

# Installation, Start-Up and Service Instructions

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# SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Install and servicing air-conditioning equipment can be hazardous due to system pressure and electrical components. Only trained and qualified service personnel should install or service air-conditioning equipment

Untrained personnel may perform basic maintenance such as cleaning and replacing filters. All other operations should be performed by trained service personnel. When working on air-conditioning equipment, observe safety precautions in literature, and on tags and labels attached to unit.

Follow all safety codes. Wear safety glasses and work gloves. Use quenching cloth for brazing operations. Have a fire extinguisher available. Read these instructions thoroughly. Consult local building codes and National Electrical Code (NEC, U.S.A. Standard) for special installation requirements.

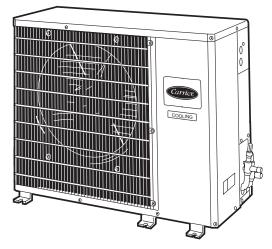


Fig. 1 — 38HDL Condensing Unit

# A WARNING

Before installing or servicing system, always turn off main power to system. There may be more than one disconnect switch. Turn off accessory heater power if applicable. Electrical shock can cause personal injury.

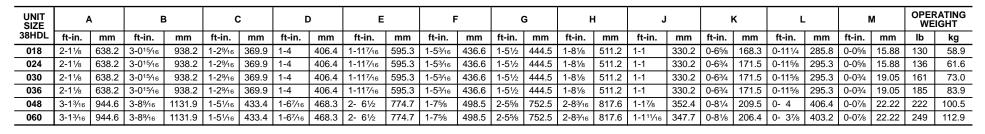
# Step 1 — Complete Pre-Installation Checks

UNPACK UNIT - Move unit to final location. Remove carton from unit, being careful not to damage service valves or grilles.

INSPECT SHIPMENT — File claim with shipping company if shipment is damaged or incomplete. Check unit nameplate to ensure unit matches job requirements.

CONSIDER SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS - Consult local building codes and NEC for special installation requirements.

Allow sufficient space for airflow clearance, wiring, refrigerant piping, and servicing unit. See Fig. 1 and 2. Unit can be mounted on a level pad directly on base legs or mounted on raised pads at support points. See Fig. 2 for center of gravity.



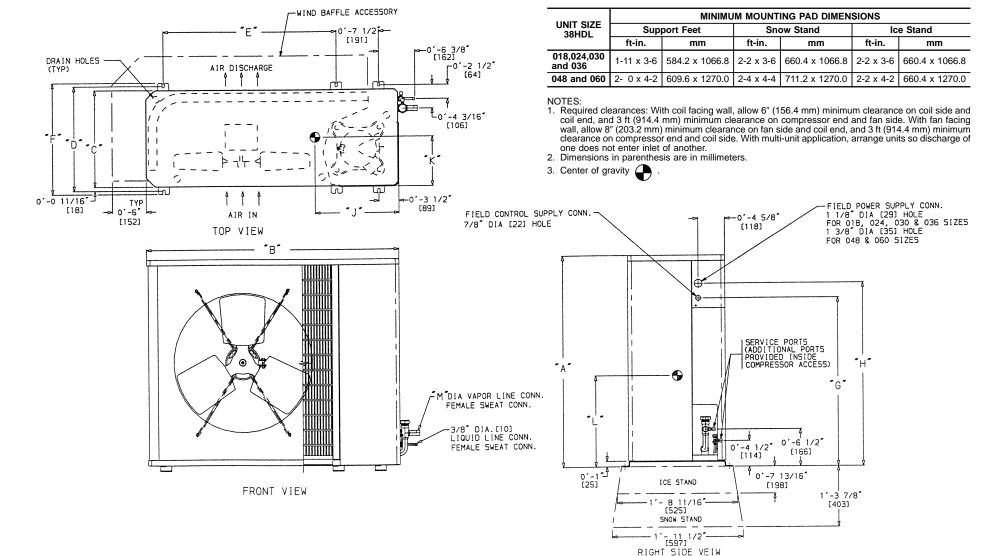


Fig. 2 — 38HDL018-060 — Dimensional Drawing

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# Step 2 — Rig and Mount Unit

MOUNTING ON GROUND — Mount unit on a solid, level concrete pad. Position unit so water or ice from roof does not fall directly into unit. Field-fabricated stacking kits can be used when units are to be stacked. If conditions or local codes require unit to be fastened to a pad, 6 field-supplied tiedown bolts should be used and fastened through slots provided in unit mounting feet.

MOUNTING ON ROOF — Mount unit on level platform or frame at least 6 in. (154 mm) above roof surface. Isolate unit and tubing from structure.

#### RIGGING

#### **A** CAUTION

Be sure unit panels are securely in place prior to rigging.

Keep unit upright. Lift unit using sling. Use cardboard or padding under sling, and spreader bars to prevent sling damage to unit. See Fig. 3. See Fig. 2 for center of gravity reference. Install unit so coil does not face into prevailing winds. If this is not possible and constant winds above 25 mph are expected, use field-fabricated wind baffle.

NOTE: Field-fabricated wind baffles should be used on all units with accessory low-ambient control.

Field-fabricated snow stand may be used to raise unit when operation will be required during the winter. Units may also be wall mounted using the accessory wall mounting kit.

Step 3 — Complete Refrigerant Piping Connec-

**tions** — Outdoor units may be connected to indoor units using field-supplied tubing of refrigerant grade and condition. See Tables 1A and 1B for correct line sizes. Do not use less than 10 ft (3 m) of interconnecting tubing.

# **A** CAUTION

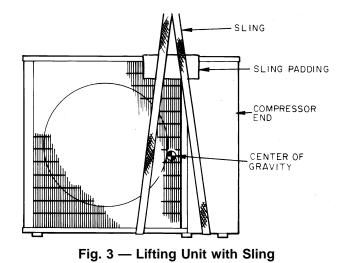
DO NOT BURY MORE THAN 36 IN. (922 mm) OF REFRIGERANT PIPE IN THE GROUND. If any section of pipe is buried, there must be a 6 in. (154 m) vertical rise to the valve connections on the outdoor unit. If more than the recommended length is buried, refrigerant may migrate to the cooler, buried section during extended periods of system shutdown. This causes refrigerant slugging and could damage compressor at start-up.

When more than 50 ft (15.2 m) of interconnecting tubing and more than 30 ft (9.1 m) of vertical lift is used, refer to Part 3 of the Carrier System Design Manual for design details, or contact your local distributor.

If either refrigerant tubing or indoor coil is exposed to atmospheric conditions for longer than 5 minutes, it must be evacuated to 1000 microns to eliminate contamination and moisture in the system.

Run refrigerant tubes as directly as possible, avoiding unnecessary turns and bends. Suspend refrigerant tubes so they do not damage insulation on vapor tube and do not transmit vibration to the structure. Also, when passing refrigerant tubes through the wall, seal opening so that vibration is not transmitted to structure. Leave some slack in refrigerant tubes between structure and outdoor unit to absorb vibration. Refer to separate indoor unit installation instructions for additional information.

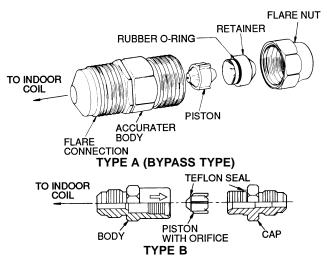
CHECK ACCURATER<sup>®</sup> CONTROL — The correct AccuRater (bypass type) refrigerant control is required for cooling system capacity optimization. An AccuRater device



with field-replaceable piston should be supplied with the indoor unit. Refer to AccuRater metering device table in separate indoor unit installation instructions to determine the correct AccuRater piston size required for the condenser/evaporator system being installed.

Note that one of 2 types of the AccuRater devices can be found on the indoor unit. See Fig. 4. Do not interchange components between AccuRater device types. Matching of outdoor unit with indoor unit may require field replacement of piston. Replace piston, if required, before connecting refrigerant lines. Piston replacement instructions are included in the indoor unit installation instructions. After system installation is complete, see Refrigerant charging section on page 8 to check and/or adjust refrigerant charge.

The 38HDL018-060 units may also be installed with units using a thermostatic expansion valve (TXV). If a TXV is used, be sure to remove the piston from the indoor coil. See installation instructions shipped with the TXV for proper positioning and adjustment.



NOTE: Arrow on AccuRater body points in free-flow direction, away from the indoor coil.

#### Fig. 4 — AccuRater Metering Device Components

MAKE PIPING SWEAT CONNECTIONS — Remove plastic caps from liquid and suction service valves. Use refrigerant grade tubing. Service valves are closed from the factory and ready for brazing. After wrapping the service valve

with a wet cloth, the tubing set can be brazed to the service valve using either silver bearing or non-silver bearing brazing material. Consult local code requirements. Refrigerant tubing and indoor coil are ready for leak testing.

NOTE: Unit is shipped with R-22 full factory charge indicated on nameplate.

Pass nitrogen or other inert gas through piping while brazing to prevent formation of copper oxide.

### **A** CAUTION

To avoid damage while brazing, service valves should be wrapped in a heat-sinking material such as a wet cloth.

# **A** CAUTION

When brazing tubing sets to the service valves, a brazing shield must be used to prevent damage to the painted unit surface.

PROVIDE SAFETY RELIEF — A fusible plug is located in unit suction line; do not cap this plug. If local code requires additional safety devices, install as directed.

# Step 4 — Make Electrical Connections

# A WARNING

Unit cabinet must have an uninterrupted, unbroken electrical ground to minimize the possibility of personal injury if an electrical fault should occur. This ground may consist of electrical wire connected to the unit ground lug in control compartment, or conduit approved for electrical ground when installed in accordance with NEC, ANSI/NFPA (American National Standards Institute/National Fire Protection Association) 70 (U.S.A. Standards), and local electrical codes. Failure to follow this warning could result in the installer being liable for personal injury to others.

# **A** CAUTION

Unit failure as a result of operation on improper line voltage or excessive phase imbalance constitutes abuse and may cause damage to electrical components. Such operation will invalidate any applicable Carrier warranty.

POWER WIRING — Unit is factory-wired for voltage shown on nameplate. Provide adequate, fused disconnect switch within sight of unit, readily accessible but out of reach of children. Provision for locking the switch open (off) is advisable to prevent power from being turned on while unit is being serviced. Disconnect switch, fuses, and field wiring must be

in compliance with NEC (U.S.A. Standard) and applicable local codes. Use minimum 60 C wire for field power connection.

Route power wires through opening in the unit side panel and connect in unit control box as shown on unit label diagram and Fig. 5 and 6. Unit must be grounded.

CONTROL CIRCUIT WIRING - Control voltage is 24 v. See Fig. 5 and unit label diagram for field-supplied wiring details. Route control wire through opening in the unit side panel to connection in unit control box.

NOTE: For wire runs up to 50 ft (15 m), use no. 18 AWG (American Wire Gage) insulated wire (35 C minimum). For 50 to 75 ft (15 to 23 m), use no. 16 AWG insulated wire. For more than 75 ft (23 m), use no. 14 AWG insulated wire. See Table 2 for conversion to European wire sizes.

NOTE: Operation of unit on improper line voltage constitutes abuse and could affect Carrier warranty. See Table 3. Do not install unit in system where voltage may fluctuate above or below permissible limits.

See Table 3 for recommended fuse sizes. When making electrical connections, provide clearance at unit for refrigerant piping connections.

Use indoor unit transformer as 24-v (40-va minimum) supply for system as shown in Fig. 5 or use accessory transformer.

#### A WARNING

Before performing service or maintenance, be sure the indoor unit main power switch is off and indoor blower has completely stopped. Failure to do so may result in electrical shock or injury from rotating fan blades.

CONNECTIONS TO DUCT-FREE FAN COIL UNITS -The 38HDL units are designed for easy match-up to 40QAB, 40QKB, and 40QNB018,024 duct-free fan coils. These units provide 24-v power for the outdoor unit from the fan coil. Connect the Y and C terminals of the indoor unit to the blue and brown wires of the outdoor unit with 20 gage (minimum) thermostat wire.

Step 5 — Accessory Installation — Install all unit accessories per accessory installation instructions prior to start-up.

Do not use accessory Time Guard® II device when combining a 38HDL unit with 40QNB indoor units.

When ambient temperature will fall below 55 F (13 C), accessory low ambient controller (part no. 53DS900060) is required. When accessory low ambient kit is used, unit should also be equipped with accessory winter start kit and fieldfabricated wind baffles.

# Table 1A — Physical Data (English)

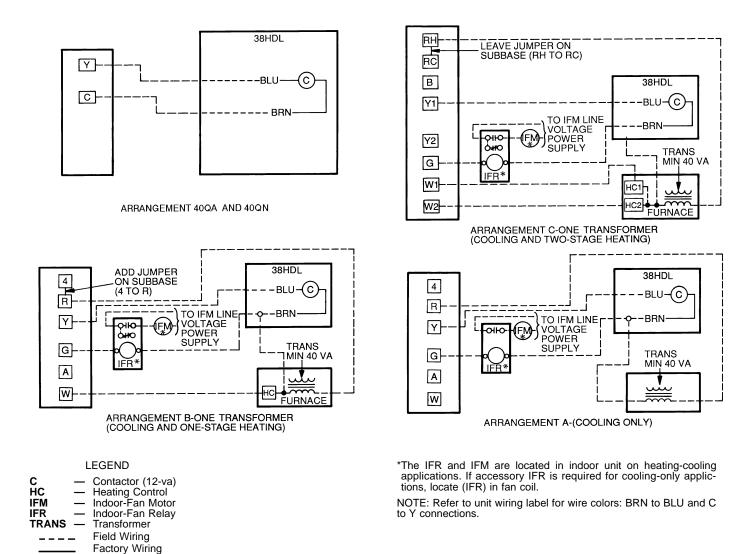
UNIT 38HDL	018	024	030	036	048	060								
NOMINAL CAPACITY (Btuh)	18,000	24,000	30,000	36,000	48,000	60,000								
UNIT OPERATING WEIGHT (Ib)	130	136	161	185	222	249								
COMPRESSOR			Herr	netic	•	•								
Туре	Copeland Scroll	Copeland Scroll	Copeland Scroll	Tecumseh Reciprocating	Copeland Scroll	Copeland Scroll								
Model Oil (oz) Initial/Recharge	ZR18KC-PFV 25/21	ZR24KC-PFV 25/21	ZR28KC-PFV 38/34	AV5535G 54/50	ZR47KC-PFV 42/38	ZR57KC-PFV 56/52								
OUTDOOR FAN		183 183 183 183 243 243												
Rpm Diameter (in.)No. of Blades						850 243								
Fan Pitch (Dég)	25	27	27	31	24	24								
Motor Hp Nominal Airflow (Cfm)	<sup>1</sup> /8 1720	<sup>1/8</sup> 1720	<sup>1/8</sup> 1720	<sup>1</sup> /8 1720	<sup>1/4</sup> 3900	<sup>1/4</sup> 3900								
OUTDOOR COIL			uminum Plate Fin											
Face Area (sq ft)No. of Rows Fins per in.	6.11 20	6.11.5 20	6.12 20	6.12 20	12.31.5 20	12.31.75 20								
CONTROLS PRESSURESTAT SETTINGS Low Pressure Cutout (psig) Cut-In (psig) Fusible Plug			22	± 3 ± 5 0 F										

NOTE: Line sizes are for runs up to 25 feet.

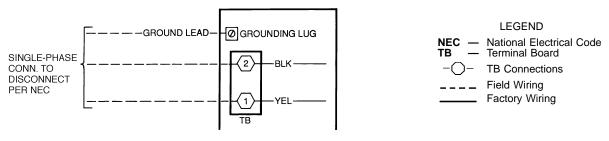
		-		-								
UNIT 38HDL	018	024	030	036	048	060						
NOMINAL CAPACITY (kW)	5.3	7.0	8.8	10.5	14.1	17.6						
UNIT OPERATING WEIGHT (kg)	58.9	61.6	73.0	83.9	100.6	112.9						
COMPRESSOR			Herr	netic								
Туре	Copeland	Copeland	Copeland	Tecumseh	Copeland	Copeland						
<b></b>	Scroll	Scroll	Scroll	Reciprocating	Scroll	Scroll						
Model	ZR18KC-PFV	ZR24KC-PFV	ZR28KC-PFV	AV5535G	ZR47KC-PFV	ZR57KC-PFV 1.66/1.54						
Oil (L) Initial/Recharge	.74/.62											
OUTDOOR FAN			ropeller Type, Dire									
R/s	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2						
Diameter (mm)No. of Blades	4573	4573	4573	4573	6103	6103						
Fan Pitch (Deg)	25	27	27	31	24	24						
Motor kW Nominal Airflow (L/s)	.13 812	.09 812	.09 812	.09 812	.19 1840	.19 1840						
	012	012	-	-	1040	1040						
				minum Plate Fin								
Face Area (m <sup>2</sup> )No. of Rows	.571	.571.5	.572	.572	1.141.5	1.141.75						
Fins per mm	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8						
CONTROLS PRESSURESTAT												
SETTINGS												
Low Pressure			10	04								
Cutout (kPa)				± 21 ± 34								
Cut-In (kPa) Fusible Plug				± 34 C								
i usible riug	1		99	0								

Table 1B — Physical Data (SI)

NOTE: Line sizes are for runs up to 7.6 m.









AME	RICAN	EUROPEAN
Industry Standard Size	American Conversion (mm)	Industry Standard Size (mm <sup>2</sup> )
18 AWG 16 AWG 14 AWG 12 AWG 10 AWG 8 AWG 6 AWG 3 AWG 2 AWG 1 AWG 2/0 AWG 3/0 AWG 4/0 AWG	$\begin{array}{c} 0.82\\ 1.30\\ 2.08\\ 3.30\\ 5.25\\ 6.36\\ 13.29\\ 21.14\\ 26.65\\ 33.61\\ 42.39\\ 53.49\\ 67.42\\ 85.00\\ 107.19\end{array}$	1.0 1.5 2.5 4.0 6.0 10.0 16.0 25.0  35.0 50.0  70.0 95.0 120.0
250 kcmil 300 kcmil 350 kcmil 400 kcmil 500 kcmil 600 kcmil	126.64 151.97 177.90 202.63 253.29 303.95	150.0 

#### Table 2 — American/European Wire Conversions

LEGEND

AWG — American Wire Gage

**kcmil** — Thousand Circular Mils

#### START-UP

#### **Preliminary Checks**

- 1. Check that all internal wiring connections are tight and that barriers, covers, and panels are in place.
- 2. Make certain field electrical power source agrees with unit nameplate rating.
- 3. Open all service valves.

**Leak Test** — Field piping and fan coil must be leak tested by pressure method described in Carrier Standard Service Techniques Manual, Chapter 1, Section 1-6. Use R-22 at approximately 25 psig (172 kPa) backed up with an inert gas to a total pressure not to exceed 245 psig (1690 kPa).

**Evacuate and Dehydrate** — Field piping and fan coil must be evacuated and dehydrated by either of the methods described in Carrier Standard Service Techniques Manual, Chapter 1, Section 1-7.

**Charge System** — Release factory charge into system by opening (backseating) liquid and suction line service valves. Add charge amount as required for the total system. Refer to separate indoor unit installation instructions for the required total system charge when connected to the indoor unit.

# **To Start Unit**

NOTE: When using in conjunction with 40QAB, 40QKB, or 40QNB fan coils, refer to start-up instructions included with fan coil for correct start-up procedures.

Be sure that field disconnect is closed. Set room thermostat below ambient temperature. Operate unit for 15 minutes, then check system refrigerant charge. See Refrigerant Charging section on page 8.

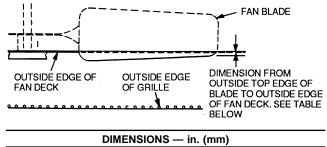
Unit compressor starts after a 5-minute delay if equipped with accessory Time Guard<sup>®</sup> II device.

#### SERVICE

# 

Before performing recommended maintenance, be sure unit main power switch is off. Failure to do so may result in electrical shock or injury from rotating fan blade.

**Outdoor Fan** — A reinforced wire mount holds the outdoor fan assembly in place. See Fig. 7 for proper mounting positions.



DIMENSIONS — in. (mm)       38HDL018     38HDL024-036     38HDL048-060       0.433 (11)     0.709 (18)     0.16 (4)							
38HDL018	38HDL024-036	38HDL048-060					
0.433 (11)	0.709 (18)	0.16 (4)					

Fig. 7 — Condenser Fan Mounting Positions

**High-Pressure Relief Valve** — Valve is located in compressor. Relief valve opens at a pressure differential of approximately  $450 \pm 50$  psig ( $3100 \pm 345$  kPa) between suction (low side) and discharge (high side) to allow pressure equilization.

#### Internal Current and Temperature Sensitive Over-

**load** — Control resets automatically when internal compressor motor temperature drops to a safe level (overloads may require up to 45 minutes to reset). When an internal overload is suspected of being open, check by using an ohmmeter or continuity tester. If necessary, refer to Carrier Standard Systems Techniques Manual, Chapter 2, for complete information.

**Pumpdown Procedure** — The system may be pumped down in order to make repairs on low side without losing complete refrigerant charge.

To pumpdown:

- 1. Attach pressure gage to suction service valve gage port.
- 2. Frontseat the liquid line valve.

#### **A** CAUTION

The 38HDL unit coils hold only the factory-designated amount of refrigerant. Additional refrigerant may cause units to relieve pressure through compressor internal pressure relief valve (indicated by sudden rise of suction pressure) before suction pressure reaches 5 psig (34 kPa). If this occurs, shut off unit immediately, then frontseat the suction valve and remove and reclaim excess refrigerant following accepted practice.

- 3. Start unit and run until suction pressure reaches 5 psig (34 kPa).
- 4. Shut unit off and frontseat suction valve.
- 5. Depressurize low side of unit and recover refrigerant following accepted practice.

UNIT SIZE	V-PH-Hz		TIONAL AGE*	СОМРЕ	RESSOR	POWER SUPPLY					
38HDL	V-F-1-112	Min	Мах	RLA	LRA	Fan FLA	MCA	Max Fuse† or HACR-Type Ckt Bkr Amps			
018				10.7	47.0	.70	14.1	25			
024				13.2	59.0	.70	17.2	30			
030	208/230-1-60	187	254	15.7	73.0	.70	20.3	35			
036	200/230-1-00	107	234	14.2	86.7	.70	18.5	30			
048				24.3	131.0	1.45	31.8	50			
060				28.6	170.0	1.45	37.2	65			

I FGFND

Full Load Amps FLA Heating, Air Conditioning, Refrigeration Locked Rotor Amps HACR —

LRA

MCA Minimum Circuit Amps per NEC Section 430-24 \_

National Electrical Code (U.S.A. Standard) NEC

Rated Load Amps (Compressor) RLA

\*Permissible limits of the voltage range at which unit will operate satisfactorily.

†Time-delay fuse.

NOTES:

1. Control circuit is 24 v on all units and requires an external power source.

Low Pressure Switch — This switch, mounted on the suction line, has fixed non-adjustable settings. To check pressure switch, attach pressure gage to suction service valve gage port. Slowly close liquid shutoff valve and allow compressor to pump down. Do not allow compressor to pump down below 2 psig (14 kPa). Compressor should shut down when suction pressure drops to cutout pressure in Tables 1A and 1B, and should restart when pressure builds up to cut-in pressure shown after accessory CLO (compressor lockout) switch has been reset and accessory Time Guard® II device has completed its timing cycle.

**Service Valves** — The service valves in the outdoor unit come from the factory frontseated. This means the refrigerant charge is isolated from the line-set connection ports. To prevent damage to the valve, use a wet cloth or other acceptable heat sink material on the valve before brazing.

The service valves must be backseated (turned counterclockwise until seated) before the service port caps can be removed and the hoses of the gage manifold connected. In this position, refrigerant has access from the through outdoor and indoor unit. The service valve cannot be field repaired; only a complete valve or valve stem seal and service port caps are available for replacement.

AccuRater<sup>®</sup> (Bypass Type) Device — See Fig. 4 for bypass type AccuRater device components. The piston has a refrigerant metering hole through it. The retainer forms a stop for the piston in the refrigerant bypass mode and a sealing surface for liquid line flare connection. To check, clean or replace piston:

- 1. Shut off power to unit.
- 2. Pump down using Pumpdown Procedure section on page 7.
- 3. Remove liquid line flare connection from AccuRater device.
- 4. Pull retainer out of body, being careful not to scratch flare sealing surface. If retainer does not pull out easily, carefully use locking pliers to remove retainer.
- 5. Slide piston out by inserting a small soft wire, with small kinks, through metering hole. Ensure metering hole, sealing surface around piston cones, and fluted portion of piston are not damaged.
- 6. Clean piston refrigerant metering hole.

All motors and compressors contain internal overload protection.
In compliance with NEC (U.S.A. Standard) requirements for mul-

timotor and combination load equipment (refer to NEC Articles 430 and 440), the overcurrent protective device for the unit shall be fuse or HACR breaker.

4. Motor RLA values are established in accordance with UL (Underwriters' Laboratories) Standard 465 (U.S.A. Standard).



7. Replace retainer O-ring before reassembling AccuRater device (O-ring part no. 99CC501052).

# **Refrigerant Charging**

# A WARNING

To prevent personal injury, wear safety glasses and gloves when handling refrigerant. Do not overcharge system this can cause compressor flooding.

NOTE: Do not vent or depressurize unit refrigerant to atmosphere. Remove and reclaim refrigerant following practice.

SUPERHEAT METHOD (COOLING, NON-TXV) — To check and adjust charge during cooling season, use Tables 4A-5B and the following procedure:

- 1. Operate unit a minimum of 15 minutes before checking charge.
- 2. Measure suction pressure by attaching a gage to suction valve service port.
- 3. Measure suction line temperature by attaching a service thermometer to unit suction line near suction valve. Insulate thermometer for accurate readings.
- 4. Measure outdoor coil inlet-air dry bulb temperature with a second thermometer.
- 5. Measure indoor coil inlet-air wet bulb temperature with a sling psychrometer.
- 6. Refer to Tables 4A and 4B. Find air temperature entering outdoor coil and wet-bulb temperature entering indoor coil. At this intersection, note the superheat temperature.
- 7. Refer to Tables 5A and 5B. Find superheat temperature and suction pressure and note suction line temperature.
- 8. If unit has higher suction line temperature than charted temperature, add refrigerant until charted temperature, add refrigerant until charted temperature is reached.
- 9. If unit has lower suction line temperature than charted temperature, remove and recover refrigerant until charted temperature is reached.
- 10. If air temperature entering outdoor coil or pressure at suction valve changes, charge to new suction line temperature indicated on chart.

NOTE: The above procedure is independent of indoor air quantity.

SUBCOOLING METHOD (COOLING, TXV) - To check and adjust charge during cooling season, use Tables 6A and 6B and the following procedure:

- 1. Operate unit a minimum of 15 minutes before checking charge.
- 2. Measure liquid line temperature near liquid line service valve, and measure liquid pressure at liquid line service valve. Use a digital thermometer for all temperature measurements. DO NOT use mercury or dial-type thermometers.
- 3. Refer to Tables 6A and 6B. Find temperature point at which the required subcooling temperature intersects the measured liquid line pressure.
- 4. If the measured liquid line temperature does not agree with the required liquid line temperature, ADD refrigerant to lower the temperature, or REMOVE refrigerant to raise the temperature (allow a tolerance of  $\pm 3$  F).

#### Table 4A — Superheat Charging Table — English (Superheat Entering Suction Service Valve)

OUTDOOR			ND	DOF	2 2	ЭIL	ENT	ER	NG	AIR	(F)	WE	3	
TEMP (F)	50	52	54	56	58	60	62	64	66	68	70	72	74	76
55	9	12	14	17	20	23	26	29	32	35	37	40	42	45
60	7	10	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	35	38	40	43
65	*	6	10	13	16	19	21	24	27	30	33	36	38	41
70	*	*	7	10	13	16	19	21	24	27	30	33	36	39
75	*	*	*	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	28	31	34	37
80	*	*	*	*	5	8	12	15	18	21	25	28	31	35
85	*	*	*	*	*	*	8	11	15	19	22	26	30	33
90	*	*	*	*	*	*	5	9	13	16	20	24	27	31
95	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	6	10	14	18	22	25	29
100	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	8	12	15	20	23	27
105	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	5	9	13	17	22	26
110	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	6	11	15	20	25
115	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	8	14	18	23

LEGEND

WB - Wet Bulb

\*Do not attempt to charge system under these conditions or refrigerant slugging may occur.

#### Table 4B — Superheat Charging Table — SI (Superheat Entering Suction Service Valve)

OUTDOOR		I	ND	DOF		)IL I	ENT	ERI	NG	AIR	(C)	WE	3	
TEMP (C)	10	11	12	13	14	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
13	5	7	8	9	11	13	14	16	18	19	21	22	23	25
16	4	6	7	8	10	12	13	15	17	18	19	21	22	24
18	*	3	6	7	9	11	12	13	15	17	18	20	21	23
21	*	*	4	6	7	9	11	12	13	15	17	18	20	22
24	*	*	*	3	5	7	8	10	12	13	16	17	19	21
27	*	*	*	*	3	4	7	8	10	12	14	16	17	19
29	*	*	*	*	*	*	4	6	8	11	12	14	17	18
32	*	*	*	*	*	*	3	5	7	9	11	13	15	17
35	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	3	6	8	10	12	14	16
38	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	4	7	8	11	13	15
41	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	3	5	7	9	12	14
43	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	3	6	8	11	14
46	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	4	8	10	13
	<u> </u>													

LEGEND

WB — Wet Bulb

\*Do not attempt to charge system under these conditions or refrigerant slugging may occur.

#### Table 5A — Required Suction-Tube Temperature (F) — English (Entering Suction Service Valve)

SUPERHEAT	SUC	TION	PRES	SURE	AT S	ERVI	CE P	ORT (	psig)	
TEMP (F)	61.5	64.2	67.1	70.0	73.0	76.0	79.2	82.4		
0	35	36	39	41	43	45	47	49	51	
2	37	39	41	43	43 45		49	51	53	
4	39	41	43	45	47	49	51	53	55	
6	41	43	45	47	49	51	53	55	57	
8	43	45	47	49	51	53	55	57	59	
10	45	47	49	51	53	55	57	59	61	
12	47	49	51	53	55	57	59	61	63	
14	49	51	53	55	57	59	61	63	65	
16	51 53		55	55 57 5	59	61	63	65	67	
18	53	55	57	59	61	63	65	67	69	
20	55	57	59	61 63	63	65 67	65	67	69	71
22	57	59	61	63	65			71 73	73	
24	59	61	63	65	67	69			75	
26	61	63	65	67	69	71	73	75	77	
28	63	65	67	69	71	73	75	77	79	
30	65	67	69	71	73	75	77	79	81	
32	67	69	71	73	75	77	79	81	83	
34	69	71	73	75	77	79	81	83	85	
36	71 73		75	77	79	81	83	85	87	
38	73	75	77	79	81	83	85	87	89	
40	75	77	79	81	83	85	87	89	91	

Table 5B — Required Suction-Tube Temperature (C)
— SI (Entering Suction Service Valve)

OUTDOOR	SUC	TION	PRES	SSURI	E AT S	SERVI	CE PO	ORT (	kPa)
TEMP (C)	424	443	463	483	503	524	546	568	591
0	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	11
1	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	11	12
2	4	5	6 7		8	9	11	12	13
3	5	6			9	11	12	13	14
4	6	7	8	9	11	12	13	14	15
6	7	8	9	11	12	13	14	15	16
7	8	9	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
8	9	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
9	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
10	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	21
11	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	21	22
12	14	15	16	17	18	19	21	22	23
13	15	16	17	18	19	21	22	23	24
14	16	17	18	19	21	22	23	24	25
16	17	18	19	21	22	23	24	25	26
17	18	19	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
18	19	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
19	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
20	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	31
21	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	31	32
22	24	25	26	27	28	29	31	32	33

#### MAINTENANCE

#### A WARNING

Before performing recommended maintenance, be sure unit main power is off. Failure to do so may result in electrical shock or injury from rotating fan blades.

#### Lubrication

FAN-MOTOR BEARINGS — Oiling holes are provided at each end of the condenser-fan motor. Remove fan motor and lubricate motor with 32 drops (16 drops per hole) of SAE-10 (Society of Automotive Engineers) non-detergent oil at intervals described below:

- Annually, when environment is very dirty, ambient temperature is higher than 105 F (40 C), and average unit operating time exceeds 15 hours a day, or
- Every three years, when environment is reasonably clean, ambient temperature is less than 105 F (40 C), and unit operating time averages 8 to 15 hours per day, or
- Every 5 years when environment is clean, ambient temperature is less than 105 F (40 C), and unit operating time averages less than 8 hours per day.

COMPRESSOR — Compressor contains factory oil charges; replace oil when lost. See Tables 1A and 1B for oil recharge and refer to Carrier Standard Service Techniques Manual, Chapter 1, pages 1 to 21 for oil recharging procedure. See Table 7 for recommended compressor oils.

**Cleaning Coils** — Coil should be washed out with water or blown out with compressed air. Note that the blow-thru design causes dirt and debris to build up on the inside of the coils.

Clean coil annually or as required by location and outdoor air conditions. Inspect coil monthly and clean as required. Fins are NOT continuous through coil sections. Dirt and debris may pass through the first section, become trapped between the rows of fins, and restrict condenser airflow. Use a flashlight to determine if dirt or debris has collected between coil sections. Clean coil as follows:

- 1. Turn off unit power.
- 2. Use a garden hose or other suitable equipment to flush coil from the outside to remove dirt. Be sure to flush all dirt and debris from drain holes in the base of unit. Fan motors are waterproof.

Table 6A — Required Liquid Line Temperature (F) — English (At Service Valve)

REQUIRED									LIQ	UID PF	RESSU	RE AT	SERVI	CE VAL	VE (P	SIG)								
SUBCOOLING (F)	134	141	148	156	163	171	179	187	196	205	214	223	233	243	253	264	274	285	297	309	321	331	346	359
0	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	97	100	103	106	109	112	115	118	121	124	127	130	133	136	139	142	145
5	71	74	77	80	83	86	89	92	95	98	101	104	107	110	113	116	119	122	125	128	131	134	137	140
10	66	69	72	75	78	81	84	87	90	93	96	99	102	105	108	111	117	120	123	126	129	129	132	135
15	61	64	67	70	73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	97	100	103	106	109	112	115	118	121	124	127	130
20	56	59	62	65	68	71	74	77	80	83	86	89	92	95	98	101	104	107	110	113	116	119	122	125
25	51	54	57	60	63	66	69	72	75	78	81	84	87	90	93	96	99	102	105	108	111	114	117	120

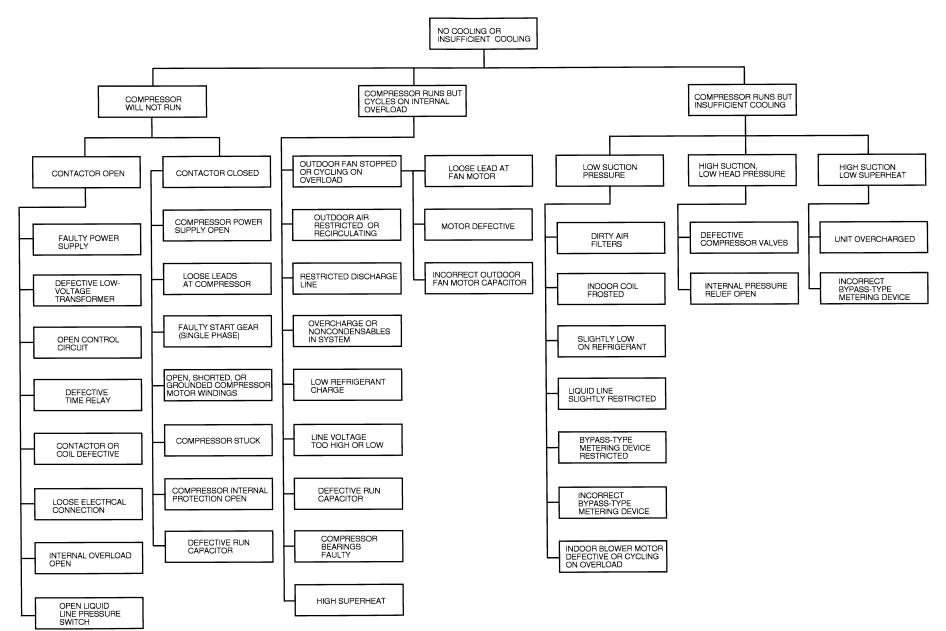
Table 6B — Required Liquid Line Temperature (C) — SI (At Service Valve)

REQUIRED	LIQUID PRESSURE AT SERVICE VALVE (PSIG)																							
SUBCOOLING (C)	911	969	1030	1061	1121	1186	1219	1286	1360	1397	1471	1547	1588	1671	1755	1800	1885	1976	2026	2125	2222	2264	2379	2475
0	24	26	28	29	31	33	34	36	38	39	41	43	44	46	48	49	51	53	54	56	58	59	61	63
2	22	24	26	27	29	31	32	34	36	37	39	41	42	44	46	47	49	51	52	54	56	57	59	61
4	20	22	24	25	27	29	30	32	34	35	37	39	40	42	44	45	47	49	50	52	54	55	57	59
6	18	20	22	23	25	27	28	30	32	33	35	37	38	40	42	43	45	47	48	50	52	53	55	57
8	16	18	20	21	23	25	26	28	30	31	33	35	36	38	40	41	43	45	46	48	50	51	53	55
10	14	16	18	19	21	23	24	26	28	29	31	33	34	36	38	39	41	43	44	46	48	49	51	53
12	12	14	16	17	19	21	22	24	26	27	29	31	32	34	36	37	39	41	42	44	46	47	49	51
14	10	12	14	15	17	19	20	22	24	25	27	29	30	32	34	35	37	39	40	42	44	45	47	49

Table 7 — Recommended Compressor Oils

RECOMMENDED	UNIT 38HDL									
OIL	018	024	030	036	048	060				
3GS Calumet RO-15				•						
Sontex 200LT	•	•	•		•	•				

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING CHART — COOLING CYCLE**



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