



**802.11g, 54Mbps  
MIMO Wireless Broadband  
Router**

**User's Manual**

**Model # AWR-MIMO-54RA**

## **FCC Warning**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communication. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help. the receiver is connected.

**FCC Caution:** Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

## **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of about eight inches (20cm) between the radiator and your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operated in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

## **Notice**

Changes or modifications to the equipment, which are not approved by the party responsible for compliance could affect the user's authority to operate the equipment. Company has an on-going policy of upgrading its products and it may be possible that information in this document is not up-to-date. Please check with your local distributors for the latest information.

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## Revision History

Revision	History
V1.0	First release

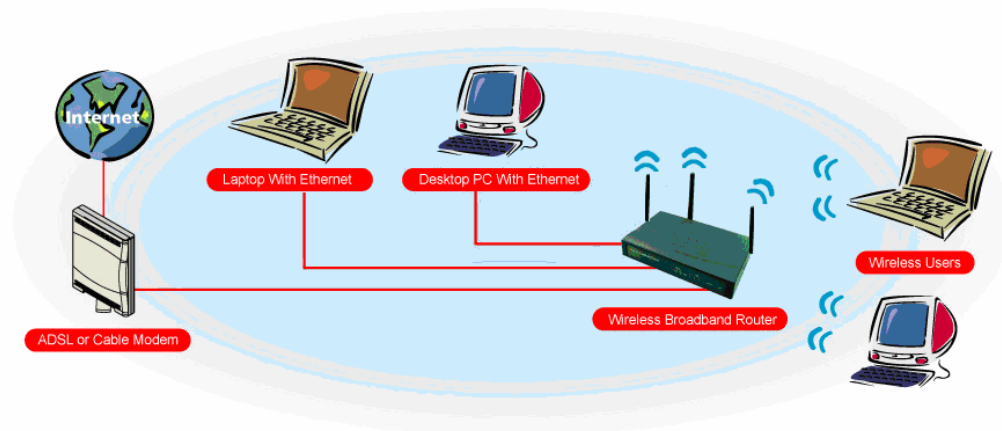
## TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>1. Introduction .....</b>	<b>5</b>
1.1 Features.....	5
1.2 Package Contents .....	7
1.3 System Requirements .....	7
1.4 LEDs Indication & Connectors of Wireless Router .....	8
1.5 Installation Instruction.....	9
<b>2. PC Configuration.....</b>	<b>10</b>
2.1 TCP/IP Networking Setup .....	10
2.2 Setting up Internet Access.....	17
2.3 Configure Wireless Stations .....	19
<b>3. Setup Wireless Router Configurations via Web Browser .....</b>	<b>19</b>
3.1 Start your Web Browser .....	19
3.2 System.....	20
3.3 WAN .....	28
3.4 LAN .....	30
3.5 NAT .....	32
3.6 Firewall .....	37
3.7 Routing.....	41
3.8 UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) .....	43
3.9 DDNS .....	44
3.10 Wireless.....	45
3.11 Wizard.....	52
3.12 Help.....	55
3.13 Logout .....	56
<b>4. Troubleshooting.....</b>	<b>57</b>

# 1. Introduction

This Four ports MIMO Wireless Broadband Router is a full-featured wireless broadband router that establishes wireless connection from AP then provides direct connection to local area network or individual PC with build-in 4-port switch. This gateway uses advanced broadband router chipset and wireless LAN chipset solution let you enjoy high-speed Wired and Wireless connection. Simply connect this gateway to a cable or DSL modem and then you can share your high-speed Internet access with multiple PCs at your home. This gateway also creates a secure Wired and Wireless network for you to share photos, files, video and so on.

This gateway provides maximum transfer rate up to 90 Mbps from WAN to LAN, 100 Mbps from LAN to LAN and 11/54 Mbps through wireless channel. Built-in DHCP server automatically to assign IP addresses to all workstations on your LAN. It supports the advanced wireless security WPA and WPA2 standards to guarantee the best security for users. It also has firewall and NAT function to help prevent potential attacks from the Internet.



## 1.1 Features

### Internet Access Features

- Shared Internet Access: All users on the LAN or WLAN can access the Internet through the Wireless Router, using only a single external IP address. The local (invalid) IP addresses are hidden from external sources. This process is called NAT (Network Address Translation).
- DSL and cable modem Support: The Wireless Router has a 10/100BaseT Ethernet WAN port for connecting a DSL or cable modem. All popular DSL and cable modems are supported.

- PPPoE and PPTP Support: The Internet (WAN port) connection supports PPPoE (PPP over Ethernet) and PPTP (Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol), as well as "Direct Connection" type services.
- Fixed or Dynamic IP Address: On the Internet (WAN port) connection, the Wireless Router supports both Dynamic IP address (IP address is allocated on connection) and Fixed IP address.

#### **Advanced Internet Functions**

- Conferencing & Telephony Applications: Internet Telephony and Conferencing applications are supported.
- DMZ: One PC on your local LAN can be configured to allow unrestricted 2-way communication with Servers or individual users on the Internet.
- URL Filter: Use the URL Filter to block access to undesirable Web sites by LAN users, or Wireless LAN users.
- Internet Access Log: This feature is used to verify which Internet connections have been made.

#### **Wireless Features**

- Compatible with IEEE 802.11g standard and maximum data transfer rate up to 54Mbps
- Increase Speed and Coverage by MIMO XR™ and Packet-OVERDRIVE™ Technology
- Dynamic data rate scaling at 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9 and 6Mbps for 802.11g
- Dynamic data rate scaling at 11, 5.5, 2 and 1Mbps for 802.11b
- Maximum reliability, throughput and connectivity with automatic data rate switching
- Supports Quality of Service (QoS), 802.11e, WMM
- Range extension by using external antenna
- Simple user setup and diagnostics utilities
- Access Control: This feature ensures that only access Wireless Stations that can access your LAN.

#### **LAN Features**

- 4-Port Ethernet switch: The Wireless Router provides 4 10/100BaseT switching ports
- DHCP Server Support: This feature provides a dynamic IP address to PCs and other devices upon request. The Wireless Router can act as a DHCP Server for devices on your local LAN and WLAN.
- Multi Segment LAN Support: This feature is enabled through Wireless Router's RIP (Routing Information Protocol) and build-in static routing table.

### **Configuration and Management**

- Easy Setup: Users allow to configure Wireless Router from anywhere on the LAN or WLAN via WEB browser.
- Remote Management: The Wireless Router can be managed from any PC on the LAN.
- UPnP Support: Universal Plug and Play feature. UPnP is supported by Windows ME or later.

### **Security Features**

- Password Protected Configuration: Optional password protection is provided to prevent unauthorized users from modifying the configuration data and settings.
- Wireless LAN Security: Supports 64/128bit WEP Encryption, WPA-TKIP/PSK, WP2-AES/PSK, 802.11i, RADIUS Server.
- NAT Protection: This feature allows all LAN users to share a single IP address and all users' IPs is hidden. From the external viewpoint, there is no network only Wireless Router exists.
- Firewall: All incoming data packets are monitored and all incoming server requests are filtered.

## **1.2 Package Contents**

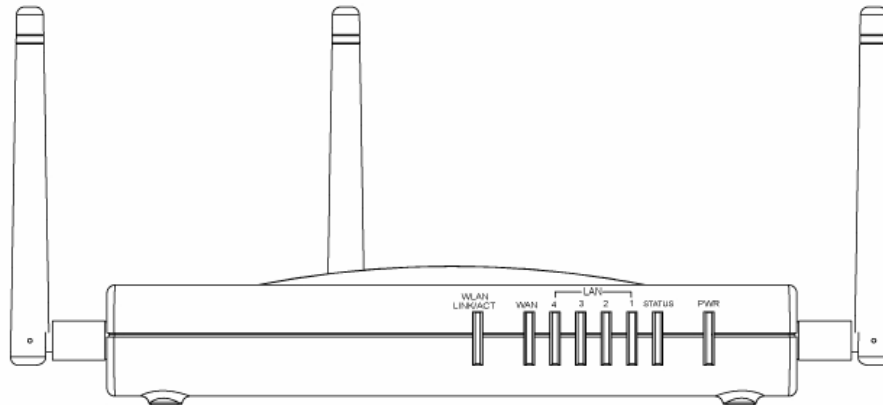
- One Wireless Broadband Router
- One Power Adapter
- One CD including user's manual
- One RJ-45 Ethernet Cable

## **1.3 System Requirements**

- One or more PCs (desktop or notebook) with Ethernet interface.
- TCP/IP protocol must be installed on all PCs.
- Have valid Internet Access account and a DSL or cable modem.
- 10/100BaseT network cables with RJ-45 connectors.
- In case to use Wireless Access Point, all Wireless devices must be compliant with IEEE 802.11b/g.
- System with MS Internet Explorer ver. 5.0 or later, or Netscape Navigator ver. 4.7 or later.

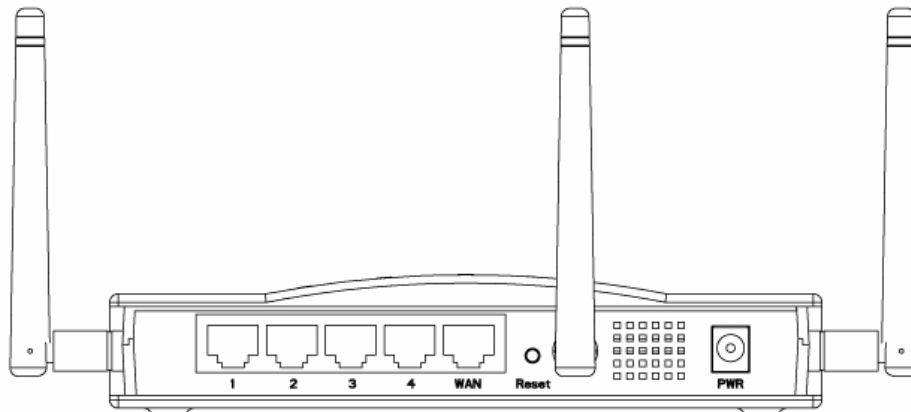
## 1.4 LEDs Indication & Connectors of Wireless Router

### Front Panel LEDs Indication



LED	Light Status	Description
PWR	On	Wireless Router is powered on.
	Off	No power.
Status	On	Wireless Router is hung.
	Flashing	Wireless Router is up and ready.
LAN (1, 2, 3, 4)	On	LAN port is successfully connected.
	Flashing	Data is being sent or received.
WAN	On	WAN port is successfully connected
	Flashing	Data is being sent or received.
WLAN LINK/ACT	Flashing	Data is being sent or received.
	On	WLAN is successfully connected.

### Back Panel Connectors





Button/port	Description
Reset	Reset configurations to default. Press the button and hold for 10 seconds.
LAN (1x, 2x, 3x, 4x)	Connect LAN systems with RJ-45 cable.
WAN	Connect DSL or Cable modem.
PWR	Connect with Power Adapter.

### 1.5 Installation Instruction

- 1) Power off Wireless Router and DSL/cable modem.
- 2) Connect systems to the LAN ports on the Wireless Router with straight LAN cables.
- 3) Connect the DSL or cable modem to the WAN port on the Wireless Router.
- 4) Power on DSL or cable modem first, then connect power adapter to the power jack on the rear panel of Wireless Router and plug the power cable into an outlet.
- 5) Check LEDs.
  - a) Once power on Wireless Router, Power LED should be on.
  - b) LAN LED should be on for each active LAN connection.
  - c) The WAN LED should be on when the DSL or cable modem is connected.

**Warning:** Only use the power adapter is provided from this package, use other power adapter may cause hardware damage

## 2. PC Configuration

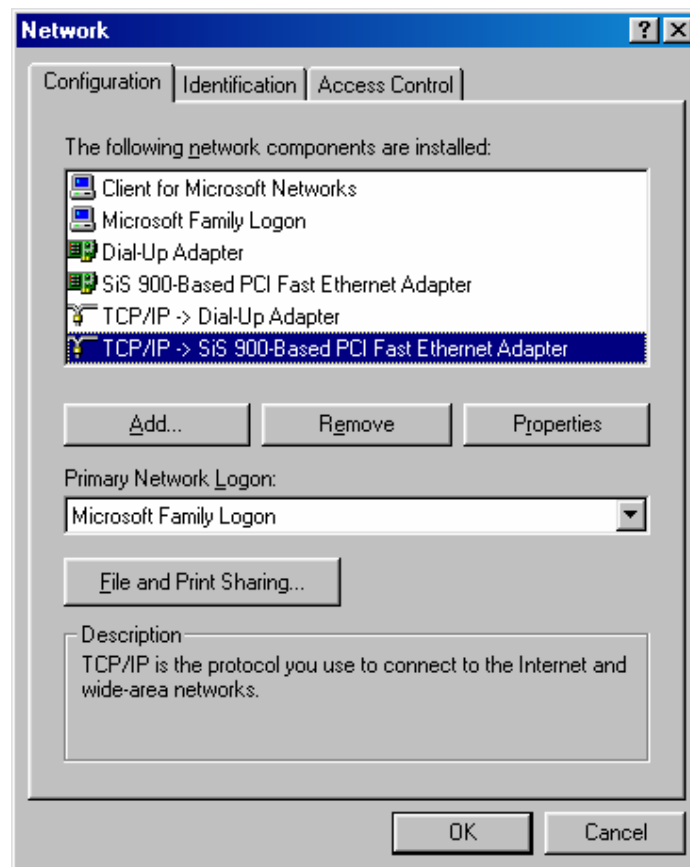
User needs to configure TCP/IP network settings, Internet access configuration and Wireless configuration for each system within Wireless Router's LAN network.

By default, Wireless Router acts as a DHCP server for server version of Windows, it automatically assigns IP address to each system when systems boot up. For all non-server version of Windows, the default TCP/IP setting acts as a DHCP client. If user chooses fixed IP addresses for client systems, the **Gateway** of the client system must be set to the IP address of the Wireless Router and **DNS** of the client system should be set to the address provided by your ISP.

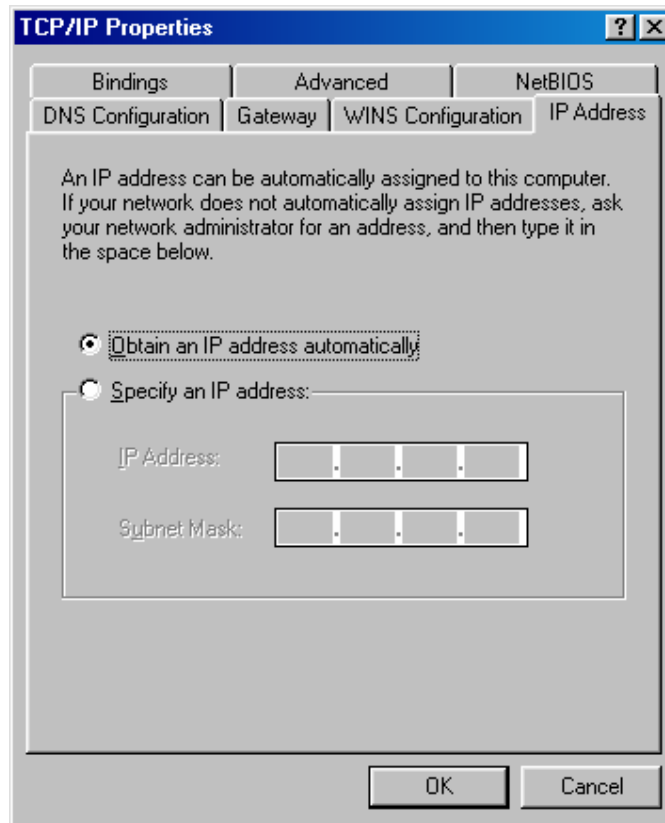
### 2.1 TCP/IP Networking Setup

#### *Checking TCP/IP Settings for Windows 9x/Me*

a) Select "Start → Control Panel → Network", the window below will appear,

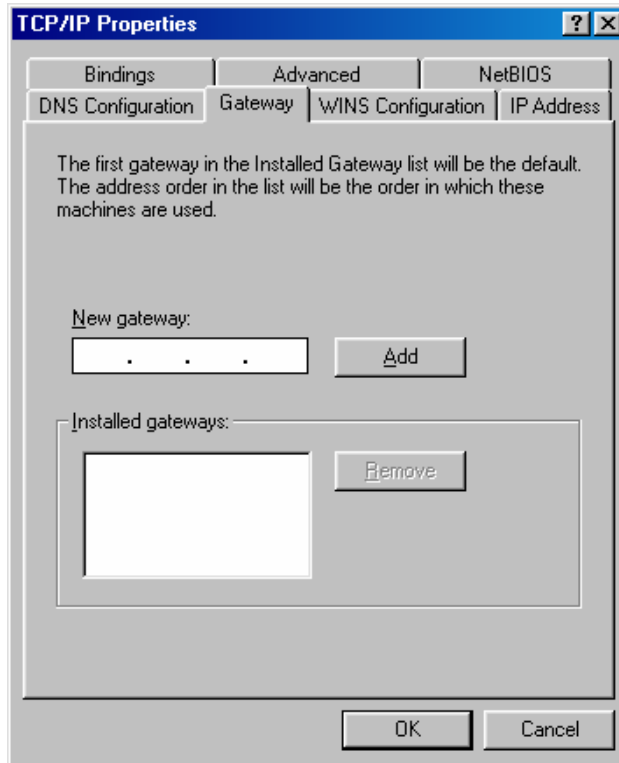


b) Click **“Properties”**, the window below will appear and then click **“IP Address”** tab,

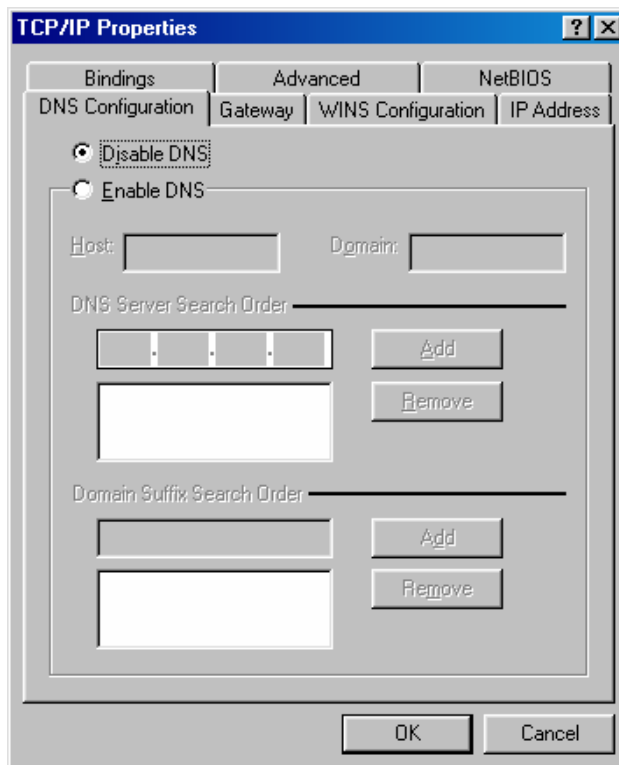


- If you decide to use DHCP, select **“Obtain an IP address automatically”**, then click **“OK”** to confirm your settings. Once you restart your system, Wireless Router will obtain an IP address for this system.
- If you decide to use fixed IP address for your system, select **“Specify an IP address”**, and make sure that **IP Address** and **Subnet Mask** are correct.

c) Select **“Gateway”** tab and enter correct gateway address in **“New gateway”** field, then click **“Add”**,

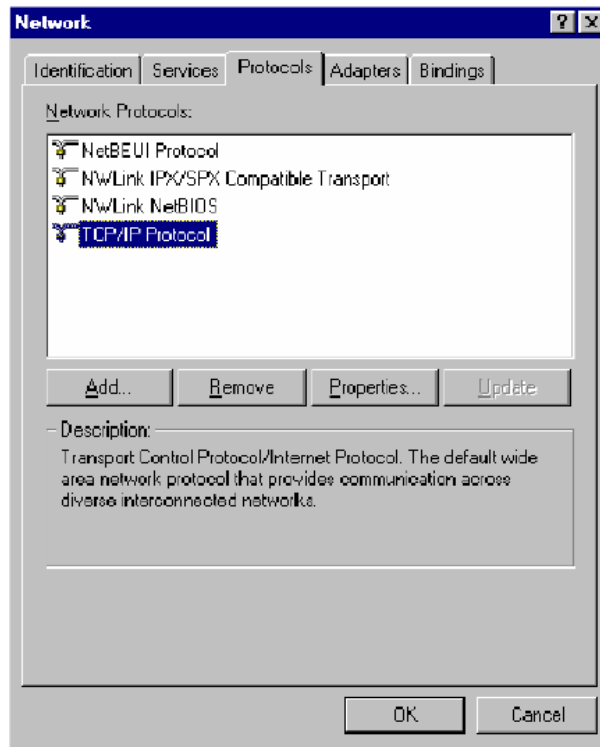


- d) Select “DNS Configuration” tab and make sure select “Enable DNS”, enter the DNS address provides from your ISP in the “DNS Server Search Order” field, then click “Add”,

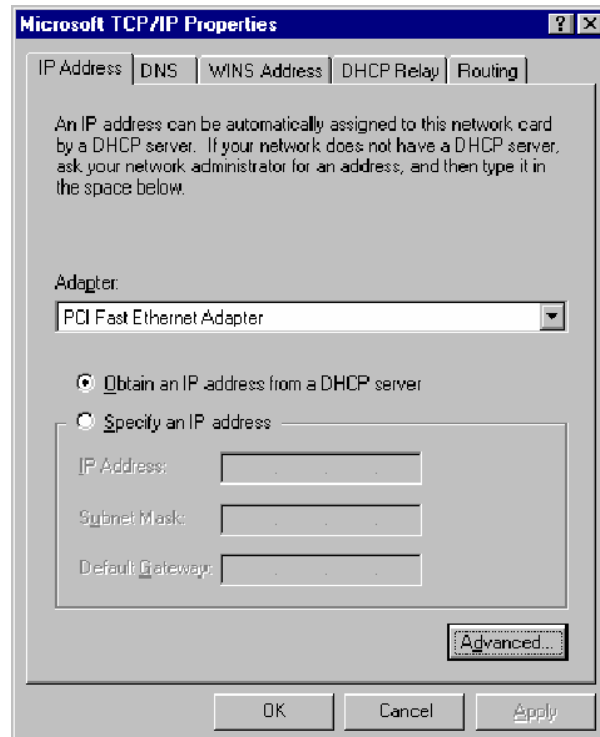


### Checking TC/IP Setting for Windows NT4.0

- a) Select “Control Panel → Network”, click “Protocols” tab then select “TCP/IP protocol”, window shown as below will appear,

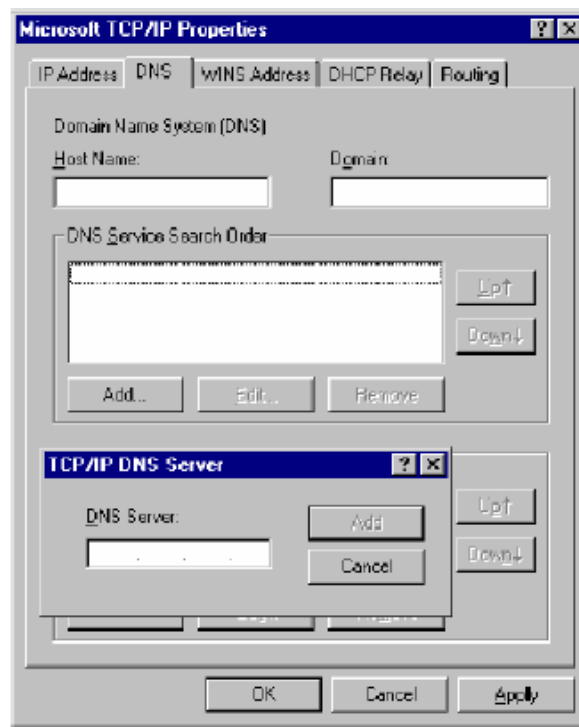


- b) Click “Properties”, window shown as below will appear.



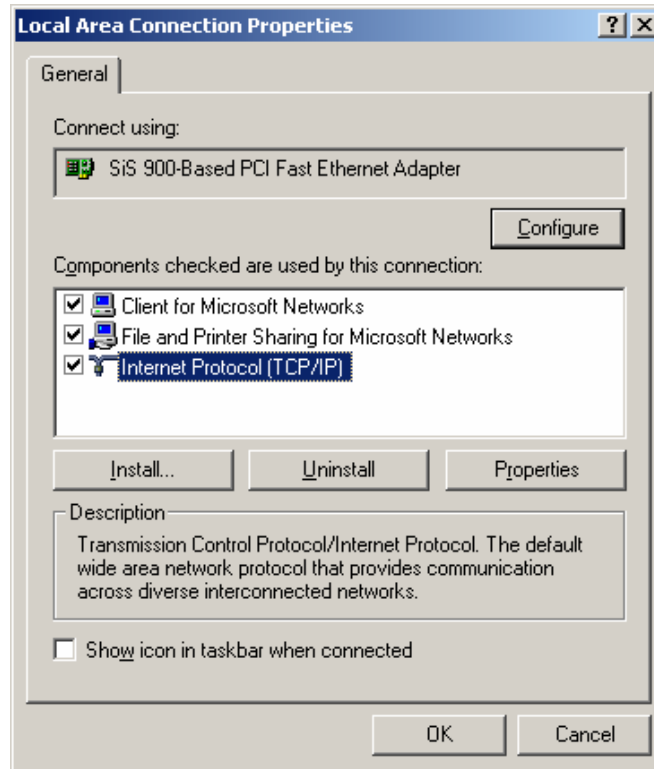
- Select the network card on your system from “**Adapter**” field.
- If you decide to use IP address from Wireless Router, select “**Obtain an IP address from a DHCP server**”.
- If you decide to use the IP address you are desired, select “**Specify an IP address**”. Make sure enter correct addresses in “**IP Address**” and “**Subnet Mask**” fields.
- You must set Wireless Router’s IP address as “**Default Gateway**”.

c) To enter DNS address is provided from your ISP. Select “**DNS**” tab, click “**Add**” under “**DNS Service Search Order**” list, then enter DNS Server IP address in “**TCP/IP DNS Server**” window and click “**Add**”.

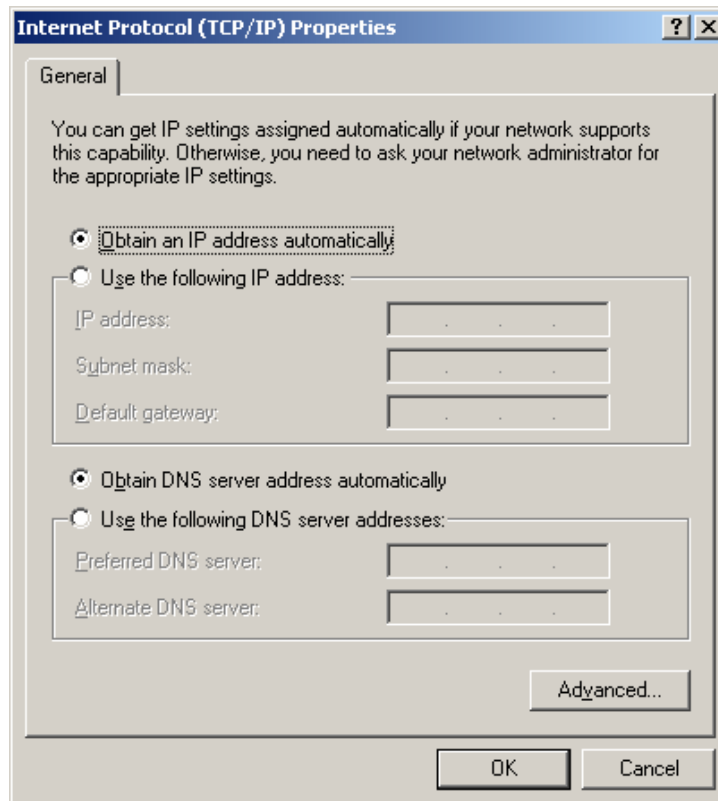


#### **Checking TCP/IP Settings for Windows 2000**

a) Select “**Start → Control Panel → Network and Dial-up Connection**” and right click “**Local Area Connection**” then click “**Properties**”,



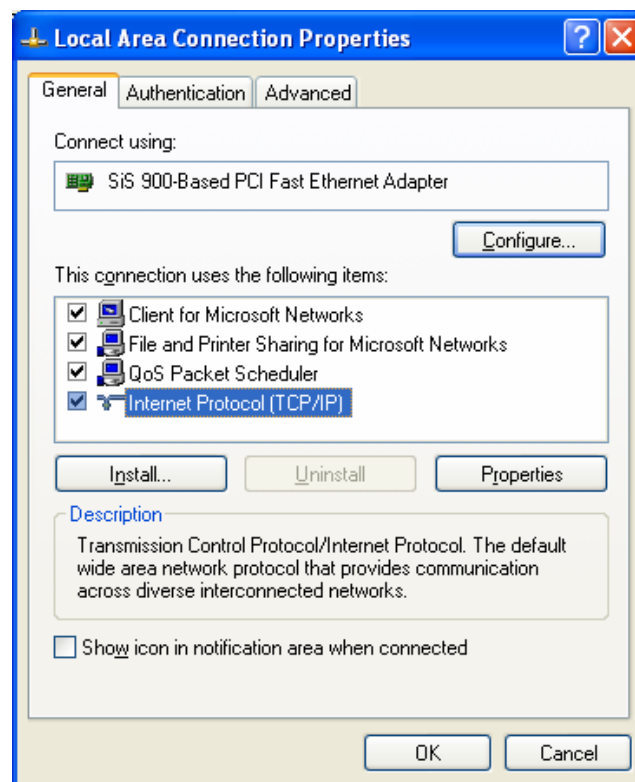
- b) Select the “Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)” for the network card on your system, then click “Properties”, window shown as below will appear.



- If you decide to use IP address from Wireless Router, select “**Obtain an IP address automatically**”.
- If you decide to use the IP address you are desired, select “**Use the following IP address**”. Make sure enter correct addresses in “**IP Address**” and “**Subnet Mask**” fields.
- You must set Wireless Router’s IP address as “**Default Gateway**”.
- If the DNS Server fields are empty, select “**Use the following DNS server addresses**” and enter the DNS address is provided by your ISP, then click “**OK**”.

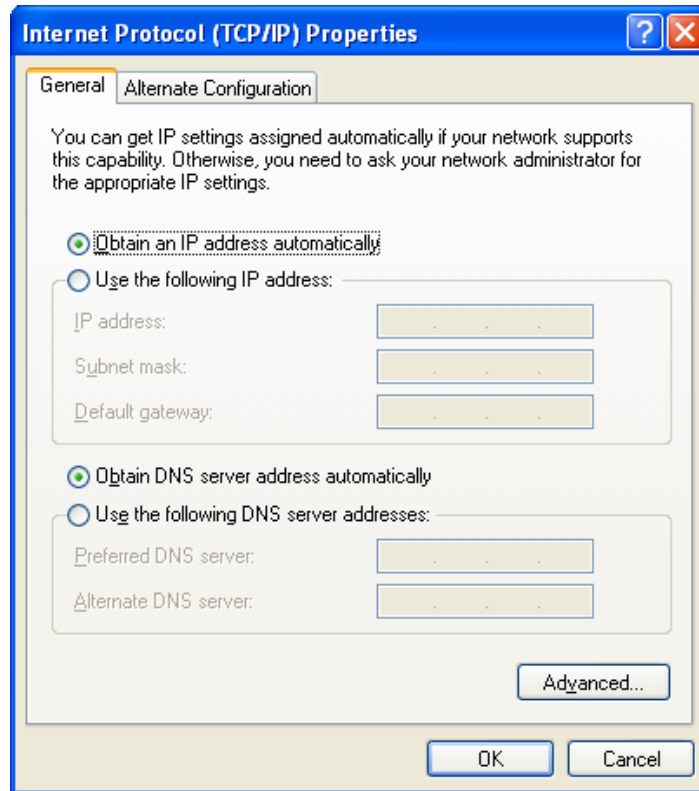
### Checking TCP/IP Settings for Windows XP

- a) Click “**Start**”, select “**Control Panel → Network Connection**” and right click “**Local Area Connection**” then select “**Properties**”. The window shown as below will appear.



- b) Select “**Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)**” then click “**Properties**”, window shown as below will appear.





- If you decide to use IP address from Wireless Router, select **“Obtain an IP address automatically”**.
- If you decide to use the IP address you are desired, select **“Use the following IP address”**. Make sure enter correct addresses in **“IP Address”** and **“Subnet Mask”** fields.
- You must set Wireless Router’s IP address as **“Default Gateway”**.
- If the DNS Server fields are empty, select **“Use the following DNS server addresses”** and enter the DNS address is provided by your ISP, then click **“OK”**.

## 2.2 Setting up Internet Access

This section describes how to setup Wireless Router Internet access through DSL or cable modem.

### For Windows 9x/2000

- a) Click **“Start”** and select **“Settings → Control Panel → Internet Options”**.
- b) Select **“Connection”** tab then click **“Setup”** button.
- c) Select **“I want to set up my Internet connection manually, or I want to connect through a local area network (LAN)”** then click **“Next”**.

- d) Select **“I connect through a local area network (LAN)”** then click **“Next”**. Make sure all the boxes on the following LAN Internet Configuration screen are unchecked.
- e) Select **“No”** when **“Do you want to set up an Internet mail account now?”** prompts out.
- f) Click **“Finish”** to end setup process.

#### **For Windows XP**

- a) Click **“Start”** and select **“Control Panel → Network and Internet Connections”**.
- b) Select **“Set up or Change your Internet Connection”**.
- c) Click **“Connection”** tab, and then click the **“Setup”** button. Click **“Cancel”** in the pop-up **“Location Information”** window.
- d) Click **“Next”** in the **“New Connection Wizard”** window.
- e) Select **“Connect to the Internet”** then click **“Next”**.
- f) Select **“Set up my connection manually”** then click **“Next”**.
- g) Select **“Connect using a broadband connection that is always on”** then click **“Next”**.
- h) Click **“Finish”** to complete the setup process.

#### **For Macintosh Clients**

To access Internet via wireless router on Macintosh system, the set up procedures are showing below:

- a) Open the TCP/IP Control Panel.
- b) Select **Ethernet** from the Connect via pop-up menu.
- c) Select **Using DHCP Server** from the Configure pop-up menu. The **DHCP Client ID** field can be left blank.
- d) Close the TCP/IP panel and save your new settings.

If you decide to assign IP addresses manually instead of DHCP, set the **Router Address** field with wireless router’s IP address and make sure DNS settings are correct.

#### **For Linux Clients**

To access Internet via the wireless router, you need to set the wireless router as the **“Gateway”**. Make sure login as **“root”** before attempting any changes.

##### **Fixed IP Address**

Most Linux installations use fixed IP address, if you wish to use a fixed IP address, make sure make the following changes.

- a) Set **“Default Gateway”** with the IP address of the wireless router.
- b) Make sure DNS settings are correct.

To act as a DHCP Client (recommended)

The procedures below may vary depending on version of Linux and X-windows shell.

- a) Start X-Windows.
- b) Select **Control Panel → Network**.
- c) Select the **“Interface”** entry for your Network card. Normally, this is called **“eth0”**.
- d) Click **“Edit”** button, set the **“protocol”** to **“DHCP”** and save.
- e) To apply all changes, use **Deactivate** and **Activate** buttons, if it is possible, restart your system.

## 2.3 Configure Wireless Stations

This section describes how to configure all the wireless stations use Wireless Router as an Access Point. Each wireless station must have compatible settings as below.

Mode	All wireless stations must be set to “Infrastructure” mode.
SSID (ESSID)	This code must match the value uses for the Wireless Router. (Note: SSID code is case sensitive.)
WEP	By default, WEP encryption is set to 64-bits 10 hex digit.
WPA	By default, WPA-PSK Pass Phrase is set at PassPhrase, WPA G-Rekey Interval is set at 0 and WPA Data Encryption is at TKIP.

## 3. Setup Wireless Router Configurations via Web Browser

The Wireless Router comes with a web-based configuration utility. Users can access this configuration utility from any of client system within Wireless Router’s LAN. For best results, either use Microsoft Internet Explorer 5.0 or later, or Netscape Navigator 4.7 or later.

Before you start configuring your Wireless Router, you have to get following information from your ISP:

- a) Has your ISP assigned you a static IP address, or they will assign one to you dynamically? If you have received static IP address, what is it?
- b) Does your ISP use PPPoE? If so, what is your PPPoE username and password?

**If you are not sure of above questions, please contact your ISP.**

### 3.1 Start your Web Browser

To use the Web-Based Utility, you have to launch your Internet Browser (MS IE 5.0 or later, Netscape Navigator 4.7 or later).

**Step1:** Enter Wireless Router default IP address <http://192.168.10.1> in the Address field then press Enter,



**Step2:** Login dialog box will appear, enter **admin** as User Name and default password is **1234**, then click “OK” to login web-based utility.



### 3.2 System

This section displays the basic configuration parameters of your Wireless Router, such as System Status, System Settings, Administrator Settings, Firmware Upgrade, Configuration Tools and System Log. Although most users will be able to accept the default settings, but every ISP is different. Please check with your ISP if you are not sure which settings ISP requires.

#### System Status

You can use the Status screen to see the connection status for the Wireless Broadband Router WAN/LAN interfaces, firmware and hardware version numbers, and the number of connected clients to your network.

Router Setup - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Address <http://192.168.10.1/> Go Links >>

# Wireless Broadband Router

Wizard System WAN LAN NAT Firewall Routing UPnP DDNS Wireless Logout

## System Settings

**System Status**

System Settings

Administrator Settings

Firmware Upgrade

Configuration Tools

System Log

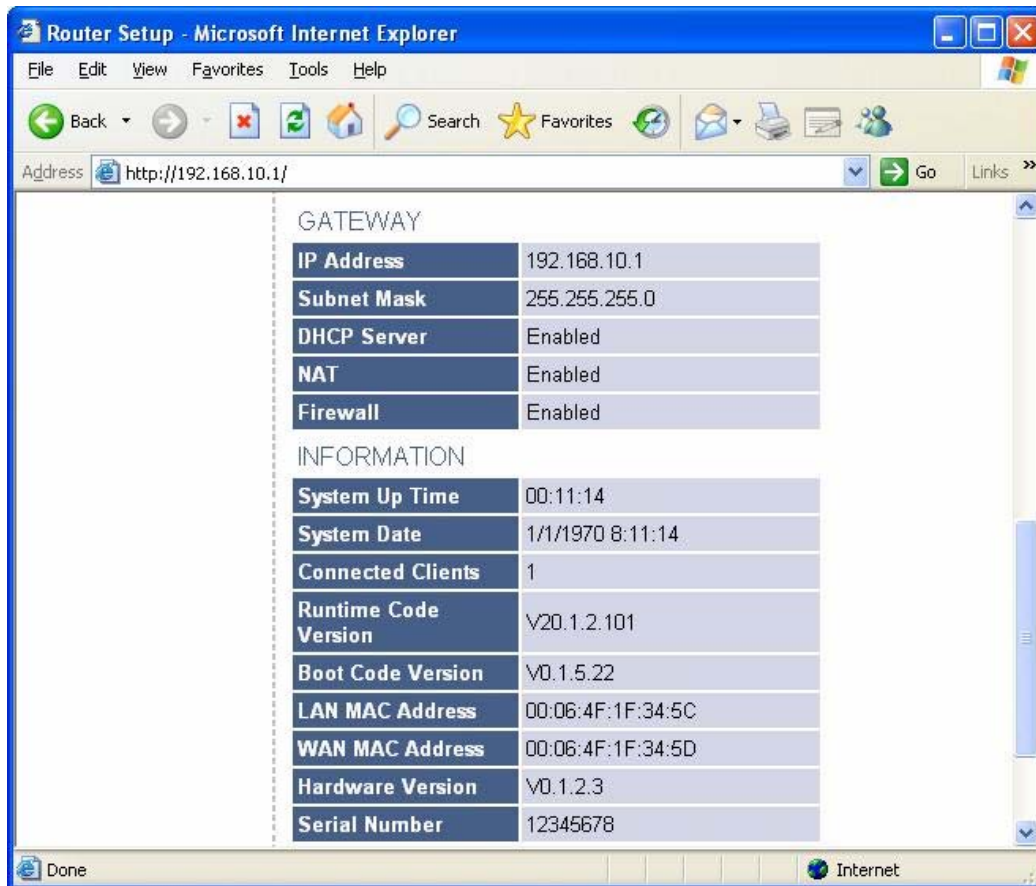
**System Status** Help

INTERNET Refresh

Cable/DSL	Disconnected
WAN IP	0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask	0.0.0.0
Gateway	0.0.0.0
DNS	192.168.10.60
Secondary DNS	192.168.10.63
Domain Name	
Connection Type	Dynamic IP
Connection Time	00:00:00
Remaining Time	00:00:00

Release Renew

Done Internet



**INTERNET:** Displays WAN connection type and status.

**GATEWAY:** Displays system IP settings, as well as DHCP, NAT and Firewall status.

**INFORMATION:** Displays the number of connected clients, as well as the Wireless Broadband Router's hardware and firmware version numbers.

### **System Settings**

The System Settings window configures wireless broadband router basic settings, such as router's Host Name, Domain Name, Set Time Zone, Daylight Saving and NAT.



**Host Name:** Enter a hostname if it provided by the ISP (Default: Wireless\_Router).

**Domain Name:** Enter a Domain Name if it provided by the ISP (Default: Router).

**NTP Server (option):** Enter a NTP Server IP Address.

**Set Time Zone:** Select the time zone of the country you are currently in. The router will set its time based on your selection.

**Daylight Saving:** The router can also take Daylight savings into account. If you wish to use this function, you must check/tick the enable box to enable your daylight saving configuration.

**NAT:** You can select to enable NAT function.

### Administrator Settings

Use this menu to restrict management access based on a specific password. By default, there is no password. So please assign a password to the Administrator as soon as possible, and store it in a safe place. Passwords can contain from 3-12 alphanumeric characters, and are case sensitive.

**Administrator Time-out** - The amount of time of inactivity before the Wireless Broadband



Router will automatically close the Administrator session. Set this to zero to disable it.

**Remote Management** - By default, management access is only available to users on your local network. However, you can also manage the Wireless Broadband Router from a remote host by adding the IP address of an administrator to this screen.

Router Setup - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Address http://192.168.10.1/

# Wireless Broadband Router

Wizard System WAN LAN NAT Firewall Routing UPnP DDNS Wireless Logout

## System Settings

- System Status
- System Settings
- Administrator Settings**
- Firmware Upgrade
- Configuration Tools
- System Log

### Administrator Settings Help

#### Password Settings

User Name	admin
Current Password	••••••
Password	••••••
Re-type password	•••••• (3-12 Characters)
Idle Time Out	300 seconds (0: No timeout)

#### Remote Management

Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
IP Address	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Port	81

OK Cancel

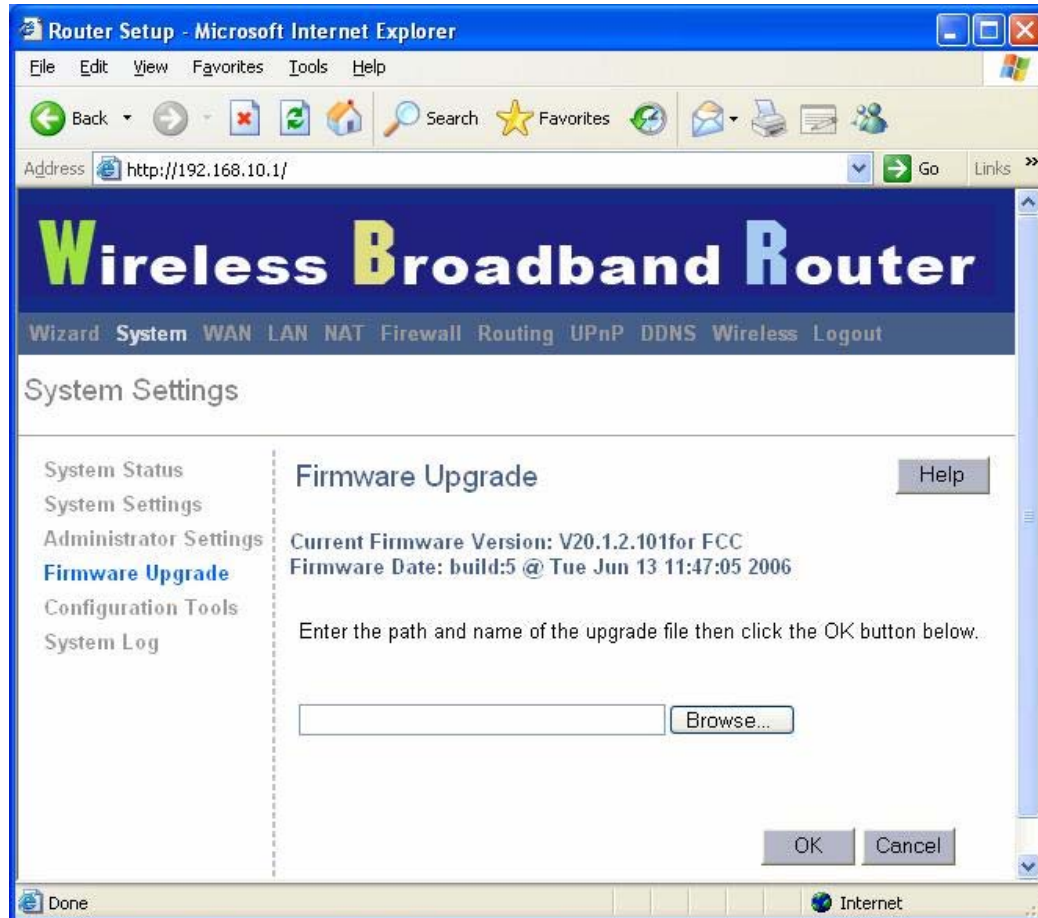
**Password Settings:** Allows you to select a password in order to access the web-based management website.

**Remote Management:** You can specify a Host IP address that can perform remote management functions.



## Firmware Upgrade

User uses the Firmware Upgrade window to locate the new firmware then upgrade the system firmware. Click **Browse** to search for the new firmware location, and then click **OK** to proceed the upgrade.



**Firmware Upgrade:** This tool allows you to upgrade the Wireless Broadband router's system firmware. To upgrade the firmware of your Broadband router, you need to download the firmware file to your local hard disk, and enter that file name and path in the appropriate field on this page. You can also use the Browse button to find the firmware file on your PC.

## Configuration Tools

Use this window to restore or backup wireless broadband router settings, such as Restart System, Restore Factory Defaults, Backup Settings and Restore Settings.



**Restart System:** Reset Wireless Broadband Router, Reboot this device.

**Restore Factory Defaults:** Reset the settings of this device to the factory default values.

**Backup Settings:** Save the settings of this device to a file.

**Restore Settings:** Restore the settings of this device to the backup settings.

## System Log

The System Log window displays wireless broadband router's system activities, such as System Log and Security Log.

The screenshot shows the 'Router Setup' web interface in Microsoft Internet Explorer. The browser address bar shows 'http://192.168.10.1/'. The page title is 'Wireless Broadband Router'. The navigation menu includes 'Wizard', 'System', 'WAN', 'LAN', 'NAT', 'Firewall', 'Routing', 'UPnP', 'DDNS', 'Wireless', and 'Logout'. The 'System Settings' section is active, and the 'System Log' tab is selected. The System Log window displays the following log entries:

```
[Thu Jan 01 08:00:02 1970]:[SYS] System start
[Thu Jan 01 08:00:02 1970]:[SYS] Ver 20.1.2.101 build:5 @ Tue Jun 13 11:47:05 2006
[Thu Jan 01 08:00:09 1970]:[HTTP] login (192.168.10.2)
[Thu Jan 01 08:00:09 1970]:[DHCPD] received REQUEST
[Thu Jan 01 08:00:09 1970]:[DHCPD] no leases, packet->ciaddr:c0a80a02
[Thu Jan 01 08:00:10 1970]:[DHCPD] sending ACK to 192.168.10.2
[Thu Jan 01 08:00:10 1970]:[DHCPD] unicasting packet to client ciaddr
[Thu Jan 01 08:07:05 1970]:[HTTP] logout (192.168.10.2)
[Thu Jan 01 08:07:07 1970]:[HTTP] login (192.168.10.2)
```

The 'Remote Log Setting' section is also visible, with the following fields:

Remote Log	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled
Send log to	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Email Log	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled
Send Email to	
SMTP Server	0.0.0.0

Buttons for 'Help', 'Download', 'Clear', 'Refresh', 'OK', and 'Cancel' are present. The status bar at the bottom shows 'Done' and 'Internet'.

**System Log:** Wireless broadband router's system activity.

**Remote Log Setting:** Setting the IP address of remote log server.

### 3.3 WAN

#### Connected Type

Specify the WAN connection type required by your Internet Service Provider, then click "OK" Button to provide detailed configuration parameters for the selected connection type.

Router Setup - Microsoft Internet Explorer  
Address: http://192.168.10.1/

## Wireless Broadband Router

Wizard System **WAN** LAN NAT Firewall Routing UPnP DDNS Wireless Logout

### WAN Settings

**Connected Type** Help

Connected Type

<input checked="" type="radio"/> Dynamic IP Address	Obtain an IP address automatically from your service provider.
<input type="radio"/> Static IP Address	Uses a static IP address. Your service provider gives a static IP address to access Internet services.
<input type="radio"/> PPPoE	PPP over Ethernet is a common connection method used for xDSL.
<input type="radio"/> PPTP	PPP Tunneling Protocol can support multi-protocol Virtual Private Networks (VPN).
<input type="radio"/> L2TP	Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol can support multi-protocol Virtual Private Networks (VPN).

#### Dynamic IP Address

Request IP address	<input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/>
MTU(576-1500)	<input type="text" value="1500"/>
MAC Cloning	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled
MAC Address	<input type="text" value="00"/> - <input type="text" value="00"/> - <input type="text" value="00"/> - <input type="text" value="00"/> - <input type="text" value="00"/> - <input type="text" value="00"/>

BigPond  Enabled

**Dynamic IP address:** Your ISP will automatically give you an IP address

**Static IP address:** Your ISP has given you an IP address already

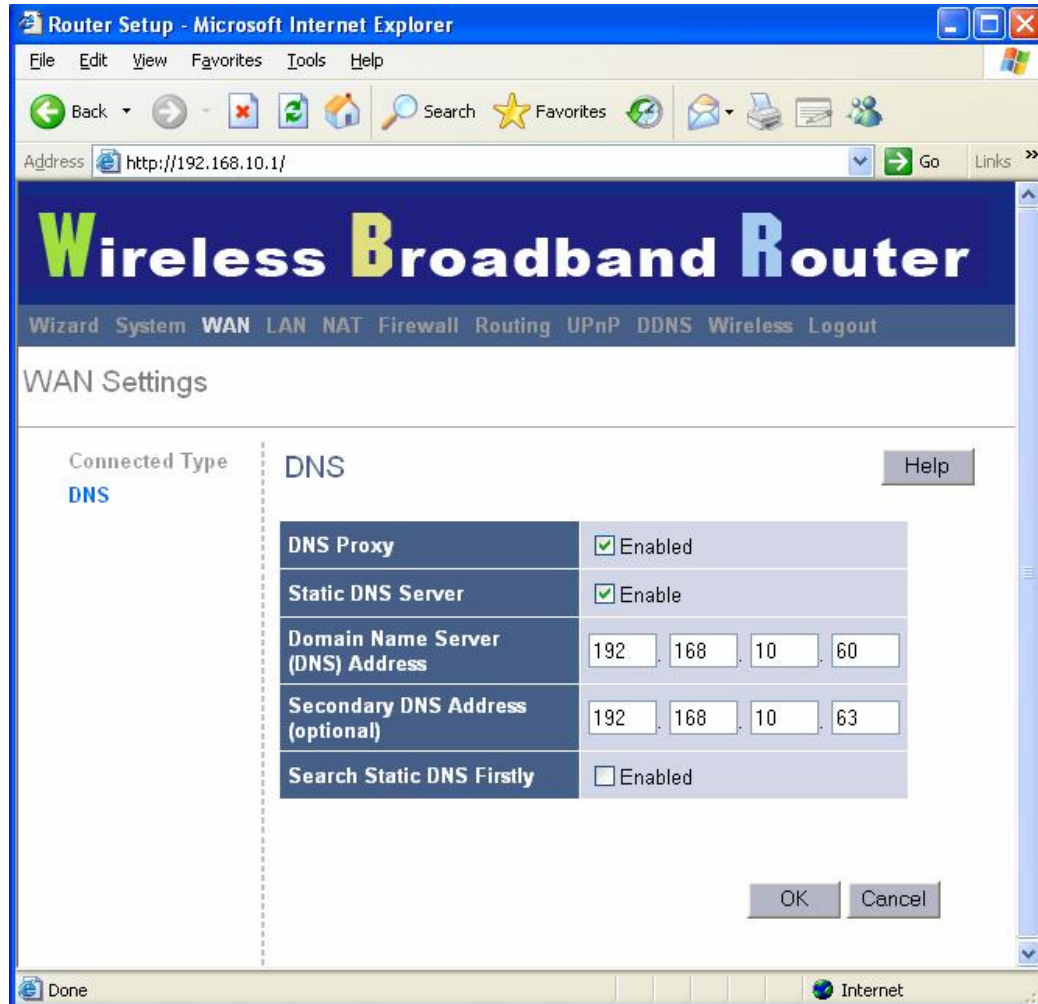
**PPPoE:** Your ISP requires PPPoE connection.

**PPTP:** Your ISP requires you to use a Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) connection.

**L2TP:** Your ISP requires L2TP connection.

## DNS

Domain Name Servers are used to map an IP address to the equivalent domain name (e.g. www.waveplus.com). Your ISP should provide the IP address for one or more domain name servers.



**DNS Proxy:** You can enable or disable the DNS Proxy.

**Static DNS Server:** You can enable or disable the Static DNS Server.

**Domain Name Server (DNS) Address:** This is the ISP's DNS server IP address that they gave you; or you can specify your own preferred DNS server IP address

**Secondary DNS Address (optional):** This is optional. You can enter another DNS server's IP address as a backup. The secondary DNS will be used should the above DNS fail.

**Search Static DNS Firstly:** You can enable or disable the function of Search Static DNS Firstly.



### 3.4 LAN

#### LAN Settings

Configure the gateway address of the Wireless Broadband Router. To dynamically assign the IP address for client PCs, enable the DHCP Server, set the lease time, and then specify the address range.

Valid IP addresses consist of four numbers, and are separated by periods. The first three fields are the network portion, and can be from 0-255, while the last field is the host portion and can be from 1-254.

The screenshot shows the 'LAN Settings' page in a Microsoft Internet Explorer browser window. The browser's address bar shows 'http://192.168.10.1/'. The page title is 'Wireless Broadband Router' and the current page is 'LAN Settings'. The settings are as follows:

IP Address	192 . 168 . 10 . 1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
The Gateway acts as DHCP Server	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled
IP Pool Starting Address	192.168.10. 2
IP Pool Ending Address	192.168.10. 254
Lease Time	One day

Buttons for 'Help', 'OK', and 'Cancel' are visible at the bottom of the settings area.

**IP address:** This is the router's LAN port IP address (Your LAN clients default gateway IP address)

**Subnet Mask:** Specify a Subnet Mask for your LAN segment.

**The Gateway acts as DHCP Server:** You can enable or disable the DHCP server.

**IP Pool Starting Address:** Enter the first address that should be assigned by the DHCP

server.

**IP Pool Ending Address:** Enter the last address that should be assigned by the DHCP server.

**Lease Time:** Enter the number of hours that a client can use the assigned IP address.

**DNS Proxy:** To enable or disable DNS Proxy (Domain Name Service).

### **DHCP Client List**

The DHCP client list allows you to see which clients are connected to the Wireless Broadband Router via IP address, host name, and MAC address.

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "Router Setup - Microsoft Internet Explorer" with the address bar set to "http://192.168.10.1/". The page header reads "Wireless Broadband Router" and includes a navigation menu with options: Wizard, System, WAN, LAN, NAT, Firewall, Routing, UPnP, DDNS, Wireless, and Logout. The main content area is titled "LAN Settings" and contains a sub-section for "DHCP Client List". On the left, there are tabs for "LAN Settings" and "DHCP Client List". The "DHCP Client List" section includes a "Help" button and a "Refresh" button. Below these is a table with the following data:

Host Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Remaining Time	Static
admin-gtbs0m3f6	192.168.10.2	00:06:4F:13:B1:BF	23:40:35	<input type="checkbox"/>

Below the table is a "Static client" section with input fields for "Host Name", "IP address" (pre-filled with "192.168.10."), and "MAC Address" (with five empty segments separated by colons). An "Add" button is located below these fields. At the bottom of the page, there are "OK" and "Cancel" buttons.

**DHCP Client List:** This page shows all DHCP clients (LAN PCs) currently connected to your network. The "DHCP Client List" displays the IP address and the MAC address and Remaining Time of each LAN Client. Use the **Refresh** button to get the most updated situation

**Static Client:** You can select static to fix it.

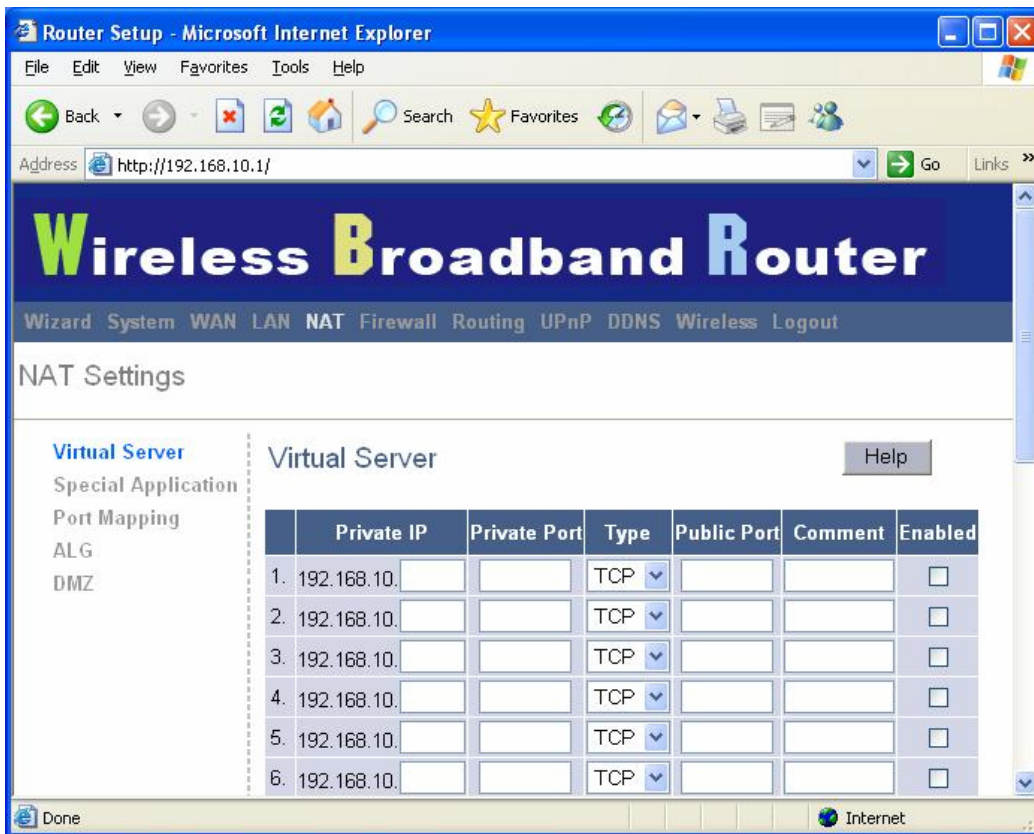
### 3.5 NAT

#### Virtual Server

If you configure the Wireless Broadband Router as a virtual server, remote users accessing services such as Web or FTP at your local site via public IP addresses can be automatically redirected to local servers configured with private IP address. In other words, depending on the requested service (TCP/UDP port number), the Wireless Broadband Router redirects the external service request to the appropriate server.

#### Example:

ID	Private IP	Private Port	Type	Public Port	Comment
1	192.168.2.20	80	TCP	200	Web Server
2	192.168.2.12	21	TCP	333	FTP Server
3	192.168.2.28	23	TCP	455	Telnet Server



**Private IP:** This is the LAN client/host IP address that the Public Port number packet will be sent to.

**Private Port:** This is the port number (of the above Private IP host) that the below Public Port number will be changed to when the packet enters your LAN (to the LAN Server/Client IP)

**Type:** Select the port number protocol type (TCP, UDP or both). If you are unsure, then leave it to the default both protocols.



**Public Port:** Enter the service (service/Internet application) port number from the Internet that will be re-directed to the above Private IP address host in your LAN.

**Comment:** The description of this setting.

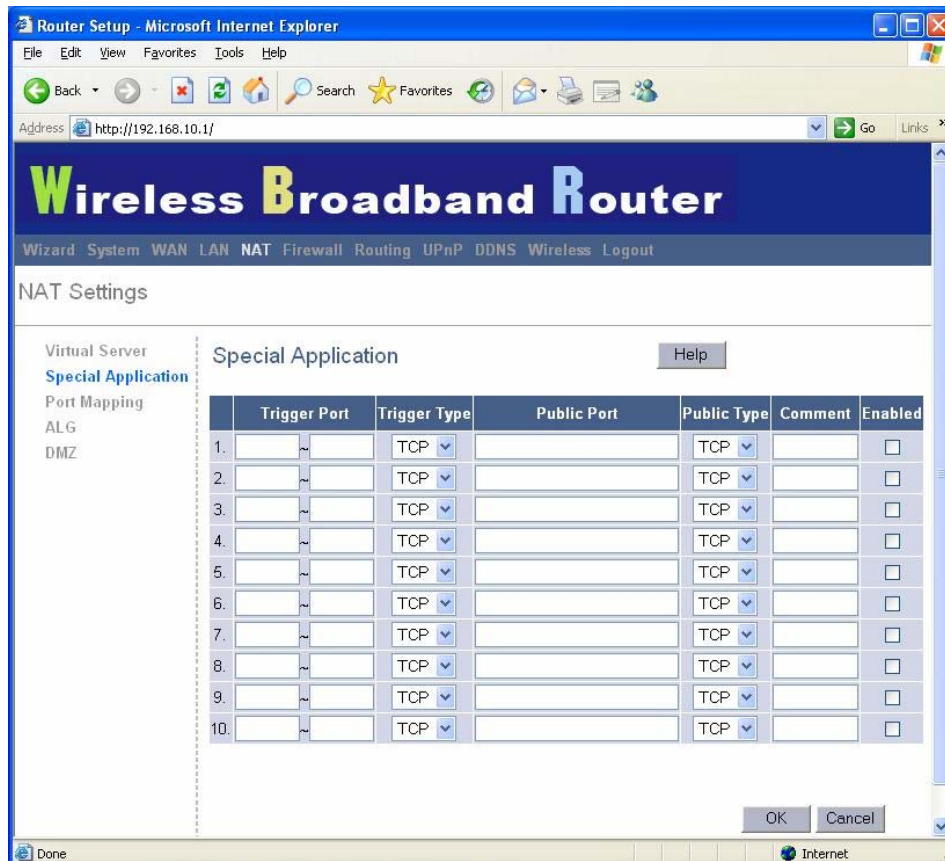
**Enabled:** Enable the Virtual Server.

**Special Application**

Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, Internet telephony and others. These applications cannot work when Network Address Translation (NAT) is enabled. If you need to run applications that require multiple connections, specify the port normally associated with an application in the "Trigger Port" field, select the protocol type as TCP or UDP, then enter the public ports associated with the trigger port to open them for inbound traffic.

**Example:**

ID	Trigger Port	Trigger Type	Public Port	Public Type	Comment
1	28800	UDP	2300-2400,47624	UDP	MSN Game Zone
2	28800	UDP	2300-2400,47624	TCP	MSN Game Zone
3	6112	UDP	6112	UDP	Battle.net



**Trigger Port:** This is the out going (Outbound) range of port numbers for this particular application.

**Trigger Type:** Select whether the outbound port protocol is “TCP”, “UDP” or both.

**Public Port:** Enter the In-coming (Inbound) port or port range for this type of application (e.g. 2300-2400, 47624)

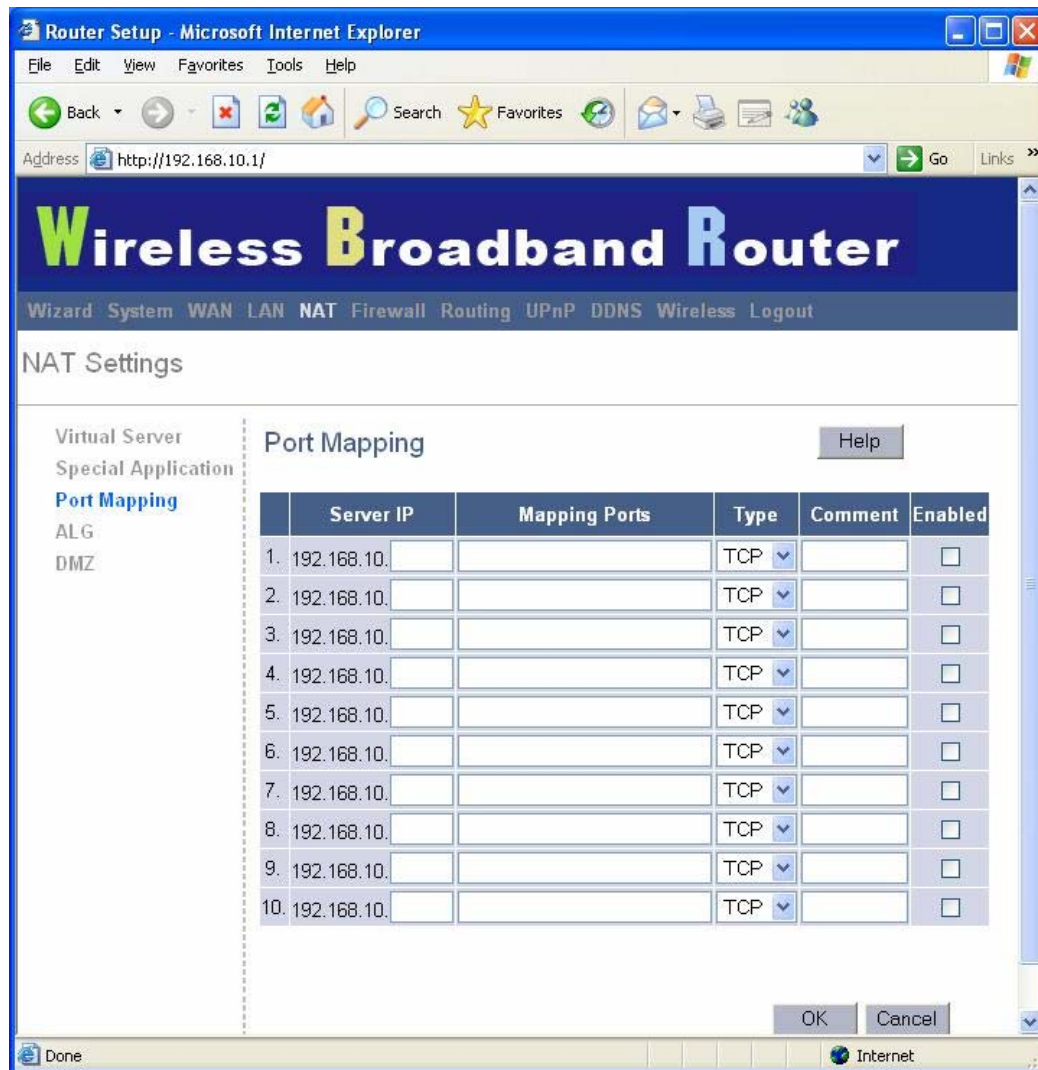
**Public Type:** Select the Inbound port protocol type: “TCP”, “UDP” or both.

**Comment:** The description of this setting.

**Enable:** Enable the Special Application function.

### Port Mapping

This functionality allows one or more public IP addresses to be shared by multiple internal users. Enter the Public IP address you wish to share into the Global IP field. Enter a range of internal IP that will share the global IP.



**Server IP:** Enter the NAT server IP address.

**Mapping Ports:** Enter the port address NAT server maps to.

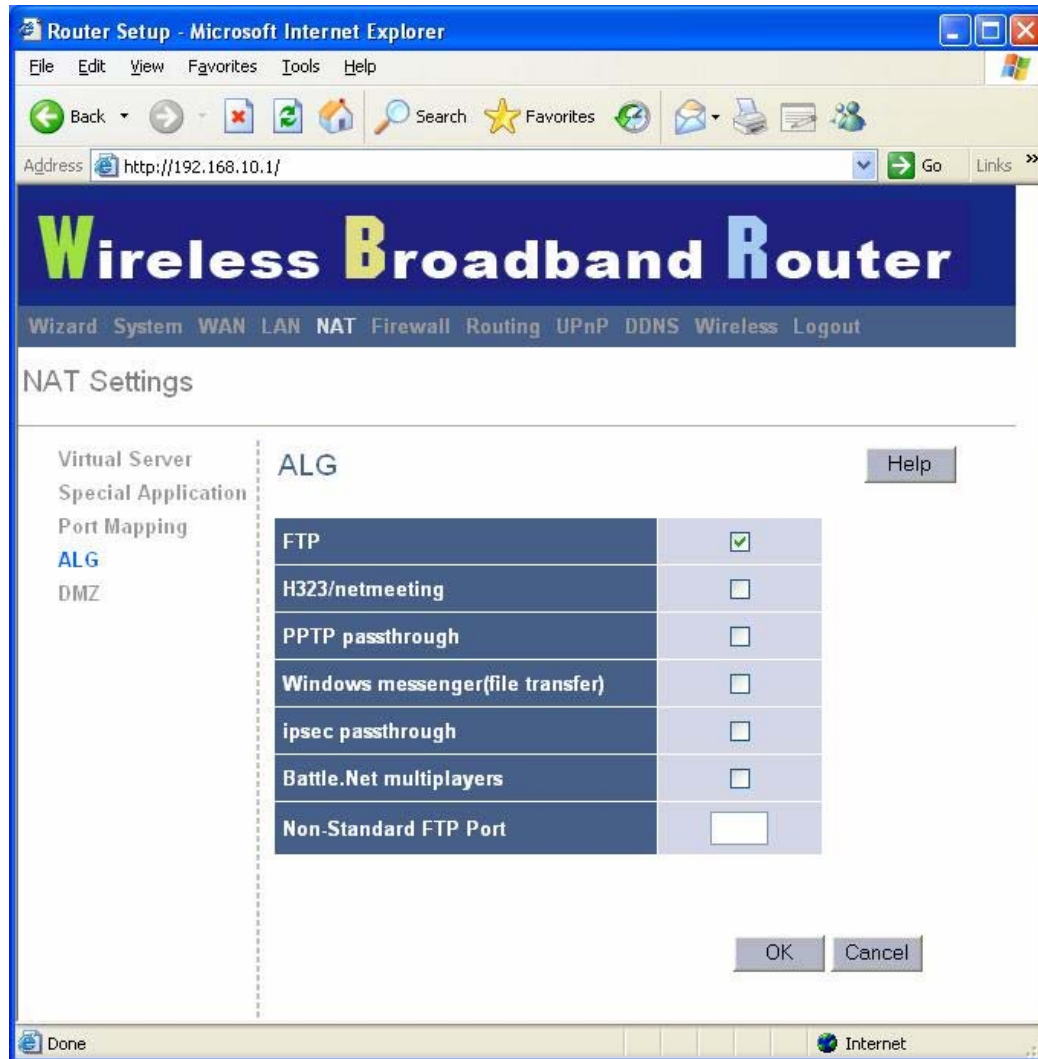
**Type:** Select the Inbound port protocol type: "TCP", "UDP" or both.

**Comment:** The description of this setting.

**Enabled:** Enable the Port Mapping function.

### **ALG (Application Level Gateway)**

The ALG window allows user to configure ALG settings for the wireless broadband router.

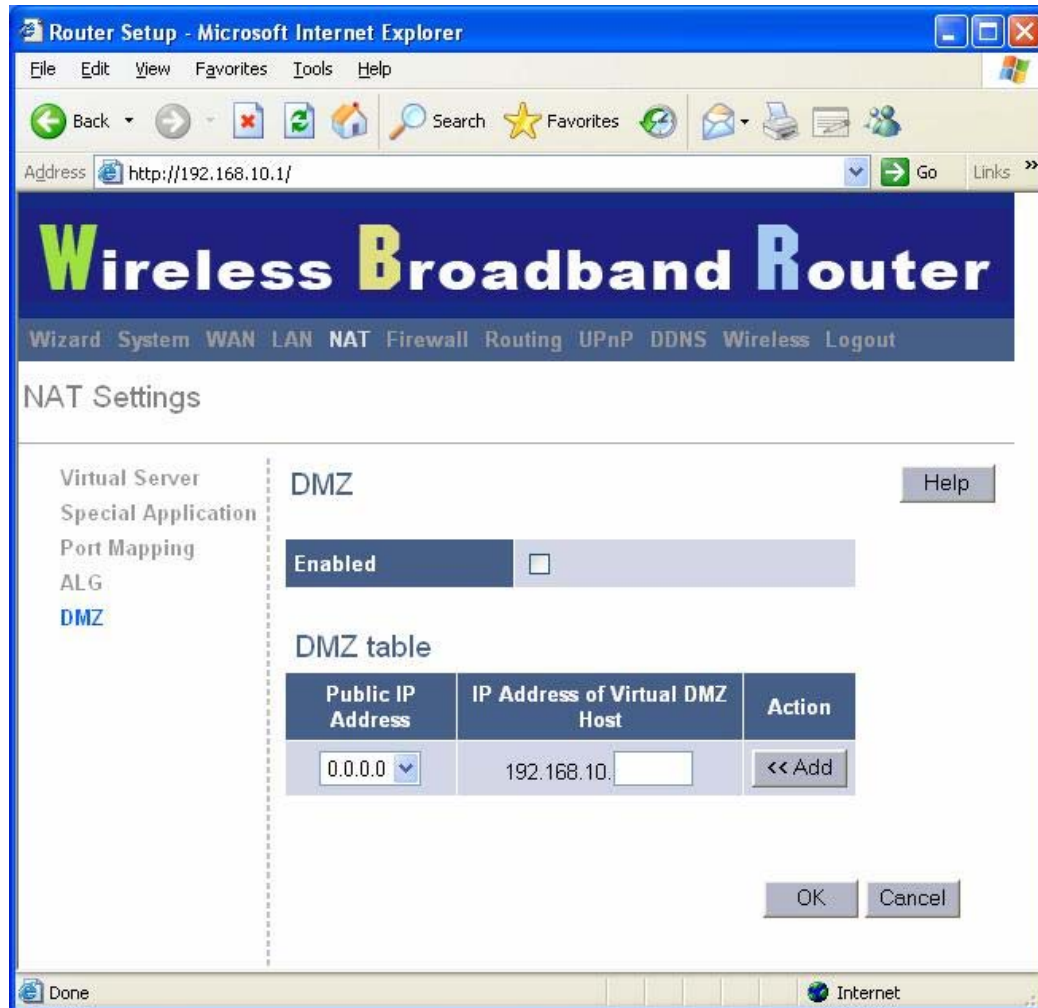


**ALG (Application Layer Gateway):** You can select to enable, then the router will let that application correctly pass through the NAT gateway.

### **DMZ (Demilitarized Zone)**

If you have a client PC that cannot run Internet application properly from behind the NAT firewall or after configuring the Special Applications function, then you can open the client up to unrestricted two-way Internet access.

Enter the IP address of a DMZ host to this screen. Adding a client to the DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) may expose your local network to a variety of security risks, so only use this option as a last resort.



**DMZ (Demilitarized Zone):** Enable/disable DMZ.

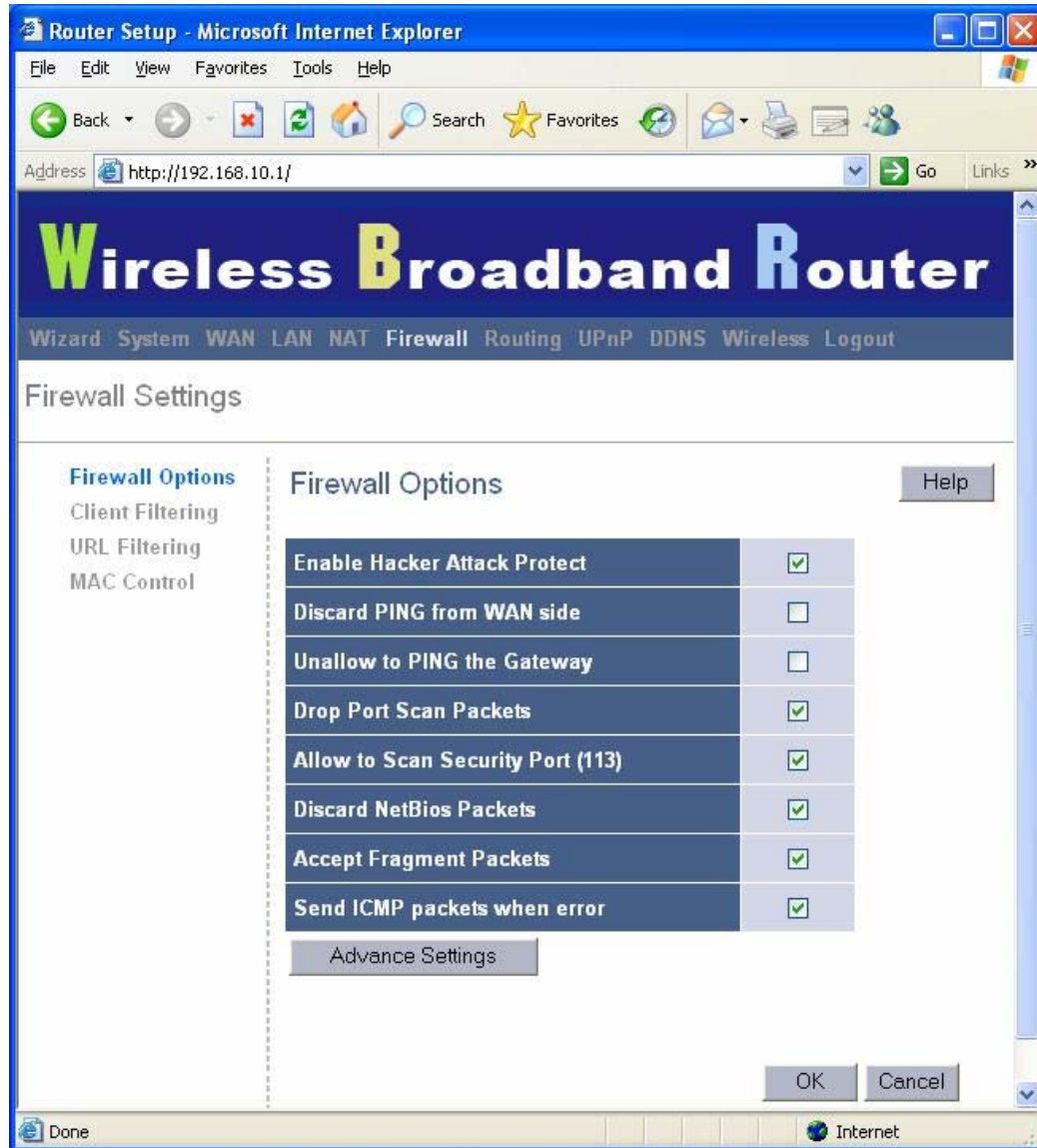
**Public IP Address:** The IP address of the WAN port or any other Public IP addresses given to you by your ISP.

**IP Address of Virtual DMZ Host:** Enter the DMZ host IP address.

## 3.6 Firewall

### Firewall Options

The Wireless Broadband Router provides extensive firewall protection by restricting connection parameters to limit the risk of intrusion and defending against a wide array of common hacker attacks. However, for applications that require unrestricted access to the Internet, you can configure a specific client/server as a demilitarized zone (DMZ).



**Firewall Options:** Select the functions that firewall supports. The selections include Enable Hacker Attack Protect, Discard PING from WAN side, Unallow to PING the Gateway, Drop Port Scan packets, Allow to Scan Security Port (113), Discard NetBios Packets, Accept Fragment Packets and Send ICMP packets when error.



## Client Filtering

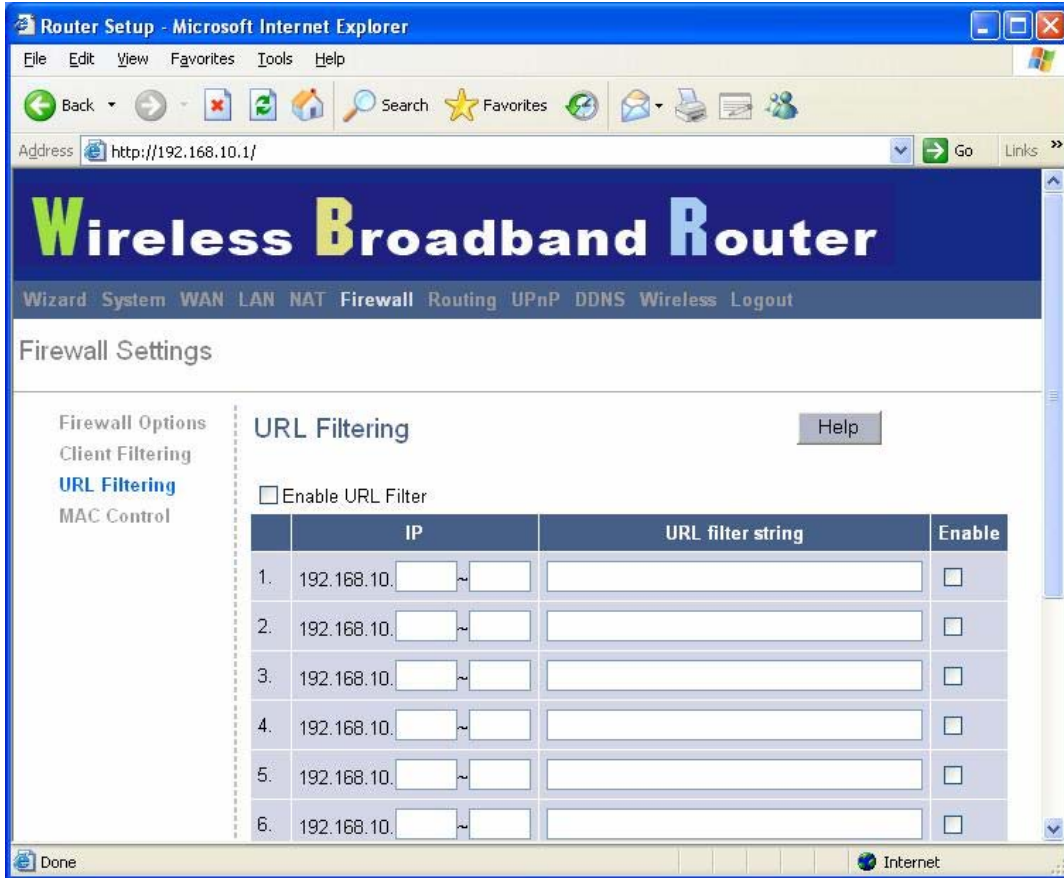
You can filter Internet access for local clients based on IP addresses, application types, (i.e., HTTP port), and time of day. For example, this screen shows that clients in the address range 192.168.2.50-99 are permanently restricted from using FTP (Port 21), while clients in the address range 192.168.2.110-119 are blocked from browsing the Internet from Monday through Friday.

The screenshot shows the 'Client Filtering' configuration page of a Wireless Broadband Router. The page is accessed via a web browser (Microsoft Internet Explorer) at the address http://192.168.10.1/. The page title is 'Wireless Broadband Router' and the navigation menu includes Wizard, System, WAN, LAN, NAT, Firewall, Routing, UPnP, DDNS, Wireless, and Logout. The 'Firewall Settings' section is active, and the 'Client Filtering' sub-section is selected. A 'Help' button is visible. The 'Enable Client Filter' checkbox is unchecked. Below this is a table with 6 rows for configuring filters. Each row has columns for IP, Port, Type, Block Time, Day, Time, Comment, and Enable. The 'Block Time' column has radio buttons for 'Always' and 'Block'. The 'Day' column has checkboxes for SUN, MON, TUE, WED, THU, FRI, and SAT. The 'Time' column has two dropdown menus for start and end times, both set to 0:00am. The 'Enable' column has a checkbox.

	IP	Port	Type	Block Time	Day	Time	Comment	Enable
1.	192.168.10. [ ] - [ ]	[ ] - [ ]	TCP	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Always <input type="radio"/> Block	<input type="checkbox"/> SUN <input type="checkbox"/> MON <input type="checkbox"/> TUE <input type="checkbox"/> WED <input type="checkbox"/> THU <input type="checkbox"/> FRI <input type="checkbox"/> SAT	0:00am - 0:00am		<input type="checkbox"/>
2.	192.168.10. [ ] - [ ]	[ ] - [ ]	TCP	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Always <input type="radio"/> Block	<input type="checkbox"/> SUN <input type="checkbox"/> MON <input type="checkbox"/> TUE <input type="checkbox"/> WED <input type="checkbox"/> THU <input type="checkbox"/> FRI <input type="checkbox"/> SAT	0:00am - 0:00am		<input type="checkbox"/>
3.	192.168.10. [ ] - [ ]	[ ] - [ ]	TCP	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Always <input type="radio"/> Block	<input type="checkbox"/> SUN <input type="checkbox"/> MON <input type="checkbox"/> TUE <input type="checkbox"/> WED <input type="checkbox"/> THU <input type="checkbox"/> FRI <input type="checkbox"/> SAT	0:00am - 0:00am		<input type="checkbox"/>
4.	192.168.10. [ ] - [ ]	[ ] - [ ]	TCP	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Always <input type="radio"/> Block	<input type="checkbox"/> SUN <input type="checkbox"/> MON <input type="checkbox"/> TUE <input type="checkbox"/> WED <input type="checkbox"/> THU <input type="checkbox"/> FRI <input type="checkbox"/> SAT	0:00am - 0:00am		<input type="checkbox"/>
5.	192.168.10. [ ] - [ ]	[ ] - [ ]	TCP	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Always <input type="radio"/> Block	<input type="checkbox"/> SUN <input type="checkbox"/> MON <input type="checkbox"/> TUE <input type="checkbox"/> WED <input type="checkbox"/> THU <input type="checkbox"/> FRI <input type="checkbox"/> SAT	0:00am - 0:00am		<input type="checkbox"/>
6.	192.168.10. [ ] - [ ]	[ ] - [ ]	TCP	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Always <input type="radio"/> Block	<input type="checkbox"/> SUN <input type="checkbox"/> MON <input type="checkbox"/> TUE <input type="checkbox"/> WED <input type="checkbox"/> THU <input type="checkbox"/> FRI <input type="checkbox"/> SAT	0:00am - 0:00am		<input type="checkbox"/>

## URL Filtering

To configure the URL Filtering feature, use the table as below to specify the web sites (www.somesite.com) and/or web URLs containing the keyword you want to filter on your network.

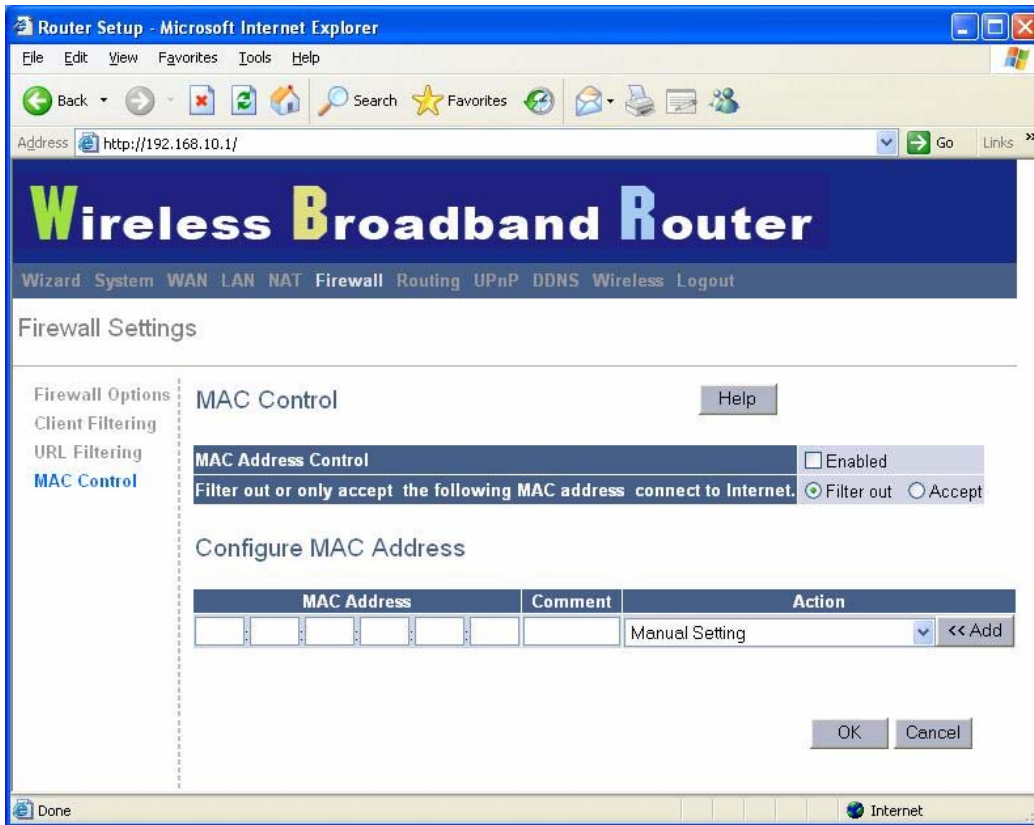


The screenshot shows the 'Router Setup' web interface in Microsoft Internet Explorer. The browser's address bar displays 'http://192.168.10.1/'. The page title is 'Wireless Broadband Router'. The navigation menu includes 'Wizard', 'System', 'WAN', 'LAN', 'NAT', 'Firewall', 'Routing', 'UPnP', 'DDNS', 'Wireless', and 'Logout'. The 'Firewall Settings' section is active, with 'URL Filtering' selected in the left-hand menu. A 'Help' button is located to the right of the 'URL Filtering' header. Below the header, there is a checkbox labeled 'Enable URL Filter' which is currently unchecked. A table with six rows is displayed, each row representing a filter rule. The table has four columns: a row number (1-6), an IP address field (pre-filled with '192.168.10.'), a port field (pre-filled with '1'), a 'URL filter string' input field, and an 'Enable' checkbox. The status bar at the bottom of the browser window shows 'Done' and 'Internet'.

	IP	URL filter string	Enable
1.	192.168.10. [ ] ~ [ ]	[ ]	<input type="checkbox"/>
2.	192.168.10. [ ] ~ [ ]	[ ]	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.	192.168.10. [ ] ~ [ ]	[ ]	<input type="checkbox"/>
4.	192.168.10. [ ] ~ [ ]	[ ]	<input type="checkbox"/>
5.	192.168.10. [ ] ~ [ ]	[ ]	<input type="checkbox"/>
6.	192.168.10. [ ] ~ [ ]	[ ]	<input type="checkbox"/>

## MAC Control

The MAC Control window allows user to block certain client PCs accessing the Internet based on MAC address.



**MAC Address Control:** This function allows user to determine whether to filter out or accept the following MAC address connect to Internet.

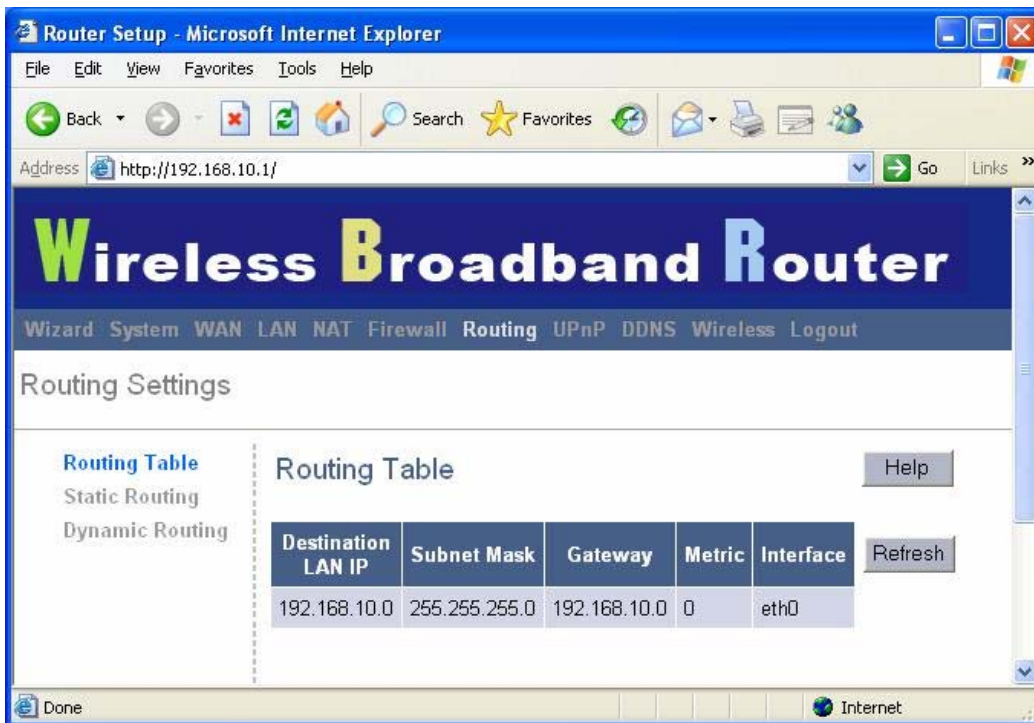
**Configure MAC Address:** Enter the MAC address to filter out or to accept.



## 3.7 Routing

### Routing Table

The Routing Table window displays the current routing information in the system.



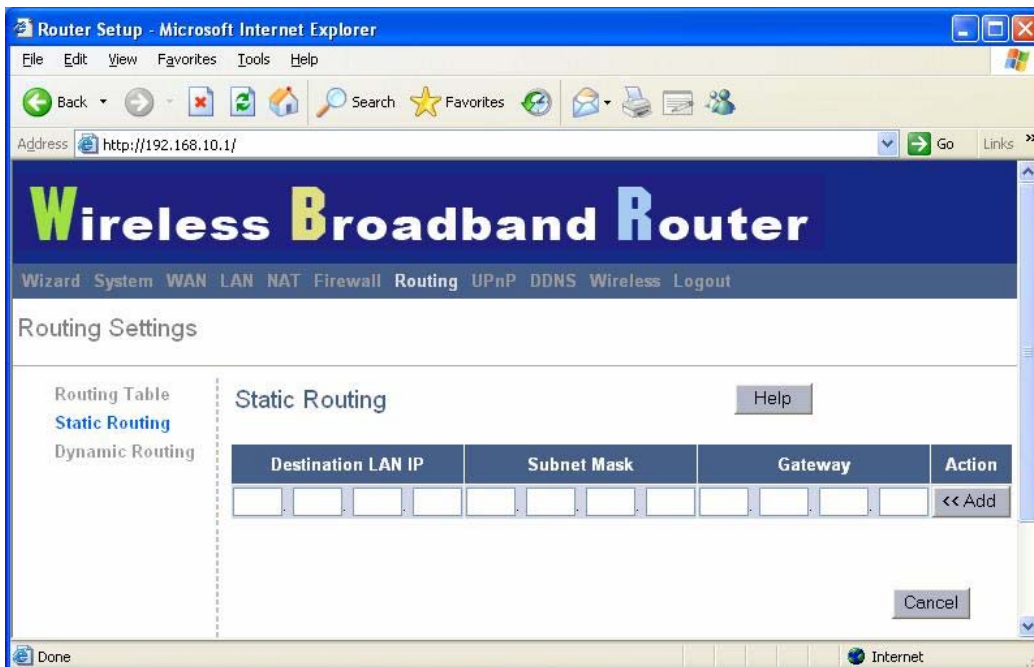
The screenshot shows the 'Router Setup' page for a 'Wireless Broadband Router' in a Microsoft Internet Explorer browser. The address bar shows 'http://192.168.10.1/'. The page title is 'Wireless Broadband Router' and the navigation menu includes 'Wizard', 'System', 'WAN', 'LAN', 'NAT', 'Firewall', 'Routing', 'UPnP', 'DDNS', 'Wireless', and 'Logout'. The 'Routing Settings' section is active, showing a sidebar with 'Routing Table', 'Static Routing', and 'Dynamic Routing'. The main content area is titled 'Routing Table' and contains a table with the following data:

Destination LAN IP	Subnet Mask	Gateway	Metric	Interface
192.168.10.0	255.255.255.0	192.168.10.0	0	eth0

Buttons for 'Help' and 'Refresh' are visible next to the table.

### Static Routing

A static route is a pre-determined pathway that network information must travel to reach a specific host or network.



The screenshot shows the 'Router Setup' page for a 'Wireless Broadband Router' in a Microsoft Internet Explorer browser. The address bar shows 'http://192.168.10.1/'. The page title is 'Wireless Broadband Router' and the navigation menu includes 'Wizard', 'System', 'WAN', 'LAN', 'NAT', 'Firewall', 'Routing', 'UPnP', 'DDNS', 'Wireless', and 'Logout'. The 'Routing Settings' section is active, showing a sidebar with 'Routing Table', 'Static Routing', and 'Dynamic Routing'. The main content area is titled 'Static Routing' and contains a table with the following structure:

Destination LAN IP	Subnet Mask	Gateway	Action
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Add

Buttons for 'Help' and 'Cancel' are visible.

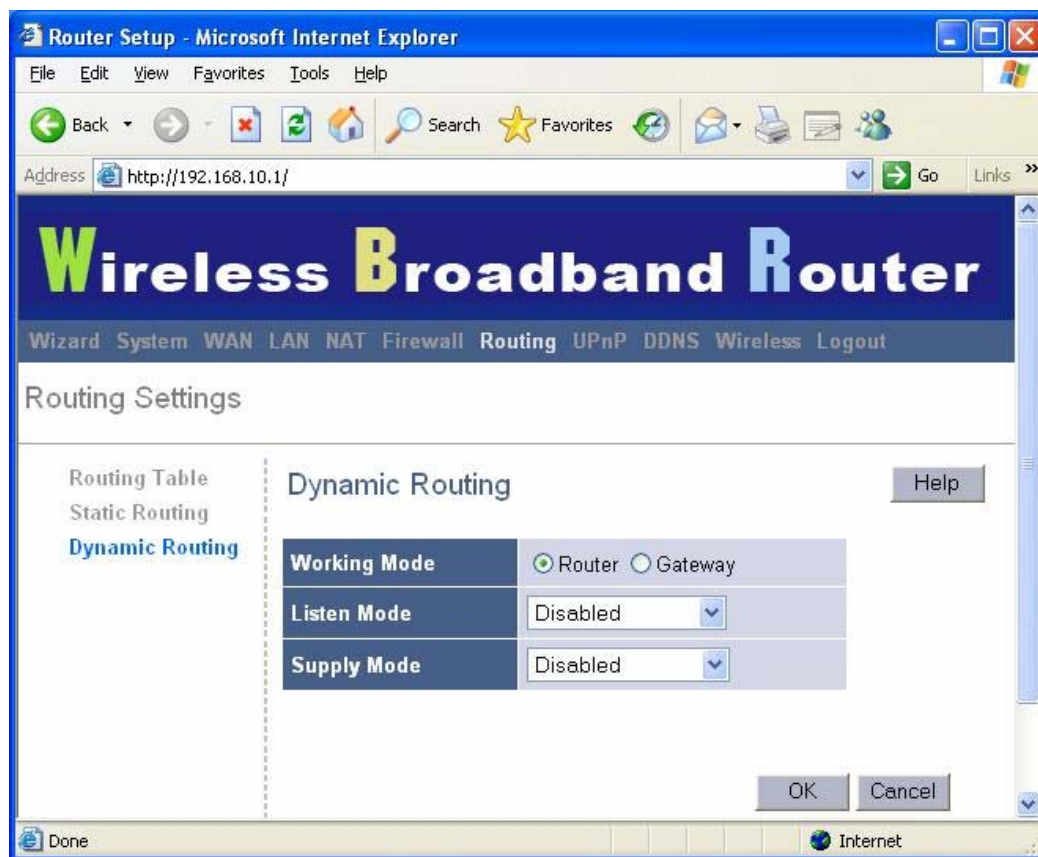
**Destination LAN IP:** The network address of destination LAN.

**Subnet Mask:** The subnet mask of destination LAN.

**Gateway:** The next stop gateway of the path toward the destination LAN. This is the IP of the neighbor router that this router should communicate with on the path to the destination LAN.

### Dynamic Routing

Dynamic Routing can be used to cache routes learned by routing protocols, thus allowing the automation of static routing maintenance. The router, using the RIP (Routing Information Protocol) protocol, determines the network packet's route based on the fewest number of hops between the source and the destination. In this case, you could automatically adjust to physical changes in the network layout.



**Working Mode:** Select whether the wireless broadband router acts like router or gateway.

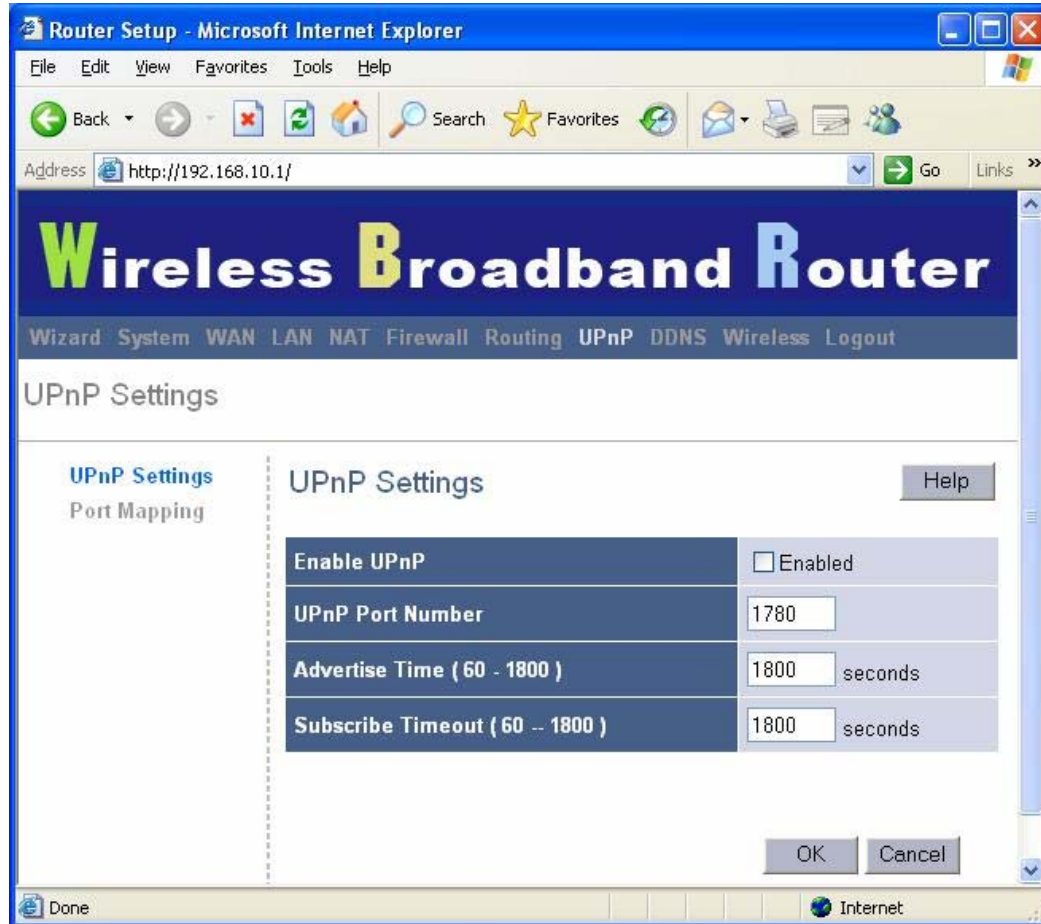
**Listen Mode:** Enable this mode to allow RIP server to receive routing information and updating the routing information.

**Supply Mode:** Enable this mode to allow RIP server to send out routing information and updating the routing information.

### 3.8 UPnP (Universal Plug and Play)

#### UPnP Settings

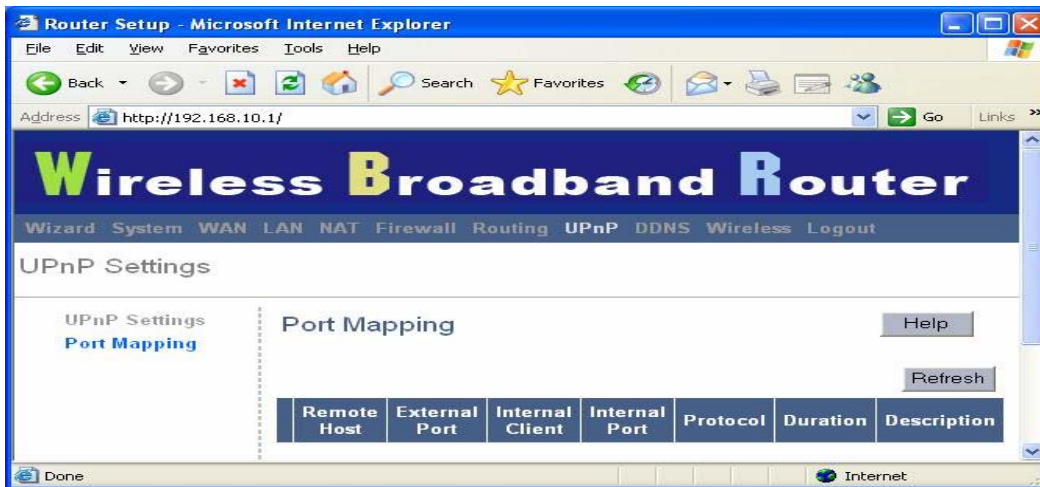
UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) allows automatic discovery and configuration of equipment attached to your LAN. UPnP is supported by Windows ME, XP, or later. It provides compatibility with networking equipment, software and peripherals of the over 400 vendors that cooperate in the Plug and Play forum.



**UPnP Settings:** You can enable or Disable UPnP feature here.

## Port Mapping

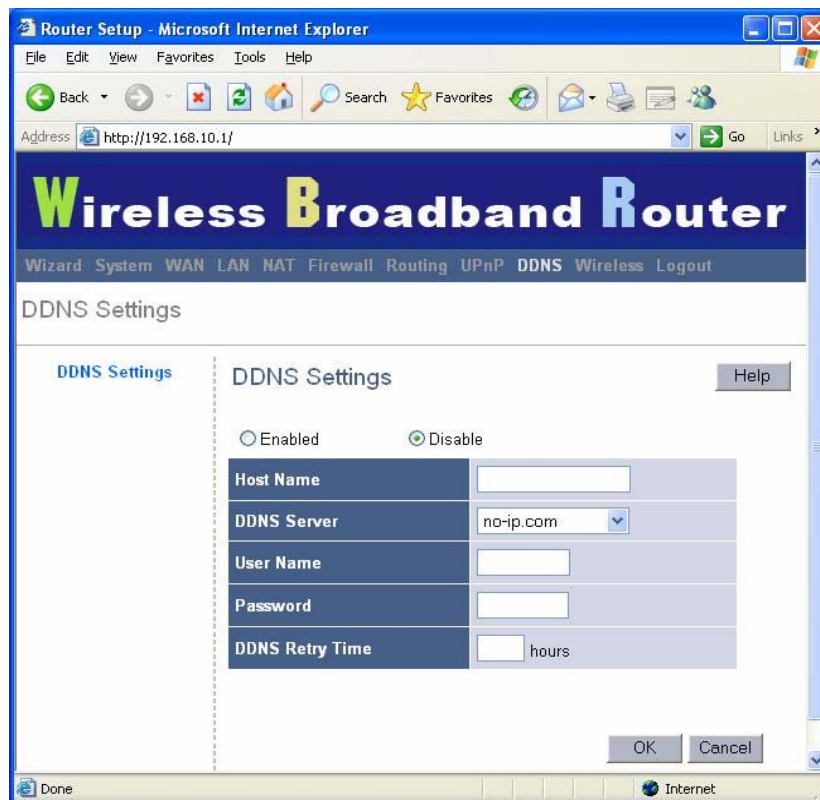
The Port Mappings window displays all UPnP ports mapping information.



## **3.9 DDNS**

### DDNS (Dynamic DNS)

DDNS (Dynamic DNS) provides you on the Internet with a method to tie their domain name to a computer or server. DDNS allows your domain name to follow your IP address automatically by having your DNS records changed when your IP address changes.

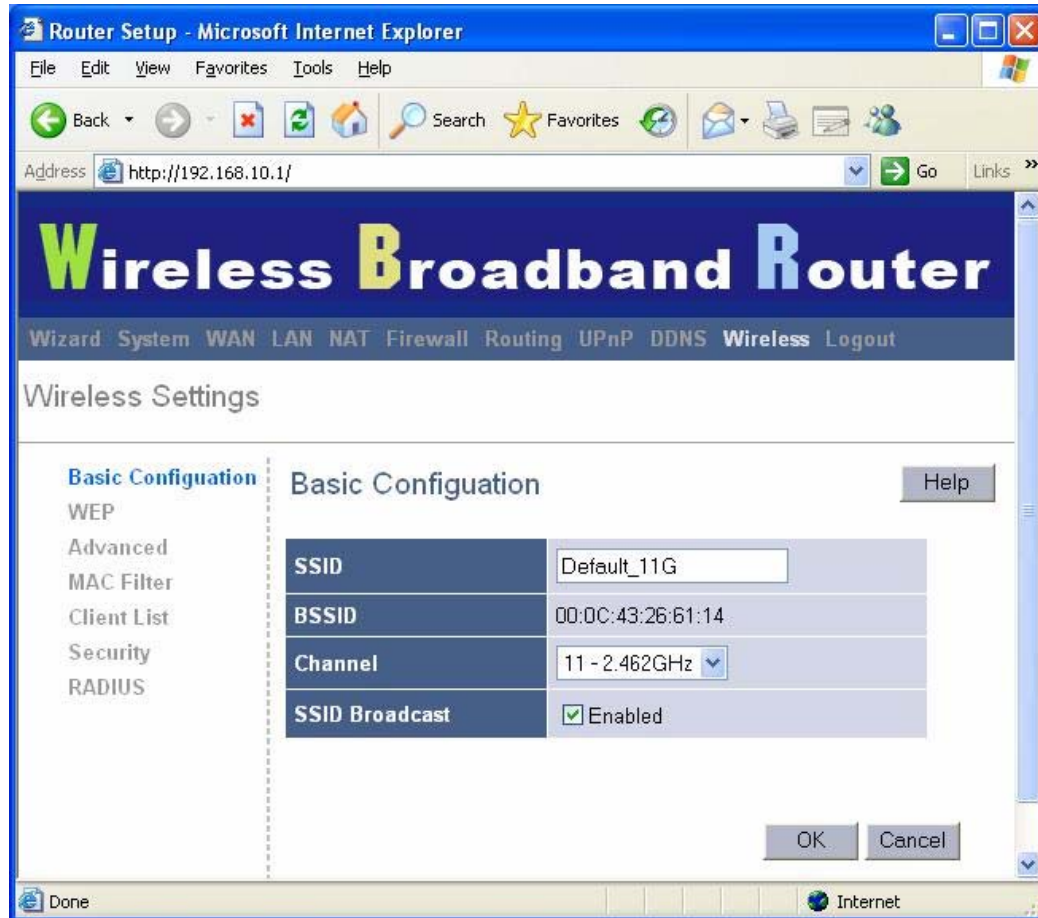


**DDNS:** Enable/Disable the DDNS function of this router.

## 3.10 Wireless

### Basic Configuration

The Basic Configuration window allows user to set wireless SSID, Channel and enable/disable SSID Broadcast.



**SSID:** SSID (Service Set Identifier) is the network name (by default: Default\_11G). It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 characters. To communicate, all wireless devices in the network should share the same SSID.

**BSSID:** Basic Service Set Identification. BSSID is used to identify the name of an ad-hoc wireless network.

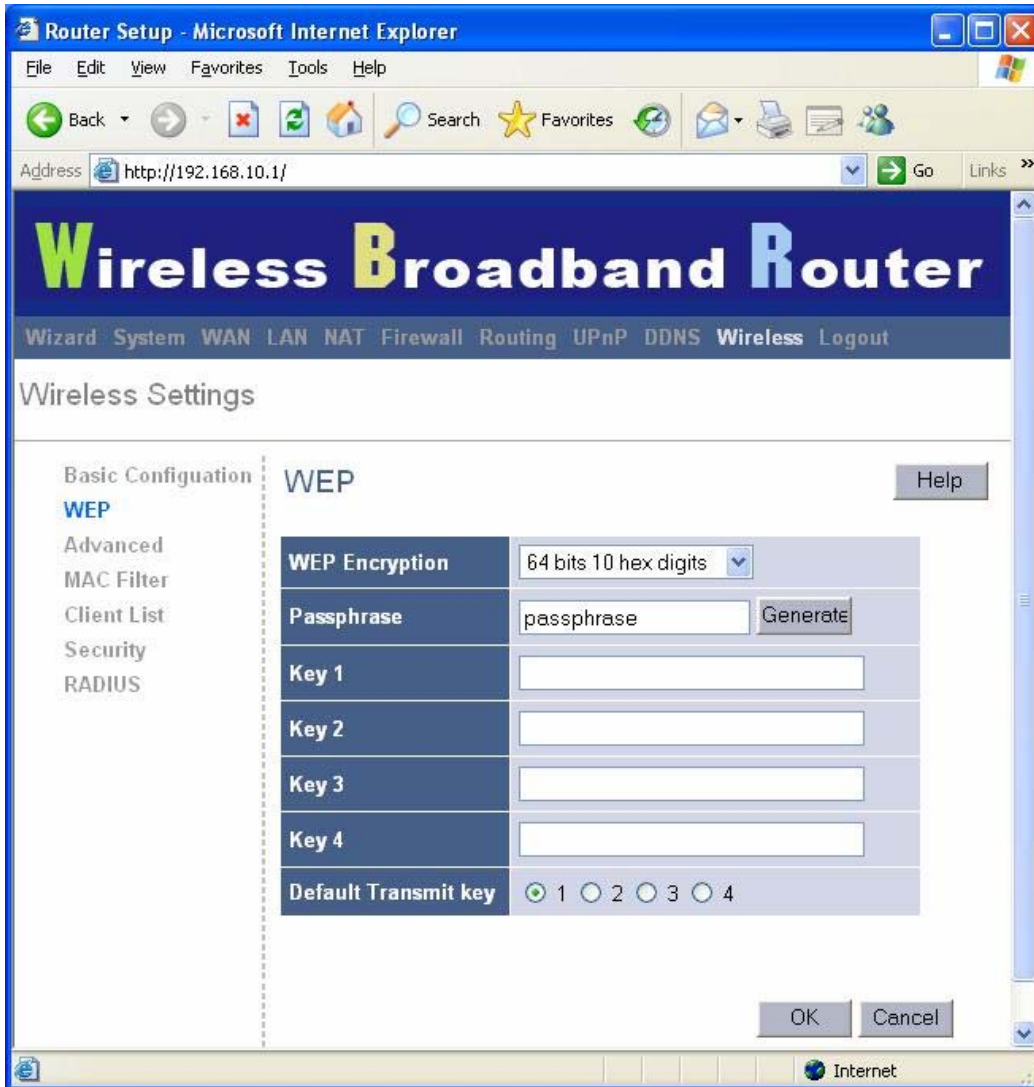
**Channel:** The channel used by the wireless LAN (by default: channel 6). All devices in the same wireless LAN should use the same channel.

**SSID Broadcast:** To enable or disable SSID broadcast function.



## WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy)

The WEP window allows user to set up wireless WEP settings, such as set WEP key length and generate new key. It's a secure data transmission that protects wireless LAN from casual eavesdropping.



**WEP Encryption:** You may disable or enable the WEP function from the setting item. The selections in the setting item are changed based on the key format.

**Passphrase:** The name of the set of WEP keys.

**Key 1 - Key 4:** The WEP keys are used to encrypt data transmitted in the wireless network. Fill the text box by following the rules below. 64-bit WEP: input 10-digit Hex values (in the "AF", "a-f" and "0-9" range) or 5-digit ASCII character as the encryption keys. 128-bit WEP: input 26-digit Hex values (in the "A-F", "a-f" and "0-9" range) or 13-digit ASCII characters as the encryption keys.

**Default Transmit key:** To select which key to be the default key for the router.

## Advanced

The Advanced window allows user to set up wireless broadband router's advanced wireless settings, such as Regulatory Domain, Beacon Period, RTS Threshold, Fragmentation, DTIM Period, Basic Rate Set, TX Rates and Preamble.

Setting	Value	Default / Range
Rate Mode	Mixed	
Regulatory Domain	Auto (channel 1-14)	
Authentication Type	Open System	
Beacon Period	100	(Default: 100, Milliseconds, Range: 1 - 65535)
RTS Threshold	2347	(Default: 2347, Range: 0 - 2347)
Fragmentation	2346	(Default: 2346, Range: 256 - 2346)
DTIM Period	1	(Default: 3, Range: 1 - 255)
Basic Rate Set	Default(1-2-5.5-11)	
Control Tx Rates	Auto	
CTS Protection	Auto	
Preamble	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Long Preamble <input type="radio"/> Short Preamble	
Tx Burst	Enable	
Packet Aggregation	Enable	
Antenna	Diversity	

**Rate Mode:** Allow user to select the rate mode. The choice has Disable, B-Only, Mexed, G-Only.

**Regulatory Domain:** Allows user to select the region wireless broadband router is located. The router's Default setting is Auto that means router will automatically adjust which regulatory

domain it will operate with.

**Authentication Type:** Allow user to select Authentication Type. The choice has Open System, Shared key, and Auto.

**Beacon Period:** This value represents the time interval between beacons broadcast by the AP.

**RTS Threshold:** This value represents the minimum size of data frames above which Request-To-Send (RTS) protocol is used. RTS helps to prevent data collision from hidden nodes.

**Fragmentation:** For efficient high-traffic situations, large files are split into fragments. This parameter specifies the default packet size.

**DTIM Period:** This parameter specifies the number of beacon intervals between successive Delivery Traffic Indication Maps (DTIMs).

**Basic Rate Set:** Basic data transfer rate.

**Control Tx Rates:** The value is between 1Mbps to 54Mbps.

**CTS Protection:** CTS Protection Mode boosts your gateway's ability to intercept Wireless-G and 802.11b transmissions. Conversely, CTS Protection Mode decreases performance.

**Preamble:** Either Short (72 bits) or Long (144 bits).

**Tx Burst:** This setting allow user to enable or disable Tx Burst.

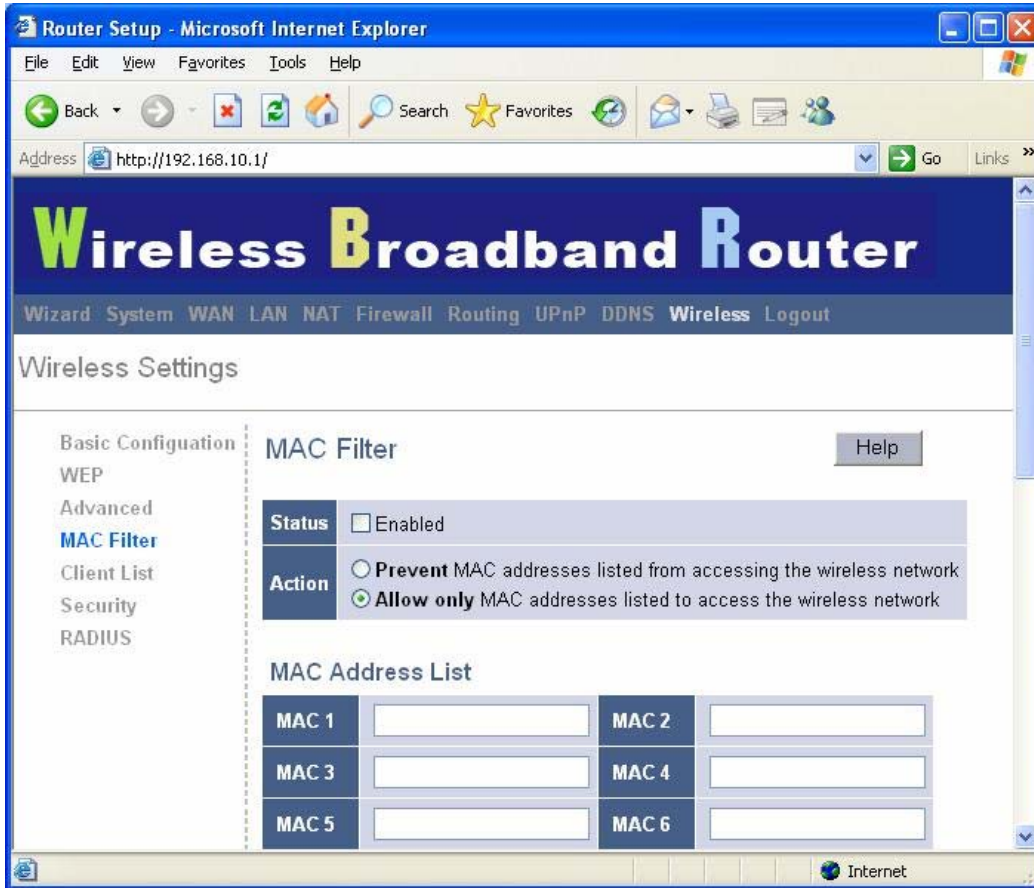
**Packet Aggregation:** This setting allow user to enable or disable Packet Aggregation.

**Antenna:** User can choose different Antenna setting which as Diversity, Antenna 1, or Antenna 2.



## **MAC Filter**

The MAC Filter window allows user to set wireless broadband router to allow/prevent devices from listed MAC addresses to access the router.

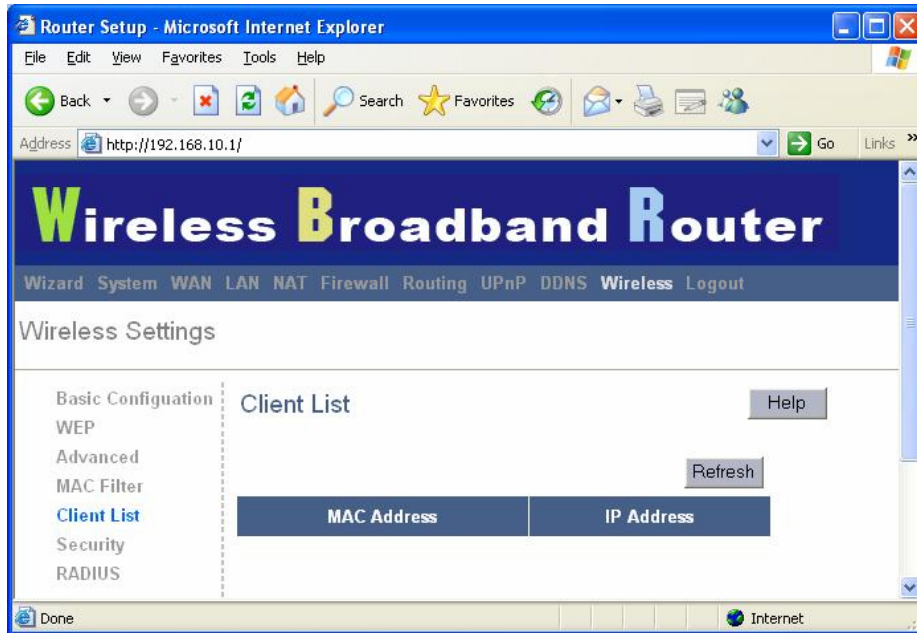


**MAC Address Filter:** This field allows user to select whether the broadband wireless router allows the MAC address to access the wireless network or prevent the MAC address to access the wireless network.

**MAC Address List:** Enter the MAC addresses for the router filtering function.

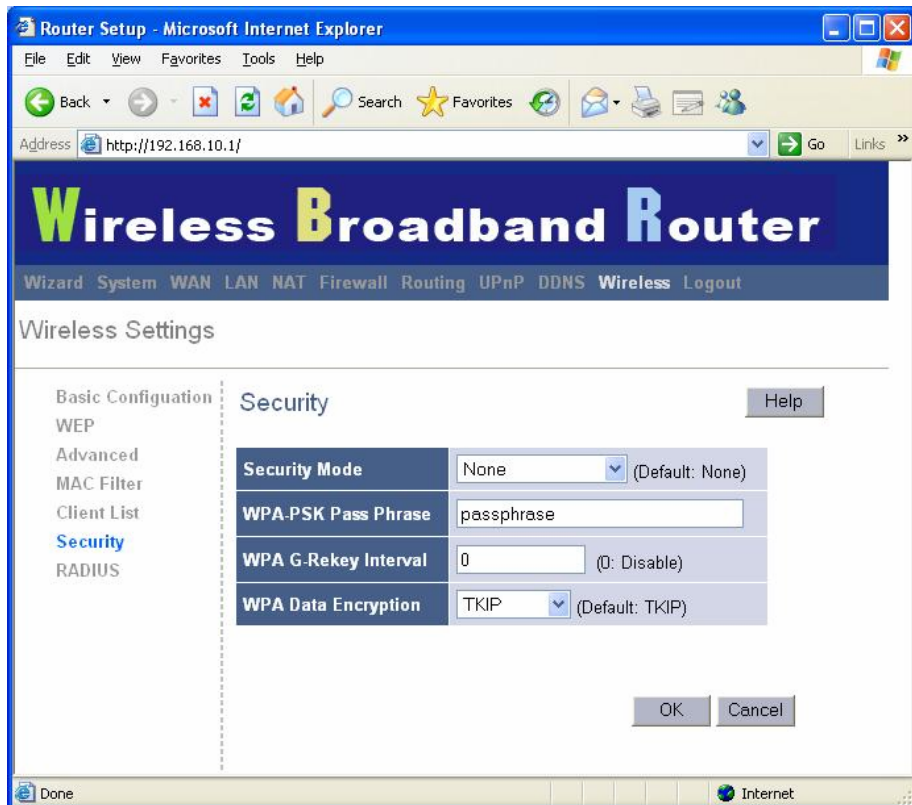
## Client List

The Client List windows displays all the clients connect to wireless broadband router.



## Security

The Security Setting window allows user to set up wireless security settings, such as Security Mode, WPA-PSK Pass Phrase, WPA G-Rekey Interval and WPA Data Encryption.



**Security Mode:** Select whether the broadband wireless router operates without any security mode or with WEP, WPA and WPA-PSK mode.

**WPA-PSK Pass phrase:** The name for WPA-PSK mode.

**WPA G-Rekey Interval:** Enter the time period the broadband wireless router changes WPA G-Rekey.

**WPA Data Encryption:** Select whether the broadband wireless router uses TKIP or AES data encryption.

## RADIUS

The Radius Settings windows allows user to set up wireless broadband router's Radius server, such as Radius Server (server IP address), Radius Server Port, Shared Secret (like password) and Confirm Shared Secret (confirm password).

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "Router Setup - Microsoft Internet Explorer" with the address bar showing "http://192.168.10.1/". The main content area displays the "Wireless Broadband Router" interface. A navigation menu at the top includes "Wizard", "System", "WAN", "LAN", "NAT", "Firewall", "Routing", "UPnP", "DDNS", "Wireless", and "Logout". The "Wireless Settings" section is active, and the "RADIUS" tab is selected. On the left, a sidebar lists configuration options: "Basic Configuration", "WEP", "Advanced", "MAC Filter", "Client List", "Security", and "RADIUS" (highlighted). The main RADIUS configuration area contains four fields: "Radius Server" (0.0.0.0), "Radius Server Port" (1812), "Shared Secret" (masked with dots), and "Confirm Shared Secerte" (masked with dots). A "Help" button is located to the right of the "RADIUS" title. At the bottom right, there are "OK" and "Cancel" buttons.

**Radius Server:** Enter the Radius (Remote Authentication Dial-In user Service) server IP address.

**Radius Server Port:** Enter the Raduis server port number.

**Shared Secret:** Enter the password for the Radius server.

**Confirm Shared Secerte:** Confirm the password for the Radius server.

### 3.11 Wizard

#### Host Settings

The Host Settings window allows user to configure basic settings of wireless broadband router, such as Host Name, Domain Name, Time Zone and Daylight Saving. Click “**Next**” to update WAN settings.

Router Setup - Microsoft Internet Explorer  
Address: http://192.168.10.1/

# Wireless Broadband Router

Wizard System WAN LAN NAT Firewall Routing UPnP DDNS Wireless Logout

## Wizard

- 1. Host Settings**
2. WAN Settings
3. DNS

Host Name	Wireless_Router
Domain Name	Router
Time Zone	(GMT+08:00) Hong Kong, Perth, Singapore, Taipei
Daylight Saving	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled From: FEB 2 To: FEB 2

Next

**Host Name:** Enter a hostname if it provided by the ISP (Default: Wireless\_Router).

**Domain Name:** Enter a Domain Name if it provided by the ISP (Default: Router).

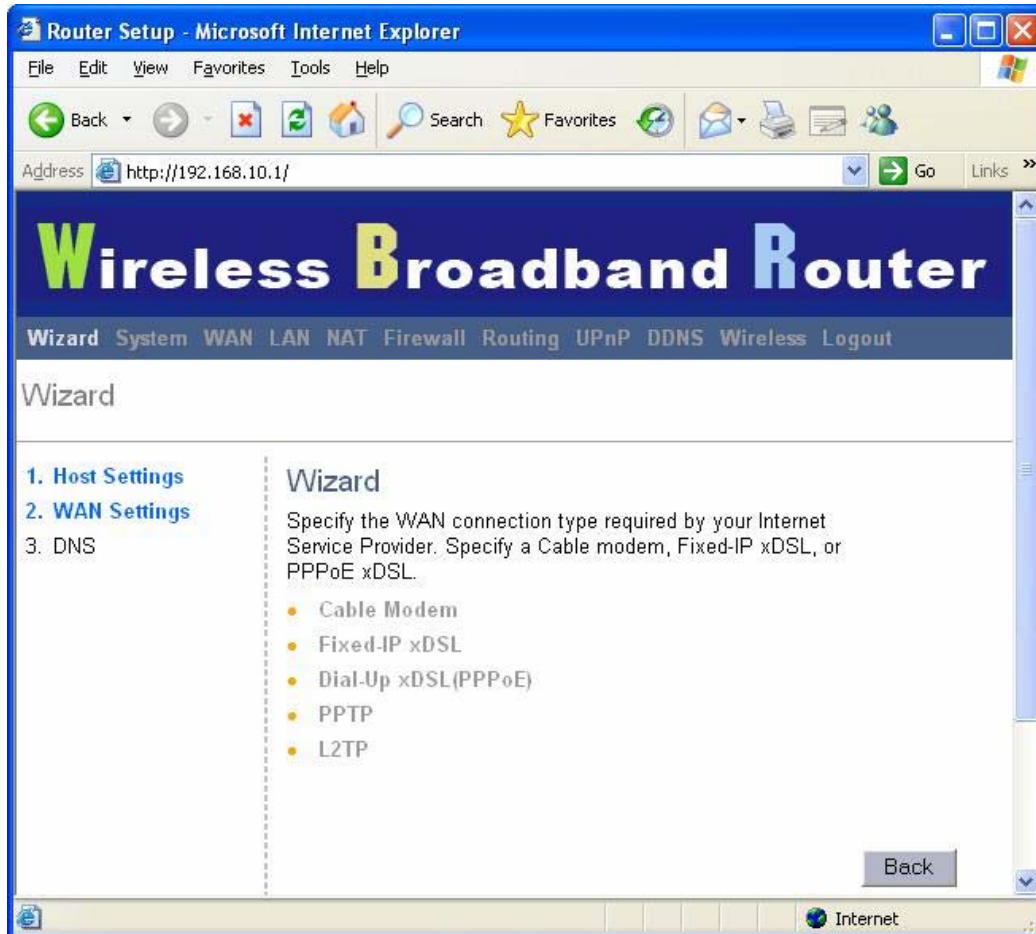
**Time Zone:** Select the time zone of the country you are currently in. The router will set its time based on your selection.

**Daylight Saving:** The router can also take Daylight savings into account. If you wish to use this function, you must check/tick the enable box to enable your daylight saving configuration.

**Next:** Click **Next** to update WAN settings.

## WAN Settings

The WAN Settings window allows user to specify the WAN connection type, such as Cable Modem, Fixed-IP xDSL, or PPPoE xDSL. After you setup the connection settings, click **Next** to update the DNS settings.



**Cable Modem:** If your broadband wireless router connects to the cable modem, click Cable Modem to enable/disable the MAC cloning function (MAC address is provided by your ISP).

**Fixed-IP xDSL:** If your broadband wireless router connects to the Fixed-IP xDSL, click Fixed-IP xDSL to enter the IP address and gateway address are provided by ISP.

**Dial-Up xDSL (PPPoE):** If your broadband wireless router connects to the Dial-Up xDSL, click Dial-Up xDSL to enter the login information is provided by ISP.

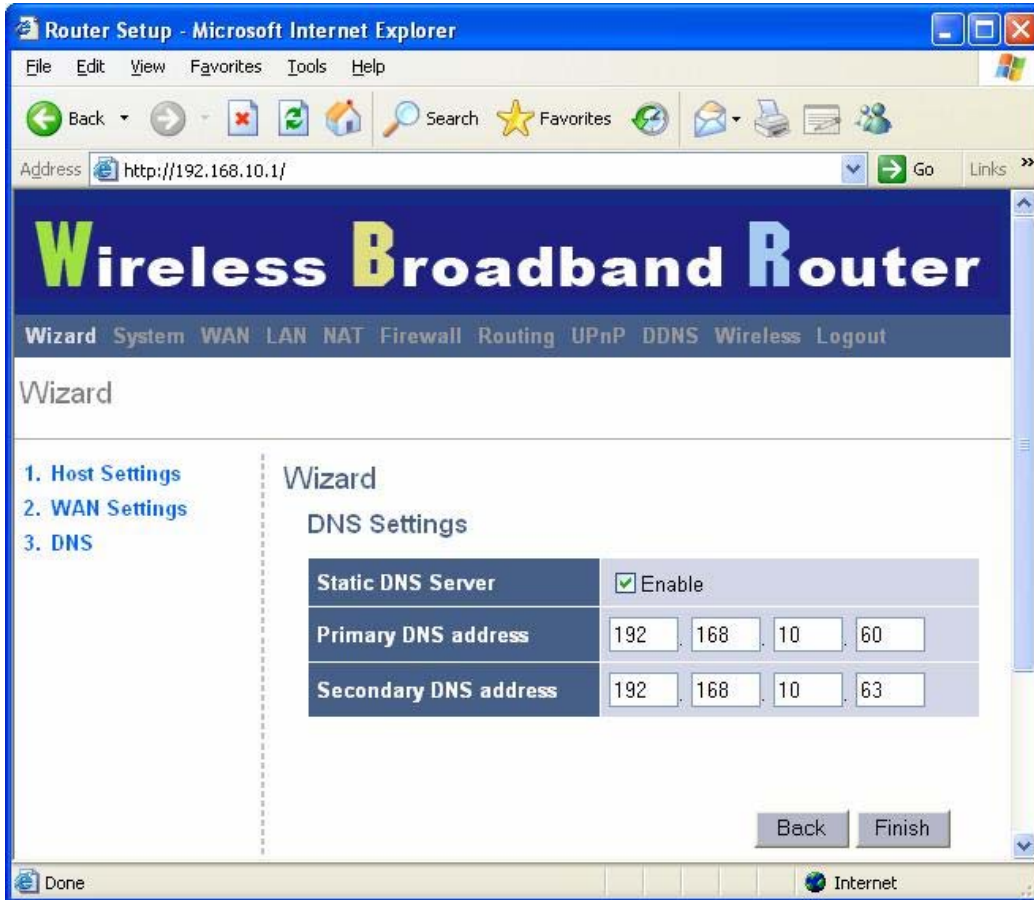
**PPTP:** If your broadband wireless router connects through the PPTP, click PPTP to enter the login information is provided by ISP.

**L2TP:** If your broadband wireless router connects through the L2TP, click L2TP to enter the login information is provided by ISP.



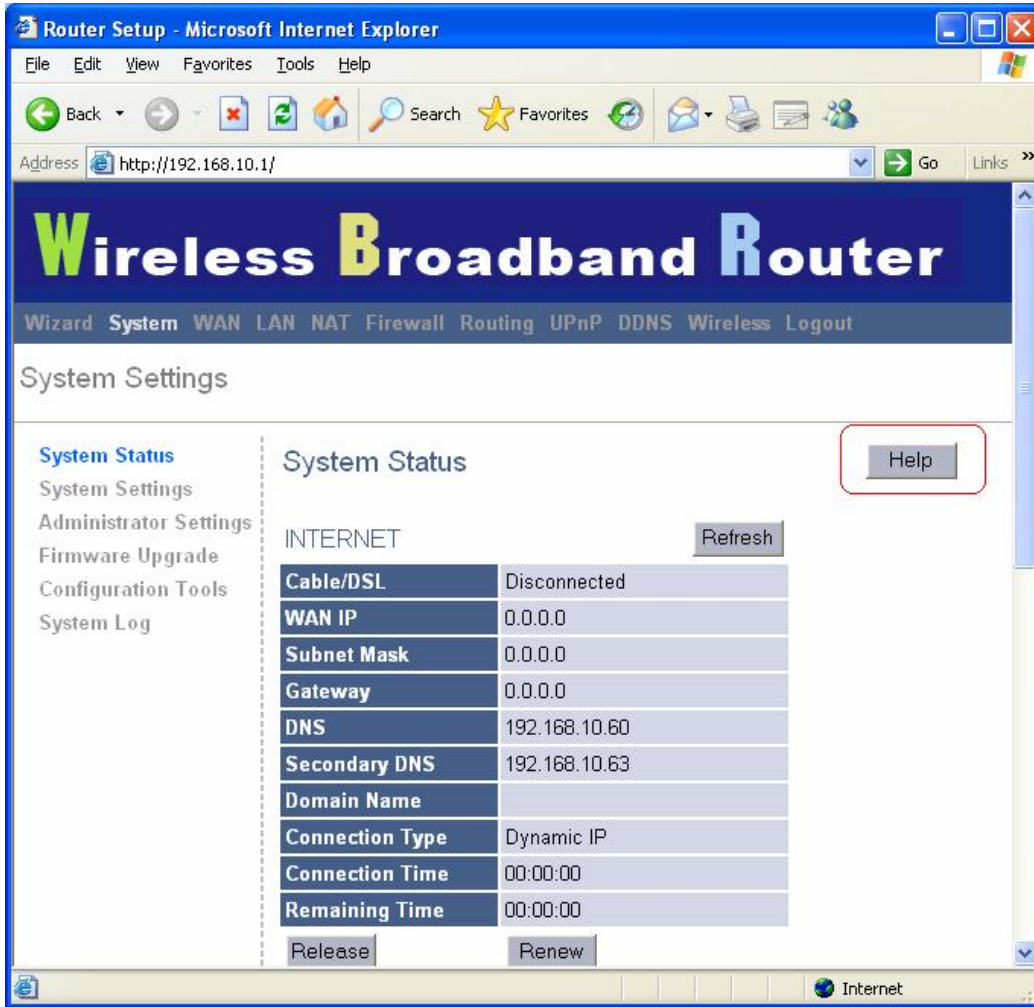
## DNS

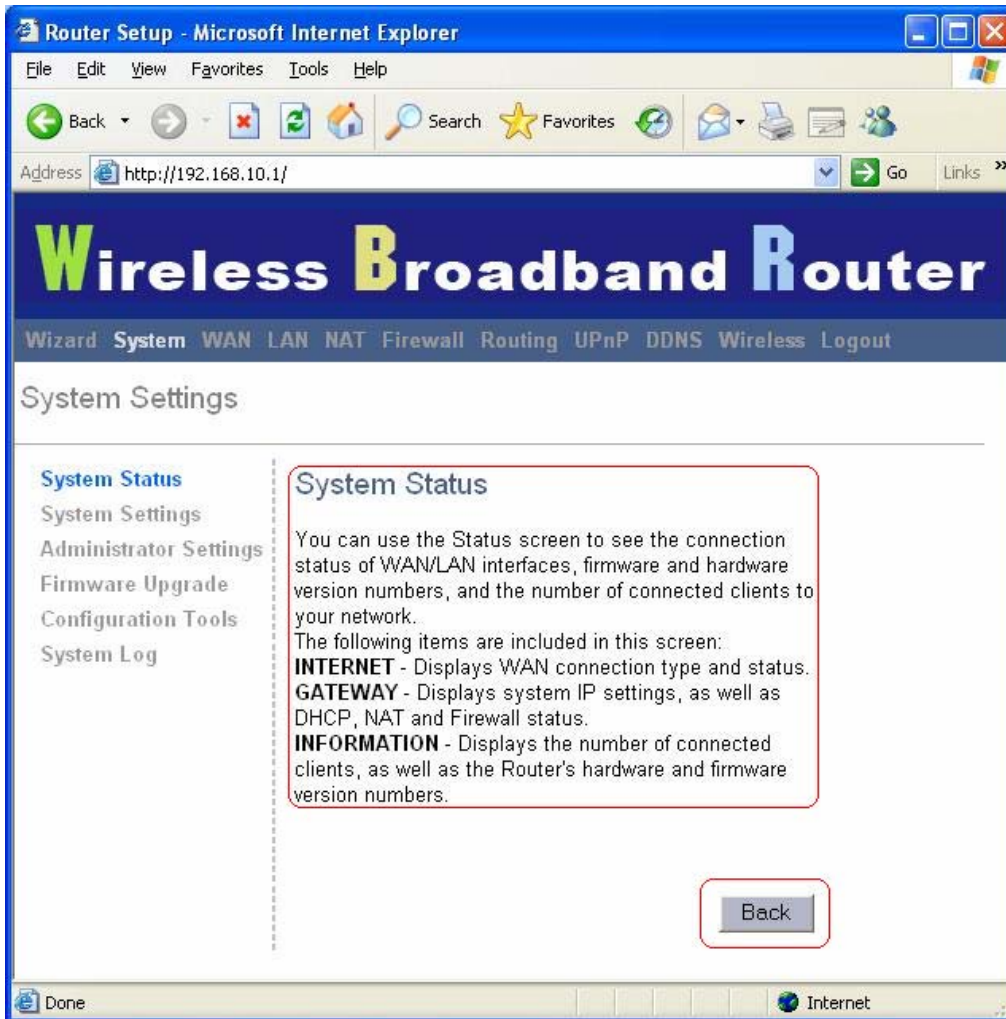
You can update the DNS settings only if you enabled the DNS server under the WAN configuration page (please refer DNS configuration in page 31). After you change the DNS configurations, click **Finish** to update the DNS settings of the broadband wireless router.



### 3.12 Help

Click **Help** on the Top-right button of each Web-based Utility section to connect Help screen. On the Help screen, you can see each Web-based Utility of wireless broadband router. The wireless broadband router functions are described and some technology terms are listed too.





### 3.13 Logout

Click **Logout** in the task bar to initiate wireless broadband router logout process.



Click **OK** to logout the wireless broadband router utility.





## 4. Troubleshooting

This chapter covers some common problems that user may encounter while accessing the wireless router and some possible solutions for them. If you follow the suggested instructions to configure the wireless router, but router still does not function properly, please contact your local dealer for assistance.

### Q1) Cannot connect to the wireless router.

**Ans:** Check the following.

- a) If the wireless router is properly installed, if LAN connections are OK, and if wireless Router is powered on.
- b) Ensure that your PC and wireless router are on the same network segment.
- c) If your PC is set to "Obtain an IP Address automatically" (DHCP client), restart it.
- d) If your PC uses a Fixed (Static) IP address, ensure that it is using an IP Address within the range **192.168.10.2** to **192.168.10.254** and thus compatible with the wireless router's default IP Address of **192.168.10.1**. Also, the Network Mask should be set to **255.255.255.0** to match the wireless router. In Windows, you can check these settings by using "**Control Panel → Network**" to check the "**Properties**" for the TCP/IP protocol.

### Q2) When I enter a URL or IP address I get a timed out error.

**Ans:** A number of things could be causing this. Try the following troubleshooting steps.

- a) Check if other PCs work. If they do, ensure that your PCs IP settings are correct. If using a fixed (static) IP address, check the Network Mask, Default gateway, and DNS as well as the IP Address.
- b) If the PCs are configured correctly, but still not working, check the wireless router. Ensure that it is connected and on. Connect to it and check its settings. If you can't connect to it, check the LAN and power connections.
- c) If the wireless router is configured correctly, check your Internet connection (DSL/cable modem etc) to see that it is working correctly.

### Q3) Some applications do not run properly when using the wireless router.

**Ans:** The wireless router processes the data passing through it, so it is not transparent.

Use the Special Applications feature to allow the use of Internet applications that do not function correctly. For example, you can use DMZ function, this should work with almost every application but there is a security risk since firewall is disabled and only one PC can be used in this feature.

### Q4) My PC cannot locate the wireless router.

**Ans:** Check the following.

- a) If your PC is set to Infrastructure Mode, because the router is always in Infrastructure Mode.
- b) If the SSID on your PC and wireless router are the same. Remember that the SSID is case-sensitive.
- c) If both of your PC and wireless router have the same WEP settings. The default setting for the wireless router is disabled, so your wireless station should also have WEP disabled.
- d) If WEP is enabled on the wireless router, your PC must have WEP enabled, and the key tables (64/128 bit encryption) must match.
- e) If the wireless router's wireless screen is set to allow LAN access to select wireless stations only, then each of your wireless stations must have been selected or access will be blocked.
- f) To see if radio interference is causing a problem, check if connection is possible when close to the wireless router. Remember that the transmission range can be as short as 100 feet in poor environment.

**Q5) Wireless connection speed is very slow.**

**Ans:** A wireless system transmission speed depends on the distance and the environment.

To obtain the highest possible connection speed, you can try the followings:

- a) Try to adjust wireless router location and orientation.
- b) If there are interference problems, change to another wireless channel.
- c) If other devices cause the interference, you should turn off that device or relocate it.

**Q6) The "Status" light is ON (steady Green) after power on, it means the router is hung**

**Ans:** Please disconnect the power adapter from the power jack on the router and reconnect the power adapter again to the router, check if the "Status" light is flashing normally.

If you have any troubles to configure or setup this WLAN adapter, please feel free to contact us.

Before contacting us, make sure collect following information. Submit complete detailed information of your problem will help us to provide you accurate answers.

Model Name:

Serial Number:

PC Settings:

Other:

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