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CAMPBELL SCIENTIFIC, INC. RMA#_____ 815 West 1800 North Logan, Utah 84321-1784

CAMPBELL SCIENTIFIC, INC. does not accept collect calls.

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1. Introduction

The COM300 voice-synthesizer modem allows Campbell Scientific's voice capable dataloggers to transmit, by voice announcement, data stored in input locations and the current status of datalogger control ports and user flags. With voice communication enabled, a user can call a datalogger site and listen to announcements, or the datalogger can be programmed to initiate voice calls when alarm conditions are met. Though voice communication is the primary function of the COM300 modem, the device is also capable of standard modem communications.

This manual provides information specific to the COM300 hardware, including specifications, installation, and operation. Installation of the LoggerTalk Voice Communication Programming Software is covered, but use of the software is detailed in the software's on-line documentation.

2. Hardware and Software Requirements

2.1 COM300 Modem

The COM300 modem (Figure 1) is required at the datalogger site to activate voice communication. The modem is shipped with an SC12 cable (9-pin to 9-pin) to connect it to the datalogger's communication port. Surge protection at the datalogger site is required if it is not installed by the phone company. CSI offers a surge protector with or without environmental enclosure mounting hardware (model 6362 and 2372-01, respectively).

NOTE The modem's communication port is configured to be compatible with Campbell Scientific's CS I/O port. This is not a standard RS232 connection. Refer to Appendix A for the configuration of this connector.



FIGURE 1. COM300 Voice Synthesizer Modem

2.1.1 Specifications

- Bell 212A, CCITT V.22, and V.32BIS compatible
- Full duplex at 9600 and 1200 baud to datalogger
- V.42 LAPM and MNP2-4 error correction
- Hayes AT command set
- RJ-11C telephone jack
- FCC and IC (formally known as DOC) approval
- Pulse or tone dialing
- Current drain: 100 µA quiescent, 180 mA active
- Direct connection to and powered by CSI dataloggers
- Supply requirements: 12 VDC power supply
- Internally switches 12 VDC external power minimizing current drain
- Logic levels: below 1.5 V inputs a low state and above 3.5 V inputs a high state. A low voltage level on the TX data input (pin 9) and RX data output (pin 4) represents a mark
- Operational temperature: -25°C to +50°C
- Size: 5.2" x 1.7" x 3.6" // 13.1 x 4.3 x 9.2 cm
- Weight: 0.75 lbs // 0.34 kg

For theory of operation for the COM300 modem, refer to Appendix B of this manual.

2.2 Voice Capable Datalogger

The following Campbell Scientific array based dataloggers are capable of voice communication: the CR10, CR10X, CR500, CR510, and CR23X. The CR10 will require a special UVEPROM to enable voice communication. If this special prom was not installed at the factory, please contact Campbell Scientific or your Campbell Scientific representative. Appendix C provides information on installing this UVEPROM.

2.3 Telephone

Typically a touch-tone phone is used to call the COM300 modem. A rotary phone can be used if the programmed verbal announcements do not require the user to navigate through the modem's menu system.

2.4 LoggerTalk Voice Communication Programming Software

Datalogger program files created using Campbell Scientific's Edlog program editor must be modified to include voice communication announcements. This modification is accomplished using LoggerTalk software, which is shipped with all COM300 modems. LoggerTalk requires a computer running Windows 95/NT/98.

3. Hardware Installation

3.1 Site Installation

NOTE Connection to telephone company-provided COIN service (Central Office ImplemeNted systems) is prohibited. Connection to party line service is subject to state tariffs.

The COM300 is designed to be used on standard device telephone lines. The COM300 connects to the telephone line by means of a USOC RJ11C jack (standard modular telephone jack).

Connect the cable from the telephone RJ11C jack to the modem as shown in Figure 2. If the telephone company has not installed surge protection in the telephone line (no RJ11C jack), one must install surge protection (Model 6362 or 2372-01) and connect the ring and tip terminal blocks as shown in Figure 3.

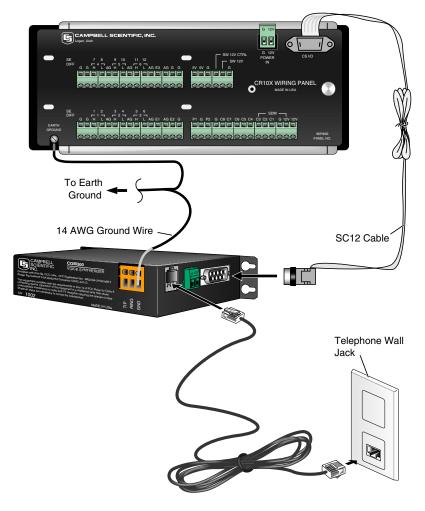


FIGURE 2. COM300 Hardware Connection Using Standard RJ11 Telephone Jack

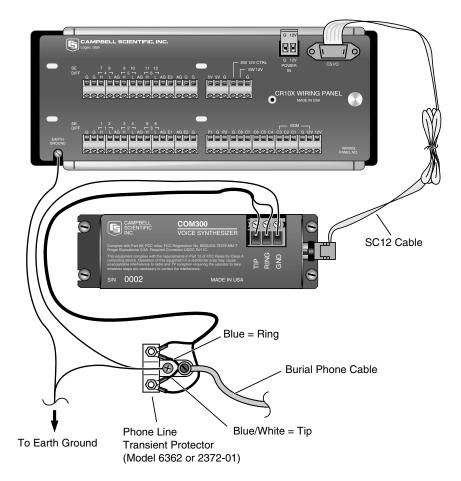


FIGURE 3. COM300 Hardware Connection to CR10X Using Surge Protection Device (No Standard RJ11 Connection Available)

3.2 Properly Grounding the COM300 System

Connect the green 14 awg grounding wire (provided with the COM300) to the grounding terminal (GND) on the COM300 and to the enclosure's earth ground connection. If the site does not have a grounded enclosure, connect the ground wire directly to an earth ground connection. The datalogger ground should also be tied to the earth ground.

CAUTION

The modem must be grounded for its transient protection to work.

3.3 Powering the COM300 Modem

More recent Campbell Scientific dataloggers provide 12 VDC power on pin 8 of the CS I/O 9 pin connector. For dataloggers that do not provide 12 VDC on the datalogger's CS I/O 9 pin connector, 12 VDC and ground must be connected via the green power connector on the side of the COM300 (refer to Figure 4). Table 1 lists the Campbell Scientific dataloggers that require direct 12 VDC connection to the COM300.

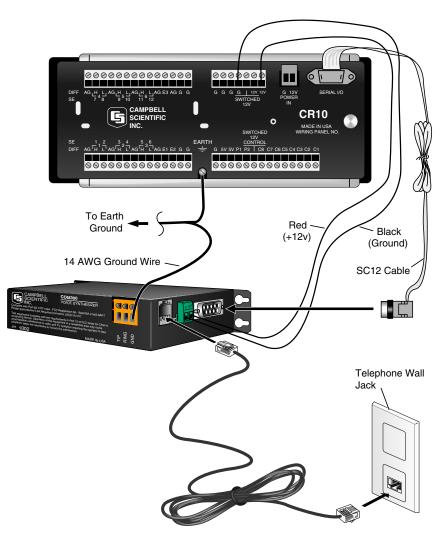


FIGURE 4. Providing Alternate Power to the COM300

TABLE 1. Dataloggers that Require Direct12 VDC Connection to COM300
CR10(X) w/ silver wiring panel
CR10(X) w/ black CR10 wiring panel (P/N 8032)
CR500—serial number 1764 or lower

3.4 Telephone Service

The goal of the telephone company is to provide you with the best service it can. In order to do this, it may occasionally be necessary for them to make changes in their equipment, operations, or procedures. If you have any questions about your telephone line, such as how many pieces of equipment you can connect to it, the telephone company will provide this information upon request. If the telephone company requests information concerning the equipment which you have connected to your telephone line, the FCC registration number and the ringer equivalence number (REN) of the COM300

are listed on its label. Additional technical information from the FCC and IC on the COM300 is available in Appendix D and E, respectively.

If any of your telephone equipment is not operating properly, you should remove it immediately from your telephone line, as it may cause harm to the telephone network. If the telephone company notes a problem, they may temporarily discontinue service. When practical, they will notify you in advance of this disconnection. If advance notice is not feasible, you will be notified as soon as possible. When you are notified, you will be given the opportunity to correct the problem and informed of your right to file a complaint with the FCC.

3.5 Repairs

To comply with FCC Rules and Regulations, all repairs on the COM300 must be performed by Campbell Scientific, Inc. or an authorized agent of Campbell Scientific, Inc.

4. LoggerTalk Software Installation

LoggerTalk Voice Programming software is provided with the COM300. This software is used to edit datalogger program files (*.DLD) to include code that activates voice communication in voice capable dataloggers.

LoggerTalk requires a computer running Windows 95, Windows NT, or Windows 98 with a 3.5" floppy drive. Before beginning installation, close all active programs including virus and mail applications. To install LoggerTalk, insert disk 1 into your floppy drive. From the Windows Start Menu, choose Run. In the dialog box that appears, type in A:\Setup (this assumes A: is the drive letter assigned to your floppy drive). The installation program will guide you through the remainder of the setup.

NOTE

If an error occurs at the beginning of installation, check your Windows temp directory. (This is typically C:\Temp or C:\Windows\Temp. If you are unsure, go to an MS-DOS prompt and type SET. Look for a line that displays TEMP = and note the directory name.) Move all files to a different directory. This directory is used during software installation. The TEMP directory has a file limit that, if close to being exceeded, will prevent installation of the software.

Operation of LoggerTalk is not covered in this manual. LoggerTalk has an extensive help system that can be accessed at any time by pressing the F1 key, or by selecting the Help menu item from the main window and by pressing the Help button on screens that have it. Two tutorials are included: a basic tutorial that walks you through creating voice strings, downloading the modified program to the datalogger, and navigating through the voice modem menus, and a more advanced tutorial for setting up voice callback. Example program files are included for use in the tutorials. If you do not have prior experience in editing datalogger program files with a Campbell Scientific editor, we suggest that you begin with the basic tutorial and peruse the help system for any questions you might have.

Appendix F of this manual provides a guide to interpreting the code that is added to the end of the datalogger program file for voice communication.

5. Using the COM300 for Standard Modem Communications in PC208W

The COM300 can be used for standard data transmission in PC208W. To establish data communication with the COM300, the dialing string (phone number) must be modified in PC208W to disable voice communication for the duration of that connection (the dialing string is found on the Hardware Tab of PC208W's Setup window).

To disable voice communication, insert three commas and "9" at the end of the dialing string for your datalogger. For example, if the telephone number for your datalogger is "555-4321" you would need to make the following additions: "555-4321,,,9". Each of the three commas inserts a 2 second delay. The 9 disables voice communication. Depending upon the length of time required to establish connection with the modem, you may need to add more commas.

For information on downloading a datalogger program to the COM300, refer to the Basic Tutorial in LoggerTalk's on-line help system.

6. Additional Features

6.1 Security

A security code can be used with the COM300 to prevent users from accessing information beyond the initial messages. If security is not enabled, callers will have access to all input location data, and can change the status of datalogger ports and flags. Security is enabled by editing the datalogger program file in LoggerTalk. Refer to the LoggerTalk on-line help system for further information. If you forget the security code you can open the datalogger program in LoggerTalk and review what number you originally entered.

NOTE This security code is different than the security code that can be entered to prevent access to certain datalogger functions. Refer to your datalogger operators manual for more information.

6.2 Commercial Mode

When in Commercial Mode, the datalogger will announce the initial messages up to two times and then terminate the connection with the caller. A modem security code must always be entered in the LoggerTalk software when Commercial Mode is used.

6.3 Renaming Menu Strings for Input Location, Ports, and Flags

When you call the datalogger, after the initial messages are announced you are prompted to hear the status of *Input Locations*, *Ports*, or *Flags*. These three

terms can be renamed to something more descriptive using LoggerTalk. A dialog box to make these changes is invoked by selecting the **Menu Strings** button from the main LoggerTalk window. Refer to the LoggerTalk on-line help system for more information.

6.4 Using the COM300 to Hear Final Storage Data

Output data is normally stored in the datalogger's ring memory (Final Storage). The COM300 can access data in input locations only; it cannot access Final Storage data. In order to hear Final Storage data, it must be redirected to an input location. This input location can then be accessed by the COM300. Datalogger Instruction 80 is used to redirect output data to input locations. Refer to the datalogger's operators manual for more information on this instruction, and to Appendix G for an example program using P80.

7. Callback - Datalogger Initiated Calls

The datalogger can be programmed to initiate a call to one or more telephone numbers when a specific condition is met. Typical use of this feature is for the datalogger to call a computer running PC208W and transfer Final Storage data to the computer. However, this feature can also be used with voice communication. When callback is initiated, the datalogger will call the defined telephone number(s) and a message will be announced. This is particularly useful in alerting those monitoring the datalogger system of alarm conditions. LoggerTalk's on-line help system includes a tutorial to guide you through setting up a datalogger initiated voice callback. The datalogger's operators manual also includes general information on the callback feature.

You can intermix voice and modem calls in the same program. Make sure you are not using the same flag for a voice and a modem call.

8. Troubleshooting

8.1 For Problems Encountered When Making Voice Calls

- Can you attach a normal analog telephone to the line and make a call out? If not, contact your local telephone company. If you can make a call out but the connection is poor or faint, contact your local telephone company.
- 2) Verify the COM300 is receiving 12 VDC. If the COM300 is receiving 12 VDC from a separate power supply instead of the datalogger, is the ground of the separate power supply connected to the datalogger's ground?
- 3) Verify the COM300 is the only Modem Enable device connected to the datalogger. Other common Campbell Scientific modem enable devices are the SC32A, some RF modems, and the MD9.
- 4) Verify the datalogger is turned on.
- 5) Verify the datalogger has power on its 5 V output.

8.2 For Problems Encountered When Making Data Calls

- 1) Verify you have selected the correct calling modem from PC208W's setup screen.
- Verify the COM port you are using is activated. As a power saving feature, some notebook computers do not automatically activate the COM ports.
- 3) Verify nothing else is using the same COM port on the computer. Even if a program is minimized in Windows, it may have a lock on the COM port.

To comply with FCC Rules and Regulations, all repairs on the COM300 modem **must** be performed by Campbell Scientific, Inc. or an authorized agent of Campbell Scientific, Inc. For assistance in installation, troubleshooting, or for repair, contact Campbell Scientific:

Campbell Scientific, Inc., 815 West 1800 North Logan, Utah 84321-1784 Telephone: (435) 753-2342 Fax: (435) 750-9540 Web site: http://www.campbellsci.com/support.htm

Appendix A. CS I/O 9 Pin Serial Port

NOTE The modem's CS I/O port is not a standard RS232 connection.

A.1 Pin Description

The COM300 modem connects to the datalogger using an SC12 cable connected to the devices' 9-pin subminiature D-type socket connector. This connector is shown in Figure A-1. Table A-1 shows the I/O pin configuration, and gives a brief description of the function of each pin.

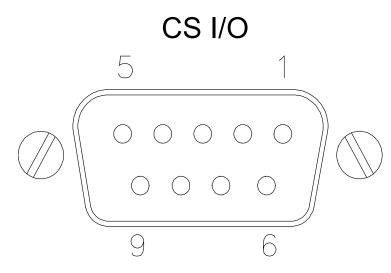


FIGURE A-1. 9 Pin Connector

		TA	ABLE A-1. Pin Description		
ABR =	= Abbrev	iation for	the function name.		
PIN :	= Pin nun	nber.			
0 =	= Signal	Out of the	e datalogger to a peripheral.		
I =	= Signal]	Into the d	atalogger from a peripheral.		
PIN	ABR	I/O	Description		
1	5V	Ι	5 VDC supply. Not used.		
2	SG		Signal Ground: Provides a power return for pin 1 (5V), and is used as a reference for voltage levels.		
3	RING	0	Ring: Raised by the modem to put the datalogger in the telecommunications mode.		
4	RXD	0	Receive Data: Serial data transmitted by the modem are transmitted on pin 4.		
5	ME	Ι	Modem Enable: A logic high internally switches power to the modem. A logic low internally powers down the modem.		
6	SDE	Ι	Synchronous Device Enable: A logic high disables communication with the modem, without removing power or changing the modem's mode.		
7	Clock/ HS	I/O	Clock/Handshake: Used with the SDE and TXD lines to communicate with devices that address it.		
8	TE	Ι	+12 VDC power supply.		
9	TXD	Ι	Transmit Data: Serial data are transmitted from the datalogger to the modem on pin 9; logic low marking (0V) logic high spacing (5V) standard asynchronous ASCII, 8 data bits, no parity, 1 start bit, 1 stop bit, 300, 1200, 9600, 76,800 baud (user selectable).		

B.1 Theory of Operation

The COM300 modem is used to transmit data over bandwidth-limited channels such as telephone lines by modulating audio tones, using Phase Shift Keying (PSK) at 9600 or 1200 baud and Frequency Shift Keying (FSK) at 300 baud.

The telephone company gives a 40 to 150 VRMS, 20 Hz signal on the telephone lines to signify a ring, which is typically on for 2 seconds and off for 4 seconds. The ring detection circuitry is continuously powered but draws less than 2 μ A. The ring signal is passed on to the datalogger through an optocoupler. The datalogger responds by addressing the modem synchronously (pins 6 and 7) which switches on the 5 VDC power to the modem. The modem then answers and remains off-hook until it loses the carrier or the datalogger addresses a shut down command to the modem. The datalogger sends the shut down command either in response to an external command or after 40 seconds elapse without a command. The shut down command switches off the 5 VDC power to the modem, dropping power to the off-hook relay and thus placing the telephone line on-hook.

To reject noise common to both telephone lines and to satisfy registration requirements, the modem circuitry is electrically isolated from the telephone lines by using an opto-isolator and coupling transformer.

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Appendix C. Changing RAM or PROM Chips in the CR10

The CR10 has two sockets for Random Access Memory (RAM) and one socket for Programmable Read Only Memory (PROM). The standard CR10 has 64K of RAM, (a 32K RAM chip in each socket). Earlier CR10s had 16K of RAM (an 8K RAM chip in each socket).

C.1 Disassembling the CR10

The sockets provided for RAM and PROM are located on the CR10 CPU circuit card inside the CR10 can. To expose the RAM and PROM sockets, remove the two Phillips head screws from the end opposite the connectors. Remove the end cap. The ends of two circuit cards and the RF shield will be visible (see Figure C-1). Now lay the CR10 on a flat surface, (i.e., a table), and push on the RF shield with your thumbs while grasping the can with your hands. Remove the circuit cards from the can. Orient the cards with the connector on the left and with the card that matches Figure C-2 component-side up. The Central Processing Unit (CPU) is found at location H-9 and the three slots for RAM and PROM will be directly beneath it.

C.2 Installing New RAM Chips in CR10 with 16K RAM

The two 8K RAM chips are found at locations C11 and C14. With a small flat screw driver gently pry out the two 8K RAM chips at these locations and replace them with the 32K RAM chips provided in the memory upgrade. The new chips should be installed so the notched end is towards the nearest card edge. Before pushing the chips into the socket make certain that all the pins are correctly seated. After installing the 32K chips, check for pins that may be bent or not firmly seated in the socket. If you notice a bent pin, remove the chip, carefully straighten it and repeat the installation procedure.

C.2.1 Changing Jumpers

There are six jumpers used to configure hardware for different RAM sizes. Figure C-2 shows the location of the jumpers and a magnified view of the jumper settings for different memory configurations. A pin or small screw driver tip will work best for pulling these jumpers and relocating them.

C.2.2 RAM Test

Attach the CR10KD Keyboard/Display and apply power to the CR10. After the CR10 executes the RAM/PROM self test, the number 96 should be displayed in the window. The number is the sum of Kbytes in RAM (64) plus the number of Kbytes in ROM (32).

C.3 Installing New PROM

The PROM chip is found at location C8 on the CR10 CPU board, (see Figure C-2). With a small flat screw driver, gently pry out the PROM chip and replace it with the new one. The new chip should be installed so that the notched end is towards the nearest card edge. Before pushing the chip into the socket make certain that all the pins are seating correctly. After installing the chip, check for pins that may be bent or not making contact. If you notice a bent pin, remove the chip, carefully straighten it and repeat the installation procedure.

To make certain that the new chip is installed correctly enter the CR10 *B mode (Section 1.6 in the CR10 Operator's Manual) and advance to the second window. This window displays the PROM signature. The five digit number in the window should match the PROM signature given with the new PROM documentation. If the numbers are different, disassemble the CR10 and look for pins that are bent or not firmly seated.

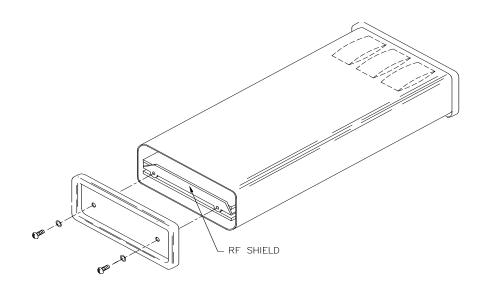


FIGURE C-1. Disassembling CR10

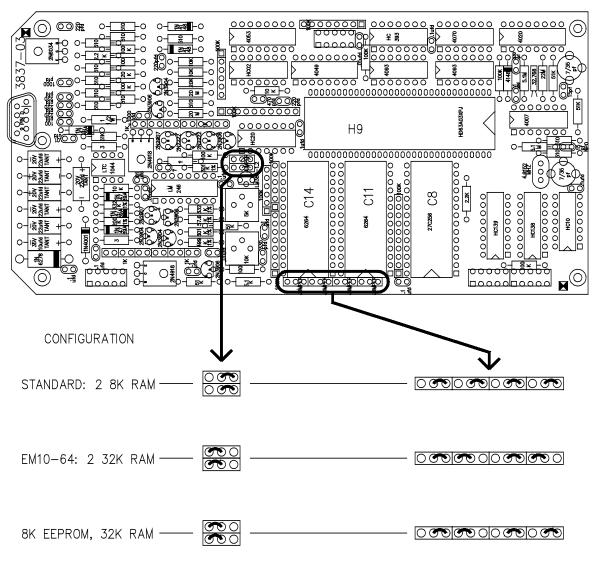


FIGURE C-2. Jumper Settings for Different RAM Configurations

Appendix D. FCC Warning to Users of Class A Computing Devices

WARNING

This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause interference to radio communications. It has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A computing device pursuant to Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC Rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference when operated in a COMMERCIAL ENVIRONMENT. Operation of this equipment in a residential area may cause interference to radio and television reception. The operator must take whatever measures are necessary to correct the interference.

The REN is used to determine the quantity of devices which may be connected to the telephone line. Excessive REN's on the telephone line may result in the devices not ringing in response to an incoming call. In most, but not all areas, the sum of the REN's should not exceed five (5.0). To be certain of the number of devices that may be connected to the line, as determined by the total REN's, contact the telephone company to determine the maximum REN for the calling area.

This equipment cannot be used on the telephone company-provided coin service. Connection to Party Line Service is subject to State Tariffs.

If this equipment cannot be used on the telephone network, the telephone company will notify you in advance that temporary discontinuance of service may be required. If advance notice isn't practical, the telephone company will notify the customer as soon as possible. Also, you will be advised of your right to file a complaint with the FCC if you believe it is necessary.

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Appendix E. IC Information

NOTE Industry Canada (IC) was formally known as DOC.

CP-01, Issue 8, Part I Section 14.1

"NOTICE: The Industry Canada label identifies certified equipment. This certification means that the equipment meets certain telecommunications network protective, operational and safety requirements as prescribed in the appropriate Terminal Equipment Technical Requirements document(s). The Department does not guarantee the equipment will operate to the user's satisfaction.

"Before installing this equipment, users should ensure that it is permissible to be connected to the facilities of the local telecommunications company. The equipment must also be installed using an acceptable method of connection. The customer should be aware that compliance with the above conditions may not prevent degradation of service in some situations.

"Repairs to certified equipment should be coordinated by a representative designated by the supplier. Any repairs or alterations made by the user to this equipment, or equipment malfunctions, may give the telecommunications company cause to request the user to disconnect the equipment.

"Users should ensure for their own protection that the electrical ground connections of the power utility, telephone lines and internal metallic water pipe system, if present, are connected together. This precaution may be particularly important in rural areas.

CAUTION Users should not attempt to make such connections themselves, but should contact the appropriate electric inspection authority, or electrician, as appropriate."

CP-01, Issue 8, Part I

Section 14.2

"NOTICE: The Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) assigned to each terminal device provides an indication of the maximum number of terminals allowed to be connected to a telephone interface. The termination on an interface may consist of any combination of devices subject only to the requirement that the sum of the Ringer Equivalence Numbers of all the devices does not exceed 5."

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Appendix F. Reading Voice Code Information from a *.DLD File

When a file is edited and saved in LoggerTalk, the information for voice communication is added to the end of the *.DLD file. This information can be verified for accuracy.

A copy of typical voice code is provided below. The numbers between the "smiley faces" (^(©)) and the "&" symbols are the numbers associated with the words used from the word list. The ^(©) symbol is equivalent to control code A (^A). Refer to Appendix H to review the word list used with the COM300.

Several lines of code that begin with a tilde (~) may precede the voice code. These strings are set up information. The voice code follows this information. The first line of the voice code is the wording used for input locations. The second line is the wording used for ports. The third line is the wording used for flags. The lines following are used for message descriptions. Each message will terminate with a period.

Notice that line four below starts with ">\4". The > indicates the string is an initial message. The 4 following the slash indicates the number of digits following the decimal point that the COM300 will announce for that input location.

The numbers inside the quotation marks are the words associated with the input location.

The number following the "\$" symbol is the input memory location number used in the datalogger.

F.1 Typical Voice Code

Following is code for a typical call:

;|#"©56&©57&"# #"©53&"# #"©52&"# >\4©88&©89&©109&©74&©71&©71&©71&"©109&©135&©86&" ©85&\$3©87&©122&.\ \4"©109&©98&©191&"©85&\$1©192&.\

* *

The above code translates to:

Input Locations

Ports

Flags

(four decimal places) Campbell Scientific Datalogger Program (pause) (pause) (pause) "Datalogger Internal Temperature" is (input location 3) Degrees Fahrenheit.

(four decimal places) Datalogger Battery Voltage is (input location 1) Volts.

F.2 Callback Code

If the datalogger has been programmed to initiate voice calls, you will see the phone number associated with the call command at the very end of the listing. The flag number used to initiate the call and the phone number will be between "at" symbols (@).

This example initiates a voice call:

```
;|#"©56&©57&"#
#"©53&"#
#"©52&"#
><2\4"©98&©191&"©85&$1©192&.\
@2555-1234@
|
**
```

Line four, above, starts out as "><2/4". The ">" means this message is selected as an initial message. The "<2" indicates that this message will be spoken if flag 2 is the flag that initiates callback. The "2" preceding the phone number "@2555-1234@" means the phone number (555-1234) will be called when flag 2 goes low in the program.

The code translates as:

Input Locations

Ports

Flags

(flag 2) (4 decimal places) "Battery Voltage" Is (input location 1) Volts.

(callback flag 2) (telephone number 555-1234)

F.3 Security Enabled

This last example uses the security code "1234" to allow access to the second level menu. Notice the characters following the "?" at the beginning of the character stream. The security code will always be the very first thing in the imbedded character portion of the *.DLD file.

;|?1234#"©56&©57&"#

#"©53&"#

#"©52&"#

>\4©88&©89&©109&©74&©71&©71&©71&"©109&©135&©86&" ©85&\$3©87&©122&.\

\4"@109&@98&@191&"@85&\$1@192&.\

This code translates to:

(security code 1234) Input Locations

Ports

Flags

(4 decimal places) Campbell Scientific Datalogger Program (pause) (pause) (pause) "Datalogger Internal Temperature" Is (input location 3) Degrees Fahrenheit.

(4 decimal places) "Datalogger Battery Voltage" Is (input location 1) Volts.

Appendix G. Using P80 to Redirect Final Storage Data to Input Locations

The following section of code provides an example of using datalogger Instruction 80 to redirect Final Storage data to input locations. *This is not a complete program*. Instructions would be included prior to this section of code to measure sensors, perform control functions, and provide initial data processing. All text entries preceded by a semicolon (;) are comments inserted by the programmer to explain the instructions.

;The following section of code uses ;program instruction 80 to redirect ;data from final storage to input locations				
32: If tim	ne is (P92)			
01:	0000	minutes into a		
02:	60	minute interval		
03:	10	Set high Flag 0	; output data	
33: Set /	Active Storage	e Area (P80)		
01:	3	Input Storage Area	; parameter 3 directs data to input storage	
02:	5	Array ID or location	; starting at location 5	
34: Maximize (P73)				
01:	1	Rep		
02:	11	Value with Hr-Min-Sec		
03:	4	Loc AIR TEMPC		

Every sixty minutes the maximum air temperature will be stored in location #5. No output data will be sent to Final Storage.

Instruction 80 should follow the instruction setting Flag 0, and should precede the output instructions. Keep in mind that all output processing instructions following Instruction 80 will be redirected to input storage until another Instruction 80 is used or until the program table is executed again (output defaults to Final Storage Area 1 at the beginning of the program table).

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Appendix H. COM300 Word List

H.1 COM300 Word List - Numerical Order

1 7500	40		07	DADOMETRIC
1. ZERO		STATUS		BAROMETRIC
2. ONE	50.			BARS
3. TWO	51.			BATTERY
4. THREE	52.			CALIBRATE
5. FOUR	53.			CELSIUS
6. FIVE	54.		102.	
7. SIX	55.	THRU	103.	
8. SEVEN	56.	PORT	104.	
9. EIGHT	57.		105.	
10. NINE		LOCATIONS	106.	
11. TEN		FLAG	107.	
12. ELEVEN	60.		108.	
13. TWELVE	61.			DATA
14. THIRTEEN	62.			DATALOGGER
15. FOURTEEN		CODE		DAY
16. FIFTEEN		YOUR		DEPTH
17. SIXTEEN		POINT		DEVIATION
18. SEVENTEEN	66.	PLEASE	114.	DIRECTION
19. EIGHTEEN	67.	BY	115.	D-0
20. NINETEEN	68.	MINUS	116.	DOWN
21. TWENTY	69.	ENTER	117.	DRAW
22. THIRTY	70.	SELECTION	118.	EQUAL
23. FORTY	71.			E-T-O
24. FIFTY	72.	50MS		EVENT
25. SIXTY	73.	MESSAGE	121.	EXTERNAL
26. SEVENTY	74.	CALLBACK	122.	EXCEEDS
27. EIGHTY	75.	PROGRAM	123.	FAHRENHEIT
28. NINETY	76.	SIGNATURE	124.	FALL
29. HUNDRED	77.		125.	FEET
30. THOUSAND	78.	KILOBYTES	126.	FLOW
31. MILLION	79.	MEMORY	127.	FROM
32. PRESS	80.	NUMBER	128.	GALLONS
33. POUND	81.		129.	
34. DEW	82.		130.	
35. HEAR	83.		131.	
36. MENU		VERSION		HOUR
37. AGAIN		REVISION		
38. STAR		IS		
39. DISCONNECT		TEMPERATURE		INCHES
40. YOU		DEGREES		INTERNAL
41. THE		CAMPBELL	130.	
42. HAVE	90.		137.	
43. SELECTED	91.		130.	
44. MONITOR	92.		140.	
45. KEY	92. 93.		140.	
46. FOLLOWING	93. 94.		141.	NLOL I
40. FOLLOWING 47. RETURN	94. 95.			
48. PREVIOUS	95. 96.			
$\pm 0. 1 \text{ ML} \neq 10003$	90.			

142.	MAXIMUM	197.	WEATHER	252.	EAST
143.	MERCURY	198.	WELL	253.	
144.	METER	199.	WIND	254.	EFFLUENT
145.	METERS	200.	А	255.	ELECTRON
146.	MICRO	201.	A-M	256.	ELEVATION
147.	MILES	202.	ABOVE	257.	EMPTIED
148.	MILLI	203.	ACCUMULATE	258.	ENGINE
149.	MINIMUM		ACKNOWLEDGE		ERROR
150.	MINUTE		ADDITION	260.	
151.	MOISTURE		ADDITIONAL	261.	
152.	MONTH		AGO	262.	
153.	MULTIPLIER		ALL	263.	
154.			AMMONIUM	264.	
155.	NEW N-T-U		APPROACH	265.	
156.	OFF		AREA	266.	
150.	OFFSET		AVAILABLE		FREQUENCY
157.	ON	212.			FRIDAY
158. 159.			BACK-UP	268. 269.	
1 <i>59</i> . 160.	OVERFLOW		BAY	209.	
	PARTS	215. 216.		270. 271.	
	PER		BEAVER	272.	
163.	PERCENT	218.	BEDS	273.	
	P-H		BEHIND	274.	
	PRECIPITATION			275.	
	PRESSURE		BIG	276.	
	PROGRESS		BILLION	277.	
	P-S-I		BLAST	278.	
169.	RADIATION	224.	BOILER	279.	
170.	RAIN	225.			Н
171.	RATE	226.	С	281.	H-2-S
172.	REFERENCE			282.	HAD
173.	RELATIVE	228.		283.	HARDNESS
174.	R-P-M	229.		284.	HAS
175.	SAMPLE	230.	CALLS	285.	HASH
176.	SECOND	231.		286.	HEAD
177.	SECONDS	232.		287.	HEAT
178.	SIEMENS	233.	CENTRAL	288.	HERTZ
179.	SITE	234.	CHECK	289.	HOLD
180.	SNOW	235.	CHILLER	290.	HOT
181.	SOIL	236.	CHLORIDE	291.	HOURS
182.	SOLAR	237.	CHLORINE	292.	HYDROLOGIC
183.	SPEED	238.	CONTACT	293.	Ι
184.	SQUARED	239.		294.	INDEX
185.	STAGE	240.		295.	ING
186.	STANDARD	241.		296.	INTAKE
187.	STATION	242.	D	297.	INTRUDER
188.	STORM	243.	DAYS	298.	IRRADIANT
189.	TIME	244.	DELTA	299.	IRRIGATION
190.	TURBIDITY	245.	DING	300.	IT
190. 191.	VELOCITY	245. 246.	DISTRICT	301.	J
191. 192.	VOLTAGE	240. 247.	DIVERSION	301.	у К
192. 193.	VOLTS	248.	DOCK	302.	KNOTS
193. 194.	WARNING	240. 249.	DOOR	505.	111010
194. 195.	WATER	249. 250.	DURING		
195. 196.	WATER	250. 251.	E		
170.	111110	201.			

304.	T	359.	R
	LAKE		RACE
			RADIAL
307	LAYER LINE		RANGE
308			REACHED
300.	LOCATED		
			RECEIVED
310.			RESERVOIR
312.	M		RESIDUAL
	M-R-P		RISING
	MANAGEMENT		
	MENDON		ROAD
	MID		ROOM
210	MID-MOUNTAIN		
210. 210	MIDNIGHT		RUNOFF
220	MINUTES MODEM MONDAY MOUNT MOUNTAIN	374.	S S O C
320. 221	MODEM	3/3.	S-O-2
321. 222	MONDAY	3/0.	SATURDAY
322.	MOUNT	377.	SEDIMENT SENSOR SENSORS SHAFT
323.	MOUNTAIN	378.	SENSOR
324.	IN	3/9.	SENSORS
325.	NEEDS	380.	SHAFT
326.	NEEDS NETWORK NEXT	381.	SINCE SKIING
J_{21} .	INDAT	382.	SKIING
328.	NITRATE	383.	SMOG
329.	NITROGEN		SODIUM
330.	NO	385.	SONAR
331.	NOON	386.	SOUTH
332.	NORTH	387.	SPILL
333.	NOT	388.	STATES
334.	0	389.	STREAMBED
335.	OK	390.	SUMMIT
336.	NOON NORTH NOT O OK OR OUT OZONE P P-M	391.	SUMP
337.	OUT	392.	SUNBURN
338.	OZONE	393.	SUNDAY
339.	Р	394.	SURFACE
340.	P-M		
341.	PACIFIC	396.	SYSTEM
342.	PARAMETER	397.	Т
343.	PAST	398.	TAIL
344.	PEAK	399.	TESTING
345.	PENDING	400.	THANK
346.	PHONE	401.	THAT
347.	PLANT	402.	THIS
348.	POND	403.	THRESHOLD
349.	POTASSIUM	404.	THURSDAY
350.	POWDER	405.	TING
351.	POWER	406.	ТО
352.	PREHEAT	407.	TODAY
353.	PROBE	408.	TODAYS
354.	-	409.	
355.		410.	
356.	Q	411.	
357.	QUALITY	412.	
358.	-	413.	-
220.	、		

414. UNITS 415. UP 416. V 417. V-O-C 418. VALUE 419. VERTICAL 420. VIA 421. W 422. WAS 423. WE 424. WEDNESDAY 425. WELCOME 426. WEST 427. WHAT 428. WITH 429. X 430. Y 431. YEAR 432. YESTERDAY 433. Z

H.2 COM300 Word List - Alphabetical Order

71. 50MS	 233. CHECK 102. CHILL 234. CHILLER 235. CHLORIDE 236. CHLORINE 103. CLOSED 62. CODE 104. CONDUCTIVITY 	117. EQUAL
199. A	102. CHILL	258. ERROR
200. A-M	234. CHILLER	119. EVENT
201. ABOVE	235. CHLORIDE	121. EXCEEDS
202. ACCUMULATE	236. CHLORINE	120. EXTERNAL
203 ACKNOWLEDGE	103 CLOSED	259 F
90 ACRE	62 CODE	122 FAHRENHEIT
204 ADDITION	62. CODE 104. CONDUCTIVITY 237. CONTACT	260 FAILED
205 ADDITIONAL	237 CONTACT	261 FAILURE
36 AGAIN	238 CORRECTED	123 FALL
206 AGO	230 CROSSING	262 FALLING
01 AIR		124 FEET
$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1$	238. CORRECTED 239. CROSSING 105. CUBIC 106. CURRENT	124. FEDI 15 FIFTEEN
92. ALAKIVI 207 ALI	240 CVCLES	$13. \Gamma \Gamma \Gamma E E N$ $22 E E T V$
207. ALL	240. CICLES	$25. \Gamma \Gamma \Gamma \Gamma \Gamma \Gamma \\ 262 \Gamma \Pi \Gamma \Gamma \\ \Gamma \Gamma \Gamma \\ \Gamma \Gamma \\ \Gamma \\ \Gamma \\ \Gamma \\ \Gamma \\$
208. ANIMONIUM	241. D	$\frac{205. \text{ FIKS I}}{5}$
59. AND	114. D-U	5. FIVE
209. APPROACH	107. DAM	58. FLAG
93. ARE	108. DATA	52. FLAGS
210. AREA	109. DATALOGGER	125. FLOW
94. AT	110. DAY	264. FLUORIDE
211. AVAILABLE	242. DAYS	45. FOLLOWING
95. AVERAGE	87. DEGREES	22. FORTY
212. В	243. DELTA	4. FOUR
213. BACK-UP	111. DEPTH	14. FOURTEEN
96. BAROMETRIC	112. DEVIATION	265. FREEZER
97. BARS	33. DEW	266. FREQUENCY
98. BATTERY	105. COBIC 106. CURRENT 240. CYCLES 241. D 114. D-O 107. DAM 108. DATA 109. DATALOGGER 110. DAY 242. DAYS 87. DEGREES 243. DELTA 111. DEPTH 112. DEVIATION 33. DEW 244. DING 113. DIRECTION 38. DISCONNECT 245. DISTRICT 246. DIVERSION 247. DOCK 248. DOOR 115. DOWN 116. DRAW 249. DURING 250. E 118. E-T-O 80. E08'S	267. FRIDAY
214. BAY	113. DIRECTION	126. FROM
215. BE	38. DISCONNECT	268. FUEL
216. BEAVER	245. DISTRICT	269. G
217. BEDS	246. DIVERSION	127. GALLONS
218. BEHIND	247. DOCK	270. GAS
219. BELOW	248. DOOR	271. GATE
220. BIG	115. DOWN	272. GAUGE
221. BILLION	116. DRAW	273. GENERATOR
222. BLAST	249. DURING	274. GOING
223. BOILER	250. E	275. GOOD
224. BUILDING	118. E-T-O	70. GOODBYE
66. BY	80. E08'S	276. GRADIENT
225. C	251. EAST	128. GRAM
226. C-O	252. EASTERN	277. GRASS
227. CALCIUM	253. EFFLUENT	278. GROUND
99. CALIBRATE	8. EIGHT	279. H
228. CALL	18. EIGHTEEN	280. H-2-S
73. CALLBACK	26. EIGHTY	280. H 2 B 281. HAD
229. CALLS	254. ELECTRON	282. HARDNESS
88. CAMPBELL	255. ELEVATION	282. HARDNESS 283. HAS
230. CAN	11. ELEVEN	283. HASH
100. CELSIUS	256. EMPTIED	41. HAVE
231. CEMENT	250. EMPTIED 257. ENGINE	TI. HAVE
101. CENTI	68. ENTER	
232. CENTRAL		
232. CENTKAL	76. EPROM	

285. HEAD	144. METERS
34. HEAR	145. MICRO
286. HEAT	315. MID
129. HELLO	316. MID-MOUNTAIN
287. HERTZ	317. MIDNIGHT
49. HIGH	146. MILES
288. HOLD	147. MILLI
289. HOT	30. MILLION
131. HOUR	148. MINIMUM
200 HOURS	67. MINUS
290. HOURS 132. HUMIDITY 28. HUNDRED 291. HYDROLOGIC	149. MINUTE
	318. MINUTES
28. HUNDRED	210 MODEM
291. HYDROLOGIC	319. MODEM
292. I	150. MOISTURE
133. IN	320. MONDAY
134. INCHES	43. MONITOR
293. INDEX	151. MONTH
294. ING	321. MOUNT
	322. MOUNTAIN
295. INTAKE	152. MULTIPLIER
135. INTERNAL	323. N
296. INTRUDER	
297. IRRADIANT	324. NEEDS
298. IRRIGATION	325. NETWORK
85. IS	153. NEW
299. IT	326. NEXT
300. J	9. NINE
301. K	19. NINETEEN
44. KEY	27. NINETY
136. KILO	327. NITRATE
77. KILOBYTES	
302. KNOTS	329. NO
303. L	330. NOON
304. LAKE	331. NORTH
137. LAST	332. NOT
305. LAYER	79. NUMBER
138. LEVEL	333. O
306. LINE	60. OF
139. LITER	155. OFF
307. LOAD	156. OFFSET
308. LOCATED	334. OK
309. LOCATION	157. ON
57. LOCATIONS	1. ONE
310. LOGAN	158. OPEN
50. LOW	335. OR
311. M	336. OUT
312. M-R-P	159. OVERFLOW
313. MANAGEMENT	82. OVERRUNS
141. MAXIMUM	337. OZONE
78. MEMORY	338. P
314. MENDON	163. P-H
35. MENU	339. P-M
142. MERCURY	167. P-S-I
72. MESSAGE	340. PACIFIC
143. METER	341. PARAMETER

160. PARTS 342. PAST 343. PEAK 344. PENDING 161. PER 162. PERCENT 345. PHONE 346. PLANT 65. PLEASE 64. POINT 347. POND 55. PORT 53. PORTS 348. POTASSIUM 32. POUND 349. POWDER 350. POWER 164. PRECIPITATION 351. PREHEAT 31. PRESS 165. PRESSURE 47. PREVIOUS 352. PROBE 353. PRODUCT 74. PROGRAM 166. PROGRESS 354. PUMP 355. Q 356. QUALITY 357. QUIT 358. R 173. R-P-M 359. RACE 360. RADIAL 168. RADIATION 169. RAIN 361. RANGE 170. RATE 362. REACHED 363. READING 364. RECEIVED 171. REFERENCE 172. RELATIVE 365. RESERVOIR 140. RESET 366. RESIDUAL 46. RETURN 84. REVISION 367. RISING 368. RIVER 369. ROAD 370. ROOM

371. RUN	397. TAIL 86. TEMPERATURE	428. X
372. RUNOFF	86. TEMPERATURE	429. Y
373. S	10. TEN	430. YEAR
374. S-O-2	398. TESTING	431. YESTERDAY
174. SAMPLE	10. TEN 398. TESTING 399. THANK 400. THAT	39. YOU
375. SATURDAY	400. THAT	63. YOUR
89. SCIENTIFIC	40. THE 13. THIRTEEN	432. Z
175. SECOND	13. THIRTEEN	0. ZERO
176. SECONDS	21. THIRTY	
61. SECURITY	401. THIS	
 SCIENTIFIC SECOND SECONDS SECURITY SEDIMENT SELECTED 	29. THOUSAND	
42. SELECTED	3. THREE	
42. SELECTED 69. SELECTION 377 SENSOR	402. THRESHOLD	
378. SENSORS	403. THURSDAY	
130. SET	188. TIME	
7. SEVEN	404. TING	
17. SEVENTEEN	405. TO	
25. SEVENTY	406. TODAY	
379. SHAFT		
177. SIEMENS		
75. SIGNATURE	408. TOTAL	
380. SINCE	409. TRIGGERED	
380. SINCE178. SITE6. SIX	410. TUESDAY	
6. SIX	189. TURBIDITY	
16. SIXTEEN	12. TWELVE	
24. SIXTY	20. TWENTY	
381. SKIING 382. SMOG 179. SNOW	2. TWO	
382. SMOG	411. U	
179. SNOW	412. ULTRAVIOLET	
 179. SNOW 383. SODIUM 180. SOIL 181. SOLAR 384. SONAR 385. SOUTH 182. SPEED 386. SPILL 182. SOUADED 	413. UNITS	
180. SOIL	414. UP	
181. SOLAR	415. V	
384. SONAR	416. V-O-C	
385. SOUTH	417. VALUE	
182. SPEED	190. VELOCITY	
386. SPILL	83. VERSION	
183. SQUARED	418. VERTICAL	
184. STAGE	419. VIA	
185. STANDARD	191. VOLTAGE	
37. STAR	192. VOLTS	
387. STATES	420. W	
186. STATION	193. WARNING	
48. STATUS	421. WAS	
187. STORM	194. WATER	
388. STREAMBED	195. WATTS	
389. SUMMIT	422. WE	
390. SUMP	196. WEATHER	
391. SUNBURN		
	424. WELCOME	
393. SURFACE		
394. SURFACTANCE		
395. SYSTEM	426. WHAT	
396. T	198. WIND	
81. TABLE	427. WITH	

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Campbell Scientific, Inc. (CSI)

815 West 1800 North Logan, Utah 84321 UNITED STATES www.campbellsci.com info@campbellsci.com

Campbell Scientific Africa Pty. Ltd. (CSAf)

PO Box 2450 Somerset West 7129 SOUTH AFRICA www.csafrica.co.za sales@csafrica.co.za

Campbell Scientific Australia Pty. Ltd. (CSA)

PO Box 444 Thuringowa Central QLD 4812 AUSTRALIA www.campbellsci.com.au info@campbellsci.com.au

Campbell Scientific do Brazil Ltda. (CSB)

Rua Luisa Crapsi Orsi, 15 Butantã CEP: 005543-000 São Paulo SP BRAZIL www.campbellsci.com.br suporte@campbellsci.com.br

Campbell Scientific Canada Corp. (CSC)

11564 - 149th Street NW Edmonton, Alberta T5M 1W7 CANADA www.campbellsci.ca dataloggers@campbellsci.ca

Campbell Scientific Ltd. (CSL)

Campbell Park 80 Hathern Road Shepshed, Loughborough LE12 9GX UNITED KINGDOM www.campbellsci.co.uk sales@campbellsci.co.uk

Campbell Scientific Ltd. (France)

Miniparc du Verger - Bat. H 1, rue de Terre Neuve - Les Ulis 91967 COURTABOEUF CEDEX FRANCE www.campbellsci.fr campbell.scientific@wanadoo.fr

Campbell Scientific Spain, S. L.

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