# **DSBV-D**



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E3043

Second Edition V2 February 2007

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# Notices

# **Federal Communications Commission Statement**

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- · This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with manufacturer' s instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- · Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- · Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- · Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



The use of shielded cables for connection of the monitor to the graphics card is required to assure compliance with FCC regulations. Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

# **Canadian Department of Communications Statement**

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

This class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

# Safety information

# **Electrical safety**

- To prevent electrical shock hazard, disconnect the power cable from the electrical outlet before relocating the system.
- When adding or removing devices to or from the system, ensure that the power cables for the devices are unplugged before the signal cables are connected. If possible, disconnect all power cables from the existing system before you add a device.
- Before connecting or removing signal cables from the motherboard, ensure that all power cables are unplugged.
- Seek professional assistance before using an adapter or extension cord. These devices could interrupt the grounding circuit.
- Make sure that your power supply is set to the correct voltage in your area. If you are not sure about the voltage of the electrical outlet you are using, contact your local power company.
- If the power supply is broken, do not try to fix it by yourself. Contact a qualified service technician or your retailer.

# **Operation safety**

- Before installing the motherboard and adding devices on it, carefully read all the manuals that came with the package.
- Before using the product, make sure all cables are correctly connected and the power cables are not damaged. If you detect any damage, contact your dealer immediately.
- To avoid short circuits, keep paper clips, screws, and staples away from connectors, slots, sockets and circuitry.
- Avoid dust, humidity, and temperature extremes. Do not place the product in any area where it may become wet.
- Place the product on a stable surface.
- If you encounter technical problems with the product, contact a qualified service technician or your retailer.

# About this guide

This user guide contains the information you need when installing and configuring the motherboard.

#### How this guide is organized

This user guide contains the following parts:

#### Chapter 1: Product introduction

This chapter describes the features of the motherboard and the new technologies it supports.

#### Chapter 2: Hardware information

This chapter lists the hardware setup procedures that you have to perform when installing system components. It includes description of the switches, jumpers, and connectors on the motherboard.

#### Chapter 3: Powering up

This chapter describes the power up sequence and ways of shutting down the system.

#### Chapter 4: BIOS setup

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.

#### Chapter 5: RAID configuration

This chapter provides instructions for setting up, creating, and configuring RAID sets using the available utilities.

#### Chapter 6: Driver installation

This chapter provides instructions for installing the necessary drivers for different system components.

#### Appendix: Reference information

This appendix includes additional information that you may refer to when configuring the motherboard.

#### Where to find more information

Refer to the following sources for additional information and for product and software updates.

#### 1. ASUS websites

The ASUS website provides updated information on ASUS hardware and software products. Refer to the ASUS contact information.

#### 2. Optional documentation

Your product package may include optional documentation, such as warranty flyers, that may have been added by your dealer. These documents are not part of the standard package.

# Conventions used in this guide

To make sure that you perform certain tasks properly, take note of the following symbols used throughout this manual.



**DANGER/WARNING**: Information to prevent injury to yourself when trying to complete a task.



**CAUTION**: Information to prevent damage to the components when trying to complete a task.



**IMPORTANT**: Instructions that you MUST follow to complete a task.



**NOTE:** Tips and additional information to help you complete a task.

# Typography

Bold text	Indicates a menu or an item to select.
Italics <key></key>	Used to emphasize a word or a phrase. Keys enclosed in the less-than and greater- than sign means that you must press the enclosed key.
	Example: <enter> means that you must press the Enter or Return key.</enter>
<key1+key2+key3></key1+key2+key3>	If you must press two or more keys simultaneously, the key names are linked with a plus sign (+).
	Example: <ctrl+alt+d></ctrl+alt+d>
Command	Means that you must type the command exactly as shown, then supply the required item or value enclosed in brackets.
	Example: At the DOS prompt, type the command line: format A:/S

# **DSBV-D** specifications summary

CPU	Dual LGA771 sockets for Intel <sup>®</sup> Xeon <sup>™</sup> Dual Core processors Supports Intel <sup>®</sup> Extended Memory 64Technology (EM64T) Supports Intel <sup>®</sup> Hyper-Threading Technology (5000 series support H.T.; 5100/5300 series DO NOT support H.T.)
Chipset	MCH : Intel <sup>®</sup> 5000V ICH : Intel <sup>®</sup> 6321ESB
Front Side Bus	1333/1066/667 MHz
Memory	Dual-channel memory architecture 6 x 240-pin FB-DIMM sockets support registered ECC fully buffered DDR2-533/DDR2-667 memory modules with Advanced Memory Buffer (AMB chip) Supports 256 MB up to 24 GB system memory
Expansion slots	1 x PCI Express™ x16 slot (x8 link) 1 x PCI Express™ x8 slot (x4 link) 3 x PCI-X 133/100 MHz 1 x PCI 33 MHz/32-bit/5V slot 1 x DDR2 SO-DIMM socket for ASUS server management board 3 series (ASMB3)
Storage	<ul> <li>Intel<sup>®</sup> 6321ESB supports:</li> <li>1 x Ultra DMA 100/66/33 channel</li> <li>6 x SATA II (300 MB/s)</li> <li>Intel<sup>®</sup> Matrix Storage with RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 0+1, and RAID 5 configuration</li> <li>LSI MegaRAID controller with RAID 0, RAID 1, and RAID 0+1 configuration</li> </ul>
Discrete graphics	ATI <sup>®</sup> ES1000 PCI display controller - Supports 32 MB display memory
LAN	Intel <sup>®</sup> 82563EB Network Connection (Dual-port) - Supports Intel I/O Acceleration Technology (IOAT)

(continued on the next page)

# **DSBV-D** specifications summary

USB	Intel <sup>®</sup> 6321ESB supports: - 4 USB 2.0/1.1 ports (2 on the rear panel, 2 on the front panel)
Special features	ASUS Smart Fan Control ASUS Smart Fan2 Control ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2
BIOS features	PHOENIX BIOS, 8 Mb FWH, Green, PnP, DMI, WfM2.0, ACPI 2.0a, SMBIOS 2.3
Rear panel	1 x PS/2 keyboard port (purple) 1 x PS/2 mouse port (green) 2 x USB 2.0 ports 1 x Serial port 1 x VGA port 2 x LAN (RJ-45) ports
Internal connectors	<ul> <li>1 x Floppy disk drive connector</li> <li>1 x IDE connector</li> <li>6 x Serial ATA connectors</li> <li>1 x Hard disk activity LED connector (4-pin HDLED1)</li> <li>1 x USB connector (10-1 pin USB34)</li> <li>1 x Serial port connector (10-1 pin COM2)</li> <li>1 x Power supply SMBus connector (5-pin PSUMB1)</li> <li>1 x Parallel port connector (26-1 pin LPT1)</li> <li>1 x System panel connector (20-1 pin PANEL1)</li> <li>1 x Auxiliary panel connector (20-2 pin AUX-PANEL1)</li> <li>SSI power connectors (24-pin, 8-pin, and 4-pin)</li> <li>CPU (x2), rear (x2), front (x4), and FB-DIMM (x1) fan connectors</li> </ul>
Power requirement	SSI power supply (with 24-pin/4-pin/8-pin 12V plugs) for LGA771-socket Intel <sup>®</sup> Xeon Dual Core processors (Bensley-VS platform)
Form factor	SSI CEB form factor: 12 in x 10.5 in (30.5 cm x 26.7 cm)
Support CD contents	Device drivers ASUS Update Utility ASUS Server Web-based Management (ASWM) ADOBE Acrobat Reader ASUS Screen Saver ASUS Flash utility under DOS

\*Specifications are subject to change without notice.

This chapter describes the motherboard features and the new technologies it supports.

# Product introduction

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# **Chapter summary**

1.1	Welcome!	1-1
1.2	Package contents	1-1
1.3	Serial number label	1-1
1.4	Special features	1-2

1

# 1.1 Welcome!

Thank you for buying an ASUS® DSBV-D motherboard!

The motherboard delivers a host of new features and latest technologies, making it another standout in the long line of ASUS quality motherboards!

Before you start installing the motherboard, and hardware devices on it, check the items in your package with the list below.

# 1.2 Package contents

Check your motherboard package for the following items.

-		DSBV-D Retail Pack	DSBV-D Bulk Pack
	SATA Signal Cable	6	
Cables	SATA Power Cable	3	
	2-in-1 (IDE&Floppy) Cable Set	1	
Accessories	IO Shield	1	1
Accessories	CEK Spring	2	2
Application CDs	Support CD	1	1
Documentation	User Guide	1	1
Packing Qty.		3pcs per Caton	10pcs per Carton



If any of the above items is damaged or missing, contact your retailer.

# 1.3 Serial number label

Before requesting support from the ASUS Technical Support team, you must take note of the motherboard's serial number containing 12 characters such as xxM0Axxxxxx. See the figure below.

With the correct serial number of the product, ASUS Technical Support team members can then offer a quicker and satisfying solution to your problems.



# 1.4 Special features

# 1.4.1 Product highlights

#### Latest processor technology



The motherboard comes with two LGA-771 sockets that support Dual-Core Intel<sup>®</sup> Xeon<sup>™</sup> processors with 1333/1066/667 MHz Front Side Bus (FSB). Dual-core processors contain two physical CPU cores to meet demands for more powerful processing. Intel<sup>®</sup> Xeon<sup>™</sup> processors incorporate the Intel<sup>®</sup> Hyper-Threading Technology and Extended Memory 64-bit Technology (EM64T). The EM64T enables the support for 64-bit operation system, such as 64-bit Windows<sup>®</sup> and Linux. See page 2-9 for details.

## Intel<sup>®</sup> 5000V and Intel<sup>®</sup> 6321ESB chipset

The Intel $^{\circ}$  5000V Memory Controller Hub (MCH) and the Intel $^{\circ}$  6321ESB provide the vital interfaces for the motherboard.

The MCH provides the processor, dual-channel FB-DIMM memory support, and PCI Express interfaces. The Intel<sup>®</sup> 6321ESB is a new generation server class I/O controller hub that provides the interface for PCI 2.3, PCI Express, and PCIX.

# Intel® EM64T

The motherboard supports Intel<sup>®</sup> processors with the Intel<sup>®</sup> EM64T (Extended Memory 64 Technology). The Intel<sup>®</sup> EM64T feature allows your computer to run on 64-bit operating systems and access larger amounts of system memory for faster and more efficient computing.

# Enhanced Intel SpeedStep® Technology (EIST)

The Enhanced Intel SpeedStep<sup>®</sup> Technology (EIST) intelligently manages the CPU resources by automatically adjusting the CPU voltage and core frequency depending on the CPU loading and system speed or power requirement.

#### **FB-DIMM** memory support

This motherboard supports fully buffered DIMMs (FB-DIMMs), the latest memory solution that extends memory capacity and provide high-speed, high-density system memory peformance. FB-DIMMs use Advanced Memory Buffer (AMB) chips that transmit signals between the memory modules and controllers with improved signal integrity and reduced errors. See page 2-14 for details.

# PCI Express<sup>™</sup> interface PCI

The motherboard fully supports PCI Express, the latest I/O interconnect technology that speeds up the PCI bus. PCI Express features point-to-point serial interconnections between devices and allows higher clockspeeds by carrying data in packets. This high speed interface is software compatible with existing PCI or PCI-X specifications. See page 2-22 for details.

# 82563 LAN solution



The motherboard comes with a dual-port 82563EB network connection to provide a total solution for your networking needs. See page 2-29 for the location of the LAN ports. See section **2.6 Jumpers** for details on Gigabit LAN settings.

# Serial ATA II technology 🕂



The motherboard supports the Serial ATA II 3 Gb/s technology through 6321ESB Serial ATA interfaces. The Serial ATA II specification provides twice the bandwidth of the current Serial ATA products with a host of new features, including Native Command Queuing (NCQ), Power Management (PM) Implementation Algorithm, and Hot Swap. Serial ATA allows thinner, more flexible cables with lower pin count and reduced voltage requirements. See page 2-31 for details.

# USB 2.0 technology

The motherboard implements the Universal Serial Bus (USB) 2.0 specification, dramatically increasing the connection speed from the 12 Mbps bandwidth on USB 1.1 to a fast 480 Mbps on USB 2.0. USB 2.0 is backward compatible with USB 1.1. See pages 2-29 and 2-32 for details.

#### Temperature, fan, and voltage monitoring

The CPU temperature is monitored by the W83793G chip to prevent overheating and damage. The system fan rotations per minute (RPM) is monitored for timely failure detection. The chip monitors the voltage levels to ensure stable supply of current for critical components. See page 4-29 for details.

#### Intel<sup>®</sup> IOAT

Intel<sup>®</sup> I/O Acceleration Technology (IOAT) is an integrated server platform I/O solution that addresses all segments of the server I/O bottleneck problem using TCP/IP without requiring any modification of existing or future applications. Intel<sup>®</sup> IOAT is a system-wide solution that increases CPU efficiency and delivers data to/from applications faster than current server platforms.

# 1.4.2 Innovative ASUS features

# CrashFree BIOS 2 CrashFree

This feature allows you to restore the original BIOS data from the support CD in case when the BIOS codes and data are corrupted. This protection eliminates the need to buy a replacement ROM chip. See page 4-3 for details.

# ASUS Smart Fan technology



The ASUS Smart Fan technology smartly adjusts the fan speeds according to the system loading to ensure quiet, cool, and efficient operation. See page 4-31 for details.

#### ASUS MemCool FB-DIMM Fan Kit (optional)

With this optional fan kit, the platform gets optimal performance and the best possible FB-DIMM thermal environment.

This chapter lists the hardware setup procedures that you have to perform when installing system components. It includes description of the jumpers and connectors on the motherboard.



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# **Chapter summary**

2.1	Before you proceed	
2.2	Motherboard overview	
2.3	Central Processing Unit (CPU)	
2.4	System memory	
2.5	Expansion slots	
2.6	Jumpers	
2.7	Switch	
2.8	Connectors	

2

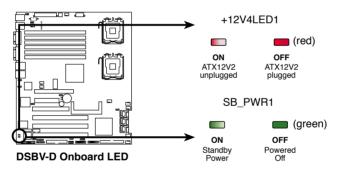
# 2.1 Before you proceed

Take note of the following precautions before you install motherboard components or change any motherboard settings.



- Unplug the power cord from the wall socket before touching any component.
- Use a grounded wrist strap or touch a safely grounded object or a metal object, such as the power supply case, before handling components to avoid damaging them due to static electricity.
- · Hold components by the edges to avoid touching the ICs on them.
- Whenever you uninstall any component, place it on a grounded antistatic pad or in the bag that came with the component.
- Before you install or remove any component, ensure that the power supply is switched off or the power cord is detached from the power supply. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to the motherboard, peripherals, and/or components.

## **Onboard LED**



# 2.2 Motherboard overview

Before you install the motherboard, study the configuration of your chassis to ensure that the motherboard fits into it.

To optimize the motherboard features, we highly recommend that you install it in an SSI EEB 3.61 compliant chassis.



Make sure to unplug the chassis power cord before installing or removing the motherboard. Failure to do so can cause you physical injury and damage motherboard components!

# 2.2.1 Placement direction

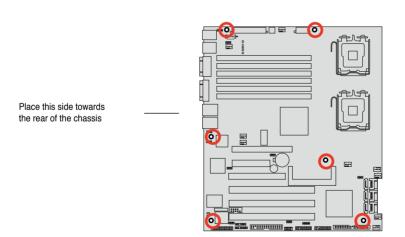
When installing the motherboard, make sure that you place it into the chassis in the correct orientation. The edge with external ports goes to the rear part of the chassis as indicated in the image below.

## 2.2.2 Screw holes

Place six (6) screws into the holes indicated by circles to secure the motherboard to the chassis.



Do not overtighten the screws! Doing so can damage the motherboard.



# 2.2.3 Support kits for the motherboard

For additional protection from motherboard breakage due to the weight of the CPU heatsinks, your motherboard package comes with CEK springs that you can use as weight support. Install the CEK springs before installing the motherboard.



If your chassis is SSI EEB 3.61 compliant, we recommend that you use the CEK springs; otherwise, use the support plates kit.

Each CEK spring has four hooks to match the designated holes around the CPU area.

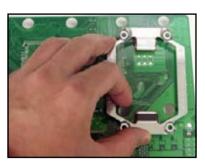


Hook

To install the CEK spring:

1. Locate the CPU heatsink holes on the motherboard.

 Position the CEK spring underneath the motherboard, then match the CEK spring hooks to the CPU1 heatsink holes.



3. Press the upper spring hooks inward, then insert to the upper CPU heatsink holes until they snap in place.

4. Press the lower spring clips inward, then insert to the lower CPU heatsink holes until they snap in place.

5. If you installed a second CPU, repeat steps 2 to 4 to install the CEK spring to the CPU2 heatsink holes.

The CEK springs appear as shown when installed.

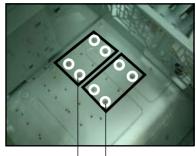


CEK spring screw hole





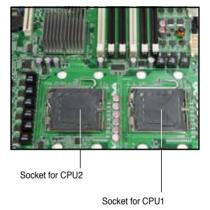
 Before installing the motherboard into the chassis, locate the standoffs that should match the eight (8) CEK spring screw holes.



Standoffs for CPU1

Standoffs for CPU2

7. Install the motherboard with the external I/O ports toward the chassis rear panel. The CPU sockets should be right on top of their respective standoffs.



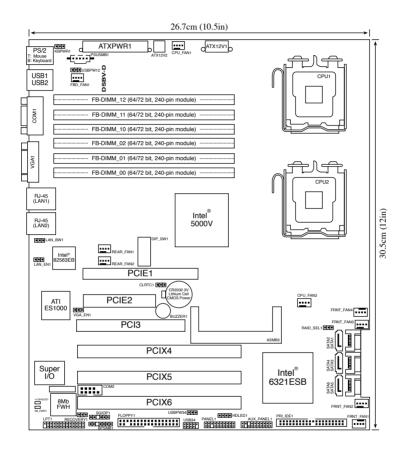


Make sure that the standoffs perfectly match the CEK spring screw holes; otherwise, you can not install the CPU heatsinks properly.

8. Secure the motherboard with six (6) screws. Refer to section "2.2.2 Screw holes" for illustration.

# 2.2.4 Motherboard layouts

#### DSBV-D



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# 2.3 Central Processing Unit (CPU)

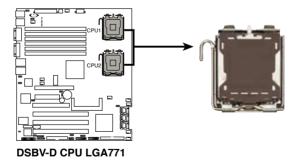
The motherboard comes with a surface mount LGA771 socket designed for the  $Intel^{\text{B}}$  Xeon<sup>®</sup> Dual Core processor.

- Your boxed Intel<sup>®</sup> Xeon<sup>®</sup> LGA771 processor package should come with installation instructions for the CPU and heatsink. If the instructions in this section do not match the CPU documentation, follow the latter.
   Upon purchase of the motherboard, make sure that the PnP cap is on
  - Upon purchase of the motherboard, make sure that the PnP cap is on the socket and the socket contacts are not bent. Contact your retailer immediately if the PnP cap is missing, or if you see any damage to the PnP cap/socket contacts/motherboard components. ASUS will shoulder the cost of repair only if the damage is shipment/transit-related.
  - Keep the cap after installing the motherboard. ASUS will process Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) requests only if the motherboard comes with the cap on the LGA771 socket.
  - The product warranty does not cover damage to the socket contacts resulting from incorrect CPU installation/removal, or misplacement/loss/ incorrect removal of the PnP cap.

# 2.3.1 Installing the CPU

To install a CPU:

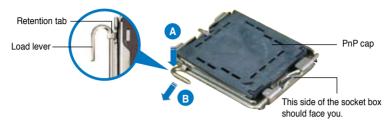
1. Locate the CPU socket on the motherboard.





Before installing the CPU, make sure that the socket box is facing towards you and the load lever is on your left.

2. Press the load lever with your thumb (A), then move it to the left (B) until it is released from the retention tab.



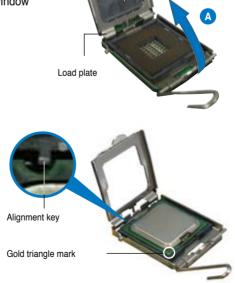


To prevent damage to the socket pins, do not remove the PnP cap unless you are installing a CPU.

 Lift the load lever in the direction of the arrow to a 135° angle.

 Lift the load plate with your thumb and forefinger to a 100° angle (A), then push the PnP cap from the load plate window to remove (B).

 Position the CPU over the socket, making sure that the gold triangle is on the bottom-left corner of the socket. The socket alignment key should fit into the CPU notch



 Close the load plate (A), then push the load lever (B) until it snaps into the retention tab.





The CPU fits in only one correct orientation. DO NOT force the CPU into the socket to prevent bending the connectors on the socket and damaging the CPU!

#### Notes on Intel<sup>®</sup> Hyper-Threading Technology



- This motherboard supports Intel<sup>®</sup> Xeon™ CPUs in the 771-land package with Hyper-Threading Technology.
- Hyper-Threading Technology is supported by Intel<sup>®</sup> 5000 series CPU only. 5100/5300 series DO NOT support Hyper-Threading.
- Hyper-Threading Technology is supported under Windows<sup>®</sup> XP/2003 Server and Linux 2.4.x (kernel) and later versions only. Under Linux, use the Hyper-Threading compiler to compile the code. If you are using any other operating systems, disable the Hyper-Threading Technology item in the BIOS to ensure system stability and performance.
- Installing Windows<sup>®</sup> 2003 Server or later version is recommended.
- Make sure to enable the Hyper-Threading Technology item in BIOS before installing a supported operating system.
- For more information on Hyper-Threading Technology, visit www.intel. com/info/hyperthreading.

To use the Hyper-Threading Technology on this motherboard:

- 1. Install an Intel<sup>®</sup> Xeon<sup>™</sup> CPU that supports Hyper-Threading Technology.
- Power up the system and enter the BIOS Setup (see Chapter 4: BIOS setup). Under the Advanced Menu, make sure that the item Hyper-Threading Technology is set to Enabled. The item appears only if you installed a CPU that supports Hyper-Threading Technology.
- 3. Reboot the computer.

# 2.3.2 Installing the CPU heatsink and fan

The Intel<sup>®</sup> Xeon<sup>™</sup> processors require an Intel certified heatsink and fan assembly to ensure optimum thermal condition and performance.

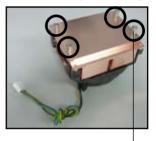
When you buy a boxed Intel CPU, the package includes the heatsink, fan, retention brackets, screws, thermal grease, installation manual, and other items that are necessary for CPU installation.

- Make sure that you have applied the thermal grease to the top of the CPU before installing the heatsink and fan.
  - Refer to the installation manual that came with the CPU package for details on heatsink/fan assembly and installation.

CPU heatsink (top view)



CPU heatsink (bottom view)



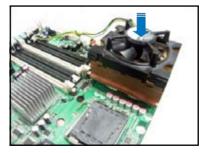
Heatsink screw



Before installing the CPU heatsinks, ensure that the jumpers DIP\_SW1 are set correctly depending on the pin definition of your CPU fan cables. Refer to page 2-19 for information on these jumpers.

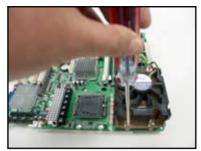
To install the CPU heatsink and fan:

1. Place the heatsink on top of the installed CPU, making sure that the four screws on the heatsink align with the nuts on the support plate.



2. Use a Phillips screwdriver to tighten the four heatsink screws in a diagonal sequence.

3.



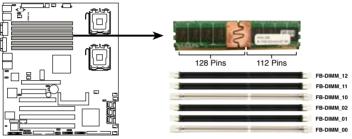
- Connect the fan cable to the 4-pin connector labeled CPU\_FAN1. Do not forget to connect the CPU fan cable! Hardware monitoring errors may occur if you fail to plug this connector.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 to 3 to install the other heatsink if you have installed a second CPU, then connect the fan cable to the 4-pin connector labeled CPU\_FAN2.

# 2.4 System memory

#### 2.4.1 Overview

The motherboard comes with six fully-buffered DIMM (FB-DIMM) sockets to support 240-pin FB-DIMM modules. An FB-DIMM module has a different pin-out from DDR2 DIMMs so you cannot install DDR2 DIMMs on an FB-DIMM socket. Note that an FB-DIMM socket has an Advanced Memory Buffer (AMB) chip that allows memory-to-CPU connection at gigabit speed.

The figure illustrates the location of the FB-DIMM sockets:



DSBV-D 240-pin FB-DIMM sockets

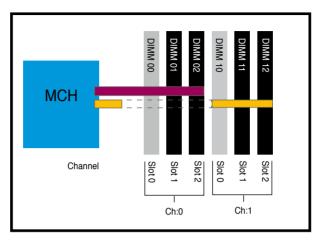
# 2.4.2 Memory configurations

You may install 256 MB, 512 MB, 1 GB, 2 GB, and 4 GB registered ECC FB-DIMMs into the DIMM sockets.

 For optimum compatibility, we recommend that you obtain memory modules from the same vendor. Refer to the Qualified Vendors List on the ASUS web site.

- This motherboard does not support memory modules made up of 128 Mb chips or double-rank x16 memory modules.
- If you are installing only one memory module, install into the white socket labeled DIMM\_00. Installing into any other socket will not work.

#### **Rank population**



#### **DIMM installation reference table**

No. of DIMMs	Slot/s to use
1	DIMM_00
2	DIMM_00, DIMM_10
4	DIMM_00, DIMM_01, DIMM_10, DIMM_11
6	DIMM_00, DIMM_01, DIMM_02, DIMM_10, DIMM_11, DIMM_12



- DIMMs in pair means two DIMMs with the same configuration.
- For better performance, same configuration DIMMs should be installed on the same slot number for each channel. For example, you may install the same type of DIMMs in DIMM\_00, and DIMM\_10.

# 2.4.3 Memory sparing technology

The Intel<sup>®</sup> 5000V chipset supports the memory sparing technology. Refer to the below sections:

#### **Memory Sparing :**

At configuration time, a DIMM rank is set aside to replace a defective DIMM rank. When the error rate for a failing DIMM rank reaches a pre-determined threshold, the memory sparing function will issue an interrupt and initiate a spare copy. At the completion of the copy, the failing DIMM rank is disabled and the "spared" DIMM rank will be used in its place. Refer to **4.4.2 Chipset Configuration** and configure the options of **Branch 0 Rank Sparing** to enable the memory sparing functions. And the default BIOS setting is disabled.

- The DIMM rank with the largest size will be assigned as spare rank. Data can only be copied from a smaller sized rank to a larger sized one.
  - A DIMM can contain only one or two ranks. To support sparing function, a DIMM channel should contain at least two ranks.
  - When sparing function is enabled, the usable memory size will reduce then size of the spare ranks.

The following tables show memory configurations with Memory Sparing function in Branch 0.

# Channel 0 Channel 1 DIMM\_00 DIMM\_10 (2048MB/2 Ranks) Classing Rank 0 Rank 1 Rank 0 Rank 1 (1024 MB) (1024 MB) (1024 MB) (1024 MB) Sparing V V Memory space 1024 MB 1024 MB Total Memory 2048 MB Colspan="2">Class MB

#### One DIMM per channel (Dual ranks)

### Two DIMM per channel (Dual ranks)

	Channel 0		Channel 1	
	DIMM_00 (1024MB/2 Ranks)		DIMM_10 (1024MB/2 Ranks)	
	Rank 0 (512 MB)	Rank 1 (512 MB)	Rank 0 (512 MB)	Rank 1 (512 MB)
Sparing				
Memory space	512 MB	512 MB	512 MB	512 MB
		M_01		M_11 (2. Denko)
	(2048MB	/2 Ranks)	(2048MB	z hanks)
	(2048MB) Rank 0 (1024 MB)	/ <b>2 Ranks)</b> Rank 1 (1024 MB)	(2048MB) Rank 0 (1024 MB)	Rank 1 (1024 MB)
Sparing	Rank 0	Rank 1	Rank 0	Rank 1
Sparing Memory space	Rank 0	Rank 1 (1024 MB)	Rank 0	Rank 1 (1024 MB)

### Two DIMM per channel (Single rank)

	Channel 0	Channel 1
	DIMM_00 (512MB/1 Ranks)	DIMM_10 (512MB/1 Ranks)
	Rank 0 (512 MB)	Rank 0 (512 MB)
Sparing		
Memory space	512 MB	512 MB
	DIMM_01 (1024MB/1 Ranks)	DIMM_11 (1024MB/1 Ranks)
	Rank 0 (1024 MB)	Rank 0 (1024 MB)
Sparing	V	V
Memory space		
Total Memory	1024	4 MB

### Three DIMMs per channel (Dual ranks)

	Channel 0		Char	nel 1
	DIMM_00 (1024/2 Ranks)		DIMM_10 (1024/2 Ranks)	
	Rank 0 (1024 MB)	Rank 1 (1024 MB)	Rank 0 (1024 MB)	Rank 1 (1024 MB)
Sparing				
Memory space	512 MB	512 MB	512 MB	512 MB
		M_01 /2 Ranks)		M_11 /2 Ranks)
	Rank 0 (512 MB)	Rank 1 (512 MB)	Rank 0 (512 MB)	Rank 1 (512 MB)
Sparing				
Memory space	512 MB	512 MB	512 MB	512 MB
		M_02 /2 Ranks)		M_12 /2 Ranks)
	Rank 0 (1024 MB)	Rank 1 (1024 MB)	Rank 0 (1024 MB)	Rank 1 (1024 MB)
Sparing		V		V
Memory space	1024 MB		1024 MB	
Total Memory		614	4 MB	

### Three DIMMs per channel (Single ranks)

	Channel 0	Channel 1
	DIMM_00 (512MB/1 Rank)	DIMM_10 (512MB/1 Rank)
	Rank 0 (512 MB)	Rank 0 (512 MB)
Sparing		
Memory space	512 MB	512 MB
	DIMM_01 (1024MB/1 Rank)	DIMM_11 (1024MB/1 Rank)
	Rank 0 (512 MB)	Rank 0 (512 MB)
Sparing		
Memory space	512 MB	512 MB
	DIMM_02 (1024MB/1 Rank)	DIMM_12 (1024MB/1 Rank)
	Rank 0 (1024 MB)	Rank 0 (1024 MB)
Sparing	V	V
Memory space		
Total Memory	204	3 MB

Chapter 2: Hardware information

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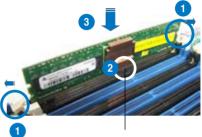
### 2.4.4 Installing a DIMM



Make sure to unplug the power supply before adding or removing DIMMs or other system components. Failure to do so may cause severe damage to both the motherboard and the components.

To install a DIMM:

- 1. Unlock a DIMM socket by pressing the retaining clips outward.
- Align a DIMM on the socket such that the notch on the DIMM matches the break on the socket.
- Firmly insert the DIMM into the socket until the retaining clips snap back in place and the DIMM is properly seated.



FB-DIMM notch



- A FB-DIMM is keyed with a notch so that it fits in only one direction. Do not force a DIMM into a socket to avoid damaging the DIMM.
- Thesockets do not support DDR/DDR2 DIMMs. DO NOT install DDR/DDR2 DIMMs to the FB-DIMM sockets.

### 2.4.5 Removing a DIMM

To remove a DIMM:

1. Simultaneously press the retaining clips outward to unlock the DIMM.



Support the DIMM lightly with your fingers when pressing the retaining clips. The DIMM might get damaged when it flips out with extra force.



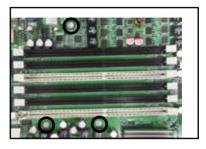
2. Remove the DIMM from the socket.

## 2.4.6 Installing the optional MemCool FB-DIMM fan

The FB-DIMMs generate heat during continued operation. To ensure optimum thermal condition and performance, install the optional MemCool FB-DIMM fan.

To install the optional FB-DIMM fan:

1. Locate the three FB-DIMM fan holes on the motherboard.



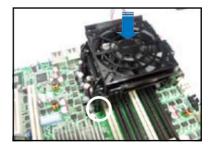
 Disengage the fan top cover from the gripping the top cover by the clamps to top cover carefully until it separates from





Do not remove the fan from the fan base.

 Position the fan base over the DIMMs, and insert the fan base legs into the FB-DIMM holes until the legs are securely in place.

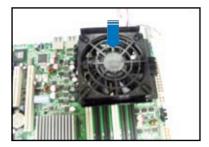




- For instructional purposes only, no FB-DIMM is installed on any of the slots.
- For 2U or above models, we suggest you to install MemCool FB-DIMM fan for better cooling effect and system performance.

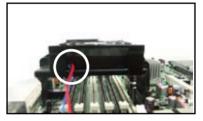
4. Position top cover over the fan base. Insert the top cover legs into the slot on the fan base legs.

Push down carefully until the legs are securely in place and the top cover hooks snap in place.





Make sure the cables pass through the notch on the fan base as shown.



5. Connect the fan cable to the black 4-pin connector labeled FBD\_FAN1.

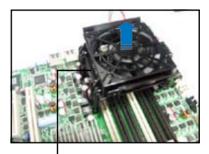


### 2.4.7 Uninstalling the optional MemCool FB-DIMM fan

1. Unplug the fan cable.

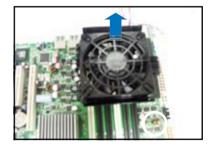


2. Grip the top cover clamps until the top cover hooks are released, then carefully lift the top cover while supporting the fan base with your free hand.



Top cover clamp

3. Carefully lift the fan base.



# 2.5 Expansion slots

In the future, you may need to install expansion cards. The following sub-sections describe the slots and the expansion cards that they support.



Make sure to unplug the power cord before adding or removing expansion cards. Failure to do so may cause you physical injury and damage motherboard components.

### 2.5.1 Installing an expansion card

To install an expansion card:

- 1. Before installing the expansion card, read the documentation that came with it and make the necessary hardware settings for the card.
- 2. Remove the system unit cover (if your motherboard is already installed in a chassis).
- 3. Remove the bracket opposite the slot that you intend to use. Keep the screw for later use.
- 4. Align the card connector with the slot and press firmly until the card is completely seated on the slot.
- 5. Secure the card to the chassis with the screw you removed earlier.
- 6. Replace the system cover.

### 2.5.2 Configuring an expansion card

After installing the expansion card, configure the it by adjusting the software settings.

- 1. Turn on the system and change the necessary BIOS settings, if any. See Chapter 4 for information on BIOS setup.
- 2. Assign an IRQ to the card. Refer to the tables on the next page.
- 3. Install the software drivers for the expansion card.



When using PCI cards on shared slots, ensure that the drivers support "Share IRQ" or that the cards do not need IRQ assignments. Otherwise, conflicts will arise between the two PCI groups, making the system unstable and the card inoperable.

### 2.5.3 Interrupt assignments

10.0		
IRQ	Priority	Standard Function
0	1	System Timer
1	2	Keyboard Controller
2	_	Re-direct to IRQ#9
3	11	Communications Port (COM2)*
4	12	Communications Port (COM1)*
5	13	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
6	14	Floppy Disk Controller
7	15	Printer Port (LPT1)*
8	3	System CMOS/Real Time Clock
9	4	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
10	5	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
11	6	IRQ holder for PCI steering*
12	7	PS/2 Compatible Mouse Port*
13	8	Numeric Data Processor
14	9	Primary IDE Channel
15	10	Secondary IDE Channel

### Standard interrupt assignments

\* These IRQs are usually available for ISA or PCI devices.

### 2.5.4 PCI-X slots

The PCI-X slots support cards such as a LAN card, SCSI card, USB card, and other cards that comply with PCI 2.3 and PCI-X 1.0 specifications.



PCI-X slot

### 2.5.5 DDR2 SODIMM socket

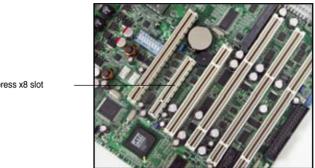
The DDR2 SODIMM socket on the motherboard supports an ASUS<sup>®</sup> Server Management Board 3 Series (ASMB3).

SODIMM socket



#### 2.5.6 PCI Express x8 slot (x4 link)

The onboard PCI Express x8 slot provides x4 link to the ESB. This slot is designed for various server class high performance I/O add-on cards like SCSI RAID card, fiber-channel card, etc.



PCI Express x8 slot

#### 2.5.7 PCI Express x16 slot (x8 link)

This motherboard supports PCI Express I/O cards that comply with the PCI Express specifications.



PCI Express x16 slot

## 2.6 Jumpers

### 1. Clear RTC RAM (CLRTC1)

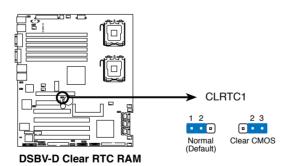
This jumper allows you to clear the Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM in CMOS. You can clear the CMOS memory of date, time, and system setup parameters by erasing the CMOS RTC RAM data. The onboard button cell battery powers the RAM data in CMOS, which include system setup information such as system passwords.

To erase the RTC RAM:

- 1. Turn OFF the computer and unplug the power cord.
- 2. Remove the onboard battery.
- 3. Move the jumper cap from pins 1-2 (default) to pins 2-3. Keep the cap on pins 2-3 for about 5~10 seconds, then move the cap back to pins 1-2.
- 4. Reinstall the battery.
- 5. Plug the power cord and turn ON the computer.
- 6. Hold down the <Del> key during the boot process and enter BIOS setup to re-enter data.

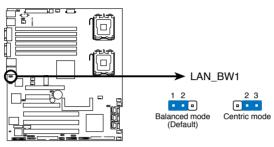


Except when clearing the RTC RAM, never remove the cap on CLRTC jumper default position. Removing the cap will cause system boot failure!



### 2. LAN bandwidth setting (3-pin LAN\_BW1)

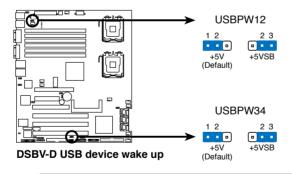
This jumper allows you to set the LAN bandwidth setting for more efficient IP load distribution.



DSBV-D LAN bandwidth setting

### 3. USB device wake-up (3-pin USBPW12, USBPW34)

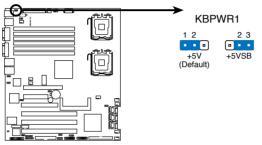
Set these jumpers to +5V to wake up the computer from S1 sleep mode (CPU stopped, DRAM refreshed, system running in low power mode) using the connected USB devices. Set to +5VSB to wake up from S4 sleep mode (no power to CPU, DRAM in slow refresh, power supply in reduced power mode).



- The USB device wake-up feature requires a power supply that can provide 500mA on the +5VSB lead for each USB port; otherwise, the system will not power up.
- If you are using Windows<sup>®</sup> 2000, you need to install Service Pack 4 to wake up the system from S4 sleep mode.
- The total current consumed must NOT exceed the power supply capability (+5VSB) whether under normal condition or in sleep mode.

### 4. Keyboard power (3-pin KBPWR1)

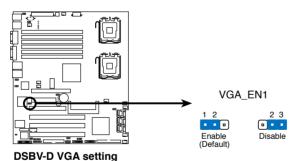
This jumper allows you to enable or disable the keyboard wake-up feature. Set this jumper to pins 2-3 (+5VSB) to wake up the computer when you press a key on the keyboard (the default is the Space Bar). This feature requires an ATX power supply that can supply at least 1A on the +5VSB lead, and a corresponding setting in the BIOS.



**DSBV-D Keyboard power setting** 

### 5. VGA controller setting (3-pin VGA\_EN1)

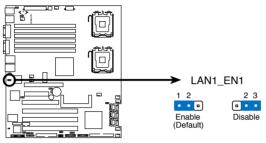
These jumpers allow you to enable or disable the onboard VGA controller. Set to pins 1-2 to activate the VGA feature.



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### 6. LAN controller setting (3-pin LAN\_EN1)

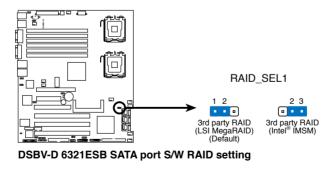
This jumper allows you to enable or disable the onboard Intel<sup>®</sup> 6321 Gigabit LAN controller. Set to pins 1-2 to activate the Gigabit LAN feature.



DSBV-D LAN1\_EN setting

### 7. Intel<sup>®</sup> 6321ESB SATA port S/W RAID setting (3-pin RAID\_SEL1)

This jumper allows you to select the Serial ATA RAID configuration utility to use when you create disk arrays. Both utilities are supported by the Intel <sup>®</sup> 6321ESB. Place the jumper caps on pins 1-2 if you want to use the LSI MegaRAID Serial ATA RAID utility (default); otherwise, place the jumper caps on pins 2-3 to use the Intel<sup>®</sup> Matrix Storage Manager (IMSM).

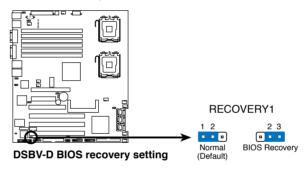


### 8. Force BIOS recovery setting (3-pin RECOVERY1)

This jumper allows you to quickly update or recover the BIOS settings when it becomes corrupted.

To update the BIOS:

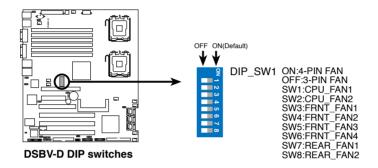
- 1. Prepare a floppy disk that contains the latest BIOS for the motherboard and the Phoenix Phlash16 utility. Make sure you download the correct BIOS for your motherboard model.
- 2. Set the jumper to pins 2-3.
- 3. Insert the floppy disk then turn on the system to update the BIOS.
- 4. Shut down the system.
- 5. Set the jumper back to pins 1-2.
- 6. Turn on the system.



# 2.7 Switch

### 1. DIP switches (DIP\_SW1)

This switch allows you to set up the fan connections. Set the switch to ON if you are using a 4-pin fan (PWM fan) cable plug, or to OFF if you are using a 3-pin (PC fan) plug.



The following table shows the corresponding switch for each fan connector.

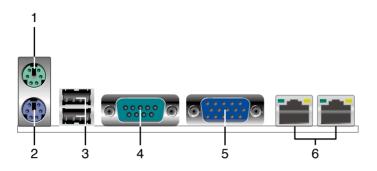
Switch	Fan connector
1	CPU_FAN1
2	CPU_FAN2
3	FRNT_FAN1
4	FRNT_FAN2
5	FRNT_FAN3
6	FRNT_FAN4
7	REAR_FAN1
8	REAR_FAN2

S

- If you use a 4-pin fan but set the DIP switch for a 3-pin fan, the fan you installed may not work.
- If you use a 3-pin fan but set the DIP switch for a 4-pin fan, the fan controll will not work and the fan you installed will always run at full speed.

## 2.8 Connectors

### 2.8.1 Rear panel connectors



- 1. PS/2 mouse port (green). This port is for a PS/2 mouse.
- 2. PS/2 keyboard port (purple). This port is for a PS/2 keyboard.
- 3. USB 2.0 ports 1 and 2. These two 4-pin Universal Serial Bus (USB) ports are available for connecting USB 2.0 devices.
- 4. Serial (COM1) port. This 9-pin communication port is for pointing devices or other serial devices.
- 5. Video Graphics Adapter port. This port is for a VGA monitor or other VGAcompatible devices.
- 6. LAN (RJ-45) ports. These ports allow Gigabit connection to a Local Area Network (LAN) through a network hub. Refer to the table below for the LAN port LED indications.

### LAN port LED indications

ACT/I	link led		SPEED LED
Status	Description	Status	Description
OFF	No link	OFF	10 Mbps connection
GREEN	Linked	ORANGE	100 Mbps connection
BLINKING	Data activity	GREEN	1000 Mbps connection



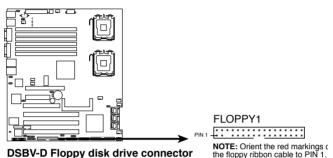
### 282 Internal connectors

#### 1. Floppy disk drive connector (34-1 pin FLOPPY1)

This connector is for the provided floppy disk drive (FDD) signal cable. Insert one end of the cable to this connector, then connect the other end to the signal connector at the back of the floppy disk drive.



Pin 5 on the connector is removed to prevent incorrect cable connection when using a FDD cable with a covered Pin 5.



DSBV-D Floppy disk drive connector

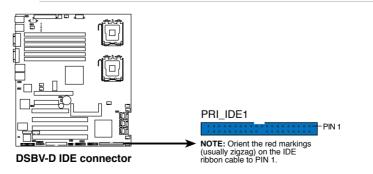
#### 2. IDE connector (40-1 pin PRI IDE)

This connector is for an Ultra DMA 100/66 signal cable. The Ultra DMA 100/66 signal cable has three connectors: a blue connector for the primary IDE connector on the motherboard, a black connector for an Ultra DMA 100/66 IDE slave device (optical drive/hard disk drive), and a grav connector for an Ultra DMA 100/66 IDE master device (hard disk drive). If you install two hard disk drives, you must configure the second drive as a slave device by setting its jumper accordingly. Refer to the hard disk documentation for the jumper settings.



Pin 20 on the IDE connector is removed to match the covered hole on the Ultra DMA cable connector. This prevents incorrect insertion when you connect the IDE cable.

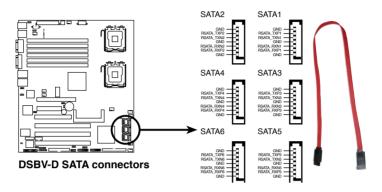
Use the 80-conductor IDE cable for Ultra DMA 100/66 IDE devices



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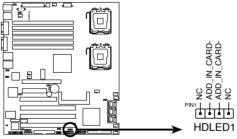
# 3. Serial ATA connectors (7-pin SATA1, SATA2, SATA3, SATA4, SATA5, SATA6 )

These connectors are for the Serial ATA signal cables for Serial ATA hard disk drives.



### 4. Hard disk activity LED connector (4-pin HDLED1)

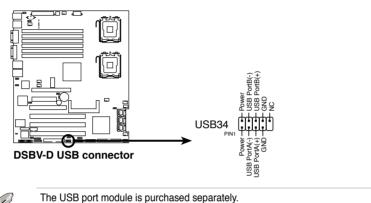
This connector is used to connect to a hard disk drive active LED connector on the SCSI or RAID card.



DSBV-D storage card activity LED connector

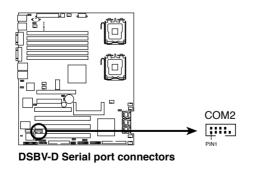
### 5. USB connector (10-1 pin USB34)

This connector is for USB 2.0 ports. Connect the USB module cable to this connector, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis. This USB connector complies with USB 2.0 specification that supports up to 480 Mbps connection speed.



# 6. Serial port connector (10-1 pin COM2)

This connector is for a serial (COM) port. Connect the serial port module cable to this connector, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis.



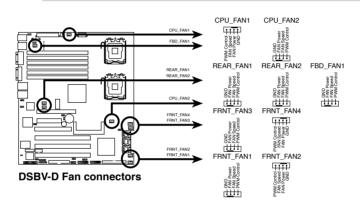


The serial port module is purchased separately.

# 7. CPU and system fan connectors (4-pin CPU\_FAN1/2, REAR\_FAN1/2, FRNT\_FAN1/2/3/4, FBD\_FAN1)

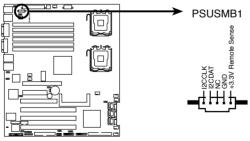
The fan connectors support cooling fans of 350 mA ~ 740 mA (8.88 W max.) or a total of 2.1 A ~ 4.44 A (53.28 W max.) at +12V. Connect the fan cables to the fan connectors on the motherboard, making sure that the black wire of each cable matches the ground pin of the connector.

Do not forget to connect the fan cables to the fan connectors. Insufficient air flow inside the system may damage the motherboard components. These are not jumpers! Do not place jumper caps on the fan connectors!



### 8. Power supply SMBus connector (5-pin PSUSMB1)

This connector is for the power supply SMB cable, if your power supply supports the SMBus function.



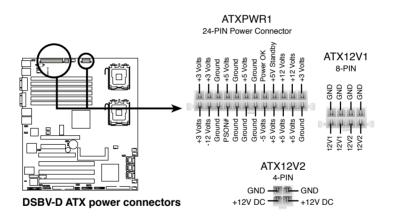
DSBV-D Power supply SMBus connector

### 9. SSI power connectors (24-pin ATXPWR1, 8-pin ATX12V1, 4-pin ATX12V2)

These connectors are for SSI power supply plugs. The power supply plugs are designed to fit these connectors in only one orientation. Find the proper orientation and push down firmly until the connectors completely fit.

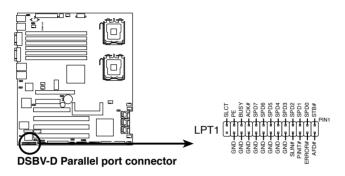


- For a fully configured system, we recommend that you use an SSI 12 V-compliant power supply unit (PSU) for LGA771-socket Intel<sup>®</sup> Xeon Dual Core processors (Bensley platform).
- Do not forget to connect the 24+8+4-pin power plugs; otherwise, the system will not boot up.
- Use of a PSU with a higher power output is recommended when configuring a system with more power consuming devices. The system may become unstable or may not boot up if the power is inadequate.
- You must install a PSU with a higher power rating if you intend to install additional devices.



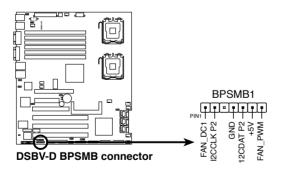
### 10. Parallel port connector (26-1 pin LPT1)

This connector is for a parallel port. Connect the parallel port module cable to this connector, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis.



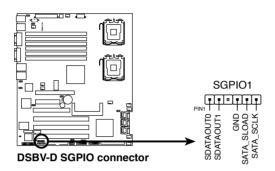
### 11. Backplane SMBus connector (7-1 pin BPSMB1)

This connector allows you to connect SMBus (System Management Bus) devices. Devices communicate with an SMBus host and/or other SMBus devices using the SMBus interface.



### 12. Serial General Purpose Input/Output connector (6-1 pin SGPIO1)

This connector is used to the SGPIO peripherals for the LSI MegaRAID SATA LED.

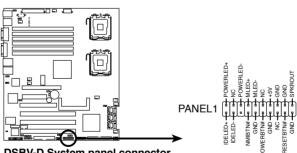


### 13. System panel connector (20-1 pin PANEL1)

This connector supports several chassis-mounted functions.



The system panel connector is color-coded for easy connection.



DSBV-D System panel connector

### • System power LED (Green 3-pin PLED)

This 3-pin connector is for the system power LED. Connect the chassis power LED cable to this connector. The system power LED lights up when you turn on the system power, and blinks when the system is in sleep mode.

- Hard disk drive activity LED (Red 2-pin IDE\_LED) This 2-pin connector is for the HDD Activity LED. Connect the HDD Activity LED cable to this connector. The IDE LED lights up or flashes when data is read from or written to the HDD.
- System warning speaker (Orange 4-pin SPEAKER) This 4-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted system warning speaker. The speaker allows you to hear system beeps and warnings.
- ATX power button/soft-off button (Yellow 2-pin PWRSW) This connector is for the system power button. Pressing the power button turns the system on or puts the system in sleep or soft-off mode depending on the BIOS settings. Pressing the power switch for more than four seconds while the system is ON turns the system OFF.

Reset button (Blue 2-pin RESET)
 This 2-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted reset button for system
 reboot without turning off the system power.

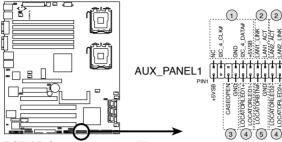
Message button (Brown 2-pin MLED) This 2-pin connector is for the message LED which indicates the booting status. The LED blinks when the system is in the booting process until the operating system is loaded. Connect the message LED cable to this connector.

 Non-Masked Interrupt button (Light blue 2-pin MNIBTN) This 2-pin connector is for the non-masked interrupt initiation.

•

### 14. System panel auxiliary connector (20-2 pin AUX\_PANEL1)

This connector is for additional front panel features including front panel SMB, locator LED and switch, chassis intrusion, and LAN LEDs.



DSBV-D System panel auxiliary connector

**1** Front panel SMB (6-1 pin FPSMB)

These leads connect the front panel SMBus cable.

2 LAN activity LED (2-pin LAN1\_LINKACTLED, LAN2\_LINKACTLED) These leads are for Gigabit LAN activity LEDs on the front panel. Connect the LAN Activity LED cables to these connectors. The LEDs blink during a network activity and are always lit when linked.

3 Chassis intrusion (4-1 pin CHASSIS) These leads are for the intrusion detection feature for chassis with intrusion sensor or microswitch. When you remove any chassis component, the sensor triggers and sends a high-level signal to these leads to record a chassis intrusion event.

Locator LED (2-pin LOCATORLED1 and 2-pin LOCATORLED2) These leads are for the locator LED1 and LED2 on the front panel. Connect the Locator LED cables to these 2-pin connector. The LEDs will light up when the Locator button is pressed.

### 5 Locator Button/Swich (2-pin LOCATORBTN)

These leads are for the locator button on the front panel. This button queries the state of the system locator.

4

This chapter describes the power up sequence, and ways of shutting down the system.



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## **Chapter summary**

3.1	Starting up for the first time	3-1
3.2	Turning off the computer	3-2

3

## 3.1 Starting up for the first time

- 1. After making all the connections, replace the system case cover.
- 2. Be sure that all switches are off.
- 3. Connect the power cord to the power connector at the back of the system chassis.
- 4. Connect the power cord to a power outlet that is equipped with a surge protector.
- 5. Turn on the devices in the following order:
  - a. Monitor
  - b. System power
- 6. After applying power, the system power LED on the system front panel case lights up. For systems withATX power supplies, the system LED lights up when you press the ATX power button. If your monitor complies with "green" standards or if it has a "power standby" feature, the monitor LED may light up or switch between orange and green after the system LED turns on.

The system then runs the power-on self tests or POST. While the tests are running, the BIOS beeps (see BIOS beep codes table below) or additional messages appear on the screen. If you do not see anything within 30 seconds from the time you turned on the power, the system may have failed a power-on test. Check the jumper settings and connections or call your retailer for assistance.

### Phoenix BIOS beep codes

Beep Description	Error
Endless beep	Memory module missing
One continuous beep followed by short beeps	VGA controller failure
Two short beeps	PCI resource assignment error

7. At power on, hold down the <Delete> key to enter the BIOS Setup. Follow the instructions in Chapter 4.

## 3.2 Turning off the computer

### 3.2.1 Using the OS shut down function

If you are using Windows® 2000/2003:

- 1. Click the Start button then click Shut Down...
- 2. Make sure that the Shut Down option button is selected, then click the OK button to shut down the computer.
- 3. The power supply should turn off after Windows<sup>®</sup> shuts down.

If you are using Windows<sup>®</sup> XP:

- 1. Click the Start button then select Turn Off Computer.
- 2. Click the Turn Off button to shut down the computer.
- 3. The power supply should turn off after Windows<sup>®</sup> shuts down.

### 3.2.2 Using the dual function power switch

While the system is ON, pressing the power switch for less than four seconds puts the system to sleep mode or to soft-off mode, depending on the BIOS setting. Pressing the power switch for more than four seconds lets the system enter the soft-off mode regardless of the BIOS setting.

This chapter tells how to change the system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.



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## **Chapter summary**

4.1	Managing and updating your BIOS	4-1
4.2	BIOS setup program	4-8
4.3	Main menu	4-12
4.4	Advanced menu	4-18
4.5	Server menu	4-38
4.6	Security menu	4-41
4.7	Boot menu	4-43
4.8	Exit menu	4-45

4

## 4.1 Managing and updating your BIOS

The following utilities allow you to manage and update the motherboard Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) setup:

- 1. Phoenix Phlash16 BIOS Flash Utility (Updates the BIOS in DOS mode using a bootable floppy disk.)
- 2. ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2 (To recover the BIOS using a bootable floppy disk when the BIOS file fails or gets corrupted.)
- 3. ASUS Update (Updates the BIOS in Windows<sup>®</sup> environment.)

Refer to the corresponding sections for details on these utilities.



Save a copy of the original motherboard BIOS file to a bootable floppy disk in case you need to restore the BIOS in the future. Copy the original motherboard BIOS using the ASUS Update or Phoenix Phlash16 BIOS utilities. Refer to page 4-3 for details.

## 4.1.1 Creating a bootable floppy disk

1. Do either one of the following to create a bootable floppy disk.

### DOS environment

- a. Insert a 1.44MB floppy disk into the drive.
- b. At the DOS prompt, type format A:/S then press <Enter>.

### Windows<sup>®</sup> XP environment

- a. Insert a 1.44 MB floppy disk to the floppy disk drive.
- b. Click Start from the Windows® desktop, then select My Computer.
- c. Select the 3 1/2 Floppy Drive icon.
- d. Click File from the menu, then select Format. A Format 3 1/2 Floppy Disk window appears.
- e. Select Create an MS-DOS startup disk from the format options field, then click Start.

### Windows<sup>®</sup> 2000 environment

To create a set of boot disks for Windows<sup>®</sup> 2000:

- a. Insert a formatted, high density 1.44 MB floppy disk into the drive.
- b. Insert the Windows® 2000 CD to the optical drive.

- c. Click Start, then select Run.
- d. From the Open field, type
   D:\bootdisk\makeboot a: assuming that D: is your optical drive.
- e. Press <Enter>, then follow screen instructions to continue.
- 2. Copy the original or the latest motherboard BIOS file to the bootable floppy disk.

# 4.1.2 Updating the BIOS using the Phoenix Phlash16 Utility

The Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) can be updated using the Phoenix Phlash16 Utility. Follow these instructions to update the BIOS using this utility.

1. Download the latest BIOS file from the ASUS web site. Rename the file to BIOS.WPH. Save the file to a floppy disk.



Make sure you copy the correct BIOS file for the specific model of your motherboard. Save only the updated BIOS file in the floppy disk to avoid loading the wrong BIOS file.

- 2. Copy the Phoenix Phlash16 (phlash16.exe) utility from the Software folder of the support CD to the floppy disk with the latest BIOS file.
- 3. Boot the system in DOS mode using the bootable floppy disk you created earlier.
- 4. When the A:> appears, replace the bootable floppy disk with the floppy disk containing the new BIOS file and the Phoenix Phlash16 Utility.
- At the prompt, type the following command string: phlash16 /mode=3 BIOS. WPH.
- 6. The Phoenix Phlash16 Utility automatically updates the BIOS.



Do not turn off or reset the system during the flashing process!

7. Restart the system after the utility completes the updating process. Make sure you remove the floppy disk from the drive

### 4.1.3 ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2 utility

The ASUS CrashFree BIOS 2 is an auto recovery tool that allows you to restore the BIOS file when it fails or gets corrupted during the updating process. You can update a corrupted BIOS file using a floppy disk.

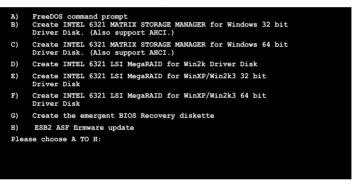


Prepare a floppy disk before using this utility.

Recovering the BIOS from a floppy disk

To recover the BIOS from a floppy disk:

- 1. Insert the motherboard floppy disk to a PC, then boot from the support CD; the screen will show several optional items.
- 2. Select the item " Create the emergent BIOS Recovery diskette".



- 3. After the floppy disk is created, put this disk in the floppy disk drive, then turn on the machine.
- 4. The utility displays the following message and automatically checks the floppy for the recovery information.

### RN50 DDR1 A21 BIOS

5. When found, the utility reads the BIOS file and starts flashing the corrupted BIOS file.

	Performing	the following function
►	Load Image File	BIOS.WPH
	Verify interface inform	nation
	Backup system BIOS ROM	
	Check flash memory type (	(s)
	Flash memory block:	
	Save block	
	Restore block	
	Zero out block	
	Erase block	
	Program block	
	Verify block	
	Flash programming compl	lete
3	0% Read in	



DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS! Doing so can cause system boot failure!

6. When the utility completes the updating process, a message appears, informing you that the flash memory has been programmed successfully.

F		as been successfully programmed
•	If the	KEY TO RESTART THE SYSTEM system does not restart THE POWER OFF, THEN ON
	n memory block	
	ve block store block	
	ro out block ase block	
	ase biock ogram block	
Ve	rify block	
▶ Flash	n programming (	complete

7. Press the power button for more than four seconds to turn off the system.



The recovered BIOS may not be the latest BIOS version for this motherboard. Visit the ASUS website (www.asus.com) to download the latest BIOS file.

## 4.1.4 ASUS Update utility

The ASUS Update is a utility that allows you to manage, save, and update the motherboard BIOS in Windows<sup>®</sup> environment. The ASUS Update utility allows you to:

- Save the current BIOS file
- Download the latest BIOS file from the Internet
- · Update the BIOS from an updated BIOS file
- Update the BIOS directly from the Internet, and
- View the BIOS version information.

This utility is available in the support CD that comes with the motherboard package.



ASUS Update requires an Internet connection either through a network or an Internet Service Provider (ISP).

#### Installing ASUS Update

To install ASUS Update:

- 1. Place the support CD in the optical drive. The Drivers menu appears.
- 2. Click the Utilities tab, then click Install ASUS Update VX.XX.XX.
- 3. The ASUS Update utility is copied to your system.



Quit all Windows® applications before you update the BIOS using this utility.

#### Updating the BIOS through the Internet

To update the BIOS through the Internet:

 Launch the ASUS Update utility from the Windows<sup>®</sup> desktop by clicking Start > Programs > ASUS > ASUSUpdate > ASUSUpdate. The ASUS Update main window appears.





- 2. Select Update BIOS from the Internet option from the drop-down menu, then click Next.
- Select the ASUS FTP site nearest you to avoid network traffic, or click Auto Select. Click Next.

- 4. From the FTP site, select the BIOS version that you wish to download. Click Next.
- 5. Follow the screen instructions to complete the update process.



The ASUS Update utility is capable of updating itself through the Internet. Always update the utility to avail all its features.



Updating the BIOS through a BIOS file

To update the BIOS through a BIOS file:

- Launch the ASUS Update utility from the Windows<sup>®</sup> desktop by clicking Start > Programs > ASUS > ASUSUpdate > ASUSUpdate. The ASUS Update main window appears.
- 2. Select Update BIOS from a file option from the drop-down menu, then click Next.



- 3. Locate the BIOS file from the Open window, then click Save.
- 4. Follow the screen instructions to complete the update process.

## 4.2 BIOS setup program

This motherboard supports a programmable Low-Pin Count (LPC) chip that you can update using the provided utility described in section "4.1 Managing and updating your BIOS."

Use the BIOS Setup program when you are installing a motherboard, reconfiguring your system, or prompted to "Run Setup." This section explains how to configure your system using this utility.

Even if you are not prompted to use the Setup program, you can change the configuration of your computer in the future. For example, you can enable the security password feature or change the power management settings. This requires you to reconfigure your system using the BIOS Setup program so that the computer can recognize these changes and record them in the CMOS RAM of the LPC chip.

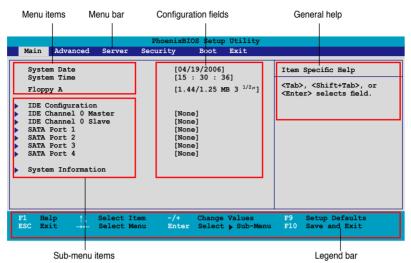
The LPC chip on the motherboard stores the Setup utility. When you start up the computer, the system provides you with the opportunity to run this program. Press <Del> during the Power-On Self-Test (POST) to enter the Setup utility; otherwise, POST continues with its test routines.

If you wish to enter Setup after POST, restart the system by pressing <Ctrl+Alt+Delete>, or by pressing the reset button on the system chassis. You can also restart by turning the system off and then back on. Do this last option only if the first two failed.

The Setup program is designed to make it as easy to use as possible. Being a menu-driven program, it lets you scroll through the various sub-menus and make your selections from the available options using the navigation keys.

- The default BIOS settings for this motherboard apply for most conditions to ensure optimum performance. If the system becomes unstable after changing any BIOS settings, load the default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Select the Load Default Settings item under the Exit Menu. See section "4.8 Exit Menu."
- The BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference purposes
   only, and may not exactly match what you see on your screen.
- Visit the ASUS website (www.asus.com) to download the latest BIOS file for this motherboard.

#### 4.2.1 BIOS menu screen



4.2.2 Menu bar

The menu bar on top of the screen has the following main items:

Main	For changing the basic system configuration
Advanced	For changing the advanced system settings
Server	For changing the advanced server settings
Security	For changing the security settings
Boot	For changing the system boot configuration
Exit	For selecting the exit options and loading default settings

To select an item on the menu bar, press the right or left arrow key on the keyboard until the desired item is highlighted.

## 4.2.3 Legend bar

At the bottom of the Setup screen is a legend bar. The keys in the legend bar allow you to navigate through the various setup menus. The following table lists the keys found in the legend bar with their corresponding functions.

Navigation Key Function				
<f1></f1>	Displays the General Help screen			
<f9></f9>	Loads setup default values			
<esc></esc>	Exits the BIOS setup or returns to the main menu from a sub-menu			
Left or Right arrow	Selects the menu item to the left or right			
Up or Down arrow	Moves the highlight up or down between fields			
Page Down or – (minus)	Scrolls backward through the values for the highlighted field			
Page Up or + (plus)	Scrolls forward through the values for the highlighted field			
<enter></enter>	Brings up a selection menu for the highlighted field			
<f10></f10>	Saves changes and exit			

#### 4.2.4 Menu items

The highlighted item on the menu bar displays the specific items for that menu. For example, selecting Main shows the Main menu items.

The other items (Advanced, Power, Boot, and Exit) on the menu bar have their respective menu items.

#### 4.2.5 Sub-menu items

A solid triangle before each item on any menu screen means that the iteam has a sub-menu. To display the sub-menu, select the item and press <Enter>.

## 4.2.6 Configuration fields

These fields show the values for the menu items. If an item is user-configurable, you can change the value of the field opposite the item. You cannot select an item that is not user-configurable.

A configurable field is enclosed in brackets, and is highlighted when selected. To change the value of a field, select it then press <Enter> to display a list of options. Refer to "4.2.7 Pop-up window."

## 4.2.7 Pop-up window

Select a menu item then press <Enter> to display a pop-up window with the configuration options for that item.

Main Advanced Server	PhoenixBIOS Setup Utility Security Boot Exit	
System Date System Time Floppy A IDE Configuration IDE Channel 0 Master IDE Channel 0 Slave SATA Port 1 SATA Port 2 SATA Port 3 SATA Port 4 System Information	[04/19/2006] [15:30:36] [1.44/1.25 MB 3 <sup>1/2</sup> "] Disabled 360 Kb 5 <sup>1/4</sup> " 1.2 MB 5 <sup>1/4</sup> " 720 Kb 3 <sup>1/2</sup> " 2.88 MB 3 <sup>1/2</sup> "	
F1 Help $\uparrow\downarrow$ Select It ESC Exit $\rightarrow \leftarrow$ Select Me		

Pop-up menu

## 4.2.8 General help

At the top right corner of the menu screen is a brief description of the selected item.

## 4.3 Main menu

When you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main menu screen appears, giving you an overview of the basic system information.



Refer to section "5.2.1 BIOS menu screen" for information on the menu screen items and how to navigate through them.

		P	hoenixBIOS Se	tup Utilit	Υ
Main	Advanced	Server	Security	Boot	Exit
	em Date em Time ov A		[06/16/20 [15 : 30		Item Specific Help <tab>, <shift-tab>, or <enter> selects field.</enter></shift-tab></tab>
<ul> <li>IDE (</li> <li>IDE (</li> <li>IDE (</li> <li>SATA</li> <li>SATA</li> <li>SATA</li> <li>SATA</li> </ul>	Configuration Channel 0 Maste Channel 0 Slave Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 em Information		[None] [None] [None] [None] [None]		
F1 He	.lp ↑↓ Sei	lect Item lect Menu		nge Values ect <b>b</b> Sub-J	

## 4.3.1 System Date [Day xx/xx/xxxx]

Allows you to set the system date.

## 4.3.2 System Time [xx:xx:xx]

Allows you to set the system time.

## 4.3.3 Floppy A [1.44M, 3.5 in.]

Sets the type of floppy drive installed.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [360 Kb 5 1/4"] [1.2 MB 5 1/4"] [720 Kb 3 1/2" ] [1.44/1.25 MB 3 1/2"] [2.88 MB 3 1/2"]

## 4.3.4 IDE Configuration

			Phoe	nixBIO	S Setup	Utility		
Main								
IDE Configuration							Item	Specific Help
Fixed	disk boot	sector:		[Nor	mal]			e protects boot sector ard disk to protect
S-ATA Configuration							st viruses.	
F1 He ESC Ex	lp ↑↓ it →←			-/+ Enter		Values ▶ Sub-Menu	F9 F10	Setup Defaults Save and Exit

## Fixed disk boot sector [Normal]

Setting this item to [Write Protect] prevents write access to the boot sector on the hard disk to protect against viruses. The defaul setting [Normal] allows write access. Configuration options: [Normal] [Write Protect]

### S-ATA Configuration

	nixBIOS Setup Utility	
Main		
S-ATA Configurati	Item Specific Help	
Parallel ATA Serial ATA SATA Controller Mode Option SATA RAID Enable SATA AHCI Enable	[Enabled] [Enabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled]	Enable the PATA
	-/+ Change Values Enter Select > Sub-Menu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

#### Parallel ATA [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the parallel ATA function. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Serial ATA [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Serial ATA function. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### SATA Controller Mode Option [Enhanced]

Allows selection of the Serial ATA operation mode depending on the operating system (OS) that you installed. When you set this item to Enhanced Mode, Serial ATA and Parallel ATA devices are auto-detected and placed in native IDE mode. Set to Enhanced Mode if you are using native OS, such as Windows<sup>®</sup> 2000/XP. When you set this item to Compatible Mode, Serial ATA and Parallel ATA devices are auto-detected and placed in legacy mode. Configuration options: [Compatible] [Enhanced]



The following items appear only if you set the **SATA Controller Mode Option** item to [Enhanced].

#### SATA RAID Enable [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Serial ATA RAID function. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### SATA AHCI Enable [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Serial ATA AHCI function. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



- AHCI mode item will support only under Windows environment.
- Due to the driver limitation, you will not find any SATA driver if you install Fedora core 4.

### 4.3.5 IDE Channel 0 Master/Slave; SATA Port 1/2/3/4

IDE Channel	0 Master	Item Specific Help
Type: Multi-Sector Transfers LBA Mode Control 32 Bit I/O Transfer Mode Ultra DMA Mode	[Auto] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Standard] [Disabled]	Auto = Autotying. None = Disabling drive. ATAPI Removable = ATAPI media (e.g., LS120, USB Floppy, USB Zip). CD-ROM = CD-ROM drive. IDE Removable = IDE removable media (e.g., IDE Zip drive). Other ATAPI = Other ATAPI media. User = You supply the hard disk drive type.

## Type [Auto]

Selects the type of IDE drive. Setting to Auto allows automatic selection of the appropriate IDE device type. Select [CD-ROM] if you are specifically configuring a CD-ROM drive. Select [ATAPI Removable] if your device is either a ZIP, LS-120, or MO drive. Select [User] to manually enter the parameters of the device. Configuration options: [Auto] [User] [Other ATAPI] [IDE Removable] [CD-ROM] [ATAPI Removable]



- Except for 32 Bit I/O item, the following items become user-configurable when the Type item is not set to [Auto].
- For items that have no sub-menu, you have to use -/+ for values changing.

#### Multi-Sector Transfers [Disabled]

Enables or disables data multi-sectors transfers. When set to 2~16 Sectors, the data transfer from and to the device occurs multiple sectors at a time if the device supports multi-sector transfer feature. When set to [Disabled], the data transfer from and to the device occurs one sector at a time.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [2 Sectors] [4 Sectors] [8 Sectors] [16 Sectors]r

#### LBA Mode Control [Disabled]

Enables or disables the LBA mode. Setting to Enabled enables the LBA mode if the device supports this mode, and if the device was not previously formatted with LBA mode disabled. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### 32 Bit I/O [Disabled]

Enables or disables 32-bit data transfer. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Transfer Mode [Stadard]

Allows you to select the mothod for the data transferring if the hard disk supports this feature.

Configuration options: [Standard] [Fast PIO 1] [Fast PIO 2] [Fast PIO 3] [Fast PIO 4] [FPIO 3 / DMA 1] [FPIO 4 / DMA2]

#### Ultra DMA Mode [Disabled]

When this item is set to [Mode 0-5], the UDMA capability allows improved transfer speeds and data integrity for supported IDE devices.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Mode 0] [Mode 1] [Mode 2] [Mode 3] [Mode 4] [Mode 5]

#### 4.3.6 System Information

This menu gives you an overview of the general system specifications. The BIOS automatically detects the items in this menu.

PhoenixBIOS Setup Utility								
Main								
Syste	Item Specific Help							
Model Name Model ID	DSBV-D 8032A0	The detailed information for CPUs						
ASUS-BIOS Version Date > Processor Information > System Memory Informat								
	t Item -/+ Change Values t Menu Enter Select ▶ Sub-							

Į

The items in this menu are non-user configurable.

## Model Name/Model ID

Displays the ASUS internal model information.

## **ASUS BIOS**

Displays the BIOS revision and build date.

#### **Processor Information**

Displays the auto-detected CPU specification.

PhoenixBIOS Setup Utility							
Main							
Processor Information	Item Specific Help						
*** CPU1 : Brand Intel(R) Xeon(TM) CPU 2.83GHz Speed 2.800GHz Ratio Actual 17 Max 17 Cache L1/32 KB L2/4096 KB ID/uCode 0F64h/02h	All items on this menu cannot be modified in user mode. If any items require changes, please consult your system Supervisor.						
F1 Help ↑↓ Select Item -/+ Change Values ESC Exit →← Select Menu Enter Select ▶ Sub-Menu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit						

#### **System Memory Information**

Displays the auto-detected system memory information.

PhoenixBIOS Setup Utility						
Main						
System Memory Information	Item Specific Help					
Speed : DDR2 533 Total Memory: 1024MB DIMM 00 1024MB, AMB Temperature: 18 DIMM 01 None DIMM 02 None DIMM 10 None DIMM_11 None DIMM_12 None	All items on this menu cannot be modified in user mode. If any items require changes, please consult your system Supervisor.					
F1 Help ↑↓ Select Item -/+ Change Values ESC Exit →← Select Menu Enter Select ▶ Sub-Menu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit					

## 4.4 Advanced menu

The Advanced menu items allow you to change the settings for the CPU and other system devices.



Take caution when changing the settings of the Advanced menu items. Incorrect field values can cause the system to malfunction.

	Mair	n A	dvanced	Server	IOS Setup Boot		i
<b>W</b>	Chi PCI ICH Per ACH Pow	vance pset Com USB riphe PI Co ver O	cause s d Proces Configura figuratio Control	ystem to r sor Optior ation n Sub-Menu ces Configu on ration	sections	may	Item Specific Help Options for CPU
		Help Exit		Select I Select M		Values Sub-M	

### 4.4.1 Advanced Processor Options

The following screens appear when you install Intel® 5000 series CPU.

PhoenixBIOS Setup Utility							
Advanced							
Advanced Processor Op	Item Specific Help						
Multiprocessor Specification Frequency Ratio Hyperthreading:	[1.4] [Default] [Enabled]	Configures the MP Specification revision level. Some operating					
Intel(R) Virtualization Technology Machine Checking	[Enabled] [Enabled]	systems will require 1.1 for compatibility reasons.					
Fast String Operations Compatible FPU Code Split Lock operations	[Enabled] [Disabled] [Enabled]						
Cl Enhanced Mode No Execute Mode Mem Protection Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch Set Max Ext CPUID = 3	[Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Disabled]						
Echo TPR F1 Help †↓ Select Item -/+ ESC Exit ->← Select Menu Ente							

Scroll down to display the following item:

	Advanced Proce	Item Specific Help	
	MTRR Allocation T support:	[Disabled] [Enabled]	
F1 Help ESC Exit	†↓ Select Item →← Select Menu	-/+ Change Values Enter Select > Sub-Menu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

#### **Multiprocessor Specification [1.4]**

Allows you to configure the MP Specification revision level. Configuration options: [1.1] [1.4]

#### Frequency Ratio [Default]

Allows you to select the processor frequency ratio. Configuration options: [Default] [X 12] [X 13] [X 14] [X 15] [X 16] [X 17]

#### Hyperthreading: [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the  ${\rm Intel}^{\rm \$}$  Hyperthreading Technology feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Intel(R) Virtualization Technology [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Machine Checking [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Fast String Operations [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Compatible FPU Code [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Split Lock operations [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### C1 Enhanced Mode [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable C1E mode. In C1E mode, the CPU power consumption is lower when idle. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### No Execute Mode Mem Protection [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Set Max Ext CPUID = 3 [Disabled]

Enable this item to boot legacy operating systems that cannot support CPUs with extended CPUID functions. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Echo TPR [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **Discrete MTRR Allocation [Disabled]**

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Intel EIST support [Enabled]

Enables or disables EIST support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

The following screens appear when you install Intel® 5100 series CPU.

PhoenixE	BIOS Setup Utility	
Advanced		
Advanced Processor Op	tions	Item Specific Help
Multiprocessor Specification Numbers of Stop Grant Intel(R) Virtualization Technology Machine Checking	[1.4] [Per Core] [Enabled] [Enabled]	Configures the MP Specification revision level. Some operating systems will require 1.1 for compatibility
Fast String Operations Compatible FPU Code Split Lock operations Thermal Management 2 C1 Enhanced Mode No Execute Mode Mem Protection Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch Set Max Ext CPUID = 3 Echo TPR	[Enabled] [Disabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Disabled] [Disabled]	reasons.
F1 Help $\uparrow\downarrow$ Select Item -/+ ESC Exit $\rightarrow \leftarrow$ Select Menu Ente		

Scroll down to display the following item:

Advanced Process	Advanced Processor Options		
Discrete MTRR Allocation [Disabled] Intel EIST support: [Enabled]			
F1 Help $\uparrow \downarrow$ Select Item ESC Exit $\rightarrow \leftarrow$ Select Menu	-/+ Change Values Enter Select > Sub-Menu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit	

#### Multiprocessor Specification [1.4]

Allows you to configure the MP Specification revision level. Configuration options: [1.1] [1.4]

#### Numbers of Stop Grant [Per Core]

Configuration options: [Per Core] [Single]

#### Intel(R) Virtualization Technology [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Machine Checking [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Fast String Operations [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Compatible FPU Code [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Split Lock operations [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Thermal Management 2 [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### C1 Enhanced Mode [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable C1E mode. In C1E mode, the CPU power consumption is lower when idle. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### No Execute Mode Mem Protection [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Set Max Ext CPUID = 3 [Disabled]

Enable this item to boot legacy operating systems that cannot support CPUs with extended CPUID functions. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Echo TPR [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **Discrete MTRR Allocation [Disabled]**

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Intel EIST support [Enabled]

Enables or disables EIST support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] The following screens appear when you install Intel® 5300 series CPU.

Advanced Processor Op	tions	Item Specific Help
Multiprocessor Specification	[1.4]	Configures the MP
Numbers of Stop Grant	[Per Core]	Specification revision
		level. Some operating
Intel(R) Virtualization Technology	[Enabled]	
Machine Checking	[Enabled]	systems will require
		1.1 for compatibility
Fast String Operations	[Enabled]	reasons.
Compatible FPU Code	[Disabled]	
Split Lock operations	[Enabled]	
Thermal Management 2	[Enabled]	
C1 Enhanced Mode	[Enabled]	
No Execute Mode Mem Protection	[Enabled]	
Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch Set Max Ext CPUID = 3	[Enabled] [Disabled]	
	[Disabled]	
Echo TPR		

Scroll down to display the following item:

i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Advanced Processor Options			Item Specific Help
Discrete MTRR Al Intel EIST suppo			[Disabled] [Enabled]	
	Select Item Select Menu	-/+ Enter	Change Values Select > Sub-Menu	Setup Defaults Save and Exit

#### Multiprocessor Specification [1.4]

Allows you to configure the MP Specification revision level. Configuration options: [1.1] [1.4]

#### Numbers of Stop Grant [Per Core]

Configuration options: [Per Core] [Single]

#### Intel(R) Virtualization Technology [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Machine Checking [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Fast String Operations [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Compatible FPU Code [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Split Lock operations [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Thermal Management 2 [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### C1 Enhanced Mode [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable C1E mode. In C1E mode, the CPU power consumption is lower when idle. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### No Execute Mode Mem Protection [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Set Max Ext CPUID = 3 [Disabled]

Enable this item to boot legacy operating systems that cannot support CPUs with extended CPUID functions. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Echo TPR [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **Discrete MTRR Allocation [Disabled]**

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Intel EIST support [Enabled]

Enables or disables EIST support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## 4.4.2 Chipset Configuration

This menu shows the chipset configuration settings. Select an item then press <Enter> to display a pop-up menu with the configuration options.

PhoenixBIC	OS Setup Utility	
Advanced		
Chipset Configuration	Item Specific Help	
Crystal Beach Configure Enable SERR Signal Condition Demand Scrub Enable Patrol Scrub Enable 4GB PCI Hole Granularity Memory Branch Mode Branch 0 Rank Interleave Branch 0 Rank Sparing Enhanced x8 Detection Force ITK Config Clocking FEDIMM(s) Thermal Throttling Open Loop Type Environment Temperature	[Enabled] [None] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Interleave] [4:1] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Open Loop] [Best Performan] [025 °C]	Select ECC error conditions that SERR# be asserted.
F1 Help ↑↓ Select Item -/+ ESC Exit →← Select Menu Enter		

Scroll down to display the following item:

Temperature Rise FBDIMM(s) Air Flow		[025 °C] [2.0]				
F1 ESC	Help Exit		Select Item Select Menu	-/+ Enter	Change Values Select 🕨 Sub-Menu	Setup Defaults Save and Exit

#### Crystal Beach Configure Enable [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Configuration/Memory mapped accesses to the Crystal Beach Configuration space located in Device 8, Fn 0, and Fn 1. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### SERR Signal Condition [None]

Allows you to select the ECC error that the SERR# asserts. Configuration options: [None] [Single Bit] [Multiple Bit] [Both]

#### Demand Scrub Enable [Enabled]

Enables or disables the Demand Scrubbing. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Patrol Scrub Enable [Enabled]

Enables or disables the Patrol Scrubbing. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### 4GB PCI Hole Granularity [256 MB]

Allows you to select the granularity of the PCI hole for PCI resource. Configuration options: [256 MB] [512 MB] [1.0 GB] [2.0 GB]

#### Memory Branch Mode [Interleave]

Allows you to select the memory branch mode. Configuration options: [Sequential] [Interleave] [Mirror] [Single channel 0]

#### Branch 0 Rank Interleave [4:1]

Allows you to select the Branch 0 Rank Interleave. Configuration options: [1:1] [2:1] [4:1]

#### Branch 0 Rank Sparing [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Branch 0 rank/DIMM Sparing feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Enhanced x8 Detection [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the enhanced x8 DRAM UC error detection. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Force ITK Config Clocking [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the FBD configuration for ITK test suite. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### FBDIMM(s) Thermal Throttling [Open Loop]

Allows you to disable or set the thermal throttling control. Configuration options: [Open Loop] [Close Loop] [ASUS MemCool Fan] [Disabled]

#### Open Loop Type [Best Performance]

Allows you to select the Open Loop Type. Configuration options: [Best Performance] [Best Acoustic] [User Define]



The following items appear when you set the Open Loop Type to [User Define].

#### Environment Temperature [025 °C]

Allows you to select the Environment Temperature value. Configuration options: [020 °C]~[040 °C]

#### Temperature Rise [025 °C]

Allows you to select the Temperature Rise value. Configuration options: [010  $^{\circ}C]{\sim}[030 \ ^{\circ}C]$ 

#### FBDIMM(s) Air Flow [2.0]

Allows yout to select the Air Flow value. Configuration options: [1.0] [1.5]~[4.5] [5.0]

## 4.4.3 PCI Configuration

This menu shows the PCI configuration settings. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.

Phoe	enixBIOS Setup Utility	
Advanced		
PCI Configura	ation	Item Specific Help
Reset Configuration Data Plug & Play OS Palette Snooping > PCIE1 Slot > PCIE2 Slot > PCIX5 Slot > PCIX5 Slot > PCIX6 Slot	[No] [No] [Disabled]	Select 'Yes' if you want to clear the Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) area.
	-/+ Change Values Enter Select > Sub-Menu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

#### **Reset Configuration Data [No]**

This item allows you to clear the Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) area. Configuration options: [No] [Yes]

#### Plug & Play O/S [No]

When set to [No], BIOS configures all the devices in the system. When set to [Yes] and if you install a Plug and Play operating system, the operating system configures the Plug and Play devices not required for boot. Configuration options: [No] [Yes]

#### Palette Snooping [Disabled]

When set to [Enabled], the palette snooping feature informs the PCI devices that an ISA graphics device is installed in the system so that the latter can function correctly. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### PCIE1/2 Slot; PCI3 Slot; PCIX4/5/6 Slot

Allows you to configure the specific PCI devices.

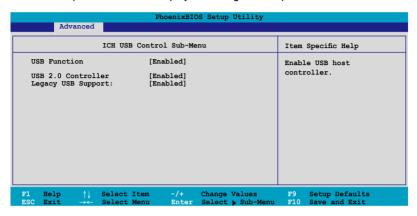
PhoenixBIOS Setup Utility	
Advanced	
PCIE1 Slot	Item Specific Help
Optional ROM Scan: [Enabled]	Initialize device expansion ROM
F1 Help    Select Item -/+ Change Values	F9 Setup Defaults

Optional ROM Scan [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the device expansion ROM. Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

## 4.4.4 ICH USB Control Sub-Menu

The items in this menu allow you to display the USB configuration settings. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.



#### USB Function [Enabled]

Allows you to enable the USB host controller. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following items appear only if you enable the USB Function item.

#### USB 2.0 Controller [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the USB 2.0 controller. Setting this item to [Enabled] allows the built-in high speed USB support in the BIOS to turn on automatically when you install high speed USB devices. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Legacy USB Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable support for USB devices on legacy operating systems (OS). Setting to [Enabled] allows the system to detect the presence of USB devices at startup. If detected, the USB controller legacy mode is enabled. if no USB device is detected, the legacy USB support is disabled. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## 4.4.5 Peripheral Devices Configuration

This menu shows the peripheral devices configuration settings. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.

	PhoenixBIOS Setup Utility	
Advanced		
Peripheral Devi	Peripheral Devices Configuration	
COM1 port : Base I/O address: Interrupt: COM2 port: Mode: Base I/O address: Interrupt: Parallel port: Base I/O address: Interrupt: Mode: DMA channel Floppy disk controller	[Enabled] [3F8] [IRQ 4] [Enabled] [Normal] [2F8] [IRQ 3] [Enabled] [378] [IRQ 7] [ECP] [DMA 3] [Enabled]	Confugure COM1 port using options: [Disabled] No configuration [Enabled] User configuration [Auto] BIOS or OS chooses configuration (OS Controlled) Displayed when controlled by OS
F1 Help ↑↓ Select Item ESC Exit →← Select Menu		

#### COM1 port [Enabled]

Allows you to configure COM1 port. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto]

#### Base I/O address [3F8]

Allows you to select the base I/O address for COM1 port. Configuration options: [3F8] [2F8] [3E8] [2E8]

#### Interrupt [IRQ 4]

Allows you to set the interrupt for COM1 port. Configuration options: [IRQ 3] [IRQ 4]

#### COM2 port [Enabled]

Allows you to configure COM2 port. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto]

#### Mode [Normal]

Allows you to set the mode for COM2 port. Configuration options: [Normal] [IR] [ASK-IR]

#### Base I/O address [2F8]

Allows you to select the base I/O address for COM2 port. Configuration options: [3F8] [2F8] [3E8] [2E8]

#### Interrupt [IRQ 3]

Allows you to set the interrupt for COM2 port. Configuration options: [IRQ 3] [IRQ 4]

#### Parallel port [Enabled]

Allows you to configure the parallel port. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto]

#### Base I/O address [378]

Allows you to select the base I/O address for the parallel port. Configuration options: [378] [278] [3BC]

#### Interrupt [IRQ 7]

Allows you to set the interrupt for the parallel port. Configuration options: [IRQ 5] [IRQ 7]

#### Mode [ECP]

Allows you to set the mode for the parallel port. Configuration options: [Output only] [Bi-directional] [EPP] [ECP]

#### DMA channel [DMA 3]

Allows you to set the DMA channel for the parallel port. Configuration options: [DMA 1] [DMA 3]

#### Floppy disk controller [Enabled]

Allows you to configure the floppy disk controller. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto]

## 4.4.6 ACPI Configuration

This menu shows the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) configuration settings. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.

	PhoenixBIOS Setup Utility	
Advanced		
ACPI C	Configuration	Item Specific Help
ACPI Version Features Headless Mode ACPI EMS Support	[ACPI v1.0] [Disabled] [Disabled]	Enable RSDP pointers to 64-bit Fixed System Description Tables.
F1 Help $\uparrow\downarrow$ Select Ito ESC Exit $\rightarrow\leftarrow$ Select Me		

#### ACPI Version Features [ACPI v1.0]

Allows you to enable RSDP pointers to 64-bit fixed system description tables. Configuration options: [ACPI v1.0] [ACPI v2.0] [ACPI v3.0]

#### Headless Mode [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the headless operation mode through ACPI. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### ACPI EMS Support [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the ACPI EMS support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

## 4.4.7 Power On Configuration

This menu shows the power configuration settings. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.

Power On Con	nfiguration	Item Specific Help
Restore on AC Power Loss Power On By PS/2 Keyboard Power On By PS/2 Mouse Power On By PME# Power On By RTC Alarm	[Last State] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled]	Configures the system stat after recovering from power failure.

#### Restore on AC Power Loss [Last State]

When set to [Power Off], the system goes into "off state" after an AC power interruption. When set to [Power On], the system turns on automatically after a power interruption. When set to [Last State], the system goes into whatever was the system state (on or off) before the power interruption. Configuration options: [Power Off] [Power On] [Last State]

#### Power Up By PS/2 Keyboard [Disabled]

Allows you to use specific keys on the PS/2 keyboard to turn on the system. This feature requires an ATX power supply that provides at least 1A on the +5VSB lead. Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

#### Power Up By PS/2 Mouse [Disabled]

When set to [Enabled], this parameter allows you to use the PS/2 mouse to turn on the system. This feature requires an ATX power supply that provides at least 1A on the +5VSB lead. Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

#### Power On By PME# [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the PME and onboard LAN to generate a wake-up event. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Power On By RTC Alarm [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable RTC to generate a wake-up event. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following items appear only if you enable the **Power On By RTC Alarm** item.

#### RTC Alarm Date [0]

To set the date of alarm, highlight this item and press <Enter> to display a date chart. Press <+> or <-> to change scroll through the options, then press <Enter> when done. The default setting [0] is equivalent to everyday alarm. Configuration options: [0] [1] ~ [31]

#### RTC Alarm Date [00 : 00 : 00]

To set the time of alarm:

- 1. Press <+> or <-> to set the desired value.
- 2. Use the left/right arrow key or press <Tab> to move to the next field.
- 3. Press <Enter> when done.

#### 4.4.8 Hardware Monitor

This menu shows the hardware monitor configuration settings. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.



The following screens appear when you install Intel® 5000 series CPU.

CPU1 Domain 0 Temperature		
CPUI Domain 1 Temperature CPUI Domain 1 Temperature CPU2 Domain 1 Temperature SYSTEM1 Temperature SYSTEM2 Temperature CPU FAN1 Speed CPU FAN2 Speed FRN FAN1 Speed FRN FAN3 Speed FRN FAN3 Speed REAR FAN1 Speed REAR FAN1 Speed REAR FAN2 Speed Smart Fan Control	39°C/102°F 29°C/84°F 0°C/32°F 39°C/102°F 29°C/84°F 2925 RPM N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A [Smart Fan II]	Full fan speed will be started when the temperature reaches the selected target value.

Scroll down to display more items:

PhoenixBIOS Setup Utility		
Advanced		
Hardware Moni	itor	Item Specific Help
CPU1 Domain 0 Target Temperature CPU1 Domain 1 Target Temperature CPU2 Domain 0 Target Temperature CPU2 Domain 1 Target Temperature SYSTEM1 Target Temperature FBD FAN1 Speed VCORE1 Voltage VCORE1 Voltage VTT +1.5V +3V +1.8V +3V +12V +5V SVSB VBAT	[075] [075] [075] [075] [060°C] [060°C] 1.25 V 1.25 V 1.25 V 1.21 V 1.56 V 1.79 V 3.28 V 11.91 V 4.87 V 4.96 V 3.10 V	Full fan speed will be started when the temperature reaches the selected target value.
	/+ Change Values Inter Select ▶ Sub-Menu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

#### CPU1/2 Domain 0/1 Temperature, SYSTEM1/2 Temperature, CPU\_FAN1/2 Speed, FRN\_FAN1/2/3/4 Speed, REAR\_FAN1/2 Speed

These fields show the auto-detected values and are not user-configurable. If no fan is installed, the field shows 0 RPM.

#### Smart Fan Control [Smart Fan II]

Allows you to disable or configure the Smart Fan feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Smart Fan] [Smart Fan II]

#### CPU1/2 Domain 0/1 Target Temperature

Allows you to set the target CPU temperature at which the CPU fan will start running if the fan is not yet turned on. Configuration options: [54]~[76]

#### SYSTEM1/2 Target Temperature

Allows you to set the target sytem temperature at which the system fan will start running if the fan is not yet turned on. Configuration options: [39]~[60]

# FBD\_FAN1 Speed, VCORE0/1 Voltage, VTT, +1.5V, +1.8V, +3V, +12V, +5V, +5VSB, VBAT

These fields show the auto-detected values and are not user-configurable.



The following screens appear when you install Intel<sup>®</sup> 5100 series CPU.

		Item Specific Help
CPU1 Throttle Temperature Margin CPU2 Throttle Temperature Margin SYSTEMI Temperature CPU FAN1 Speed CPU FAN1 Speed FRN FAN1 Speed FRN FAN3 Speed FRN FAN3 Speed FRN FAN4 Speed REAF FAN1 Speed REAF FAN2 Speed Smart Fan Control	39°C/102°F 29°C/84°F 39°C/102°F 2925 RPM N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	Full fan speed will be started when the temperature reaches the selected target value.

Scroll down to display more items:

PhoenixBIOS Setup Utility		
Advanced		-
Hardware Moni	tor	Item Specific Help
CPU1 Throttle Temperature Margin CPU2 Throttle Temperature Margin SYSTEM1 Target Temperature SYSTEM2 Target Temperature FBD FAN1 Speed VCORE1 Voltage VTT +1.5V +1.5V +1.5V +2V +2V +5V +5V +5V +5VSB VBAT	[060] [060] [050] [050] 1.25 V 1.25 V 1.21 V 1.21 V 1.21 V 1.23 V 1.23 V 1.21 V 1.24 V 1.29 V 1.29 V 1.29 V 1.99 V 1.91 V 4.87 V 4.96 V 3.10 V	Full fan speed will be started when the temperature reaches the selected target value.
	/+ Change Values inter Select ▶ Sub-Menu	

# CPU1/2 Temperature, SYSTEM1/2 Temperature, CPU\_FAN1/2 Speed, FRN\_FAN1/2/3/4 Speed, REAR\_FAN1/2 Speed

These fields show the auto-detected values and are not user-configurable. If no fan is installed, the field shows 0 RPM.

#### Smart Fan Control [Smart Fan II]

Allows you to disable or configure the Smart Fan feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Smart Fan] [Smart Fan II]

#### **CPU1/2 Target Temperature**

Allows you to set the target CPU temperature at which the CPU fan will start running if the fan is not yet turned on. Configuration options: [54]~[76]

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#### SYSTEM1/2 Target Temperature

Allows you to set the target sytem temperature at which the system fan will start running if the fan is not yet turned on. Configuration options: [39]~[60]

# FBD\_FAN1 Speed, VCORE0/1 Voltage, VTT, +1.5V, +1.8V, +3V, +12V, +5V, +5VSB, VBAT

These fields show the auto-detected values and are not user-configurable.

	PhoenixBIOS Setup Utility	
Advanced		
Hardwa	re Monitor	Item Specific Help
CPU1 Temperature CPU2 Temperature SYSTEM1 Temperature CPU FAN1 Speed CPU_FAN2 Speed FRN_FAN3 Speed FRN_FAN3 Speed FRN_FAN3 Speed REAR_FAN1 Speed REAR_FAN1 Speed REAR_FAN2 Speed Smart Fan Control	39°C/102°F 29°C/84°F 39°C/102°F 29°C/84°F 2925 RPM N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	Full fan speed will be started when the temperature reaches the selected target value.

Scroll down to display more items:

Advanced		
Hardware M	Monitor	Item Specific Help
CPU1 Target Temperature CPU2 Target Temperature SYSTEMI Target Temperature SYSTEMI Target Temperature FED FANI Speed VCCRED Voltage VTT +1.5V +1.5V +1.5V +1.5V +2V +5V +5V +5V +5V +5V +5V +5V +5V +5V +5	[060] [050] [050] [050] N/A 1.25 V 1.25 V 1.25 V 1.25 V 1.25 V 1.25 V 1.21 V 1.56 V 1.29 V 3.28 V 1.91 V 4.87 V 4.96 V 3.10 V	Full fan speed will be started when the temperature reaches the selected target value.
1 Help ↑↓ Select Item SC Exit →← Select Menu	-/+ Change Values Enter Select > Sub-Menu	

# CPU1/2 Temperature, SYSTEM1/2 Temperature, CPU\_FAN1/2 Speed, FRN\_FAN1/2/3/4 Speed, REAR\_FAN1/2 Speed

These fields show the auto-detected values and are not user-configurable. If no fan is installed, the field shows 0 RPM.

#### Smart Fan Control [Smart Fan II]

Allows you to disable or configure the Smart Fan feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Smart Fan] [Smart Fan II]

#### **CPU1/2 Target Temperature**

Allows you to set the target CPU temperature at which the CPU fan will start running if the fan is not yet turned on. Configuration options: [54]~[76]

#### SYSTEM1/2 Target Temperature

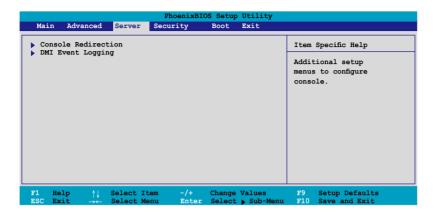
Allows you to set the target sytem temperature at which the system fan will start running if the fan is not yet turned on. Configuration options: [39]~[60]

# FBD\_FAN1 Speed, VCORE0/1 Voltage, VTT, +1.5V, +1.8V, +3V, +12V, +5V, +5VSB, VBAT

These fields show the auto-detected values and are not user-configurable.

## 4.5 Server menu

This Server menu items allow you to customize the server features.



## 4.5.1 Console Redirection

PhoenixBIOS Setup Utility			
Server			
Console Redirection		Item Specific Help	
Com Port Address	[Disabled]	If enabled, it will use a port on the motherboard.	
	ct Item -/+ Change Values ct Menu Enter Select > Sub-Menu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit	

#### Com Port Address [Disabled]

Allows you to disable or select the COM port to use. Configuration options: [Disabled] [On-board COM1] [On-board COM2]



The following items appear only if you set the Com Port Address item to [On-board COM1] or [On-board COM2].

#### Baud Rate [57.6K]

Allows you to enable the specified baud rate. Configuration options: [300] [1200] [2400] [9600] [19.2K] [38.4K] [57.6K] [115.2K]

#### Console Type [VT-UTF8]

Allows you to enable the specified console type. Configuration options: [VT100] [VT100, 8bit] [PC-ANSI, 7bit] [PC ANSI] [VT100+] [VT-UTF8] [ASCII]

#### Flow Control [None]

Allows you to select the flow control for console redirection. Configuration options: [None] [XON/XOFF] [CTS/RTS]

#### **Console connection [Direct]**

Allows you to select the console connection. [Direct] indicates that the console is connected directed to the system. [Via modem] indicates that a modem is used to connect. Configuration options: [Direct] [Via modem]

#### Continue C.R. after POST [On]

Set this item to [On] if you want console redirection to continue after the operating system has loaded. Configuration options: [Off] [On]

#### # of video pages to support [1]

Allows you to set the number of video pages to allocate for console redirection when the video hardware is not available. Press <-> or <+> to set the value, or enter the value using the numeric keypad. Configuration options:  $[1] \sim [8]$ 

## 4.5.2 DMI Event Logging

PhoenixBIOS Setup Utility		
Server		
DMI Event	: Logging	Item Specific Help
Event log validity Event log capacity View DMI event log Event Logging ECC Event Logging Mark DMI events as read Clear all DMI event logs	V11alid Space Available [Enter] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enter] [No]	View the contents of the DMI event log.
F1 Help ↑↓ Select Item ESC Exit →← Select Menu	-/+ Change Values Enter Select ▶ Sub-Menu	

#### Event log validity, Event log capacity

Displays the auto-detected system information.

#### View DMI event log [Enter]

Press <Enter> to view the contents of the DMI event log.

#### Event Logging [Enabled]

Enables or disables to allows logging of DMI events. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### ECC Event Logging [Enabled]

Enables or disables to allows logging of ECC events. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Mark DMI events as read [Enter]

Enter to mark all DMI events in the event log as read.

#### Clear all DMI event logs [No]

Allows you to keep or clear the DMI event log after rebooting. Configuration options: [No] [Yes]

# 4.6 Security menu

PhoenixBIOS Setup Utility								
Main Advanced Server	Security Boot Exit							
Supervisor Password Is: User Password Is: Set Supervisor Password Password Check Password Lock Mode Removable Device Boot Flash Write	Clear Clear [Enter] [Setup] [Disabled] [Enabled] [Enabled]	Item Specific Help Supervisor Password controls access to the setup utility.						
F1 Help $\uparrow \downarrow$ Select It ESC Exit $\rightarrow \leftarrow$ Select Me		F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit						

### Supervisor Password Is [Clear] User Password Is [Clear]

These fields allow you to set passwords:

To set a password:

- 1. Select an item then press <Enter>.
- 2. Type in a password using a combination of a maximum of eight (8) alphanumeric characters, then press <Enter>.
- 3. When prompted, confirm the password by typing the exact characters again, then press <Enter>. The password field setting is changed to Set.

To clear the password:

 Select the item Set Supervisor Password or Set User Password, depending on which password you want to clear. Press <Enter>.
 The following message appears:

	Pho	enixBIOS Set	up Utility		
Main Advanced	Server Secur	ity Boot	Exit		
Supervisor Pass User Password : Set Supervisor Set User Passwo	Is: Password	Clear Clear [Enter] [Enter]		Item Specific Help Supervisor Password controls access to the	
Password Check Password Lock	Set	Supervisor	Password	ility.	
Removable Devi Flash Write	Enter Current	t Password	[	1	
	Enter New	v Password		1	
	Confirm New	v Password		1	
F1 Help ↑↓ ESC Exit →←	Select Item Select Menu		ge Values ct 🕨 Sub-Menu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit	

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- 2. In the Enter current password field, type in your current password. Press <Enter>.
- 3. The cursor moves to the next field, Enter new password. Press <Enter>. Do not type anything in this field.
- 4. The cursor moves to the next field, Confirm new password. Press <Enter>. Do not type anything in this field.
- 5. When the confirmation message "Password has been changed" appears, press <Enter>.

The display returns to the Security menu. Note that the password field on top is changed to Clear.

### A note about passwords

The Supervisor password is required to enter the BIOS Setup program preventing unauthorized access. The User password is required to boot the system preventing unauthorized use.

### Forgot your password?

If you forget your password, you can clear it by erasing the CMOS Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM. The RAM data containing the password information is powered by the onboard button cell battery. If you need to erase the CMOS RAM, refer to section "2.6 Jumpers" for instructions.

### Password Check [Setup]

This field requires you to enter the password before entering the BIOS setup or the system. Select [Setup] to require the password before entering the BIOS Setup. Select [System] to require the password before entering the system. Configuration options: [Setup] [Always]

### Password Lock Mode [Enabled]

When set to [Enabled], the keyboard is locked and the user has no privilege to launch the BIOS setup utility when installing adapter cards during option ROM initialization. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### **Removable Device Boot [Enabled]**

Allows you to enable or disable booting from a legacy floppy, USB floppy, or IDE optical drive. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Flash Write [Enabled]

Set this item to [Disabled] to write-protect the BIOS flash memory. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

# 4.7 Boot menu

					Pho	enixBIC	OS Setur	Utility			
	Mair	n Adva	nced	Server	: Secur:	ity	Boot	Exit			
	Вос	t Devic	e Prio	ority					I	tem Specific Hel	p
•	Boc	t Featu	res						prior	ify the boot rity sequence of devices.	all
		Help Exit	1↓ →←	Select Select		-/+ Enter		Values • Sub-Menu	F9 F10	Setup Defaults Save and Exit	

### 4.7.1 Boot Device Priority

PhoenixBIOS Setup Utility							
Boot							
Boot Device Priority	Item Specific Help						
Boot priority order: 1: Legacy Floppy Drives 2: PCI BEV: IBA GE Slot 0400 v 1236 3: PCI BEV: IBA GE Slot 0401 v 1236 4: 5: 6: 7: 8: Excluded from boot order:	Keys used to view or configure devices: Up and Down arrows select a device. <+> and <-> moves the device up or down. <f> and <r> specifies the device as fixed or removable. <x> excludes or includes the device to boot. &lt;\$hift + 1&gt; enables or disables the device. &lt;1 - 4&gt; Loads default boot sequence.</x></r></f>						
F1 Help ↑↓ Select Item -/+ Change Values ESC Exit →← Select Menu Enter Select ≽ Sub-Menu							

Refer to the following table for keys assigned to configure devices.

Key/s	Use this key to
<up arrow=""> /</up>	select a device.
<down arrow=""></down>	
<+>/<->	move the device up or down.
<t> / <r></r></t>	specify the device as fixed or removable.
<x></x>	exclude or include the device to boot.
<shift +="" 1=""></shift>	enable or disable the device.
<1 - 4>	load default boot sequence.

### 472 **Boot Features**

	PhoenixBIOS Setup Utility Boot	
Boot F	eatures	Item Specific Help
Quick Boot Full Logo Display Bootup Num-Lock PS/2 Mouse Summary screen: POST Errors SETUP prompt Interrupt 19 Capture	[Enabled] [Enabled] [On] [Auto Detect] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled]	Allows the BIOS to skip certain tests while booting. This will decrease the time needed to boot the system.
F1 Help ↑↓ Select Item ESC Exit →← Select Menu	-/+ Change Values Enter Select > Sub-Menu	

### Quick Boot [Enabled]

Enabling this item allows the BIOS to skip some power on self tests (POST) while booting to decrease the time needed to boot the system. When set to [Disabled], BIOS performs all the POST items.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Full Logo Display [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the full screen logo display feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Bootup Num-Lock [On]

Allows you to select the power-on state for the NumLock. Configuration options: [Auto] [On] [Off]

### PS/2 Mouse [Auto Detect]

Allows you to enable or disable support for PS/2 mouse. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto Detect]

### Summary screen: [Enabled]

When this item is enabled, the system configuration is displayed during POST. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### POST Errors [Enabled]

When set to Enabled, the system waits for the F1 key to be pressed when error occurs. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### SETUP prompt [Enabled]

When this item is set to Enabled, the system displays the message "Press DEL to run Setup" during POST. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Interrupt 19 Capture [Enabled]

When set to [Enabled], this function allows the option ROMs to trap Interrupt 19. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

# 4.8 Exit menu

			PhoenixBI	OS Setup Ut	ility	
Main	Advanced	Server	Security	Boot Ex	it	
Disc Disc	Changes and ard Changes ard Changes Setup Defan	and Exit				Item Specific Help Save any changes to CMOS, exit BIOS Setup then reboot system.
	elp ↑↓ xit →←	Select I Select M		Change Va Select ▶		F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

### Save Changes and Exit

Select this option then press <Enter>, or simply press <F10>, to save your changes to CMOS before exiting the Setup utility.

When a confirmation window appears:

- select [Yes], then press <Enter> to save and exit.
- select [No], then press <Enter>, or simply press <Esc>, to cancel the command and return to the Exit menu.

### **Discard Changes and Exit**

Select this option then press <Enter> if you wish to exit the Setup utility without saving your changes.

When a confirmation window appears:

- select [Yes], then press <Enter> to discard your changes and exit.
- select [No], then press <Enter>, or simply press <Esc>, to cancel the command and return to the Exit menu.

### **Discard Changes**

Select this option to discard the changes that you made, and restore the previously saved values.

When a confirmation window appears:

- select [Yes], then press <Enter> to discard any changes and load the previously saved values.
- select [No], then press <Enter>, or simply press <Esc>, to cancel the command and return to the Exit menu.

### Load Setup Defaults

Select this option then press <Enter>, or simply press <F9>, to load the optimized values for each of the Setup menu items.

When a confirmation window appears:

- select [Yes], then press <Enter> to load the default values.
- select [No], then press <Enter>, or simply press <Esc>, to cancel the command and return to the Exit menu.

This chapter provides instructions for setting up, creating, and configuring RAID sets using the available utilities.

# RAID configuration

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5.1	Setting up RAID	5-1
5.2	LSI Logic Embedded SATA RAID Setup Utility	5-4
5.3	Intel® Matrix Storage Manager Option ROM Utility 5-	-31
5.4	Global Array Manager5-	-39

5

# 5.1 Setting up RAID

The Intel<sup>®</sup> 6321ESB Southbridge chip comes with the LSI Logic Embedded SATA RAID Utility and the Intel<sup>®</sup> Matrix Storage Manager. These utilities support SATA hard disk drives and allow creation of RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 0+1, or RAID 5 (Intel<sup>®</sup> Matrix Storage Manager only) configuration.

### 5.1.1 RAID definitions

**RAID 0** (*Data striping*) optimizes two identical hard disk drives to read and write data in parallel, interleaved stacks. Two hard disks perform the same work as a single drive but at a sustained data transfer rate, double that of a single disk alone, thus improving data access and storage. Use of two new identical hard disk drives is required for this setup.

**RAID 1** (*Data mirroring*) copies and maintains an identical image of data from one drive to a second drive. If one drive fails, the disk array management software directs all applications to the surviving drive as it contains a complete copy of the data in the other drive. This RAID configuration provides data protection and increases fault tolerance to the entire system. Use two new drives or use an existing drive and a new drive for this setup. The new drive must be of the same size or larger than the existing drive.

**RAID 5** stripes both data and parity information across three or more hard disk drives. Among the advantages of RAID 5 configuration include better HDD performance, fault tolerance, and higher storage capacity. The RAID 5 configuration is best suited for transaction processing, relational database applications, enterprise resource planning, and other business systems. Use a minimum of three identical hard disk drives for this setup.

**RAID 0+1** is data striping and data mirroring combined without parity (redundancy data) having to be calculated and written. With the RAID 0+1 configuration you get all the benefits of both RAID 0 and RAID 1 configurations. Use four new hard disk drives or use an existing drive and three new drives for this setup.



If you want to boot the system from a hard disk drive included in a created RAID set, copy first the RAID driver from the support CD to a floppy disk before you install an operating system to the selected hard disk drive.

### 5.1.2 Installing hard disk drives

The motherboard supports Serial ATA for RAID set configuration. For optimal performance, install identical drives of the same model and capacity when creating a disk array.

To install the SATA hard disks for RAID configuration:

- 1. Install the SATA hard disks into the drive bays following the instructions in the system user guide.
- 2. Connect a SATA signal cable to the signal connector at the back of each drive and to the SATA connector on the motherboard.
- 3. Connect a SATA power cable to the power connector on each drive.

### 5.1.3 Setting the RAID item in BIOS

You must set the RAID item in the BIOS Setup before you can create a RAID set from SATA hard disk drives attached to the SATA connectors supported by the Intel  $^{\circ}$  6321ESB Southbridge chip. To do this:

- 1. Enter the BIOS Setup during POST.
- Go to the Main Menu > IDE Configuration > S-ATA Configuration, then press <Enter>.
- 3. Set the SATA Controller Mode Option item to [Enhanced], then press < Enter>.
- 4. Set the SATA RAID Enable item to [Enabled].
- 5. Save your changes, then exit the BIOS Setup.



Refer to Chapter 4 for details on entering and navigating through the BIOS Setup.

### 5.1.4 RAID configuration utilities

Depending on the RAID connectors that you use, you can create a RAID set using the utilities embedded in each RAID controller. For example, use the LSI Logic Embedded SATA RAID Setup Utility or the Intel<sup>®</sup> Matrix Storage Technology if you installed Serial ATA hard disk drives on the Serial ATA connectors supported by the Intel<sup>®</sup> 6321ESB Southbridge.

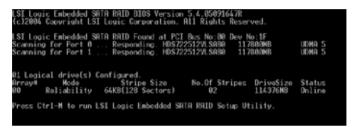
Refer to the succeeding sections for details on how to use each RAID configuration utility.

# 5.2 LSI Logic Embedded SATA RAID Setup Utility

The LSI Logic Embedded SATA RAID Setup Utility allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1, or RAID 10 set(s) from SATA hard disk drives connected to the SATA connectors supported by the motherboard Southbridge chip.

To enter the LSI Logic Embedded SATA RAID Setup Utility:

- 1. Turn on the system after installing all the SATA hard disk drives.
- During POST, the LSI Logic Embedded SATA RAID Setup Utility automatically detects the installed SATA hard disk drives and displays any existing RAID set(s). Press <Ctrl> + <M> to enter the utility.





The LSI Logic Embedded SATA RAID auto configures to RAID 1 when the SATA to RAID Mode is enabled.

3. The utility main window appears. Use the arrow keys to select an option from the Management Menu, then press <Enter>. Refer to the Management Menu descriptions on the next page.

At the bottom of the screen is the legend box. The keys on the legend box allow you to navigate through the setup menu options or execute commands. The keys on the legend box vary according to the menu level.

LSI Logic Software	RAID Configuration Utility Ve	r A.37 Jun 20, 2006
Jonficero Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consistency		
	Configure Logical Drive(s)	

Menu	Description
Configure	Allows you to create RAID 0 or RAID 1 set using the Easy Configuration or the New Configuration command. This menu also allows you to view, add, or clear RAID configurations or select the boot drive
Initialize	Allows you to initialize the logical drives of a created RAID set
Objects	Allows you to initialize logical drives or change the logical drive parameters
Rebuild	Allows you to rebuild failed drives
Check Consistency	Allows you to check the data consistency of the logical drives of a created RAID set

### 5.2.1 Creating a RAID 0 or RAID 1 set

The LSI Logic Embedded SATA RAID Setup Utility allows you to create a RAID 0 or RAID 1 set using two types of configurations: Easy and New.

In Easy Configuration, the logical drive parameters are set automatically including the size and stripe size (RAID 1 only).

In New Configuration, you manually set the logical drive parameters and assign the set size and stripe size (RAID 1 only).

### Using Easy Configuration

To create a RAID set using the Easy Configuration option:

- 1. From the utility main menu, highlight Configure, then press <Enter>.
- 2. Use the arrow keys to select Easy Configuration, then press <Enter>.



 The ARRAY SELECTION MENU displays the available drives connected to the SATA ports. Select the drives you want to include in the RAID set, then press <SpaceBar>. When selected, the drive indicator changes from READY to ONLIN A[X]-[Y], where X is the array number, and Y is the drive number.

Nanagesen1	NOT .	
build build beck Consis	1 Incv	



The information of the selected hard disk drive displays at the bottom of the screen.

4. Select all the drives required for the RAID set, then press <Enter>. The configurable array appears on screen.



- IST Logic Software RATD Configuration Utility Ver A 37 Jan 20, 2006
- 5. Press <F10>, select the configurable array, then press <SpaceBar>.

Press <F10> again, the logical drive information appears including a Logical Drive menu that allows you to change the logical drive parameters.

LSI Lo	LD	ftware A RAID	AID Configur Logical Uri Size	ation Util vets) Cont #Stripes	ity Ver A.37 loured StripeSz	Jun 20, 2 Status	866
Hanages Konstelle Initializ Objects Rebuild	U	1	77247MB	2	64 KB	UNLINE	
Check Con	51 51 51 61 61	10 = 1 ze = 772 C = 0ff = 0n cept	Drive Ø				
In fursor			hoose RAID I		his LD Tress Enter 1	la Salact B	Dation

- 6. Select RAID from the Logical Drive menu, then press < Enter>.
- 7. Select the RAID level from the menu, then press < Enter>.

$\frown$	
$\neg$	
101	
211	

You need at least two identical hard disk drives when creating a RAID 1 set.

	7724708			
			64 KB	UNLINE
SHID = 1 Size = 77 DHC = Df RR = Or Accept	24.7NB T	RAID Lev RAID e Enio 1	e]	
	SHID = 1 Size = 77 DWC = Df RR = On Accept	Size = 77247NB DHC = Off RR = On	Size - 77247NB DVC - Dff RR = On Accept	Size - 77247NB DPC - Dff BR - Un Accept

8. When creating a <u>RAID 1</u> set, select DWC from the Logical Drive menu, then press <Enter>.

When creating a RAID 0 set, proceed to step 10.

9. Select On to enable the Disk Write Cache setting, then press <Enter>.

LSI Loc	LO	ftware A RAID	AID Configu -Logical Dr Size	ration Util: rive(s) Conf. #Stripes	ty Ver A.37 oured StripeSz	Jun 20, 280 Status	6
Hanages	8		77247HB		64 KB	UNLINE	
Initializ Objects Rebuild				Char	vge. 040		
Check Con	-	Logical ID - 1	Drive 8	00 On			
	Si Ul Ri	7e - 777 e = 011 - 0n	47NB				
		cept RN - NO					
NAME OF T		0	isk Write C	achn Sellin	OF LD		



Enabling DWC can improve the performance, but with the risk of data loss.

10. When finished setting the selected logical drive configuration, select Accept from the menu, then press <Enter>.

LST Log	ic So LD	ftware F	HID Configu -Logical Or Size	ration Util rive(s) Conf #Stripes	ity Ver A.37 Loured StripeSz	Jun 20, 2886 Status	1
Hanages Rentedent Initializ			77247 <b>0</b> 8		64 KB	UNLINE	
Objects Rebuild Check Con		Logical	Drive 0-				
	51	C = Off = On	14.7NB				
		RN - NO	uis LD Confi	iguration An	d Go To Naxt	LD	
Use Cursor K						o Select De Dation	

- 11. When finished setting the selected logical drive configuration, select Accept from the menu, then press <Enter>.
- 12. Follow steps 5 to 10 to configure additional logical drives.
- 13. When prompted, save the configuration, then press <Esc> to return to the Management Menu.

Honogene onfective	nt Ne	w Confi	Configuratio		es 0	
biects	LD	RAIU	Sigo	#Strupes	StripeSz	Status
ebuild heck Con			7724708		66 KB	ONLINE

### Using New Configuration



When a RAID set is already existing, using the New Configuration command erases the existing RAID configuration data. If you do not want to delete the existing RAID set, use the View/Add Configuration command to view or create another RAID configuration.

To create a RAID set using the New Configuration option:

- 1. From the utility main menu, highlight Configure, then press < Enter>.
- 2. Use the arrow keys to select New Configuration, then press <Enter>.

Nanagement	Configuration Monu- Easy Configuration Used Configuration	
Initialize Objects Rebuild	Clear Configuration Select Boot Drive	
Oheck Consis	ency	

- 3. Follow steps 3 to 7 of the previous section.
- 4. Select Size from the Logical Drive menu, then press < Enter>.
- 5. Key-in the desired logical drive size, then press <Enter>.

LSI Lo	gic So	RATO	RAID Configu Logical Un Size	rive(s) Conf #Stripes	ity Ver A.3 ligured StripeSz	Status	2866
Managers	0		7726708		64 KB	COM. THE	
Configure Initializ							
Objects Rebuild Check C							
Check C			(MB): 77247				
	Si		26.788		_		
	01 R1	HC - Off N = On Compt					
	SP	PAN - NO					
			1 march	Re	-		
			Enter I	LD Size (MB)			

6. Follow steps 8 to 13 of the previous section to create the RAID set.

### 5.2.2 Creating a RAID 10 set

You can create a RAID 10 set using four identical hard disk drives.

To create a RAID 10 set using the Easy Configuration option:

- 1. From the utility main menu, highlight Configure, then press <Enter>.
- 2. Use the arrow keys to select Easy Configuration, then press < Enter>.

Hanapesent Banfictre Initialize Objects	Eastiguration Menu Base Configuration New Configuration Clear Configuration Clear Configuration Select Boot Drive	
Objects Rebuild Check Consis		

 The ARRAY SELECTION MENU displays the available drives connected to the SATA ports. Select the drive(s) you want to include in the RAID set, then press <SpaceBar>. When selected, the drive indicator changes from READY to ONLIN A[X]-[Y], where X is the array number, and Y is the drive number.

	oftware RAID Configuration Utility Var A 37 Jun 20, 2006 Easy Configuration - ARDIV SELECTION MENU	
Management Fritalize Objects Rebuild Check Consis	Post s 4 Statisticana 2 Statisticana	
	H & DISK 77247ND HDS728000PLA300 PF208608 EndPreay_F18-Configure_F2-Drive_Info_F3-Logical Drives,F4-NS	P



The information of the selected hard disk drive displays at the bottom of the screen.

4. Select all the drives required for the RAID 10 set, then press <Enter>. The configurable array appears on screen.

LSI Logic S: Hanagement Renification Initialize Objects Robuid Check Compis	Fixare RAID Configuration Utility Ver R.37 Jun 20, 2005 Easy Configuration - RRRAY SELECTION NERU 0 DC.DI RCC N 1 DC.DI RCC N 1 DC.DI RCC N 2 DC.DI RCC N 1 DC.DI RCC
Port SPACE-Sole CHICK-I	0.015K 77247MB H05728060PLR380 PF20A600  ndBrray_F10-Configure_F2-Drive_Info_F3-Logical Drives_F4-HSP

5. Press <F10>, select the configurable array, then press <SpaceBar>.

LSI Logic S Hanagement Hosistere Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consis	oftware RRID Configuration Utility Ver 8.37 Jun 20, 2006 Easy Configuration - ARRY SELECTION MENU Select Configurable Paray(s)
Cursor Keys, SPI	RCE-{De}Select F2-Chidinfo F3-Slotinfo F10-Configure Esc-Quit

Press <F10> again, the logical drive information appears including a Logical Drive menu that allows you to change the logical drive parameters.

- 6. Select RAID from the Logical Drive menu, then press <Enter>.
- 7. Select RAID 10 from the menu, then press <Enter>.

	LSI Logi	ic Sof LD	tware R RAID	RID Configu Logical Dr Size		ity Ver A.3 igured StripeSz	7 Jun 28, 2006 Status	
Lo In Ob Hel	Managen itializ jects juild jeck Con			303988MB		64 KB	ONLINE	
		Siz DRC ISI	0 = 8 e = 308 = 0ff = 0n	Driva 8 988MS	RAID Lev RAID e RAID 5 ERID 10			

- 8. Select DWC from the Logical Drive menu, then press < Enter>.
- 9. Select On to enable the Disk Write Cache setting, then press <Enter>.

LSI Log	ic Sof	tware R RAID	RID Configu Logical Ur Size	ration Utili ive[s] Confi #Stripes	ity Ver A.37 igured StripeSz	Jun 20, 2086 Status	
Managem Romiteling Initializ Objects Rebuild Check Con	RA	D = 10	30398848 Driva 8 49443	4 Off In	64 KB	ONLINE	
Use Cursor K	fice Stri	in - ves	Disk Write G			o Select An Opt	ion

10. When finished setting the selected logical drive configuration, select Accept from the menu, then press <Enter>.

LSI Log	ic So LD	ftware F RAID	AID Configu Logical Dr Size	ration Util ive[s] Conf #Stripes		7 Jun 28, 2086 Status
Managen Konstring Initializ Objects Rebuild Chack Con			30398848		64 KB	ONLINE
	8588 858	ID = 8 ze = 308	Drivo O SCOMO	8481378		
Use Cursor K					d Go To Next ress Enter 1	LD o Select An Option

11. When prompted, save the configuration, then press <Esc> to return to the Management Menu.

Managence	nt Ne	sy Confi • Config	onfiguration	ion	Save Conflig Ves No	proliun?
nitializ bjects ebuild heck Con	LD	RAID	Size	Drivn(s) Co #Stripes	StripeSz	Status
i.			Sel	ect Yes Or 1	(o)	

### 5.2.3 Adding or viewing a RAID configuration

You can add a new RAID configuration or view an existing configuration using the View/Add Configuration command.

Adding a new RAID configuration

To add a new RAID configuration:

- 1. From the Management Menu, highlight Configure, then press < Enter>.
- 2. Use the arrow keys to select View/Add Configuration, then press <Enter>.

Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver A 37 Jun 20, 2006 Configuration Menu Easy Configuration New Configuration Sector Boot Drive Select Boot Drive
View/Add To The Existing Configuration

 The ARRAY SELECTION MENU displays the available drives connected to the SATA ports. Select the drive(s) you want to include in the RAID set, then press <SpaceBar>. When selected, the drive indicator changes from READY to ONLIN A[X]-[Y], where X is the array number, and Y is the drive number.

Hanagewent	PORT		
nitialize biocts	0 Black		
ebuild heck Consis	TE TOTELY		
	<u></u>		
		1.1	



The information of the selected hard disk drive displays at the bottom of the screen.

4. Select all the drives required for the RAID set, then press <Enter>. The configurable array appears on screen.

Katagonard Jonifigures Unitialize Objects Rebuild Check Consis	Vice/Hid Configuration - Hissify SELECTION HEND 0 On In control 1 DR In control 2 DR In control 2 DR In control 2 DR In control	
Port	I # 3 015K 77247NB H05728000PL8380 PF206684	P. 4100

5. Press <F10>, select the configurable array, then press <SpaceBar>.

Hanagement	 figuration - ABRA Select Configura	v SELECTION MEN ble Array(s)	
bjects bould heck Consis			

- 6. Press <F10> again, and select RAID from the Logical Drive menu, then press <Enter>.
- 7. Select the RAID level from the menu, then press < Enter>.

LST Log	LD	RAID	AID Configu -Logical Or Size	ration Util ive(s) Conf #Stripes	ity Ver A.3 igured StripeSz	7 Jun 20, 28 Status	06
Hancipes Septembre	8 1	0 1	154494NB 77247NB	22	64 KB 64 KB	UNLINE CNLINE	
Initializ Objects Rebuild Check Con							
	39 Si	0 - 1	Drive 1	RAID Lev	el		
	DH RA Act	= 0n = 0n					
	SPI	W - NO					
Use Cursor K	evs li	C Naviga	hoose RAID   te lietween		his LD ress Inter	To Select fir	Oction

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- 8. Follow steps 8 to 12 of the Creating a RAID set: Using Easy Configuration section.
- 9. When prompted, save the configuration, then press <Esc> to return to the Management Menu.

nitializ bjects	LO	RATO	Logical Dr Size	ive(s) Conf #Stripes	igured Strip	eSz	Status	
ebuild heck Con	0 1	0 1	154494HB 77247HD	2		KB KB	ONLINE ONLINE	72

9. Follow steps 8 to 13 of the Creating a RAID set: Using Easy Configuration section to add the new RAID configuration.

### 5.2.4 Initializing the logical drives

After creating the RAID set(s), you must initialize the logical drives. You may initialize the logical drives of a RAID set(s) using the Initialize or Objects command on the Management Menu.

Using the Initialize command

To initialize the logical drive using the Initialize command:

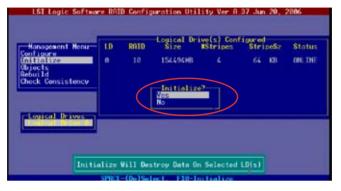
1. From the Management Menu, highlight Initialize, then press < Enter>.

LSI Logic Software	RAID Configuration Utility Ver	A.37 Jun 20, 2886
Kanagement Henu Conficure		
Objects Rebuild Chock Consistency		
Den Cursor Knex To Navi	Initialize Logical Drive(s)	ter To Salart Be Doline

 The screen displays the available RAID set(s) and prompts you to select the logical drive to initialize. Use the arrow keys to select the logical drive from the Logical Drive selection, then press <Enter>.

Hanagement Henu	10	RATO	Logical Dr Size	ive(s) Conf #Stripes	igured StripeSz	Status
Configure InfiEntFro Objects Rebuild Check Consistency	0		154494HB		64 KB	OHE, THE
Logran Drives		5	Select LD			

3. When prompted, press the <SpaceBar> to select Yes from the Initialize? dialog box, then press <Enter>. You may also press <F10> to initialize the drive without confirmation.





Initializing a logical drive(s) erases all data on the drive.

4. A progress bar appears on screen. If desired, press <Esc> to abort initialization.

- Management He Configure Collects Directs Rebuild Check C	Logical Drive(s) Configured 10 RNID Size #Stripes StripeSz Initialization Of LD Is In Progress LD 8 Initialization. Press Esc to Abort.	Status ONE INF
Logica	85 % Completed	

5. When initialization is completed, press < Esc>.



### Using the Objects command

To initialize the logical drives using the Objects command:

1. From the Management Menu, highlight Objects, then press < Enter>.



2. Select Logical Drive from the Objects sub-menu, then press <Enter>.

LSI Logic Software RAID Configure Totilize Rebuild Check Consistency	) Configuration Utility Ver A.37 Jun 20, 2006
	Change LD Parameters Reference Towns Red Press Inter To Select An Dation

3. Select the logical drive to initialize from the Logical Drives sub-menu, then press <Enter>.

LSI Logic Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver A 37 Jun 20, 2006	ALCONT.
Chick Consistency	10.00
Select LD	

4. Select Initialize from the pop-up menu, then press <Enter> to start initialization.

Nanagemen Odapter	RAID Configuration Utility Ver A 37 Jun 2 Logical Drives(1) Logical Drives(1)	9, 2886
Rehuild Check Consistency	Initial Prive & Initialize Check Consistency Vien/Vodate Parameters	
In Constant Kana La Nacia	Initialize Logical Drive	r I. Ro. Dation

5. When prompted, press the <SpaceBar> to select Yes from the Initialize? dialog box, then press <Enter>. You may also press <F10> to initialize the drive without confirmation.

Hanagesen	Physical Drive
Use Cursor Keys	Initialize Will Destroy Data On Selected LD(s)

6. A progress bar appears on screen. If desired, press <Esc> to abort initialization.

LST Logi	: Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver R 37 Jun 20, 2806
Configure	opical Drive
Rebuild Chock C	Initialization OF LD Is In Progress
Contract of	
	- 55 % Completed
1	
Use Cursor Ke	as to Navigate Deteoen Items And Press Enter to Select An Dotion

7. When initialization is completed, press <Esc>.

Hanagemen Configure Initial Source Rebuild	Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver A 37 Jan 20, 2006 (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b)
Check C	1 180% Completed
	To Manipula Balance These Red Brown Labor To Salard Ba Balan

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### 5.2.5 Rebuilding failed drives

You can manually rebuild failed hard disk drives using the Rebuild command in the Management Menu.

To rebuild a failed hard disk drive:

1. From the Management Menu, highlight Rebuild, then press <Enter>.



 The PHYSICAL DRIVES SELECTION MENU displays the available drives connected to the SATA ports. Select the drive you want to rebuild, then press <SpaceBar>.

Management onfigure	POR		
biects sbuild heck Consis	1 111000	10.000 BF	
	-		
	1	10	

3. After selecting the drive to rebuild, press <F10>. The indicator for the selected drive now shows RBLD.

LSI Logic Sof	Heart RAID Configuration Utility Ver Rebuild - PHYSICAL ORIVES SELECTION Rebuild - PHYSICAL ORIVES SELECTION	
Port #	1 DISK 77247MB HDS7280900LR990 6-Start Robuild F2-Drive Information	PF208608

4. When prompted, press <Y> to to rebuild the drive.

Management Configure Initialize	A DECEMBER OF A	
Objects		
NAMERAL OF THE	and the second	A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL PROPERTY AND A
Menurraing of Dri	ive Will Take A Few Minutes. Start Rebui	Tgung Durine (ANN)
Meduliating of bri	ive Hill Take H Few Minutes: Start Kebui	Iding Drive (Y/N)
would tain g of ori	ive Hill Take H Fee Minutes. Start Kebus	Lding Drive (Y/N)
	toe Hill Take H Fee Minutes. Start Rebui	(ding brive (Y/N)

5. When rebuild is complete, press any key to continue.

### 5.2.6 Checking the drives for data consistency

You can check and verify the accuracy of data redundancy in the selected logical drive. The utility can automatically detect and/or detect and correct any differences in data redundancy depending on the selected option in the Objects > Adapter menu.



The Check Consistency command is available only for logical drives included in a RAID 1 set.

Using the Check Consistency

To check data consistency using the Check Consistency command:

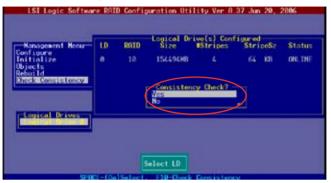
1. From the Management Menu, select Check Consistency, then press < Enter>.



 The screen displays the available RAID set(s) and prompts you to select the logical drive to check. Use the arrow keys to select the logical drive from the Logical Drive selection, then press <Enter>.

Hanagewent Henu	t.D	RATO	Logical Dr Size	ive(s) Conf #Stripes	igured StripeSz	Status
Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Rebuild	8	10	154494HB		64 KB	ONIL THE
Logical Drives						

 When prompted, press the <SpaceBar> to select Yes from the Consistency Check dialog box, then press <Enter>. You may also press <F10> to check the drive consistency.



A progress bar appears on screen.

Nanagement Menu- Configure Initial	Logical Drive(s) Configured LD RNID Size #Stripes StripeSz CC Under Progress	Statu:
Objects	0 Consistency Check. Press Esc to Abort.	
Legica	1 0 % Completed	_
LOO HOA		

- 4. While checking the disk consistency, press <Esc> to display the following options.
  - Stop Stops the consistency check. The utility stores the percentage of disk checked, When you restart checking, it continues from the last percentage completed rather than from zero percent.
  - · Continue Continues the consistency check.
  - Abort Aborts the consistency check. When you restart checking, it continues from zero percent.
- 5. When checking is complete, press any key to continue.

### Using the Objects command

To check data consistency using the Objects command:

- 1. From the Management Menu, select Objects, then select Logical Drive from the menu.
- 2. Use the arrow keys to select the logical drive you want to check, then press <Enter>.
- 3. Select Check Consistency from the pop-up menu, then press < Enter>.
- 4. When prompted, press <Y> to to check the drive.
- 5. When checking is complete, press any key to continue.

## 5.2.7 Deleting a RAID configuration

To delete a RAID configuration:

1. From the Management Menu, select Configure > Clear Configuration, then press <Enter>.

Nonagement Ponfigure	-Configuration Monu- Easy Configuration New Configuration View/Add Configuration 3 Decay Configuration	
Objects Rebuild Check Consist	Select Boot Drive	

2. When prompted, press the <SpaceBar> to select Yes from the Clear Configuration? dialog box, then press <Enter>.

Nana genen 1	Easy Co		
Initialize Objects Rebuild	Clear Select	Vec No	
Check Consis	lency		

The utility clears the current array.

3. Press any key to continue.

### 5.2.8 Selecting the boot drive from a RAID set

You must have created a new RAID configuration before you can select the boot drive from a RAID set. Refer to the Creating a RAID set: Using New Configuration section for details.

To select the boot drive from a RAID set:

1. From the Management Menu, select Configure > Select Boot Drive, then press <Enter>.

Renagement Fondriterse Initialize Objects	Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver A 37 Jun 20, 2006 -Configuration Menu Easy Configuration New Configuration View/Rdd Configuration Cloar Configuration Softest Boot Deformance	
Rebuild Check Consis	ancy	
Use Cursor Key	Select A Root LD To Navigate Between Items Red Press Enter To Select An Octi	00

2. When prompted, press the <SpaceBar> to select the bootable logical drive from the list, then press <Enter>.

	View/Add Configuration Cloar Configuration Select Boot Deive	10,000
Ine Forser Kee	Select A Boot LD	The second se

3. The logical drive is selected as boot drive. Press any key to continue.

## 5.2.9 Enabling the WriteCache

You may enable the RAID controller's WriteCache option to improve the data transmission performance.



When you enable WriteCache, you may lose data when a power interruption occurs while transmitting or exchanging data among the drives.

To enable WriteCache:

- From the Management Menu, select Objects > Adapter, then press <Enter> to display the adapter properties.
- 2. Select WriteCache, then press <Enter> to turn the option On (enabled).

Managemen Configure Initialize Rebuild Check Consi	Logical 0 Physical	Rebuild Rate = 30 Ché Corat Rate = 30 FGI Rate = 30 BGI Rate = 30 BGI Rate = 30 BGI Rate = 30 BGI Rate = 50 Bios State = Enable Fast Init = Enable Fast Init = Enable Puto Rebuild = Dn Ruto Rebuild = Dn Ruto Resume = Enable Disk Coercion = 108 Factory Dufault	
		che – Off(Write Through) or On(W ale Belasen Jiews Rod Press Enfr	

3. When finished, press any key to continue.

# 5.3 Intel<sup>®</sup> Matrix Storage Manager Option ROM Utility

The Intel<sup>®</sup> Matrix Storage Manager Option ROM utility allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 0+1, and RAID 5 set(s) from Serial ATA hard disk drives.

To enter the Intel® Matrix Storage Manager Option ROM Utility:

- 1. Turn on the system after installing all Serial ATA hard disk drives.
- 2. During POST, press <Ctrl+l> to display the utility main menu.

Intel(R) Matrix Storage Manager Option ROM v5.0.0.1032 ESB2 wRAID5 Copyright(C) 2003-05 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.					
1. Crea	[ MAIN M ate RAID Vo				
2. Delete RAID Volume 3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID 4. Exit					
[ DISK/VOLUME INFORMATION ] RAID Volumes: None defined. Physical Disks:					
-	Serial #	Size	Type/Status(Vol ID)		
0 XXXXXXXXX >	XXXXXXX	XX.XXGB	Non-RAID Disk		
1 XXXXXXXXXX X	XXXXXXX	XX.XXGB	Non-RAID Disk		
2 XXXXXXXXX X	XXXXXXX	XX.XXGB	Non-RAID Disk		
3 XXXXXXXXX X	XXXXXXX	XX.XXGB	Non-RAID Disk		
[↑↓]-Select [ESC]-Exit [ENTER]-Select Menu					

The navigation keys at the bottom of the screen allow you to move through the menus and select the menu options.



The RAID BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference only and may not exactly match the items on your screen.

# 5.3.1 Creating a RAID 0 set (Stripe)

To create a RAID 0 set:

1. From the utility main menu, select 1. Create RAID Volume, then press <Enter>. This screen appears.



- 2. Enter a name for the RAID 0 set, then press < Enter>.
- 3. Highlight RAID Level, press the up/down arrow key to select IRAID 0 (Stripe), then press <Enter>.
- 4. Highlight the Disks item, then press <Enter> to select the hard disk drives you want to include in the RAID set. The SELECT DISKS screen appears.

ID Disk
TD DIGK
ID Disk
ID Disk
ID Disk

 Use the up/down arrow key to highlight a drive, then press <Space> to select. A small triangle marks the selected drive. Press <Enter> after completing your selection.  Use the up/down arrow key to select the stripe size for the RAID 0 array, then press <Enter>. The available stripe size values range from 4 KB to 128 KB. The default stripe size is 128 KB.



A lower stripe size is recommended for server systems. A higher stripe size is recommended for multimedia computer systems used mainly for audio and video editing.

- 7. Highlight the Capacity item, enter the desired RAID volume capacity, then press <Enter>. The default value indicates the maximum allowed capacity.
- 8. When the Create Volume item is highlighted, press <Enter>. A warning message appears.



9. Press <Y> to create the RAID volume and return to the main menu, or <N> to go back to the Create Array menu.

# 5.3.2 Creating a RAID 1 set (Mirror)

To create a RAID 1 set:

1. From the utility main menu, select 1. Create RAID Volume, then press <Enter>. This screen appears.



- 2. Enter a name for the RAID 1 set, then press < Enter>.
- 3. Highlight RAID Level, press the up/down arrow key to select IRAID 1 (Mirror), then press <Enter>.
- 4. Follow steps 4 to 5 and 7 to 9 of the previous section to create the RAID 1 set.

## 5.3.3 Creating a RAID 10 set (Stripe + Mirror)

To create a RAID 10 set:

1. From the utility main menu, select 1. Create RAID Volume, then press <Enter>. This screen appears.



- 2. Enter a name for the RAID 10 set, then press < Enter>.
- 3. Highlight RAID Level, press the up/down arrow key to select IRAID 10 (RAID0+1), then press <Enter>.
- 4. Follow steps 4 to 9 of section "5.3.1 Creating a RAID 0 set (striped)" to create the RAID 10 set.

# 5.3.4 Creating a RAID 5 set (Parity)

To create a RAID 5 set:

1. From the utility main menu, select 1. Create RAID Volume, then press <Enter>. This screen appears.



- 2. Enter a name for the RAID 10 set, then press <Enter>.
- 3. Highlight RAID Level, press the up/down arrow key to select IRAID 10 (RAID0+1), then press <Enter>.
- 4. Follow steps 4 to 9 of section "5.3.1 Creating a RAID 0 set (striped)" to create the RAID 5 set.

## 5.3.5 Deleting a RAID set



Take caution when deleting a RAID set. You will lose all data on the hard disk drives when you delete a RAID set.

To delete a RAID set:

1. From the utility main menu, select 2. Delete RAID Volume, then press <Enter> to display this screen.

Intel (R	) Matrix Storage	Manager Op	tion ROM v	5.0.0.1032	ESB2 wRAID5
Copyr	ight(C) 2003-05	Intel Corp	oration. A	All Rights	Reserved.
		DELETE VOI	JIME MENII		
37					Deetek 1.
Name	Level	Drives	Capacity	Status	Bootable
Volume0	RAIDX (xxxxx)	х	XXX.XGB	Normal	Yes
(		HET	.P 1		
Deletin	g a volume will	destroy the	volume da	ta on the	drive(s) and
cause any member disks to become available as non-RAID disks.					
	any manoor aron				
WARNING	EXISTING DAT	A WITHIN	THIS VOLU	ME WILL 1	BE LOST AND
		NON-RECOV	FRART.F		
		Non Record	LIGIDED.		
[1]-201		Drowi over N	lonu		lata Valuma
[↑↓]-Sel	ect [ <esc>]</esc>	-Previous M	ienu	[ <net>]-ne</net>	lete Volume

2. Use the up/down arrow key to select the RAID set you want to delete, then press <Del>. This window appears.



3. Press <Y> to delete the RAID set and return to the utility main menu; otherwise, press <N> to return to the Delete Volume menu.

## 5.3.6 Resetting disks to Non-RAID



Take caution before you reset a RAID volume hard disk drive to non-RAID. Resetting a RAID volume hard disk drive deletes all internal RAID structure on the drive.

To reset a RAID set hard disk drive:

1. From the utility main menu, select 3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID, then press <Enter> to display this screen.



- 2. Use the up/down arrow key to highlight the RAID set drive you want to reset, then press <Space> to select.
- 3. Press <Enter> to reset the RAID set drive. A confirmation message appears.
- 4. Press <Y> to reset the drive or press <N> to return to the utility main menu.
- 5. Follow steps 2 to 4 to select and reset other RAID set drives.

#### 5.3.7 Exiting the Intel<sup>®</sup> Matrix Storage Manager

To exit the utility:

1. From the utility main menu, select 4. Exit, then press <Enter>. This window appears.



2. Press <Y> to exit or press <N> to return to the utility main menu.

# 5.4 Global Array Manager

You may also create a RAID set(s) in Windows<sup>®</sup> operating environment using the Global Array Manager (GAM) application. The GAM application is available from the motherboard support CD.



Refer to the GAM user guide in the motherboard support CD for details.

This chapter provides instructions for installing the necessary drivers for different system components.



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# **Chapter summary**

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6.2	Intel chipset software installation	6-11
6.3	LAN driver installation	6-14
6.4	VGA driver installation	6-18

6

# 6.1 RAID driver installation

After creating the RAID sets for your server system, you are now ready to install an operating system to the independent hard disk drive or bootable array. This part provides instructions on how to install the RAID controller drivers during OS installation.

#### 6.1.1 Creating a RAID driver disk



You may have to use another system to create the RAID driver disk from the system/motherboard support CD or from the Internet.

A floppy disk with the RAID driver is required when installing Windows<sup>®</sup> 2000/XP or Red Hat<sup>®</sup> Enterprise ver. 3.0/SuSE operating system on a hard disk drive that is included in a RAID set. You can create a RAID driver disk in DOS (using the Makedisk application in the support CD).

To create a RAID driver disk in DOS environment:

- 1. Place the motherboard support CD in the optical drive.
- 2. Restart the computer, then enter the BIOS Setup.
- 3. Select the optical drive as the first boot priority to boot from the support CD. Save your changes, then exit the BIOS Setup.
- 4. Restart the computer.
- 5. Press any key when prompted to boot from CD.

```
Loading FreeDOS FAT KERNEL GO!
Press any key to boot from CDROM...
```

The Makedisk menu appears.

A) B)	FreeDOS command prompt Create INTEL 6321 MATRIX STORAGE MANAGER for Windows 32 bit Driver Disk. (Also support AHCI.)		
C)	Create INTEL 6321 MATRIX STORAGE MANAGER for Windows 64 bit Driver Disk. (Also support AHCI.)		
D)	Create INTEL 6321 LSI MegaRAID for Win2k Driver Disk		
E)	Create INTEL 6321 LSI MegaRAID for WinXP/Win2k3 32 bit Driver Disk		
F)	Create INTEL 6321 LSI MegaRAID for WinXP/Win2k3 64 bit Driver Disk		
G)	Create the emergent BIOS Recovery diskette		
H)	ESB2 ASF firmware update		
Please choose A TO H:			

- Place a blank, high-density floppy disk to the floppy disk drive, then select the type of RAID driver disk you want to create by typing the number before the option
- 7. Press <Enter>.

15

8. Follow screen instructions to create the driver disk.

For systems with Red Hat<sup>®</sup> Enterprise versions that are not listed in the Makedisk menu, explore the support CD and copy the RAID driver disk from the following path: For Intel<sup>®</sup> 6321 LSI MegaRAID: \Drivers\6321 LSI MegaRAID\Driver\Linux\ megaswr-drvr-bin.taz

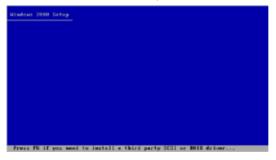
### 6.1.2 Installing the RAID controller driver

#### Windows<sup>®</sup> 2000/2003 Server OS

During Windows<sup>®</sup> 2000/2003 Server OS installation

To install the RAID controller driver when installing Windows  $^{\otimes}$  2000/2003 Server OS:

1. Boot the computer using the Windows<sup>®</sup> 2000/2003 Server installation CD. The Windows<sup>®</sup> 2000/2003 Setup starts.



- 2. Press <F6> when the message "Press F6 if you need to install a third party SCSI or RAID driver..." appears at the bottom of the screen.
- 3. When prompted, press <S> to specify an additional device.



4. Insert the RAID driver disk you created earlier to the floppy disk drive, then press <Enter>.



5. Select the RAID controller driver from the list, then press <Enter>.

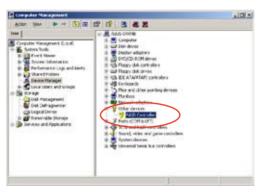
ner Setera	
	bones to configure a ICCI Adapter for our with Windows, wice support dick provided by an adapter memofacturer.
	ICSI Minpter yes want from the following list, or press EDE in the previous surrous.
	LSI MegaRAID Software RAID (Windows 2000 SP4)

- For Intel<sup>®</sup> 6321ESB LSI Logic Embedded SATA RAID Driver, select Intel LSI Logic Embedded SATA RAID (DSBV-D).
- 6. The Windows<sup>®</sup> 2000/2003 Setup loads the RAID controller drivers from the RAID driver disk. When prompted, press <Enter> to continue installation.
- 7. Setup then proceeds with the OS installation. Follow screen instructions to continue.

To an existing Windows® 2000/2003 Server OS

To install the RAID controller driver on an existing Windows® 2000/2003 Server OS:

- 1. Restart the computer, then log in with Administrator privileges.
- Windows<sup>®</sup> automatically detects the RAID controller and displays a New Hardware Found window. Click Cancel.
- 3. Right-click the My Computer icon on the Windows<sup>®</sup> desktop , then select Properties from the menu.
- 4. Click the Hardware tab, then click the Device Manager button to display the list of devices installed in the system.

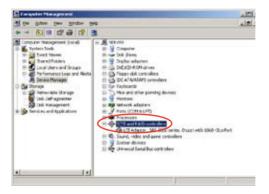


- 5. Right-click the RAID controller item, then select Properties.
- 6. Click the Driver tab, then click the Update Driver button.
- 7. The Upgrade Device Driver Wizard window appears. Click Next.
- 8. Insert the RAID driver disk you created earlier to the floppy disk drive.
- 9. Select the option "Search for a suitable driver for my device (recommended), then click Next.
- 10. The wizard searches the RAID controller drivers. When found, click Next to install the drivers.
- 11. Click Finish after the driver installation is done.



To verify the RAID controller driver installation:

- 1. Right-click the My Computer icon on the Windows<sup>®</sup> desktop , then select Properties from the menu.
- 2. Click the Hardware tab, then click the Device Manager button.
- 3. Click the "+" sign before the item SCSI and RAID controllers.



- 4. Right-click the RAID controller driver item, then select Properties from the menu.
- 5. Click the Driver tab, then click the Driver Details button to display the RAID controller drivers.
- 6. Click OK when finished.

#### Red Hat<sup>®</sup> Enterprise ver. 3.0

To install the Intel<sup>®</sup> ESB2E LSI Logic Embedded SATA RAID controller driver when installing Red Hat<sup>®</sup> Enterprise ver. 3.0 OS:

1. Boot the system from the Red Hat<sup>®</sup> Installation CD.



2. At the boot:, type linux dd , then press < Enter>.

	Installer Boot Options
	To disable hardware probing, type: linux moprobe GENTER>.
	To test the install media you are using, type: linux mediacheck GNTERD.
	To enable rescue node, type: linux rescue ONTERD. Press (PS) for more information about rescue node.
	If you have a driver disk, type: linux dd <dmter>.</dmter>
	To prompt for the install method being used on a CD-RDH install, type linux askmethod GENTER>.
	If you have an installer update disk, type: linux updates CDNTERD.
	To test the memory in your system type: mentest85 (DNTER). (This option is only available when booting from CD.)
boo	-Main] (F2-Options) (F3-General) (F4-Kernel) (F5-Rescue) 1: linux dd

 Select Yes using the <Tab> key when asked if you have the driver disk. Press <Enter>

Melesme to Red Hat Enterprise Linux
Do you have a driver disk?
(Tab>/Alt-Tab) between elements i (Space) selects i (T12) next screen

4. Select fd0 using the <Tab> key when asked to select the driver disk source. Press <Tab> to move the cursor to OK, then press <Enter>.



5. When prompted, insert the Red Hat<sup>®</sup> Enterprise ver. 3.0 RAID driver disk to the floppy disk drive, select OK, then press <Enter>.



The drivers for the RAID controller are installed to the system.

6. Follow screen instructions to continue the OS installation.

#### SuSE Linux

To install the RAID controller driver when installing SuSE Linux OS:

- 1. Boot the system from the SuSE Installation CD.
- 2. Select Installation from the Boot Options menu, then press <Enter>.



3. A message instructs you to prepare the RAID driver disk. Press <F6>.



4. When prompted, insert the RAID driver disk to the floppy disk drive, then press <Enter>.

		sŭse
	Root from Hard Disk	
	Boot Leader	
	Please insert the driver update floppy/CDRDM.	
	OK	
	Henory Test	
oot Options	Flease get your Univer Updat	e Ficppy ready
CONTRACTOR OF THE		

5. When prompted, select the floppy disk drive (fd0) as the driver update medium, select OK, then press <Enter>.

Pinne chose the briver lipite endine.

The drivers for the RAID controller are installed to the system.

# 6.2 Intel chipset software installation

This section provides instructions on how to install the Plug and Play components for the  $Intel^{\mbox{\tiny B}}$  chipset on the system.

You need to manually install the Intel<sup>®</sup> chipset software on a Windows XP/2000 / Server 2003 operating system. To install the Intel<sup>®</sup> chipset software:

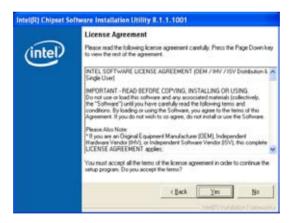
- 1. Restart the computer, then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the motherboard/system support CD to the optical drive. The support CD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.
- 3. Click the item Intel(R) Chipset Software Installation Utility from the menu.



4. The Intel(R) Chipset Software Installation Utility window appears. Follow the screen instructions to complete installation.



5. Select **Yes** to accept the terms of the **License Agreement** and continue the process.



6. Read the **Readme File Information** and press **Next** to activate the installation.



7. After completing the installation, click **Finish** to restart the computer.



# 6.3 LAN driver installation

This section provides the instructions on how to install  ${\rm Intel}^{^{\otimes}}\mbox{Gigabit LAN controller drivers.}$ 

## 6.3.1 Windows XP/2000/Server 2003

To install the Intel  $^{\ensuremath{\mathbb{S}}}$  Gigabit LAN controller driver on a Windows  $^{\ensuremath{\mathbb{S}}}$  XP/2000/ Server 2003 OS:

- 1. Restart the computer, and then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the motherboard/system support CD to the optical drive. The CD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.
  - Windows<sup>®</sup> automatically detects the LAN controllers and displays window. Click Cancel to close this window.
  - If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support CD to locate the file AUTORUN.EXE from the \Drivers\Intel 82563EB folder. Double-click the AUTORUN.EXE and follow step 4 to run the installation.
- 3. Click the Intel<sup>®</sup> PRO/1000 EB Network Connection option.



4. Click the **Install Drivers** option to begin installation.



5. Click Next button when the Intel<sup>®</sup> PRO Network Connections – InstallShield Wizard window appears.

😼 Intel(R) PRO Network Connections - InstallShield Waard	<u>x</u>
Welcome to the InstallShield Wizard for Intel(R) PRO Network Connections	(intel)
Installs drivers, Intel(R) PROSet for Windows* De Manager, and Advanced Nativorking Services.	vice
www.net.dow. This program is protected by copyrigh international treades.	t law and
Internet	jest > Cancel

 Select the "I accept the terms in the license agreement" and then click the Next button.



 Press the Complete and click Next button to fully install the driver, Intel<sup>®</sup> PROSet for Windows Device Manager and Advanced Networking Services.



## 6.3.2 Red Hat/SuSE Linux

Follow these instructions when installing the Intel<sup>®</sup> LAN controller base driver for the in Red Hat<sup>®</sup> and SuSE Linux operating system.

Before installing the LAN driver:

Before installing the LAN driver, you must install the kernel development application. To install the kernel development:

- 1. Insert the Linux OS installation CD Disk 1 to the optical drive.
- 2. Double click "Application" > "System setting" > "Add / Remove application".
- 3. Select "Kernel Development" from the Development Tools.
- 4. Follow the later steps and add different CDs according to the instructions displayed.

Building the driver from the TAR file:

- 1. Insert the motherboard/system support CD to the optical drive and mount the optional drive in the Linux platform.
- Copy the base driver tar file from the motherboard/system support CD to the directory of your local hard disk. The name format of driver file is "e1000-<Version>.tar.gz".

For example: the file name of driver version 7.0.38 is "e1000-7.0.38.tar.gz".

- The Intel<sup>®</sup> LAN driver for Linux OS is located in: \Drivers\INTEL 82563EB\PRO1000\LINUX
- 3. Untar or unzip the archive. tar zxf e1000-x.x.x.tar.gz
- 4. Change to the driver src directory. cd e1000-x.x.x/src/
- 5. Use the command "makeinstall" to compile the driver module. makeinstall
- 6. After reboot the system, please refer to Linux distribution documentation to configure the network protocol and IP address.

# 6.4 VGA driver installation

This section provides instructions on how to install the ATI<sup>®</sup> ES1000 Video Graphics Adapter (VGA) driver.

## 6.4.1 Windows 2000/Server 2003

You need to manually install the ATI® ES1000 VGA driver on a Windows 2000 / Server 2003 operating system. To install the ATI® ES1000 VGA driver:

- 1. Restart the computer, then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the motherboard/system support CD to the optical drive. The support CD automatically displays the Drivers menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



The Drivers menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.

3. Click the item ATI ES1000 from the menu.

4. The ATI Software window appears. Follow the screen instructions to complete installation.



5. Select Yes to accept the terms of the License Agreement and continue the process.

cense Agreement		6
Please read the following license agreens	ert cavefully.	6
Press the PAGE DOWN key to see the re	ut of the agreement.	10
End User License Agreement		-
PLEASE READ THIS LICENSE CAREFL INSTALLING OR USING THE SOFTWA THE TERMS OF THIS LICENSE. IF YO LICENSE. PROMPELY RETURN THE S OBTAINED IT AND YOUR MONEY WIL	RE, YOU ARE AGREEING TO U DO NOT AGREE TO THE TH OFTWARE TO THE PLACE W	BE BOUND BY DRMS OF THIS
1. License. The software accompanying of the media on which it is distributed, are		
Do you accept all the terms of the preced setup will close. To install ATI Software, p		

6. Press the **\_\_\_\_** button to activate quick installation.



7. After completing the installation, restart the computer.

·	Setup has finished copying files to your computer.
-	Before you can use the program, you must restart Weidows or your computer.
	Yes, I want to restart my computer now.
STORE OF COMPANY	C No, I will restart my computer later.
3	
	_}.
	Freih

# 6.5 Management applications and utilities installation

The support CD that came with the motherboard package contains the drivers, management applications, and utilities that you can install to avail all motherboard features.



The contents of the support CD are subject to change at any time without notice. Visit the ASUS website (www.asus.com) for updates.

# 6.5.1 Running the support CD

Place the support CD to the optical drive. The CD automatically displays the Drivers menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support CD to locate the file ASSETUP.EXE from the BIN folder. Double-click the ASSETUP.EXE to run the CD.

## 6.5.2 Drivers menu

The Drivers menu shows the available device drivers if the system detects installed devices. Install the necessary drivers to activate the devices.



The screen display and driver options vary under different operating system versions.



## 6.5.3 Management Software menu

The Management Software menu displays the available network and server monitoring applications. Click an item to install.



### 6.5.4 Utilities menu

The Utilities menu displays the software applications and utilities that the motherboard supports. Click an item to install.



## 6.5.5 Contact information

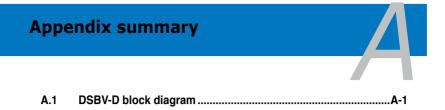
Click the Contact tab to display the ASUS contact information. You can also find this information on the inside front cover of this user guide.



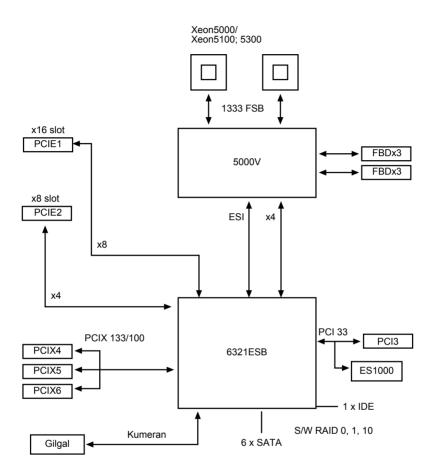
This appendix includes additional information that you may refer to when configuring the motherboard.



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# A.1 DSBV-D block diagram



# A.2 PHLASH16.EXE and memory managers

Phlash16 may fail if your system is using memory managers, in which case the utility will display the following message:

#### Memory manager error message



If you see this message after you execute Phlash16, you must disable the memory manager on your system. Follow the instructions in the Disabling memory managers section in this chapter.

Because Phlash16.EXE may require the use of extended memory, it will not run if it detects the presence of an extended-memory manager such as HIMEM.SYS, EMM386, or QEMM. To avoid conflict with disk caching programs, the program checks for VCPI, DPMI and XMS.



The program does not check for VDISK because MS-DOS 5 and later versions do not support that server.

If the program detects any of these utilities, the program reports a failure and terminates.

#### **Disabling memory managers**

To avoid failure when flashing, you must disable the memory managers that load from CONFIG.SYS and AUTOEXEC.BAT.

To disable the memory managers:

- 1. Boot from a bootable floppy disk created from MS-DOS 6.22.
- 2. During the boot process, when the message "Press any key to continue" is displayed, press <F5>.
- 3. The message "MS-DOS is bypassing CONFIG.SYS and AUTOEXEC.BAT file" appears. The memory managers will then be disabled. Do not interrupt the process.
- 4. When done, flash the BIOS according to instructions in section "4.1.2 Updating the Phoenix Phlash16 Utility.

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