



**IP Surveillance** 

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# **Overview**

VIVOTEK's IP7130 fixed network camera is an economical and easy-to-use surveillance system designed for indoor applications such as offices, banks, and retail stores.

This camera comes with the tamper detection feature, which detects data loss from camera tampering in real-time. When the camera is blocked, redirected, or spray-painted, security staff

will be alerted immediately in accordance with the camera settings. With its dual-stream feature, the IP7130 also allows two video streams to be delivered in a different resolutions, frame rates, and image qualities for individual recording or bandwidth demands. Images can be displayed in VGA format for real-time monitoring while displayed on a 3GPP mobile phone in lower resolution, giving users a higher level of flexibility for dealing with camera images on different platforms. The integrated 802.3af compliant PoE function reduces cabling clutter, making IP7130 a cost-effective surveillance system.

With other advanced features such as two-way audio via SIP protocol, digital I/O, HTTPS encryption, and the included 32-CH central management software, IP7130 is the camera of choice for customers requiring value in their investment.

# **Read Before Use**

The use of surveillance devices may be prohibited by law in your country. The Network Camera is not only a high-performance web-ready camera but can also be part of a flexible surveillance system. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the operation of such devices is legal and complies with all privacy laws before installing this unit for its intended use.

It is important to first verify that all contents received are complete according to the Package Contents listed below. Take note of the warnings in the Quick Installation Guide before the Network Camera is installed; then carefully read and follow the instructions in the Installation chapter to avoid damage due to faulty assembly and installation. This also ensures the product is used properly as intended.

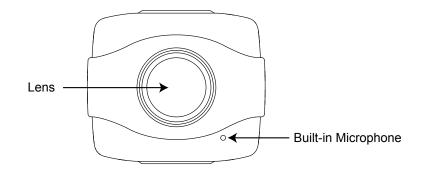
The Network Camera is a network device and its use should be straightforward for those who have basic networking knowledge. It is designed for various applications including video sharing, general security/ surveillance, etc. The Configuration chapter suggests ways to best utilize the Network Camera and ensure proper operations. For more creative and professional developers, the URL Commands of the Network Camera section serves as a helpful reference to customizing existing homepages or integrating with the current web server.

## **Package Contents**

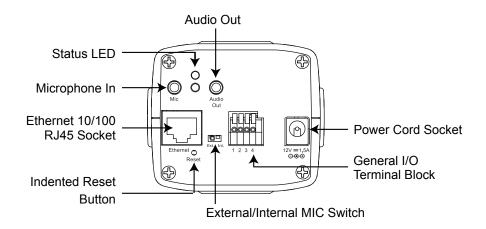
- IP7130
- Power Adapter
- Camera Stand
- Software CD
- Warranty Card
- Quick Installation Guide

# **Physical Description**

## **Front Panel**



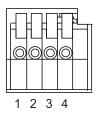
### **Back Panel**



## **General I/O Terminal Block**

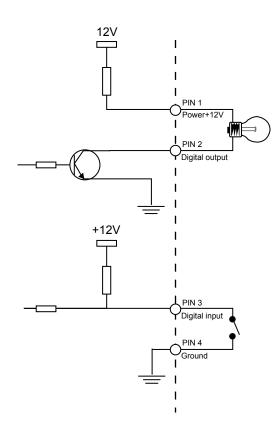
This Network Camera provides a general I/O terminal block which is used to connect external input / output devices. The pin definitions are described below.

1Power +12V2Digital Output3Digital Input4Ground	Pin	Name
3 Digital Input	1	Power +12V
<b>C</b>	2	Digital Output
4 Ground	3	Digital Input
	4	Ground



## **DI/DO Diagram**

Please refer to the following illustration for the connection method.

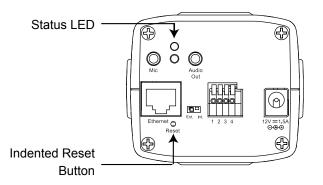


## **Status LED**

The LED indicates the status of the Network Camera.

Item	LED status	Description
1	Steady Red	Power on and system booting
1	Red LED unlighted	Power off
2	Steady Red + Blink Green every 1 sec.	Network works (heartbeat)
2	Steady Red + Green LED unlighted	Network fail
3	Steady Red + Blink Green every 2 sec.	Audio mute (heartbeat)
4	Blink Red every 0.15 sec. + Blink Green every 1 sec.	Upgrading firmware
5	Blink Red every 0.15 sec. + Blink Green every 0.15 sec.	Restore default

### **Hardware Reset**



The reset button is used to reset the system or restore the factory default settings. Sometimes resetting the system can return the camera to normal operation. If the system problems remain after reset, restore the factory settings and install again.

<u>Reset</u>: Press and release the indented reset button with a paper clip or thin object. Wait for the Network Camera to reboot.

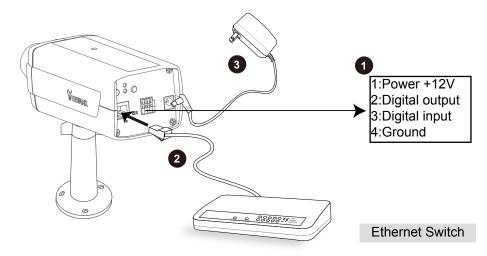
<u>Restore</u>: Press and hold the reset button until the status LED rapidly blinks. It takes about 30 seconds. Note that all settings will be restored to factory default. Upon successful restore, the status LED will blink green and red during normal operation.

# **Network Deployment**

## Setting up the Network Camera over the Internet

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera over an Internet connection.

- 1. If you have external devices such as sensors and alarms, make the connection from the general I/O terminal block.
- 2. Connect the camera to a switch via Ethernet cable.
- 3. Connect the supplied power cable from the Network Camera to a power outlet.

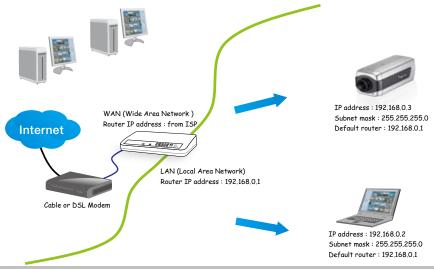


There are several ways to set up the Network Camera over the Internet. The first way is to set up the Network Camera behind a router. The second way is to utilize a static IP. The third way is to use PPPoE.

#### Internet connection via a router

Before setting up the Network Camera over the Internet, make sure you have a router and follow the steps below.

1. Connect your Network Camera behind a router, the Internet environment is illustrated below. Regarding how to obtain your IP address, please refer to Software Installation on page 10 for details.



- 2. In this case, if the Local Area Network (LAN) IP address of your Network Camera is 192.168.0.3, please forward the following ports for the Network Camera on the router.
- HTTP port
- RTSP port
- RTP port for audio
- RTCP port for audio
- RTP port for video
- RTCP port for video

If you have changed the port numbers on the Network page, please open the ports accordingly on your router. For information on how to forward ports on the router, please refer to your router's user's manual.

3. Find out the public IP address of your router provided by your ISP (Internet Service Provider). Use the public IP and the secondary HTTP port to access the Network Camera from the Internet. Please refer to Network Type on page 32 for details.

#### Internet connection with static IP

Choose this connection type if you are required to use a static IP for the Network Camera. Please refer to LAN on page 32 for details.

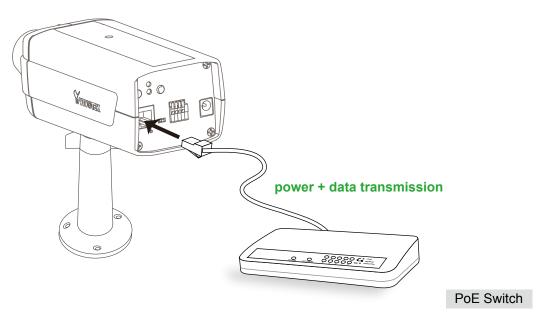
#### Internet connection via PPPoE (Point-to-Point over Ethernet)

Choose this connection type if you are connected to the Internet via a DSL Line. Please refer to PPPoE on page 33 for details.

## Set up the Network Camera through Power over Ethernet (PoE)

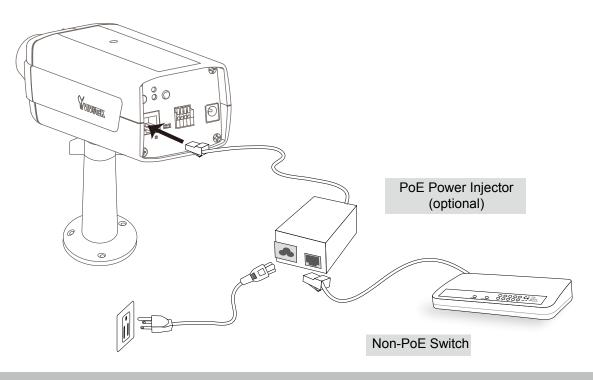
#### When using a PoE-enabled switch

The Network Camera is PoE-compliant, which allows it to be powered via a single Ethernet cable. If your switch/router supports PoE, refer to the following illustration to connect the Network Camera to a PoE-enabled switch/router.



#### When using a non-PoE switch

If your switch/router does not support PoE, use a PoE power injector (optional) to connect the Network Camera and a non-PoE switch/router.



# **Software Installation**

Installation Wizard 2 (IW2), free-bundled software included on the product CD, helps you set up your Network Camera on the LAN.

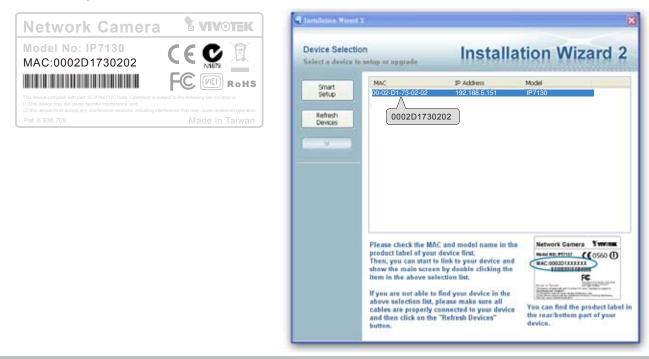
1. Install IW2 from the Software Utility directory on the software CD. Double click the IW2 shortcut on your desktop to launch the program.



2. The program will conduct an analysis of your network environment. After your network environment is analyzed, please click **Next** to continue the program.

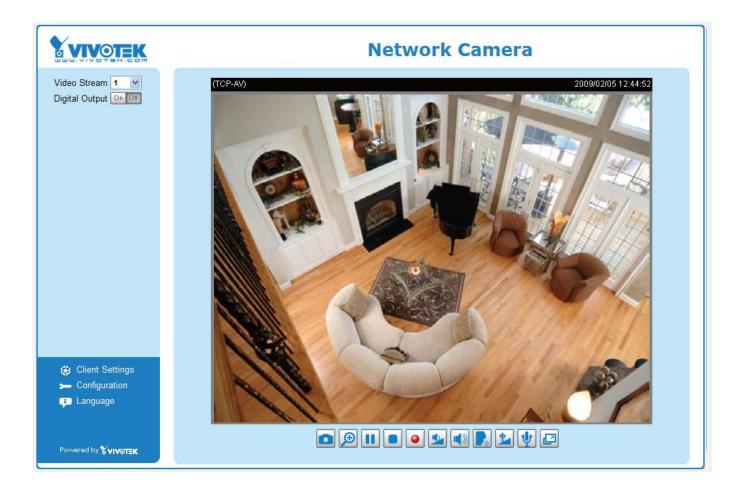
tallation Wizard 2
network environment was analyzed as below. Private DHCP
Celsie(DSL modes Router FC

- 3. The program will search for all VIVOTEK network devices on the same LAN.
- 4. After searching, the main installer window will pop up. Click on the MAC and model name which matches the product label on your device to connect to the Network Camera via Internet Explorer.



# **Ready to Use**

- 1. Access the Network Camera from the LAN.
- 2. Retrieve live video through a web browser or recording software.



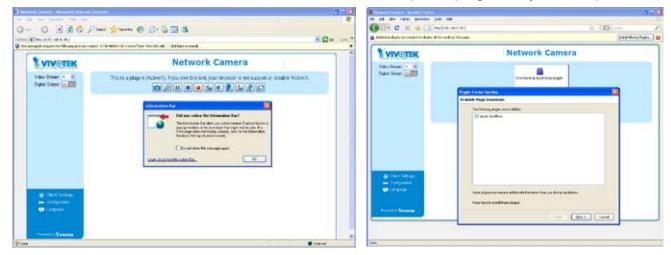
# **Accessing the Network Camera**

This chapter explains how to access the Network Camera through web browsers, RTSP players, 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, and VIVOTEK recording software.

# **Using Web Browsers**

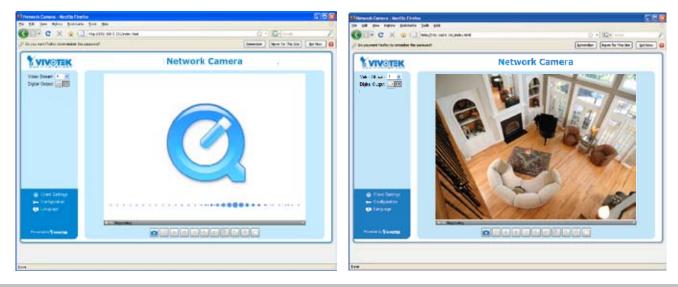
Use Installation Wizard 2 (IW2) to access to the Network Cameras installed on the LAN.

- If your network environment is not a LAN, follow these steps to access the Network Camera: 1. Launch your web browser (ex. Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox, or Netscape).
- 2. Enter the IP address of the Network Camera in the address field. Press Enter.
- 3. The live video will be displayed in your web browser.
- 4. If this is the first time installing the VIVOTEK network camera, an information bar will pop up as shown below. Follow the instructions to install the required plug-in on your computer.

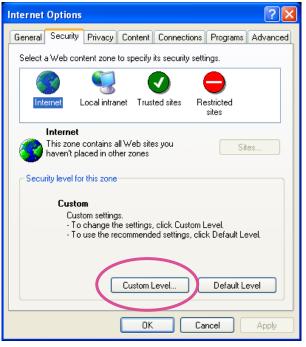


## <u>NOTE</u>

For Mozilla Firefox or Netscape users, your browser will use Quick Time to stream the live video. If you donn't have Quick Time on your computer, please install it first, then launch the web browser.



- By default, the Network Camera is not password-protected. To prevent unauthorized access, it is highly recommended to set a password for the Network Camera. For more information about how to enable password protection, please refer to Security on page 26.
- If you see a dialog box indicating that your security settings prohibit running ActiveX<sup>®</sup> Controls, please enable the ActiveX<sup>®</sup> Controls for your browser.
- 1. Choose Tools > Internet Options > Security > Custom Level.



2. Look for Download signed ActiveX<sup>®</sup> controls; select Enable or Prompt. Click **OK**.

Security Settings	?×
Settings:	
ActiveX controls and plug-ins     Download signed ActiveX controls     Disable     Enable     Prompt	
Download unsigned ActiveX controls     Disable     Enable     Prompt     Initialize and script ActiveX controls not marked as s     Disable     Enable     Prompt	afe ♥
Reset custom settings Reset to: Medium Reset	
OK Can	cel

3. Refresh your web browser, then install the Active X<sup>®</sup> control. Follow the instructions to complete installation.

# **Using RTSP Players**

To view the MPEG-4 streaming media using RTSP players, you can use one of the following applications that support RTSP streaming.



Quick Time Player

Real Player

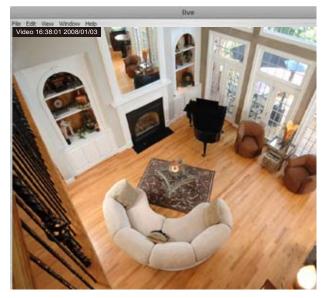
- 1. Launch the RTSP player.
- 2. Choose File > Open URL. A URL dialog box will pop up.
- 3. The address format is rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream1 or stream2>

As most ISPs and players only allow RTSP streaming through port number 554, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 41. For example:



4. The live video will be displayed in your player.

For more information on how to configure the RTSP access name, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 41 for more details.



# **Using 3GPP-compatible Mobile Devices**

To view the streaming media through 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, make sure the Network Camera can be accessed over the Internet. For more information on how to set up the Network Camera over the Internet, please refer to Setting up the Network Camera over the Internet on page 7.

To utilize this feature, please check the following settings on your Network Camera:

- 1. Because most players on 3GPP mobile phones do not support RTSP authentication, make sure the authentication mode of RTSP streaming is set to disable. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 41.
- 2. As the the bandwidth on 3G networks is limited, larger video sizes are not available. Please set the video and audio streaming parameters as listed below. For more information, please refer to Audio and Video on page 48.

Video Mode	MPEG-4
Frame size	176 x 144
Maximum frame rate	5 fps
Intra frame period	1S
Video quality (Constant bit rate)	40kbps
Audio type (GSM-AMR)	12.2kbps

- 3. As most ISPs and players only allow RTSP streaming through port number 554, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 41.
- 4. Launch the player on the 3GPP-compatible mobile device (ex. Real Player).
- Type the following URL command into the player. The address format is rtsp://<public ip address of your camera>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream1 or stream2>. For example:

Open URL		$\mathbf{X}$
Enter an Internet URL to op	en:	
rtsp://192.168.5.151:554/	live.sdp	×
		OK Cancel

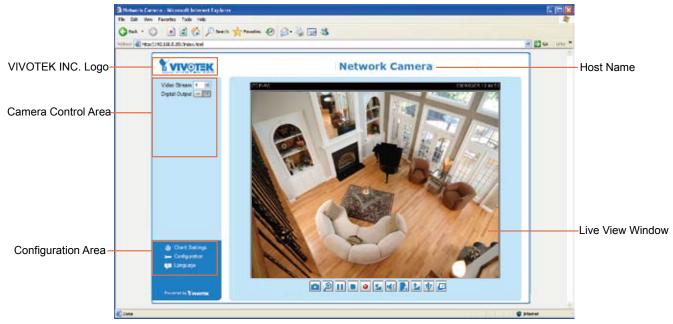
# Using VIVOTEK Recording Software

The product software CD also contains VIVOTEK's recording software, allowing simultaneous monitoring and video recording for multiple Network Cameras. Please install the recording software, then launch the program to add the Network Camera to the Channel list. For detailed information about how to use the recording software, please refer to the user's manual of the software or download the manual from http://www.vivotek.com.



# Main Page

This chapter explains the layout of the main page. It is composed of the following sections: VIVOTEK INC. Logo, Host Name, Camera Control Area, Configuration Area, Menu, and Live Video Window.



#### **VIVOTEK INC. Logo**

Click this logo to visit the VIVOTEK website.

#### **Host Name**

The host name can be customized to fit your needs. For more information, please refer to System on page 24.

#### **Camera Control Area**

<u>Video Stream</u>: This Network Cmera supports MJPEG or MPEG-4 dual streams simultaneously. You can select either one for live viewing.

Digital Output: Click to turn the digital output device on or off.

#### **Configuration Area**

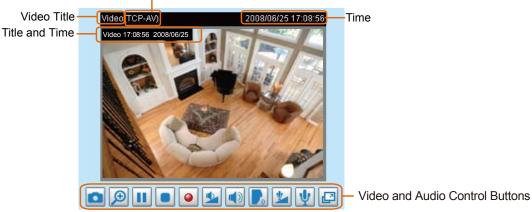
<u>Client Settings</u>: Click this button to access the client setting page. For more information, please refer to Client Settings on page 21.

<u>Configuration</u>: Click this button to access the configuration page of the Network Camera. It is suggested that a password be applied to the Network Camera so that only the administrator can configure the Network Camera. For more information, please refer to Configuration on page 23.

<u>Language</u>: Click this button to choose a language for the user interface. Language options are available in: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 簡体中文 and 繁體中文.

#### **Live Video Window**

■ The following window is displayed when the video mode is set to MPEG-4:



MPEG-4 Protocol and Media Options

<u>Video Title</u>: The video title can be configured. For more information, please refer to Video Settings on page 48.

<u>MPEG-4 Protocol and Media Options</u>: The transmission protocol and media options for MPEG-4 video streaming. For further configuration, please refer to Client Settings on page 21.

<u>Time</u>: Display the current time. For further configuration, please refer to Video Settings on page 48.

<u>Title and Time</u>: The video title and time can be stamped on the streaming video. For further configuration, please refer to Video Settings on page 48.

<u>Video and Audio Control Buttons</u>: Depending on the Network Camera model and Network Camera configuration, some buttons may not be available.

Snapshot: Click this button to capture and save still images. The captured images will be displayed in a pop-up window. Right-click the image and choose **Save Picture As** to save it in JPEG (\*.jpg) or BMP (\*.bmp) format.

Digital Zoom: Click and uncheck "Disable digital zoom" to enable the zoom operation. The navigation screen indicates the part of the image being magnified. To control the zoom level, drag the slider bar. To move to a different area you want to magnify, drag the navigation screen image.



Pause: Pause the transmission of the streaming media. The button becomes the Pause button after clicking the Pause button.

Stop: Stop the transmission of the streaming media. Click the Resume button to continue transmission.

• <u>Start MP4 Recording</u>: Click this button to record video clips in MP4 file format. Press the Stop MP4 Recording button to end recording. When you exit the web browser, video recording stops accordingly. To specify the storage destination and file name, please refer to MP4 Saving Options on page 22 for details. **Volume**: If the **Mute function is not activated**, move the slider bar to adjust the volume on the local computer.

Mute: Turn off the volume on the local computer. The button becomes the *Audio* On button after clicking the Mute button.

**Talk:** Click this button to talk to people around the Network Camera. Audio will project from the external speaker connected to the Network Camera. Click this button again to end talking transmission.

Mic Volume: When the 🖤 Mute function is not activated, move the slider bar to adjust the microphone volume on the local computer.

<u>Mute</u>: Turn off the Mic volume on the local computer. The button becomes the Mic On button after clicking the Mute button.

Full Screen: Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press the "Esc" key to switch back to normal mode.

■ The following window is displayed when the video mode is set to MJPEG:



<u>Video Title</u>: The video title can be configured. For more information, please refer to Video Settings on

Time: Display the current time. For more information, please refer to Video Settings on page 48.

page 48.

<u>Title and Time</u>: Video title and time can be stamped on the streaming video. For more information, please refer to Video Settings on page 48.

<u>Video and Audio Control Buttons</u>: Depending on the Network Camera model and Network Camera configuration, some buttons may not be available.

Snapshot: Click this button to capture and save still images. The captured images will be displayed in a pop-up window. Right-click the image and choose **Save Picture As** to save it in JPEG (\*.jpg) or BMP (\*.bmp) format.

Digital Zoom: Click and uncheck "Disable digital zoom" to enable the zoom operation. The navigation screen indicates the part of the image being magnified. To control the zoom level, drag the slider bar. To move to a different area you want to magnify, drag the navigation screen.



Start MP4 Recording: Click this button to record video clips in MP4 file format to your computer. Press the Stop MP4 Recording button to end recording. When you exit the web browser, video recording stops accordingly. To specify the storage destination and file name, please refer to MP4 Saving Options on page 22 for details.

Full Screen: Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press the "Esc" key to switch back to normal mode.

# **Client Settings**

This chapter explains how to select the stream transmission mode and saving options on the local computer. When finished with the settings on this page, click **Save** on the page bottom to enable the settings.

#### **MPEG-4 Media Options**

<ul> <li>MPEG-4 Media Options</li> </ul>	
● Video and Audio	
🔿 Video Only	
O Audio Only	

Select to stream video or audio data or both. This is enabled only when the video mode is set to MPEG-4.

#### **MPEG-4 Protocol Options**

MPEG-4 Protocol Options	
O UDP Unicast	
O UDP Multicast	
● TCP	
OHTTP	

Depending on your network environment, there are four transmission modes for MPEG-4 streaming:

<u>UDP unicast</u>: This protocol allows for better real-time audio and video streams. However, network packets may be lost due to network burst traffic and images may be broken. Activate the UDP connection when occasions require time-sensitive responses and the video quality is less important. Note that each unicast client connecting to the server takes up additional bandwidth and the Network Camera allows up to ten simultaneous accesses.

<u>UDP multicast</u>: This protocol allows multicast-enabled routers to forward network packets to all clients requesting streaming media. This helps to reduce the network transmission load of the Network Camera while serving multiple clients at the same time. Note that to utilize this feature, the Network Camera must be configured to enable multicast streaming at the same time. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 41.

<u>TCP</u>: This protocol guarantees the complete delivery of streaming data and thus provides better video quality. The downside of this protocol is that its real-time effect is not as good as that of the UDP protocol.

<u>HTTP</u>: This protocol allows for the same transmission quality as the TCP protocol without needing to open specific ports for streaming under some network environments. Users inside a firewall can utilize this protocol to allow streaming data through.

#### **MP4 Saving Options**

MP4 Saving Options	
Folder: c:\Record	Browse
File name prefix: CLIP	
Add date and time suffix to file na	me
Save	

Users can record live video as they are watching by clicking Start MP4 Recording on the main page. Here, you can specify the storage destination and file name.

Folder: Specify the storage destination for the recorded video files.

File name prefix: Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the video file name.

Add date and time suffix to the file name: Select this option to append the date and time to the end of the file name.



# Configuration

Click **Configuration** on the main page to enter the camera setting pages. Note that only Administrators can access the configuration page.

VIVOTEK offers an easy-to-use user interface that helps you set up your network camera with minimal effort. To simplify the setting procedure, two types of user interfaces are available: Advanced Mode for professional users and Basic Mode for entry-level users. Some advanced functions (HTTPS/ Access list/ Homepage layout/ Application/ Recording/ System log/ View parameters) are not displayed in Basic Mode.

If you want to set up advanced functions, please click **[Advanced Mode]** on the bottom of the configuration list to quickly switch to Advanced Mode.

In order to simplify the user interface, the detailed information will be hidden unless you click on the function item. When you click on the first sub-item, the detailed information for the first sub-item will be displayed; when you click on the second sub-item, the detailed information for the second sub-item will be displayed and that of the first sub-item will be hidden.

The following is the user interface of the Basic Mode and the Advanced Mode:

VIVOTEK		Configuration
	>System	
Home	System	
System	Host name: Network Camera	
Security	Turn off the LED indicator	
Network	Configuration List System Time	
DDNS	Keep current date and time	
Audio and video	◯ Synchronize with computer time	
Motion detection	O Manual O Automatic	
Camera tampering detection	DI and DO	
Maintenance	Digital input: The active state is Low v; the current state detected is High	
[ Advanced mode ]	Digital output: The active state is Grounded 👽 ; the current state detected is Open	
	Save	
	Click to switch to Advanced Mode	
Version: 0100a	– Firmware Version	

### **Basic Mode**

#### Advanced Mode

<b>VIVOTEK</b>	Configuration
WEB. VIVO FER. LON	>System
Home	System
System	Host name: Network Camera
Security	Turn off the LED indicator
HTTPS	System Time
Network	Time zone: 🛛 GMT+08:00 Beijing, Chongqing, Hong Kong, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore, Taipei 💌
DDNS	Note: You can upload your Daylight Saving Time rules on <u>Maintenance</u> page or use the camera default value.
Access list	
Audio and video	Synchronize with computer time
Motion detection	O Manual
Camera tampering detection	O Automatic
Homepage layout	DI and DO
Application	Digital input: The active state is Low 💽 ; the current state detected is High
Recording	Digital output: The active state is Grounded v; the current state detected is Open
System log	Save
View parameters	Configuration List
Maintenance	
[Basic mode]	- Click to switch to Basic Mode
Version: 0100a	- Firmware Version

Each function on the configuration list will be explained in the following sections. Those functions that are displayed only in Advanced Mode are marked with Advanced Mode. If you want to set up advanced functions, please click [Advanced Mode] on the bottom of the configuration list to quickly switch over.

## **System**

This section explains how to configure the basic settings for the Network Camera, such as the host name and system time. It is composed of the following three columns: System, System Time and DI and DO. When finished with the settings on this page, click **Save** at the bottom of the page to enable the settings.

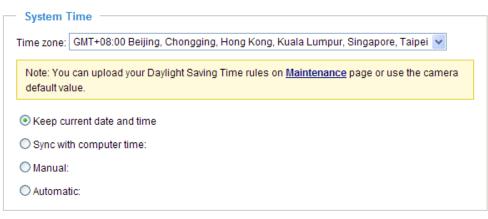
System	System		
	Host name:	Network Camera	
	Turn off the LED indicator		

Host name: Enter the desired name for the Network Camera. The text will be displayed at the top of the main page.

<u>Turn off the LED indicators</u>: If you do not want to let others know that the network camera is in operation, you can select this option to turn off the LED indicators.

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#### System Time



<u>Keep current date and time</u>: Select this option to preserve the current date and time of the Network Camera. The Network Camera's internal real-time clock maintains the date and time even when the system power is turned off.

<u>Sync with computer time</u>: Select this option to synchronize the date and time of the Network Camera with the local computer. The read-only date and time of the PC is displayed when updated.

<u>Manual</u>: The administrator can enter the date and time manually. Note that the date and time format are [yyyy/mm/dd] and [hh:mm:ss].

<u>Automatic</u>: The Network Time Protocol is a protocol which synchronizes computer clocks by periodically querying an NTP Server.

<u>NTP server</u>: Assign the IP address or domain name of the time-server. Leaving the text box blank connects the Network Camera to the default time servers.

<u>Update interval</u>: Select to update the time using the NTP server on an hourly, daily, weekly, or monthly basis.

<u>Time zone</u> Advanced Mode : Select the appropriate time zone from the list. If you want to upload Daylight Savings Time rules on the Maintenance page, please refer to Upload / Export Daylight Saving Time Configuration File on page 80 for details.

#### **DI and DO**

DI and DO
Digital input: The active state is Low 💙 ; the current state detected is High
Digital output: The active state is Grounded 💙 ; the current state detected is Open
Save

<u>Digital input</u>: Select High or Low to define the normal status for the digital input. The Network Camera will report the current status.

<u>Digital output</u>: Select Grounded or Open to define the normal status for the digital output. The Network Camera will show whether the trigger is activated or not.

## Security

This section explains how to enable password protection and create multiple accounts.

#### Root Password

Root Password		
Note: Leaving the root password fier password.	ld empty means the camera will r	not be protected by
Root Password:	•••••	
Confirm root password:	•••••	Save

The administrator account name is "root", which is permanent and can not be deleted. If you want to add more accounts in the Manage User section, please set the password for the "root" account first.

- 1. Type the password in both text boxes, then click Save to enable password protection.
- 2. A window will be prompted for authentication; type the correct user's name and password in their respective fields to access the Network Camera.

## Manage Privilege Advanced Mode

— Manage Privilege			
	Operator	Viewer	
Digital Output:	<b>~</b>		
Allow anonymous viewing			Save

<u>Digital Output</u>: You can modify the management privileges of operators or viewers. Check or uncheck the desired items, then click **Save** to enable the settings. If you give Viewers the privilege, Operators will also have the ability to control the Network Camera through the main page. (Please refer to Main Page on page 17.)

<u>Allow anonymous viewing</u>: If you check this item, any client can access the live stream without entering a User ID and Password.

#### **Manage User**

Manage User	
Existing user name:	Add new user 💌
User name:	
User password:	Delete
Confirm user password:	Add
Privilege:	Administrator Vpdate
	Administrator
	Operator
	Viewer

Administrators can add up to 20 user accounts.

- 1. Input the new user's name and password.
- 2. Select the privilege level for the new user account. Click Add to enable the setting.

Access rights are sorted by user privilege (Administrator, Operator, and Viewer). Only administrators can access the Configuration page. Though operators cannot access the Configuration page, they can use the URL Commands to get and set the value of parameters. For more information, please refer to URL Commands of the Network Camera on page 83. Viewers access only the main page for live viewing.

You can also change a user's access rights or delete user accounts.

- 1. Select an existing account to modify.
- 2. Make necessary changes and click **Update** or **Delete** to enable the setting.

## HTTPS (Hypertext Transfer Protocol over SSL) Advanced Mode

This section explains how to enable authentication and encrypted communication over SSL (Secure Socket Layer). It helps protect streaming data transmission over the Internet on higher security level.

#### Enable HTTPS

Check this item to enable HTTPS communication, then select a connection option: "HTTP & HTTPS" or "HTTPS only". Note that you have to create and install a certificate first in the second section before clicking the **Save** button.

Enable HTTPS
*To enable HTTPS, you have to create and install certificate first.
Enable HTTPS secure connection:
● HTTP & HTTPS ○ HTTPS only
Save
Create and install certificate method
<ul> <li>Create self-signed certificate automatically</li> </ul>
Create self-signed certificate manually:
Create certificate request and install:

#### **Create and Install Certificate Method**

Before using HTTPS for communication with the Network Camera, a **Certificate** must be created first. There are three ways to create and install a certificate:

#### Create a self-signed certificate automatically

- 1. Select this option.
- 2. In the first section, check **Enable HTTPS secure connection**, then select a connection option: "HTTP & HTTPS" or "HTTPS only".
- 3. Click **Save** to generate a certificate.

Enable HTTPS		
*To enable HTTPS, you have to create and install certificate first.		
🗸 E	Enable HTTPS secure connection:	
● HTTP & HTTPS ○ HTTPS only		
Save	Please wait while the certificate is being generated	
Cre		
Create sen-signed certificate automatically		
Create self-signed certificate manually:		
Create certificate request and install:		
Certificate Information		
Status: Not installed 🗸		
Pro	Remove	

4. The Certificate Information will automatically de displayed in the third section as shown below. You can click **Property** to view detailed information about the certificate.

<ul> <li>Certificate Information</li> </ul>	
Certificate information	
Status:	Active
Country:	TW
State or province:	Asia
Locality:	Asia
Organization:	Vivotek.Inc
Organization Unit:	Vivotek.Inc
Common Name:	www.vivotek.com
Property Remove	

 Click Home to return to the main page. Change the address from "<u>http://</u>" to "<u>https://</u>" in the address bar and press Enter on your keyboard. A Security Alert dialog box will pop up. Click OK or Yes to enable HTTPS.

#### https:// Metwork Camera - Microsoft Internet Explorer File Edit /iew Favorites Tools Help - 😰 🙆 🏠 🔎 Search 🤺 Favorites 🚱 🔗 - چ 🚍 🖓 🤇 Back 🝷 Address 🗃 https://192.168.5.151/index.html **Network Camera VIVOTEK** ideo(TCP-AV Video Stream 1 💌 Digital Output On Off Security Alert You are about to view pages over a secure connection. Any information you exchange with this site cannot be viewed by anyone else on the Web. In the future, do not show this warning OK More Info Security Alert Information you exchange with this site cannot be viewed or Security Information $\mathbf{x}$ changed by others. However, there is a problem with the site's security certificate. This page contains both secure and nonsecure items. The security certificate was issued by a company you have not chosen to trust. View the certificate to determine whether Do you want to display the nonsecure items? you want to trust the certifying authority. The security certificate date is valid. Yes No More Info The name on the security certificate is invalid or does not match the name of the site Do you want to proceed? Yes No View Certificate

#### Create a self-signed certificate manually

- 1. Select this option.
- 2. Click **Create** to open the Create Certificate page, then click **Save** to generate the certificate.

Create and instan certificate method		
Create self-signed certificate automatically		
Oreate self-signed certificate manually:		
Self-signed certificate:	Create	
Create certificate request and install:		
Create Certificate		
Country:	TW	
State or province:	Asia	
Locality:	Asia	
Organization:	Vivotek.Inc	
Organization Unit: Vivotek.Inc		
Common Name: www.vivotek.com		
Validity:	9999 days	
Save Close		
ge	lease wait while the certificate is being enerated	

3. The Certificate Information will automatically be displayed in the third column as shown below. You can click **Property** to see detailed information about the certificate.

— Certificate Information —	
Status:	Active
Country:	TW
State or province:	Asia
Locality:	Asia
Organization:	Vivotek.Inc
Organization Unit:	Vivotek.Inc
Common Name:	www.vivotek.com
Property Remove	

<u>Create a certificate and install</u> : Select this option if you want to create a certificate from a certificate authority.

- 1. Select this option.
- 2. Click **Create** to open the Create Certificate page, then click **Save** to generate the certificate.

<ul> <li>Create and install certificate</li> </ul>	method
🔘 Create self-signed certificate au	utomatically
🔘 Create self-signed certificate m	anually:
<ul> <li>Create certificate request and ir</li> </ul>	nstall:
Certificate request:	Create
Select certificate file:	Browse Upload

Create Certificate		
Country:	TW	
State or province:	Asia	
Locality:	Asia	
Organization:	Vivotek.Inc	
Organization Unit:	Vivotek.Inc	
Common Name:	www.vivotek.com	
Validity:	9999 days	
Save		
	Please wait while the certificate is being generated	

3. If you see the following Information bar, click **OK** and click on the Information bar at the top of the page to allow pop-ups.

	e-ortes Tools Help	revortes @ 🔗 · 😹 🚍 🎕
Provide State State State	168.5.151/setup/https.html	æ
the second se	see this pop-up or additional options click I	here
	<b>% VIVOTEK</b>	
	Hame	>HTTPS
	Home System	
		Information Bar  Did you notice the Information Bar? The Information Bar detty you when Internet Explorer blocks a
	System	Information Bar 🛛 🔀
	System Security	Information Bar  Did you notice the Information Bar?  The Information Bar alerts you when Internet Explorer blocks a popular window or file download that might not be safe. If a Web page doer not display preperive, look for the Information

#### 4. The pop-up window shows an example of a certificate request.

Create Certificate Request Completed Copy the PEM format request below and send it to a CA for identify validation. After that, you have to install it by clicking the "Upload" button on HTTPS page. Certificate Request (PEM format)BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST MIIBuDCCASECADBSNQswQQYDVQGEwJUVZERNA8GA1UECBMIUHJvdmluY2UxEjAQ BgNVBAcTCUNpdHkgTmFtZTEAMBgGA1UEChMRT3JnYWSpemF0aW9uIEShbWUxEjAQ BgNVBAcTCUNpdHkgTmFtZTETMBEGA1UEAXMKSVAgQWRkcmVzczCBnzANBgkqhkiG 9w0BAQEFAA0BjQAwgYkCgYEAu0T75EY52gsSyPFMx27wHdQ1obPescsXLUx9DFw6 OMRheukFaXFDkH+Sxk+K5oEPEPqj77yhH+zdUHS27fFSLG57bW9SoxrWuLhSXRZW mCD+//AiJX864dJ/mjHn7Wc55GFaxgNvbALcxT+hCIeDCW7Rqh/fpKNj+BxvVoN UrcCAwEAAaAMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAA4GBAAVazW0AtftfU9dyFgTx0Y01D/z0 F0TRbnDQG18e4ftJ3rR0DITvIINjq3R8zsAS8Gd3pME1ejqLY0BrtaSqdCUqGiX 50bLG1subWsXr88PngaBwjYoTpG3q1zvUPJZLAVmdL3ne5urTbABXOScCH0QGtH+ PX9dw40JWkIC8QhVEND CERTIFICATE REQUEST	County Cout&ante Dominant Completed
BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST MIIBuDCCASECADBSMQswCQDVQQGEwJUVZERMA8GA1UECBMIUHJvdmluY2UxEjAQ BgNVBAcTCUNpdHkgTmFtZTEAMBgGA1UEChMRT3JnYWSpemF0aW9uIE5hbWUxEjAQ BgNVBASTCVVuaXQgTmFtZTETMBEGA1UEAxMKSVAgQWRkcmVzcZCBnzANBgkqhkiG 9w0BAQEFAAOBjQAwgYkCgYEAuOT75EY52gsSyPFMx27wHdQ1obPescsXLUx9DFw6 OMRheukFaXFDkM+5xk+KSoEPBPqj77yhH+zdUHS27fFSLG57bW9SoxrWuLhSvRZW mCD+//AiJX864dJ/mjHn7Wc55GFaxgMvbALcxT+hCIeDCWYnRqh/fpKNj+BxvVoN UrcCAwEAAaAAMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBbQUAA4GBAAVazWOAtfU9dyFgTxOY01D/z0 F0TkbnD0QG18e4ftJ3rROD1TvIIMjg3K8zsAS8Gd3pME1ejqLYoBrtaSqdCUqGiX 50bLG1subWsXr88PngaBwjYoTpG3q1zvUPJZLAVmdL3ne5urTbABXOScCHOQGtH+ PX9dw40JWkIC8QhV	Copy the PEM format request below and send it to a CA for identify validation. After that, you have to
$\label{eq:higher} \begin{split} & MIIBuDCCASECADB5MQswCQYDVQQGEwJUVzERMA8GA1UECBMIUHJvdmluY2UxEjAQBgNVBAcTCUNpdHkgTmFtZTEAMBgGA1UEChMRT3JnYW5pemF0aW9uIE5hbWUxEjAQBgNVBAsTCVVuaXQgTmFtZTETMBEGA1UEAxMKSVAgQWRkcmVzczCBnzANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAA0BjQAwgYkcgYEAu0T75EY52gsSyPFMxZ7wHdQ1obPescsXLUx9DFw60MRheukFaXFDkM+5xk+K5oEPBpqj77yhH+zdUHs27fFSL57bW9SoxrWuLhSVRZWmCD+//AiJX864dJ/mjHn7Wc55GFaxgMvbALcxT+hCIeDCW7nRqh/fpKNj+BxvVoNUrcCAwEAAAAMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAAGBAAVazW0AtftfU9dyFgTx0Y01D/z0F0TkbnDQG18e4ftJ3rR0D1TvIIMjg3K8zsAS8Gd3pME1ejqLY0BrtaSqdCUqGiX50bLG1subWsXr88PngaBwjYoTpG3q1zvUPJZLAVmdL3ne5urTbABXOScCHOQ5tH+PX9dw40JWkIC8QhV$	Certificate Request (PEM format)
	$\label{eq:massested} \begin{split} & MIIBuDCCASECADBSMQswCQYDVQQGEwJUVzERMA8GA1UECBMIUHJvdmluY2UxEjAQBgNVBAcTCUNpdHkgTmFtZTEAMBgGA1UEChMRT3JnYWSpemF0aW9uIEShbWUxEjAQBgNVBAsTCVVuaXQgTmFtZTETMBEGA1UEAxMKSVAgQWRkcmVzczCBnzANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAA0BjQAwgYkCgYEAu0T75EV52gsSyPFMxZ7wHdQ1obPescsXLUx9DFw60MRheukFaXFDkM+5xk+K5oEPBPqj77yhH+zdUHS27fFSL657bW9SoxrWuLhSvRZWmCD+/AiJX864dJ/mjHn7Wc55GFaxgMvbALcxT+hCIeDCW7nRqh/fpKNj+BxvVoNUrcCAwEAAAAMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAA4GBAAVazW0AtftfU9dyFgTxOY01D/z0F0TkbnDQG18e4ftJ3rR0D1VvIIMjg3K8zsAS8Gd3pME1ejqLY0BrtaSqdCUqGiX50bLG1subWsXr88PngaBwjYoTpG3q1zvUPJZLAVmdL3neSurTbABXOScCHOQGtH+PX9dw40JWkIC8QhV$

5. Look for a trusted certificate authority that issues digital certificates. Enroll the Network Camera. Wait for the certificate authority to issue an SSL certificate; click **Browse...** to search for the issued certificate, then click Upload in the second section.

Create and install certificate	method
O Create self-signed certificate a	automatically
O Create self-signed certificate r	nanually:
Oreate certificate request and	install:
Certificate request:	Create
Select certificate file:	Browse Upload
Certificate Information	
Status:	Waiting for certificated 😒
Property Remove	

#### <u>NOTE</u>

- ► How do I cancel the HTTPS settings?
  - 1. Uncheck **Enable HTTPS secure connection** in the first column and click **Save**; a warning dialog box will pop up.
  - 2. Click OK to disable HTTPS.

Enable HTTPS	
*To enable HTTPS, you have to create and ins	stall certificate first.
Enable HTTPS secure connection:	Microsoft Internet Explorer
Save	This will stop the HTTPS service, do you really want to stop it?
Create and install certificate method     Oreate self-signed certificate automatically	OK Cancel
<ul> <li>Croate celf signed cartificate manually:</li> </ul>	

- 3. The webpage will redirect to a non-HTTPS page automatically.
- If you want to create and install other certificates, please remove any existing ones. To remove the signed certificates, uncheck Enable HTTPS secure connection in the first section and click Save. Then click Remove to erase the certificate.

— Certificate Information —		
Status:	Active	
Country:	Microsoft Internet Explorer	
State or province:	Are you sure you want to delete the certificate?	
Locality:	Are you sure you want to delete the certificate?	
Organization:	OK Cancel	
Organization Unit:		
Common Name:	IP Address	
Property Remove		

## Network

This section explains how to configure a wired network connection for the Network Camera.

#### **Network Type**

#### LAN

Select this option when the Network Camera is deployed on a local area network (LAN) and is intended to be accessed by local computers. The default setting for the Network Type is LAN. Rememer to click **Save** when you complete the Network setting.

<u>Get IP address automatically</u>: Select this option to obtain an available dynamic IP address assigned by the DHCP server each time the camera is connected to the LAN.

Use fixed IP address: Select this option to manually assign a static IP address to the Network Camera.

Network Type	
● LAN:	
O Get IP address automatically	
Ose fixed IP address:	
IP address:	192.168.5.109
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0
Default router:	192.168.5.1
Primary DNS:	192.168.0.10
Secondary DNS:	192.168.0.20
Primary WINS server:	
Secondary WINS server:	
Enable UPnP presentation	
Enable UPnP port forwarding	
O PPPoE:	
Enable IPv6	

- Save
- 1. You can make use of VIVOTEK Installation Wizard 2 on the software CD to easily set up the Network Camera on the LAN. Please refer to Software Installation on page 10 for details.
- 2. Enter the Static IP, Subnet mask, Default router, and Primary DNS provided by your ISP.

<u>Enable UPnP presentation</u>: Select this option to enable UPnP<sup>™</sup> presentation for your Network Camera so that whenever a Network Camera is connected to the LAN, shortcuts to those Network Cameras will be listed in My Network Places. You can then click the shortcut to go directly to the web browser. Currently, UPnP<sup>™</sup> is supported by Windows XP and Vista. Note that to utilize this feature, the UPnP<sup>™</sup> component must be installed on your computer.

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😼 My Network Places	
File Edit View Favorites Tools	Help 🥂
🕲 Back 👻 🕑 👻 🏂 🔎 Se	arch 🍺 Folders 🛄 -
Address 😒 My Network Places	💌 🔁 Go
Network Tasks       Image: Comparison of the sector of the s	Local Network Wireless Network Camera (192.168.5.151) Wireless Network Camera with Pan/Tilt (192.168.5.141)

<u>Enable UPnP port forwarding</u>: To access the Network Camera from the Internet, select this option to allow the Network Camera to open ports on the router automatically so that video streams can be sent from the LAN. To utilize this feature, make sure that your router supports UPnP<sup>TM</sup> and it is activated.

#### PPPoE (Point-to-point over Ethernet)

Select this option to configure your Network Camera to make it accessible from anywhere with an Internet connection. Note that to utilize this feature, it requires an account provided by your ISP.

Follow the steps below to acquire your Network Camera's public IP address.

- 1. Set up the Network Camera on the LAN.
- 2. Go to Home > Configuration > Application > Server Settings (please refer to Server Settings on page 67) to add a new email or FTP server.
- 3. Go to Configuration > Application > Media Settings (please refer to Media Settings on page 70). Select System log so that you will receive the system logs in TXT file format which contains the Network Camera's public IP address on your email or FTP server.
- 4. Go to Configuration > Network > Network Type. Select PPPoE and enter the user name and password provided by your ISP. Click **Save** to enable the setting.

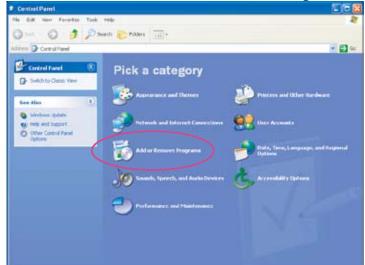
Network Type	
O LAN:	
• PPPoE:	
User name:	
Password:	
Confirm password:	

- 5. The Network Camera will reboot.
- 6. Disconnect the power to the Network Camera; move it from the LAN environment.

#### <u>NOTE</u>

- If the default ports are already used by other devices connected to the same router, the Network Camera will select other ports for the Network Camera.
- If UPnP<sup>™</sup> is not supported by your router, you will see the following message: Error: Router does not support UPnP port forwarding.

- Steps to enable the UPnP<sup>™</sup> user interface on your computer: Note that you must log on to the computer as a system administrator to install the UPnP<sup>™</sup> components.
  - 1. Go to Start, click Control Panel, then click Add or Remove Programs.



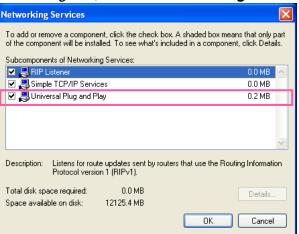
2. In the Add or Remove Programs dialog box, click Add/Remove Windows Components.

B Add or Ren	nove Programs			
品	Currently installed programs:	Sort by: Name		*
Change or Remove Programs	y∰ Apple Software Update Click here for support information. To change this program or remove it from your computer, click Change or Remove.	Size Used Last Used On Change	2.10MD carely 7/27/2007 Remove	~
Add Idem Programs Add Remove Windows Components	Installation Wizerd         Microsoft Office Professional Edition 2003         Microsoft Office Professional Edition 2003         Mozilla Firefox (2.0.0.6)         PostgreSQL II.2         OcakkTime         Virtual Machine Additions         Vivotek Installation Wizerd 2         Vivotek ST7501         Windows Genuine Advantage Validation Tool (VB892130)         Windows 79 Hotfix - HIRC20559	Solo Solo Solo Solo Solo Solo Solo Solo	1.1040 381.0048 20.3448 57.5048 74.3948 0.9048 5.5040 66.9640	
	Windows XP Hotfic - XE828741 Windows XP Hotfic - XE833407 Windows XP Hotfic - XE833407 Windows XP Hotfic - XE835732 Windows XP Hotfic - XE835732		Oge	8

3. In the Windows Components Wizard dialog box, select Networking Services and click Details.

	conents of Windows XP.		
To add or remove a compone part of the component will be Details.			
Components:			
C St Message Queuing		0.0 MB	0
MSN Explorer		13.5 MB	
Retworking Services	la suesta de	0.3 MB	
C 20 Other Network File an	nd Print Services	0.0 MB	-
Sel Undate Root Certifica	det	0.0 MR	×

4. In the Networking Services dialog box, select Universal Plug and Play and click OK.



5. Click **Next** in the following window.

To add or remove a component, click the checkbox. A shaded box means that part of the component will be installed. To see what's included in a component, Details.	rily
	dick
Components:	
St Message Queuing 0.0 M	
MSN Explorer 13.5 M	_
🖬 🛃 Networking Services 0.3 M	
Other Network File and Print Services     0.0 M	
Se En Lindate Root Cetificates 0.0.M	1.8
Description: Contains a variety of specialized, network-related services and pro Total disk space required. 0.0 MB	ocol

- 6. Click **Finish**. UPnP<sup>™</sup> is enabled.
- ► How does UPnP<sup>™</sup> work?

UPnP<sup>™</sup> networking technology provides automatic IP configuration and dynamic discovery of devices added to a network. Services and capabilities offered by networked devices, such as printing and file sharing, are available to each other without the need for cumbersome network configuration. In the case of Network Cameras, you will see Network Camera shortcuts under My Network Places.

Enabling UPnP port forwarding allows the Network Camera to open a secondary HTTP port on the router-not HTTP port-meaning that you will need to add the secondary HTTP port number to the Network Camera's public address in order to access the Network Camera from the Internet. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the Network Camera's IP address.

From the Internet	LAN
http://203.67.124.123:8080	http://192.168.4.160 or http://192.168.4.160:8080

If the PPPoE settings are incorrectly configured or Internet access is not working, restore the Network Camera to factory default; please refer to Restore on page 79 for details. After the Network Camera is reset to factory default, it will be accessible on the LAN.

#### Enable IPv6

Select this option and click **Save** to enable IPv6 settings.

Please note that this only works if your network environment and hardware equipment support IPv6. The browser should be Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Internet Explorer 6.5, Mozilla Firefox 3.0 or above.

Network Type
<ul> <li>Get IP address automatically</li> </ul>
Use fixed IP address:
Enable UPnP presentation
Enable UPnP port forwarding
O PPPoE:
Enable IPv6
IPv6 Information
Manually setup the IP address

#### Save

When IPv6 is enabled, by default, the network camera will listen to router advertisements and be assigned with a link-local IPv6 address accordingly.

IPv6 Information: Click this button to obtain the IPv6 information as shown below.

IPv6 NET Information	
[eth0 address]	
IPv6 address list of host	
[Gateway]	
IPv6 address list of gateway	
[DNS]	
IPv6 address list of DNS	

If your IPv6 settings are successful, the IPv6 address list will be listed in the pop-up window. The IPv6 address will be displayed as follows:

#### Refers to Ethernet

fe80:0000:0000:0000:0202:d1ff:fe04:65f4/64@Link Link-local IPv6 addre	and matural maals
[Cotowar]	ess/network mask
[Galeway]	
fe80::211:d8ff:fea2:1a2b	
[DNS]	
2010:05c0:978d::	

Please follow the steps below to link to an IPv6 address:

- 1. Open your web browser.
- 2. Enter the link-global or link-local IPv6 address in the address bar of your web browser.
- 3. The format should be:



4. Press **Enter** on the keyboard or click **Refresh** button to refresh the webpage. For example:

Pile Edit	vik Carme View	era - Micr Favorites	osoft In Tools	iternet Exp Help	lorer			
-						 Ø	<b>⊘</b> • ≧	2 2
	ſ	۲v		TEK				

# <u>NOTE</u>

information:

If you have a Secondary HTTP port (the default value is 8080), you can also link to the webpage in the following address format: (Please refer to HTTP on page 38 for detailed information.)



If you choose PPPoE as the Network Type, the [PPP0 address] will be displayed in the IPv6 information column as shown below. [eth0 address]

fe80:0000:0000:0000:0202:d1ff:fe11:2299%54@Link
[ppp0 address]
fe80.0000.0000.0000.0202:d1ff.fe11:2299/10@Link
2001;b100;01c0;0002;0202;d1ff;fe11;2299/64@Global
[Gateway]
fe80::90:1a00:4142:8ced
[DNS]
2001:6000::1

<u>Manually setup the IP address</u>: Select this option to manually set up IPv6 settings if your network environment does not have DHCPv6 server and router advertisements-enabled routers. If you check this item, the following blanks will be displayed for you to enter the corresponding

Enable IPv6	
-------------	--

IPv6 Information	
Manually setup the IP address	
Optional IP address / Prefix length	/ 64
Optional default router	
Optional primary DNS	

# HTTP Advanced Mode

To utilize HTTP authentication, make sure that your have set a password for the Network Camera first; please refer to Security on page 26 for details.

НТТР —	
Authentication:	basic 🐱
HTTP port:	80
Secondary HTTP port:	8080
Access name for stream 1:	video.mjpg
Access name for stream 2:	video2.mjpg

<u>Authentication</u>: Depending on your network security requirements, the Network Camera provides two types of security settings for an HTTP transaction: basic and digest.

If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format, where there is a potential risk of being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted using MD5 algorithm and thus provide better protection against unauthorized access.

<u>HTTP port / Secondary HTTP port</u>: By default, the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080. There can be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535. If the ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning messages will be displayed:

Microsoft Internet Explorer	Microsoft Internet Explorer
HTTP port must be 80 or from 1025 to 65535	Secondary HTTP port must be from 1025 to 65535
ОК	ОК

To access the Network Camera on the LAN, both the HTTP port and secondary HTTP port can be used to access the Network Camera. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the Network Camera's IP address.

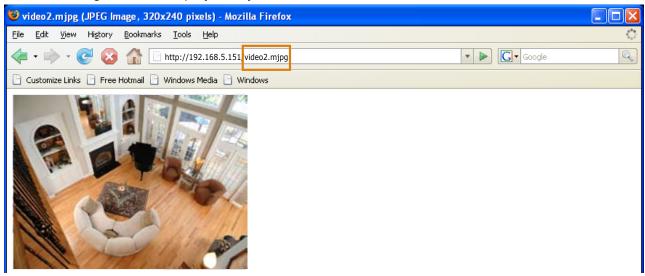
LAN
http://192.168.4.160 or
http://192.168.4.160:8080

<u>Access name for stream 1 / Access name for stream 2</u>: The access name is used to differentiate the streaming source.

When using Mozilla Firefox or Netscape to access the Network Camera and the video mode is set to JPEG, users will receive video comprised of continuous JPEG images. This technology, known as "server push", allows the Network Camera to feed live pictures to Mozilla Firefox and Netscape.

URL command -- http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for stream1 or stream2> For example, when the Access name for stream 2 is set to video2.mjpg:

- 1. Launch Mozilla Firefox or Netscape.
- 2. Type the URL command in the address bar. Press Enter.
- 3. The JPEG images will be displayed in your web browser.



# <u>NOTE</u>

Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Internet Explorer does not support server push technology; therefore, using http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for stream1 or stream2> will fail to access the Network Camera.

# **HTTPS**

HTTPS		
HTTPS port:	443	

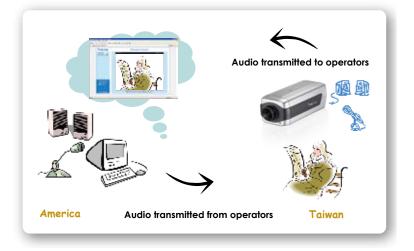
By default, the HTTPS port is set to 443. It can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.



By default, the two way audio port is set to 5060. Also, it can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

The Network Camera supports two way audio communication so that operators can transmit and receive audio simultaneously. By using the Network Camera's built-in or external microphone and an external speaker, you can communicate with people around the Network Camera.

Note that as JPEG only transmits a series of JPEG images to the client; to enable the two-way audio function, make sure the video mode is set to "MPEG-4" on the Audio and Video Settings page and the media option is set to "Video and Audio" on the Client Settings page. Please refer to Client Settings on page 21 and Audio and Video Settings on page 48.



Audio is being transmitted to the Network Camera



Click **r** to enable audio transmission to the Network Camera; click **r** to adjust the volume of microphone; click **v** to turn off the audio. To stop talking, click **r** again.

_	_	_
	т	

FTP		
FTP port:	21	

The FTP server allows the user to save recorded video clips. You can utilize VIVOTEK's Installation Wizard 2 to upgrade the firmware via an FTP server. By default, the FTP port is set to 21. It also can be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

## **RTSP Streaming**

To utilize RTSP streaming authentication, make sure that you have set a password for the Network Camera first; please refer to Security on page 26 for details.

RTSP Streaming	
Authentication:	disable 🐱
Access name for stream 1:	live.sdp
Access name for stream 2:	live2.sdp
RTSP port:	554
RTP port for video:	5556
RTCP port for video:	5557
RTP port for audio:	5558
RTCP port for audio:	5559
Multicast settings for stream 1:	
Multicast settings for stream 2:	

#### Save

<u>Authentication</u>: Depending on your network security requirements, the Network Camera provides three types of security settings for streaming via RTSP protocol: disable, basic, and digest.

If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format, there can be potential risks of it being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted using MD5 algorithm, which provides stronger protection against unauthorized access.

The availability of RTSP streaming for the three authentication modes is listed in the following table:

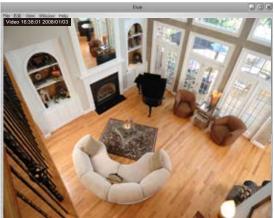
	Quick Time player	Real Player
Disable	0	0
Basic	0	0
Digest	0	Х

<u>Access name for stream 1 / Access name for stream 2</u>: This Network camera supports dual streams simultaneously. The access name is used to differentiate the streaming source.

If you want to use an RTSP player to access the Network Camera, you must set the video mode to MPEG-4 and use the following RTSP URL command to request transmission of the streaming data.

rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<access name for stream1 or stream2>

- For example, when the access name for stream 1 is set to live.sdp:
- 1. Launch an RTSP player.
- 2. Choose File > Open URL. A URL dialog box will pop up.
- 3. Type the URL command in the text box. For example: -
- 4. The live video will be displayed in your player as shown below.



Open URL	
Enter an Internet URL to open:	
rtsp://192.168.5.151:554/live.sdp	~
	OK Cancel

#### RTSP port /RTP port for video, audio/ RTCP port for video, audio

- RTSP (Real-Time Streaming Protocol) controls the delivery of streaming media. By default, the port number is set to 554.
- The RTP (Real-time Transport Protocol) is used to deliver video and audio data to the clients. By default, the RTP port for video is set to 5556 and the RTP port for audio is set to 5558.
- The RTCP (Real-time Transport Control Protocol) allows the Network Camera to transmit data by monitoring the Internet traffic volume. By default, the RTCP port for video is set to 5557 and the RTCP port for audio is set to 5559.

The ports can be changed to values between 1025 and 65535. The RTP port must be an even number and the RTCP port is the RTP port number plus one, and thus is always an odd number. When the RTP port changes, the RTCP port will change accordingly.

If the RTP ports are assigned incorrectly, the following warning message will be displayed:



<u>Multicast settings for stream 1 / Multicast settings for stream 2</u>: Click the items to display the detailed configuration information. Select the Always multicast option to enable multicast for stream 1 or stream 2.

Always multicast		
Multicast group address:	239.128.1.99	
Multicast video port:	5560	
Multicast RTCP video port:	5561	
Multicast audio port:	5562	
Multicast RTCP audio port:	5563	
Multicast TTL [1~255]:	15	
<ul> <li>Multicast settings for stream 2:</li> <li>Always multicast</li> </ul>		
Multicast group address:	239.128.1.100	
Multicast video port:	5564	
Multicast RTCP video port:	5565	
Multicast audio port:	5566	
Multicast RTCP audio port:	5567	
Multicast TTL [1~255]:	15	

Unicast video transmission delivers a stream through point-to-point transmission; multicast, on the other hand, sends a stream to the multicast group address and allows multiple clients to acquire the stream at the same time by requesting a copy from the multicast group address. Therefore, enabling multicast can effectively save Internet bandwith.

The ports can be changed to a value between 1025 and 65535. The multicast RTP port must be an even number and the multicast RTCP port number is the multicast RTP port number plus one, and thus is always odd. When the multicast RTP port changes, the multicast RTCP port will change accordingly.

If the multicast RTP video ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning message will be displayed:

Microso	ft Internet Explorer 🛛 🔀
4	Invald port number. Multicast stream 1 video port must be an even number.
	α

<u>Multicast TTL [1~255]</u>: The multicast TTL (Time To Live) is the value that tells the router the range a packet can be forwarded.

# DDNS

This section explains how to configure the dynamic domain name service for the Network Camera. DDNS is a service that allows your Network Camera, especially when assigned with a dynamic IP address, to have a fixed host and domain name.

# **DDNS: Dynamic Domain Name Service**

DDNS: Dynamic domain	name service
Enable DDNS:	
Provider:	Dyndns.org(Dynamic) 🗸
Host name:	
User name:	
Password:	
Save	

Enable DDNS: Select this option to enable the DDNS setting.

Provider: Select a DDNS provider from the provider drop-down list.

VIVOTEK offers **Safe100.net**, a free dynamic domain name service, to VIVOTEK customers. It is recommended that you register with **Safe100.net** to access VIVOTEK's Network Cameras from the Internet. Additionally, we offer other DDNS providers, such as Dyndns.org (Dynamic), Dyndns.org (Custom), TZO.com, DHS.org, CustomSafe100, dyn-interfree.it.

Note that before utilizing this function, please apply for a dynamic domain account first.

### ■ Safe100.net

- 1. In the DDNS column, select **Safe100.net** from the drop-down list. Click **I accept** after reviewing the terms of the Service Agreement.
- In the Register column, fill in the Host name (xxxx.safe100.net), Email, Key, and Confirm Key, and click **Register**. After a host name has been successfully created, a success message will appear in the DDNS Registration Result column.

Host name: VVTK_safe100.net   Email: vvtk@vivotek.com   Key: •••••   Forget key   Confirm key: •••••   To apply for a domain name for the camera, or to modify the previously registered information, fill in   the following fields and then click "Register".   Register   DDNS Registration Result:   [Register] Successfully Your account information has been mailed to registered e-mail address   Upon successful registration, you can click copy to automatically upload relevant information to the   DDNS form or you can manually fill it in. Then, click "Save" to save new settings.	Register		
Key:       •••••       Forget key         Confirm key:       •••••       Forget key         To apply for a domain name for the camera, or to modify the previously registered information, fill in the following fields and then click "Register".       Register         DDNS Registration Result:       [Register] Successfully Your account information has been mailed to registered e-mail address       Image: Copy to automatically upload relevant information to the	Host name:	VVTK.safe100.net	
Confirm key: To apply for a domain name for the camera, or to modify the previously registered information, fill in the following fields and then click "Register". Register DDNS Registration Result: [Register] Successfully Your account information has been mailed to registered e-mail address Upon successful registration, you can click copy to automatically upload relevant information to the	Email:	wtk@vivotek.com	
To apply for a domain name for the camera, or to modify the previously registered information, fill in the following fields and then click "Register".          Register         DDNS Registration Result:         [Register] Successfully Your account information has been mailed to registered e-mail address         Upon successful registration, you can click copy to automatically upload relevant information to the	Key:	••••	Forget key
the following fields and then click "Register".          Register         DDNS Registration Result:         [Register] Successfully Your account information has been mailed to registered e-mail address         Upon successful registration, you can click copy to automatically upload relevant information to the	Confirm key:	••••	]
Register         DDNS Registration Result:         [Register] Successfully Your account information has been mailed to registered e-mail address         Upon successful registration, you can click copy to automatically upload relevant information to the	To apply for a domain name for the camera	a, or to modify the previo	ously registered information, fill in
DDNS Registration Result: [Register] Successfully Your account information has been mailed to registered e-mail address Upon successful registration, you can click copy to automatically upload relevant information to the	the following fields and then click "Register	r.	
[Register] Successfully Your account information has been mailed to registered e-mail address         Upon successful registration, you can click copy to automatically upload relevant information to the	Register		
Upon successful registration, you can click <u>copy</u> to automatically upload relevant information to the	DDNS Registration Result:		
			<ul><li></li></ul>
DDNS form or you can manually fill it in. Then, click "Save" to save new settings.	, Upon successful registration, you can click	copy to automatically	upload relevant information to the
	DDNS form or you can manually fill it in. Th	en, click "Save" to save	new settings.

3. Click **Copy** and all registered information will automatically be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column at the top of the page as seen in the picture.

DDNS: Dynamic domain name service				
Enable DDNS:				
Provider:	Safe100.net	~		
Host name:	VVTK.safe100.net	[*.safe100.net]		
Email:	wtk@vivotek.com			
Key:	••••			
Save Register				
Host name:	VVTK.safe100.net			
Email:	wtk@vivotek.com			
Key:	••••	Forget key		
Confirm key:	••••			
To apply for a domain name for the can	nera, or to modify the previou	isly registered information, fill in		
the following fields and then click "Regi	ister".			
Register				
DDNS Registration Result:				
[Register] Successfully Your account information has been mailed to registered e-mail address				
Upon successful registration, you can click <u>copy</u> to automatically upload relevant information to the DDNS form or you can manually fill it in. Then, click "Save" to save new settings.				

4. Select Enable DDNS and click **Save** to enable the setting.

# CustomSafe100

VIVOTEK offers documents to establish a CustomSafe100 DDNS server for distributors and system integrators. You can use CustomSafe100 to register a dynamic domain name if your distributor or system integrators offer such services.

- 1. In the DDNS column, select CustomSafe100 from the drop-down list.
- 2. In the Register column, fill in the Host name, Email, Key, and Confirm Key; then click **Register**. After a host name has been successfully created, you will see a success message in the DDNS Registration Result column.
- 3. Click **Copy** and all for the registered information will be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column.
- 4. Select Enable DDNS and click **Save** to enable the setting.

<u>Forget key</u>: Click this button if you have forgotten the key for Safe100.net or CustomSafe100. Your account information will be sent to your email address.

Refer to the following links to apply for a dynamic domain account when selecting other DDNS providers:

- Dyndns.org(Dynamic) / Dyndns.org(Custom): visit http://www.dyndns.com/
- TZO.com: visit http://www.tzo.com/
- DHS.org: visit http://www.dhs.org/
- dyn-interfree.it: visit http://dyn-interfree.it/

# Access List Advanced Mode

This section explains how to control access permission by verifying the client PC's IP address.

# **General Settings**

General Settings
Maximum number of concurrent streaming connection(s) limited to: 10 🗸 View Information
Enable access list filtering
Save

<u>Maximum number of concurrent streaming connection(s) limited to</u>: Simultaneous live viewing for 1~10 clients (including stream 1 and stream 2). The default value is 10. If you modify the value and click **Save**, all current connections will be disconnected and automatically attempt to re-link (IE Explore or Quick Time Player).

<u>View Information</u>: Click this button to display the connection status window showing a list of the current connections. For example:

Connec	Connection status			
	IP address	Elapsed time	User ID	
	192.168.1.147	12:20:34	root	
	61.22.15.3	00:10:09		
	192.168.3.25	45:00:34	greg	
R	efresh Add	I to deny list	Disconnect	

- IP address: Current connections to the Network Camera.
- Elapsed time: How much time the client has been at the webpage.
- User ID: If the administrator has set a password for the webpage, the clients have to enter a user name and password to access the live video. The user name will be displayed in the User ID column. If the administrator allows clients to link to the webpage without a user name and password, the User ID column will be empty.

There are some situations which allow clients access to the live video without a user name and password:

- 1. The administrator does not set up a root password. For more information about how to set up a root password and manage user accounts, please refer to Security on page 26.
- 2. The administrator has set up a root password, but set **RTSP Authentication** to "disable". For more information about **RTSP Authentication**, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 41.
- 3. The administrator has set up a root password, but allows anonymous viewing. For more information about **Allow Anonymous Viewing**, please refer to Security on page 26.

- Refresh: Click this button to refresh all current connections.
- Add to deny list: You can select entries from the Connection Status list and add them to the Deny List to deny access. Please note that those checked connections will only be disconnected temporarily and will automatically try to re-link again (IE Explore or Quick Time Player). If you want to enable the denied list, please check Enable access list filtering and click Save in the first column.
- Disconnect: If you want to break off the current connections, please select them and click this button. Please note that those checked connections will only be disconnected temporarily and will automatically try to re-link again (IE Explore or Quick Time Player).

<u>Enable access list filtering</u>: Check this item and click **Save** if you want to enable the access list filtering function.

#### **Filter**

There are two lists for permission control: Allowed list and Denied list. Only those clients whose IP addresses are on the Allowed list and not on the Denied list can access the Network Camera. Please note that the IPv6 access list column will not be displayed unless you enable IPv6 on the Network page. For more information about **IPv6 Settings**, please refer to page 36 for detailed information.

General Settings	
Maximum number of concurrent streaming conne	ction(s) limited to: 10 👻 🛛 View Information
Enable access list filtering	
Save	
Filter	
IPv4 access list	
Allowed list	Denied list
1.0.0.0-255.255.255.255	
Add Delete	Add Delete
IPv6 access list	
Allowed list	Denied list
::/0	
Add Delete	Add Delete

Add a rule to Allowed/Denied list: Click Add to add a rule to Allowed/Denied list.

### There are three types of rules:

<u>Single</u>: This rule allows the user to add an IP address to the Allowed/Denied list. For example:

r er example.	filter address
	Rule: Single 🗸
	IP address: 192.168.2.1
	OK Cancel

<u>Network</u>: This rule allows the user to assign a network address and corresponding subnet mask to the Allow/Deny List. For example:

filter address	
Rule: Network 💌	
Network address / Network mask	192.168.2.0 / 24
OK Cancel	

IP address 192.168.2.x will be blocked.

<u>Range</u>: This rule allows the user to assign a range of IP addresses to the Allow/Deny List. This rule is only applied to IPv4. For example:



Delete Allowed/Denied list:

In the Delete Allowed List or Delete Denied List column, make a selection and click **Delete**.

## <u>NOTE</u>

▶ For example, when the range of IP addresses on the allowed list is set from 1.1.1.0 to 192.255.255.255 and the range in the denied list is set from 1.1.1.0 to 170.255.255.255, only users' IPs between 171.0.0.0 and 192.255.255.255 can access the Network Camera.



# **Administrator IP address**

<u>Always allow the IP address to access this device</u>: You can check this item and add the Administrator's IP address in this field to make sure the Administrator can always connect to the device.

Administrator IP address	
Always allow the IP address to access this device	
Save	,

# Audio and Video

This section explains how to cofigure the audio and video settings of the Network Camera. It is composed of the following two columns: Video Settings and Audio Settings.

# **Video Settings**

Video settings	
Video title:	
Color:	Color 👻
Power line frequency:	60 Hz 🗸
Video orientation:	Flip Mirror
Maximum Exposure Time:	1/30 S 💌
Overlay title and time stamp on video and snapsh	ot.
Image Settings Privacy Mask	
Video quality settings for stream 1:	
Video quality settings for stream 2:	

Video title: Enter a name that will be displayed on the title bar of the live video.



<u>Color</u>: Select to display color or black/white video streams.

<u>Power line frequency</u>: Set the power line frequency consistent with local utility settings to eliminate image flickering associated with fluorescent lights. Note that after the power line frequency is changed, you must disconnect and reconnect the power cord of the Network Camera in order for the new setting to take effect.

<u>Video orientation</u>: Flip--vertically reflect the display of the live video; Mirror--horizontally reflect the display of the live video. Select both options if the Network Camera is installed upside-down (ex. on the ceiling) to correct the image orientation.

<u>Maximum exposure time</u>: Select a proper maximum exposure time according to the light source of the surroundings. The exposure times are selectable for the following durations: 1/120 second, 1/90 second, 1/30 second, 1/15 second, and 1/5 second. Shorter exposure times result in less light.

<u>Overlay title and time stamp on video</u>: Select this option to place the video title and time on the video streams.

Note that when the frame size is set to 176 x 144 as shown in the picture below, only the time will be

stamped on the video streams.



# Image Settings Advanced Mode

Click **Image settings** to open the Image Settings page. On this page, you can tune the White balance, Brightness, Saturation, Contrast, and Sharpness settings for the video.

Video(TCP-AV)	2009/01/03 02:37:43	
- White Balance		
Auto	Save	
— Image Adjustment ———		
Brightness: -5 💌	Saturation: +0 💌	
Contrast: +0 💌	Sharpness: +0 💌	
Enable Edge Enhancement		
Enable Noise Reduction		
Preview	Restore Save	
	Close	e

White balance: Adjust the value for the best color temperature.

#### Auto

The Network Camera automatically adjusts the color temperature of the light in response to different light sources. The white balance setting defaults to **Auto** and works well in most situations.

#### Keep current value

Follow the steps below to manually set the white balance to compensate for the ambient lighting conditions.

- 1. Set the White balance to Auto and click Save.
- 2. Place a sheet of white paper in front of the lens, then allow the Network Camera to adjust the color temperature automatically.
- 3. Select Keep Current Value to confirm the setting while the white balance is being measured.
- 4. Click **Save** to enable the new setting.

#### Image Adjustment

- Brightness: Adjust the image brightness level, which ranges from -5 to +5. The default value is set to 0.
- Saturation: Adjust the image saturation level, which ranges from -5 to +5. The default value is set to 0.
- Contrast: Adjust the image contrast level, which ranges from -5 to +5. The default value is set to 0.
- Sharpness: Adjust the image sharpness level, which ranges from -3 to +3. The default value is set to 0.

#### Enable Edge Enhancement

Edge enhancement is an image processing filter that enhances the edge contrast of an image or video to improve its sharpness. Enter a value from 1 to 128 to set the degree of enhancement desired.

Enable Edge Enhancement

	50	14 4000
Strength:	50	(1~128)

### Enable Noise Reduction

Noise reduction is the process of removing noise from a signal. Select the type of noise to remove and enter a value from 1 to 63 to set the degree of enhancement required.

Enable Noise Reduction					
Remove Noise:	Gaussia	an	*		
Strength:	50	(1~63)			

You can click **Preview** to fine-tune the image, or click **Restore** to recall the original settings without incorporating the changes. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to enable the setting and click **Close** to exit the page.

# Privacy Mask Advanced Mode

Click **Privacy Mask** to open the settings page. On this page, you can block out sensitive zones to address privacy concerns.

Enable privacy mask

Enable privacy mask



ndow Name	
×–	Width-
Y-	Height-
New	Save



- To set the privacy mask windows, follow the steps below:
- 1. Click **New** to add a new window.
- 2. Use the mouse to size and drag-drop the window, which is recommended to be at least twice the size of the object (height and width) you want to cover.
- 3. Enter a Window Name and click **Save** to enable the setting.
- 4. Select Enable privacy mask to enable this function.

## <u>NOTE</u>

- ▶ Up to 5 privacy mask windows can be set up on the same screen.
- If you want to delete the privacy mask window, please click the 'x' on the upper right-hand corner of the window.

# Video quality settings for stream 1 / stream 2 Advanced Mode

The Network Camera offers two choices of video compression standards for real-time viewing: MPEG-4 and MJPEG.

Click the items to display the detailed configuration settings. You can set up two seperate streams for the Network Camera for different viewing devices. For example, set a smaller frame size and lower bit rate for remote viewing on mobile phones and a larger video size and a higher bit rate for live viewing on web browsers.

If MPEG-4 mode is selected, the video is streamed via RTSP protocol. There are four parameters provided in MPEG-4 mode which allow you to adjust the video performance:

#### Video quality settings for stream 1:

● MPEG-4:	
Frame size:	640x480 🗸
Maximum frame rate:	30 fps 🛛 👻
Intra frame period:	1/4 S 🗸
Video quality:	
O Constant bit rate:	512 Kbps 💉
Fixed quality:	Excellent 👻
O JPEG:	

### Frame size

Select the video size. Note that a larger frame size takes up more bandwidth. The frame sizes are selectable in the following resolutions: 176 x 144, 320 x 240, and 640 x 480.

### Maximum frame rate

This limits the maximum refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for smoother video quality.

If the power line frequency is set to 50Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps, and 25fps. If the power line frequency is set to 60Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps, 25fps, and 30fps. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

Intra frame period

Determine how often to plant an I frame. The shorter the duration, the more likely you will get better video quality, but at the cost of higher network bandwidth consumption. Select the intra frame period from the following durations: 1/4 second, 1/2 second, 1 second, 2 seconds, 3 seconds, and 4 seconds.

Video quality

A complex scene generally produces a larger file size, meaning that higher bandwidth will be needed for data transmission. Therefore, if **Constant bit rate** is selected, the bandwidth utilization is fixed at a selected level, resulting in mutable video quality performance. The bit rates are selectable at the following rates: 20Kbps, 30Kbps, 40Kbps, 50Kbps, 64Kbps, 128Kbps, 256Kbps, 512Kbps, 768Kbps, 1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps, and 4Mbps. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

On the other hand, if **Fixed quality** is selected, all frames are transmitted with the same quality; bandwidth utilization is therefore unpredictable. The video quality can be adjusted to the following settings: Medium, Standard, Good, Detailed, and Excellent. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

If **JPEG** mode is selected, the Network Camera continuously sends JPEG images to the client, producing a moving effect similar to a filmstrip. Every single JPEG image transmitted guarantees the same image quality, which in turn comes at the expense of variable bandwidth usage. Because the media contents are a combination of JPEG images, no audio data is transmitted to the client. There are three parameters provided in MJPEG mode to control the video performance:

\* Video quality settings for stream 2:

 $\bigcirc$ 

 $\bigcirc$ 

MPEG-4:	
JPEG:	
Frame size:	176x144 💌
Maximum frame rate:	30 fps 🛛 🗸
Video quality:	Excellent 🗸

Frame size

Select the video size. Note that a larger frame size takes up more bandwidth. The frame sizes are selectable in the following resolutions: 176 x 144, 320 x 240, and 640 x 480.

Maximum frame rate

This limits the maximum refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for smoother video quality.

If the power line frequency is set to 50Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps, and 25fps. If the power line frequency is set to 60Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps, 25fps, and 30fps. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

Video quality

The video quality can be adjusted to the following settings: Medium, Standard, Good, Detailed, and Excellent. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

# <u>NOTE</u>

Video quality and fixed quality refers to the compression rate, so a lower value will produce higher quality.

# **Audio Settings**

Audio Settings	
Mute	
Internal microphone input gain:	0 dB 🖌
External microphone input:	0 dB 🗸
Audio type:	
O AAC:	
GSM-AMR:	
GSM-AMR bit rate:	12.2 Kbps 💙

<u>Mute</u>: Select this option to disable audio transmission from the Network Camera to all clients. Note that if mute mode is turned on, no audio data will be transmitted even if audio transmission is enabled on the Client Settings page. In that case, the following message is displayed:

Warning
The media type has been changed to video only because the media from server contains no audio
ОК

Internal microphone input gain: Select the gain of the internal audio input according to ambient conditions. Adjust the gain from +21 db (most sensitive) ~ -33 db (least sensitive).

External microphone input: Select the gain of the external audio input according to ambient conditions. Adjust the gain from +21 db (most sensitive) or -33 db (least sensitive).

Audio type: Select audio codec AAC or GSM-AMR and the bit rate Advanced Mode

- AAC provides good sound quality at the cost of higher bandwidth consumption. The bit rates are selectable from: 16Kbps, 32Kbps, 48Kbps, 64Kbps, 96Kbps, and 128Kbps.
- GSM-ARM is designed to optimize speech quality and requires less bandwidth. The bit rates are selectable from: 4.75Kbps, 5.15Kbps, 5.90Kbps, 6.7Kbps, 7.4Kbps, 7.95Kbps,10.2Kbps, and 12.2Kbps.

When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to enable the settings.

# <u>NOTE</u>

The Network Camera offers two inputs to capture audio - internal microphone or external microphone. The internal/external microphone switch is located on the back panel of the Network Camera.

# **Motion Detection**

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to enable motion detection. A total of three motion detection windows can be configured.

Enable motion detection



Follow the steps below to enable motion detection:

- 1. Click **New** to add a new motion detection window.
- 2. In the Window Name text box, enter a name for the motion detection window.
- To move and resize the window, drag and drop your mouse on the window.
  - To delete window, click X on the top right corner of the window.
- 3. Define the sensitivity to moving objects and the space ratio of all alerted pixels by moving the Sensitivity and Percentage slider bar.
- 4. Click **Save** to enable the settings.
- 5. Select Enable motion detection to enable this function.

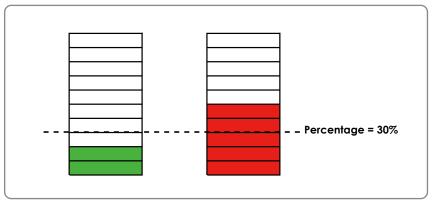
For example:

Enable motion detection



The Percentage Indicator will rise or fall depending on the variation between sequential images. When motions are detected by the Network Camera and are judged to exceed the defined threshold, the red bar rises. Meanwhile, the motion detection window will be outlined in red. Photos or videos can be captured instantly and configured to be sent to a remote server (Email, FTP) by utilizing this feature as a trigger source. For more information on how to set an event, please refer to Application on page 61.

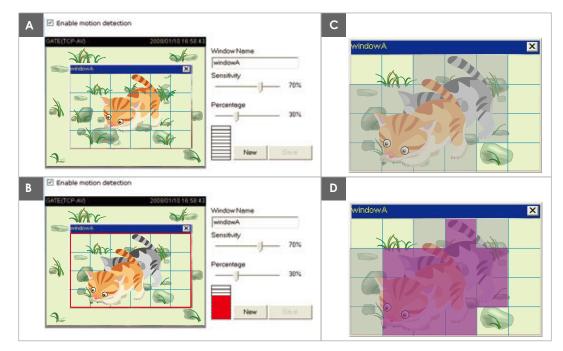
A green bar indicates that even though motions have been detected, the event has not been triggered because the image variations still fall under the defined threshold.



This motion detection window will also be displayed on the Event Settings page. You can go to Application > Event Settings > Trigger to choose it as a trigger source. Please refer to page 63 for detailed information.

# <u>NOTE</u>

► How does motion detection work?



There are two motion detection parameters: Sensitivity and Percentage. In the illustration above, frame A and frame B are two sequential images. Pixel differences between the two frames are detected and highlighted in gray (frame C) and will be compared with the sensitivity setting. Sensitivity is a value that expresses the sensitivity to moving objects. Higher sensitivity settings are expected to detect slight movements while smaller sensitivity settings will neglect them. When the sensitivity is set to 70%, the Network Camera defines the pixels in the purple areas as "alerted pixels" (frame D).

Percentage is a value that expresses the proportion of "alerted pixels" to all pixels in the motion detection window. In this case, 50% of pixels are identified as "alerted pixels". When the percentage is set to 30%, the motions are judged to exceed the defined threshold; therefore, the motion window will be outlined in red.

For applications that require a high level of security management, it is suggested to use higher sensitivity settings and smaller percentage values.

# **Camera Tampering Detection**

This section explains how to set up camera temper detection. With tamper detection, the camera is capable of detecting incidents such as **redirection**, **blocking or defocusing**, or even **spray paint**.

Camera tampering detection					
Enable camera tampering detection					
Trigger duration: 10 seconds [10~600]					
Save					

Please follow the steps below to set up the camera tamper detection function:

- 1. Check Enable camera tampering detection.
- 2. Enter the tamper trigger duration. (10 sec. ~ 10 min.) The tamper alarm will be triggered only when the tampering factor (the difference between current frame and pre-saved background) exceeds the trigger threshold.
- 3. Set up the event source as Camera Tamper Detection on Application page > Event Settings /Server Settings (how to send alarm message) / Media Settings (send what type of alarm message). Please refer to page 63 for detailed information.

# Homepage Layout Advanced Mode

This section explains how to set up your own customized homepage layout.

#### **Preview**

This column shows the settings of your homepage layout. You can manually select the background and font colors in Theme Options (the third column on this page). The settings will be displayed automatically in this Preview field. The following shows the homepage using the default settings:



## Logo

Here you can change the logo at the top of your homepage.

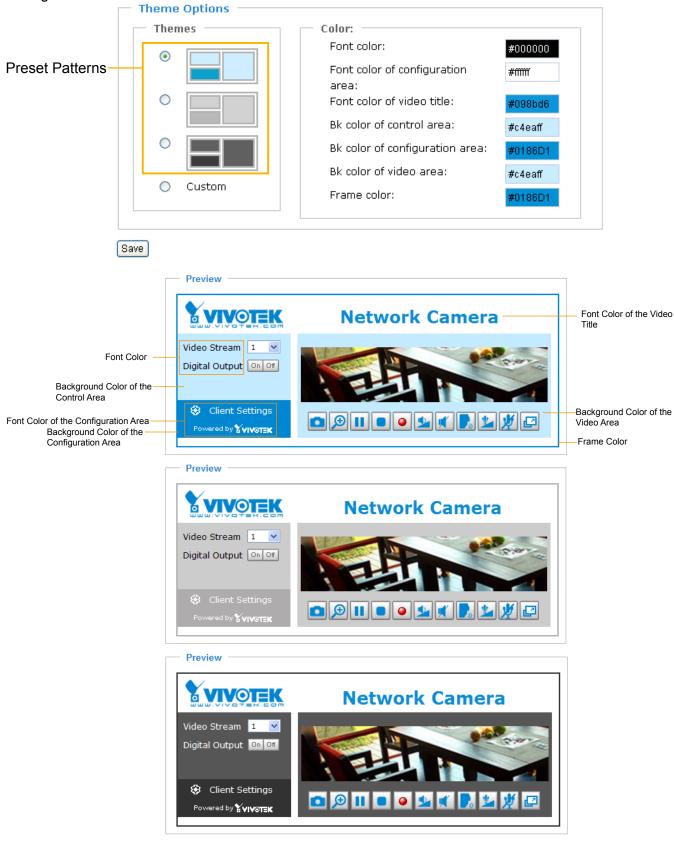
Logo graph	
You can upload a small logo(Gif, JPG or PNG), which will be resized to 160x50 pixels (if it is not already that size) and which will be visible on the main page. Upload a new logo will replace the old custom logo (if there was one uploaded)	5
🔿 Default 💿 Custom	
Browse Browse Upload	
.ogo link: http://www.vivotek.com	

Follow the steps below to upload a new logo:

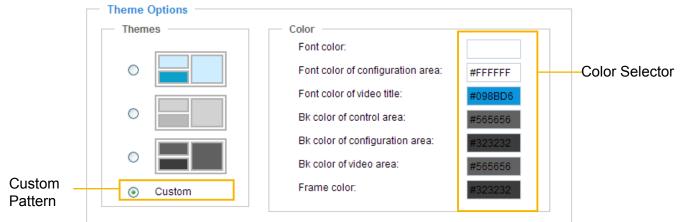
- 1. Click **Custom** and the Browse field will appear.
- 2. Select a logo image file from your local computer.
- 3. Click **Upload** to replace the existing logo with a new one.
- 4. Enter a website link if necessary.
- 5. Click **Save** to enable the settings.

# **Theme Options**

Here you can change the color of your homepage layout. There are three types of preset patterns for you to choose from. The new layout will simultaneously appear in the **Preview** filed. Click **Save** to enable the settings.



- Follow the steps below to set up a customized homepage:
- 1. Click **Custom** on the left column.
- 2. Click the field where you want to change the color on the right column.



3. The palette window will pop up as shown below.

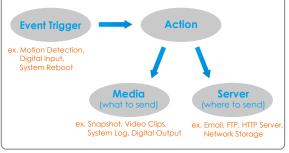
Hex:	#000000		o <b>2</b>	Hex:	#23538A
Red:	0			Red:	35
Green:	0			Green:	83
Blue:	0			Blue:	138
Hue:	0			Hue:	212
Saturation:	0			Saturation:	74.6
Value:	0			Value:	54.1
Se	lect			4 Se	lect

- 4. Drag the slider bar and click on the left square to select a desired color.
- 5. The selected color will be displayed in the corresponding fields and in the **Preview** column.
- 6. Click Save to enable the settings.

# Application Advanced Mode

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to responds to particular situations (event). A typical application is that when a motion is detected, the Network Camera sends buffered images to an FTP server or e-mail address as notifications.

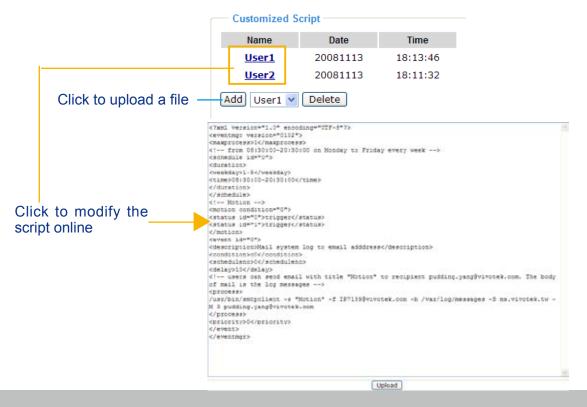
In the illustation on the right, an event can be triggered by many sources, such as motion detection or external digital input devices. When an event is triggered, you can specify what type of action that will be performed. You can configure the Network Camera to send snapshots or videos to your email address or FTP site.



<ul> <li>Event Setting</li> </ul>	js							
Name	Status S	Sun Mon	Tue Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Trigger
Add Help								
- Customized	Script —							
Name	Dat	е	Time					
Add 🔽 Delet	te							

# **Customized Script**

This function allows you to upload a sample script (.xml file) to the webpage, which will save your time on configuring the settings. Please note that there is a limited number of customized scripts you can upload; if the current amount of customized scripts has reached the limit, an alert message will pop up. If you need more information, please ask for VIVOTEK technical support.



### **Event Settings**

In the **Event Settings** column, click **Add** to open the **Event Settings** page. On this page, you can arrange three elements -- Trigger, Schedule, and Action to set an event. A total of 3 event settings can be configured.

Event name:
Enable this event
Priority: Normal 🐱
Detect next event after 10 second(s).
Note: This can only applied to motion detection and digital input
Trigger
O Video motion detection:
O Periodically:
O Digital input
<ul> <li>System boot</li> </ul>
Recording notify
Camera tampering detection:
Event Schedule Sun V Mon V Tue V Wed V Thu V Fri V Sat Time
From 00:00 to 24:00 [hh:mm]
Action Trigger digital output for 1 seconds Add Server Add Media
Server Media Extra parameter
Server media Extra parameter
Save Close

Event name: Enter a name for the event setting.

Enable this event: Select this option to enable the event setting.

<u>Priority</u>: Select the relative importance of this event (High, Normal, or Low). Events with a higher priority setting will be executed first.

<u>Detect next event after resconds</u>: Enter the duration in seconds to pause motion detection after a motion is detected.

An event is an action initiated by a user-defined trigger source; it is the causal arrangement of the following three elements: Trigger, Event Schedule, and Action.

#### Trigger

This is the cause or stimulus which defines when to trigger the Network Camera. The trigger source can be configured to use the Network Camera's built-in motion detection mechanism or external digital input devices.

There are several choices of trigger sources as shown below. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options.

#### Video motion detection

This option makes use of the built-in motion detection mechanism as a trigger source. To enable this function, you need to configure a Motion Detection Window first. For more information, please refer to Motion Detection on page 55 for details.

— Tri	gger
۰ ا	/ideo motion detection:
	Detect motion in window 🔲 1 🔲 2 🔲 3
	Note: Please configure Motion detection first
0	Periodically:
01	Digital input
0	System boot
0	Recording notify
0	Camera tampering detection:

### Periodically

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger periodically for every other defined minute. Up to 999 minutes are allowed.

— Trigger —	
Video motion detection:	
Periodically:	
Trigger every other 1	minutes
O Digital input	
System boot	
Recording notify	
O Camera tampering detection:	

Digital input

This option allows the Network Camera to use an external digital input device or sensor as a trigger source. Depending on your application, there are many choices of digital input devices on the market which helps to detect changes in temperature, vibration, sound, and light, etc.

### System boot

This option triggers the Network Camera when the power to the Network Camera is disconnected.

Recording notify

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger when the recording disk is full or when recording starts to rewrite older data. If you want receive **Recording notify message**, please refer to page 72 for detailed information.

#### Camera tampering detection

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger when the camera detects that is being tampered with. To enable this function, you need to configure the Tampering Detection option first. Please refer to page 57 for detailed information.

 Trigger
O Video motion detection:
O Periodically:
O Digital input
O System boot
Recording notify
<ul> <li>Camera tampering detection:</li> </ul>
Note: Please configure Camera tampering detection first

## Event Schedule

### Specify the period for the event.

[	Event Schedule							
	🗸 Sun 🗸 Mon 🗸 Tue 🗸 Wed 🗸 Thu 🗸 Fri 🖉 Sat							
	Time							
	<ul> <li>Always</li> </ul>							
	C From 00:00 to 24:00 [hh:mm]							

- Select the days of the week.
- Select the recording schedule in 24-hr time format.

#### **Action**

Define the actions to be performed by the Network Camera when a trigger is activated.

Action	
Trigger digital output for 1	seconds
Add Server Add Media	
Server Media	Extra parameter
Save Close	

■ Trigger digital output for □ seconds

Select this option to turn on the external digital output device when a trigger is activated. Specify the length of the trigger interval in the text box.

To set an event with recorded video or snapshots, it is necessary to configure the server and media settings so that the Network Camera will know what action to take (such as which server to send the media files to) when a trigger is activated.

Add Server / Add Media

Click **Add Server** to configure Server Settings. For more information, please refer to Server Settings on page 67.

Click **Add Media** to configure Media Settings. For more information, please refer to Media Settings on page 70.

Here is an example of the Event Settings page:

Event name:	Event1			
Enable the second se	nis event			
Priority: Norr	nal 🗸			
Detect next ev	vent after	10	second(s).	

Note: This can only applied to motion detection and digital input

Trigger						
O Video motion detection						
O Periodically						
<ul> <li>Digital input</li> </ul>						
System boot						
Recording notify						
<ul> <li>Camera tampering detection</li> </ul>						
Event Schedule						
🗸 Sun 🗸 Mon 🗸 Tue 🗸 Wed 🗸 Thu 🖌 Fri 🖌 Sat						
Time						
Always						
C From 00:00 To 24:00 [hh:mm]						
Action						
Trigger digital output for 1 seconds						
Add Server Add Media						
Server Media Extra parameter						
□ FTPNone ▼						
NASNone V Create folders by date time and hour automatically View						
EmailNone 🗸						
HTTPNone V						

Save Close

When completed, click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the Event Settings page. The new event settings / server settings / media settings will appear in the event drop-down list on the Application page.

Here is an example of the Application page with an event setting:

Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Trigger
Event1	<u>ON</u>	V	۷	V	V	V	۷	V	00:00~24:00	di
dd Event1 🗸	Delete	Help								
Server Setting	s									
Name	Туре				Addr	ess/L	ocatio	on		
FTP	ftp				ftp.v	vivotek	com			
NAS	ns			١	\\192.1	168.5.	122\n	as		
Email	email				Ms	s.vivote	ek.tw			
HTTP http http://192.168.5.10/cgi-bin/upload.cgi						5. <b>10/</b> c	gi-bin	d.cgi		
Add FTP 🗸 (	Delete									
Add FTP V	space: {		в							
Add FTP V Media Settings vailable memory Name	s space: { T	уре								
Add FTP V Media Settings vailable memory Name <u>Snapshot</u>	space: { T sna	<b>'ype</b> apshot								
Add FTP V Media Settings vailable memory Name <u>Snapshot</u> <u>Video Clip</u>	space: { T sna vid	' <b>ype</b> apshot eoclip								
Add FTP V Media Settings vailable memory Name Snapshot Video Clip System log	space: { T sna vid syst	<b>ype</b> apshot eoclip temlog								
Add FTP V Media Settings wailable memory Name <u>Snapshot</u> <u>Video Clip</u> <u>System log</u> <u>Recording notify</u>	space: { T sna vid syst	ype apshot eoclip temlog ordms <u>c</u>	3							
Add FTP V Media Settings vailable memory Name <u>Snapshot</u> <u>Video Clip</u> <u>System log</u> Recording notify	space: { T sna vid syst	<b>ype</b> apshot eoclip temlog	3							
Add FTP V Media Settings vailable memory Name <u>Snapshot</u> <u>Video Clip</u> <u>System log</u> Recording notify	space: { T sna vid syst reco	ype apshot eoclip temlog ordms <u>c</u>	3							
Add FTP ( Media Settings wailable memory Name Snapshot Video Clip System log Recording notify Add Snapshot	space: { space: { sna vid syst reco	ype apshot eoclip temlog ordms <u>c</u>	3	Tī	ime					

When the Event Status is <u>ON</u>, once an event is triggered by motion detection, the Network Camera will automatically send snapshots via e-mail.

If you want to stop the event trigger, you can click <u>ON</u> to turn it to <u>OFF</u> status or click **Delete** to remove the event setting.

To remove a server setting from the list, select a server name from the drop-down list and click **Delete**. Note that only when the server setting is not being applied to an event setting can it be deleted.

To remove a media setting from the list, select a media name from the drop-down list and click **Delete**. Note that only when the media setting is not being applied to an event setting can it be deleted.

## **Server Settings**

Click **Add Server** on the Event Settings page to open the Server Setting page. On this page, you can specify where the notification messages are sent when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 server settings can be configured.

Server name: Enter a name for the server setting.

#### Server Type

There are four choices of server types available: Email, FTP, HTTP, and Network storage. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options. You can configure either one or all of them.

Email: Select to send the media files via email when a trigger is activated.

Server name: Email	
Server Type	
💿 Email:	
Sender email address:	Camera@vivotek.com
Recipient email address:	VIVOTEK@vivotek.com
Server address:	Ms.vivotek.tw
User name:	
Password:	
Server port	25
This server requires a s	ecure connection (SSL)
O FTP:	
O HTTP:	
Network storage:	

Test Save Close

- Sender email address: Enter the email address of the sender.
- Recipient email address: Enter the email address of the recipient.
- Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the email server.
- User name: Enter the user name of the email account if necessary.
- Password: Enter the password of the email account if necessary.
- Server port: The defualt mail server port is set to 25. You can also manually set another port.

If your SMTP server requires a secure connection (SSL), check **This server requires a secure** connection (SSL).

To verify if the email settings are correctly configured, click Test. The result will be shown in a pop-up window. If successful, you will also receive an email indicating the result.

🗿 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/almin/testserver.egi 📰 🗖 🔀	🖹 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/admin/testaerver.egi 🔳 🗖 🔀
The email has been sent successfully.	Error in sending email.

Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

<u>FTP</u>: Select to send the media files to an FTP server when a trigger is activated.

Server name:	FTP	
— Server Ty	pe	
O Email:		
● FTP:		
Serve	er address:	ftp://vivotek.com.tw
Serve	er port:	21
User	name:	vivotek
Pass	word:	••••
FTP f	older name:	
V Pa	assive mode	
O HTTP:		
O Network	storage:	

Test Save Close

- Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the FTP server.
- Server port

By default, the FTP server port is set to 21. It can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

- User name: Enter the login name of the FTP account.
- Password: Enter the password of the FTP account.
- Remote folder name

Enter the folder where the media file will be placed. If the folder name entered does not exist, the Network Camera will create it on the FTP server.

Passive mode

Most firewalls do not accept new connections initiated from external requests. If the FTP server supports passive mode, select this option to enable passive mode FTP and allow data transmission to pass through the firewall.

To verify if the FTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as shown below. If successful, you will also receive a test.txt file on the FTP server.

http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/admin/testserver.cgi - ... 
ftp transmission successfully.

🚰 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/admin/testserver.cgi 📃 🗖 🗙
ftp transmission failed.

Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

HTTP: Select to send the media files to an HTTP server when a trigger is activated.

Server name:	HTTP			
Server Ty	/pe			
O Email:				
O FTP:				
• HTTP:				
URL		http://192.168.5.1	0/cgi-bin/upload.cgi	
User	name:			
Pass	sword:			
	storage:			

Test Save Close

- URL: Enter the URL of the HTTP server.
- User name: Enter the user name if necessary.
- Password: Enter the password if necessary.

To verify if the HTTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as below. If successful, you will receive a test.txt file on the HTTP server.

🗿 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/admin/testserver.cgi 🔳 🗖 🔀	🗿 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/admin/testserver.cgi 🔳 🗖
HTTP Transmission successfully. Thanks	HTTP Transmission failed.

Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

<u>Network storage</u>: Select to send the media files to a network storage location when a trigger is activated. Please refer to **Network Storage Setting** on page 74 for details.

Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

When completed, the new server settings will automatically be displayed on the Event Settings page. For example:

:	Server	Media	Extra parameter
E F	FTP	None 💌	
1	NAS	None 🗸	Create folders by date time and hour automatically View
<b></b>	Email	None 🗸	
	HTTP	None 💙	

### **Media Settings**

Click **Add Media** on the Event Settings page to open the Media Settings page. On this page, you can specify the type of media that will be sent when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 media settings can be configured.

Media name: Enter a name for the media setting.

#### Media Type

There are three media types available: Snapshot, Video Clip, and System log. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options. You can configure either or all of them.

<u>Snapshot</u>: Select to send snapshots when a trigger is activated.

Media name:	Snapshot
— Media T	уре
Snaps	hot
Sou	urce: Stream1 🗸
Ser	1 pre-event image(s) [0~7]
Ser	1 post-event image(s) [0~7]
File	e name prefix: Snapshot_
	Add date and time suffix to file name
🔘 Video	Clip
O System	n log
O Record	ding notify message

Save Close

- Source: Select to take snapshots from stream 1 or stream 2.
- Send □ pre-event images

The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide how many images to capture before a trigger is activated. Up to 7 images can be generated.

■ Send □ post-event images

Enter a number to decide how many images to capture after a trigger is activated. Up to 7 images can be generated.

For example, if both the Send pre-event images and Send post-event images are set to 7, a total of 15 images are generated after a trigger is activated.

1 pic. 2 pic. 3 pic.	4 pic. 5 pic.	6 pic. 7 pic.	8 pic. 9 pic.	10 pic. 11 p	ic. 10 pic.	12 pic.	13 pic.	14 pic.	15 pic.
<b>↑</b>									
Trigger Activation									

# File name prefix

Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.

Add date and time suffix to the file name Select this option to append the date/time to the file name. For example:



Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

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Video clip: Select to send video clips when a trigger is activated.

Media name: V	/ideo Clip
— Media Ty	ре
🔘 Snapsh	ot
Video C	lip
Sour	rce: Stream1 🗸
Pre-e	event recording: 0 seconds [0~9]
Maxir	mum duration: 5 seconds [1~10]
Махії	mum file size: 500 Kbytes [50~800]
File r	name prefix: Video Clip_
O System	log
Recordi	ng notify message
Save Close	 ר

- Source: Select to record video clips from stream 1 or stream 2.
- Pre-event recording

The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide the duration of recording before a trigger is activated. Up to 9 seconds can be set.

Maximum duration

Specify the maximum recording duration in seconds. Up to 10 seconds can be set. For example, if pre-event recording is set to five seconds and the maximum duration is set to ten seconds, the Network Camera continues to record for another 4 seconds after a trigger is activated.



- Maximum file size Specify the maximum file size allowed.
- File name prefix

For example:

Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.

_		
	Video_200	80104_100341
	Ť	↑
	File name prefix	Date and time suffix The format is: YYYYMMDD_HHMMSS

Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

<u>System log</u>: Select to send a system log when a trigger is activated. Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page. <u>Recording notify message</u>: Select to send a recording notification message when a trigger is activated. The following is an example of a recording notification message (.txt file), which shows a list of deleted previously-recorded data due to cycle recording.

recording_20081111.log - Notepad	
File Edit Format View Help	
Tue Nov 11 15:04:53 UTC 2008 [recording_i0] {File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/16 Size:317837 KB} was d Tue Nov 11 15:05:00 UTC 2008 [recording_i0] {File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/17 Size:314446 KB} was d Tue Nov 11 15:05:06 UTC 2008 [recording_i0] {File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/18 Size:319385 KB} was d Tue Nov 11 15:05:12 UTC 2008 [recording_i0] {File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/19 Size:3514 KB} was d Tue Nov 11 15:05:18 UTC 2008 [recording_i0] {File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/19 Size:3514 KB} was d Tue Nov 11 15:05:18 UTC 2008 [recording_i0] {File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/20 Size:361501 KB} was d Tue Nov 11 15:05:24 UTC 2008 [recording_i0] {File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/21 Size:359323 KB} was d Tue Nov 11 15:05:30 UTC 2008 [recording_i0] {File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/22 Size:207849 KB} was d Tue Nov 11 15:06:31 UTC 2008 [recording_i0] {File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/23 Size:207849 KB} was d Tue Nov 11 15:06:31 UTC 2008 [recording_i0] {File Name:/mnt/samba/link3/20081110/23 Size:207849 KB} was d	
	>

When completed, click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit this page. The new media settings will appear on the Event Settings page.

You can continue to select a server and media type for the event. Please go back to page 66 for detailed information.

Add Se	rver Add Media	
Serv	er Media	Extra parameter
FTP	None	
NAS	Snapshot Video Clip System log	Create folders by date time and hour automatically View
📃 Ema	Depending a patie	
	None 🗸	

- Create folders by date, time, and hour automatically: If you check this item, the system will generate folders automatically by date.
- View: Click this button to open a file list window. This function is only for **Network Storage**.

If you click **View** button of Network storage, a **file directory window** will pop up for you to view recorded data on Network storage. For detailed illustration, please refer to next page.

The following is an example of a file destination with video clips:



#### Click 20081120 to open the directory:

The format is: HH (24r) Click to open the file list for that hour

< 07 <u>08 09 10 11</u>	<u>12 13 14 1</u>	<u>.5 16 17 &gt;</u>						
file name	size	date	time					
Recording1 58.mp4	2526004	2008/11/20	07 <mark>:</mark> 58:28					
Recording1 59.mp4	2563536	2008/11/20	07: <mark>59:</mark> 28					
Delete Delet	e all B	ack						
Click to delete Click to go back to the previous selected items level of the directory								
	Click to delete all recorded data							
< 07 <u>08 09 10 11</u>	<u>12 13 14 1</u>	<u>15 16 17 ≥</u>						
file name	size	date	time					
Recording1 58,mp4	2526004	2008/11/20	07:58:28					
Recording1 59 mp4	2563536	2008/11/20	07:59:28					
Delete Delet	e all B	ack						

**The format is: File name prefix + Minute (mm)** You can set up the file name prefix on Media Settings page. Please refer to page 70 for detailed information.

## Recording Advanced Mode

This section explains how to configure the recording settings for the Network Camera.

## **Recording Settings**

Reco	ording So	etting	s —								
Note: Be	efore setu	ip reco	ording,	you h	ave to s	setupi	netwo	rk stora	ige first via <u>Serv</u>	<mark>er</mark> page	
Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Source	Destination
Add	Delete	e									

#### <u>NOTE</u>

▶ Before setting up this page, please set up the Network Storage on the Server Settings page first.

#### **Network Storage Setting**

Click <u>Server</u> to open the Server Settings page and follow the steps below:

	ation for your server.	
For example:	>Server Settings 🔗	
	Server name: NAS	
	Email:       FTP:       Network storage path         HTTP:       (\server name or IP address\folder name)	
	Image: Network storage: Network storage location: N192.168.5.122\nas         (For example: Nmy_nas\disk\folder)         Workgroup: vivotek         User name: ritali         Password:	
	Test Save       Close         2       4         User name and password for your server         Image: Save Close         Image: Save Close         User name and password for your server         Image: Save Close         Image: Save Close         User name and password for your server         Image: Save Close         Image: Save Cl	
2. GICK Test to che	eck the setting. The result will be shown in the pop-up window.	

🖄 http://192.168.5.151/cgi-bin/admin/testserver 📃 🗖 🔀	🖄 http://192.168.5.151/cgi-bin/admin/testserver 🔳 🗖 🔀
Mount successfully. Thanks	Mount failed.
🕘 Done 🌒 🔮 Internet	🖉 Done 🔹 🔮 Internet

If successful, you will receive a test.txt file on the network storage server.

🗟 NAS on ritali		
File Edit View Favorites Tools	Help	<b>1</b>
🕒 Back 🔹 🕥 🕤 🏂 🔎 S	Search 🂫 Folders 📰 -	
Address 🞯 \\ritali\NAS		💌 🔁 Go
File and Folder Tasks	test.txt Text Document = 1 KB	
<ul> <li>Move this file</li> <li>Copy this file</li> <li>Publish this file to the Web</li> </ul>	test.txt - Notepad      File Edit Format View Help      ENETTING TABLE Possible of Company Test of Yours To Company	
<ul> <li>E-mail this file</li> <li>Print this file</li> <li>Delete this file</li> </ul>	[NOTIFICATION]The Result of Server Test of Your IP Camera 	
Other Places *	<	<ul><li>✓</li><li>↓</li></ul>

- 3. Enter a server name.
- 4. Click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.

#### **Recording Settings**

Click **Add** to open the recording setting page. On this page, you can define the recording source, recording schedule and recording capacity. A total of 2 recording settings can be configured.

Recording
Recording name: Video
Enable this recording
Priority: Normal 🗸
Source: Stream1 🗸
Recording Schedule
Sun V Mon V Tue V Wed V Thu V Fri V Sat
Time
<ul> <li>Always</li> </ul>
From 00:00 to 24:00 [hh:mm]
Destination NAS 🗸
Capacity:
Entire free space
<ul> <li>Limit recording size in 100</li> <li>Mbytes</li> </ul>
File name prefix: Recording1_
Enable cyclic recording
Reserved amount: 15 Mbytes
Note: To enable recording notification please configure Application first
Save Close
Recording name: Enter a name for the recording setting.

Enable this recording: Select this option to enable video recording.

Priority: Select the relative importance of the recording setting (High, Normal, and Low).

Source: Select the recording source (stream 1 or stream 2).

<u>Recording Schedule</u>: Specify the recording duration.

- Select the days of the week.
- Select the recording start and end times in a 24-hr time format.

Destination: You can select the SD card or network storage to strore the recorded video files.

<u>Capacity</u>: You can choose either the entire free space available or limit the recording size. The recording size limit must be larger than the reserved amount for cyclic recording.

File name prefix: Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.

<u>Enable cyclic recording</u>: If you check this item, when the maximum capacity is reached, the oldest file will be overwritten by the latest one. The reserved amount is reserved for cyclic recording to prevent malfunction. This value must be larger than 15 MBytes.

If you want to enable recording notification, please click <u>Application</u> to set up. Please refer to **Trigger > Recording notify** on page 64 for detailed information.

When completed, select **Enable this recording**. Click **Save** to enable the setting and click **Close** to exit this page. When the system begins recording, it will send the recorded files to the Network Storage. The new recording name will appear in the drop-down list on the recording page as shown below.

To remove a recording setting from the list, select a recording name from the drop-down list and click **Delete**.

Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Source	Destination
Video	ON	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	00:00~24:00	stream1	NAS

- Click <u>Video</u> (Name): Opens the Recording Settings page to modify.
- Click <u>ON</u> (Status): The Status will become <u>OFF</u> and stop recording.
- Click <u>NAS</u> (Destination): Opens the file list of recordings as shown below. For more information about folder naming rules, please refer to page 73 for details.

<u>     20081120     20081120     </u>
☐ ● 20081121
☐ <u>● 20081122</u>
Delete Delete all

## System Log Advanced Mode

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to send the system log to the remote server as backup.

#### **Remote Log**

Remote Log		
Enable remote log		
Log server settings		
IP address:		
port:	514	

#### Save

You can configure the Network Camera to send the system log file to a remote server as a log backup. Before utilizing this feature, it is suggested that the user install a log-recording tool to receive system log messages from the Network Camera. An example is Kiwi Syslog Daemon. Visit http://www.kiwisyslog. com/kiwi-syslog-daemon-overview/.

Eile Yiew E	elp							
ð 🖪	🚳 🛛	isplay 00 (Del	iault) 💌					
Date	Time	Priority	Hostname	Message				2
01-12-2008	15:21:32	User.Info	192.168.5.121	<b>INTSP SE</b>	RVER]: Stop one sessi	on, IP=192.168.5.122		1
01-12-2008	15:21:31	User.Info	192.168.5.121	[RTSP SE	RVER): Start one sess	ion, IP=192.168.5.122		
01-12-2008	15:20:47	Syslog.Info	192.168.5.121	syslogd 1.	4.1: restart.			
								1
				100%	3 MPH	15:34	01-12-2008	

Follow the steps below to set up the remote log:

- 1. In the IP address text box, enter the IP address of the remote server.
- 2. In the port text box, enter the port number of the remote server.
- 3. When completed, select **Enable remote log** and click **Save** to enable the setting.

#### **Current Log**

#### Current Log

•		
Apr 23 16:12:35 syslogd 1.5.0: restart.	^	
Apr 23 16:12:36 [swatchdog][199]: Ready to watch httpd.		
Apr 23 16:12:37 [EVENT MGR]: Starting eventmgr with support for EcTun		
Apr 23 16:12:38 [DRM Service]: Starting DRM service.		
Apr 23 16:12:38 [EVENT MGR]: Task conf file: there is no valid event in recording_task.xml, skip it		
Apr 23 16:12:38 [EVENT MGR]: Task conf file: there is no valid event in event_task.xml, skip it		
Apr 23 16:12:40 [VENC]: MT9V111 version 2.6.1.8		
Apr 23 16:12:41 [swatchdog][199]: Ready to watch vencslave1.		
Apr 23 16:12:41 [swatchdog][199]: Ready to watch vencslave2.		
Apr 23 16:12:41 [VENC]: Failed to set auto iris control		
Apr 23 16:12:41 [RTSP SERVER]: XMLSParser: open failed <sup>A</sup> M	_	
Apr 23 16:12:42 [SYS]: Serial number = 0002d1713002		
Apr 23 16:12:42 [SYS]: System starts at Thu Apr 23 16:12:42 UTC 2009		
Apr 23 16:12:42 [NET]: === NET INFO ===		
Apr 23 16:12:42 [NET]: Host IP = 172.16.2.143		
Apr 23 16:12:42 [NET]: Subnet Mask = 255.255.0.0		
Apr 23 16:12:42 [NET]: Gateway = 172.16.0.1		

This column displays the system log in chronological order. The system log is stored in the Network Camera's buffer area and will be overwritten when reaching the maximum limit.

## View Parameters Advanced Mode

The View Parameters page lists the entire system's parameters in alphabetical order. If you need technical assistance, please provide the information listed on this page.

```
Parameter List
                                                                   ~
system hostname='Network Camera'
system ledoff='0'
system lowlight='1'
system date='2009/04/23'
system time='16:34:48'
system_datetime=''
system ntp=''
system_timezoneindex='320'
system_daylight_enable='0'
system daylight dstactualmode='1'
system_daylight_auto_begintime='NONE'
system_daylight_auto_endtime='NONE'
system_daylight_timezones=',-360,-320,-280,-240,-241,-200,-201,-1
system updateinterval='0'
system info modelname='IP7130'
system_info_extendedmodelname='IP7130'
system info serialnumber='0002D1713002'
system_info_firmwareversion='IP7130-VVTK-0100a'
system_info_language_count='9'
system_info_language_i0='English'
system_info_language_i1='Deutsch'
system info language i2='Español'
system_info_language_i3='Français'
system_info_language_i4='Italiano'
system_info_language_i5='日本語'
system info language i6='Português'
system_info_language_i7='简体中文'
system_info_language_i8='繁體中文'
system_info_language_i9=''
system info language i10=''
system_info_language_i11=''
system_info_language_i12=''
system info language i13=''
system info language i14=''
system_info_language_i15=''
system_info_language_i16=''
<
                                                                 >
```

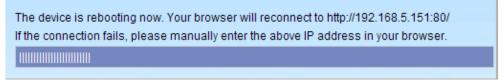
## Maintenance

This chapter explains how to restore the Network Camera to factory default, upgrade firmware version, etc.

#### Reboot

Reboot	 		
Reboot the device			
Reboot			

This feature allows you to reboot the Network Camera, which takes about one minute to complete. When completed, the live video page will be displayed in your browser. The following message will be displayed during the reboot process.



If the connection fails after rebooting, manually enter the IP address of the Network Camera in the address field to resume the connection.

#### Restore

Restore all settings	s to factory default except se	ttings in
🗌 Network Type 📄 Daylight Saving Time 📄 Custom language		Custom language

Restore

This feature allows you to restore the Network Camera to factory default settings.

<u>Network Type</u>: Select this option to retain the Network Type settings (please refer to Network Type on page 32).

<u>Daylight Saving Time</u>: Select this option to retain the Daylight Saving Time settings (please refer to System on page 24).

Custom Language: Select this option to retain the Custom Language settings.

If none of the options are selected, all settings will be restored to factory default.

The following message is displayed during the restoring process.

The device is rebooting now. Your browser will reconnect to http://192.168.5.151:80/ If the connection fails, please manually enter the above IP address in your browser.

## Export / Upload Files Advanced Mode

This feature allows you to Export / Upload daylight saving time rules, custom language files, and setting backup files.

	Export daylight saving time configuration file	Export
	Export language file	Export
	Export setting backup file	Export
[	— Upload files —————	
	Update daylight saving time rules	Browse Upload
	Update custom language file	Browse Upload
	Upload setting backup file	Browse Upload

Export daylight saving time configuration file: Click to set the start and end time of DST.

Follow the steps below to export:

- 1. In the Export files column, click **Export** to export the daylight saving time configuration file from the Network Camera.
- 2. A file download dialog will pop up as shown below. Click **Open** to review the XML file or click **Save** to store the file for editing.



3. Open the file with Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Notepad and locate your time zone; set the start and end time of DST. When completed, save the file.

In the example below, DST begins each year at 2:00 a.m. on the second Sunday in March and ends at 2:00 a.m. on the first Sunday in November.

D	config_dst - Notepad	
Fik	e Edit Format View Help	
	<day></day> <weekinmonth>First</weekinmonth> <dayofweek>Sunday</dayofweek> <hour>2</hour> 	-
	 <finezone id="-240" name="(GMT-06:00) Central Time (US and Canada)"> <finezone id="-240" name="(GMT-06:00) Mexico City">                               <td></td></finezone></finezone></finezone></finezone></finezone>	
<		>

Upload daylight saving time rule: Click Browse... and specify the XML file to upload.

If the incorrect date and time are assigned, you will see the following warning message when uploading the file to the Network Camera.

File Edit Format View Help <days< days<br=""><pre>cweekinMonth&gt;First <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>cweekinMonth&gt; <pre>c</pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></days<>	Invalid «Month» value in TimeZone id: -240
<pre></pre>	Invalid «Month» value in TimeZone id: -240
<pre><ifinezone id="-240" name="(GMT-06:00) Central Time (us and Canada)"></ifinezone></pre>	
<pre></pre>	~

The following message is displayed when attempting to upload an incorrect file format.

Microso	ft Internet Explorer 🛛 🛛 🔀
⚠	The file must have a .xml filename suffix.
	ОК

<u>Export language file</u>: Click to export language strings. VIVOTEK provides nine languages: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 簡体中文, and 繁體中文.

Upload custom language file: Click **Browse...** and specify your own custom language file to upload.

Export setting backup file: Click to export all parameters for the device and user-defined scripts.

<u>Upload setting backup file</u>: Click **Browse...** to upload a setting backup file. Please note that the model and firmware version of the device should be the same as the setting backup file. If you have set up a fixed IP or other special settings for your device, it is not suggested to upload a settings backup file.

# Upgrade Firmware

Select firmware file	Browse	

Upgrade

This feature allows you to upgrade the firmware of your Network Camera. It takes a few minutes to complete the process.

Note: Do not power off the Network Camera during the upgrade!

Follow the steps below to upgrade the firmware:

- 1. Download the latest firmware file from the VIVOTEK website. The file is in .pkg file format.
- 2. Click **Browse...** and specify the firmware file.
- 3. Click **Upgrade**. The Network Camera starts to upgrade and will reboot automatically when the upgrade completes.

If the upgrade is successful, you will see "Reboot system now!! This connection will close". After that, reaccess the Network Camera.

#### The following message is displayed when the upgrade has succeeded.

<b>VIVOTEK</b>		Configuration
WWW.VIVOTER.Com	>Maintenance	Conliguration
Home	Starting firmware upgrade	
System	Do not power down the server during the upgrade. The server will restart automatically after the upgrade is completed. It will take about 1 - 5 minutes.	
Security	Firmware version : IP7130 - VVTK - 0100b Support script version : 0101a	
Network	System image size = 7668392	
DDNS	Unpack success Stopping applications (about 10 seconds) Reboot system now !!	
Audio and video	This connection will close	
Motion detection		
Camera tampering detection		
Maintenance		
[ Advanced mode ]		
Version: 0100b		

The following message is displayed when you have selected an incorrect firmware file.

Starting firmware upgrade... Do not power down the server during the upgrade. The server will restart automatically after the upgrade is completed. This will take about 1 - 5 minutes. Wrong PKG file format Unpack fail

## Appendix URL Commands for the Network Camera

#### **Overview**

For some customers who already have their own web site or web control application, the Network Camera/Video Server can be easily integrated through URL syntax. This section specifies the external HTTP-based application programming interface. The HTTP-based camera interface provides the functionality to request a single image, control camera functions (PTZ, output relay etc.), and get and set internal parameter values. The image and CGI-requests are handled by the built-in Web server.

#### **Style Convention**

In URL syntax and in descriptions of CGI parameters, text within angle brackets denotes content that is to be replaced with either a value or a string. When replacing the text string, the angle brackets should also be replaced. An example of this is the description of the name for the server, denoted with <servername> in the URL syntax description below, that is replaced with the string myserver in the URL syntax example further down in the page.

URL syntax is denoted with the word "Syntax:" written in bold face followed by a box with the referenced syntax as shown below. For example, name of the server is written as <servername> and is intended to be replaced with the name of the actual server. This can either be a name, e.g., "mywebcam" or "thecam. adomain.net" or the associated IP number for the server, e.g., 192.168.0.220.

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

Description of returned data is written with "**Return:**" in bold face followed by the returned data in a box. All data is returned in HTTP format, i.e., each line is separated with a Carriage Return and Line Feed (CRLF) printed as \r\n.

Return:

#### HTTP/1.0 <HTTP code> <HTTP text>\r\n

URL syntax examples are written with "**Example:**" in bold face followed by a short description and a light grey box with the example.

Example: request a single snapshot image

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

## **Overview**

For some customers who already have their own web site or web control application, a Network Camera/Video server can be easily integrated through URLs. This document provides the supersets of URL commands V2 for VIVOTEK 7000 series products.

This section specifies the external HTTP-based application programming interface. The HTTP-based camera interface provides the functionality to request a single image, to control camera functions (PTZ, output relay etc.), and to get and set internal parameter values. The image and CGI-requests are handled by the built-in Web server.

## **Style Convention**

In URL syntax and in descriptions of CGI parameters, a text within angle brackets denotes a content that is to be replaced with either a value or a string. When replacing the text string, the angle brackets shall also be replaced. An example of this is the description of the name for the server, denoted with <servername> in the URL syntax description below, which is replaced with the string myserver in the URL syntax example, also below.

URL syntax is written with the word "**Syntax:**" written in bold face followed by a box with the reference syntax as seen below. The name of the server is written as <servername>. This is intended to be replaced with the name of the actual server. This can either be a name, e.g., "mywebcam" or "thecam.adomain.net" or the associated IP number for the server, e.g., 192.168.0.220. Special notes will be marked in RED.

#### Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

Description of returned data is written with "**Return:**" in bold face followed by the returned data shown in a box. All data is returned as HTTP formatted, i.e., starting with the string HTTP and line separated with a Carriage Return and Line Feed (CRLF) printed as \r\n.

#### Return:

#### HTTP/1.0 <HTTP code> <HTTP text>\r\n

URL syntax examples are written with "**Example:**" in bold face followed by a short description and a light grey box with the example.

#### Example: Request a single snapshot image

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

## **General CGI URL Syntax and Parameters**

CGI parameters are written in lower-case and as one word without any underscores or other separators. When the CGI request includes internal camera parameters, these parameters must be written exactly as they are named in the camera or video server. The CGIs are organized in functionally-related directories under the cgi-bin directory. The file extension .cgi is required.

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/<*subdir*>[/<*subdir*>...]/<*cgi*>.<*ext*> [?<parameter>=<value>[&<parameter>=<value>...]]

Example: Set digital output #1 to active

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=1

## **Security Level**

SECURITY LEVEL	SUB-DIRECTORY	DESCRIPTION
0	anonymous	Unprotected.
1 [view]	anonymous, viewer,	1. Can view, listen, talk to camera.
	dido, camctrl	2. Can control DI/DO, PTZ of the camera.
4 [operator]	anonymous, viewer,	Operator access rights can modify most of the camera's
	dido, camctrl, operator	parameters except some privileges and network options.
6 [admin]	anonymous, viewer,	Administrator access rights can fully control the camera's
	dido, camctrl, operator,	operations.
	admin	
7	N/A	Internal parameters. Unable to be changed by any external
		interfaces.

## **Get Server Parameter Values**

**Note:** The access right depends on the URL directory. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/anonymous/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>] [&<parameter>...]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>]

[&<parameter>...]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/operator/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>] [&<parameter>...]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?[<parameter>]
[&<parameter>...]

Where the *<parameter>* should be *<group>*[\_*<name>*] or *<group>*[.*<name>*]. If you do not specify any parameters, all the parameters on the server will be returned. If you specify only *<group>*, the parameters of the related group will be returned.

When querying parameter values, the current parameter values are returned.

A successful control request returns parameter pairs as follows:

Return:
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/html\r\n
Context-Length: <length>\r\n</length>
\r\n
<pre><parameter pair=""></parameter></pre>
where <parameter pair=""> is</parameter>
<parameter>=<value>\r\n</value></parameter>
[ <parameter pair="">]</parameter>
<length> is the actual length of content.</length>
Example: Request IP address and its response
Request:
http://192.168.0.123/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?network_ipaddress
Response:
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/html\r\n

Context-Length: 33\r\n

\r\n

network.ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

## **Set Server Parameter Values**

Note: The access right depends on the URL directory.

#### Method: GET/POST

#### Syntax:

http://< <i>servername</i> >/cgi-bin/anonymous/setparam.cgi? < <i>parameter</i> >=< <i>value</i> >
[& <parameter>=<value>][&amp;update=<value>][&amp;return=<return page="">]</return></value></value></parameter>
http://< <i>servername</i> >/cgi-bin/viewer/setparam.cgi? < <i>parameter</i> >= <value></value>
[& <parameter>=<value>][&amp;update=<value>] [&amp;return=<return page="">]</return></value></value></parameter>
http://< <i>servername</i> >/cgi-bin/operator/setparam.cgi? <parameter>=<value></value></parameter>
[& <parameter>=<value>][&amp;update=<value>] [&amp;return=<return page="">]</return></value></value></parameter>
http://< <i>servername</i> >/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi? < <i>parameter</i> >= <value></value>
[& <parameter>=<value>][&amp;update=<value>] [&amp;return=<return page="">]</return></value></value></parameter>

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
<group>_<name></name></group>	value to assigned	Assign < <i>value</i> > to the parameter < <i>group</i> >_< <i>name</i> >.
update	<boolean></boolean>	Set to 1 to update all fields (no need to update parameter in
		each group).
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < return page > after the parameter is
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative
		path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it
		will redirect to an empty page.
		(Note: The return page can be a general HTML file (.htm, .html)
		or a VIVOTEK server script executable (.vspx) file. It cannot be
		a CGI command or have any extra parameters. This parameter
		must be placed at the end of the parameter list

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: <length>\r\n \r\n <*parameter pair>* where <parameter pair> is <parameter>=<value>\r\n

[<parameter pair>]

Only the parameters that you set and are readable will be returned.

#### **Example:** Set the IP address of server to 192.168.0.123:

Request:

http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi?network ipaddress=192.168.0.123

Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: 33\r\n \r\n network.ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

## Available parameters on the server

Valid values:

VALID VALUES	DESCRIPTION	
string[ <n>]</n>	Text strings shorter than 'n' characters. The characters ",', <,>,& are invalid.	
password[ <n>]</n>	The same as string but displays `*' instead.	
integer	Any number between $(-2^{31} - 1)$ and $(2^{31} - 1)$ .	
positive integer	Any number between 0 and $(2^{32} - 1)$ .	
<m> ~ <n></n></m>	Any number between `m' and `n'.	
domain name[ <n>]</n>	A string limited to a domain name shorter than 'n' characters (eg. www.ibm.com).	
email address [ <n>]</n>		
ip address	A string limited to an IP address (eg. 192.168.1.1).	
mac address	A string limited to contain a MAC address without hyphens or colons.	
boolean	A boolean value of 1 or 0 represents [Yes or No], [True or False], [Enable or Disable].	
<value1>,</value1>	Enumeration. Only given values are valid.	
<value2>,</value2>		
<value3>,</value3>		
blank	A blank string.	
everything inside <> A description		
positive Integer Any number between 0 and (2 <sup>32</sup> – 1)		
integer primary key	SQLite data type. A 32-bit signed integer. The value is assigned a unique integer by the server.	
text	SQLite data type. The value is a text string, stored using the database encoding (UTF-8, UTF-16BE or UTF-16-LE).	

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#### NOTE: The camera should not be restarted when parameters are changed.

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
hostname	string[40]	1/6	Host name of server
			(Network Camera,
			Wireless Network Camera,
			Video Server,
			Wireless Video Server).
ledoff	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Turn on (0) or turn off (1) all led
			indicators.
date	<yyyy dd="" mm="">,</yyyy>	6/6	Current date of system. Set to 'keep'
	keep,		to keep date unchanged. Set to 'auto'
	auto		to use NTP to synchronize date.
time	<hh:mm:ss>,</hh:mm:ss>	6/6	Current time of the system. Set to
	keep,		'keep' to keep time unchanged. Set to
	auto		`auto' to use NTP to synchronize time.
datetime	<mmddhhmmyyyy.ss></mmddhhmmyyyy.ss>	6/6	Another current time format of the
			system.
ntp	<domain name="">,</domain>	6/6	NTP server.
	<ip address="">,</ip>		*Do not use "skip to invoke default
	<blank></blank>		server" for default value.
timezoneindex	-489 ~ 529	6/6	Indicate timezone and area.
			-480: GMT-12:00 Eniwetok,
			Kwajalein
			-440: GMT-11:00 Midway Island,
			Samoa
			-400: GMT-10:00 Hawaii
			-360: GMT-09:00 Alaska
			-320: GMT-08:00 Las Vegas,
			San_Francisco, Vancouver
			-280: GMT-07:00 Mountain Time,
			Denver
			-281: GMT-07:00 Arizona
			-240: GMT-06:00 Central America,
			Central Time, Mexico City,
			Saskatchewan
			-200: GMT-05:00 Eastern Time, New
			York, Toronto

#### Group: system

-201: GMT-05:00 Bogota, Lima,
Quito, Indiana
-160: GMT-04:00 Atlantic Time,
Canada, Caracas, La Paz, Santiago
-140: GMT-03:30 Newfoundland
-120: GMT-03:00 Brasilia, Buenos
Aires, Georgetown, Greenland
-80: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic
-40: GMT-01:00 Azores,
Cape_Verde_IS.
0: GMT Casablanca, Greenwich Mean
Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon,
London
40: GMT 01:00 Amsterdam, Berlin,
Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Madrid,
Paris
41: GMT 01:00 Warsaw, Budapest,
Bern
80: GMT 02:00 Athens, Helsinki,
Istanbul, Riga
81: GMT 02:00 Cairo
82: GMT 02:00 Lebanon, Minsk
83: GMT 02:00 Israel
120: GMT 03:00 Baghdad, Kuwait,
Riyadh, Moscow, St. Petersburg,
Nairobi
121: GMT 03:00 Iraq
140: GMT 03:30 Tehran
160: GMT 04:00 Abu Dhabi, Muscat,
Baku, Tbilisi, Yerevan
180: GMT 04:30 Kabul
200: GMT 05:00 Ekaterinburg,
Islamabad, Karachi, Tashkent
220: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai,
Mumbai, New Delhi
230: GMT 05:45 Kathmandu
240: GMT 06:00 Almaty, Novosibirsk,
Astana, Dhaka, Sri Jayawardenepura
260: GMT 06:30 Rangoon
280: GMT 07:00 Bangkok, Hanoi,

Image: Section of the section of th				
Hong Kong, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore, Taipei 360: GMT 09:00 Osaka, Sapporo, Tokyo, Seoul, Yakutsk 380: GMT 09:30 Adelaide, Darwin 400: GMT 10:00 Brisbane, Canberra, Melbourne, Sydney, Guam, Vladivostok 440: GMT 11:00 Magadan, Solomon Is., New Caledonia 480: GMT 12:00 Aucklan, Wellington, Fiji, Kamchatka, Marshall Is. 520: GMT 13:00 Nuku/Alofaformertimezoneindex-489 ~ 5296/6Record the last time zone for time jump when changing time zones.daylight_enable <bolean>6/6Enable automatic daylight saving start time. (product dependent)daylight_auto_begintime daylight_manual_offsetstring[19]6/7Display the current daylight saving start time. (product dependent)daylight_manual_endtime updateintervalstring[19]6/6Manually set daylight saving time doffset.daylight_manual_endtime setupstring[19]6/6Manually set daylight saving time daylight saving time.daylight_manual_endtime setupstring[19]6/6Manually set daylight saving time daylight saving time daylight_manual_endtimedaylight_manual_endtime setupstring[19]6/6Manually set daylight saving time adjustmet, otherwise, it indicates the seconds between NTP automatic update intervals. 259200Coleantoenableir<bolean>6/6Chaple It control</bolean></bolean>				Jakarta, Krasnoyarsk
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3600,adjustment, otherwise, it indicates86400,the seconds between NTP automatic604800,update intervals.2592000-enableir <boolean>6/6Enable IR control</boolean>	updateinterval	0,	6/6	0 to Disable automatic time
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2592000     Analysis       enableir <boolean>       6/6     Enable IR control</boolean>				
enableir <boolean>     6/6     Enable IR control</boolean>				
	enableir		6/6	Enable IR control
				(capability.nir>0)

			(product dependent).
restore	0,	7/6	Restore the system parameters to
	<positive integer=""></positive>		default values after <value> seconds.</value>
reset	0,	7/6	Restart the server after <value></value>
	<positive integer=""></positive>		seconds if <value> is non-negative.</value>
restoreexceptnet	<any value=""></any>	7/6	Restore the system parameters to
			default values except (ipaddress,
			subnet, router, dns1, dns2, pppoe).
			This command can cooperate with
			other "restoreexceptXYZ" commands.
			When cooperating with others, the
			system parameters will be restored to
			the default value except for a union of
			the combined results.
restoreexceptdst	<any value=""></any>	7/6	Restore the system parameters to
			default values except all daylight
			saving time settings.
			This command can cooperate with
			other "restoreexceptXYZ" commands.
			When cooperating with others, the
			system parameters will be restored to
			default values except for a union of
			combined results.
restoreexceptlang	<any value=""></any>	7/6	Restore the system parameters to
			default values except the custom
			language file the user has uploaded.
			This command can cooperate with
			other "restoreexceptXYZ" commands.
			When cooperating with others, the
			system parameters will be restored to
			the default value except for a union of
			the combined results.

#### SubGroup of **system**: **info** (The fields in this group are unchangeable.)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
modelname	string[40]	0/7	Internal model name of the server (eg. IP7139)
extendedmodelname	string[40]	0/7	ODM specific model name of server (eg.
			DCS-5610). If it is not an ODM model, this field
			will be equal to "modelname"

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serialnumber	<mac< th=""><th>0/7</th><th>12 characters MAC address (without hyphens).</th></mac<>	0/7	12 characters MAC address (without hyphens).
Senandinber		0/ /	12 characters mac address (without hyphens).
	address>		
firmwareversion	string[40]	0/7	Firmware version, including model, company,
			and version number in the format:
			<model-brand-version></model-brand-version>
fwversion	string[40]	0/7	ODM-specific firmware version (eg. 210l for
			IP7133-SECN). If there is no specific value, this
			field should not be added.
supportscriptversion	string[40]	0/7	The version of the supported script language.
scriptversion	string[40]	0/7	Current script language version.
webpageversion	string[40]	0/7	Current webpage version.
language_count	<integer></integer>	0/7	Number of webpage languages available on the
			server.
language_i<0~(count-1)>	string[16]	0/7	Available language lists.
customlanguage_maxcount	<integer></integer>	0/7	Maximum number of custom languages
			supported on the server.
customlanguage_count	<integer></integer>	0/7	Number of custom languages which have been
			uploaded to the server.
customlanguage_i<0~(max	string	0/7	Custom language name.
count-1)>			

#### Group: status

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
videoactualmodulation	ntsc,	4/7	The actual modulation type
	pal		(videoin.type=0).
di_i<0~(ndi-1)>	<boolean></boolean>	1/7	0 => Inactive, normal
			1 => Active, triggered
do_i<0~ndi-1)>	<boolean></boolean>	1/7	0 => Inactive, normal
			1 => Active, triggered
onlinenum_rtsp	integer	6/7	Current number of RTSP connections.
onlinenum_sip	integer	6/7	Current number of SIP connections.
onlinenum_httppush	integer	6/7	Current number of HTTP push server connections.
eth_i0	<string></string>	1/99	Get network information from mii-tool.

### Group: di\_i<0~(ndi-1)> (capability.ndi > 0)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
normalstate	high,	1/1	Indicates open circuit or closed circuit

	low	(inactive status)
	10 W	(Inactive status)

#### Group: **do\_i<0~(ndo-1)> (**capability.ndo > 0)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
normalstate	open,	1/1	Indicate open circuit or closed circuit
	grounded		(inactive status)

#### Group: viewmode

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
busymode	<boolean></boolean>	1/1	Enable snapshot mode to allow more users to view
			video.
refreshinterval	1~99	1/1	The interval for busy mode video refresh in seconds.
defaultsource	0~(n-1),	1/1	Default channel of video source
	quad		(capability.nvideoin>0)

#### Group: **security**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
privilege_do	view, operator,	6/6	Indicate which privileges and above can control
	admin		digital output
user_i0_name	string[64]	6/7	User name of root
user_i<1~20>_name	string[64]	6/7	User name
user_i0_pass	password[64]	6/6	Root password
user_i<1~20>_pass	password[64]	7/6	User password
user_i0_privilege	viewer,	6/7	Root privilege
	operator,		
	admin		
user_i<1~20>_	viewer,	6/6	User privilege
privilege	operator,		
	admin		

#### Group: network

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
type	lan,	6/6	Network connection type.
	рррое		
preprocess	0~15	6/6	Stop related process before setting port value.

resetip	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	1 => Get ipaddress, subnet, router, dns1, dns2 from DHCP	
			server at next reboot.	
			0 => Use preset ipaddress, subnet, rounter, dns1, and dns2.	
ipaddress	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	IP address of server.	
subnet	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Subnet mask.	
router	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Default gateway.	
dns1	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Primary DNS server.	
dns2	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Secondary DNS server.	
wins1	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Primary WINS server.	
wins2	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Secondary WINS server.	

#### Subgroup of **network**: **ipv6**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable IPv6.
addonipaddress	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	IPv6 IP address.
addonprefixlen	0~128	6/6	IPv6 prefix length.
addonrouter	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	IPv6 router address.
addondns	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	IPv6 DNS address.
allowoptional	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Allow manually setup of IP address setting.

#### Subgroup of **network**: **ftp**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
port	21, 1025~65535	6/6	Local ftp server port.

#### Subgroup of **network**: http

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
port	80, 1025 ~ 65535	6/6	HTTP port.
alternateport	1025~65535	6/6	Alternate HTTP port.
authmode	basic, digest	1/6	HTTP authentication mode.
s0_accessname	string[32]	1/6	HTTP server push access name for stream 1.
			(capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg =1 and
			video.stream.count>0)
s1_accessname	string[32]	1/6	HTTP server push access name for stream 2.
			(capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg =1 and
			video.stream.count>1)
anonymousviewing	<boolean></boolean>	1/6	Enable anoymous streaming viewing.

#### Subgroup of **network**: https

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
port	443, 1025 ~ 65535	6/6	HTTPS port.

#### Subgroup of **network**: **rtsp**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
port	554, 1025 ~	1/6	RTSP port.
	65535		(capability.protocol.rtsp=1)
anonymousviewing	<boolean></boolean>	1/6	Enable anoymous streaming viewing.
authmode	disable,	1/6	RTSP authentication mode.
	basic,		(capability.protocol.rtsp=1)
	digest		
s0_accessname	string[3b;42]	1/6	RTSP access name for stream1.
			(capability.protocol.rtsp=1 and video.stream.count>0)
s1_accessname	string[32]	1/6	RTSP access name for stream2.
			(capability.protocol.rtsp=1 and video.stream.count>1)
s0_audiotrack	<integer></integer>	6/6	The current audio track for stream1.
			-1 => audio mute
s1_audiotrack	<integer></integer>	6/6	The current audio track for stream2.
			-1 => audio mute

#### Subgroup of rtsp\_s<0~(n-1)>: multicast, n is stream count (capability.protocol.rtp.multicast=1)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
alwaysmulticast	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable always multicast.
ipaddress	<ip address=""></ip>	4/4	Multicast IP address.
videoport	1025 ~ 65535	4/4	Multicast video port.
audioport	1025 ~ 65535	4/4	Multicast audio port.
ttl	1 ~ 255	4/4	Mutlicast time to live value.

#### Subgroup of $\ensuremath{\textit{network}}\xspace$ : $\ensuremath{\textit{sip}}\xspace$

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
port	554, 1025 ~	6/6	SIP port.
	65535		(capability.protocol.sip=1)

Subgroup of network: rtp			
NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
videoport	1025 ~ 65535	6/6	Video channel port for RTP.
			(capability.protocol.rtp_unicast=1)
audioport	1025 ~ 65535	6/6	Audio channel port for RTP.
			(capability.protocol.rtp_unicast=1)

#### Subgroup of **network**: **pppoe**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
user	string[128]	6/6	PPPoE account user name.
pass	password[64]	6/6	PPPoE account password.

#### Group: ipfilter

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable access list filtering.
admin_enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable administrator IP address.
admin_ip	String[44]	6/6	Administrator IP address.
maxconnection	1~10	6/6	Maximum number of concurrent streaming
			connection(s).
allow_i<0~9>_start	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Allowed starting IPv4 address for connection.
	255.255.255.255		
allow_i<0~9>_end	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Allowed ending IPv4 address for connection.
	255.255.255.255		
deny_i<0~9>_start	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Denied starting IPv4 address for connection.
	255.255.255.255		
deny_i<0~9>_end	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Denied ending IPv4 address for connection.
	255.255.255.255		
ipv6_allow_i<0~9>	String[44]	6/6	Allowed IPv6 address for connection.
ipv6_deny_i<0~9>	String[44]	6/6	Denied IPv6 address for connection.

#### Group: videoin

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
cmosfreq	50, 60	4/4	CMOS frequency.
			(videoin.type=2)
			(product dependent)

whitebalance	<product< th=""><th>4/4</th><th>Auto, auto white balance:</th></product<>	4/4	Auto, auto white balance:
	dependent>		Manual
			Indoor, 3200K
			Fluorescent, 5500K
			Outdoor, > 5500K
atwbvalue	0 ~ 65535	4/4	Auto white balance value.

### Group: videoin\_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel products, m is stream number

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
color	0, 1	4/4	0 =>monochrome
			1 => color
flip	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Flip the image.
mirror	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Mirror the image.
ptzstatus	<integer></integer>	1/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit can be set
			separately as follows:
			Bit 0 => Support camera control
			function; 0(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 1 => Built-in or external
			camera; 0 (external), 1(built-in)
			Bit 2 => Support <b>pan</b> operation;
			0(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 3 => Support <b>tilt</b> operation; 0(not
			support), 1(support)
			Bit 4 => Support <b>zoom</b> operation;
			0(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 5 => Support <b>focus</b> operation;
			0(not support), 1(support)
text	string[16]	1/4	Enclose caption.
imprinttimestamp	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Overlay time stamp on video.
maxexposure	1~120	4/4	Maximum exposure time.
options	quality,	4/4	Customize video quality first or video
	framerate		frame rate first.
			(product dependent)
enablepreview	<boolean></boolean>	1/4	0: normal mode
			1: preview mode
			(capability_nvideoinprofile > 0)
s<0~(m-1)>_codectype	mpeg4,	4/4	Video codec type.
	mjpeg		
s<0~(m-1)>_resolution	176x144,	4/4	Video resolution in pixels.

	320x240,		
	640x480		
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_intraperiod	250, 500,	4/4	Intra frame period in milliseconds.
	1000, 2000,		
	3000, 4000		
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_ratecontrol	cbr, vbr	4/4	cbr, constant bitrate
mode			vbr, fix quality
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_quant	0, 1~5	4/4	Quality of video when choosing vbr in
			"ratecontrolmode".
			0 is the customized manual input
			setting.
			1 = worst quality, $5 =$ best quality.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_qvalue	1~31	7/4	The specific quality parameter of the
			Mpeg4 encoder.
			1 = best quality, 31 = worst quality.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_bitrate	1000~40000	4/4	Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr
	00		in "ratecontrolmode".
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_maxframe	1~30	4/4	Set maximum frame rate in fps (for
			MPEG-4).
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_quant	0~5	4/4	Quality of JPEG video.
			0 is the customized manual input
			setting.
			1 = worst quality, $5 =$ best quality.
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_qvalue	10~200	7/4	The specific quality parameter of the
			JPEG encoder.
			10 = best quality, 200 = worst quality.
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_maxframe	1~30	4/4	Set maximum frame rate in fps (for
			JPEG).
s<0~(m-1)>_forcei	1	7/6	Force I frame.

#### Group: audio (product dependent)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
duplexmode	full,	4/4	Full => full-duplex
	half,		Half => half-duplex
	post,		Post => simplex talk only
	get		Get => simplex listen only
			(capability.audioput>0 and capability.audioin>0)
sendclientaudio	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable audio send from active client to all other clients.
			(capability.audioput>0 and capability.audioin>0)

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lowbandwidth	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Improve low bandwidth environment support.
enableaec	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable acoustic echo cancellation for full-duplex audio.
			(capability.audio.aec=1)

#### Group: audioin\_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel products (capability.audioin>0)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
source	micin,	4/4	Micin => use external microphone input.
	linein		Linein => use line input.
mute	0, 1	4/4	Enable audio mute.
gain	0~31	4/4	Gain of input.
boostmic	0, 1	4/4	Enable microphone boost.
s<0~(m-1)>_codectype	aac4, gamr	4/4	Set audio codec type for input.
s<0~(m-1)>_aac4_bitrate	16000,	4/4	Set AAC4 bitrate in bps.
	32000,		
	48000,		
	64000,		
	96000,		
	128000		
s<0~(m-1)>_gamr_bitrate	4750,	4/4	Set AMR bitrate in bps.
	5150,		
	5900,		
	6700,		
	7400,		
	7950,		
	10200,		
	12200		

#### Group: **image\_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY DESCRIPTION	
		(get/set)	
brightness	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust brightness of image according to mode settings.
saturation	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust saturation of image according to mode settings.
contrast	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust contrast of image according to mode settings.
sharpness	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust sharpness of image according to mode settings.
IBPE_edgeenable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable edge enhancement.
IBPE_edgestrength	1 ~ 128	4/4	Adjust edge enhancement strength. 1 is minimum and
			128 is maximum.
IBPE_nrenable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable noise reduction.

IBPE_nrmode	1 ~ 3	4/4	Adjust noise reduction mode.
			1 => DeGaussian
			2 => DeImpulse
			3 => DeGaussian + DeImpulse
IBPE_nrstrength	1 ~ 63	4/4	Adjust noise reduction strength. 1 is minimum and 63 is
			maximum.
mode	preview,	7/4	Preview => Apply the parameters of image without
	restore,		saving.
	save		Restore => Restore the previous saved image
			parameters.
			Save => Directly save the adjust image parameters.

#### Group: imagepreview\_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel products

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
brightness	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Preview of brightness adjustment of image
			according to mode settings.
saturation	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Preview of saturation adjustment of image
			according to mode settings.
contrast	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Preview of contrast adjustment of image
			according to mode settings.
sharpness	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Preview of sharpness adjustment of image
			according to mode settings.
IBPE_edgeenable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable edge enhancement.
IBPE_edgestrength	1 ~ 128	4/4	Adjust edge enhancement strength. 1 is
			minimum and 128 is maximum.
IBPE_nrenable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable noise reduction.
IBPE_nrmode	1 ~ 3	4/4	Adjust noise reduction mode.
			1 => DeGaussian
			2 => DeImpulse
			3 => DeGaussian + DeImpulse
IBPE_nrstrength	1 ~ 63	4/4	Adjust noise reduction strength. 1 is minimum
			and 63 is maximum.
videoin_whitebalance	auto,	4/4	Preview of white balance adjustment of image
	manual		according to mode settings.
videoin_restoreatwb	0, 1~	4/4	Restore white balance adjustment of image
			according to mode settings.

#### Group: motion\_c<0~(n-1)> for m profile and n channel product

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable motion detection.
win_i<0~2>_enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable motion window $1 \sim 3$ .
win_i<0~2>_name	string[14]	4/4	Name of motion window 1~3.
win_i<0~2>_left	0 ~ 320	4/4	Left coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~2>_top	0 ~ 240	4/4	Top coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~2>_width	0 ~ 320	4/4	Width of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_height	0 ~ 240	4/4	Height of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_objsize	0 ~ 100	4/4	Percent of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_sensitivity	0 ~ 100	4/4	Sensitivity of motion detection window.

#### Group: tampering\_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel product

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable or disable tamper detection.
threshold	0 ~ 255	4/4	Threshold of tamper detection.
duration	10 ~ 600	4/4	If tampering value exceeds the 'threshold' for more
			than 'duration', then tamper detection is triggered.

#### Group: ddns

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable the dynamic DNS.
provider	Safe100,	6/6	Safe100 => safe100.net
	DyndnsDynamic,		DyndnsDynamic => dyndns.org (dynamic)
	DyndnsCustom,		DyndnsCustom => dyndns.org (custom)
	TZO,		TZO => tzo.com
	DHS,		DHS => dhs.org
	DynInterfree,		DynInterfree =>dyn-interfree.it
	CustomSafe100		CustomSafe100 =>
			Custom server using safe100 method
<provider>_hostname</provider>	string[128]	6/6	Your dynamic hostname.
<provider>_usernamee</provider>	string[64]	6/6	Your user or email to login to the DDNS
mail			service provider
<provider>_passwordke</provider>	string[64]	6/6	Your password or key to login to the DDNS
у			service provider.
<provider>_servername</provider>	string[128]	6/6	The server name for safe100.

	(This field only exists if the provider is
	customsafe100)

#### Group: upnppresentation

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable the UPNP presentation service.

#### Group: upnpportforwarding

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable the UPNP port forwarding service.
upnpnatstatus	0~3	6/7	The status of UpnP port forwarding, used internally.
			0 = OK, 1 = FAIL, 2 = no IGD router, 3 = no need for
			port forwarding

#### Group: syslog

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enableremotelog	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable remote log.
serverip	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Log server IP address.
serverport	514,	6/6	Server port used for log.
	1025~65535		
level	0~7	6/6	Levels used to distinguish the importance of the
			information:
			0: LOG_EMERG
			1: LOG_ALERT
			2: LOG_CRIT
			3: LOG_ERR
			4: LOG_WARNING
			5: LOG_NOTICE
			6: LOG_INFO
			7: LOG_DEBUG

#### Group: **layout** (product dependent)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
logo_default	<boolean></boolean>	1/6	0 => Custom logo
			1 => Default logo

logo_link	string[40]	1/6	Hyperlink of the logo
theme_option	1~4	1/6	1~3: One of the default themes.
			4: Custom definition.
theme_color_font	string[7]	1/6	Font color
theme_color_configfont	string[7]	1/6	Font color of configuration area.
theme_color_titlefont	string[7]	1/6	Font color of video title.
theme_color_controlbackground	string[7]	1/6	Background color of control area.
theme_color_configbackground	string[7]	1/6	Background color of configuration area.
theme_color_videobackground	string[7]	1/6	Background color of video area.
theme_color_case	string[7]	1/6	Frame color

#### Group: privacymask\_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel product

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable privacy mask.
win_i<0~4>_enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable privacy mask window.
win_i<0~4>_name	string[14]	4/4	Name of the privacy mask window.
win_i<0~4>_left	0 ~ 320/352	4/4	Left coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~4>_top	0 ~ 240/288	4/4	Top coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~4>_width	0 ~ 320/352	4/4	Width of privacy mask window.
win_i<0~4>_height	0 ~ 240/288	4/4	Height of privacy mask window.
win_i<0~4>_color	0 ~ 13	4/4	Color of privacy mask window.

#### Group: capability

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
api_httpversion	0200a	0/7	The HTTP API version.
bootuptime	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	Server bootup time.
nir	0,	0/7	Number of IR interfaces.
	<positive integer=""></positive>		
npir	0,	0/7	Number of PIRs.
	<positive integer=""></positive>		
ndi	0,	0/7	Number of digital inputs.
	<positive integer=""></positive>		

ndo	0,	0/7	Number of digital outputs.
	<positive integer=""></positive>		
naudioin	0,	0/7	Number of audio inputs.
	<positive integer=""></positive>		
naudioout	0,	0/7	Number of audio outputs.
	<positive integer=""></positive>		
nvideoin	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	Number of video inputs.
nmediastream	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	Number of media stream per channels.
nvideosetting	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	Number of video settings per channel.
naudiosetting	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	Number of audio settings per channel.
nuart	0,	0/7	Number of UART interfaces.
	<positive integer=""></positive>		
nmotionprofile	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	Number of motion profiles.
ptzenabled	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	An 32-bit integer, each bit can be set
			separately as follows:
			Bit 0 => Support camera control function;
			0(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 1 => Built-in or external camera;
			0(external), 1(built-in)
			Bit 2 => Support pan operation, 0(not
			support), 1(support)
			Bit 3 => Support tilt operation; 0(not
			support), 1(support)
			Bit 4 => Support zoom operation;
			O(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 5 => Support focus operation;
			O(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 6 => Support iris operation;
			O(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 7 => External or built-in PT; 0(built-in),
			1(external)
			Bit 8 => Invalidate bit $1 \sim 7$ ;
			0(bit 1 ~ 7 are valid),
			1(bit 1 $\sim$ 7 are invalid)
			Bit 9 => Reserved bit; Invalidate lens_pan,
			Lens_tilt, lens_zoon, lens_focus, len_iris.
			0(fields are valid),
			1(fields are invalid)

		1	
lens_pan	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit can be set
			separately as follows:
			Bit 0 => Support pan.
			Bit 1 => Support pan in UI.
			Bit 2 => External or built-in pan function;
			0(built-in), 1(external).
lens_tilt	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit can be set
			separately as follows:
			Bit 0 => Support tilt.
			Bit $1 = >$ Support tilt in UI.
			Bit 2 => External or built-in tilt function;
			0(built-in), 1(external).
lens_zoom	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit can be set
			separately as follows:
			Bit 0 => Support zoom
			Bit 1 => Support zoom in UI
			Bit 2 => External or built-in zoom function;
			0(built-in), 1(external).
lens_focus	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit can be set
			separately as follows:
			Bit 0 => Support focus.
			Bit $1 =>$ Support focus in UI.
			Bit 2 => External or built-in focus function;
			0(built-in), 1(external).
			Bit $3 = >$ Support auto focus in UI.
lens_iris	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit can be set
			separately as follows:
			Bit 0 => Support iris.
			Bit $1 =>$ Support iris in UI.
			Bit 2 => External or build-in iris function;
			0(build-in), 1(external).
			Bit 3 => Support auto iris in UI.
npreset	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	Number of preset locations.
 protocol_https	< boolean >	0/7	Indicate whether to support HTTP over SSL.
		-	
protocol_rtsp	< boolean >	0/7	Indicate whether to support RTSP.
protocol_sip	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support SIP.
protocol_maxconnection	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	The maximum allowed simultaneous
			connections.

	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	The maximum general streaming
tion			connections.
protocol_maxmegaconn	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	The maximum megapixel streaming
ection			connections.
protocol_rtp_multicast_	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support scalable
scalable			multicast.
protocol_rtp_multicast_	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support backchannel
backchannel			multicast.
protocol_rtp_tcp	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support RTP over TCP.
protocol_rtp_http	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support RTP over HTTP.
protocol_spush_mjpeg	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support server push
			MJPEG.
protocol_snmp	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support SNMP.
protocol_ipv6	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support IPv6.
videoin_type	0, 1, 2	0/7	0 => Interlaced CCD
			1 => Progressive CCD
			2 => CMOS
videoin_resolution	<a available<="" list="" of="" td=""><td>0/7</td><td>Available resolutions list.</td></a>	0/7	Available resolutions list.
	resolution		
	separated by		
	commas>		
videoin_maxframerate	<a available<="" list="" of="" td=""><td>0/7</td><td>Available maximum frame list.</td></a>	0/7	Available maximum frame list.
	maximum frame		
	rate separated by		
	commas>		
videoin_codec	<a available<="" list="" of="" td=""><td>0/7</td><td>Available codec list.</td></a>	0/7	Available codec list.
	codec types		
	separated by		
	commas>		
videoout_codec	<a list="" of="" td="" the<=""><td>0/7</td><td>Available codec list.</td></a>	0/7	Available codec list.
	available codec		
	types separated by		
	commas)		
audio_aec	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support acoustic echo
			cancellation.
audio_extmic	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support external
			microphone input.
audio_linein	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support external line

			input.
audio_lineout	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support line output.
audio_headphoneout	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support headphone output.
audioin_codec	<a list="" of="" the<br="">available codec types separated by commas)</a>	0/7	Available codec list.
audioout_codec	<a list="" of="" the<br="">available codec types separated by commas)</a>	0/7	Available codec list.
uart_httptunnel	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support HTTP tunnel for UART transfer.
camctrl_privilege	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support "Manage Privilege" of PTZ control in the Security page.
transmission_mode	Tx, Rx, Both	0/7	Indicate transmission mode of the machine: TX = server, Rx = receiver box, Both = DVR.
network_wire	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support Ethernet.
network_wireless	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless.
wireless_802dot11b	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless 802.11b+.
wireless_802dot11g	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless 802.11g.
wireless_encrypt_wep	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless WEP.
wireless_encrypt_wpa	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless WPA.
wireless_encrypt_wpa2	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless WPA2.
derivative_brand	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the upgrade function for the derivative brand. For example, if the value is true, the VVTK product can be upgraded to VVXX. (TCVV<->TCXX is excepted)
evctrlchannel	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support HTTP tunnel for event/control transfer.
joystick	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support joystick

			control.
storage_dbenabled	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Media files are indexed in database.

### Group: event\_customtaskfile\_i<0~2>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
name	string[41]	6/6	Custom script identification of this entry.
date	string[17]	6/6	Date of custom script.

## Group: event\_i<0~2>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	6/6	Identification of this entry.
enable	0, 1	6/6	Enable or disable this event.
priority	0, 1, 2	6/6	Indicate the priority of this event:
			"0" = low priority
			"1" = normal priority
			"2" = high priority
delay	1~999	6/6	Delay in seconds before detecting the next event.
trigger	boot,	6/6	Indicate the trigger condition:
	di,		"boot" = System boot
	motion,		"di"= Digital input
	seq,		"motion" = Video motion detection
	visignal,		"seq" = Periodic condition
	pir,		"visignal" = Video input signal loss.
	recnotify,		"pir" = PIR detection.
	audioswitch,		"recnotify" = Recording notification.
	tampering		"audioswitch" = Audio switch.
			"tampering" = Tamper detection.
di	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate which DI detects.
			This field is required when trigger condition is "di".
			One bit represents one digital input. The LSB
			indicates DI 0.

mdwin	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate which motion detection windows detect.
		0,0	This field is required when trigger condition is "md".
			One bit represents one window.
			The LSB indicates the 1 <sup>st</sup> window.
			For example, to detect the $1^{st}$ and $3^{rd}$ windows, set
			mdwin as 5.
mdwin0	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate which motion detection windows of profile
Indwind		0,0	1 detect.
inter	1~999	6/6	Interval of snapshots in minutes.
	1 555	0,0	This field is used when trigger condition is "seq".
weekday	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate which weekday is scheduled.
	sinceger	0,0	One bit represents one weekday.
			bit0 (LSB) = Saturday
			bit1 = Friday
			bit2 = Thursday
			bit3 = Wednesday
			bit4 = Tuesday
			bit5 = Monday
			bit6 = Sunday
			For example, to detect events on Friday and
			Sunday, set weekday as 66.
begintime	hh:mm	6/6	Begin time of the weekly schedule.
endtime	hh:mm	6/6	End time of the weekly schedule.
endume		0/0	$(00:00 \sim 24:00 \text{ sets schedule as always on})$
action_do_i<0~(ndo-1)	0, 1	6/6	Enable or disable trigger digital output.
>_enable	0, 1	0/0	
action_do_i<0~(ndo-1)	1~999	6/6	Duration of the digital output trigger in seconds.
>_duration	1.555	0,0	Duration of the digital output trigger in seconds.
action_cf_enable	0. 1	6/6	Enable media write on CF.
action_cf_folder	string[128]	6/6	Path to store media.
action_cf_media	NULL, 0~4	6/6	Index of the attached media.
action_cf_datefolder	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable this to create folders by date, time, and hour
			automatically.
action_server_i<0~4>_e	0, 1	6/6	Enable or disable this server action.
nable			The default value is 0.
action_server_i<0~4>_	NULL, 0~4	6/6	Index of the attached media.
media			
action_server_i<0~4>_	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable this to create folders by date, time, and hour

Group: server_i<0~4>	Group:	server	i<0~4>
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PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	6/6	Identification of this entry
type	email,	6/6	Indicate the server type:
	ftp,		"email" = email server
	http,		"ftp" = FTP server
	ns		"http" = HTTP server
			"ns" = network storage
http_url	string[128]	6/6	URL of the HTTP server to upload.
http_username	string[64]	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
http_passwd	string[64]	6/6	Password of the user.
ftp_address	string[128]	6/6	FTP server address.
ftp_username	string[64]	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
ftp_passwd	string[64]	6/6	Password of the user.
ftp_port	0~65535	6/6	Port to connect to the server.
ftp_location	string[128]	6/6	Location to upload or store the media.
ftp_passive	0, 1	6/6	Enable or disable passive mode.
			0 = disable passive mode
			1 = enable passive mode
email_address	string[128]	6/6	Email server address.
email_sslmode	0, 1	6/6	Enable support SSL.
email_port	0~65535	6/6	Port to connect to the server.
email_username	string[64]	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
email_passwd	string[64]	6/6	Password of the user.
email_senderemail	string[128]	6/6	Email address of the sender.
email_recipientemail	string[128]	6/6	Email address of the recipient.
ns_location	string[128]	6/6	Location to upload or store the media.
ns_username	string[64]	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
ns_passwd	string[64]	6/6	Password of the user.
ns_workgroup	string[64]	6/6	Workgroup for network storage.

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	6/6	Identification of this entry
type	snapshot, systemlog, videoclip, recordmsg	6/6	Media type to send to the server or store on the server.
snapshot_source	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicates the source of the media stream: 0 = first stream 1 = second stream Etc.
snapshot_prefix	string[16]	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
snapshot_datesuffix	0, 1	6/6	Add date and time suffix to filename: 1 = Add date and time suffix. 0 = Do not add.
snapshot_preevent	0 ~ 7	6/6	Indicates the number of pre-event images.
snapshot_postevent	0 ~ 7	6/6	The number of post-event images.
videoclip_source	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate the source of the media stream: 0 = First stream. 1 = Second stream, etc.
videoclip_prefix	string[16]	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
videoclip_preevent	0 ~ 9	6/6	Indicates the time for pre-event recording in seconds.
videoclip_maxduration	1 ~ 10	6/6	Maximum duration of one video clip in seconds.
videoclip_maxsize	50 ~ 1500	6/6	Maximum size of one video clip file in Kbytes.

## Group: **media\_i<0~4>**(media\_freespace is used internally.)

## Group: recording\_i<0~1>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
name	string[40]	6/6	Identification of this entry.
enable	0, 1	6/6	Enable or disable this recording.
priority	0, 1, 2	6/6	Indicate the priority of this recording: "0" indicates low priority.
			"1" indicates normal priority.
			"2" indicates high priority.

source	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate the source of the media stream.
			0 = First stream.
			1 = Second stream, etc.
limitsize	0,1	6/6	0: Entire free space mechanism
			1: Limit recording size mechanism
cyclic	0,1	6/6	0: Disable cyclic recording
			1: Enable cyclic recording
notify	0,1	6/6	0: Disable recording notification
			1: Enable recording notification
notifyserver	0~31	6/6	Indicate which notification server is scheduled.
			One bit represents one application server
			(server_i0~i4).
			bit0 (LSB) = server_i0.
			bit1 = server_i1.
			bit2 = server_i2.
			bit3 = server_i3.
			bit4 = server_i4.
			For example, enable server_i0, server_i2, and
			server_i4 as notification servers; the notifyserver
			value is 21.
weekday	<interger></interger>	6/6	Indicate which weekday is scheduled.
			One bit represents one weekday.
			bit0 (LSB) = Saturday
			bit1 = Friday
			bit2 = Thursday
			bit3 = Wednesday
			bit4 = Tuesday
			bit5 = Monday
			bit6 = Sunday
			For example, to detect events on Friday and
			Sunday, set weekday as 66.
begintime	hh:mm	6/6	Start time of the weekly schedule.
endtime	hh:mm	6/6	End time of the weekly schedule.
			(00:00~24:00 indicates schedule always on)
prefix	string[16]	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
cyclesize	20~	6/6	The maximum size for cycle recording in Kbytes
			when choosing to limit recording size.
	15	6/6	
reserveamount	15~	0/0	The reserved amount in Mbytes when choosing

dest	cf,	6/6	The destination to store the recorded data.
	0~4		"cf" means CF card.
			" $0 \sim 4''$ means the index of the network storage.
cffolder	string[128]	6/6	Folder name.

### Group: custom\_i<0~2>

PARAMETER		SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	6/6	Identification of customized event script file.

#### Group: path

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
encoder1_start	<boolean></boolean>	7/7	Specify the HTTP push server is active for stream 1
encoder2_start	<boolean></boolean>	7/7	Specify the HTTP push server is active for stream 2

## Group: https (product dependent)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
connect	1025 ~ 65535	7/7	Specify the stunnel connect port.
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	To enable or disable secure HTTP.
policy	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	If the value is 1, it will force HTTP connection redirect to HTTPS connection
method	auto,	6/6	auto => Create self-signed certificate
	manual,		automatically.
	install		manual => Create self-signed certificate manually.
			install => Create certificate request and install.
status	-2 ~ 1	6/6	Specify the https status.
			-2= Invalid public key
			-1 = Waiting for certificate
			0 = Not installed
			1= Active
countryname	string[2]	6/6	Country name in the certificate information.
stateorprovincenam	string[128]	6/6	State or province name in the certificate
e			information.
localityname	string[128]	6/6	The locality name in the certificate information.
organizationname	string[64]	6/6	Organization name in the certificate information.

unit	string[32]	6/6	Organizational unit name in the certificate
			information.
commonname	string[64]	6/6	Common name in the certificate information.
validdays	0 ~ 9999	6/6	Valid period for the certification.

# **Drive the Digital Output**

**Note:** This request requires Viewer privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=<*state*>[&do2=<state>]

[&do3=<state>][&do4=<state>][&return=<*return page*>]

Where state is 0 or 1; "0" means inactive or normal state, while "1" means active or triggered state.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
do <num></num>	0, 1	0 – Inactive, normal state
		1 – Active, triggered state
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < return page > after the parameter is
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative
		path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it
		will redirect to an empty page.

**Example:** Drive the digital output 1 to triggered state and redirect to an empty page.

http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=1

# **Query Status of the Digital Input**

**Note:** This request requires Viewer privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

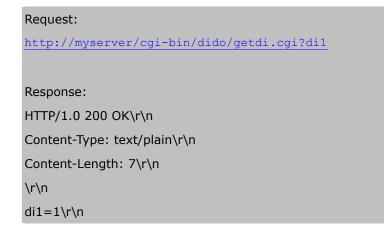
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/dido/getdi.cgi?[di0][&di1][&di2][&di3]

If no parameter is specified, all of the digital input statuses will be returned.

Return:
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
Content-Length: < <i>length</i> >\r\n
\r\n
[di0= <state>]\r\n</state>
[di1= <state>]\r\n</state>
[di2= <state>]\r\n</state>
[di3= <state>]\r\n</state>

where *<state>* can be 0 or 1.

**Example:** Query the status of digital input 1.



## **Query Status of the Digital Output**

**Note:** This request requires Viewer privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?[do0][&do1][&do2][&do3]

If no parameter is specified, all the digital output statuses will be returned.

Return:

[do0= <state>]\r\n</state>		
\r\n		
Content-Length: <i><length></length></i> \r\n		
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n		
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n		
$\Box TTD / 1 0 200 OV r m$		

[do1=<state>]\r\n

[do2=<state>]\r\n

[do3=<state>]\r\n

where *<state>* can be 0 or 1.

**Example:** Query the status of digital output 1.

Request:

http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?do1

Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: 7\r\n \r\n do1=1\r\n

## **Capture Single Snapshot**

Note: This request requires Normal User privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg?[channel=<value>][&resolution=<value>] [&quality=<value>]

If the user requests a size larger than all stream settings on the server, this request will fail.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
channel	0~(n-1)	0	The channel number of the video source.
resolution	<available< th=""><th>0</th><th>The resolution of the image.</th></available<>	0	The resolution of the image.
	resolution>		
quality	1~5	3	The quality of the image.

The server will return the most up-to-date snapshot of the selected channel and stream in JPEG format. The size and quality of the image will be set according to the video settings on the server.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n	
Content-Type: image/jpeg\r\n	
[Content-Length: <image size=""/> \r\n]	

<binary JPEG image data>

## **Account Management**

Note: This request requires Administrator privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/editaccount.cgi?

method=<value>&username=<name>[&userpass=<value>][&privilege=<value>]

[&privilege=<value>][...][&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	
method	Add	Add an account to the server. When using this method, the	
		"username" field is necessary. It will use the default value of	
		other fields if not specified.	
	Delete	Remove an account from the server. When using this method,	
		the "username" field is necessary, and others are ignored.	
	edit	Modify the account password and privilege. When using this	
		method, the "username" field is necessary, and other fields are	
		optional. If not specified, it will keep the original settings.	
username	<name></name>	The name of the user to add, delete, or edit.	
userpass	<value></value>	The password of the new user to add or that of the old user to	
		modify. The default value is an empty string.	
privilege	<value></value>	The privilege of the user to add or to modify.	
	viewer	Viewer privilege.	
	operator	Operator privilege.	
	admin	Administrator privilege.	
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is	
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative	
		path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it	
		will redirect to an empty page.	

# System Logs

**Note:** This request require Administrator privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/syslog.cgi

Server will return the most up-to-date system log.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: <syslog length>\r\n \r\n <system log information>\r\n

# **Configuration File (optional)**

Note: This request requires Administrator privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/configfile.cgi?[format=<value>]

Server will return the most up-to-date configuration file.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
format	xml	xml	Format for the config file.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n	
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n	
Content-Length: <configuration file="" length="">\r\n</configuration>	
\r\n	
<configuration data="">\r\n</configuration>	

# **Upgrade Firmware**

**Note:** This request requires Administrator privileges. Method: POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/upgrade.cgi

#### Post data:

fimage=<file name>[&return=<return page>]\r\n \r\n <multipart encoded form data>

Server will accept the file named <file name> to upgrade the firmware and return with <return page> if indicated.

## **System Information**

**Note:** This request requires Normal User privileges. (obsolete) **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/sysinfo.cgi

Server will return the system information. In HTTP API version 2, the CapVersion will be 0200. All fields in the previous version (0100) are obsolete. Please use "getparam.cgi?capability" instead.

Return:
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
Content-Length: <system information="" length="">\r\n</system>
\r\n
Model= <model name="" of="" server="">\r\n</model>
CapVersion=0200\r\n

PARAMETER (supported	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
capability version)		

Model		Model name of the server. Ex:IP3133-VVTK-0100a
CapVersion	MMmm, MM is major version from 00 ~ 99 mm is minor version from 00 ~ 99	Capability field version.
	ex: 0100	

# **IP** Filtering

Note: This request requires Administrator access privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/ipfilter.cgi? method=<value>&[start=<*ipaddress*>&end=<*ipaddress*>][&index=<*value*>] [&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
Method	addallow	Add allowed IP address range to the server. Start and end
		parameters must be specified. If the index parameter is
		specified, it will try to add starting from the index position.
	adddeny	Add denied IP address range to the server. Start and end
		parameters must be specified. If the index parameter is
		specified, it will try to add starting from the index position.
	deleteallow	Remove allowed IP address range from server. If start and end
		parameters are specified, it will try to remove the matched IP
		address. If index is specified, it will try to remove the address
		from given index position. [start, end] parameters have higher
		priority then the [index] parameter.
	deletedeny	Remove denied IP address range from server. If start and end
		parameters are specified, it will try to remove the matched IP
		address. If index is specified, it will try to remove the address
		from given index position. [start, end] parameters have higher
		priority then the [index] parameter.
start	<ip address=""></ip>	The starting IP address to add or to delete.
end	<ip address=""></ip>	The ending IP address to add or to delete.
index	<value></value>	The start position to add or to delete.

return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative
		path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it
		will redirect to an empty page.

## **Get SDP of Streams**

**Note:** This request requires Viewer access privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/<network\_rtsp\_s<0~m-1>\_accessname>

"m" is the stream number.

"network\_accessname\_<0~(m-1)>" is the accessname for stream "1" to stream "m". Please refer to the

"subgroup of network: rtsp" for setting the accessname of SDP.

You can get the SDP by HTTP GET.

## **Open the Network Stream**

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges.

Syntax:

For HTTP push server (MJPEG):

http://<servername>/<network\_http\_s<0~m-1>\_accessname>

For RTSP (MP4), the user needs to input the URL below into an RTSP compatible player.

rtsp://<*servername*>/<network\_rtsp\_s<0~m-1>\_accessname>

"m" is the stream number.

For details on streaming protocol, please refer to the "control signaling" and "data format" documents.

# **Technical Specifications**

System	<ul> <li>CPU: Mozart 120 SoC</li> <li>Flash: 8MB</li> <li>RAM: 64MB + 64MB</li> <li>Embedded OS: Linux 2.6</li> </ul>	
Lens	· CS-mount, f = 4.0 mm, F1.6, Fixed	
Angle of View	· 71° (horizontal)	
Shutter Time	· 1/5 sec. to 1/15,000 sec.	
Image Sensor	· 1/4" CMOS sensor in VGA resolution	
Minimum Illumination	• 0.1 Lux / F1.6	
Video	Compression: MJPEG & MPEG-4     Streaming:     Simultaneous dual streams     MPEG-4 streaming over UDP, TCP, HTTP or HTTPS     MPEG-4 multicast streaming     MJPEG streaming over HTTP or HTTPS     Supports 3GPP mobile surveillance     Frame rates:     MPEG-4: Up to 30/25 fps at 640x480     MJPEG: Up to 30/25 fps at 640x480	
Image Settings	<ul> <li>Adjustable image size, quality and bit rate</li> <li>Time stamp and text caption overlay</li> <li>Flip &amp; mirror</li> <li>Configurable brightness, contrast, saturation, sharpness, white balance and exposure</li> <li>AGC, AWB, AES</li> <li>BLC (Backlight Compensation)</li> <li>Supports privacy masks</li> </ul>	
Audio	Compression: GSM-AMR speech encoding, bit rate: 4.75 kbps to 12.2 kbps MPEG-4 AAC audio encoding, bit rate: 16 kbps to 128 kbps Interface: Built-in microphone External microphone External microphone switch Audio output External/Internal microphone switch Supports two-way audio via SIP protocol Supports audio mute	
Networking	<ul> <li>10/100 Mbps Ethernet, RJ-45</li> <li>Protocols: IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, HTTP, HTTPS, UPnP, RTSP/RTP/RTCP, IGMP, SMTP, FTP, DHCP, NTP, DNS, DDNS and PPPoE</li> </ul>	
Alarm and Event Management	<ul> <li>Triple-window video motion detection</li> <li>Tamper detection</li> <li>One D/I and one D/O for external sensor and alarm</li> <li>Event notification using HTTP, SMTP or FTP</li> <li>Local recording of MP4 file</li> </ul>	
Security	<ul> <li>Multi-level user access with password protection</li> <li>IP address filtering</li> <li>HTTPS encrypted data transmission</li> </ul>	
Users	· Live viewing for up to 10 clients	
Dimension	· 154 mm (D) x 72 mm (W) x 62 mm (H)	
Weight	· 623 g	
LED Indicator	<ul> <li>System power and status indicator</li> <li>System activity and network link indicator</li> </ul>	
Power	<ul> <li>12V DC</li> <li>Power consumption: Max. 6 W</li> <li>802.3af compliant Power-over-Ethernet</li> </ul>	
Approvals	· CE, LVD, FCC, VCCI, C-Tick	
Operating Environments	· Temperature: 0 ~ 50 °C (32 ~ 122 °F ) · Humidity: 90% RH	

Viewing System Requirements	<ul> <li>OS: Microsoft Windows 2000/XP/Vista</li> <li>Browser: Mozilla Firefox, Internet Explorer</li> <li>6.x or above</li> <li>Cell phone: 3GPP player</li> <li>Real Player: 10.5 or above</li> <li>Quick Time: 6.5 or above</li> </ul>
Installation, Management, and Maintenance	<ul> <li>Installation Wizard 2</li> <li>32-CH ST7501 central management software</li> <li>Supports firmware upgrade</li> </ul>
Applications	SDK available for application development and system integration
Warranty	· 12 months

# System Overview



# External View

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# **Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)**

## **FCC Statement**

This device compiles with FCC Rules Part 15. Operation is subject to the following two conditions.

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a partial installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with emission limits.

## CE Mark Warning **CE**

This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

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