AmbiCom Wireless-N Broadband Router AmbiCom Wireless-N Broadband Router Kit

Model:

WL250N-AR

WL250-KIT

User's Manual

Version: 1.0 (November, 2008)

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Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

FCC Part 15

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- 1. Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- 2. Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- 3. Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- 4. Consult the dealer or an experienced radio technician for help.

FCC Caution

This equipment must be installed and operated in accordance with provided instructions and a minimum 20 cm spacing must be provided between computer mounted antenna and person's body (excluding extremities of hands, wrist and feet) during wireless modes of operation.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the authority to operate equipment.

Federal Communication Commission (FCC) Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure set forth for an uncontrolled environment. In order to avoid the possibility of exceeding the FCC radio frequency exposure limits, human proximity to the antenna shall not be less than 20cm (8 inches) during normal operation.

The antenna(s) used for this transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

The equipment version marketed in US is restricted to usage of the channels 1-11 only.

R&TTE Compliance Statement

This equipment complies with all the requirements of DIRECTIVE 1999/5/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL of March 9, 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunication terminal Equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity (R&TTE).

The R&TTE Directive repeals and replaces in the directive 98/13/EEC (Telecommunications Terminal Equipment and Satellite Earth Station Equipment) As of April 8, 2000.

Safety

This equipment is designed with the utmost care for the safety of those who install and use it. However, special attention must be paid to the dangers of electric shock and static electricity when working with electrical equipment. All guidelines of this and of the computer manufacture must therefore be allowed at all times to ensure the safe use of the equipment.

EU Countries Intended for Use

The ETSI version of this device is intended for home and office use in Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, and the United Kingdom.

The ETSI version of this device is also authorized for use in EFTA member states: Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway, and Switzerland.

EU Countries Not intended for use

None.

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CHAPTER I: PRODUCT INFORMATION

1-1 Introduction And Safety Information

Thank you for purchasing this wireless broadband router! This high cost-efficiency router is the best choice for *Small office* / *Home office* users, all computers and network devices can share a single xDSL / cable modem Internet connection at high speed. Easy install procedures allows any computer users to setup a network environment in very short time - within minutes, even inexperienced. When the number of your computers and network-enabled devices grow, you can also expand the number of network slot by simple attach a hub or switch, to extend the scope of your network!

With built-in IEEE 802.11b/g/Draft-N wireless network capability, all computers and wireless-enabled network devices (including PDA, cellular phone, game console, and more!) can connect to this wireless router without additional cabling. Draft-N wireless capability also gives you the highest speed of wireless experience ever! With a compatible wireless card installed in your PC, you can transfer file for up to 300Mbps (transfer data rate)! The radio coverage is also extended!

Other features of this router including:

- Allow multiple users to share a single Internet line
- Supports up to 253 users
- Share a single Cable or xDSL internet connection
- Access private LAN servers from the internet
- Four wired LAN ports (10/100M) and one WAN port (10/100M)
- Provides IEEE 802.11b/g/Draft-N wireless LAN capability
- Support DHCP (Server/Client) for easy IP-address setup
- Support multiple wireless modes like: AP, Station-Infrastructure, Wireless Bridge and Universal Repeater.
- Advanced network and security features like: Special Applications, QoS, DMZ, Virtual Servers, Access Control,
 Firewall.
- Allow you to monitor the router's status like: DHCP Client Log, System Log, Security Log and Device/Connection Status
- Easy to use Web-based GUI for network configuration and management purposes
- Remote management function allows configuration and upgrades from a remote computer (over the Internet)
- Auto MDI / MDI-X function for all wired Ethernet ports.

1-2 Safety Information

In order to keep the safety of users and your properties, please follow the following safety instructions:

- 1. This router is designed for indoor use only; DO NOT place this router outdoor.
- 2. DO NOT put this router at or near hot or humid places, like kitchen or bathroom.
- 3. DO NOT pull any connected cable with force; disconnect it from the router first.
- 4. If you want to place this router at high places or hang on the wall, please make sure the router is firmly secured. Falling from high places would damage the router and its accessories, and warranty will be voided.
- 5. Accessories of this router, like antenna and power supply, are danger to small children. They may put the small parts in their nose or month and it could cause serious damage to them. KEEP THIS ROUTER OUT THE REACH OF CHILDREN!
- 6. The router will become hot when being used for long time (This is normal and is not a malfunction). DO NOT put this router on paper, cloth, or other flammable materials. DO NOT block the vents.
- 7. There's no user-serviceable part inside the router. If the router is not working properly, please contact your dealer of purchase and ask for help. DO NOT disassemble the router, warranty will be voided.
- 8. If the router falls into water when it's powered, DO NOT use your hand to pick it up. Switch the electrical power off before you do anything, or contact an experienced technician for help.
- 9. If you smell something strange, or even see some smoke coming out from the router or power supply, remove the power supply or switch the electrical power off immediately, and call dealer of purchase for help.

1-3 System Requirements

- Internet connection, provided by xDSL or cable modem with a RJ-45 Ethernet port.
- Computer or network devices with wired or wireless network interface card.
- Web browser (Microsoft Internet Explorer 4.0 or above, Netscape Navigator 4.7 or above, Opera web browser, or Safari web browser).
- An available AC power socket (100 240V, 50/60Hz)

1-4 Package Contents

Before you starting to use this router, please check if there's anything missing in the package, and contact your dealer of
purchase to claim for missing items:
□ Broadband router (1 pcs)
□ Quick installation guide (1 pcs)
□ CD-Rom for user manual and other wireless product drivers (1 pcs)
□ A/C power adapter (1 pcs)
□ Broadband router stand (1 pcs)
If you have purchase this router as part of the Wireless-N Kit, you will also receive
□ AmbiCom Wireless-N USB Dongle (1 pcs)

1-5 Familiar With Your New Wireless Broadband Router

Front Panel

LED Name	Light Status	Description	
POWER	On	Router is switched on and correctly powered.	
On Wireless WPS function is enabled		Wireless WPS function is enabled.	
WLAN	Off	Wireless network is switched off.	
Flashing Wire		Wireless LAN activity (transferring or receiving data).	
	On	WAN port is connected.	
WAN	Off	WAN port is not connected.	
	Flashing	WAN activity (transferring or receiving data).	
	On	LAN port is connected.	
LAN 1-4	Off	LAN port is not connected.	
	Flashing	LAN activity (transferring or receiving data).	

Back Panel

Item Name	Description	
Antenna A / B	These antennas are 3dBi dipole antennas.	
Radio ON / OFF	Switch the button to activate or deactivate the wireless functions.	
	Press and hold this button for 10 or more seconds to restore all settings to factory defaults. POWER LED	
Reset / WPS	should flash rapidly.	
	Press and hold this button for less than 5 seconds to start WPS function.	
1 - 4	Local Area Network (LAN) ports 1 to 4. Connect to computer.	
WAN	Wide Area Network (WAN / Internet) port.	
Power	Power connector, connects to A/C power adapter.	

CHAPT ER II: SYSTEM AND NETWORK SETUP

2-1 Connecting Your Devices

Follow the instructions here to connect your computer and other devices to your new wireless router.

- 1. Connect your xDSL / cable modem to the WAN port of router by using an Ethernet cable.
- 2. Connect all your computers, network devices (game console, switch / hub) to the LAN port of the router.
- 3. Connect the A/C power adapter to the wall socket, and then connect it to the 'Power' connector of the router.
- 4. Please check all LEDs on the front panel. The 'POWER' LED should be steadily on, WAN and LAN LEDs should be on if the computer / network device connected to the respective port of the router is powered on and correctly connected. If POWED LED is not on, or any LED you expected is not on, please recheck the cabling, or refer to '4-2 Troubleshooting' for possible reasons and solution.

2-2 Connecting To Wireless Broadband Router By Web Browser

After the above steps in 2-1. The next step you should do is to setup the router with proper network parameters, so it can be worked properly in your network environment. Before you can connect to the router and start the configuration procedures, your computer must obtained an IP address automatically from the router's DHCP server feature. If your computer is setup to use static IP address, or you are unsure, please follow the steps below:

If the operating system of your computer is....

Windows 95/98/Me - please go to section 2-2-1
Windows 2000 - please go to section 2-2-2
Windows XP - please go to section 2-2-3
Windows Vista - please go to section 2-2-4

2-2-1 Windows 95/98/Me IP Address Setup:

- 1. Click the 'Start' button (it should be located at lower-left corner of your computer), then click control panel. Double-click the *Network* icon. The *Network* window will appear. Select 'TCP/IP', then click 'Properties'.
- 2. Select 'Obtain an IP address from a DHCP server' and then click 'OK'.

2-2-2 Windows 2000 IP Address Setup:

- Click the 'Start' button (it should be located at lower-left corner of your computer), then click control panel. Double-click the Network and Dial-up Connections icon; click Local Area Connection. The Local Area Connection Properties window will appear. Select 'Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)' and then click 'Properties'.
- Select 'Obtain an IP address automatically' and 'Obtain DNS server address automatically', then click 'OK'.

2-2-3 Windows XP IP Address Setup:

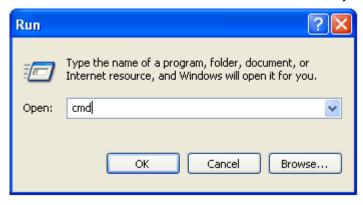
- Click the 'Start' button (it should be located at lower-left corner of your computer), then click control panel. Double-click the Network and Internet Connections icon, click Network Connections, then double-click Local Area Connection. The Local Area Connection Status window will appear, and then click 'Properties'.
- Select 'Obtain an IP address automatically' and 'Obtain DNS server address automatically', then click 'OK'.

2-2-4 Windows Vista IP address setup:

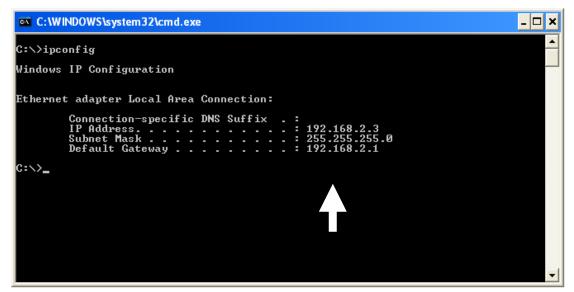
- 2. Select 'Obtain an IP address automatically' and 'Obtain DNS server address automatically', then click 'OK'.

2-2-5 Router IP Address Lookup

1. Click 'Start' -> 'Run' at the bottom-lower corner of your desktop, then type cmd, and click 'OK'.



2. Input 'ipconfig', then press the 'Enter' key on your keyboard. Please note the 'Default Gateway' IP address (In this example, the IP address of router is 192.168.2.1, *please note that this value may be different.*)

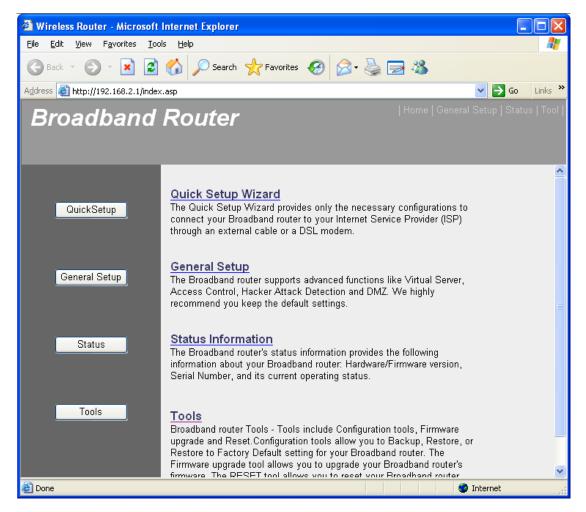


NOTE: If the IP address of 'Default Gateway' is not displayed, or the address followed by 'IP Address' begins with '169', please recheck network connection between your computer and router, and / or go to the beginning of this chapter, to recheck every step of network setup procedure. Alternatively, you can also reboot the computer and try this steps again.

3. Connect to the router's management interface by using a web browser After your computer obtained an IP address from the router, please start your web browser, and input the 'Default Gateway' IP address in address bar. The following message should be shown:

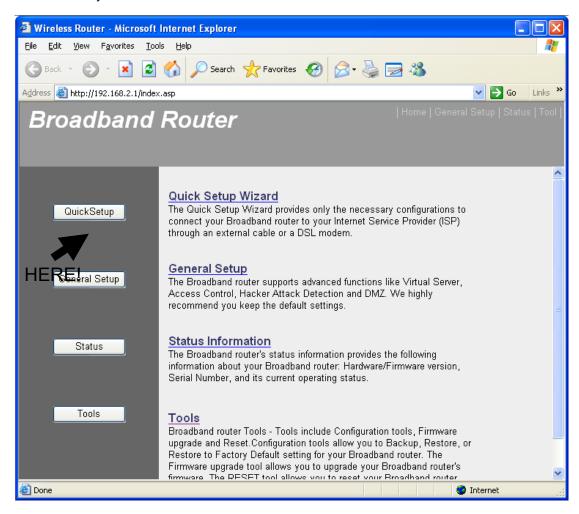


4. Please input user name and password in the field respectively, default user name is 'admin', and default password is '1234', then press the 'OK' button, and you can see the web management interface of this router.



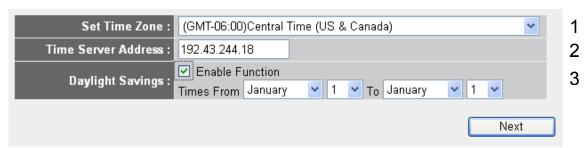
2-3 Using 'Quick Setup'

This router provides a 'Quick Setup' procedure, which will help you to complete all required settings you need to access the Internet in very short time.



And the following message will be displayed:

1. Set Time Zone



Set Time Zone (1):	Choose your time zone by clicking on the 🗡 button.
Time Server Address (2):	Input the IP address / host name of time server here. (Default)
Daylight Savings (3): Enable Daylight saving feature.	

2. Broadband Type

Broadband Type

Specify the WAN connection type required by your Internet Service Provider. Specify a Cable modern, Fixed-IP xDSL, PPPoE xDSL or PPTP xDSL connection.

O Cable Modem

A connection through a cable modern requires minimal configuration. When you set up an account with your Cable provider, the Cable provider and your Broadband router will automatically establish a connection, so you probably do not need to enter anything more.

O Fixed-IP xDSL

Some xDSL Internet Service Providers may assign a Fixed IP Address for your Broadband router. If you have been provided with this information, choose this option and enter the assigned IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway IP Address and DNS IP Address for your Broadband router.

O PPPoE xDSL

If you connect to the Internet using an xDSL Modem and your ISP has provided you with a Password and a Service Name, then your ISP uses PPPoE to establish a connection. You must choose this option and enter the required information.

O PPTP xDSL

If you connect to the Internet using an xDSL Modern and your ISP has provided you with a Password, Local IP Address, Remote IP Address and a Connection ID, then your ISP uses PPTP to establish a connection. You must choose this option and enter the required information.

O L2TP xDSL

Layer Two Tunneling Protocol is a common connection method used in xDSL connections.

O Telstra Big Pond

If your Internet service is provided by Telstra Big Pond in Australia, you will need to enter your information below, This information is provided by Teistra BigPond.

Please choose the broadband (Internet connection) type you're using. There are six types of Internet connection, they are:

NOTE: Some service providers use 'DHCP' (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) to assign IP address to you. In this case, you can choose 'Cable Modem' as Internet connection type; even you're using another connection type, like xDSL. Also, some cable modem uses PPPoE, so you can choose 'PPPoE xDSL' for such cable modem connection, even you're using a cable modem.

Cable Modem - Please go to section 2-3-1

Fixed-IP xDSL - Please go to section 2-3-2

PPPOE xDSL - Please go to section 2-3-3

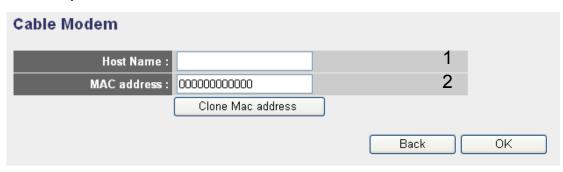
PPTP xDSL - Please go to section 2-3-4

L2TP xDSL - Please go to section 2-3-5

Telstra Big Pond - Please go to section 2-3-6

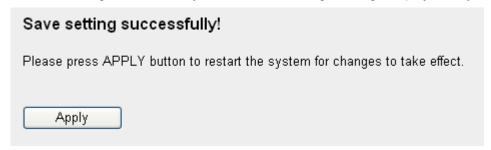
If you're not sure, please contact your Internet service provider. A wrong Internet connection type will cause connection problem, and you will not be able to connect to Internet.

2-3-1 Setup Procedures For 'Cable Modem':



Host Name (1):	Please input the host name of your computer, this is optional, and only required if your service provider
	asks you to do so.
MAC address (2):	If your service provider only permits computer with certain MAC address to access internet, please input
	MAC address of your computer here. If you're using the computer which used to connect to Internet via
	cable modem, you can simply press 'Clone Mac address' button to fill the MAC address field with the
	MAC address of your computer.

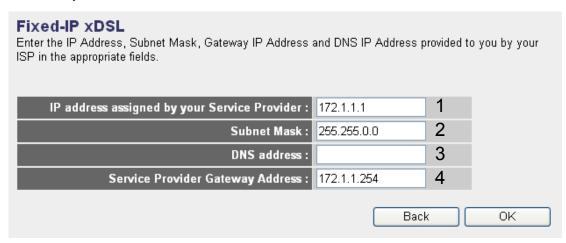
When all settings are finished, you'll see the following message displayed on your web browser:



Please click 'Apply' button to prepare to restart the router, and you'll see this message:



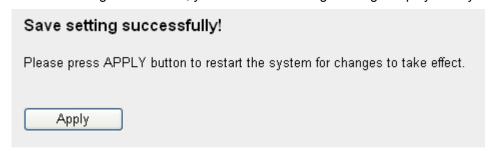
2-3-2 Setup Procedures For 'Fixed-IP xDSL':



IP address assigned by your Service Provider (1):	Please input IP address assigned service provider
Subnet Mask (2):	Please input subnet mask assigned by your service provider
DNS address (3):	Please input the IP address of DNS server provided by your service
	provider.
Service Provider Gateway Address (4):	Please input the IP address of DNS server provided by your service
	provider.

Note: You must use the addresses provided by your Internet service provider, wrong setting value will cause connection problem.

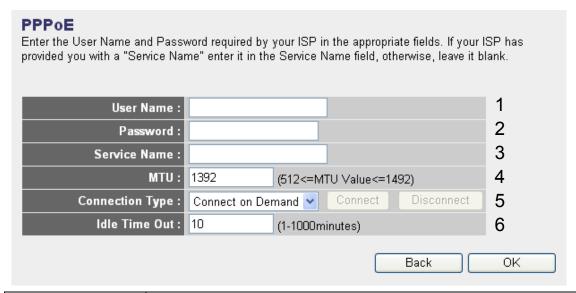
When all settings are finished, you'll see the following message displayed on your web browser:



Please click 'Apply' button to prepare to restart the router, and you'll see this message:

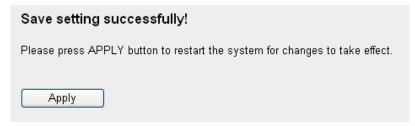


2-3-3 Setup Procedures For 'PPPoE xDSL':

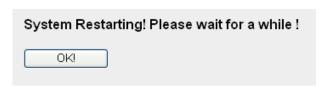


User Name (1):	Please input user name assigned by your Internet service provider here.	
Password (2):	Please input the password assigned by your Internet service provider here.	
Service Name (3):	Please give a name to this Internet service. (Optional)	
MTU (4):	Please input the MTU value of your network connection here. (Use default value if you don't know).	
Connection Type (5):	Please select the connection type of Internet connection you wish to use.	
	Continuous: Keep Internet connection alive, do not disconnect.	
	2. Connect on Demand: Only connects to Internet when there's a connect attempt	
	3. Manual: Only connects to Internet when 'Connect' button on this page is pressed, and	
	disconnects when 'Disconnect button is pressed.	
Idle Time Out (6):	Please input idle time out.	
	Specify the time to shutdown Internet connects after no internet activity is detected by minute. This	
	option is only available when connection type is 'Connect on Demand'.	

When all settings are finished, you'll see the following message displayed on your web browser:



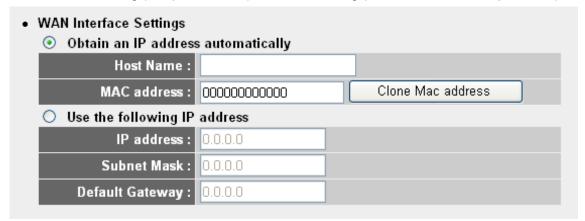
Please click 'Apply' button to prepare to restart the router, and you'll see this message:



2-3-4 Setup Procedures For 'PPTP xDSL':

PPTP xDSL requires two kinds of setting:

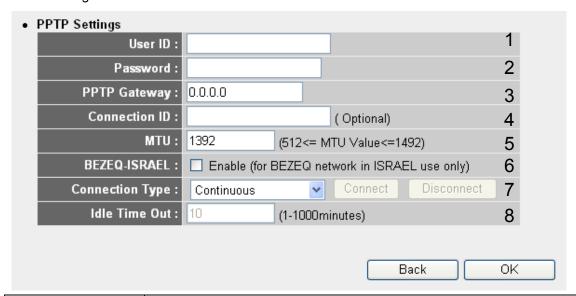
WAN interface setting (setup IP address) and PPTP setting (PPTP user name and password).



Select the type of how you obtain IP address from your service provider here. You can choose 'Obtain an IP address automatically' (equal to DHCP, please refer to 'Cable Modem' section above), or 'Use the following IP address' (i.e. static IP address).

WAN interface settings must be correctly set, or the Internet connection will fail even those settings of PPTP settings are correct. Please contact your Internet service provider if you don't know what you should fill in these fields.

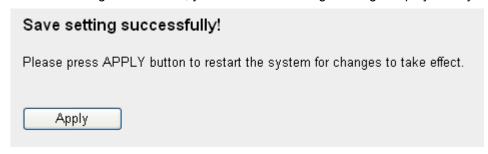
PPTP settings section:



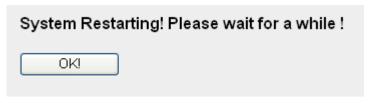
User ID (1):	Please input user ID (user name) assigned by your Internet service provider here.	
Password (2):	Please input the password assigned by your Internet service provider here.	
PPTP Gateway (3):	Please input the IP address of PPTP gateway assigned by your Internet service provider here.	
Connection ID (4):	Please input the connection ID here. (Optional)	
MTU (5):	Please input the MTU value of your network connection here. (Use default value if you don't know).	
BEZEQ-ISRAEL (6):	Check if you're using the service provided by BEZEQ network in Israel.	
Connection type (7):	Please select the connection type of Internet connection you wish to use.	
	Continuous: Keep Internet connection alive, do not disconnect.	
	2. Connect on Demand: Only connects to Internet when there's a connect attempt	

	3. Manual: Only connects to Internet when 'Connect' button on this page is pressed, and	
	disconnects when 'Disconnect button is pressed.	
Idle Time Out (8):	Please input idle time out.	
	Specify the time to shutdown Internet connects after no internet activity is detected by minute. This	
	option is only available when connection type is 'Connect on Demand'.	

When all settings are finished, you'll see the following message displayed on your web browser:



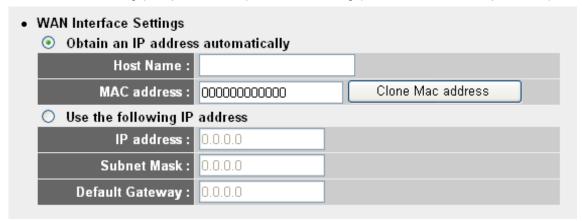
Please click 'Apply' button to prepare to restart the router, and you'll see this message:



2-3-5 Setup Procedures For 'L2TP xDSL':

L2TP xDSL requires two kinds of setting:

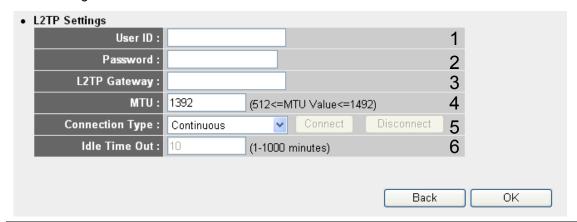
WAN interface setting (setup IP address) and L2TP setting (L2TP user name and password).



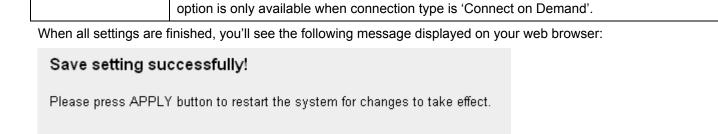
Select the type of how you obtain IP address from your service provider here. You can choose 'Obtain an IP address automatically' (equal to DHCP, please refer to 'Cable Modem' section above), or 'Use the following IP address' (i.e. static IP address).

WAN interface settings must be correctly set, or the Internet connection will fail even those settings of L2TP settings are correct. Please contact your Internet service provider if you don't know what you should fill in these fields.

L2TP settings section:

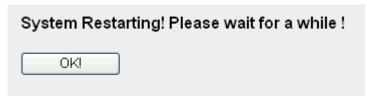


User ID (1):	Please input user ID (user name) assigned by your Internet service provider here.	
Password (2):	Please input the password assigned by your Internet service provider here.	
L2TP Gateway (3):	Please input the IP address of L2TP gateway assigned by your Internet service provider here.	
MTU (4):	Please input the MTU value of your network connection here. If you don't know, you can use default	
	value.	
Connection type (5):	Please select the connection type of Internet connection you wish to use.	
	Continuous: Keep Internet connection alive, do not disconnect.	
	2. Connect on Demand: Only connects to Internet when there's a connect attempt	
	3. Manual: Only connects to Internet when 'Connect' button on this page is pressed, and	
	disconnects when 'Disconnect button is pressed.	
Idle Time Out (6):	Please input idle time out.	



Specify the time to shutdown Internet connects after no internet activity is detected by minute. This

Please click 'Apply' button to prepare to restart the router, and you'll see this message:



Apply:

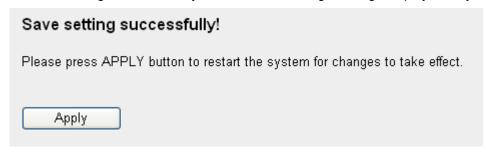
2-3-6 Setup Procedures For 'Telstra Big Pond':

Telstra Big Pond (Australia Only) If your Internet service is provided by Telstra Big Pond in Australia, you will need to enter your information below, This information is provided by Teistra BigPond.		
User Name :	1	
Password :	2	
☐ User decide login server manually	3	
Login Server : 0.0.0.0	4	
	Back OK	

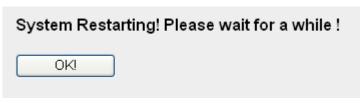
This setting only works when you're using Telstra big pond's network service in Australia.

User Name (1):	Please input the user name assigned by Telstra.
Password (2):	Please input the password assigned by Telstra.
User device login server manually (3):	Check this box to choose login server by yourself.
Login Server (4):	Please input the IP address of login server here.

When all settings are finished, you'll see the following message displayed on your web browser:

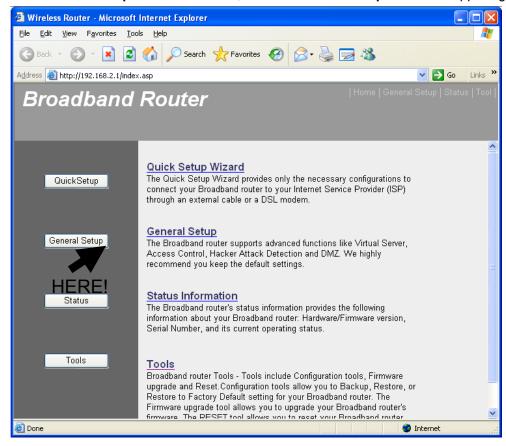


Please click 'Apply' button to prepare to restart the router, and you'll see this message:



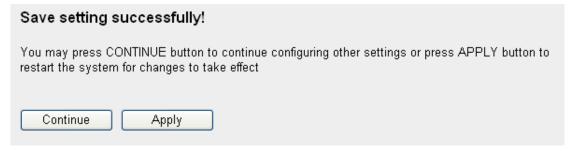
2-4 Basic Setup

Click 'General Setup' button on the left, or click 'General Setup' link at the upper-right corner of web management interface.



2-4-1 Time Zone And Time Auto-Synchronization

Please click 'System' menu on the left of web management interface, then click 'Time Zone', and the following message will be displayed on your web browser: Please select time zone at 'Set time zone' drop-down list, and input the IP address or host name of time server. If you want to enable daylight savings setting, please check 'Enable Function' box, and set the duration of daylight setting. When you finish, click 'Apply'. You'll see the following message displayed on web browser:

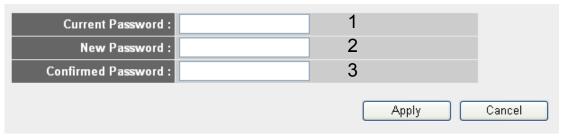


Press 'Continue' to save the settings made and back to web management interface; press 'Apply' to save the settings made and restart the router so the settings will take effect after it reboots.

2-4-2 Changing The Management Password

Default password of this router is 1234, and it's displayed on the login prompt when accessed from web browser. There's a security risk if you don't change the default password, since everyone can see it. This is very important when you have wireless function enabled.

Please click 'System' menu on the left of web management interface, then click 'Password Settings', and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Current Password (1):	Please input current password here.
New Password (2):	Please input new password here.
Confirmed Password (3):	Please input new password here again.

When you finish, click 'Apply'. If you want to keep original password unchanged, click 'Cancel'.

If the password you typed in 'New Password' (2) and 'Confirmed Password' (3) field are not the same, you'll see the following message:



Please retype the new password again when you see above message.

If you see the following message:



It means the content in 'Current Password' field is wrong, please click 'OK' to go back to previous menu, and try to input current password again.

If the current and new passwords are correctly entered, after you click '**Apply**', you'll be prompted to input your new password again to login:



Please use new password to enter web management interface again, and you should be able to login with new password.

2-4-3 Remote Management

This router does not allow management access from Internet, to prevent possible security risks (especially when you defined a weak password, or didn't change default password). However, you can still management this router from a specific IP address by enabling the 'Remote Management' Function.

Please click 'System' menu on the left of web management interface, then click 'Remote Management', and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Host Address (1):	Input the IP address of the remote host you wish to initiate a management access.
Port (2):	You can define the port number this router should expect an incoming request. If you're providing a web
	service (default port number is 80), you should try to use other port number. You can use the default port
	setting '8080', or something like '32245' or '1429'. (Any integer between 1 and 65534)
Enabled (3):	Select the field to start the configuration.

When you finish with all settings, click 'Apply', and you'll see the following message displayed on web browser:

Save setting successfully!	
You may press CONTINUE button to continue configuring other settings or press APPLY button to restart the system for changes to take effect	
Continue Apply	

Press 'Continue' to save the settings made and back to web management interface; press 'Apply' to save the settings made and restart the router so the settings will take effect after it reboots.

NOTE: When you want to manage this router from another computer on Internet, you have to input the IP address and port number of this router. If your Internet service provider assigns you with a static IP address, it will not be a problem; but if the IP address your service provider assigns to you will vary every time you establish an Internet connection, this will be a problem.

Please either asks your service provider to give you a static IP address, or use dynamic IP to host name mapping services like DDNS. Please refer to chapter 2-5-8 'DDNS client' for details.

NOTE: Default port number the web browser will use is '80'. If the 'Port' setting in this page is not '80', you have to assign the port number in the address bar of web browser manually.

For example, if the IP address of this router is 1.2.3.4, and the port number you set is 8888, you have to input following address in the address bar of web browser:

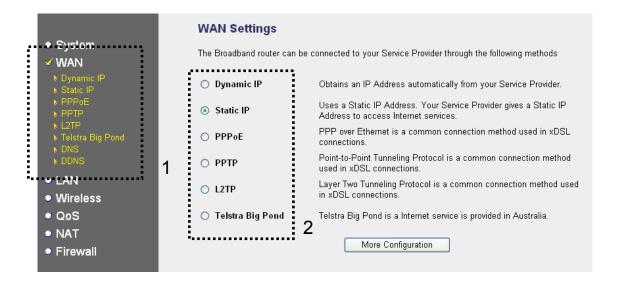
http://1.2.3.4:8888

2-5 Setup Internet Connection (WAN Setup)

Internet connections setup can be done by using 'Quick Setup' menu described in chapter 2-3. However, you can setup WAN connections up by using WAN configuration menu. You can also set advanced functions like DDNS (Dynamic DNS) here.

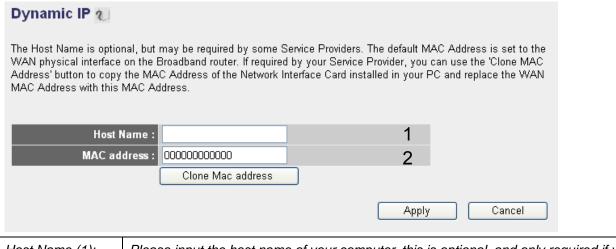
Please click 'WAN' menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Please select an Internet connection method depend on the type of connection you're using. You can either click the connection method on the left (1) or right (2). If you select the connection method on the right, please click 'More Configuration' button after a method is selected.



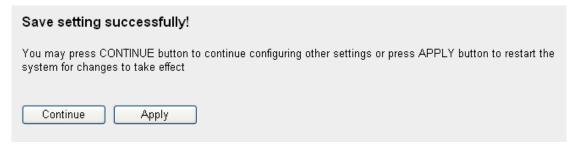
Dynamic IP - Please go to section 2-5-1 Static IP - Please go to section 2-5-2 **PPPoE** - Please go to section 2-5-3 **PPTP** - Please go to section 2-5-4 L2TP - Please go to section 2-5-5 - Please go to section 2-5-6 **Telstra Big Pond** DNS - Please go to section 2-5-7 **DDNS** - Please go to section 2-5-8

2-5-1 Setup Procedures For 'Dynamic IP':



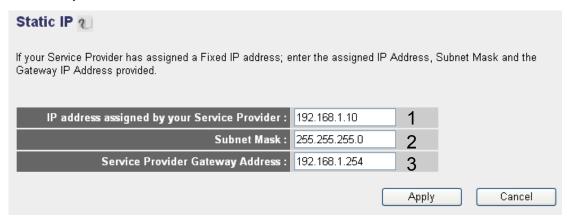
Host Name (1):	Please input the host name of your computer, this is optional, and only required if your service provider	
	asks you to do so.	
MAC address (2):	If your service provider only permits computer with certain MAC address to access internet, please input	
	MAC address of your computer here. If you're using the computer which used to connect to Internet via	
	cable modem, you can simply press 'Clone Mac address' button to fill the MAC address field with the	
	MAC address of your computer.	

After you finish with all settings, please click 'Apply', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



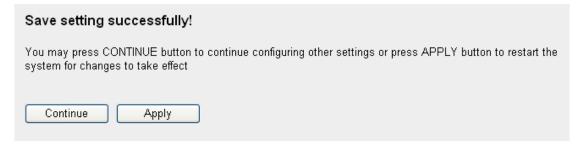
Please click 'Continue' to back to previous setup menu; to continue on router setup, or click 'Apply' to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 30 seconds while router is rebooting).

2-5-2 Setup Procedures For 'Static IP':



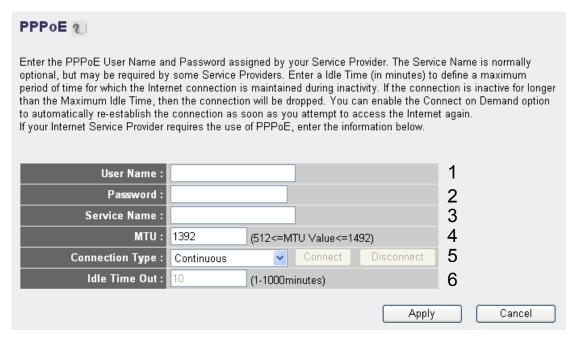
IP address assigned by your Service Provider (1):	Please input IP address assigned service provider
Subnet Mask (2):	Please input subnet mask assigned by your service provider
Service Provider Gateway Address (3):	Please input the IP address of DNS server provided by your service
	provider.

After you finish with all settings, please click 'Apply', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



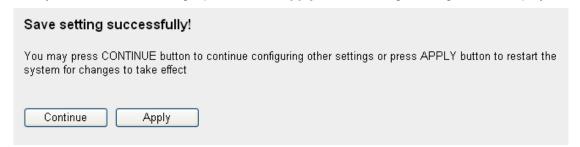
Please click 'Continue' to back to previous setup menu; to continue on router setup, or click 'Apply' to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 30 seconds while router is rebooting).

2-5-3 Setup Procedures For 'PPPoE':



User Name (1):	Please input user name assigned by your Internet service provider here.	
Password (2):	Please input the password assigned by your Internet service provider here.	
Service Name (3):	Please give a name to this Internet service. (Optional)	
MTU (4):	Please input the MTU value of your network connection here. (Use default value if you don't know).	
Connection Type (5):	Please select the connection type of Internet connection you wish to use.	
	4. Continuous: Keep Internet connection alive, do not disconnect.	
	5. Connect on Demand: Only connects to Internet when there's a connect attempt	
	6. Manual: Only connects to Internet when 'Connect' button on this page is pressed, and	
	disconnects when 'Disconnect button is pressed.	
Idle Time Out (6):	Please input idle time out. Specify the time to shutdown Internet connects after no internet activity is detected by minute. This	
	option is only available when connection type is 'Connect on Demand'.	

After you finish with all settings, please click 'Apply', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

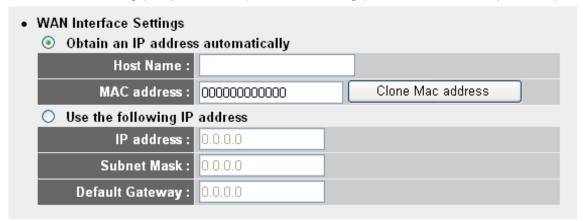


Please click 'Continue' to back to previous setup menu; to continue on router setup, or click 'Apply' to reboot the router so the settings will take effect (Please wait for about 30 seconds while router is rebooting).

2-5-4 Setup Procedures For 'PPTP':

PPTP requires two kinds of setting:

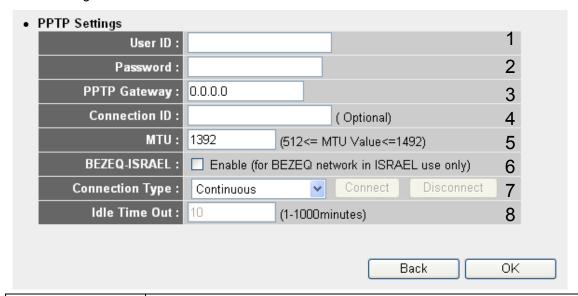
WAN interface setting (setup IP address) and PPTP setting (PPTP user name and password).



Select the type of how you obtain IP address from your service provider here. You can choose 'Obtain an IP address automatically' (equal to DHCP, please refer to 'Cable Modem' section above), or 'Use the following IP address' (i.e. static IP address)

WAN interface settings must be correctly set, or the Internet connection will fail even those settings of PPTP settings are correct. Please contact your Internet service provider if you don't know what you should fill in these fields.

PPTP settings section:



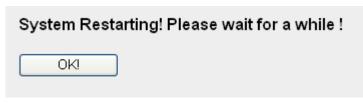
User ID (1):	Please input user ID (user name) assigned by your Internet service provider here.	
Password (2):	Please input the password assigned by your Internet service provider here.	
PPTP Gateway (3):	Please input the IP address of PPTP gateway assigned by your Internet service provider here.	
Connection ID (4):	Please input the connection ID here. (Optional)	
MTU (5):	Please input the MTU value of your network connection here. (Use default value if you don't know).	
BEZEQ-ISRAEL (6):	Check if you're using the service provided by BEZEQ network in Israel.	
Connection type (7):	Please select the connection type of Internet connection you wish to use.	
	4. Continuous: Keep Internet connection alive, do not disconnect.	

5. Connect on Demand: Only connects to Internet when there's a connect attempt		
6. Manual: Only connects to Internet when 'Connect' button on this page is pressed, and		
	disconnects when 'Disconnect button is pressed.	
Idle Time Out (8):	Please input idle time out.	
	Specify the time to shutdown Internet connects after no internet activity is detected by minute. This	
	option is only available when connection type is 'Connect on Demand'.	

When all settings are finished, you'll see the following message displayed on your web browser:



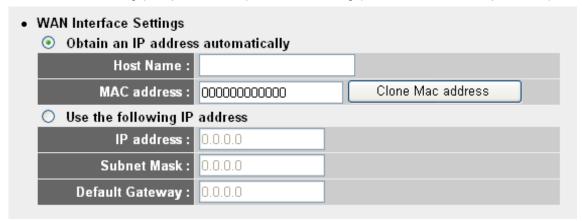
Please click 'Apply' button to prepare to restart the router, and you'll see this message:



2-5-5 Setup Procedures For 'L2TP':

L2TP requires two kinds of setting:

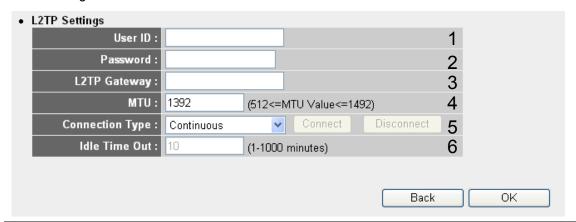
WAN interface setting (setup IP address) and L2TP setting (L2TP user name and password).



Select the type of how you obtain IP address from your service provider here. You can choose 'Obtain an IP address automatically' (equal to DHCP, please refer to 'Cable Modem' section above), or 'Use the following IP address' (i.e. static IP address).

WAN interface settings must be correctly set, or the Internet connection will fail even those settings of L2TP settings are correct. Please contact your Internet service provider if you don't know what you should fill in these fields.

L2TP settings section:

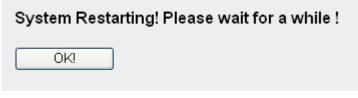


User ID (1):	Please input user ID (user name) assigned by your Internet service provider here.	
Password (2):	Please input the password assigned by your Internet service provider here.	
L2TP Gateway (3):	Please input the IP address of L2TP gateway assigned by your Internet service provider here.	
MTU (4):	Please input the MTU value of your network connection here. If you don't know, you can use default	
	value.	
Connection type (5):	Please select the connection type of Internet connection you wish to use.	
	4. Continuous: Keep Internet connection alive, do not disconnect.	
	5. Connect on Demand: Only connects to Internet when there's a connect attempt	
	6. Manual: Only connects to Internet when 'Connect' button on this page is pressed, and	
	disconnects when 'Disconnect button is pressed.	
Idle Time Out (6):	Please input idle time out.	

		option is only available when connection type is 'Connect on Demand'.
When all settings are finished, you'll see the following message displayed on your web brows		inished, you'll see the following message displayed on your web browser:
	Save setting successfully!	
	Please press APPLY	button to restart the system for changes to take effect.

Specify the time to shutdown Internet connects after no internet activity is detected by minute. This

Please click 'Apply' button to prepare to restart the router, and you'll see this message:



Apply

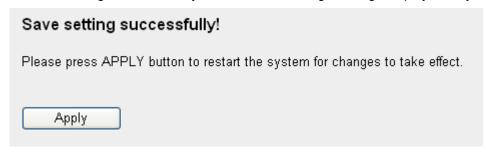
2-5-6 Setup Procedures For 'Telstra Big Pond':



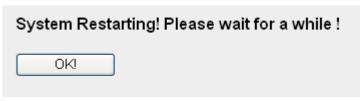
This setting only works when you're using Telstra big pond's network service in Australia.

User Name (1):	Please input the user name assigned by Telstra.
Password (2):	Please input the password assigned by Telstra.
User device login server manually (3):	Check this box to choose login server by yourself.
Login Server (4):	Please input the IP address of login server here.

When all settings are finished, you'll see the following message displayed on your web browser:

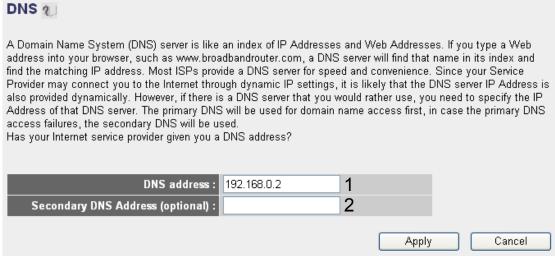


Please click 'Apply' button to prepare to restart the router, and you'll see this message:



2-5-7 Setup Procedures For 'DNS':

If you select '*Dynamic IP*' or '*PPPoE*' as Internet connection method, at least one DNS server's IP address should be assigned automatically. However, if you have preferred DNS server, or your service provider didn't assign the IP address of DNS server because of any reason, you can input the IP address of DNS server here.

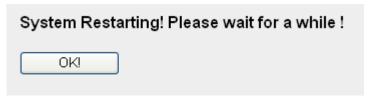


DNS Address (1): Please input the IP address of DNS server provided by your service provider.	
	(Only numeric characters and dots are accepted)
Secondary DNS Address (2):	Please input the IP address of another DNS server provided by your service provider, this is
	optional. (Only numeric characters and dots are accepted)

When all settings are finished, you'll see the following message displayed on your web browser:



Please click 'Apply' button to prepare to restart the router, and you'll see this message:



2-5-8 Setup Procedures For 'DDNS':

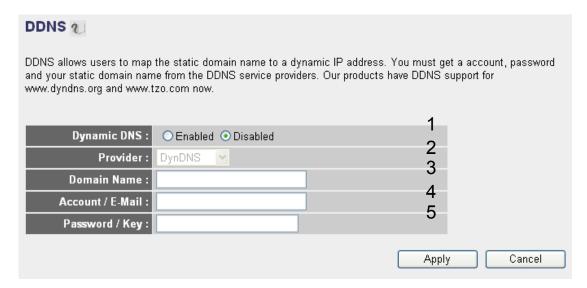
DDNS (Dynamic DNS) is an IP-to-Hostname mapping service for those Internet users who don't have a static (fixed) IP address. It will be a problem when such user wants to provide services to other users on Internet, because their IP address will vary every time when connected to Internet, and other user will not be able to know the IP address they're using at a certain time.

This router supports DDNS service of several service providers, for example:

DynDNS (http://www.dyndns.org)

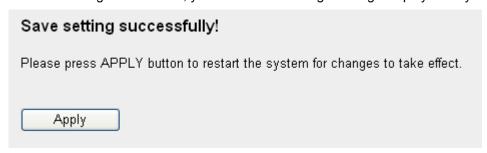
TZO (http://www.tzo.com)

Please go to one of DDNS service provider's webpage listed above, and get a free DDNS account by the instructions given on their webpage.

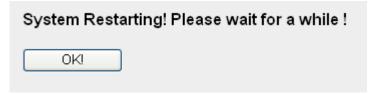


Dynamic DNS (1):	If you want to enable DDNS function, please select 'Enabled';
	otherwise please select 'Disabled'.
Provider (2):	Select your DDNS service provider here.
Domain Name (3):	Input the domain name you've obtained from DDNS service
	provider.
Account / E-Mail (4):	Input account or email of DDNS registration.
Password / Key (5):	Input DDNS service password or key.

When all settings are finished, you'll see the following message displayed on your web browser:



Please click 'Apply' button to prepare to restart the router, and you'll see this message:



Please wait for about 30 seconds, then click '**OK!**' button. You'll be back to router management interface again, and the router is ready with new settings.

2-6 Wired LAN Configurations

Before all computers using wired Ethernet connection (i.e. those computers connect to this router's LAN port 1 to 4 by Ethernet cable) can communicate with each other and access Internet, they must have a valid IP address.

There are two ways to assign IP addresses to computers: static IP address (set the IP address for every computer manually), and dynamic IP address (IP address of computers will be assigned by router automatically. It's recommended for most of computers to use dynamic IP address, it will save a lot of time on setting IP addresses for every computer, especially when there are a lot of computers in your network; for servers and network devices which will provide services to other computer and users that come from Internet, static IP address should be used, so other computes can locate the server.

Suggestions on IP address numbering plan:

If you have no idea on how to define an IP address plan for your network, here are some suggestions.

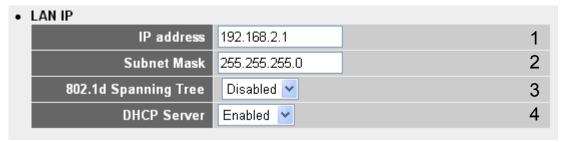
- 1. A valid IP address has 4 fields: a.b.c.d, for most of home and company users, it's suggested to use 192.168.c.d, where c is an integer between 0 and 254, and d is an integer between 1 and 254. This router is capable to work with up to 253 clients, so you can set 'd' field of IP address of router as 1 or 254 (or any number between 1 and 254), and pick a number between 0 and 254 for field 'c'.
- 2. In most cases, you should use '255.255.255.0' as subnet mask, which allows up to 253 clients (this also meets router's capability of working with up to 253 clients).
- 3. For all servers and network devices which will provide services to other people (like Internet service, print service, and file service), they should use static IP address. Give each of them a unique number between 1 and 253, and maintain a list, so everyone can locate those servers easily.
- 4. For computers which are not dedicated to provide specific service to others, they should use dynamic IP address.

If you don't really understand the descriptions listed above, don't worry! We will provide recommended setup values below.

Please follow the following instructions to set wired LAN parameters:

Please click 'LAN' menu on the left of web management interface, there are three setup groups here: 'LAN IP', 'DHCP Server', and 'Static DHCP Leases Table'. Here are setup instructions for each of them:

2-6-1 LAN IP Section:



IP address (1):	Please input the IP address of this router.
Subnet Mask (2):	Please input subnet mask for this network.
802.1d Spanning Tree (3):	If you wish to activate 802.1d spanning tree function, select 'Enabled' for setup item '802.1d
	Spanning Tree', or set it to 'Disabled'
DHCP Server (4):	If you want to activate DHCP server function of this router, select 'Enabled', or set it to 'Disabled'.

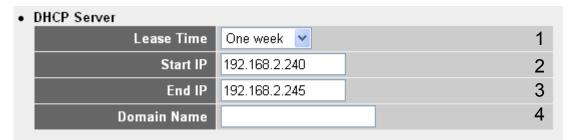
Recommended Value if you don't know what to fill:

IP Address: 192.168.2.1 (Your next computer will be using 192.168.2.2.....)

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0 802.1d Spanning Tree: Disabled

DHCP Server: Enabled

2-6-2 DHCP Server:



These settings are only available when 'DHCP Server' in 'LAN IP' section is 'Enabled', and here are descriptions of every setup items:

Lease Time (1): Please choose a lease time (the duration that every computer can keep a specific IP address) of ev	
Lease Time (1).	r rease choose a lease time (the duration that every computer can keep a specific in address) of every
	IP address assigned by this router from dropdown menu.
Start IP (2):	Please input the start IP address of the IP range.
End IP (3):	Please input the end IP address of the IP range.
Domain Name (4):	If you wish, you can also optionally input the domain name for your network. This is optional.

Recommended Value if you don't know what to fill:

Lease Time: Two Weeks (or 'Forever', if you have less than 20 computers)

Start IP: 192.168.2.100 End IP: 192.168.2.200

Domain Name: (leave it blank)

NOTE:

- 1. The number of the last field (mentioned 'd' field) of 'End IP' must be greater than 'Start IP', and cannot the same with router's IP address.
- 2. The former three fields of IP address of 'Start IP', 'End IP', and 'IP Address of 'LAN IP' section (mentioned 'a', 'b', and 'c' field) should be the same.
- 3. These settings will affect wireless clients too.

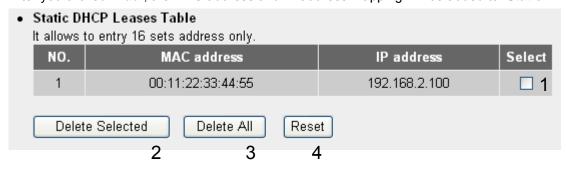
2-6-3 Static DHCP Leases Table:

This function allows you to assign a static IP address to a specific computer forever, so you don't have to set the IP address for a computer, and still enjoy the benefit of using DHCP server. Maximum 16 static IP addresses can be assigned here. (If you set 'Lease Time' to 'forever' in 'DHCP Server' section, you can also assign an IP address to a specific computer permanently, however, you will not be able to assign a certain IP address to a specific computer, since IP addresses will be assigned in random order by this way).



Enable Static DHCP Leases (1):	Check this box to enable this function, otherwise uncheck it to disable this function.
MAC Address (2):	Input the MAC address of the computer or network device (total 12 characters, with
	character from 0 to 9, and from a to f, like '001122aabbcc')
IP address (3):	Input the IP address you want to assign to this computer or network device
'Add' (4):	After you inputted MAC address and IP address pair, click this button to add the pair
	to static DHCP leases table.

After you clicked 'Add', the MAC address and IP address mapping will be added to 'Static DHCP Leases Table' section.



If you want to delete a specific item, please check the 'Select' box of a MAC address and IP address mapping (1), then click 'Delete Selected' button (2); if you want to delete all mappings, click 'Delete All' (3). If you want to deselect all mappings, click 'Reset' (4).

After you finish all settings, please click 'Apply' button on the bottom of this page. After you click 'Apply', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

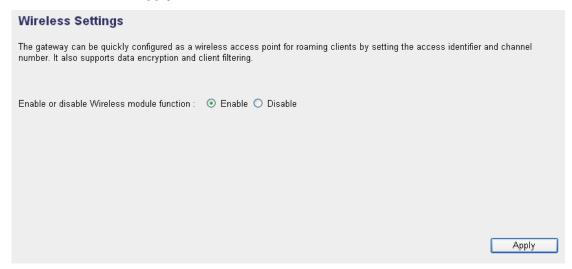


Please wait for about 30 seconds, then click '**OK!**' button. You'll be back to router management interface again, and the router is ready with new settings.

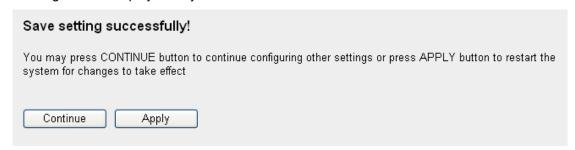
2-7 Wireless LAN Configurations

If your computer, game console, or other network devices which is equipped with wireless network interface, you can use the wireless function of this router to let them connect to Internet and share resources with other computers with wired-LAN connection. You can also use the built-in security functions to protect your network from being intruded by intruders.

Please click 'Wireless' menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser. You must enable wireless function of this router, or the wireless interface of this router will not function. Please select 'Enable', then click 'Apply' button. If you're coming here because you want to disable wireless function, please select 'Disable', then click 'Apply' button.

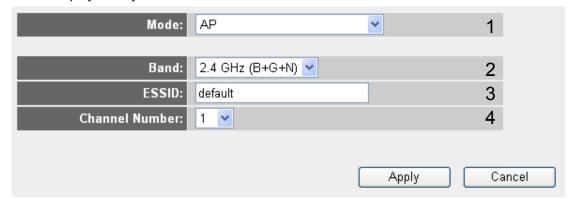


After you finish all settings, please click 'Apply' button on the bottom of this page. After you click 'Apply', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



2-7-1 Basic Wireless Settings

Please click 'Wireless' menu on the left of web management interface, then click 'Basic Settings', and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



This wireless router can be work in 6 modes:

- A. AP: Standard wireless AP (access point).
- **B.** Station-Infrastructure: Configure the router to Ethernet device such us TV, Game player, HDD&DVD to enable the Ethernet device be a wireless station.
- **C**. AP Bridge-Point to Point. Connect this router with another wireless router, to expand the scope of network.
- **D**. AP Bridge-Point to Multi-Point. Connect this router with up to four other wireless routers, to expand the scope of network.
- E. AP Bridge-WDS: Connect this router with up to four WDS-capable wireless routers, to expand the scope of network.
- **F.** *Universal Repeater*. The router can act as Station and AP at the same time. It can use Station function to connect to a Root AP and use AP function to service all wireless stations within its coverage.

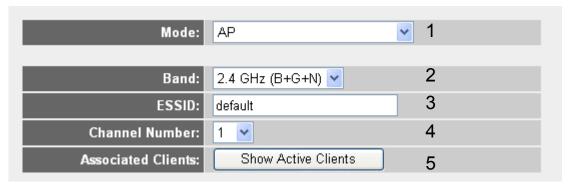
NOTE: For 'AP Bridge-Point to Point' and 'AP Bridge-Point to Multi-Point' mode, wireless router is operated in wireless bridge dedicated mode – wireless router is only used to expand the scope of network, and no wireless clients will be accepted. If you want to use your wireless router to expand the scope of network, and also accept wireless clients, please select 'AP Bridge-WDS' or 'Universal Repeater' mode.

Please select a proper operation mode you want to use from 'Mode' dropdown menu, and continue on other operation mode specific settings:

AP - Please go to section 2-7-1-1
Station-Infrastructure - Please go to section 2-7-1-2
AP Bridge-Point to Point - Please go to section 2-7-1-3
AP Bridge-Point to Multi-Point - Please go to section 2-7-1-4
AP Bridge-WDS - Please go to section 2-7-1-5
Universal Repeater - Please go to section 2-7-1-6

2-7-1-1 Setup Procedures For 'AP':

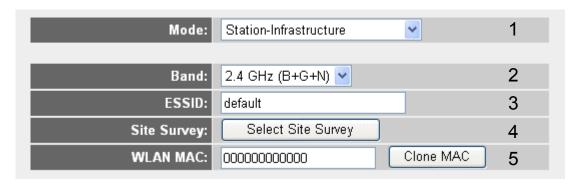
Please select the radio band you want to use from 'Band' dropdown menu, and the following message will be displayed:



Band (2):	Please select the radio band from one of options
ESSID (3):	This is the name of wireless router. You can type any alphanumerical characters here, maximum 32
	characters. ESSID is used to identify your own wireless router from others when there are other
	wireless routers in the same area. Default SSID is 'default', it's recommended to change default
	ESSID value to the one which is meaningful to you, like myhome, office_room1, etc.
Channel Number (4):	Please select a channel from the dropdown list of 'Channel Number', available channel numbers are
	1 to 13 for European countries, 1 to 11 for USA. You can choose any channel number you want to
	use, and almost all wireless clients can locate the channel you're using automatically without any
	problem. However, it's still useful to remember the channel number you use, some wireless client
	supports manual channel number select, and this would help in certain scenario when there is some
	radio communication problem.
Associated Clients (5):	Click 'Show Active Clients' button, then an "Active Wireless Client Table" will pop up. You can see the
	status of all active wireless stations that are connecting to the access point.

2-7-1-2 Setup Procedures For 'Station-Infrastructure':

In this mode, you can connect the router to Ethernet device such us TV, Game player, HDD&DVD to enable the Ethernet device be a wireless station and join to a wireless network through an access point or AP router.

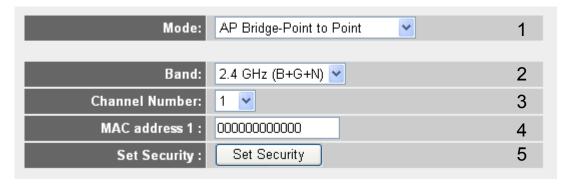


Band (2):	Select the band you want to use.
ESSID (3):	This is the name of wireless network. You can type the SSID of the network you would like to connect here.
Site Survey (4):	When you use this wireless router as a wireless station for Ethernet network device to have wireless
	capability, you have to associate it with a working access point. Click 'Select Site Survey' button, then a
	"Wireless Site Survey Table" will pop up. It will list all available access points near by. You can select one

	access point in the table and it will join wireless LAN through this access point.
WLAN MAC (5):	For some applications, you may need to designate a specific MAC address for the router. Please enter the
	MAC address here. If you are connecting the router to a computer, you can simply press 'Clone Mac
	address' button to fill the MAC address field with the MAC address of your computer.

2-7-1-3 Setup Procedures For 'AP Bridge-Point to Point':

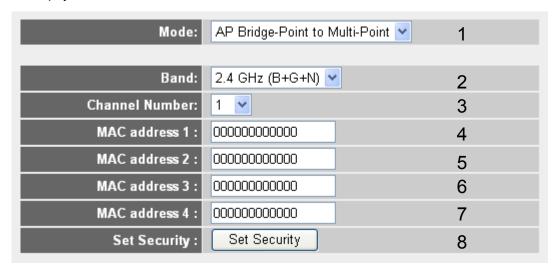
In this mode, you can connect your wireless router with another, to combine two access points and expand the scope of wireless network, and all clients (wired only – AP will not accept wireless clients in this mode) of two wireless routers will think they're on the same physical network. This function is very convenient when you need to connect two networks between two buildings. **NOTE: Two wireless routers must use the same mode, band, channel number, and security setting**



Band (2):	Select the band you want to use, two wireless routers must use the same setting.
Channel Number (3):	Select the channel you want to use, two wireless routers must use the same setting.
MAC address (4):	Input the MAC address of another wireless router.
Set Security (5):	Click to set security settings for this connection.

2-7-1-4 Setup Procedures For 'AP Bridge-Point to Multi-Point':

In this mode, you can connect your wireless router with at least four wireless routers to expand the scope of wireless network, and all clients (wired only – AP will not accept wireless clients in this mode) of the wireless routers will think they're on the same physical network.

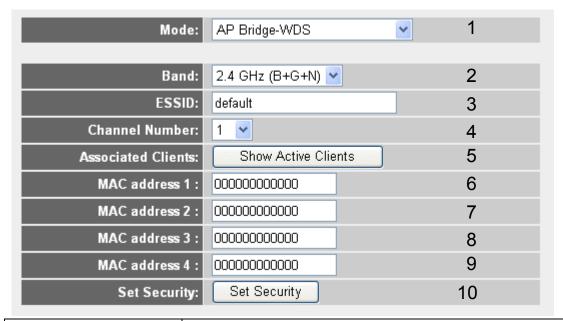


Band (2):	Select the band you want to use, two wireless routers must use the same setting.
Channel Number (3):	Select the channel you want to use, two wireless routers must use the same setting.

MAC address 1 to 4 (4 – 7):	Input the MAC address of another wireless router.
Set Security (8):	Click to set security settings for this connection.

2-7-1-5 Setup Procedures For 'AP Bridge - WDS'

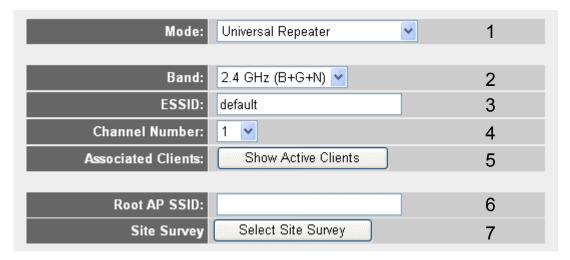
In this mode, you can expand the scope of network by combining up to four other access points together, and every access point can still accept wireless clients. **NOTE: For WDS mode, the output signal nature is the same as that of normal AP mode.**



Band (2):	Select the band you want to use, all the wireless routers must use the same setting.
ESSID (3):	Input the ESSID of your wireless router, the setting should be the same with other wireless
	routers for the convenience of roaming.
Channel Number (4):	Select the channel you want to use, all the wireless routers must use the same setting.
Associated Clients (5):	Click 'Show Active Clients' button, then an "Active Wireless Client Table" will pop up. You can
	see the status of all active wireless stations that are connecting to the access point.
MAC address 1 to 4 (6 - 9):	Input the MAC address of other wireless routers.
Set Security (10):	Click to set security settings for this connection

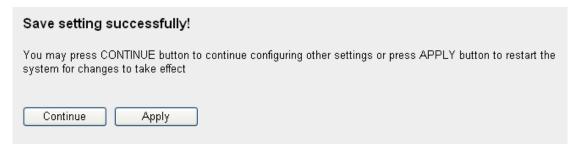
2-7-1-6 Setup Procedures For 'Universal Repeater'

In this mode, the router can act as a wireless repeater; it can be Station and AP at the same time. It can use Station function to connect to a Root AP and use AP function to service all wireless stations within its coverage. **NOTE: For Repeater Mode, this** router will demodulate the received signal, checking if this signal is noise for the operating network then have the signal modulated and amplified again. The output power is the same as that of WDS and normal AP mode.



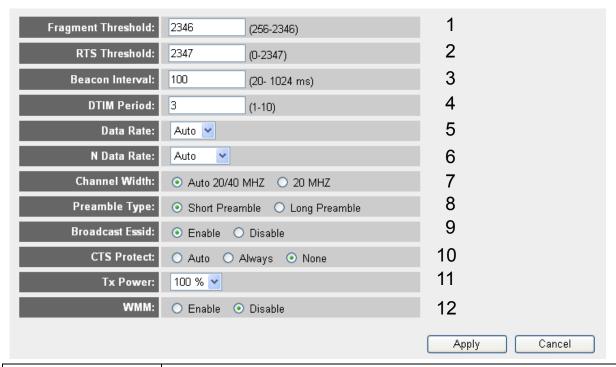
Band (2):	Select the band you want to use, all the wireless routers must use the same setting.
ESSID (3):	This is the name of wireless router. You can type any alphanumerical characters here, maximum 32
	characters. ESSID is used to identify your own wireless router from others when there are other
	wireless routers in the same area. Default SSID is 'default', it's recommended to change default
	ESSID value to the one which is meaningful to you, like myhome, office_room1, etc.
Channel Number (4):	Select the channel you want to use; all the wireless routers must use the same setting.
Associated Clients (5):	Click 'Show Active Clients' button, then an "Active Wireless Client Table" will pop up. You can see the
	status of all active wireless stations that are connecting to the access point.
Root AP SSID (6):	In 'Universal Repeater' mode, this device can act as a station to connect to a Root AP. You should
	assign the SSID of the Root AP here or click 'Select Site Survey' button to choose a Root AP.
Site Survey (7):	Click 'Select Site Survey' button, then a "Wireless Site Survey Table" will pop up. It will list all
	available access points near by. You can select one access point in the table and the router will join
	wireless LAN through this access point.

After you finish all settings, please click '**Apply**' button on the bottom of this page. After you click '**Apply**', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



2-7-2 Advanced Wireless Settings

This router provides some advanced control of wireless parameters, if you want to configure these settings, please click 'Wireless' menu on the left of web management interface, then click 'Advanced Settings', and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Fragment Threshold (1):	Do not modify default value if you don't know what it is, default value is 2346.
RTS Threshold (2):	Do not modify default value if you don't know what it is, default value is 2347.
Beacon Interval (3):	Do not modify default value if you don't know what it is, default value is 100.
DTIM Period (4):	Do not modify default value if you don't know what it is, default value is 3.
Data Rate (5):	Do not modify default value if you don't know what it is
N Data Rate (6):	Same as above, but only for 802.11n clients.
Channel Width (7):	Do not modify default value if you don't know what it is, default setting is 'Auto 20/40 MHz'.
Preamble Type (8):	Do not modify default value if you don't know what it is, default setting is 'Short Preamble'.
Broadcast ESSID (9):	Decide if the wireless router will broadcast its own ESSID or not. You can hide the ESSID of your
	wireless router (set the option to 'Disable'), so only people those who know the ESSID of your
	wireless router can get connected.
CTS Protect (10):	Enabling this setting will reduce the chance of radio signal collisions between 802.11b and
	802.11g/n wireless access points. It's recommended to set this option to 'Auto' or 'Always'.
	However, if you set to 'None', your wireless router should be able to work fine, too.
Tx Power (11):	You can set the output power of wireless radio. Unless you're using this wireless router in a really
	big space, you may not have to set output power to 100%. This will enhance security (malicious /
	unknown users in distance will not be able to reach your wireless router).
WMM (12):	The short of Wi-Fi MultiMedia, it will enhance the data transfer performance of multimedia contents
	when they're being transferred over wireless network. If you don't know what it is / not sure if you
	need it, it's safe to set this option to 'Enable', however, default value is 'Disable'.

After you finish all settings, please click 'Apply' button on the bottom of this page. After you click 'Apply', the following

message will be displayed on your web browser:



Please wait for about 30 seconds, then click '**OK!**' button. You'll be back to router management interface again, and the router is ready with new settings.

2-7-3 Wireless Security

It's very important to set wireless security settings properly! If you don't, hackers and malicious users can reach your network and valuable data without your consent and this will cause serious security problem.

To set wireless security settings, Please click 'Wireless' menu on the left of web management interface, then click 'Security Settings', then follow the following instructions to set wireless security settings:

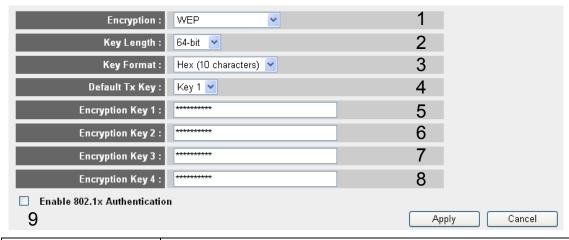
2-7-3-1 Disable Wireless Security

When you select this mode, data encryption is disabled, and every wireless device in proximity will be able to connect your wireless router if no other security measure is enabled (like MAC address access control - see section 2-7-4, or disable ESSID broadcast).

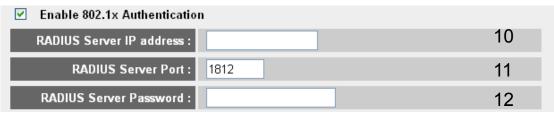
Only use this option when you really want to allow everyone to use your wireless router, and you don't care if there's someone reads the data you transfer over network without your consent.

2-7-3-2 WEP - Wired Equivalent Privacy

When you select this mode, the wireless router will use WEP encryption, and the following setup menu will be shown on your web browser:



Key Length (2):	There are two types of WEP key length: 64-bit and 128-bit. Using '128-bit' is safer
	than '64-bit', but will reduce some data transfer performance.
Key Format (3):	There are two types of key format: ASCII and Hex. When you select a key format, the number of
	characters of key will be displayed. For example, if you select '64-bit' as key length, and 'Hex' as
	key format, you'll see the message at the right of 'Key Format' is 'Hex (10 characters), which means
	the length of WEP key is 10 characters.
Default Tx Key (4):	You can set up to four sets of WEP key, and you can decide which key is being used by default
	here. If you don't know which one you should use, select 'Key 1'.
Encryption Key 1 to 4	Input WEP key characters here, the number of characters must be the same as the number
(5-8):	displayed at 'Key Format' field. You can use any alphanumerical characters (0-9, a-z, and A-Z) if
	you select 'ASCII' key format, and if you select 'Hex' as key format, you can use characters 0-9, a-f,
	and A-F. You must enter at least one encryption key here, and if you entered multiple WEP keys,
	they should not be same with each other.
Enable 802.1x	IEEE 802.1x is an authentication protocol. Every user must use a valid account to login to this
Authentication (9):	wireless router before accessing the wireless LAN. The authentication is processed by a RADIUS
	server. This mode only authenticates user by IEEE 802.1x, but it does not encryption the data
	during communication. If there is a RADIUS server in you environment, please enable this function.
	Check this box and another sub-menu will appear:



RADIUS Server IP address (10):	Please input the IP address of radius server here.
RADIUS Server Port (11):	Please input the port number of radius server here.
RADIUS Server Password (12):	Please input the port number of radius password here.

TIPS: Some examples of WEP key

(Don't use those examples; use the one of your own!):

ASCII (5 characters): pilot, phone, 23561, 2Hyux, #@xmL ASCII (13 characters): digitalFAMILY, 82Jh26xHy3m&n

Hex (10 characters): 287d2aa732, 1152dabc85

Hex (26 characters): 9284bcda8427c9e036f7abcd84

To improve security level, do not use those words that can be found in a dictionary or too easy to remember! ('pilot' and 'phone' listed above are bad examples; just intended to show you how a WEP key look like). Wireless clients will remember the WEP key, so you only have to input the WEP key on wireless client once, and it's worth to use complicated WEP key to improve security level.

After you finish all settings, please click '**Apply**' button on the bottom of this page. After you click '**Apply**', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Please wait for about 30 seconds, then click '**OK!**' button. You'll be back to router management interface again, and the router is ready with new settings.

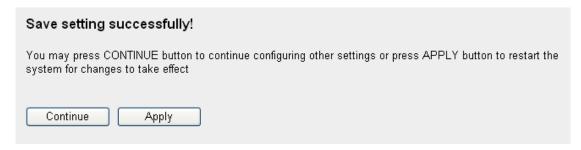
2-7-3-3 Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA):

When you select this mode, the wireless router will use WPA encryption, and the following setup menu will be shown on your web browser:



WPA Unicast Cipher Suite (2):	Please select a type of WPA cipher suite. Available options are: WPA (TKIP), WPA2 (AES),
	and WPA2 Mixed. You can select one of them, but you have to make sure your wireless
	client support the cipher you selected.
Pre-shared Key Format (3):	Select the type of pre-shared key, you can select Passphrase (8 or more alphanumerical
	characters, up to 63), or Hex (64 characters of 0-9, and a-f).
Pre-shared Key (4):	Please input the WPA passphrase here. It's not recommended to use a word that can be
	found in a dictionary due to security reason.

After you finish all settings, please click '**Apply**' button on the bottom of this page. After you click '**Apply**', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

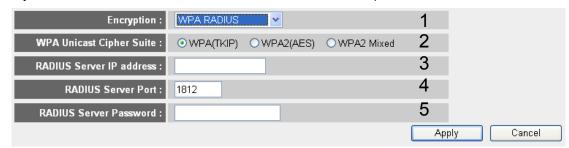


Please wait for about 30 seconds, then click '**OK!**' button. You'll be back to router management interface again, and the router is ready with new settings.

NOTE: Some wireless clients (especially those manufactured before year 2003) only support WEP or WPA (TKIP) cipher. A driver upgrade would be needed for those clients to use WPA and WPA2 encryption.

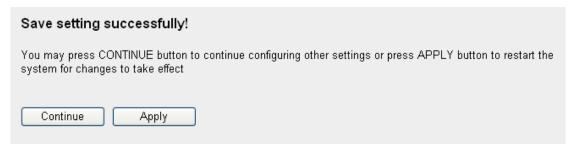
2-7-3-4 WPA RADIUS:

If you have a RADIUS server, this router can work with it and provide safer wireless authentication.



WPA Unicast Cipher Suite (2):	Please select a type of WPA cipher suite. Available options are: WPA (TKIP), WPA2 (AES),
	and WPA2 Mixed. You can select one of them, but you have to make sure your wireless
	client support the cipher you selected.
RADIUS Server IP address (3):	Please input the IP address of your Radius authentication server here.
RADIUS Server Port (4):	Please input the port number of your Radius authentication server here. Default setting
	is 1812.
RADIUS Server Password (5):	Please input the password of your Radius authentication server here.

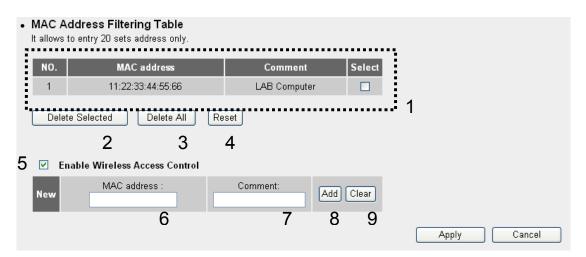
After you finish all settings, please click '**Apply**' button on the bottom of this page. After you click '**Apply**', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



2-7-4 Wireless Access Control

This function will help you to prevent unauthorized users from connecting to your wireless router; only those wireless devices who have the MAC address you assigned here can gain access to your wireless router. You can use this function with other security measures described in previous section, to create a safer wireless environment.

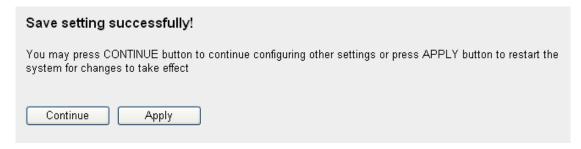
Up to 20 MAC addresses can be assigned by using this function. Please click 'Wireless' menu on the left of web management interface, then click 'Access Control', and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



All allowed MAC addresses will be displayed in 'MAC Address Filtering Table' (1). Here are descriptions of every setup items:

you want to delete a specific MAC address entry, check the 'select' box of the MAC address you want
delete, then click 'Delete Selected' button. (You can select more than one MAC addresses).
you want to delete all MAC addresses listed here, please click 'Delete All' button.
ou can also click 'Reset' button to unselect all MAC addresses.
enforce MAC address filtering, you have to check 'Enable Wireless Access Control'. When this item
unchecked, wireless router will not enforce MAC address filtering of wireless clients.
put the MAC address of your wireless devices here, dash (-) or colon (:) are not required. (i.e. If the
AC address label of your wireless device indicates 'aa-bb-cc-dd-ee-ff' or 'aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff', just input
abbccddeeff'.
ou can input any text here as the comment of this MAC address, like 'ROOM 2A Computer' or
nything. You can input up to 16 alphanumerical characters here. This is optional and you can leave
blank, however, it's recommended to use this field to write a comment for every MAC addresses as a
emory aid.
lick 'Add' button to add the MAC address and associated comment to the MAC address filtering table.
lick 'Clear' to remove the value you inputted in MAC address and comment field.
y upp ling

After you finish all settings, please click '**Apply**' button on the bottom of this page. After you click '**Apply**', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



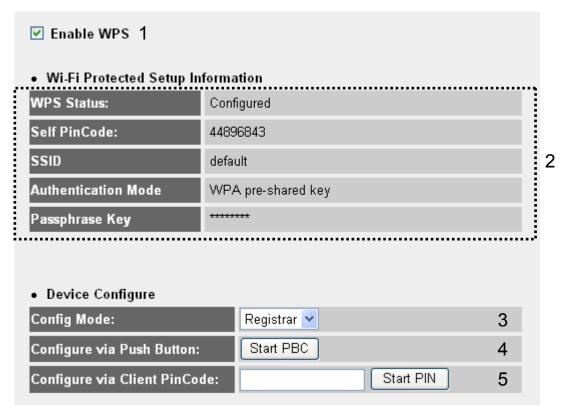
Please wait for about 30 seconds, then click '**OK!**' button. You'll be back to router management interface again, and the router is ready with new settings.

2-7-5 Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS)

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) is the simplest way to build connection between wireless network clients and this wireless router. You don't have to select encryption mode and input a long encryption passphrase every time when you need to setup a wireless client, you only have to press a button on wireless client and this wireless router, and the WPS will do the rest for you.

This wireless router supports two types of WPS: Push-Button Configuration (PBC), and PIN code. If you want to use PBC, you have to push a specific button on the wireless client to start WPS mode, and switch this wireless router to WPS mode too. You can push Reset/WPS button of this wireless router, or click 'Start PBC' button in the web configuration interface to do this; if you want to use PIN code, you have to know the PIN code of wireless client and switch it to WPS mode, then provide the PIN code of the wireless client you wish to connect to this wireless router. The detailed instructions are listed follow:

Please click 'Wireless' menu on the left of web management interface, then click 'WPS', and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Enable WPS (1):	Check this box to enable WPS function, uncheck it to disable WPS.
Wi-Fi Protected Setup Information (2):	WPS-related system information will be displayed here:
	WPS Status: If the wireless security (encryption) function of this wireless router is
	properly set, you'll see 'Configured' message here. If wireless security function has
	not been set, you'll see 'unConfigured'.
	Self PIN code: This is the WPS PIN code of this wireless router. This code is useful
	when you need to build wireless connection by WPS with other WPS-enabled
	wireless devices.
	SSID: The SSID of this wireless router will be displayed here.
	Authentication Mode: The wireless security authentication mode of this wireless
	router will be displayed here. If you don't enable security function of the wireless
	router before WPS is activated, the router will auto set the security to WPA (AES)
	and generate a set of passphrase key for WPS connection.
	Passphrase Key: The wireless security key of the router will be displayed here.
Config Mode (3):	There are 'Registrar' and 'Enrollee' modes for the WPS connection. When 'Registrar'
	is enabled, the wireless clients will follow the router's wireless settings for WPS
	connection. When 'Enrolle' mode is enabled, the router will follow the wireless
	settings of wireless client for WPS connection.
Configure via Push Button (4):	Click 'Start PBC' to start Push-Button style WPS setup procedure. This wireless
	router will wait for WPS requests from wireless clients for 2 minutes. The 'WLAN'
	LED on the wireless router will be steady on for 2 minutes when this wireless router
	is waiting for incoming WPS request.
Configure via client PinCode (5):	Please input the PIN code of the wireless client you wish to connect, and click 'Start
	PIN' button. The 'WLAN' LED on the wireless router will be steady on when this
	wireless router is waiting for incoming WPS request.

2-7-6 Security Tips For Wireless Network

Here are some quick tips to help you improve the security level of your wireless network:

- 1. Never use simple words (like school, apple and computer) as WEP encryption or WPA passphrase.
- A complicated (the combination of number, alphabet, even symbol, and long enough) WEP key and WPA passphrase is
 much safer than simple and short ones. Remember that the wireless client is capable to keep the key or passphrase for
 you, so you only have to input the complicated key or passphrase once. It's not too trouble but will greatly improve security
 level.

- You can hide the ESSID of this router by set 'Broadcast ESSID' option to 'Disable'. Your wireless router will not be found by
 other people in proximity if they're just using the AP scanning function of their wireless client, and this can reduce the
 chance of being intruded.
- 4. Use 'Access Control' function described in section 2-7-4, so those people who are not in your list will not be able to connect to your network.

CHAPTER III: ADVANCED FUNCTIONS

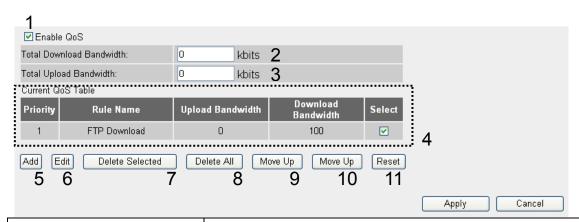
3-1 Quality Of Service (QoS)

Quality of service provides an efficient way for computers on the network to share the internet bandwidth with a promised quality of internet service. Without QoS, all computers and devices on the network will compete with each other to get internet bandwidth, and some applications which require guaranteed bandwidth (like video streaming and network telephone) will be affected, therefore an unpleasing result will occur, like the interruption of video / audio transfer.

With this function, you can limit the maximum bandwidth or give a guaranteed bandwidth for a specific computer, to avoid said unpleasing result from happening.

3-1-1 Basic QoS Settings

Please click 'Qos' menu on the left of web management interface and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Enable QoS (1):	Check this box to enable QoS function, unselect this box if you don't want to enforce QoS
	bandwidth limitations.
Total Download Bandwidth (2):	You can set the limit of total download bandwidth in kbits. To disable download bandwidth
	limitation, input '0' here.
Total Upload Bandwidth (3):	You can set the limit of total upload bandwidth in kbits. To disable upload bandwidth
	limitation, input '0' here.
Current QoS Table (4):	All existing QoS rules will be displayed here.
Add (5):	Click 'add' button to add a new QoS rule, see section 3-1-2 'Add a new QoS rule' below.
Edit (6):	If you want to modify the content of a specific rule, please check the 'select' box of the rule
	you want to edit, then click 'Edit' button. Only one rule should be selected a time! If you
	didn't select a rule before clicking 'Edit' button, you'll be prompted to add a new rule.

Delete Selected (7):	You can delete selected rules by clicking this button. You can select one or more rules to
	delete by check the 'select' the box of the rule(s) you want to delete a time. If the QoS table
	is empty, this button will be grayed out and cannot be clicked.
Delete All (8):	By clicking this button, you can delete all rules currently in the QoS table. If the QoS table is
	empty, this button will be grayed out and cannot be clicked.
Move Up (9):	You can pull up the priority of the QoS rule you selected by clicking this button.
Move Down (10):	You can lower the priority of the QoS rule you selected by clicking this button.
Reset (11):	If you want to erase all values you just entered. Click 'Reset'.

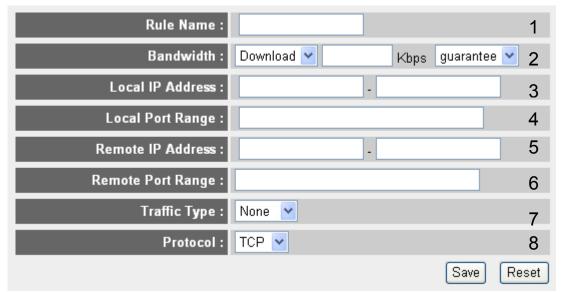
After you finish all settings, please click '**Apply**' button on the bottom of this page. After you click '**Apply**', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Please wait for about 30 seconds, then click '**OK!**' button. You'll be back to router management interface again, and the router is ready with new settings.

3-1-2 Add A New QoS Rule

After you click 'Add' button in QoS menu, the following message will appear:



Rule Name (1):	Please give a name to this QoS rule (up to 15 alphanumerical characters)
Bandwidth (2):	Set the bandwidth limitation of this QoS rule. You have to select the data direction of this rule
	(Upload of Download), and the speed of bandwidth limitation in Kbps, then select the type of QoS:
	'guarantee' (guaranteed usable bandwidth for this rule) or 'max' (set the maximum bandwidth for
	the application allowed by this rule).
Local IP Address (3):	Specify the local (source) IP address that will be affected by this rule. Please input the starting IP
	address in the left field, and input the end IP address in the right field to define a range of IP

	T
	addresses, or just input the IP address in the left field to define a single IP address.
Local Port Range (4):	Please input the range of local (source) port number that will be affected by this rule. If you want to
	apply this rule on port 80 to 90, please input '80-90'; if you want to apply this rule on a single port,
	just input the port number, like '80'.
Remote IP Address: (5):	Specify the remote (destination) IP address that will be affected by this rule. Please input the
	starting IP address in the left field, and input the end IP address in the right field to define a range of
	IP addresses, or just input the IP address in the left field to define a single IP address.
Remote Port Range (6):	Please input the range of remote (destination) port number that will be affected by this rule. If you
	want to apply this rule on port 80 to 90, please input '80-90'; if you want to apply this rule on a single
	port, just input the port number, like '80'. If the remote (destination) IP address and /or port number
	is universal, just leave it blank.
Traffic Type (7):	Please select the traffic type of this rule, available options are None, SMTP, HTTP, POP3, and FTP.
	You can select a specific traffic type for this rule, if you want to make this rule as a IP address based
	rule (apply the limitation on all traffics from / to the specified IP address / port number), select
	'None'.
Protocol (8):	Please select the protocol type of this rule, available options are TCP and UDP. If you don't know
	what protocol your application uses, please try 'TCP' first, and switch to 'UDP' if this rule doesn't
	seems to work.
	·

3-2 Network Address Translation (NAT)

Network address translations solve the problem if sharing a single IP address to multiple computers. Without NAT, all computers must be assigned with a valid Internet IP address to get connected to Internet, but Internet service providers only provide very few IP addresses to every user. Therefore it's necessary to use NAT technology to share a single Internet IP address to multiple computers on local network, so everyone can get connected to Internet.

3-2-1 Basic NAT Settings (Enable or disable NAT function)

Please click 'NAT' menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



To enable NAT function, please select 'Enable' for 'Enable NAT module function; to disable, please select 'Disable'.

After you finish all settings, please click 'Apply' button on the bottom of this page. After you click 'Apply', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

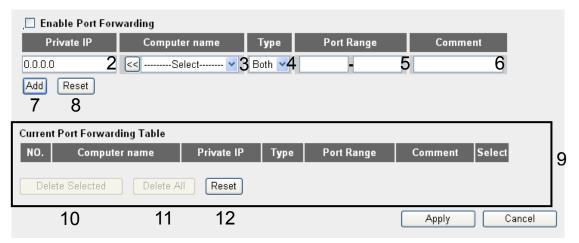


Please wait for about 30 seconds, then click '**OK!**' button. You'll be back to router management interface again, and the router is ready with new settings.

3-2-2 Port Forwarding

This function allows you to redirect a single port or consecutive ports of Internet IP address to the same port of the IP address on local network. The port number(s) of Internet IP address and private IP address (the IP address on local network) must be the same. If the port number of Internet IP address and private IP address is different, please use 'Virtual Server' function, described in next section.

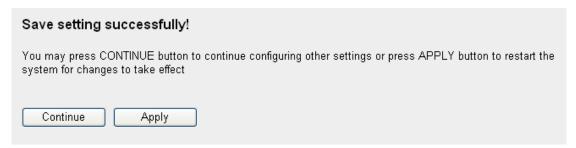
Please click 'NAT' menu on the left of web management interface, then click 'Port Forwarding', and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Enable Port Forwarding (1):	Check this box to enable port mapping, and uncheck this box to disable port mapping.
Private IP (2):	Input the IP address of the computer on local network which provides internet service.
Computer Name (3):	Pull down the menu and all the computers connected to the router will be listed here. You can
	easily to select the computer name without checking the IP address of the computer.
Type (4):	Select the type of connection, TCP or UDP. If you're not sure, please select 'Both'.
Port Range (5):	Input the starting port number in the left field, and input the ending port number in the right field.
	If you only want to redirect a single port number, just fill the port number in the left field.
Comment (6):	Please input any text to describe this mapping, up to 16 alphanumerical characters.
Add (7):	Add the mapping to port forwarding table.
Reset (8):	Remove all inputted values.

Port Forwarding Table (9):	All existing port forwarding mappings will be displayed here.	
Delete Selected (10):	Please select a port forwarding mapping by clicking the 'Select' box of the mapping, then click	
	'Delete Selected' button to remove the mapping. If there's no existing mapping, this button will	
	be grayed out.	
Delete All (11):	Delete all mappings existed in virtual server table.	
Reset (12):	Unselect all mappings.	

After you finish all settings, please click '**Apply**' button on the bottom of this page. After you click '**Apply**', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

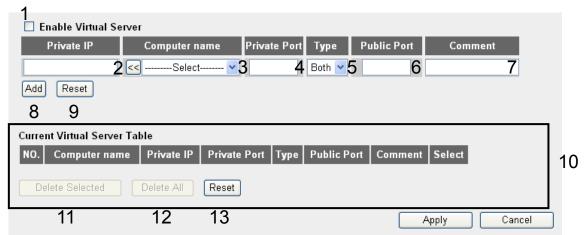


Please wait for about 30 seconds, then click '**OK!**' button. You'll be back to router management interface again, and the router is ready with new settings.

3-2-3 Virtual Server

This function allows you to redirect a port on Internet IP address (on WAN port) to a specified port of an IP address on local network, so you can setup an Internet service on the computer on local network, without exposing it on Internet directly. You can also build many sets of port redirection, to provide many different Internet services on different local computers via a single Internet IP address.

Please click 'NAT' menu on the left of web management interface, then click 'Virtual Server', and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Enable Virtual Server (1):	Check this box to enable virtual server, and uncheck this box to disable virtual server.
Private IP (2):	Input the IP address of the computer which provides Internet service.
Computer Name (3):	Pull down the menu and all the computers connected to the router will be listed here. You can
	easily to select the computer name without checking the IP address of the computer.
Private Port (4):	Input the port number of the IP address which provides Internet service.

Туре (5):	Select the type of connection, TCP or UDP. If you're not sure, please select 'Both'.	
Public Port (6):	Please select the port number of Internet IP address which will be redirected to the port number of	
	local IP address defined above.	
Comment (7):	Please input any text to describe this mapping, up to 16 alphanumerical characters.	
Add (8):	Add the mapping to virtual server table.	
Reset (9):	Remove all inputted values.	
Virtual Server Table (10):	All existing virtual server mappings will be displayed here.	
Delete Selected (11):	Please select a virtual server mapping by clicking the 'Select' box of the mapping, then click	
	'Delete Selected' button to remove the mapping. If there's no existing mapping, this button will be	
	grayed out.	
Delete All (12):	Delete all mappings existed in virtual server table.	
Reset (13):	Unselect all mappings.	

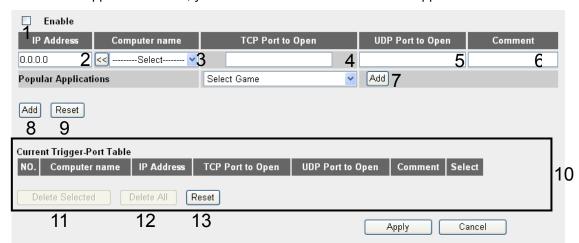
After you finish all settings, please click '**Apply**' button on the bottom of this page. After you click '**Apply**', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Please wait for about 30 seconds, then click '**OK!**' button. You'll be back to router management interface again, and the router is ready with new settings.

3-2-4 Port Mapping For Special Applications

Some applications require more than one connection a time; these applications won't work with simple NAT rules. In order to make these applications work, you can use this function to let these applications work.



Enable (1):	Check this box to enable special applications and uncheck this box to disable virtual server.	
Private IP (2):	Input the IP address of the computer which you want to open the ports.	
Computer Name (3): Pull down the menu and all the computers connected to the router will be listed here		
	can easily to select the computer name without checking the IP address of the computer.	

TCP Port to Open (4):	This is the out going (Outbound) range of TCP port numbers for this particular application.
UDP Port to Open (5):	This is the out going (Outbound) range of UDP port numbers for this particular application.
Comment (6):	The description of this setting.
Popula Applications (7):	This section lists the more popular applications that require multiple connections. Select an
	application from the Popular Applications selection and click 'Add' to save the setting to
	'Current Trigger-Port Table.'
Add (8):	Add the setting to the 'Current Trigger-Port Table.'
Reset (9):	Click 'Reset' will clear all above setting and you can set up again.
Current Trigger-Port Table (10):	All the settings for the special applications will be listed here. If you want to remove some
	Special Application settings from the " Current Trigger-Port Table", select the Special
	Application settings you want to remove in the table and then click "Delete Selected". If you
	want remove all Special Appliacation settings from the table, just click "Delete All" button.
	Click "Reset" will clear your current selections.
Delete Selected (11):	Please select a special application by clicking the 'Select' box of the mapping, then click
	'Delete Selected' button to remove the mapping. If there's no settings existed, this button
	will be grayed out.
Delete All (12):	Delete all settings existed in trigger port table.
Reset (13):	Unselect all settings.

Note: Only one LAN client can use a particular special application at a time.

After you finish all settings, please click '**Apply**' button on the bottom of this page. After you click '**Apply**', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



3-2-5 UPnP Setting

This function enables network auto-configuration for peer-to-peer communications, with this function, network devices will be able to communicate with other devices directly, and learn about information about other devices. Many network device and applications rely on UPnP function nowadays.

Please click 'NAT' menu on the left of web management interface, then click 'UPnP', and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



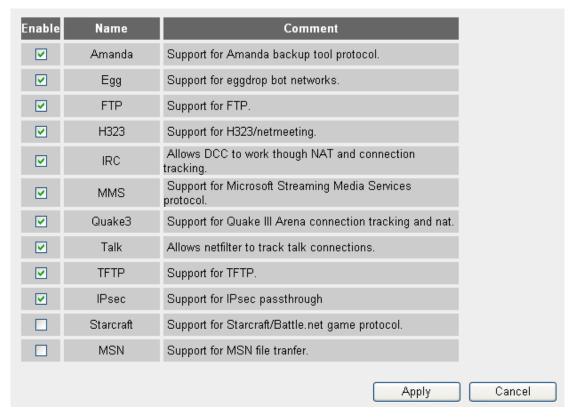
After you finish all settings, please click 'Apply' button on the bottom of this page. After you click 'Apply', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



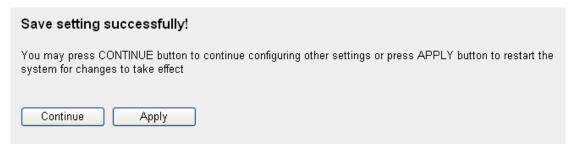
3-2-6 ALG Settings

Application Layer Gateway (ALG) is a special function of this router. It includes many preset routing rules for numerous applications which require special support. With these supports, those applications which required special support will be able to work with NAT architecture.

Please click 'NAT' menu on the left of web management interface, then click 'ALG Settings', and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



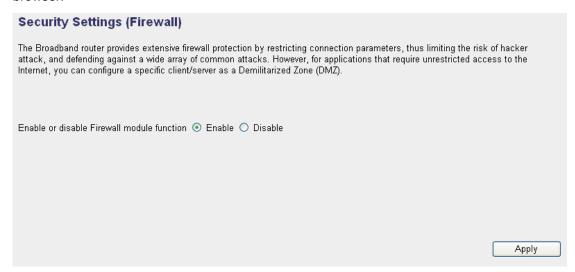
After you finish all settings, please click '**Apply**' button on the bottom of this page. After you click '**Apply**', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



3-3 Firewall

Excepting NAT, this router also provides firewall function to block malicious intruders from accessing your computers on local network. These functions include inbound attack prevention, and block outbound traffics, like block URLs which have pre-defined keywords.

Please click 'Firewall' menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



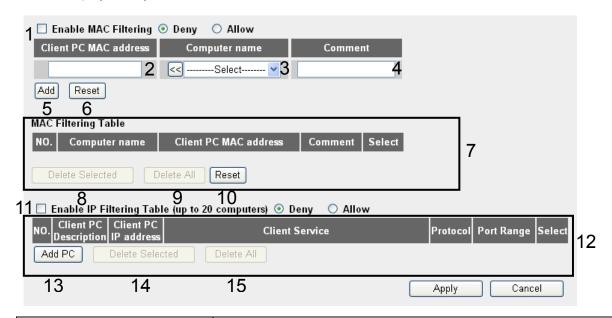
After you finish all settings, please click '**Apply**' button on the bottom of this page. After you click '**Apply**', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



3-3-1 Access Control

This function allows or denies computers with specific MAC address from connecting to the network; it can also allow or deny computers with specific IP address, protocol, or port.

Please click 'Firewall' menu on the left of web management interface, then click 'Access Control', and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Enable MAC Filtering (1):	Check this box to enable MAC address based filtering, and please select 'Deny' or 'Allow' to
	decide the behavior of MAC filtering table. If you select deny, all MAC addresses listed in
	filtering table will be denied from connecting to the network; if you select allow, only MAC
	addresses listed in filtering table will be able to connect to the network, and rejecting all other
	network devices.
Client PC MAC address (2):	Please input the MAC address of computer or network device here, dash (-) or colon (:)
	are not required. (i.e. If the MAC address label of your wireless device indicates
	'aa-bb-cc-dd-ee-ff' or 'aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff', just input 'aabbccddeeff'
Computer Name (3):	Pull down the menu and all the computers connected to the router will be listed here. You
	can easily to select the computer name without checking the IP address of the computer.
Comment (4):	You can input any text here as the comment of this MAC address, like 'ROOM 2A Computer'
	or anything. You can input up to 16 alphanumerical characters here. This is optional and you
	can leave it blank, however, it's recommended to use this field to write a comment for every
	MAC addresses as a memory aid.
Add (5):	Click 'Add' button to add the MAC address and associated comment to the MAC address
	filtering table.
Reset (6):	Remove all inputted values.
MAC Filtering Table (7):	All existing MAC addresses in filtering table will be listed here.
Delete Selected (8):	If you want to delete a specific MAC address entry, check the 'select' box of the MAC
	address you want to delete, then click 'Delete Selected' button. (You can select more than
	one MAC addresses).

Delete All (9):	If you want to delete all MAC addresses listed here, please click 'Delete All' button.	
Reset (10):	You can also click 'Reset' button to unselect all MAC addresses.	
Enable IP Filtering Table (11):	1): Check this box to enable IP address based filtering, and please select 'Deny' or 'Allow' to	
	decide the behavior of IP filtering table. If you select deny, all IP addresses listed in filtering	
	table will be denied from connecting to the network; if you select allow, only IP addresses	
	listed in filtering table will be able to connect to the network, and rejecting all other network	
	devices.	
IP Filtering Table (12):	All existing IP addresses in filtering table will be listed here.	
Add PC (13):	Click this button to add a new IP address to IP filtering table, up to 20 IP addresses can be	
	added. Please refer to section 3-3-1-1 'Add PC' below.	
Delete Selected (14):	If you want to delete a specific IP address entry, check the 'select' box of the IP address you	
	want to delete, then click 'Delete Selected' button. (You can select more than one IP	
	addresses).	
Delete All (15):	If you want to delete all IP addresses listed here, please click 'Delete All' button.	

After you finish all settings, please click '**Apply**' button on the bottom of this page. After you click '**Apply**', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



3-3-1-1 Add PC

Client PC Description :		1	
Client PC IP address :	-	2	
Client PC Service :			1
Service Name	Detail Description	Select	
www	HTTP, TCP Port 80, 3128, 8000, 8080, 8081		
E-mail Sending	SMTP, TCP Port 25		
News Forums	NNTP, TCP Port 119		
E-mail Receiving	POP3, TCP Port 110		
Secure HTTP	HTTPS, TCP Port 443		
File Transfer	FTP, TCP Port 21		
MSN Messenger	TCP Port 1863		
Telnet Service	TCP Port 23		
AIM	AOL Instant Messenger, TCP Port 5190		
NetMeeting	H.323, TCP Port 389,522,1503,1720,1731		
DNS	UDP Port 53		3
SNMP	UDP Port 161, 162		
VPN-PPTP	TCP Port 1723		
VPN-L2TP	UDP Port 1701		
TCP	All TCP Port		
UDP	All UDP Port		
	User Define Service		1
Protocol: Both		4	
Port Range:		5	
Add 6 Reset			

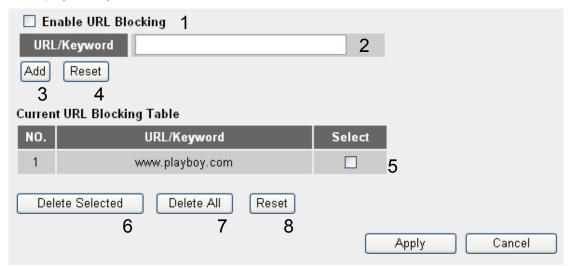
Client PC Description (1):	Please input any text to describe this IP address, up to 16 alphanumerical characters.	
Client PC IP address (2):	Please input the starting IP address in the left field, and input the end IP address in the right field	
	to define a range of IP addresses, or just input the IP address in the left field to define a single IP	
	address.	
Client PC Service (3):	Please check all services you want to allow or deny this IP address to use, you can check multiple	
	services.	
Protocol (4):	If the service you need is not listed above, you can create a new service on your own. Please	
	select TCP or UDP, if you're not sure, please select 'Both'.	
Port Range (5):	Please input the port range of new service here. If you want to specify port 80 to 90, please	
	input '80-90'; if you want to apply this rule on a single port, just input the port number, like '80'.	
Add (6):	When you finish with all settings, please click 'Add' to save settings, you'll be brought back to	
	previous menu, and the rule you just set will appear in current IP filtering table.	

3-3-2 URL Blocking

If you want to prevent computers in local network from accessing certain website (like pornography, violence, or anything you want to block), you can use this function to stop computers in local network from accessing the site you defined here.

This function is useful for parents and company managers.

Please click 'Firewall' menu on the left of web management interface, then click 'URL Blocking', and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Enable URL Blocking (1):	Check this box to enforce URL Blocking, uncheck it to disable URL Blocking.	
URL/Keyword (2):	Input the URL (host name or IP address of website, like http://www.blocked-site.com or	
	http://11.22.33.44), or the keyword which is contained in URL (like pornography, cartoon,	
	stock, or anything).	
Add (3):	Click 'Add' button to add the URL / keyword to the URL / Keyword filtering table.	
Reset (4):	Click 'Reset' to remove the value you inputted in URL/Keyword field.	
Current URL Blocking Table (5):	All existing URL/Keywords in filtering table will be listed here.	
Delete Selected (6):	If you want to delete a specific URL/Keyword entry, check the 'select' box of the MAC	
	address you want to delete, then click 'Delete Selected' button. (You can select more than	
	one MAC addresses).	
Delete All (7):	If you want to delete all URL/Keyword listed here, please click 'Delete All' button.	
Reset (8):	You can also click 'Reset' button to unselect all URL/Keywords.	

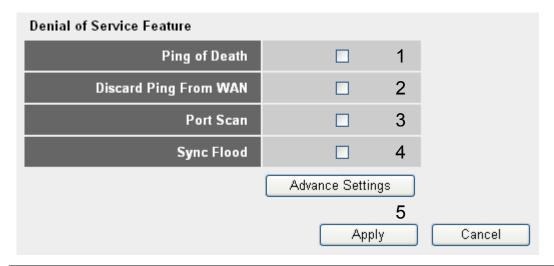
After you finish all settings, please click '**Apply**' button on the bottom of this page. After you click '**Apply**', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



3-3-3 DoS Attack Prevention

Denial of Service (DoS) is a common attack measure, by transmitting a great amount of data or request to your Internet IP address and server, the Internet connection will become very slow, and server may stop responding because it is not capable to handle too much traffics.

This router has a built-in DoS attack prevention mechanism; when you activate it, the router will stop the DoS attack for you. Please click 'Firewall' menu on the left of web management interface, then click 'DoS', and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Ping of Death (1):	Ping of Death is a special packet, and it will cause certain computer to stop responding. Check this
	box and the router will filter this kind of packet out.
Discard Ping From	Ping is a common and useful tool to know the connection status of a specified remote network
WAN (2):	device, but some malicious intruder will try to fill your network bandwidth with a lot of PING request
	data packet, to make your internet connection become very slow, even unusable. Check this box and
	the router will ignore all inbound PING request, but when you activate this function, you will not be
	able to ping your own router from internet, too.
Port Scan (3):	Some malicious intruder will try to use a 'port scanner' to know how many ports of your Internet IP
	address are open, and they can collect a lot of valuable information by doing so. Check this box and
	the router will block all traffics which are trying to scan your Internet IP address.
Sync Flood (4):	This is another kind of attack, which uses a lot of fake connection request to consume the memory of
	your server, and try to make your server become unusable. Check this box and the router will filter
	this kind of traffic out.
Advanced Settings (5):	Click this button and you can set advanced settings of the DoS prevention method listed above,
	please see section 3-3-3-1 'DoS – Advanced Settings' below.

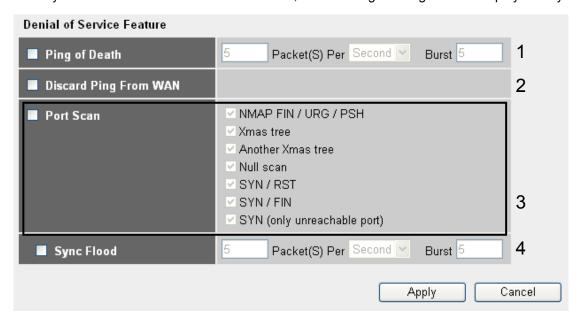
After you finish all settings, please click '**Apply**' button on the bottom of this page. After you click '**Apply**', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Please wait for about 30 seconds, then click '**OK!**' button. You'll be back to router management interface again, and the router is ready with new settings.

3-3-3-1 DoS - Advanced Settings

When you click 'Advanced' button in DoS menu, the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Ping of Death (1):	Ping of Death is a special packet, and it will cause certain computer to stop responding. Check this
	box and the router will filter this kind of packet out.
Discard Ping From	Ping is a common and useful tool to know the connection status of a specified remote network
WAN (2):	device, but some malicious intruder will try to fill your network bandwidth with a lot of PING request
	data packet, to make your internet connection become very slow, even unusable. Check this box and
	the router will ignore all inbound PING request, but when you activate this function, you will not be
	able to ping your own router from internet, too.
Port Scan (3):	Some malicious intruder will try to use a 'port scanner' to know how many ports of your Internet IP
	address are open, and they can collect a lot of valuable information by doing so. Check this box and
	the router will block all traffics which are trying to scan your Internet IP address.
Sync Flood (4):	This is another kind of attack, which uses a lot of fake connection request to consume the memory of
	your server, and try to make your server become unusable. Check this box and the router will filter
	this kind of traffic out.

After you finish all settings, please click '**Apply**' button on the bottom of this page. After you click '**Apply**', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

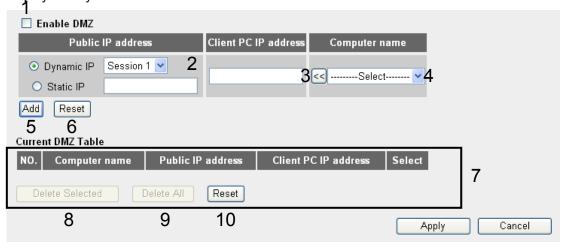


Please wait for about 30 seconds, then click '**OK!**' button. You'll be back to router management interface again, and the router is ready with new settings.

3-3-4 Demilitarized Zone (DMZ)

Demilitarized Zone (DMZ) refers to a special area in your local network. This area resides in local network, and all computers in this area uses private IP address, too. But these private IP addresses are mapped to a certain Internet IP address, so other people on Internet can fully access those computers in DMZ.

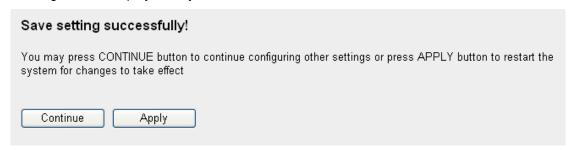
Please click 'Firewall' menu on the left of web management interface, then click 'DMZ', and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Enable DMZ (1):	Check this box to enable DMZ function, uncheck this box to disable DMZ function.	
Public IP address (2):	You can select 'Dynamic IP' or 'Static IP' here. If you select 'Dynamic IP', you have to select an	
	Internet connection session from dropdown menu; if you select 'Static IP', please input the IP	
	address that you want to map to a specific private IP address.	
Client PC IP address (3):	Please input the private IP address that the Internet IP address will be mapped to.	
Computer Name (4):	Pull down the menu and all the computers connected to the router will be listed here. You can	
	easily to select the computer name without checking the IP address of the computer.	
Add (5):	Click 'Add' button to add the public IP address and associated private IP address to the DMZ	
	table.	
Reset (6):	Click 'Clear' to remove the value you inputted in Public IP address and Client PC IP address field.	
Current DMZ table (7):	All existing public IP address and private IP address mapping will be displayed here.	
Delete Selected (8):	If you want to delete a specific DMZ entry, check the 'select' box of the DMZ entry you want to	
	delete, then click 'Delete Selected' button. (You can select more than one DMZ entries).	
Delete All (9):	If you want to delete all DMZ entries listed here, please click 'Delete All' button.	

Reset (10): You can also click 'Reset' button to unselect all DMZ entries.

After you finish all settings, please click '**Apply**' button on the bottom of this page. After you click '**Apply**', the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Please wait for about 30 seconds, then click '**OK!**' button. You'll be back to router management interface again, and the router is ready with new settings.

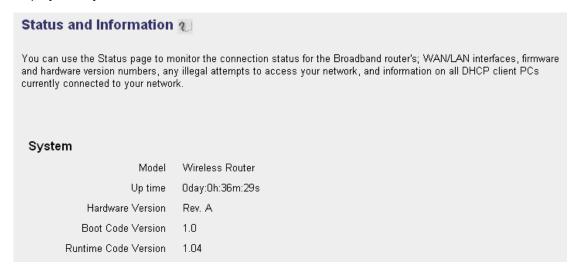
3-4 System Status

The functions described here will provide you with system related information. To enter system status menu, please either click 'Status' link located at the upper-right corner of web management interface, or click 'Status' button in main menu.

3-4-1 System Information And Firmware Version

You can use this function to know the system information and firmware version of this router.

Please click 'Status' link located at the upper-right corner of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser



NOTE: Information displayed here may vary.

3-4-2 Internet Connection Status

You can use this function to know the status of current Internet connection.

Please click 'Internet Connection' menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

Fixed IP connect
192.168.1.10
255.255.255.0
192.168.1.254
00:0E:2E:44:6B:02
192.168.0.2
0.0.0.0

NOTE: This information will vary depending on the connection status.

3-4-3 Device Status

You can use this function to know the status of your router.

Please click 'Device Status' menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

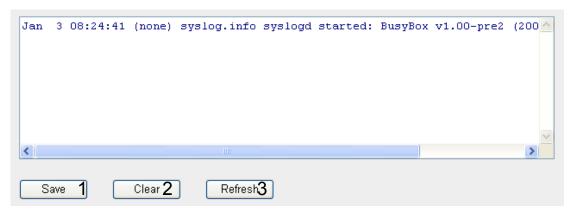
Wireless Configuration		
Mode	AP	
ESSID	default	
Channel Number	1	
Security	WEP	
LAN Configuration		
IP Address	192.168.2.1	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
DHCP Server	Disable	
MAC Address	00:0e:2e:44:6b:01	

NOTE: This information will vary depending on the device status.

3-4-4 System Log

All important system events are logged. You can use this function to check the event log of your router.

Please click 'System Log' menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Save (1):	Save current event log to a text file.	
Clear (2):	Delete all event logs displayed here.	
Refresh (3):	Refresh the event log display.	

3-4-5 Security Log

All information about network and system security is kept here, and you can use this function to check the security event log of your router.

Please click 'Security Log' menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

```
[2000-01-01 00:00:08]: start Static IP
[2000-01-01 00:00:09]: [SNTP]: connect to TimeServer 192.43.244.18 ...
[2000-01-01 00:00:09]: [FIREWALL]: WAN IP is 192.168.1.10 setting firewall.
[2000-01-01 00:00:19]: [SNTP]: connect fail!!
[2000-01-01 00:22:43]: [DNS]: dns restart ...
[2000-01-01 00:22:48]: start Static IP
[2000-01-01 00:22:49]: [SNTP]: connect to TimeServer 192.43.244.18 ...
[2000-01-01 00:22:49]: [FIREWALL]: WAN IP is 192.168.1.10 setting firewall.
[2000-01-01 00:22:59]: [SNTP]: connect fail!!
```

Save (1):	Save current event log to a text file.	
Clear (2):	Delete all event logs displayed here.	
Refresh (3):	Refresh the event log display.	

3-4-5 Active DHCP Client List

If you're using the DHCP server function of this router, you can use this function to check all active DHCP leases issued by this router.

Please click 'Active DHCP client' menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

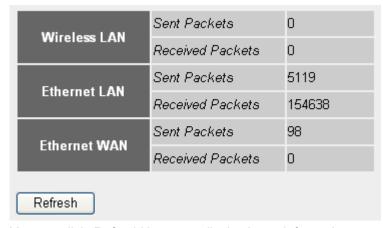


All information about active DHCP leases issued by this router will be displayed here. You can click 'Refresh' button to display latest information.

3-4-6 Statistics

You can use this function to check the statistics of wireless, LAN, and WAN interface of this router.

Please click 'Statistics' menu on the left of web management interface, and the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



You can click 'Refresh' button to display latest information.

3-5 Configuration Backup And Restore

You can backup all configurations of this router to a file, so you can make several copied of router configuration for security reason.

Please click 'Tool' located at the upper-right corner of web management interface, then click 'Configuration Tools' on the left of web management interface, then the following message will be displayed on your web browser:

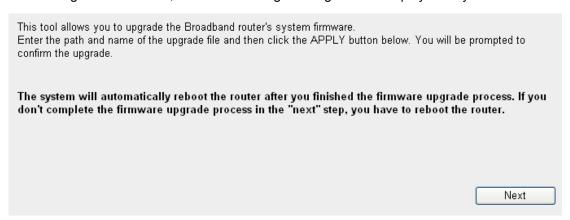


Backup Settings (1):	Press 'Save' button, and you'll be prompted to download the configuration as a file, default	
	filename is 'config.bin', you can save it as another filename for different versions, and keep it	
	in a safe place.	
Restore Settings (2):	Press 'Browse' to pick a previously-saved configuration file from your computer, and then	
	click 'Upload' to transfer the configuration file to router. After the configuration is uploaded,	
	the router's configuration will be replaced by the file you just uploaded.	
Restore to Factory Default (3):	Click this button to remove all settings you made, and restore the configuration of this router	
	back to factory default settings.	

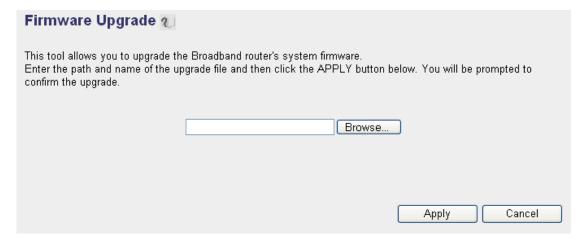
3-6 Firmware Upgrade

The system software used by this router is called as 'firmware', just like any applications on your computer, when you replace the old application with a new one; your computer will be equipped with new function.

Please click 'Tool' located at the upper-right corner of web management interface, then click 'Firmware Upgrade' on the left of web management interface, then the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Please click 'Next', and the following message will be displayed:



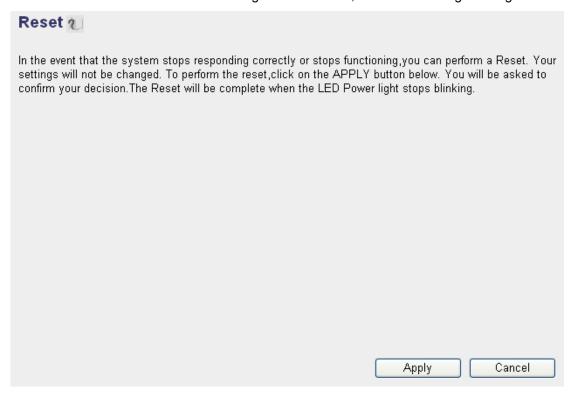
Click 'Browse' button first, you'll be prompted to provide the filename of firmware upgrade file. Please download the latest firmware file from our website, and use it to upgrade your router.

After a firmware upgrade file is selected, click 'Apply' button, and the router will start firmware upgrade procedure automatically. The procedure may take several minutes, please be patient.

NOTE: Never interrupt the upgrade procedure by closing the web browser or physically disconnect your computer from router. If the firmware you uploaded is corrupt, the firmware upgrade will fail, and you may have to return this router to the dealer of purchase to ask for help. (Warranty voids if you interrupted the upgrade procedure).

3-7 System Reset

If you think the network performance is bad, or you found the behavior of the router is strange, you can perform a router reset, sometime it will solve the problem. To do so, please click 'Tool' located at the upper-right corner of web management interface, then click 'Reset' on the left of web management interface, then the following message will be displayed on your web browser:



Please click 'Apply' to reset your router, and it will be available again after few minutes, please be patient.

CHAPTER IV: APPENDIX

4-1 Hardware Specification

SoC: Ralink RT3052

Flash: 4MBSDRAM: 16MB

WAN Port: 10/100M UTP Port x 1
 LAN Ports: 10/100M UTP Port x 4

• Antenna: 3dBi Dipole Antenna x 2 (2T2R Spatial Multiplexing MIMO configuration; 2 antennas are for signal transmitting and 2 antennas are for signal receiving)

Power: 12VDC, 1A Switching Power Adapter

Dimension: 30(H) x 157(W) x 127(D) mm

Transmit Power: 11n: 15dBm±1dBm, 11g: 15dBm±1dBm, 11b: 18dBm±1dBm

Temperature: 32~104°F (0 ~ 40°C)
Humidity: 10-90% (NonCondensing)

· Certification: FCC, CE

4-2 Troubleshooting

If you found the router is working improperly or stop responding to you, don't panic! Before you contact your dealer of purchase for help, please read this troubleshooting first. Some problems can be solved by you within very short time!

Scenario	Solution		
Router is not responding to	a. Please check the connection of power cord and network cable of this router. All cords		
me when I want to access it	and cables should be correctly and firmly inserted to the router.		
by web browser	b. If all LEDs on this router are off, please check the status of A/C power adapter, and make		
	sure it's correctly powered.		
	c. You must use the same IP address section which router uses.		
	d. Are you using MAC or IP address filter? Try to connect the router by another computer		
	and see if it works; if not, please restore your router to factory default settings (pressing		
	'reset' button for over 10 seconds).		
	e. Set your computer to obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP), and see if your		
	computer can get an IP address.		
	f. If you did a firmware upgrade and this happens, contact your dealer of purchase for help.		
	g. If all above solutions don't work, contact the dealer of purchase for help.		
Can't get connected to	a. Go to 'Status' -> 'Internet Connection' menu, and check Internet connection status.		
Internet	b. Please be patient, sometime Internet is just that slow.		
	c. If you connect a computer to Internet directly before, try to do that again, and check if you		
	can get connected to Internet with your computer directly attached to the device provided		
	by your Internet service provider.		
	d. Check PPPoE / L2TP / PPTP user ID and password again.		
	e. Call your Internet service provide and check if there's something wrong with their		
	service.		

	f. If you just can't connect to one or more website, but you can still use other internet	
	services, please check URL/Keyword filter.	
	g. Try to reset the router and try again later.	
	h. Reset the device provided by your Internet service provider too.	
	i. Try to use IP address instead of hostname. If you can use IP address to communicate	
	with a remote server, but can't use hostname, please check DNS setting.	
I can't locate my router by my	a. 'Broadcast ESSID' set to off?	
wireless client	b. All two antennas are properly secured.	
	c. Are you too far from your router? Try to get closer.	
	d. Please remember that you have to input ESSID on your wireless client manually, if ESSID	
	broadcast is disabled.	
File download is very slow or	a. Are you using QoS function? Try to disable it and try again.	
breaks frequently	b. Internet is slow sometimes, being patient.	
	c. Try to reset the router and see if it's better after that.	
	d. Try to know what computers do on your local network. If someone's transferring big files,	
	other people will think Internet is really slow.	
	e. If this never happens before, call you Internet service provider to know if there is	
	something wrong with their network.	
I can't log onto web	a. Make sure you're connecting to the correct IP address of the router!	
management interface:	b. Password is case-sensitive. Make sure the 'Caps Lock' light is not illuminated.	
password is wrong	c. If you really forget the password, do a hard reset.	
Router become hot	a. This is not a malfunction, if you can keep your hand on the router's case.	
	b. If you smell something wrong or see the smoke coming out from router or A/C power	
	adapter, please disconnect the router and A/C power adapter from utility power (make	
	sure it's safe before you're doing this!), and call your dealer of purchase for help.	
The date and time of all	a. Adjust the internal clock of router.	
event logs are wrong		

4-3 Glossary

Default Gateway (Router): Every non-router IP device needs to configure a default gateway's IP address. When the device sends out an IP packet, if the destination is not on the same network, the device has to send the packet to its default gateway, which will then send it out towards the destination.

DHCP: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. This protocol automatically gives every computer on your home network an IP address.

DNS Server IP Address: DNS stands for Domain Name System, which allows Internet servers to have a domain name (such as www.Broadbandrouter.com) and one or more IP addresses (such as 192.34.45.8). A DNS server keeps a database of Internet servers and their respective domain names and IP addresses, so that when a domain name is requested (as in typing "Broadbandrouter.com" into your Internet browser), the user is sent to the proper IP address. The DNS server IP address used by the computers on your home network is the location of the DNS server your ISP has assigned to you.

DSL Modem: DSL stands for Digital Subscriber Line. A DSL modem uses your existing phone lines to transmit data at high speeds.

Ethernet: A standard for computer networks. Ethernet networks are connected by special cables and hubs, and move data around at up to 10/100 million bits per second (Mbps).

Idle Timeout: Idle Timeout is designed so that after there is no traffic to the Internet for a pre-configured amount of time, the connection will automatically be disconnected.

IP Address and Network (Subnet) Mask: IP stands for Internet Protocol. An IP address consists of a series of four numbers separated by periods, which identifies a single, unique Internet computer host in an IP network. Example: 192.168.2.1. It consists of 2 portions: the IP network address, and the host identifier.

A network mask is also a 32-bit binary pattern, and consists of consecutive leading

1's followed by consecutive trailing 0's, such as

111111111.11111111.11111111.00000000. Therefore sometimes a network mask can also be described simply as "x" number of leading 1's.

When both are represented side by side in their binary forms, all bits in the IP address that correspond to 1's in the network mask become part of the IP network address, and the remaining bits correspond to the host ID.

For example, if the IP address for a device is, in its binary form,

11011001.10110000.10010000.00000111, and if its network mask is,

11111111.11111111.11110000.00000000

It means the device's network address is

11011001.10110000.10010000.00000000, and its host ID is,

00000000.00000000.000000000000000111. This is a convenient and efficient method for routers to route IP packets to their destination.

ISP Gateway Address: (see ISP for definition). The ISP Gateway Address is an IP address for the Internet router located at the ISP's office.

ISP: Internet Service Provider. An ISP is a business that provides connectivity to the Internet for individuals and other businesses or organizations.

LAN: Local Area Network. A LAN is a group of computers and devices connected together in a relatively small area (such as a house or an office). Your home network is considered a LAN.

MAC Address: MAC stands for Media Access Control. A MAC address is the hardware address of a device connected to a network. The MAC address is a unique identifier for a device with an Ethernet interface. It is comprised of two parts: 3 bytes of

data that corresponds to the Manufacturer ID (unique for each manufacturer), plus 3 bytes that are often used as the product's serial number.

NAT: Network Address Translation. This process allows all of the computers on your home network to use one IP address. Using the broadband router's NAT capability, you can access the Internet from any computer on your home network without having to purchase more IP addresses from your ISP.

Port: Network Clients (LAN PC) uses port numbers to distinguish one network application/protocol over another. Below is a list of common applications and protocol/port numbers:

Application	Protocol	Port Number
Telnet	ТСР	23
FTP	ТСР	21
SMTP	TCP	25
POP3	TCP	110
H.323	TCP	1720
SNMP	UCP	161
SNMP Trap	UDP	162
HTTP	TCP	80
PPTP	TCP	1723
PC Anywhere	TCP	5631
PC Anywhere	UDP	5632

PPPoE: Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet. Point-to-Point Protocol is a secure data transmission method originally created for dial-up connections; PPPoE is for Ethernet connections. PPPoE relies on two widely accepted standards, Ethernet and the Point-to-Point Protocol. It is a communications protocol for transmitting information over Ethernet between different manufacturers

Protocol: A protocol is a set of rules for interaction agreed upon between multiple parties so that when they interface with each other based on such a protocol, the interpretation of their behavior is well defined and can be made objectively, without confusion or misunderstanding.

Router: A router is an intelligent network device that forwards packets between different networks based on network layer address information such as IP addresses.

Subnet Mask: A subnet mask, which may be a part of the TCP/IP information provided by your ISP, is a set of four numbers (e.g. 255.255.255.0) configured like an IP address. It is used to create IP address numbers used only within a particular network (as opposed to valid IP address numbers recognized by the Internet, which must be assigned by InterNIC).

TCP/IP, UDP: Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and Unreliable Datagram Protocol (UDP). TCP/IP is the standard protocol for data transmission over the Internet. Both TCP and UDP are transport layer protocol. TCP performs proper error detection and error recovery, and thus is reliable. UDP on the other hand is not reliable. They both run on top of the IP (Internet Protocol), a network layer protocol.

WAN: Wide Area Network. A network that connects computers located in geographically separate areas (e.g. different buildings, cities, countries). The Internet is a wide area network.

Web-based management Graphical User Interface (GUI): Many devices support a graphical user interface that is based on the web browser. This means the user can use the familiar Netscape or Microsoft Internet Explorer to Control/configure or monitor the device being managed.

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