser, the Internet Camera Welcome screen will appear with a still image. There will be three options to choose from to set-up and view your Internet Camera, including:

- View Image ActiveX Mode
- View Image Java Mode
- System Administration



System Administration

Click **"System Administration"** from the Welcome screen to access the settings required for the Internet Camera.

There will be several options in the System menu bar to choose from to set your Internet Camera, including:

- System
- Image
- Users
- Date Time
- Upload
- E-mail
- Information
- Tools

System Administration

System Administration – System

The System menu contains commands for settings that are required for inputting key details to set-up the Internet Camera for operation. Click **"System"** in the system administration menu bar, and the System screen will appear as illustrated below:

Camera Name CAS-230 Click "Home" to return to Welcome Screen Admin Admin ID	System	Image	<u>Users</u>	<u>DateTime</u>	Upload	E-mail	Information Tools	Home
Locator FM Click "Home" to return to Welcome Screen Admin D :: Admin D Screen Admin Password :: Confirm Password :: Screen Confirm Password :: Confirm Password :: Screen IP Assignment	Syste	em						
Location PM Click "Home" to return to Welcome Screen Admin Admin ID Admin Tassword : Confirm Password : Confirm Password : Confirm Password : PAssignment C Manually Assign P Address P Address P Address C RARP C BOOTP C DHCP C PPPoB Service Name User ID Password Confirm COMS C Yes C No Service Provider : Host Name Duser Name Duser Name C Mormal C OFF C Durany Loading ActiveX from Phys./512183258/ Copen Second Port C Yes C No Service From C Yes C No Copen Second Port C Yes C No C	Can	nera Name	CAS-230					
Admin ID ::								
Admin Password : Confim Password : P Assignment © Manually Assign P Address :: IP Address :: 192.168.0.240 Subnet Mask :: 255.255.255.0 Default Gateway : 192.168.0.1 C Assign Automatically Using C RARP C BOOTP C DHCP Service Name : User ID Password :: Dynamic DNS C Yes C No LED Control C Normal C OFF C Dummy Loading ActiveX From Impl/fol.218.92.58/ Open Second Port C Yes C No 1: Web Server - Default 80 [97 2: Transfer Image - Default 81		Location	PM				return to V	Welcome
Confirm Password : IP Assignment IP Address :: [192.168.0.240 Subnet Mask :: [255.255.255.0] Default Gateway :: [192.168.0.1] C Assign Automatically Using C RARP C BOOTP C DHCP C PDPoE Service Name : User ID :: Password : DNS IP Address 1: [66.95.192.1 2: [168.95.11 2: [168.95.11 Dynamic DNS C Yes C No Service Provider : Password : Der Name : Password : Due Name : Password : LED Controt C Normal C OFF C Dummy Loading ActiveX from phtp://61.218.92.58/ Open Second Port C Yes C No 1: Web Server - Default 80 [87 2: Transfer Image - Default 8481 0		Admin	Admin ID	:			Scre	een 🚽
IP Assignment • Manually Assign IP Address : [92168.01 Subnet Mask : [925255255.0 Default Cateway: [92168.01 · Assign Automatically Using · C Assign Automatically Using · C RARP · BOOTP · DHCP · DHCP · DHCP · DHCP			Admin Passw	ord :				
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C RARP C BOOTP C DHCP C PPPoE Service Name : User ID : Password : DNS IP Address 1: [168.95.1921 2: [168.95.11 Dynamic DNS C Yes © No Service Provider : Hoet Name : User Name : Password : LED Control © Normal © OFF © Dummy Loading ActiveX From [http://fol.218.9258/] Open Second Port © Yes © No 1: Web Server - Default 80 [97 2: Transfer Image - Default 8481 [0]								
C DHCP C PPPoE Service Name : User ID Password Password 1: [68.95.132.1 2: [168.95.11 2: [168.95.11 2: [168.95.11 2: [168.95.11 2: [168.95.11 2: [168.95.11 2: [168.95.11 2: [168.95.11 2: [168.95.11 2: [168.95.11 2: [168.95.11 Dynamic DNS C Yes Service Provider : Hort Name [] Password [] Password [] Password [] Password [] Password [] Dynamic OFF C Dummy Loading ActiveX From [] []					-			
C PPPoE Service Name : User ID : Password : DNS IP Address 1: [168.95.192.1 2: [168.95.11 Dynamic DNS C Yes © No Service Provider : Hoet Name : Password :: Duser Name : Password :: LeD Control © Normal © OFF © Dummy Loading ActiveX From Intp://61.218.92.58/ Open Second Port 0 1: Web Server - Default 80 87 2: Transfer Image - Default 8481 0								
Service Name : User ID :: Password :: DNS IP Address 1: [168.95.192.1] 2: [168.95.11] Dynamic DNS C Yes © No Service Provider :								
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Password : DNS IP Address 1: 1: 168.95.192.1 2: 168.95.11 Dynamic DNS C Yes C Yes No Service Provider :						_		
DNS IP Address 1: [168.95.192.1 2: [168.95.1.1 Dynamic DNS C Yes © No Service Provider : Hoet Name User Name I user Name Password : Dading ActiveX From LED Control © Normal © OFF © Dummy Loading ActiveX From [http://61.218.92.58/] Open Second Port © Yes © No 1 : Web Server - Default 80 [87] 2 : Transfer Image - Default 8481 [0]						_		
1: [100:33:12:1] 2: [168:95.1.1] Dynamic DNS C Yes No Service Provider : Hoet Name User Name User Name Password Password Loading ActiveX From http://61.218.92.58/ Open Second Port C Yes No 87 2: Transfer Image - Default 8481 0			Pass	word :]				
2 : [168.95.1.1 Dynamic DNS C Yes C No Service Provider : Hoet Name User Name : Password : LED Control C Normal C OFF C Dummy Loading ActiveX From http://61.218.92.58/ Open Second Port C Yes C No 1 : Web Server - Default 80 87 2 : Transfer Image - Default 8481 0	DNS	IP Address	1 - 168.95.19	2.1				
LED Control COFF C Dummy Loading ActiveX From http://61.218.92.58/ Open Second Port C Yes C No 1: Web Server - Default 80 87 2: Transfer Image - Default 8481 0 0								
LED Control COFF C Dummy Loading ActiveX From http://61.218.92.58/ Open Second Port C Yes C No 1: Web Server - Default 80 87 2: Transfer Image - Default 8481 0 0	Dea	namic DNE						
Hot Name User Name User Name : Password : Dading ActiveX From http://61.218.92.58/ Open Second Port C Yes C No 1: Web Server - Default 80 87 2: Transfer Image - Default 8481 0	Uy							
LED Control © Normal © OFF © Dummy Loading ActiveX From http://61.218.92.58/ Open Second Port © Yes © No 1: Web Server - Default 80 [87								
LED Control © Normal © OFF © Dummy Loading ActiveX From http://61.218.92.58/ Open Second Port © Yes © No 1 : Web Server - Default 80 87 2 : Transfer Image - Default 8481 0			User Name	:				
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1 : Web Server - Default 80 87 2 : Transfer Image - Default 8481 0	Loading Ac	tivex From	http://61.218.9	2.58/				
87 2 : Transfer Image - Default 8481 0	Open S	econd Port	•Yes CN	0				
2 : Transfer Image - Default 8481				er - Default	80			
					0.401			
			2 : Transfer Ir		0481			
Save Cancel				1-				
			Save	Cancel				_

Camera Name:

This field is used to enter a descriptive name for the device.

The default setting for the Camera Name is CS-xxxxx, where xxxxx is the last six digit of the MAC Address. The maximum length is 32 (Printable ASCII).

Location:

This field is used to enter a descriptive name for the location used by the Internet Camera.

Admin:

This field is used to enter the Administrator ID along with the password to access the System Administration settings. Be sure to enter the password twice to confirm the details once in the Admin Password field and again in the Confirm Password field.

The default setting for Admin is blank space (Null String), and you need to key in the Admin ID with a maximum length of 12 (Printable ASCII) characters and enter the Admin Password with a maximum length of 8 (Printable ASCII) characters.

It is highly recommended to set the Admin ID and Admin Password as soon as possible to enable security option for the Internet Camera to function.

IP Assignment:

Important Information

Access to the Internet Camera is done through assigning a proper IP address. Please make sure to use a vacant IP address when you assign the IP address for the Internet Camera. This will prevent errors from occurring if the IP address is overlapped.

There are two options to select from the IP Assignment: Manually Assign or Assign Automatically Using.

Manually Assign

You can click "Manually Assign" and directly enter the IP address.

The default settings are as follows:

- Default IP 192.168.0.20
- Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway 0.0.0.0

Assign Automatically Using

If your network is using RARP, BOOTP or DHCP server, you can click "Assign Automatically Using" and then click "RARP", "BOOTP" or "DHCP". Under this setting the Internet Camera will automatically assign an IP address from RARP, BOOTP or DHCP server. Every time when the camera starts up, please make sure that the DHCP server is set to assign a static IP address to your camera.

If your application requires direct connection from an ADSL modem through the Internet Camera's RJ-45 LAN port, and you also have an ISP PPPoE account, click **"PPPoE"** option and enter the Service Name, User ID and Password into the respective fields. The Internet Camera will get an IP address from the ISP as starting up.

DNS IP Address:

DNS (Domain Name System) server is an Internet service that translates domain names into IP addresses. Enter at least one DNS IP Address.

Dynamic DNS:

The Dynamic DNS service allows you to alias a dynamic IP address to a static hostname in any of the domains, allowing your computer to be more easily accessed from various locations on the Internet.

LED Control:

The LED control allows user to setup the LED illumination as desired. This feature provides the flexibility when surveillance activity is ON.

There are three options as follows:

• Normal –

Power - Steady On of the LED indicator. **Link** - Steady On of the LED indicator. When LAN activity is present the LED indicator will flash steadily.

• OFF –

Power - LED indicator is off **Link** – LED indicator is off

• Dummy –

Power - Steady On of the LED indicator.

Link - Steady On of the LED indicator with random flashing.

The default setting for the LED control is at Normal. When you have configured the LED control, the correct illumination will be set after 1 minute.

Note:

This function is built-in to the LED indicators to add extra capabilities. The three options allow the Administrator to configure and camouflage the illumination for the LED indicator to falsify the monitoring status. In Normal Mode, the LED indicator functions normally. Under Off Mode, the LED indicators are both off; however, it is still monitoring the activity. In Dummy Mode, the LED indicators operate in monitoring condition but monitoring activity is off or on.

Loading ActiveX From:

This field is used to specify the location of Xplug Control (ActiveX) plug-in program. Enter the information as required in .ocx format, for example:

http://www.<*your company*>.com/xplug.ocx, where <*your company*> must be replaced with your company's DNS server. Or it can be installed from the CD come with the internet camera.

Open Second Port:

The Web Server field allows settings to open a second port for the Internet Camera. This will permit users IP Sharing Gateways to support multiple Internet Cameras. By default, Port 80 is always opened for the Internet Camera Web Server access. Select "Yes" and input the second port value.

For example: If you have 5 Internet Camera to be installed, each with an IP address from

192.168.0.101 192.168.0.102 192.168.0.103 192.168.0.104 192.168.0.105

You can open the second port for each Internet Camera from port 81 to Port 85 as illustrated below:

Internet Camera 1 – IP 192.168.0.101, second web port 81 Internet Camera 2 – IP 192.168.0.102, second web port 82 Internet Camera 3 – IP 192.168.0.103, second web port 83 Internet Camera 4 – IP 192.168.0.104, second web port 84 Internet Camera 5 – IP 192.168.0.105, second web port 85

You also need to setup your DSL gateway for Port Mapping.

Port 81 map to 192.168.0.101 Port 82 map to 192.168.0.102 Port 83 map to 192.168.0.103 Port 84 map to 192.168.0.104 Port 85 map to 192.168.0.105

The Transfer Image field allows settings to open a second port for the Internet Camera to transfer images. The default Port 8481 is open image transfer and you can define a second port similar to the above.

Save/Cancel:

After making sure all settings in the System are correct, click the **"Save"** button to store the settings for the Internet Camera. You can alternatively click the **"Cancel"** button to restore all settings to the values last saved to or retrieved from the Internet Camera.

Image menu in the system administration contains commands to provide the settings for the images captured by the Internet Camera.

Click **"Image"** in the system administration menu bar and the Image screen will appear as illustrated below:

System	Image	<u>Users</u>	<u>DateTime</u>	Upload	<u>E-mail</u>	Information	<u>Tools</u>	Home
Im	age							
Vide	o Resolution	☞ 320 x 240	C 640 x 48	30				
Compi	ression Rate	C Very Low	CLow C	Medium 💿	High O Ver	^{y High} Clic	k ''Ho i	me" to
	Frame Rate	01 05 0	07 015	○ 20 • Au	ito (Frames/S	Sec.) retur	n to W	elcome
Brighti	ness Control	-10 -1 66	+1 +	+10			Scree	n
Cont	trast Control	-10 -1 58	+1 +	+10				
Satura	ation Control	-10 -1 72	+1 +	+10				
Ligt	nt Frequency	• 50 Hz •	60 Hz					
		Save C	ancel					

Video Resolution:

Select the desired video resolution format ranging from 320x240 (default) to 640x480

Compression Rate:

Select the desired compression rate with five levels from very low to very high. Higher video compression rate will generate more compact file size with less video quality and vise-versa. The default setting is Medium.

Frame Rate:

Select the frame rate desired with default setting at Auto for optimal frame rate.

Brightness Control:

Adjust the brightness level with default setting at 64.

Contrast Control:

Adjust the contrast level with default setting at 64.

Saturation Control: Adjust the saturation with default setting at 64.

Light Frequency:

Adjust the light frequency to suit your area of operation from the options either 50 Hz or 60 Hz (default).

Note:

50 Hz and 60 Hz variants are available to accommodate the different light frequency found in USA (60 Hz) and Europe (50 Hz) for the Internet Camera to ensure better image quality.

Save/Cancel:

After making sure all settings in the Image are correct, click the **"Save"** button to store the settings for the Internet Camera. You can alternatively click the **"Cancel"** button to restore all settings to the values last saved to or retrieved from the Internet Camera.

System Administration - Users

The User options menu contains commands to allow the system administrator to assign legal users who are permitted to monitor the Internet Camera from the remote site.

Click "Users" in the system administration menu bar and the Users screen will appear as illustrated below:

<u>System</u>	Image	Users	DateTime	<u>Upload</u>	<u>E-mail</u>	Information	<u>Tools</u>	Home	ļ
Üs	ers								
	Add User	User Name User Passw	ord			Add			
		Upload/E-m	ail Image 🕴 O	Yes 🕫 No		Cl	ick "H	ome" to	
	Delete User]		Delete ret	urn to V	Welcome	,
							Scre	een	

Add User: *User Name:* Enter the user name in this field.

A maximum of 64 users names are allowed, however each users name must be different. Each user name can be used as a group given the password for example, if the User Name is "Guest" and the User Password is "Guest" anyone can access the Internet Camera with these details used as a group of users under the User Name Guest. The maximum length for the User Name is 12 (Printable ASCII).

User Password:

Enter the user's password assigned by the administrator. The maximum password length is 8 (Printable ASCII).

Delete User:

Select the user you wish to delete from the pull down menu and click the "delete" button.

Important Information

Once the administrator has configured the Internet Camera **Users**, any user will be asked to enter a login password to access the video image from the Internet Camera. The password dialog box is illustrated below.

?>	Please type y	our user name an	d password.	
1	Site:	192.168.0.20		
	Realm	Admin		
	<u>U</u> ser Name			
	<u>P</u> assword	ſ		
	☐ Save this	password in your	password list	

System Administration – DateTime

The DateTime menu contains commands for setting the Internet Camera's time and date requirements to provide correct information to users who might be thousands of miles away in the remote site. There are two options to select from the DateTime menu bar either Synchronized with Time Server or Set Manually. Click **"DateTime"** in the system administration menu bar and the DateTime screen will appear as illustrated below:

<u>System</u>	<u>lmage</u>	<u>Users</u>	DateTime	<u>Upload</u>	<u>E-mail</u>	<u>Information</u>	Tools	Home
Date	&Time							
	Date & Time		onized with Time	Server				1
			ol : • NTP					l ome" to Welcome
		Set Ma					Scr	
			2003-1-1 3:51:51	(yyyy-mm- (hh:mm:ss)				
		Save	Cancel					1

DateTime:

Select **"Synchronized with Time Server"** and the time will be based on GMT setting. The time will be synchronized every 10 minutes. This is also the default setting for the Internet Camera.

IP Address:

Enter the IP Address of the Time Server in this field.

Protocol:

Two options of NTP or Time are available for your selection to link with the Time Server. The default setting is NTP.

TimeZone:

The system administrator must select the time zone for the region.

Please refer to the appendix for the time zone selection table.

To set the Date Time manually, select **"Set Manually"** and the system administrator must enter the Date and Time in the respective field manually.

Note:

When you select Set Manually, every time when the Internet Camera is powered off and on, you must re-enter the details once again due to time lost.

Save/Cancel:

After making sure all settings in the DateTime are correct, click the **"Save"** button to store the settings for the Internet Camera. You can alternatively click the **"Cancel"** button to restore all settings to the values last saved to or retrieved from the Internet Camera.

System Administration – Upload

The Upload menu contains the commands for FTP server, time schedule and manual operation settings.

Click **"Upload"** in the system administration menu bar, and the Upload screen will appear as below:

System <u>Image</u>	<u>Users</u>	<u>DateTime</u>	Upload	E-mail	Information	Tools Home
Upload						↑
FTP Server	Host Addre Port Numb User Name Password Directory F Passive Mo	er : 21	(Default i • No	s 21)		k "Home" to to Home Screen
Time Schedule	C Upload	nedule 7 : □1 ne Period : Start	Mon □Tue	□ Wed □] (hh:mm (hh:mm		: □ Sun
	Base F File :	Frequency : © © ile Name : © Overwrite © Date/Time Su © Sequence Nu	1 1	Frames/Seco Seconds/Fra Jp to 1024		
Manual Operation	I⊡ Upload Base F File :	image to FTP s ile Name : © Overwrite © Date/Time St © Sequence Nu Cancel	ıffix	Jp to 1024		

There are three options to proceed in the Upload screen, including **FTP Server**, **Time Schedule** and **Manual Operation**.

FTP Server:

There are six basic settings for your FTP server.

- Host Address: The IP Address of the target FTP server.
- **Port Number:** The standard port number for the FTP server is Port 21, and it's also the default setting. If the FTP server uses a specific port, please confirm the IT manager.
- User Name: Enter the user name in this field.
- **Password:** Enter the user password in this field to login the FTP server.
- **Directory Path:** Enter an existing folder name in this field, and the images will be uploaded to the given folder.
- **Passive Mode:** This function depends on your FTP server. Please check with your IT manager if the FTP server uses passive mode. The default setting is '*No*'.

Time Schedule:

Select "Upload image to FTP server" and enter the relevant information, such as the schedule, image frequency and base file name.

• Schedule: You can 1.) Choose *Always* to always upload the images to FTP server, or 2.) Set the *Schedule* to

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manage the uploading task. In the Schedule option, you can set the *Day* and *Time Period* option.

- **Image Frequency:** There are two ways to set the image frequency: 1.) Set *Auto/1/2/3* frames per second, or 2.) Set the time in seconds for every frame.
- **Base File Name:** Enter the file name to make sure that the images could be saved as the base file name.
- File: Since you may not upload only one image to the FTP server, you can choose the filing rule, including *Overwrite*, *Date/Time Suffix*, and set up the *Sequence Number*.

Manual Operation: When you click the upload "Image" button in view image screen, it will start to upload the image. The setting refers to "**Base File Name**" and "**File**" information above.

Save/Cancel:

After making sure all settings in the System are correct, click the **"Save"** button to store the settings for the Internet Camera. You can alternatively click the **"Cancel"** button to restore all settings to the latest saved values or retrieve the settings from Internet Camera.

System Administration – E-mail

The E-mail menu contains the commands for E-mail account, time schedule and manual operation settings.

Click **"E-mail"** in the system administration menu bar, and the setting screen will appear as below:

System	<u>Image</u>	<u>Users</u>	<u>DateTime</u>	Upload	E-mail	Information	Tools	<u>Home</u>
E	imail Account	SMTP Serv Sender e-m	rer Address : ail Address : mail Address : : :			Cli	ck "Hon turn to H Screer	ne" to
		© Alw C Sche Day	ays edule : □N Period : Start		□ Wed □ Ti (hh:mm: (hh:mm:		□ Sun	
		Interval	300 S	econds				
Mar	nual Operation	Enable e Interval	-mail Image : 300 S Cancel	econds				

Enter the relevant information, such as the SMPT Server Address, Sender e-mail Address, Receiver e-mail Address, User Name and Password.

Then active sending e-mail by selecting "*Enable e-mail Image*" in enter "Time schedule" or "Manual Operation".

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- **SMTP** (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol) is a protocol for sending e-mail messages between servers you need to input the mail server address in this field.
- Sender e-mail is the e-mail address of the user who will send the e-mail.
- **Receiver e-mail** is the e-mail address of the user who will receive the e-mail.
- User Name: Enter the user name in this field.
- **Password:** Enter the user password in this field to login receiver's mail server

Time Schedule:

To set schedule to send e-mail. **"Interval":** Define time interval between two images sent.

Manual Operation:

When you chick the E-mail image button in view image screen, it will start to e-mail image.

"Interval": To define time interval between two images sent.

Save/Cancel:

After making sure all settings in the System are correct, click the **"Save"** button to store the settings for the Wireless Internet Camera. You can alternatively click the **"Cancel"** button to restore all settings to the values last saved to or retrieved from the Wireless Internet Camera.

System Administration - Information

The Information menu contains commands for displaying information about the Internet Camera.

Click **"Information"** in the system administration menu bar and the Information screen will appear as illustrated below:



The Information table provides detailed information of the Internet Camera, such as the Model Name, Firmware Version, Mac Address, and IP Address.

System Administration - Tools

The Tools menu contains commands for restarting the Internet Camera.

Click **"Tools"** in the system administration menu bar and the Tools screen will appear as illustrated below:



Reset:

The Reset command restarts the Internet Camera just like turning the device off and on and saved settings are retained. The Reset panel contains the message "Do you really want to reset this device?" and a YES button. If you do not want to reset the Internet Camera, exit the panel without clicking YES; otherwise, click the "**YES**" button and the reset process will initiate.

Factory Reset:

A factory reset restarts the Internet Camera and returns all of its settings to their default values. The Factory Reset panel contains the message "Do you really want to factory reset this device?" and a YES button. If you do not want to carry out a factory reset command, exit the panel without clicking YES; otherwise, click the "**YES**" button and factory reset will be initiated.

Note:

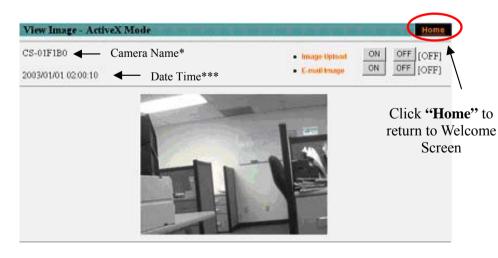
The Network must be reconfigured after a Factory Reset.

Once the configuration is completed, click **"Home"** to return to the Welcome screen and select the desired Viewing Image either through ActiveX Mode or Java Mode as described in the next section.

Then, position the Internet Camera to the desired location appropriately for your purpose. Followed by adjustment of the Internet Camera focus, done manually by turning the lens clockwise or anti-clockwise to the desire image quality. *Please refer to the appendix for detailed information regarding Adjust Internet Camera Focus and Replacing the Lens.*

View Image – ActiveX Mode

To view video images from the browser, click "View Image – ActiveX Mode" from the welcome screen to access the video images from Internet Explorer as illustrated below:



Camera Name* - The Camera name will be display when the Camera Name field is entered in the Web Configuration setting under "**System**"

Date/Time*-** The date/time of the video server will show the date and time that come from time server or you set manually.

Note:

Please refer to the appendix on how to install ActiveX.

- 1. Install to the Web Server
- 2. Install to your Local PC

In the View Image – ActiveX Mode, you are allowed upload image and E-mail image options. Just click the desired selection "ON" or "OFF" to utilize the options for each of the functions.

Note 1:

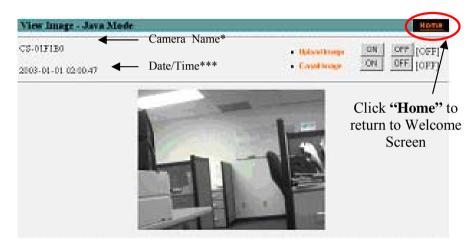
Administrator has the authority to set the email image functions through the setting in the "E-mail" of System Administration menu bar.

Note 2:

The Administrator has the authority to allow the users to set the image upload functions through the setting in the "Upload" of System Administration menu bar.

View Image – Java Mode

Click "View Image – Java Mode" from the Welcome screen to access the video images from the Internet Explorer or Netscape browser as illustrated below:



Camera Name* - The Camera name will be display when the Camera Name field is entered in the Web Configuration setting under **"System"**

Date/Time*-** The date/time of the Internet Camera will show the date and time that come from time server or you set manually.

In the View Image – ActiveX Mode, you are allowed upload image and E-mail image options. Just click the desired selection "ON" or "OFF" to utilize the options for each of the functions. Note 1:

Administrator has the authority to set the email image functions through the setting in the "E-mail" of System Administration menu bar.

Note 2:

The Administrator has the authority to allow the users to set up the image upload functions through the setting in the "Upload" of System Administration menu bar.

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INTERNET CAMERA APPLICATION

The Internet Camera can be applied in wide variety of applications. With the built-in CPU, it can work as a standalone system that provides a web-based solution transmitting high quality video images and sounds for monitoring purposes. It can be managed remotely, accessed and controlled from any PC desktop over the Intranet or Internet via a web browser. With the easy installation procedure, real-time live images will be available. In addition, once the Internet Camera is installed coupled with the IPView SE application, you can further expand the scope of the Internet Camera.

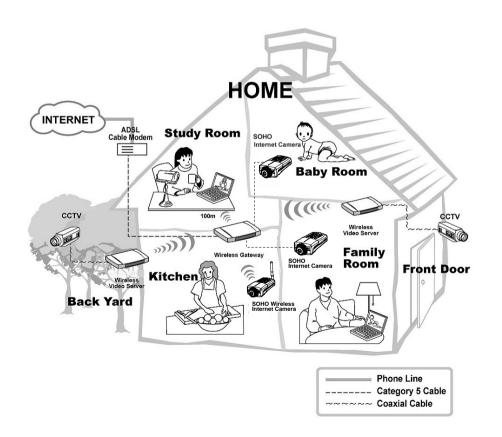
The following section will provide the typical applications for the Internet Camera along with the IPView SE application, and also includes some basic knowledge to assist in the installation and configuration of the Internet Camera.

Applications

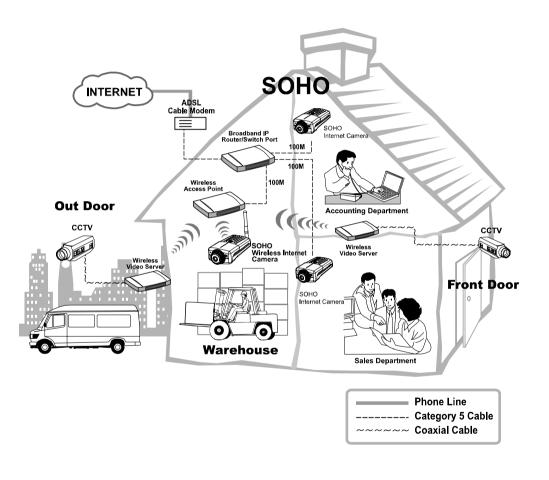
- Monitoring of local and remote places and objects such as construction sites, hospitals, amusement parks, schools and day-care centers through the use of a web browser.
- Capture single frame images from the IPView SE application.
- Configure the camera to upload image or send-mail messages with a single frame image.

Internet Camera Application Diagrams

Home Applications



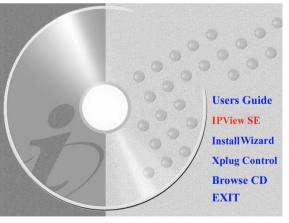
SOHO Applications



10 IPVIEW SE APPLICATION

Installation

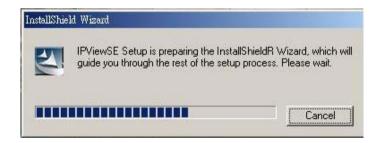
Insert the CD-ROM into the CD-ROM drive to initiate the autorun program. Once completed, a menu screen will appear as below:



To install the IPView SE application click the **"IPView SE"** button to activate the installation procedure for the application program.

Extracting Files		
The contents of this package	e are being extracted.	
Please wait while the InstallS on your computer. This may	ihield Wizard extracts the files ne take a few moments.	eeded to install IPViewSE
Reading contents of package	9	
Reading contents of package	3	
Reading contents of package	9	•
Reading contents of package	3	•
Reading contents of package	3	•
Reading contents of package	9	•

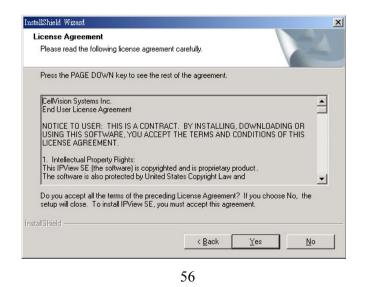
Once executed, you will be asked to select the desired language. Select the language you want and click **"OK"** to continue.



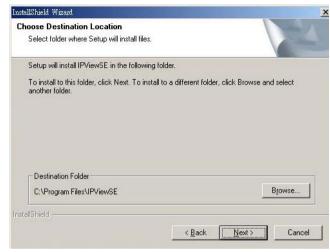
The Welcome screen will appear as below. Click the "Next" button.



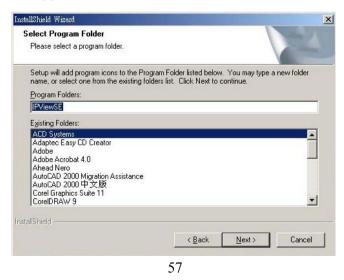
The License Agreement window will appear as below. Read the details carefully and click the "**Yes**" button.



In the following window, you may click "Next" to accept the recommended destination location or click "Browse" to select another location. After specifying the desired destination location, click "Next".



The following window allows you to select the folder where the IPView SE application will be located, click "**Next**" to continue.



Please wait until one of the following two dialog boxes to appear. If the system has to restart, select "*Yes, I want to restart my computer now*" and click the "**Finish**" button to complete the installation procedure.

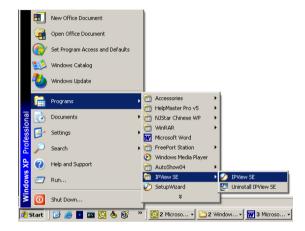


Otherwise, you may simply click the **"Finish"** button to complete the installation procedure



After successfully installing the IPView SE, the application program for the Internet Camera is automatically installed to \Programs\Files directory.

To start running the IPView SE, click **Start -> Programs -> IPView SE -> IPView SE**.



Once login, the IPView SE application is executed and the interface of IPView SE will appear in the default List View format as bellow:



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GETTING STARTED

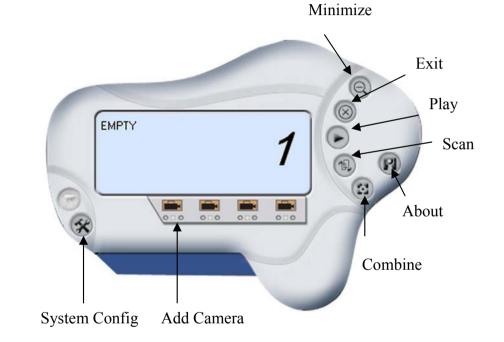
This section describes the operation of the IPView SE application with detailed procedures for using the application.

IPView SE

IPView SE is responsible for the management of preview, configuration, and searching of each camera.

It is designed with a user-friendly interface for ease of control and navigation requirements as illustrated below.

IPView SE control panel





To minimize the control panel.



To close IPView SE.



To play back the recorded file.



Scan

To display for each camera one by one.



Combine

To combine all display windows in one.

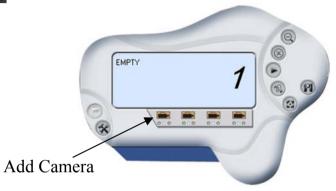


To display the information of IPView SE.

How to Add a Camera



Add Camera



To add a new camera, click the Add Camera button. An Add **Camera** dialog box will appear as illustrated below.

Name	IP Address	MAC Address	-
CAS-C350013825	192.168.0.240	00 03 18 01 38 25	
Test 7	192.168.0.247	00 03 18 05 15 00	
Test10	192.168.0.250	00 03 1B 00 32 16	
Test 11e	192.168.0.251	00 50 BA 1B A5 4A	
Video Server	192.168.0.233	00 03 1B 00 BC E7	
Video Server	192.168.0.232	00 03 1B 00 CE 5E	
Test 2	192.168.0.242	00 05 5D 57 50 B7	
Test 1	192.168.0.241	00 03 1B 00 4E D0	
CAS-200 A1	192.168.0.90	00 03 1B 01 1E D7	
WLC_CAM11G	192.168.0.91	00 03 1B 00 3B 84	
Test 8	192.168.0.248	00 05 5D 57 50 BC	-
Test 9	192.168.0.249	00 FF 19 F8 5E A8	
CS-CD39AB	192.168.0.165	00 FF 43 CD 39 AB	

You must select the camera and click the "Add" button to add a new camera.

You can select the **"Input IP"** button, an **Input IP** dialog box will appear as illustrated below.

Add Camera		
P Address:		
	141	

Enter the IP Address of the camera in the specified field and click the "Add" icon to add a new camera.

Note:

- 1. If you want to add a camera through the Internet, you must key in a physical IP Address.
- 2. When the camera is installed behind Gateway and the Open Second Port of camera/Port Forwarding of Gateway function is enabled, the Gateway IP address has to be entered with the Port Number as below:

🕗 Add Camera		×
IP Address:	61.218.92.62;82	
	Add	<u>C</u> ancel

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3. At the same time, the Gateway IP address can be replaced by URL as below:

P Address:	linkserver.dyndns.tv:82	
Hadross.	Interneting	

4. If you forget the IP Address that you want to add, a dialog box will appear to notify you of the error.

IPView SE	×
8	Can't find the IP-Camera, maybe the IP address is invalid !!
	OK

If you are unsure of the IP Address of the camera, you can click the **"Browse"** button, the **Browse Camera** dialog box will appear with a blank screen as illustrated below.

Name	IP Address	MAC Address	-
CAS-C350013825	192.168.0.240	00 03 18 01 38 25	
Test 7	192.168.0.247	00 03 1B 05 15 00	
Test10	192.168.0.250	00 03 1B 00 32 16	
Test 11e	192.168.0.251	00 50 BA 1B A5 4A	
Video Server	192.168.0.233	00 03 1B 00 BC E7	
Video Server	192.168.0.232	00 03 1B 00 CE 5E	
Test 2	192.168.0.242	00 05 5D 57 50 B7	
Test 1	192.168.0.241	00 03 1B 00 4E D0	
CAS-200 A1	192.168.0.90	00 03 1B 01 1E D7	
WLC_CAM11G	192.168.0.91	00 03 1B 00 3B 84	
Test 8	192.168.0.248	00 05 5D 57 50 BC	-
Test 9	192.168.0.249	00 FF 19 F8 5E A8	
CS-CD39AB	192.168.0.165	00 FF 43 CD 39 AB	
Input IP	1	hange IP	– Cancel

You must select the camera and click the "Add" button to add a new camera.

If the Login Camera dialog box appears, make sure to enter the correct User Name and Password and click the "OK" button. Then, the camera will be added into IPView SE in list format. If the User Name and Password is entered incorrectly, the camera will not be added into IPView SE.

<u>U</u> ser Name:	
<u>P</u> assword:	

The above dialog box will appear only if administrator has already set up the **User Name** and **Password** in the Web Configuration setting.

If you forget to highlight the camera you want to add, a dialog box will appear to notify you of the error.

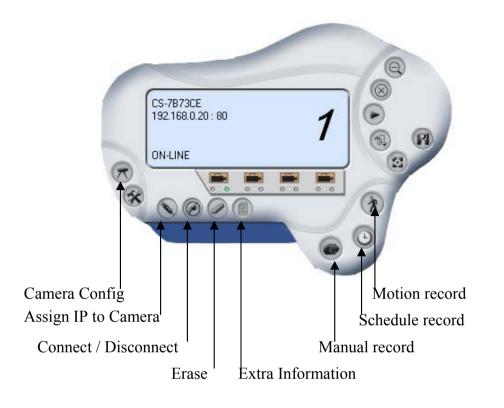


Make sure to save any changes you have made to keep the information updated.

Note 2:

You are allowed to add only one camera at a time.

When the user add the Internet Camera, four icons will appear, including: "Assign IP to Camera", "Connect/Disconnect", "Erase", "Extra Information"



How to Change Camera



Assign IP of New Camera

To change camera, click the "Assign IP of Camera" button. An Assign IP of Camera dialog box will appear as illustrated below.

Name	IP Address	MAC Address	
CAS-C350013825	192.168.0.240	00 03 18 01 38 25	
Test 7	192.168.0.247	00 03 1B 05 15 00	
Test10	192.168.0.250	00 03 1B 00 32 16	
Test 11e	192.168.0.251	00 50 BA 1B A5 4A	
Video Server	192.168.0.233	00 03 1B 00 BC E7	
Video Server	192.168.0.232	00 03 1B 00 CE 5E	
Test 2	192.168.0.242	00 05 5D 57 50 B7	
Test 1	192.168.0.241	00 03 1B 00 4E D0	
CAS-200 A1	192.168.0.90	00 03 1B 01 1E D7	
WLC_CAM11G	192.168.0.91	00 03 1B 00 3B 84	
Test 8	192.168.0.248	00 05 5D 57 50 BC	-
Test 9	192.168.0.249	00 FF 19 F8 5E A8	
CS-CD39AB	192.168.0.165	00 FF 43 CD 39 AB	

You must select the camera and click the "Add" button to add a new camera.

How to Connect / Disconnect the Image



Connect the Image

Click the "Connect/Disconnect" button and the preview screen will appear with the video image.



Note:

When a new camera is added, it IS connected. You can see the image right away. If you click the "Connect/ Disconnect" button, it will be in disconnecting, also, no image showed.

Minimize

Click to minimize the display screen of the Internet Camera



Maximize

Click to maximize the display screen of the Internet Camera.



Close

Click to close the display screen of the Internet Camera.



Always on top

Click to have the display screen always appear on the top of the window



A Wake up control panel

Click to open the control panel again when it is closed.



Color setting

Click to adjust color of the image.



View list

Click to check the event list of the Internet Camera.

Snapshot

Click to snapshot a picture from the Internet Camera.

Rotate image

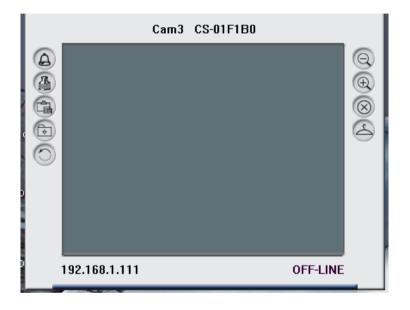
Click to rotate the image of the Internet Camera.

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Disconnect the Image

Click the "Connect / Disconnect" button, the camera will be disconnected.



How to Delete a Camera



To delete a camera, you must select the camera to delete from the IPView SE control panel. Then, click the "**Erase Camera**" button.

After deleting the camera, the IPView SE control panel will appear as below.



Delete the Camera from the list

Extra Information



Extra Information

The screen displays the camera's information.



Camera's Extra Information

How to Adjust the Property Setting

left System Configure

From the control panel, select the button and the dialog box will appear as shown below.

🧭 IPViewSE Configuration	X
CLog Storage	
Single HDD Reserved Space For OS	Reserved HDD space per camera 200 MB
750 MB	
Split Recording File	
10 MB	Proxy Server
Churrent Link	Address:
Storage List	
Index Path Index	Bypass proxy server for local net addr.
	Camera scan interval
	1 Sec.
Modify Delete Add	
	<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel

Log Storage:

1. Single HDD Reserve Space

This option permits reserved HDD space from 500 MB to 1000 MB.

2. Split Recording File

From this option, you can adjust the file size for recording the video images (the default setting is 10MB). If the recorded video files reach the file size, video images will be recorded into another file automatically. By File Size - permits recording by file size from 10 MB to 50 MB.

3. Storage List

This option is used to define the path to save image files. The software will create a camera name folder as the "Storage List" which is allowed to create up to 16 File Path.

Recycle:

When you enabled this function, it will recycle the HDD space once the disk space is less than the size defined. The size defined can be from 200 MB to 50000 MB.

Proxy Server:

Select this option to enable the Proxy Server support.

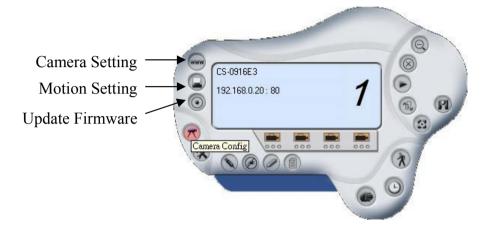
Camera Scan Delay:

It allows you to display for each camera one by one. The time interval for each camera can be from 1 Sec. to 20 Sec.



Camera Configure

Click the "Camera Config" button and it will active the Camera Setting, Motion Setting and Update Firmware buttons.





Camera Setting

Please refer to the "Web Configuration" section.



You can adjust the sensitivity level and choose the Invoke Alarm options to work with motion detection function.

Besides the Alarm Beep, Send Email can be enabled when motion detected.

The user can define the time interval to Send E-mail.

1otion Setting	and the second	
Motion option		
🗌 Invoke Alarm		
Send e-Mail		
eMail Setting		
Sensitivity Level		
Low		, — High
		- nign
	Cancel	<u>0</u> K
e-Mail Setting		
Mail Server:		
Mail Server:		
, Mail From:		
Mail To:		
) Subject:		
Subject:		
Subject:		
<u> </u>		
<u> </u>		
User Name: Password:		
User Name:		
User Name: Password:	Second	
User Name: Password: Interval Time:	Second	

Mail Server: Mail Server IP or name.

Mail From: E-Mail Address of sender.

Mail To: E-Mail Address of receiver.

Subject: Can be any information to high light the message.

User Name: Enter the user name in this field.

Password: Enter the user password in this field to login receiver's mail server

Interval Time: The time interval to send next E-Mail the unit is by second.



Enter the File Path and click the "Update" button, the firmware will be updated automatically.

pdal	te Firmware		
File I	Path:		
		1	
			Cancel

If you are unsure of the File path, you can click the "Browse" button, the **Browse** dialog box will appear as illustrated below.

pen Profile		? ×
Look jn	: 🔁 IPView SE 💽 🔶 🖶 📸	
My Recent Documents Desktop My Documents My Computer	CAM2_CS-361D88 CAM3_CS-01F1B0 → Help → Lang Cong	
My Network	File name:	<u>O</u> pen
Places	Files of type: Firmware (".bin)	Cancel

Warning

During firmware update process, please make sure no interruptions will occur as it might possibly cause serious damage to the Internet Camera

How to Adjust the Recording Setting

There are three ways to start recording image - Motion Record, Schedule Record & Manual Record



Motion Record

This option allows the camera to trigger recording by motion detected. You can adjust the sensitivity level and choose the warning options when motion is detected from motion setting.



Schedule Record

This option allows the camera to trigger recording as schedule defined. The schedule is set by date or week day.



This option allows the camera to trigger recording manually.

APPENDIX

A Frequently Asked Questions

Internet Camera Features

Q: What is an Internet Camera?

A: The Internet Camera is a standalone system connecting directly to an Ethernet or Fast Ethernet network and supported by the transmission based on the IEEE 802.11b standard. It is different from the conventional PC Camera, the Internet Camera is an all-in-one system with built-in CPU and web-based solutions providing a low cost solution that can transmit high quality video images for monitoring. The Internet Camera can be managed remotely, accessed and controlled from any PC/Notebook over the Intranet or Internet via a web browser.

Q: What is the maximum number of users that can be allowed to access the Internet Camera simultaneously?

A: Maximum number of users that can log onto the Internet Camera at the same time is 64. Please keep in mind the overall performance of the transmission speed will slow down when many users are logged on. **Q**: What algorithm is used to compress the digital image?

A: The Internet Camera utilizes the JPEG image compression technology providing high quality images for users. JPEG is adopted since it is a standard for image compression and can be applied to various web browser and application software without the need to install extra software.

Internet Camera Installation

Q: Can the Internet Camera be used out-doors?

A: The Internet Camera is not weatherproof. It needs to be equipped with a weatherproof case to be used outdoors and it is not recommended.

Q: What network cabling is required for the Internet Camera?

A: The Internet Camera uses Category 5 UTP cable allowing 10 Base-T and 100 Base-T networking.

Q: Can the Internet Camera be setup as a PC-cam on the computer?

A: No, the Internet Camera is an Internet Camera used only on Ethernet and Fast Ethernet network and supported by transmission.

Q: Can the Internet Camera be connected on the network if it consists of only private IP addresses?

A: The Internet Camera can be connected to LAN with private IP addresses.

Q: Can the Internet Camera be installed and work if a firewall exists on the network?

A: If a firewall exists on the network, port 80 is open for ordinary data communication. However, since the Internet Camera transmits image data, the default port 8481 is also required. Therefore, it is necessary to open port 8481 of the network for remote users to access the Internet Camera.

B PING Your IP Address

The PING (Packet Internet Groper) command can determine whether a specific IP address is accessible by sending a packet to the specific address and waiting for a reply. It can also provide a very useful tool to confirm if the IP address conflicts with the Internet Camera over the network.

Follow the step-by-step procedure below to utilize the PING command. However, you must disconnect the Internet Camera from the network first.

Start a DOS window.

Type ping x.x.x.x, where x.x.x.x is the IP address of the Internet Camera.

The succeeding replies as illustrated below will provide useful explanation to the cause of the problem with the Internet Camera IP address.

C Trouble Shooting

Q: I cannot access the Internet Camera from a web browser.

A1: The possible cause might be the IP Address for the Internet Camera is already being used by another device. To correct the possible problem, you need to first disconnect the Internet Camera from the network. Then run the PING utility (follow the instructions in Appendix B - PING Your IP Address).

A2: Another possible reason is the IP Address is located on a different subnet. To fix the problem, run the PING utility (follow the instructions in Appendix B - PING Your IP Address). If the utility returns "no response" or similar, the finding is probably correct, then you should proceed as follows:-

In Windows 95/98/2000 and Windows NT, double check the IP Address of the Internet Camera is within the same subnet as your workstation.

Click "Start", "Setting", "Control Panel", and the "Network" icon. Select TCP/IP from the "Network" dialog box and from the "TCP/IP Properties" dialog box click "Specify an IP address". If the Internet Camera is situated on a different subnet than your workstation, you will not be able to set the IP address from this workstation. To verify make sure the first 3 sections of the IP address of the Internet Camera corresponds to the first 3 sections of the workstation. Therefore the IP address of the Internet Camera must be set from a workstation on the same subnet. **A3:** Other possible problems might be due to the network cable. Try replacing your network cable. Test the network interface of the product by connecting a local computer to the unit, utilizing a standard Crossover (hub to hub) Cable. If the problem is not solved the Internet Camera might be faulty.

Q: Why does the Power LED not light up constantly?

A: The power supply used might be at fault. Confirm that you are using the provided power supply DC 5V for the Internet Camera and verify that the power supply is well connected.

Q: Why does the Link LED not light up properly?

A1: There might be a problem with the network cable. To confirm that the cables are working, PING the address of a know device on the network. If the cabling is OK and your network is reachable, you should receive a reply similar to the following $(\dots bytes = 32 \text{ time} = 2 \text{ ms}).$

A2: The network device utilized by the Internet Camera is not functioning properly such as hubs or switches. Confirm the power for the devices are well connected and functioning.

Q: Why does the Internet Camera work locally but not externally? **A1:** Might be caused from the firewall protection. Need to check the Internet firewall with your system administrator.

A2: The default router setting might be a possible reason. Need to double check if the configuration of the default router settings is required.

Q: Why does a series of broad vertical white line appears through out the image?

A: A likely issue is that the CMOS sensor becomes overloaded when the light source is too bright such as direct exposure to sunlight or halogen light. You need to reposition the Internet Camera into a more shaded area immediately as this will damage the CMOS sensor.

Q: Noisy images occur how can I solve the problem?

A1: The video images might be noisy if the Internet Camera is used is a very low light environment. To solve this issue you need more lighting.

A2: There might be transmission interference make sure there are no other devices on the network that will affect the transmission.

Q: There is poor image quality, how can I improve the image?

A1: A probable cause might be the incorrect display properties configuration for your desktop. You need to open the Display Properties on your desktop and configure your display to show at least 65'000 colors for example at least 16-bit.

Note:

Applying only 16 or 256 colors on your computer will produce dithering artifacts in the image.

A2: The configuration on the Internet Camera image display is incorrect. Through the Web Configuration Image section you need to adjust the image related parameter for improve images such as brightness, contrast, hue and light frequency. Please refer to the Web Configuration section for detail information.

Q: There are no images available through the web browser?

A: The ActiveX might be disabled. If you are viewing the images from Internet Explorer make sure ActiveX has been enabled in the Internet Options menu. Alternatively, you can use the Java Applet for viewing the required images.

D Time Zone Table

(GMT-12:00) Eniwetok, Kwajalein

(GMT-11:00) Midway Island, Samoa (GMT-10:00) Hawaii (GMT-09:00) Alaska (GMT-08:00) Pacific Time (US & Canada); Tijuana (GMT-07:00) Arizona (GMT-07:00) Mountain Time (US & Canada) (GMT-06:00) Central Time (US & Canada) (GMT-06:00) Mexico City, Tegucigalpa (GMT-06:00) Saskatchewan (GMT-05:00) Saskatchewan (GMT-05:00) Bogota, Lima, Quito (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada) (GMT-05:00) Indiana (East) (GMT-04:00) Atlantic Time (Canada) (GMT-04:00) Caracas, La Paz

(GMT-04:00) Santiago (GMT-03:30) Newfoundland (GMT-03:00) Brasilia (GMT-03:00) Buenos Aires, Georgetown (GMT-02:00) Mid-Atlantic (GMT-01:00) Azores, Cape Verde Is. (GMT) Casablanca, Monrovia (GMT) Greenwich Mean Time : Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London (GMT) Greenwich Mean Time : Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London (GMT) Greenwich Mean Time : Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London (GMT+01:00) Amsterdam, Berlin, Bern, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna (GMT+01:00) Belgrade, Bratislava, Budapest, Ljubljana, Prague (GMT+01:00) Brussels, Copenhagen, Madrid, Paris, Vilnius (GMT+01:00) Sarajevo, Skopje, Sofija, Warsaw, Zagreb (GMT+02:00) Athens, Istanbul, Minsk (GMT+02:00) Bucharest (GMT+02:00) Cairo (GMT+02:00) Harare, Pretoria (GMT+02:00) Helsinki, Riga, Tallinn (GMT+02:00) Jerusalem (GMT+03:00) Baghdad, Kuwait, Riyadh (GMT+03:00) Moscow, St. Petersburg, Volgograd (GMT+03:00) Nairobi (GMT+03:00) Nairobi (GMT+04:00) Abu Dhabi, Muscat (GMT+04:00) Baku, Tbilisi (GMT+04:00) Baku, Tbilisi (GMT+04:30) Kabul (GMT+05:00) Islamabad, Karachi, Tashkent (GMT+05:00) Islamabad, Karachi, Tashkent (GMT+05:00) Islamabad, Karachi, Tashkent (GMT+05:00) Islamabad, Karachi, Tashkent (GMT+05:00) Astana, Almaty, Dhaka (GMT+06:00) Colombo

(GMT+07:00) Bangkok, Hanoi, Jakarta (GMT+08:00) Beijing, Chongqing, Hong Kong, Urumqi (GMT+08:00) Perth (GMT+08:00) Taipei (GMT+09:00) Osaka, Sapporo, Tokyo (GMT+09:00) Seoul (GMT+09:00) Yakutsk (GMT+09:00) Yakutsk (GMT+09:30) Adelaide (GMT+09:30) Darwin (GMT+10:00) Brisbane (GMT+10:00) Canberra, Melbourne, Sydney (GMT+10:00) Guam, Port Moresby (GMT+10:00) Hobart (GMT+10:00) Vladivostok

(GMT+08:00) Singapore (GMT+08:00) Taipei (GMT+09:00) Osaka, Sapporo, Tokyo (GMT+09:00) Seoul (GMT+09:00) Yakutsk (GMT+09:30) Adelaide (GMT+09:30) Darwin (GMT+10:00) Brisbane (GMT+10:00) Canberra, Melbourne, Sydney (GMT+10:00) Guam, Port Moresby (GMT+10:00) Hobart (GMT+10:00) Vladivostok (GMT+11:00) Magadan, Solomon Is, New Caledonia

(GMT+12:00) Auckland, Wellington (GMT+12:00) Fiji, Kamchatka, Marshall Is.

90

E Xplug Control Installation

Installation To Web Server

Important Information

It is highly recommended to install the Xplug Control application to the Web Server for IE 5.0. It must be installed to a Public Domain with Fixed IP address.

1. Installation:

Copy the "xplug.ocx" file to any WEB Server table.

2. Setting (Configuration):

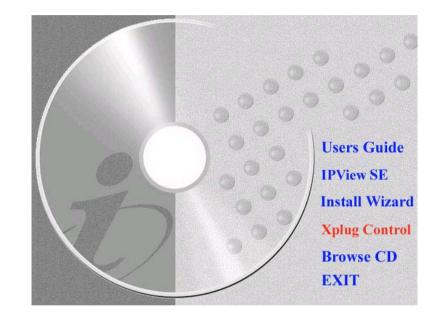
From the Web Configuration menu select "System" and under the "Loading ActiveX From" input web server location

(http://www.web server location.com/).

Once the settings are completed, the user now is able to access the Internet Camera from the web browser by selecting the image view – ActiveX mode.

Installation To Local PC

Insert the CD-ROM into the CD-ROM drive to initiate the autorun program. Once completed, a menu screen will appear as below:

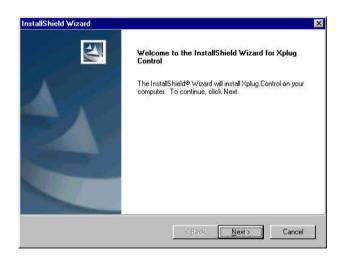


To install Xplug Control, click the **"Xplug Control"** button to activate the installation procedure for the plug-in program.

Once executed, a prompt will appear requesting the input of the desired language selection. Make the desired selection and click **"OK"** to continue.

2	Select the language for this installation from the choices below.
	English

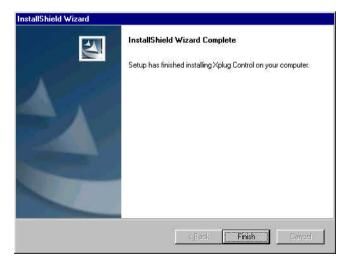
The Welcome screen will appear. Click the "**Next**" button to proceed with the installation.



The License Agreement prompt will appear as below. Read the details carefully and click the **"Yes"** button to continue with the installation procedure.

icense Agreement		
Please read the following license a	greement carefully.	
Press the PAGE DOWN key to see	e the rest of the agreement.	
 End User License Agreement		-
	DNTRACT. BY INSTALLING, DOWNLOA ACCEPT THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS	
	righted and is proprietary product . United States Copyright Law and Internatio	nal 🖵
	preceding License Agreement? If you choo ontrol, you must accept this agreement.	use No, the
tallShield		
	< Back Yes] No

Click the **"Finish"** button to complete Setup of the Xplug Control Utility program for the Internet Camera.



F Adjust Internet Camera Focus

To adjust the focus of the lens, you need to turn the lens slowly in either clockwise or anti-clockwise direction until the desired image appears. DO NOT over turn the lens in either of the directions as it will be out of focus.

Note:

You can further adjust the Wireless Internet Camera's image quality through **System Administration** – **Image** of Web Configuration. Please refer to Web Configuration section for further details.

Warning

Direct exposure to sunlight may cause permanent damage to the CMOS sensor. Therefore do not expose the Internet Camera's lens directly to sunlight. When operation is required in glaring light environment, it is recommended to use an iris lens.

The Internet Camera is designed for indoor usage and if your application requires prolong exposure to sunlight, a sun visor is recommended to protect the Internet Camera.

G Specification

Video Specification

640 x 480 pixel Resolution. 1/3" color CMOS sensor Sensor: Gain control: Automatic Exposure: Automatic White Balance: Automatic Shutter[.] Electronics $1/60 \sim 1/15000$ sec Minimum Illumination 2.5 lux@f1.4, 3000K color Focal Length: 6.0 mm Aperture: F=1 8 Signal/ Noise ratio 57dB Focus Extent: $20 \text{ cm} - \infty$ Lens mounting: Fixed board lens

Image (Video Setting)

Image compression: Frame rate: Compression Rate selection: Frame rate setting:

Video resolution: Brightness control: Contrast control : Saturation control: JPEG 20fps@SIF, 6fps@VGA Auto 1, 5, 7, 15, 20, auto (depends on the video format) 320x240, 640x480 Range 1- 128 Range 1- 128 Yes

Hardware Interface

LAN Connector:

LED Indicator:

One RJ-45 port to connect to 10/100Mbps Ethernet, auto-sensed Power LED (Green) Link LED (Yellow)

Note:

LED three mode setting can be changed by software. (Normal / Off / Dummy) Power Supply: DC 5V, switching type Power Communication: 2.75 Watt (550mA x 5V)

Communication Support

Communication:10/100Mbps Ethernet onlyCommunication protocol:10/T00Mbps Ethernet onlyHTTP, FTP, TCP/IP, UDP, ARP,ICMP, BOOTP, RARP, DHCP,PPPoE

Browser Support

System requirement:

CPU:	Pentium II, 266 MHz or above
Memory Size:	32 MB (64 MB recommended)
VGA card resolution:	800x600 or above

- Internet Explorer 5.0 or above
- Netscape 6.0 or above

Note:

ActiveX Mode –View Image supports Internet Explorer under Windows OS.

IPView SE Application

Support OS: Win 98 SE, Win 2000, Win Me, Win XP

System requirement for IPView:

CPU:	Pentium III, 450 MHz or above
Memory Size:	128 MB (256 MB recommended)
VGA card resolution:	800x600 or above

Operating environment

Operating temperature: $5^{\circ}C \sim 50^{\circ}C$ Storage temperature: $-25^{\circ}C \sim 50^{\circ}C$ Humidity: $5\% \sim 95\%$ non-condensing

EMI

FCC, CE

HGlossary of Terms

NUMBERS

- **10BASE-T** 10BASE-T is Ethernet over UTP Category III,IV, or V unshielded twisted-pair media.
- **100BASE-TX** The two-pair twisted-media implementation of 100BASE-T is called *100BASE-TX*.
- **802.11b** An IEEE standard for wireless local area networks. It offers transmissions speeds at up to 11 Mbps in the 2.4-GHz band.

A

- Access point It is the hardware interface between a wireless LAN and a wired LAN. The access point attaches to the wired LAN through an Ethernet connection.
- Applet Applets are small Java programs that can be embedded in an HTML page. The rule at the moment is that an applet can only make an Internet connection to the computer form that the applet was sent.
- **ASCII** American Standard Code For Information Interchange, it is the standard method for encoding characters as 8-bit sequences of binary numbers, allowing a maximum of 256 characters.
- **ARP** Address Resolution Protocol. ARP is a protocol that resides at the 100

TCP/IP Internet layer that delivers data on the same network by translating an IP address to a physical address.

AVI Audio Video Interleave, it is a Windows platform audio and video file type, a common format for small movies and videos.

B

BOOTP Bootstrap Protocol is an Internet protocol that can automatically configure a network device in a diskless workstation to give its own IP address.

С

- **Communication** Communication has four components: sender, receiver, message, and medium. In networks, devices and application tasks and processes communicate messages to each other over media. They represent the sender and receivers. The data they send is the message. The cabling or transmission method they use is the medium.
- **Connection** In networking, two devices establish a connection to communicate with each other.

D

DHCP Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol was developed by Microsoft a protocol for assigning dynamic IP addresses to devices on a network. With dynamic addressing, a device can have a different IP address every time it connects to the network. In some systems, the device's IP address can even change while it is still connected. DHCP also supports a mix of static and dynamic IP addresses. This simplifies the task for network administrators because the software keeps track of IP addresses rather than requiring an administrator to manage the task. This means a new computer can be added to a network without the hassle of manually assigning it a unique IP address. DHCP allows the specification for the service provided by a router, gateway, or other network device that automatically assigns an IP address to any device that requests one

DNS Domain Name System is an Internet service that translates domain names into IP addresses. Since domain names are alphabetic, they're easier to remember. The Internet however, is really based on IP addresses every time you use a domain name the DNS will translate the name into the corresponding IP address. For example, the domain name *www.network_camera.com* might translate to 192.167.222.8.

E

F

- **Enterprise** An enterprise network consists of collections of networks network connected to each other over a geographically dispersed area. The enterprise network serves the needs of a widely distributed company and operates the company's mission-critical applications.
- **Ethernet** The most popular LAN communication technology. There are a variety of types of Ethernet, including 10 Mbps (traditional Ethernet), 100 Mbps (Fast Ethernet), and 1,000 Mbps (Gigabit Ethernet). Most Ethernet networks use Category 5 cabling to carry information, in the form of electrical signals, between devices. Ethernet is an implementation of CSMA/CD that operates in a bus or star topology.

- **Fast Ethernet** Fast Ethernet, also called 100BASE-T, operates at 10 or 100Mbps per second over UTP, STP, or fiber-optic media.
- **Firewall** Firewall is considered the first line of defense in protecting private information. For better security, data can be encrypted. A system designed to prevent unauthorized access to or from a private network. Firewalls are frequently used to prevent unauthorized Internet users from accessing private networks connected to the Internet, especially Intranets all messages entering or leaving the intranet pass through the firewall, which examines each message and blocks those that do not meet the specified security criteria.

G

- Gateway A gateway links computers that use different data formats together.
 Group Groups consist of several user machines that have similar characteristics such as being in the same department.
 H
 HEX Short for hexadecimal refers to the base-16 number system, which consists of 16 unique symbols: the numbers 0 to 9 and the letters
 - A to F. For example, the decimal number 15 is represented as F in the hexadecimal numbering system. The hexadecimal system is useful because it can represent every byte (8 bits) as two consecutive hexadecimal digits. It is easier for humans to read hexadecimal numbers than binary numbers.
- Ι

IEEE

Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers.

Intranet	This is a private network, inside an organization or company, that uses the same software you will find on the public Internet. The only difference is that an Intranet is used for internal usage only.
Internet	The Internet is a globally linked system of computers that are logically connected based on the Internet Protocol (IP). The Internet provides different ways to access private and public information worldwide.
Internet address	To participate in Internet communications and on Internet Protocol-based networks, a node must have an Internet address that identifies it to the other nodes. All Internet addresses are IP addresses
IP	Internet Protocol is the standard that describes the layout of the basic unit of information on the Internet (the <i>packet</i>) and also details the numerical addressing format used to route the information. Your Internet service provider controls the IP address of any device it connects to the Internet. The IP addresses in your network must conform to IP addressing rules. In smaller LANs, most people will allow the DHCP function of a router or gateway to assign the IP addresses on internal networks.
IP address	IP address is a 32-binary digit number that identifies each sender or receiver of information that is sent in packets across the Internet. For example 80.80.80.69 is an IP address, it is the closet thing the Internet has to telephone numbers. When you "call" that number, using any connection methods, you get connected to the computer that "owns" that IP address.
ISP	Internet Service Provider, is a company that maintains a network that is linked to the Internet by way of a dedicated communication line. An ISP offers the use of its dedicated communication lines

1 . . 1

to companies or individuals who can't afford the high monthly cost for a direct connection.

J

.1 .

Java is a programming language that is specially designed for JAVA writing programs that can be safely downloaded to your computer through the Internet without the fear of viruses. It is an objectoriented multi-thread programming best for creating applets and applications for the Internet, Intranet and other complex, distributed network

L

LAN Local Area Network a computer network that spans a relatively small area sharing common resources. Most LANs are confined to a single building or group of buildings.

Ν

- NAT Network Address Translator generally applied by a router, that makes many different IP addresses on an internal network appear to the Internet as a single address. For routing messages properly within your network, each device requires a unique IP address. But the addresses may not be valid outside your network. NAT solves the problem. When devices within your network request information from the Internet, the requests are forwarded to the Internet under the router's IP address, NAT distributes the responses to the proper IP addresses within your network.
- Network A network consists of a collection of two or more devices, people, or components that communicate with each other over physical or virtual media. The most common types of network are: LAN – (local area network): Computers are in close distance to one another. They are usually in the same office space, room, or building.

WAN – (wide area network): The computers are in different geographic locations and are connected by telephone lines or radio waves.

NWay Protocol A network protocol that can automatically negotiate the highest possible transmission speed between two devices.

Р

- **PING** Packet Internet Groper, a utility used to determine whether a specific IP address is accessible. It functions by sending a packet to the specified address and waits for a reply. It is primarily used to troubleshoot Internet connections.
- **PPPoE** Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet. PPPoE is a specification for connecting the users on an Ethernet to the Internet through a common broadband medium, such as DSL or cable modem. All the users over the Ethernet share a common connection.
- Protocol Communication on the network is governed by sets of rules called protocols. Protocols provide the guidelines devices use to communicate with each other, and thus they have different functions. Some protocols are responsible for formatting and presenting and presenting data that will be transferred from file server memory to the file server's net work adapter Others are responsible for filtering information between networks and forwarding data to its destination. Still other protocols dictate how data is transferred across the medium, and how servers respond to workstation requests and vice versa. Common network protocols responsible for the presentation and formatting of data for a network operating system are the Internetwork Packet Exchange (IPX) protocol or the Internet Protocol (IP). Protocols that dictate the format of data for transferors the medium include tokenpassing and Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection (CSMA/CD), implemented as token-ring, ARCNET,

FDDI, or Ethernet. The Router Information Protocol (RIP),a part of the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) suite, forwards packets from one network to another using the same network protocol.

R

RARP	Reverse Address Resolution Protocol, a TCP/IP protocol that allows a physical address, such as an Ethernet address, to be translated into an IP address.
RJ-45	RJ-45 connector is used for Ethernet cable connections.
Router	A router is the network software or hardware entity charged with routing packets between networks.
S	
Server	It is a simple computer that provides resources, such as files or other information.
SMTP	The Simple Mail Transfer Protocol is used for Internet mail.
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol. SNMP was designed to provide a common foundation for managing network devices.
Station	In LANs, a station consists of a device that can communicate data on the network. In FDDI, a station includes both physical nodes and addressable logical devices. Workstations, single-attach stations, dual-attach stations, and concentrators are FDDI stations.
Subnet mask	In TCP/IP, the bits used to create the subnet are called the subnet mask.

Т

- (TCP/IP) Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol is a widely used transport protocol that connects diverse computers of various transmission methods. It was developed y the Department of Defense to connect different computer types and led to the development of the Internet.
- **Transceiver** A transceiver joins two network segments together. Transceivers can also be used to join a segment that uses one medium to a segment that uses a different medium. On a 10BASE-5 network, the transceiver connects the network adapter or other network device to the medium. Transceivers also can be used on 10BASE-2 or 10BASE-T networks to attach devices with AUI ports.

U

- **UDP** The User Datagram Protocol is a connectionless protocol that resides above IP in the TCP/IP suite
- **ULP** The upper-layer protocol refers to Application Layer protocols such as FTP,SNMP, and SMTP.
- **User Name** The USERNAME is the unique name assigned to each person who has access to the LAN.
- Utility It is a program that performs a specific task.
- **UTP** Unshielded twisted-pair. UTP is a form of cable used by all access methods. It consists of several pairs of wires enclosed in an unshielded sheath.

W

- **WAN** Wide-Area Network. A wide-area network consists of groups of interconnected computers that are separated by a wide distance and communicate with each other via common carrier telecommunication techniques.
- **Windows** Windows is a graphical user interface for workstations that use DOS.
- **Workgroup** A workgroup is a group of users who are physically located together and connected to the same LAN, or a group of users who are scattered throughout an organization but are logically connected by work and are connected to the same network group.
- **Workstations** Workstation refers to the intelligent computer on the user's desktop. This computer may be an Intel-based PC, a Macintosh, or a UNIX-based workstation. The workstation is any intelligent device a user works from.

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