11Mbps Wireless Internet Broadband Router

# ANSEL 2314 Wireless BroadBand Router

# **User Guide**

Version 1.3

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#### **FCC Certifications**

You are cautioned that any changes or modifications not expressly approved in this manual could void your authorization to use the device.

**CAUTION:** Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

#### **Prohibition of co-location**

This device must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

#### 15.105 Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Requirements, Part 15

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

---Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

- ---Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- ---Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- ---Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

#### **Regulatory information / Disclaimers**

Installation and use of this Wireless LAN device must be in strict accordance with the instructions included in the user documentation provided with the product. Any changes or modifications (including the antennas) made to this device that are not expressly approved by the manufacturer may void the user's authority to operate the equipment. The manufacturer is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by unauthorized modification of this device, or the substitution of the connecting cables and equipment other than manufacturer specified. It is the responsibility of the user to correct any interference caused by such unauthorized modification, substitution or attachment. Manufacturer and its authorized resellers or distributors will assume no liability for any damage or violation of government regulations arising from failing to comply with these guidelines.

**CAUTION:** To maintain compliance with FCC's RF exposure guidelines, this equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20 cm between the radiator and your body. Use on the supplied antenna. Unauthorized antenna, modification, or attachments could damage the transmitter and may violate FCC regulations.

#### **MPE Statement (Safety Information)**

Your device contains a low power transmitter. When device is transmitted it sends out Radio Frequency (RF) signal.

#### **Safety Information**

In order to maintain compliance with the FCC RF exposure guidelines, this equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20 cm between the radiator and your body. Use only with supplied antenna. Unauthorized antenna, modification, or attachments could damage the transmitter and may violate FCC regulations.

# 11Mbps Wireless Internet Broadband Router

#### Caution Statement of the FCC Radio Frequency Exposure

This Wireless LAN radio device has been evaluated under FCC Bulletin OET 65C and found compliant to the requirements as set forth in CFR 47 Sections 2.1091, 2.1093, and 15.247(b)(4) addressing RF Exposure from radio frequency devices. The radiation output power of this Wireless LAN device is far below the FCC radio frequency exposure limits. Nevertheless, this device shall be used in such a manner that the potential for human contact during normal operation—as a mobile or portable device but use in a body-worn way is strictly prohibit. When using this device, a certain separation distance between antenna and nearby persons has to be kept to ensure RF exposure compliance. In order to comply with the RF exposure limits established in the ANSI C95.1 standards, the distance between the antennas and the user should not be less than 20 cm.

#### **CE Mark Warning**

This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

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# 1: Introduction

The Wireless Internet Broadband Router combines the technology of Fast Ethernet and IEEE 802.11b Wireless LAN, providing the home or small office users the Cable/DSL access to the Internet via cord and cordless connection. At the same time, integrated with the firewall and 128-bit WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) Encryption, the Wireless Internet Broadband Router allows multiple users to share one Internet connection while ensuring the safety and security of the packet flow.

Throughout this guide, the **Wireless Internet Broadband Router** may be referred to as **the Router**.

### 1.1 Before You Start

Check the package of the router before you start. The package contents come with:

- One Wireless Access Point Router
- One AC/DC Power Adapter
- CD
- User Guide

# 1.2 System Requirement

Before you getting started, make sure you meet the following requirements.

- One RJ-45 Cable/DSL network connection
- One PC with installed 10/100 Mbps Ethernet Adapter
- UTP network cable with RJ-45 connector
- Windows 95/98/2000 or Windows NT for the Web-based Configuration
- Either Microsoft Internet Explorer 4.0 (or above version) or Netscape Navigator 4.0 (or above version)

For Wireless Connection

• One PC with installed Wireless Network Adapter

# **1.3 How to Use this Guide**

This guide is structured as follows:

- Chapter 2, *Hardware Installation* explains the function of the router and how to physically install it.
- Chapter 3, *Configuration* explains how to set up and modify the configuration of the router with its Web-based utility. In addition, the configuration of the PCs that you want to connect to the Router can be found within this chapter.
- Chapter 4, Specifications contains information about the cables, environment and the technical specifications of the router.
- Appendices include the information of Static IP address and Dynamic IP address, comparison table and warranty Statement. Read them as necessary.

# 2: Hardware Installation

# 2.1 Product Description

This chapter describes the features and functions of the router and shows how to physically install it.

### 2.1.1 Overview

As the interface between WAN and LAN, the Wireless Internet Broadband Router combines the technology of Fast Ethernet and IEEE 802.11b Wireless LAN, providing the home and small office users the broadband access to the internet via cord and cordless connection. Meanwhile with the integration-the firewall and 128-bit WEP (Wired Encrypted Privacy) Encryption, the Wireless Internet Broadband Router allows multiple users to share one Internet connection while ensuring the safety and security of the packet flow. Also, the design of one antenna will enhance the reception of signals transmitting from wireless adapters.

Strictly compliant with IEEE 802.11b, the Wireless Internet Broadband Router features the transmission rate up to 11 Mbps and 2.4 GHz frequency band, easily building up the wireless communication with other Wireless LAN devices. The local users' IP address masking and specific port blocking offer two levels of security. Also, the Wireless Internet Broadband Router serves as a DHCP server that automatically assigns IP address to the devices on your local area network (LAN).

#### 2.1.2 Features

- Interoperable with IEEE 802.11b (DSSS) 2.4GHz compliant equipment
- Transmission speeds adjustable at 1, 2, 5.5, and 11 Mbps.
- Features 2.4 GHz frequency band.
- Capable of up to 128-bit WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) Encryption secures the network connection.
- MAC address filtering
- Supports PPPoE, PPTP Client, and Dynamic DNS
- Connects to a Cable/DSL modem or to an Ethernet backbone
- Equipped with a 4-port 10/100 Mbps Switch
- Creates a firewall to protect your PCs from outside intruders
- Configurable through any networked PC's web browser
- Speeds up the gaming and multimedia connections dramatically
- Simultaneously act as either a DHCP server on the LAN or a DHCP client on the

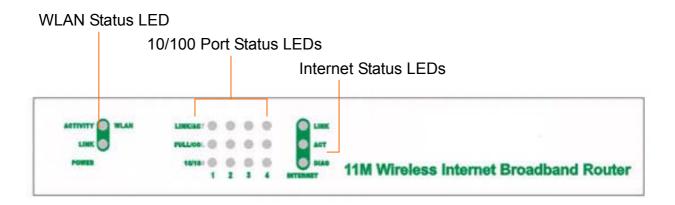
WAN

- Enables outside users to access the internal IP servers via Internet. Compatible with virtually all standard Internet applications
- Compatible with all standard internet application
- Enables administrators to block specific interior users' Internet access

#### 2.1.3 Front Panel

The front panel of the router has 3 LEDs for each 10/100 Mbps ports, and three Module Status LEDs at the left. The Internet LEDs are at the right. Figure 2-1 show front panels of these routers.

Figure 2-1 Front panel of Wireless Access Point Routers with One Optional PCMCIA Card, One Fixed Antenna, and One Reverse TNC Antenna



#### 2.1.4 LEDs and Reset Button

The LEDs are explained in the following tables.

LED	Color	Function	
WLAN Act	Green	<i>Lights</i> to indicate the router is activated.	
WLAN Link	(;reen	Lights to indicate that the Router's wireless functions	
		have been enabled through the Web-based utility.	
Power	Green	<i>Lights</i> to indicate the router has power.	

LED	Color	Function		
	Green	Lights to indicate a functional network link through the		
Link/Act		corresponding port with an attached device.		
LINK/ACt		Blinks to indicate that the router is actively sending or		
		receiving data over that port.		
	Green	Lights to indicate that the connection made through		
		the corresponding port is running in Full Duplex mode.		
FULL/COL		Blinks periodically to indicate that the connection is		
		experiencing collisions.		
100	Orange	Lights for any port to indicate that the port is operating		
		at 100 Mbps.		
		<i>Off</i> to indicate that the port is operating at 10 Mbps		
		while the network is still operating.		

Table 2-2 10/100 Port Status LED Functionality

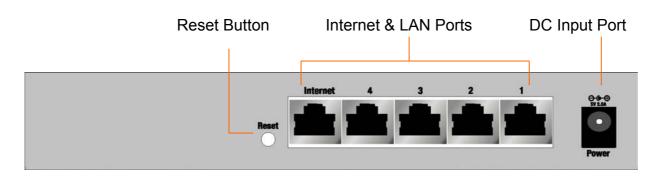
#### Table 2-3 Internet LED Functionality

LED	Color	Function	
Link	Green	Lights to indicate a successful connection between	
		the Router and your broadband device or network.	
Act	Green	Blinks to indicate that the Router is sending or	
		receiving data over the broadband (Internet) port.	
	Red	Lights to indicate the Router's self-diagnosis mode is	
Diag		running during boot-up and restart. It will turn off when	
		completing the diagnosis.	

#### 2.1.5 Rear Panel

The rear panel of the router has one Reset button at the left. At the right area are the Internet and LAN ports and a power connector. Figure 2-2 shows rear panels of these routers. Table 2-4 explains the function of the port.

Figure 2-2 Rear panel of the Wireless Internet Broadband Router with Fixed Antenna and one Reverse SMA Antenna



#### Table 2-4 All Port Functionality

Port	Function		
Beest	Pressing the Reset button for more than 3 seconds to		
Reset	restore to the factory default setting.		
LAN port	rt This is where you connect to the PC.		
Internet port	This is where you connect to the Cable/DSL modem.		
DC Input Port	To connect the adapter to receive power.		

#### **Caution: Reset Button**

Pressing the Reset button for more than 3 seconds while the router powers up will restore to factory default setting. Note that this should be done only when you had tried all the troubleshooting options. Pressing the Reset button during operation may bring you into the risk of creating IP address conflict between your PC and the router. In such a case, you may be compelled to reboot your entire system(s).

# 2.2 Installing the Router

This section will discuss what you should do before connecting your router to the network and how to physically install it.

### 2.2.1 Preparing for Installation

Before you start to connect your router to any network device, make sure you get the following values from your ISP. You will need those values to setup the Router and configure you networked PCs to accept the IP address the Router chooses to assign them.

■PPPoE User Name and Password

or

- •Fixed Internet IP Address assigned by your local ISP
- Your Subnet Mask
- Your Default Gateway
- Your Primary DNS IP address

or

•Other values may be needed for Cable Modem users, please confirm with your ISP

You are supposed to have all those information mentioned above from your ISP. If not, contact your ISP and they will be able to supply all the information you need.

#### 2.2.2 Getting Started

You may complete the following steps to install your Wireless Internet Broadband Router when you have all the information mentioned above on hand.

**Step 1.** Power all devices down. This should include your PCs, Cable or DSL modem and the Router.

Step 2. Connect the Router to your PCs.

- **A.** Connect one end of a standard network cable to the 10/100 RJ-45 LAN ports on the back of the Wireless Access Point Router.
- **B.** Connect the other end of the cable to the PC.

**Step 3.** Connect the Router to your Cable or DSL modem.

- **A.** Connect one end of a standard network cable to the RJ-45 WAN port on the back of the Wireless Access Point Router.
- **B.** Connect the other end of the cable to either a Cable or DSL modem

Step 4. Supply the power to the Router.

- A. Connect one end of the power cable to the Wireless Access Point Router.
- **B.** Connect the power cube end of the power cable to a standard wall outlet.

When the Router receives power, the Power LED should remain solid Green.

Step 5. Supply the power to either your Cable or DSL modem.

**Step 6.** Press the Reset button to restore the Wireless Access Point Router's default settings. Hold the button in for three seconds, or until the Diag LED illuminates red.

# **3: Configuration**

## **3.1 Configuring the Wireless Access Point Router**

Once you've done with the hardware installation, you may start to configure your system. Note that this high-speed Wireless Router has an internal integrated-circuit chip that programs all the administrative utility. The utility can be accessed by any PC on the network at <u>http://192.168.1.1</u>.

Typing <u>http://192.168.1.1</u> into the PC's browser address windows. (See Figure 3-1) Then, you will receive a pop-up password request page. (See Figure 3-2) Type "**admin**" into the Password field and leave the User Name field empty. After you access the Utility, you can find detailed instructions and explanations by clicking each page's **Help** button. To apply any settings you've altered on any page, click the **Apply** button, and then click **Continue**. To clear any values you've entered on any page, click **Cancel**.

#### Figure 3-1 Http://192.168.1.1



Figure 3-2 A Password Request Page

Connect to 192.1	68.1.1 🛛 🛛 🔁 🔀
	G
Web Manager	
<u>U</u> ser name:	2
<u>P</u> assword:	•••••
	Remember my password
	OK Cancel

**Note:** If you have completed the basic configuration of the router, you may refer to *Section 3.6 Configuring your PCs to Connect to the Router* to configure the PCs that you plan to connect to the Router.

# 3.2 The Setup Wizard

Figure 3-3 shows the page that you will see once you have accessed to the Utility. The Setup Wizard of the router will lead you step by step to configure your Router. Please follow the instructions as the Wizard page request and change the settings in accordance to the information provided by your ISP.

If you use ADSL modem to make Cable/DSL access, please go to 3.2.1 PPPoE Connection for WAN. If the fixed IP is used, please go to 3.2.2 Fixed IP for WAN. As for the Cable modem, please go to 3.2.4 Dynamic IP for WAN.

<ul> <li>Home</li> <li>Setup Wizard</li> <li>Setup</li> <li>Status</li> <li>Tools</li> <li>Advanced</li> <li>Help</li> </ul>	<b>Home</b> Most users will be able to use the router's default settings without making any changes. If you have different settings, the Setup Wizard will lead you step by step to configure your router. Please change the settings based on your ISP's information. The Setup, Status, Tools and Advanced pages provide you a easy way to manage the router. For general users, you don't have to change any setting in the Advanced page.

#### Figure 3-3 The "Home" page of the Utility Menu Screen

Goto Setup Wizard

#### 3.2.1 PPPoE Connection for WAN

If your ISP uses PPPoE (Point-to-Point Over Ethernet) to establish communications with end-users, you will receive information such as **User Name** and **Password** from them. To set up a PPPoE connection for WAN, follow the instructions as shown in Figure 3-4 Cable/DSL Setup Menu Screen and Figure 3-5 Cable/DSL Setup Menu with "No" Option Screen. Then, you need to configure the following values to make your router work. (See Figure 3-6 *PPPoE Menu Screen*)

#### - User Name and Password

Fill in the entries with the information you get from your ISP.

#### - Service Name

📾 Home

🖻 🚞 Setup 🕀 💼 Status 🖻 💼 Tools 🖻 🚞 Advanced 🗄 💼 Help

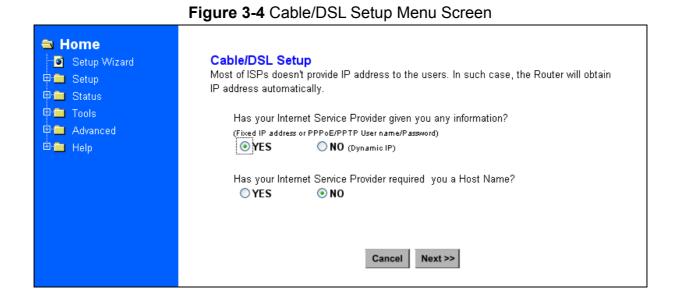
If your ISP provides this info, please type it into the field.

#### - Connect on Demand

If you have been disconnected due to inactivity, Connect on Demand will enable you to establish a connection again between your Router and ISP.

#### - Max Idle Time

The Max Idle time is the amount of time you would like to pass before the Router drops your Internet connection due to inactivity. Enter zero (0) in the field to remain Internet connection on at all time. The idle time ranges from 0 to 60 minutes.



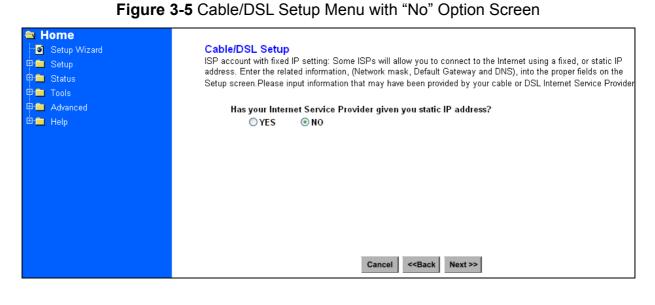


Figure 3-6 PPPoE Menu Screen

<ul> <li>Home</li> <li>Setup Wizard</li> <li>Setup</li> <li>Status</li> </ul>	<b>PPPoE</b> Your Internet Service Provider must provide you PPPoE authentication such as User name and password. Please fill the PPPoE information to make the route work. The Connect On Demand is to save the PPPoE connection charge. After the Max Idle Time passing without any traffic, the connection will be disconnected. And		
Tools     Advanced	ŕ	nection as soon as you attempt to access the Internet again.	
⊞- <b>I</b> Help	User Name : Password :	Mail@hine.net	
	Confirm Password :	•••••	
	Service Name :		
	Connect on Demand :	💿 Enabled 🔿 Disabled	
	Max Idle Time :	0 Min.	
		Cancel < <back next="">&gt;</back>	

#### 3.2.2 Fixed IP for WAN

If your ISP has assigned your home a static IP address (See Appendix A *About Static and Dynamic IP Address*), you may connect to the Internet by using a fixed, or static address. To set up a Fixed IP for WAN, do the following steps as an example.

**Step 1** Choose "**YES**" when you see the question: (See Figure 3-5 *Cable/DSL Setup Menu with "No" Option Screen*)

Has your Internet Service Provider given you static IP address?

Then select Fixed IP.

**Step 2** Enter the information of **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask** and **Default Gateway** as required. Then click the "NEXT" button. You should obtain above information from your ISP. If not, contact your ISP.

### 11Mbps Wireless Internet Broadband Router

#### Figure 3-7 Cable/DSL Setup Menu

<ul> <li>Home</li> <li>Setup Wizard</li> <li>Setup</li> <li>Status</li> <li>Tools</li> <li>Advanced</li> <li>Help</li> </ul>	address. Enter the related in Setup screen.Please input in Has your Internet S OYES To State Sta	tting: Some ISPs will allow you to connect to the Internet using a fixed, or static IP formation, (Network mask, Default Gateway and DNS), into the proper fields on the nformation that may have been provided by your cable or DSL Internet Service Provider. ervice Provider given you static IP address? NO
	IP Address : Subnet Mask : Default Gateway :	192       .       168       .       1         255       .       255       .       0         192       .       168       .       1       .
		Cancel < <back next="">&gt;</back>

**Step 3** Enter the **DNS Address.** (See Figure 3-8 *DNS Menu Screen*) Your ISP should provide you with at least one DNS IP Address. If not, contact your ISP.

Figure 3-8 DNS Menu Screen

<ul> <li>Home</li> <li>Setup Wizard</li> <li>Setup</li> <li>Setup</li> <li>Status</li> <li>Tools</li> </ul>	DNS Has your Internet Service Provider given you the DNS address(es)?
⊕rim Advanced ⊡rim Help	DNS Address : 168 . 192 . 1 . 1
	Cancel < <back next="">&gt;</back>

#### 3.2.3 PPTP For WAN

Step 1 Choose "YES" when you see the question: (See Figure 3-5 *Cable/DSL Setup Menu*)

#### Has your Internet Service Provider given you static IP address?

Then select "PPTP".

Figure 3-9

Home Setup Wizard Setup Setup Status Advanced Help	Cable/DSL Setup         ISP account with fixed IP setting: Some ISPs will allow you to connect to the Internet using a fixed, or static IP address. Enter the related information, (Network mask, Default Gateway and DNS), into the proper fields on the Setup screen.Please input information that may have been provided by your cable or DSL Internet Service Provider.         Has your Internet Service Provider given you static IP address?         ● YES       ● NO         ● Fixed IP       ●PTP
	Cancel < <back next="">&gt;</back>

Step 2 Click "Next>>", and then the following screen will appear. Enter the information of "PPTP Account", "PPTP Password", and " Host Name". "My IP Address" and "My Subnet Mask" assigned by your Internet Service Provider should be filled in. 11Mbps Wireless Internet Broadband Router

Figure 3-10 PPTP Settings Screen

Home Setup Wizard Setup Setus Tools Advanced Help	Name is normally optional, Address' is your Internet S Address' and 'My Subnet N	e and password assigned by your S by may be required by some servi ervice Provider PPTP server IP. An Aask' assigned by your Internet Se nnection is most popular in Europe	ice providers. 'Service IP d You should fill 'My IP rvice Provider.
	PPTP Account :		
	PPTP Password :		
	Retype password :		
	Host Name :		
	Service IP Address :	0.0.0.0	
	My IP Address :	0.0.0.0	
	My Subnet Mask :	0.0.0.0	
	Connection ID :	0	(Optional)
	Connect on Demand :	🔿 Enabled 💿 Disable	ed
		Cancel < <back next="">&gt;</back>	

#### 3.2.4 Dynamic IP for WAN

If you did not receive any values such as fixed IP address, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway and Primary DNS IP address from your ISP, choose the "**NO**" option in both Figure 3-4 *Cable/DSL Setup Menu Screen* and Figure 3-8 *DNS Menu Screen*.

Note: See Appendix A to learn more about static and dynamic IP address.

#### 3.2.5 Alias IP Setup

The Alias IP Setup allows you to enter maximum 5 IP addresses that can be distributed to your computer. The error message will pop up if you enter more than 5 IP addresses.

See Figure 3-11 *Alias IP Setup.* Note that this function is effective only when your ISP supports it. If you want to delete the entered IP address, pull down the IP address and highlight the IP address you want to delete. Click *Delete this entry.* Then this IP address will be deleted.

The application of Virtual Server and DMZ Host IP Addresses requires more than one IP address. Alias IP provides a good support for such applications.

<ul> <li>Home</li> <li>Setup Wizard</li> <li>Setup</li> <li>Password</li> <li>Configure</li> </ul>	lf your Internet Servi address, You can er	<b>etup</b> (Fixed IP mode only ) ce Provider has assigned a fixed address and more than one IP nter the assigned address to the 'Alias IP' for WAN port IP addresses. be used on 'Virtual server' and 'DMZ host setting'.
	IP Address : Alias IP :	Select Alias Entry         Delete this entry         0       .         0       .         0       .
<ul> <li>➡ Tools</li> <li>➡ Advanced</li> <li>➡ Help</li> </ul>		Apply Cancel

#### Figure 3-11 Alias IP Setup

#### 3.2.6 DNS

Select the item of DNS from the Setup menu. The following screen will appear. You can enter the **DNS Address.** Your ISP should provide you with at least one DNS IP

#### Address. If not, contact your ISP.

Setup Wizard	DNS	
<ul> <li>Password</li> <li>Configure</li> <li>Alias IP</li> <li>DNS</li> <li>Wireless</li> <li>Time</li> <li>Status</li> <li>Tools</li> <li>Advanced</li> <li>Help</li> </ul>	DNS Address :	168       .       192       .       1         255       .       255       .       0         168       .       192       .       1       0         Apply       Cancel       Cancel       Cancel       Cancel

#### Figure 3-12 DNS

### 3.2.7 Wireless Configuration

You can access this screen at any time by clicking the Wireless button. (See Figure 3-13 *Wireless Configuration Screen*)

	Wireless Network	
🖨 Home		
ా 🧿 Setup Wizard 타 🖘 Setup	Basic Settings :	
Password	ESSID :	WLAN
<b>ie</b> Configure <b>ie</b> Alias IP	Channel :	10 💌
O DNS O Wireless	WEP Configuration :	
<mark>ම</mark> Time ₽-== Status	WEP :	○ Enabled
🖽 💼 Tools	Default Key :	1 (ex: 14 )
⊕•	Encript Type :	
	Key1 :	
	Key2 :	
	Key3 :	
	Key4 :	
	Access Control :	
	Access Permission :	Illow Everyone Access
		Only Allow Access If On This List
	Existing Stations :	
		Delete Stations
	New Stations :	00 . 00 . 00 . 00 . 00 . 00
		Add Stations
		Cancel < <back next="">&gt;</back>

#### Figure 3-13 Wireless Configuration Screen

- ESSID: All Wireless devices in your Network must use the same ESSID. Make sure that this field reflects the correct ESSID for your network.
- Channel No: All Wireless devices in your Network must use the same ESSID. Make sure that this field reflects the correct channel for your network. Should you experience any interference, you may need to experiment with different channels to establish a better connection.

#### • WEP:

WEP is Wired Equivalent Privacy, a data privacy mechanism based on a 40-bit or 128-bit shared key algorithm, as described in the IEEE 802.11b standard. Using a

128-bit shared key algorithm will increase network security. However, you may experience decreased network performance when using a 128-bit shared key algorithm. You may disable the encryption feature.

- **Default Key:** Select the algorithm key to be used in your 40-bit or 128-bit WEP-enabled wireless Network.
- Encript Type: Select 40-bit or 128-bit WEP-enabled wireless Network.
- The WEP keys (1 4): are 10 heximal numerals for 40-bit WEP or 26 heximal numerals for 128-bit WEP in length and can be any numeric combination. However, these keys must be used identically for each point on your wireless Network.
- Access Control: is designed to allow or prohibit others to access through the router. If you select "Allow Everyone Access", everyone can access data through the router. If you select "Only Allow Access If On This List", then you can add new stations allowed to access the data in the "New Stations" column. You can delete the existing stations in the "Existing Stations" column by choosing the stations you want to desert and clicking the "Delete Stations" button.

#### 3.2.8 Time

You can get the data of the log files by setting the time zone. (See figure3-14 Time Zone)

-o Setup Wizard ⊡-≘ Setup -o Password	<b>Time Zone</b> You have to set time zone of the router for displaying time of log files. Please choose your local time zone.
Onfigure     Alias IP     ONS     Wireless	(GMT-06:00) Central Time (US & Canada)
☐ Time ☐ Status ☐ Tools ☐ Advanced ☐ Help	Apply Cancel

#### Figure 3-14 Time Zone

# 3.3 Browsing the Status

#### 3.3.1 Status

This screen provides the current information of the device. All of the information provided is read-only. (See Figure 3-15 *Status Menu Screen*)

- Router Name: You will see the name of this device in this field.
- **Firmware Version:** You will see the installed version of the firmware.
- WAN IP Configure: This field shows whether or not you have enabled the use of PPPoE connection, Static IP or Dynamic IP.
- Firewall Settings:
  - -NAT allows all of the computers on your network to use one IP address.
  - -Hacker Attack Protect keeps you from hackers' attack.
  - -DHCP server shows the status of the router's DHCP server function.
  - -Block Hacker Scan makes your Router invisible so that hackers cannot find your Router on the network.

-*Remote Management* allows you to manage this device from the remote site via the network.

- LAN: These fields display the current *IP address* and *Subnet Mask* of the router as seen by the users on your internal network.
- WAN: These fields display the *IP Address*, *Subnet Mask* and *Default Gateway* of the router as seen by external users on the Internet. *DNS (Domain Name Server)* shows the IP address of the DNS currently being used.

➡ Home Setup Wizard ➡ Setup	Router Name :		
⊡• <del>⊂</del> ⊒ Status ∎oji Status	Firmware Version :	0.03.00, Mar 28, 2002	
	WAN IP Configure :	Static IP Address	
💿 Routing Table	Firewall Settings :	NAT :	ENABLED
⊡o DDNS Status ⊡o Dools		Hacker Attack Protect	ENABLED
⊕- <mark>—</mark> Advanced ⊞- <mark>—</mark> Help		DHCP server :	ENABLED
		Block Hacker Scan :	DISABLED
		Remote Management :	ENABLED
	LAN :	(MAC Address : 00-03-6D-24-	43-31)
		IP Address : Subnet Mask :	192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
	WAN :	(MAC Address : 00-03-6D-24	43-30)
		IP Address : Subnet Mask : Default Gateway : DNS :	192.168.1.1 255.255.0.0 192.168.1.254 168.192.1.1 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0

#### Figure 3-15 Status Menu Screen

#### 3.3.2 Wireless Status

This screen shows the setting status of the Wireless Channel.

Figure 3-16 Wireless Status Screen

<b>➡ Home</b>	Wireless Status	
🖻 🔁 Status	ESSID :	WLAN
	Channel :	3
DHCP Table S Routing Table	WEP Settings :	Disabled
DDNS Status		Default Key : 1
🕀 🧰 Advanced		Key1 :
🗄 🧰 Help		Кеу2 :
		КеуЗ :
		Кеу4 :

#### 3.3.3 DHCP Table

This table shows the number of clients who exist on your DHCP pool and their information such as MAC Address, Computer name and IP Address. Figure 3-17 shows the *DHCP Table Screen*.

	i iguio e il B	
<ul> <li>Home</li> <li>Setup Wizard</li> <li>Setup</li> <li>Status</li> <li>Status</li> <li>Status</li> <li>Wireless Status</li> <li>DHCP Table</li> <li>DHCP Table</li> <li>Routing Table</li> <li>DDNS Status</li> <li>Tools</li> <li>Advanced</li> <li>Help</li> </ul>	DHCP TABLE This screen displays how r users detail information. IP Address	ve been used on your DHCP pool and the Clinet Name
⊕ <mark>—</mark> Help		

#### Figure 3-17 DHCP Table Screen

#### 3.3.4 Routing Table

You will see the current routing configuration such as the address of Destination LAN IP, Default Gateway, Subnet Mask, Metric and the Interface (LAN or WAN). See Figure 3-18 *Routing Table Menu Screen* 

<ul> <li>Setup Wizard</li> <li>Setup</li> </ul>	Routing Table This screen displays how	many routings on your	routing table and in	terface info	rmation.
⊐• <del>⊂</del> ∎ Status ■oo Status	Destination LAN IP	Default Gateway	Subnet Mask	Metric	Interface
······································	0.0.0.0	192.168.1.254	0.0.0.0	0	LAN
DHCP Table	192.168.0.0	192.168.1.1	255.255.0.0	0	WAN
Routing Table	192.168.1.0	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	0	LAN
DDNS Status	210.61.152.0	210.61.152.101	255.255.255.0	0	WAN
Dia Tools Dia Advanced Dia Help					

#### Figure 3-18 Routing Table Menu Screen

#### 3.3.5 DDNS Status Screen

This router supports the DDNS service allowing you to use one specific DNS name while the actual IP address changes. You can see the Dynamic DNS status from this screen. This screen shows the information of the connection status for the supported DDNS server. See Figure 3-19 DDNS Status Screen.

#### Figure 3-19 DDNS Status Screen

Setup Wizard The Setup	DDNS Status This screen displays the connection	status for the supported DDNS server.
⊇• <mark>—su</mark> Status —ooo Status	Server	Status
Vireless Status	MyDynDNS	No Account
DHCP Table	No-IP	No Account
Routing Table	DtDNS	No Account
DDNS Status		
l' 🚞 Tools		
🖳 Advanced		
⊡• 💼 Help		

11Mbps Wireless Internet Broadband Router

### 3.4 Viewing the Tools

#### 3.4.1 System Log

You can acquire the information of the system in this screen, including the time, the type and the message.

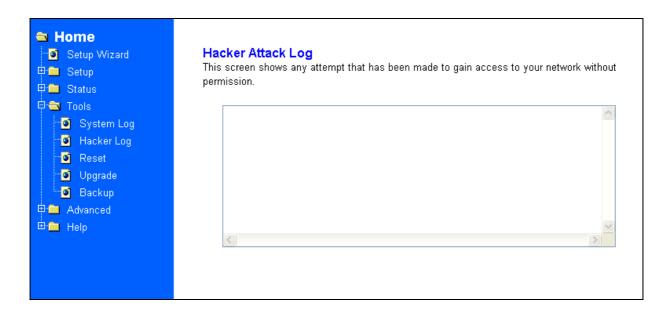
🖴 Home	System Lo	g		
🧕 🧕 Setup Wizard	Time	Туре	Message	
🕮 🧰 Setup	00:00:04	DHCPC	Entered WAIT_OFFER state.	
🗎 🚞 Status	00:00:04	DHCPC	Timed out in WAIT_OFFER state.	
🕂 🛱 🔁 Tools	00:00:12	DHCPC	Entered WAIT_OFFER state.	
💿 System Log	00:00:12	DHCPC	Timed out in WAIT_OFFER state.	
Hacker Log	00:00:28	DHCPC	Entered WAIT_OFFER state.	
Reset	00:00:28	DHCPC	Timed out in WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:00:59	DHCPC	Entered WAIT_OFFER state.	
📲 🖸 Upgrade	00:00:59	DHCPC	Timed out in WAIT_OFFER state.	
Backup	00:02:03	DHCPC	Entered WAIT_OFFER state.	
申 💼 Advanced	00:02:03	DHCPC	Timed out in WAIT_OFFER state.	
🕮 💼 Help	00:03:07	DHCPC	Entered WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:03:07	DHCPC	Timed out in WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:04:11	DHCPC	Entered WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:04:11	DHCPC	Timed out in WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:05:15	DHCPC	Entered WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:05:15	DHCPC	Timed out in WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:06:18	DHCPC	Entered WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:06:18	DHCPC	Timed out in WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:07:22	DHCPC	Entered WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:07:22	DHCPC	Timed out in WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:08:25	DHCPC	Entered WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:08:25	DHCPC	Timed out in WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:09:28	DHCPC	Entered WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:09:28	DHCPC	Timed out in WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:10:31	DHCPC	Entered WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:10:31	DHCPC	Timed out in WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:11:34	DHCPC	Entered WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:11:34	DHCPC	Timed out in WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:12:38	DHCPC	Entered WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:12:38	DHCPC	Timed out in WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:13:41	DHCPC	Entered WAIT_OFFER state.	
	00:13:41	DHCPC	Timed out in WAIT_OFFER state.	
	<u>.</u>	•		

#### Figure 3-20 System Log

#### 3.4.2 Hacker Log

You can detect the intrusion from this screen. This screen shows the information of the unauthorized access request to your network. See Figure 3-21 *Hacker Log Menu Screen*.

#### Figure 3-21 Hacker Log Menu Screen



#### 3.4.3 Reset

You have two options to reset your Router. If you choose "**Restart**", the router will reboot yet retain all the previous configuration settings. On the other hand, if you choose "**Restore Factory Settings**", the Router will remove all the previous settings and go back to the factory state. See Figure 3-22 *Reset Menu Screen* For more information about "Reset", see Page 10 *Caution: Reset Button* 

#### Figure 3-22 Reset Menu Screen

En Backup En	® Reset ® Upgrade ® Backup ⊡-— Advanced	
--------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------	--

#### 3.4.4 Upgrade

You may download the latest firmware version from us. To upgrade Router's firmware, simply click the "Browse" button on the Upgrade Menu Screen and find the firmware upgrade file that you downloaded from the our website. Then, double-click the "Start" button. See Figure 3-23 *Upgrade Menu Screen* 

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#### Figure 3-23 Upgrade Menu Screen

➡ Home O Setup Wizard ■ ➡ Setup ■ ➡ Status	<b>Upgrade</b> Upgrade firmware will allo updated firmware image.	ow you to upgrade the firmware on your router using a newly
⊡•≘s Tools ⊡© System Log	Firmware Version :	0.01.0092 (2002.09.05)
<ul> <li>Hacker Log</li> <li>Reset</li> <li>Upgrade</li> <li>Backup</li> <li>Advanced</li> <li>Help</li> </ul>	Upgrade Firmware :	瀏覽 Start Cancel

#### 3.4.5 Backup

You can save the current configuration file to your PC or restore the configuration from PC.

#### Figure 3-24 Backup Menu Screen

<ul> <li>Home</li> <li>Setup Wizard</li> <li>Setup</li> <li>Status</li> <li>Tools</li> <li>System Log</li> <li>Hacker Log</li> <li>Reset</li> <li>Upgrade</li> <li>Backup</li> <li>Advanced</li> </ul>	Backup Settings Please press the "Backup Settings" button to save the configuration data to your PC. Backup Settings Restore Settings Enter the path and name of the backup file then press the "Restore Settings" button below. You will be prompted to confirm the restoration. Browse
🖶 🧰 Help	Restore Settings

### 3.5 Setup the Advanced Features

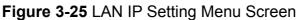
Once you've configured the basic settings discussed in *section 3.2*, you may move to the settings of Advanced Features. In this section, we'll explain the setting of LAN IP, DHCP, Firewall, Privilege, Virtual Servers and the Routing. You may set up the

Advanced Features by clicking the "Advanced Features" button on the left column of the page.

#### 3.5.1 LAN IP Setting

The LAN IP and Subnet Mask of the router are the values seen by the users on their internal network. The default value is 192.168.1.1 for IP and 255.255.255.0 for Subnet Mask. (See Figure 3-25 *LAN IP Setting Menu Screen*)

Home     Setup Wizard     Setup     Setup     Setup     Status	<b>LAN IP Setting</b> The function will change your router local network IP address. After the setting you may be need to change PC's IP address or renew the DHCP client IP.			
<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>Tools</li> <li>Advanced</li> <li>LAN IP Setting</li> <li>DHCP Setting</li> <li>Firewall Setting</li> <li>Privilege</li> <li>Virtual Servers</li> <li>Routing</li> <li>WAN MAC Clone</li> <li>DDNS Setting</li> </ul>	IP Address : 192 . 168 . 1 . 1 Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.0 V			
MAC Control				



#### 3.5.2 DHCP Setting

A DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) Server automatically assigns IP address to each computer on your network. Unless you already have one, it is highly recommended that your router be set up as a DHCP server. Figure 3-26 shows the DHCP Setting screen. Simply fill out the values of each entry and click the "**Apply**"

button. DHCP Setting:

#### Do you want to enable DHCP Server on this router?

Click the "**Enable**" option to enable the DHCP server. Note that you can't have two DHCP servers on the network at the same time. Set the router's DHCP option to "**Disable**" if you already have one DHCP server on your network.

- Number of DHCP Users
   Enter the maximum number of PC that you want the DHCP server to assign IP addresses to, with the absolute maximum being 253.
- Starting IP Address
   Enter a numerical value for the DHCP server to start with when issuing IP address.

righte 5-20 brief Setting Menu Selection				
<ul> <li>Home</li> <li>Setup Wizard</li> <li>Setup</li> <li>Setup</li> <li>Status</li> <li>Tools</li> </ul>		P (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server. If you ver option, your PC client could get an IP address from a		
<ul> <li>Advanced</li> <li>Advanced</li> <li>LAN IP Setting</li> <li>DHCP Setting</li> <li>Firewall Setting</li> <li>Privilege</li> <li>Virtual Servers</li> <li>Routing</li> <li>Routing</li> <li>WAN MAC Clone</li> <li>DDNS Setting</li> <li>MAC Control</li> <li>Help</li> </ul>	Do you want to enable DHCP S • YES • NO Number of DHCP Users : Starting IP Address :			

#### Figure 3-26 DHCP Setting Menu Screen

#### 3.5.3 Firewall Setting

NAT allows all of the computers on your network to use one IP address.Hacker Attack Protect keeps your network away from hacker attacking.Block Hacker Scan is used to hide the router so that the hackers won't find it on the network.

**Remote Management** makes you be able to manage the router from Internet. **DMZ Host IP Addresses** can allow one local user to be exposed to the Internet, as local user wish to use some special-purpose service such as Internet game or Video-conferencing. Figure 3-27 shows the Firewall Setting screen.

<ul> <li>Home</li> <li>Setup Wizard</li> <li>Setup</li> <li>Status</li> <li>Tools</li> <li>Advanced</li> <li>Advanced</li> <li>DHCP Setting</li> <li>DHCP Setting</li> <li>Firewall Setting</li> <li>Firewall Setting</li> <li>Virtual Servers</li> <li>Routing</li> <li>WAN MAC Clone</li> <li>DDNS Setting</li> <li>MAC Control</li> <li>Help</li> </ul>	Management UI. Remote Management make NAT allows all of the compute Hacker Attack Protect keeps Block Hacker Scan is to hid DMZ Host IP Addresss can a wish to use some special-pur	kes you be able to ch es you be able to mar ers on your network to s your network away t e the router to be four llow one local user to pose service such as	) use one IP addess. from hacker attacking.
		Apply Car	ncel

Figure 3-27 Firewall Settings Menu

If you make the DMZ Host IP Address enabled, the following screen will appear.

Figure 3-28 DMZ Host IP Address enabled

<ul> <li>Home</li> <li>Setup Wizard</li> <li>Setup</li> <li>Status</li> <li>Tools</li> <li>Advanced</li> <li>LAN IP Setting</li> <li>DHCP Setting</li> <li>Firewall Setting</li> <li>Privilege</li> <li>Virtual Servers</li> <li>Routing</li> <li>WAN MAC Clone</li> <li>DDNS Setting</li> <li>MAC Control</li> <li>Help</li> </ul>	Management UI. Remote Management makes NAT allows all of the computer Hacker Attack Protect keeps Block Hacker Scan is to hide DMZ Host IP Addresss can all wish to use some special-purp	as a"firewall". tes you be able to change default port number of the Remote s you be able to manage the router from Internet. rs on your network to use one IP addess. your network away from hacker attacking. the router to be found by the hackers. low one local user to be exposed to the Internet. As local user bose service such as internet game or Video-conferencing. If you , you can set Multiple DMZ (DeMilitarized Zone) hosts for 80 © Enabled © En
	DMZ Host IP Address :	<ul> <li>Enabled</li> <li>Disabled</li> <li>WAN IP</li> <li>LAN IP</li> <li>Select DMZ Entry</li> <li>192.168.1.</li> <li>Apply</li> <li>Cancel</li> </ul>

Your can choose the WAN IP set up previously in 3.2.4 Alias IP Setup as your IP address. You can enter the desired IP address number in the blank of the LAN IP.

#### 3.5.4 Privilege

Privilege setting allows you to keep certain PCs on your network from accessing to the Internet. You can set up a filter through an IP address or network port number. Users who have their IP address or Port number listed on the "Blocked Private Address" field or "Block Private Ports" field will no longer be able to access the Internet. Figure 3-29 shows the screen of Privilege setting.

#### Figure 3-29 Privilege Menu Screen

Home     Setup Wizard     Setup     Setup     Setup     Setup     Status	<b>Privilege</b> You can block certain client PCs accessing the Internet based on IP, Port and Type.				
🖶 🧰 Tools		IP	Port	Туре	Enable
Advanced Advanced LAN IP Setting DHCP Setting Privilege Virtual Servers Routing VAN MAC Clone DDNS Setting MAC Control Help	1.	192.168.1.	~	⊙ TCP ○ UDP	
	2.	192.168.1.	~	⊙ TCP ○ UDP	
	3.	192.168.1.	~	⊙ TCP ○ UDP	
	4.	192.168.1.	~	⊙ TCP ○ UDP	
	5.	192.168.1.	~	⊙ TCP ○ UDP	
	6.	192.168.1.	~	⊙ TCP ○ UDP	
		Арр	ly Cancel		

#### 3.5.5 Virtual Servers

You can set up public services on your network by configuring the values in the Virtual Servers Setting menu. You may assign certain IP addresses as the destination of the network information. When users from the Internet make certain requests of your network, the Router will forward those requests to the appropriate computer. The DHCP function must be disabled to use this function.

This function is generally used to set up a web server, ftp server, or e-mail server on your network. Figure 3-30 shows the screen of Virtual Servers Menu. If you had set Alias IP for WAN, Figure 3-31 shows the screen of Virtual Servers Menu. To add a Virtual Server:

- 1. Select the profile number used by the server.
- 2. Click on the "Name" column and enter the application name.
- 3. Select Enabled or Disabled to enable or disable the profile.

- 4. Enter the IP Address of the server that you want the Internet users to be able to access.
- 5. Configure as many entries as you would like until all the link entries are filled.
- 6. Click the "Apply" button to save the settings.

•		
<ul> <li>Home</li> <li>Setup Wizard</li> <li>Setup</li> <li>Status</li> <li>Tools</li> <li>Advanced</li> <li>LAN IP Setting</li> <li>DHCP Setting</li> </ul>	local site via public IP addresses can be a address. In other words, depending on the external service request to the appropriate You can define up to 10 application profile as the Virtual Server. Some applications r conferencing, Internet telephony and other	erver, remote users accessing services such as Web or FTP at your automatically redirected to local servers configured with private IP e requested service (TCP/UDP port number), the gateway redirects the
<ul> <li>Pirewall Setting</li> <li>Privilege</li> <li>Virtual Servers</li> <li>Routing</li> <li>WAN MAC Clone</li> <li>DDNS Setting</li> <li>MAC Control</li> </ul>	Application to Configure : Name : Status : IP Address :	Select an entry         Enter application name         Select status         192.168.1.
⊕r 🖬 Help	Well-known Ports (Commonly Used Ports)           7         (Echo)           21         (FTP)           23         (TELNET)           25         (SMTP)           53         (DNS)           79         (finger)           80         (HTTP)           110         (PDP3)           119         (NNTP)           161         (SNMP)           162         (SNMP Trap)	Service Port(0~65535)         1.       0       ~         2.       0       ~         3.       0       ~         4.       0       ~         5.       0       ~         6.       0       ~         7.       0       ~         8.       0       ~         9.       0       ~         10.       0       ~

Figure 3-30 Virtual Server Setting Menu Screen

Application to Configure: You can choose one of 10 applications to configure.

Name: Enter the desired name in the column.

Status: Choose Enabled to enable it or Disabled to ignore.

IP Address: Set IP addresses to be detected by users.

**WAN Address:** If more than one Alias Address is set in section 3.2.5 the Alias IP Setup, you can get multiple WAN IP addresses to choose. The following screen will appear with a pull-down column in WAN Address.

Figure 3-31	Virtual Server Setting	Menu Screen	(With WAN Address	;)
i igui c o o i				"

<ul> <li>Home</li> <li>Setup Wizard</li> <li>Setup</li> <li>Status</li> <li>Tools</li> <li>Advanced</li> <li>LAN IP Setting</li> <li>DHCP Setting</li> <li>Firewall Setting</li> <li>Privilege</li> </ul>	Virtual Servers and Special Application If you configure the gateway as a virtual server, remote users accessing services such as Web or FTP at your local site via public IP addresses can be automatically redirected to local servers configured with private IP address. In other words, depending on the requested service (TCP/UDP port number), the gateway redirects the external service request to the appropriate server. You can define up to 10 application profiles and If you had set many WAN Alias IP's, select one of the public IP's as the Virtual Server. Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, Internet telephony and others. These applications cannot work when Network Address Translation (NAT) is enabled. If you need to run applications that require multiple connections, enter the service ports associated with an application.	
<ul> <li>Virtual Servers</li> <li>Routing</li> </ul>	Application to Configure :	Select an entry
WAN MAC Clone	Name :	Enter application name
DDNS Setting	Status :	Select status 💌
⊞• 🏧 Help	WAN Address	1 - 192.168.1.1.
	IP Address :	<b>192.168.1.</b> 0
	Well-known Ports (Commonly Used Ports)           7         (Echo)           21         (FTP)           23         (TELNET)           26         (SMTP)           53         (DNS)           79         (finger)           80         (HTTP)           110         (POP3)           119         (NNTP)           161         (SNMP Trap)           162         (SNMP Trap)	Service Port(0~65535)         1.       0       0         2.       0       0         3.       0       0         3.       0       0         4.       0       0         5.       0       0         6.       0       0         7.       0       0         8.       0       0         9.       0       0         10.       0       0

## 3.5.6 Routing

#### Static Routing:

You may set up a static route if your want to connect your router to more than one network. A static route is a pre-determined pathway that network information must travel to reach a specific host or network.

Figure 3-32 shows the screen of *Static Routing and Dynamic Routing menu*.

Create a Static route entry as follows:

- 1. Select "Static Routing" from the drop down list.
- 2. Enter the following data to set the Static Routing:

#### **Destination LAN IP**

You can create a static route by entering the IP address of the remote host or network. If you wish to build a route to the entire network, be sure to set the network portion of the IP address to zero (0).

#### Subnet Mask

The Network Mask determines which portion of an IP address is the network portion, and which portion is the host portion.

#### **Gateway IP**

This is the address of the gateway device that allows for a contact between the Router and the remote network or host.

#### **Dynamic Routing:**

Dynamic Routing can be used to cache routes learned by routing protocols, thus allowing the automation of static routing maintenance. The router, using the RIP protocol, determines the network packet's route based on the fewest number of hops between the source and the destination. In this case, you could automatically adjust to physical changes in the network's layout. Complete the following steps to set up dynamic Routing:

- Step 1 Choose the Working Mode.
   Gateway Mode means the router is served as a gateway that hosts your network's connection to the Internet.
   Router Mode means there is more than one router that exists on your network.
- **Step 2** Select **Dynamic Routing** from the drop down list and choose the protocol you wish to use on your network.
- **Step 3** Click the "**Apply**" button.

<ul> <li>Home</li> <li>Setup Wizard</li> <li>Setup</li> <li>Password</li> <li>Onfigure</li> <li>Alias IP</li> <li>Alias IP</li> <li>NS</li> <li>Nireless</li> <li>Time</li> <li>Status</li> <li>Tools</li> <li>LAN IP Setting</li> <li>DHCP Setting</li> </ul>		path for data to follow on the network. The router will continue to noose not to enable this feature.  Select Route entry Delete this entry O.O.O.O.O.O.O.O.O.O.O.O.O.O.O.O.O.O.O.
<ul> <li>Firewall Setting</li> <li>Firewall Setting</li> <li>Privilege</li> <li>Virtual Servers</li> <li>Routing</li> <li>WAN MAC Clone</li> <li>DDNS Setting</li> <li>MAC Control</li> <li>Help</li> </ul>	Gateway mode should be	up allows your network to dynamically adjust to layout changes. a used if your router is hosting your network's connection to the ould be selected if the router exists on a network with other O Gateway O Router DISABLED V Apply Cancel

#### Figure 3-32 Static Routing and Dynamic Routing Menu Screen

## 3.5.7 WAN MAC Clone

Enter the MAC Address if your ISP can be accessed by one specific PC's Ethernet MAC address. (See **Figure 3-33** *WAN MAC Address Clone*)

Click **Restore MAC Address** to return to the default set.

#### Figure 3-33 WAN MAC Address Clone

## 3.5.8 DDNS Setting

Setting the Dynamic DNS allows others to access your FTP or Web service on your computer using DNS-like address.

DDNS Status: Choose Enabled to enable it or Disabled to ignore.

**Retry Time**: It allows the router to make the connection again in the period you set. **DDNS Server**: Choose the desired server from the drop down list. Click the **Website** to make the link to the server.

Host name: It is the DNS-like address used to access your FTP or web service.

**User Name**: This is the user name for your account at DNS server.

Password: This is the password for your account at DNS server.

#### Figure 3-34 DDNS Setting Screen

<ul> <li>➡ Home</li> <li>➡ Setup Wizard</li> <li>➡ Setup</li> <li>➡ Password</li> <li>➡ Configure</li> </ul>	<b>DDNS Setting</b> Dynamic DNS allows you to update your dynamic IP address with one or many dynamic DNS services. So anyone can access your FTP or Web service on your computer using DNS-like address.
- Alias IP	DDNS Status : O Enable 💿 Disable
···· <b>···</b> DNS ···· <b>···</b> Wireless	Retry Time : 5 minutes
	DDNS Server : MyDynDNS 🖌 Website
⊡ Tools	Host Name :
⊡	User Name :
DHCP Setting	Password :
···· <b>··</b> Firewall Setting ···· <b>···</b> Privilege	
Virtual Servers	Apply Cancel
······································	
DDNS Setting     MAC Control	
Brinnen Help	

## 3.5.9 MAC Control

This feature allows you to block certain specific PCs accessing your ISP.

Figure 3-35 MAC Control Screen				
<ul> <li>Home</li> <li>Setup Wizard</li> <li>Setup</li> <li>Setup</li> <li>Status</li> </ul>	<b>MAC Control</b> You can block certain clier	it PCs accessing the Internet bas	ed on MAC addresses.	
🖻 🚞 Tools	MAC Address Control :			
Advanced	Allow unspecified MAC a connect to Internet. MAC Address Control Lis			
··· <b>io</b> Privilege ··· <b>io</b> Virtual Servers	Allow Connect to Internet	MAC Address		
			<< Add	
		Apply Cancel		

## Figure 2 25 MAC Control C

## 3.6 Configuring your PCs to Connect to the Router

Before you start to configure other PCs to accept the IP address that your Router will provide, make sure the network card or adapter has been successfully installed into each PC you planed to connect to the Router. Complete the following steps to configure your PC:

Step 1 Click the Start button, select Setting, then Control Panel.

Step 2 Double Click the Network and Dial-up icon.

Step 3 Highlight the Local Area Connection and click the button of Properties.

Step 4 In the Configuration window, select the TCP/IP protocol line that has been associated with your network card or adapter. (See Figure 3-36)

🕹 Local Area Connection Properties 🛛 🤶	X
General Authentication Advanced	
Connect using:	
Linksys LNE100TX Fast Ethernet Adapter(LNE100TX v4)	
<u>C</u> onfigure	ī
This connection uses the following items:	
Client for Microsoft Networks	
🗹 🚇 File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks	
🗹 📇 QoS Packet Scheduler	
✓ Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)	
I <u>n</u> stall <u>U</u> ninstall P <u>r</u> operties	ן כ
Description	
Allows your computer to access resources on a Microsoft network.	
Sho <u>w</u> icon in notification area when connected	
OK Cance	

Figure 3-36 Network Box Screen

- Step 5 Click Properties button, then choose IP Address tab. Select Obtain an IP address automatically. Press OK. You have completed the client settings. (See Figure 3-37)
- **Note:** Windows may ask you for original Windows installation files, supply them as needed.

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Prope	rties 🛛 🕐 🔀				
General Alternate Configuration					
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.					
Obtain an IP address automatical	9				
OUse the following IP address: —					
IP address:					
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:					
Default gateway:	· · · ·				
Obtain DNS server address autorr	natically				
OUse the following DNS server add	resses:				
Preferred DNS server:					
Alternate DNS server:					
	Ad <u>v</u> anced				
	OK Cancel				

Figure 3-37 TCP/IP Properties

# 4: Specifications

## 4.1 Technical Specifications

Standards	IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u, IEEE 802.11b		
	CSMA/CD, PPPoE, PPP, PPTP Client, ARP, DHCP Client		
Protocol	and Server, TCP/IP, UDP, ICMP, RIP1/RIP2, DNS Proxy,		
	Dynamic DNS, SNTP		
Ports	Four 10/100 Mbps LAN ports		
	One 10/100 Mbps WAN ports		
Connector	RJ-45 connector		
Antenna	Fixed Type		
Speed	WAN Router: 10/100 Mbps (Half Duplex),		
	20/200 Mbps (Full Duplex)		
	LAN Switch: 10/100 Mbps (Half Duplex),		
	20/200 Mbps (Full Duplex)		
	Wireless: 1, 2, 5.5, 11 Mbps		
Cabling Type	10Base-T: UTP/STP Category 3 or 5		
Cabling Type	100Base-TX: UTP/STP Category 5		
Topology	Star		
LED	Power, Diag, WAN & Wireless per unit, Link/ACT,		
LED	FULL /Col, 10/100 per port		
NAT	Translate private IP to pubic IP		
Multiple DMZ	Support multiple public IP translate to multiple private IP		
Virtual Server	Provide public services on the network		
Firewall	PSec, PPTP, L2TP pass through, Hacker Attack		
	Prevention		
Access Control	IP/MAC filter		
Management	Web-based Configuration		

## **4.2 Environmental Information**

Dimensions	170 x 185 x 27 mm
Unit Weight	637g
Power	DC 5V/2A
<b>Operating Temperature</b>	0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F)
Storage Temperature	-40°C to 70°C (-40°F to 158°F)
Operating Humidity	20% to 95% relative humidity, non-condensing
Storage Humidity	20% to 95% relative humidity, non-condensing

## 4.3 Standard Conformance

EMC Certification FCC Class B, CE
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## 4.4 Cable Specifications

Ethernet Type	Cable Requirements	Maximum Length
10BASE-T	Category 3 or better, UTP or STP	328 ft (100M)
100BASE-TX	Category 5 or better, UTP or STP	328 ft (100M)
1000BASE-T	Category 5e or better, UTP or STP	328 ft (100M)

**Caution:** Please do not use telephone cables. Telephone cables do not support Ethernet or Fast Ethernet

There are two types of cables: Straight Through Cables and Crossover Cables. Category 5 UTP/STP cable has eight wires inside the sheath. The wires form four pairs. Straight Through Cables has same pin-outs at both ends while Crossover Cables has a different pin arrangement at each end.

Figure 4-1 shows the diagram of Straight Through Cables. Figure 4-2 shows the diagram of Crossover Cables.

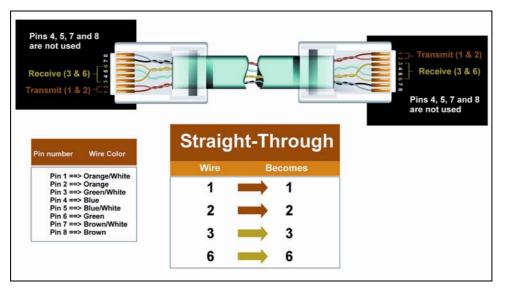
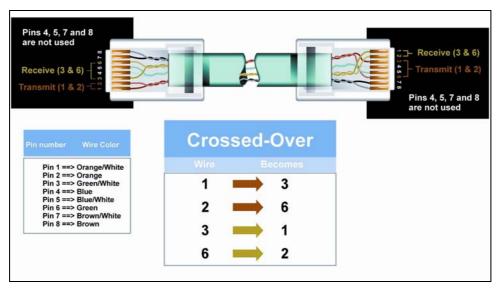


Figure4-1: Diagram of Straight Through Cables

Figure4-2: Diagram of Crossover Cables Diagram



# Appendix A: About Static and Dynamic IP Address

A *static IP address* is an IP address that is assigned to a computer by an Internet service provider to be its permanent address on the Internet. It is normally used in the computer networks, where computers are connected all the times. As the Internet gets more crowded, there are not enough IP numbers to go around. For this reason, more and more ISPs are offering dynamic IP address instead. Check with your ISP if they provide you a Static IP address. A *dynamic IP address* is a temperately IP address assigned by a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server from a pool of IP addresses. A dynamic IP address may change every time when you log in the network.

## **Appendix B: Warranty Statement**

We provide this limited warranty for its product only to the person or entity who originally purchased the product from us or its authorized reseller or distributor. We guarantee that equipment is free from physical defects in workmanship and material under normal use from the date of original retail purchase of the Hardware. If the product proves defective during this warranty period, call our Customer Service in order to obtain a Return Authorization number. Be sure to have a proof of purchase on hand when calling. Return requests cannot be processed without proof of purchase. When returning a product, mark the Return Authorization Number clearly on the package pack and include your original proof of purchase. All customers outside the R.O.C shall be held responsible for shipping and handling charges.

In no event shall our liability exceed the price paid for the product from direct, incidental or consequential damage resulting from the use of the product, its accompanying software, or its documentation. We make no warranty or representation, expressed, implied, or statutory, with respect to its products or the contents or use of this documentation and all accompanying software, and specifically disclaims its quality, performance, merchantability, or fitness for any particular purpose. We reserve the right to revise or update its products, software, or documentation without obligation to notify any individual or entity.

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