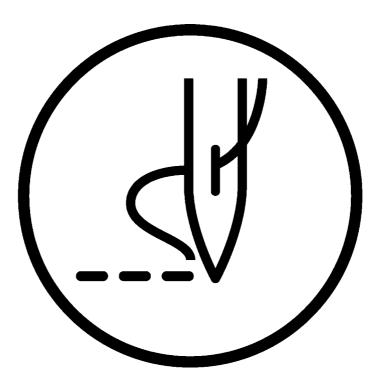
INSTRUCTION MANUAL

BAS-341F BAS-342F

Please read this manual before making using the machine. Please keep this manual within easy reach for quick reference.

PROGRAMMABLE ELECTRONIC PATTERN SEWER





Thank you very much for buying a BROTHER sewing machine. Before using your new machine, please read the safety instructions below and the explanations given in the instruction manual.

With industrial sewing machines, it is normal to carry out work while positioned directly in front of moving parts such as the needle and thread take-up lever, and consequently there is always a danger of injury that can be caused by these parts. Follow the instructions from training personnel and instructors regarding safe and correct operation before operating the machine so that you will know how to use it correctly.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

1Safety indications and their meanings

This instruction manual and the indications and symbols that are used on the machine itself are provided in order to ensure safe operation of this machine and to prevent accidents and injury to yourself or other people. The meanings of these indications and symbols are given below.

Indications

DANGER	The instructions which follow this term indicate situations where failure to follow the instructions will almost certainly result in death or severe injury.
CAUTION	The instructions which follow this term indicate situations where failure to follow the instructions could cause injury when using the machine or physical damage to equipment and surroundings.

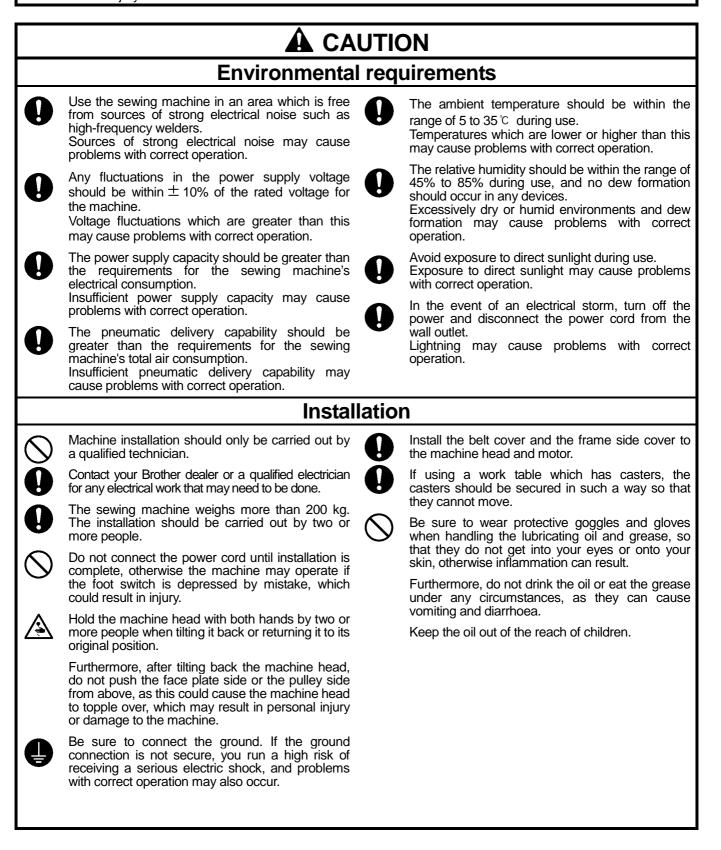
Symbols

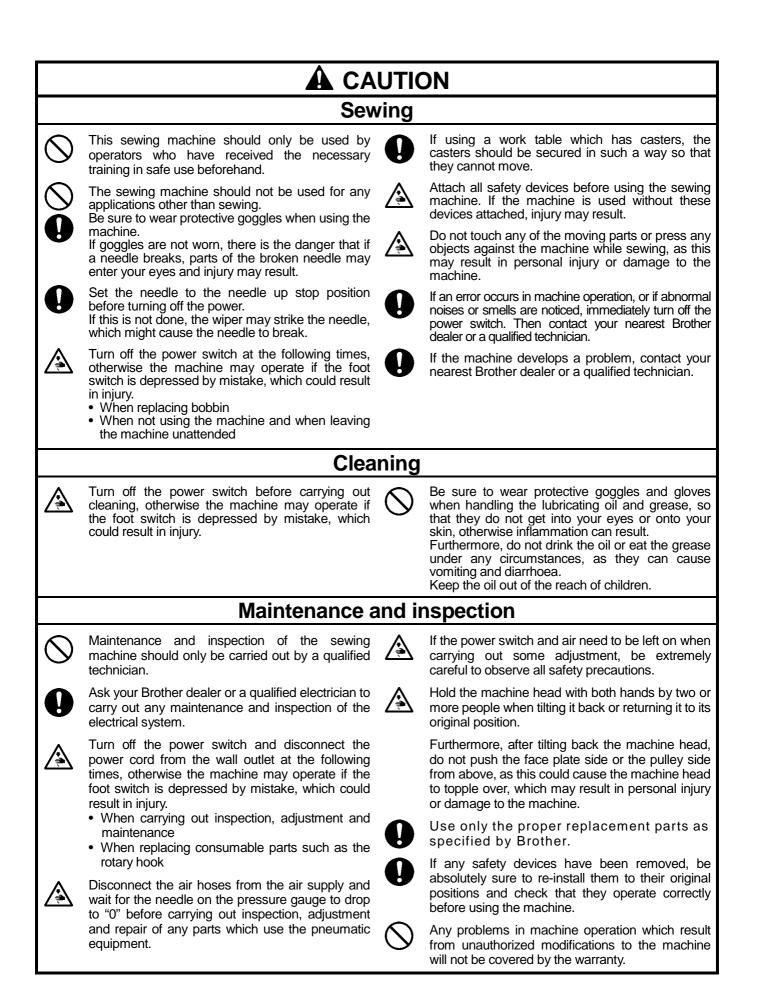
	This symbol ($ riangle$) indicates something that you should be careful of. The picture inside the triangle indicates the nature of the caution that must be
	taken.
\frown	(For example, the symbol at left means "beware of injury".)
\bigcirc	This symbol (\bigotimes) indicates something that you <u>must not</u> do.
	This symbol () indicates something that you <u>must</u> do. The picture
A	inside the circle indicates the nature of the thing that must be done.
	(For example, the symbol at left means "you must make the ground
	connection".)

2 Notes on safety

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Wait at least 5 minutes after turning off the power switch and disconnecting the power cord from the wall outlet before opening the face plate of the control box. Touching areas where high voltages are present can result in severe injury.





3 Warning labels

 \bigstar The following warning labels appear on the sewing machine.

Please follow the instructions on the labels at all times when using the machine. If the labels have been removed or are difficult to read, please contact your nearest Brother dealer.

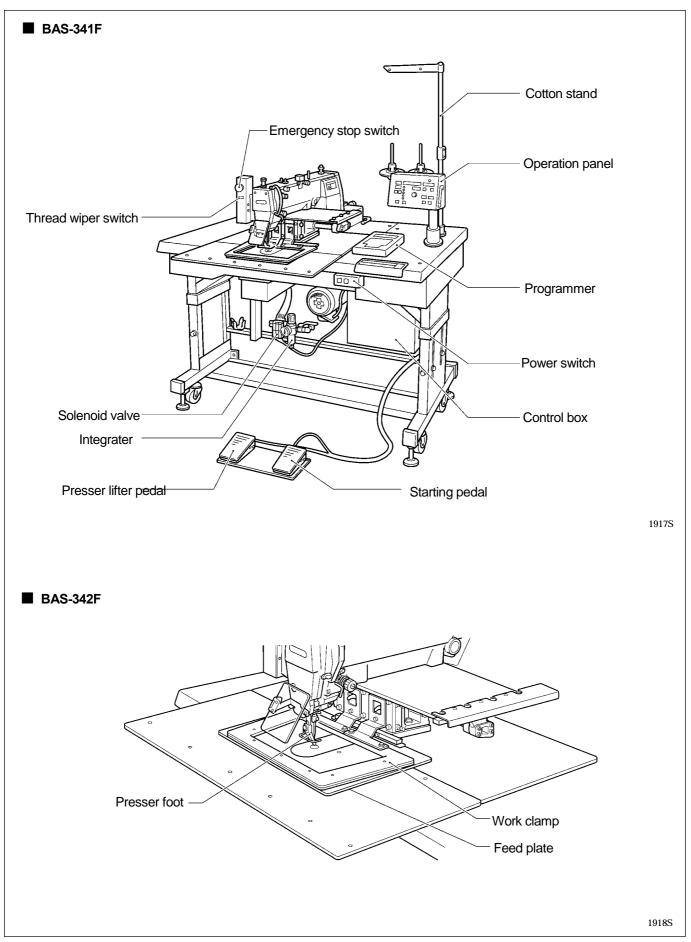
NDANGER lazardous voltage iil cause injury. urn off main witch and wait 5 inutes before pening this cover.	ACEEFAHR Hochspannung verletzungsgefahr! Bitte schatten sie den hauptschatter aus und warten sie 5 minuten, bevor sie diesen abdeckung öffnen.	A DANGER Un voltage non adapté provoque des blessures. Eteindrel'interrupteur et attendre 5 minutes avantd' ouvrir le capot	A PELIGRO Un voltaje inadecuado puede provocar las heridas. Apagar el interruptor principal y esperar 5 minutos antes de abrir esta cubierta.		CAUTION Moving parts may cause injury. Operate with safety devices. Turn off main switch before changing needle, cleaning etc.
					Safety devices Eye guard Finger guard Thread take-up cover Belt cover , etc.
eceiving a		ric shock, and	problems with	correct opera	ot secure, you run a high risk of tion may also occur.

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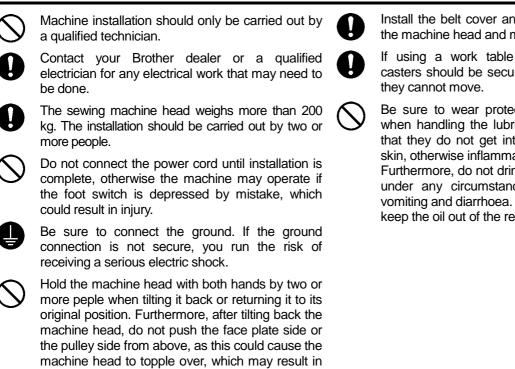
1. NAME OF EACH PARTS



2. SPECIFICATIONS

Stitch formation	Single needle lock stitch	
Sewing machine	Lock stitch, pattern tacking sewing machine (with large shuttle hook)	
Maximum pattern size	BAS-341F: 250X 150 mm, BAS-342F: 300 X 200 mm	
Maximum stitch number	20,000 (one pattern)	
Stitch length	0.1 - 12.7 mm	
Maximum sewing speed	2,500 rpm (When stitch length is 3 mm or less)	
Feed mechanism	Intermittent feed, pulse motor drive	
Shuttle hook	Double hook (Standard hook is sold separately)	
Needle	DP X 5, DP X 17, MR	
Data storage method	3.5 floppy disk 2HD/1.44MB, 2DD	
Test function	Operation test function provided for use with low speed drive	
Safety devices	Automatic stop function for activation in the event of misoperation realized with intermediate stop function and safety circuits	
Work clamp height Max.30 mm		
Work clamp	Unit work clamp (special order-separate work clamp)	
Work clamp lift stroke	18 mm	
Intermittent stroke	0 or 3 (Factory default) - 8 mm	
Weights	Machine head: 80kg, Control box: 10 - 20 kg (depending on destination)	
Power supply	Single-phase 110V, 220V, 240V, 3-phase 220V, 380V, 400V, 900VA	
Motor	Three-phase 400 W induction motor	
Air pressure	0.50 MPa 1.8 // min	
Power table	Use sitting or standing	
Machine dimensions	BAS-341F 1,200W X 1,220D X 860H mm (Sitting)-1,130H mm (Standing) BAS-342F 1,200W X 1,270D X 860H mm (Sitting)-1,130H mm (Standing)	

3. PREPARATION



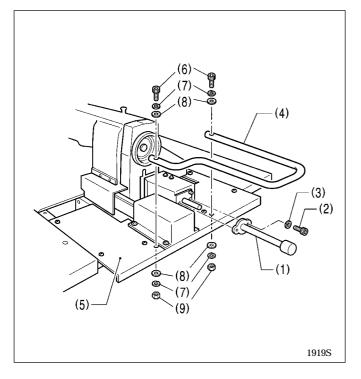
Install the belt cover and the frame side cover to the machine head and motor.

If using a work table which has casters, the casters should be secured in such a way so that they cannot move.

Be sure to wear protective goggles and gloves when handling the lubricating oil and grease, so that they do not get into your eyes or onto your skin, otherwise inflammation can result. Furthermore, do not drink the oil or eat the grease under any circumstances, as they can cause

keep the oil out of the reach of children.

3-1. Before setting up

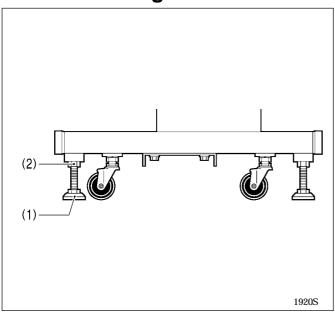


personal injury or damage to the machine.

1. Install the Y driving shaft guard (1) to the rear of the arm with the bolt (2) and the spring washer (3).

2. Install the guard (4) to the table rear cover (5) with the bolt (6), spring washer (7), flat washer (8) and nut (9).

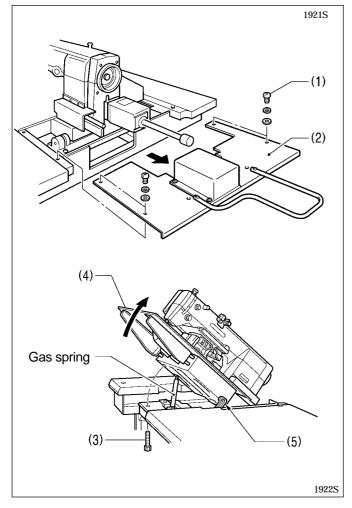
3-2. Positioning



Decide the position for the sewing machine. Loosen nuts of four level adjusters (1). Lower the level adjusters and secure them with nuts (2).

Turning the level adjuster counterclockwise will raise its height and turning it clockwise will lower it.

3-3. Tilting the sewing machine head



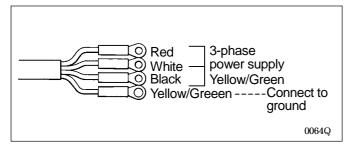
1. Remove screws (1) at the back of the work table, and remove table cover (rear) (2).

- 2. Remove bolt (3).
 - The bolts are used to fix the machine in shipping. Generally they are needless after removing them keep them in another place.
- 3. Stand at the front of the table and slowly raise the machine (4). Then lock it.
- 4. When returning the machine to its former position, release lock (5). The gas spring will guide the machine to its original position.

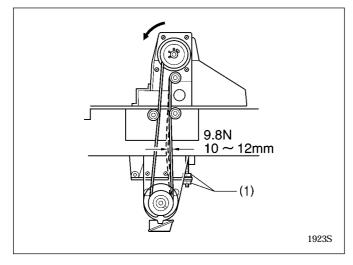
3-4. Connecting the ground wire

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Be sure to connect the ground. If the ground connection is not secure, you run the risk of receiving a serious electric shock.



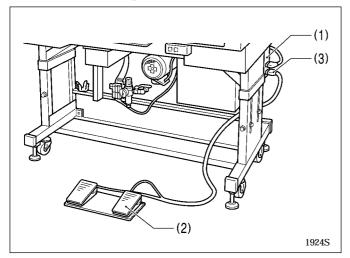
3-5. V-belt tension



Connection method for 3-phase power supply.

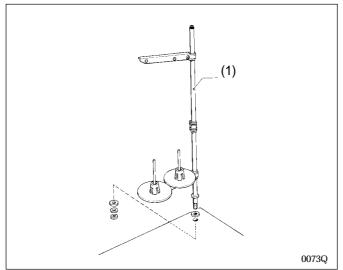
These should approximately 10 - 12 mm of slack when Vbelt is loaded at 9.8 N. To adjust, loosen the two nuts (1), and shift the motor up or down.

3-6. Installing the foot switch



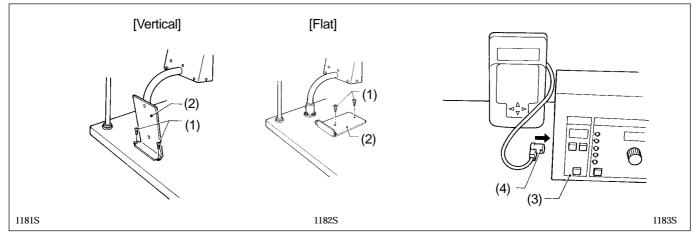
Insert the connector of the foot switch (2) into the connector (3) of the control box (1).

3-7. Installing the spool stand



Install the spool stand (1) to the table.

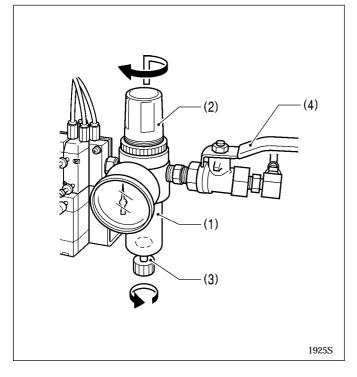
3-8. Installing the programmer (option)



1. Install the programmer support (2) to the work table with the two screws (1).

2. Insert the programmer connector (4) securely into the left side of the operation panel (3).

3-9. Adjusting the air pressure



1. Air pressure should be 0.5 MPa.

The air pressure can be adjusted by pulling up and turning the control knob (2) on the integrator (1). After adjustment is complete, push the control knob (2) downward to lock it.

2. If water stands in the bottle of the integrator (1), turn the drain cock (3) in the direction indicated by an arrow to drain the water.

Note

Open the air cock (4) slowly.

4. LUBRICATION



Turn off the power switch before starting lubricating, otherwise the machine may operate if the foot switch is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

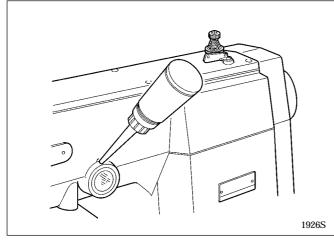
Be sure to wear protective goggles and gloves when handling the lubricating oil and grease, so that they do not get into your eyes or onto your skin, otherwise inflammation can result. Furthermore, do not drink the oil or eat the grease under any circumstances, as they can cause vomiting and diarrhoea.

Keep the oil out of the reach of children.

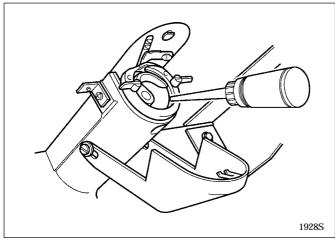
Note

- Fill the machine with oil when the oil level is down to about one-third full in the oil sight glass.
 If oil is not added and the oil drops below this level, there is the danger that the machine may seize during operation.
- Be sure to let the machine operate for a while after adding the oil.
- Use only specified Brother oil (Nisseki Mitsubishi Sewing Lube 10N; VG10) for the machine oil.

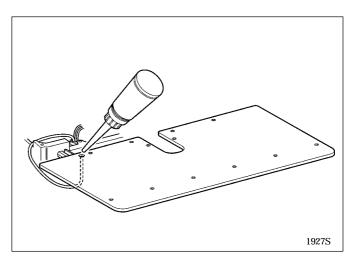
4-1. Lubrication points



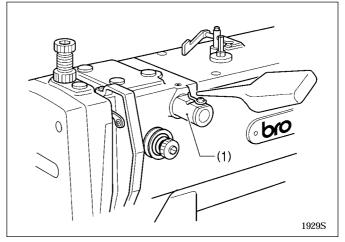
1. Fill the arm-side oil tank with oil. (Fill the oil tank with sewing machine oil.)



3. Add a drop of oil to the shuttle hook race.



2. Fill the bed-side oil tank with oil.



 If using the liquid cooling tank (1), fill it with silicon oil (100 mm²/S).

5. CORRECT USE

5-1. Selecting the needle and thread

Needle	Thread	Main application	
DP X 5 #9	#100 - #60	Knitted wear	[
DP X 5 #16	#80 - #50	General clothing	i i
DP X 17NY #19	#50 - #20	Denim	'
DP X 17 #21	#50 - #20	Denim	
DP X 17 #25	#50 - #20	Leather•seat belts	

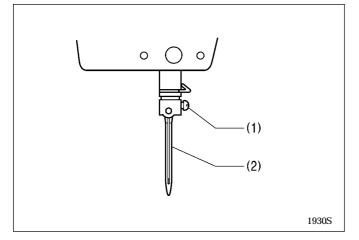
Different needles and threads are used for different sewing applications.

Refer to the table at left for details on which needle.

5-2. Installing the needle and running the sewing machine

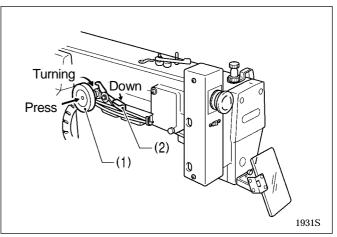
Turn off the power switch before installing the needle, otherwise the machine may operate of the foot switch is depressed by mistake and serious injury could result.

Installing the needle



Loosen the set screw (1), insert the needle (2) as far as it will go so that the groove is facing toward you and then tighten the set screw (1).

To turn the pulley by hand

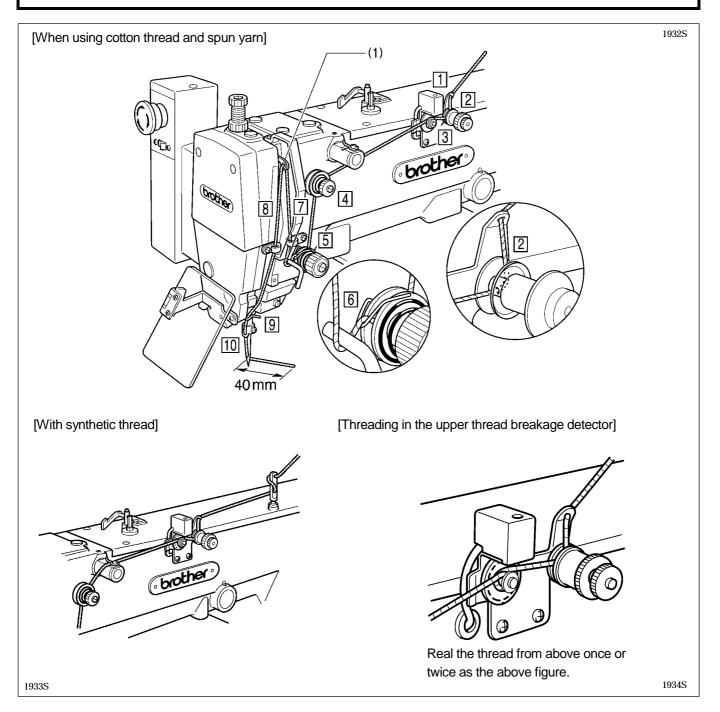


Simply press in on the pulley (1) to turn it by hand. To turn the pulley, press lever (2) down.

 After turning the pulley by hand, be sure to press the lever down to return the pulley to the normal operating position.

5-3. Threading the upper thread

Turn off the power switch before threading the thread, otherwise the machine may operate of the foot switch is depressed by mistake and serious injury could result.



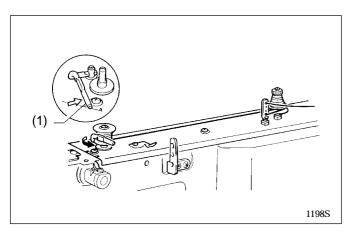
■ Thread the upper thread correctly as shown in the illustration above.

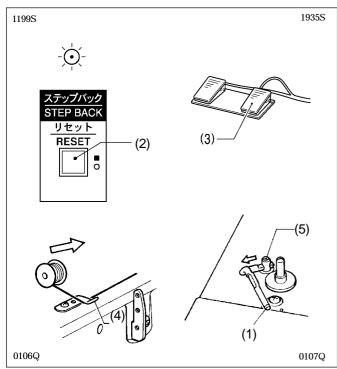
Note

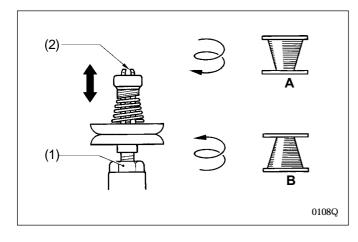
- Turn the machine pulley and raise the thread take-up lever (1) before threading the upper thread. (This will make threading easier and it will prevent the thread from coming out at the sewing start.)
- When threading the thread through the needle, allow a distance of approximately 40 mm between the needle hole and the end of the thread. If the trailing length of the thread is too long, it may cause the thread to.

5-4. Winding the lower thread

Do not touch or place anything against any of the moving parts while winding the lower thread, otherwise personal injury or damage to the machine may result.







- 1. Place the bobbin all the way onto the shaft.
- 2. Thread the thread as shown in the illustration at left, wind the thread around the bobbin several times in the direction of the arrow, and then press the bobbin presser (1).
- Turn on the power switch. (The POWER indicator on the operation panel will illuminate.)
- 4. Check that the needle is not touching the presser foot, and then while pressing the STEP BACK switch (2), depress the foot switch (3) to start the machine. Keep depressing the foot switch (3) until the lower thread stops being wound onto the bobbin.

Release the STEP BACK switch (2) after the machine starts operating.

If you release the foot switch before winding is completed, depress it once more while pressing and holding the STEP BACK switch (2).

- 5. The bobbin presser (1) will automatically return to its original position after a set amount of thread (80 90% of the bobbin capacity) has been wound on.
- 6. Release the foot switch (3).
- 7. Remove the bobbin, hook the thread onto the knife (4), and then pull the bobbin in the direction of the arrow to cut the thread.
- 8. To wind more thread onto the bobbin, loosen the set screw (5) and pull the bobbin presser (1) outward.

Note

If the thread winds on as shown in A, turn the bobbin winder thread tension stud (2) clockwise; if it winds on as shown in B, turn the bobbin winder thread tension stud (2) counterclockwise.

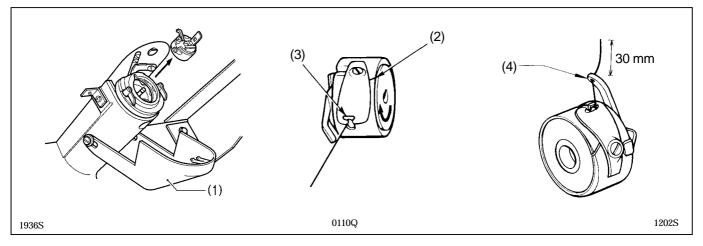
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<< If the thread winds onto the bobbin unevenly >> If the thread winds onto the bobbin unevenly, loosen the nut (1) and turn the bobbin winder thread tension stud (2) to adjust.

5-5. Replacing the bobbin case and threading the thread

If the power switch needs to be left on when carrying out replacing the bobbin, be extremely careful to observe all safety precautions.

The machine may operate if the foot switch is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury. (ex. Continuing sewing from a stopping point)



1. Pull the shuttle race cover (1) forward and then open the cover.

- 2. Lift the bobbin case latch and remove the bobbin case.
- 3. Insert a new bobbin into the bobbin case, and then pass the thread through the slot (2) and pull it out from the thread hole (3). Check that the bobbin turns in the direction of the arrow when the thread is pulled at this time.

4. Pass the thread through the lever thread hole (4), and then pull out approximately 30 mm of thread.

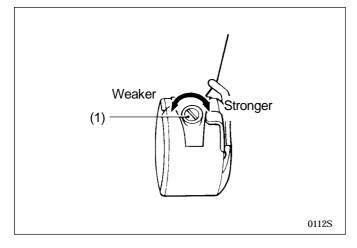
5-6. Sewing conditions and thread tension

5-6-1. Sewing conditions

Specifications	For heavy materials	For medium materials
Upper thread	# 20 or equivalent	# 50 or equivalent
Lower thread	# 20 or equivalent	# 60 or equivalent
Upper thread tension (N)	1.5 - 2.0	0.5 - 1.0
Lower thread tension (N)	0.2 - 0.4	0.2 - 0.4
Thread take-up spring height	8 - 10 mm	6 - 8 mm
Thread take-up spring tension(N)	1.5 - 2.0	0.4 - 0.6
Needle	DP X 17 # 21	DP X 5 # 16
Normal sewing speed	2000 rpm	2000 rpm

The sewing conditions given in the above table may need to be changed depending on the article being sewn.

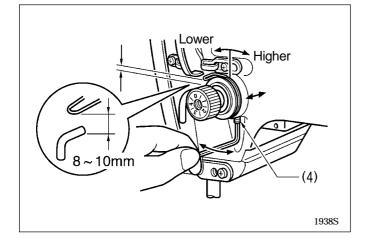
5-6-2. Lower thread tension



Set the lower thread tension to as weak a tension as possible and so that the bobbin case drops by its own weight when the end of the thread is held. Turn the adjusting screw (1) to adjust the tension.

Note

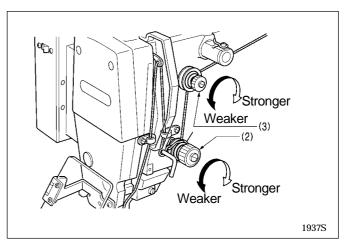
If the lower thread tension is too weak, it may not be possible to cut the lower thread properly during thread trimming.



5-6-4. Thread take-up spring height

Loosen screw (4) and turn the entire thread take-up unit to adjust so that the height of the thread take-up spring is 8 - 10 mm

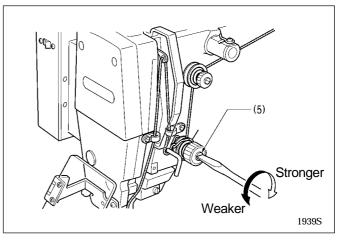
5-6-3. Upper thread tension



Turn the tension nut (2) (main tension) to adjust the tension as appropriate for the material being sewn.

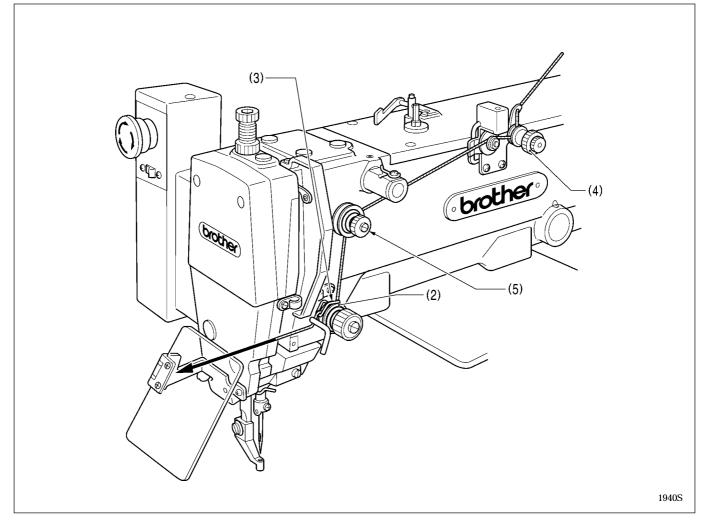
Furthermore, turn the thread nut (3) (sub-tension) to adjust the remaining length of upper thread to 35 - 40 mm.

5-6-5. Thread take-up spring tension



Adjust the thread take-up spring tension by turning the tension stud (5) with a screwdriver.

5-6-6. Pretension tension



1. Raise the work clamp (1) and open the main tension disc (2).

The thread take-up spring (3) should not operate when the thread is pulled in the direction of the arrow.

2. Set the thread tension for the thread breakage detector pretension (4) to approx. 5 g. Weaken the thread tension for the machine head pretension (5) as much as possible.

Standard for balance of thread tension

Adjust the thread tensions so that the total tension for the pretensions (4) and (5) is lower than the tension for the thread take -up spring.

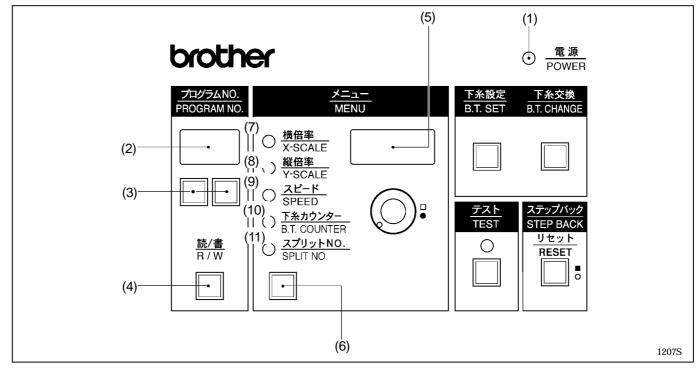
When the thread breakage detector is activated, set to ON DIP switch A – 8. (Detection precision : DIP switch B – 5, Refer to "DIP SWTCH ".)

Note

If misoperation of the thread breakage detector continues, repeat the adjustment procedure above. (Such misoperation is most likely to occur when synthetic fiber yarns are used.)

6. USING THE OPERATION PANEL

6-1. Explanation of panel



- (1) POWER indicatorWhen the power is turned on, the indicator lights to show that the power is on.
- (2) PROGRAM No. displayDisplays the program number 00 99.
- (3) Program select switch.....Used to select the program number when reading a program from or writing a program to disk.
- (4) Program Read/Write switchUsed to read a program from floppy disk, or to write a newly programmed stitch pattern to floppy disk.

Up to ten patterns (00 - 99) can be stored on each disk.

- (5) Display screenUsed to display data such as menus, errors and memory switch settings.
- (6) Menu switch......Used to select the desired menu (scale, speed, bobbin thread counter, split No.).

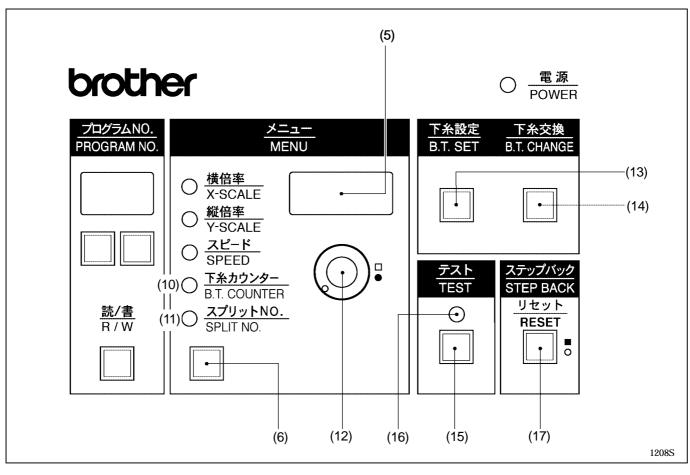
One of the indicators (7) - (11) illuminates to indicate the menu selected, and the setting for that menu them appears on the display screen (5). The illuminated indicator changes in the following order each time the switch is

pressed.

→X-SCALE indicator (7) — Y-SCALE indicator (8) — SPEED indicator (9) B.T. COUNTER indicator (10)⁻ — SPLIT NO. indicator (11)

(7) X-SCALE indicator	Illuminates when X-scale mode has been selected using the menu switch (6).
(8) Y-SCALE indicator.	Illuminates when Y-scale mode has been selected using the menu switch (6).

(9) SPEED indicatorIlluminates when speed mode has been selected using the menu switch (6).



- (11) SPLIT NO. indicator...... Illuminates when split No. mode has been selected using the menu switch (6).
- (12) Dial The setting shown on the display screen (5) can be changed by turning this dial while pressing the STEP BACK switch (17).
- (13) Bobbin Thread SET switch......Used to store the number of work pieces displayed in the bobbin thread counter to floppy disk.
- (14) Bobbin Thread CHANGEUsed to continue sewing after replacing the bobbin thread.
 (An alarm will sound when the counter reads <000>. Sewing is not possible when the counter reads <000>.) (Refer to "6-8. Using the bobbin thread counter".)
- (15) TEST switch Used to move the feed mechanism only in order to confirm a programmed stitch pattern.
- (16) TEST indicator.....Lights when the TEST switch is pressed.
- (17) STEP BACK switch...... Used when winding a fresh bobbin, or when correcting a stitch pattern due to a broken needle thread.
 Also used to reset error displays.

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6-2. Using the floppy disk

<Compatible types of floppy disk>

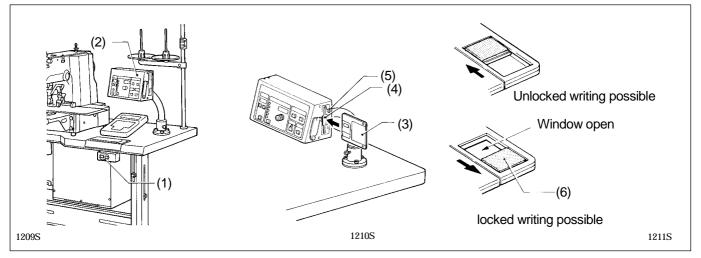
Data type	No. of stitches programmed	Data resolution	Disk	Format	Write enabled
300E type (300F type)	20,000 stitches per pattern 100 pattern Up to a maxi-mum of 360,000 stitches	0.05 mm/pulse	2HD	1.44 MB	Yes
Tajima embroidery data	50,000 stitches per pattern	0.1 mm/pulse		-	No
Old 300A type	4,000 stitches per pattern 10 patterns Up to a maximum of 40,000 stitches	0.1 mm/pulse	2DD	Automatically	Yes
Old 300 data	2,000 stitches per pattern 10 patterns Up to a maximum of 20,000 stitches	0.2 mm/pulse	200	formatted	No

- The above four types of data can all be read, but when writing to disk, all data is automatically converted to 300F, 300E data when writing to 2HD disks and 300A data when writing to 2DD disks.
- When using a 2HD disk, use a disk which has been pre-formatted as a 1.44 MB disk. (The programmer can be used to format these disks. Refer to the programmer instruction manual for details.)
- TFD embroidery data can be embroidered after it has been converted by the programmer to BAS-300F and BAS-300E data.
- Restriction on using 2DD floppy disks.

In order to maintain compatibility with the old 300A series, the following restrictions have been placed on the use of the new functions which have been added to the E series.

Restricted function	A series (2DD)	F, E series (2HD)	Applicable command
Resolution	0.1 mm/pulse	0.05 mm/pulse	
Low-speed conversion	2 types (400 and 1,200 revolutions)	4 types (400, 600, 800and 1,200 revolutions)	[668] L [669] L
Split function during embroidering	Not available	Available	[220] L [230] L
Needle down stop for split	Not available	Available	[221] L [231] L
Expansion option output	Not available	Available	

Setting the floppy disk



- 1. Turn on the power switch (1). The POWER indicator (2) will illuminate and the machine model number will appear on the display screen.
- 2. Hold the disk (3) with the label up and the shutter to the front, and insert the disk into the drive (4). It will click into place.
- 3. To eject the disk, press the eject button (5).

Note

- Slide the write protector (6) on the back of the disk up (the window opens) to lock the disk and prevent accidental erasure of the disk contents.
- Inserting the disk into the drive upside down or backwards may damage the drive and will prevent reading or writing of data.
- Be sure to store your disks away from any magnets or magnetic sources, including radios, televisions, telephones, and other devices. Magnetism can erase or damage disk contents. Also, be careful to prevent exposure of the disk to oil or dust.
- Be sure to make a copy of the floppy disk containing sewing data and keep the master floppy disk.
- When the R / W operation is not in operation, eject the floppy disk from the floppy disk drive and keep it in a case for floppy disk only to prevent exposure of the disk to dust.

When the "E.4F" error (Reading error of sewing data) occurs very often;

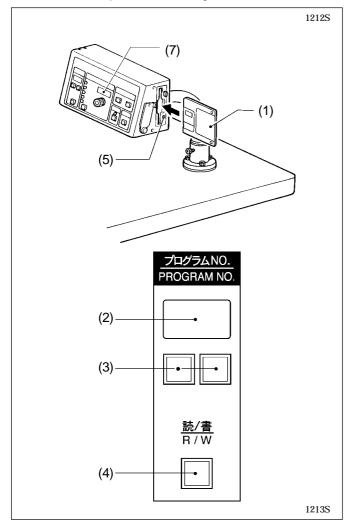
- 1. Clean the floppy disk drive using the cleaning disk.
- 2. Read the sewing data. If the "E.4F" error occurs again, the floppy disk may be damaged. In this case, clean the floppy disk drive with the cleaning disk again.
- 3. Read the sewing data from the master floppy disk and write it in a new floppy disk. Do not use any damaged floppy disks again.

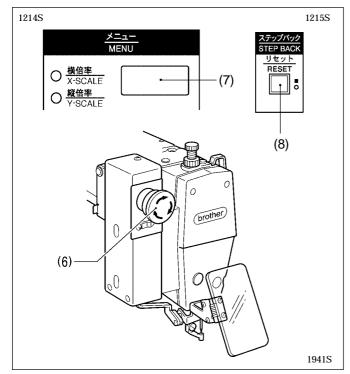
How to use the cleaning disk

- 1. Insert the cleaning disk into the floppy disk drive.
- 2. Select a program number (0-9), and press the "R/W" switch. If you select the same program number for cleaning every time, the same location of the cleaning disk is used and the lifetime of the cleaning disk will become short. Next time you clean it, select a different number.
- 3. After the cleaning is completed, the "E.4F" error appears. The error appears because the cleaning disk has no data. This is normal.
- 4. Cancel the error and eject the cleaning disk.

6-3. Using the program R/W (Read/Write) switch

Programmed stitch patterns stored on floppy disk can be read into memory, and newly programmed patterns can be written to disk for permanent storage and later recall.





Insert the floppy disk (1) containing or which is to contain the programmed stitch pattern.

To READ a pattern to memory

Press the program select switch (3) on the operation panel. The program number will then appear in the PROGRAM NO. display (2). After selecting the desired program number, press the R/W switch (4). The disk drive indicator (5) will illuminate and a "P" will appear on the PROGRAM NO. display (2) to indicate that the data is being read. When the alarm sounds and the disk drive indicator (5) turns off, the program number will then flash in the PROGRAM NO. display (2) instead of the "P" to indicate that the reading of the data is complete.

To WRITE a pattern to disk

Press the program select switch (3) on the operation panel to select the desired program number. After programming the pattern using the stitch programmer, press the R/W switch (4) The disk drive indicator (5) will illuminate and a "P." will appear on the PROGRAM NO. display (2) to indicate that the data is being written. When the alarm sounds and the disk drive indicator (5) turns off, the program number will then flash in the PROGRAM NO. display (2) instead of the "P" to indicate that the writing of the data is complete.

If an error message is displayed

If an error message code is displayed in the display (7), and alarm will sound.

Press the emergency stop switch (6) on the front of the machine to stop sewing machine operation, and then refer to and follow the error code list on page 63.

Clearing the error

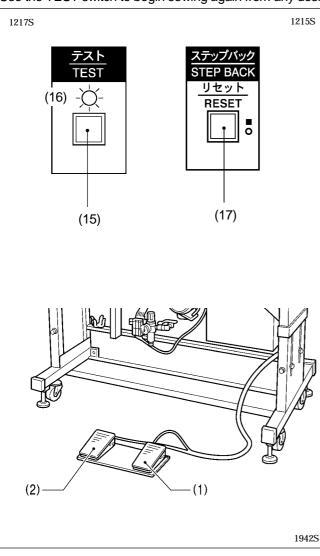
- 1. Turn the EMERGENCY STOP switch (6) clockwise and then pull it forward to release it.
- 2. Press the STEP BACK (RESET) switch (8) on the operation panel

(when memory switch No. 0d is ON).

If memory switch No. 0d is OFF, press the EMERGENCY STOP switch (7) once more to release it.

6-4. Using the TEST switch (Checking the sewing pattern)

Use the TEST switch to begin sewing again from any desired point when the thread breaks or the bobbin thread runs out.



- 1. Press the TEST switch (15). The indicator (16) will light.
- 2. If the work clamp is raised, depress the work clamp lifter pedal (2) to lower the work clamp.
- 3. Press the starting pedal (1).

Note

After the feed mechanism has returned to the home position, it will then move the sewing start position and the program number will stop flashing.

This only occurs the first time that a program is selected.

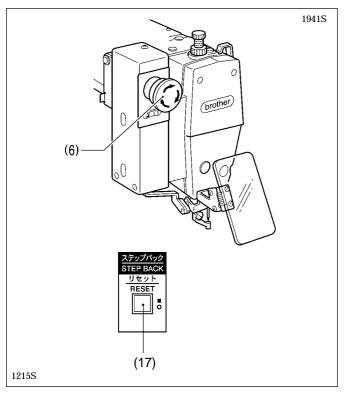
- 4. Press the starting pedal (1). (The needle will remain stationary as the work clamp advances through the pattern at low speed one stitch at a time. Press the presser lifter pedal (2) to fast forward.
- If the STEP BACK switch (17) is pressed while moving at low speed when memory switch No. 20 is ON, the work clamp will move in the forward direction in steps of 100 stitches.
- 5. When the work clamp reaches the desired position, press the TEST switch (15). The work clamp will stop, and the test indicator (16) will go out. If the work clamp was stopped too early, press theTEST switch (15) again to proceed.
- If the work clamp was stopped too late, press the STEP BACK switch (17) to advance the work clamp one stitch at a time.

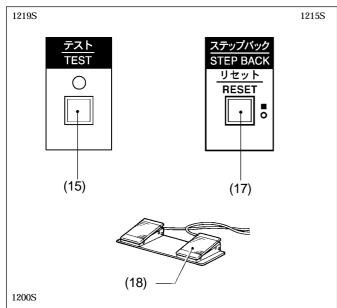
Resuming operation from a stopping poing

6. Sewing will start when the starting pedal (1) is pressed.

6-5. Using the emergency stop switch

Press the emergency stop switch to immediately stop the sewing machine during actual sewing or when in the test mode.





Clearing the error

- 1. Turn the EMERGENCY STOP switch (6) clockwise and then pull it forward to release it .
- 2. Press the STEP BACK (RESET) switch (17) on the operation panel. (The buzzer will stop sounding.)
- If you do not wish to resume sewing, press the EMERGENCY STOP switch (6) once more to release it, and then press the STEP BACK (RESET) switch (17) so that the operation panel display flashes. The sewing machine will then be ready for the next sewing operation.
- * If memory sewing No. 0d is OFF, press the EMER-GENCY STOP switch (6) once more to release it.

Continuing sewing from a stopping point

If you press the EMERGENCY STOP switch after the thread breaks or the bobbin thread runs out during sewing, you can then resume swing from the point where the thread broke or ran out.

- 1. Press the EMERGENCY STOP switch to release it.
- 2. Press the STEP BACK (RESET) switch (17) to trim the thread.
- 3. Press the STEP BACK (RESET) switch (17) once more.

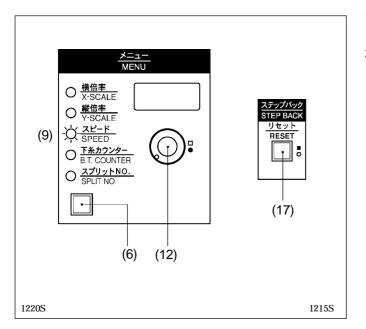
(The sewing machine will move stitch by stitch in the reverse direction while this switch is pressed.)

If the sewing machine moves back too far, press the TEST switch (15) to move it forward again. Press the TEST switch (15) again to stop the machine.

4. After you have reached the desired position, depress the starting pedal to start sewing.

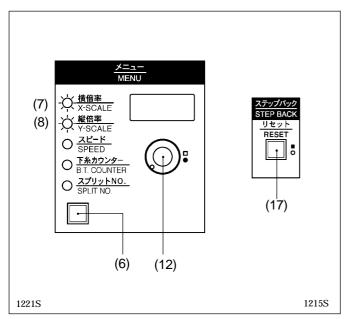
6-6. Adjusting the sewing SPEED control

The sewing speed can be changed in steps of 100 rpm to the appropriate speeds for each stitch length setting.



- Press the MENU switch (6) until the SPEED indicator (9) illuminates.
- 2. While pressing the STEP BACK switch (17), turn the dial (12) until the desired speed is displayed.
- The display will change in steps of 10 rpm.

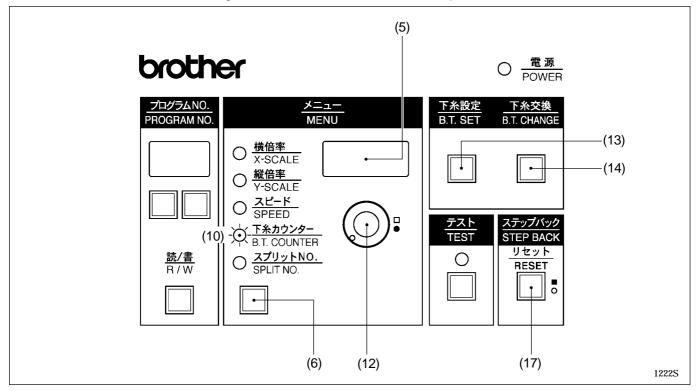
6-7. Changing the X-SCALE and Y-SCALE settings



- 1. Press the MENU switch (6) until the X-SCALE indicator (7) or the Y-SCALE indicator (8) illuminates.
- 2. While pressing the STEP BACK switch (17), turn the dial (12) until the desired ratio flashes on the display.
- The scale setting is displayed as a percentage.
- 3. The program number will flash, and after the home position is detected the flashing will stop.

6-8. Using the bobbin thread counter

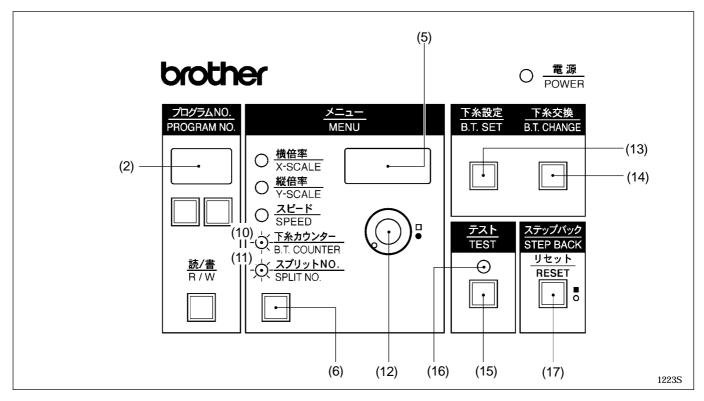
Set the bobbin thread counter to display the number of pieces of the selected pattern which can be sewn with the amount of thread on the bobbin to avoid running out of bobbin thread in the middle of a patern.



- 1. Press the MENU switch (6) until the B.T. COUNTER indicator (10) illuminates.
 - The bobbin thread counter can be set to any number from <001> to <999>. If the counter is set to <000>, sewing continues irrespective of the amount of bobbin thread remaining.
- 2. While pressing the STEP BACK switch (17), turn the dial (12) to set the number of articles to be embroidered.
- 3. Insert the floppy disk and press the bobbin thread SET switch (13). An alarm will beep twice. This will record the number of work pieces shown in the counter (5) to the disk.
- 4. The number shown in the counter (5) will decrease one each time the stitch pattern is completed. When the number of patterns shown in the counter is sewn, the counter (5) will red <000>, and an alarm will sound. (The sewing machine will not start even if the start switch is pressed.)
- 5. Press the bobbin thread change switch (14) and replace the bobbin. The alarm will stop, and the number of work pieces set in step 3 will be displayed again in the counter (5).

6-9. Using production counter

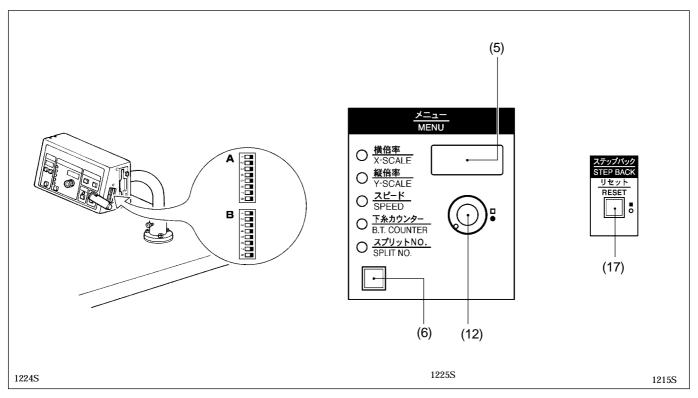
Both PRO. NO. and B.T. COUNTER displays are available for the five-digit PRODUCTION counter.



- 1. While pressing the TEST switch (15), press the B.T. SET switch (13) The B.T. COUNTER indicator (10) and the SPLIT NO. indicator (11) will both illuminate, and the production counter value will appear on the program number display (2) and on the display screen (5).
 - Press the B.T. CHANGE switch (14). The PRODUCTION counter will display <00000>.
 - The production counter can be set to a value between <00000> and <99999> by turning the dial (12) while pressing the STEP BACK switch (17).
- 2. Depress the start switch to start embroidering.
- 3. Press the TEST switch (15) or the MENU switch (6). The TEST indicator (16) will switch off and the contents of each display screen will return to the normal display.

6-10. Using single split mode

By using single split mode, it is possible to change up to 100 patterns immediately.



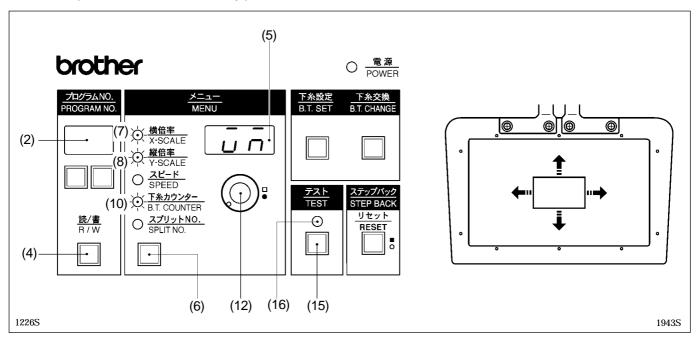
- 1. Move DIP switch **B** No. 1 to the ON position. This will activate single split mode. (Refer to "10.DIP SWITCH".)
- 2. Turn on the power read in the patterns which have been programmed for split sewing.
- Press the MENU switch (6) until the SPLIT NO. indicator (11) is illuminated. "1" will then appear in the display screen (5). Then, while pressing the STEP BACK switch (17), turn the dial (12) to change the contents appearing on the display screen (5) in order.
 - (Example) If three patterns have been programmed for split sewing, the number on the display screen changes in the following order: "1" → "2" → "3" → "1" → "2" ...
- 4. When the starting switch is pressed, only the pattern displayed on the display screen (5) will be sewn.

Note

As to split sewing, refer to the instruction manual of the "electronic programmable pattern tacker programmer".

6-11. Shifting a stitch pattern

- Programs which have already been programmed can be moved up, down and to the left and right. (However, such patterns will be reset if the power supply is turned off or the program number is changed.)
- The feed position can be set to the any position desired.



- After the program data has been read, depress the start switch to move the feed mechanism to the sewing start position. If you carry out the following procedure while the program number display (2) is flashing (if the start switch has not been depressed) —>(The feed position can be set to any position, but it will not be possible to move the stitch pattern.
- 2. Press the MENU switch (6) until the B.T. COUNTER indicator (10) illuminates.
- 3. Press and hold the TEST switch (15) and press the R/W switch (4). The test indicator (16) will light, and $\langle \Box \Box \rangle$ will appear in the counter (5).
- 4. Press the MENU switch (6) so that either the X-SCALE indicator (7) or Y-SCALE indicator (8) illuminates.
- 5. Turn the setting dial (12) to move the feed mechanism one pulse at a time.
 - If the setting dial is turned counterclockwise while the X-SCALE indicator is illuminated, the feed mechanism will
 move to the right.
 - If the setting dial is turned clockwise while the X-SCALE indicator is illuminated, the feed mechanism will move to the left.
 - If the setting dial is turned counterclockwise while the Y-SCALE indicator is illuminated, the feed mechanism will move up.
 - If the setting dial is turned clockwise while the Y-SCALE indicator is illuminated, the feed mechanism will move down.
- 6. When the TEST switch (15) is pressed after the above fine adjustments have been made, the TEST indicator (16) and display window (5) will both switch off and movement of the stitch pattern will be completed.

Note

When moving the stitch pattern, the sewing start position can be moved to any desired point within the sewing area, but if the pattern goes outside the sewing area, an error will occur during sewing and you will not be able to sew the pattern. Give consideration to the pattern as a whole when moving it. ∕\$

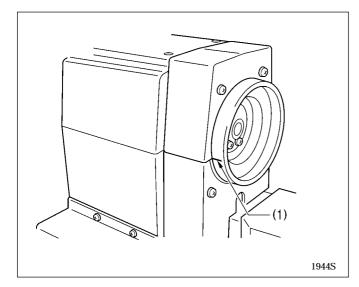
7. SEWING

Turn off the power switch at the following times, otherwise the machine may operate if the foot switch is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

- When replacing the bobbin and needle
- When not using the machine and when leaving the machine unattended

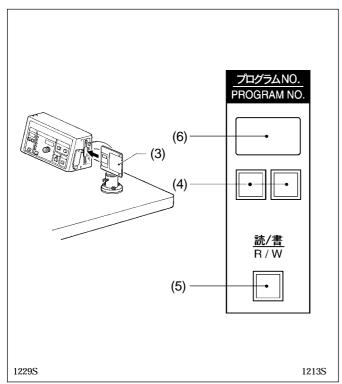
Do not touch any of the moving parts or press any objects against the machine while sewing, as this may result in personal injury or damage to be machine.

7-1. Before starting sewing....

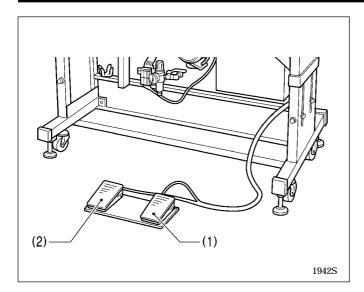


- Check that the needle bar is at the highest position. Turn the machine pulley so that the index mark (1) on the pulley is almost aligned with the point where belt cover U and belt cover D meet.
- * If the machine is started while the index mark (1) is not correctly aligned, error message "E-22" will be displayed (only when memory switch No.14 is on).

7-2. Sewing operation



- 1. Turn the power switch on.
 - (The power indicator on the operation panel will light.)
- 2. Insert the floppy disk (3).
- 3. Press the PRO. No. selection switch (4) to select the desired program number.
- 4. Press R/W switch (5).
 - The floppy disk drive indicator will light and the PROGRAM NO. display (6) will show a "P" while the data is being read. When reading is completed, an alarm will sound and the indicator will go out, then the PROGRAM NO. display (6) will blink the program number.



- 5. Step on the presser lifter switch (2) to raise the presser foot.
- 6. Insert the work piece under the work clamp, and press the presser lifter switch (2) to lower the clamp.
- 7. Press the starting pedal (1).

Note

The work clamp will return to the origin, and will then advance to the sewing start position and blinking will stop. This is only required the first time a program is sewing.

8. Press the starting pedal (1) again to start sewing. After sewing is completed, the thread cutter will automatically operate, then the work clamp will rise.

Note

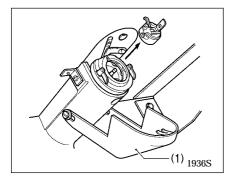
When the power is turned on after once being turned off, the same pattern of sewing can be continued since the machine will stores the sewing data from the last time.

8. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

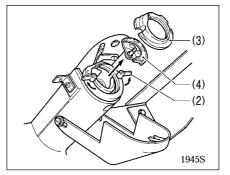
Turn off the power switch before starting any cleaning work, otherwise the machine may operate if the foot switch is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

Be sure to wear protective goggles and gloves when handling the lubricating oil and grease, so that they do not get into your eyes or onto your skin, otherwise inflammation can result. Furthermore, do not drink the oil or eat the grease under any circumstances, as they can cause vomiting and diarrhoea. Keep the oil out of the reach of children.

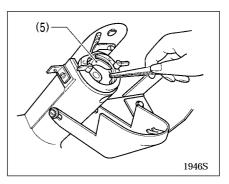
8-1. Cleaning the shuttle hook



1. Pull the shuttle hook cover (1) forward to open, and then remove the bobbin case.



2. Open the large shuttle hook set claw (2) in the direction indicated by the arrow, and then remove the large shuttle hook (3) and the inner shuttle hook (4).

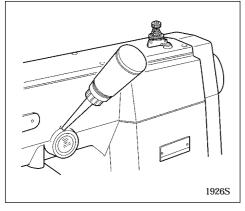


3. Clean all the dust and thread ends from around the driver (5), the top of the shuttle hook thread guide and the shuttle race.

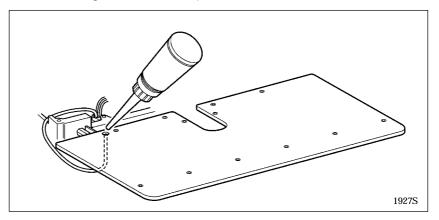
8-2. Lubrication

Note

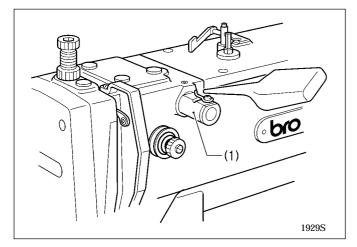
- Fill the machine with oil when the oil level is down to about one-third full in the oil sight glass.
- If oil is not added and the oil drops below this level, there is the danger that the machine may seize during operation.
- Be sure to let the machine operate for a while after adding the oil.
- Use only specified Brother oil (Nisseki Mitsubishi Sewing Lube 10N; VG10) for the machine oil.



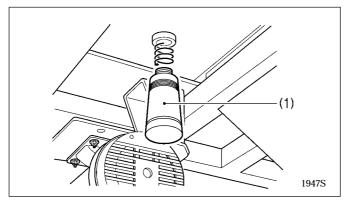
1. Fill the arm-side oil tank with oil.



2. Fill the bed-side oil tank with oil.



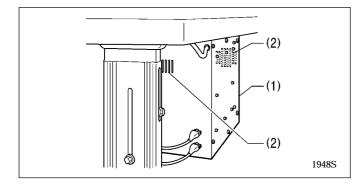
8-3. Draining the oil



 If using the liquid cooling tank (1), fill it with silicon oil (100 mm²/S).

- 1. Remove and empty the waste oil container (1) whenever it is full.
- 2. After emptying the waste oil container (1), screw it back into its original position.

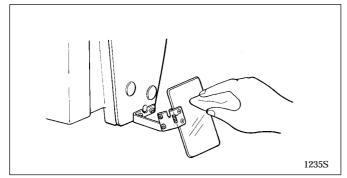
8-4. Cleaning the control box air inlet port



Use vacuum cleaner to clean the filter in the air inlet port (2) of the control box (1) at least once a month.

 If the machine is used while the air inlet port is blocked, the inside of the control box will overheat.
 When this happens, the overheating error code ("E-d") will be displayed and you will not be able to operate the sewing machine.

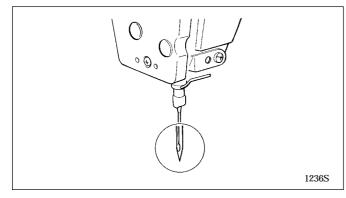
8-5. Cleaning the eye guard



Wipe the eye guard clean with a soft cloth. **Note**

Do not use solvents such as kerosene thinner to clean the eye guard.

8-6. Checking the needle



Always check that the tip of the needle is not broken before starting sewing.

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9. STANDARD ADJUSTMENTS



Maintenance and inspection of the sewing machine should only be carried out by a qualified technician.



Ask your Brother dealer or a qualified electrician to carry out any maintenance and inspection of the electrical system.



Turn off the power switch and disconnect the power cord from the wall outlet at the following times, otherwise the machine may operate if the foot switch is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

- When carrying out inspection, adjustment and maintenance
- When replacing consumable parts such as the rotary hook and knife

the ing the uld If the power switch needs to be left on when carrying out some adjustment, be extremely careful to observe all safety precautions.

or damage to the machine.

If any safety devices have been removed, be absolutely sure to re-install them to their original positions and check that they operate correctly before using the machine.

Hold the machine head with both hands when

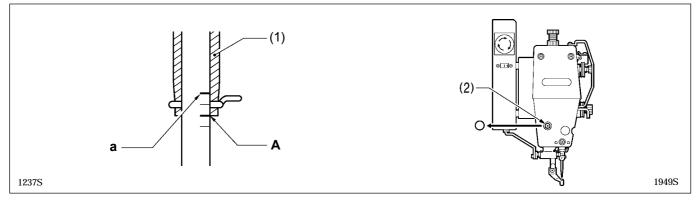
tilting it back or returning it to its original position.

Furthermore, after tilting back the machine head, do not push the face plate side or the pulley side

from above, as this could cause the machine head

to topple over, which may result in personal injury

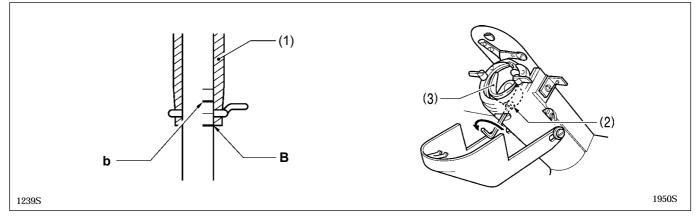
9-1. Adjusting the needle bar height



Turn the machine pulley to move the needle bar to the lowest position. Then remove the rubber plug, loosen the screw (2) and then move the needle bar up or down to adjust so that the second reference line from the bottom of the needle (reference line \mathbf{A}) is aligned with the lower edge of the needle bar bush (1).

* If using a DP X 5 needle, use the highest reference line (reference line **a**).

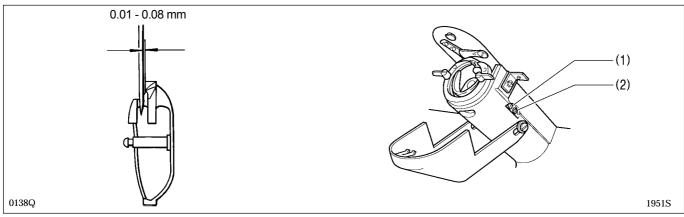
9-2. Adjusting the needle bar lift amount



Turn the machine pulley to raise the needle bar from the lowest position until the lowest reference line on the needle (reference line **B**) is aligned with the lower edge of the needle bar bush (1). Then loosen the screw (2) and move the driver (3) to adjust so that the tip of the shuttle hook is aligned with the needle center line.

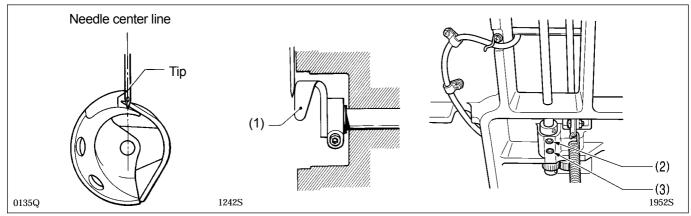
* If using a DP X 5 needle, use the second reference line from the top of the needle (reference line **b**).

9-3. Adjusting the needle clearance



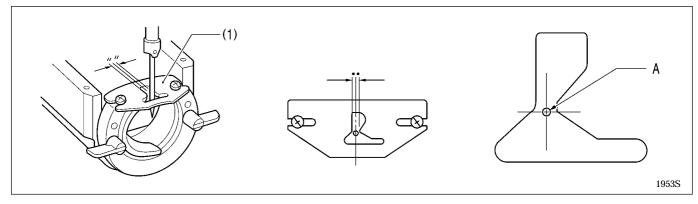
Turn the machine pulley to align the tip of the shuttle hook with the needle center line. Then loosen the set screw (1) and turn the eccentric shaft (2) to adjust so that the clearance between the needle and the shuttle hook is 0.01 - 0.08 mm.

9-4. Adjusting the driver needle guard



Turn the machine pulley to align the tip of the shuttle hook with the needle center line. Then loosen the set screw (2) and turn the eccentric shaft (3) to adjust so that the driver needle guard (1) contacts the needle. If the needle contact pressure is too great, skipped stitches may occur. On the other hand, if the driver needle guard (1) is not touching the needle, the tip of the inner shuttle hook will obstruct the needle, resulting in an excessively high amount of friction.

9-5. Adjusting the shuttle race thread guide

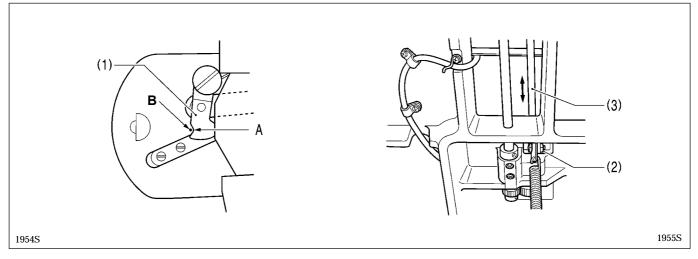


The needle groove of the shuttle race thread guide (1) should be aligned with the center of the needle plate hole, and the needle center and section **A** should be aligned.

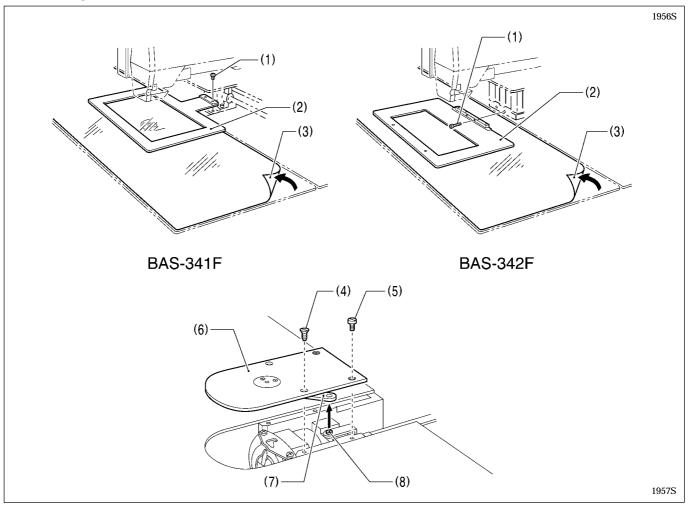
Note

If the shuttle race thread guide is in the wrong position, thread breakages, soiled thread or catching of the thread may occur.

9-6. Adjusting the movable knife



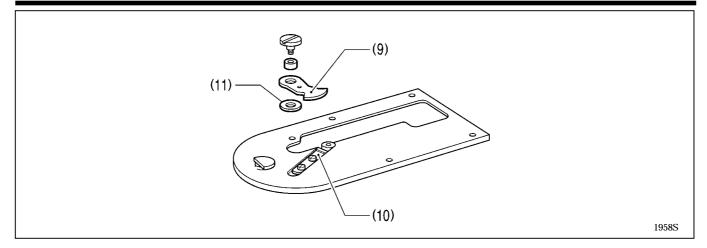
Loosen the nut (2) and move thread trimmer rod L (3) to the left or right to adjust so that the V section \mathbf{A} of the movable knife (1) is aligned with the index mark \mathbf{B} on the needle plate when the machine is at the stop position.



Replacing the movable and fixed knives

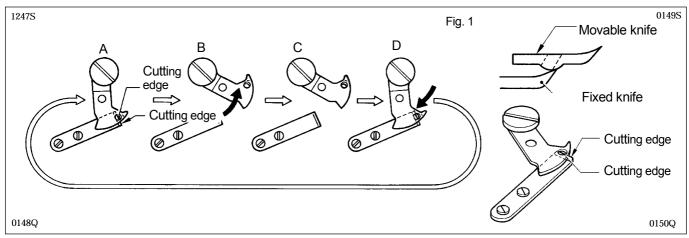
1. Remove the screws (1) and the feed plate (2). Then tear off the auxiliary plate sheet (3). Remove screws (4) and (5), and needle plate (6). Now disconnect the thread cutter connecting rod (7) from stud (8). (Figure is BAS-342F.)

9. STANDARD ADJUSTMENTS



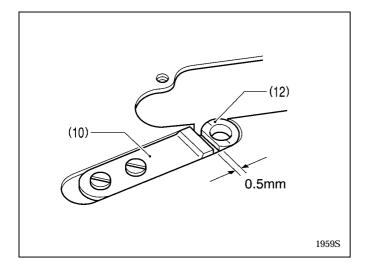
Remove the movable knife, and replace it with a new movable knife. Now check the cutting edge of the movable knife (9) and the fixed knife (10). If necessary, use the provided movable knife washer (11) (T=0.4, T=0.5, T=0.6) to adjust the knives so that they cut properly. (Figure is BAS-342F.)

<Adjusting the engagement of the movable knife and fixed knife>

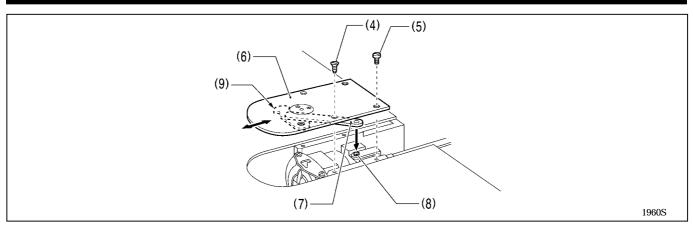


- A. After the movable knife and fixed knife are properly engaged, tighten the screw as shown in Fig.1.
- B. Turn the movable knife (in the direction of the arrow) while the screw is still tightened.
- C. Loosen the screw.
- D. Turn the movable knife (in the direction of the arrow) while the screw is still loosened.

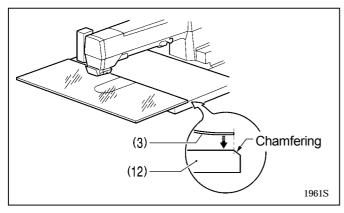
Repeat above steps A, B, C and D four or five times to maintain the cutting performance of the knife.



3. Install the fixed knife (10) 0.5 mm away from needle hole plate (12).



- 4. Fit the thread cutter connecting rod (7) on connecting lever pin (8), and install needle plate (6).(Figure is BAS-342F.)
- * When fitting the connecting rod (7) on the connecting lever pin (8) and before tightening screws (4) and (5), move the needle plate back and forth a little bit to confirm that the movable knife (9) is pulled by the connecting rod (7).



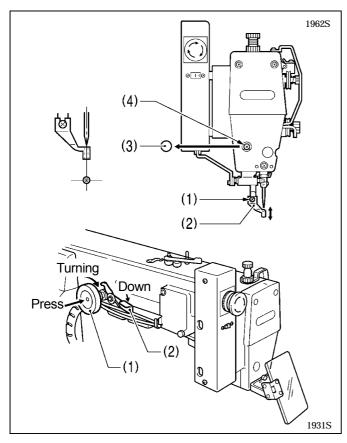
5. Stick the auxiliary plate sheet (3).

When sticking, adjust the edge of auxiliary plate sheet to the ridgeline in the rear chamfering of needle sub panel (12).

* One month is a standard to replace the sheet.

9-7. Presser foot adjustment

Turn the pulley by hand to lower the presser foot to the down position, and then proceed with the steps below.



 Loosen screw (1), set the bottom of the presser foot
 (2) lightly against the work piece, and then tighten screw (1).

Note

If the presser foot is lowered too far, the work piece will shift when sewing. Also, if the presser foot is too high, skipped stitches may occur.

Turn the pulley by hand, and make sure the needle enters the center of the needle hole in the presser foot (2). If the needle is not aligned with the center of the needle hole, remove cap (3), loosen screw (4), and turn the presser foot (presser bar) to adjust.



If the needle projects past the presser foot when the presser foot is raised, injury may result.

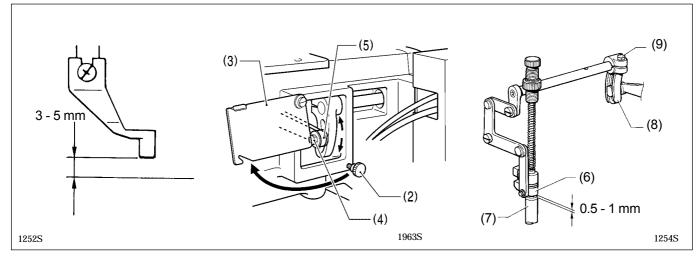
To turn the pulley by hand

Simply press in on the pulley (1) to turn it by hand. To turn the pulley, press lever (2) down.

 After turning the pulley by hand, be sure to press the lever down to return the pulley to the normal operating position.

9-8. Changing the presser foot lift

<Standard presser foot lift is 3 mm (max. 8 mm). >

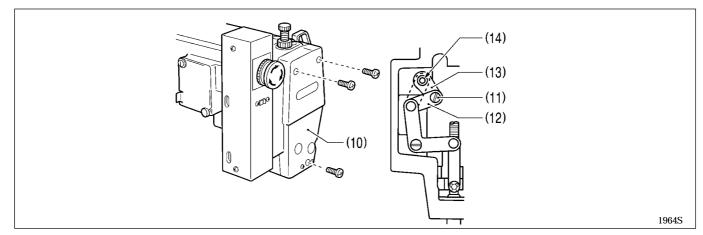


Adjusting presser foot lift to 3 - 5mm

- 1. Loosen the screw (2) and open the intermittent cover (3).
- 2. Loosen the nut (4) and adjust the intermittent presser connecting rod (5) position.
- (When the intermittent presser connecting rod is raised, the lift will increase. When lowered, the lift will decrese.)

Adjusting presser foot lift to 5 - 8 mm

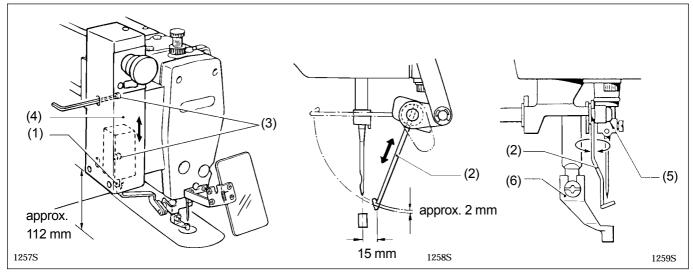
- 1. Turn the upper shaft to set the presser foot to its lowest point. Loosen the screw (9) of intermittent presser arm (R) (8). Adjust the clearance between the presser lifter (6) and the presser bar bush (7) to 0.5 1 mm.
- Loosen the nut (4) and adjust the intermittent presser connecting rod (5) position.
 (When the intermittent presser connecting rod is raised, the lift will increase. When lowered, the lift will decrese.)
- 3. Loosen the presser foot screw and adjust the height of the presser foot so that it is 0.5mm above the top of the material being sewn when the presser foot is lowered.



If vertical movement of the presser foot is not required

- 1. Remove the face plate (10).
- 2. Remove the stud screw (11) and re-attach the intermitte connecting rod (12) to the upper screw hole (14) of the intermittent presser arm F (13).

9-9. Adjusting the wiper



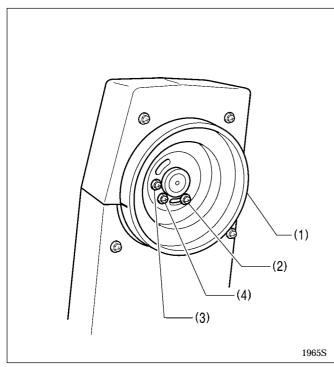
1. When the thread wiper solenoid plunger (1) is driven to the full stroke, the wiper (2) should be 15 mm in front of the needle center. Loosen screws (3) and shift the entire solenoid bracket (4)up or down to adjust.

The standard height from the solenoid bracket (4) bottom to the needle plate top is approximately 112 mm.

When the wiper (2) is operated and aligned with the center of the needle bar, the distance from the wiper (2) to needle tip should be approximately 2 mm. Loosen screw (5) and move the wiper (2) in or out to adjust. As shown in Fig. A, make sure the wiper (2) does not strike the presser foot (6) or needle.
 Note

Check that the wiper (2) is not touching the finger guard.

9-10. Adjusting the needle up stop position

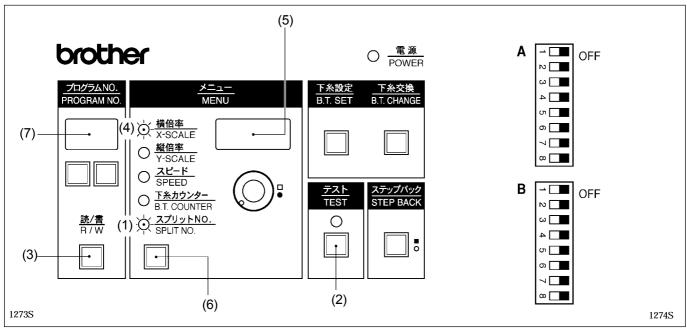


- The needle up stop position has been adjusted so that the tip of the needle stops 17.5 – 19.5 mm above the top of the needle plate.
- If adjustment is necessary, loosen the screw (2) at the "U" mark of the machine pulley (1) and adjust the position of the machine pulley (1). The machine pulley (1) stops later if it is turned clockwise, and it stops earlier if it is turned counterclockwise.

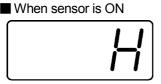
Note

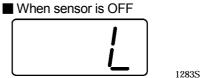
- The screw (3) is used by the needle down detection function and should not be loosened.
- The screw (4) is a screw for detecting the machine top position, and should not be loosened.
- If the index mark is not inside the mark when be displayed (when memory switch No.14 is on). Turn the machine pulley to move the index mark to the correct position and then start the sewing machine.

9-11. Checking the input sensor and DIP switch input



1. When the SPLIT NO. indicator (1) is illuminated and the R/W switch (3) is pressed while the TEST switch (2) is being pressed, the X-SCALE indicator (4) will illuminate and the state of the X home position signal will appear on the display screen (5).





2. Each time the MENU switch (6) is pressed, a different indicator will illuminate and the operating condition for the corresponding item will appear on the display screen.

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- · When X-SCALE indicator is illuminated
- · When Y-SCALE indicator is illuminated
- · When SPEED indicator is illuminated
- When B.T. COUNTER indicator is illuminated
- When SPLIT ON. indicator is illuminated
- X home position sensor
- Y home position sensor
- Needle up signal (synchronizer)
- 24-section signal (synchronizer)
- Needle down signal (synchronizer)
- 3. If the settings for DIP switch **A** at the side of the operation panel are changed at this time, the number of the changed switch will appear in the top row of the program number display (7).



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4. If the settings for DIP switch **B** are changed at this time, the number of the changed switch will appear in the bottom row of the program number display (7).



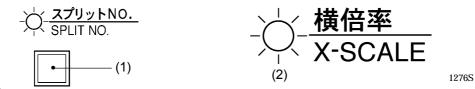
5. Press the TEST switch (2). The display will return to normal.

Note

You need to move the DIP switch while the power is still turned on in order to check the DIP switch operation. However, the power must always be turned off before DIP switch settings can be changed.

9-12. Checking the input voltage

- 1. Turn on the power switch.
- 2. Press the menu switch (1) until the X-SCALE indicator (2) illuminates.



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3. While pressing the TEST switch (3), press the R/W switch (4)



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4. If the input voltage is normal, the input voltage conditions will be shown in the display as indicated at right.

200-V specifications	090 - 110	"100" is displayed when the input voltage is 200 V
220-V specifications	100 - 120	"100" is displayed when the input voltage is 200 V.
230-V specifications	105 - 125	"110" is displayed when the input voltage is 100 V (for
100-V, 380-V, 400-V	100 - 120	100-V specs.), 380 V (for 380-V specs.).

5. Press the TEST switch (3) once more to return the display to the normal condition.

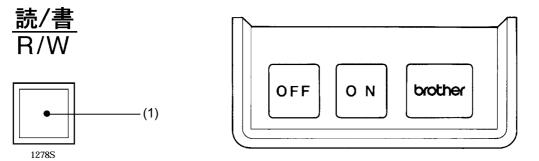
9-13. Clearing all memory settings

If the sewing machine stops operating normally, the cause may be that an incorrect memory setting may have been made by means of the memory switch, for instance. In such cases, carry out the following procedure to clear the memory, and also check the DIP switch settings.

While pressing the R/W switch (1), turn on the power. This will clear all of the memory setting.

Note

This operation causes memory switch settings to be returned to their initial settings, and also clears all contents of the memory such as sewing datas.



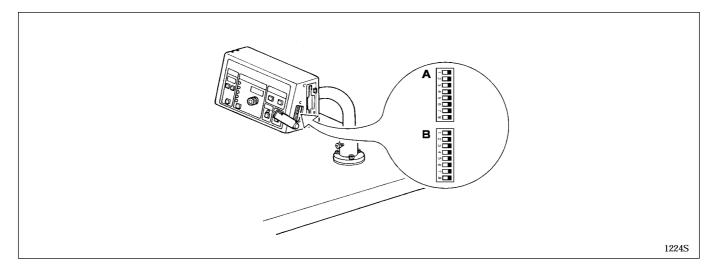
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10. DIP SWITCH

Note

All DIP switches are set to OFF at the time of shipment. When changing DIP switch, the power must be off.

10-1. Panel DIP switch functions



DIP switch A

SW No.	When ON
A -1	After sewing is complete, the work clamp is raised by the operator and does not rise automatically.

- Various setting combinations for DIP switch No. 2, No. 3 and No. 4 can be used to change the way the work clamp is raised and lowered.
- The operation mode can be changed using the two-stage work clamp switch. (Special order)

SW A -2	SW A -3	SW A -4	Туре	Function of work clamp pedal
-	-	-	Pneumatic	Work clamp and presser foot rise and lower simultaneously.
ON	-	-	Pneumatic	Only work clamp rises and lowers; presser foot lowers when starting switch is pressed.
-	ON	-	Pneumatic	For split-type presser foot, the left/right order changes alternately.
ON	ON	-	Pneumatic	Only work clamp rises and lowers; presser foot lowers when starting switch is pressed.
-	-	ON	Pneumatic	Work clamp and presser foot rise and lower simultaneously.
ON	-	ON	Pneumatic	Lowers in the order right work clamp, left work clamp, presser foot; reverse order when rising.
-	ON	ON	Pneumatic	Lowers in the order left work clamp, right work clamp, presser foot; reverse order when rising.
ON	ON	ON	Pneumatic	Lowers in the order left and right work clamp, presser foot; reverse order when rising.

DIP switch A

SW No.	When ON		
A -5	After sewing is completed, work clamp does not automatically rise (only in split mode)		
A -6	Clamping force output is produced (Inner clamping device available as an option)		
A -7	Single-pedal operation using the starting switch; when the starting switch is pressed, the work clamp drops, and when it is released, sewing starts.		
A -8	Thread breakage detector device is activated		

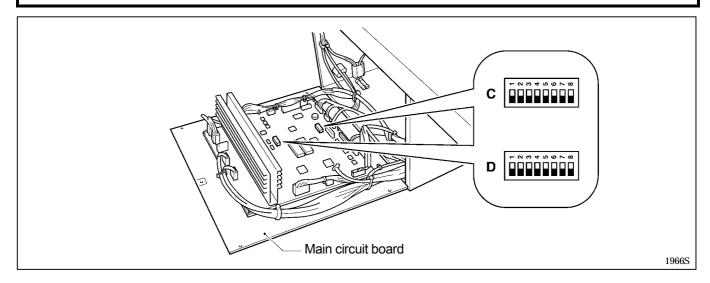
DIP switch B

SW No.	When ON
B -1	Single split mode activated
B -2	Feed movement when not using work clamp, activated
B -3	Thread is not trimmed after an emergency stop.
B -4	Needle cooler output is produced.
B -5	When a rotating-type thread breakage detector device is used, detection precision is increased from 8 to 14. When a fiber-type thread breakage detector device is used, detection precision is increased from 5 to 10.
B -6	Fiber-type thread breakage detector device is ON, and DIP switch A - 8 is ON (available as an option)
B -7	When using a 3-stage pedal If DIP switch A -2 is ON at the same time, the presser foot will drop at the same time that work clamp drop.
B -8	Feeding speed is switched to high speed.

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10-2. DIP switches inside the control box

Wait at least 5 minutes after turning off the power switch and disconnecting the power cord from the wall outlet before opening the face plate of the control box. Touching areas where high voltages are present can result in severe injury.



■ DIP switch C

C -1	C -2	C -3	Model setting
-	-	-	
ON	-	-	BAS-311E
-	ON	-	BAS-326E
ON	ON	-	BAS-343E
-	-	ON	BAS-341F
ON	-	ON	BAS-342F
-	ON	ON	
ON	ON	ON	BAS-311EL

SW No.	When ON		
C -4	Controlled sewing area becomes 1200 mm X 400 mm		
C -5	For pneumatic type, set to ON when the connection has been changed so that the work clamp remains raised when the power is turned off.		
C -6	When using an air-driven intermittent work clamp		
C -7	-		
C -8	-		

DIP switch D

SW No.	When ON
D -1	The first two stitches at the sewing start will be sewn at low speed (approx. 260 rpm)
D -2	The last two stitches at the sewing end will be sewn at low speed (approx. 260 rpm)
D -3	-
D -4	The last two stitches at the sewing end will be sewn at low speed (approx. 700 rpm)
D -5	-
D -6	Slow-speed sewing at the sewing start will be canceled
D -7	When the upper shaft is stopped, the motor will change direction and the needle bar will return to the vicinity of the needle up stop position*
D -8	During an emergency stop, the thread is trimmed and the needle bar stops in the raised position.

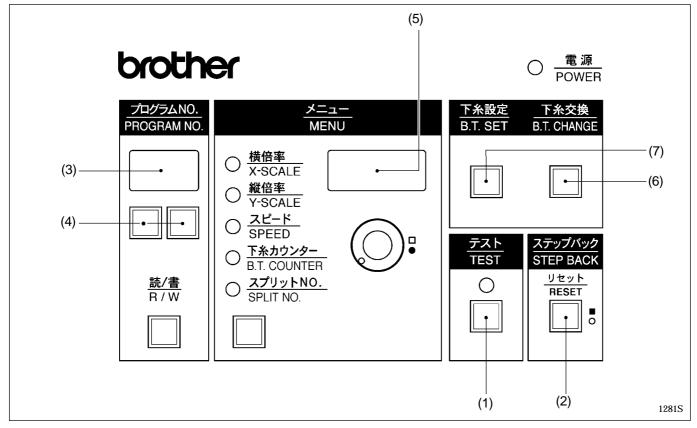
* When the motor operates in reverse to raise the needle, the thread take-up will stop at a position which is lower than its normal stopping position. As a result, the thread take-up will rise slightly at the sewing start, and this may result in the thread pulling out under certain conditions.

11. CHANGING SPECIAL FUNCTIONS AND USING THE MEMORY SWITCHES

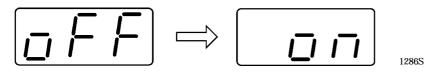
The functions of the switches on the operation panel can be changed to carry out special functions. * All of the memory switches are set to OFF at the time of shipment.

Note

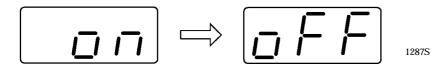
The following are special uses. All of the memory switch is usually set to OFF.



- 1. Turn on the power switch.
- 2. While pressing the TEST switch (1), press the STEP BACK switch (2) to switch to setting mode.
- 3. Press the program select switch (4) so that the number displayed on the display screen (3) matches the switch number (00 3F) for the function that you would like to select from the table.
- 4. Press the STEP BACK switch (2) to switch the setting appearing in the display screen (5) from OFF to ON.



If pressed once more:



If the B.T. CHANGE switch (6) is pressed at this time, all memory switch settings will be changed to OFF.

5. Press the TEST switch (1). The display will return to normal.

Note

The following steps set the memory switch settings separately for each program number.

6. Once the program data has been read from the floppy disk, change to memory switch setting mode and then press the B.T SET switch (7). The buzzer will sound twice, and the current memory switch settings will be written to the floppy disk.

Memory switches (00 - 0F)

Switch No.	When ON		
memo-00	When moving to the home position, the feed plate moves in the order $X \rightarrow Y$ and the start position moves in the order $Y \rightarrow X$.		
memo-01	When moving to the home position, the feed plate moves in the order $Y \rightarrow X$ and the start position moves in the order $X \rightarrow Y$.		
memo-02	The forward position becomes the home position, and movement is in the order $Y \rightarrow X$ and $X \rightarrow Y$. Use when there is an obstacle at the center of the work clamp.		
memo-03	Eject device operates. (Eject device is available by special order.)		
memo-04	Needle stops in up position during emergency stop. (Needle normally stops in down position.)		
memo-05	When sewing is finished, the feed plate moves via the machine home position to the start position.		
memo-06	After the final stitch, the work clamp rises and then the feed plate returns to the start position.		
memo-07	Intermittent work clamp is not used (does not rise).		
memo-08	When using an inner clamping device, the clamping presser is ON for 1/4 and OFF for 3/4 of the pattern. (Inner clamping device is available as an option.)		
memo-09	Changes the wiper to air drive. (Air wiper is availabe as an option.)		
memo-0A	Jog feeding becomes faster during programming.		
memo-0b	ON when a two-stage tensioner is used. (Two-stage tensioner is available as an option.)		
memo-0c	Single-pedal operation by means of two-stage work clamp switches. DIP switch A-2 is ON		
memo-0d	Clearing the emergency stop switch action is carried out using the STEP BACK switch.		
memo-0E	Test feeding is carried out at the same speed as normal sewing. (For checking feed operation)		
memo-0F	After sewing is finished, the work clamp automatically opens and closes once. (practice operation) If memo-0E is ON, the work clamp opens and closes twice.		

11. CHANGING SPECIAL FUNCTION AND USING THE MEMORY SWITCHES

Memory switches (10 - 1F)

Switch No.	When ON		
memo-10	Milling device can be used (available as an option)		
memo-11	Bobbin thread counter and production counter are adjusted when thread is trimmed.		
memo-12	Work clamp is lowered by pressing work clamp first stage switch twice, without using work clamp second stage switch. When DIP switch A-2 is ON, work clamp lowers in the order right → left; when OFF, work clamp lowers in the order left → right. Order is opposite when rising.		
memo-13	When work clamp is lowered, the starting switch causes locking; if the switch is released before locking, the work clamp rises When DIP switch A - 2 is ON, work clamp lowers in the order right—> left; when OFF, work clamp lowers in the order left—> right. Order is opposite when rising		
memo-14	Needle up error detected.		
memo-15	ON when machine is equipped with signal tower indicator. (This indicator is available by special order.)		
memo-16	ON when machine is equipped with thread nipper. (Thread nipper is available by special order.)		
memo-17	ON when machine is equipped with reset switch. (Reset switch is available by special order.)		
memo-18	Starting switch causes work clamp to drop in order right —>left —>forward control is in the same order as starting, and for backward control the work clamp rises in the order left—> right using work clamp first stage switch (when DIP switch A-2 is ON). When OFF, the left and right orders are reversed.		
memo-19	Produces two work clamp signal outputs (right and left work clamp) so that a two-position air valve can be used. (Two-position air valve is available by special order.)		
memo-1A	When using a triple pedal (DIP switch B-7 is also ON), the right is used exclusively to detect the home position. If DIP switch A-7 is OFF, the left pedal causes left and right work clamps to be raised and lowered simultaneously. If ON, the left pedal causes the left work clamp to be raised and lowered, and the right work clamp lowers when starting pedal to sew.		
memo-1b	KE430C single foot pedal can be used. DIP switch A-7 is ON.		
memo-1c	Bobbin thread counter is decremented at the start of sewing.		
memo-1d	When using an air pressure drop detection switch. (This detection switch is available by special order.)		
memo-1E	Changes the split number automatically by using an external switch. (Use option connector P3 on the operation panel.)		
memo-1F	Program number is changed automatically by using outside switch. (Use optional connector P3 on the operation panel.)		

Memory switches (20 - 2F)

Switch No.	When ON
memo-20	During feed test operation, jump feeding 100 stitches at a time is possible using the STEP BACK switch.
memo-21	After the home position is detected and the machine moves to the sewing start position, the work clamp rises automatically.
memo-22	When extended option output No. 1 is ON, the sewing machine starts automatically.
memo-23	Set to ON when the bobbin changer is being used. (This part is available by special order.)
memo-24	Feed operation is enabled even if no cassette has been set when the eject device is being used (memo-03 is ON).
memo-25	-
memo-26	-
memo-27	-
memo-28	
memo-29	-
memo-2A	-
memo-2b	-
memo-2c	-
memo-2d	-
memo-2E	-
memo-2F	When the input voltage is being checked, the display shows the temperature of the heat sink on the main circuit board instead of the voltage.

Extended option output

Use the programmer (option).

Required controls for pressing motion and automatic stacking of sewing can be implemented according to various functions of the machine.

For detail of the extended option output, please consult with your local Brother Sales Office.

Memory switches (30 - 3F)

Turn the dial while pressing the STEP BACK switch to change the values.

Switch No.	Possible setting range	Units	Initial Value	Explanation
memo-30	1 - 999	X 10ms	10	Time until feed mechanism starts moving after work clamp has lifted.
memo-31	1 - 4	-	1	Changes the feed speed. 1 (Fast) \iff 4 (Slow)
memo-32	1 - 7	-	3	Changes the possible sewing speed for a given stitch length. 1 (Fast) \iff 7 (Slow) 1 (2,700/3 mm), 2 (2,600/3 mm), 3 (2,500/3 mm), 4 (2,300/3 mm), 5 (2,000/3 mm), 6 (1,800/3 mm), 7 (1,200/3 mm) Settings 1 and 2 are outside the warranty specification at the time of shipment from the factory.)
memo-33	1 - 10	X 7.5 °	5	Changes the feed timing. 1 (Fast) \leftarrow 5 (standard) \rightarrow 10 (Slow)
memo-34	1 - 5	stitch	1	Number of low-speed stitches sewn at 400 rpm at sewing start.
memo-35	10 - 60	ms	40	-
memo-36	1 - 3	-	1	The solenoid ON time when the presser foot is raised changes. (Standard) $1 \iff 3$ (Upper limit)
memo-37	0 - 3	-	0	Automatically corrects the gear speed when reading 2DD disks. 0 : No automatic correction 1 : Read as BAS-311A data 2 : Read as BAS-326A data 3 : Read as BAS-341A, 342A data ex. Read BAS-326A data by BAS-342F / Set memo-37=2
memo-38	1 - 20	X 100 ms	1	Changes the length of time from inserting the cassette until automatic starting when the eject device is being used and automatic starting has been set (memo-03 and DIP switch A-7 are also both ON).
memo-39	0 - 11	-	0	Changes the reference point for enlargement and reduction using the operation panel. 0 : Sensor home position 1 : Center of work clamp 2 : Upper-left corner of work clamp 3 : Lower-left corner of work clamp 4 : Upper-right corner of work clamp 5 : Lower-right corner of work clamp 6 : Sewing start point, 7 : Sewing end point 8 : Upper-left corner of sewing pattern 9 : Lower-left corner of sewing pattern 10 : Upper-right corner of sewing pattern 11 : Lower-right corner of sewing pattern
memo-3A	1 - 3	-	2	 Changes the speed limit for the given sewing pitch when the maximum speed remains constant. 1 : Speed limit is increased for the given sewing pitch and the sewing speed for that pitch is increased. 2 : Standard 3 : Speed limit is decreased for the given sewing pitch and the sewing speed for that pitch is decreased. Note If sewing slippage occurs in places where a large sewing pitch is used, reduce the setting to 3. Furthermore, sewing slippage may occur in some cases if setting 1 is used.
memo-3b	-	-	0	-
memo-3c	-	-	0	-
memo-3d	-	-	0	-
memo-3E	-	-	0	-
memo-3F	-	-	0	

12. ERROR CODES

Note

- If an operation problem occurs, a buzzer will sound and an error code will appear on the display screen; if a programmer is connected, an error message will appear on the screen.
- Wait 10 seconds or more after turning the power off before turning it back on again.

Code	Cause	Remedy	
E.10	Emergency stop switch was pressed.	Press the emergency stop switch once more to cancel.	
E.11	Emergency stop switch was pressed during sewing.	Press the emergency stop switch once more to cancel. The STEP BACK switch can then be used to resume sewing.	
E.12	Emergency stop switch is being continually pressed, or emergency switch connection error.	Turn off the power and check.	
E.20	Problem with machine motor stopping, or synchronizer connection error.	Turn off the power, and then turn the machine pulley to check if the machine has locked up. Check the synchronizer connection. Check if connectors P14, P15 or P16 are disconnected.	
E.21	Machine motor operation error.	Turn off the power and check the ground wire connection.	
E.22	Needle up stop position error.	Turn the pulley to align the index mark with the needle up stop position. Check the V-belt tension.	
E.30	Data is outside possible sewing area due to enlargement or reduction ratio setting.	Check the enlargement or reduction ratio setting.	
E.31	Data pitch exceeds 12.7 mm due to enlargement or reduction ratio setting.	Check the enlargement or reduction ratio setting.	
E.32	No end code was input into sewing data.	Input an end code, or change the program number.	
E.40	Floppy disk is not inserted, disconnected cord inside operation panel, or malfunction of drive.	Insert a floppy disk. If floppy disk is already inserted turn off the power and check the connections of cord inside the operation panel.	
E.41	Program number is invalid, no data, or floppy disk is not formatted.	Check the floppy disk.	
E.43	Floppy disk changed from readable disk when setting the bobbin thread or when setting the memory switch.	Replace with a readable floppy.	
E.4F	Other error when reading floppy disk.	Replace the floppy disk and repeat the operation.	
E.50	Floppy disk is write-protected.	Remove the write-protection.	
E.51	Insufficient space on floppy disk.	Use a different floppy disk.	
E.52	Floppy disk cannot be formatted	Replace the floppy disk and repeat the operation.	
E.5F	Floppy disk write error.	Repeat the operation.	
E.60	Data backup is not possible.	Turn off the power, wait a while and then turn it back on.	
E.61	Data cannot be backed up	If the error appears continually, contact a qualified service technician.	
E.70	Overlapping option output numbers.	Change the option output number.	
E.80	Thread breakage error detected by rotating-type thread breakage detector device.	Thread the upper thread. Sewing can then resume.	
E.81	Upper thread breakage error detected by optical fiber-type sensor.	Thread the upper thread. Sewing can then resume.	

A

■ Error codes [E.9 *] - [E.F *]

Wait at least 5 minutes after turning off the power switch and disconnecting the power cord from the wall outlet before opening the face plate of the control box. Touching areas where high voltages are present can result in severe injury.

Code	Cause	Remedy
E.90	Abnormal drop in power supply voltage, or power was turned on again immediately after it was turned off.	Turn off the power and check the input voltage. After turning off the power, wait 3 seconds or more before turning it on again.
E.91	Abnormal rise in power supply voltage.	Turn off the power and check the input voltage.
E.A0	Starting switch was pressed without any valid sewing data loaded.	Re-read the sewing data.
E.A1	Home position point was not detected within a certain time during home position detection.	Turn off the power and check the X-Y feed and the home position sensor connection.
E.c0	Motor PROM is not correctly inserted.	Turn off the power and check.
E.c1	The box cooling fan (at the left when looking from the front) is not operating.	Turn off the power and check whether any thread scraps have built up.
E.c2	Heat sink of control circuit board is abnormally hot.	Turn off the power and clean the air intake port of the box.
E.c3	Abnormal current detected in X pulse motor.	Turn off the power and contact a qualified service technician.
E.c4	Abnormal current detected in X pulse motor.	Turn off the power and contact a qualified service technician.
E.c5	The box cooling fan (at the right when looking from the front) is not operating.	Turn off the power and check whether any thread scraps have built up.
E.d0	Air pressure drop error.	Turn off the power and check.
E.E0	Main PROM is not correctly inserted.	Turn off the power and check.
E.E1	Communication error detected by control circuit board.	Turn off the power, wait a while and then turn it back on.
E.E2	Communication error detected by panel circuit board.	Turn off the power, wait a while and then turn it back on.
E.E3	Bad connection in cable between panel and box.	Turn off the power and check.
E.F0	Power relay is not operating (malfunction of power supply circuit board).	Turn off the power and contact a qualified service technician.
E.F1	Bad connection in cable between power supply circuit board and main circuit board.	Turn off the power and check.
E.F2	Abnormal current detected in power supply circuit board.	Turn off the power and contact a qualified service technician.

REFERENCE segment LED alphabet

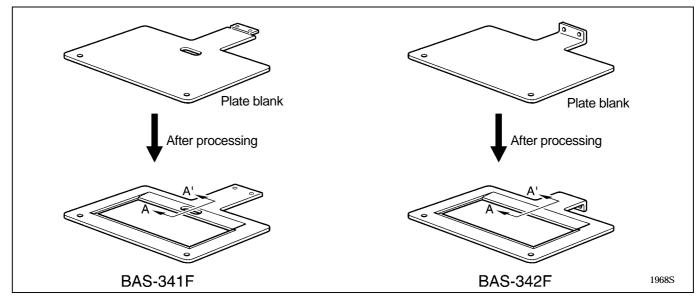
Panel display	R	Ь	С	d	E	F	6	Н		0
Text display	А	В	С	D	Е	F	6	Н	L	0

13. GAUGE PARTS LIST ACCORDING TO SUBCLASSES

The following parts are available for the BAS-341F.342F for adding further flexibility to the range of applications.

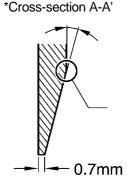
Model	BAS-34	1F,342F
Subclass	-21	-22
Use Part name	Heavy materials	Medium materials
Needle hole plate	Needle hole plate Ε (Φ2.6) S10212-101	Needle hole plate F (Φ2.2) S10213-001
Shuttle hook assembly W / BOX	Shuttle hook assy W /BOX S15663 (LB) SA1894-001	Shuttle hook assy W /BOX S15662 (LA) SA1892-001
Large shuttle hook	Large shuttle hook B 152686-101	Large shuttle hook A 152682-101
Tension spring	Tension spring B 144588-001	Tension spring 145519-001
Bobbin case assembly	Bobbin case assembly LB S15903-401	Bobbin case assembly LA S15902-401
Needle bar thread guide	Needle bar thread guide A S02438-001	Needle bar thread guide A S02438-001
Needle	DP x 17#21 145646-021	DP x 5#16 107415-016
Feed plate	BAS-341F	L
1972S	Feed p S4713	
	BAS-342F	
1967S	Feed p SA151	
Work clamp	Work clamp A S42843-001	Work clamp A S42843-001
Spring	Spring 107606-001	Spring 104525-001

14. NOTES ON THE PROCESSING AND PRODUCTION OF PLATE BLANKS



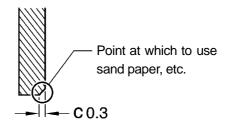
* Chamfer other corners of the reverse side of the plate blank with a thickness of C0.3 or thicker, and finish the corners with fine sand paper.

Please carry out the following points to chamfer the reverse side of the plate blank when using the plate blank for any supplementary processing of material.



Use fine sand paper or similar material to acquire a smooth surface for this section.

1969S

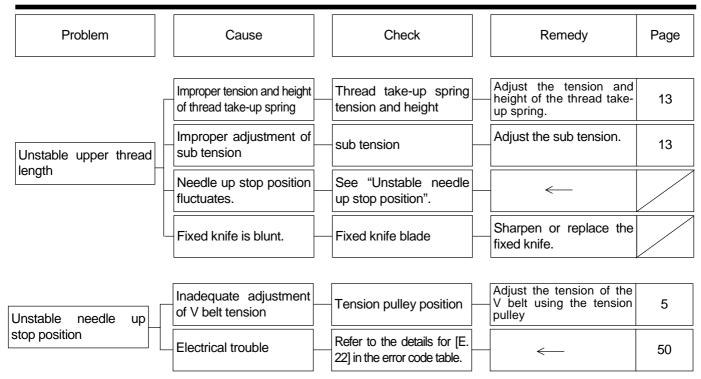


1970S

Problem	Cause	Check	Remedy Page
Presser does not rise.	Work clamp operation is sluggish.	Sliding part of the work clamp lubrication	Grease the sliding part of the work clamp.
	Presser lifter air tube is bent or damaged.	Presser lifter air tube	Straighten the bend in the tube or replace the tube.
Presser does not drop.	Work clamp operation is sluggish.	Sliding part of the work clamp lubrication	Grease the sliding part of the work clamp.
	Presser lifter air tube is bent or damaged.	Presser lifter air tube	Straighten the bend in the tube or replace the tube.
Presser lift amount is	Incorrect position of presser arm lever F.	Distance between work clamp and top of needle plate	Adjust the work clamp lift 37 amount.
Solenoid-type work clamp lifts up without clamping the material.	Work clamp pressure is too light.	Check the setting of the memory switch (memo-35).	Increase the setting value of the memory switch 49 (memo-35).
Thread wiper does not	The thread wiper is obstructing the needle.	Clearance between thread wiper and needle tip	Adjust the height of the 38 thread wiper.
operate correctly.	Thread wiper position is incorrect.	Thread wiper position	Adjust the operating distance 38 of the thread wiper.
Lower thread winds to one side.	Bobbin winder thread tension stud heights is incorrect.	Bobbin winder thread tension stud height	Adjust the height of the thread tension stud.
Lower thread winding	Bobbin presser position is incorrect.	- Thread winding amount -	Adjust the position of the 11 bobbin presser.
	Stitches being skipped at the sewing start.	Refer to "Skipped stitches occur".	Refer to "Skipped stitches occur".
Thread slips out of the needle.	Uneven upper thread length.	Upper thread length	Adjust the sub-tension. 13
	Position of shuttle race thread guide is incorrect	Position of shuttle race thread guide	Adjust the position of the shuttle race thread guide 33

Problem	Cause	Check	Remedy	Page
	Upper thread tension is too strong.	Upper thread tension	Adjust the upper thread tension.	13
	Needle is installed incorrectly.	Needle direction	Install the needle so that the groove is facing forward.	9
	Thread is too thick for the needle.	Thread and needle	Use the correct thread for the needle.	12
Upper thread breaks.	Thread take-up spring tension and height are incorrect.	Thread take-up spring tension and height	Adjust the tension and height of the thread take- up spring.	13
	Damaged or burred shuttle hook, needle hole- plate or needle.	Damage or burring	File smooth or replace the affected part.	
	Thread melting (synthetic thread)	Thread edge	Use a thread cooling device.	10
	Thread path is incorrect.		Pass the thread correctly along the thread path.	10
	Lower thread tension is too strong.	Lower thread tension	Adjust the lower thread tension.	13
Lower thread breaks.	Corners of needle hole plate or bobbin case- are damaged.	Damage	File smooth or replace the affected part.	
	Clearance between needle and shuttle hook tip is too- great.		Adjust the needle clearance. the affected part.	33
	Incorrect needle and shuttle hook timing.	Needle bar lift amount	Adjust the needle bar lift amount.	32
Skipped stitches occur.	Driver is contacting needle more than is necessary.	Clearance between driver and needle	Adjust the driver needle guard.	33
	- Needle is bent.	Bent needle	Replace the needle.	
	Needle is installed incorrectly.		Install the needle so that the groove is facing forward.	9
	Needle is touching the	- Needle clearance	Adjust the needle clearance. the groove is facing forward.	33
	shuttle hook.	Needle bar lift amount	Adjust the needle bar lift amount.	32
Needle breaks.		Bent needle	Replace the needle.	
	Needle moves about.	Needle and thread	Select the correct needle for the sewing conditions. Reduce the sewing speed	12
	Needle is too thin.	Needle and thread	Use the correct needle for the material.	12

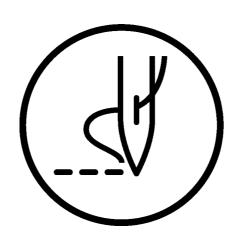
Problem	Cause	Check	Remedy P	Page
[- Fixed knife is blunt	- Fixed knife blade	Sharpen or replace the fixed knife.	
	Movable knife does not pick up the thread.	Shuttle race thread guide position	Adjust the position of the shuttle race thread gudie.	33
Upper thread is not		Needle bar lift amount	Adjust the needle bar lift amount.	32
trimmed.	The movable knife does not pick up the thread because of skipped – stitches at the sewing end.	Skipped stitches at sewing end	Refer to "Skipped stitches occur".	
-	Movable knife position is incorrect.	- Movable knife position	Adjust the position of the movable knife.	34
	- Sub-tension is too weak	-Sub-tension -	Turn the sub-tension nut to adjust the tension.	13
F	Thread take-up spring tension and height are	Thread take up spring	Adjust the tension and height of the thread take-	13
Thread jamming.	Incorrect.	Needle bar lift amount	up spring.	32
	shuttle hook timing. Shuttle race thread guide is not separating the –	Shuttle race thread	Adjust the position of the	33
	threads.	guide position	shuttle race thread guide.	
[Shuttle race thread guide is not separating – the threads.	Shuttle race thread guide position	Adjust the position of the shuttle race thread guide.	33
Poor seam finish on reverse side of material.	Upper thread is not properly tight.	Upper thread tension	Adjust the upper thread tension.	13
	Uneven upper thread length.	Upper thread length	Adjust the sub-tension.	13
	Upper thread tension is	Upper thread tension	Adjust the upper thread	13
Incorrect thread	too weak.	Lower thread tension	Adjust the lower thread	
tightness.	too weak.		tension.	13
	Thread take-up spring tension and height are incorrect.	Thread take-up spring tension and height	Adjust the tension and height of the thread take- up spring.	13



16. OPTION Used to create sewing patterns for the BAS-300E series. Programmer assy It can also be used to display error messages. Inner clamp device Used for efficient sewing around labels, emblems and tape; operates by air together with the outer presser, so material slippages will not occur. Allows the clamp to be replaced quickly and easily, without the One-touch clamping device need for extra tools. The positioning adjustment that has been previously required for other clamps is no longer necessary. This device can be used to cut a variety of objects such as Milling device grooves, holes, and outlines shapes in plastic or aluminum sheets. When the amount of bobbin thread remaining becomes low, this Automatic bobbin changer device automatically replaces the bobbin. This reduces the need for tasks such as checking the amount of bobbin thread remaining and replacing bobbins, so that productivity can be increased. This attachment is for holding snap fasteners and hooks. Snap fastener and hook attachment device Needle thread presser device This allows the upper thread to be securely placed under the material for the first stitch at the sewing start.

Thread breakage detector	Available as rotary type or fiber type, stops sewing when a thread breakage is detected and warns the operator.
■ Needle cooler	This is a pneumatic-type needle cooler which prevents the thread breaking due to heat. It is particularly useful when sewing thicker materials at high sewing speeds.
■ OT Presser	Use according to particular sewing needs in order to provide an even clamping force.
■ Soft presser	At the first stage, the work clamp applies only a spring force so that the material can be positioned. Then at the second stage, air pressure provides a full clamping force.
■ Cassette presser	This allows the operator to hold two clamps so that the preparation for the next operation can be carried out while sewing is in progress. Overlapping operations are thus possible, which can greatly boost productivity.
Play prevention work clamp	This work clamp prevents any play from occurring in the clamp.
Thread wiper the side	Wipes the upper thread away to the side when an inner clamping device is being used.
■ Air wiper device	The thread wiper is driven by a pneumatic cylinder.
2-step thread tension device	Allows the upper thread tension to be switched between two settings at any position desired by using the programmer.





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