





IP Surveillance

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Overview

VIVOTEK PZ71x1(PoE)/71x2(WLAN) is a high-performance network camera featuring 10x optical zoom and pan/tilt functionality. The camera is designed for indoor surveillance applications such as retail stores, offices or banks. The built-in 10x motorized optical zoom module provides greater depth of field when zoomed in.

Therefore, it can display clear-cut images on near or distant objects. With flexible 300-degree pan and 135-degree tilt, PZ71x1/71x2 can give users more comprehensive control over the monitored site. PZ71x1/71x2 is incorporated with VIVOTEK's self-developed Bach SoC, giving users the advantages of dual-codec (MPEG-4 and MJPEG), dual streams and two-way audio by SIP protocol. With support of dual streams, it simultaneously delivers dual video streams with different resolutions, frame size and image quality to different platforms such as web browser or 3G cell phones. In addition, PZ71x1 is integrated with Power over Ethernet function while PZ71x2 with wireless connection, making installation easier and more cost-efficient. The free-bundled, multi-lingual 16-channel recording software helps users to set up an easy-to-use IP surveillance system.

Read before use

The use of surveillance devices may be prohibited by law in your country. The Network Camera is not only a high-performance web-ready camera but also can be part of a flexible surveillance system. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the operation of such devices is legal before installing this unit for its intended use.

It is important to first verify that all contents received are complete according to the Package contents listed below. Take notice of the warnings in Quick Installation Guide before the Network Camera is installed; then carefully read and follow the instructions in the Installation chapter to avoid damages due to faulty assembly and installation. This also ensures the product is used properly as intended.

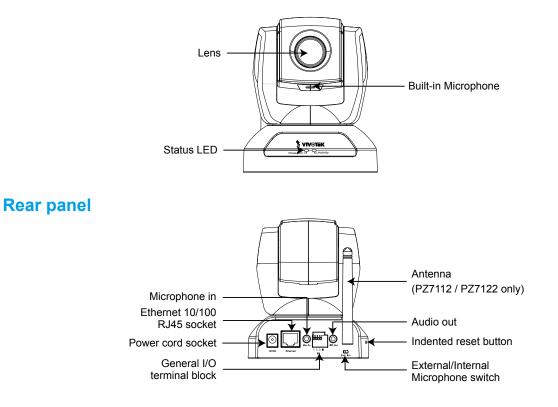
The Network Camera is a network device and its use should be straightforward for those who have basic network knowledge. It is designed for various applications including video sharing, general security/surveillance, etc. The Configuration chapter suggests ways to best utilize the Network Camera and ensure proper operations. For the creative and professional developers, the URL Commands of the Network Camera section serves to be a helpful reference to customize existing homepages or integrating with the current web server.

Package contents

- PZ7111/PZ7112/PZ7121/PZ7122
- Power adapter
- Antenna (PZ7112/PZ7122 only)
- Screws
- Quick installation guide
- Warranty card
- Software CD
- A/V cable
- Ceiling mount brackets

Physical description

Front panel



General I/O Terminal Block

This Network Camera provides a general I/O terminal block which is used to connect external input / output devices. The pin definitions are described below.

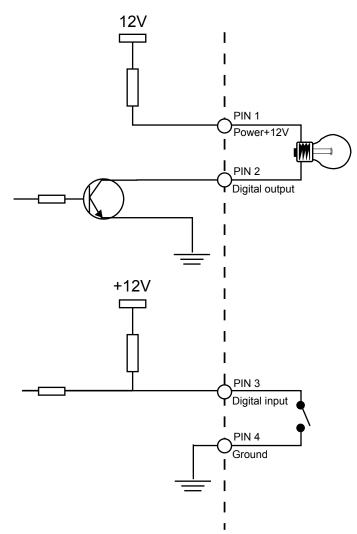
		\square		h	
0	O	O	0		
1	2	3	4		
	Εx	t I	/0		

1: Power 2: Digital output 3: Digital input 4: Ground

Pin	Name	Specification	Remarks
1	Power	12VDC ± 5%, max. 1.5A	Max. rating 2A
2	Digital output	Max. 40VDC, max. 400mA, isolation 2kV	
3	Digital input	OPEN/Short-to-GND, isolation 2kV	Internal pull-up
4	Ground		

DI/DO Diagram

Refer to the following illustration for connection method.

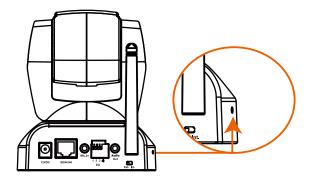


Status LED

The LED indicates the status of the Network Camera.

Status LED Color	Description
Blinking red	Power is being supplied to the Network Camera.
Solid green	The Network Camera is booting up.
Steady green with blinking red	The Network Camera is trying to obtain an IP address.
Steady green and red	An IP address is successfully assigned to the Network Camera.
Steady red with blinking green	The Network Camera is working.
Blinking red and green	During firmware upgrade.

Hardware Reset



There is an indented reset button on the side panel of the Network Camera. It is used to reboot the Network Camera or restore the Network Camera to factory default. Sometimes rebooting the Network Camera could set the Network Camera back to normal state. If the problems remain after rebooted, restore the Network Camera to factory default and install again.

<u>Reset</u>: Press and release the indented reset button with a needle. Wait for the Network Camera to reboot.

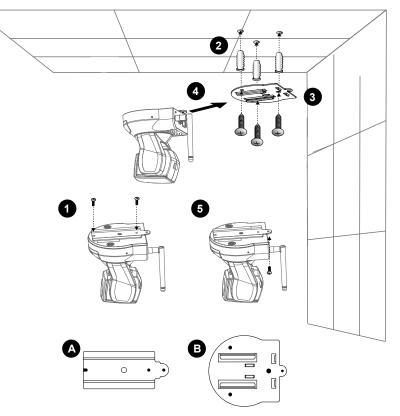
<u>Restore</u>: Press the indented reset button continuously until the status LED rapidly blinks red and green simultaneously. It takes about 30 seconds. Note that all settings will be restored to factory default.

Installation

Hardware installation

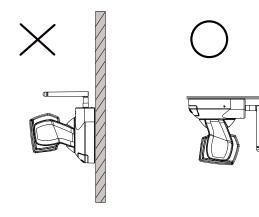
Follow the steps below to install the Network Camera to the ceiling:

- 1. Attach ceiling mount bracket A to the Network Camera and secure it with two small screws.
- 2. Drill three pilot holes into the ceiling; hammer the plastic anchors into the holes.
- 3. Fasten ceiling mount bracket B to the ceiling with three screws.
- 4. Slide the Network Camera into ceiling mount bracket B.
- 5. Secure ceiling mount bracket A and B with a small screw.

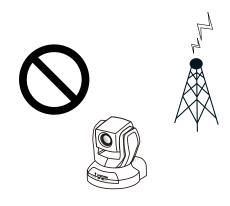


<u>NOTE</u>

If you want to intall the Network Camera on the wall, please use the wall mount bracket (optional, not included in the package).



Keep away interference source to make sure performance integrate, and avoid snow or moiré patterning.

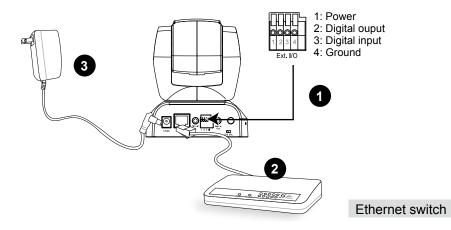


Network deployment

Setup the Network Camera over the Internet

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to Internet connection.

- 1. If you have external devices such as sensors and alarms, make connection from general I/O terminal block.
- 2. Connect the camera to a switch via Ethernet cable.
- 3. Connect the supplied power cable from the Network Camera to a power outlet.

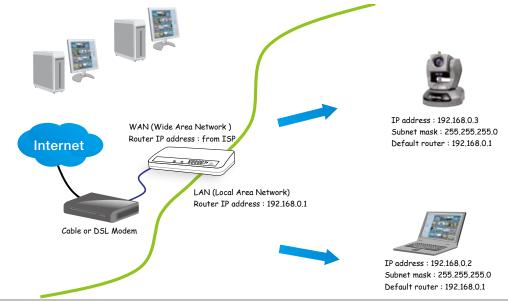


There are several ways to setup the Network Camera over the Internet. The first way is to setup the Network Camera behind a router. The second way is to utilize a static IP. The third way is to use PPPoE.

Internet connection via a router

Before setting up the Network Camera over the Internet, make sure you have a router and follow the steps below.

1. Connect your Network Camera behind a router, the Internet environment is illustrated as below. About how to get your IP address, please refer to Software installation on page 12 for details.



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- 2. In this case, if the Local Area Network (LAN) IP address of your Network Camera is 192.168.0.3, please forward the following ports for the Network Camera on the router.
- HTTP port
- RTSP port
- RTP port for audio
- RTCP port for audio
- RTP port for video
- RTCP port for video

If you have changed the port numbers on the Network page, please open the ports accordingly on your router. For information on how to forward ports on the router, please refer to the user's manual of your router.

3. Find out the public IP address of your router provided by your ISP (Internet Service Provider). Use the public IP and the secondary HTTP port to access the Network Camera from the Internet. Please refer to Network Type on page 32 for details.

Internet connection with static IP

Choose this connection type if you are required to use a static IP for the Network Camera. Please refer to LAN on page 32 for details.

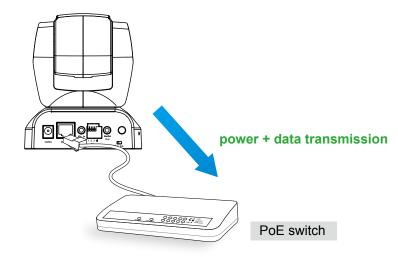
Internet connection via PPPoE (Point-to-Point over Ethernet)

Choose this connection type if you are connected to the Internet via a DSL Line. Please refer to PPPoE on page 33 for details.

Set up the Network Camera through Power over Ethernet (PoE)

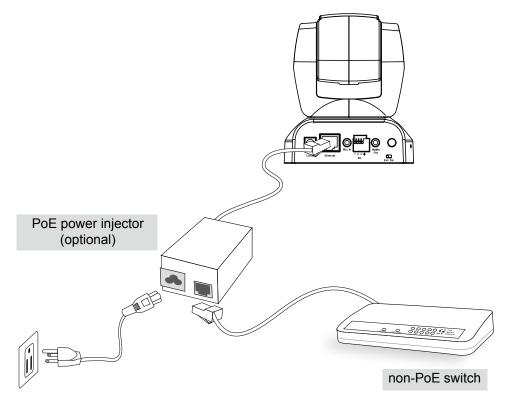
When using a PoE-enabled switch

The Network Camera is PoE-compliant, which allows it to be powered via a single Ethernet cable. If your switch/router supports PoE, refer to the following illustration to connect the Network Camera to a PoE-enabled switch/router via an Ethernet cable.



When using a non-PoE switch

If your switch/router does not support PoE, use a PoE power injector (optional) to connect between the Network Camera and a non-PoE switch/router.



Software installation

Installation Wizard 2 (IW2), free-bundled software packaged in the product CD, helps to set up your Network Camera in LAN.

1. Install the IW2 under the Software Utility directory from the software CD. Double click the IW2 shortcut on your desktop to launch the program.



2. The program will conduct analyses on your network environment. After your network environment is analyzed, please click **Next** to continue the program.

🖣 Installation. Wissed 2 - Ketwork Environment Analysis 🛛 🔯	🖷 Eastallation Wizard 2 - Hetweek Type 🛛 🔀
Installation Wizard 2	Installation Wizard 2
The wizard is analyzing your network environment. Please wait a moment.	Your network environment was analyzed as below. Private DHCP
	Cable(D55, modem Router FC
Est Gros	Est.

- 3. The program will search all VIVOTEK devices in the same LAN.
- 4. After searching, the main installer window will pop up. Click on the MAC and model name which match the product label on your device to connect to the Network Camera via the Internet Explorer.



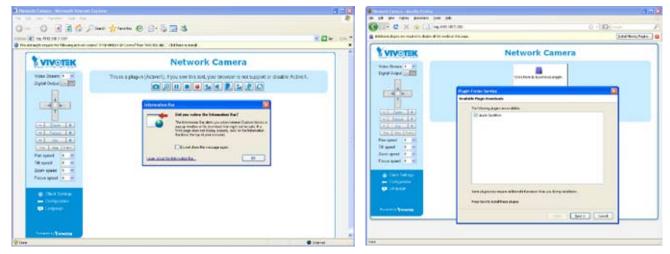
Accessing the Network Camera

This chapter explains how to access the Network Camera through web browsers, RTSP players, 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, and VIVOTEK recording software.

Using web browsers

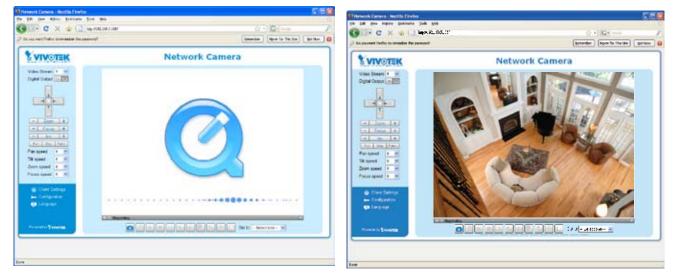
Make use of Installation Wizard 2 (IW2) to access to the Network Cameras in LAN.

- If your network environment is not in LAN, follow the steps to access the Network Camera:
- 1. Launch your web browser (ex. Microsoft[®] Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox or Netscape).
- 2. Enter the IP address of the Network Camera in the address field. Press Enter.
- 3. The live video will be displayed in your web browser.
- 4. If it is the first time for you to install VIVOTEK's network camera, some information bar will pop up as below. Follow the instruction to install required plug-in on your computer.



<u>NOTE</u>

► For Mozilla Firefox or Netscape users, your browser will use Quick Time to stream the live video. If you don't have Quick Time on your computer, please download it first, and then launch the web browser.



- By default, the Network Camera is not password-protected. To prevent unauthorized accesses, it is highly recommended to set a password for the Network Camera. For more information about how to enable password protection, please refer to Security on page 26.
- If you see a dialog box indicating that your security settings prohibit running ActiveX[®] Controls, please enable your ActiveX[®] Controls for your browser.
- 1. Choose Tools > Internet Options > Security > Custom Level.



2. Look for Download signed Active X^{\otimes} controls; select Enable or Prompt. Click **OK**.



Using RTSP players

To view the MPEG-4 streaming media using RTSP players, you can use one of the following players that support RTSP streaming.



Quick Time Player

Real Player

- 1. Launch a RTSP player.
- 2. Choose File > Open URL. An URL dialog box will pop up.
- 3. Type the URL command in the text box.

The format is rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream1 or stream2>

As most ISP and players only support port number 554 to allow RTSP streaming to go through, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 38.

For example:

Open URL		X
Enter an Internet URL to op	en:	
rtsp://192.168.5.106:554/	ive.sdp	▼
		OK Cancel

4. The live video will be displayed in your player.

For more information on how to configure RTSP access name, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 38 for details.



Using 3GPP-compatible mobile devices

To view the streaming media through 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, make sure the Network Camera can be accessed from the Internet. For more information on how to set up the Network Camera over the Internet, please refer to Setup the Network Camera over the Internet on page 8.

To utilize this feature, please check the following settings on your Network Camera:

- 1. Because most players on 3GPP mobile phones do not support RTSP authentication, make sure the authentication mode of RTSP streaming is set to disable. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 38.
- As the 3G network bandwidth is limited, you can't use large video size. Please set the video and audio streaming parameters as listed below.
 For more information, please refer to Audio and video on page 46.

Video Mode	MPEG-4
Frame size	176 x 144
Maximum frame rate	5 fps
Intra frame period	1S
Video quality (Constant bit rate)	40kbps
Audio type (GSM-AMR)	12.2kbps

- 3. As most ISP and players only support port number 554 to allow RTSP streaming to go through, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 38.
- 4. Launch the players on 3GPP-compatible mobile devices (ex. Real Player).
- 5. Type the URL commands in the player.

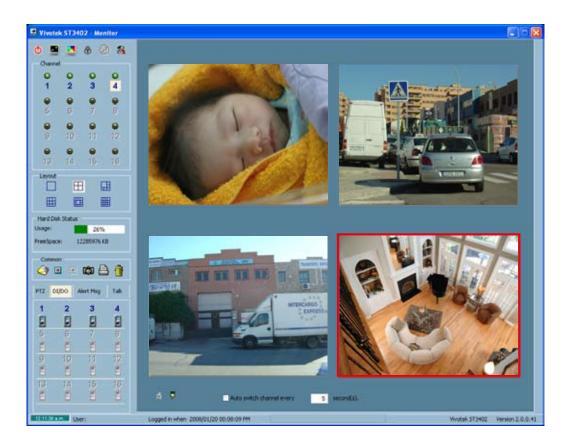
The format is rtsp://<public ip address of your camera>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream1 or stream2>.

For example:

0)pen URL		X
	Enter an Internet URL to op	en:	
	rtsp://192.168.5.106:554/	live.sdp	▼
			OK Cancel

Using VIVOTEK recording software

The product software CD also contains recording software, allowing simultaneous monitoring and video recording for multiple Network Cameras. Please install the recording software; then launch the program to add the Network Camera to the Channel list. For detailed information about how to use the recording software, please refer to the user's manual of the software or download it at http://www.vivotek.com.



Main Page

This chapter explains the layout of the main page. It is composed of the following sections: Logo of VIVOTEK INC., Host name, Camera control panel, Menu, and Live video window.



Logo of VIVOTEK INC.

Click this logo to visit VIVOTEK website.

Host name

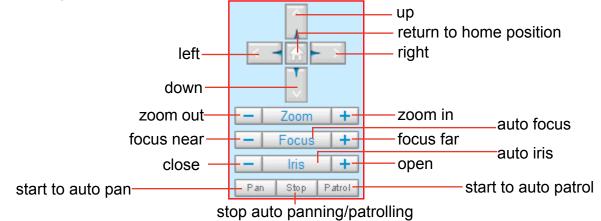
The host name can be customized to fit your needs. For more information, please refer to System on page 24.

Camera control area

<u>Video Stream</u>: This Network Cmera supports MJPEG or MPEG-4 dual streams simultaneously. You can select either one for live viewing.

Digital Output: Click to turn on or off the digital output device.

PTZ control panel



Pan: Click this button to start the auto pan. When the current position is Home or on the left side of Home, the camera starts panning from the current position to the left-most position, then to the rightmost position, and finally backward to the original position. When the current position is on the right side of Home, the camera starts panning from the current position to the right-most position, then to the leftmost position, and finally backward to the original position.

Stop: Click this button to stop the auto Pan and auto Patrol function.

Patrol: Once the Administrator has determined the preset positions, click this button to command the camera to patrol among those positions on the Patrol List. After one patrol cycle, the camera returns to the original position. For more information, please refer to Camera control of Configuration on page 54.

Pan speed	Tilt speed	Zoom speed	Focus speed	
-5	-5	-5	-5	Slower
-4	-4	-4	-4	•
-3	-3	-3	-3	1
-2	-2	-2	-2	
-1	-1	-1	-1	
0	0	0	0	
1	1	1	1	
2	2	2	2	
3	3	3	3	\bot
4	4	4	4	_
5	5	5	5	Faster

Pan /Tilt /Zoom /Focus speed: Adjust the speed of pan/ tilt/ zoom/ Focus.

Configuration area

Client Settings: Click this button to access the client setting page. For more information, please refer to Client Settings on page 21.

Configuration: Click this button to access the configuration page of Network Camera. It is suggested that a password is applied to the Network Camera so that only the administrator can configure the Network Camera. For more information, please refer to Configuration on page 23.

Language: Click this button to choose a language for the user interface. Language options are available in: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 簡体中文 and 繁體中文.

Live Video Window

The following window is displayed when the video mode is set to MPEG-4:



MPEG-4 protocol and media options

Video title: The video title can be configured. For more information, please refer to Video settings on page 46.

<u>MPEG-4 protocol and media options</u>: The transmission protocol and media options for MPEG-4 video streaming. For further configuration, please refer to Client Settings on page 21.

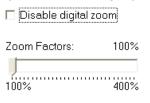
Time: Display the current time. For further configuration, please refer to Video settings on page 46.

<u>Title and time</u>: Video title and time can be stamped on the streaming video. For further configuration, please refer to Video settings on page 46.

<u>Video and audio control buttons</u>: Depending on the Network Camera model and Network Camera configuration, some buttons may not be available.

Snapshot: Click this button to capture and save still images. The captured images will be displayed in a pop-up window. Right-click the image and choose **Save Picture As** to save it in JPEG (*.jpg) or BMP (*.bmp) format.

Digital zoom: Click and uncheck **Disable digital zoom** to enable the zoom operation. The navigation screen indicates which part of the image is being magnified. To control the zoom level, drag the slider bar. To move to a different area you want to magnify, drag the navigation screen.





Pause: Pause the transmission of streaming media. The button becomes Resume button after clicking the Pause button.

Stop: Stop the transmission of streaming media. Click the Resume button to continue transmission.

Start MP4 recording: Click this button to record video clips in MP4 file format to your computer. Press the Stop MP4 recording button to end recording. When you quit the web browser, video recording stops accordingly. To specify the storage destination and the file name, please refer to MP4 Saving Options on page 22 for details.

Volume: When the Mute function is not activated, move the slider bar to adjust the volume at local computer.

Mute: Turn off the volume at local computer. The button becomes Audio on button after clicking the Mute button.

Talk: Click this button to talk to people around the Network Camera. Audio will come out from the external speaker connected to the Network Camera. Click this button again to stop talk.

Mic Volume: When the IV Mute function is not activated, move the slider bar to adjust the microphone volume at local computer.

<u>Mute</u>: Turn off the Mic volume at local computer. The button becomes Mic on button after clicking the Mute button.

Full Screen: Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press "Esc" key to switch back to normal mode.

<u>Go to</u>: Once the Administrator has determined the preset positions; you can aim the camera using this control. For more information, please refer to Camera control of Configuration on page 54.

■ The following window is displayed when the video mode is set to MJPEG:



Video control buttons Drop-down list of preset positions

<u>Video title</u>: The video title can be configured. For more information, please refer to Video settings on page 46.

Time: Display the current time. For more information, please refer to Video settings on page 46.

<u>Title and time</u>: Video title and time can be stamped on the streaming video. For more information, please refer to Video settings on page 46.

<u>Video and audio control buttons</u>: Depending on the Network Camera model and Network Camera configuration, some buttons may not be available.

Snapshot: Click this button to capture and save still images. The captured images will be displayed in a pop-up window. Right-click the image and choose **Save Picture As** to save it in JPEG (*.jpg) or BMP (*.bmp) format.

Digital zoom: Click and uncheck Disable digital zoom to enable the zoom operation. The navigation screen indicates which part of the image is being magnified. To control the zoom level, drag the slider bar. To move to a different area you want to magnify, drag the navigation screen.



Start MP4 recording: Click this button to record video clips in MP4 file format to your computer. Press the Stop MP4 recording button to end recording. When you quit the web browser, video recording stops accordingly. To specify the storage destination and the file name, please refer to MP4 Saving Options on page 22 for details.

Full Screen: Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press "Esc" key to switch back to normal mode.

<u>Go to</u>: Once the Administrator has determined the preset positions; you can aim the camera using this control. For more information, please refer to Camera control of Configuration on page 54.

Client Settings

This chapter explains how to select the stream transmission mode and saving options at local computer. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** on the page bottom to take effect.

MPEG-4 Media Options

MPEG-4 Media Options	
● Video and Audio	
🔿 Video Only	
O Audio Only	

Select to stream video or audio data. This works only when the video mode is set to MPEG-4.

MPEG-4 Protocol Options

MPEG-4 Protocol Options -	
O UDP Unicast	
O UDP Multicast	
● TCP	
○ HTTP	

Depending on your network environment, there are four transmission modes of MPEG-4 streaming:

<u>UDP unicast</u>: This protocol allows for more real-time audio and video streams. However, network packets may be lost due to network burst traffic and images may be broken. Activate UDP connection when occasions require time-sensitive responses and the video quality is less important. Note that each unicast client connecting to the server takes up additional bandwidth and the Network Camera allows up to ten simultaneous accesses.

<u>UDP multicast</u>: This protocol allows multicast-enabled routers to forward network packets to all clients requesting streaming media. This helps to reduce the network transmission load of the Network Camera while serving multiple clients at the same time. Note that to utilize this feature, the Network Camera must be configured to enable multicast streaming at the same time. For more information, see RTSP Streaming on page 34.

<u>TCP</u>: This protocol guarantees the complete delivery of streaming data and thus provides better video quality. Nevertheless, the downside with this protocol is that its real-time effect is not as good as that of the UDP protocol.

<u>HTTP</u>: This protocol allows the same quality as TCP protocol and you don't need to open specific port for streaming under some network environments. Users inside a firewall can utilize this protocol to allow streaming data to come through.

MP4 Saving Options

MP4 Saving Options	
Folder: c:\Record	Browse
File name prefix: CLIP	
Add date and time suffix to file	name
Save	

Users can record the live video as they are watching it by clicking Start MP4 Recording on the main page. Here, you can specify the storage destination and file name.

Folder: Specify a storage destination for the recorded video files.

File Name Prefix: Enter the text that will be put in front of the video file name.

Add date and time suffix to the file name: Select this option to add date and time to the file name suffix.



Configuration

Click **Configuration** on the main page will enter the camera setting pages. Note that only Administrators can access the configuration page.

VIVOTEK offers an easy-to-use user interface that helps you setup your network camera without much efforts. To simplify the setting procedure, VIVOTEK designs two kinds of user inferface-advanced mode for professional users and basic mode for entry-level users. Some advanced functions (HTTPS/ Wireless/ Access list/ Homepage layout/ Application/ Recording/ System log/ View parameters) won't be displayed in basic mode.

If you want to set up advanced functions, please click **[Advanced mode]** on the bottom of the configuration list to quickly switch to Advanced mode.

Another smart design to keep this user interface neat and easy to configure is that the detailed information will be hidden unless you click on the function item. When you click on the first function item, the detailed information of the first function item will be displayed; when you click on the second function item, the detailed information of the second function item will be displayed and that of the first function item will roll up simultaneously.

Following is the interface of Basic mode and Advanced mode:

	Config	uration
BBB. VIVE FER. 20	>System	areaon
Home	System	
System	Host name: Wireless Network Camera	
Security	Turn off the LED indicator	
Network	Configuration list System Time	
DDNS		
Audio and video	Sync with computer time Manual	
Motion detection		
Camera control Maintenance	DI and DO Digital input: The active state is Low , the current state detected is High	
[Advanced mode]	Digital output: The active state is Grounded 💌 ; the current state detected is Open	
Γ	Save Click to switch to Advanced mode	
Version: 0100e	– Firmware Version	

Basic mode

Advanced mode

VIVOTEK	Configur
	>System
Home	System
System	Host name: Wireless Network Camera
Security	Turn off the LED indicator
HTTPS	System Time
Network	Time zone: GMT+08:00 Beljing, Chongging, Hong Kong, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore, Taipel 💌
Wireless	Note: You can upload your Daylight Saving Time rules on <u>Maintenance</u> page or use the camera default value.
DDNS	Keep current date and time
Access list	Sync with computer time
Audio and video	⊙ Manual
Motion detection	○ Automatic
Camera control	DI and DO
Homepage layout	Digital input: The active state is Low 😒 ; the current state detected is High
Application	Digital output: The active state is Grounded 🛩 ; the current state detected is Open
Recording	Save
System log	Configuration list
View parameters	
Maintenance	
[Basic mode]	Click to switch to Basic mode
Version: 0100e	

Each function on the configuration list will be explained in the following sections. Those functions that only show in Advanced mode are marked with Advanced mode. If you want to set up advanced functions, please click [Advanced mode] on the bottom of the configuration list to quickly switch to Advanced mode.

System

This section explains how to configure the basic settings for the Network Camera, such as the host name and system time. It is composed of the following three columns: System, System Time and DI and DO. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** on the page bottom to take effect.

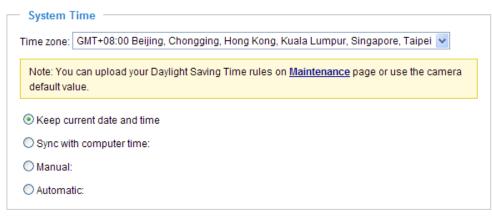
System	System		
	Host name:	Network Camera	
	Turn off the LED indicator		

Host name: Enter a desired name for the Network Camera. The text will be displayed at the top of the main page.

<u>Turn off the LED indicators</u>: If you don't want to let others know that the network camera is working, you can select this option to turn off the LED indicators.

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System Time



<u>Keep current date and time</u>: Select this option to reserve the current date and time of the Network Camera. The Network Camera's internal real-time clock maintains the date and time even when the power of the system is turned off.

<u>Sync with computer time</u>: Select this option to synchronize the date and time of the Network Camera with the local computer. The read-only date and time of the PC is displayed as updated.

<u>Manual</u>: The administrator can enter the date and time manually. Note that the date and time format are [yyyy/mm/dd] and [hh:mm:ss].

<u>Automatic</u>: The Network Time Protocol is a protocol serves synchronize computer clocks by periodically querying an NTP Server.

<u>NTP server</u>: Assign the IP address or domain name of the time-server. Leaving the text box blank connects the Network Camera to the default time-servers.

<u>Update interval</u>: Select to update the time with the NTP server on hourly, daily, weekly, or monthly basis.

Time zone Advanced mode: According to your local time zone, select one from the drop-down list. If you want to upload the daylight saving time rules on Maintenance page, please refer to Upload / Export Daylight Saving Time Configuration File on page 77 for details.

DI and DO

— DI and DO —————————————————————
Digital input: The active state is Low 👻 ; the current state detected is High
Digital output: The active state is Grounded 😪 ; the current state detected is Open
0

Save

<u>Digital input</u>: Select High or Low to define normal status of the digital input. The Network Camera will report the current status.

<u>Digital output</u>: Select Grounded or Open to define normal status of the digital output. The Network Camera will show whether the trigger is activated or not.

Security

This section explains how to enable password protection and create multiple accounts.

Root Password

- Root Password		
Note: Leaving the root password fie password.	eld empty means the camera will n	ot be protected by
Root Password:	•••••	
Confirm root password:	•••••	Save

The administrator account name is "root", which is permanent and can not be deleted. If you want to add more accounts in Manage User column, please apply a password for the "root" account first.

- 1. Type the password identically in both text boxes, and click **Save** to enable password protection.
- 2. A window will be prompted for authentication; type the correct user's name and password in related fields to access the Network Camera.

Manage User

Manage User		
Existing user name:	Add new user 💌	
User name:		
User password:	Delete]
Confirm user password:	Add)
Privilege:	Administrator Vpdate	J
	Administrator Operator Viewer	

Administrators can add up to 20 user accounts.

- 1. Input the new user's name and password.
- 2. Select the Privilege for new user account. Click Add to take effect.

Access rights are sorted by user privilege (Administrator, Operator, and Viewer). Only administrators can access the Configuration page. Though operators can not access the Configurationpage, they are capable of using the url commands to get and set the value of parameters. For more information, please refer to URL Commands of the Network Camera on page 79. Viewers can only access the main page for live viewing.

Here you also can change user's access rights or delete user accounts.

- 1. Select an existing account to modify.
- 2. Make necessary changes and then click Update or Delete to take effect.

Manage Privilege Advanced mode

Manage Privilege			
	Operator	Viewer	
Digital Output:	v		Save

In this section, you can modify the manage privilege (Digital Output) of operators or viewers. Check or uncheck the item, and then click **Save** to take effect. If you give Operators the privilege to control Digital Output, they will have the right to choose turn on or turn off the Digital Output devices on the main page. (Please refer to Main Page on page 17.)

HTTPS Advanced mode

This section explains how to enable authentication and encrypted communication over SSL. It helps protect streaming data transmission over the Internet.

Enable HTTPS

Check this item to enable HTTPS communication, and then select a connection option: "HTTP & HTTPS" or "HTTPS only". Note that you have to create and install certificate first in the second column.

Enable HTTPS
*To enable HTTPS, you have to create and install certificate first.
 Enable HTTPS secure connection: HTTP & HTTPS O HTTPS only
Save — Create and install certificate method
 Create self-signed certificate automatically
Create self-signed certificate manually:
O Create certificate request and install:

Create and Install Certificate Method

There are three ways to create and install certificate:

Create self-signed certificate automatically

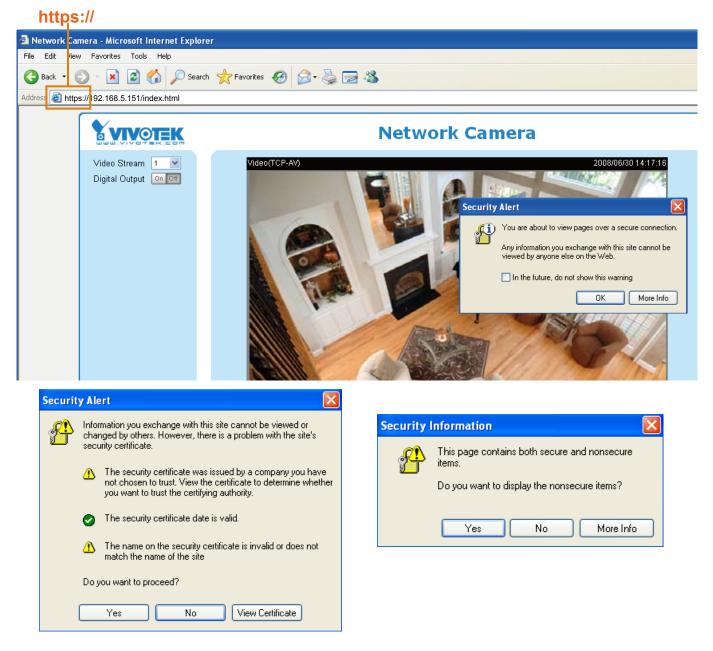
- 1. Select this option.
- 2. In the first column, check **Enable HTTPS secure connection**, and then select a connection option: "HTTP & HTTPS" or "HTTPS only".
- 3. Click **Save** to generate certificate.

Ena	ble HTTPS
*To	enable HTTPS, you have to create and install certificate first.
E	nable HTTPS secure connection:
	HTTP & HTTPS ○ HTTPS only A
Save	Please wait while the certificate is being generated
Cre	
⊙ d	reate sen-signed ceruncate automaticany
0 c	reate self-signed certificate manually:
00	reate certificate request and install:
— Cer	tificate Information
Status	S: Not installed
Pro	perty Remove

4. The Certificate Information will automatically show up in the third column as below. You can click **Property** to see the detailed information of the certificate.

 Certificate Information 	
Certificate mormation	
Status:	Active
Country:	TW
State or province:	Province
Locality:	City Name
Organization:	Organization Name
Organization Unit:	Unit Name
Common Name:	IP Address
Property Remove	

 Click Home to return to the main page. Change the address from "<u>http://</u>" to "<u>https://</u>" on the Address bar and press Enter on your keyboard. Some Security Alert dialogs will pop up. Click OK or Yes to enable HTTPS.



Create self-signed certificate manually

- 1. Select this option.
- 2. Click **Create** to open a Create Certificate page, and then click **Save** to generate the certificate.

 Create self-signed certif Create self-signed certif Self-signed certificate Create certificate requestion 	icate manually: create	
-	reate Certificate - Microsoft Internet Explorer	
>Certificate		
Country:	TW	
State or province:	Province	
Locality:		
Organization:	Please wait while the certificate is being generated	
Organization Unit:		
Common Name:	IP Address	
Validity: Save Close	9999 days	

3. The Certificate Information will automatically show up in the third column as below. You can click **Property** to see the detailed information of the certificate.

Status:	Active
Country:	TW
State or province:	Province
Locality:	City Name
Organization:	Organization Name
Organization Unit:	Unit Name
Common Name:	IP Address

4. Please refer to step 5. on last page.

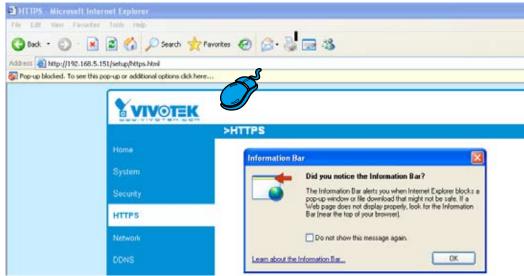
<u>Create certificate and install</u> : Select this option if you want to create a certificate from a certificate authority.

- 1. Select this option.
- 2. Click Create to open a Create Certificate page, and then click Save to generate the certificate.

 Create and install certificate n 	nethod
🔘 Create self-signed certificate aut	tomatically
🔘 Create self-signed certificate ma	inually:
Oreate certificate request and in:	stall:
Certificate request:	Create
Select certificate file:	Browse Upload

🗿 http://192.168.5.151 - Create Certificate - Microsoft Internet Explorer 📃 🗖 🔀				
>Certificate		<u>^</u>		
Create Certificate -				
Country:	TW			
State or province:	Province			
Locality:	A4.81			
Organization:	Please wait while the certificate is being generated			
Organization Unit:				
Common Name:	IP Address			
Save Close				

- 3. If you see the following Information Bar, click **OK** and the menu bar on the top of the page to allow the
 - Pop-ups.



4. The Pop-up window shows an example of a certificate request.

Copy the PEM format request below and send it to a CA for identify validation. After that, you have to				
install it by clicking the "Upload" button on HTTPS page.				
Certificate Request (PEM format)				
BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST				
MIIBuDCCASECADB5MQswCQYDVQQGEwJUVzERMA8GA1UECBMIUHJvdmluY2UxEjAQ				
BgNVBAcTCUNpdHkgTmFtZTEaMBgGA1UEChMRT3JnYW5pemF0aW9uIE5hbWUxEjAQ				
BgNVBAsTCVVuaXQgTmFtZTETMBEGA1UEAxMKSVAgQWRkcmVzczCBnzANBgkghkiG				
9w0BAQEFAAOBjQAwgYkCgYEAu0T75EY52gsSyPFMxZ7wHdQ1obPescsXLUx9DFw6				
OMRheukFaXFDkM+5xk+K5oEPBPqj77yhH+zdUHS27fFSLG57bW9SoxrWuLhSvRZW				
mCD+//AiJX864dJ/mjHn7Wc55GFaxgNvbALcxT+hCIeDCWYnRqh/fpKNj+BxvVoN				
UrcCAwEAAaAAMAOGCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAA4GBAAVazWOAtftfU9dyFgTxOYO1D/zO				
FOTkbnD0QG18e4ftJ3rR0D1TvIIMjg3K8zsAS8Gd3pME1ejqLYoBrtaSqdCUqGiX				
50bLG1subWsXr88PngaBwjYoTpG3q1zvUPJZLAVmdL3ne5urTbABXOScCHOQGtH+				
PX9dw40JWkIC8QhV				
END CERTIFICATE REQUEST				

- 5. Look for a trusted certificate authority that issues digital certificates. Enroll the Network Camera. Wait for the certificate authority to issue a SSL certificate; then upload the issued certificate on the second column.
- 6. Please refer to step 4. and 5. on page 29.

<u>NOTE</u>

- ► How to cancel HTTPS settings?
 - 1. Uncheck **Enable HTTPS secure connection** in the first column and then click **Save**, then a warning dialog will pop up.
 - 2. Click OK to disable HTTPS.



- 3. The address will change from "https://" to "http://" automatically.
- If you want to create and install other certificate, please remove the existing one. To remove the signed certificated, uncheck the Enable HTTPS secure connection in the first column and click Save. Then click Remove to erase the certificate.

— Certificate Information —	
Status:	Active 🗸
Country:	Microsoft Internet Explorer
State or province:	Are you sure you want to delete the certificate?
Locality:	Are you sure you want to delete the certificate?
Organization:	OK Cancel
Organization Unit:	
Common Name:	IP Address
Property Remove	

Network

This section explains how to configure wired network connection for the Network Camera.

Network Type

Network Type	
● LAN:	
 Get IP address automatically 	
O Use fixed IP address:	
Enable UPnP presentation	
Enable UPnP port forwarding	
O PPPoE:	

LAN

Select this option when the Network Camera is deployed in a local area network (LAN) and is intended to be accessed by local computers. The default setting of Network Type is LAN. Rememer to click **Save** when you complete the Network setting.

<u>Get IP address automatically</u>: Select this option to obtain an available dynamic IP address assigned by a DHCP server each time the camera is connected to the LAN.

Use fixed IP address: Select this option to manually assign a static IP address to the Network Camera.

Network Type	
● LAN:	
O Get IP address automatically	
Use fixed IP address:	
IP address:	192.168.5.151
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0
Default router:	192.168.5.1
Primary DNS:	192.168.0.10
Secondary DNS:	192.168.0.20

1. You can make use of VIVOTEK installation wizard 2 (IW2) on the software CD to easily set up the Network Camera in LAN. Please refer to Software installation on page 11 for details.

2. Enter the static IP, Subnet mask, Default router, Primary DNS provided by your ISP.

<u>Enable UPnP presentation</u>: Select this option to enable UPnPTM presentation for your Network Camera so that whenever a Network Camera is presented to the LAN, shortcuts of connected Network Cameras will be listed in My Network Places. You can click the shortcut to link to the web browser. Currently, UPnPTM is supported by Windows XP or later. Note that to utilize this feature, please make sure the UPnPTM component is installed on your computer.

2 My Network Places		
File Edit View Favorites To	ols Help	
G 0 - 5 1	Search 💫 Folders 💷 -	
Address My Network Places		e 🔁 🛥
Network Tasks	Local Network Wreless Network Camera (192.168.5.151) Wreless Network Camera with Pay/Tit (192.168.5.141)	

<u>Enable UPnP port forwarding</u>: To access the Network Camera from the Internet, select this option to allow the Network Camera to open ports on the router automatically so that video streams can be sent out from a LAN. To utilize of this feature, make sure that your router supports UPnPTM and it is activated.

PPPoE (Point-to-point over Ethernet)

Select this option to configure your Network Camera to make it accessible from anywhere as long as there is an Internet connection. Note that to utilize this feature, it requires an account provided by your ISP.

Follow the steps below to acquire your Network Camera's public IP address.

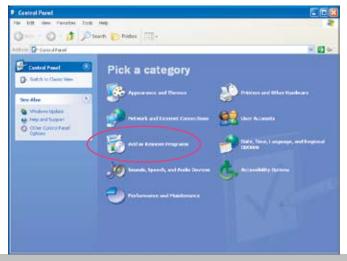
- 1. Set up the Network Camera in LAN.
- 2. Go to Home > Configuration > Application > Server Settings (please refer to Server Settings on page 65) to add a new server -- email or FTP server.
- 3. Go to Configuration > Application > Media Settings (please refer to Media Settings on page 57). Select System log so that you will receive a list of system log in TXT file format which contains the Network Camera's public IP address in your email or on the FTP server.
- 4. Go to Configuration > Network > Network Type. Select PPPoE and enter the user name and password provided by your ISP. Click **Save** to take effect.

Network Type	
O LAN:	
PPPoE:	
User name:	
Password:	
Confirm password:	

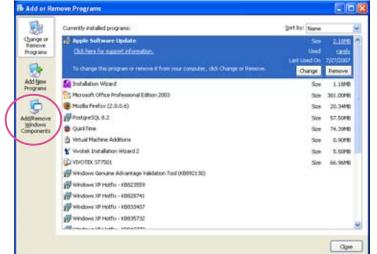
- 5. The Network Camera starts to reboot.
- 6. Disconnect the power source of the Network Camera; remove it from the LAN environment to the Internet.

<u>NOTE</u>

- If the default ports are already used by other device connecting to the same router, the Network Camera will select other ports for the Network Camera.
- If UPnP[™] is not supported by your router, you will see the following message: Error: Router does not support UPnP port forwarding.
- ► Steps to enable UPnPTM user interface on your computer: Note that you must log on to the computer as a system administrator to install the UPnPTM components.
 - 1. Go to Start, click Control Panel, and then click Add or Remove Programs.



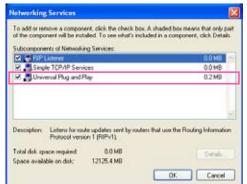
2. In the Add or Remove Programs dialog box, click Add/Remove Windows Components.



3. In the Windows Components Wizard dialog box, select Networking Services and then click Details.

ndows Conponents You can add or remove com	ponents of Windows XP.		
To add or remove a compon part of the component will be Details. Components:			
Message Queung		00 MB	-
MINE Solorer		135.MI	1
M The New orking Services		0.3 MB	
	CONTRACTOR OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIP	0.0 MB	÷
Cither Network File a	nd Print Services	0.0 999	
Differ Network File a Differ Network File a Pile Hodde Boot Certific		0.0 MR	2
	ales.	0.0 MR	
P Fiel Indee Book Certific	ales.	0.0 MR	

4. In the Networking Services dialog box, select Universal Plug and Play and then click OK.



5. Click **Next** in the following window.



6. Click **Finish**. $UPnP^{TM}$ is enabled.

► How does $UPnP^{TM}$ work?

UPnP[™] networking technology provides automatic IP configuration and dynamic discovery of devices added to a network. Services and capabilities offered by networked devices, such as printing and file sharing, are available among each other without bothersome network configuration. In the case of Network Cameras, you will see Network Camera shortcuts at My Network Places.

Enabling UPnP port forwarding allows the Network Camera to open secondary HTTP port on the router, not HTTP port, meaning that you have to add the secondary HTTP port number behind the Network Camera's public address in order to access the Network Camera from the Internet. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the Network Camera's IP address.

From the Internet	In LAN
http://203.67.124.123:8080	http://192.168.4.160 or
	http://192.168.4.160:8080

If the PPPoE settings are incorrectly configured or the Internet access is not working, restore the Network Camera to factory default; please refer to Restore on page 75 for details. After the Network Camera is reset to factory default, it is accessible in LAN.

HTTP Advanced mode

To utilize the HTTP authentication, make sure that your have set a password for the Network Camera first; please refer to Security on page 26 for details.

HIIP	
Authentication:	basic 💌
HTTP port:	80
Secondary HTTP port:	8080
Access name for stream 1:	video.mjpg
Access name for stream 2:	video2.mjpg

<u>Authentication</u>: Depending on your network security requirements, the Network Camera provides two types of security settings for a HTTP transaction: basic and digest.

If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format; there can be potential risks of being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted in MD5 algorithm and thus provide better protection against unauthorized accesses.

<u>HTTP port / Secondary HTTP port</u>: By default, the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080. Also, they can be assigned with another port number between 1025 and 65535. If the ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning messages will be displayed:

Microsoft Internet Explorer	Microsoft Internet Explorer 🛛 🔀
HTTP port must be 80 or from 1025 to 65535	Secondary HTTP port must be from 1025 to 65535
OK	ок

To access the Network Camera in LAN, both HTTP port and secondary HTTP port can be used to access the Network Camera. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the Network Camera's IP address.

In LAN
http://192.168.4.160 or
http://192.168.4.160:8080

<u>Access name for stream 1 / Access name for stream 2</u>: The access name is used to differentiate the streaming source. When using Mozilla Firefox or Netscape to access the Network Camera, and the video mode is set to JPEG, users will receive continuous JPEG pictures. This technology, known as "server push", allows the Network Camera to feed live pictures to Mozilla Firefox and Netscape.

URL command -- http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for stream1 or stream2>

- For example, when the Access name for stream 2 is set to video2.mjpg:
- 1. Launch Mozilla Firefox or Netscape.
- 2. Type the URL command in the address bar. Press Enter.
- 3. The JPEG images will be displayed in your web browser.

🕹 video2.mjpg (JPEG Image, 320x240 pixels) - Mozilla Firefox	
<u>E</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp	
	Google
🗋 Customize Links 🗋 Free Hotmail 🗋 Windows Media 🗋 Windows	

<u>NOTE</u>

Microsoft[®] Internet Explorer does not support server push technology; therefore, using http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for stream1 or stream2> will fail to access the Network Camera.

HTTPS

HTTPS		
HTTPS port:	443	

By default, the HTTPS port is set to 443. It also can be assigned with another port number between 1025 and 65535.

Two way audio

- Two way audio	
Two way audio port:	5060

By default, the two way audio port is set to 5060. Also, it can be assigned with another port number between 1025 and 65535.

The Network Camera supports two way audio communication so that operators can transmit and receive audio simultaneously. By using the Network Camera's built-in or external microphone and an external speaker, you can communicate with people around the Network Camera.

Note that as JPEG only transmits a series of JPEG images to the client, to enable two-way audio function, make sure the video mode is set to "MPEG-4" on Audio and Video settings page and the media option is set to "Video and Audio" on the Client Settings page. Please refer to Client Settings on page 21 and Audio and Video Settings on page 46.



Audio is being transmitted to the Network Camera

	Video(TCP- <mark>AV)</mark>	2008/10/01	10:32:05
D 🗩 II		🔒 👱 🔮 🖻	Go to Select one 💙
	Talk button	/lic volume	Mute

Click **r** to enable audio transmission to the Network Camera; click **r** to adjust the volume of microphone; click **v** to turn off the audio. To stop talking, click **r** again.

FTP

FTP		
FTP port:	21	

FTP server allows the user to save recorded video clips. And you can utilize VIVOTEK Installation Wizard 2 to upgrade firmware via FTP server. By default, the FTP port is set to 21. It also can be assigned with another port number between 1025 and 65535.

RTSP Streaming

To utilize the RTSP streaming authentication, make sure that your have set a password for the Network Camera first; please refer to Security on page 26 for details.

— RTSP Streaming	
Authentication:	disable 🐱
Access name for stream 1:	live.sdp
Access name for stream 2:	live2.sdp
RTSP port:	554
RTP port for video:	5556
RTCP port for video:	5557
RTP port for audio:	5558
RTCP port for audio:	5559
Multicast settings for stream 1:	
Multicast settings for stream 2:	

Save

<u>Authentication</u>: Depending on your network security requirements, the Network Camera provides three types of security settings for streaming via RTSP protocol: disable, basic and digest.

If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format; there can be potential risks of being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted in MD5 algorithm and thus provide better protection against unauthorized accesses.

The accessibility of the RTSP streaming for the three authentication modes are listed in the following table:

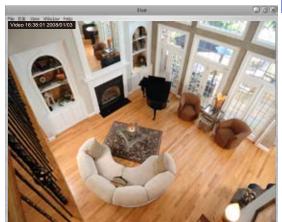
	Quick Time player	Real Player
Disable	0	0
Basic	0	0
Digest	0	Х

<u>Access name for stream 1 / Access name for stream 2</u>: This Network camera supports dual streams simultaneously. The access name is used to differentiate the streaming source.

If you want to use a RTSP player to access the Network Camera, you have to set the video mode to MPEG-4, and use the following RTSP URL command to request a transmission of streaming data.

rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<access name for stream1 or stream2>

- For example, when the access name for stream 1 is set to live.sdp:
- 1. Launch a RTSP player.
- 2. Choose File > Open URL. An URL dialog box will pop up.
- 3. Type the URL command in the text box. For example: ----
- 4. The live video will be displayed in your player as below.



Open URL	
Enter an Internet URL to open	
rtsp://192.168.5.106:554/live.sdp	~
	OK Cancel

RTSP port /RTP port for video, audio/ RTCP port for video, audio

The RTSP (Real-Time Streaming Protocol) controls the delivery of streaming media. By default, the port number is set to 554.

- The RTP (Real-time Transport Protocol) is used to deliver video and audio data to the clients. By default, the RTP port for video is set to 5556 and the RTP port for audio is set to 5558.
- The RTCP (Real-time Transport Control Protocol) allows the Network Camera to transmit the data by monitoring Internet traffic volume. By default, the RTCP port for video is set to 5557 and the RTCP port for audio is set to 5559.

The five ports can be changed between 1025 and 65535. The RTP port must be an even number and the RTCP port is RTP port number plus one, and thus always be odd. When the RTP port changes, the RTCP port will change accordingly.

If the RTP ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning message will display:



<u>Multicast settings for stream 1 / Multicast settings for stream 2</u>: Click the items to display the detailed configurations. Select the Always multicast to enable multicast for stream 1 or stream 2.

 Multicast settings for stream 1: Always multicast 	
Multicast group address:	239.128.1.99
Multicast video port:	5560
Multicast RTCP video port:	5561
Multicast audio port:	5562
Multicast RTCP audio port:	5563
Multicast TTL [1~255]:	15
 Multicast settings for stream 2: Always multicast 	
Multicast group address:	239.128.1.100
Multicast video port:	5564
Multicast RTCP video port:	5565
Multicast audio port:	5566
Multicast RTCP audio port:	5567
Multicast TTL [1~255]:	15

Unicast video transmission delivers a stream through point-to-point transmission; multicast, on the other hand, sends a stream to the multicast group address and allows multiple clients to acquire the stream at the same time by requesting a copy from the multicast group address. Therefore, multicast can effectively save Internet bandwith.

The five ports can be changed between 1025 and 65535. The multicast RTP port must be an even number and the multicast RTCP port number is the multicast RTP port number plus one, and thus it is always be odd. When the multicast RTP port changes, the multicast RTCP port will change accordingly.

If the multicast RTP video ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning message will display:



Multicast TTL [1~255]: The multicast TTL (Time to live) is the value that tells the router the range a packet can be forwarded.

Wireless LAN (PZ7112/PZ7122 only)

SSID	default
Wireless mode	infrastructure 🐱
Channel	6 😽
TX rate	Auto 💌
Security	None 🗸

Save

<u>SSID (Service Set Identifier)</u>: It is a name that identifies a wireless network. Access Points and wireless clients attempting to connect to a specific WLAN (Wireless Local Area Network) must use the same SSID. The default setting is default. Note: The maximum length of SSID is 32 single-byte characters and SSID can't be any of ", <, > and space character.

Wireless mode: Clicking on the pull-down menu to select from the following options:

Infrastructure: Make the Network Camera connect to the WLAN via an Access Point. (The default setting)

<u>Ad-Hoc</u>: Make the Network Camera connect directly to a host equipped with a wireless adapter in a peerto-peer environment.

WLAN configuration		
SSID	default	
Wireless mode	ad-hoc 💌	
Channel	6 🗸	
TX rate	Auto 💌	
Security	None 🗸	

Save

<u>Channel</u>: While in infrastructure mode, the channel is selected automatically to match the channel setting for the selected Access Point. In Ad-Hoc mode, the channel must be manually set to the same channel for each wireless adapter. The default channel setting depends on the installed region.

<u>TX rate</u>: This field is for selecting the maximum transmission rate on the network. The default setting is "auto", that is the Network Camera will try to connect to the other wireless device with highest transmitting rate.

<u>Security</u>: Select the data encrypt method. There are four types including none, WEP, WPA-PSK, and WPA2-PSK.

WEAT configuration	
SSID	default
Wireless mode	infrastructure 💙
Channel	6 🗸
TX rate	Auto 💙
Security	None 🔽
	None
Save	WEP
Save	WPA-PSK
	WPA2-PSK

1. None: No data encryption.

2. WEP (Wired equivalent Privacy): It allows communication only with other devices with identical WEP

WLAN configuration	
SSID	default
Wireless mode	infrastructure 💌
Channel	6
TX rate	Auto 🗸
Security	WEP
Authentication mode	Open 💌
Key length	64 bits 💌
Key format	HEX 💌
Default key	Network key
۲	000000000
0	000000000
0	000000000
0	000000000

Save

- Authentication Mode: Choose one of the following modes. Open is the default setting.
 <u>Open</u> communicates the key across the network.
 <u>Shared</u> allows communication only with other devices with identical WEP settings.
- Key length: The administrator can select the key length among 64 or 128 bits. 64 bits is the default setting.
- Key format: Hexadecimal or ASCII. HEX is the default setting. <u>HEX</u> digits consist of the numbers 0~9 and the letters A-F.
 <u>ASCII</u> is a code for representing English letters as numbers from 0-127 except ", <, > and space characters that are reserved.
- Network Key: Enter a key in either hexadecimal or ASCII format.
 You can select different key length, and acceptable input length is listed as following:
 64 bits key length: 10 Hex digits or 5 characters.
 128 bites key length: 26 Hex digits or 13 characters.

<u>NOTE</u>

settings.

► When 22("), 3C(<) or 3E(>) are input in network key, the key format can't be changed to ASCII format.

3.	WPA-PSK:	Use WPA	(Wi-Fi Protected	Access) pre-shared	key.
----	----------	---------	------------------	--------------------	------

default
infrastructure 🗸
6 🗸
Auto 🗸
WPA-PSK
000000000

Save

More secure than WEP, the Wi-Fi Alliance developed WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) in 2003 to address WEP's weaknesses. Improvements included TKIP, which changes the encryption key for each data transmission.

Algorithm: Choosing one of the following algorithm for WPA-PSK and WPA2-PSK modes. <u>TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol)</u>: A security protocol used in the IEEE 802.11 wireless networks. TKIP is a "wrapper" that goes around the existing WEP encryption. TKIP comprises the same encryption engine and RC4 algorithm defined for WEP. However, the key used for encryption in TKIP is 128 bits long. This solves the first problem of WEP: a too-short key length. (From Wikipedia)

<u>AES (Advanced Encryption Standard)</u>: In cryptography, the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES), also known as Rijndael, is a block cipher adopted as an encryption standard by the U.S. government. As of 2006, AES is one of the most popular algorithms used in symmetric key cryptography. (From Wikipedia)

■ Pre-shared Key: Entering a key in ASCII format. The length of the key is 8 ~ 63.

4. WPA2-PSK: Use WPA2 pre-shared key.

The advanced protocol, certified through Wi-Fi Alliance's WPA2 program, implements the mandatory elements of 802.11i. In particular, it introduces a new AES-based algorithm, CCMP, that is considered fully secure. From March 13, 2006, WPA2 certification is mandatory for all new devices wishing to be certified by the Wi-Fi Alliance as "Wi-Fi CERTIFIED." (From Wikipedia)

<u>NOTE</u>

- After wireless configurations are completed, click Save and the camera will reboot. Wait for the live image is reloaded to your browser. For VIVOTEK 7000-series cameras, you have to unplug the power cable and Ethernet cable from the camera; then re-plug the power cable to the camera. The camera will switch to wireless mode.
- Some invalid settings may cause the system failing to respond. Change the Configuration only if necessary and consult with your network supervisor or experienced users for correct settings. Once the system has lost contact, please refer to Maintenace on page 75 for reset and restore procedures.

DDNS

This section explains how to configure dynamic domain name service for the Network Camera. DDNS is a service that allows your Network Camera, especially when assigned with a dynamic IP address, to have a fixed host and domain name.

DDNS: Dynamic domain name service

DDNS: Dynamic domain n	ame service
Enable DDNS:	
Provider:	Dyndns.org(Dynamic)
Host name:	
User name:	
Password:	
Save	

Enable DDNS: Select this option to enable the DDNS setting.

Provider: Select a DDNS provider from the Provider drop-down list.

VIVOTEK offers **Safe100.net**, a free dynamic domain name service to VIVOTEK customers. It is recommended that you register **Safe100.net** to access VIVOTEK's network camera from the Internet. Additionally, we offer other DDNS providers, such as Dyndns.org(Dynamic), Dyndns.org(Custom), TZO. com, DHS.org, CustomSafe100, dyn-interfree.it.

Note that before utilizing this function, please apply a dynamic domain account first.

■ Safe100.net

- 1. In the DDNS column, select **Safe100.net** from the drop-down list. Click **I accept** after reviewing the terms of the Service Agreement.
- In the Register column, fill in the Host name (xxxx.safe100.net), Email, Key and Confirm Key, and then click **Register**. After a host name has been successfully created, a successful message will show in the DDNS Registration Result column.

Register	
Host name:	VVTK.safe100.net
Email:	wtk@vivotek.com
Key:	•••• Forget key
Confirm key:	••••
To apply for a domain name for the camer	ra, or to modify the previously registered information, fill in
the following fields and then click "Registe	er".
Register	
DDNS Registration Result:	
[Register] Successfully Your account been mailed to registered e-mail addres	(=2)
Upon successful registration, you can clic	k copy to automatically upload relevant information to the
DDNS form or you can manually fill it in. The	hen, click "Save" to save new settings.

3. Click **Copy** and all the registered information will automatically be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column on the top of the page as the picture shows.

DDNS: Dynamic domain name set	ervice	
Enable DDNS:		
Provider:	Safe100.net	~
Host name:	VVTK.safe100.net	[*.safe100.net]
Email:	wtk@vivotek.com	
Key:	••••	
Save Register		
Ŭ		
Host name:	VVTK.safe100.net	
Email:	vvtk@vivotek.com	
Key:	••••	Forget key
Confirm key:	••••	
To apply for a domain name for the car	nera, or to modify the previou	sly registered information, fill in
the following fields and then click "Regi	ster".	
Register		
DDNS Registration Result:		
[Register] Successfully Your account been mailed to registered e-mail add		
Upon successful registration, you can o DDNS form or you can manually fill it in.		

4. Select Enable DDNS and then click Save to take effect.

CustomSafe100

VIVOTEK offers documents to establish CustomSafe100 DDNS server for distributors and system integrators. You can use CustomSafe100 to register a dynamic domain name if your distributor or system integrators offer such services.

- 1. In the DDNS column, select CustomSafe100 from drop-down list.
- 2. In the Register column, fill in the Host name, Email, Key and Confirm Key; then click **Register**. After a host name has been successfully created, you will see a successful message in the DDNS Registration Result column.
- 3. Click **Copy** and all the registered information will be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column.
- 4. Select Enable DDNS and then click Save to take effect.

<u>Forget key</u>: Click this button if you forget the key of Safe100.net or CustomSafe100. Your account information will be sent to your email address.

Refer to the following links to apply a dynamic domain account when selecting other DDNS providers:

- Dyndns.org(Dynamic) / Dyndns.org(Custom): visit http://www.dyndns.com/
- TZO.com: visit http://www.tzo.com/
- DHS.org: visit http://www.dhs.org/
- dyn-interfree.it: visit http://dyn-interfree.it/

Access list Advanced mode

This section explains how to control the access permission by checking the client PC's IP addresses.

Allowed list /	Denied list	
	Allowed list	
	Starting IP address:	
	Ending IP address:	
	Add	
	Delete allowed list	
	Allowed list:	1.0.0.0 ~ 255.255.255.255
	Delete	
	Denied list	
	Starting IP address:	
	Ending IP address:	
	Add	
	Delete denied list	
	Denied list:	✓
	Delete	

There are two lists for permission control: Allowed list and Denied list. Only those clients whose IP addresses are in the Allowed list and not in the Denied list can access the Network Camera.

- 1. In the Allowed list or Denied list column, type the starting IP address and ending IP address in the text boxes. A total of ten lists can be configured for both columns.
- 2. Click **Add** to take effect.

<u>NOTE</u>

For example, when the range of allowed list is set from 1.1.1.0 to 192.255.255.255 and the range of denied list is set from 1.1.1.0 to 170.255.255.255, Only users' IP located between 171.0.0.0 and 192.255.255.255 can access the Network Camera.



Delete allowed list / Delete denied list

- 1. In the Delete allowed list or Delete denied list, select a list from the drop-down list.
- 2. Click **Delete** to take effect.

Audio and video

This section explains how to cofigure audio and video performances of the Network Camera. It is composed of the following two columns: Video settings and Audio settings.

Video Settings

Γ	Video settings	
	Video title:	
	Color:	Color 🗸
	Video orientation:	Flip Mirror
	Overlay title and time stamp on video and snapsho	ot.
	Image Settings	CCD Settings
	Video quality settings for stream 1:	
	Video quality settings for stream 2:	

Video title: Enter a name that will be displayed on the title bar of the live video.

Color: Select to display colorful or black/white video streams.

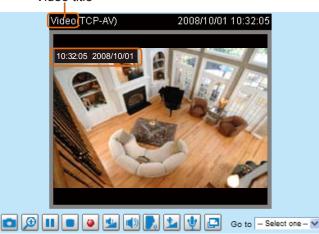
<u>Power line frequency</u>: Set the power line frequency in consistent with local utility settings to eliminate uncomfortable image flickering associated with fluorescent lights. Note that after the power line frequency is changed, it is required to disconnect and reconnect the power cord of the Network Camera in order for the new setting to take effect.

<u>Video orientation</u>: Flip--vertically reflect the display of the live video; Mirror--horizontally reflect the display of the live video. Select both options if the Network Camera is installed upside-down (ex. on the ceiling) to correct the image orientation.

Maximum Exposure Time: 1/120 S, 1/60 S, 1/30 S, 1/15 S, 1/5 S, and Auto.

<u>Overlay title and time stamp on video</u>: Select this option to place the video title and time on video streams.

Note that when the frame size is set to 176 x 144 as the right picture below, only time will be stamped on video streams.



Video title

Image Settings Advanced mode

Click **Image Settings** to open the page. In this page, you can tune Brightness, Saturation, Contrast, and Sharpness for video compensation.

Video(T	CP-AV)		2008/10/02	09:53:48
- Image Adjustme				
	+0 🗸	Saturat	ion:	+0 🗸
Brightness:		Saturat	IUII.	
Contrast:	+0 🗸	Sharpn	ess:	+0 🗸
Preview		Restore	Save	Close

Image Adjustment

- Brightness: Adjust the image brightness level, which ranges from -5 to +5. The default value is set to 0.
- Saturation: Adjust the image saturation level, which ranges from -5 to +5. The default value is set to 0.
- Contrast: Adjust the image contrast level, which ranges from -5 to +5. The default value is set to 0.
- Sharpness: Adjust the image sharpness level, which ranges from -3 to +3. The default value is set to +3.

You can click **Preview** to fine-tune the image, or click **Restore** to recall the original settings without incorporating the changes. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to take effect and click **Close** to quit the page.

CCD Adjustment Advanced mode

Click **CCD settings** to open the CCD Adjustment page. In this page, you can set the Auto electronic shutter (AES), Auto tracking white balance, White balance control, Low lux mode, and BLC settings.

Video(TCP-AV)	2008/10/02 10:00:55
CCD Adjustment	
Auto electronic shutter (AES)	Auto 🗸
O Auto tracking white balance	4 💌
 White balance control 	6400k 🐱
Low lux mode	Auto switch to B/W in low lux mode
Enable BLC BLC sens	level 3 V BLC area selection
Preview Rest	ore Save Close

<u>Auto electronic shutter (AES)</u>: The default iris setting of the CCD is fixed mode, and the AES option will be **1/50 (1/60)**. There are several options for AES: 1/50 (1/60), 1/100 (1/120), 1/250, 1/500, 1/1000, 1/200, 1/4000. Faster electronic shutter would enable the Network Camera to capture fast-moving objects more clearly. Once the shutter is selected as Auto, the iris of the CCD will become fixed.

<u>Auto tracking white balance</u>: This option is usually selected when the Network Camera is placed in outdoor environment. Adjusting the 0~8 level would help the Network Camera capturing video with correct colors. The default value is set to 4.

<u>White balance control</u>: Select this option will disable Auto tracking white balance. This option is usually selected when the Network Camera is placed in outdoor environment. The administrator can adjust the value for best color temperature: 3200k, 4000k, 4800k, 5600k, 6400k, 7200k, 8000k.

Low lux mode: Select this option would enable the Network Camera to capture clear images in poor illuminative environment.

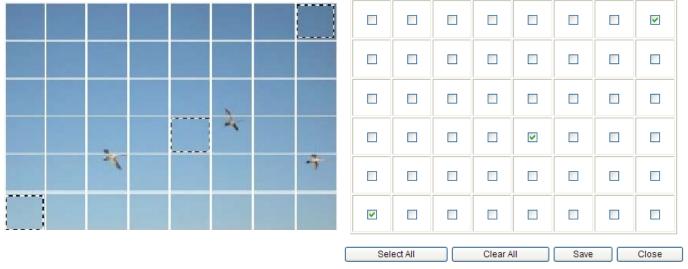
<u>Auto switch to B/W in low lux mode</u>: Select it to enable the Network Camera to automatically switch to B/W in low lux mode.

<u>Enable BLC (Back Light Compensation)</u>: Select it when the object is too dark or too bright to recognize. It allows the network camera to adjust to the best light conditions in any environment and automatically give the necessary light compensation.

<u>BLC sens level</u>: Select 0~7 level to adjust the sensitivity of BLC detection. Select higher level would raise the sensitivity. The default value is set to 3.

<u>BLC area selection</u>: Click this button to open a selection window. As the window shows, the video would be divided into 48 rectangle areas equally. Check some of the areas to enable BLC, note that if no area is selected, the Enable BLC option would be of no use.

The picture below illustrates the corresponding areas of the selection window. You can click **Select All** to check all the areas in the window, or click **Clear All** to do vice versa. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to take effect and click **Close** to quit the page.



Back to the CCD Settings page, you can click **Preview** to fine-tune the image, or click **Restore** to recall the original settings without incorporating the changes. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to take effect and click **Close** to quit the page.

Video quality settings for stream 1 / stream 2 Advanced mode

The Network Camera offers two choices of video compression standards for real-time viewing: MPEG-4 and MJPEG.

Click the items to display the detailed configurations. You can set up two seperate streams for the Network Camera for different viewing devices. For example, set a smaller frame size and a lower bit rate for remote viewing on mobile phones; or set a larger video size and a higher bit rate for live viewing on web browsers.

If MPEG-4 mode is selected, it is streamed in RTSP protocol.

Video quality settings for stream 1:		Video quality settings for stream 2:	
● MPEG-4:		• MPEG-4:	
Frame size:	704x480/704x576 💌	Frame size:	176x120/176x144 💌
Maximum frame rate:	30 fps 😽	Maximum frame rate:	30 fps 🐱
Intra frame period:	1S 😽	Intra frame period:	1S 💌
Video quality:		Video quality:	
O Constant bit rate:	512 Kbps 😽	 Constant bit rate: 	40 Kbps 🖌
 Fixed quality: 	Excellent 💌	Fixed quality:	Good 🖌
O JPEG:		O JPEG:	

There are four dependent parameters provided in MPEG-4 mode for video performance adjustment:

Frame size

Select the video size. Note that a larger frame size requires more bandwidth. The frame sizes are selectable in the following resolutions:

	NTSC	PAL
	704 x 480	704 x 576
CIF	352 x 240	352 x 288
QCIF	176 x 120	176 x 144

Maximum frame rate

This limits the maximal refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for a smoother video quality. The frame rates are selectable at the following rates: 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps and 25fps, and 30fps.

Intra frame period

Determine how often to plant an I frame. The shorter the duration, the more likely you will get a better video quality, but at the cost of higher network bandwidth consumption. Select the intra frame period from the following duration: 1/4 second, 1/2 second, 1 second, 2 seconds, 3 seconds and 4 seconds.

Video quality

A complex scene generally produces larger file size, meaning that higher bandwidth will be needed for data transmission. Therefore, if **Constant bit rate** is selected, the bandwidth utilization is fixed at a selected level, resulting in mutable video quality performances. The bit rates are selectable at the following rates: 20Kbps, 30Kbps, 40Kbps, 50Kbps, 64Kbps, 128Kbps, 256Kbps, 512Kbps, 768Kbps, 1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps and 4Mbps.

On the other hand, if **Fixed quality** is selected, all frames are transmitted with the same quality; bandwidth utilization is therefore unpredictable. The video qualities are selectable at the following settings: Medium, Standard, Good, Detailed and Excellent.

If **JPEG** mode is selected, the Network Camera continuously sends JPEG images to the clients, producing dynamic effects similar to movies. Every single JPEG image transmitted guarantees the same image quality, which in turn comes at the expense of variable bandwidth usage. And because the media contents are a combination of JPEG images, no audio data is transmitted to the clients.

Video quality settings for stream 1:		Video quality settings for stream 2:	
MPEG-4:		MPEG-4:	
● JPEG:		● JPEG:	
Frame size:	704x480/704x576 🗸	Frame size:	176x120/176x144 🐱
Maximum frame rate:	30 fps 💌	Maximum frame rate:	30 fps 🐱
Video quality:	Excellent 🐱	Video quality:	Excellent 🐱

There are three dependent parameters provided in MPEG-4 mode for video performance adjustment:

Frame size

Select the video size. Note that a larger frame size requires more bandwidth. The frame sizes are selectable in the following resolutions:

	NTSC	PAL
	704 x 480	704 x 576
CIF	352 x 240	352 x 288
QCIF	176 x 120	176 x 144

Maximum frame rate

This limits the maximal refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for a smoother video quality. The frame rates are selectable at the following rates: 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps and 25fps, and 30fps.

Video quality

The video qualities are selectable at the following settings: Medium, Standard, Good, Detailed and Excellent.

Audio settings

Audio Settings	
Mute	
Internal microphone input gain:	0 dB 💙
External microphone input:	0 dB 🖌
Audio type:	
O AAC:	
SSM-AMR:	
GSM-AMR bit rate:	12.2 Kbps 😽

<u>Mute</u>: Select this option to disable audio transmission from the Network Camera to all clients. Note that if mute mode is turned on, no audio data will be transmitted to all clients even though the audio transmission is enabled in the Client Settings page. In that case, the following message is displayed.

ntains no audio

<u>Internal microphone input gain</u>: Select the gain of the internal audio input according to ambient conditions. Adjust the gain from +21 db (most sensitive) ~ -33 db (least sensitive).

<u>External microphone input</u>: Select the gain of the external audio input according to ambient conditions. Adjust the gain from +21 db (most sensitive) \sim -33 db (least sensitive).

Audio type: Select audio codec AAC or GSM-AMR and the bit rate.

- AAC targets at performing good sound quality at the cost of higher bandwidth consumption. The bit rates are selectable at the following rates: 16Kbps, 32Kbps, 48Kbps, 64Kbps, 96Kbps and128Kbps.
- GSM-ARM is designed to optimize speech quality and requires less bandwidth. The bit rates are selectable at the following rates: 4.75Kbps, 5.15Kbps, 5.90Kbps, 6.7Kbps, 7.4Kbps, 7.95Kbps, 10.2Kbps and 12.2Kbps.

When completed with the settings on this page, click Save to take effect.

<u>NOTE</u>

The Network Camera offers two inputs to capture audio - internal microphone or external microphone. The internal/external microphone switch is located on the back panel of the Network Camera.

Motion detection

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to enable motion detection. A total of three motion detection windows can be configured.

n



Follow the steps below to enable motion detection:

- 1. Click **New** to add a new motion detection window.
- 2. In the Window Name text box, enter a descriptive name for the motion detection window.
 - To move and resize the window, drag-drop the window.
 - To delete window, click X at top right of the window.
- 3. Define the sensitivity to moving objects and the space ratio of all alerted pixels by moving the Sensitivity and Percentage slider bar.
- 4. Click Save to take effect.
- 5. Select Enable motion detection to enable this function.

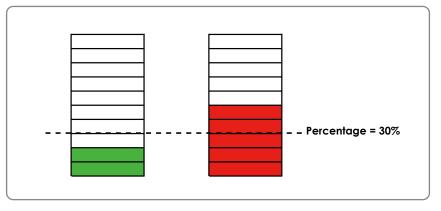
For example:

Enable motion detection



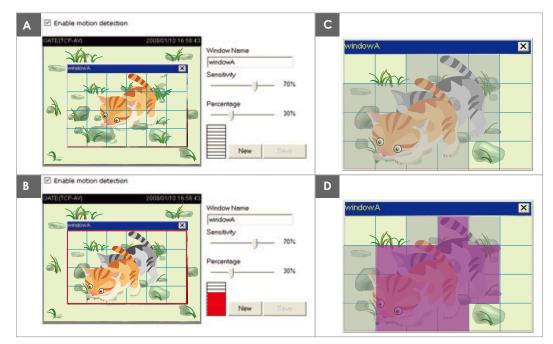
The Percentage Indicator will rise or fall depending on the image variation. When motions are detected by the Network Camera and are judged to exceed the defined threshold, a red bar rises. Meanwhile, the motion detection window will be outlined in red. Photos or videos can be captured instantly and configured to send to the remote server (Email, FTP) by utilizing this feature as a trigger source. For more information about how to plot an event, please refer to Application on page 60.

A green bar indicates that even though motions are detected, the event will not be triggered because the image variations are still falling under the defined threshold.



<u>NOTE</u>

► How does motion detection work?



There are two parameters for setting the motion detection: Sensitivity and Percentage. In the illustration above, frame A and frame B are two sequential images. Pixel differences between the two frames are detected and highlighted in gray (frame C), and will be compared with the sensitivity setting. Sensitivity is a value that expresses the sensitivity to moving objects. Higher sensitivity settings are expected to sense a slight movement while smaller sensitivity settings tend to neglect it. When the sensitivity is set to 70%, the Network Camera defines the pixels in the purple areas as "alerted pixels" (frame D).

Percentage is a value that expresses the proportion of "alerted pixels" to all pixels in the motion detection window. In this case, 50% of pixels are identified as "alerted pixels". When the percentage is set to 30%, the motions are judged to exceed the defined threshold; therefore, the motion window will be outlined in red.

For applications that require higher security management, it is suggested to set higher sensitivity settings and smaller percentage values.

Camera control

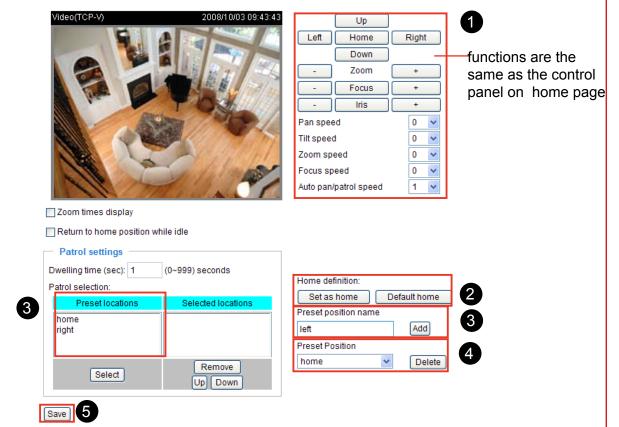
This section explains how to control the Network Camera's Pan/Tilt/Zoom/Focus operation by a control panel and set prset positions.

Preset Position

In this page, you can set preset positions for the Network Camera. You can also select some preset positions for it to partol. A total of 20 preset positions can be configured.

Please follow the steps below to set a preset position:

- 1. Adjust the Network Camera to a desired position using the buttons on the right side of the window.
- 2. Click Set as home or Default home to define your home definition.
- 3. In the Preset position name text box, enter a descriptive name for the preset position. The preset position name allows up to forty characters. Click Add to take effect. The preset positions will show up under the Preset location list on the left-hand side.
- To remove a preset position from the list, select a preset position name from the Preset Positions drop-down list and then click **Delete**.
- 5. Click Save to take effect.



Zoom times display

If you select this option, the zoom times will show up on the live video window. Please follow the steps below to enable this function:

- 1. Click on the zoom in/out button.
- 2. Select Zoom times display.
- 3. Click Save to enable the settings.
- 4. The zoom times will be displayed on the monitoring window accoding to your zoom settings.

Video(TCP-V)	2008/10/03 11:18:09	Up	>
		Left Hom	ne Right
		Dow	vn
zoom x1.5		- Zoo	m +
	PAC	- Foci	+ sı
The a		- Iris	3 +
~		Pan speed	0 🗸
ATAKA		Tilt speed	0 🗸
< BORES		Zoom speed	0 🗸
	14/1	Focus speed	0 🗸
and the	Visite's	Auto pan/patrol sp	oeed 1 💌
Zoom times display			
• Loom unes display			
Return to home position w	hile idle		
	hile idle		
Return to home position w			
Return to home position w	hile idle (0~999) seconds	Home definition:	
Return to home position w Patrol settings Dwelling time (sec): 1		Set as home	Default home
Return to home position w Patrol settings Dwelling time (sec): 1 Patrol selection: Preset locations home right	(0~999) seconds		
Return to home position w Patrol settings Dwelling time (sec): 1 Patrol selection: Preset locations [home	(0~999) seconds	Set as home	ame

Patrol Settings

You can select some preset positions for the Network Camera to patrol.

- Please follow the steps below to set a preset position:
- 1. Click a preset location on the list and then click **Select**.
- 2. The selected preset location will show up on the Selected locations list.
- 3. Repeat step 1 and 2 to select more preset locations to patrol around.
- 4. If you want to delete a selected location, click it on the list and then click **Remove**.
- 5. Click the selected locations and then click Up or Down to arrange the order for patrolling.
- 6. Adjust the Auto pan/patrol speed.
- 7. Click **Save** to enable the settings.

Video(TCP-V)	2008/10/03 10:02:23		Up			
		Left	Home	Right		
			Down			
	LINE DI L	-	Zoom	+		
	1 1 2 # 1 3/	-	Focus	+		
Alson P	P2536/////	-	Iris	+		
	100 - 100 /	Pan spee	ed	0	~	
		Tilt speed	đ	0	~	
	Charles 1 +1	Zoom sp	eed	0	*	
116 20	Martin Martin	Focus sp		0	~	
111/77	Carl and Carl	Auto pan/	patrol speed	1	*	6
Zoom times display						-
Return to home position whi	le idle					
Patrol settings						
	(0~999) seconds					
Patrol selection:	2	Home def	finition:			
	Selected locations	Set as	home C	Default ho	me	
Preset locations	home	Preset po	sition name			
left	up			Add	1	
up down ───	down	Preset Po	sition	_		
	Remove 4	home	*	De	lete)
Select	Up Down					
	A					
Save 7						

Dwelling time (sec)

Set the stop time of each preset location during auto patrol of the network camera.

The preset positions will also show on the camera control panel on the Home page as below.



- Click Go to: The Network Camera will move to the preset position.
- Click Patrol: The Network Camera will patrol among the selected preset positions (from right to left) for once.

Return to home position while idle

If you select this option, the Network Camera will automatically pan back to the home position. Please follow the steps below to enable this function:

- 1. Select Return to home position while idle.
- 2. Enter the time span for idle duration.
- 3. Click **Save** to enable the settings.





Zoom times display
 ✓ Return to home position while idle
 Time span for idle duration: 5 (1~999) seconds

56 - User's Manual

Homepage layout Advanced mode

This section explains how to set up your own customized homepage layout.

Preview

This column shows the settings of your hompage layout. You can manually setup the background and font colors in Theme Options, the third column on this page. The settings will automatically show up in this Preview column. Following shows the default setting.



Logo graph

Here you can change the logo on the top of your homepage.

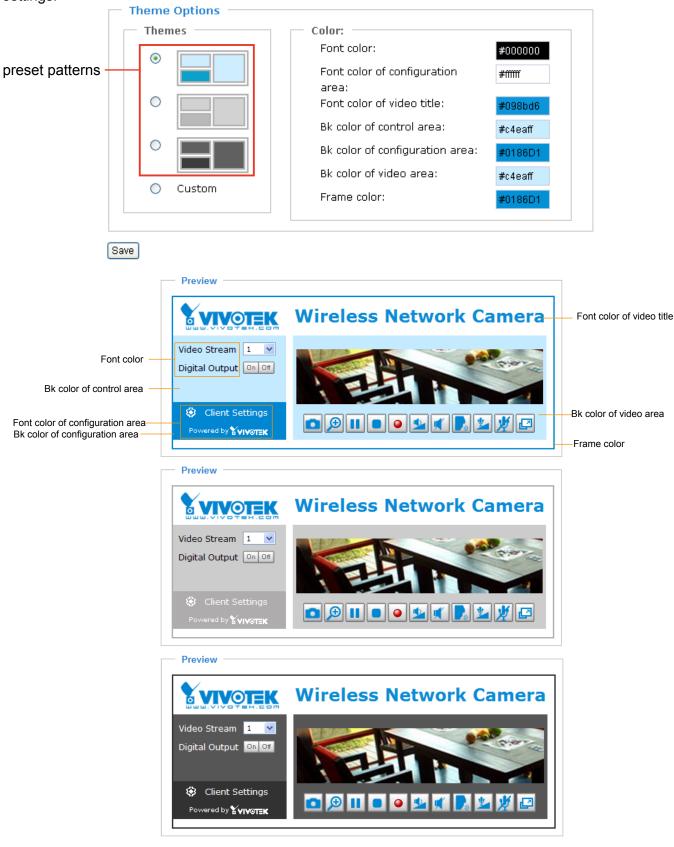
Logo graph	
Logo graph	
You can upload a small logo(Gif, JPG or PNG), which will be resized to 160x50 pixels (if it is not already that size) and which will be visible on the main page. Upload a new logo will replace the old custom logo (if there was one uploaded)	;
O Default O Custom Browse Browse	
.ogo link: http://www.vivotek.com	

Follow the steps below to upload a new logo:

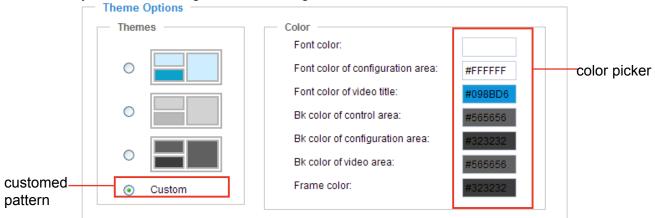
- 1. Click **Custom** to open the Browse blank.
- 2. Select a logo in your computer folders.
- 3. Click **Upload** to replace the logo with a new one.
- 4. Enter a website link if necessary.
- 5. Click Save to enable the settings.

Theme options

Here you can change the color of your homepage layout. There are three kinds of preset patterns for you to choose. The new layout will simultaneously present in the **Preview** column. Click **Save** to enable the settings.



- Follow the steps below to set up customed homepage:
- 1. Click **Custom** on the left column.
- 2. Click a blank you want to change color on the right column.



3. The palette window will pop up as below.

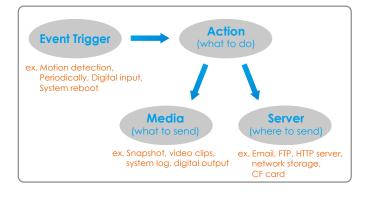
Hex:	#000000		o 2		Hex:	#23538A
Red:	0			1	Red:	35
Green:	0				Green:	83
Blue:	0				Blue:	138
Hue:	0				Hue:	212
Saturation:	0				Saturation:	74.6
Value:	0				Value:	54.1
Se	lect				4 Se	lect

- 4. Drag the slider bar and click on the left square to select a desired color.
- 5. The selected color will show up in the corresponding blank and in the **Preview** column.
- 6. Click **Save** to enable the settings.

Application Advanced mode

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to react in response to particular situations (event). A typical application is that when a motion is detected, the Network Camera sends buffered images to a FTP server or e-mail address as notifications.

In the illustation on the right side, an event can be triggered by many sources, such as motion detection or external digital input devices. When an event is triggered, you can specify what kind of action will be performed. You can configure the Network Camera to send snapshots or videos to your email address or FTP site.



Event Setting	js —									
Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Trigger
Add Help										

Event Settings

In the **Event Settings** column, click **Add** to open the **Event Settings** page. In this page, you can arrange three elements -- Trigger, Schedule and Action to plot an event. A total of 3 event settings can be configured.

Event Settings	
Event name:	
Enable this event	
Priority: Normal 💌	
Detect next event after 10 second(s).	
Note: This can only applied to motion detection and digital input	
Trigger	
O Video motion detection:	
O Periodically:	
O Digital input	
 System boot 	
V Sun V Mon V Tue V Wed V Thu V Fri V Sat Time	
Always	
C From 00:00 to 24:00 [hh:mm]	
Action	
Trigger digital output for 1 seconds	
Move to preset location: home 💌	
Add Server Add Media	
Server Media	
Save	

Event name: Enter a descriptive name for the event setting.

Enable this event: Select this option to enable this event setting.

<u>Priority</u>: Select the relative importance of this event (High, Normal, or Low). Events with higher priority setting will be executed first.

<u>Detect next event after resconds</u>: Enter the duration in seconds to pause motion detection after a motion is detected.

An event is an action initiated by user-defined trigger source; it is the causal arrangement of the following three elements: Trigger, Event Schedule, and Action.

Trigger

Also referred as the cause or stimulus, defines when to trigger the Network Camera. The trigger source can be configured to use the Network Camera's built-in motion detection mechanism or external digital input devices.

There are four choices of trigger sources as below. Select the item to display the detailed configurations.

Trigger	
O Video motion detection:	
O Periodic:	
O Digital input:	
 System boot 	

Video motion detection

This option makes use of the built-in motion detection mechanism as a trigger source. To enable this function, you need to configure Motion Detection window first. For more information, please refer to Motion detection on page 52 for details.

Trigger
Video motion detection:
Detect motion in window 🔽 1
Note: Please configure Motion detection first
O Periodic:
O Digital input:
System boot

Periodically

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger periodically for every other defined minute. At most 999 minutes can be set.

— Trigger —	
Video motion detection:	
Periodic:	
Trigger every other 1	minutes
O Digital input:	
System boot	

Digital input

This option allows the Network Camera to use external digital input device or sensor as a trigger source. Depending on your applications, there are many choices of digital input devices on the market which helps to sense any changes in temperature, vibration, sound and light, etc.

System boot

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger when the power of Network Camera is disconnected.

Event Schedule

Specify the effective period for the event.

	Event Schedule
	🛛 Sun 🔽 Mon 🔽 Tue 🔍 Wed 🗹 Thu 🔍 Fri 💌 Sat
Ti	ime
	 Always
	O From 00:00 to 24:00 [hh:mm]

- Select the days on weekly basis.
- Select the time for recording in 24-hr time format.

<u>Action</u>

Define what actions to be performed by the Network Camera when a trigger is activated.

Γ	Action
	Trigger digital output for 1 seconds
	Move to preset location: home 🗸
	Add Server Add Media
	Server Media
L	
ſ	Save Close

- Trigger digital output for seconds Select this option to turn on external digital output device when a trigger is activated. Specify the length of trigger interval in the text box.
- Move to preset location:

To enable this function, you need to configure Preset Positions first. For more information, please refer to Preset Position on page 54 for details.

<u>NOTE</u>

To plot an event with recorded video or snapshots, it is necessary to configure the server and media settings, so that the Network Camera will know what action shall be performed (send media files to which server) when a trigger is activated.

Add Server / Add Media

Click **Add Server** to configure Server Settings. For more information, please refer to Server Settings on page 65.

Click **Add Media** to configure Media Settings. For more information, please refer to Media Settings on page 68.

Here is an example of Event Settings page:

•Event Settings
Event name: PZ7112
Enable this event
Priority: Normal 🗸
Detect next event after 10 second(s).
Note: This can only applied to motion detection and digital input
Trigger
Video motion detection:
Detect motion in window 🔽 1
Note: Please configure Motion detection first
O Periodically:
O Digital input
System boot
Event Schedule Image: Sun Image: S
Time
 Always
From 00:00 to 24:00 [hh:mm]
Action
Trigger digital output for 1 seconds
Move to preset location: home 👻
Add Server Add Media
Server Media
Email Snapshot V
Save Close

When completed, click **Save** to take effect and then click **Close** to quit Event Settings page. The new event settings / server settings / media settings will appear in the event drop-down list on the Application page.

Here is an example of Application page with an event setting:

 Event Setting 	js –									
Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Trigger
PZ7112	<u>ON</u>	۷	V	V	V	V	V	۷	00:00~24:00	motion
Add PZ7112 V Delete Help										
Server Settings										
Name	Туре				Add	ress/L	ocatio	on		
Email email Ms.vivotek.tw Add V Delete										
— Media Setting	s ——									
Available memory	y space: 4	4050K	В							
Name Type										
Snapshot snapshot Add Image: Constraint of the state of the stat										

When the Event Status is <u>ON</u>, once an event is triggered by motion detection, the Network Camera will automatically send snapshots via e-mail.

If you want to stop the event trigger, you can click <u>ON</u> to turn it into <u>OFF</u> status or click **Delete** to remove the event setting.

To remove a server setting from the list, select a server name from the drop-down list and then click **Delete**. Note that only when the server setting is not being applied to an event setting can it be deleted.

To remove a media setting from the list, select a media name from the drop-down list and then click **Delete**. Note that only when the media setting is not being applied to an event setting can it be deleted.

Server Settings

In the Server column, click **Add Server** on Event Settings page to open the server setting page. In this page, you can specify where the notification messages will be send when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 server settings can be configured.

Server name: Email									
Server Type									
• Email:									
Sender email address:	camera@vivotek.com								
Recipient email address:	vivotek@vivotek.com								
Server address:	Ms.vivotek.tw								
User name:									
Password:									
O FTP:									
O HTTP:									
Network storage:									
Test Save Close									

Server name: Enter a descriptive name for the server setting.

Server Type

There are four choices of server types available: Email, FTP, HTTP, and Network storage. Select the item to display the detailed configurations. You can configure either one or all of them.

Email: Select to send the media files via Email when a trigger is activated.

- Sender email address: Enter the email address of the sender.
- Recipient email address: Enter the email address of the recipient.
- Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the email server.
- User name: Enter the user name of the email account if necessary.
- Password: Enter the password of the email account if necessary.

To verify if the email settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window. If it works, you will also receive an email indicating the result.

🗿 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/admin/testserver.cgi 🔳 🗖 🗙	🔮 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/admin/testserver.cgi 🔳 🗖 🗙
The email has been sent successfully.	Error in sending email.

Click **Save** to enable the settings.

<u>FTP</u>: Select to send the media files to a FTP server when a trigger is activated.

Server name:	FTP	
Server Ty	pe	
O Email:		
● FTP:		
Serve	er address:	ftp://vivotek.com.tw
Serve	er port:	21
User	name:	vivotek
Pass	word:	••••
FTP f	older name:	
Pass	ive mode:	
O HTTP:		
O Network	storage:	

Test Save Close

- Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the FTP server.
- Server port
 By default, the ETP port

By default, the FTP port server is set to 21. Also, it can be assigned with another port number between 1025 and 65535.

- User name: Enter the login name of the FTP account.
- Password: Enter the password of the FTP account.
- Remote folder name

Enter a folder to place the media file. If the folder name does not exist, the Network Camera will create one on the FTP server.

Passive Mode

Most firewalls do not accept new connections initiated from external requests. If the FTP server supports passive mode, select this option to enable passive mode FTP and allow data transmission to pass through the firewall.

To verify if the FTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as below. If it works, you will also receive a test.txt file on the FTP server.





Click Save to enable the settings.

HTTP: Select to send the media files to a HTTP server when a trigger is activated.

Server name:	HTTP			
Server Ty	/pe			
O Email:				
O FTP:				
• HTTP:				
URL:		http://192.168.5.10	/cgi-bin/upload.cgi]
User	name:			
Pass	word:			
O Network	: storage:			

Test Save Close

- URL: Enter the URL of the HTTP server.
- User name: Enter the user name if necessary.
- Password: Enter the password if necessary.

To verify if the HTTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as below. If it works, you will also receive a test.txt file on the HTTP server.

🗿 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/admin/testserver.cgi 🔳 🗖 🗙	http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/admin/testserver.cgi
HTTP Transmission successfully. Thanks	HTTP Transmission failed.

Click Save to enable the settings.

<u>Network storage</u>: Select to send the media files to a network storage when a trigger is activated. Please refer to **Network Storage Setting** on page 70 for details.

Click Save to enable the settings.

When completed, click **Close** to quit the page. The new server settings will automatically show up on the Event Settings page as below.

Ado	I Server Add I	Media
	Server	Media
~	Email	None 🗸
	Network storage	None 🗸
	HTTP	None 🗸
	FTP	None 🗸

Media Settings

In Media Settings column, click **Add Media** on Event Settings page to open the media settings page. In this page, you can specify what kind of media to send when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 media settings can be configured.

Media name: Snapshot
Media Type
Snapshot:
Source: Stream1 💌
Send 3 pre-event image(s) [0~7]
Send 3 post-event image(s) [0~7]
File name prefix: Snapshot_
Add date and time suffix to file name
🔿 Video Clip:
◯ System log
Save Close

Media name: Enter a descriptive name for the media setting.

Media Type

There are three choices of media types available: Snapshot, Video Clip, and System log. Select the item to display the detailed configurations. You can configure either one or all of them.

<u>Snapshot</u>: Select to send snapshots when a trigger is activated.

- Source: Select to take snapshots from stream 1 or stream 2.
- Send □ pre-event images

The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide how many images to be captured before a trigger is activated. Up to seven images can be generated.

■ Send □ post-event images

Enter a number to decide how many images to be captured after a trigger is activated. Up to seven images can be generated.

For example, if both the Send pre-event images and Send post-event images are set to seven, a total of fifteen images are generated after a trigger is activated.



■ File Name Prefix Enter the text that will be put in front of the file name.

Add date and time suffix to the file name

Select this option to add date and time to the file name suffix.

For example:



Video Clip: Select to send video clips when a trigger is activated.

Media name:	Video clip
— Media 1	уре
🔘 Snaps	hot:
📀 Video	Clip:
So	urce: Stream1 🐱
Pre	-event recording: 3 seconds [0~9]
Ma	kimum duration: 5 seconds [1~10]
Ma	kimum file size: 500 Kbytes (50~800)
File	name prefix: Video_
🔘 Syster	n log
Save Clos	e

- Source: Select to record video clips from stream 1 or stream 2.
- Pre-event recording

The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide how many seconds for video clips recording before a trigger is activated. Up to nine seconds can be set.

Maximum duration

Specify the maximal recording duration in seconds. Up to ten seconds can be set. For example, if the Pre-event recording is set to five seconds and the Maximum duration is set to ten seconds, the Network Camera continues to record for another four seconds after a trigger is activated.



- Maximum file size Specify the maximal file size allowed.
- File Name Prefix Enter the text that will be put in front of the file name.

For example:



System log: Select to send a system log when a trigger is activated.

When completed, click **Save** to take effect and then click **Close** to quit this page. The new media settings will show up on the Event Settings page as below. Select a server and media type for the event.



Recording Advanced mode

This section explains how to configure the recording settings for the Network Camera.

Recording Settings

Reco	Recording Settings										
Note: Before setup recording, you have to setup network storage first via Server page											
Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Source	Destination
Add Delete											

<u>NOTE</u>

Before setting up this page, please set up the Network Storage first.

Network Storage Setting

Click <u>Server</u> to open the Server Settings page and follow the steps below to set up:

- 1. Fill in the information of your server.
 - For example:

>Se	erver Settings						
s	Server name: NAS						
	— Server Туре						
	🔘 Email:						
	O FTP:	the path of the network storage					
	O HTTP:	(\\server name or IP address\folder name)					
1	Network storage:						
	Network storage locati	on: <u>\\192.168.5.122\\nas</u>					
	(For example:						
	\\my_nas\disk\folder)						
	Workgroup:	vivotek					
	User name:	ritali					
	Password:	••••••					
	Test Save Close 2 4	the user name and password of your server					
[

2. Click **Test** to check the setting. The result will be shown in a pop-up window.

🖄 http://192.168.5.151/cgi-bin/admin/testserver 🔳 🗖 🔀	🚰 http://192.168.5.151/cgi-bin/admin/testserver 🔳 🗖 🔀
Mount successfully. Thanks	Mount failed.
🗃 Done 🔹 🔮 Internet	Done

If it works, you will also receive a test.txt file on the network storage server.

🗟 NAS on ritali		
File Edit View Favorites Tools	Help	
🕒 Back 🔹 🕥 🕤 🏂 🔎 Se	earch 🈥 Folders 🛄 🗸	
Address 😥 \\ritali\NAS		💙 🄁 Go
File and Folder Tasks Image: Comparison of the second	test.txt Text Document 1 KB test.txt - Notepad File Edit Format View Help [NOTIFICATION]The Result of Server Test of Your IP Camera	
Other Places 📚	3	> .::

- 3. Enter a descriptive server name.
- 4. Click **Save** to finish the setting and click **Close** to quit the page.

Recording Settings

Click **Add** to open the recording setting page. In this page, you can define the recording source, recording schedule and recording capacity. A total of 2 recording settings can be configured.

>Recording
Recording name: Video
Enable this recording
Priority: Normal 🐱
Source: Stream1 🐱
Recording Schedule
💌 Sun 💌 Mon 💌 Tue 💌 Wed 💌 Thu 💌 Fri 💌 Sat
Time
 Always
From 00:00 to 24:00 [hh:mm]
Destination NAS 🗸
Max. recording capacity
(Old file will be overwritten after reaching maximum recording capacity.): 1000 Kbytes
[1000~20000000]
File size for each recording: 200 Kbytes [200~6000]
File name prefix: Video_
Save Close

Recording name: Enter a descriptive name for the recording setting.

Enable this recording: Select this option to enable video recording.

Priority: Select the relative importance of this recording setting (High, Normal, and Low).

Source: Select the recording source (stream 1 or stream 2).

Recording Schedule: Specify the recording duration.

- Select the days on weekly basis.
- Select the time for recording in 24-hr time format.

Destination: Select the network storage you've just setup for the recorded video files.

Max. recording capacity: Please note that when the maximum capacity is reached, the oldest file will be overwritten by the latest one.

File size for each recording: Specify the file size for each recording media.

File name prefix: Enter the text that will be put in front of the file name.

When completed, select Enable this recording. Click Save to take effect and then click Close to quit this page. The system begins recording and send recorded file to the Network Stroage.

The new recording name will appear in the recording drop-down list on the recording page as below. To remove a recording setting from the list, select a recording name from the drop-down list then and click Delete.

- Reco	— Recording Settings										
Note: Before setup recording, you have to setup network storage first via Server page											
Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Source	Destination
<u>Video</u>	<u>on</u>	V	۷	V	۷	۷	٧	٧	00:00~24:00	stream1	NAS
Add Video 🗸 Delete											

- Click <u>Video</u>: Open the Recording Settings page to modify.
- Click ON: The Status will become OFF and stop recording.
- Click <u>NAS</u>: Open the recorded file list as below.

list	😂 NAS on ritali
Video 0.mp4 186971 2008/07/24 16:33:10 Video 1.mp4 207942 2008/07/24 16:33:12	File Edit View Favorites Tools Help Image: Search Image: Search<
Video 2.mp4 255393 2008/07/24 16:33:16 Video 3.mp4 223398 2008/07/24 16:33:04 Video 4.mp4 192060 2008/07/24 16:33:06 Delete Delete all	File and Folder Tasks image: second seco
	Other Places Video_3.mp4 My Network Places MPEG-4 Movie My Network Places 188 KB My Documents 204 KB

The recorded files on Network Storage

File list

System log Advanced mode

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to send system log to the remote server as a backup.

Remote Log			
	Remote Log		
	Enable remote log		
	Log server settings		
	IP address:		
	port:	514	

Save

You can configure the Network Camera to send the system log file to a remote server as a log backup. Before utilizing this feature, it is suggested to install a log-recording tool to receive system log messages from the Network Camera. For example, a tool -- Kiwi Syslog Daemon. Visit http://www.kiwisyslog.com/kiwi-syslog-daemon-overview/.

Eile Yiew E	elp						
ð 🖪	🚳 p	isplay 00 (De	iault) 💌				
Date	Time	Priority	Hostname	Message			2
01-12-2008	15:21:32	User.Info	192.168.5.121	[RTSP SERVER]: Stop one session, IP=192.160	.5.122		1
01-12-2008	15:21:31	User.Info	192.168.5.121	[RTSP SERVER]: Start one session, IP=192.160	1.5.122		
01-12-2008	15:20:47	Syslog.Info	192.168.5.121	syslogd 1.4.1: restart.			
				100% 3 MPH	15:34	01-12-2008	

Follow the steps below to set up the remote log:

- 1. In the IP address text box, enter the IP address of the remote server.
- 2. In the port text box, enter the port number of the remote server.
- 3. When completed, select Enable remote log and click Save to take effect.

Current Log

— Current Log —————	
Jun 30 13:46:52 syslogd 1.4.1: restart.	~
Jun 30 13:46:56 [DRM Service]: Starting DRM service.	
Jun 30 13:47:06 [IR Cut Control]: Day mode	
Jun 30 13:47:08 [IR Cut Control]: Day mode	
Jun 30 13:47:09 [SYS]: Serial number = 0002D107258A	
Jun 30 13:47:09 [SYS]: System starts at Mon Jun 30 13:47:09 UTC 2008	
Jun 30 13:47:09 [NET]: === NET INFO ===	
Jun 30 13:47:09 [NET]: Host IP = 192.168.5.151	
Jun 30 13:47:09 [NET]: Subnet Mask = 255.255.255.0	
Jun 30 13:47:09 [NET]: Gateway = 192.168.5.1	
Jun 30 13:47:09 [NET]: Primary DNS = 192.168.0.10	
Jun 30 13:47:09 [NET]: Secondary DNS = 192.168.0.20	
Jun 30 13:47:09 [NET]: Secondary DNS = 192.168.0.20	

This column displays the system's log in chronological order. The system log is stored in the Network Camera's buffer area and will be overwritten when reaching a certain amount.

View parameters Advanced mode

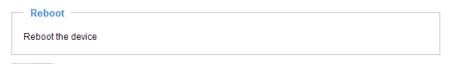
The View parameters page lists the entire system's parameters in alphabetical order. If you need technical assistance, please provide the information listed in this page.

```
Parameter List
                                                                     ~
system hostname='Wireless Network Camera'
system_ledoff='0'
system date='2008/10/03'
system_time='16:18:49'
system_datetime=''
system ntp=''
system_timezoneindex='320'
system_daylight_enable='0'
system_daylight_dstactualmode='1'
system_daylight_auto_begintime='NONE'
system daylight auto endtime='NONE'
system_daylight_timezones=',-360,-320,-280,-240,-241,-200,-201,-1
system updateinterval='0'
system info modelname='PZ71X2'
system info serialnumber='0002D107C32D'
system_info_firmwareversion='PZ71X2-VVTK-0100e'
system_info_language_defaultcount='9'
system_info_language_i0='English'
system info language i1='Deutsch'
system_info_language_i2='Español'
system_info_language_i3='Français'
system_info_language_i4='Italiano'
system_info_language_i5='日本語'
system_info_language_i6='Português'
system info language i7='简体中文'
system info language i8='繁體中文'
system info language i9=''
system info language i10=''
system info language i11=''
system_info_language_i12=''
system_info_language_i13=''
system_info_language_i14=''
system info language i15=''
system_info_language_i16=''
system_info_language_i17=''
system_info_language_i18=''
<
                                                                  >
```

Maintenance

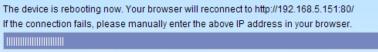
This chapter explains how to restore the Network Camera to factory default, upgrade firmware version, etc.

Reboot



Reboot

This feature allows you to reboot the Network Camera, which takes about one minute to complete. When completed, the live video page will be displayed in your browser. The following message will show during the rebooting process.



If the connection fails after rebooting, manually enter the IP address of the Network Camera in the address field to resume the connection.

Restore

	Restore
	Restore all settings to factory default except settings in
	Network Type Daylight Saving Time Custom language
	Restore

This feature allows you to restore the Network Camera to factory default.

<u>Network Type</u>: Select this option to retain the Network Type settings (please refer to Network Type on page 32).

<u>Daylight Saving Time</u>: Select this option to retain the Daylight Saving Time settings (please refer to System on page 24).

<u>Custom language</u>: Select this option to retain the Custom language settings.

If none of the options is selected, all settings will be restored to factory default.

The following message is displayed during the restoring process.

The device is rebooting now. Your browser will reconnect to http://192.168.5.151:80/ If the connection fails, please manually enter the above IP address in your browser.

Calibrate

This feature re-calibrate the home position to the default center to recover the tolerance caused by some external forces. Please note that there is no confirming message box after clicking on Calibrate, the Network Camera will calibrate immediately.

Calibrate
Recalibrate the home position to the default center to recover the tolerance caused by some
external forces.
Calibrate

Upgrade Firmware

Upgrade firmware	
Select firmware file Browse	
Upgrade	

This feature allows you to upgrade the firmware on your Network Camera. It takes about five minutes to complete the process.

Note that do not power off the Network Camera during the upgrade.

Follow the steps below to upgrade firmware:

- 1. Download a new firmware file from VIVOTEK website. The file is in pkg file format.
- 2. Click **Browse...** and specify the firmware file.
- 3. Click **Upgrade**. The Network Camera starts to upgrade and will reboot automatically when the upgrade completes.

The upgrade is successful as you see "Reboot system now!! This connection will close". After that, reaccess the Network Camera.

The following message is displayed when the upgrade is succeeded.

Y VIVOTEK	
WWW.VIVOTER.COM	Configurati
	-Maintenance
Home	written /2 %
	written 73 %
System	written 74 %
	written 75 %
Security	written 76 %
	written 77 %
HTTPS	written 78 %
	written 79 %
Network	written 80 %
	written 81 %
Wireless	written 82 %
	written 83 %
DDNS	written 84 %
5545	written 85 %
Access list	written 86 %
Access list	written 87 %
Audio and video	written 88 %
	written 89 %
Motion detection	written 90 %
Notion detection	written 91 %
Camera control	written 92 %
Camera control	written 93 %
Homepage layout	written 94 %
Homepage layout	written 95 %
Application	written 96 %
Application	written 97 %
Recording	written 98 %
Recording	written 99 %
Durations loss	written 100 %
System log	Update system image success
	Clear boot specific data
View parameters	Write boot environment
Maintenance	Updating armboot environment if necessary
Waintenance	Copied 8192 bytes from /mnt/ramdisk/bootenv to address 0x00004000 in flash Copied 8192 bytes from address 0x00004000 in flash to /mnt/ramdisk/checkbootenv
	Update armboot env success
[Basic mode]	Set JFFS2 upgrading mode
[Basic mode]	Set flash status O
	FlashStatus=0
	Reboot system now !!
	This connection will close
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	<
Version: 0100d	
Version: 0100d	

The following message is displayed when you have selected an incorrect firmware file.

Starting firmware upgrade Do not power down the server during the upgrade. The server will restart automatically after the upgrade is
completed. It will takes about 1 - 5 minutes. Wrong PKG file format Unpack fail

Export / Upload Files Advanced mode

Export files	
Export daylight saving time configuration file	Export
Export language file	Export
— Upload files —————	
Update Daylight Saving Time Rules	Browse Upload
Update custom language file	Browse Upload

This feature allows you to Export / Upload daylight saving time rules and custom language files.

Export daylight saving time configuration file: Click to set the starting time and ending time of DST.

Follow the steps below to export:

- 1. In the Export files column, click **Export** to export a daylight saving time configuration file from the Network Camera.
- 2. A File Downlaod dialog will pop up as below. Click **Open** to review the XML file or click **Save** to store the file for further settings.



3. Open the file with Microsoft[®] Notepad and locate your time zone; set the starting time and ending time of the DST. When completed, save the file.

In the example below, the DST begins each year at 2:00 a.m. on the second Sunday in March and ends at 2:00 a.m. on the first Sunday in November.

0 cantig_dst - Natepad	
File Edit Format View Holp	
<pre></pre>	
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 <timezone 1d="-241" name="(GMT=06:00) Mexico City"></timezone>	

Upload daylight saving time rule: Click Browse... and specify the XML file to upload.

If the incorrect date and time is assigned, you will see the following warning message when uploading the file to the Network Camera.



The following message is displayed when attempting to upload an incorrect file format.



<u>Export language file</u>: Click to export language strings. VIVOTEK provides nine languages: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 簡体中文, and 繁體中文.

<u>Upload custom language file</u>: Click **Browse...** and specify your own XML file to upload.

Appendix URL Commands of the Network Camera

Overview

For some customers who already have their own web site or web control application, Network Camera/ Video server can be easily integrated through convenient URLs. This section specifies the external HTTP based application programming interface. The HTTP based camera interface provides the functionality to request a single image, to control camera functions (PTZ, output relay etc.) and to get and set internal parameter values. The image and CGI-requests are handled by the built in Web server.

Style convention

In URL syntax and in descriptions of CGI parameters, a text within angle brackets denotes a content that is to be replaced with either a value or a string. When replacing the text string also the angle brackets shall be replaced. An example of this is the description of the name for the server, denoted with <servername> in the URL syntax description below, that is replaced with the string myserver in the URL syntax example, also below.

URL syntax' are written with the "**Syntax:**" word written in bold face followed by a box with the referred syntax as seen below. The name of the server is written as <servername>. This is intended to be replaced with the name of the actual server. This can either be a name, e.g., "mywebcam" or "thecam. adomain.net" or the associated IP number for the server, e.g., 192.168.0.220.

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

Description of returned data is written with "**Return**:" in bold face followed by the returned data in a box. All data returned as HTTP formatted, i.e., starting with the string HTTP is line separated with a Carriage Return and Line Feed (CRLF) printed as \r\n.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 <HTTP code> <HTTP text>\r\n

URL syntax examples are written with "**Example:**" in bold face followed by a short description and a light grey box with the example.

Example: request a single snapshot image

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

General CGI URL syntax and parameters

CGI parameters are written in lower-case and as one word without any underscores or other separators. When the CGI request includes internal camera parameters, the internal parameters must be written exactly as they are named in the camera or video server. The CGIs are organized in function related directories under the cgi-bin directory. The file extension of the CGI is required.

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/<subdir>[/<subdir>...]/<cgi>.<ext>
[?<parameter>=<value>[&<parameter>=<value>...]]
```

Example: Setting digital output #1 to active

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=1

Security level

SECURITY LEVEL	SUB-DIRECTORY	DESCRIPTION
0	anonymous	Unprotected.
1 [view]	anonymous, viewer,	1. Can view, listen, talk to camera
	dido, camctrl	2. Can control dido, ptz of camera
4 [operator]	anonymous, viewer,	Operator's access right can modify most of camera's
	dido, camctrl, operator	parameters except some privilege and network options
6 [admin]	anonymous, viewer, Administrator's access right can fully contro	
	dido, camctrl, operator,	operation.
	admin	
7	N/A	Internal parameters. Unable to be changed by any external
		interface.

Get server parameter values

Note: The access right depends on the URL directory. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/anonymous/getparam.cgi?[<parameter>]

[&<parameter>...]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/getparam.cgi?[<parameter>]

[&<parameter>...]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/operator/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>] [&<parameter>...]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>] [&<parameter>...]

where the *<parameter>* should be *<group>*[_*<name>*] or *<group>*[.*<name>*] If you do not specify the any parameters, all the parameters on the server will be returned. If you specify only *<group>*, the parameters of related group will be returned.

When query parameter values, the current parameter value are returned.

Successful control request returns paramter pairs as follows.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n		
Content-Type: text/html\r\n		
Context-Length: <length>\r\n</length>		
\r\n		
<parameter pair=""></parameter>		
where <parameter pair=""> is</parameter>		
<parameter>=<value>\r\n</value></parameter>		
[<parameter pair="">]</parameter>		

<length> is the actual length of content.

Example: request IP address and it's response

Request: http://192.168.0.123/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?network_ipaddress

Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: 33\r\n \r\n network.ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

Set server parameter values

Note: The access right depends on the URL directory. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/anonymous/setparam.cgi? <parameter>=<value>
[&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>][&return=<return page>]
```

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/setparam.cgi? <*parameter*>=<*value*> [&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/operator/setparam.cgi? <*parameter*>=<*value*> [&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi? <*parameter*>=<*value*> [&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	
<group>_<name></name></group>	value to assigned	Assign < <i>value</i> > to the parameter < <i>group</i> >_< <i>name</i> >	
update	<boolean></boolean>	set to 1 to actually update all fields (no need to use update	
		parameter in each group)	
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is	
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative	
		path according the the current path. If you omit this parameter	
		it will redirect to an empty page.	
		(note: The return page can be a general HTML file(.htm, .htm or a Vivotek server script executable (.vspx) file. It can not be	
		CGI command. It can not have any extra parameters. This	
		parameter must be put at end of parameter list)	

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: <length>\r\n \r\n <*parameter pair>* where <parameter pair> is

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<parameter>=<value>\r\n

[<parameter pair>]

Only the parameters that you set and readable will be returned.

Example: Set the IP address of server to 192.168.0.123

Request: http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi?network_ipaddress=192.168.0.123 Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: 33\r\n \r\n network.ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

Available parameters on the server

Valid values:

VALID VALUES	DESCRIPTION
string[<n>]</n>	Text string shorter than `n' characters. The characters ``,', <,>,& are invalid.
password[<n>]</n>	The same as string but display `*' instead
integer	Any number between $(-2^{31} - 1)$ and $(2^{31} - 1)$
positive integer	Any number between 0 and $(2^{32} - 1)$
<m> ~ <n></n></m>	Any number between 'm' and 'n'
domain name[<n>]</n>	A string limited to contain a domain name shorter than 'n' characters (eg.
	www.ibm.com)
email address [<n>]</n>	A string limited to contain a email address shorter than 'n' characters (eg.
	joe@www.ibm.com)
ip address	A string limited to contain an ip address (eg. 192.168.1.1)
mac address	A string limited to contain mac address without hyphen or colon connected
boolean	A boolean value 1 or 0 represents [Yes or No], [True or False], [Enable or
	Disable].
<value1>,</value1>	Enumeration. Only given values are valid.
<value2>,</value2>	
<value3>,</value3>	
blank	A blank string
everything inside <>	As description

NOTE: The camera should prevent to restart when parameter changed.

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
hostname	string[40]	1/6	host name of server
			(Network Camera,
			Wireless Network Camera,)
ledoff	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	turn on(0) or turn off(1) all led
			indicators
date	<yyyy dd="" mm="">,</yyyy>	6/6	Current date of system. Set to 'keep'
	keep,		keeping date unchanged. Set to 'auto'
	auto		to use NTP to synchronize date.
time	<hh:mm:ss>,</hh:mm:ss>	6/6	Current time of system. Set to 'keep'
	keep,		keeping time unchanged. Set to 'auto'
	auto		to use NTP to synchronize time.
datetime	<mmddhhmmyyyy.ss></mmddhhmmyyyy.ss>	6/6	Another current time format of
			system.
ntp	<domain name="">,</domain>	6/6	NTP server
	<ip address="">,</ip>		*do not use "skip to invoke default
	<blank></blank>		server" for default
timezoneindex	-480 ~ 520	6/6	Indicate timezone and area
			-480: GMT-12:00 Eniwetok,
			Kwajalein
			-440: GMT-11:00 Midway Island,
			Samoa
			-400: GMT-10:00 Hawaii
			-360: GMT-09:00 Alaska
			-320: GMT-08:00 Las Vegas,
			San_Francisco,
			Vancouver
			-280: GMT-07:00 Mountain Time,
			Denver
			-281: GMT-07:00 Arizona
			-240: GMT-06:00 Central America,
			Central Time,
			Mexico City, Saskatchewan
			-200: GMT-05:00 Eastern Time, New

Group: system

York, Toronto
-201: GMT-05:00 Bogota, Lima,
Quito, Indiana
-160: GMT-04:00 Atlantic Time,
Canada, Caracas
,La Paz, Santiago
-140: GMT-03:30 Newfoundland
-120: GMT-03:00 Brasilia, Buenos
Aires,
Georgetown, Greenland
-80: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic
-40: GMT-01:00 Azores,
Cape_Verde_IS.
0: GMT Casablanca, Greenwich Mean
Time:Dublin,
Edinburgh, Lisbon, London
40: GMT 01:00 Amsterdam, Berlin,
Rome,
Stockholm, Vienna, Madrid, Paris
41: GMT 01:00 Warsaw, Budapest,
Bern
80: GMT 02:00 Athens, Helsinki,
Istanbul, Riga
81: GMT 02:00 Cairo
82: GMT 02:00 Lebanon, Minsk
83: GMT 02:00 Israel
120: GMT 03:00 Baghdad, Kuwait,
Riyadh,
Moscow, St. Petersburg, Nairobi
121: GMT 03:00 Iraq
140: GMT 03:30 Tehran
160: GMT 04:00 Abu Dhabi, Muscat,
Baku,
Tbilisi, Yerevan
180: GMT 04:30 Kabul
200: GMT 04:30 Kabul 200: GMT 05:00 Ekaterinburg,
Islamabad, Karachi,
Tashkent
220: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai,
Mumbai,

			New Delhi
			230: GMT 05:45 Kathmandu
			240: GMT 06:00 Almaty, Novosibirsk,
			Astana,
			Dhaka, Sri Jayawardenepura
			260: GMT 06:30 Rangoon
			280: GMT 07:00 Bangkok, Hanoi,
			Jakarta,
			Krasnoyarsk
			320: GMT 08:00 Beijing, Chongging,
			Hong Kong,
			Kuala Lumpur, Singapore, Taipei
			360: GMT 09:00 Osaka, Sapporo,
			Tokyo,
			Seoul, Yakutsk
			380: GMT 09:30 Adelaide, Darwin
			400: GMT 10:00 Brisbane, Canberra,
			Melbourne,
			Sydney, Guam, Vladivostok
			440: GMT 11:00 Magadan, Solomon
			Is., New
			Caledonia
			480: GMT 12:00 Aucklan, Wellington,
			Fiji, Kamchatka, Marshall Is.
			520: GMT 13:00 Nuku'Alofa
daylight_enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	enable automatic daylight saving to
			time zone
daylight_dstactualmode	<boolean></boolean>	6/7	check if current time is under daylight
			saving time.
daylight_auto_begintime	string[19]	6/7	display the current daylight saving
			begin time.
			(product dependent)
daylight_auto_endtime	string[19]	6/7	display the current daylight saving
daylight_auto_endtime	string[19]	6/7	end time.
daylight_auto_endtime	string[19]	6/7	

updateinterval	0,	6/6	0 to Disable automatic time
	3600,		adjustment, otherwise, it means the
	86400,		seconds between NTP automatic
	604800,		update interval.
	2592000		
restore	0,	7/6	Restore the system parameters to
	<positive integer=""></positive>		default value after <value> seconds.</value>
reset	0,	7/6	Restart the server after <value></value>
	<positive integer=""></positive>		seconds if <value> is non-negative.</value>
restoreexceptnet	<any value=""></any>	7/6	Restore the system parameters to
			default value except (ipaddress,
			subnet, router, dns1, dns2, pppoe).
			This command can cooperate with
			other "restoreexceptXYZ" commands.
			When cooperating with others, the
			system parameters will be restored to
			default value except a union of
			combined results.
restoreexceptdst	<any value=""></any>	7/6	Restore the system parameters to
			default value except all daylight
			saving time settings.
			This command can cooperate with
			other "restoreexceptXYZ" commands.
			When cooperating with others, the
			system parameters will be restored to
			default value except a union of
			combined results.
restoreexceptlang	<any value=""></any>	7/6	Restore the system parameters to
			default value except custom language
			file user uploaded.
			This command can cooperate with
			other "restoreexceptXYZ" commands.
			When cooperating with others, the
			system parameters will be restored to
			default value except a union of
			combined results.

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
modelname	string[40]	0/7	Internal model name of server (eg. PZ7112)
serialnumber	<mac< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>12 characters mac address without hyphen</td></mac<>	0/7	12 characters mac address without hyphen
	address>		connected
firmwareversion	string[40]	0/7	The version of firmware, including model,
			company, and version number in the format
			<model-brand-version></model-brand-version>
language_defaultcount	<integer></integer>	0/7	number of webpage language available on the
			server
language_i<0~(count-1)>	string[16]	0/7	Available language lists
customlanguage_maxcount	<integer></integer>	0/7	Maximum number of custom language
			supported on the server
customlanguage_count	<integer></integer>	0/7	Number of custom language which has been
			uploaded to the server
customlanguage_ci<0~(ma	string	0/7	Custom language name
xcount-1)>			

Group: status

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
videomode_c0	ntsc,	4/7	The actual modulation type
	pal		
di_i<0~(ndi-1)>	<boolean></boolean>	1/7	0 => Inactive, normal
			1 => Active, triggered
do_i<0~ndi-1)>	<boolean></boolean>	1/7	0 => Inactive, normal
			1 => Active, triggered
onlinenum_rtsp	integer	6/7	current RTSP connection numbers
onlinenum_httppush	integer	6/7	current HTTP push server connection numbers

Group: di_i<0~(ndi-1)>

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
normalstate	high,	1/1	indicate whether open circuit or closed circuit
	low		represents inactive status

Group: do_i<0~(ndo-1)>

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
normalstate	open,	1/1	indicate whether open circuit or closed circuit
	grounded		represents inactive status

Group: **security**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
privilege_do_viewer	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	DO privilege of viewer
privilege_do_operator	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	DO privilege of operator
user_i0_name	string[64]	6/7	User's name of root
user_i<1~20>_name	string[64]	6/7	User's name
user_i0_pass	password[64]	6/6	root's password
user_i<1~20>_pass	password[64]	7/6	User's password
user_i0_privilege	viewer,	6/7	root's privilege
	operator,		
	admin		
user_i<1~20>_privilege	viewer,	6/6	User's privilege.
	operator,		
	admin		

Group: network

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
type	lan,	6/6	Network connection type
	рррое		
resetip	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	1 => get ipaddress, subnet, router, dns1, dns2 from
			DHCP server at next reboot
			0 => use preset ipaddress, subnet, rounter, dns1, and
			dns2
ipaddress	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	IP address of server
subnet	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	subnet mask
router	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	default gateway
dns1	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	primary DNS server
dns2	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	secondary DNS server
wins1	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	primary WINS server
wins2	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	secondary WINS server

Subgroup of **network**: **ftp**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
port	21, 1025~65535	6/6	local ftp server port

Subgroup of **network**: http

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
port	80, 1025 ~ 65535	6/6	HTTP port
alternateport	1025~65535	6/6	Alternative HTTP port
authmode	basic,	1/6	HTTP authentication mode
	digest		
s0_accessname	string[32]	1/6	Http server push access name for stream 1
s1_accessname	string[32]	1/6	Http server push access name for stream 2

Subgroup of **network**: **https**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
port	443, 1025 ~	6/6	HTTPS port
	65535		

Subgroup of **network**: **rtsp**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
port	554, 1025 ~ 65535	1/6	RTSP port
authmode	disable,	1/6	RTSP authentication mode
	basic,		
	digest		
s0_accessname	string[3b;42]	1/6	RTSP access name for stream1
s1_accessname	string[32]	1/6	RTSP access name for stream2
s0_audiotrack	<integer></integer>	6/6	The current audio track for stream1.
			-1 => audio mute
s1_audiotrack	<integer></integer>	6/6	The current audio track for stream2.
			-1 => audio mute

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION	
		(get/set)		
alwaysmulticast	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable always multicast	
ipaddress	<ip address=""></ip>	4/4	Multicast IP address	
videoport	1025 ~ 65535	4/4	Multicast video port	
audioport	1025 ~ 65535	4/4	Multicast audio port	
ttl	1 ~ 255	4/4	Mutlicast time to live value	

Subgroup of rtsp_s<0~(n-1)>: multicast, n is stream count

Subgroup of **network**: **sip**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
port	554, 1025 ~ 65535	6/6	SIP port

Subgroup of **network**: **rtp**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
videoport	1025 ~ 65535	6/6	video channel port for RTP
audioport	1025 ~ 65535	6/6	audio channel port for RTP

Subgroup of **network**: **pppoe**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
user	string[128]	6/6	PPPoE account user name
pass	password[64]	6/6	PPPoE account password

$\mathsf{Group}\colon \textbf{wireless}$

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
ssid	string[32]	6/6	SSID for wireless lan settings.
			The valid characters are [A-Z] [a-z] [0-9] [/] [.]
			[_] [=] [] [-] [+] [*].
wlmode	Infra,	6/6	wireless mode
	Adhoc		Infra: Infrastructure
channel	1~11 or	6/6	USA and Canada
	1~13 or		Europe
	10~11 or		Spain
	10~13 or		France

	1~14		All
txrate	NONE, 1M, 2M,	6/6	Maximum oolean rate in Mbps
	5.5M, 11M, 6M, 9M,		
	12M, 18M, 24M,		
	36M, 48M, 54M,		
	Auto		
encrypt	0~3	6/6	encryption method (product depedent)
			0=> NONE,
			1 => WEP,
			2 => WPA,
			3 => WPA2PSK
authmode	OPEN, SHARED	6/6	Authentication mode
keylength	64, 128	6/6	key length in bits
keyformat	HEX, ASCII	6/6	key1 ~ key4 presentation format
keyselect	1 ~ 4	6/6	default key number
key1	password [32]	6/6	WEP key1 for encryption.
			The valid characters are [A-Z] [a-z] [0-9].
key2	password [32]	6/6	WEP key2 for encryption.
			The valid characters are [A-Z] [a-z] [0-9].
key3	password [32]	6/6	WEP key3 for encryption.
			The valid characters are [A-Z] [a-z] [0-9].
key4	password [32]	6/6	WEP key4 for encryption.
			The valid characters are [A-Z] [a-z] [0-9].
domain	`U' for USA	6/7	Wireless domain
	'C' for Canada		
	'E' for Euro		
	'S' for Spain		
	'F' for France		
	'I' for Isrel		
	`A' for All		
algorithm	AES, TKIP	6/6	Algorithm
presharedkey	password [63]	6/6	WPA mode pre-shared key.
			The valid characters are [A-Z] [a-z] [0-9].

Group: ipfilter

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
allow_i<0~9>_start	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Allowed starting IP address for RTSP connection
	255.255.255.255		

allow_i<0~9>_end	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Allowed ending IP address for RTSP connection
	255.255.255.255		
deny_i<0~9>_start	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Denied starting IP address for RTSP connection
	255.255.255.255		
deny_i<0~9>_end	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Denied ending IP address for RTSP connection
	255.255.255.255		

Group: **videoin_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products, m is stream number

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
whitebalancemode	0~1	4/4	0 => auto tracking white balance 1 => white balance control
autotrackingwhitebalance	0~8	4/4	Adjust colors by setting different levels. Set videoin_c0whitebalancemode to 0 before setting this parameter.
whitebalancecontrol	0~8	4/4	Set different levels to meet different color temperatures (3200K~9600K). Set whitebalancemode to 1 before setting this parameter.
irislevel	1~8	4/4	Iris level when connect to auto iris lens. 8 => most brightness, 1 => most darkness
autoiris	0~1	4/4	set 1 to enable auto iris, set 0 to disable auto iris
autoelectronicshutter	0~7	4/4	Set electronica shutter speed. Set 0 for auto shutter, set 1 for fixed at 1/60 (1/50). Bigger value, faster shutter.
enableblc	0~1	4/4	Enable backlight compensation
lowluxmode	0~1	4/4	Turn off or on low lux mode
obwlowluxmode	0~1	4/4	Turn on or off black/white video in low lux mode
blcarea_i<0~5>	0~7	4/4	Set back light compensation level
blcsenslevel	0~7	4/4	Set back light compensation level
color	0, 1	4/4	0 =>monochrome 1 => color
flip	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	flip the image

mirror	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	mirror the image
text	string[16]	1/4	enclosed caption
imprinttimestamp	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Overlay time stamp on video
s<0~(m-1)>_codectype	mpeg4, mjpeg	4/4	video codec type
s<0~(m-1)>_resolution	QCIF, (176x120,ntsc) (176x144,pal) CIF, (352x240,ntsc) (352x288,pal) 4CIF, (704x480,ntsc)	4/4	Video resolution in pixel
	(704x576,pal)		
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_intraperiod	250, 500, 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000	4/4	The period of intra frame in milliseconds
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_ratecontrol	cbr, vbr	4/4	cbr, constant bitrate
mode			vbr, fix quality
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_quant	0,1~5	4/4	 quality of video when choosing vbr in "ratecontrolmode". 0 is customized manual input setting. 1 is worst quality and 5 is the best quality.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_bitrate	1000~4000000	4/4	Set bit rate in bps when choose cbr in "ratecontrolmode"
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_maxframe	1~25, 26~30 (only for NTSC or 60Hz CMOS)	4/4	set maximum frame rate in fps (for MPEG-4)
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_quant	0~5	4/4	 quality of jpeg video. 0 is customized manual input setting. 1 is worst quality and 5 is the best quality.
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_maxframe	1~25, 26~30 (only for NTSC or 60Hz CMOS)	4/4	set maximum frame rate in fps (for JPEG)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
NAME	VALUE		DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
source	linein,	4/4	linein => use line input
	linein2		linein2 => use external microphone input
mute	0, 1	4/4	Enable audio mute
gain	0~45	4/4	Gain of line input
gain2	0~45	4/4	Gain of external microphone input
s<0~(m-1)>_codectype	aac4, gamr	4/4	set audio codec type for input
s<0~(m-1)>_aac4_bitrate	16000,	4/4	set AAC4 bitrate in bps
	32000,		16000 => 16 Kbps
	48000,		32000 => 32 Kbps
	64000,		48000 => 48 Kbps
	96000,		64000 => 64 Kbps
	128000		96000 => 96 Kbps
			128000 => 128 Kbps
s<0~(m-1)>_gamr_bitrate	4750,	4/4	set AMR bitrate in bps
	5150,		4750 => 4.75 Kbps
	5900,		5150 => 5.15 Kbps
	6700,		5900 => 5.90 Kbps
	7400,		6700 => 6.7 Kbps
	7950,		7400 => 7.4 Kbps
	10200,		7950 => 7.95 Kbps
	12200		10200 => 10.2 Kbps
			12200 => 12.2 Kbps

Group: **audioin_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products

Group: image_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel products

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
brightness	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust brightness of image according to mode
			settings.
saturation	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust saturation of image according to mode
			settings.
contrast	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust contrast of image according to mode
			settings.
sharpness	-3 ~ 3	4/4	Adjust sharpness of image according to mode
			settings.

Group: motion_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel product

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	< oolean>	4/4	enable motion detection
win_i<0~2>_enable	< oolean>	4/4	enable motion window 1~3
win_i <0~2>_name	string[14]	4/4	name of motion window 1~3
win_i <0~2>_left	0 ~ 320	4/4	Left coordinate of window position.
win_i <0~2>_top	0 ~ 240	4/4	Top coordinate of window position.
win_i <0~2>_width	0 ~ 320	4/4	Width of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_height	0 ~ 240	4/4	Height of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_objsize	0 ~ 100	4/4	Percent of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_sensitivity	0 ~ 100	4/4	Sensitivity of motion detection window.

Group: ddns

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable the dynamic dns.
provider	Safe100,	6/6	Safe100 => safe100.net
	DyndnsDynamic,		DyndnsDynamic => dyndns.org
	DyndnsCustom,		(dynamic)
	TZO,		DyndnsCustom => dyndns.org (custom)
	DHS,		TZO => tzo.com
	DynInterfree,		DHS => dhs.org
	CustomSafe100		DynInterfree =>dyn-interfree.it
			CustomSafe100 => CustomSafe100
<provider>_hostname</provider>	string[128]	6/6	Your dynamic hostname.
<provider>_usernameemail</provider>	string[64]	6/6	Your user or email to login ddns service
			provider
<provider>_passwordkey</provider>	string[64]	6/6	Your password or key to login ddns
			service provider
<provider>_servername</provider>	string[128]	6/6	The server name for safe100.
			(This field only exists for provider is
			customsafe100)

Group: upnppresentation

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable the UPNP presentation service.

Group: upnpportforwarding				
NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION	
		(get/set)		
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable the UPNP port forwarding	
			service.	
upnpnatstatus	0~3	6/7	The status of UpnP port forwarding, used	
			internally.	
			0 is OK, 1 is FAIL, 2 is no IGD router, 3 is no need	
			to do port forwarding	

Group: syslog

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enableremotelog	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	enable remote log
serverip	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Log server IP address
serverport	514,	6/6	Server port used for log
	1025~65535		
level	0~7	6/6	The levels to distinguish the importance of
			information.
			0: LOG_EMERG
			1: LOG_ALERT
			2: LOG_CRIT
			3: LOG_ERR
			4: LOG_WARNING
			5: LOG_NOTICE
			6: LOG_INFO
			7: LOG_DEBUG

Group: camctrl_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel product

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
panspeed	-5 ~ 5	1/4	Pan speed
tiltspeed	-5 ~ 5	1/4	Tilt speed
zoomspeed	-5 ~ 5	1/4	Zoom speed
autospeed	-5 ~ 5	1/4	Auto pan speed
focusspeed	-5 ~ 5	1/4	Auto focus speed
dwelling	0 ~ 9999	1/4	Time to dwelling when patrol
axisx	-6790 ~ 6790	1/7	Axis X coordinate, used internally
axisy	-786 ~ 1572	1/7	Axis Y coordinate, used internally

axisz	4096 ~ 8859	1/7	Axis Z coordinate, used internally
defaulthome	0,1	1/4	0: user define home
			1: default home
returnhome	0,1	1/4	Enable return home position while idle.
returnhomeinterval	0 ~ 9999	1/4	Time span for idle duration
osdzoom	0,1	1/4	Enable zoom times display
preset_i<0~19>_name	string[40]	1/4	The name of preset location
preset_i<0~19>_pan	-6790 ~ 6790	1/4	The axis x coordinate of each preset location
preset_i<0~19>_tilt	-786 ~ 1572	1/4	The axis y coordinate of each preset location
preset_i<0~19>_zoom	4096 ~ 8859	1/4	The axis z coordinate of each preset location
patrol_i<0~39>_name	string[40]	1/4	The name of patrol location

Group: privacymask_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel product

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable the privacy mask
win_i<0~4>_enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable the privacy mask window
win_i<0~4>_name	string[14]	4/4	The name of privacy mask window
win_i<0~4>_left	0 ~ 320/352	4/4	Left coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~4>_top	0 ~ 240/288	4/4	Top coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~4>_width	0 ~ 320/352	4/4	Width of privacy mask window
win_i<0~4>_height	0 ~ 240/288	4/4	Height of privacy mask window

Group: capability

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
api_httpversion	0200a	0/7	The HTTP API version.
bootuptime	<positive< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>The server bootup time</td></positive<>	0/7	The server bootup time
	integer>		
nir	0,	0/7	number of IR interface
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td></positive<>		
	integer>		
ndi	0,	0/7	number of digital input
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td></positive<>		
	integer>		
ndo	0,	0/7	number of digital output
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td></positive<>		
	integer>		
naudioin	0,	0/7	number of audio input

	<positive< th=""><th></th><th></th></positive<>		
	integer>		
naudioout	0,	0/7	number of audio output
	<positive< td=""><td>-,</td><td></td></positive<>	-,	
	integer>		
nvideoin	<positive< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>number of video input</td></positive<>	0/7	number of video input
	integer>	-,	
nmediastream	<positive< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>number of media stream per channel</td></positive<>	0/7	number of media stream per channel
	integer>		
nvideosetting	<positive< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>number of video settings per channel</td></positive<>	0/7	number of video settings per channel
	integer>		
naudiosetting	<positive< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>number of audio settings per channel</td></positive<>	0/7	number of audio settings per channel
	integer>		
nuart	0,	0/7	number of UART interface
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td></positive<>		
	integer>		
ptzenabled	< positive	0/7	An 32-bits integer, each bit can be set
	integer>		separately as follows:
			Bit 0 => Support camera control function
			0(not support), 1(support)
			Bit $1 =>$ Build-in or external camera.
			0(external), 1(build-in)
			Bit 2 => Support pan operation. 0(not support),
			1(support)
			Bit 3 => Support tilt operation. 0(not support),
			1(support)
			Bit 4 => Support zoom operation.
			0(not support), 1(support)
			Bit $5 = >$ Support focus operation.
			0(not support), 1(support)
			Bit $6 =>$ Support iris operation.
			0(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 7 => External or build-in PT. 0(build-in),
			1(external)
npreset	<positive< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>number of preset locations</td></positive<>	0/7	number of preset locations
	integer>		
protocol_https	< boolean >	0/7	indicate whether to support http over SSL
protocol_rtsp	< boolean >	0/7	indicate whether to support rtsp
protocol_sip	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support sip

protocol_maxconnection	<positive< th=""><th>0/7</th><th>The maximum allowed simultaneous</th></positive<>	0/7	The maximum allowed simultaneous
	integer>		connections
protocol_rtp_multicast_ scalable	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support scalable multicast
protocol_rtp_multicast_ backchannel	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support backchannel multicast
protocol_rtp_tcp	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support rtp over tcp
protocol_rtp_http	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support rtp over http
protocol_spush_mjpeg	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support server push motion jpeg
protocol_snmp	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support snmp
videoin_type	0, 1, 2	0/7	0 => Interlaced CCD 1 => Progressive CCD 2 => CMOS
videoin_resolution	<a list="" of="" the<br="">available resolution separates by comma)	0/7	available resolutions list
videoin_codec	<a list="" of="" the<br="">available codec types separaters by comma)	0/7	available codec list
videoout_codec	<a list="" of="" the<br="">available codec types separaters by comma)	0/7	available codec list
audio_aec	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support acoustic echo cancellation
audio_extmic	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support external microphone input
audio_linein	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support external line input
audio_lineout	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support line output
audio_headphoneout	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	indicate whether to support headphone output
audioin_codec	<a available="" codec<="" list="" of="" td="" the=""><td>0/7</td><td>available codec list</td>	0/7	available codec list

	h		
	types		
	separaters by		
	comma)		
audioout_codec	<a list="" of="" td="" the<=""><td>0/7</td><td>available codec list</td>	0/7	available codec list
	available codec		
	types		
	separaters by		
	comma)		
uart_httptunnel	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the http tunnel for
			uart transfer
transmission_mode	Tx,	0/7	Indicate what kind of transmission mode the
	Rx,		machine used. TX: server, Rx: receiver box,
	Both		Both: DVR?.
network_wire	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the Ethernet
network_wireless	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the wireless
wireless_802dot11b	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the wireless
			802.11b+
wireless_802dot11g	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the wireless
			802.11g
wireless_encrypt_wep	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the wireless WEP
wireless_encrypt_wpa	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the wireless WPA
wireless_encrypt_wpa2	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the wireless WPA2
derivative_brand	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support upgrade function
			for the derivative brand. For example, if the
			value is true, the VVTK product can be upgraded
			to VVXX. (TCVV<->TCXX is excepted)

Group: event_i<0~2>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
name	string[40]	6/6	The identification of this entry
enable	0, 1	6/6	To enable or disable this event.
priority	0, 1, 2	6/6	Indicate the priority of this event.
			"0" indicates low priority.
			"1" indicates normal priority.
			"2″ indicates high priority.
delay	1~999	6/6	Delay seconds before detect next event.

trigger	boot,	6/6	Indicate the trigger condition.
	di,	,	"boot" indicates system boot.
	motion,		``di" indicates digital input.
	seq,		"motion" indicates video motion detection.
			"seq" indicates periodic condition.
			"visignal" indicates video input signal loss
di	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate which di detected.
	lineger	0,0	This field is required when trigger condition is "di".
			One bit represents one digital input. The LSB
			indicates DI 0.
mdwin	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate which motion detection windows
		-, -	detected.
			This field is required when trigger condition is
			``md″.
			One bit represents one window.
			The LSB indicates the 1 st window.
			For example, to detect the 1 st and 3 rd windows,
			set mdwin as 5.
inter	1~999	6/6	Interval of period snapshot in minute.
			This field is used when trigger condition is "seq".
weekday	<interger></interger>	6/6	Indicate which weekday is scheduled.
			One bit represents one weekday.
			The bit0 (LSB) indicates Saturday.
			The bit1 indicates Friday.
			The bit2 indicates Thursday.
			The bit3 indicates Wednesday.
			The bit4 indicates Tuesday.
			The bit5 indicates Monday.
			The bit6 indicates Sunday.
			For example, to detect events on Friday and
			Sunday, set weekday as 66.
begintime	hh:mm	6/6	Begin time of weekly schedule.
endtime	hh:mm	6/6	End time of weekly schedule.
			(00:00 ~ 24:00 means always.)
action_do_i<0~(ndo-1)	0, 1	6/6	To enable or disable trigger digital output.
>_enable			
action_do_i<0~(ndo-1)	1~999	6/6	The duration of digital output is triggered in
>_duration			seconds.
~_uulation			

action_goto_name	string[40]	6/6	The selected name of preset positions
action_server_i<0~4>_e	0, 1	6/6	To enable or disable this server action.
nable			The default value is 0.
action_server_i<0~4>_	NULL, 0~4	6/6	The index of attached media.
media			

Group: server_i<0~4>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	6/6	The identification of this entry
type	email,	6/6	Indicate the server type.
type		0/0	"email" is email server.
	ftp, http,		"ftp" is ftp server.
	ns		"http" is http server.
lables and	stuin = [1 2 0]	<u> </u>	"ns" is network storage.
http_url	string[128]	6/6	The url of http server to upload.
http_username	string[64]	6/6	The username to login in the server.
http_passwd	string[64]	6/6	The password of the user.
ftp_address	string[128]	6/6	The ftp server address
ftp_username	string[64]	6/6	The username to login in the server.
ftp_passwd	string[64]	6/6	The password of the user.
ftp_port	0~65535	6/6	The port to connect the server.
ftp_location	string[128]	6/6	The location to upload or store the media.
ftp_passive	0, 1	6/6	To enable or disable the passive mode.
			0 is to disable the passive mode.
			1 is to enable the passive mode.
email_address	string[128]	6/6	The email server address
email_username	string[64]	6/6	The username to login in the server.
email_passwd	string[64]	6/6	The password of the user.
email_senderemail	string[128]	6/6	The email address of sender.
email_recipientemail	string[128]	6/6	The email address of recipient.
ns_location	string[128]	6/6	The location to upload or store the media.
ns_username	string[64]	6/6	The username to login in the server.
ns_passwd	string[64]	6/6	The password of the user.
ns_workgroup	string[64]	6/6	The workgroup for network storage.

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	6/6	The identification of this entry
type	snapshot, systemlog videoclip	6/6	The media type to send to the server or store by the server.
snapshot_source	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream. 0 means the first stream. 1 means the second stream and etc.
snapshot_prefix	string[16]	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
snapshot_datesuffix	0, 1	6/6	To add date and time suffix to filename or not. 1 means to add date and time suffix. 0 means not to add it.
snapshot_preevent	0 ~ 7	6/6	It indicates the number of pre-event images.
snapshot_postevent	0 ~ 7	6/6	The number of post-event images.
videoclip_source	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream. 0 means the first stream. 1 means the second stream and etc.
videoclip_prefix	string[16]	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
videoclip_preevent	0~9	6/6	It indicates the time of pre-event recording in seconds.
videoclip_maxduration	1 ~ 10	6/6	The time of maximum duration of one video clip in seconds.
videoclip_maxsize	50 ~ 1500	6/6	The maximum size of one video clip file in Kbytes.

Group: **media_i<0~4>**(media_freespace is used internally.)

Group: **recording_i**<0~1>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
name	string[40]	6/6	The identification of this entry
enable	0, 1	6/6	To enable or disable this recoding.
priority	0, 1, 2	6/6	Indicate the priority of this recoding.
			"0" indicates low priority.
			"1" indicates normal priority.
			"2" indicates high priority.
source	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream.
			0 means the first stream.
			1 means the second stream and etc.

weekday	<interger></interger>	6/6	Indicate which weekday is scheduled.
			One bit represents one weekday.
			The bit0 (LSB) indicates Saturday.
			The bit1 indicates Friday.
			The bit2 indicates Thursday.
			The bit3 indicates Wednesday.
			The bit4 indicates Tuesday.
			The bit5 indicates Monday.
			The bit6 indicates Sunday.
			For example, to detect events on Friday and
			Sunday, set weekday as 66.
begintime	hh:mm	6/6	Begin time of weekly schedule.
endtime	hh:mm	6/6	End time of weekly schedule.
			(00:00~24:00 means always.)
prefix	string[16]	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
cyclesize	20~	6/6	The maximum size for cycle recording in Kbytes
			when choose limit recording size.
maxfilesize	50~6000	6/6	The max size for one file in Kbytes
dest	0~4	6/6	The destination to store the recording data.
			"0~4" means the index of network storage.

Group: https

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	To enable or disable this secure http
policy	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	If the value is 1, it will force http connection
			redirect to https connection
method	auto,	6/6	auto => Create self-signed certificate
	manual,		automatically
	install		manual => Create self-signed certificate
			manually
			install => Create certificate request and install
status	-2 ~ 1	6/6	Specify the https status.
			-2=>invalid public key
			-1=>waiting for certificated
			0=>not installed
			1=>active
countryname	string[2]	6/6	country name in certificate information
stateorprovincename	string[128]	6/6	state or province name in in certificate
			information

localityname	string[128]	6/6	the locality name in certificate information
organizationname	string[64]	6/6	organization naem in certificate information
unit	string[32]	6/6	organizational unit name in certificate information
commonname	string[64]	6/6	common name in certificate information
validdays	0 ~ 9999	6/6	certificatation valid period

Group: layout

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
logo_default	<boolean></boolean>	1/6	0 => Custom logo
			1 => Default logo
logo_link	string[40]	1/6	Hyperlink of the logo
theme_option	1~4	1/6	1~3: One of the default themes
			4: Custom definition
theme_color_font	string[7]	1/6	Font color
theme_color_configfont	string[7]	1/6	Font color of configuration area
theme_color_titlefont	string[7]	1/6	Font color of video title
theme_color_controlbackground	string[7]	1/6	Background color of control area
theme_color_configbackground	string[7]	1/6	Background color of configuration area
theme_color_videobackground	string[7]	1/6	Background color of video area
theme_color_case	string[7]	1/6	Frame color

Drive the digital output

Note: This request requires the privilege of viewer.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=<*state*>[&do2=<state>] [&do3=<state>][&do4=<state>][&return=<*return page*>]

Where state is 0, 1. "0" means inactive or normal state while "1" means active or triggered state.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
do <num></num>	0, 1	0 – inactive, normal state
		1 – active, triggered state
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative

	path according the the current path. If you omit this parameter,
	it will redirect to an empty page.

Example: Drive the digital output 1 to triggered state and redirect to an empty page

http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=1

Query status of the digital input

Note: This request requires the privilege of viewer. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/dido/getdi.cgi?[di0][&di1][&di2][&di3]

If no parameter is specified, all the status of digital input will be returned.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
Content-Length: < <i>length</i> >\r\n
\r\n
[di0= <i><state></state></i>]\r\n
[di1=< <i>state</i> >]\r\n
[di2= <i><state></state></i>]\r\n
[di3= <i><state></state></i>]\r\n

where *<state>* can be 0 or 1.

Example: Query the status of digital input 1

Request: http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/getdi.cgi?di1 Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: 7\r\n \r\n di1=1\r\n

Query status of the digital output

Note: This request requires the privilege of viewer. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?[do0][&do1][&do2][&do3]

If no parameter is specified, all the status of digital output will be returned.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
Content-Length: < <i>length</i> >\r\n
\r\n
[do0= <i><state></state></i>]\r\n
[do1=< <i>state</i> >]\r\n
[do2= <i><state></state></i>]\r\n
[do3= <i><state></state></i>]\r\n
where estates can be 0 or 1

where *<state>* can be 0 or 1.

Example: Query the status of digital output 1

Request: http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?do1

Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: 7\r\n \r\n do1=1\r\n

Capture single snapshot

Note: This request require normal user privilege **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

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http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg?[channel=<value>][&resolution=<value>] [&quality=<value>]

If the user requests the size larger than all stream setting on the server, this request will failed!

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
channel	0~(n-1)	0	the channel number of video source
resolution	<available< th=""><th>0</th><th>The resolution of image</th></available<>	0	The resolution of image
	resolution>		
quality	1~5	3	The quality of image

Server will return the most up-to-date snapshot of selected channel and stream in JPEG format. The size and quality of image will be set according to the video settings on the server.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: image/jpeg\r\n [Content-Length: <image size>\r\n]

Account management

Note: This request requires administrator privilege **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername>/c*gi-bin/admin/editaccount.cgi? method=<value>&username=<*name*>[&userpass=<*value*>][&privilege=<*value*>] [&privilege=<value>][...][&return=<*return page*>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
method	Add	Add an account to server. When using this method, "username"
		field is necessary. It will use default value of other fields if not
		specified.
	Delete	Remove an account from server. When using this method,
		"username" field is necessary, and others are ignored.
	edit	Modify the account password and privilege. When using this
		method, "username" field is necessary, and other fields are
		optional. If not specified, it will keep original settings.

username	<name></name>	The name of user to add, delete or edit
userpass	<value></value>	The password of new user to add or that of old user to modify.
		The default value is an empty string.
privilege	<value></value>	The privilege of user to add or to modify.
	viewer	viewer's privilege
	operator	operator's privilege
	admin	administrator's privilege
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative
		path according the the current path. If you omit this parameter,
		it will redirect to an empty page.

System logs

Note: This request require administrator privilege

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername>/*cgi-bin/admin/syslog.cgi

Server will return the up-to-date system log.

Return:
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
Content-Length: <syslog length="">\r\n</syslog>
\r\n
<system information="" log="">\r\n</system>

Upgrade firmware

Note: This request requires administrator privilege Method: POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername>/*cgi-bin/admin/upgrade.cgi

Post data:

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fimage=<file name>[&return=<return page>]\r\n \r\n <multipart encoded form data>

Server will accept the upload file named <file name> to be upgraded the firmware and return with <return page> if indicated.

Camera Control

Note: This request requires privilege of viewer **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/camctrl.cgi?[channel=<value>][&camid=<value>][&move=<value >]

[&focus=<value>][&iris=<value>][&speedpan=<value>][&speedtilt=<value>][&speedzoom=<value>] [&speedapp=<value>][&auto=<value>][&zoom=<value>][&zooming=<value>][&speedlink=<value>] [&vx=<value>&vy=<value>&vs=<value>] [&return=<*return page*>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of video source
camid	0, <positive integer=""></positive>	Camera ID
move	home	Move to camera to home position
	up	Move camera up
	down	Move camera down
	left	Move camera left
	right	Move camera right
speedpan	-5 ~ 5	Set the pan speed
speedtilt	-5 ~ 5	Set the tilt speed
speedzoom	-5 ~ 5	Set the zoom speed
speedapp	1 ~ 5	Set the auto pan/patrol speed
auto	pan	Auto pan
	patrol	Auto patrol
	stop	Stop camera
zoom	wide	To zoom for larger view with current speed
	tele	To zoom for farer view with current speed
	stop	To stop zoom
zooming	wide	To zoom without stop for larger view with current speed

	tele	To zoom without stop for farer view with current speed
vx	<integer ,="" 0="" excluding=""></integer>	The slope of movement = vy/vx , used for joystick control.
vy	<integer></integer>	
vs	0 ~ 7	Set the speed of movement, "0" means stop.
focus	auto	To do auto focus
	far	To focus on farer distance
	near	To focus on nearer distance
iris	auto	Let the Network Camera control iris size
	open	Manually control the iris for bigger size
	close	Manually control the iris for smaller size
sethome	define	Set current position as home position
	default	Using default home position
calibrate	go	Recalibrate the home position to the default center
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page <i><return page=""></return></i> after the parameter is
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative
		path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it
		will redirect to an empty page.

Recall

Note: This request requires privilege of viewer

Method: GET

Syntax:

http:// <servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/recall.cgi?</servername>	
recall= <value>[&channel=<value>][&return=<<i>return page</i>>]</value></value>	

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
recall	Text string less than 40	One of the present positions to recall.
	characters	
channel	<0~(n-1)>	channel of video source
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < return page > after the parameter is
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative
		path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it
		will redirect to an empty page.

System Information

Note: This request requires normal user privilege **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/sysinfo.cgi

Server will return the system information. In HTTP API version 2, the CapVersion will be 0200. All the fields in the previous version (0100) is obsolete. Please use "getparam.cgi?capability" instead.

:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: <system information length>\r\n \r\n Model=<model name of server>\r\n CapVersion=0200\r\n

PARAMETER (supported capability version)	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
Model	system.firmwareversion	Model name of server.
		Ex:IP3133-VVTK-0100a
CapVersion	MMmm, MM is major version from 00 \sim 99	The capability field version
	mm is minor version from 00 ~ 99	
	ex: 0100	

Preset Locations

Note: This request requires operator privilege **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/operator/preset.cgi?[channel=<value>]

[&addpos=<value>][&delpos=<value>][&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
addpos	<text less="" string="" td="" than<=""><td>Add one preset location to preset list.</td></text>	Add one preset location to preset list.
	40 characters>	
channel	<0~(n-1)>	channel of video source
delpos	<text less="" string="" td="" than<=""><td>Delete preset location from preset list.</td></text>	Delete preset location from preset list.
	40 characters>	
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative
		path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it
		will redirect to an empty page.

IP filtering

Note: This request requires administrator access privilege

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/ipfilter.cgi? method=<value>&[start=<*ipaddress*>&end=<*ipaddress*>][&index=<*value*>] [&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
Method addallow		Add a set of allow IP address range to server. Start and end parameters must
		be specified. If the index parameter is specified, it will try to add starting from
		index position.
	adddeny	Add a set of deny IP address range to server. Start and end parameters must
		be specified. If the index parameter is specified, it will try to add starting from
deleteallow		index position.
		Remove a set of allow IP address range from server. If start and end
		parameters are specified, it will try to remove the matched IP address. If index
deletedeny		is specified, it will try to remove the address from given index position. [start,
		end] parameters have higher priority then the [index] parameter.
		Remove a set of deny IP address range from server. If start and end
		parameters are specified, it will try to remove the matched IP address. If index
		is specified, it will try to remove the address from given index position. [start,
		end] parameters have higher priority then the [index] parameter.
start	<ip address=""></ip>	The start IP address to add or to delete.

end	<ip address=""></ip>	The end IP address to add or to delete.
index	<value></value>	The start position to add or to delete.
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is assigned. The
		<return page=""> can be a full URL path or relative path according the the</return>
		current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

Get SDP of Streamings

Note: This request requires viewer access privilege **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/<network_rtsp_s<0~m-1>_accessname>

"m" is the stream number.

"network_accessname_<0~(m-1)>" is the accessname for stream "1" to stream "m". Please refer to the "subgroup of network: rtsp" for setting the accessname of SDP.

You can get the SDP by HTTP GET method.

Open the network streamings

Note: This request requires viewer access privilege

Syntax:

For http push server (mjpeg):

http://<*servername*>/<network_http_s<0~m-1>_accessname>

For rtsp (mp4), user needs to input the url below for a rtsp compatible player.

rtsp://<*servername*>/<network_rtsp_s<0~m-1>_accessname>

"m" is the stream number.

For detailed streaming protocol, please refer to "control signaling" and "data format" documents.

Technical Specifications

Models

- · PZ7111 NTSC CCD (PoE) · PZ7121 PAL CCD (PoE)
- · PZ7112 NTSC CCD (WLAN)
- · PZ7122 PAL CCD (WLAN)

System

- · CPU: Bach SoC
- Flash: 8MB
 RAM: 64MB
- · Embedded OS: Linux 2.6
- Pan/Tilt/Zoom

- Pan range: 300° (-150° ~ +150°)
 Tilt range: 135° (-45° ~ +90°)
 10x optical zoom, 10x digital zoom
- · Auto pan mode · Auto patrol mode

Lens

10x optical zoom lens, f = 4.2 ~ 42 mm, F1.8 ~ 2.9, auto iris, auto focus

Shutter Time

- 1/60 sec. to 1/10000 sec. (PZ7111/PZ7112)
 1/50 sec. to 1/10000 sec. (PZ7121/PZ7122)

Angle of view

- 4.9° ~ 46° (horizontal)
 3.6° ~ 35° (vertical)

Image Sensor

· 1/4" CCD sensor

Minimum Illumination

· 1.5 Lux/F1.8 (typical)

· 0.05 Lux/F1.8 (low light mode)

Video

- · Compression: MJPEG & MPEG-4 Streaming: Simultaneous dual-streaming MPEG-4 streaming over UDP, TCP, or HTTP MPEG-4 multicast streaming MJPEG streaming over HTTP Supports 3GPP mobile surveillance Frame rates:
- Frame rates: PZ7111/12 704x480 up to 30 fps PZ7121/22 704x576 up to 25 fps

Image settings

- Adjustable image size, quality, and bit rate
 Time stamp and text caption overlay

- Flip & mirror
 Configurable brightness, contrast, saturation, sharpness and white balance
- ATW, AWB, AES, ALC
 Backlight compensation (BLC)

Audio

- · Compression: GSM-AMR speech encoding, bit rate: 4.75 kbps to 12.2 kbps MPEG-4 AAC audio encoding, bit rate: 16 kbps to 128 kbps
- · Interface:
- Built-in microphone
- External microphone input Audio output
- External/Internal microphone switch Supports two-way audio by SIP protocol
- · Supports audio mute

Networking

- · 10/100 Mbps Ethernet, RJ-45
- Protocols: IPv4, TCP/IP, HTTP, UPnP, RTSP/RTP/RTCP, IGMP, SMTP, FTP, DHCP, NTP, DNS, DDNS, PPPoE and HTTPS Built-in 802.11b/g WLAN (PZ7112/PZ7122)

Alarm and Event Management

- · Triple-window video for motion detection
- One D/I and one D/O for external sensor and alarm
 Event notification using HTTP, SMTP, or FTP

Security

- · Multi-level user access with password protection
- IP address filtering
 HTTPS encrypted data transmission
- · Wireless: WEP, WPA-PSK, WPA2 (PZ7112/PZ7122)

Users

· Camera live viewing for up to 10 clients

Dimension

· 105 mm (D) x 105 mm (W) x 125 mm (H)

Weight

- · Net: 391 g (PZ7111/PZ7121)
- · Net: 408 g (PZ7112/PZ7122)

LED Indicator

- System power and status indicator
 System activity and network link indicator

Power

- · 12V DC · Consumption
- PZ7111/7121: Max. 12 W PZ7112/7122: Max. 13 W · 802.3af compliant Power over Ethernet (PZ7111/PZ7121)

Approvals

· CE, FCC, C-Tick, VCCI, LVD

Operating Environments

- Temperature: 0 ~ 50°C (32 ~ 122°F)
- Humidity: 20% ~ 80% RH

Viewing System Requirements

- · OS: Microsoft Windows 2000/XP/Vista
- Browser: Internet Explorer 6.x or above
 Cellphone: 3GPP player
 Real Player: 10.5 or above
 Quick Time: 6.5 or above

Installation, Management, and Maintenance

- Installation Wizard 2
- 16-CH recording software
 Supports firmware upgrade

Applications

· SDK available for application development and system integration

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Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

This device compiles with FCC Rules Part 15. Operation is subject to the following two conditions.

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

USA - This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a partial installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with emission limits.

Europe **(**€ – This digital equipment fulfills the requirement for radiated emission according to limit B of EN55022/1998, and the requirement for immunity according to EN50082-1/1992.

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