



# UCSPRO-RM2

User's Manual Version 1.1 ---English---

PRELIMINARY

## **Safety Instructions**



All safety and operating instructions - including those supplied with the UCS PRO - should be read before the UCSPRO-RM2 is installed and operated. We recommend that installation be carried out by an authorized mobile electronics installation company. Please contact your local ALTO Mobile™ distributor for a list of authorized installers in your country.

- To reduce the risk of electric shock and potentially damaging the equipment, do not disassemble the product. No user serviceable parts inside; refer servicing to qualified personnel.
- These installation and operating instructions should be read in conjunction with the instructions supplied with your Alto Mobile UCS PRO audio processor. Retain for future reference.
- Avoid installing and/or using the UCSPRO-RM2 in a location that could interfere with the operation of the vehicle or its controls, or distract the driver's attention.
- The equipment should be protected from moisture, rain and heat.
- The UCSPRO-RM2 is designed exclusively for use with the Alto Mobile UCS PRO audio processor. Do not attempt to use the UCSPRO-RM2 with any other product, even if the connector plug physically fits. The pin wiring and data protocols will not be compatible with other products and could cause damage to both products.
- This product is designed for vehicles with a 12-VOLT NEGATIVE GROUND electrical circuit. This product is not suitable for vehicles that use a 24-Volt supply or a positive ground electrical circuit. Connection to such circuits may permanently damage the unit.





Thank you for choosing the ALTO Mobile™ UCSPRO-RM2 Programmer for the Alto Mobile UCS PRO digital signal processor. The UCSPRO-RM2 provides an alternative to using a Personal Computer (PC) for setting the various functions of the UCS PRO. It is primarily designed to be bolted to the UCS PRO but can be detached and, using an optional extension data cable, used remote from the main unit (such as handheld at the driver's seat) during system set-up.

While unable to offer the advanced graphics interface available when using the PC Editor, the UCSPRO-RM2 does offer all the same control and set-up functions. It does this via a very intuitive set of controls, a multi-layer menu system, and its own backlit LCD display.

The UCS PRO is a 2 input, 6 output device offering several forms of signal processing designed to manipulate and enhance the audio signal in a number of ways. These include multiband parametric equalization, high-pass and low-pass filters, digital channel delay (time alignment), phase alignment, multichannel dynamic control (compressor/limiter), noise gating and full input/output gain setting in the digital domain. The addition of the UCSPRO-RM2 makes the UCS PRO a completely self-contained "car audio tweaker's paradise", allowing system set-up, further fine adjustment and preset selection to be done at any time without the need to hook-up a computer.

We have attempted to provide detailed instructions in this manual, but it does assume that the person installing and setting up the equipment already has a good level of knowledge of the subject. If you have had your UCS PRO professionally installed and set-up for you, please be aware that altering the settings may damage audio system components.

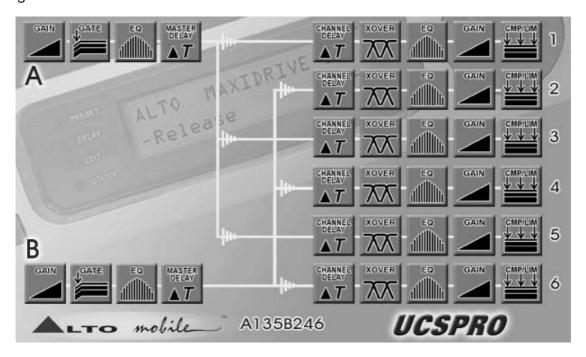
**NOTE**: The UCS PRO has a password access system that your installer may have set in *Lock* mode to safeguard the settings. If you are unable to access menu items with the UCSPRO-RM2, check with your dealer.



### Introduction



Block Diagram: UCS PRO



There are no controls on the UCS PRO itself. Setting the parameters of the UCS PRO is achieved in one of two ways - either by using the UCSPRO-RM2 Programmer, or by connecting a suitable computer to the 9-pin RS232 serial interface and running Alto's dedicated PC Editor software. Set-up using a PC is covered in the UCS PRO user manual and the program's Help file





### **CONNECTING THE RM2 TO THE UCS PRO**

Ensure power to the UCS PRO and the rest of the audio system is switched OFF.

At each side of the panel of the UCS PRO that carries the 25-pin connector, remove the bolts securing the cover of the UCS PRO\*. You will need a suitable Allen key to remove these bolts.

(\*The top cover of the UCS PRO may also be completely removed, rotated 180 degrees and refitted so that the inscription faces forward. We recommend your dealer does this for you).

A D-SUB 25-pin male terminal on the UCS PRO mates with the recessed 25-pin female socket on the rear of the UCSPRO-RM2 Programmer. The connectors are shaped in such a way that they will fit together only when correctly aligned.

Line-up the two terminals carefully and then gently exert even pressure, bringing both parts together so that the terminals mate correctly.

DO NOT APPLY EXCESSIVE FORCE.

There should be no need to apply more than moderate pressure when bringing the two devices together. The extended side panels of the UCSPRO-RM2 will help to correctly align the two devices.

The two devices should fit together without a gap between them, and the fixing holes should align at each side. Secure the RM2 to the UCS PRO by bolting the extended side panels of the RM2 to the sides of the UCS PRO using the mounting bolts provided.

# Using the RM2 remotely from the UCS PRO



If you wish to use the UCSPRO-RM2 remotely from the main UCS PRO, you will need to obtain a Serial DB25 (25-pin) male-female Extension cable (not supplied). For example, Belkin 3m extension cable, code F3D112b10, or other computer grade extension data cable. Ask your Alto dealer or local computer retailer. Avoid using a cable length of more than 5 meters - with long cables, inferior types of cable, and in areas of high emitted interference, reliable data transmission cannot be guaranteed.

**NOTE:** Do not connect your PC or printer to the 25-pin connectors of the UCS PRO or UCSPRO-RM2 Programmer. The data on the pins will not be compatible and damage may result.





#### **EDITING PARAMETERS USING THE RM2**

The UCSPRO-RM2 uses a backlit LCD display, a set of buttons and a very user-friendly, continuously adjustable rotary control to allow full editing control of the UCS PRO. When you switch on power to the UCS PRO, the RM2 will show an initial welcome screen (showing the internal software version number). This will last for about 5 seconds while the UCS PRO initialises. During this period it restores the set-up that was active when it was last switched off.

The display will then switch to the last selected Preset (or the factory Default Preset). The Channel Configuration will be shown in the display. The bold letters represent the input channels **A** and **B** (typically the *left* and *right* channel respectively). The numbers after the letters show which output channels are fed from each input. For example, **A**135 signifies that Input Channel A is feeding Output Channels 1, 3 and 5.

At the far left of the Programmer is a MODE button next to 4 LEDs labelled *Preset*, *Delay*, *Edit*, *Utility*. Press the MODE button to sequentially step through the 4 options. Each option provides access to the following parameters:

- Preset accesses the menus for loading and saving presets.
- · Delay accesses the menus for adjusting delay time on the input and output channels.
- Edit accesses the menus for adjusting the Input Gains, Noise Gate, Input EQ, Crossover Filters, Output EQ, Compressor/Limiting, Output signal Polarity and Output Gains.
- *Utility* accesses menus for selecting the stereo Ganging option, changing the type of unit used in the menus (i.e. millimetres, microseconds etc.), setting the Lock mode, and various other parameters.

Imagine the various menus as having multiple layers. Follow this example to see it in action

- (1) Use the MODE button to select the *Delay* option (the LED next to *Delay* lights). The display shows *Input Delay*. Press the button marked NEXT. The display now shows *Output Delay*. By pressing the NEXT and PREV (Previous) buttons you can step through the various top-level options in this menu.
- (2) With the display showing *Output Delay*, press the button marked ENTER. This takes you down one level in the menu structure. The display will now show OP1 DELAY (or OP1&2 DELAY) with a flashing digit



## **EDITING PARAMETERS USING THE RM2**



below, indicating that it is an editable parameter. Now you can use the rotary knob to change the value. Once you have set the required value, simply press the ESC (Escape) button. This will take you one level back up the menu tree.

(3) Your selected value has already been stored. If you now use the MODE button to get you back to the start-up display (press MODE 3 times), you will now see an "M" (for Modified) in the start-up display. This warns you that the original set-up has been changed. This "modified" status will be retained even if power to the UCS PRO is switched off. However, you must store your set-up under a new Preset Number before loading another Preset, otherwise your changes will be lost.

This same procedure applies to all the options and menus editable via the RM2 Programmer. In some cases you will also use the 2 arrow buttons (below PREV and NEXT), where multiple choices are presented on one screen.

For example, using the MODE button select *Edit* and then use the PREV or NEXT buttons until you reach *Noise Gate*. Press ENTER. The LCD screen now presents you with several options for setting gating on/off, the attack time and the release time. Use the buttons marked with arrows to select from these various options. The currently editable parameter will flash and you can use the rotary knob to change the value. If instead you press the NEXT button again, the display will now present you with the options for setting the gate threshold and range. Press NEXT again and it will move to the Noise Gate for Input B (unless you have "ganged" the inputs and the display is showing INA&B GATE - *Ganging* is explained in detail later in this user manual).

#### **Saving Presets**

When saving a preset, select MODE > Preset > NEXT > Store Preset. Select the User Preset number (**U** indicates a User Preset) you want to store to by using the rotary control. Press ENTER. You can now name your new preset. Press the right arrow button. The first digit of the current name will start to flash. You can use the arrow buttons to move along the line. The value of the flashing digit can be changed by turning the rotary control and selecting one of the letters, numbers or symbols. Then move to the next digit using the





### **EDITING PARAMETERS USING THE RM2**

arrow key.

When you have finished selecting a new name for your preset, <u>press ENTER</u>. Storing preset names is one time when you must press ENTER. If you press ESC, your new set-up will not have been stored.

**NOTE:** Every time you make changes to the settings of the UCS PRO using the RM2, we recommend you save the new set-up under a new Preset Number. This will ensure that the original settings are available for instant recall. DO NOT overwrite an existing Preset Number with a new set-up unless you are sure you no longer want the original set-up.

#### **Loading Presets**

To Load a preset previously stored in the memory of the UCS PRO, select MODE > *Preset. Load Preset* should show in the display, with a flashing number below it. The **F** or **U** next to the number indicates if it is a **F** actory Preset or a **U** ser Preset. The flashing digit signifies that it's an editable parameter - choose another preset number by turning the rotary knob, then press ENTER.

There are a total of 64 User Preset locations. Presets 1C to 128C refer to a memory card - this function is not supported by the UCS PRO (see *Functions not applicable to the Rm2*).



**Time Alignment (Delay Menu):** A wide ranging amount of time delay, from as little as 21 microseconds (0.021ms), can be set on each of the input and output channels.

Input Delay: Select MODE > Delay. Input Delay should show in the display. Press ENTER. The delay time parameter for Input A (INA) will flash to show it is editable (Note: the unit type - time or distance - can be adjusted via the *Units* submenu in the *Utility* menu). Adjust the setting by using the rotary control. Use NEXT to switch between INA (Input A, left channel) and INB (Input B, right channel). Press ESC to quit this mode.

From here you can delay an input signal before sending it to the channel routing stage, so that all the outputs fed by that input are delayed by the same amount.

How you use this will depend on the precise set-up of your audio system. You may, for example, wish to delay all the drive units of your front speaker system relative to your rear-mounted subwoofer, and then time align the individual drive units of the front system using the Output Channel Delay function (see further notes under *Output Delay*). One other application is to use a very small amount of delay on one channel only - this can give an added sense of stereo width that, while artificial, can provide quite a striking effect.

Output Delay: Select MODE > Delay > NEXT. Output Delay should show in the display. Press ENTER. The delay time parameter for Output Channel 1 (OP1) will flash to show it is editable (Note: the unit type - time or distance - can be adjusted via the *Units* submenu in the *Utility* menu). Adjust the setting by using the rotary control. Use NEXT to step through the other 5 Output Channels (OP2-OP6). Press ESC to quit this mode.

A small amount of delay can be applied to the signal sent to each output channel. This is commonly known as 'Speaker Time Alignment'. The amount of delay is usually calculated from physical measurements of the distances between the various speakers and the driver's ears, using the speaker furthest away as the zero reference point (usually this will be the subwoofer). All the other speakers (which will be closer to the listener than the zero reference) should be delayed by an amount that will vary. An example follows:

(1) measure the distance (in millimetres) between the zero reference speaker and the driver's head. Usually





the subwoofer will be mounted in the trunk or rear firewall and will be the furthest speaker from the listener/driver, so this will often be the 'zero reference'. If the subwoofer's sound enters the passenger cabin via a vent, consider the mouth of the vent to be the zero reference point.

- (2) measure the distance (in millimetres) from the midrange driver in the left front door to the driver's head.
- (3) deduct the measurement calculated at (2) from the measurement calculated at (1). The resulting figure represents the distance by which the zero reference (let's suppose it is the subwoofer) is further from the driver's head.
- (4) Set the *Units* value to "mm" in the *Utility* menu. From the *Delay* menu, go to the output channel that feeds the front left midrange driver. Now input the distance in millimetres calculated at [3]. The RM2 will convert the distance to a time delay figure. The front left midrange driver will now be "virtually aligned" with the subwoofer, measured at the driver's head.

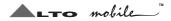
When applied in this way to all speakers in the system (note: no delay should be added to the 'zero reference' speaker), the result is an improvement in the apparent stage position, height, depth and the location and focus of the performers on the 'virtual stage' that extends across the dashboard.

The final result will depend on several factors, including the accuracy of your measurements and the directional characteristics and mounting angles of your speakers. As with most things in car audio, a lot of experimentation is usually required to get the very best results. But that's what makes it such fun, right?!

**Input Gain (Edit Menu):** The UCS PRO has no analog input or output gain controls - gain adjustment is handled entirely in the digital domain. The maximum signal level that can be handled by the A/D converters is 2.2V.

Select MODE > Edit. Input Gain should show in the display. Press ENTER. Now you can set the level for Input A (typically the left channel) in 0.5dB steps between -30.0dB and +6.0dB by adjusting the rotary control. Press NEXT and repeat the procedure above for Input B (right channel).





Press ESC to guit the Input Gain Setting mode.

It is important to optimize the Input and Output Gain settings of the UCS PRO to ideally match the output from your car audio head unit and the input stage of your power amplifier(s). The optimum settings will ensure the lowest possible noise and no distortion.

While set-up by ear is possible, the best results will require use of a voltmeter and oscilloscope, and this is therefore generally best left to a professional installer.

**Noise Gate (Edit Menu):** Every audio system, especially complex ones, produce some background noise. A Noise Gate acts like a valve, allowing signal to pass or not pass through it. By setting the point (*level threshold*) below which the gate closes, it is possible to effectively eliminate noise at those times when it is most likely to be audible, such as during the pauses between tracks on a CD.

The noise gate cuts signal output whenever the signal level drops below a presetable *Threshold* (THR).

The Range (RG) setting dictates the level range through which the gate will remain closed (usually this will be set to -80dB). You can set the Range so that the gate closes below the Level Threshold but re-opens at a point somewhere further below that threshold. In this way the gate can be made to operate on a specific signal level segment, but the need to use it in this way in-car would be rare.

The Attack (AT) and Release (RL) times relate to the speed with which the noise gate closes and opens. The default settings will usually be fine and provide gating that works transparently, but you can use these settings to optimize the results.

Finding the best settings will be a matter of experimentation and will depend on several factors such as quality of source material (CD, tape), musical genre and how well signal gains are matched throughout the audio system.



Select MODE > Edit > NEXT > Noise Gate > ENTER.

First choose the settings for Input A (left channel). Use the arrow keys to select each function: *Gate On/Off*, *Attack Time* (AT) and *Release Time* (RL). The selected function will flash to show it is editable. Adjust the setting by using the rotary control. When this step has been completed press NEXT.

Now set the remaining functions for Input A (typically the left channel). Use the arrow keys to select each function: *Threshold* (THR) and *Range* (RG). The selected function will flash to show it is editable. Adjust the setting by using the rotary control.

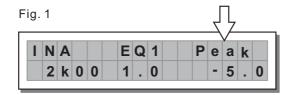
Now press NEXT.

Repeat all the previous procedures for Input B (typically the right channel). Press ESC to guit this mode.

**Input Equalization (Edit Menu):** 5 band full parametric equalization is provided on each of the Input channels. Frequency, Gain, Bandwidth (Q) and EQ Type can be set independently for each band.

Select MODE > Edit > NEXT x2 > Input EQ. Press ENTER.

You are presented (see Fig.1) with the parameters available for the first of the 5 EQ bands on Input A (typically the left channel). Use the arrow keys to select each parameter: *EQ Type* (default setting shows *Peak* - Fig.1), *Frequency*, *Bandwidth* and *Gain*. The selected parameter will flash to show it is editable. Adjust the setting by using the rotary control.

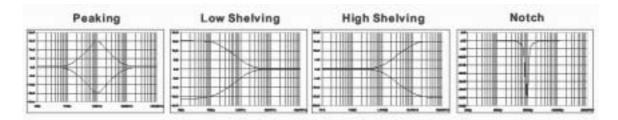






EQ Type: Allows one of several EQ contours to be applied. In some cases Gain or Bandwidth is automatically set by the software and will not be adjustable.

- Peaking (Peak) The default setting is the typical Parametric EQ mode, allowing gain cut or boost either side of a specified center frequency.
- LoSh6 This provides an EQ contour typical of that produced by a graphic equalizer. It creates a shelved response starting from the chosen frequency, with a 6dB/octave slope, with the frequency shift occurring towards the lower end of the frequency scale. Bandwidth adjustment is disabled in this mode.
- LoSh12 This provides an EQ contour typical of that produced by a graphic equalizer. It creates a shelved response starting from the chosen frequency, with a 12dB/octave slope, with the frequency shift occurring towards the lower end of the frequency scale. Bandwidth adjustment is disabled in this mode.
- *HiSh6* This provides an EQ contour typical of that produced by a graphic equalizer. It creates a shelved response starting from the chosen frequency, with a 6dB/octave slope, with the frequency shift occurring towards the higher end of the frequency scale. Bandwidth adjustment is disabled in this mode.
- HiSh12 This provides an EQ contour typical of that produced by a graphic equalizer. It creates a shelved response starting from the chosen frequency, with a 12dB/octave slope, with the frequency shift occurring towards the higher end of the frequency scale. Bandwidth adjustment is disabled in this mode.
- Notch The Notch filter effectively removes a slice of the signal and is useful for targeting very localised frequency problems. It can, for example, be used as an aid to tracing spurious noises caused by vibrating panels being excited at a certain frequency. Gain adjustment is disabled in this mode.





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## Parameter & Functions Set-up Guide

*Frequency:* The center frequency of each band independently can be set between 15.6Hz and 16,000Hz.

Bandwidth: This dictates how the frequencies next to the center frequency will be affected during gain boost or cut (*Peaking & Notch* modes). With a narrow bandwidth (minimum 0.05 octave), frequencies other than the center frequency and its immediate neighbours will be largely unaltered. With a broad bandwidth (maximum 3 octaves), gain changes will be spread more widely.

Gain: The level at the chosen center frequency can be increased or reduced by 15dB (preset in Notch filter mode).

Press NEXT to step through each of the 5 bands for Input A, following the same procedure as before to set the individual parameters. After EQ5 the display will switch to Input B (INB - typically the right channel). You can then adjust each of the 5 bands as you did for Input A. Press ESC to quit Input EQ adjustment.

Crossover Filters (Xover - Edit Menu): The UCS PRO is equipped with independent High-Pass (HPF) and Low-Pass (LPF) filters on each of the 6 output channels. Using both the High-Pass and Low-Pass filters together creates what is known as a BAND-PASS filter. This is most often used for optimizing the signal destined for midrange and mid-bass speakers, and also for subwoofers (using the High-Pass as a *subsonic filter*).







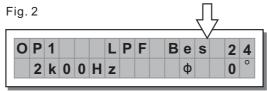
Select MODE > Edit > NEXT x3 > Xover. Press ENTER.

You are first presented with the parameters relating to the Low-Pass Filter (LPF) of Output 1 (OP1) - see Fig.2. Use the arrow keys to select each parameter: *Filter Type/Slope* (default is *Thru*), *Crossover Frequency* and *Signal Phase*. The selected parameter will flash to show it is editable. Adjust the setting by using the rotary control.

Filter Type/Slope (Fig. 2): For each filter there are 10 options plus Thru (i.e. filter bypass):

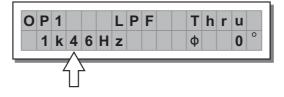
- Butterworth type (But) with 6dB, 12dB, 18dB or 24dB per octave slope
- · Bessel type (Bes) with 12dB, 18dB or 24dB per octave slope
- Linkwitz-Riley type (LR) with 12dB, 24dB or 48dB\* per octave slope

\*Choosing the Linkwitz-Riley 48dB/octave filter will reduce the number of EQ bands available on that Output channel.



Crossover Frequency (Fig.3): For each of the filters, the crossover point can be set between 15.6Hz and 16kHz.

Fig. 3





*Phase:* Each Output channel provides fine control (in 5 degree steps) of the signal's phase. The effect of this control is summed with that of the 0/180 degrees Output Polarity (*Output Pol.*) function described a little further on. In this way it is possible to adjust the phase of each individual output through a full 360 degrees.

When you have completed adjustments for Output 1, press NEXT.

Now you are presented with the parameters for the High-Pass Filter (HPF) of Output 1 (OP1). Adjust the settings in the same way as described for the LPF. Note that there is no Phase adjustment for the HPF.

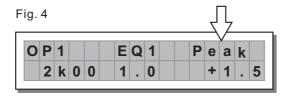
Pressing the NEXT key will step through each of the Output Channels, enabling adjustment of the LPF and HPF for each one. When you have completed all the settings, press ESC to quit this mode.

**NOTE:** Which filter settings you should choose will depend largely on the speakers you are using. Since it is vital to set-up crossover points carefully to maximise speaker power handling and avoid damaging your speakers, this is usually best left to a professional car audio installer.

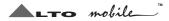
**Output Equalization (Edit Menu):** Up to 5 band full parametric equalization is provided on each of the output channels (the exact number of bands will depend on the chosen filter characteristics in the Crossover section). Frequency, Gain, Bandwidth (Q) and EQ Type can be set independently for each band.

Select MODE > Edit > NEXT x4 > Output EQ. Press ENTER.

You are presented with the parameters for the first of the 5 EQ bands on Output 1 (OP1) - see Fig.4. Use the arrow keys to select each parameter: *EQ Type* (default setting shows *Peak*), *Frequency*, *Bandwidth* and *Gain*. The selected parameter will flash to show it is editable. Adjust the setting by using the rotary control.







Refer to the details under Input Equalization - the available parameters are identical.

Pressing NEXT steps through each of the available EQ bands for Output 1, and then Output 2, and so on to Output 6. Press ESC to guit this mode.

**Output Gain (Edit Menu):** The UCS PRO has no analog output gain controls - gain adjustment is handled entirely in the digital domain. The maximum signal level that can be handled by the D/A converters is 2.2V. Select MODE > Edit > NEXT x5 > Output Gain. Press ENTER.

Now you can set the level for Output 1 (OP1) in 0.5dB steps between -30.0dB and +6.0dB by adjusting the rotary control.

Press NEXT and repeat the procedure above for the other Outputs.

Press ESC to quit this mode.

It is important to optimize the Input and Output Gain settings of the UCS PRO to ideally match the output from your car audio head unit and the input stage of your power amplifier(s). The optimum settings will ensure the lowest possible noise and no distortion.

While set-up by ear is possible, the best results will require use of a voltmeter and oscilloscope, and this is therefore generally best left to a professional installer.

**Output Polarity (Edit Menu):** The signal phase of each output channel can be set at *Normal* (in phase) or *Reverse* (180 degrees out of phase).

Select MODE > Edit > NEXT x6 > Output Pol. Press ENTER. Use the rotary control to select Normal or Reverse. Use NEXT to select each Output Channel. Press ESC to quit this mode.

This can be useful for quickly correcting reverse-wired speakers or improving overall phase alignment in multi-speaker installations. This feature becomes especially powerful when combined with the fine control available via the Crossover section, allowing full 360 degree phase adjustment in 5 degree steps.



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# Parameter & Functions Set-up Guide

Compressor/Limiter (Edit Menu): The Compressor/Limiter (Output CompLim) function allows the signal of each individual output to be kept within a set level range. This gives several benefits. By limiting peak output levels it helps protect the components of a sound system and at the same time provides a more consistent listening level. It also allows a higher average listening level, so that softer parts of the music can be more clearly heard without the user having to hastily adjust the volume control on every musical crescendo.

Select MODE > Edit > NEXT x7 > Output CompLim. Press ENTER.

You are presented with the Compressor/Limiter settings for Output 1 (OP1). Use the arrow keys to select each parameter: *Attack/Release Speeds* (default shows *Norm*), *Compression Ratio* (default shows *Lim.*), and *Level Threshold* (default shows *Off* - i.e. bypass mode).

The selected parameter will flash to show it is editable. Adjust the setting by using the rotary control. Press NEXT to set the Comp/Limiter function on each of the remaining 5 channels (OP2-OP6). Press ESC to quit this mode.

Attack/Release Constants: the selectable values are Norm (Normal or medium setting), Slow and Fast, allowing a choice of 3 reaction speeds combining attack and release times. You can choose whether the Comp/Limiter reacts more rapidly or slower than the default Normal setting when the signal exceeds or drops below the threshold you set.

- Fast Attack 1ms, Release 10ms. Generally more suited to outputs dedicated to high frequencies (i.e. Tweeters).
- Normal Attack 8ms, Release 80ms. Suited to the majority of applications (full-range systems and outputs dedicated to mid frequencies).
- Slow Attack 45ms, Release 450ms. Longer attack/release times for avoiding rapid repeated level change (pumping effect). Generally most suited to outputs dedicated to low frequencies (i.e. Subwoofers).

Compression Ratio: The default setting is Lim (Limiting) which is infinite compression. In theory, Limiting does not allow any signal to pass beyond the Level Threshold you set. In practice some signal must pass to





avoid an audible distortion, but the signal roll-off beyond the level threshold setting is very rapid. Turning the rotary control counter-clockwise selects various compression ratios, from 20.0 to 1.1. A compression ratio of 20.0 (also written as 20:1) means that for every 20dB increase (above the set Level Threshold) at the input of that channel, the output from that channel will increase by just 1dB. This is very heavy compression - almost Limiting.

Another example would be a compression ratio of 6.0 (6:1). This means that for every 6dB increase (above the set threshold) at the channel input, the output signal from that channel will increase by 1dB. This will tend to keep the music sounding dynamic while helping to control excessive peaks.

Level Threshold: This is where you set the point at which the compressor/limiter will start to operate on the music signal. The default setting is *Off*, which is bypass mode.

Turning the rotary control counter-clockwise allows you to select the threshold from an ever reducing scale (the scale can be set to dBu or Volts via the *Utility > Units* menu). The Comp/Limiter intervenes (compressing or limiting the signal) above the level threshold you set here. Below this threshold it leaves the signal unchanged.

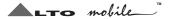
**Ganging (Utility Menu):** Select MODE > *Utility. Ganging* should show in the display. Press ENTER. Press NEXT to switch between *Input Ganging* and *Output Ganging*. Use the rotary control to select *On* or *Off.* Press ESC to quit this mode.

The inputs and outputs may be "ganged" (linked together) as left and right stereo pairs, so that modifications are simultaneously applied to both channels (A&B inputs and 1&2, 3&4 and 5&6 outputs). This can be useful for setting identical crossover points and EQ settings, but if you intend to use the output delay function for speaker 'time alignment' then you should NOT gang the output channels.

Units (Utility Menu): Select MODE > Utility > NEXT > Units. Press ENTER.

Here you can set the measurement unit shown while modifying various parameters. Press NEXT to switch between Delay Unit, Comp/Limiter Threshold Unit and Temperature Unit.





*Delay Unit*: The options are uS (microseconds), ms (milliseconds), mm (millimetres) and m (metres). These can be set separately for Input Delay and Output Delay, using the arrow keys to switch between *In* and *Out*. Use the rotary control to change the unit type.

Compressor/Limiter Threshold Unit: The options are dBu or V (Volts). Use the rotary control to change the unit type.

Temperature Unit: This relates to the temperature set as the ambient temperature when calculating delay times. Use the rotary control to switch between Centigrade and Fahrenheit. Press ESC to quit the *Units* submenu.

**Miscellaneous Setup (Utility Menu):** Select MODE > *Utility* > NEXT x2 > *Misc. Setup.* Press ENTER. Press NEXT to switch between the submenu options. Press ESC to quit this mode.

Output Meters: No action - function not applicable to the RM2.

Temperature: A feature retained from the pro audio version of the device. It allows the current in-car temperature to be keyed in using the rotary control. The system uses this value to compensate for the variation in the speed of sound transmission when calculating time delay. This is far more applicable to professional PA applications, where it allows the delays to be set during the sound-check and adjusted automatically at the time of the concert if necessary.

One car application could be in autosound competition, if the temperature inside the vehicle changes dramatically from when the system was set-up. In reality the distances involved between speaker drive units in the car will almost certainly make temperature changes insignificant - but that doesn't stop you from impressing the hell out of the guy next to you who doesn't have a UCS PRO installed!

*LCD Contrast*: Adjust the contrast of the display using the rotary control - sometimes useful to compensate for different viewing angles.





**Lock (Utility Menu):** Select MODE > *Utility* > NEXT x3 > *Lock.* Press ENTER.

Here you can enable or disable the hardware lock function designed to protect the UCS PRO from tampering or accidental changes to the current set-up. It allows you to enter a password to enable a *Partial Lock* or *Total Lock* condition, or to return to *Full Editing* access.

The RM2 is delivered unlocked (Full Editing Access), but your supplying dealer/installer may have set a password. We will assume the RM2 is *unlocked*. *Total* will be flashing in the display, showing it is an editable parameter.

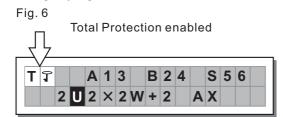
Use the rotary control to select *Total* or *Partial* Lock (Fig.5). Now use the right arrow key to move down to the password entry box - the first digit will flash. Think of a memorable 4-digit password (can be letters or numbers or a mixture of both). Use the rotary control to select the first letter or number. Now press the right arrow key again to move to the next digit, and repeat the process. Repeat for the third digit. After selecting the final (4<sup>th</sup>) digit (and having ensured you will remember the code!), press ENTER.

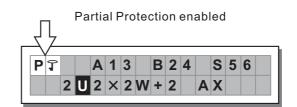






The display will revert to the default (switch-on) status and you will now see either a **T** and key icon, or **P** and key icon, signifying that the device is in Total or Partial Lock mode (Fig.6).



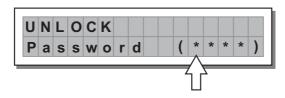


Total Lock: Preset Selection: disabled. Delay Adjustment: disabled. All Edit functions: disabled. LCD Contrast: enabled. Lock/Unlock: enabled.

Partial Lock: Preset Selection: disabled. Output Channel Delay: disabled. Crossover Filters (Xover): disabled. Output Channel EQ: disabled. Output Channel Gain: disabled. Output Channel Polarity: disabled. Compressor/Limiter: disabled. Input Channel Gain: enabled. Noise Gate: enabled. Input Channel EQ: enabled. Input Channel Delay: enabled. LCD Contrast: enabled. Lock/Unlock: enabled.

To UNLOCK the device and return to Full Editing access, enter the *Lock* submenu under the *Utility* Menu. MODE > *Utility* > *Lock*. Press ENTER.

Fig. 7







The display should show UNLOCK, with Password below it and the first digit (represented by an asterisk '\*') flashing (Fig.7). Use the rotary control to select the first digit of your chosen password, then use the right arrow key to move to the next digit and so on, until you have entered your full password. Now press ENTER. The LCD should now switch to the default display, without the key icon.

#### Functions not applicable to the RM2

A few of the parameters apply only to the pro audio version of the device from which the UCS PRO and RM2 are derived. Both the pro and car audio versions share the same software but not all the functions are enabled in the hardware of UCS PRO/RM2. The following parameters should therefore be ignored:

PRESET MENU: Dump Out Preset, Incoming Dump

PRESET MENU: Memory CARD not supported (Max. User Presets=64)

UTILITY MENU - MISC. SETUP: Output Meters

UTILITY MENU: Memory Card

#### **Further Information**

Because of the nature of our digital sound processors and the variety of effects that can be achieved with them, there are operational details, tips and advice too numerous to include in an instruction manual such as this. For additional information, please visit our website at **www.altomobile.com**, which includes a Support Forum where users can exchange ideas.



# ▲LTO mobile

To be protected by this warranty, the buyer must be able to produce a numbered, machine printed sales receipt (original only accepted, not a copy) from his supplying dealer that clearly shows the dealer's name and address, the buyer's name and address, purchase date, model name/number and serial number of the product. ALTO® reserves the right to verify the authenticity of the receipt directly with the supplying dealer.

- ALTO® warrants the mechanical and electronic components of this product to be free of defects in material and workmanship for a period of one (1) year from the original date of purchase. If any defects occur within the specified warranty period that are not caused by normal wear and tear or inappropriate use, ALTO® shall, at its sole discretion, either repair or replace the product.
- To obtain warranty service, the product must be returned in its original shipping carton. A description of the problem will be appreciated.
- Damages/defects caused by the following conditions are not covered by this warranty:
- a. Misuse, neglect or failure to operate the unit in compliance with the instructions given in the user or service manuals.
- b. Connection or operation of the unit in any way that does not comply with the technical or safety regulations applicable in the country where the product is used.
- c. Damages/defects that are caused by force majeure or by any other condition beyond the control of ALTO®.
- · Any repair carried out by unauthorised personnel will void the warranty.
- This warranty is extended exclusively to the original buyer (customer of retail dealer) and is not transferable to anyone who may subsequently purchase this product. No other person (retail dealer, etc.) shall be entitled to give any warranty promise on behalf of ALTO®.
- Failure of ALTO® to provide proper warranty service shall not entitle the buyer to claim (consequential) damages. In no event shall the liability of ALTO® exceed the invoiced value of the product.
- This warranty does not exclude or limit the buyer's statutory rights provided by national law, in particular, any such rights against the seller that arise from a legally effective purchase contract.



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