





IP Surveillance

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Overview

VIVOTEK FD7132 is a 3-axis fixed dome network camera with true day and night function for indoor 24-hour continuous surveillance. Coupled with a removable IR-cut filter and IR illuminators up to 15 M (50ft), the high-sensitive FD7132 provides superior quality images in both day and night conditions. The sophisticated 3-axis mechanism design offers very flexible, easy hardware installation for either ceiling or wall mount. You may pan, tilt, or roll your camera and still have a wide range field of view by a 3.3~12 mm vari-focal, auto-iris board lens. Additionally, the built-in PIR (Passive Infrared) sensor can effectively help you detect any motion objects by their thermal to prevent occurrences of false alarms. By offering many advanced functions including simultaneous dual streams, 3GPP mobile surveillance, 802.3af compliant PoE, two-way audio by SIP protocol, and HTTPS encryption, this full-featured FD7132 allows you to easily build up a cost-effective IP surveillance system for indoor day and night applications such as offices, banks, retail stores and much more.

Read before use

The use of surveillance devices may be prohibited by law in your country. The Network Camera is not only a high-performance web-ready camera but also can be part of a flexible surveillance system. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the operation of such devices is legal before installing this unit for its intended use.

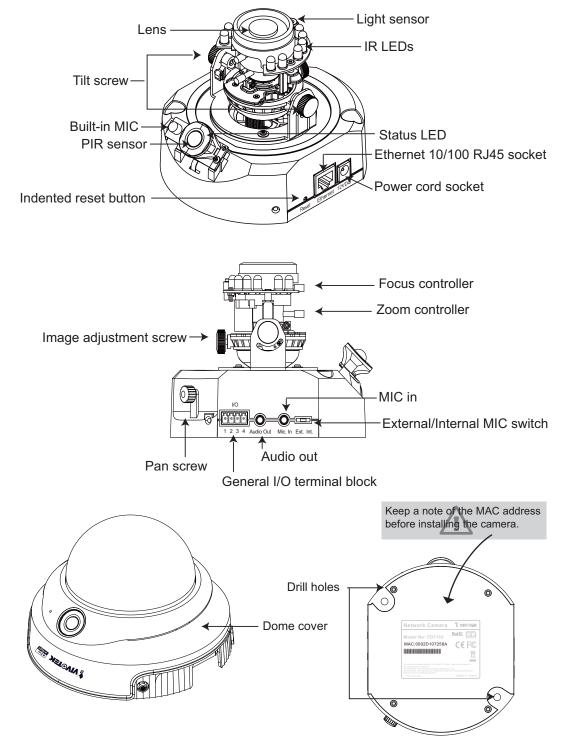
It is important to first verify that all contents received are complete according to the Package contents listed below. Take notice of the warnings in Quick Installation Guide before the Network Camera is installed; then carefully read and follow the instructions in the Installation chapter to avoid damages due to faulty assembly and installation. This also ensures the product is used properly as intended.

The Network Camera is a network device and its use should be straightforward for those who have basic network knowledge. It is designed for various applications including video sharing, general security/surveillance, etc. The Configuration chapter suggests ways to best utilize the Network Camera and ensure proper operations. For the creative and professional developers, the URL Commands of the Network Camera section serves to be a helpful reference to customize existing homepages or integrating with the current web server.

Package contents

- FD7132
- Power adapter
- Software CD
- Alignment sticker
- Warranty card
- Quick installation guide
- Screwdriver
- Screws and I/O connector

Physical description



General I/O Terminal Block

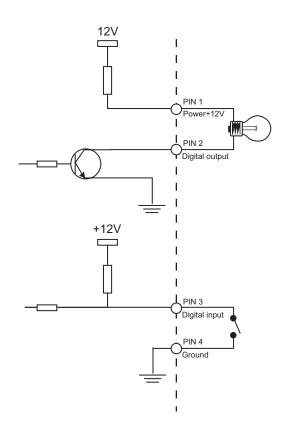
This Network Camera provides a general I/O terminal block which is used to connect external input / output devices. The pin definitions are described below.



1: Power 2: Digital output 3: Digital input 4: Ground

DI/DO Diagram

Refer to the following illustration for connection method.

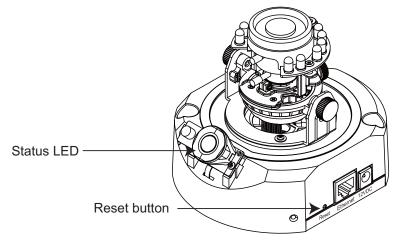


Status LED

The LED indicates the status of the Network Camera.

Description	Status LED
Blinking green and orange (twice)	Power on or reset
Non light	During booting procedure
Steady orange till IP address is confirmed	Detecting and setting network
Blinking orange and red continuously	After network is setup (system up)
Rapidly blink orange till firmware is upgraded	During the upgrade firmware process

Hardware Reset



There is a button in the back of the Network Camera. It is used to reset the system or restore the factory default settings. Sometimes resetting the system could set the system back to normal state. If the system problems remain after reset, restore the factory settings and install again.

<u>Reset</u>: Press and release the indented reset button with a needle. Wait for the Network Camera to reboot.

<u>Restore</u>: Press on the reset button continuously until the status LED rapidly blinks orange. It takes about 30 seconds. Note that all settings will be restored to factory default. Upon successful restore, the status LED will blink orange and red.

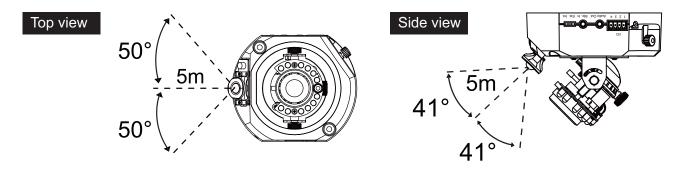
Installation

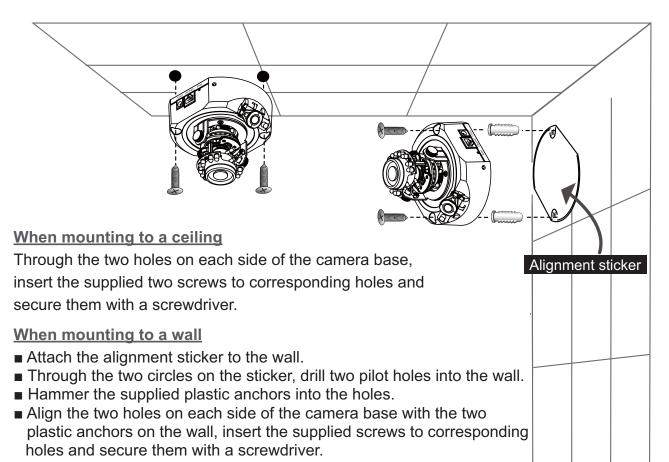
Hardware installation

1. Use the supplied screwdriver to detach the dome cover from the camera base. Then, follow the steps below to install the camera; either to a ceiling or to a wall.

Installation Tips

Before installing the camera, look for a spot that best suits your needs. The built-in PIR sensor is designed to be triggered when a person enters its detection range. Therefore, it is crucial to install the camera at a place with the PIR sensor facing the desired direction. (The sensitivity of PIR sensor depends on object size and temperature differences between the object and the background environment.)

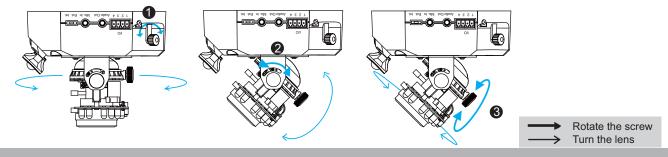




- 3. Feed power to the Network Camera and connect it to the Internet. For more information, please refer to Network deployment on page 9 for details.
- 4. Install the "Installation Wizard 2" to assign IP address to the Network Camera. For more information, please refer to Software installation on page 12 for details.
- 5. Access to the Network Camera from the Internet. For more information, please refer to Accessing the Network Camera on page 13 for details.
- 6. It is suggusted to select Fix Iris in the Audio and Video page (Choose Configuration > Advanced mode > Audio and video) to set up the iris at the maximum value; then follow the instustions on the next page to adjust the zoom factor and focus range. Upon completion, uncheck this item to enable auto iris.
- 7. Based on the live image retrieved from the camera, adjust the camera lens as following steps.

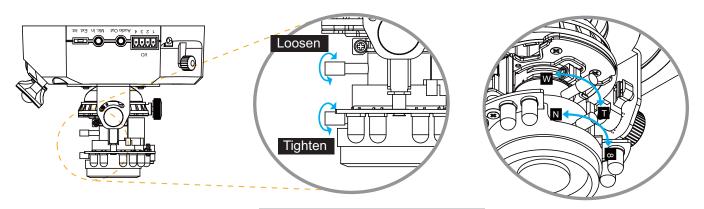
To adjust the viewing angle

- Loosen the pan screw and then turn the lens module left and right. Upon completion, tighten the pan screw.
- Loosen the tilt screws on both side of the camera and then turn the lens module up and down. Upon completion, tighten the tilt screws.
- Loosen the image adjustment screw and then turn the lens to adjust the image orientation. Upon completion, tighten the image adjustment screw.



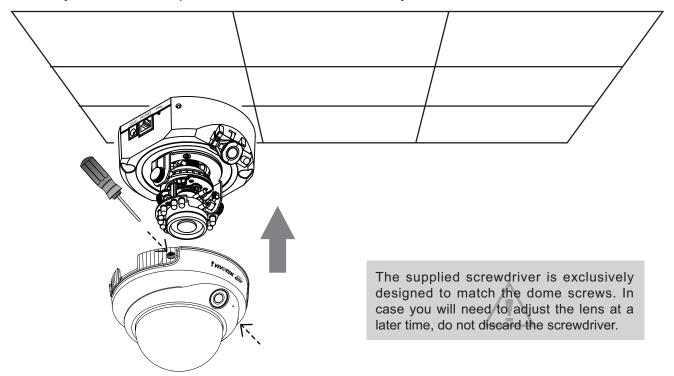
To adjust the zoom factor and focus range

- Loosen the zoom controller and then adjust zoom factor by moving the controller left and right. Upon completion, tighten the zoom controller.
- Loosen the focus controller and then adjust focus range by moving the controller left and right. Upon completion, tighten the focus controller.



DO NOT over tighten the controllers. Doing so can damage the structure of camera lens.

7. Attach the dome cover to camera. Secure the two dome screws with a screwdriver. Finally, make sure all parts of the camera are securely installed.

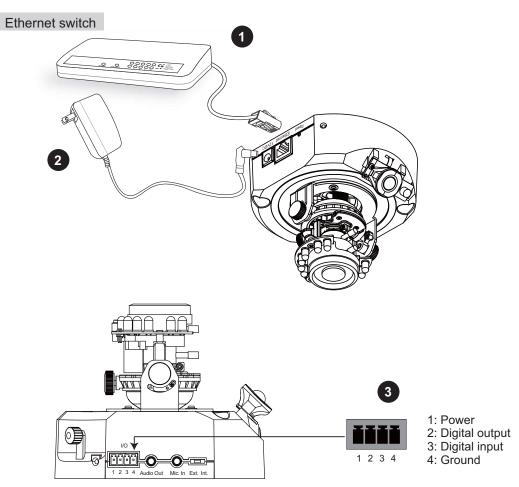


Network deployment

Setup the Network Camera over the Internet

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to Internet connection.

- 1. If you have external devices such as sensors and alarms, make connection from general I/O terminal block.
- 2. Connect the camera to a switch via Ethernet cable.
- 3. Connect the supplied power cable from the Network Camera to a power outlet.

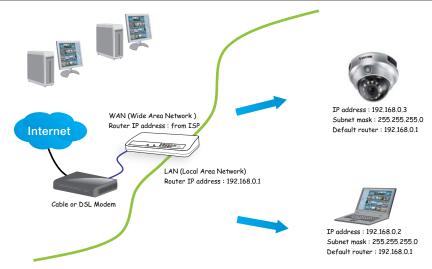


There are several ways to setup the Network Camera over the Internet. The first way is to setup the Network Camera behind a router. The second way is to utilize a static IP. The third way is to use PPPoE.

Internet connection via a router

Before setting up the Network Camera over the Internet, make sure you have a router and follow the steps below.

1. Connect your Network Camera behind a router, the Internet environment is illustrated as below. About how to get your IP address, please refer to Software installation on page 12 for details.



- 2. In this case, if the Local Area Network (LAN) IP address of your Network Camera is 192.168.0.3, please forward the following ports for the Network Camera on the router.
- HTTP port
- RTSP port
- RTP port for audio
- RTCP port for audio
- RTP port for video
- RTCP port for video

If you have changed the port numbers on the Network page, please open the ports accordingly on your router. For information on how to forward ports on the router, please refer to the user's manual of your router.

3. Find out the public IP address of your router provided by your ISP (Internet Service Provider). Use the public IP and the secondary HTTP port to access the Network Camera from the Internet. Please refer to Network Type on page 33 for details.

Internet connection with static IP

Choose this connection type if you are required to use a static IP for the Network Camera. Please refer to LAN on page 33 for details.

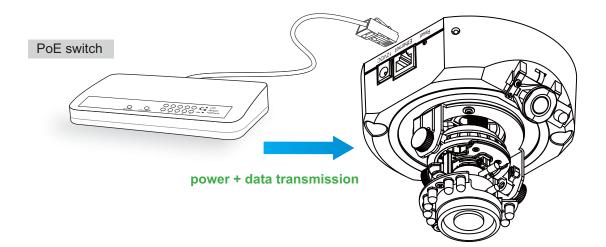
Internet connection via PPPoE (Point-to-Point over Ethernet)

Choose this connection type if you are connected to the Internet via a DSL Line. Please refer to PPPoE on page 34 for details.

Set up the Network Camera through Power over Ethernet (PoE)

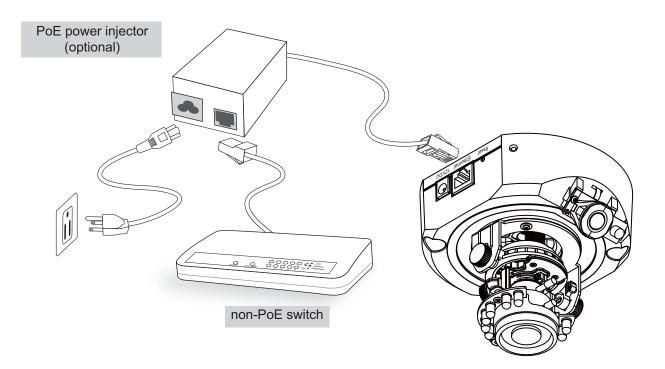
When using a PoE-enabled switch

The Network Camera is PoE-compliant, which allows it to be powered via a single Ethernet cable. If your switch/router supports PoE, refer to the following illustration to connect the Network Camera to a PoE-enabled switch/router via an Ethernet cable.



When using a non-PoE switch

If your switch/router does not support PoE, use a PoE power injector (optional) to connect between the Network Camera and a non-PoE switch/router.



Software installation

Installation Wizard 2 (IW2), free-bundled software packaged in the product CD, helps to set up your Network Camera in LAN.

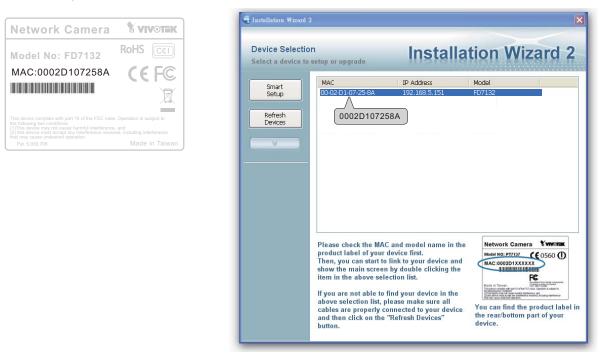
1. Install the IW2 under the Software Utility directory from the software CD. Double click the IW2 shortcut on your desktop to launch the program.



2. The program will conduct analyses on your network environment. After your network environment is analyzed, please click Next to continue the program.

🦷 Installation Wizard 2 - Network Environment Analysis 🛛 🔀	🖷 Installation Wizard 2 - Network Type
Installation Wizard 2	Installation Wizard 2
The wizard is analyzing your network environment. Please wait a moment.	Your network environment was analyzed as below. Private DHCP
	Internet Cable/DSL modem Router CC
Ext Cancel	Exit

- 3. The program will search all VIVOTEK devices in the same LAN.
- 4. After searching, the main installer window will pop up. Click on the MAC and model name which match the product label on your device to connect to the Network Camera via the Internet Explorer.



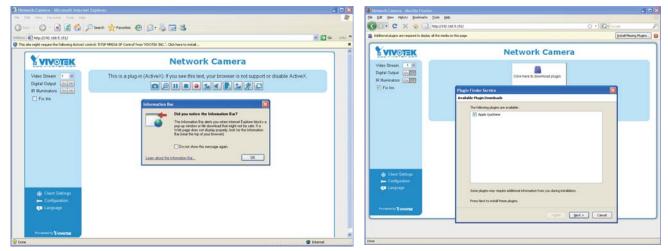
Accessing the Network Camera

This chapter explains how to access the Network Camera through web browsers, RTSP players, 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, and VIVOTEK recording software.

Using web browsers

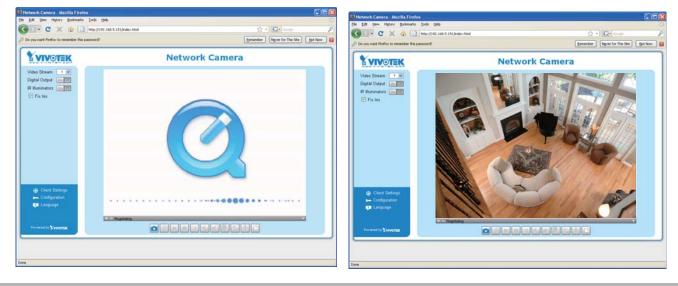
Make use of Installation Wizard 2 (IW2) to access to the Network Cameras in LAN.

- If your network environment is not in LAN, follow the steps to access the Network Camera:
- 1. Launch your web browser (ex. Microsoft[®] Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox or Netscape).
- 2. Enter the IP address of the Network Camera in the address field. Press Enter.
- 3. The live video will be displayed in your web browser.
- 4. If it is the first time for you to install VIVOTEK's network camera, some information bar will pop up as below. Follow the instruction to install required plug-in on your computer.



<u>NOTE</u>

For Mozilla Firefox or Netscape users, your browser will use Quick Time to stream the live video. If you donn't have Quick Time on your computer, please download it first, and then launch the web browser.



- By default, the Network Camera is not password-protected. To prevent unauthorized accesses, it is highly recommended to set a password for the Network Camera. For more information about how to enable password protection, please refer to Security on page 27.
- If you see a dialog box indicating that your security settings prohibit running ActiveX[®] Controls, please enable your ActiveX[®] Controls for your browser.
- 1. Choose Tools > Internet Options > Security > Custom Level.



2. Look for Download signed ActiveX[®] controls; select Enable or Prompt. Click OK.

Security Settings	? 🛛
Settings:	
ActiveX controls and plug-ins Download signed ActiveX controls Disable Enable Prompt Prompt	<
Download unsigned ActiveX controls Disable Enable Prompt Disable Tritialize and script ActiveX controls not marked as s Disable Enable Frompt Attribute and script ActiveX controls not marked as s	afε ▼
Reset custom settings Reset to: Medium Reset	
OK Can	cel

Using RTSP players

To view the MPEG-4 streaming media using RTSP players, you can use one of the following players that support RTSP streaming.



Quick Time Player

real Player

- 1. Launch a RTSP player.
- 2. Choose File > Open URL. An URL dialog box will pop up.
- 3. The format is rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream1 or stream2>

As most ISP and players only support port number 554 to allow RTSP streaming to go through, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 39.

For example:

Open URL			
Enter an Internet URL to op	en:		
rtsp://192.168.5.151:554	live.sdp		~
			Cancel

4. The live video will be displayed in your player.

For more information on how to configure RTSP access name, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 39 for details.



Using 3GPP-compatible mobile devices

To view the streaming media through 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, make sure the Network Camera can be accessed from the Internet. For more information on how to set up the Network Camera over the Internet, please refer to Setup the Network Camera over the Internet on page 9.

To utilize this feature, please check the following settings on your Network Camera:

- 1. Because most players on 3GPP mobile phones do not support RTSP authentication, make sure the authentication mode of RTSP streaming is set to disable. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 39.
- As the 3G network bandwidth is limited, you can't use large video size. Please set the video and audio streaming parameters as listed below.
 For more information, please refer to Audio and video on page 44.

Video Mode	MPEG-4
Frame size	176 x 144
Maximum frame rate	5 fps
Intra frame period	1S
Video quality (Constant bit rate)	40kbps
Audio type (GSM-AMR)	12.2kbps

- 3. As most ISP and players only support port number 554 to allow RTSP streaming to go through, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 39.
- 4. Launch the players on 3GPP-compatible mobile devices (ex. Real Player).
- 5. Type the URL commands in the player.

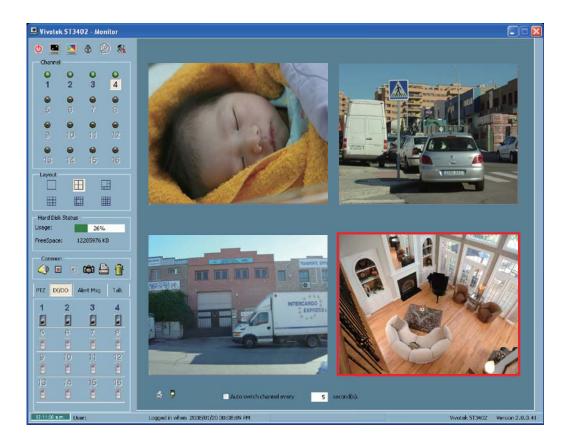
The format is rtsp://<public ip address of your camera>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream1 or stream2>.

For example:

Open URL			
Enter an Internet URL to op	en:		
rtsp://192.168.5.151:554/	live.sdp		~
		ОК	Cancel

Using VIVOTEK recording software

The product software CD also contains recording software, allowing simultaneous monitoring and video recording for multiple Network Cameras. Please install the recording software; then launch the program to add the Network Camera to the Channel list. For detailed information about how to use the recording software, please refer to the user's manual of the software or download it at http://www.vivotek.com.



Main Page

This chapter explains the layout of the main page. It is composed of the following sections: Logo of VIVOTEK INC., Host name, Camera control panel, Menu, and Live video window.



Logo of VIVOTEK INC.

Click this logo to visit VIVOTEK website.

Host name

The host name can be customized to fit your needs. For more information, please refer to System on page 25.

Camera control area

<u>Video Stream</u>: This Network Cmera supports MJPEG or MPEG-4 dual streams simultaneously. You can select either one for live viewing.

Digital Output: Click to turn on or off the digital output device.

Configuration area

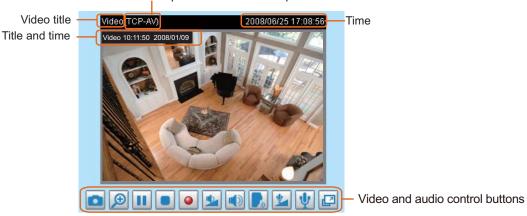
<u>Client Settings</u>: Click this button to access the client setting page. For more information, please refer to Client Settings on page 22.

<u>Configuration</u>: Click this button to access the configuration page of Network Camera. It is suggested that a password is applied to the Network Camera so that only the administrator can configure the Network Camera. For more information, please refer to Configuration on page 24.

<u>Language</u>: Click this button to choose a language for the user interface. Language options are available in: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 簡体中文 and 繁體中文.

Live Video Window

The following window is displayed when the video mode is set to MPEG-4:



MPEG-4 protocol and media options

Video title: The video title can be configured. For more information, please refer to Video settings on page 44.

<u>MPEG-4 protocol and media options</u>: The transmission protocol and media options for MPEG-4 video streaming. For further configuration, please refer to Client Settings on page 22.

<u>Time</u>: Display the current time. For further configuration, please refer to Video settings on page 44.

<u>Title and time</u>: Video title and time can be stamped on the streaming video. For further configuration, please refer to Video settings on page 44.

<u>Video and audio control buttons</u>: Depending on the Network Camera model and Network Camera configuration, some buttons may not be available.

Snapshot: Click this button to capture and save still images. The captured images will be displayed in a pop-up window. Right-click the image and choose **Save Picture As** to save it in JPEG (*.jpg) or BMP (*.bmp) format.

Digital zoom: Click and uncheck **Disable digital zoom** to enable the zoom operation. The navigation screen indicates which part of the image is being magnified. To control the zoom level, drag the slider bar. To move to a different area you want to magnify, drag the navigation screen.

n Factors: 100	10%
	_



<u>Pause</u>: Pause the transmission of streaming media. The button becomes **P** Resume button after clicking the Pause button.

Stop: Stop the transmission of streaming media. Click the Resume button to continue transmission.

Start MP4 recording: Click this button to record video clips in MP4 file format to your computer. Press the Stop MP4 recording button to end recording. When you quit the web browser, video recording stops accordingly. To specify the storage destination and the file name, please refer to MP4 Saving Options on page 23 for details.

Volume: When the Mute function is not activated, move the slider bar to adjust the volume at local computer.

Mute: Turn off the volume at local computer. The button becomes Madio on button after clicking the Mute button.

Talk: Click this button to talk to people around the Network Camera. Audio will come out from the external speaker connected to the Network Camera. Click this button again to stop talk.

Mic Volume: When the W Mute function is not activated, move the slider bar to adjust the microphone volume at local computer.

W Mute: Turn off the Mic volume at local computer. The button becomes M Mic on button after clicking the Mute button.

Full Screen: Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press "Esc" key to switch back to normal mode.

■ The following window is displayed when the video mode is set to MJPEG:

Video title

Title and time



Video control buttons

-Time

<u>Video title</u>: The video title can be configured. For more information, please refer to Video settings on page 44.

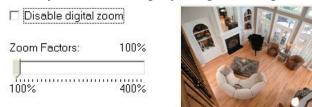
Time: Display the current time. For more information, please refer to Video settings on page 44.

<u>Title and time</u>: Video title and time can be stamped on the streaming video. For more information, please refer to Video settings on page 44.

<u>Video and audio control buttons</u>: Depending on the Network Camera model and Network Camera configuration, some buttons may not be available.

Snapshot: Click this button to capture and save still images. The captured images will be displayed in a pop-up window. Right-click the image and choose **Save Picture As** to save it in JPEG (*.jpg) or BMP (*.bmp) format.

Digital zoom: Click and uncheck Disable digital zoom to enable the zoom operation. The navigation screen indicates which part of the image is being magnified. To control the zoom level, drag the slider bar. To move to a different area you want to magnify, drag the navigation screen.



Start MP4 recording: Click this button to record video clips in MP4 file format to your computer. Press the Stop MP4 recording button to end recording. When you quit the web browser, video recording stops accordingly. To specify the storage destination and the file name, please refer to MP4 Saving Options on page 23 for details.

Full Screen: Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press "Esc" key to switch back to normal mode.

Client Settings

This chapter explains how to select the stream transmission mode and saving options at local computer. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** on the page bottom to take effect.

MPEG-4 Media Options

MPEG-4 Media Options -	
Video and Audio	
Video Only	
O Audio Only	

Select to stream video or audio data. This works only when the video mode is set to MPEG-4.

MPEG-4 Protocol Options

- MPEG-4 Protocol Options -		
O UDP Unicast		
O UDP Multicast		
● TCP		
○ HTTP		

Depending on your network environment, there are four transmission modes of MPEG-4 streaming:

<u>UDP unicast</u>: This protocol allows for more real-time audio and video streams. However, network packets may be lost due to network burst traffic and images may be broken. Activate UDP connection when occasions require time-sensitive responses and the video quality is less important. Note that each unicast client connecting to the server takes up additional bandwidth and the Network Camera allows up to ten simultaneous accesses.

<u>UDP multicast</u>: This protocol allows multicast-enabled routers to forward network packets to all clients requesting streaming media. This helps to reduce the network transmission load of the Network Camera while serving multiple clients at the same time. Note that to utilize this feature, the Network Camera must be configured to enable multicast streaming at the same time. For more information, see RTSP Streaming on page 34.

<u>TCP</u>: This protocol guarantees the complete delivery of streaming data and thus provides better video quality. Nevertheless, the downside with this protocol is that its real-time effect is not as good as that of the UDP protocol.

<u>HTTP</u>: This protocol allows the same quality as TCP protocol and you don't need to open specific port for streaming under some network environments. Users inside a firewall can utilize this protocol to allow streaming data to come through.

MP4 Saving Options

Ider: c:\Record	Browse	
e name prefix: CLIP		
Add date and time suffix to fil	e name	

Users can record the live video as they are watching it by clicking Start MP4 Recording on the main page. Here, you can specify the storage destination and file name.

Folder: Specify a storage destination for the recorded video files.

File Name Prefix: Enter the text that will be put in front of the video file name.

Add date and time suffix to the file name: Select this option to add date and time to the file name suffix.



Configuration

Click **Configuration** on the main page will enter the camera setting pages. Note that only Administrators can access the configuration page.

VIVOTEK offers an easy-to-use user interface that helps you setup your network camera without much efforts. To simplify the setting procedure, VIVOTEK designs two kinds of user inferface-advanced mode for professional users and basic mode for entry-level users. Some advanced functions (HTTPS/ Access list/ Homepage layout/ Application/ Recording/ System log/ View parameters) won't be displayed in basic mode.

If you want to set up advanced functions, please click **[Advanced mode]** on the bottom of the configuration list to quickly switch to Advanced mode.

Another smart design to keep this user interface neat and easy to configure is that the detailed information will be hidden unless you click on the function item. When you click on the first function item, the detailed information of the first function item will be displayed; when you click on the second function item, the detailed information of the second function item will be displayed and that of the first function item will roll up simultaneously.

Following is the interface of Basic mode and Advanced mode:

	>System	
Home	System	
System	Host name: Network Camera	
Security	Turn off the LED indicator	
Network	Configuration list System Time	
DDNS	C Keep current date and time	
Audio and video	Sync with computer time:	
Motion detection	Manual: Automatic:	
Maintenance	NTP server:	
	Updating interval: One day	
[Advanced mode]	DI and DO	
	Digital input: The active state is Low 🖌 ; the current state detected is High	
	Digital output: The active state is Grounded 💽 ; the current state detected is Open	
	Save	
	Click to switch to Advanced mode	
Version: 0100d	- Firmware Version	

Basic mode

Advanced mode

VIVOTEK	Configuration
	>System
Home	System
System	Host name: Network Camera
Security	Turn off the LED indicator
HTTPS	System Time
Network	Time zone: 🛛 GMT+08:00 Beijing, Chongging, Hong Kong, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore, Taipei 💌
DDNS	Note: You can upload your Daylight Saving Time rules on Maintenance page or use the camera default value.
Access list	
Audio and video	Keep current date and time Sync with computer time:
Motion detection	O Manual:
Homepage layout	O Automatic:
Application	DI and DO
Recording	Digital input: The active state is Low 💌 ; the current state detected is High
System log	Digital output: The active state is Grounded 🤜 ; the current state detected is Open
View parameters	Save
Maintenance	Configuration list
[Basic mode]	Click to switch to Basic mode
Version: 0100d	Firmware Version

Each function on the configuration list will be explained in the following sections. Those functions that only show in Advanced mode are marked with Advanced mode. If you want to set up advanced functions, please click [Advanced mode] on the bottom of the configuration list to quickly switch to Advanced mode.

System

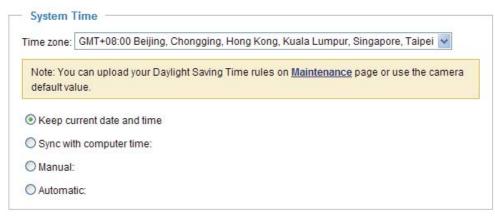
This section explains how to configure the basic settings for the Network Camera, such as the host name and system time. It is composed of the following three columns: System, System Time and DI and DO. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** on the page bottom to take effect.

System	System		
	Host name:	Network Camera	
	Turn off the LED indicator		

Host name: Enter a desired name for the Network Camera. The text will be displayed at the top of the main page.

<u>Turn off the LED indicators</u>: If you don't want to let others know that the network camera is working, you can select this option to turn off the LED indicators.

System Time



<u>Keep current date and time</u>: Select this option to reserve the current date and time of the Network Camera. The Network Camera's internal real-time clock maintains the date and time even when the power of the system is turned off.

<u>Sync with computer time</u>: Select this option to synchronize the date and time of the Network Camera with the local computer. The read-only date and time of the PC is displayed as updated.

<u>Manual</u>: The administrator can enter the date and time manually. Note that the date and time format are [yyyy/mm/dd] and [hh:mm:ss].

<u>Automatic</u>: The Network Time Protocol is a protocol serves synchronize computer clocks by periodically querying an NTP Server.

<u>NTP server</u>: Assign the IP address or domain name of the time-server. Leaving the text box blank connects the Network Camera to the default time-servers.

<u>Update interval</u>: Select to update the time with the NTP server on hourly, daily, weekly, or monthly basis.

Time zone Advanced mode : According to your local time zone, select one from the drop-down list. If you want to upload the daylight saving time rules on Maintenance page, please refer to Upload / Export Daylight Saving Time Configuration File on page 71 for details.

DI and DO

Digital input: The active state is	Low 🔽 ; the current state detected is High
righter hip de The deare eldre ie	
Digital output: The active state i	is Grounded 👽 ; the current state detected is Open
Sigital output. The active state i	, the carrent state detected is open

<u>Digital input</u>: Select High or Low to define normal status of the digital input. The Network Camera will report the current status.

<u>Digital output</u>: Select Grounded or Open to define normal status of the digital output. The Network Camera will show whether the trigger is activated or not.

Security

This section explains how to enable password protection and create multiple accounts.

Root Password

Root Password: ••••••••	

The administrator account name is "root", which is permanent and can not be deleted. If you want to add more accounts in Manage User column, please apply a password for the "root" account first.

- 1. Type the password identically in both text boxes, and click **Save** to enable password protection.
- 2. A window will be prompted for authentication; type the correct user's name and password in related fields to access the Network Camera.

Manage User

Existing user name:	Add new user 💌	
User name:		
User password:		Delete
Confirm user password:		Add
Privilege:	Administrator 🗸	Update
0000	Administrator	
	Operator Viewer	

Administrators can add up to 20 user accounts.

- 1. Input the new user's name and password.
- 2. Select the Privilege for new user account. Click Add to take effect.

Access rights are sorted by user privilege (Administrator, Operator, and Viewer). Only administrators can access the Configuration page. Though operators can not access the Configurationpage, they are capable of using the url commands to get and set the value of parameters. For more information, please refer to URL Commands of the Network Camera on page 73. Viewers can only access the main page for live viewing.

Here you also can change user's access rights or delete user accounts.

- 1. Select an existing account to modify.
- 2. Make necessary changes and then click Update or Delete to take effect.

Manage Privilege Advanced mode

Manage Privilege			
	Operator	Viewer	
Digital Output:			Save

In this section, you can modify the manage privilege (Digital Output) of operators or viewers. Check or uncheck the item, and then click **Save** to take effect. If you give Operators the privilege to control Digital Output, they will have the right to choose turn on or turn off the Digital Output devices on the main page. (Please refer to Main Page on page 18.)

HTTPS Advanced mode

This section explains how to enable authentication and encrypted communication over SSL. It helps protect streaming data transmission over the Internet.

Enable HTTPS

Check this item to enable HTTPS communication, and then select a connection option: "HTTP & HTTPS" or "HTTPS only". Note that you have to create and install certificate first in the second column.

Enable HTTPS	
*To enable HTTPS, you have to create and install certificate first.	
Enable HTTPS secure connection:	
● HTTP & HTTPS ○ HTTPS only	
Save	
Create and install certificate method	
Oreate self-signed certificate automatically	
Create self-signed certificate manually:	
Create certificate request and install:	

Create and Install Certificate Method

There are three ways to create and install certificate:

Create self-signed certificate automatically

- 1. Select this option.
- 2. In the first column, check **Enable HTTPS secure connection**, and then select a connection option: "HTTP & HTTPS" or "HTTPS only".
- 3. Click **Save** to generate certificate.

*To	enable HTTPS, you have t	to create and install certificate first.	
▼ E	nable HTTPS secure conr	nection:	
	● HTTP & HTTPS ○	HTTPS only	
Save	Please wait while the ce generated	rtificate is being	
- Cre			
) C	reate sen-signed certificat	e automaticany	
OC	reate self-signed certificat	te manually:	
OC	reate certificate request a	nd install:	
- Cer	tificate Information —		
Status	5:	Not installed	
Pro	perty Remove		

4. The Certificate Information will automatically show up in the third column as below. You can click **Property** to see the detailed information of the certificate.

Certificate Information —	
Status:	Active
Country:	TW
State or province:	Province
Locality:	City Name
Organization:	Organization Name
Organization Unit:	Unit Name
Common Name:	IP Address
Property Remove	

 Click Home to return to the main page. Change the address from "<u>http://</u>" to "<u>https://</u>" on the Address bar and press Enter on your keyboard. Some Security Alert dialogs will pop up. Click OK or Yes to enable HTTPS.

https:// 🗿 Network Camera - Microsoft Internet Explorer File Edit Favorites Tools Help /iew 👔 👔 🏠 🔎 Search 👷 Favorites 🚱 🎯 😼 🔜 🖓 C Back 🝷 Address 🗃 https:// 192.168.5.151/index.html **VIVOTEK Network Camera** Video Stream 1 /ideo(TCP-AV Digital Output On Off Security Alert You are about to view pages over a secure connection. (i) Any information you exchange with this site cannot be viewed by anyone else on the Web. In the future, do not show this warning ΟK More Info Security Alert Information you exchange with this site cannot be viewed or Security Information × changed by others. However, there is a problem with the site's security certificate. This page contains both secure and nonsecure items. The security certificate was issued by a company you have not chosen to trust. View the certificate to determine whether Do you want to display the nonsecure items? you want to trust the certifying authority. The security certificate date is valid. Yes No More Info The name on the security certificate is invalid or does not match the name of the site Do you want to proceed? View Certificate Yes No

Create self-signed certificate manually

- 1. Select this option.
- 2. Click **Create** to open a Create Certificate page, and then click **Save** to generate the certificate.

Self-signed certifi	:ate: Ci	reate	
) Create certificate req	uest and install:		
p://192.168.5.151	- Create Certificate -	Microsoft Internet Explorer	
rtificate			
Create Certificate			
Country:	Т	TVV	
State or province:	F	Province	
Locality:	-	Sik. 61	1
	Please wait while generated	the certificate is being	
Organization:			
Organization: Organization Unit:			
		P Address	

3. The Certificate Information will automatically show up in the third column as below. You can click **Property** to see the detailed information of the certificate.

Status:	Active
Country:	TW
State or province:	Province
Locality:	City Name
Organization:	Organization Name
Organization Unit:	Unit Name
Common Name:	IP Address

4. Please refer to step 5. on last page.

<u>Create certificate and install</u> : Select this option if you want to create a certificate from a certificate authority.

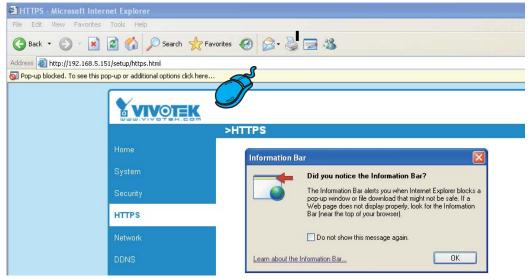
- 1. Select this option.
- 2. Click **Create** to open a Create Certificate page, and then click **Save** to generate the certificate.

[Create and install certificate method
	Create self-signed certificate automatically
	Create self-signed certificate manually:
	Oreate certificate request and install:
	Certificate request: Create
	Select certificate file: Browse Upload

tificate			
Create Certificate			
Country:	Т	W	
State or province:	P	rovince	
Locality:		NE. KI	
Organization:	Please wait while generated	the certificate is being	
Organization Unit:			
Common Name:	IF	P Address	

3. If you see the following Information Bar, click **OK** and the menu bar on the top of the page to allow the





4. The Pop-up window shows an example of a certificate request.

	Constan Cont/Render De average Constant de
ſ	Create Certificate Request Completed
	Copy the PEM format request below and send it to a CA for identify validation. After that, you have to
	install it by clicking the "Upload" button on HTTPS page.
	notan a by cherang are opious batter en tit to page.
1	
r	— Certificate Request (PEM format)
	BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST
	MIIBuDCCASECADB5MQswCQYDVQQGEwJUVzERMA8GA1UECBMIUHJvdmluY2UxEjAQ
	BgNVBAcTCUNpdHkgTmFtZTEaMBgGA1UEChMRT3JnYW5pemF0aW9uIE5hbWUxEjAQ
	BgNVBAsTCVVuaXQgTmFtZTETMBEGA1UEAxMKSVAgQWRkcmVzczCBnzANBgkghkiG
	9w0BAQEFAAOBjQAwqYkCqYEAu0T75EY52qsSyPFMxZ7wHdQ1obPescsXLUx9DFw6
	OMRheukFaXFDkM+5xk+K5oEPBPqj77yhH+zdUHS27fFSLG57bW9SoxrWuLhSvRZW
	mCD+//AiJX864dJ/mjHn7Wc55GFaxgNvbALcxT+hCIeDCWYnRgh/fpKNj+BxvVoN
	UrcCAwEAAaAAMAOGCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAA4GBAAVazWOAtftfU9dvFqTxOYO1D/zO
	FOTkbnD0QG18e4ftJ3rR0D1TvIIMjq3K8zsAS8Gd3pME1ejqLYoBrtaSqdCUqGiX
	50bLG1subWsXr88PngaBwjYoTpG3g1zvUPJZLAVmdL3ne5urTbABXOScCHOQGtH+
	PX9dw40JWkIC8QhV
	END CERTIFICATE REQUEST

- 5. Look for a trusted certificate authority that issues digital certificates. Enroll the Network Camera. Wait for the certificate authority to issue a SSL certificate; then upload the issued certificate on the second column.
- 6. Please refer to step 4. and 5. on page 29.

<u>NOTE</u>

- ► How to cancel HTTPS settings?
 - 1. Uncheck **Enable HTTPS secure connection** in the first column and then click **Save**, then a warning dialog will pop up.
 - 2. Click OK to disable HTTPS.



- 3. The address will change from "https://" to "http://" automatically.
- If you want to create and install other certificate, please remove the existing one. To remove the signed certificated, uncheck the Enable HTTPS secure connection in the first column and click Save. Then click Remove to erase the certificate.

Status:	Active
ountry:	Microsoft Internet Explorer
State or province:	
_ocality:	Are you sure you want to delete the certificate?
Organization:	
Organization Unit:	OK Cancel
Common Name:	IP Address
Property Remove	IF Address

Network

This section explains how to configure wired network connection for the Network Camera.

Network Type

Network Type
LAN:
 Get IP address automatically
O Use fixed IP address:
Enable UPnP presentation
Enable UPnP port forwarding
O PPPoE:

LAN

Select this option when the Network Camera is deployed in a local area network (LAN) and is intended to be accessed by local computers. The default setting of Network Type is LAN. Rememer to click **Save** when you complete the Network setting.

<u>Get IP address automatically</u>: Select this option to obtain an available dynamic IP address assigned by a DHCP server each time the camera is connected to the LAN.

<u>Use fixed IP address</u>: Select this option to manually assign a static IP address to the Network Camera.

Network Type		
IAN:		
O Get IP address automatically		
Use fixed IP address:		
IP address:	192.168.5.151	
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0	
Default router:	192.168.5.1	
Primary DNS:	192.168.0.10	
Secondary DNS:	192.168.0.20	
		1

- 1. You can make use of VIVOTEK installation wizard II on the software CD to easily set up the Network Camera in LAN. Please refer to Software installation on page 12 for details.
- 2. Enter the static IP, Subnet mask, Default router, Primary DNS provided by your ISP.

<u>Enable UPnP presentation</u>: Select this option to enable UPnPTM presentation for your Network Camera so that whenever a Network Camera is presented to the LAN, shortcuts of connected Network Cameras will be listed in My Network Places. You can click the shortcut to link to the web browser. Currently, UPnPTM is supported by Windows XP or later. Note that to utilize this feature, please make sure the UPnPTM component is installed on your computer.



<u>Enable UPnP port forwarding</u>: To access the Network Camera from the Internet, select this option to allow the Network Camera to open ports on the router automatically so that video streams can be sent out from a LAN. To utilize of this feature, make sure that your router supports UPnPTM and it is activated.

PPPoE (Point-to-point over Ethernet)

Select this option to configure your Network Camera to make it accessible from anywhere as long as there is an Internet connection. Note that to utilize this feature, it requires an account provided by your ISP.

Follow the steps below to acquire your Network Camera's public IP address.

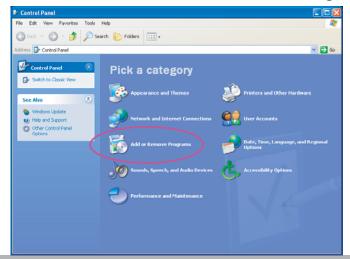
- 1. Set up the Network Camera in LAN.
- 2. Go to Home > Configuration > Application > Server Settings (please refer to Server Settings on page 59) to add a new server -- email or FTP server.
- 3. Go to Configuration > Application > Media Settings (please refer to Media Settings on page 52). Select System log so that you will receive a list of system log in TXT file format which contains the Network Camera's public IP address in your email or on the FTP server.
- 4. Go to Configuration > Network > Network Type. Select PPPoE and enter the user name and password provided by your ISP. Click **Save** to take effect.

Network Type	
O LAN:	
PPPoE:	
User name:	
Password:	
Confirm password:	

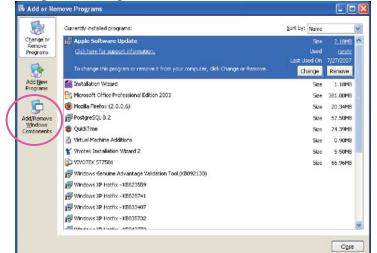
- 5. The Network Camera starts to reboot.
- 6. Disconnect the power source of the Network Camera; remove it from the LAN environment to the Internet.

<u>NOTE</u>

- If the default ports are already used by other device connecting to the same router, the Network Camera will select other ports for the Network Camera.
- If UPnP[™] is not supported by your router, you will see the following message: Error: Router does not support UPnP port forwarding.
- ► Steps to enable UPnPTM user interface on your computer: Note that you must log on to the computer as a system administrator to install the UPnPTM components.
 - 1. Go to Start, click Control Panel, and then click Add or Remove Programs.



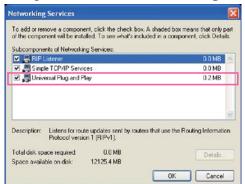
2. In the Add or Remove Programs dialog box, click Add/Remove Windows Components.



3. In the Windows Components Wizard dialog box, select Networking Services and then click Details.

Vindows Components Wizard	
Windows Components You can add or remove components of Windows XP.	E
To add or remove a component, click the checkbox. A shaded part of the component will be installed. To see what's included i Details. Components:	
🗌 🚅 Message Queuing	0.0 MB 🔼
MSN Explorer	13.5 MB
Networking Services	0.3 MB 👝
Other Network File and Print Services	0.0 MB
Indate Boot Certificates	0.0 MB 🔛
Description: Contains a variety of specialized, network-related s	ervices and protocols.
Total disk space required: 0.0 MB	Details
Space available on disk: 12125.4 MB	Derails
< Back	Next > Cancel

4. In the Networking Services dialog box, select Universal Plug and Play and then click OK.



5. Click Next in the following window.

Windows Components Wizard	
Windows Components You can add or remove components of Windows XP.	R
To add or remove a component, click the checkbox. A shad part of the component will be installed. To see what's include Details.	
Components:	
🗆 🜌 Message Queuing	0.0 MB 🔼
S MSN Explorer	13.5 MB
Networking Services	0.3 MB 📻
Other Network File and Print Services	0.0 MB
Indate Boot Certificates	0.0 MB 🚬
Description: Contains a variety of specialized, network-relate	ed services and protocols.
Total disk space required: 0.0 MB	
Space available on disk: 12125.4 MB	Details
< Back	Next > Cancel

6. Click **Finish**. UPnP[™] is enabled.

► How does $UPnP^{TM}$ work?

UPnP[™] networking technology provides automatic IP configuration and dynamic discovery of devices added to a network. Services and capabilities offered by networked devices, such as printing and file sharing, are available among each other without bothersome network configuration. In the case of Network Cameras, you will see Network Camera shortcuts at My Network Places.

Enabling UPnP port forwarding allows the Network Camera to open secondary HTTP port on the router, not HTTP port, meaning that you have to add the secondary HTTP port number behind the Network Camera's public address in order to access the Network Camera from the Internet. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the Network Camera's IP address.

From the Internet	In LAN
http://203.67.124.123:8080	http://192.168.4.160 or
	http://192.168.4.160:8080

If the PPPoE settings are incorrectly configured or the Internet access is not working, restore the Network Camera to factory default; please refer to Restore on page 69 for details. After the Network Camera is reset to factory default, it is accessible in LAN.

HTTP Advanced mode

To utilize the HTTP authentication, make sure that your have set a password for the Network Camera first; please refer to Security on page 27 for details.

нир —	
Authentication:	basic 🗸
HTTP port:	80
Secondary HTTP port:	8080
Access name for stream 1:	video.mjpg
Access name for stream 2:	video2.mjpg

<u>Authentication</u>: Depending on your network security requirements, the Network Camera provides two types of security settings for a HTTP transaction: basic and digest.

If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format; there can be potential risks of being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted in MD5 algorithm and thus provide better protection against unauthorized accesses.

<u>HTTP port / Secondary HTTP port</u>: By default, the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080. Also, they can be assigned with another port number between 1025 and 65535. If the ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning messages will be displayed:

Microsoft Internet Explorer	Microsoft Internet Explorer 🛛 🛛
HTTP port must be 80 or from 1025 to 65535	Secondary HTTP port must be from 1025 to 65535
ок	OK

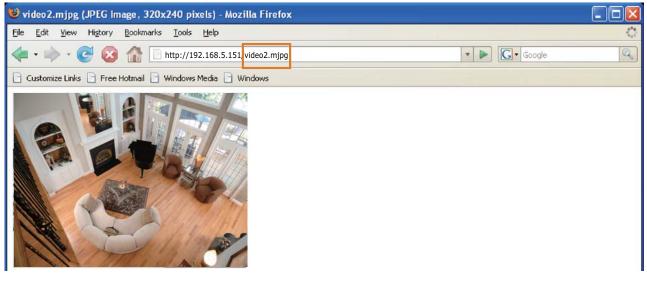
To access the Network Camera in LAN, both HTTP port and secondary HTTP port can be used to access the Network Camera. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the Network Camera's IP address.

In LAN
http://192.168.4.160 or
http://192.168.4.160:8080

<u>Access name for stream 1 / Access name for stream 2</u>: The access name is used to differentiate the streaming source. When using Mozilla Firefox or Netscape to access the Network Camera, and the video mode is set to JPEG, users will receive continuous JPEG pictures. This technology, known as "server push", allows the Network Camera to feed live pictures to Mozilla Firefox and Netscape.

URL command -- http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for stream1 or stream2>

- For example, when the Access name for stream 2 is set to video2.mjpg:
- 1. Launch Mozilla Firefox or Netscape.
- 2. Type the URL command in the address bar. Press Enter.
- 3. The JPEG images will be displayed in your web browser.



<u>NOTE</u>

Microsoft[®] Internet Explorer does not support server push technology; therefore, using http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for stream1 or stream2> will fail to access the Network Camera.

HTTPS

HTTPS		
HTTPS port:	443	

By default, the HTTPS port is set to 443. It also can be assigned with another port number between 1025 and 65535.

Two way audio

lwo wa	y audio		
Two way au	udio port:	5060]

By default, the two way audio port is set to 5060. Also, it can be assigned with another port number between 1025 and 65535.

The Network Camera supports two way audio communication so that operators can transmit and receive audio simultaneously. By using the Network Camera's built-in or external microphone and an external speaker, you can communicate with people around the Network Camera.

Note that as JPEG only transmits a series of JPEG images to the client, to enable two-way audio function, make sure the video mode is set to "MPEG-4" on Audio and Video settings page and the media option is set to "Video and Audio" on the Client Settings page. Please refer to Client Settings on page 22 and Audio and Video Settings on page 45.



Audio is being transmitted to the Network Camera



Click 💽 to enable audio transmission to the Network Camera; click 🕍 to adjust the volume of microphone; click 🖞 to turn off the audio. To stop talking, click 🕞 again.

FTP	FTP	
	FTP port:	21

FTP server allows the user to save recorded video clips. And you can utilize VIVOTEK Installation Wizard 2 to upgrade firmware via FTP server. By default, the FTP port is set to 21. It also can be assigned with another port number between 1025 and 65535.

RTSP Streaming

To utilize the RTSP streaming authentication, make sure that your have set a password for the Network Camera first; please refer to Security on page 27 for details.

 RTSP Streaming 	
Authentication:	disable 💌
Access name for stream 1:	live.sdp
Access name for stream 2:	live2.sdp
RTSP port:	554
RTP port for video:	5556
RTCP port for video:	5557
RTP port for audio:	5558
RTCP port for audio:	5559
Multicast settings for stream 1:	
Multicast settings for stream 2:	

Save

<u>Authentication</u>: Depending on your network security requirements, the Network Camera provides three types of security settings for streaming via RTSP protocol: disable, basic and digest.

If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format; there can be potential risks of being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted in MD5 algorithm and thus provide better protection against unauthorized accesses.

The accessibility of the RTSP streaming for the three authentication modes are listed in the following table:

	Quick Time player	Real Player
Disable	0	0
Basic	0	0
Digest	0	Х

<u>Access name for stream 1 / Access name for stream 2</u>: This Network camera supports dual streams simultaneously. The access name is used to differentiate the streaming source.

If you want to use a RTSP player to access the Network Camera, you have to set the video mode to MPEG-4, and use the following RTSP URL command to request a transmission of streaming data.

rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<access name for stream1 or stream2>

- For example, when the access name for stream 1 is set to live.sdp:
- 1. Launch a RTSP player.
- 2. Choose File > Open URL. An URL dialog box will pop up.
- 3. Type the URL command in the text box. For example:
- 4. The live video will be displayed in your player as below.



	~
Or	Cancel
	OK

RTSP port /RTP port for video, audio/ RTCP port for video, audio

The RTSP (Real-Time Streaming Protocol) controls the delivery of streaming media. By default, the port number is set to 554.

- The RTP (Real-time Transport Protocol) is used to deliver video and audio data to the clients. By default, the RTP port for video is set to 5556 and the RTP port for audio is set to 5558.
- The RTCP (Real-time Transport Control Protocol) allows the Network Camera to transmit the data by monitoring Internet traffic volume. By default, the RTCP port for video is set to 5557 and the RTCP port for audio is set to 5559.

The five ports can be changed between 1025 and 65535. The RTP port must be an even number and the RTCP port is RTP port number plus one, and thus always be odd. When the RTP port changes, the RTCP port will change accordingly.

If the RTP ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning message will display:



<u>Multicast settings for stream 1 / Multicast settings for stream 2</u>: Click the items to display the detailed configurations. Select the Always multicast to enable multicast for stream 1 or stream 2.

 Multicast settings for stream 1: Always multicast 	
Multicast group address:	239.128.1.99
Multicast video port:	5560
Multicast RTCP video port:	5561
Multicast audio port:	5562
Multicast RTCP audio port:	5563
Multicast TTL [1~255]:	15
 Multicast settings for stream 2: Always multicast 	
Multicast group address:	239.128.1.100
Multicast video port:	5564
Multicast RTCP video port:	5565
Multicast audio port:	5566
Multicast RTCP audio port:	5567
Multicast TTL [1~255]:	15

Unicast video transmission delivers a stream through point-to-point transmission; multicast, on the other hand, sends a stream to the multicast group address and allows multiple clients to acquire the stream at the same time by requesting a copy from the multicast group address. Therefore, multicast can effectively save Internet bandwith.

The five ports can be changed between 1025 and 65535. The multicast RTP port must be an even number and the multicast RTCP port number is the multicast RTP port number plus one, and thus it is always be odd. When the multicast RTP port changes, the multicast RTCP port will change accordingly.

If the multicast RTP video ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning message will display:



Multicast TTL [1~255]: The multicast TTL (Time to live) is the value that tells the router the range a packet can be forwarded.

DDNS

This section explains how to configure dynamic domain name service for the Network Camera. DDNS is a service that allows your Network Camera, especially when assigned with a dynamic IP address, to have a fixed host and domain name.

DDNS: Dynamic domain name service

hable DDNS:	
Provider:	Dyndns.org(Dynamic)
Host name:	
User name:	
Password:	

Enable DDNS: Select this option to enable the DDNS setting.

Provider: Select a DDNS provider from the Provider drop-down list.

VIVOTEK offers **Safe100.net**, a free dynamic domain name service to VIVOTEK customers. It is recommended that you register **Safe100.net** to access VIVOTEK's network camera from the Internet. Additionally, we offer other DDNS providers, such as Dyndns.org(Dynamic), Dyndns.org(Custom), TZO. com, DHS.org, CustomSafe100, dyn-interfree.it.

Note that before utilizing this function, please apply a dynamic domain account first.

Safe100.net

- 1. In the DDNS column, select **Safe100.net** from the drop-down list. Click **I accept** after reviewing the terms of the Service Agreement.
- In the Register column, fill in the Host name (xxxx.safe100.net), Email, Key and Confirm Key, and then click **Register**. After a host name has been successfully created, a successful message will show in the DDNS Registration Result column.

- Register		
Host name:	VVTK.safe100.net	
Email:	wtk@vivotek.com	
Key:	••••	Forget key
Confirm key:	••••]
To apply for a domain name for the camer	a, or to modify the previo	ously registered information, fill in
the following fields and then click "Registe	r".	
Register		
DDNS Registration Result:		
[Register] Successfully Your account information has been mailed to registered e-mail address		
Upon successful registration, you can click copy to automatically upload relevant information to the		
DDNS form or you can manually fill it in. Then, click "Save" to save new settings.		

3. Click **Copy** and all the registered information will automatically be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column on the top of the page as the picture shows.

Provider:	Safe100.net	~
Host name:	VVTK.safe100.net	[*.safe100.net]
Email:	wtk@vivotek.com	
Key:	••••	
Register Host name:	WTK.safe100.net	
Host name:	VVTK.safe100.net	
Email:	wtk@vivotek.com	
Key:	••••	Forget key
Confirm key:		
To apply for a domain name for	the camera, or to modify the previous	sly registered information, fill i
the following fields and then clic	ck "Register".	
Register		
DDNS Registration Result:		
[Register] Successfully You		
been mailed to registered e-r		

4. Select Enable DDNS and then click Save to take effect.

CustomSafe100

VIVOTEK offers documents to establish CustomSafe100 DDNS server for distributors and system integrators. You can use CustomSafe100 to register a dynamic domain name if your distributor or system integrators offer such services.

- 1. In the DDNS column, select CustomSafe100 from drop-down list.
- 2. In the Register column, fill in the Host name, Email, Key and Confirm Key; then click **Register**. After a host name has been successfully created, you will see a successful message in the DDNS Registration Result column.
- 3. Click **Copy** and all the registered information will be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column.
- 4. Select Enable DDNS and then click **Save** to take effect.

<u>Forget key</u>: Click this button if you forget the key of Safe100.net or CustomSafe100. Your account information will be sent to your email address.

Refer to the following links to apply a dynamic domain account when selecting other DDNS providers:

- Dyndns.org(Dynamic) / Dyndns.org(Custom): visit http://www.dyndns.com/
- TZO.com: visit http://www.tzo.com/
- DHS.org: visit http://www.dhs.org/
- dyn-interfree.it: visit http://dyn-interfree.it/

Access list Advanced mode

110

1.11

This section explains how to control the access permission by checking the client PC's IP addresses.

Allowed lis	st / Denied list	
	Allowed list	
	Starting IP address:	
	Ending IP address:	
	Add	
	 Delete allowed list 	
	Allowed list:	1.0.0.0 ~ 255.255.255.255
	Delete	
	Denied list	
	Starting IP address:	
	Ending IP address:	
	Add	
	Delete denied list	
	Denied list:	
	Delete	

There are two lists for permission control: Allowed list and Denied list. Only those clients whose IP addresses are in the Allowed list and not in the Denied list can access the Network Camera.

- 1. In the Allowed list or Denied list column, type the starting IP address and ending IP address in the text boxes. A total of ten lists can be configured for both columns.
- 2. Click Add to take effect.

NOTE

▶ For example, when the range of allowed list is set from 1.1.1.0 to 192.255.255.255 and the range of denied list is set from 1.1.1.0 to 170.255.255.255, Only users' IP located between 171.0.0.0 and 192.255.255.255 can access the Network Camera.

Delete allowed list / Delete denied list

- 1. In the Delete allowed list or Delete denied list, select a list from the drop-down list.
- 2. Click **Delete** to take effect.

Denied

List

Alowed

List

Audio and video

This section explains how to cofigure audio and video performances of the Network Camera. It is composed of the following two columns: Video settings and Audio settings.

Video Settings

Video settings			
Video title:			
Color:	Color 🗸		
Power line frequency:	60 Hz 💙		
Video orientation:	🗌 Flip 🔲 Mirror		
Maximum Exposure Time: 1/30 S 💌			
Overlay title and time stamp on video and snapshot.			
🔲 Fix Iris			
Image Setting	IS Privacy Mask		
Video quality settings for stream1:			
Video quality settings for stream2:			
Day/Night settings:			

<u>Video title</u>: Enter a name that will be displayed on the title bar of the live video.



Color: Select to display colorful or black/white video streams.

Video title

<u>Power line frequency</u>: Set the power line frequency in consistent with local utility settings to eliminate uncomfortable image flickering associated with fluorescent lights. Note that after the power line frequency is changed, it is required to disconnect and reconnect the power cord of the Network Camera in order for the new setting to take effect.

<u>Video orientation</u>: Flip--vertically reflect the display of the live video; Mirror--horizontally reflect the display of the live video. Select both options if the Network Camera is installed upside-down (ex. on the ceiling) to correct the image orientation.

Maximum Exposure Time: 1/120 S, 1/60 S, 1/30 S, 1/15 S, 1/5 S, and Auto.

<u>Overlay title and time stamp on video</u>: Select this option to place the video title and time on video streams.

Note that when the frame size is set to 176 x 144 as the right picture below, only time will be stamped on video streams.



Fix iris Advanced mode: If it is the first time to install the Network Camera, it is suggusted to select this item to set up the iris at the maximum value; then adjust the zoom factor and focus range. Upon completion, uncheck this item to enable auto iris.

Image Settings

Click **Image settings** to open the Image Settings page. In this page, you can tune White balance, Brightness, Saturation, Contrast, and Sharpness for video compensation.

Video(TCP-AV)	200	8/07/25 17:57:	59
White Balance			
Auto	*	Save	
Imaga Adjustment			
Image Adjustment			
Brightness: +0 🔽	Saturation:	+0 🗸	
Contrast: +0 🗸	Sharpness:	+3 🗸	
Preview Restore	Save		
			Close

White balance: Adjust the value for best color temperature.

Auto

The Network Camera automatically adjusts the color temperature of light in response to different light sources. The white balance setting defaults to Auto and works well in most situations.

Keep current value

Follow the steps below to manually set the white balance to compensate for the ambient lighting conditions.

- 1. Set the White balance to Auto and click Save.
- 2. Place a sheet of white paper in front of the lens; then allow the Network Camera to adjust the color temperature automatically.
- 3. Select Keep current value to confirm the setting while the white balance is being measured.
- 4. Click **Save** to take effect.

Image Adjustment

- Brightness: Adjust the image brightness level, which ranges from -5 to +5. The default value is set to 0.
- Saturation: Adjust the image saturation level, which ranges from -5 to +5. The default value is set to 0.
- Contrast: Adjust the image contrast level, which ranges from -5 to +5. The default value is set to 0.
- Sharpness: Adjust the image sharpness level, which ranges from -3 to +3. The default value is set to +3.

You can click **Preview** to fine-tune the image, or click **Restore** to recall the original settings without incorporating the changes. When completed with the settings on this page, click Save to take effect and click **Close** to guit the page.

Privacy mask

Click **Privacy Mask** to open setting page. In this page, you can block out some sensitive zones for privacy concerns.



Window Name Width-X-Y-Height-New

Enable privacy mask



- To set the privacy mask windows, follow the steps below:
- 1. Click New to add a new window.
- 2. To resize and drag-drop the window, which is recommended to be at least twice the size of the object (height and width) you want to cover.
- 3. Enter a descriptive Window Name and click Save to take effect.
- 4. Select Enable privacy mask to enable this function.

<u>NOTE</u>

- ▶ Up to 5 privacy mask windows can be set in the same screen.
- ▶ If you want to delete the window, please click on the 'x' at the upper right-hand corner of the window to close the window.

Video guality settings for stream 1 / stream 2

The Network Camera offers two choices of video compression standards for real-time viewing: MPEG-4 and MJPEG.

Click the items to display the detailed configurations. You can set up two seperate streams for the Network Camera for different viewing devices. For example, set a smaller frame size and a lower bit rate for remote viewing on mobile phones; or set a larger video size and a higher bit rate for live viewing on web browsers.

If **MPEG-4** mode is selected, it is streamed in RTSP protocol. There are four dependent parameters provided in MPEG-4 mode for video performance adjustment.

w Video quality settings for stream1:		Wideo quality settings for stream2:	
MPEG-4:		MPEG-4:	
Frame size:	640x480 🔽	Frame size:	176x144 🐱
Maximum frame rate:	30 fps 🔽	Maximum frame rate:	30 fps 🗸
Intra frame period:	1/4 S 🐱	Intra frame period:	1S 🗸
Video quality:		Video quality:	
Constant bit rate:	512 Kbps 🐱	 Constant bit rate: 	40 Kbps 🖌
Fixed quality:	Excellent 🐱	Fixed quality:	Good 🗸
O JPEG:		O JPEG:	

Frame size

Select the video size. Note that a larger frame size takes up more bandwidth. The frame sizes are selectable in the following resolutions: 176 x 144, 352 x 240 and 640 x 480.

Maximum frame rate

This limits the maximal refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for a smoother video quality.

If the power line frequency is set to 50Hz, the frame rates are selectable at the following rates: 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps and 25fps. If the power line frequency is set to 60Hz, the frame rates are selectable at the following rates: 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps, 25fps and 30fps.

Intra frame period

Determine how often to plant an I frame. The shorter the duration, the more likely you will get a better video quality, but at the cost of higher network bandwidth consumption. Select the intra frame period from the following duration: 1/4 second, 1/2 second, 1 second, 2 seconds, 3 seconds and 4 seconds.

Video quality

A complex scene generally produces larger file size, meaning that higher bandwidth will be needed for data transmission. Therefore, if Constant bit rate is selected, the bandwidth utilization is fixed at a selected level, resulting in mutable video quality performances. The bit rates are selectable at the following rates: 20Kbps, 30Kbps, 40Kbps, 50Kbps, 64Kbps, 128Kbps, 256Kbps, 512Kbps, 768Kbps, 1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps and 4Mbps.

On the other hand, if Fixed quality is selected, all frames are transmitted with the same quality; bandwidth utilization is therefore unpredictable. The video qualities are selectable at the following settings: Medium, Standard, Good, Detailed and Excellent.

If **JPEG** mode is selected, the Network Camera continuously sends JPEG images to the clients, producing dynamic effects similar to movies. Every single JPEG image transmitted guarantees the same image quality, which in turn comes at the expense of variable bandwidth usage. And because the media contents are a combination of JPEG images, no audio data is transmitted to the clients. There are three dependent parameters provided in MPEG-4 mode for video performance adjustment.

W Video quality settings for stream1:		Wideo quality settings for stream2:	
O MPEG-4:		OMPEG-4:	
● JPEG:		IPEG:	
Frame size:	640x480 🗸	Frame size:	176x144 🐱
Maximum frame rate:	30 fps 💌	Maximum frame rate:	30 fps 🔽
Video quality:	Excellent 🗸	Video quality:	Excellent 🗸

Frame size

Select the video size. Note that a larger frame size takes up more bandwidth. The frame sizes are selectable in the following resolutions: 176 x 144, 352 x 240 and 640 x 480.

Maximum frame rate

This limits the maximal refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for a smoother video quality.

If the power line frequency is set to 50Hz, the frame rates are selectable at the following rates: 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps and 25fps. If the power line frequency is set to 60Hz, the frame rates are selectable at the following rates: 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps, 25fps and 30fps.

Video quality

The video qualities are selectable at the following settings: Medium, Standard, Good, Detailed and Excellent.

Day/Night settings

ay/Night settings:		
Switch to B/W in night	mode	
IR cut filter:	Auto mode	*
Light sensor sensitivity:	Normal 🗸	
Disable IR LED		

Switch to B/W in night mode

Select it to enable the Network Camera to automatically switch to B/W in night mode.

w D

IR cut filter

With a removable IR-cut filter and built-in IR illuminators, up to 15m, this Network Camera can automatically remove the filter and turn on the IR illuminators to let IR light into the sensor for low light sensitivity.

Auto

The Network Camera automatically removes the filter by judging the level of ambient light.

Day mode

In day mode, the Network Camera switches on the IR cut filter at all times to block the infrared light from reaching the sensor so that the colors will not be distorted.

Night mode

In night mode, the Network Camera switches off the IR cut filter at all times for the sensor to accept the infrared light, thus helps improve low light sensitivity.

Schedule mode

The Network Camera switches between day mode and night mode based on specified schedule. Enter the starting time and ending time for the day mode. Note that the time format is [hh:mm] and is expressed in 24-hour clock time. By default, the starting time and ending time of day mode are set to 07:00 and 18:00.

Light sensor sensitivity

Select Low, Normal, or High for the light senser sensibility.

Disable IR LED

If you don't want to use IR illuminators, you can select this option to turn off.

Audio settings

Audio Settings	
Mute	
Internal microphone input gain:	-10.5 dB 💌
External microphone input:	0db 💌
Audio type:	
O AAC:	
GSM-AMR:	
GSM-AMR bit rate:	12.2 Kbps 💌

<u>Mute</u>: Select this option to disable audio transmission from the Network Camera to all clients. Note that if mute mode is turned on, no audio data will be transmitted to all clients even though the audio transmission is enabled in the Client Settings page. In that case, the following message is displayed.

X
server contains no audio

Internal microphone input gain: Select the gain of the internal audio input according to ambient conditions. Adjust the gain from +21 db (most sensitive) ~ -33 db (least sensitive).

<u>External microphone input</u>: Select the gain of the external audio input according to ambient conditions. Adjust the gain from +21 db (most sensitive) \sim -33 db (least sensitive).

Audio type: Select audio codec AAC or GSM-AMR and the bit rate Advanced mode

- AAC targets at performing good sound quality at the cost of higher bandwidth consumption. The bit rates are selectable at the following rates: 16Kbps, 32Kbps, 48Kbps, 64Kbps, 96Kbps and128Kbps.
- GSM-ARM is designed to optimize speech quality and requires less bandwidth. The bit rates are selectable at the following rates: 4.75Kbps, 5.15Kbps, 5.90Kbps, 6.7Kbps, 7.4Kbps, 7.95Kbps, 10.2Kbps and 12.2Kbps.

When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to take effect.

<u>NOTE</u>

The Network Camera offers two inputs to capture audio - internal microphone or external microphone. The internal/external microphone switch is located on the side of the Network Camera.

Motion detection

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to enable motion detection. A total of three motion detection windows can be configured.

Enable motion detection	tectio	det	motion	e	Enabl	~	
-------------------------	--------	-----	--------	---	-------	---	--



Follow the steps below to enable motion detection:

- 1. Click New to add a new motion detection window.
- 2. In the Window Name text box, enter a descriptive name for the motion detection window.
 - To move and resize the window, drag-drop the window.
 - To delete window, click X at top right of the window.
- 3. Define the sensitivity to moving objects and the space ratio of all alerted pixels by moving the Sensitivity and Percentage slider bar.
- 4. Click Save to take effect.
- 5. Select Enable motion detection to enable this function.

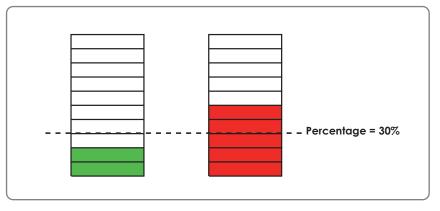
For example:

Enable motion detection



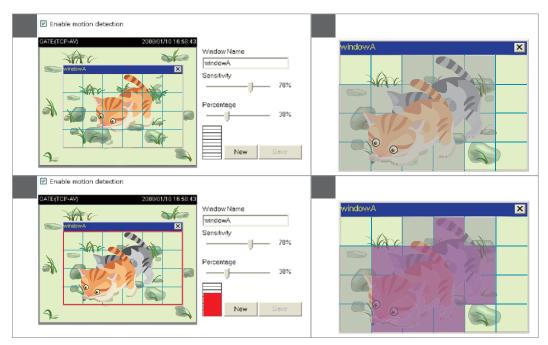
The Percentage Indicator will rise or fall depending on the image variation. When motions are detected by the Network Camera and are judged to exceed the defined threshold, a red bar rises. Meanwhile, the motion detection window will be outlined in red. Photos or videos can be captured instantly and configured to send to the remote server (Email, FTP) by utilizing this feature as a trigger source. For more information about how to plot an event, please refer to Application on page 54.

A green bar indicates that even though motions are detected, the event will not be triggered because the image variations are still falling under the defined threshold.



<u>NOTE</u>

► How does motion detection work?



There are two parameters for setting the motion detection: Sensitivity and Percentage. In the illustration above, frame A and frame B are two sequential images. Pixel differences between the two frames are detected and highlighted in gray (frame C), and will be compared with the sensitivity setting. Sensitivity is a value that expresses the sensitivity to moving objects. Higher sensitivity settings are expected to sense a slight movement while smaller sensitivity settings tend to neglect it. When the sensitivity is set to 70%, the Network Camera defines the pixels in the purple areas as "alerted pixels" (frame D).

Percentage is a value that expresses the proportion of "alerted pixels" to all pixels in the motion detection window. In this case, 50% of pixels are identified as "alerted pixels". When the percentage is set to 30%, the motions are judged to exceed the defined threshold; therefore, the motion window will be outlined in red.

For applications that require higher security management, it is suggested to set higher sensitivity settings and smaller percentage values.

Homepage layout Advanced mode

This section explains how to set up your own customized homepage layout.

Preview

This column shows the settings of your hompage layout. You can manually setup the background and font colors in Theme Options, the third column on this page. The settings will automatically show up in this Preview column. Following shows the default setting.



Logo graph

Here you can change the logo on the top of your homepage.

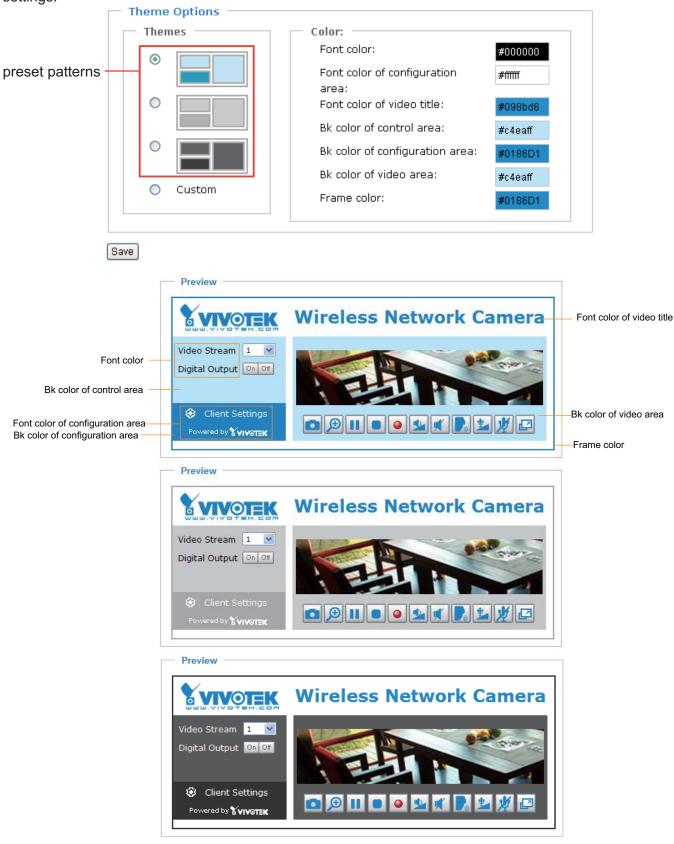
Logo graph	· ·	.	
Logo graph			
You can upload a small logo((if it is not already that size) new logo will replace the old	and which will be v	isible on the main page	
O Default (Oustom		
	VIVO	TEK Upload	Browse
Logo link: http://www.vivotek.com	l		

Follow the steps below to upload a new logo:

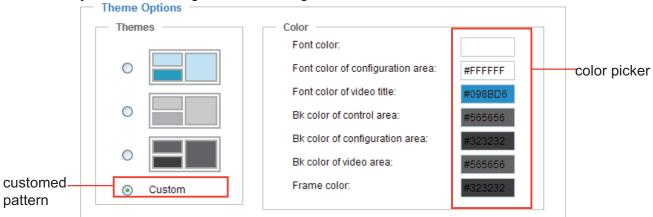
- 1. Click **Custom** to open the Browse blank.
- 2. Select a logo in your computer folders.
- 3. Click **Upload** to replace the logo with a new one.
- 4. Enter a website link if necessary.
- 5. Click Save to enable the settings.

Theme options

Here you can change the color of your homepage layout. There are three kinds of preset patterns for you to choose. The new layout will simultaneously present in the **Preview** column. Click **Save** to enable the settings.



- Follow the steps below to set up customed homepage:
- 1. Click **Custom** on the left column.
- 2. Click a blank you want to change color on the right column.



3. The palette window will pop up as below.

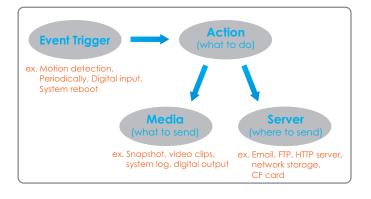
Hex:	#000000		o 2			Hex:	#23538A
Red:	0			1	0	Red:	35
Green:	0				ľ	Green:	83
Blue:	0					Blue:	138
Hue:	0					Hue:	212
Saturation	: 0					Saturation:	74.6
Value:	0					Value:	54.1
S	elect					4 Se	lect

- 4. Drag the slider bar and click on the left square to select a desired color.
- 5. The selected color will show up in the corresponding blank and in the **Preview** column.
- 6. Click **Save** to enable the settings.

Application Advanced mode

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to react in response to particular situations (event). A typical application is that when a motion is detected, the Network Camera sends buffered images to a FTP server or e-mail address as notifications.

In the illustation on the right side, an event can be triggered by many sources, such as motion detection or external digital input devices. When an event is triggered, you can specify what kind of action will be performed. You can configure the Network Camera to send snapshots or videos to your email address or FTP site.



Event Setting	ls —									
Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Trigger
Add Help										

Event Settings

In the **Event Settings** column, click **Add** to open the **Event Settings** page. In this page, you can arrange three elements -- Trigger, Schedule and Action to plot an event. A total of 3 event settings can be configured.

vent name:	
Enable this event	
riority: Normal 🔽	
petect next event after 10 second(s).	
lote: This can only applied to motion detection and digital input	
— Trigger —	
O Video motion detection:	
O Periodic:	
O Digital input:	
System boot	
Always From 00:00 to 24:00 [hh:mm]	
Action	
Trigger digital output for 1 seconds	
Turn on IR illuminators for 1 seconds in low-light conditions	
Add Server Add Media	
Server Media	
Save Close	

Event name: Enter a descriptive name for the event setting.

Enable this event: Select this option to enable this event setting.

<u>Priority</u>: Select the relative importance of this event (High, Normal, or Low). Events with higher priority setting will be executed first.

<u>Detect next event after seconds</u>: Enter the duration in seconds to pause motion detection after a motion is detected.

An event is an action initiated by user-defined trigger source; it is the causal arrangement of the following three elements: Trigger, Event Schedule, and Action.

Trigger

Also referred as the cause or stimulus, defines when to trigger the Network Camera. The trigger source can be configured to use the Network Camera's built-in motion detection mechanism or external digital input devices.

There are four choices of trigger sources as below. Select the item to display the detailed configurations.

Trigger	
Video motion detection:	
O Periodic:	
O Digital input:	
System boot	

Video motion detection

This option makes use of the built-in motion detection mechanism as a trigger source. To enable this function, you need to configure Motion Detection window first. For more information, please refer to Motion detection on page 50 for details.

Trigger
Video motion detection:
Detect motion in window 🔽 1
Note: Please configure Motion detection first
O Periodic:
O Digital input:
System boot

Periodically

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger periodically for every other defined minute. At most 999 minutes can be set.

Trigger	
Video motion detection:	
Periodic:	
Trigger every other 1 minutes	
O Digital input:	
 System boot 	

Digital input

This option allows the Network Camera to use external digital input device or sensor as a trigger source. Depending on your applications, there are many choices of digital input devices on the market which helps to sense any changes in temperature, vibration, sound and light, etc.

Trigger	
Video motion detection:	
O Periodic:	
Oigital input:	
Digital input PIR	
System boot	

System boot

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger when the power of Network Camera is disconnected.

Event Schedule

Specify the effective period for the event.

Event Schedule	
💌 Sun 💌 Mon 💌 Tue 🔍 We	ed 🗹 Thu 🔽 Fri 🔽 Sat
Time	
 Always 	
O From 00:00 to 2	4:00 [hh:mm]

- Select the days on weekly basis.
- Select the time for recording in 24-hr time format.

Action

Define what actions to be performed by the Network Camera when a trigger is activated.

Trigger digital	output for 1	seconds	
Turn on IR illu	minators for 1	seconds	in low-light conditions 😽
Add Server	Add Media		in low-light conditions at all times
Server	Media		

Save Close

- Trigger digital output for □ seconds Select this option to turn on external digital output device when a trigger is activated. Specify the length of trigger interval in the text box.

<u>NOTE</u>

To plot an event with recorded video or snapshots, it is necessary to configure the server and media settings, so that the Network Camera will know what action shall be performed (send media files to which server) when a trigger is activated.

Add Server / Add Media

Click **Add Server** to configure Server Settings. For more information, please refer to Server Settings on page 59.

Click **Add Media** to configure Media Settings. For more information, please refer to Media Settings on page 62.

Here is an example of Event Settings page:

•Event Settings			
Event name: FD7132			
Enable this event			
Priority: Normal 🔽			
Detect next event after 10 second(s).			
Note: This can only applied to motion detection and digital input			
Trigger			
Video motion detection:			
Detect motion in window 🔽 1			
Note: Please configure Motion detection first			
O Periodic:			
O Digital input:			
System boot			
Event Schedule			
🗹 Sun 🗹 Mon 🗹 Tue 🗹 Wed 🔽 Thu 🔽 Fri 🔽 Sat			
Time			
Always			
From 00:00 to 24:00 [hh:mm]			
Action			
Trigger digital output for seconds			
 Turn on IR illuminators for 30 seconds in low-light conditions 			
Add Server Add Media			
Server Media			
Email Snapshot 🗸			
Save Close			

When completed, click **Save** to take effect and then click **Close** to quit Event Settings page. The new event settings / server settings / media settings will appear in the event drop-down list on the Application page.

Here is an example of Application page with an event setting:

Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Trigge
FD7132	ON	V	V	٧	V	۷	۷	٧	00:00~24:00	motion
d FD7132		Hel	p							
erver Settin	ds									
Name	Туре				Addr	ess/L	ocatio	n		
Name Email	and a second second					r <mark>ess/L</mark> o		n		
Name Email	Type email lete	720066	3					n		

When the Event Status is <u>ON</u>, once an event is triggered by motion detection, the Network Camera will automatically send snapshots via e-mail.

If you want to stop the event trigger, you can click <u>ON</u> to turn it into <u>OFF</u> status or click **Delete** to remove the event setting.

To remove a server setting from the list, select a server name from the drop-down list and then click **Delete**. Note that only when the server setting is not being applied to an event setting can it be deleted.

To remove a media setting from the list, select a media name from the drop-down list and then click **Delete**. Note that only when the media setting is not being applied to an event setting can it be deleted.

Server Settings

In the Server column, click **Add Server** on Event Settings page to open the server setting page. In this page, you can specify where the notification messages will be send when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 server settings can be configured.

🖲 Email:		
Sender email address:	FD7132@vivotek.com	
Recipient email address:	vivotek@vivotek.com	
Server address:	Ms.vivotek.tw	
User name:		
Password:		
O FTP:		
O HTTP:		
Network storage:		

Server name: Enter a descriptive name for the server setting.

Server Type

There are four choices of server types available: Email, FTP, HTTP, and Network storage. Select the item to display the detailed configurations. You can configure either one or all of them.

Email: Select to send the media files via Email when a trigger is activated.

- Sender email address: Enter the email address of the sender.
- Recipient email address: Enter the email address of the recipient.
- Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the email server.
- User name: Enter the user name of the email account if necessary.
- Password: Enter the password of the email account if necessary.

To verify if the email settings are correctly configured, click Test. The result will be shown in a pop-up window. If it works, you will also receive an email indicating the result.

🗿 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/admin/testserver.cgi 📳 🗖 🔀	🚈 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/admin/testserver.cgi 🔳 🗖 🔯
The email has been sent successfully.	Error in sending email.

Click Save to enable the settings.

FTP: Select to send the media files to a FTP server when a trigger is activated.

Server name:	FTP	
Server Ty	ре	
O Email:		
FTP:		
Serve	er address:	ftp://vivotek.com.tw
Serve	er port:	21
User	name:	vivotek
Pass	word:	••••
FTP f	older name:	
Pass	ive mode:	
O HTTP:		
O Network	storage:	

Test Save Close

- Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the FTP server.
- Server port

By default, the FTP port server is set to 21. Also, it can be assigned with another port number between 1025 and 65535.

- User name: Enter the login name of the FTP account.
- Password: Enter the password of the FTP account.
- Remote folder name

Enter a folder to place the media file. If the folder name does not exist, the Network Camera will create one on the FTP server.

Passive Mode

Most firewalls do not accept new connections initiated from external requests. If the FTP server supports passive mode, select this option to enable passive mode FTP and allow data transmission to pass through the firewall.

To verify if the FTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as below. If it works, you will also receive a test.txt file on the FTP server.





Click Save to enable the settings.

HTTP: Select to send the media files to a HTTP server when a trigger is activated.

Server name:	HTTP			
Server Ty	/pe			
O Email:				
O FTP:				
ITTP:				
URL:		http://192.168.5.10)/cgi-bin/upload.cgi	
User	name:			
Pass	sword:			
O Network	storage:			

Test Save Close

- URL: Enter the URL of the HTTP server.
- User name: Enter the user name if necessary.
- Password: Enter the password if necessary.

To verify if the HTTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as below. If it works, you will also receive a test.txt file on the HTTP server.

🗿 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/admin/testserver.egi 🔳 🗖 🔀	🗿 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/admin/testserver.cgi 🔳
HTTP Transmission successfully. Thanks	HTTP Transmission failed.

Click **Save** to enable the settings.

<u>Network storage</u>: Select to send the media files to a network storage when a trigger is activated. Please refer to **Network Storage Setting** on page 64 for details.

Click **Save** to enable the settings.

When completed, click **Close** to quit the page. The new server settings will automatically show up on the Event Settings page as below.

Add	Server Add	Media
	Server	Media
~	Email	None 🗸
	Network storage	None 🗸
	HTTP	None 🗸
	FTP	None 🗸

Media Settings

In Media Settings column, click **Add Media** on Event Settings page to open the media settings page. In this page, you can specify what kind of media to send when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 media settings can be configured.

Media name: Snapshot
Media Type
Snapshot:
Source: Stream1 💌
Send 3 pre-event image(s) [0~7]
Send 3 post-event image(s) [0~7]
File name prefix: Snapshot_
Add date and time suffix to file name
🔿 Video Clip:
🔘 System log
Save Close

Media name: Enter a descriptive name for the media setting.

Media Type

There are three choices of media types available: Snapshot, Video Clip, and System log. Select the item to display the detailed configurations. You can configure either one or all of them.

<u>Snapshot</u>: Select to send snapshots when a trigger is activated.

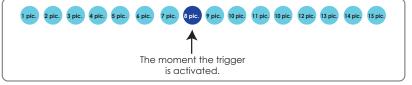
- Source: Select to take snapshots from stream 1 or stream 2.
- Send □ pre-event images

The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide how many images to be captured before a trigger is activated. Up to seven images can be generated.

■ Send □ post-event images

Enter a number to decide how many images to be captured after a trigger is activated. Up to seven images can be generated.

For example, if both the Send pre-event images and Send post-event images are set to seven, a total of fifteen images are generated after a trigger is activated.



■ File Name Prefix

Enter the text that will be put in front of the file name.

 Add date and time suffix to the file name Select this option to add date and time to the file name suffix. For example: <u>Snapshot_20080104_100341</u> Video Clip: Select to send video clips when a trigger is activated.

Media name:	Video clip
— Media T	уре
🔘 Snaps	hot:
💿 Video	Clip:
Sou	urce: Stream1 🐱
Pre	-event recording: 3 seconds [0~9]
Max	kimum duration: 5 seconds [1~10]
Max	kimum file size: 500 Kbytes (50~800)
File	name prefix: Video_
🔘 Syster	n log
Save Clos	e

- Source: Select to record video clips from stream 1 or stream 2.
- Pre-event recording

The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide how many seconds for video clips recording before a trigger is activated. Up to nine seconds can be set.

Maximum duration

For example:

Specify the maximal recording duration in seconds. Up to ten seconds can be set.

For example, if the Pre-event recording is set to five seconds and the Maximum duration is set to ten seconds, the Network Camera continues to record for another four seconds after a trigger is activated.



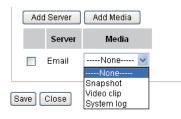
- Maximum file size Specify the maximal file size allowed.
- File Name Prefix

Enter the text that will be put in front of the file name.



System log: Select to send a system log when a trigger is activated.

When completed, click **Save** to take effect and then click **Close** to quit this page. The new media settings will show up on the Event Settings page as below. Select a server and media type for the event.



Recording Advanced mode

This section explains how to configure the recording settings for the Network Camera.

Recording Settings

Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Source	Destination

<u>NOTE</u>

Before setting up this page, please set up the Network Storage first.

Network Storage Setting

Click <u>Server</u> to open the Server Settings page and follow the steps below to set up:

- 1. Fill in the information of your server.
 - For example:

>Se	rver Settings	
Se	erver name: NAS	
	Server Type	
	🔘 Email:	
	O FTP:	the path of the network storage
		(\\server name or IP address\folder name)
1	Network storage:	
	Network storage locati	on: <u>\\192.168.5.122\nas</u>
	(For example:	
	\\my_nas\disk\folder)	
	Workgroup:	vivotek
	User name:	ritali
	Password:	
	Test Save Close	
	2 4	the user name and password of your server
		your server

2. Click **Test** to check the setting. The result will be shown in a pop-up window.

🗿 http://192.168.5.151/cgi-bin/admin/testserver 🔲 🔲 🔀
Mount failed.
🙆 Done

If it works, you will also receive a test.txt file on the network storage server.

🗟 NAS on ritali		
File Edit View Favorites Tools	Help	<u>A</u>
🔇 Back 🔹 🕥 - 🎓 🔎 Se	rch 陵 Folders	
Address 😪 \\ritali\NAS		💌 🋃 Go
File and Folder Tasks Image: Comparison of the second	test.txt Text Document 1 KB test.txt - Notepad File Edit Format View Help [NOTIFICATION]The Result of Server	Test of Your IP Camera
Other Places		×

- 3. Enter a descriptive server name.
- 4. Click **Save** to finish the setting and click **Close** to quit the page.

Recording Settings

Click **Add** to open the recording setting page. In this page, you can define the recording source, recording schedule and recording capacity. A total of 2 recording settings can be configured.

>Recording
Recording name: Video
🔽 Enable this recording
Priority: Normal 🐱
Source: Stream1 🐱
Recording Schedule
💌 Sun 💌 Mon 💌 Tue 💌 Wed 💌 Thu 💌 Fri 💌 Sat
Time
Always
From 00:00 to 24:00 [hh:mm]
Destination NAS 🗸
Max. recording capacity
(Old file will be overwritten after reaching maximum recording capacity.): 1000 Kbytes
[1000~20000000]
File size for each recording: 200 Kbytes [200~6000]
File name prefix: Video_
Save Close

<u>Recording name</u>: Enter a descriptive name for the recording setting.

Enable this recording: Select this option to enable video recording.

Priority: Select the relative importance of this recording setting (High, Normal, and Low).

Source: Select the recording source (stream 1 or stream 2).

<u>Recording Schedule</u>: Specify the recording duration.

- Select the days on weekly basis.
- Select the time for recording in 24-hr time format.

Destination: Select the network storage you've just setup for the recorded video files.

Max. recording capacity: Please note that when the maximum capacity is reached, the oldest file will be overwritten by the latest one.

File size for each recording: Specify the file size for each recording media.

<u>File name prefix</u>: Enter the text that will be put in front of the file name.

When completed, select **Enable this recording**. Click **Save** to take effect and then click **Close** to quit this page. The system begins recording and send recorded file to the Network Stroage.

The new recording name will appear in the recording drop-down list on the recording page as below. To remove a recording setting from the list, select a recording name from the drop-down list then and click **Delete**.

- Reco	Recording Settings										
Note: Be	Note: Before setup recording, you have to setup network storage first via Server page										
Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Source	Destination
<u>Video</u>	<u>ON</u>	V	V	V	۷	٧	V	V	00:00~24:00	stream1	NAS
Add Vid	leo 🔽 🗌	Delete	9								

- Click <u>Video</u>: Open the Recording Settings page to modify.
- Click <u>ON</u>: The Status will become <u>OFF</u> and stop recording.
- Click <u>NAS</u>: Open the recorded file list as below.

File list

ist	😂 NAS on ritali
Video 0.mp4 186971 2008/07/24 16:33:10 Video 1.mp4 207942 2008/07/24 16:33:12	File Edit View Favorites Tools Help Image: Back Image: Search
Video 2mp4 255393 2008/07/24 16:33:16 Video 3.mp4 223398 2008/07/24 16:33:04 Video 4.mp4 192060 2008/07/24 16:33:06 Delete Delete all 1 1 1	File and Folder Tasks Image: Second seco
	Other Places Nideo_3.mp4 MPEG-4 Movie Network Places My Documents Network Places

The recorded files on Network Storage

System log Advanced mode

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to send system log to the remote server as a backup.

Remote Log

Enable remote log		
Log server settings		
P address:		
port:	514	

Save

You can configure the Network Camera to send the system log file to a remote server as a log backup. Before utilizing this feature, it is suggested to install a log-recording tool to receive system log messages from the Network Camera. For example, a tool -- Kiwi Syslog Daemon. Visit http://www.kiwisyslog.com/kiwi-syslog-daemon-overview/.

File <u>V</u> iew H	leip						
8 📖		isplay 00 (De	fault) 💌				
Date	Time	Priority	Hostname	Message			1
01-12-2008	15:21:32	User.Info	192.168.5.121	[RTSP SERVER]: Stop one session, IP=192	168.5.122		1
01-12-2008	15:21:31	User.Info	192.168.5.121	[RTSP SERVER]: Start one session, IP=192	168.5.122		
01-12-2008	15:20:47	Syslog Info	192.168.5.121	syslogd 1.4.1: restart.			
							3
				100% 3 MPH	15:34	01-12-2008	

Follow the steps below to set up the remote log:

- 1. In the IP address text box, enter the IP address of the remote server.
- 2. In the port text box, enter the port number of the remote server.
- 3. When completed, select Enable remote log and click Save to take effect.

Current Log

Current Log	
Jun 30 13:46:52 syslogd 1.4.1: restart.	~
Jun 30 13:46:56 [DRM Service]: Starting DRM service.	
Jun 30 13:47:06 [IR Cut Control]: Day mode	
Jun 30 13:47:08 [IR Cut Control]: Day mode	
Jun 30 13:47:09 [SYS]: Serial number = 0002D107258A	
Jun 30 13:47:09 [SYS]: System starts at Mon Jun 30 13:47:09 UTC 2008	
Jun 30 13:47:09 [NET]: === NET INFO ===	
Jun 30 13:47:09 [NET]: Host IP = 192.168.5.151	
Jun 30 13:47:09 [NET]: Subnet Mask = 255.255.255.0	
Jun 30 13:47:09 [NET]: Gateway = 192.168.5.1	
Jun 30 13:47:09 [NET]: Primary DNS = 192.168.0.10	
Jun 30 13:47:09 [NET]: Secondary DNS = 192.168.0.20	

This column displays the system's log in chronological order. The system log is stored in the Network Camera's buffer area and will be overwritten when reaching a certain amount.

View parameters Advanced mode

The View parameters page lists the entire system's parameters in alphabetical order. If you need technical assistance, please provide the information listed in this page.

```
Parameter List
system hostname='Network Camera'
system ledoff='0'
system lowlight='1'
system_date='2008/07/02'
system time='16:25:30'
system datetime=''
system ntp=''
system_timezoneindex='320'
system_daylight_enable='0'
system_daylight_dstactualmode='1'
system_daylight_auto_begintime='NONE'
system daylight auto endtime='NONE'
system_daylight_timezones=',-360,-320,-280,-240,-241,-200,-201,-1
system updateinterval='86400'
system info modelname='FD7132'
system info extendedmodelname='FD7132'
system info serialnumber='0002D107258A'
system_info_firmwareversion='FD7132-VVTK-0100d'
system_info_language_defaultcount='9'
system_info_language_i0='English'
system info language i1='Deutsch'
system_info_language_i2='Español'
system_info_language_i3='Français'
system info language i4='Italiano'
system_info_language_i5='日本語'
system_info_language_i6='Português'
system_info_language_i7='简体中文'
system info language i8='繁體中文'
system info language i9=''
system_info_language_i10=''
system_info_language_i11=''
system_info_language_i12=''
system_info_language_i13=''
system info language i14=''
system_info_language_i15=''
system_info_language_i16=''
<
                                                                   >
```

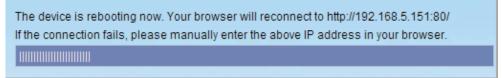
Maintenance

This chapter explains how to restore the Network Camera to factory default, upgrade firmware version, etc.

Reboot

Reboot	 	
Reboot the device		
Reboot		

This feature allows you to reboot the Network Camera, which takes about one minute to complete. When completed, the live video page will be displayed in your browser. The following message will show during the rebooting process.



If the connection fails after rebooting, manually enter the IP address of the Network Camera in the address field to resume the connection.

Restore

Restore		
Restore all settings	s to factory default except set	tings in
Network Type	Daylight Saving Time	Custom language

Restore

This feature allows you to restore the Network Camera to factory default.

<u>Network Type</u>: Select this option to retain the Network Type settings (please refer to Network Type on page 33).

<u>Daylight Saving Time</u>: Select this option to retain the Daylight Saving Time settings (please refer to System on page 25)

<u>Custom language</u>: Select this option to retain the Custom language settings.

If none of the options is selected, all settings will be restored to factory default.

The following message is displayed during the restoring process.

The device is rebooting now. Your browser will reconnect to http://192.168.5.151:80/ If the connection fails, please manually enter the above IP address in your browser.

Upgrade Firmware

Upgrade firmware	
Select firmware file Browse	
Upgrade	

This feature allows you to upgrade the firmware on your Network Camera. It takes about five minutes to complete the process.

Note that do not power off the Network Camera during the upgrade.

Follow the steps below to upgrade firmware:

- 1. Download a new firmware file from VIVOTEK website. The file is in pkg file format.
- 2. Click **Browse...** and specify the firmware file.
- 3. Click **Upgrade**. The Network Camera starts to upgrade and will reboot automatically when the upgrade completes.

The upgrade is successful as you see "Reboot system now!! This connection will close". After that, reaccess the Network Camera.

The following message is displayed when the upgrade is succeeded.

	Configuration
	>Maintenance
Home	71 % 72 % 73 % 74 % 75 % 76 % 77 % 78 % 79 % 80 % 🔼 81 % 82 % 83 % 84 % 85 % 86 % 87 % 88 % 89 % 90 %
System	91 % 92 % 93 % 94 % 95 % 96 % 97 % 98 % 99 % 100 %
Security	Write new image complete Update system image success
HTTPS	Remove old web page Updating new web page
Network	Clear boot specific data Updating L1 boot
DDNS	File size = 8192
Access list	Erasing flash Writing new image
Audio and video	Write new image complete
Motion detection	File size = 8192 Erasing flash
Homepage layout	Writing new image
Application	Write new image complete Update L1 boot success Updating L2 boot
Recording	File size = 62120
System log	Erasing flash Writing new image
View parameters	Write new image complete Update L2 boot success
Maintenance	Updating armboot environment if necessary Copied 8192 bytes from /mnt/ramdisk/bootenv1 to address 0x00004000 in flash
[Basic mode]	Update armboot env success Reboot system now !! This connection will close
Version: 0100c	

The following message is displayed when you have selected an incorrect firmware file.

Starting firmware upgrade... Do not power down the server during the upgrade. The server will restart automatically after the upgrade is completed. It will takes about 1 - 5 minutes. Wrong PKG file format Unpack fail

Export / Upload Files Advanced mode

Export files	
Export daylight saving time configuration file	Export
Export language file	Export
R o Tom	
Upload files	
Upload files Update Daylight Saving Time Rules	Browse Upload

This feature allows you to Export / Upload daylight saving time rules and custom language files.

Export daylight saving time configuration file: Click to set the starting time and ending time of DST.

Follow the steps below to export:

- 1. In the Export files column, click **Export** to export a daylight saving time configuration file from the Network Camera.
- 2. A File Downlaod dialog will pop up as below. Click **Open** to review the XML file or click **Save** to store the file for further settings.



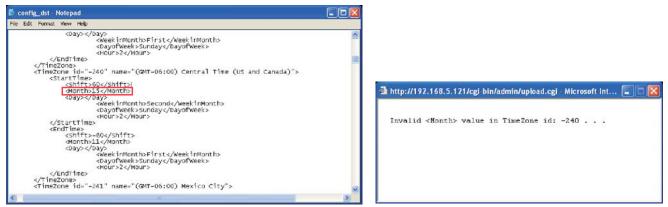
3. Open the file with Microsoft[®] Notepad and locate your time zone; set the starting time and ending time of the DST. When completed, save the file.

In the example below, the DST begins each year at 2:00 a.m. on the second Sunday in March and ends at 2:00 a.m. on the first Sunday in November.

config_dst - Notepad	
a Edik Format Viaw Help	
<day></day> <weekinmonth>First</weekinmonth> <dayofweek>Sunday</dayofweek> <hour>2</hour>	
<td></td>	
 <timezone id="-241" name="(GMT-06:00) Mexico City"></timezone>	
	2

Upload daylight saving time rule: Click **Browse...** and specify the XML file to upload.

If the incorrect date and time is assigned, you will see the following warning message when uploading the file to the Network Camera.



The following message is displayed when attempting to upload an incorrect file format.



<u>Export language file</u>: Click to export language strings. VIVOTEK provides nine languages: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 簡体中文, and 繁體中文.

Upload custom language file: Click **Browse...** and specify your own XML file to upload.

Appendix URL Commands of the Network Camera

Overview

For some customers who already have their own web site or web control application, Network Camera/ Video server can be easily integrated through convenient URLs. This section specifies the external HTTP based application programming interface. The HTTP based camera interface provides the functionality to request a single image, to control camera functions (PTZ, output relay etc.) and to get and set internal parameter values. The image and CGI-requests are handled by the built in Web server.

Style convention

In URL syntax and in descriptions of CGI parameters, a text within angle brackets denotes a content that is to be replaced with either a value or a string. When replacing the text string also the angle brackets shall be replaced. An example of this is the description of the name for the server, denoted with <servername> in the URL syntax description below, that is replaced with the string myserver in the URL syntax example, also below.

URL syntax' are written with the "**Syntax:**" word written in bold face followed by a box with the referred syntax as seen below. The name of the server is written as <servername>. This is intended to be replaced with the name of the actual server. This can either be a name, e.g., "mywebcam" or "thecam. adomain.net" or the associated IP number for the server, e.g., 192.168.0.220.

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

Description of returned data is written with "**Return:**" in bold face followed by the returned data in a box. All data returned as HTTP formatted, i.e., starting with the string HTTP is line separated with a Carriage Return and Line Feed (CRLF) printed as \r\n.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 <HTTP code> <HTTP text>\r\n

URL syntax examples are written with "**Example:**" in bold face followed by a short description and a light grey box with the example.

Example: request a single snapshot image

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

General CGI URL syntax and parameters

CGI parameters are written in lower-case and as one word without any underscores or other separators. When the CGI request includes internal camera parameters, the internal parameters must be written exactly as they are named in the camera or video server. The CGIs are organized in function related directories under the cgi-bin directory. The file extension of the CGI is required.

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/<subdir>[/<subdir>...]/<cgi>.<ext>
[?<parameter>=<value>[&<parameter>=<value>...]]
```

Example: Setting digital output #1 to active

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=1

Security level

SECURITY	SUB-DIRECTORY	DESCRIPTION
LEVEL		
0	anonymous	Unprotected.
1 [view]	anonymous, viewer,	1. Can view, listen, talk to camera
	dido, camctrl	2. Can control dido, ptz of camera
4 [operator]	anonymous, viewer,	Operator's access right can modify most of camera's
	dido, camctrl,	parameters except some privilege and network
	operator	options
6 [admin]	anonymous, viewer,	Administrator's access right can fully control the
	dido, camctrl,	camera's operation.
	operator, admin	
7	N/A	Internal parameters. Unable to be changed by any
		external interface.

Get server parameter values

Note: The access right depends on the URL directory. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/anonymous/getparam.cgi?[<parameter>]

[&<parameter>...]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>] [&<parameter>...]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/operator/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>] [&<parameter>...]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>] [&<parameter>...]

where the *<parameter>* should be *<group>*[_*<name>*] or *<group>*[.*<name>*] If you do not specify the any parameters, all the parameters on the server will be returned. If you specify only *<group>*, the parameters of related group will be returned.

When query parameter values, the current parameter value are returned.

Successful control request returns paramter pairs as follows.

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n			
Content-Type: text/html\r\n			
Context-Length: <length>\r\n</length>			
\r\n			
<pre><parameter pair=""></parameter></pre>			
where <parameter pair=""> is</parameter>			
<pre><parameter>=<value>\r\n</value></parameter></pre>			
[<parameter pair="">]</parameter>			

<length> is the actual length of content.

Example: request IP address and it's response

Request:

Roturn

http://192.168.0.123/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?network_ipaddress

Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: 33\r\n \r\n network.ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

Set server parameter values

Note: The access right depends on the URL directory. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/anonymous/setparam.cgi? <parameter>=<value>
[&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>][&return=<return page>]
```

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/setparam.cgi? <*parameter*>=<value> [&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/operator/setparam.cgi? <parameter>=<value>
[&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]
```

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi? <*parameter*>=<*value*> [&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	
<group>_<name></name></group>	value to assigned	Assign < <i>value</i> > to the parameter < <i>group</i> >_< <i>name</i> >	
update	<boolean></boolean>	set to 1 to actually update all fields (no need to use update	
		parameter in each group)	
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < return page > after the parameter is	
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or	
		relative path according the the current path. If you omit	
		this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.	
		(note: The return page can be a general HTML	
		file(.htm, .html) or a Vivotek server script executable	
		(.vspx) file. It can not be a CGI command. It can not have	
		any extra parameters. This parameter must be put at end	
		of parameter list)	

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: <length>\r\n \r\n <parameter pair>

where <parameter pair> is

<parameter>=<value>\r\n

[<parameter pair>]

Only the parameters that you set and readable will be returned.

Example: Set the IP address of server to 192.168.0.123

Request: http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi?network_ipaddress=192.168.0.123

Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: 33\r\n \r\n network.ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

Available parameters on the server

Valid values:

VALID VALUES	DESCRIPTION	
string[<n>]</n>	Text string shorter than `n' characters. The characters ",', <,>,& are	
	invalid.	
password[<n>]</n>	The same as string but display `*' instead	
integer	Any number between $(-2^{31} - 1)$ and $(2^{31} - 1)$	
positive integer	Any number between 0 and $(2^{32} - 1)$	
<m> ~ <n></n></m>	Any number between 'm' and 'n'	
domain name[<n>]</n>	A string limited to contain a domain name shorter than `n' characters	
	(eg. www.ibm.com)	
email address [<n>]</n>	A string limited to contain a email address shorter than `n'	
	characters (eg. joe@www.ibm.com)	
ip address	A string limited to contain an ip address (eg. 192.168.1.1)	
mac address	A string limited to contain mac address without hyphen or colon	
	connected	
boolean	A boolean value 1 or 0 represents [Yes or No], [True or False],	
	[Enable or Disable].	
<value1>,</value1>	Enumeration. Only given values are valid.	

<value2>,</value2>	
<value3>,</value3>	
blank	A blank string
everything inside <>	As description

NOTE: The camera should prevent to restart when parameter changed.

Group: system

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
hostname	string[40]	<product dependent ></product 	1/6	host name of server
ledoff	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	turn on(0) or turn off(1) all led indicators
lowlight	<boolean></boolean>	1	6/6	 (0) Turn on white light LED in all condition (1) Only turn on white light LED in low light condition
date	<yyyy dd<br="" mm="">>, keep, auto</yyyy>	<current date></current 	6/6	Current date of system. Set to 'keep' keeping date unchanged. Set to 'auto' to use NTP to synchronize date.
time	<hh:mm:ss>, keep, auto</hh:mm:ss>	<current time></current 	6/6	Current time of system. Set to 'keep' keeping time unchanged. Set to 'auto' to use NTP to synchronize time.
datetime	<mmddhhmmy YYY.ss></mmddhhmmy 	<current time></current 	6/6	Another current time format of system.
ntp	<domain name>, <ip address="">, <blank></blank></ip></domain 	<blank></blank>	6/6	NTP server *do not use "skip to invoke default server" for default
timezoneindex	-489 ~ 529	<product dependent ></product 	6/6	Indicate timezone and area -480: GMT-12:00 Eniwetok, Kwajalein -440: GMT-11:00 Midway Island, Samoa

		-400: GMT-10:00 Hawaii
		-360: GMT-09:00 Alaska
		-320: GMT-08:00 Las Vegas,
		San_Francisco,
		Vancouver
		-280: GMT-07:00 Mountain
		Time, Denver
		-281: GMT-07:00 Arizona
		-240: GMT-06:00 Central
		America, Central Time,
		Mexico City, Saskatchewan
		-200: GMT-05:00 Eastern
		Time, New York, Toronto
		-201: GMT-05:00 Bogota,
		Lima, Quito, Indiana
		-160: GMT-04:00 Atlantic
		Time, Canada, Caracas
		,La Paz, Santiago
		-140: GMT-03:30
		Newfoundland
		-120: GMT-03:00 Brasilia,
		Buenos Aires,
		Georgetown, Greenland
		-80: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic
		-40: GMT-01:00 Azores,
		Cape_Verde_IS.
		0: GMT Casablanca,
		Greenwich Mean
		Time:Dublin,
		Edinburgh, Lisbon, London
		40: GMT 01:00 Amsterdam,
		Berlin, Rome,
		Stockholm, Vienna, Madrid,
		Paris
		41: GMT 01:00 Warsaw,
		Budapest, Bern
		80: GMT 02:00 Athens,
		Helsinki, Istanbul, Riga
		81: GMT 02:00 Cairo
		82: GMT 02:00 Lebanon,
	1	

		Minsk	
		83: GMT 02:00 Israel	
		120: GMT 03:00 Baghdad,	
		Kuwait, Riyadh,	
		Moscow, St. Petersburg,	
		Nairobi	
		121: GMT 03:00 Iraq	
		140: GMT 03:30 Tehran	
		160: GMT 04:00 Abu Dhabi,	
		Muscat, Baku,	
		Tbilisi, Yerevan	
		180: GMT 04:30 Kabul	
		200: GMT 05:00	
		Ekaterinburg, Islamabad,	
		Karachi,	
		Tashkent	
		220: GMT 05:30 Calcutta,	
		Chennai, Mumbai,	
		New Delhi	
		230: GMT 05:45 Kathmandu	
		240: GMT 06:00 Almaty,	
		Novosibirsk, Astana,	
		Dhaka, Sri Jayawardenepura	
		260: GMT 06:30 Rangoon	
		280: GMT 07:00 Bangkok,	
		Hanoi, Jakarta,	
		Krasnoyarsk	
		320: GMT 08:00 Beijing,	
		Chongqing, Hong Kong,	
		Kuala Lumpur, Singapore,	
		Taipei	
		360: GMT 09:00 Osaka,	
		Sapporo, Tokyo,	
		Seoul, Yakutsk	
		380: GMT 09:30 Adelaide,	
		Darwin	
		400: GMT 10:00 Brisbane,	
		Canberra, Melbourne,	
		Sydney, Guam, Vladivostok	
		440: GMT 11:00 Magadan,	

		1		Solomon Is., New
				Caledonia
				480: GMT 12:00 Aucklan,
				Wellington, Fiji, Kamchatka,
				Marshall Is.
				520: GMT 13:00 Nuku'Alofa
daylight_enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	enable automatic daylight
				saving to time zone
daylight_dstactual	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/7	check if current time is under
mode				daylight saving time.
daylight_auto_beg	string[19]	NONE	6/7	display the current daylight
intime				saving begin time.
daylight_auto_en	string[19]	NONE	6/7	display the current daylight
dtime				saving end time.
daylight_timezone	strings	N/A	6/7	list of time zone which has
S	-			daylight saving time
updateinterval	0,	0	6/6	0 to disable automatic time
	3600,			adjustment, otherwise, it
	86400,			means the seconds between
	604800,			NTP automatic update
	2592000			interval.
restore	0,	N/A	7/6	Restore the system
restore			//0	
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>parameters to default value</td></positive<>			parameters to default value
	integer>		7/6	after <value> seconds.</value>
reset	0,	N/A	7/6	Restart the server after
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td><value> seconds if <value></value></value></td></positive<>			<value> seconds if <value></value></value>
	integer>			is non-negative.
restoreexceptnet	<any value=""></any>	N/A	7/6	Restore the system
				parameters to default value
				except (ipaddress, subnet,
				router, dns1, dns2, pppoe).
				This command can cooperate
				with other
				"restoreexceptXYZ"
				commands. When
				cooperating with others, the
				system parameters will be
				restored to default value
				except a union of combined
				results.
				i courtor

restoreexceptdst	<any value=""></any>	N/A	7/6	Restore the system
				parameters to default value
				except all daylight saving
				time settings.
				This command can cooperate
				with other
				"restoreexceptXYZ"
				commands. When
				cooperating with others, the
				system parameters will be
				restored to default value
				except a union of combined
				results.
restoreexceptlang	<any value=""></any>	N/A	7/6	Restore the system
				parameters to default value
				except custom language file
				user uploaded.
				This command can cooperate
				with other
				"restoreexceptXYZ"
				commands. When
				cooperating with others, the
				system parameters will be
				restored to default value
				except a union of combined
				results.

SubGroup of **system**: info

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
modelname	string[40]	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>model name of server</td></product<>	0/7	model name of server
		dependent		
		>		
extendedmodelnam	string[40]	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>equal to "modelname"</td></product<>	0/7	equal to "modelname"
е		dependent		
		>		
serialnumber	<mac< td=""><td><product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>12 characters mac address</td></product<></td></mac<>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>12 characters mac address</td></product<>	0/7	12 characters mac address
	address>	mac		without hyphen connected
		address>		
firmwareversion	string[40]	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>The version of firmware,</td></product<>	0/7	The version of firmware,

		dependent		including model, company,
		>		and version number in the
				format
				<model-brand-version></model-brand-version>
language_count	<integer></integer>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>Default number of webpage</td></product<>	0/7	Default number of webpage
		dependent		language available on the
		>		server
language_i<0~(cou	string[16]	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>Available default language</td></product<>	0/7	Available default language
nt-1)>		dependent		lists
		>		
customlanguage_m	<integer></integer>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>Maximum number of custom</td></product<>	0/7	Maximum number of custom
axcount		dependent		language supported on the
		>		server
customlanguage_co	<integer></integer>	0	0/7	Number of custom language
unt				which has been uploaded to
				the server
customlanguage_i<	string	N/A	0/7	Custom language name
0~(maxcount-1)>				

Group: status

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
di_i<0~(ndi-1)>	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/7	0 => Inactive, normal
				1 => Active, triggered
do_i<0~ndi-1)>	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/7	0 => Inactive, normal
				1 => Active, triggered
onlinenum_rtsp	integer	0	6/7	current RTSP connection
				numbers
onlinenum_httppush	integer	0	6/7	current HTTP push server
				connection numbers

Group: **di_i<0~(ndi-1)>**

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
normalstate	high,	high	1/1	indicate whether open circuit
	low			or closed circuit represents
				inactive status

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
normalstate	open,	open	1/1	indicate whether open circuit
	grounded			or closed circuit represents
				inactive status

Group: do_i<0~(ndo-1)>

Group: **security**

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
privilege_do_viewer	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	DO privilege of viewer
privilege_do_operator	<boolean></boolean>	1	6/6	DO privilege of operator
user_i0_name	string[64]	root	6/7	User's name of root
user_i<1~20>_name	string[64]	<blank></blank>	6/7	User's name
user_i0_pass	password[64]	<blank></blank>	6/6	root's password
user_i<1~20>_pass	password[64]	<blank></blank>	7/6	User's password
user_i0_privilege	viewer,	admin	6/7	root's privilege
	operator,			
	admin			
user_i<1~20>_	viewer,	viewer	6/6	User's privilege.
privilege	operator,			
	admin			

Group: network

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
type	lan,	lan	6/6	Network connection type
	рррое			
resetip	<boolean></boolean>	1	6/6	1 => get ipaddress, subnet,
				router, dns1, dns2 from DHCP
				server at next reboot
				0 => use preset ipaddress,
				subnet, rounter, dns1, and
				dns2
ipaddress	<ip< td=""><td><product< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>IP address of server</td></product<></td></ip<>	<product< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>IP address of server</td></product<>	6/6	IP address of server
	address>	dependent>		
subnet	<ip< td=""><td><blank></blank></td><td>6/6</td><td>subnet mask</td></ip<>	<blank></blank>	6/6	subnet mask
	address>			
router	<ip< td=""><td><blank></blank></td><td>6/6</td><td>default gateway</td></ip<>	<blank></blank>	6/6	default gateway

	address>			
dns1	<ip< td=""><td><blank></blank></td><td>6/6</td><td>primary DNS server</td></ip<>	<blank></blank>	6/6	primary DNS server
	address>			
dns2	<ip< td=""><td><blank></blank></td><td>6/6</td><td>secondary DNS server</td></ip<>	<blank></blank>	6/6	secondary DNS server
	address>			
wins1	<ip< td=""><td><blank></blank></td><td>6/6</td><td>primary WINS server</td></ip<>	<blank></blank>	6/6	primary WINS server
	address>			
wins2	<ip< td=""><td><blank></blank></td><td>6/6</td><td>secondary WINS server</td></ip<>	<blank></blank>	6/6	secondary WINS server
	address>			

Subgroup of **network**: **sip**

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
port	554, 1025~	554	6/6	SIP port
	65535			

Subgroup of **network**: **ftp**

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
port	21,	21	6/6	local ftp server port
	1025~65535			

Subgroup of **network**: http

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
port	80, 1025~	80	6/6	HTTP port
	65535			
alternateport	1025~65535	8080	6/6	Alternative HTTP port
authmode	basic,	basic	1/6	HTTP authentication mode
	digest			
s0_accessname	string[32]	video.mjpg	1/6	Http server push access
				name for stream 1
s1_accessname	string[32]	video2.mjpg	1/6	Http server push access
				name for stream 2

Subgroup of **network**: **https**

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
port	443, 1025~	443	6/6	HTTPS port

65535	
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Subgroup of **network**: **rtsp**

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
port	554, 1025 ~	554	1/6	RTSP port
	65535			
authmode	disable,	disable	1/6	RTSP authentication mode
	basic,			
	digest			
s0_accessname	string[32]	live.sdp	1/6	RTSP access name for
				stream1
s1_accessname	string[32]	live2.sdp	1/6	RTSP access name for
				stream2
s0_audiotrack	<integer></integer>	0	6/6	The current audio track for
				stream1.
				-1 => audio mute
s1_audiotrack	<integer></integer>	0	6/6	The current audio track for
				stream2.
				-1 => audio mute

Subgroup of **rtsp_s<0~(n-1)>**: **multicast**, n is stream count

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
alwaysmulticast	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable always multicast
ipaddress	<ip address=""></ip>	For n=0,	4/4	Multicast IP address
		239.128.1.		
		99		
		For n=1,		
		239.128.1.		
		100,		
		and so on.		
videoport	1025 ~	5560+n*2	4/4	Multicast video port
	65535			
audioport	1025 ~	5562+n*2	4/4	Multicast audio port
	65535			
ttl	1 ~ 255	15	4/4	Multicast time to live value

Subgroup of **network**: **rtp**

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
videoport	1025~ 65535	5556	6/6	video channel port for RTP
audioport	1025~ 65535	5558	6/6	audio channel port for RTP

Subgroup of **network**: **pppoe**

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
user	string[128]	<blank></blank>	6/6	PPPoE account user name
pass	password[64]	<blank></blank>	6/6	PPPoE account password

Group: ipfilter

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
allow_i<0~9>_start	1.0.0.0 ~	allow_0_start	6/6	Allowed starting IP
	255.255.255.	=> 1.0.0.0		address for RTSP
	255			connection
		allow_<1~9>_		
		start =>		
		<blank></blank>		
allow_i<0~9>_end	1.0.0.0 ~	allow_0_end	6/6	Allowed ending IP
	255.255.255.	=>		address for RTSP
	255	255.255.255.2		connection
		55		
		allow_<1~9>_		
		end =>		
		<blank></blank>		
deny_i<0~9>_start	1.0.0.0 ~	<blank></blank>	6/6	Denied starting IP
	255.255.255.			address for RTSP
	255			connection
deny_i<0~9>_end	1.0.0.0 ~	<blank></blank>	6/6	Denied ending IP
	255.255.255.			address for RTSP
	255			connection

Group: videoin

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
cmosfreq	50, 60	60	4/4	CMOS frequency

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whitebalance	auto,	0	4/4	auto, auto white balance
	manual			manual
atwbvalue	0 ~ 65535	<product< td=""><td>4/4</td><td>The auto white balance</td></product<>	4/4	The auto white balance
		dependent>		value.
autoiris	<boolean></boolean>	1	4/4	Enable auto Iris

Group: videoin_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel products, m is stream number

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
color	0,1	1	4/4	0 =>monochrome
				1 =>color
flip	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	flip the image
mirror	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	mirror the image
ptzstatus	<integer></integer>	<product< td=""><td>1/7</td><td>An 32-bits integer, each bit</td></product<>	1/7	An 32-bits integer, each bit
		dependent		can be set separately as
		>		follows:
				Bit 0=> Support camera
				control function 0(not
				support), 1(support)
				Bit 1=> Build-in or
				external camera.
				0(external), 1(build-in)
				Bit 2=> Support pan
				operation. 0(not support),
				1(support)
				Bit 3=> Support tilt
				operation. 0(not support),
				1(support)
				Bit 4 => Support zoom
				operation. 0(not support),
				1(support)
				Bit 5=> Support focus
				operation. 0(not support),
				1(support)
text	string[16]	<blank></blank>	1/4	enclosed caption
imprinttimestamp	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Overlay time stamp on video
maxexposure	1~120	30	4/4	Maximum exposure time
s<0~(m-1)>_codec	mpeg4,	mpeg4	4/4	video codec type
type	mjpeg			
s<0~(m-1)>_resol	176x144,	stream1 =>	4/4	Video resolution in pixel

	220-240	640.400		
ution	320x240,	640x480		
	640x480	stream2 =>		
		176x144		
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg	250, 500,	1000	4/4	The period of intra frame in
4_intraperiod	1000, 2000,			milliseconds
	3000, 4000			
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg	cbr, vbr	vbr	4/4	cbr, constant bitrate
4_ratecontrolmode				vbr, fix quality
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg	1~5	3	4/4	quality of video when
4_quant				choosing vbr in
				"ratecontrolmode".
				1 is worst quality and 5 is the
				best quality.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg	1000~40000	51200	4/4	Set bit rate in bps when
4_bitrate	00			choose cbr in
				"ratecontrolmode"
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg	1, 2, 3, 5, 10,	25 => 50Hz	4/4	set maximum frame rate in
4_maxframe	15, 20, 25,	30 => 60Hz		fps (for MPEG-4)
	30 (only for			
	NTSC or 60Hz			
	CMOS)			
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpe	1~5	3	4/4	quality of jpeg video.
g_quant				1 is worst quality and 5 is the
				best quality.
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpe	1~25,	25 => PAL	4/4	set maximum frame rate in
g_maxframe	26~30 (only	CCD or		fps (for JPEG)
	for NTSC or	50Hz CMOS		
	60Hz CMOS)	30 =>		
		NTSC CCD		
		or 60Hz		
		CMOS		
s<0~(m-1)>_forcei	1	N/A	7/6	Force I frame

Group: **audioin_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
source	micin,	linein	4/4	micin => use external
	linein			microphone input
				linein => use line input
mute	0, 1	0	1/4	Enable audio mute

gain	0~31	0	4/4	Gain of input
boostmic	0, 1	0	4/4	Enable microphone boost
		-		-
s<0~(m-1)>_codec	aac4, gamr	gamr	4/4	set audio codec type for
type				input
s<0~(m-1)>_aac4_	16000,	128000	4/4	set AAC4 bitrate in bps
bitrate	32000,			
	48000,			
	64000,			
	96000,			
	128000			
s<0~(m-1)>_gamr	4750,	12200	4/4	set AMR bitrate in bps
_bitrate	5150,			
	5900,			
	6700,			
	7400,			
	7950,			
	10200,			
	12200			

Group: **image_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
brightness	-5 ~ 5	0	4/4	Adjust brightness of image
				according to mode settings.
saturation	-5 ~ 5	0	4/4	Adjust saturation of image
				according to mode settings.
contrast	-5 ~ 5	0	4/4	Adjust contrast of image
				according to mode settings.
sharpness	-3 ~ 3	3	4/4	Adjust sharpness of image
				according to mode settings.

Group: **imagepreview_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
brightness	-5 ~ 5	0	4/4	Preview of adjusting
				brightness of image
				according to mode settings.
saturation	-5 ~ 5	0	4/4	Preview of adjusting
				saturation of image
				according to mode settings.

contrast	-5 ~ 5	0	4/4	Preview of adjusting
				contrast of image according
				to mode settings.
sharpness	-3 ~ 3	0	4/4	Preview of adjusting
				sharpness of image
				according to mode settings.
videoin_whitebalanc	auto,	auto	4/4	Preview of adjusting white
е	manual			balance of image according
				to mode settings
videoin_restoreatwb	0,1~	0	4/4	Restore of adjusting white
				balance of image according
				to mode settings

Group: motion_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel product

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	enable motion detection
win_i<0~2>_enabl	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	enable motion window 1~3
е				
win_i<0~2>_name	string[14]	<blank></blank>	4/4	name of motion window 1~3
win_i<0~2>_left	0 ~ 320	0	4/4	Left coordinate of window
				position.
win_i<0~2>_top	0 ~ 240	0	4/4	Top coordinate of window
				position.
win_i<0~2>_width	0 ~ 320	0	4/4	Width of motion detection
				window.
win_i<0~2>_height	0 ~ 240	0	4/4	Height of motion detection
				window.
win_i<0~2>_objsiz	0 ~ 100	0	4/4	Percent of motion detection
e				window.
win_i<0~2>_sensiti	0 ~ 100	0	4/4	Sensitivity of motion
vity				detection window.

Group: privacymask_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel product

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable the privacy mask
win_i<0~4>_enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable the privacy mask window

win_i<0~4>_name	string[14]	<blank></blank>	4/4	The name of privacy mask
				window
win_i<0~4>_left	0 ~ 320/352	0	4/4	Left coordinate of window
				position.
win_i<0~4>_top	0 ~ 240/288	0	4/4	Top coordinate of window
				position.
win_i<0~4>_width	0 ~ 320/352	0	4/4	Width of privacy mask
				window
win_i<0~4>_height	0 ~ 240/288	0	4/4	Height of privacy mask
				window

Group: ddns

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable or disable the
				dynamic dns.
provider	Safe100,	DyndnsDy	6/6	Safe100 => safe100.net
	DyndnsDynamic,	namic		DyndnsDynamic =>
	DyndnsCustom,			dyndns.org (dynamic)
	TZO,			DyndnsCustom =>
	DHS,			dyndns.org (custom)
	DynInterfree,			TZO => tzo.com
	PeanutHull,			DHS => dhs.org
	CustomSafe100			DynInterfree
				=>dyn-interfree.it
				PeanutHull => peanut hull
				CustomSafe100 =>
				Custom server using safe100
				method
<provider>_hostna</provider>	string[128]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Your dynamic hostname.
me				
<provider>_userna</provider>	string[64]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Your user or email to login
meemail				ddns service provider
<provider>_passwo</provider>	string[64]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Your password or key to login
rdkey				ddns service provider
<provider>_servern</provider>	string[128]	<blank></blank>	6/6	The server name for
ame				safe100.
				(This field only exists for
				provider is customsafe100)

Group: upnppresentation

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	1	6/6	Enable or disable the
				UPNP presentation
				service.

Group: upnpportforwarding

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable or disable the UPNP
				port forwarding service.
upnpnatstatus	0~3	0	6/7	The status of UpnP port
				forwarding, used internally.
				0 is OK, 1 is FAIL, 2 is no IGD
				router, 3 is no need to do
				port forwarding.

Group: syslog

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enableremotelog	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	enable remote log
serverip	<ip address=""></ip>	<blank></blank>	6/6	Log server IP address
serverport	514,	514	6/6	Server port used for log
	1025~65535			
level	0~7	6	6/6	The levels to distinguish the
				importance of information.
				0: LOG_EMERG
				1: LOG_ALERT
				2: LOG_CRIT
				3: LOG_ERR
				4: LOG_WARNING
				5: LOG_NOTICE
				6: LOG_INFO
				7: LOG_DEBUG

Group: capability

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	

api_httpversion	0100a	0100a	0/7	The HTTP API version.
bootuptime	<positive integer=""></positive>	60	0/7	The server bootup time
nir	0, <positive integer=""></positive>	<product dependent></product 	0/7	number of IR interface
npir	0, <positive integer=""></positive>	<product dependent></product 	0/7	number of PIR
ndi	0, <positive integer=""></positive>	<product dependent></product 	0/7	number of digital input
ndo	0, <positive integer=""></positive>	<product dependent></product 	0/7	number of digital output
naudioin	0, <positive integer=""></positive>	<product dependent></product 	0/7	number of audio input
naudioout	0, <positive integer=""></positive>	<product dependent></product 	0/7	number of audio output
nvideoin	<positive integer=""></positive>	<product dependent></product 	0/7	number of video input
nmediastream	<positive integer=""></positive>	<product dependent></product 	0/7	number of media stream per channel
nvideosetting	<positive integer=""></positive>	<product dependent></product 	0/7	number of video settings per channel
naudiosetting	<positive integer=""></positive>	<product dependent></product 	0/7	number of audio settings per channel
nuart	0, <positive integer=""></positive>	<product dependent></product 	0/7	number of UART interface
ptzenabled	< positive integer >	<product dependent></product 	0/7	An 32-bits integer, each bit can be set separately as follows: Bit 0 => Support camera control function 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 1 => Build-in or external camera. 0(external), 1(build-in) Bit 2 => Support pan operation. 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 3 => Support tilt operation. 0(not support), 1(support)

protocol_https	< boolean >	<product dependent> <product< th=""><th>0/7</th><th>Bit 4 => Support zoom operation. 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 5 => Support focus operation. 0(not support), 1(support) indicate whether to support http over SSL indicate whether to support</th></product<></product 	0/7	Bit 4 => Support zoom operation. 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 5 => Support focus operation. 0(not support), 1(support) indicate whether to support http over SSL indicate whether to support
protocol_sip	<boolean></boolean>	dependent>	0/7	rtsp indicate whether to support
protocol_maxco	<positive integer=""></positive>	dependent> <product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>sip The maximum allowed</td></product<>	0/7	sip The maximum allowed
nnection protocol_rtp_mu	<boolean></boolean>	dependent> <product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>simultaneous connections indicate whether to support</td></product<>	0/7	simultaneous connections indicate whether to support
lticast_ scalable		dependent>		scalable multicast
protocol_rtp_mu lticast_ backchannel	<boolean></boolean>	<product dependent></product 	0/7	indicate whether to support backchannel multicast
protocol_rtp_tcp	<boolean></boolean>	<product dependent></product 	0/7	indicate whether to support rtp over tcp
protocol_rtp_htt p	<boolean></boolean>	<product dependent></product 	0/7	indicate whether to support rtp over http
protocol_spush_ mjpeg	<boolean></boolean>	<product dependent></product 	0/7	indicate whether to support server push motion jpeg
protocol_snmp	<boolean></boolean>	<product dependent></product 	0/7	indicate whether to support snmp
videoin_type	0, 1, 2	<product dependent></product 	0/7	0 => Interlaced CCD 1 => Progressive CCD 2 => CMOS
videoin_resoluti on	<a list="" of="" the<br="">available resolution separates by comma)	<product dependent></product 	0/7	available resolutions list
videoin_codec	<a list="" of="" the<br="">available codec types separaters by comma)	<product dependent></product 	0/7	available codec list

	1			
videoout_codec	<a list="" of="" td="" the<=""><td><product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>available codec list</td></product<></td>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>available codec list</td></product<>	0/7	available codec list
	available codec	dependent>		
	types separaters			
	by comma)			
audio_aec	<boolean></boolean>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>indicate whether to support</td></product<>	0/7	indicate whether to support
		dependent>		acoustic echo cancellation
audio_extmic	<boolean></boolean>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>indicate whether to support</td></product<>	0/7	indicate whether to support
		dependent>		external microphone input
audio_linein	<boolean></boolean>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>indicate whether to support</td></product<>	0/7	indicate whether to support
		dependent>		external line input
audio_lineout	<boolean></boolean>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>indicate whether to support</td></product<>	0/7	indicate whether to support
		dependent>		line output
audio_headphon	<boolean></boolean>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>indicate whether to support</td></product<>	0/7	indicate whether to support
eout		dependent>		headphone output
audioin_codec	<a list="" of="" td="" the<=""><td><product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>available codec list</td></product<></td>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>available codec list</td></product<>	0/7	available codec list
	available codec	dependent>		
	types separaters			
	by comma)			
audioout_codec	<a list="" of="" td="" the<=""><td><product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>available codec list</td></product<></td>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>available codec list</td></product<>	0/7	available codec list
	available codec	dependent>		
	types separaters			
	by comma)			
uart_httptunnel	<boolean></boolean>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>Indicate whether to</td></product<>	0/7	Indicate whether to
		dependent>		support the http tunnel for
				uart transfer
transmission_m	Tx,	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>Indicate what kind of</td></product<>	0/7	Indicate what kind of
ode	Rx,	dependent>		transmission mode the
	Both			machine used. TX: server,
				Rx: receiver box, Both:
				DVR?.
network_wire	<boolean></boolean>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>Indicate whether to</td></product<>	0/7	Indicate whether to
		dependent>		support the Ethernet
network_wireles	<boolean></boolean>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>Indicate whether to</td></product<>	0/7	Indicate whether to
S		dependent>		support the wireless
wireless_802dot	<boolean></boolean>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>Indicate whether to</td></product<>	0/7	Indicate whether to
11b		dependent>		support the wireless
				802.11b+
wireless_802dot	<boolean></boolean>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>Indicate whether to</td></product<>	0/7	Indicate whether to
11g		dependent>		support the wireless
				802.11g

wireless_encrypt	<boolean></boolean>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>Indicate whether to</td></product<>	0/7	Indicate whether to
_wep		dependent>		support the wireless WEP
wireless_encrypt	<boolean></boolean>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>Indicate whether to</td></product<>	0/7	Indicate whether to
_wpa		dependent>		support the wireless WPA
wireless_encrypt	<boolean></boolean>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>Indicate whether to</td></product<>	0/7	Indicate whether to
_wpa2		dependent>		support the wireless WPA2

Group: event_i<0~2>

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	NULL	6/6	The identification of this
				entry
enable	0,1	0	6/6	To enable or disable this
				event.
priority	0, 1, 2	1	6/6	Indicate the priority of this
				event.
				"0" indicates low priority.
				"1" indicates normal
				priority.
				"2" indicates high priority.
delay	1~999	10	6/6	Delay seconds before detect
				next event.
trigger	boot,	boot	6/6	Indicate the trigger
	di,			condition.
	motion,			"boot" indicates system
	seq			boot.
				"di" indicates digital input or
				PIR
				"motion" indicates video
				motion detection.
				"seq" indicates periodic
				condition.
di	<integer></integer>	0	6/6	Indicate which di detected.
				This field is required when
				trigger condition is "di".
				One bit represents one
				digital input. The LSB
				indicates DI 0.

mdwin	<integer></integer>	0	6/6	Indicate which motion
				detection windows
				detected.
				This field is required when
				trigger condition is "motion"
				One bit represents one
				window.
				The LSB indicates the 1 st
				window.
				For example, to detect the
				1 st and 3 rd windows, set
				mdwin as 5.
inter	1~999	1	6/6	Interval of period snapshot
				in minute.
				This field is used when
				trigger condition is "seq".
weekday	<interger></interger>	127	6/6	Indicate which weekday is
				scheduled.
				One bit represents one
				weekday.
				The bit0 (LSB) indicates
				Saturday.
				The bit1 indicates Friday.
				The bit2 indicates Thursday.
				The bit3 indicates
				Wednesday.
				The bit4 indicates Tuesday.
				The bit5 indicates Monday.
				The bit6 indicates Sunday.
				For example, to detect
				events on Friday and
				Sunday, set weekday as 66.
begintime	hh:mm	00:00	6/6	Begin time of weekly
				schedule.
endtime	hh:mm	24:00	6/6	End time of weekly
				schedule.
				(00:00 ~ 24:00 means
				always.)

	1	1		
lowlightcondition	0, 1	1	6/6	0 => Do action at all times
				1 => Do action in low-light
				conditions
action_do_i<0~(0, 1	0	6/6	To enable or disable trigger
ndo-1)>_enable				digital output.
action_do_i<0~(1~999	1	6/6	The duration of digital
ndo-1)>_duratio				output is triggered in
n				seconds.
action_cf_enable	0. 1	0	6/6	To enable put media on CF.
action_cf_folder	string[128]	NULL	6/6	The path to store media.
action_cf_media	NULL, 0~4	NULL	6/6	The index of attached
				media.
action_server_i<	0, 1	0	6/6	To enable or disable this
0~4>_enable				server action.
				The default value is 0.
action_server_i<	NULL, 0~4	NULL	6/6	The index of attached
0~4>_media				media.

Group: server_i<0~4>

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
name	string[40]	NULL	6/6	The identification of this
				entry
type	email,	email	6/6	Indicate the server type.
	ftp,			"email" is email server.
	http,			"ftp" is ftp server.
	ns			"http" is http server.
				"ns" is network storage.
http_url	string[128]	http://	6/6	The url of http server to
				upload.
http_username	string[64]	NULL	6/6	The username to login in the
				server.
http_passwd	string[64]	NULL	6/6	The password of the user.
ftp_address	string[128]	NULL	6/6	The ftp server address
ftp_username	string[64]	NULL	6/6	The username to login in the
				server.
ftp_passwd	string[64]	NULL	6/6	The password of the user.

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ftp_port	0~65535	21	6/6	The port to connect the
1				server.
ftp_location	string[128]	NULL	6/6	The location to upload or
				store the media.
ftp_passive	0, 1	1	6/6	To enable or disable the
				passive mode.
				0 is to disable the passive
				mode.
				1 is to enable the passive
				mode.
email_address	string[128]	NULL	6/6	The email server address
email_username	string[64]	NULL	6/6	The username to login in the
				server.
email_passwd	string[64]	NULL	6/6	The password of the user.
email_senderem	string[128]	NULL	6/6	The email address of sender.
ail				
email_recipiente	string[128]	NULL	6/6	The email address of
mail				recipient.
ns_location	string[128]	NULL	6/6	The location to upload or
				store the media.
ns_username	string[64]	NULL	6/6	The username to login in the
				server.
ns_passwd	string[64]	NULL	6/6	The password of the user.
ns_workgroup	string[64]	NULL	6/6	The workgroup for network
				storage.

Group: media_i<0~4>

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
name	string[40]	NULL	6/6	The identification of this
				entry
type	snapshot,	snapshot	6/6	The media type to send to
	systemlog			the server or store by the
	videoclip			server.
snapshot_source	<integer></integer>	0	6/6	Indicate the source of media
				stream.
				0 means the first stream.
				1 means the second stream
				and etc.

snapshot_prefix	string[16]	NULL	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the
			0,0	filename.
snapshot_datesu	0, 1	0	6/6	To add date and time suffix
ffix	,			to filename or not.
				1 means to add date and
				time suffix.
				0 means not to add it.
snapshot_preeve	0 ~ 7	1	6/6	It indicates the number of
nt				pre-event images.
snapshot_postev	0 ~ 7	1	6/6	The number of post-event
ent				images.
videoclip_source	<integer></integer>	0	6/6	Indicate the source of media
				stream.
				0 means the first stream.
				1 means the second stream
				and etc.
videoclip_prefix	string[16]	NULL	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the
				filename.
videoclip_preeve	0~9	0	6/6	It indicates the time of
nt				pre-event recording in
				seconds.
videoclip_maxdur	1 ~ 10	5	6/6	The time of maximum
ation				duration of one video clip in
				seconds.
videoclip_maxsiz	50 ~ 1500	500	6/6	The maximum size of one
е				video clip file in Kbytes.

Group: recording_i<0~1>

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
name	string[40]	NULL	6/6	The identification of this
				entry
enable	0, 1	0	6/6	To enable or disable this
				recoding.
priority	0, 1, 2	1	6/6	Indicate the priority of this
				recoding.
				"0" indicates low priority.
				"1" indicates normal
				priority.
				"2" indicates high priority.

source	<integer></integer>	0	6/6	Indicate the source of media
				stream.
				0 means the first stream.
				1 means the second stream
				and etc.
weekday	<interger></interger>	127	6/6	Indicate which weekday is
				scheduled.
				One bit represents one
				weekday.
				The bit0 (LSB) indicates
				Saturday.
				The bit1 indicates Friday.
				The bit2 indicates Thursday.
				The bit3 indicates
				Wednesday.
				The bit4 indicates Tuesday.
				The bit5 indicates Monday.
				The bit6 indicates Sunday.
				For example, to detect
				events on Friday and
				Sunday, set weekday as 66.
begintime	hh:mm	00:00	6/6	Begin time of weekly
				schedule.
endtime	hh:mm	24:00	6/6	End time of weekly
				schedule.
				(00:00~24:00 means
				always.)
prefix	string[16]	NULL	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the
				filename.
cyclesize	20~	20	6/6	The maximum size for cycle
				recording in Kbytes.
dest	0~4	NULL	6/6	The destination to store the
				recording data.
				"0~4" means the index of
				network storage.

Group: https

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	

enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	To enable or disable this
				secure http
policy	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	If the value is 1, it will
				force http connection
				redirect to https
				connection
method	auto,	Auto	6/6	auto => Create
	manual,			self-signed certificate
	install			automatically
				manual => Create
				self-signed certificate
				manually
				install => Create
				certificate request and
				install
status	-2 ~ 1	0	6/6	Specify the https status.
				-2=>invalid public key
				-1=>waiting for
				certificated
				0=>not installed
				1=>active
countryname	string[2]	<product< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>country name in certificate</td></product<>	6/6	country name in certificate
		dependent>		information
stateorprovincen	string[128]	<product< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>state or province name in</td></product<>	6/6	state or province name in
ame		dependent>		in certificate information
localityname	string[128]	<product< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>the locality name in</td></product<>	6/6	the locality name in
		dependent>		certificate information
organizationnam	string[64]	<product< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>organization name</td></product<>	6/6	organization name
е		dependent>		ertificate information
unit	string[32]	<product< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>organizational unit name</td></product<>	6/6	organizational unit name
		dependent>		in certificate information
commonname	string[64]	<product< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>common name in</td></product<>	6/6	common name in
		dependent>		certificate information
validdays	0 ~ 9999	<product< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>certificatation valid period</td></product<>	6/6	certificatation valid period
		dependent>		

Group: layout

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	

logo_default	<boolean></boolean>	1	1/6	0 => Custom logo
				1 => Default logo
logo_link	string[40]	http://www.v	1/6	Hyperlink of the logo
		ivotek.com		
theme_option	1~4	1	1/6	1~3: One of the default
				themes
				4: Custom definition
theme_color_font	string[7]	#fffff	1/6	Font color
theme_color_confi	string[7]	#fffff	1/6	Font color of configuration
gfont				area
theme_color_titlef	string[7]	#098bd6	1/6	Font color of video title
ont				
theme_color_cont	string[7]	#565656	1/6	Background color of
rolbackground				control area
theme_color_confi	string[7]	#323232	1/6	Background color of
gbackground				configuration area
theme_color_vide	string[7]	#565656	1/6	Background color of video
obackground				area
theme_color_case	string[7]	#323232	1/6	Frame color

Group: ircutcontrol

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
mode	auto,	1	6/6	Indicate which mode IR cut
	day,			control uses
	night,			"auto" means detecting
	schedule			day/night automatically.
				"day" means day mode.
				"night" means night mode.
				"schedule" means switching
				day/night by schedule.
daymodebegintime	<hh:mm></hh:mm>	07:00	6/6	Begin time of day mode
daymodeendtime	<hh:mm></hh:mm>	18:00	6/6	End time of day mode
disableirled	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Disable IR illuminator
bwmode	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Switch to B/W in night mode
sensitivity	high,	normal	6/6	The sensitivity to detect it is
	normal,			night mode
	low			

Drive the digital output

Note: This request requires the privilege of viewer. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=<state>[&do2=<state>]
[&do3=<state>][&do4=<state>][&return=<return page>]
```

Where state is 0, 1. "0" means inactive or normal state while "1" means active or triggered state.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	
do <num></num>	0, 1	0 – inactive, normal state	
		1 – active, triggered state	
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < return page > after the parameter	
		is assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or	
		relative path according the the current path. If you omit	
		this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.	

Example: Drive the digital output 1 to triggered state and redirect to an empty page

http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=1

Query status of the digital input

Note: This request requires the privilege of viewer. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/dido/getdi.cgi?[di0][&di1][&di2][&di3]

If no parameter is specified, all the status of digital input will be returned.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: <*length*>\r\n

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\r\n [di0=*<state>*]\r\n [di1=*<state>*]\r\n [di2=*<state>*]\r\n [di3=*<state>*]\r\n

where <*state*> can be 0 or 1.

Example: Query the status of digital input 1

Request: http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/getdi.cgi?dil

Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: 7\r\n \r\n di1=1\r\n

Query status of the digital output

Note: This request requires the privilege of viewer. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?[do0][&do1][&do2][&do3]

If no parameter is specified, all the status of digital output will be returned.

Return:
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
Content-Length: < <i>length</i> >\r\n
\r\n
[do0= <i><state< i="">>]\r\n</state<></i>
[do1= <i><state< i="">>]\r\n</state<></i>
[do2= <i><state></state></i>]\r\n
[do3= <i><state></state></i>]\r\n
where < <i>state</i> > can be 0 or 1.

Example: Query the status of digital output 1 Request: http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?do1 Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: 7\r\n \r\n do1=1\r\n

Capture single snapshot

Note: This request require normal user privilege **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg?[channel=<value>][&resolution=<value>]
[&quality=<value>]
```

If the user requests the size larger than all stream setting on the server, this request will failed!

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
channel	0~(n-1)	0	the channel number of video source
resolution	<available resolution=""></available>	0	The resolution of image
quality	1~5	3	The quality of image

Server will return the most up-to-date snapshot of selected channel and stream in JPEG format. The size and quality of image will be set according to the video settings on the server.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: image/jpeg\r\n [Content-Length: <image size>\r\n]

<binary JPEG image data>

Account management

Note: This request requires administrator privilege **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/editaccount.cgi?

method=<value>&username=<*name*>[&userpass=<*value*>][&privilege=<*value*>]

[&privilege=<value>][...][&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
method	add	Add an account to server. When using this method,
		"username" field is necessary. It will use default value of
		other fields if not specified.
	delete	Remove an account from server. When using this
		method, "username" field is necessary, and others are
		ignored.
	edit	Modify the account password and privilege. When using
		this method, "username" field is necessary, and other
		fields are optional. If not specified, it will keep original
		settings.
username	<name></name>	The name of user to add, delete or edit
userpass	<value></value>	The password of new user to add or that of old user to
		modify. The default value is an empty string.
privilege	<value></value>	The privilege of user to add or to modify.
	viewer	viewer's privilege
	operator	operator's privilege
	admin	administrator's privilege
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter
		is assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or
		relative path according the the current path. If you omit
		this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

System logs

Note: This request require administrator privilege **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/syslog.cgi

Server will return the up-to-date system log.

Return: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: <syslog length>\r\n \r\n <system log information>\r\n

Upgrade firmware

Note: This request requires administrator privilege Method: POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/upgrade.cgi

Post data:

```
fimage=<file name>[&return=<return page>]\r\n
\r\n
<multipart encoded form data>
```

Server will accept the upload file named <file name> to be upgraded the firmware and return with <return page> if indicated.

IP filtering

Note: This request requires administrator access privilege **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/ipfilter.cgi? method=<value>&[start=<*ipaddress*>&end=<*ipaddress*>][&index=<*value*>]

[&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
Method	addallow	Add a set of allow IP address range to server. Start and
		end parameters must be specified. If the index
		parameter is specified, it will try to add starting from
		index position.
	adddeny	Add a set of deny IP address range to server. Start and
		end parameters must be specified. If the index
		parameter is specified, it will try to add starting from
		index position.
	deleteallow	Remove a set of allow IP address range from server. If
		start and end parameters are specified, it will try to
		remove the matched IP address. If index is specified, it
		will try to remove the address from given index position.
		[start, end] parameters have higher priority then the
		[index] parameter.
	deletedeny	Remove a set of deny IP address range from server. If
		start and end parameters are specified, it will try to
		remove the matched IP address. If index is specified, it
		will try to remove the address from given index position.
		[start, end] parameters have higher priority then the
		[index] parameter.
start	<ip address=""></ip>	The start IP address to add or to delete.
end	<ip address=""></ip>	The end IP address to add or to delete.
index	<value></value>	The start position to add or to delete.
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter
		is assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or
		relative path according the the current path. If you omit
		this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

Get SDP of Streamings

Note: This request requires viewer access privilege **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/<network_rtsp_s<0~m-1>_accessname>

"m" is the stream number.

"network_accessname_<0~(m-1)>" is the accessname for stream "1" to stream "m". Please refer to the "subgroup of network: rtsp" for setting the accessname of SDP. You can get the SDP by HTTP GET method.

Open the network streamings

Note: This request requires viewer access privilege

Syntax:

For http push server (mjpeg):

http://<servername>/<network_http_s<0~m-1>_accessname>

For rtsp (mp4), user needs to input the url below for a rtsp compatible player.

rtsp://<*servername*>/<network_rtsp_s<0~m-1>_accessname>

"m" is the stream number.

For detailed streaming protocol, please refer to "control signaling" and "data format" documents.

Technical Specifications

Specifications

System

- · CPU: VVTK-1000 SoC
- · Flash: 8MB
- · RAM: 64MB
- · Embedded OS: Linux 2.4

Lens

- Board lens, vari-focal, f=3.3 mm~12 mm, F1.4~2.9, auto-iris, focus range: 50 cm to infinity
- · Removable IR-cut filter for day & night function

Angle of view

- · 17.9° ~ 63.6° (horizontal)
- · 13.5° ~ 46.5° (vertical)

Shutter Time

· 1/5 sec. to 1/15000 sec.

Image Sensor

· MICRON 1/4" CMOS sensor in VGA resolution

Minimum Illumination

· 0 Lux with IR Illuminators

Video

- · Compression: MJPEG & MPEG-4
- Streaming: Simultaneous dual-stream MPEG-4 streaming over UDP, TCP, or HTTP MPEG-4 multicast streaming MJPEG streaming over HTTP
- · Supports 3GPP mobile surveillance
- Frame rates: 640x480 up to 30fps (60Hz)/25fps (50Hz)

Image settings

- · Adjustable image size, quality, and bit rate
- · Time stamp and text caption overlay
- · Flip & mirror
- Configurable brightness, contrast, saturation, sharpness, and white balance
- · AGC, AWB, AES
- · Automatic or manual day/night mode
- · Supports privacy masks

Audio

- · Compression:
- GSM-AMR speech encoding, bit rate: 4.75 kbps to 12.2 kbps MPEG-4 AAC audio encoding, bit rate: 16 kbps to 128 kbps Interface:
- Built-in microphone
- External microphone input
- Audio output
- · Supports two-way audio by SIP protocol
- · Supports audio mute

Networking

- · 10/100 Mbps Ethernet, RJ-45
- Protocols: IPv4, TCP/IP, HTTP, UPnP, RTSP/RTP/RTCP, IGMP, SMTP, FTP, DHCP, NTP, DNS, DDNS, PPPoE, and HTTPS

Alarm and Event Management

- · Triple-window video motion detection
- \cdot One D/I and one D/O for external sensor and alarm
- Passive infrared sensor (PIR) for human detection
- IR illuminators up to 15 meters
 Event notification using HTTP, SMTP, or FTP
- Event noulication using HTTP, SMTP, or F

Security

- · Muilti-level user access with password protection
- IP address filtering
- · HTTPS Encrypted Data Transmission

Users

· Camera live viewing for up to 10 clients

Dimension

· 143 mm (D) x 106 mm (H)

Weight

Net: 613 g

LED Indicator

- · System power and status indicator
- · System activity and network link indicator

Power

- · 12V DC
- · Consumption: Max 11 W
- · 802.3af compliant Power over Ethernet

Approvals

 \cdot CE, FCC, VCCI, C-Tick, LVD

Operating Environments

- Temperature: 0° ~ 50° C (32° ~ 122° F)
- Humidity: 20 % ~ 80 % RH

Viewing System Requirements

- · OS: Microsoft Windows 2000/XP/Vista
- · Browser: Internet Explorer 6.x or above
- · Cell phone: 3GPP player
- Real Player:10.5 or above
- · Quick Time: 6.5 or above

Installation, Management, and Maintenance

- · 3-axis mechanism for flexible ceiling and wall mount installation
- Installation Wizard 2
- · 16-CH recording software
- Supports firmware upgrade

Applications

· SDK available for application development and system integration

Technology License Notice

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Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

This device compiles with FCC Rules Part 15. Operation is subject to the following two conditions.

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

USA - This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a partial installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with emission limits.

Europe $(\epsilon - This digital equipment fulfills the requirement for radiated emission according to limit B of EN55022/1998, and the requirement for immunity according to EN50082-1/1992.$

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