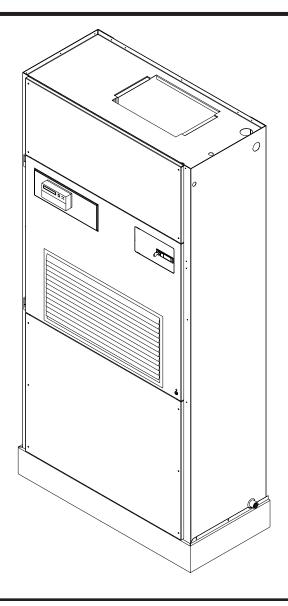
INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

QTEC SERIES PACKAGED HEAT PUMP

Models:

QH243 QH302 QH362 QH422 QH482 QH602



MIS-1554

Date:



Bard Manufacturing Company, Inc. Bryan, Ohio 43506

Since 1914 . . . Moving ahead, just as planned.

Manual: Supersedes: File: 2100-420H 2100-420G Vol II Tab 14 06-28-07

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GETTING OTHER INFORMATION AND PUBLICATIONS

These publications can help you install the air conditioner or heat pump. You can usually find these at your local library or purchase them directly from the publisher. Be sure to consult current edition of each standard.

National Electrical Code ANSI/NFPA 70

Standard for the Installation ANSI/NFPA 90A of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems

Standard for Warm AirANSI/NFPA 90B Heating and Air Conditioning Systems

Low Pressure, Low Velocity ACCA Manual D or Duct System Design Manual Q Winter and Summer Air Conditioning

FOR MORE INFORMATION, CONTACT THESE PUBLISHERS:

ACCA Air Conditioning Contractors of America

1712 New Hampshire Avenue Washington, DC 20009 Telephone: (202) 483-9370 Fax: (202) 234-4721

ANSI American National Standards Institute

11 West Street, 13th Floor New York, NY 10036 Telephone: (212) 642-4900 Fax: (212) 302-1286

ASHRAE American Society of Heating, Refrigeration, and Air Conditioning Engineers, Inc.

1791 Tullie Circle, N.E. Atlanta, GA 30329-2305 Telephone: (404) 636-8400 Fax: (404) 321-5478

NFPA National Fire Protection Association

Batterymarch Park P.O. Box 9101 Quincy, MA 02269-9901 Telephone: (800) 344-3555 Fax: (617) 984-7057

QTec Series General Information

QTEC MODEL NOMENCLATURE

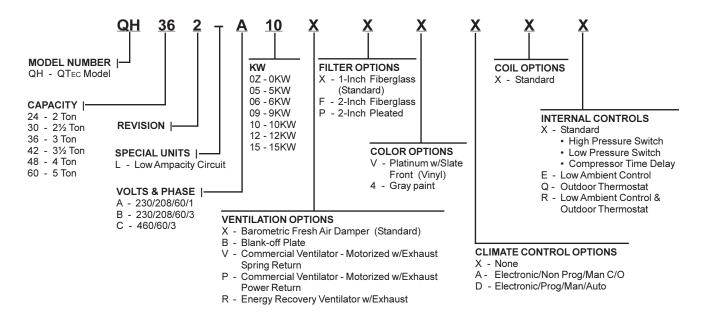


TABLE 1
FACTORY BUILT-IN ELECTRIC HEAT TABLE

Models	QH2 QH3	-	QH2	43-B	QH3	02-B	QH243-C	QH302-C	QH362-A QH422-A QH482-A QH602-A		QH422-A (QH482-A (QH362-B QH422-B QH482-B QH602-B		QH362-C QH422-C QH482-C QH602-C
	240V-1	208V-1	240V-1	208V-1	240V-1	208V-1	480V-3	480V-3	240V-1	208V-1	240V-1	208V-1	480V-3		
KW	втин	втин	втин	втин	втин	втин	втин	втин	втин	втин	втин	втин	втин		
5.0	16,380	12,290							16,380	12,290					
6.0			20,500	15,360	20,500	15,360	20,500	20,500			20,500	15,360	20,500		
9.0			30,700	23,000	30,700	23,000	30,700	30,700			30,700	23,000	30,700		
10.0	32,670	24,570							32,670	24,570					
12.0					41,000	30,700		41,000							
15.0		·							49,150	36,860	49,150	36,860	49,150		

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TABLE 2 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

			SIN	GLE CIRCUI	Т		DUAL CIRCUIT							
	RATED	NO. FIELD	③ MINIMUM	① MAXIMUM EXTERNAL FUSE OR	② FIELD POWER	② GROUND			MAX	CUIT	FIE POV	ELD VER SIZE	GRC	DUND SIZE
MODELS	VOLTS & PHASES	POWER CIRCUITS	CIRCUIT AMPACITY	CIRCUIT BREAKER	WIRE SIZE	WIRE SIZE	CKT A	CKT B	CKT A	CKT B	CKT A	CKT B	CKT A	CKT B
QH243-A0Z -A05 -A10	230/208-1	1 1 1 OR 2	22 47 72	30 50 80	10 8 4	10 10 8	 22	 50	 30	 50	- - 10	 8	 10	- - 10
QH243-B0Z -B06 -B09	230/208-3	1 1 1	17 35 44	20 35 45	12 8 8	12 10 10		 		 	1 1 1	 	 	
QH243-C0Z -C06 -C09	460-3	1 1 1	8 17 22	15 20 25	14 12 10	14 12 10		 		 		 	 	
QH302-A0Z -A05 -A10	230/208-1	1 1 1 OR 2	24 49 74	35 50 80	8 8 4	10 10 8	 24	 50	 30	 50	 10	 8	 10	 10
QH302-B0Z -B06 -B09 -B12	230/208-3	1 1 1	18 36 45 54	25 40 45 60	10 8 8 6	10 10 10 10		- - - -	1111	 	1 1 1 1	 	- - - -	
QH302-C0Z -C06 -C09 -C12	460-3	1 1 1	9 18 23 27	15 20 25 30	14 12 10 10	14 12 10 10		- - - -	-	 		 	- - - -	
QH362-A0Z -A05 -A10 ④ -A15	230/208-3	1 1 1 OR 2 1 OR 2	29 54 79 82	45 60 90 90	8 6 4 4	10 10 8 8	 29 32	 50 50	 40 40	 50 50	- 8	 8 8	 10 10	- 10 10
QH362-B0Z -B06 -B09 ⑤ -B15	230/208-3	1 1 1	23 41 50 52	30 45 50 60	10 8 8 6	10 10 10 10			1111		1111	 	 	- - -
QH362-C0Z -C06 -C09 \$ -C15	460-3	1 1 1 1	11 20 24 26	15 20 30 30	14 12 10 10	14 12 10 10	 	 		 		 	 	- - - -

① Maximum size of the time delay fuse or HACR type circuit breaker for protection of field wiring conductors.

CAUTION: When more than one field power conductor circuit is run through one conduit, the conductors must be derated. Pay special attention to Note 8 of Table 310 regarding Ampacity Adjustment Factors when more than three conductors are in a raceway.

- Maximum KW that can operate with heat pump on is 10KW. Other 5KW energizes during emergency heating only.
- ® Maximum KW that can operate with heat pump on is 9KW. Other 6KW energizes during emergency heating only.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS CONTINUED ON PAGE 6 TABLE 2A

② Based on 75°C copper wire. All wiring must conform to the National Electrical Code and all local codes.

③ These "Minimum Circuit Ampacity" values are to be used for sizing the field power conductors. Refer to the National Electric Code (latest revision), article 310 for power conductor sizing.

TABLE 2A ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS (Continued)

			SIN	GLE CIRCUI	т					DUAL (CIRCUI	Т		
	RATED	NO. FIELD	③	① MAXIMUM EXTERNAL FUSE OR	② FIELD POWER	② GROUND	MINI	MUM CUIT ACITY	MAX EXTE FUS CIR	I) IMUM RNAL E OR CUIT AKER	FIE POV WIRE	LD VER	GRO	DUND SIZE
MODEL	VOLTS & PHASE	POWER	CIRCUIT AMPACITY	CIRCUIT BREAKER	WIRE SIZE	WIRE SIZE	CKT A	CKT B	CKT A	СКТ	CKT A	CKT B	CKT A	СКТ
QH422-A0Z -A05 -A10 ④ -A15	230/208-1	1 1 1 OR 2 1 OR 2	33 58 83 83	50 60 90 90	8 6 4 4	10 10 8 8	 33 33	 50 50	 40 40	 50 50	 8 8	 8 8	 10 10	 10 10
QH422-B0Z -B06 -B09 \$\bar{S}\$ -B15	230/208-3	1 1 1 1	24 43 52 52	30 50 60 60	10 8 6 6	10 10 10 10	 		 	 			 	
QH422-C0Z -C06 -C09 \$ -C15	460-3	1 1 1 1	12 21 26 26	15 25 30 30	14 10 10 10	14 10 10 10	 	1111		- - -	1111	1 1 1 1	 	
QH482-A0Z -A05 -A10 ④ -A15	230/208-1	1 1 1 OR 2 1 OR 2	36 61 86 86	50 70 90 90	8 6 3 3	10 8 8 8	 36 36 36	 25 50 50	50 50 50	 25 50 50	8 8 8 1	 10 8 8	 10 10 10	 10 10 10
QH482-B0Z -B06 -B09 \$\sigma\$ -B15	230/208-3	1 1 1	26 44 53 53	40 50 60 60	8 8 6 6	10 10 10 10	 		 	- - -	1111		 	1 1 1
QH482-C0Z -C06 -C09 \$ -C15	460-3	1 1 1	14 23 27 27	15 25 30 30	14 10 10 10	14 10 10 10	 	1 1 1 1		 	1111	1 1 1 1	 	
QH602-A0Z -A05 -A10 ④ -A15	230/208-1	1 1 or 2 1 or 2 1 or 2	46 71 96 96	60 80 110 110	8 4 3 3	10 8 6 6	 46 46 46	 25 50 50	 60 60 60	 25 50 50	 8 8 8	 10 8 8	 10 10 10	 10 10 10
QH602-B0Z -B09 \$\sqrt{8} -B15	230/208-3	1 1 1	31 58 58	45 70 70	8 6 6	10 8 8	 		 	 			 	
QH602-C0Z -C09 \$ -C15	460-3	1 1 1	17 30 30	25 35 35	10 8 8	10 10 10	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	

 $[\]odot$ Maximum size of the time delay fuse or HACR type circuit breaker for protection of field wiring conductors.

CAUTION: When more than one field power conductor circuit is run through one conduit, the conductors must be derated. Pay special attention to Note 8 of Table 310 regarding Ampacity Adjustment Factors when more than three conductors are in a raceway.

② Based on 75°C copper wire. All wiring must conform to the National Electrical Code and all local codes.

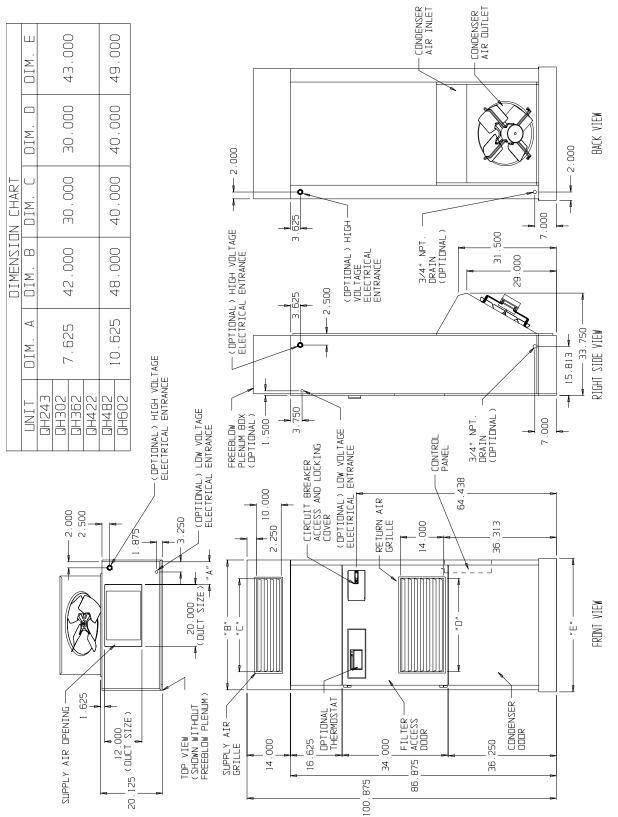
³ These "Minimum Circuit Ampacity" values are to be used for sizing the field power conductors. Refer to the National Electric Code (latest revision), article 310 for power conductor sizing.

⁽⁴⁾ Maximum KW that can operate with heat pump on is 10KW. Other 5KW energizes during emergency heating only.

[®] Maximum KW that can operate with heat pump on is 9KW. Other 6KW energizes during emergency heating only.

MIS-1572 A

FIGURE 1 UNIT DIMENSIONS



SHIPPING DAMAGE

Upon receipt of equipment, the carton should be checked for external signs of shipping damage. The skid must remain attached to the unit until the unit is ready for installation. If damage is found, the receiving party must contact the last carrier immediately, preferably in writing, requesting inspection by the carrier's agent.

UNIT REMOVAL FROM SKID

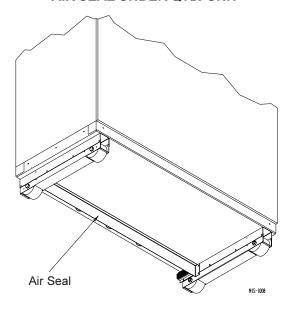
⚠ WARNING

This unit is heavy and requires more than one person to handle and remove from the skid. Check unit wheels to ensure that wheels are locked before removing from skid. Extreme caution must be taken to prevent injury to personnel and damage to the unit.

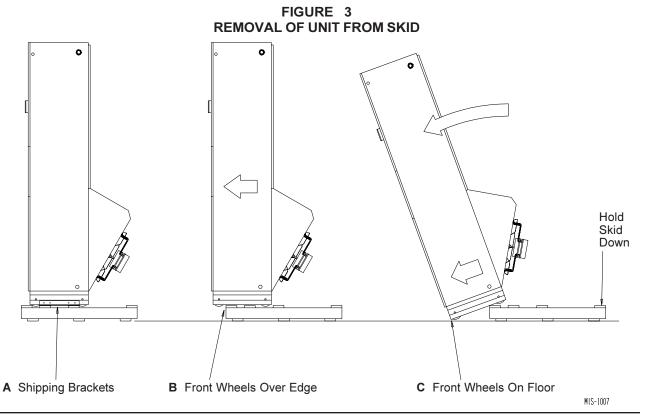
It is recommended that the unit not be removed from the skid with a forklift since the air seal under the unit could be damaged. See Figure 2.

The shipping brackets on each side of the unit must be removed and discarded. See Figure 3-A. The return air grille panel can be removed to provide a place to hold the unit. The unit can be slid forward on the skid until

FIGURE 2 AIR SEAL UNDER QTEC UNIT



the front wheels hang over the edge of the skid. See Figure 3-B. The unit can be tipped forward and slid down the edge of the skid until the front wheels touch the ground. See Figure 3-C. The wheels will not roll. They are shipped from the factory locked so they will not roll. The back of the skid will have to be held down to keep it from tipping up. The skid can be slid out from under the unit. The unit can then be set upright.



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HANDLING UNIT AFTER REMOVAL FROM SKID

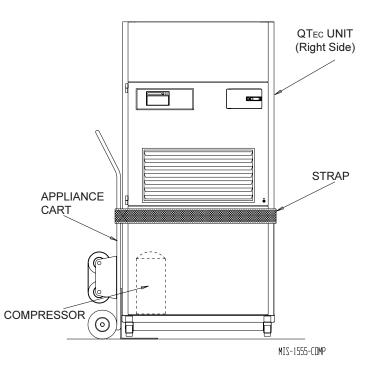
MWARNING

Exercise extreme caution when pushing the unit on the rollers. Handle and push from the lower 1/3 of the unit. Insure that debris is not on the floor where the unit is to be moved on the rollers. Failure to do so could result in the unit tipping over and causing bodily injury and/ or damage to the unit.

The unit will have to be turned sideways and removed from the skid to fit through a 36" doorway. If the door height allows, the unit can be slid sideways through the door.

If the unit can not be slid through the door, then the unit will have to be put on a cart and tipped down to roll through the door. It is recommended that an appliance cart by used with a strap to hold the unit on the cart. The wheels of the unit *must be locked*. If the wheels were allowed to roll, the unit could roll off the cart. *The unit should always be carted from the left side*. This is the side where the compressor is located. See Figure 4.

FIGURE 4 UNIT ON APPLIANCE CART



The blade of the appliance cart should be slid under the wheels of the unit. The strap of the appliance cart should be placed around the unit and strapped tightly. Help will be required to tip the unit back onto the cart. The unit can be leaned far enough back to be rolled through the door. Be careful when setting the unit back up to keep from damaging the unit.

GENERAL

The equipment covered in this manual is to be installed by trained, experienced service and installation technicians.

The unit is designed for use with or without duct work. For use without duct work, Plenum Box QPB42 is recommended.

These instructions explain the recommended method to install the air cooled self-contained unit and the electrical wiring connections to the unit.

These instructions and any instructions packaged with any separate equipment required to make up the entire air conditioning system should be carefully read before beginning the installation. Note particularly "Start Procedure" and any tags and/or labels attached to the equipment.

While these instructions are intended as a general recommended guide, they do not supersede any national and/or local codes in any way. Authorities having jurisdiction should be consulted before the installation is made. See Page 3 for information on codes and standards.

Size of unit for a proposed installation should be based on heat loss calculation made according to methods of Air Conditioning Contractors of America (ACCA). The air duct should be installed in accordance with the Standards of the National Fire Protection Systems of Other Than Residence Type, NFPA No. 90A, and Residence Type Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems, NFPA No. 90B. Where local regulations are at a variance with instructions, installer should adhere to local codes.

MINIMUM INSTALLATION HEIGHT

The minimum installation height of the unit with a Free Blow Plenum is 8 ft. 6 in. This provides enough clearance for the plenum to be removed. See Figure 5.

The minimum installation height for ducted applications is 8 ft. $4\frac{1}{2}$ in. This provides enough clearance to install the duct work. See Figure 6.

FIGURE 5
INSTALLATION WITH FREE BLOW PLENUM

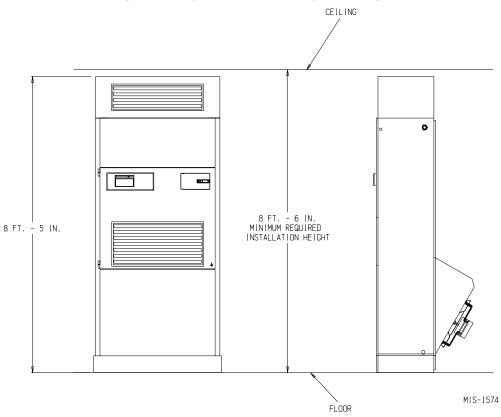
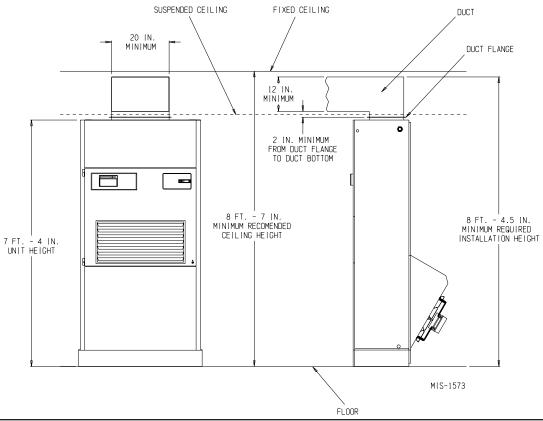


FIGURE 6
DUCTED APPLICATION



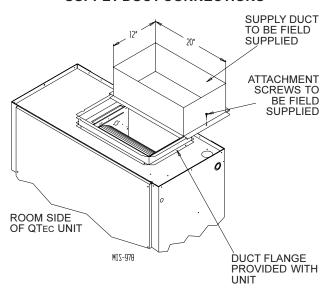
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DUCT WORK

Any heat pump is more critical of proper operating charge and an adequate duct system than a straight air conditioning unit. All duct work must be properly sized for the design airflow requirement of the equipment. Air Conditioning Contractors of America (ACCA) is an excellent guide to proper sizing. All duct work or portions thereof not in the conditioned space should be properly insulated in order to both conserve energy and prevent condensation or moisture damage. When duct runs through unheated spaces, it should be insulated with a minimum of one inch of insulation. Use insulation with a vapor barrier on the outside of the insulation. Flexible joints should be used to connect the duct work to the equipment in order to keep the noise transmission to a minimum.

The QTEC series heat pump has provision to attach a supply air duct to the top of the unit. Duct connection size is 12 inches x 20 inches. The duct work is field supplied and must be attached in a manner to allow for ease of removal when it becomes necessary to slide the unit out from the wall for service. See Figure 7 for suggested attachment method.

FIGURE 7 SUPPLY DUCT CONNECTIONS



NOTE: Unit cabinet, supply air duct and free blow plenum are approved for "0" clearance to combustible material.

The QTEC series heat pumps are designed for use with free return (non-ducted) and either free blow with the use of QPB Plenum Box or a duct supply air system.

The QPB and QPBHW Plenum Box mounts on top of the unit and has both vertically and horizontally adjustable louvers on the front discharge grille. For hot water coil option a QPBHWxx-F for free blow or QPBHWxx-D for ducted airflow is used

When used with a ducted supply, a QCX Cabinet Extension can be used to conceal the duct work above the unit to the ceiling. This extends 20" above the unit for a total height above the floor of 10'-7/8". The unit is equipped with a variable speed indoor blower motor which increases in speed with an increase in duct static pressure. The unit will therefore deliver proper rated air flow up to the maximum ESP shown in Table 9. However, for quiet operation of the air system, the duct static should be kept as low as practical, within the guidelines of good duct design.

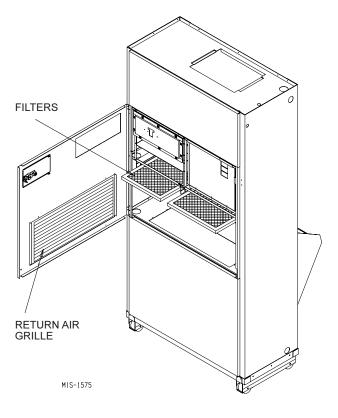
FILTERS

Two 1-inch throw away filters [(1) 16x16 and (1) 16x20] are supplied with each unit. The filters slide into filter brackets. Refer to Figure 8.

The filters are serviced from the inside of the building by opening the hinged door. This door is attached by 1/4 turn fasteners and one locking latch.

The internal filter brackets are adjustable to accommodate 2-inch filters. The tabs for the 1-inch filters must be bent down to allow the 2-inch filters to slide in place.

FIGURE 8 FILTER LOCATION



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FRESH AIR INTAKE

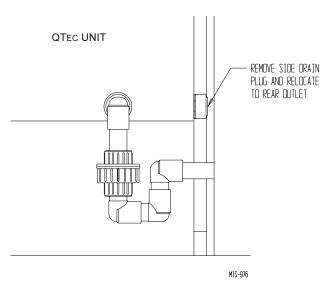
This unit is equipped with a fresh air damper assembly. The damper blade is locked in the closed position when the unit is shipped from the Factory. To allow the damper to operate remove the two plastic locking pins, one on each end of the blade. This will allow for maximum fresh airflow. The damper blade will now open when the indoor blower is operating. If less than maximum fresh airflow is required, reinsert the plastic pins to limit damper blade opening to desired level. Two extra pins are provided (taped to the inside of the assembly) which may be used to hold the blade in some position other than minimum or maximum position. This fresh air assembly is located in the rear of the unit and to gain access to make these adjustments remove the air filter service door.

All capacity, efficiency and cost of operation information as required for Department of Energy "Energyguide" Fact Sheets are based upon the fresh air blank-off plate in place and is recommended for maximum energy efficiency.

The blank-off plate is available upon request from the factory and is installed in place of the fresh air damper shipped with each unit.

For details on energy recovery ventilation see separate section.

FIGURE 9 OPTIONAL SIDE DRAIN (SIDE VIEW) INSTALLATION



CONDENSATE DRAIN

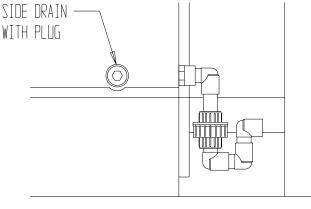
There are two drain connections on the unit. The rear drain is the primary drain, and is located on the right lower rear panel of the unit. The optional side drain is located on the bottom right side of the unit. The side drain is shipped with a plug installed.

The *side drain* requires a water trap for proper drainage. See Figure 9. The drain can be routed through the floor or through the wall. *If the drain is to be routed through an unconditioned space, it must be protected from freezing*. The drain line must be able to be removed from the unit if it is necessary to remove the unit from the wall. When the side drain is used, the plug must be removed and installed in the rear drain outlet.

The *rear drain* can be used with wall thickness of up to 10 inches where a water trap can be installed between the unit and the interior wall. See Figure 10. The trap cannot extend beyond the edge of the unit or it will interfere with the wall mounting bracket. The drain can be routed through the floor or through the wall. If the drain is routed through the wall, the drain line must be positioned such that it will not interfere with the sleeve flange or the grille. See Figure 11. *If the drain is to be routed through an unconditioned space, it must be protected from freezing.*

Optional rear drain kits, both standard and heated versions, are available to facilitate easy installation, and also removability of heat pump for service. The standard version provides a connection that allows the evaporator condensate to drain independently bypassing the lower drain pan. Note that on models equipped with a refrigerant subcooler in the lower drain pan may experience a slight decrease in cooling performance and efficiency.

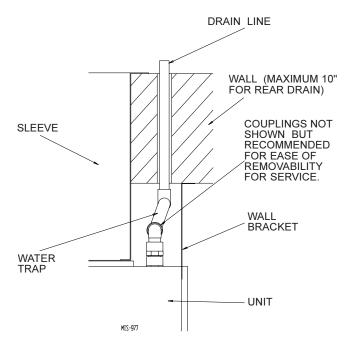
FIGURE 10 STANDARD REAR DRAIN



MIS-975

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FIGURE 11 REAR DRAIN (TOP VIEW)



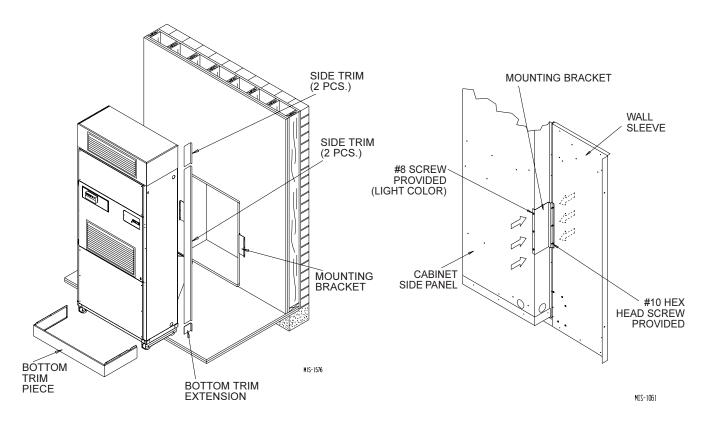
SERVICE LIGHT

The unit is equipped with a service light which signals the user that service is required. The light is located in the upper control panel and is visible only when the hinged service/filter access door is open.

The *Service Unit* light indicates that the unit has been shut off by a high or low pressure device. This indicates that the unit needs to be serviced.

FIGURE 12 UNIT MOUNTING

ENLARGED VIEW OF MOUNTING BRACKET SHOWING SLEEVE TO CABINET ATTACHMENT



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INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

MOUNTING THE UNIT

When installing a QTEC unit near an interior wall on the left side, a minimum of 8 inches is required; 12 inches is preferred.

When installing a QTEC unit near an interior wall on the right side, a minimum of 18 inches is required as additional space is required to connect the side drain. If the rear condensate drain kit QCDS48 is used the minimum can be reduced to 8 inches.

This clearance is required to allow for the attachment of the unit to the sleeve and side trim pieces to the wall.

This unit is to be secured to the wall sleeve with mounting brackets provided. The unit itself, the supply duct and the free blow plenum are suitable of "0" clearance to combustible material.

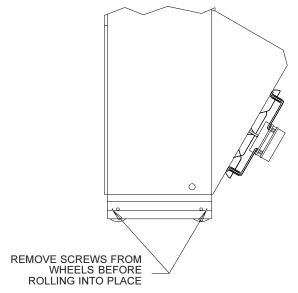
Following are the steps for mounting the QTEC, for reference see Figure 12 (page 13).

- 1. Attach mounting brackets to the wall sleeve with screws provided.
- 2. Position the unit in front of the sleeve with the condenser section toward the sleeve.
- 3. Remove the locking screws from the wheels. Refer to Figure 13.
- 4. Roll the unit into the sleeve. Make sure to check both sides of the unit as it is being rolled to keep it centered in the sleeve. Also check the

- alignment to the mounting brackets. This unit must be level from side to side. If adjustments are necessary, shim up under the rollers with sheets of steel or any substance that is not affected by moisture.
- 5. Make sure the gasket on the rear of the unit is touching the sleeve across the top and down both sides. This is a rain water seal.
- Secure the mounting brackets to the unit with screws provided, #10 hex head sheet metal screws.
- 7. Bottom trim extensions are provided for use when wall is less than 14 inches but greater than 10.5 inches. Secure to wall with screws (not provided).
- 8. Attach the bottom trim piece to the unit with the screws provided (dark colored).
- 9. Position side trim pieces to wall and attach with field supplied screws. There are two long pieces and two short pieces supplied. The long pieces are to enclose the gap behind the unit. The short pieces are to fill the gap behind the cabinet extension or the free blow plenum box. The may be cut to suit your ceiling height or overlap the unit side trim. There is sufficient length to trip up to a 10'2" ceiling.

NOTE: If the exterior wall thickness is between 5 inches to 10.5 inches, a side trim extension piece kit, model QSTX42, is available.

FIGURE 13
REMOVING LOCKING SCREWS FROM WHEELS



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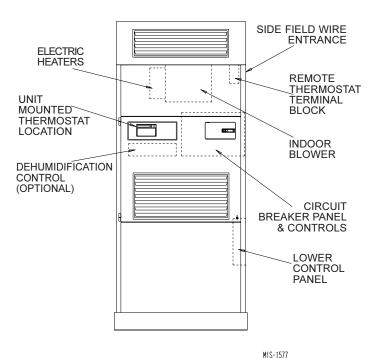
WIRING - MAIN POWER

Refer to the unit rating plate and/or Table 2 for wire sizing information and maximum fuse or "HACR Type" circuit breaker size. Each unit is marked with a "Minimum Circuit Ampacity". This means that the field wiring used must be sized to carry that amount of current. Depending on the installed KW of electric heat, there may be two field power circuits required. If this is the case, the unit serial plate will so indicate. All models are suitable only for connection with copper wire. Each unit and/or wiring diagram will be marked "Use Copper Conductors Only". These instructions MUST BE adhered to. Refer to the National Electrical Code (NEC) for complete current carrying capacity data on the various insulation grades of wiring material. All wiring must conform to NEC and all local codes.

The electrical data lists fuse and wire sizes (75°C copper) for all models, including the most commonly used heater sizes. Also shown are the number of field power circuits required for the various models with heaters.

The unit rating plate lists a "Maximum Time Delay Relay Fuse" or "HACR Type" circuit breaker that is to be used with the equipment. The correct size must be used for proper circuit protection, and also to assure that

FIGURE 14 **COMPONENT LOCATION**



there will be no nuisance tripping due to the momentary high starting current of the compressor motor.

The disconnect access door on this unit may be locked to prevent unauthorized access to the disconnect.

See Start Up section for information on three phase scroll compressor start-ups.

The field wiring connections are located behind the top and hinged panel in the circuit breaker panel. See Figure 14.

WIRING - LOW VOLTAGE WIRING

230/208V, 1 PHASE AND 3 PHASE EQUIPMENT **DUAL PRIMARY VOLTAGE TRANSFORMERS.**

All Equipment leaves the factory wired on 240V tap. For 208V operation, reconnect from 240V to 208V tap. The acceptable operating voltage range for the 240 and 208V taps are as noted in Table 3.

TABLE 3 OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE

TAP	RANGE
240V	253 – 216
208V	220 – 187

NOTE: The voltage should be measured at the filed power connection point in the unit and while the unit is operating at full load (maximum amperage operating condition).

The standard Climate Control *Option X* is a remote thermostat connection terminal block. See Figure 16 for wiring diagram. Compatible thermostats are listed in Table 4.

The Climate Control *Option A* is an electronic, nonprogrammable manual or auto changeover thermostat. The subbase of the thermostat is factory wired to the front panel of the unit. See Figure 17 for wiring diagram. Compatible for use with Bard CS2000A1 Controller and Energy Recovery Ventilator.

The Climate Control *Option D* is an electronic, programmable thermostat. The subbase of the thermostat is factory wired to the front panel of the unit. See Figure 18 for wiring diagram. Compatible for use with Energy Recovery Ventilator or Economizer.

NOTE: On option X or A the CS2000A1 (or other field provided means to control ventilation) must be used if any of the motorized ventilation options are installed.

LOW VOLTAGE CONNECTIONS

These units use a grounded 24 volt AC low voltage circuit.

The "R" terminal is the *hot* terminal and the "C" terminal is *grounded*.

"G" terminal or pins 6 and 1 of P2 are the *fan inputs*. **Both must be energized** for proper fan operation. This is done automatically in the factory installed climate control options. If the climate control option is abandoned and connections are made directly to P2 both pins 6 and 1 of P2 must be energized for proper operation.

"Y" terminal or pin 7 of P2 is the compressor input.

"B" terminal or pin 8 of P2 is the *reversing valve input*. The reversing valve must be energized for heating mode.

"R" terminal or pin 10 of P2 is 24 VAC hot.

"C" terminal or pin 11 of P2 is 24 VAC grounded.

"L" terminal or pin 12 of P2 is *compressor lockout* **output**. This terminal is activated on a high or low pressure trip by the electronic heat pump control. This is a 24 VAC output.

"W2" terminal or pin 9 of P2 is second stage heat (if equipped). If the unit is equipped with an optional hot water coil plenum box or electric heat these will be energized by this terminal.

"O1" terminal of pin 5 of P2 is the *ventilation input*. This terminal energizes any factory installed ventilation option.

"E" terminal or pin 3 of P2 is the *emergency heat input*. This terminal energizes the emergency heat relay.

NOTE: For total and proper control using DDC, a total of 6 controlled outputs are required (5 if no ventilation system is installed). For proper system operation under Emergency Heat conditions. Where the compressor needs to be deactivated, the B-W2-E outputs need to be energized. Removing the Y (compressor) signal alone turns the compressor off, but does not activate the additional circuitry embedded in the heat pump for proper and complete operation.

LOW VOLTAGE CONNECTIONS FOR DDC CONTROL

Fan Only	Energize G
Cooling Mode	Energize Y, G
Heat Pump Heating	Energize Y, G, B
2nd Stage Heating (if employed)	Energize G, W2
Ventilation	Energize G, O1
Emergency Heat	Energize B, W2, E

GENERAL

This unit is equipped with a variable speed ECM motor. The motor is designed to maintain rated airflow up to the maximum static allowed. It is important that the blower motor plugs are not plugged in or unplugged while the power is on. Failure to remove power prior to unplugging or plugging in the motor could result in motor failure.



Do not plug in or unplug blower motor connectors while the power is on. Failure to do so may result in motor failure.

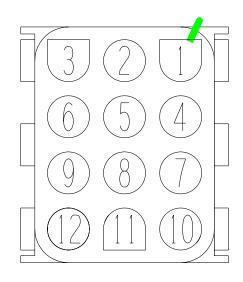
TABLE 4
WALLTHERMOSTATS

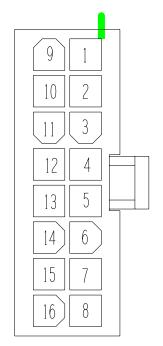
Thermostat	Predominant Features
8403-060 (1120-445)	3 stage Cool; 3 stage Heat Programmable/Non-Programmable Electronic HP or Conventional Auto or Manual changeover
8403-058 (TH5220D1151)	2 stage Cool; 2 stage Heat Electronic Non-Programmable Auto or Manual changeover

FIGURE 15

THERMOSTAT PLUG
TERMINALS
BLOW
P2 AND P4
(VIEWED FROM PIN END) (VIEWED

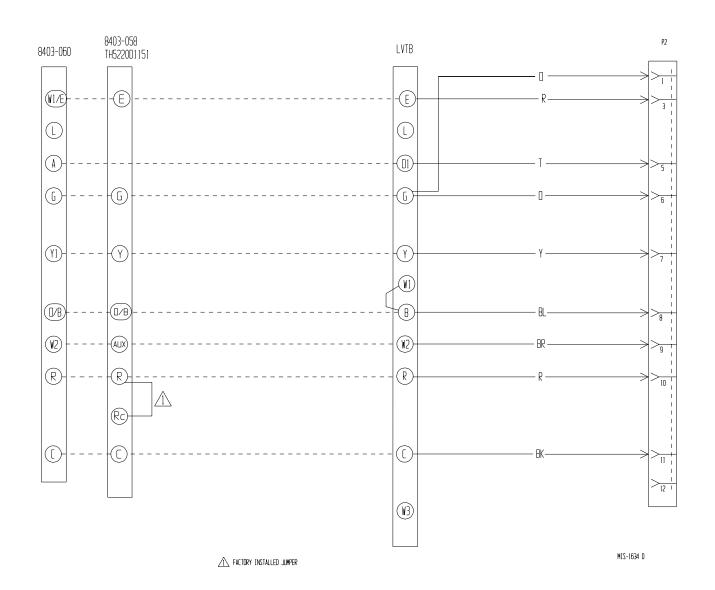
BLOWER MOTOR
LOW VOLTAGE PLUG
(VIEWED FROM PIN END)





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FIGURE 16 REMOTE THERMOSTAT WIRING DIAGRAM "X" THERMOSTAT OPTION

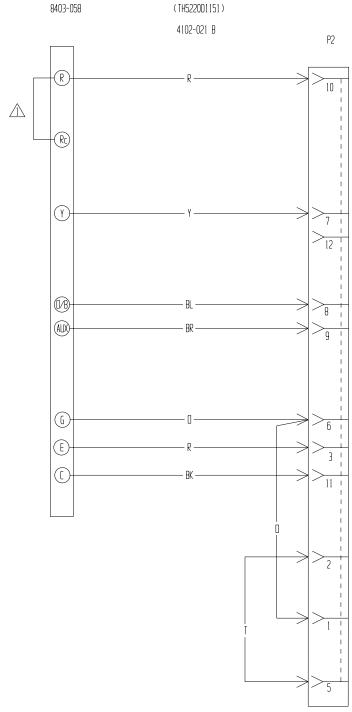


VENTILATOR OR DAMPER

NOTE: On option X or A the CS2000A1 (or other field provided means to control ventilation) must be used if any of the motorized ventilation options are installed.

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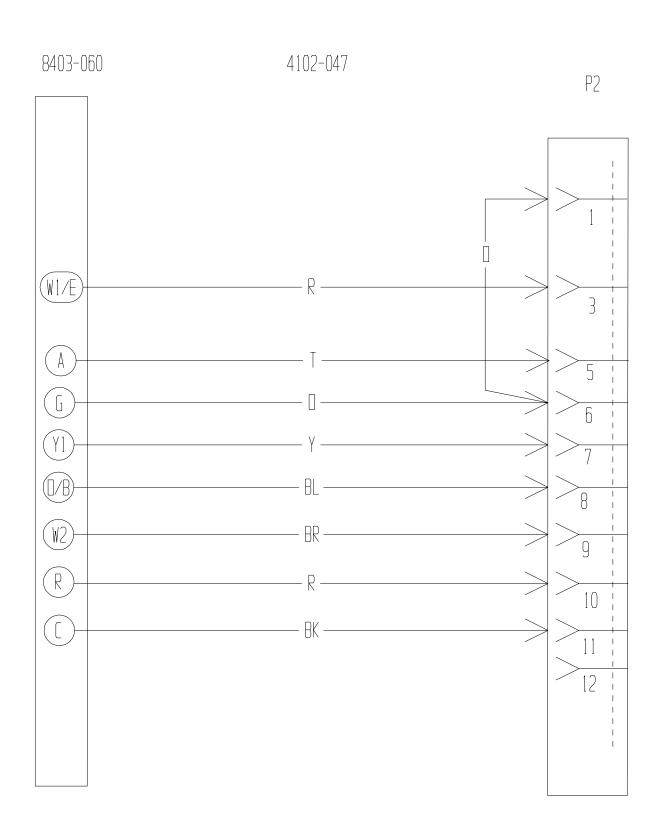
FIGURE 17
UNIT MOUNTED THERMOSTAT WIRING DIAGRAM
"A" THERMOSTAT OPTION



A FACTORY INSTALLED JUMPER

NOTE: On option X or A the CS2000A1 (or other field provided means to control ventilation) must be used if any of the motorized ventilation options are installed.

FIGURE 18 UNIT MOUNTED THERMOSTAT WIRING DIAGRAM "D" THERMOSTAT OPTION



DESCRIPTION OF STANDARD EQUIPMENT

Solid State Electronic Heat Pump Control

Provides efficient 30-minute defrost cycle. A thermistor sensor and speed up terminal for service along with a 10-minute defrost override are standard on the electronic heat pump control.

High / Low Pressure Switch

Provides refrigerant circuit high pressure and loss of charge protection. Includes lockout circuit that is resettable from room thermostat.

Five Minute Compressor Time Delay

Provides short cycle protection for the compressor which extends compressor life. Built into the electronic heat pump control as standard.

Service Lights

One service light indicates when service is required.

• Check System – detects high or low pressure switch operation for compressor protection.

OPTIONAL CFM (QH362, QH422, QH482 AND QH602 ONLY)

These units are shipped from the factory set to operate at the optional CFM level shown in Table 9. This provides lower operating sound levels for non-ducted, free discharge applications. This CFM level will reduce the system capacity performance by approximately 2% at the same energy efficiency.

Rated CFM is required for ducted applications for maximum performance rating. To obtain full CFM on these models, connect jumper wire as follows:

- 1. Disconnect all power to the unit. Failure to do so may result in damage to the motor.
- 2. Open return air service panel
- 3. Open inner control panel cover
- 4. Locate low voltage terminal strip. There is a pink jumper wire with both ends attached to terminal marked "G2". Move one end of this jumper to terminal "Y".
- 5. Reverse steps to reassemble.

IMPORTANT INSTALLER NOTE

For improved start-up performance, wash the indoor coil with a dishwasher detergent.

PHASE MONITOR

All units with three phase scroll compressors are equipped with a 3 phase line monitor to prevent compressor damage due to phase reversal.

The phase monitor in this unit is equipped with two LEDs. If the Y signal is present at the phase monitor and phases are correct the green LED will light and the compressor contactor is allowed to energize.

If phases are reversed, the red fault LED will be lit and compressor operation is inhibited.

If a fault condition occurs, reverse two of the supply leads to the unit. Do not reverse any of the unit factory wires as damage may occur.

THREE PHASE SCROLL COMPRESSOR START UP INFORMATION

Scroll compressors, like several other types of compressors, will only compress in one rotational direction. Direction of rotation is not an issue with single phase compressors since they will always start and run in the proper direction.

However, three phase compressors will rotate in either direction depending upon phasing of the power. Since there is a 50-50 chance of connecting power in such a way as to cause rotation in the reverse direction, *verification of proper rotation must be made.*Verification of proper rotation direction is made by observing that suction pressure drops and discharge pressure rises when the compressor is energized. Reverse rotation also results in an elevated sound level over that with correct rotation, as well as, substantially reduced current draw compared to tabulated values.

Verification of proper rotation must be made at the time the equipment is put into service. If improper rotation is corrected at this time there will be no negative impact on the durability of the compressor. However, reverse operation for even one hour may have a negative impact on the bearing due to oil pump out.

All three phase scroll compressors used in the QTEC series are wired identically internally. As a result, once the correct phasing is determined for a specific system or installation, connecting properly phased power leads to the same Fusite terminal should maintain proper rotation direction. The direction of rotation of the motor may be changed by reversing any two line connections to the unit.

SERVICE HINTS

- Caution user to maintain clean air filters at all times. Also, not to needlessly close off supply air registers. This may reduce airflow through the system, which shortens equipment service life as well as increasing operating costs and noise levels.
- 2. Switching to heating cycle at 75°F or higher outside temperature may cause a nuisance trip of the remote reset high pressure switch. Turn thermostat off, then on to reset the high pressure switch.
- 3. The heat pump wall thermostats perform multiple functions. Be sure that all function switches are correctly set for the desired operating mode before trying to diagnose any reported service problems.
- 4. Check all power fuses or circuit breakers to be sure they are the correct rating.
- Periodic cleaning of the outdoor coil to permit full and unrestricted airflow circulation is essential.
- 6. Some service requires the need to remove the unit from the wall including replacement of the indoor coil and/or the outdoor coil. Also, servicing the outdoor fan motor or fan blade will require removing the unit from the wall if the unit is installed at a height that is not easily accessible from the outside of the building.

In order to remove the unit from the wall the following procedure must be used:

- a. Turn off power to the unit at the remote location. Some units may have more than one power supply.
- b. Disconnect field wiring at unit terminal block and remove from unit.
- c. Disconnect condensate drain.
- d. Remove the lower skirting around the unit.
- e. Remove wall mounting brackets from wall on each side of the unit.
- f. If unit is attached to duct work, remove upper cabinet extension by removing the top center screw only from the cabinet side panel.

- g. Remove screws that attach the duct work to the unit flanges.
 - This unit is equipped with four rollers mounted to the base. For ease of pulling unit out from the wall, you may want to remove the bottom service door which requires removal of the return air panel, and grip the front flange of the base pan then pull straight out.
- 7. Annual maintenance is required to make sure that all of the systems are functioning properly.
 - a. Check to make sure that the drains are not obstructed in any way.
 - Remove any debris in the condenser section of the unit.
 - c. Inspect and clean mist eliminator as described below.
 - d. Inspect and wash outdoor coil as necessary.

MIST ELIMINATOR SERVICE

A mist eliminator is supplied with the wall sleeve. The mist eliminator is constructed of an aluminum frame and mesh. The mist eliminator is located in the top section of the wall sleeve and can be removed from the inside of the building without removing the unit from the wall. This requires that the ventilation package must be removed.

It is recommended that the mist eliminator be inspected annually and serviced as required. The mist eliminator can be inspected from the outside of the building by looking through the outdoor grille. The mist eliminator can be serviced from the outside by using a vacuum cleaner. The outdoor grille must be removed. Use the vacuum to remove dirt and debris from the surface of the mist eliminator. If additional cleaning is required, the mist eliminator will have to be removed from the sleeve.

The ventilation package will have to be removed to gain access to the mist eliminator. If the blank off plate option is used, it is not necessary to service the mist eliminator. The steps necessary to remove each of the vent options are listed on the following pages.

The mist eliminator can be cleaned by washing with soap and water. The excess water should be shaken off the mist eliminator before it is reinstalled.

VENT OPTIONS

BAROMETRIC FRESH AIR DAMPER (Standard)

Before starting, make sure the power has been turned off. The return air grille panel must be removed. The fresh air damper assembly can be seen on the back of the unit. See Figure 19.

- 1. The fresh air damper is attached to the back of the unit with one screw on either side of the assembly. Both of the screws must be removed.
- 2. Once the mounting screws are removed, tilt the assembly down and lift it out.

The mist eliminator can be seen through the opening. The mist eliminator must be raised up and the bottom can be pulled toward the front of the unit.

COMMERCIAL ROOM VENTILATOR (Option)

Before starting, make sure the power has been turned off. The return air grille panel must be removed. The commercial room ventilator (CRV) can be seen after the panel has been removed. The CRV must be removed to gain access to the mist eliminator.

- 1. The two mounting screws in the front of the CRV must be removed.
- The power connectors for the CRV (located on the right side of the unit) must be disconnected. Squeeze the tabs on the sides of the connector and pull straight out. Unplug both of the connectors.
- 3. Slide the CRV straight out of the unit.

The mist eliminator can be seen through the opening in the back of the unit. The mist eliminator must be raised up and the bottom can be pulled toward the front of the unit and removed.

QTEC R ENERGY RECOVERY VENTILATOR (Option)

Before starting, make sure that the power has been turned off. The return air grille panel must be removed. The energy recovery ventilator (QERV) can be seen after the panel has been removed. To gain access to the mist eliminator, the QERV must be removed. See Figure 20.

- 1. The front fill plate of the QERV must be removed. There is one screw on either side of the plate. Remove these screws and remove the plate.
- 2. On either side of the QERV there are mounting screws that hold the QERV in place. Remove both of these screws.
- 3. Underneath the heat recovery cassette there is a power connector for the lower blower assembly. To disconnect this plug, the tabs on both sides of the plug must be squeezed to release the plug. While squeezing the tabs, pull the plug out of the socket.
- 4. The QERV is plugged into the unit in the right side of the unit. Both of these plugs must be disconnected to remove the QERV. Squeeze the tabs on the sides of the connector and pull straight out.
- Slide the QERV assembly straight out of the unit, being careful not to let the cassette slide out of the QERV.

The mist eliminator can be seen through the opening in the back of the unit. The mist eliminator must be raised up and the bottom can be pulled toward the front of the unit and removed.

FIGURE 19
FRESH AIR DAMPER REMOVAL

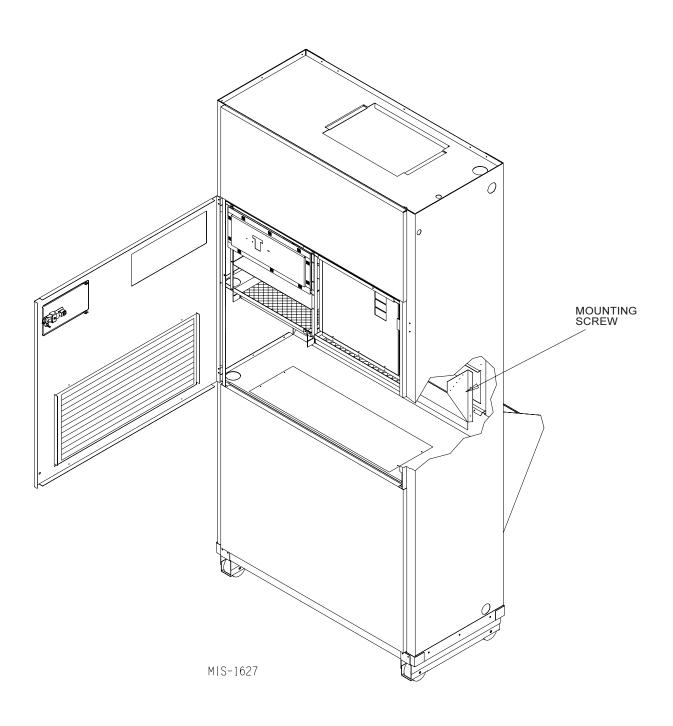
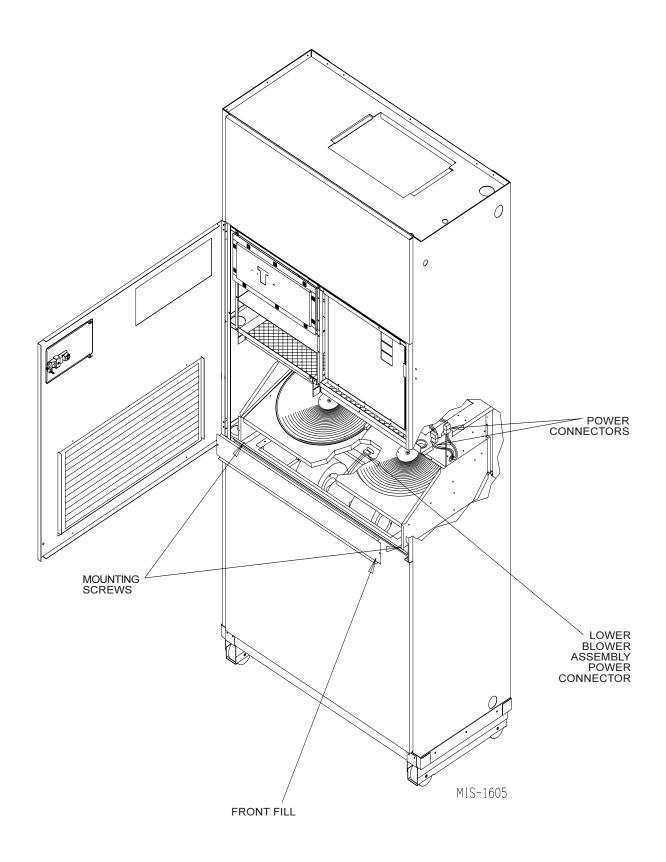


FIGURE 20 QERV REMOVAL



SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

Cooling – Circuit R-Y makes the thermostat pull in the compressor contactor starting the compressor and outdoor motor. The G (indoor motor) circuit is automatically completed on any call for cooling operation, or can be energized by manual fan switch on subbase for constant air circulation.

Heating – A 24V solenoid coil on the reversing valve controls heating cycle operation. Two thermostat options, one allowing "Auto" change over from cycle to cycle and the other constantly energizing solenoid coil during heating season and thus eliminating pressure equalization noise except during defrost, are to be used on "Auto" option, a circuit is completed for R-W1 and R-Y on each heating "on" cycle, energizing reversing valve solenoid and pulling in compressor contactor starting compressor and outdoor motor. R-G also makes starting indoor blower motor. Heat pump heating cycle now in operation.

The second option has no "Auto" change over position, but instead energizes the reversing valve solenoid constantly whenever the system switch on subbase is placed in "Heat" position, the "B" terminal being constantly energized from R. A thermostat demand for heat completes R-Y circuit, pulling in compressor contactor starting compressor and outdoor motor. R-G also make starting indoor blower motor.

High / Low Pressure control provides protection for the compressor. In the event system pressures go above 450 PSI or below 3.5 PSI in either cooling or heating mode, the compressor will be stopped. This will activate the red light located in the control panel. The lockout circuit will hold compressor off line. When the system problem is corrected, the unit operation can be restored by turning of the main power supply off and then back on, or reset the room thermostat. The low pressure

control has a bypass to eliminate nuisance lockout on cold start up.

The bypass timer should be set to 200 seconds and this is to assure there is no nuisance tripping of the low-pressure control during startup in heating mode under cold weather conditions. See Figure 22.

OPTIONAL CLIMATE CONTROLS SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

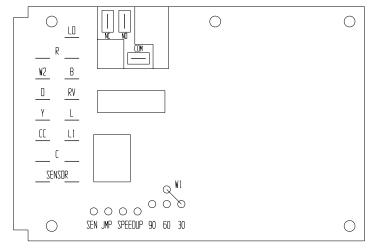
The Climate Control Option A is an electronic, non-programmable manual or auto changeover thermostat. The thermostat may be manually set to heat or cool mode. The thermostat will maintain the temperature set on the thermostat in the mode in which it is set.

The Climate Control Option D is an electronic, programmable thermostat. The thermostat can be set in the heat, cool or automatic mode. When the thermostat is set in the heat mode, it can heat only to maintain the temperature set on the thermostat. When the thermostat is set in the cool mode, it can cool only to maintain the temperature set on the thermostat. When the thermostat is set in the automatic mode, the thermostat can change automatically to the heat or cool modes to maintain the temperature set on the thermostat.

PRESSURE SERVICE PORTS

High and low pressure service ports are installed on all units so that the system operating pressures can be observed. Pressure curves can be found later in the manual covering all models on both cooling and heating cycles. It is imperative to match the correct pressure curve to the unit by model number. Upper and lower service doors must be attached to obtain proper reading.

FIGURE 21 HEAT PUMP CONTROL BOARD (HPC)



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DEFROST CYCLE

The defrost cycle is controlled by temperature and time on the solid state heat pump control.

When the outdoor temperature is in the lower 40°F temperature range or colder, the outdoor coil temperature is 32°F or below. This coil temperature is sensed by the coil sensor mounted near the bottom of the outdoor coil. Once coil temperature reaches 30°F or below, the coil sends a signal to the control logic of the heat pump control and the defrost timer will start.

After 30 minutes at 30°F or below, the heat pump control will place the system in the defrost mode.

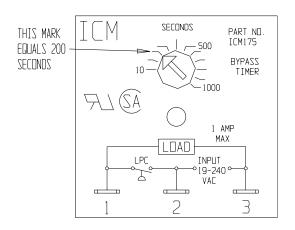
During the defrost mode the refrigerant cycle switches back to the cooling cycle, the outdoor motor stops, electric heaters are energized, and hot gas passing through the outdoor coil melts any accumulated frost. When the temperature rises to approximately 57°F, the coil sensor will send a signal to the heat pump control which will return the system to heating operations automatically.

If some abnormal or temporary condition such as a high wind causes the heat pump to have a prolonged defrost cycle, the heat pump control will restore the system to heating operation automatically after 10 minutes.

There are three settings on the heat pump control – 30, 60 and 90-minute. Models are shipped wired on the 30-minute setting for greatest operating economy. If special circumstances require a change to another time, remove wire connected to terminal 30 and reconnect to desired terminal. Refer to Figure 21. The manufacturer's recommendation is for 30-minute defrost cycles.

There is a cycle speed up jumper on the control. This can be used to reduce the time between defrost cycle operation without waiting for time to elapse.

FIGURE 22 LOW PRESSURE CONTROL BYPASS TIMER



Use a small screwdriver or other metallic object, or another 1/4 inch QC, to short between the *SPEEDUP* terminals to accelerate the HPC timer and initiate defrost. Be careful not to touch any other terminals with the instrument used to short the *SPEEDUP* terminals. It may take up to 10 seconds with the *SPEEDUP* terminals shorted for the speedup to be completed and the defrost cycle to start.

As soon as the defrost cycle kicks in remove the shorting instrument from the SPEEDUP terminal. Otherwise the timing will remain accelerated and run through the 1-minute maximum defrost length sequence in a matter of seconds and will automatically terminate the defrost sequence.

There is an initial defrost jumper (sen jmp) on the control that can be used at any outdoor ambient during the heating cycle to simulate a 0° coil temperature. This can be used to check defrost operation of the unit without waiting for the outdoor ambient to fall into the defrost region.

By placing a jumper across the *SEN JMP* terminals (a 1/4 inch QC terminal works best) the defrost sensor mounted on the outdoor coil is shunted out and will activate the timing circuit. This permits the defrost cycle to be checked out in warmer weather conditions without the outdoor temperature having to fall into the defrost region.

In order to terminate the defrost test the SEN JMP jumper must be removed. If left in place too long the compressor could stop due to the high pressure control opening because of high pressure condition created by operating in the cooling mode with outdoor fan off. Pressure will rise fairly fast as there is likely no actual frost on the outdoor coil in this artificial test condition.

There is also a 5-minute compressor time delay function built into the HPC. This is to protect the compressor from short cycling conditions. In some instances, it is helpful to the service technician to override or speed up this timing period, and shorting out the *SPEEDUP* terminals for a few seconds can do this.

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TROUBLESHOOTING

TABLE 5 TROUBLESHOOTING

Symptom	Possible Causes	What & How to Check / Repair
Compressor will not start (heating or cooling)	Check for 24V from R to C on the heat pump control	If 24V is not present at R, check wiring from board to transformer and check transformer input and output voltage. If transformer has no 24V output, determine cause and replace transformer.
	Check for 24V from Y to C on low voltage terminal strip	If 24V is not present, check thermostat and thermostat wiring, outdoor thermostat (if equipped) phase monitor (if equipped, used on some 3-phase models). If 24V is present continue to next step.
	Check for 24V from C to CC on heat pump control	If 24V is present, check and/or replace compressor contactor. If 24V is not present, jump the speed up terminal for 10 seconds. If compressor does not start check for 24V from C to L1 on the heat pump control.
	Compressor lock out	If 24V is not present at L1 of the heat pump control, check the high pressure switch and low pressure bypass relay (if equipped) and all associated wiring and terminals. The safety circuit is a closed circuit. If the high pressure switch or low pressure bypass relay are open, the control will lock out the compressor. Replace defective component. Cycle power off and on to reset lock out. Jump speed up terminals for 10 seconds to override 5-minute time delay.
	Defective heat pump control	If 24V is present from C to Y, and C to L1 on the heat pump control, the time delay has been overridden or expired and no 24V is present at CC, replace the heat pump control.
Fan outdoor motor does not run	Heat pump control defective	Check across fan relay on heat pump control. (Com-NC) Replace heat pump control.
(cooling or heating except during	Motor defective	Check for open or shorted motor winding. Replace motor.
defrost)	Motor capacitor defective	Check capacitor rating. Check for open or shorted capacitor. Replace capacitor.
Reversing valve does not energize (heating only)	Heat pump control defective	Check for 24V between RV-C and B-C. 1. Check control circuit wiring. 2. Replace heat pump control
	Reversing valve solenoid coil defective	Check for open or shorted coil. Replace solenoid coil.
Unit will not go into defrost (heating only)	Temperature sensor or heat pump control defective	Disconnect temperature sensor from board and jumper across "SPEEDUP" terminals and "SEN JMP" terminals. This should cause the unit to go through a defrost cycle within one minute. 1. If unit goes through defrost cycle, replace temperature sensor. 2. If unit does not go through defrost cycle, replace heat pump control.
Unit will not come out of defrost (heating only)	Temperature sensor or heat pump control defective.	Jumper across "SPEEDUP" terminal. This should cause the unit to come out of defrost within one minute. 1. If unit comes out of defrost cycle, replace temperature sensor. 2. If unit does not come out of defrost cycle, replace heat pump control.

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SOLID STATE HEAT PUMP CONTROL TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURE

- 1. **NOTE:** A thorough understanding of the defrost cycle sequence is essential. Review that section earlier in this manual prior to troubleshooting the control. Turn on AC power supply to unit.
- 2. Turn thermostat blower switch to "fan on" the indoor blower should start. (If it doesn't, troubleshoot indoor unit and correct problem.)
- 3. Turn thermostat blower to "auto" position. Indoor blower should stop. **NOTE:** *Many models have a 1-minute blower time delay on "off" command; wait for this to time-out.*
- 4. Set system switch to "heat" or "cool". Adjust thermostat to call for heat or cool. The indoor blower, compressor and outdoor fan should start.

NOTE: If there was no power to 24 volt transformer, the compressor and outdoor fan motor will not start for 5 minutes. This is because of the compressor short cycle protection.

CHECKING TEMPERATURE SENSOR

- 1. Disconnect temperature sensor from board and from outdoor coil.
- 2. Use an ohmmeter and measure the resistance of the sensor. Also use ohmmeter to check for short or open.
- 3. Check resistance reading to chart of resistance use sensor ambient temperature. (Tolerance of part is ± 10%.)
- 4. If sensor resistance reads very low, then sensor is shorted and will not allow proper operation of the heat pump control.
- 5. If sensor is out of tolerance, shorted, open, or reads very low ohms then it should be replaced.

TABLE 6
TEMPERATURE (F) VS RESISTANCE (R) OF TEMPERATURE SENSOR

F	R	F	R	F	R	F	R
-25.0	196871	13.0	56985	53.0	19374	89.0	7507
-24.0	190099	14.0	55284	52.0	18867	90.0	7334
-23.0	183585	15.0	53640	53.0	18375	91.0	7165
-22.0	177318	16.0	52051	54.0	17989	92.0	7000
-21.0	171289	17.0	50514	55.0	17434	93.0	6840
-20.0	165487	18.0	49028	56.0	16984	94.0	6683
-19.0	159904	19.0	47590	57.0	16547	95.0	6531
-18.0	154529	20.0	46200	58.0	16122	96.0	6383
-17.0	149355	21.0	44855	59.0	15710	97.0	6239
-16.0	144374	22.0	43554	60.0	15310	98.0	6098
-15.0	139576	23.0	42295	61.0	14921	99.0	5961
-14.0	134956	24.0	41077	62.0	14544	100.0	5827
-13.0	130506	25.0	39898	63.0	14177	101.0	5697
-12.0	126219	26.0	38757	64.0	13820	102.0	5570
-11.0	122089	27.0	37652	65.0	13474	103.0	5446
-10.0	118108	28.0	36583	66.0	13137	104.0	5326
-9.0	114272	29.0	35548	67.0	12810	105.0	5208
-8.0	110575	30.0	34545	68.0	12492	106.0	5094
-7.0	107010	31.0	33574	69.0	12183	107.0	4982
-6.0	103574	32.0	32634	70.0	11883	108.0	4873
-5.0	100260	33.0	31723	71.0	11591	109.0	4767
-4.0	97064	34.0	30840	72.0	11307	110.0	4663
-3.0	93981	35.0	29986	73.0	11031	111.0	4562
-2.0	91008	36.0	29157	74.0	10762	112.0	4464
-1.0	88139	37.0	28355	75.0	10501	113.0	4367
0.0	85371	38.0	27577	76.0	10247	114.0	4274
1.0	82699	39.0	26823	77.0	10000	115.0	4182
2.0	80121	40.0	26092	78.0	9760	116.0	4093
3.0	77632	41.0	25383	79.0	9526	117.0	4006
4.0	75230	42.0	24696	80.0	9299	118.0	3921
5.0	72910	43.0	24030	81.0	9077	119.0	3838
6.0	70670	44.0	23384	82.0	8862	120.0	3757
7.0	68507	45.0	22758	83.0	8653	121.0	3678
8.0	66418	46.0	22150	84.0	8449	122.0	3601
9.0	64399	47.0	21561	85.0	8250	123.0	3526
10.0	62449	48.0	20989	86.0	8057	124.0	3452
11.0	60565	49.0	20435	87.0	7869		
12.0	58745	50.0	19896	88.0	7686		

TROUBLESHOOTING GE ECM™ MOTORS

CAUTION:

Disconnect power from unit before removing or replacing connectors, or servicing motor. To avoid electric shock from the motor's capacitors, disconnect power and wait at least 5 minutes before opening motor.

Symptom

Motor rocks slightly when starting

Cause/Procedure

- · This is normal start-up for ECM
- Motor won't start
- No movement
- · Check blower turns by hand
- · Check power at motor
- Check low voltage (24 Vac R to C) at motor
- · Check low voltage connections (G, Y, W, R, C) at motor
- Check for unseated pins in connectors on motor harness
- Test with a temporary jumper between R G
- · Check motor for tight shaft
- Perform motor/control replacement check
- Perform Moisture Check
- Motor rocks. but won't start
- · Check for loose or compliant motor mount
- · Make sure blower wheel is tight on shaft
- Perform motor/control replacement check
- Motor oscillates up & down while being tested off of blower
- · It is normal for motor to oscillate with no load on shaft

Motor starts, but runs erratically

- · Varies up and down or intermittent
- · Check line voltage for variation or "sag"
- · Check low voltage connections (G, Y, W, R, C) at motor, unseated pins in motor harness connectors
- · Check "Bk" for erratic CFM command (in variable-speed applications)
- · Check out system controls, Thermostat
- Perform Moisture Check
- · "Hunts" or "puffs" at high CFM (speed)
- · Does removing panel or filter reduce "puffing"?
- Reduce restriction
- Reduce max airflow
- · Stays at low CFM despite system call for cool or heat CFM
- · Check low voltage (Thermostat) wires and connections
- · Verify fan is not in delay mode; wait until delay complete
- · "R" missing/not connected at motor
- · Perform motor/control replacement check
- · Stays at high CFM
- · "R" missing/not connected at motor
- Is fan in delay mode? wait until delay time complete
- · Perform motor/control replacement check
- · Blower won't shut off
- Current leakage from controls into G, Y or W? Check for Triac switched thermostat or solidstate relay

Excessive noise

- · Air noise
- · Determine if it's air noise, cabinet, duct or motor noise; interview customer, if necessary
- · High static creating high blower speed?
- Is airflow set properly?
- Does removing filter cause blower to slow down? Check filter
- Use low-pressure drop filter
- Check/correct duct restrictions

Symptom

Noisy blower or cabinet

Cause/Procedure

- · Check for loose blower housing, panels, etc.
- High static creating high blower speed?
- Check for air whistling through seams in ducts, cabinets or panels
- Check for cabinet/duct deformation
- "Hunts" or "puffs" at high CFM (speed)
- Does removing panel or filter reduce "puffing"?
- Reduce restriction

Don't

positions

H20 drop!

Use restricted returns

- Reduce max. airflow

Evidence of Moisture

- · Motor failure or malfunction has occurred and moisture is presen
- · Evidence of moisture present inside air mover
- · Replace motor and Perform Moisture Check

• Automatically assume the motor is bad.

· Replace one motor or control model # with

another (unless an authorized replacement) • Use high pressure drop filters some have 1/2"

· Perform Moisture Check

<u>Do</u>

- Check out motor, controls, wiring and connections thoroughly before replacing motor
- Orient connectors down so
 Locate connectors above 7 and 4 o'clock water can't get in
- Install "drip loops"
- · Use authorized motor and model #'s for replacement
- · Keep static pressure to a minimum:
- Recommend high efficiency, low static filters
- Recommend keeping filters
- Design ductwork for min. static, max. comfort
- Look for and recommend ductwork improvement, where necessary
- · Oversize system, then compensate with low
- · Check orientation before inserting motor connectors

· Size the equipment wisely

- · Plug in power connector backwards
- Force plugs

Moisture Check

- · Connectors are oriented "down" (or as recommended by equipment manufacturer)
- · Arrange harness with "drip loop" under motor
- · Is condensate drain plugged?
- Check for low airflow (too much latent capacity)
- · Check for undercharged condition
- · Check and plug leaks in return ducts, cabinet

Comfort Check

- · Check proper airflow settings
- · Low static pressure for lowest noise
- · Set low continuous-fan CFM
- Use humidistat and 2-speed cooling units
- Use zoning controls designed for ECM that regulate CFM
- · Thermostat in bad location?

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TROUBLESHOOTING GE ECM™ MOTORS CONT'D.

Replacing ECM Control Module

To replace the control module for the GE variable-speed indoor blower motor you need to take the following steps:

1. You MUST have the correct replacement module. The controls are factory programmed for specific operating modes. Even though they look alike, different modules may have completely different functionality.

USING THE WRONG CONTROL MODULE VOIDS ALL PRODUCT WARRANTIES AND MAY PRODUCE UNEXPECTED RESULTS.

- 2. Begin by removing AC power from the furnace or air handler being serviced. **DO NOT WORK ON THE MOTOR WITH AC POWER APPLIED.** To avoid electric shock from the motor's capacitors, disconnect power and wait at least 5 minutes before opening motor.
- 3. It is usually not necessary to remove the motor from the blower assembly. However, it is recommended that the whole blower assembly, with the motor, be removed from the furnace/air handler. (Follow the manufacturer's procedures). Unplug the two cable connectors to the motor. There are latches on each connector. **DO NOT PULL ON THE WIRES.** The plugs remove easily when properly released.
- 4. Locate the two standard ¼" hex head bolts at the rear of the control housing (at the back end of the control opposite the shaft end). *Refer to Figure 23*. Remove these two bolts from the motor and control assembly while holding the motor in a way that will prevent the motor or control from falling when the bolts are removed. If an ECM2.0 control is being replaced (recognized by an aluminum casting rather that a deep-drawn black steel can housing the electronics), remove only the hex-head bolts. **DO NOT REMOVE THE TORX-HEAD SCREWS.**
- 5. The control module is now free of mechanical attachment to the motor endshield but is still connected by a plug and three wires inside the control. Carefully rotate the control to gain access to the plug at the control end of the wires. With thumb and forefinger, reach the latch holding the plug to the control and release it by squeezing the latch tab and the opposite side of the connector plug and gently pulling the plug out of the connector socket in the control. **DO NOT PULL ON THE WIRES. GRIP THE PLUG ONLY.**
- 6. The control module is now completely detached from the motor. Verify with a standard ohmmeter that the resistance from each motor lead (in the motor plug just removed) to the motor shell is >100K ohms. *Refer to Figure 24.* (Measure to unpainted motor end plate.) If any motor lead fails this test, do not proceed to install the control module. THE MOTOR IS DEFECTIVE AND MUST BE REPLACED. Installing the new control module will cause it to fail also
- 7. Verify that the replacement control is correct for your application. Refer to the manufacturer's authorized replacement list. USING THE WRONG CONTROL WILL RESULT IN IMPROPER OR NO BLOWER OPERATION. Orient the control module so that the 3-wire motor plug can be inserted into the socket in the control. Carefully insert the plug and press it into the socket until it latches. A SLIGHT CLICK WILL BE HEARD WHEN PROPERLY INSERTED. Finish installing the replacement control per one of the three following paragraphs, 8a, 8b or 8c.
- 8a. IF REPLACING AN ECM 2.0 CONTROL (control in cast aluminum can with air vents on the back of the can) WITH AN ECM 2.3 CONTROL (control containing black potting for water protection in black deep-drawn steel case with no vents in the bottom of the can), locate the two through-bolts and plastic tab that are packed with the replacement control. Insert the plastic tab into the slot at the perimeter of the open end of the can so that the pin is located on the inside of the perimeter of the can. Rotate the can so that the tab inserts into the tab locater hole in the endshield of the motor. Using the two throughbolts provided with the replacement control, reattach the can to the motor.

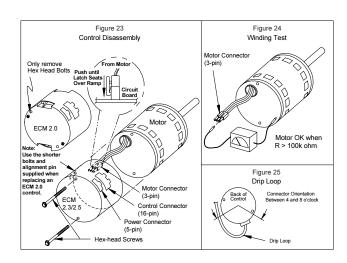
THE TWO THROUGH-BOLTS PROVIDED WITH THE REPLACEMENT ECM 2.3 CONTROL ARE SHORTER THAN THE BOLTS ORIGINALLY REMOVED FROM THE ECM 2.0 CONTROL AND MUST BE USED IF SECURE ATTACHMENT OF THE CONTROL TO THE MOTOR IS TO BE ACHIEVED. DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN THE BOLTS.

8b. IF REPLACING AN ECM 2.3 CONTROL WITH AN ECM 2.3 CONTROL, the plastic tab and shorter through-bolts are not needed. The control can be oriented in two positions 180° apart. MAKE SURE THE ORIENTATION YOU SELECT FOR REPLACING THE CONTROL ASSURES THE CONTROL'S CABLE CONNECTORS WILL BE LOCATED DOWNWARD IN THE APPLICATION SO THAT WATER CANNOT RUN DOWN THE CABLES AND INTO THE CONTROL. Simply orient the new control to the motor's endshield, insert bolts, and tighten. DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN THE BOLTS.

8c. IF REPLACING AN ECM 2.0 CONTROL WITH AN ECM 2.0 CONTROL (It is recommended that ECM 2.3 controls be used for all replacements), the new control must be attached to the motor using through bolts identical to those removed with the original control. DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN THE BOLTS.

- 9. Reinstall the blower/motor assembly into the HVAC equipment. Follow the manufacturer's suggested procedures.
- 10. Plug the 16-pin control plug into the motor. The plug is keyed. Make sure the connector is properly seated and latched.
- 11. Plug the 5-pin power connector into the motor. Even though the plug is keyed, **OBSERVE THE PROPER ORIENTATION. DO NOT FORCE THE CONNECTOR.** It plugs in very easily when properly oriented. **REVERSING THIS PLUG WILL CAUSE IMMEDIATE FAILURE OF THE CONTROL MODULE.**
 - 12. Final installation check. Make sure the motor is installed as follows: a. Unit is as far INTO the blower housing as possible.
 - b.Belly bands are not on the control module or covering vent holes.
 - c. Motor connectors should be oriented between the 4 o'clock and 8 o'clock positions when the blower is positioned in its final location and orientation.
 - d.Add a drip loop to the cables so that water cannot enter the motor by draining down the cables. *Refer to Figure 25*.

The installation is now complete. Reapply the AC power to the HVAC equipment and verify that the new motor control module is working properly. Follow the manufacturer's procedures for disposition of the old control module.



FAN BLADE SETTING DIMENSIONS

Any service work requiring removal or adjustment in the fan and/or motor area will require that the dimensions in Table 7 be checked and blade adjusted in or out of the motor shaft accordingly.

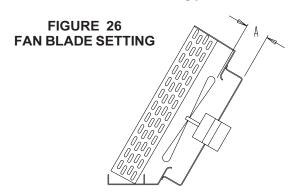


TABLE 7
FAN BLADE DIMENSIONS

MODEL	DIMENSION A (INCHES)
QH243	.750
QH302	.750
QH362	.750
QH422	.750
QH482	.750
QH602	.750

REFRIGERANT CHARGE

The correct system R-22 charge is shown on the unit rating plate. Optimum unit cooling performance will occur with a refrigerant charge resulting in a Super Heat as shown in Table 8. If correct charge is in doubt, recover the refrigerant and recharge per the charge on the unit rating plate.

TABLE 8
SUPER HEAT AT COMPRESSOR

Model	Rated CFM	95° OD Temperature	82° OD Temperature
QH243	800	16 - 18	14 - 16
QH302	1000	16 - 18	15 - 17
QH362	1200	16 - 18	14 - 16
QH422	1200	19 - 21	16 - 18
QH482	1400	23 - 25	22 - 24
QH602	1550	7 - 9	13 - 15

TABLE 9 INDOOR BLOWER PERFORMANCE

		①	2	3	4	
Model	Rated ESP	Max. ESP	Rated CFM	Optional CFM	Continuous CFM	CFM @ Max. ESP
QH243 ⑤	.10	0.5	800		800	700
QH302	.15	0.8	1000		1000	910
QH362	.15	0.8	1200	1000	1000	1175
QH422	.15	0.8	1200	1000	1000	1175
QH482	.15	0.8	1400	1100	1100	1175
QH602	.20	0.5	1550	1250	1250	1400

NOTE: These units are equipped with a variable speed (ECM) indoor motor that automatically adjust itself to maintain approximately the same rate of indoor airflow in both heating and cooling, dry and wet coil conditions and at both 230/208 or 460 volts.

- ① Maximum ESP (inches WC) shown is with 1" thick disposable filter (reduced by .2 for 2" filter).
- ② <u>Rated CFM</u> for ducted applications required for maximum performance rating. To obtain full CFM on models QH362, QH422, QH482 and QH602 connect the pink jumper wire (provided) to terminal #G2 and #Y on the low voltage terminal block located in the circuit breaker box.
- ③ Optional CFM the unit is shipped from the factory set to operate at the optional CFM level shown. This provides lower operating sound levels for non-ducted, free discharge applications. This reduces system capacity performance by approximately 2% at the same energy efficiency.
- ① Continuous fan CFM is the total air being circulated during continuous fan mode.
- S Model QH243 when operating on 2nd stage heating the indoor air will increase to 1000 CFM.

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TABLE 10 COOLING PRESSURE (ALL TEMPERATURES IN DEGREES F)

	RETURN AIR		① AIR TEMPERATURE ENTERING OUTDOOR COIL										
MODEL	TEMP.	PRESSURE	75	80	85	90	95	100	105	110	115		
QH243	75 DB 62 WB	Low Side High Side	73 195	73 199	74 214	76 229	77 244	79 259	80 274	81 289	83 304		
	80 DB 67 WB	Low Side High Side	78 203	78 204	79 219	80 234	82 250	84 264	85 280	87 296	88 312		
	85 DB 72 WB	Low Side High Side	84 121	84 213	85 228	86 244	88 259	89 274	91 290	93 305	94 320		
QH302	75 DB 62 WB	Low Side High Side	75 226	75 202	76 242	77 258	78 273	79 319	80 303	81 319	82 335		
	80 DB 67 WB	Low Side High Side	80 228	80 233	81 248	82 264	83 280	84 296	85 311	86 327	87 343		
	85 DB 72 WB	Low Side High Side	86 238	86 240	87 257	88 273	89 290	90 306	91 323	92 339	93 356		
QH362	75 DB 62 WB	Low Side High Side	74 212	74 215	75 233	76 251	77 269	78 287	79 305	80 323	81 341		
	80 DB 67 WB	Low Side High Side	79 219	79 220	80 239	81 257	82 276	83 294	84 312	85 331	86 350		
	85 DB 72 WB	Low Side High Side	85 223	85 228	86 247	87 267	88 286	89 305	90 324	91 343	92 363		
QH422	75 DB 62 WB	Low Side High Side	71 246	71 248	72 264	73 281	74 299	75 318	76 339	77 362	79 385		
	80 DB 67 WB	Low Side High Side	75 251	76 243	77 270	78 288	79 307	80 327	81 349	82 371	83 395		
	85 DB 72 WB	Low Side High Side	82 261	82 262	83 279	84 298	85 318	86 330	87 361	88 384	90 409		
QH482	75 DB 62 WB	Low Side High Side	69 221	71 237	72 252	72 270	73 287	74 305	75 323	75 343	76 363		
	80 DB 67 WB	Low Side High Side	75 228	76 244	76 260	77 276	78 294	79 312	80 331	80 351	81 372		
	85 DB 72 WB	Low Side High Side	81 237	82 252	82 269	83 285	84 304	85 323	86 342	86 363	87 385		
QH602	75 DB 62 WB	Low Side High Side	69 244	70 260	71 277	72 294	73 313	74 332	75 352	76 372	77 393		
	80 DB 67 WB	Low Side High Side	74 250	75 267	76 284	77 302	78 321	79 341	80 361	81 382	82 403		
	85 DB 72 WB	Low Side High Side	77 259	78 276	79 294	80 313	81 332	82 353	83 374	84 395	85 417		

Low side pressure ± 2 psig High side pressure ± 5 psig

Tables are based upon rated CFM (airflow) across the evaporator coil. If there is any doubt as to correct operating charge being in the system, the charge should be removed, system evacuated and recharged to serial plate instructions.

① 75°F outdoor temperature condenser fan motor is running on low speed.

TABLE 11 HEATING PRESSURE (ALL TEMPERATURES IN DEGREES F)

	RETURN AIR		AIR TEMPERATURE ENTERING OUTDOOR COIL												
MODEL	TEMP.	PRESSURE	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
QH243	70	Low Side High Side	7 147	12 155	17 164	23 172	28 181	33 189	39 198	44 206	50 215	55 224	60 232	65 240	71 249
QH302	70	Low Side High Side	16 157	20 163	24 169	28 175	33 180	37 187	41 193	45 199	49 205	54 211	58 217	62 222	67 228
QH362	70	Low Side High Side	13 147	17 153	21 159	25 164	30 171	34 176	38 182	42 188	46 194	51 200	55 206	59 211	63 217
QH422	70	Low Side High Side	13 161	18 168	22 174	26 180	31 187	35 193	39 199	44 206	48 212	53 218	57 225	61 231	65 237
QH482	70	Low Side High Side	11 154	15 160	20 167	24 173	29 180	33 186	38 192	42 199	47 206	52 213	56 219	60 225	65 232
QH602	70	Low Side High Side	21 162	21 166	22 170	23 175	25 181	28 187	31 193	36 200	41 208	46 216	53 225	60 234	68 244

Refer to notes following Table 10

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