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		Email: CustomerService@xantrex.com a) 1 604 422 2777 (direct) Fax: 1 604 420 2145	Part Number: 445-0197-01-01 Contact Information Web: www.xantrex.com Phone: 1 800 670 0707 (toll free in North Americ
18' RIBBIN CABLE TO REMOVE PRY UP WITH SMALL SCREW DRIVER IN NOTCH THIS SIDE	Link 2000-R XI Calify Markin Souger S	TING, XANTREX TECHNOLOGY INC. ("XANTREX") CCURACY, SUFFICIENCY OR SUITABLITY OF ANY TECHNICALOR ANUALS OR OTHER DOCUMENTATION. ABLITY FOR LOSS OR DAMAGE, WHETHER DIRECT, INDIRECT, IMGHT ARISE OUT OF THE USE OF SUCH INFORMATION. THE USE TIRELY AT THE USER' SRISK.	<ul> <li>Discamer</li> <li>UNLESSSPECIFICALLY AGREED TO IN WRI</li> <li>(a) MAKES NO WARRANTY AS TO THE A OTHER INFORMATION PROVIDED IN ITS M</li> <li>(b) ASSUMESNO RESPONSIBILITY OR LI CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTIAL, WHICH OF ANY SUCH INFORMATION WILL BE ENT</li> <li>Date and Revision: November 2002, Revision 1</li> </ul>
ACKIN TO REG ACKIN TO REG AC	HINTOX HINTOX	t "P" Field type alternators. uired Reading," page 8. nber 2002 Xantrex International. All rights reserved. Xantrex is a registered	12- or 24-volt See "Req Notice of Copyright <i>Xantrex Link 2000-R Battery Monitor</i> © Nover trademark of Xantrex International.
8 CDND PHONE CORD 20 FT SUPPLIED	DEAL REGULATIO	other features and functions concerning reedom Inverter/Charger operation are OOwner's Manual (Part number 445-0198- ar with that manual before using the LINK with externally regulated	portion of the system. All monitor operation and F described in the LINK 200 01-01). You must be famili 2000-R. For use only
ENGINE AND HELL BATTERY SWITT H H RED DA FUSE BATT #1 BATT #1	R DUTPUT MODULE xantrex walkelore installing! • Crg * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	ntegrated battery monitor, inverter/charger alternator regulator. This manual pertains ring, and testing of the alternator regulator	The <b>LINK 2000-R</b> is an in controller, and advanced a only to the installation, wi
ASE CH VERTER BATTED UENT CONECT IDI NUT C	NO LOD NI WIEN THEY IS BUANTP	DOCUMENT IS IMPORTANT FOR SE LEAVE IT WITH THE OWNER!	INSTALLERS! THIS OPERATION. PLEA
MAIN BKR	+12V RED ( 24) is AHSA Y ASHB GI EG DN BRN IN PRESSION SWIT ON WRISE SWIT SEE WANNALD	o draw your attention to very important sections of this interest. Please read these sections carefully. TTOTHELINK2000-RSERIALNUMBER5000 AND ABOVE.	The Helping Hand is used t manual or to indicate items of spe SUPPLEMEN THISDOCUMENT APPLIE
DIST BKR BKR	GND BLLK FIELD BLUE SEE MAND A FUSE A FUSE RA FUSE RA FUSE RA FUSE RA FUSE RA FUSE RA FUSE RA FUSE RA FUSE	16 18	Warranty Troubleshooting Flow Chart Wiring Diagram
		-R 7 7 9–15 15	Special Setup for the LINK 2000 Required Reading Wiring Instructions Standby Regulators
	R	3 4-5	Front Panel and Status Lights How the LINK 2000-R Charges

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### **Regulator Troubleshooting Flow Chart**

Most regulation problems can be solved with the following flow chart

Terminals #1 through #10 are on the Monitor Terminal Board. Wires referred to by color are in the wiring harness for the Ideal Regulator Output Module



## FRONT PANEL AND STATUS LIGHTS The front panel operation of the LINK 2000-R is exactly the same as described in the LINK 2000 owner's manual, with the exceptions noted below.



status lights indicate which cycle the regulator (and/or the charger) is in. The AC light will be OFF if there is no external AC input.

s become 1 INE when the alternator regulator is operating displays the alternator output current. The current is displayed with an "*B*" preceding the value.

# **RONT PANEL SWITCHES**

The operation of the front panel is the same as the LINK 2000 with the exception of the TIME switch. When the alternator regulator is on (REG ON energized) and TIME is selected, the alternator output current is displayed. It is preceded with the character "*F*". For example, an alternator output current of 100 amps would be displayed as *RIDD*.

## STATUS LIGHTS

The status lights on the front of LINK 2000-R use LEDs (light-emitting diodes) to indicate which cycle the alternator regulator is in during charging. The meaning of the lights is the same as described in the LINK 2000 installation manual. The only difference is that when there is no external AC power available, and the regulator is turned on, the status lights indicate the charge cycle for the alternator regulator. If external AC power is available, the charger is turned ON, and the alternator is also charging the battery, the status lights indicate the charger and the alternator regulator.

STATUS: O AC IN O CHARGE O ACCEPT O FLOAT

AC IN: Green LED on when AC is present.

- CHARGE: Red LED on when charger/alternator is in bulk CHARGE Cycle. Flashes Red LED when charger/alternator is in EQUALIZE Cycle.
- ACCEPT: Orange LED on when charger/alternator is in ACCEPTANCE Cycle. FLOAT: Green LED on when charger/alternator is in FLOAT Cycle.

**I**SSee page 18 of LINK 2000 manual for details of the Ideal Charge Curve.

and Equalize. The following discusses details of each of the cycles The LINK 2000-R uses the Ideal Regulator Output Module to control the alternator to conform to the Ideal Charge Curve's four defining cycles; Charge, Acceptance, Float

	NOTES: CYCLE STATUS LIGHT
<b>TURNING THE REGULATOR ON</b> The regulator is turned on by supplying 12 V or 24 V to the REG ON (brown wire) terminal. It must have power only when the engine is running. See page 13	<ul> <li>1) Terminal references for the Ideal Regulator Output Module.</li> <li>2) Voltage values given are for 70 °F and liquid lead-acid batteries.</li> </ul>

## DELAY START-UP

Behavior: No output on the Field terminal (blue wire). Two-second delay allows time for the engine to start.

## **RAMPING UP**

## RED LEDON Behavior: Output of alternator increases over a 20-second period.

alternator output. The output on the FIELD terminal is increased over a 20-second the Acceptance Cycle begins Cycle now begins. If the acceptance voltage is reached before the current limit period until the alternator current limit (default value 100 A) is reached. The Charge Ramping up the alternator output avoids shock-loading the belts with full

## CHARGE CYCLE

the alternator at its current limit until the acceptance voltage is reached. When the alternator current limit will not be exceeded. The FIELD output is varied to hold acceptance voltage has been attained by either battery, the Acceptance Cycle begins Behavior: Alternator current at maximum and battery voltage increasing The Charge Cycle ensures fast charging without alternator overload. The

## ACCEPTANCE CYCLE

24 V. (Voltage depends on battery type and ambient temperature settings.) Behavior: Battery amps falling, voltage at 14.4 V for 12 V systems, 28.8 for The Acceptance Cycle guarantees thorough charging by continuing to charge

ORANGE LEDON capacity (2% default). The alternator output is varied to maintain the battery at will not be exceeded even if a heavy load is placed on the system the acceptance voltage. During the Acceptance Cycle the alternator current limit the battery until the charging current becomes a small percentage of battery

3.5 hours, the Float Cycle begins, even if the charged parameters have not been met. If the voltage of either battery falls below the acceptance voltage for more below 2%, the Acceptance Hold Cycle begins. If the Acceptance Cycle has lasted than two minutes, the Charge Cycle starts again When the batteries have reached the acceptance voltage and the current is

## Warning: Limitations On Use

Please refer to your product user manual for limitations on uses of the product Specifically, please note that the Link 2000-R is not intended for use in connection with life support systems and Xantrex makes no warranty or representation in connection with any use of the product for such purposes.

Return Material Authorization Policy Before returning a product directly to Xantrex you must obtain a Return Material Authorization (RMA) number and the correct factory "Ship To" address. Products must also be shipped prepaid. Product shipments will be refused and returned at your expense if they are unauthorized, returned without an RMA number clearly marked on the outside of the shipping box, if they are shipped collect, or if they are shipped to the wrong location.

When you contact Xantrex to obtain service, please have your instruction manual ready for reference and be prepared to supply:

- The serial number of your product Information about the installation and use of the unit Information about the failure and/or reason for the return A copy of your dated proof of purchase

### Return Procedure

Package the unit safely, prefeably using the original box and packing materials. Please ensure that your product is shipped fully insured in the original packaging or equivalent. This warranty will not apply where the product is damaged due to improper packaging. Include the following:

- The RMA number supplied by Xantrex Technology Inc clearly marked on the outside of the box.
  A return address where the unit can be shipped. Post office boxes are not acceptable.
  A contact telephone number where you can be reached during work hours
  A brief description of the problem
  Ship the unit prepaid to the address provided by your Xantrex customer service representative.

## Ξ addition to the above, you MUST include return freight funds and are fully responsible for all documents, duties, tariffs, and deposits you are returning a product from outside of the USA or Canada

If you are returning a product to a Xantrex Authorized Service Center (ASC) A Xantrex return material authorization (RMA) number is not required. However, you mu A Xantex return material authorization (RMA) number is not required. However, you must con or presenting the unit to verify any return procedures that may apply to that particular facility. However, you must contact the ASC prior to returning the product

What does this warranty cover? This Limited Warranty is provided by Xantex Technology, Inc. ("Xantrex") and covers defects in workmanship and materials in your Xantrex Link 2000-R. This warranty lasts for a Warranty Period of 12 months from the date of purchase at point of sale to you, the original end user customer.

This Limited Warranty is transferable to subsequent owners but only for the unexpired portion of the Warranty Period

### What will Xantrex do?

by this Limited Warranty within Xantrex will, the Warranty l, at its option, r Warranty Period, repair or replace the defective product free of charge, provided that you notify Xantrex of the product defect , and provided that Xantrex through inspection establishes the existence of such a defect and that it is covered

Xanrex will, at its option, use new and/or reconditioned parts in performing warramy repair and building replacement products. Xanrex reserves the right to use parts or products of original or improved design in the repair or replacement. If Xanrex repairs or replaces a product, its warranty continues for the remaining portion of the original Warranty Period or 90 days from the date of the return shipment to the customer, whichever is greater. All replaced products and all parts removed from repaired products become the property of Xantex.

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## How do you get service?

[1] your product requires troubleshooting or warranty service, contact your merchant. If you are unable to contact your merchant, or the merchant is unable to provide service, contact Xantrex directly at: Phone: 1 800 670 0707 (toll free in North America) 1 604 422 2777 (direct)

Email: CustomerService@xantrex.com

Direct returns may be performed according to the Xantrex Return Material Authorization Policy described in your product manual. For some products, Xantrex maintains a network of regional Authorized Service Centers. Call Xantrex or check our Web site to see if your product can be repaired at one of these facilities. For

without prior written authorization by Xantrex. In any warranty claim, dated proof of purchase must accompany the product and the product must not have been disassembled or modified

## Proof of purchase may be in any one of the following forms

- 9 9
- The dated The dated purchase receipt from the original purchase of the product at point of sale to the end user. The dated dealer invoice or purchase receipt showing original equipment manufacturer (OEM) status,
- The dated invoice or purchase receipt showing the product exchanged under warranty

What does this warranty not over?
This Limited Warranty does not cover normal wear and tear of the product or costs related to the removal, installation, or troubleshooting of the customer's electrical systems. This warranty does not apply to and Xamex will not be responsible for any deflect in or damage to:

a) the product if it has been misused, neglected, improperly installed, physically damaged or altered, either internally, or externally, the product if it has been subjected to fire, water, generalized corrison, biological infestions, or input voltage that creates operating conditions beyond the maximum or minimum limits listed in the Xamtex product specifications including high input voltage than generalized to it other than by Xamtex or its authorized service centers (hereafter "ASG");
c) the product if it is used as a component part of a product expressly warranted by another maindicateer;
e) the product if it is original identification (trade-mark, serial number) markings have been defaced, altered, or removed.

### Disclaimer Product

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## ACCEPTANCE HOLD CYCLE

maintained and charging current is monitored. Both the charged voltage and the charge as it can. During the Acceptance Hold Cycle the charged voltage is charged current for the entire time Hold Cycle to end. The Acceptance Hold Cycle is also terminated after 20 charged current % must continue to be satisfied for 10 minutes for the Acceptance minutes from its beginning even if the battery current has not stayed below the Behavior: Voltage at 14.4 V (28.8 V for 24 V), battery amps below 2%. The Acceptance Hold Cycle ensures that the battery has accepted as much

ORANGE

LEDON

minutes, the Charge Cycle starts again If the voltage of the batteries falls below the charged voltage for more than two

### FLOAT CYCLE

supply up to its current limit to maintain the float voltage and supply DC loads 24 V). (Voltage depends on battery type and ambient temperature setting. Behavior: Battery amps below 2%, voltage constant at 13.5 V (27 V FOR During the Float Cycle the float voltage is maintained. The alternator will

# **RESTARTING THE CHARGE CYCLE**

LEDON GREEN

off the key switch supplying REG ON or shutting off and restarting the engine if REG ON is supplied by an oil pressure switch. the REG ON terminal and turning it back on again. This will require you to turn MANUALLY: The Ramp Up Cycle may be manually restarted by turning off

voltage of the battery being charged drops 0.2 V (0.4 V for 24 V) below the float voltage (0.3 V when charging with the inverter/charger) for more than two minutes **AUTOMATICALLY:** The Charge Cycle is automatically restarted if the

## EQUALIZE CYCLE

of 16.0 V when charging with the alternator and 16.3 V when charging with the inverter/charger. (Limited to acceptance voltage for gelled batteries.) Behavior: Battery amps constant at 4%, voltage is rising to a maximum

RED LED FLASH inverter/charger.) to 2% of capacity at 16.0 V. (Equalize terminated in eight hours if using the cycle automatically terminates 3.5 hours after initiation, or when the current drops Cycle and force the system into the float cycle, repeat the same procedure. The simultaneously. Hold them both down for five seconds until the red CHARGE the LED begins to flash. Now press both the VOLTS and the A hrs BUTTON LED begins to flash and the "E" in the display goes out. To terminate the Equalize To start the Equalize Cycle press the SETUP BUTTON for five seconds until

every 30 days when in deep cycling service not removed during normal charging. Liquid batteries should be equalized about The Equalize Cycle is a controlled overcharge to remove lead sulfate that is

S

### accept a charge. Be sure that the battery TYPE # is set to #1 or #2 before using this and switch to the Float Cycle. Equalization may be the only way to get the battery to electrolyte level, but do not overfill. Re-check and top off the electrolyte after equalizing charging. Hydrogen and oxygen gas is generated during equalization. Make sure voltage but the cycle lasts for 3.5 hours. (Eight hours if using the Freedom charger.) cycle on gelled batteries. The equalization voltage is limited to the acceptance nate the Acceptance Cycle. This can cause the system to believe that the battery is full with a very small current. In fact, the current may be less than the 2% required to termiand gradually let the battery rise to its maximum voltage. current that permits a higher maximum voltage. The goal is to use a small current be equalized to regain full capacity and extend life. the normal Charge and Acceptance Cycle. Every 30 days, though, the batteries should battery is cycled between 50% charged and the 85% to 95% charged level reached by expand and cause it to flow over the tops. You should be present during this type of before and after equalization. Do not over-fill before equalization as the electrolyte may severely discharged, the voltage of the battery may easily reach the acceptance level there is adequate ventilation. Please consult your battery manufacturer regarding the appropriateness of this cycle for their batteries Batteries should not be equalized every charge/discharge cycle. Normally, the Equalizing causes the battery to gas. You should check the battery electrolyte Gelled batteries are not normally equalized. However, if the battery has been Remember, equalizing is constant current charging with a small regulated To equalize, first go through a complete Charge and Acceptance Cycle. Check the my Turn off sensitive electronics before equalizing. EQUALIZING GELLED BATTERIES EQUALIZING CAUTIONS q is off! If the RED LED is ON, and the green LED (labeled "ON") is OFF, it is an adjustable, constant voltage regulator or we would suggest that you consider the Xantrex Field external regulators. Simply carry a spare regulator that is plug compatible and systems before they are needed. We have designed the Ideal Regulator with this in the LINK 2000-R. The milliVolt reading multiplied by ten should about equal the LINK to measure the voltage drop across the alternator shunt and comparing it to the reading on Also check the alternator current by pressing the TIME button and using a milli Volt meter see that it raises to and levels off at about 14.4 (28.8) volts in the Acceptance Cycle. With Partially discharge the batteries (remove at least 20% of the capacity—it may take a few indication that the FET is shorted or the field is connected to some other source. adjustable. Incharge Regulator, which provides three-stage charging, plug compatibility, and is fully just unplug the Output Module and plug in your standby regulator. You may use a simple, mind. The Ideal Regulator Output Module wiring harness is compatible with standard Paccurate than the battery current measurement—you may see up to +3 amps error. **2000-R** alternator current reading. The alternator current measurement is inherently less the regulator will shift into the Float Cycle and maintain the batteries at the Float voltage. the default values, when the battery current falls to about 4 amps (2% of the battery capacity) hours at a relativity high discharge rate). Start the engine and watch the battery voltage to make sure the battery charger or any other charging sources are turned off DO NOT OPERATE THE SYSTEM UNTIL THIS IS RESOLVED! before cruising! Install and test your standby regulator or any other spares you might carry It is now time to start up the engine and see how everything works. For this test Part of our power system design philosophy is to consider spares and backup ICF Neither the GREEN or the RED LED should be ON when the engine STANDBY REGULATORS

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rotor by touching the end of the alternator shaft with a steel screwdriver. Do it with the regulator turned on (wait 20 seconds for ramp-up cycle) and with it turned off—there should be a noticeable difference. If you cannot pass this test see the troubleshooting flow chart. If you still need help, call your dealer or Xantrex Technology Inc.	is being supplied to the alternator field, and perhaps, to other instrumentation that is also turned on with the key switch if you are not using an oil pressure switch. To verify that it is the alternator field consuming the current, turn off the power to the REG ON terminal and disconnect the FIELD wire from the alternator field. Repeat the test. The current should now be about 2 to 4 amps less than it was. This test assures you that the regulator is supplying the field current. Another easy way to test if the field is energized is to check the magnetism of the	the Output Module, which indicates that field voltage is being supplied, should gradually increase in brightness during the next 30 seconds. Also check the TIME function which should display " <i>R000</i> " indicating the alternator output current is zero. To verify that current is actually flowing into the alternator field use the LINK 2000-R to check the number of amps flowing from whichever battery has been selected by the main battery switch. You should see -3 to -5 amps of current flowing. This current	The green ON LED on the Ideal Kegulator Output Module must be off. Now we want to simulate the engine running, so turn on the regulator by turning the key switch to the ON position, or if normally open oil pressure switch is used, jumper together its two terminals. For this test only we want to supply voltage to the REG ON terminal while the engine is off. The GREENONLED should be ON. The red Charge Cycle Status light on the Link 2000-R front namel should also be ON. The RED CHG LED on	This is the final checkout. Plug the 8 conductor data cord (the larger of the two phone cords) into the Monitor Terminal Board and the Regulator Output Module. Check the battery amps—you should see the same low number as in PROGRESS CHECK #2.	FINAL TEST AND ENGINE STARTUP	operation. Since this wire is at battery voltage it should be protected with a 2-amp fuse at the shunt as shown; install the fuse after the wiring is connected. No other wires should be connected here.	ASHA TERMINAL (alternator shunt alternator side) YELLOW WIRE must be terminated on the small screw on the alternator side of the alternator shunt. This wire should be connected exactly as described to ensure proper	
	is NOTE: Function F11 is not changed in a reset to factory default values. If you wish to change this function you must use the setup routine to change it.	both 1.2 V and 2.4 V batteries. Battery #1 must be the battery that is used by the Freedom Inverter (or charged by the alternator when controlled by the Link 2000-R). You may also wish to use this function if the main house battery (Bank #1) is substantially larger than a separate engine battery (Bank #2) that is also monitored by the Link 2000-R. This will prevent the Link 2000-R from making a premature transition to float based on the smaller engine battery meeting the charged parameters substantially before the house battery.	<ul> <li>F11 - BATTERY #2 USED FOR CONTROL</li> <li>DEFAULT ON = BATTERY #2 USED FOR CONTROL</li> <li>OFF = BATTERY #2 IS NOT USED FOR CONTROL.</li> <li>This function is used to defeat Battery #2 as a part of the charger and alternator</li> <li>regulator control functions of the Link 2000-R. This is necessary for systems that have</li> </ul>	is reset to 100 amps in the event of a reset to factory default values. The CAUTION: OFF defeats this safety feature and the alternator will be run at full output until the Acceptance Voltage is reached. You can also use this feature to troubleshoot the alternator current measuring/limiting feature.	This function is only used with the Link 2000-R (Alternator Regulator Model). It sets a safety current limit for the alternator. This limits the maximum amount of current that the alternator can deliver which in turn reduces heat and wear on belts and bearings. This value	F10 - ALTERNATOR CURRENT LIMIT DEFAULT = 100 RANGE = OFF, 30–220 AMPS STEP = 10 A	<b>SPECIAL SEIDF FOR LINK ZUUU-K</b> The following is a list of special setups that may be necessary to tailor the LINK 2000-R to your system. Please see pages 10–14 of the LINK 2000 Owner's Manual for details on how to use the FUNC mode.	ODECINI OETIID EODIINK JOOD D

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install the fuse after the wiring is connected. No other wires should be connected here.	200 A #1 8) Battery temperature should never exceed 120 °F. We recommend a 110 °F limit.
the alternator shunt. This wire must be connected exactly as shown. Since this wire is at battery voltage it should be protected with a 2-amp fuse at the shunt as shown.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
ASHB TERMINAL (alternator shunt battery side) GREEN WIRE must be terminated on the small screw on the battery side of	100 A $#4$ $#2$ $#1$
•	00 A #0 #4 75 A #6 #4
BLACK WIRE wire is power ground. It is connected to the alternator ground.	35 A #8 #8
CND (CDOIND) TEDMINAI	10 FT OR LESS 11 TO 20 FT
battery side of the isolator.	ALTERNATOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT CABLE SIZE (AWG)
The second state of the se	total length of both the positive and negative runs must be measured.
installed to protect the wiring.	the size of the alternator wiring. Use the table below to find the appropriate wire size. The
side of the alternator shuftle (ASTEA). Connecting it here custices a stable voltage with thin voltage drop to supply the alternator field power. The 10-amp fuse shown should be	7) 🕼 If a small alternator is being replaced by a high output alternator you must increase
<b>RED WIRE</b> is the +12 V / 24 V supply. It is shown connected to the alternation of the second state of the	-
+12 V/24 V TERMINAL	current. The prass portions of the shuft are at $\pm 12$ v (24 v) potential and should therefore be protected from accidental contact to grounded objects or battery negative.
ancinator, userial ge the parterly, and cause system failure	6) The alternator shunt is in series with the alternator output and carries the full alternator
alternator discharge the battery and cause system failure	
fontinuously ON it may destroy the Ideal Regulator Output Module damage the	to an alternator whose engine is not running.
The GREEN LED must be OFF when the engine is off! If the regulator is left	by the key switch, in series with the field of each alternator to avoid supplying field current
	different engines you must install a normally open oil pressure switch, or a relay activated
ON is lif	than 230 amps, and combined field current less than 10 amps. If the alternators are on
ail proceure switch should be used When this wire is energized the CREENTED lebeled	charging the same battery, if they are the same size with a combined total capacity of less
source. This wire must not be connected to the oil pressure sensor for the oil pressure	the field current does not exceed 10 amps total. It can also regulate two alternators in parallel,
engine starting battery, the BROWN WIRE should be supplied from a stable 12 V/24 V	5) The LINK 2000-R is designed to regulate alternators up to 230 amps, provided that
running and off when the engine is off. If the system has a battery isolator, or separate	is in control of the system.
switch (such as an ignition switch or relay), that is hot $(+12 \text{ V}/24 \text{ V})$ when the engine is	is in control of the extern
Module. It should be connected to a normally open oil pressure switch, or some othe	improperty converted alternator may cause damaging mgn voltages. I leave be sure to check the regulation voltage during initial operation to verify that the 1 INK 2000LR
BROWN WIRE supplies the voltage that turns on the Ideal Regulator Output	anemator, paneted alternator movieus democing bick valence. Place he are
REG ON TERMINAL	should be performed by a qualified alternator shop. The warranty does not cover the
CARELINAL ("Equation") Sec at on page of	you must disconnect the internal regulator and the diode trio in the alternator. This
external regulation). See #4 on nage 8	internally regulated alternators. If these alternators are to be converted to external regulation
alkination out the internally regulated alternator without modifying it to use	regulation by switching in the negative supply to the field. This includes most Japanese and
alternator but the internal regulator must first be disabled DO NOT attempt to use the	LINK 2000-R is not designed to regulate N-type alternators; that is, alternators that require
The main plus will be into the tention of DELOO internally regulated	type regulators. If your alternator is internally regulated, modification will be necessary. The
NED LED glows more originly as the alternator output increases.)	4) The <b>LINK 2000-R</b> Ideal Regulator Output Module is designed to replace external "P"
DED I ED chove more brightly of the alternation entrut increase.	RAP CAUTION! YOU MUST READ THIS SECTION!
for the alternator field terminal on the alternator. (The RED LED, on the Ideal Regulato	
wire may be terminated with an insulated spade terminal or other appropriate connection	be used for the <b>LINK 2000-R</b> The wiring diagram is color coded to this cable
alternator regulation.) If the plug will not fit into the alternator it may be cut off and the blue	3) The same 8 wire twisted nair cable recommended in the LINK 2000 manual may
stubbed out of the gray plug is for electronic tachometers and has no function related to	$2$ ) All withing to the terminal board should be $\pm 16$ AWU ( $\pm 14$ may be used).
directly into standard small case high output alternators. (NOTE: The white wire that is	2) All minima to the terminal board should be #16 AWC (#14 more be used)
and sumplies alternator field current. The gravinsulated hug connector may be hugged	1) Read the REQUIRED READING section of the LINK 2000 owner's manual.
FIELD WIRE TERMINAL	
	REQUIRED READING

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Raain haabing un from the hottem (terminal #1) of the terminal strin toward	Ideal Regulator Output Module beginning from the left side of the module.
Wiring is simplified by using our custom multiple conductor twisted pair cable available from your dealer. See LINK 2000 manual. If you supply your own cable we recommend 16 AWG. Larger wire is okay but not necessary. Do not use larger than #14 AWG, as it will make terminating the wires difficult. Use twisted pairs where specified. Use the same color scheme as on the schematic to facilitate troubleshooting if required.	The harness that is supplied with this module is a standard alternator harness. It is keyed so that it cannot be improperly plugged into the module. The colors mentioned below correspond to the color code of the wiring harness. There is also a 25-foot 8 conductor data cord supplied to interconnect the Monitor Terminal Board and the Ideal Regulator Output Module. The following discusses each of the wires connected to the
MONITOR BOARD INSTALLATION & WIRING MOUNTING THE MONITOR TERMINAL BOARD The Monitor Terminal board should be secured behind or adjacent to the meter. It should be accessible and easy to see during hookup. The meter comes standard with an 18" ribbon cable.	Inclusion and the subject to salt or fresh water spray. The components in this module have been coated to resist corrosion but are not immune to, nor warranted against, abuse. This module has on it the FET (field effect transistor) that actually does the work of supplying power to the alternator field. While the reliability of this module is very high it also does all of the real work. The system has been designed with on-site repairability in mind, a spare Output Module or a standby regulator should be considered for long- distance cruicing.
Be sure the battery shunt is installed before proceeding.	MOUNTING THE OUTPUT MODULE
Our Customer Service Manager says, "Be a genius—ensure a successful installation by following our wire-by-wire instructions and please do the two progress checks and the final startup test."	IDEAL REGULATOR OUTPUT MODULE WIRING
out of the batteries. These two cords are not interchangeable.	data cord (described in the next section) between the Monitor Terminal Board and the Ideal Regulator Output Module to disable the regulator. The alternator will freew heel harmlessly.
() Eight Conductor Pata Cord: 1 nis 23 long cord () Solution (1) Shunt: Dual connects the Monitor Terminal Board to the Ideal 500 A, 50 mV shunt used to Regulator Output Module. This is the larger of the measurecurrent flowing in or two cords.	The battery monitoring and inverter/charger functions of the LINK 2000-R may be operated independently of the alternator regulator functions. Simply unplug the 8 conductor
shooting.	technology Inc. The wiring is now complete and the battery monitoring functions of the meter now are fully operational.
also a RJ-45 jack and plugs 6) Four Conductor Remote Cord: This 25' long for the alternator shunt wiring phone cord connects the LINK to the inverter/charger.	make sure there is a minus sign in front of the display which indicates discharge. If the number has no minus sign and there are no charging sources on, it means that the battery shunt sense leads are reversed. If you have a problem call your dealer or Xantrex
Interview       xantrex       2) The Ideal Regulator       5) The Alternator Shunt: Single 500 A,         Output Module: Supplied       Image: Source of the alternator shunt: Single 500 A,       50 mV shunt used to measure current         Image: Source of the alternator shunt: Single 500 A,       Image: Source of the alternator shunt: Single 500 A,       Source of the alternator shunt: Single 500 A,         Image: Source of the alternator shunt: Single 500 A,       Image: Source of the alternator shunt: Single 500 A,       Source of the alternator shunt: Single 500 A,         Image: Source of the alternator shunt: Single 500 A,       Image: Source of the alternator shunt: Single 500 A,       Source of the alternator shunt: Single 500 A,         Image: Source of the alternator shunt: Single 500 A,       Image: Source of the alternator shunt: Single 500 A,       Image: Source of the alternator shunt: Single 500 A,         Image: Source of the alternator shunt: Single 500 A,       Image: Source of the alternator shunt: Single 500 A,       Image: Source of the alternator shunt: Single 500 A,         Image: Source of the alternator shunt: So	okay as long as you find each load and decide that it is an acceptable continuous current draw. Once your base-line current is known, remember it. If you cannot always turn offloads and reach the same number of amps you should find out why. Turn on various loads and
cord to the inverter/charger.	draw it normally means that not all the DC loads are turned off. There may be an alarm system, a clock, or other instrumentation that is left on all the time intentionally. That is
<ul> <li>processor and display. The actual regulation program is actual regulation program is in the meter. It is terminated with aribbon cable. It also has a RJ-45</li> <li>b I I I icol. For the remote a plugs into this board. It also has a RJ-45</li> </ul>	Now it is time to check the battery current function. Plug the meter's ribbon cable into the Monitor Terminal Board and/or insert the fuses. Turnoff all DC loads and charging sources. With everything off select Battery #1 or #2 Amps—the LINK 2000-R should read 0.0, -0 0 or no more than -0 1 A (The meter uses less than 0 1 A) If there is a larger current
• ur assume 1) The LINK 2000-R 4) The Monitor Terminal Board: The Monitor Terminal Board: The Monitor Terminal Board: The wiring for battery monitoring terminates	PROGRESS CHECK #2
There are several components to LINK 2000-R METERS:	WIRE and TERMINAL #9 BROWN WIRE should be a twisted pair.
WIRING INSTRUCTIONS Refer to the wiring diagram while using these instructions.	<b>TERMINAL #10</b> <b>YELLOW WIRE</b> (B2SHB), is connected to the SMALL SCREW ON THE BATTERY SIDE of the Battery #2 shunt (B2SHB). The TERMINAL #10 YELLOW

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**TERMINAL #1** 

measurements. It must be connected on the BSHG (Grounded) side of the battery shunt.

BLACK WIRE (AGND) is the Analog Ground. It is the reference for all

TERMINAL #2 is not used.

Do not connect anything else to this terminal.

### **TERMINAL #3**

WHITE WIRE (LITE) turns on the monitor backlighting. It may be supplied from a switch that controls other instrument lighting or it may be connected to TERMINAL #4 if you wish the lighting to be on all the time. Set at the default value the backlighting consumes about 8 mA (0.008 A). If left on all the time it would use less than 0.2 Ah per day.

# TERMINAL #4 <<Consider the options for this wire>>

**RED WIRE** (12/24 V) is the +12 V/24 V power to supply the meter. The wiring diagram shows two options. The preferred option is to jumper together **TERMINALS** #4 and **TERMINAL #5** as shown. Wired this way, the meter cannot accidentally be de-powered. It has the disadvantage of always consuming a little bit of power from the #1 Battery. The meter consumes about 28 mA (0.028 A). If left on all the time it would use about 0.7 Ah per day.

If the system is left on for long periods (long enough to significantly discharge the battery) with no charging sources available, then you should consider the option shown with the dotted line. In this case the **TERMINAL #4 RED WIRE** is not jumped to the **TERMINAL #5 BLUE WIRE** but supplied from the common of the battery switch. (Be sure to install the 2 A fuse as near the battery switch as possible.) Then, whichever battery is selected by the battery switch is the battery that supplies the power for the meter.

**Caution:** With this option, if the battery switch is turned off, the meter is de-powered and this resets amp hours to zero. Therefore the battery switch should never be turned off except when leaving the system for a long period of time. When the system is returned to service you must resynchronize the meter by fully charging the battery.

Another option for the **TERMINAL #4 RED WIRE** is to install a separate on/off switch in it before it connects to the terminal board. Just remember to turn off the meter when leaving the system unattended. (Amp hours will be reset to zero when the unit is repowered.)

# TERMINAL #5 <<See TERMINAL #4 above for options>>

**BLUE WIRE** (B1V) supplies Battery #1 voltage to the Link 2000-R for sensing. It should be supplied directly from Battery #1 positive. Be sure to install the 2-amp fuse shown in the drawing as near the battery as possible.

**TERMINAL #6** <<if one battery to be monitored, jumper TERMINAL #5 & #6>> VIOLET WIRE (B2V) supplies Battery #2 voltage to the Link 2000-R for sensing. It should be supplied directly from Battery #2 positive. Be sure to install the 2-amp fuse shown in the drawing.

## **PROGRESS CHECK #1**

The wires hooked up so far allow you to check the voltage monitoring functions. Install the fuse that supplies TERMINAL #4 - Red Wire (+12 V / +24 V) and carefully plug the ribbon cable into the Monitor Terminal Board, note the connector index key and be sure the pins are lined up correctly.

**Type** From now on you may de-power the meter by unplugging the ribbon cable. If you remove the fuse that supplies TERMINAL #4 - RED WIRE with the ribbon cable plugged in, you must be careful when reinstalling it. It must be a deliberate action. If the power to the meter is turned on and off in less than five-second intervals it can cause the microprocessor to interrupt its initialization process. De-powering and re-powering by using the ribbon cable avoids this problem.

Check each of the battery voltages. It is best to have a separate, accurate digital voltmeter to compare the voltages shown on the Link 2000-R against the actual battery voltage. They should be within a few hundredths of a volt. If they are not, check your voltage sense lead fuses and fuse holders. Any problems must be resolved before proceeding. If you have questions, call your dealer or Xantrex Technology Inc.

# Unplug the ribbon cable before proceeding, or remove the fuses in the wires to terminals #4, 5, & 6 before continuing.

<<The next four wires are for the dual battery shunt sense leads.>> See "Required Reading" in the LINK 2000 installation manual regarding the special care required in the installation of the shunt and its wiring.

**TERMINAL #7 - Jumper to TERMINAL #9 for single bank current measurement. GREEN WIRE** (B1SHG) which is connected to the SMALL SCREW ON THE GROUND SIDE, OR LOAD SIDE, of the Battery #1 shunt (B1SHG). This wire must be located exactly as described to ensure accuracy of current measurements. This GREEN WIRE AND ORANGE WIRE attached to Terminal #8 should be a twisted pair.

**TERMINAL #8 - Jumper to TERMINAL #10 for single bank current measurement. ORANGE WIRE** (B1SHB) is connected to the SMALL SCREW ON THE BATTERY SIDE of the battery #1 shunt (B1SHB). This wire should be located exactly

as described to ensure accuracy in current measurements.

**INST** NOTE: If only one current input is used, jumper terminals #7 & #9 together and terminals #8 & #10 together. This hookup will display the same current information for both the Battery #1 and #2 selection.

### **TERMINAL #9**

**BROWN WIRE** (B2SHG) is connected to the SMALL SCREW ON THE GROUNDED, OR LOAD SIDE, of the battery #2 shunt (B2SHG). The TERMINAL #10 YELLOW WIRE and TERMINAL #9 BROWN WIRE should be a twisted pair.

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