

Installation Instructions

NOTE: Read the entire instruction manual before starting the installation

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SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service, maintenance, or use can cause explosion, fire, electrical shock or other conditions which may cause personal injury or property damage. Consult a qualified installer, service agency, or your distributor or branch for information or assistance. The qualified installer or agency must use factory-authorized kits or accessories when modifying this product. Refer to the individual instructions packaged with the kits or accessories when installing.

Follow all safety codes. Wear safety glasses and work gloves. Use quenching cloths for brazing operations and have a fire extinguisher available. Read these instructions thoroughly and follow all warnings or cautions attached to the unit. Consult local building codes and appropriate national electrical codes (in USA, ANSI/NFPA70, National Electrical Code (NEC); in Canada, CSA C22.1) for special requirements.

It is important to recognize safety information. This is the safety-alert symbol \triangle . When you see this symbol on the unit and in instructions or manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

Understand the signal words DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION, and NOTE. These words are used with the safety-alert symbol. DANGER identifies the most serious hazards which will result in severe personal injury or death. WARNING signifies hazards which could result in personal injury or death. CAUTION is used to identify unsafe practices, which may result in minor personal injury or product and property damage. NOTE is used to highlight suggestions which will result in enhanced installation, reliability, or operation.

A WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury or death.

Before performing service or maintenance operations on unit, always turn off main power switch to unit and install lockout tag. Unit may have more than one power switch.

A WARNING

UNIT OPERATION AND SAFETY HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury, death and/or equipment damage.

Puron® (R-410A) refrigerant systems operate at higher pressures than standard R-22 systems. Do not use R-22 service equipment or components on Puron refrigerant equipment.

WARNING

PERSONAL INJURY AND ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury or death.

Relieve pressure and recover all refrigerant before system repair or final unit disposal.

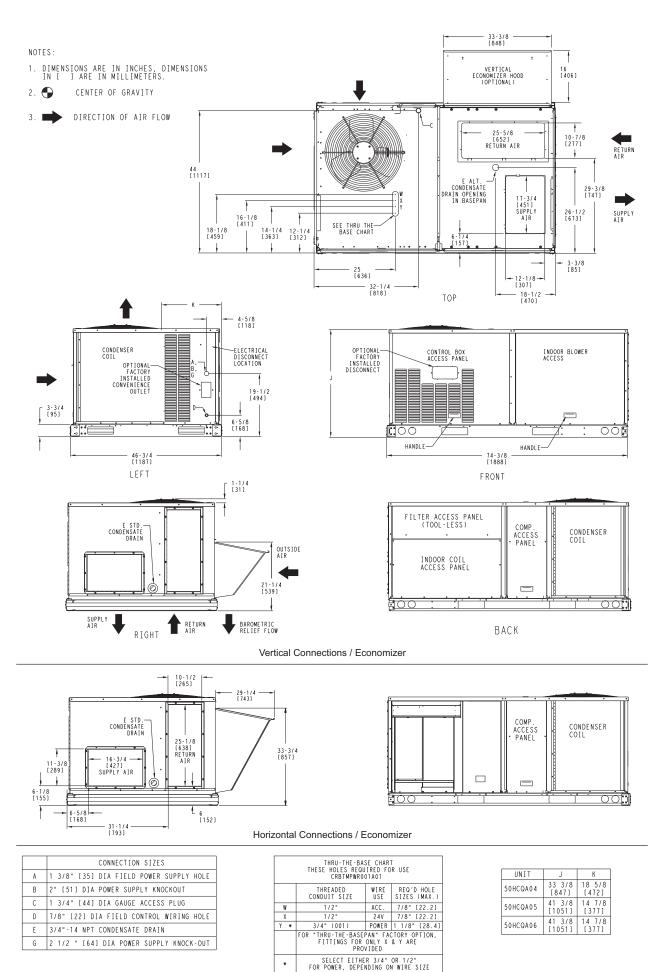
Wear safety glasses and gloves when handling refrigerants. Keep torches and other ignition sources away from refrigerants and oils.

CAUTION Â

CUT HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in personal injury.

Sheet metal parts may have sharp edges or burrs. Use care and wear appropriate protective clothing, safety glasses and gloves when handling parts and servicing heat pump units.



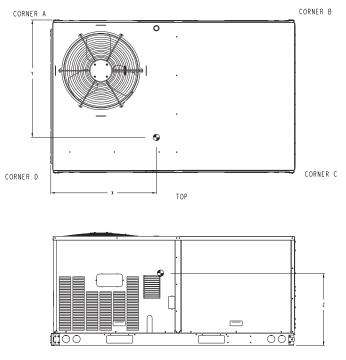
50HCQA

Fig. 1 - Unit Dimensional Drawing - 04 - 06 Size Units

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UNIT	STD. WEI	UNIT GHT				CORNER CORNER WEIGHT (B) WEIGHT (C)		CORNER WEIGHT (D)		C.0	HEIGHT		
	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	LBS.	KG.	Х	Y	Z
50HCQA04	495	225	130	59	118	54	118	54	130	59	35 3/8 [899]	23 3/8 [594]	18 3/8 [467]
50HCQA05	580	263	161	73	147	67	130	59	142	64	35 1/2 [902]	21 7/8 [556]	20 1/2 [521]
50HCQA06	610	277	165	75	152	69	141	64	152	69	35 3/4 [908]	22 1/2 [572]	20 3/4 [527]



FRONT

C10231

C07459

Fig. 1 - Unit Dimensional Drawing – 04 — 06 Size Unit (cont.)

INSTALLATION

Jobsite Survey

Complete the following checks before installation.

- 1. Consult local building codes and the NEC (National Electrical Code) ANSI/NFPA 70 for special installation requirements.
- 2. Determine unit location (from project plans) or select unit location.
- 3. Check for possible overhead obstructions which may interfere with unit lifting or rigging.

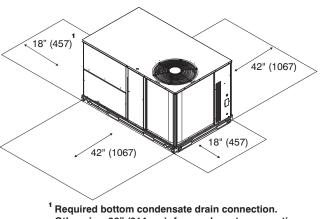
Step 1 — Plan for Unit Location

Select a location for the unit and its support system (curb or other) that provides for the minimum clearances required for safety. This includes the clearance to combustible surfaces, unit performance and service access below, around and above unit as specified in unit drawings. See Fig. 2.

NOTE: Consider also the effect of adjacent units.

Unit may be installed directly on wood flooring or on Class A, B, or C roof-covering material when roof curb is used.

Do not install unit in an indoor location. Do not locate air inlets near exhaust vents or other sources of contaminated air.



Otherwise, 36" (914mm) for condensate connection.

Fig. 2 - Service Clearance Dimensional Drawing

Although unit is weatherproof, avoid locations that permit water from higher level runoff and overhangs to fall onto the unit.

Select a unit mounting system that provides adequate height to allow for removal and disposal of frost and ice that will form during the heating-defrost mode as well as allow installation of condensate trap per requirements. Refer to Step 9 — Install External Condensate Trap and Line – for required trap dimensions.

Roof Mount —

Check building codes for weight distribution requirements. Unit operating weight is shown in Table 1.

Step 2 — Plan for Sequence of Unit Installation

The support method used for this unit will dictate different sequences for the steps of unit installation. For example, on curb-mounted units, some accessories must be installed on the unit before the unit is placed on the curb. Review the following for recommended sequences for installation steps.

Curb-mounted installation —

Install curb

Install field-fabricated ductwork inside curb

Install accessory thru-base service connection package (affects curb and unit) (refer to accessory installation instructions for details)

Prepare bottom condensate drain connection to suit planned condensate line routing (refer to Step 9 for details)

Rig and place unit

Install outdoor air hood

Install condensate line trap and piping

Make electrical connections

Install other accessories

Pad-mounted installation —

Prepare pad and unit supports

Check and tighten the bottom condensate drain connection plug

Rig and place unit

Convert unit to side duct connection arrangement

Install field-fabricated ductwork at unit duct openings

Install outdoor air hood

Install condensate line trap and piping

Make electrical connections

Install other accessories

Frame-mounted installation —

Frame-mounted applications generally follow the sequence for a curb installation. Adapt as required to suit specific installation plan.

Step 3 — Inspect unit

Inspect unit for transportation damage. File any claim with transportation agency.

Confirm before installation of unit that voltage, amperage and circuit protection requirements listed on unit data plate agree with power supply provided.

Step 4 — Provide Unit Support

Roof Curb Mount -

Accessory roof curb details and dimensions are shown in Fig. 3. Assemble and install accessory roof curb in accordance with instructions shipped with the curb.

NOTE: The gasketing of the unit to the roof curb is critical for a watertight seal. Install gasket supplied with the roof curb as shown in Fig. 3. Improperly applied gasket can also result in air leaks and poor unit performance.

Curb should be level. This is necessary for unit drain to function properly. Unit leveling tolerances are show in Fig. 4. Refer to Accessory Roof Curb Installation Instructions for additional information as required.

Install insulation, cant strips, roofing felt, and counter flashing as shown. Ductwork must be attached to curb and not to the unit. The accessory thru-the-base power package must be installed before the unit is set on the roof curb.

If electric and control wiring is to be routed through the basepan, attach the accessory thru-the-base service connections to the basepan in accordance with the accessory installation instructions.

Slab Mount (Horizontal Units Only) -

Provide a level concrete slab that extends a minimum of 6 in. (150 mm) beyond unit cabinet. Install a gravel apron in front of condenser coil air inlet to prevent grass and foliage from obstructing airflow.

NOTE: Horizontal units may be installed on a roof curb if required.

Alternate Unit Support (In Lieu of Curb or Slab Mount) —

A non-combustible sleeper rail can be used in the unit curb support area. If sleeper rails cannot be used, support the long sides of the unit with a minimum of 3 equally spaced 4-in. x 4-in. (102 mm x 102 mm) pads on each side.

Table 1 – Operating Weights

50HCQA		UNITS LB (KG)									
Component	04	05	06								
Base Unit	495 (225)	580 (263)	610 (277)								
Economizer											
Vertical	80 (36)	80 (36)	80 (36)								
Horizontal	105 (48)	105 (48)	105 (48)								
Powered Outlet	32 (15)	32 (15)	32 (15)								
Curb											
14—in / 356 mm	110 (50)	110 (50)	110 (50)								
24—in / 610 mm	145 (66)	145 (66)	145 (66)								

5

ROOFCURB ACCESSORY	А	UNIT SIZE
CRRFCURB001A02	1' - 2" [356]	50HCQA04-06
CRRFCURB002A02	2' - 0" [610]	

- 1.
- ROOFCURB ACCESSORY IS SHIPPED DISASSEMBLED. ROOFCURB ACCESSORY IS SHIPPED DISASSEMBLED. INSULATED PANELS: 1 THK. POLYURETHANE FOAM, 1-3/4 # DENSITY. DIMENSIONS IN [] ARE IN MILLIMETERS. ROOFCURB: 18 GAGE STEEL ON 14 CURB, AND 16 GAGE STEEL ON 24 CURB. ATTACH DUCTWORK TO CURB. (FLANGES OF DUCT REST ON CURB) SERVICE CLEARANCE 4' ON EACH SIDE. DIRECTION OF AIR FLOW. CONNECTOR DACKGES CREMENUPOROLADI AND 2401 ARE FOR
- 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.
- 8.

CONNECTOR PACKAGES CRBTMPWR001A01 AND 2A01 ARE FOR THRU-THE-CURB TYPE CONNECTIONS. PACKAGES CRBTMPWR003A01 AND 4A01 ARE FOR THE THRU-THE-BOTTOM TYPE CONNECTIONS.

CONNECTOR PKG. ACC.	В	С	D ALT DRAIN HOLE	POWER	CONTROL	ACCESSORY PWF	
CRBTMPWR001A01 CRBTMPWR002A01	2'-8 7/16" [827]	1'-10 15/16″ 1 3/4″[44.5] [583]		3/4″[19]NPT 1 1/4″[31.7]	1/2″[12.7]NPT	1/2″[12.7]NPT	
CRBTMPWR003A01				3/4″[19]NPT			
CRBTMPWR004A01				1 1/4″[31.7]			

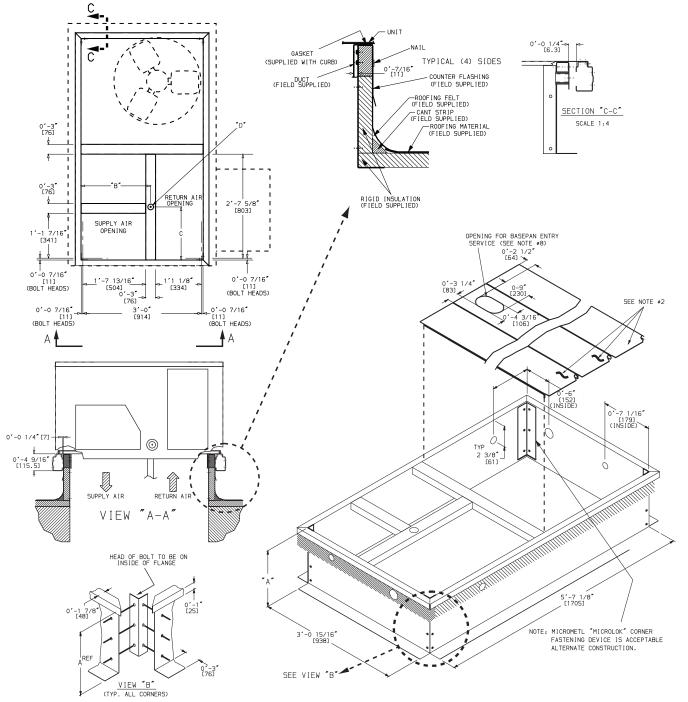


Fig. 3 - Roof Curb Details

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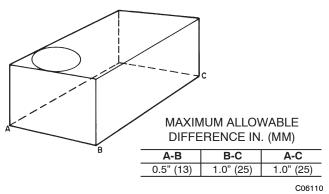


Fig. 4 - Unit Leveling Tolerances

Step 5 — Field Fabricate Ductwork

Cabinet return-air static pressure (a negative condition) shall not exceed 0.35 in. wg (87 Pa) with economizer or 0.45 in. wg (112 Pa) without economizer.

For vertical ducted applications, secure all ducts to roof curb and building structure. *Do not connect ductwork to unit.*

Insulate and weatherproof all external ductwork, joints, and roof openings with counter flashing and mastic in accordance with applicable codes.

Ducts passing through unconditioned spaces must be insulated and covered with a vapor barrier.

If a plenum return is used on a vertical unit, the return should be ducted through the roof deck to comply with applicable fire codes.

For Units with Accessory Electric Heaters —

Horizontal applications require a minimum clearance to combustible surfaces of 1-in (25 mm) from duct for first 12-in (305 mm) away from unit. Vertical applications do not require a minimum clearance.

Minimum clearance is not required around ductwork.

Outlet grilles must not lie directly below unit discharge.

NOTE: A 90-degree elbow must be provided in the ductwork to comply with UL (Underwriters Laboratories) code for use with electric heat.

WARNING

PERSONAL INJURY HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury.

For vertical supply and return units, tools or parts could drop into ductwork and cause an injury. Install a 90-degree turn in the return ductwork between the unit and the conditioned space. If a 90-degree elbow cannot be installed, then a grille of sufficient strength and density should be installed to prevent objects from falling into the conditioned space. Due to electric heater, supply duct will require 90-degree elbow.

Step 6 — Rig and Place Unit

Keep unit upright and do not drop. Spreader bars are not required if top crating is left on unit. Rollers may be used to move unit across a roof. Level by using unit frame as a reference. See Table 1 and Fig. 5 for additional information.

Lifting holes are provided in base rails as shown in Fig. 5. Refer to rigging instructions on unit.

CAUTION

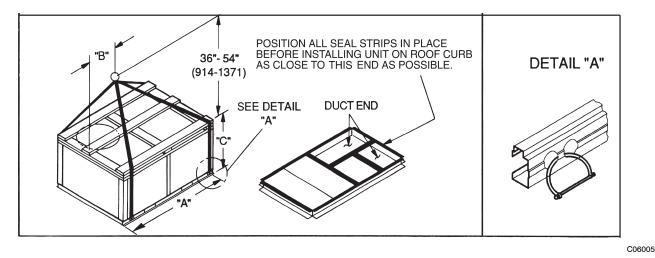
UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

4

Failure to follow this caution may result in equipment damage.

All panels must be in place when rigging. Unit is not designed for handling by fork truck.

Before setting the unit onto the curb, recheck gasketing on curb.



UNIT	MAX W		DIMENSIONS									
		EIGHT		A	E	3	С					
	LB	KG	IN	MM	IN	MM	IN	MM				
50HCQA04	725	330	74.5	1890	38.5	980	33.5	850				
50HCQA05	845	384	74.5	1890	37.5	955	41.5	1055				
50HCQA06	900	409	74.5	1890	37.5	955	41.5	1055				

NOTES:

1. Dimensions in () are in millimeters.

2. Hook rigging shackles through holes in base rail, as shown in detail "A." Holes in base rails are centered around the unit center of gravity. Use wooden top to prevent rigging straps from damaging unit.

Fig. 5 - Rigging Details

Positioning on Curb —

Position unit on roof curb so that the following clearances are maintained: 1/4 in. (6.4 mm) clearance between the roof curb and the base rail inside the front and rear, 0.0 in. clearance between the roof curb and the base rail inside on the duct end of the unit. This will result in the distance between the roof curb and the base rail inside on the condenser end of the unit being approximately equal to Fig. 3, section C-C.

Although unit is weatherproof, guard against water from higher level runoff and overhangs.

After unit is in position, remove the compressor access panel. Holding the blocking between compressors with one hand, cut the strapping. Carefully remove the blocking without damaging tubing, wiring, or controls. Remove the strapping and replace the access panel.

Remove all shipping materials and top skid. Recycle or dispose of all shipping materials.

Step 7 — Convert to Horizontal and Connect Ductwork (when required)

Unit is shipped in the vertical duct configuration. Unit *without* factory-installed economizer or return air smoke detector option may be field-converted to horizontal ducted configuration. To convert to horizontal configuration, remove screws from side duct opening covers and remove covers. Using the same screws, install covers on vertical duct openings with the insulation-side down. Seals around duct openings must be tight. See Fig. 6.

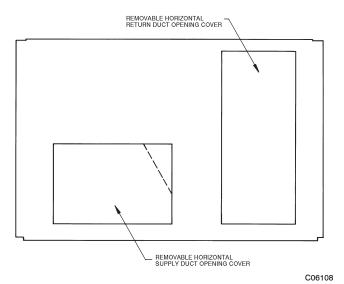


Fig. 6 - Horizontal Conversion Panels

Field-supplied flanges should be attached to horizontal duct openings and all ductwork should be secured to the flanges. Insulate and weatherproof all external ductwork, joints, and roof or building openings with counter flashing and mastic in accordance with applicable codes.

Do not cover or obscure visibility to the unit's informative data plate when insulating horizontal ductwork.

Step 8 — Install Outside Air Hood

Economizer Hood Removal and Setup - Factory Option —

- 1. The hood is shipped in knock-down form and located in the return air compartment. It is attached to the economizer using two plastic tie-wraps.
- 2. To gain access to the hood, remove the filter access panel. (See Fig. 7.)
- 3. Locate and cut the (2) plastic tie-wraps, being careful to not damage any wiring. (See Fig. 8.)
- 4. Carefully lift the hood assembly through the filter access opening and assemble per the steps outlined in *Economizer Hood and Two–Position Hood* on page 10.

FILTER ACCESS PANEL

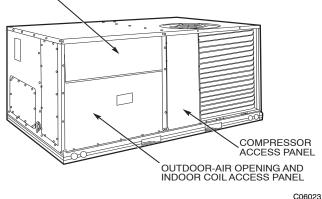


Fig. 7 - Typical Access Panel Locations

Two Position Damper Hood Removal and Setup - Factory Option —

- 1. The hood is shipped in knock-down form and assembled to a metal support tray using plastic stretch wrap. Located in the return air compartment, the assembly's metal tray is attached to the basepan and also attached to the damper using two plastic tie-wraps.
- 2. To gain access to the hood, remove the filter access panel. (See Fig. 7.)
- 3. Locate the (2) screws holding the metal tray to the basepan and remove. Locate and cut the (2) plastic tie-wraps securing the assembly to the damper. (See Fig. 9.) Be careful to not damage any wiring or cut tie-wraps securing any wiring.
- 4. Carefully lift the hood assembly (with metal tray) through the filter access opening and assemble per the steps outlined in *Economizer Hood and Two–Position Hood* on page 10.

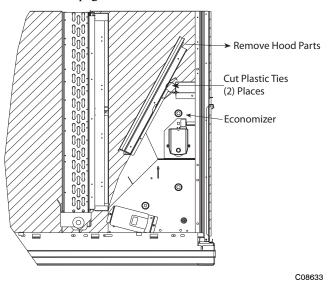


Fig. 8 - Economizer Wiring

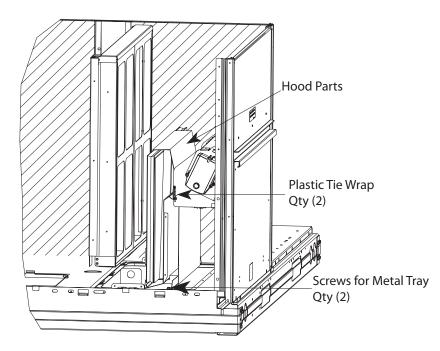


Fig. 9 - Damper Assembly

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Economizer Hood and Two-Position Hood ----

NOTE: If the power exhaust accessory is to be installed on the unit, the hood shipped with the unit will not be used and must be discarded. Save the aluminum filter for use in the power exhaust hood assembly.

1. The indoor coil access panel will be used as the top of the hood. Remove the screws along the sides and bottom of the indoor coil access panel. See Fig. 10.

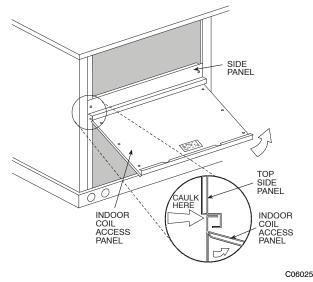


Fig. 10 - Indoor Coil Access Panel Relocation

2. Swing out indoor coil access panel and insert the hood sides under the panel (hood top). Use the screws provided to attach the hood sides to the hood top. Use screws provided to attach the hood sides to the unit. See Fig. 11.

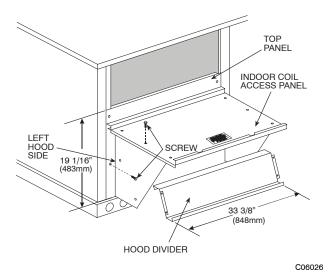
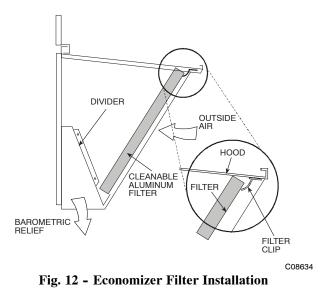


Fig. 11 - Economizer Hood Construction

- 3. Remove the shipping tape holding the economizer barometric relief damper in place.
- 4. Insert the hood divider between the hood sides. See Fig. 11 and 12. Secure hood divider with 2 screws on each hood side. The hood divider is also used as the bottom filter rack for the aluminum filter.
- 5. Open the filter clips which are located underneath the hood top. Insert the aluminum filter into the bottom

filter rack (hood divider). Push the filter into position past the open filter clips. Close the filter clips to lock the filter into place. See Fig. 12.



- 6. Caulk the ends of the joint between the unit top panel and the hood top.
- 7. Replace the filter access panel.

Step 9 — Install External Condensate Trap and Line

The unit has one 3/4-in. condensate drain connection on the end of the condensate pan and an alternate connection on the bottom. See Fig. 13. Unit airflow configuration does not determine which drain connection to use. Either drain connection can be used with vertical or horizontal applications.

When using the standard side drain connection, ensure the red plug in the alternate bottom connection is tight. Do this before setting the unit in place. The red drain pan can be tightened with a 1/2-in. square socket drive extension.

To use the alternate bottom drain connection, remove the red drain plug from the bottom connection (use a 1/2-in. square socket drive extension) and install it in the side drain connection.

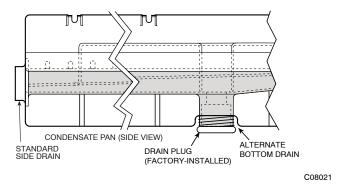
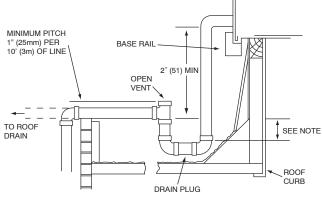


Fig. 13 - Condensate Drain Pan (Side View)

The piping for the condensate drain and external trap can be completed after the unit is in place. See Fig. 14.



NOTE: Trap should be deep enough to offset maximum unit static difference. A 4" (102) trap is recommended

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Fig. 14 - Condensate Drain Piping Details

All units must have an external trap for condensate drainage. Install a trap at least 4-in. (102 mm) deep and protect against freeze-up. If drain line is installed downstream from the external trap, pitch the line away from the unit at 1-in. per 10 ft (25 mm in 3 m) of run. Do not use a pipe size smaller than the unit connection $(^{3}/_{4}$ -in.).

Step 10 — Make Electrical Connections

WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Do not use gas piping as an electrical ground. Unit cabinet must have an uninterrupted, unbroken electrical ground to minimize the possibility of personal injury if an electrical fault should occur. This ground may consist of electrical wire connected to unit ground lug in control compartment, or conduit approved for electrical ground when installed in accordance with NEC (National Electrical Code); ANSI/NFPA 70, latest edition (in Canada, Canadian Electrical Code CSA [Canadian Standards Association] C22.1), and local electrical codes.

NOTE: Check all factory and field electrical connections for tightness. Field-supplied wiring shall conform with the limitations of $63^{\circ}F(33^{\circ}C)$ rise.

Field Power Supply —

If equipped with optional Powered Convenience Outlet: The power source leads to the convenience outlet's transformer primary are not factory connected. Installer must connect these leads according to required operation of the convenience outlet. If an always-energized convenience outlet operation is desired, connect the source leads to the line side of the unit-mounted disconnect. (Check with local codes to ensure this method is acceptable in your area.) If a de-energize via unit disconnect switch operation of the convenience outlet is desired, connect the source leads to the load side of the unit disconnect. On a unit without a unit-mounted disconnect, connect the source leads to compressor contactor C and indoor fan contactor IFC pressure lugs with unit field power leads.

All units except 208/230-v units are factory wired for the voltage shown on the nameplate. *If the 208/230-v unit is to be connected to a 208-v power supply, the control transformer must be rewired by moving the black wire with the* $^{1}/_{4}$ -*in. female spade connector from the 230-v connection and moving it to the 208-v* $^{1}/_{4}$ -*in. male terminal on the primary side of the transformer.* Refer to unit label diagram for additional information. Field power wires will be connected line-side pressure lugs on the power terminal block or at factory-installed option non-fused disconnect.

Field power wires are connected to the unit at line-side pressure lugs on compressor contactor C and indoor fan contactor IFC or terminal board (see wiring diagram label for control box component arrangement) or at factory-installed option non-fused disconnect switch. Max wire size is #2 AWG (copper only). (See Fig. 16)

NOTE: TEST LEADS - Unit may be equipped with short leads (pigtails) on the field line connection points on contactor C or optional disconnect switch. These leads are for factory run-test purposes only; remove and discard before connecting field power wires to unit connection points. Make field power connections directly to line connection pressure lugs only.

WARNING

FIRE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in intermittent operation or performance satisfaction.

Do not connect aluminum wire between disconnect switch and furnace. Use only copper wire. (See Fig. 15.)

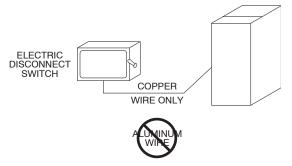


Fig. 15 - Disconnect Switch and Unit

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Units Without Factory-Installed Disconnect —

When installing units, provide a disconnect switch per NEC (National Electrical Code) of adequate size. Disconnect sizing data is provided on the unit informative plate. Locate on unit cabinet or within sight of the unit per national or local codes. Do not cover unit informative plate if mounting the disconnect on the unit cabinet.

Units with Factory-Installed Disconnect —

The factory-installed option disconnect switch is located in a weatherproof enclosure located under the main control box. The manual switch handle is accessible through an opening in the access panel. Discard the factory test leads (see Fig. 16).

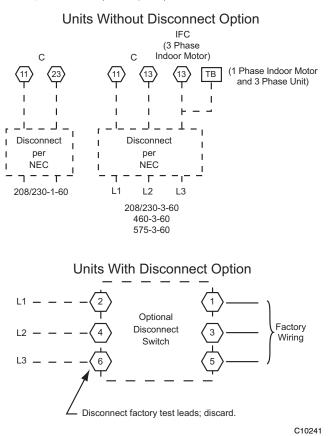


Fig. 16 - Power Wiring Connections

All Units: All field wiring must comply with NEC and all local codes. Size wire based on MCA (Minimum Circuit Amps) on the unit informative plate. See Fig. 16 and the unit label diagram for power wiring connections to the unit power terminal blocks and equipment ground. Maximum wire size is #2 ga AWG per pole.

Provide a ground-fault and short-circuit over-current protection device (fuse or breaker) per NEC Article 440 (or local codes). Refer to unit informative data plate for MOCP (Maximum Over-current Protection) device size.

All field wiring must comply with the NEC and local requirements.

Convenience Outlets —

WARNING

ELECTRICAL OPERATION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Units with convenience outlet circuits may use multiple disconnects. Check convenience outlet for power status before opening unit for service. Locate its disconnect switch, if appropriate, and open it. Tag-out this switch, if necessary.

Two types of convenience outlets are offered on 50HCQA models: Non-powered and unit-powered. Both types provide a 125-volt GFCI (ground-fault circuit-interrupter) duplex receptacle rated at 15-A behind a hinged waterproof access cover, located on the end panel of the unit. See Fig. 17.

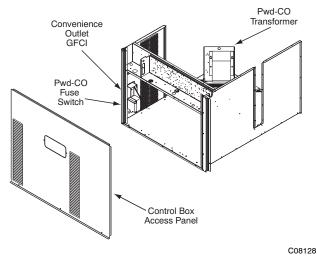


Fig. 17 - Convenience Outlet Location

Installing Weatherproof Cover: A weatherproof while-in-use cover for the factory-installed convenience outlets is now required by UL standards. This cover cannot be factory-mounted due its depth; it must be installed at unit installation. For shipment, the convenience outlet is covered with a blank cover plate.

The weatherproof cover kit is shipped in the unit's control box. The kit includes the hinged cover, a backing plate and gasket.

DISCONNECT ALL POWER TO UNIT AND CONVENIENCE OUTLET.

Remove the blank cover plate at the convenience outlet; discard the blank cover.

Loosen the two screws at the GFCI duplex outlet, until approximately 1/2-in (13 mm) under screw heads are exposed. Press the gasket over the screw heads. Slip the backing plate over the screw heads at the keyhole slots and align with the gasket; tighten the two screws until snug (do not over-tighten).

Mount the weatherproof cover to the backing plate as shown in Fig. 18. Remove two slot fillers in the bottom of the cover to permit service tool cords to exit the cover. Check for full closing and latching.

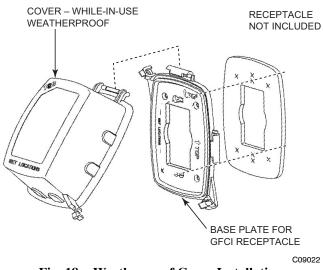


Fig. 18 - Weatherproof Cover Installation

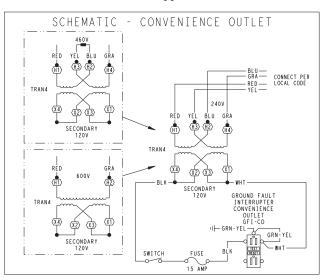
Non-powered type: This type requires the field installation of a general-purpose 125-volt 15-A circuit powered from a source elsewhere in the building. Observe national and local codes when selecting wire size, fuse or breaker requirements and disconnect switch size and location. Route 125-v power supply conductors into the bottom of the utility box containing the duplex receptacle.

Unit-powered type: A unit-mounted transformer is factory-installed to stepdown the main power supply voltage to the unit to 115-v at the duplex receptacle. This option also includes a manual switch with fuse, located in a utility box and mounted on a bracket behind the convenience outlet; access is through the unit's control box access panel. See Fig. 17.

The primary leads to the convenience outlet transformer are not factory-connected. Selection of primary power source is a customer-option. If local codes permit, the transformer primary leads can be connected at the line-side terminals on the unit-mounted non-fused disconnect or HACR breaker switch; this will provide service power to the unit when the unit disconnect switch or HACR switch is open. Other connection methods will result in the convenience outlet circuit being de-energized when the unit disconnect or HACR switch is open. See Fig. 19.

Duty Cycle: the unit-powered convenience outlet has a duty cycle limitation. The transformer is intended to provide power on an intermittent basis for service tools, lamps, etc; it is not intended to provide 15-amps loading for continuous duty loads (such as electric heaters for overnight use). Observe a 50% limit on circuit loading above 8-amps (i.e., limit loads exceeding 8-amps to 30 minutes of operation every hour).

Test the GFCI receptacle by pressing the TEST button on the face of the receptacle to trip and open the receptacle. Check for proper grounding wires and power line phasing if the GFCI receptacle does not trip as required. Press the RESET button to clear the tripped condition.



C	20	8	28	33

UNIT	CONNECT	PRIMARY	TRANSFORMER
VOLTAGE	AS	CONNECTIONS	TERMINALS
208,	240	L1: RED +YEL	H1 + H3
230		L2: BLU + GRA	H2 + H4
460	480	L1: RED Splice BLU + YEL L2: GRA	H1 H2 + H3 H4
575	600	L1: RED L2: GRA	H1 H2

Using unit-mounted convenience outlets: Units with unit-mounded convenience outlet circuits will often require that two disconnects be opened to de-energize all power to the unit. Treat all units as electrically energized until the convenience outlet power is also checked and de-energization is confirmed. Observe National Electrical Code Article 210, Branch Circuits, for use of convenience outlets.

Fuse on power type: The factory fuse is a Bussman "Fusetron" T-15, non-renewable screw-in (Edison base) type plug fuse.

Factory-Option Thru-Base Connections —

This service connection kit consists of a 1/2-in electrical bulkhead connector and a 3/4-in electrical bulkhead connector, all factory-installed in the embossed (raised) section of the unit basepan in the condenser section. The 1/2-in bulkhead connector enables the low-voltage control wires to pass through the basepan. The 3/4-in electrical bulkhead connector allows the high-voltage power wires to pass through the basepan. See Fig. 20.

Check tightness of connector lock nuts before connecting electrical conduits.

SOHCQA

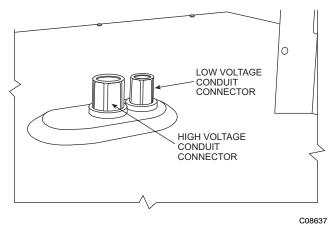


Fig. 20 - Thru-Base Connection Fittings

50HCQA

Field-supplied and field-installed liquid-tight conduit connectors and conduit may be attached to the connectors on the basepan. Pull correctly rated high voltage and low voltage through appropriate conduits. Connect the power conduit to the internal disconnect (if unit is so equipped) or to the external disconnect (through unit side panel). A hole must be field cut in the main control box bottom on the left side so the 24-v control connections can be made. Connect the control power conduit to the unit control box at this hole.

Units without Thru-Base Connections -

- 1. Install power wiring conduit through side panel openings. Install conduit between disconnect and control box.
- 2. Install power lines to terminal connections as shown in Fig. 16.

All Units: Voltage to compressor terminals during operation must be within voltage range indicated on unit nameplate. See Table 10. On 3-phase units, voltages between phases must be balanced within 2% and the current within 10%. Use the formula shown in the legend for Table 10, Note 2 (see page 42) to determine the percent of voltage imbalance. Operation on improper line voltage or excessive phase imbalance constitutes abuse and may cause damage to electrical components. Such operation would invalidate any applicable Carrier warranty.

Field Control Wiring —

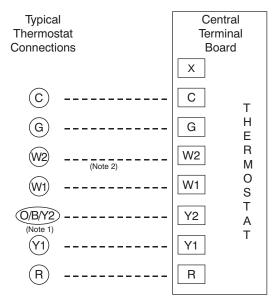
The 50HCQA unit requires an external temperature control device. This device can be a thermostat (field-supplied) or a PremierLink controller (available as factory-installed option or as field-installed accessory, for use on a Carrier Comfort Network or as a stand alone control) or the RTU-MP Controller for Building Management Systems using non-CCN protocols (RTU-MP is available as a factory-installed option only).

Thermostat —

Install a Carrier-approved accessory 2 stage Cooling/Heating thermostat according to installation instructions included with the accessory. The 50HCQ models do not require a thermostat with an O function to control the reversing valve operation. If using an electronic thermostat, configure it for "non-heat pump" operation. Locate the thermostat accessory on a solid wall in the conditioned space to sense average temperature in accordance with the thermostat installation instructions.

If the thermostat contains a logic circuit requiring 24-v power, use a thermostat cable or equivalent single leads of different colors with minimum of seven leads. If the thermostat does not require a 24-v source (no "C" connection required), use a thermostat cable or equivalent with minimum of six leads. Check the thermostat installation instructions for additional features which might require additional conductors in the cable.

For wire runs up to 50 ft. (15 m), use no. 18 AWG (American Wire Gage) insulated wire (35° C minimum). For 50 to 75 ft. (15 to 23 m), use no. 16 AWG insulated wire (35° C minimum). For over 75 ft. (23 m), use no. 14 AWG insulated wire (35° C minimum). All wire sizes larger than no. 18 AWG cannot be directly connected to the thermostat and will require a junction box and splice at the thermostat.



Note 1: Typical multi-function marking. Follow manufacturer's configuration instructions to select Y2. Do not configure for O output.

Note 2: W2 connection not required on units without electric heating.

--- Field Wiring

Fig. 21 - Typical Low-Voltage Control Connections

C09012

Unit without Thru-Base Connection Kit -

Pass the thermostat control wires through the hole provided in the corner post; then feed the wires through the raceway built into the corner post to the control box. Pull the wires over to the terminal strip on the upper-left corner of the Central Terminal Board (CTB). See Fig. 22.

NOTE: If thru-the-bottom connections accessory is used, refer to the accessory installation instructions for information on routing power and control wiring.

Heat Anticipator Settings -

Set heat anticipator settings at 0.14 amp for the first stage and 0.14 amp for second-stage heating, when available.

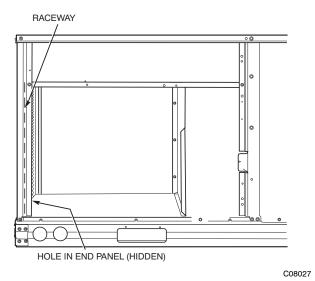


Fig. 22 - Field Control Wiring Raceway

Electric Heaters

50HCQ units may be equipped with field-installed accessory electric heaters. The heaters are modular in design, with heater frames holding open coil resistance wires strung through ceramic insulators, line-break limit switches and a control contactor. One or two heater modules may be used in a unit.

Heater modules are installed in the compartment below the indoor (supply) fan outlet. Access is through the indoor access panel. Heater modules slide into the compartment on tracks along the bottom of the heater opening. See Fig. 23, Fig. 24 and Fig. 25.

DISCONNECT MOUNTING LOCATION

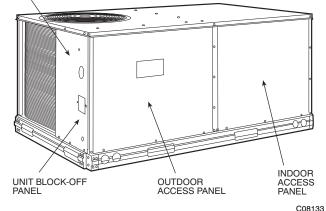


Fig. 23 - Typical Access Panel Location

Not all available heater modules may be used in every unit. Use only those heater modules that are UL listed for use in a specific size unit. Refer to the label on the unit cabinet for the list of approved heaters.

Unit heaters are marked with Heater Model Numbers. But heaters are ordered as and shipped in cartons marked with a corresponding heater Sales Package part number. See Table 2 for correlation between heater Model Number and Sales Package part number.

NOTE: The value in position 9 of the part number differs between the sales package part number (value is 1 or 3) and a bare heater model number (value is 0).

Table 2 – Heater Model Number

Bare Heater Model Number	с	R	н	Е	Α	т	Е	R	0	0	1	Α	0	0
Heater Sales Package PNO Includes: Bare Heater Carton and packing materials Installation sheet	с	R	Н	E	A	т	E	R	1	0	1	A	0	0

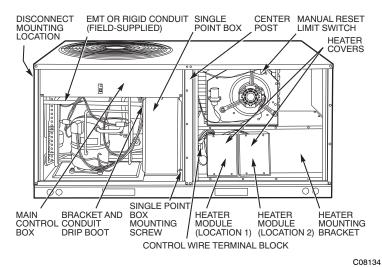


Fig. 24 - Typical Component Location

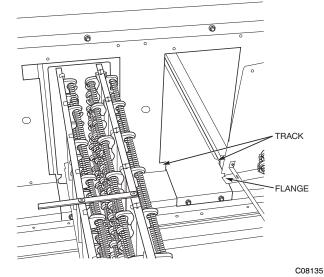


Fig. 25 - Typical Module Installation

Single Point Boxes and Supplementary Fuse

When the unit MOCP device value exceeds 60-A, unit-mounted supplementary fuses are required for each heater circuit. These fuses are included in accessory Single Point Boxes, with power distribution and fuse blocks. The single point box will be installed directly under the unit control box, just to the left of the partition separating the indoor section (with electric heaters) from the outdoor section. The Single Point Box has a hinged access cover. See Fig. 26. The Single Point Box also includes pigtails to complete the wiring between the Single Point Box and the unit's main control box terminals. Refer to the accessory heater and Single Point Box installation instructions for details on tap connections.

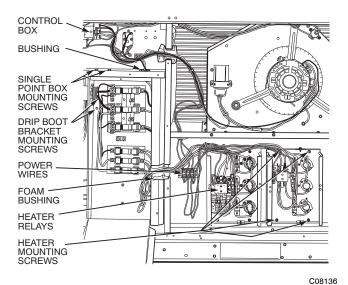


Fig. 26 - Typical Single Point Installation

All fuses on 50HCQ units are 60-A. (Note that all heaters are qualified for use with a 60-A fuse, regardless of actual heater ampacity, so only 60-A fuses are necessary.)

Single Point Boxes without Fuses: Refer to accessory heater and Single Point Box installation instructions for details on tap connections.

Low-Voltage Control Connections: Run the low-voltage control leads from the heater module(s) - VIO and BRN (two of each if two modules are installed; identify for Module #1) - to the 4-pole terminal board TB4 located on the heater bulkhead to the left of Heater #1. Connect the VIO leads from Heater #1 and Heater #2 to terminal TB4-1. Connect the BRN leads to terminal TB4-3. See Fig. 27.

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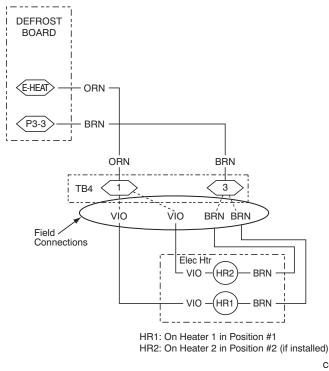


Fig. 27 - Accessory Electric Heater Control Connections

PremierLink[™] (Factory-Option)

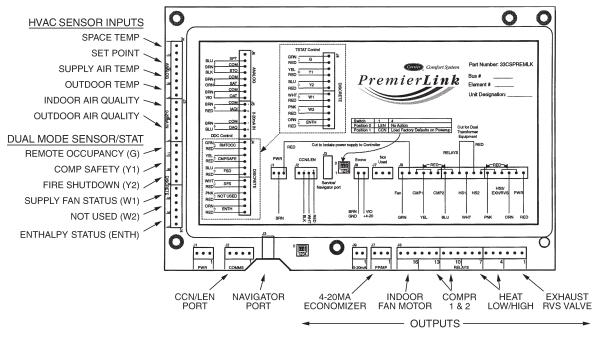


Fig. 28 - PremierLink Controller

The PremierLink controller (see Fig. 28) is compatible with Carrier Comfort Network[®] (CCN) devices. This control is designed to allow users the access and ability to change factory-defined settings, thus expanding the function of the standard unit control board. CCN service access tools include System Pilot (TM), Touch Pilot (TM) and Service Tool. (Standard tier display tools NavigatorTM and Scrolling Marquee are not suitable for use with latest PremierLink controller (Version 2.x).)

The PremierLink control is factory-mounted in the 50HCQ unit's main control box to the left of the Central Terminal Board (CTB). Factory wiring is completed through harnesses connected to the CTB thermostat. Field connections are made at a 16-pole terminal block (TB1) located on the bottom shelf of the unit control box in front of the PremierLink controller. The factory-installed PremierLink control includes the supply-air temperature (SAT) sensor. The outdoor air temperature (OAT) sensor is included in the FIOP/accessory EconoMi\$er[™]2 package.

The PremierLink controller requires the use of a Carrier electronic thermostat or a CCN connection for time broadcast to initiate its internal timeclock. This is necessary for broadcast of time of day functions (occupied/unoccupied).

NOTE: PremierLink controller is shipped in Sensor mode. To be used with a thermostat, the PremierLink controller must be configured to Thermostat mode. Refer to PremierLink Configuration instructions for Operating Mode.

Supply Air Temperature (SAT) Sensor —

On FIOP-equipped 50HCQ unit, the unit is supplied with a supply-air temperature (SAT) sensor (33ZCSENSAT). This sensor is a tubular probe type, approx 6-inches (152.4 mm) in length. It is a nominal 10-k ohm thermistor.

The SAT is factory-wired. The SAT probe is wire-tied to the supply-air opening (on the horizontal opening end) in its shipping position. Remove the sensor for installation. Re-position the sensor in the flange of the supply-air opening or in the supply air duct (as required by local codes). Drill or punch a 1/2-in. hole in the flange or duct. Use two field-supplied, self-drilling screws to secure the sensor probe in a horizontal orientation. See Fig. 29.

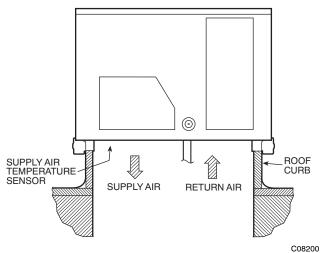


Fig. 29 - Typical Mounting Location for Supply Air Temperature (SAT) Sensor on Small Rooftop Units

NOTE: Refer to Form 33CS-58SI for complete PremierLink configuration, operating sequences and troubleshooting information. Have a copy of this manual available at unit start-up.

NOTE: The sensor must be mounted in the discharge airstream downstream of the cooling coil and any heating devices. Be sure the probe tip does not come in contact with any of the unit's heater surfaces.

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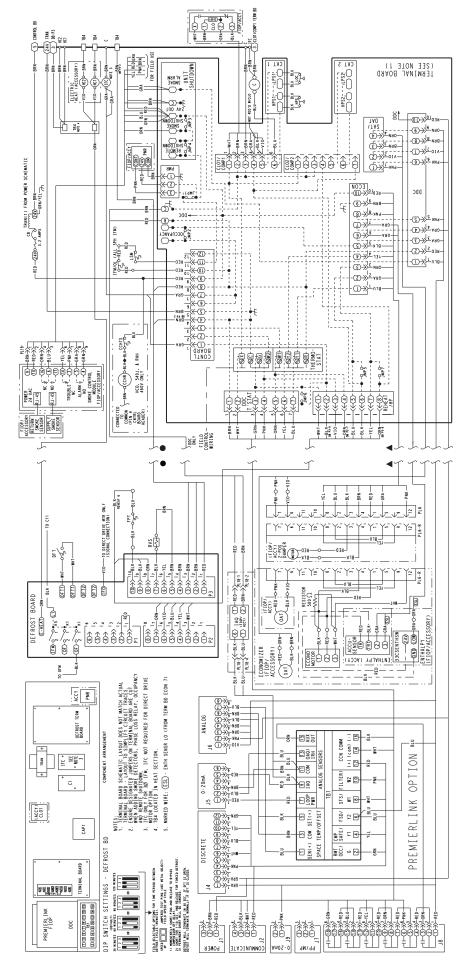


Fig. 30 - Typical PremierLink Wiring Schematic

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Outdoor Air Temperature (OAT) Sensor -

The OAT is factory-mounted in the EconoMi\$er2 (FIOP or accessory). It is a nominal 10k ohm thermistor attached to an eyelet mounting ring.

EconoMi\$er[™]2 —

The PremierLink control is used with EconoMi\$er2 (option or accessory) for outdoor air management. The damper position is controlled directly by the PremierLink control; EconoMi\$er2 has no internal logic device.

Outdoor air management functions can be enhanced with field-installation of these accessory control devices:

Enthalpy control (outdoor air or differential sensors)

Space CO₂ sensor

Outdoor air CO2 sensor

Refer to Table 3 for accessory part numbers.

Field Connections

Field connections for accessory sensor and input devices are made at the 16-pole terminal block (TB1) located on the control box bottom shelf in front of the PremierLink control (See Fig. 30). Some input devices also require a 24-vac signal source; connect at CTB terminal R at "THERMOSTAT" connection strip for this signal source. See connections figures on following pages for field connection locations (and for continued connections at the PremierLink board inputs).

Table 4 provides a summary of field connections for units equipped with Space Sensor. Table 5 provides a summary of field connections for units equipped with Space Thermostat.

Space Temperature (SPT) Sensors -

The PremierLink controller is factory-shipped configured for Space Sensor Mode. A Carrier T-55 or T-56 space sensor must be used. T-55 space temperature sensor provides a signal of space temperature to the PremierLink control. T-56 provides same space temperature signal plus it allows for adjustment of space temperature setpoints from the face of the sensor by the occupants.

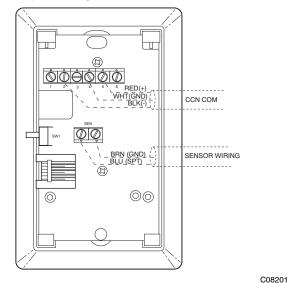
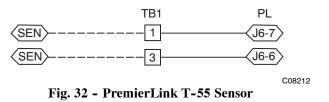


Fig. 31 - T-55 Space Temperature Sensor Wiring

Connect T-55: See Fig. 31 for typical T-55 internal connections. Connect the T-55 SEN terminals to TB1 terminals 1 and 3 (see Fig. 32).



Connect T-56: See Fig. 33 for T-56 internal connections. Install a jumper between SEN and SET terminals as illustrated. Connect T-56 terminals to TB1 terminals 1, 3 and 5 (see Fig. 34).

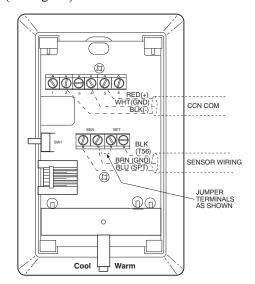


Fig. 33 - T-56 Internal Connections

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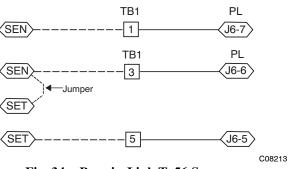
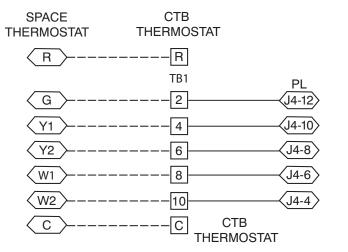


Fig. 34 - PremierLink T-56 Sensor

Connect Thermostat —

A 7-wire thermostat connection requires a 24-v power source and a common connection. Use the R and C terminals on the CTB's THERMOSTAT connection strip for these. Connect the thermostat's Y1, Y2, W1, W2 and G terminals to PremierLink TB1 as shown in Fig. 35.

If the 50HCQ unit is equipped with factory-installed smoke detector(s), disconnect the factory BLU lead at TB1-6 (Y2) before connecting the thermostat. Identify the BLU lead originating at CTB-DDC-1; disconnect at TB1-6 and tape off. Confirm that the second BLU lead at TB1-6 remains connected to PremierLink J4-8.



C08119

Fig. 35 - Space Thermostat Connections

Table 3 –	Premier	Link	Sensor	Usage
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APPLICATION	OUTDOOR AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR	RETURN AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR	OUTDOOR AIR ENTHALPY SENSOR	RETURN AIR ENTHALPY SENSOR
Differential Dry Bulb Temperature with PremierLink (PremierLink requires 4–20 mA Actuator)	Included – CRTEMPSN001A00	Required – 33ZCT55SPT or equivalent	_	_
Single Enthalpy with PremierLink (PremierLink requires 4–20mA Actuator)	Included – Not Used	_	Requires – 33CSENTHSW	-
Differential Enthalpy with PremierLink (PremierLink requires 4–20mA Actuator)	Included – Not Used	_	Requires – 33CSENTHSW or equivalent	Requires – 33CSENTSEN or equivalent

NOTES: CO₂ Sensors (Optional):

33ZCSENCO2 - Room sensor (adjustable). Aspirator box is required for duct mounting of the sensor.

 33ZCASPC02
 Aspirator box used for duct-mounted CO2 room sensor.

 33ZCT55C02
 Space temperature and CO2 room sensor with override.

 33ZCT56C02
 Space temperature and CO2 room sensor with override and setpoint.

Table 4 – Space Sensor Mode

TB1 TERMINAL	FIELD CONNECTION	INPUT SIGNAL
1	T55-SEN/T56-SEN	Analog (10k thermistor)
2	RMTOCC	Discrete, 24VAC
3	T55-SEN/T56-SEN	Analog (10k thermistor)
4	CMPSAFE	Discrete, 24VAC
5	T56-SET	Analog (10k thermistor)
6	FSD	Discrete, 24VAC
7	LOOP-PWR	Analog, 24VDC
8	SPS	Discrete, 24VAC
9	IAQ-SEN	Analog, 4–20mA
10	FILTER	Discrete, 24VAC
11	IAQ-COM/OAQ-COM/RH-COM	Analog, 4–20mA
12	CCN + (RED)	Digital, , 5VDC
13	OAQ-SEN/RH-SEN	Analog, 4–20mA
14	CCN Gnd (WHT)	Digital, 5VDC
15	AUX OUT(Power Exhaust)	(Output)Discrete 24VAC
16	CCN – (BLK)	Digital, 5VDC

LEGEND:

T55	-	Space Temperature Sensor
T56	-	Space Temperature Sensor
CCN	-	Carrier Comfort Network (communication bus)
CMPSAFE	-	Compressor Safety
FILTER	-	Dirty Filter Switch

- FSD Fire Shutdown
- IAQ Indoor Air Quality (CO₂)
- OAQ Outdoor Air Quality (CO₂)
- RH Relative Humidity
- SFS Supply Fan Status

Table 5 – Thermostat Mode

TB1 TERMINAL	FIELD CONNECTION	INPUT SIGNAL
1	RAT SEN	Analog (10k thermistor)
2	G	Discrete, 24VAC
3	RAT SEN	Analog (10k thermistor)
4	Y1	Discrete, 24VAC
5		
6	Y2	Discrete, 24VAC
7	LOOP-PWR	Analog, 24VDC
8	W1	Discrete, 24VAC
9	IAQ-SEN	Analog, 4–20mA
10	W2	Discrete, 24VAC
11	IAQ-COM/OAQ-COM/RH-COM	Analog, 4–20mA
12	CCN + (RED)	Digital, 5VDC
13	OAQ-SEN/RH-SEN	Analog, 4–20mA
14	CCN Gnd (WHT)	Digital, 5VDC
15	AUX OUT (Power Exhaust)	(Output) Discrete 24VAC
16	CCN – (BLK)	Digital, 5VDC

LEGEND:

- CCN Carrier Comfort Network (communication bus)
- G Thermostat Fan
- IAQ Indoor Air Quality (CO₂)
- OAQ Outdoor Air Quality (CO₂)
- RAT Return Air Temperature

- RH Relative Humidity
- W1 Thermostat Heat Stage 1
- W2 Thermostat Heat Stage 2
- Y1 Thermostat Cool Stage 1
- Y2 Thermostat Cool Stage 2

If the 50HCQ unit has an economizer system and free-cooling operation is required, a sensor representing Return Air Temperature must also be connected (field-supplied and installed). This sensor may be a T-55 Space Sensor (see Fig. 31) installed in the space or in the return duct, or it may be sensor PNO 33ZCSENSAT, installed in the return duct. Connect this sensor to TB1-1 and TB1-3 per Fig. 32.

Configure the Unit for Thermostat Mode —

Connect to the CCN bus using a CCN service tool and navigate to PremierLink Configuration screen for Operating Mode. Default setting is Sensor Mode (value 1). Change the value to 0 to reconfigure the controller for Thermostat Mode.

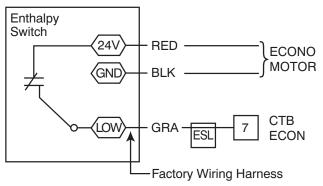
When the PremierLink is configured for Thermostat Mode, these functions are not available: Fire Shutdown (FSD), Remote Occupied (RMTOCC), Compressor Safety (CMPSAFE), Supply Fan Status (SFS), and Filter Pressure Switch (FILTER).

Economizer Controls

Outdoor Air Enthalpy Control (PNO 33CSENTHSW) —

The enthalpy control (33CSENTHSW) is available as a field-installed accessory to be used with the EconoMi\$er2 damper system. The outdoor air enthalpy sensor is part of the enthalpy control. (The separate field-installed accessory return air enthalpy sensor (33CSENTSEN) is required for differential enthalpy control. See Fig. 36.)

Locate the enthalpy control in the economizer next to the Actuator Motor. Locate two GRA leads in the factory harness and connect the gray lead labeled "ESL" to the terminal labeled "LOW". See Fig. 36. Connect the enthalpy control power input terminals to economizer actuator power leads RED (connect to 24V) and BLK (connect to GND).



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Fig. 36 - Enthalpy Switch (33CSENTHSW) Connections

The outdoor enthalpy changeover setpoint is set at the enthalpy controller.

Differential Enthalpy Control —

Differential enthalpy control is provided by sensing and comparing the outside air and return air enthalpy conditions. Install the outdoor air enthalpy control as described above. Add and install a return air enthalpy sensor.

Return Air Enthalpy Sensor —

Mount the return-air enthalpy sensor (33CSENTSEN) in the return-air section of the economizer. The return air sensor is wired to the enthalpy controller (33CSENTHSW). See Fig. 37.

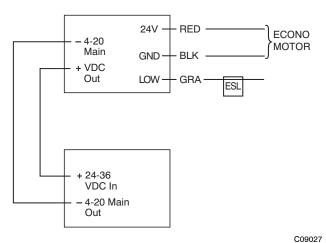


Fig. 37 - Outside and Return Air Enthalpy Sensor Wiring

To wire the return air enthalpy sensor, perform the following:

- 1. Use a 2-conductor, 18 or 20 AWG, twisted pair cable to connect the return air enthalpy sensor to the enthalpy controller.
- 2. Connect the field-supplied RED wire to (+) spade connector on the return air enthalpy sensor and the (+) terminal on the enthalpy controller. Connect the BLK wire to (-) spade connector on the return air enthalpy sensor and the (-) terminal on the enthalpy controller.

Indoor Air Quality (CO₂ sensor) —

The indoor air quality sensor accessory monitors space carbon dioxide (CO₂) levels. This information is used to monitor IAQ levels. Several types of sensors are available, for wall mounting in the space or in return duct, with and without LCD display, and in combination with space temperature sensors. Sensors use infrared technology to measure the levels of CO₂ present in the space air.

The CO₂ sensors are all factory set for a range of 0 to 2000 ppm and a linear mA output of 4 to 20. Refer to the instructions supplied with the CO₂ sensor for electrical requirements and terminal locations. See Fig. 38 for typical CO₂ sensor wiring schematic.

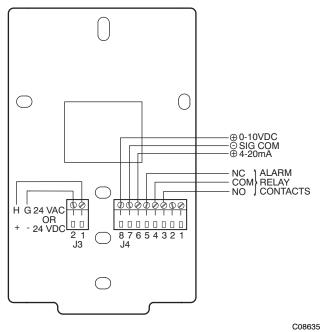


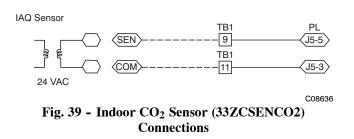
Fig. 38 - Indoor/Outdoor Air Quality (CO₂) Sensor (33ZCSENCO2) - Typical Wiring Diagram

To accurately monitor the quality of the air in the conditioned air space, locate the sensor near a return-air grille (if present) so it senses the concentration of CO_2 leaving the space. The sensor should be mounted in a location to avoid direct breath contact.

Do not mount the IAQ sensor in drafty areas such as near supply ducts, open windows, fans, or over heat sources. Allow at least 3 ft (0.9 m) between the sensor and any corner. Avoid mounting the sensor where it is influenced by the supply air; the sensor gives inaccurate readings if the supply air is blown directly onto the sensor or if the supply air does not have a chance to mix with the room air before it is drawn into the return airstream.

Wiring the Indoor Air Quality Sensor: For each sensor, use two 2-conductor 18 AWG (American Wire Gage) twisted-pair cables (unshielded) to connect the separate isolated 24 vac power source to the sensor and to connect the sensor to the control board terminals.

To connect the sensor to the control, identify the positive (4 to 20 mA) and ground (SIG COM) terminals on the sensor. See Fig. 38. Connect the 4-20 mA terminal to terminal TB1-9 and connect the SIG COM terminal to terminal TB1-11. See Fig. 39.



Refer to Form 33CS-58SI, PremierLink Installation, Start-up, and Configuration Instructions, for detailed configuration information

Outdoor Air Quality Sensor (PNO 33ZCSENCO2 plus weatherproof enclosure) —

The outdoor air CO_2 sensor is designed to monitor carbon dioxide (CO_2) levels in the outside ventilation air and interface with the ventilation damper in an HVAC system. The OAQ sensor is packaged with an outdoor cover. See Fig. 40. The outdoor air CO_2 sensor must be located in the economizer outside air hood.

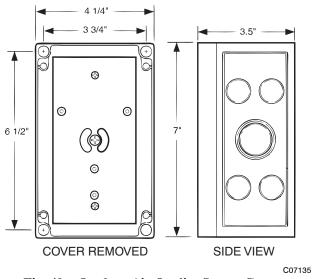


Fig. 40 - Outdoor Air Quality Sensor Cover

Wiring the Outdoor Air CO_2 Sensor: A dedicated power supply is required for this sensor. A two-wire cable is required to wire the dedicated power supply for the sensor. The two wires should be connected to the power supply and terminals 1 and 2.

To connect the sensor to the control, identify the positive (4 to 20 mA) and ground (SIG COM) terminals on the OAQ sensor. See Fig. 38. Connect the 4 to 20 mA terminal to the TB1-13 terminal of the 50HCQ. Connect the SIG COM terminal to the TB1-11 terminal of the 50HCQA. See Fig. 41.

OAQ Sensor/RH Sensor

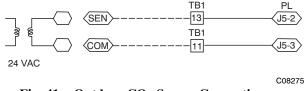


Fig. 41 - Outdoor CO₂ Sensor Connections

Smoke Detector/Fire Shutdown (FSD) —

This function is available only when PremierLink is configured for (Space) Sensor Mode. The unit is factory-wired for PremierLink FSD operation when PremierLink is factory-installed. On 50HCQ units equipped with factory-installed Smoke Detector(s), the smoke detector controller implements the unit shutdown through its NC contact set connected to the unit's CTB input. The FSD function is initiated via the smoke detector's Alarm NO contact set. The PremierLink communicates the smoke detector's tripped status to the CCN building control. See Fig. 30, the PremierLink wiring schematic.

Filter Status Switch —

This function is available only when PremierLink is configured for (Space) Sensor Mode.

PremierLink control can monitor return filter status in two ways: By monitoring a field-supplied/installed filter pressure switch or via supply fan runtime hours.

Using switch input: Install the dirty filter pressure switch according to switch manufacturer's instructions, to measure pressure drop across the unit's return filters. Connect one side of the switch's NO contact set to CTB's THERMOSTAT-R terminal. Connect the other side of the NO contact set to TB1-10. Setpoint for Dirty Filter is set at the switch. See Fig. 42.

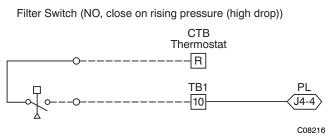


Fig. 42 - PremierLink Filter Switch Connection

When the filter switch's NO contact set closes as filter pressure drop increases (indicating dirt-laden filters), the input signal to PremierLink causes the filter status point to read "DIRTY".

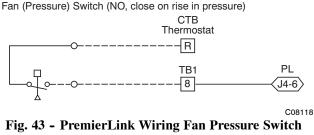
Using Filter Timer Hours: Refer to Form 33CS-58SI for instructions on using the PremierLink Configuration screens and on unit alarm sequence.

Supply Fan Status Switch —

The PremierLink control can monitor supply fan operation through a field-supplied/installed differential pressure switch. This sequence will prevent (or interrupt) operation of unit cooling, heating and economizer functions until the pressure switch contacts are closed indicating proper supply fan operation.

Install the differential pressure switch in the supply fan section according to switch manufacturer's instructions. Arrange the switch contact to be open on no flow and to close as pressure rises indicating fan operation.

Connect one side of the switch's NO contact set to CTB's THERMOSTAT-R terminal. Connect the other side of the NO contact set to TB1-8. Setpoint for Supply Fan Status is set at the switch. See Fig. 43.



Connection

Remote Occupied Switch -

The PremierLink control permits a remote timeclock to override the control's on-board occupancy schedule and place the unit into Occupied mode. This function may also provide a "Door Switch" time delay function that will terminate cooling and heating functions after a 2-20 minute delay.

Connect one side of the NO contact set on the timeclock to CTB's THERMOSTAT-R terminal. Connect the other side of the timeclock contact to the unit's TB1-2 terminal.



Fig. 44 - PremierLink Wiring Remote Occupied

Refer to Form 33CS-58SI for additional information on configuring the PremierLink control for Door Switch timer function.

Space Relative Humidity Sensor —

The RH sensor is not used with 50HCQ models at this time.

Power Exhaust (output) —

Connect the accessory Power Exhaust contactor coils(s) per Fig. 45.

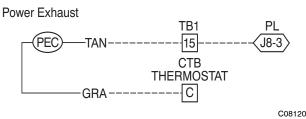


Fig. 45 - PremierLink Power Exhaust Output Connection

CCN Communication Bus -

The PremierLink controller connects to the bus in a daisy chain arrangement. Negative pins on each component must be connected to respective negative pins, and likewise, positive pins on each component must be connected to respective positive pins. The controller

signal pins must be wired to the signal ground pins. Wiring connections for CCN must be made at the 3-pin plug.

At any baud (9600, 19200, 38400 baud), the number of controllers is limited to 239 devices maximum. Bus length may not exceed 4000 ft, with no more than 60 total devices on any 1000-ft section. Optically isolated RS-485 repeaters are required every 1000 ft.

NOTE: Carrier device default is 9600 band.

Communications Bus Wire Specifications: The CCN Communication Bus wiring is field-supplied and field-installed. It consists of shielded 3-conductor cable with drain (ground) wire. The cable selected must be identical to the CCN Communication Bus wire used for the entire network.

See Table 6 for recommended cable.

Table 6 – Recommended Cables

MANUFACTURER	CABLE PART NO.
Alpha	2413 or 5463
American	A22503
Belden	8772
Columbia	02525

NOTE: Conductors and drain wire must be at least 20 AWG, stranded, and tinned copper. Individual conductors must be insulated with PVC, PVC/nylon, vinyl, Teflon, or polyethylene. An aluminum/polyester 100% foil shield and an outer jacket of PVC, PVC/nylon, chrome vinyl, or Teflon with a minimum operating temperature range of -20° C to 60° C is required. Do not run communication wire in the same conduit as or next to any AC voltage wiring.

The communication bus shields must be tied together at each system element. If the communication bus is entirely within one building, the resulting continuous shield must be connected to ground at only one single point. If the communication bus cable exits from one building and enters another building, the shields must be connected to the grounds at a lightning suppressor in each building (one point only).

Connecting CCN bus:

NOTE: When connecting the communication bus cable, a color code system for the entire network is recommended to simplify installation and checkout. See Table 7 for the recommended color code.

Table 7 – Color Code Recommendations

SIGNAL TYPE	CCN BUS WIRE COLOR	CCN PLUG PIN NUMBER
+	Red	1
Ground	White	2
-	Black	3

Connect the CCN (+) lead (typically RED) to the unit's TB1-12 terminal. Connect the CCN (ground) lead (typically WHT) to the unit's TB1-14 terminal. Connect the CCN (-) lead (typically BLK) to the unit's TB1-16 terminal. See Fig. 46.

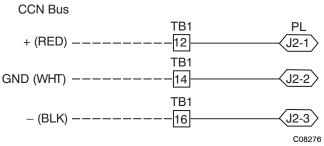


Fig. 46 - PremierLink CCN Bus Connections

RTU-MP Control System

The RTU-MP controller, see Fig. 47, provides expanded stand-alone operation of the HVAC system plus connection and control through communication with several Building Automation Systems (BAS) through popular third-party network systems. The available network systems are BACnet MP/TP, Modbus and Johnson J2. Communication with LonWorks is also possible by adding an accessory interface card to the RTU-MP. Selection of the communication protocol and baud rate are made at on-board DIP switches.

The RTU-MP control is factory-mounted in the 50HCQ unit's main control box, to the left of the CTB. See Fig. 48. Factory wiring is completed through harnesses connected to the CTB. Field connections for RTU-MP sensors will be made at the Phoenix connectors on the RTU-MP board. The factory-installed RTU-MP control includes the supply-air temperature (SAT) sensor. The outdoor air temperature (OAT) sensor is included in the FIOP/accessory EconoMi§er2 package.

Refer to Table 8, RTU-MP Controller Inputs and Outputs for locations of all connections to the RTU-MP board.

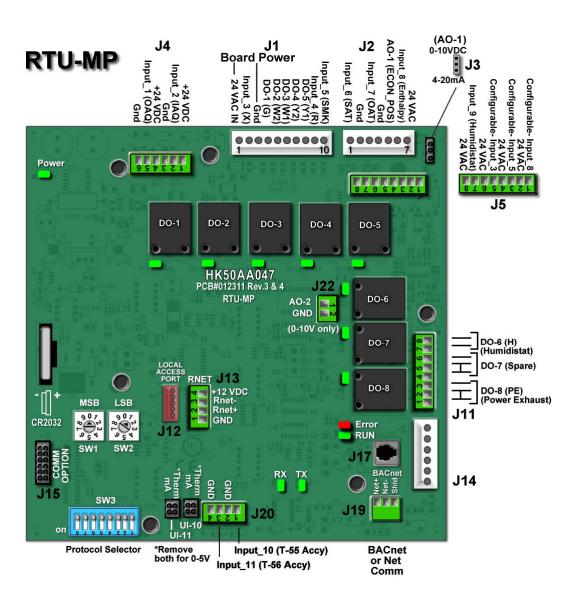


Fig. 47 - RTU-MP Multi-Protocol Control Board

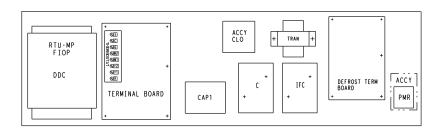


Fig. 48 - 50HCQ Control Box Component Locations

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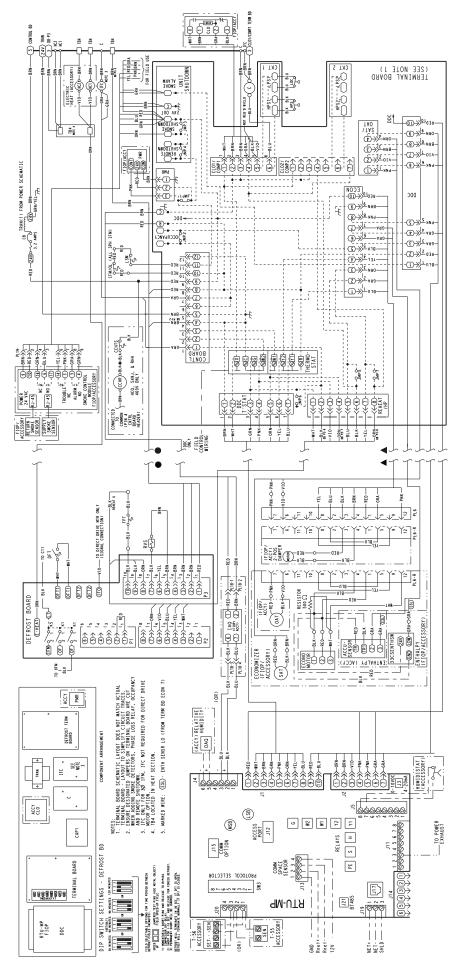


Fig. 49 - Typical RTU-MP System Control Wiring Diagram

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C10229

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Table 8 –	RTU-MP	Controller	Inputs and	Outputs
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POINT NAME	BACnet OBJECT NAME	TYPE OF I/O	CONNECTION PIN NUMBERS	
	INPUTS			
Space Temperature Sensor	sptsens	AI (10K Thermistor)	J20-1, 2	
Supply Air Temperature	sat	AI (10K Thermistor)	J2-1, 2	
Local Outside Air Temperature Sensor	oatsens	AI (10K Thermistor)	J2-3, 4	
Space Temperature Offset Pot	sptopot	AI (100K Potentiometer)	J20-3	
Indoor Air Quality	iaq	AI (4–20 ma)	J4-2, 3	
Outdoor Air Quality	oaq	AI (4–20 ma)	J4-5, 6	
Safety Chain Feedback	safety	DI (24 VAC)	J1-9	
Compressor Safety	compstat	DI (24 VAC)	J1-2	
Fire Shutdown	firedown	DI (24 VAC)	J1-10	
Enthalpy Switch	enthalpy	DI (24 VAC)	J2-6, 7	
Humidistat Input Status	humstat	DI (24 VAC)	J5-7, 8	
	CONFIGURABLE	INPUTS*		
Space Relative Humidity	sprh	AI (4–20 ma)		
Outside Air Relative Humidity	oarh	AI (4–20 ma)	– J4–2,3 or J4–5,6	
Supply Fan Status	fanstat	fanstat DI (24 VAC)		
Filter Status	filtstat	DI (24 VAC)	J5-1,2 or J5-3,4 or	
Remote Occupancy Input	remocc	DI (24 VAC)	J5 5,6 or J5-7,8	
	OUTPUTS	3		
Economizer Commanded Position	econocmd	4-20ma	J2-5	
Supply Fan Relay State	sf	DO Relay (24VAC , 1A)	J1-4	
Compressor 1 Relay State	comp_1	DO Relay (24VAC , 1A)	J1-8	
Compressor 2 Relay State	comp_2	DO Relay (24VAC , 1A)	J1-7	
Heat Stage 1 Relay State	heat_1	DO Relay (24VAC , 1A)	J1-6	
Heat Stage 2 Relay State	heat_2	DO Relay (24VAC , 1A)	J1-5	
Power Exhaust Relay State	aux_2	DO Relay (24VAC , 1A)	J11–3	
Dehumidification Relay State	humizer	DO Relay (24VAC, 1A)	J11–7, 8	

LEGEND

AI - Analog Input

AO - Analog Output

DI - Discrete Input

DO - Discrete Output

* These inputs (if installed) take the place of the default input on the specific channel according to schematic. Parallel pins J5-1 = J2-6, J5-3 = J1-10, J5-5 = J1-2 are used for field-installation.

The RTU-MP controller requires the use of a Carrier space sensor. A standard thermostat cannot be used with the RTU-MP system.

Supply Air Temperature (SAT) Sensor —

On FIOP-equipped 50HCQ unit, the unit is supplied with a supply-air temperature (SAT) sensor (33ZCSENSAT). This sensor is a tubular probe type, approx 6-inches (152.4 mm) in length. It is a nominal 10-k ohm thermistor.

The SAT is factory-wired. The SAT probe is wire-tied to the supply-air opening (on the horizontal opening end) in its shipping position. Remove the sensor for installation. Re-position the sensor in the flange of the supply-air opening or in the supply air duct (as required by local codes). Drill or punch a 1/2-in. hole in the flange or duct. Use two field-supplied, self-drilling screws to secure the sensor probe in a horizontal orientation. See Fig. 29.

Outdoor Air Temperature (OAT) Sensor -

The OAT is factory-mounted in the EconoMi\$er2 (FIOP or accessory). It is a nominal 10k ohm thermistor attached to an eyelet mounting ring.

EconoMi\$er[™]2 —

The RTU-MP control is used with EconoMi§er2 (option or accessory) for outdoor air management. The damper position is controlled directly by the RTU-MP control; EconoMi§er2 has no internal logic device.

Outdoor air management functions can be enhanced with field-installation of these accessory control devices:

Enthalpy control (outdoor air or differential sensors) Space CO₂ sensor Outdoor air CO₂ sensor

50HCQA

Field Connections

Field connections for accessory sensors and input devices are made the RTU-MP, at plugs J1, J2, J4, J5, J11 and J20. All field control wiring that connects to the RTU-MP must be routed through the raceway built into the corner post as shown in Fig. 22. The raceway provides the UL required clearance between high- and low-voltage wiring. Pass the control wires through the hole provided in the corner post, then feed the wires thorough the raceway to the RTU-MP. Connect to the wires to the removable Phoenix connectors and then reconnect the connectors to the board.

Space Temperature (SPT) Sensors -

A field-supplied Carrier space temperature sensor is required with the RTU-MP to monitor space temperature. There are 3 sensors available for this application:

- 33ZCT55SPT, space temperature sensor with override button
- 33ZCT56SPT, space temperature sensor with override button and setpoint adjustment
- 33ZCT59SPT, space temperature sensor with LCD (liquid crystal display) screen, override button, and setpoint adjustment

Use 20 gauge wire to connect the sensor to the controller. The wire is suitable for distances of up to 500 ft. Use a three-conductor shielded cable for the sensor and setpoint adjustment connections. If the setpoint adjustment (slidebar) is not required, then an unshielded, 18 or 20 gauge, two-conductor, twisted pair cable may be used.

Connect T-55: See Fig. 31 for typical T-55 internal connections. Connect the T-55 SEN terminals to RTU-MP J20-1 and J20-2. See Fig. 50.

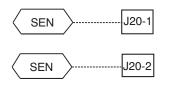
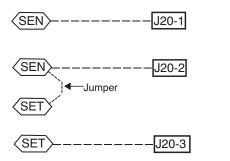
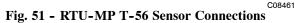


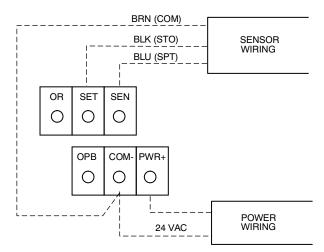
Fig. 50 - RTU-MP T-55 Sensor Connections

Connect T-56: See Fig. 33 for T-56 internal connections. Install a jumper between SEN and SET terminals as illustrated. Connect T-56 terminals to RTU-MP J20-1, J20-2 and J20-3 per Fig. 51.





Connect T-59: The T-59 space sensor requires a separate, isolated power supply of 24 VAC. See Fig. 51 for internal connections at the T-59. Connect the SEN terminal (BLU) to RTU-MP J20-1. Connect the COM terminal (BRN) to J20-2. Connect the SET terminal (STO or BLK) to J20-3.



NOTE: Must use a separate isolated transformer.

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Fig. 52 - Space Temperature Sensor Typical Wiring (33ZCT59SPT)

Economizer Controls

Outdoor Air Enthalpy Control (PNO 33CSENTHSW) —

The enthalpy control (33CSENTHSW) is available as a field-installed accessory to be used with the EconoMi\$er2 damper system. The outdoor air enthalpy sensor is part of the enthalpy control. (The separate field-installed accessory return air enthalpy sensor (33CSENTSEN) is required for differential enthalpy control. See Fig. 36.)

Locate the enthalpy control in the economizer next to the Actuator Motor. Locate two GRA leads in the factory harness and connect the gray lead labeled "ESL" to the terminal labeled "LOW". See Fig. 36. Connect the enthalpy control power input terminals to economizer actuator power leads RED (connect to 24V) and BLK (connect to GND).

The outdoor enthalpy changeover setpoint is set at the enthalpy controller.

Differential Enthalpy Control —

Differential enthalpy control is provided by sensing and comparing the outside air and return air enthalpy conditions. Install the outdoor air enthalpy control as described above. Add and install a return air enthalpy sensor.

Return Air Enthalpy Sensor —

Mount the return-air enthalpy sensor (33CSENTSEN) in the return-air section of the economizer. The return air sensor is wired to the enthalpy controller (33CSENTHSW). See Fig. 37.



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To wire the return air enthalpy sensor, perform the following:

- 1. Use a 2-conductor, 18 or 20 AWG, twisted pair cable to connect the return air enthalpy sensor to the enthalpy controller.
- 2. Connect the field-supplied RED wire to (+) spade connector on the return air enthalpy sensor and the (+) terminal on the enthalpy controller. Connect the BLK wire to (-) spade connector on the return air enthalpy sensor and the (-) terminal on the enthalpy controller.

Indoor Air Quality (CO₂ sensor) —

The indoor air quality sensor accessory monitors space carbon dioxide (CO₂) levels. This information is used to monitor IAQ levels. Several types of sensors are available, for wall mounting in the space or in return duct, with and without LCD display, and in combination with space temperature sensors. Sensors use infrared technology to measure the levels of CO₂ present in the space air.

The CO₂ sensors are all factory set for a range of 0 to 2000 ppm and a linear mA output of 4 to 20. Refer to the instructions supplied with the CO₂ sensor for electrical requirements and terminal locations. See Fig. 38 for typical CO₂ sensor wiring schematic.

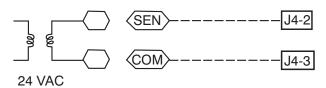
To accurately monitor the quality of the air in the conditioned air space, locate the sensor near a return-air grille (if present) so it senses the concentration of CO_2 leaving the space. The sensor should be mounted in a location to avoid direct breath contact.

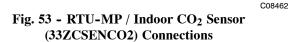
Do not mount the IAQ sensor in drafty areas such as near supply ducts, open windows, fans, or over heat sources. Allow at least 3 ft (0.9 m) between the sensor and any corner. Avoid mounting the sensor where it is influenced by the supply air; the sensor gives inaccurate readings if the supply air is blown directly onto the sensor or if the supply air does not have a chance to mix with the room air before it is drawn into the return airstream.

Wiring the Indoor Air Quality Sensor: For each sensor, use two 2-conductor 18 AWG (American Wire Gage) twisted-pair cables (unshielded) to connect the separate isolated 24 vac power source to the sensor and to connect the sensor to the control board terminals.

To connect the sensor to the control, identify the positive (4 to 20 mA) and ground (SIG COM) terminals on the sensor. See Fig. 38. Connect the 4-20 mA terminal to RTU-MP J4-2 and connect the SIG COM terminal to RTU-MP J4-3. See Fig. 53.

IAQ Sensor





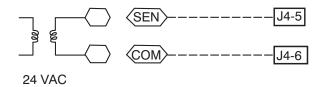
Outdoor Air Quality Sensor (PNO 33ZCSENCO2 plus weatherproof enclosure) —

The outdoor air CO_2 sensor is designed to monitor carbon dioxide (CO_2) levels in the outside ventilation air and interface with the ventilation damper in an HVAC system. The OAQ sensor is packaged with an outdoor cover. See Fig. 40. The outdoor air CO_2 sensor must be located in the economizer outside air hood.

Wiring the Outdoor Air CO_2 Sensor — A dedicated power supply is required for this sensor. A two-wire cable is required to wire the dedicated power supply for the sensor. The two wires should be connected to the power supply and terminals 1 and 2.

To connect the sensor to the control, identify the positive (4 to 20 mA) and ground (SIG COM) terminals on the OAQ sensor. See Fig. 38. Connect the 4 to 20 mA terminal to RTU-MP J4-5. Connect the SIG COM terminal to RTU-MP J4-6.

OAQ Sensor/RH Sensor



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Fig. 54 - RTU-MP / Outdoor CO₂ Sensor (33ZCSENCO2) Connections

On 50HCQ units equipped with factory-installed Smoke Detector(s), the smoke detector controller implements the unit shutdown through its NC contact set connected to the unit's CTB input. The FSD function is initiated via the smoke detector's Alarm NO contact set. The RTU-MP controller communicates the smoke detector's tripped status to the BAS building control. See Fig. 49, the RTU-MP system control wiring schematic.

The Fire Shutdown Switch configuration, $MENU \rightarrow Config \rightarrow Inputs \rightarrow input 5$, identifies the normally open status of this input when there is no fire alarm.

Connecting Discrete Inputs —

Filter Status: The filter status accessory is a field-installed accessory. This accessory detects plugged filters. When installing this accessory, the unit must be configured for filter status by setting $MENU \rightarrow Config \rightarrow Inputs \rightarrow input 3, 5, 8, or 9$ to Filter Status and normally open (N/O) or normally closed (N/C). Input 8 or 9 is recommended for easy of installation. Refer to Fig. 47 and Fig. 49 for wire terminations at J5.

Fan Status: The fan status accessory is a field-installed accessory. This accessory detects when the indoor fan is blowing air. When installing this accessory, the unit must be configured for fan status by setting $MENU \rightarrow Config \rightarrow Inputs \rightarrow input 3, 5, 8, or 9$ to Fan Status and normally open (N/O) or normally closed (N/C).

50HCQA

Input 8 or 9 is recommended for easy of installation. Refer to Fig. 47 and Fig. 49 for wire terminations at J5.

Remote Occupancy: The remote occupancy accessory is a field-installed accessory. This accessory overrides the unoccupied mode and puts the unit in occupied mode. When installing this accessory, the unit must be configured for remote occupancy by setting $MENU \rightarrow Config \rightarrow Inputs \rightarrow input 3, 5, 8, or 9$ to Remote Occupancy and normally open (N/O) or normally closed (N/C).

Also set $MENU \rightarrow Schedules \rightarrow occupancy source$ to DI on/off. Input 8 or 9 is recommended for easy of installation. Refer to Fig. 47 and Table 8 for wire terminations at J5.

Power Exhaust (output): Connect the accessory Power Exhaust contactor coil(s) per Fig. 55.

Power Exhaust

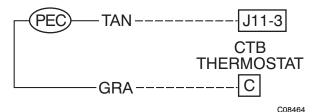


Fig. 55 - RTU-MP Power Exhaust Connections

Space Relative Humidity Sensor: The RH sensor is not used with 50HCQ models at this time.

Communication Wiring - Protocols

General —

Protocols are the communication languages spoken by control devices. The main purpose of a protocol is to communicate information in the most efficient method possible. Different protocols exist to provide different kinds of information for different applications. In the BAS application, many different protocols are used, depending on manufacturer. Protocols do not change the function of a controller; just make the front end user different.

The RTU-MP can be set to communicate on four different protocols: BACnet, Modbus, N2, and LonWorks. Switch 3 (SW3) on the board is used to set protocol and baud rate. Switches 1 and 2 (SW1 and SW2) are used to set the board's network address. See Fig. 56 for the switch setting per protocol. The 3rd party connection to the RTU-MP is through plug J19.

NOTE: Power must be cycled after changing the SW1-3 switch settings.

Refer to the *RTU-MP 3rd Party Integration Guide* for more detailed information on protocols, 3rd party wiring, and networking.

SW3 Protocol Selection

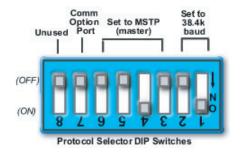
PROTOCOL	DS8	DS7	DS6	DS5	DS4	DS3	DS2	DS1
BACnet MS/TP (Master)	Unused	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	Select Baud	Select Baud
Modbus (Slave)	Unused	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	Select Baud	Select Baud
N2 (Slave)	Unused	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
LonWorks	Unused	ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF

NOTE:

DS = Dip Switch BACnet MS/TP SW3 example shown

Baud Rate Selections

BAUD RATE	DS2	DS1
9600	OFF	OFF
19,200	ON	OFF
38,400	OFF	ON
76,800	ON	ON



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Fig. 56 - RTU-MP SW3 Dip Switch Settings

Local Access -

BACview⁶ Handheld: The BACview⁶ is a keypad/display interface used to connect to the RTU-MP to access the control information, read sensor values, and test the RTU, see Fig. 57. This is an accessory interface that does not come with the MP controller and can only be used at the unit. Connect the BACview⁶ to the RTU-MP's J12 local access port. There are 2 password protected levels in the display (User and Admin). The user password is defaulted to 0000 but can be changed. The Admin password is 1111 and cannot be changed. There is a 10 minute auto logout if a screen is idle. See Form 48-50H-T-2T, Appendix A for navigation and screen content.

Virtual BACview: Virtual BACview is a freeware computer program that functions as the BACview⁶ Handheld. The USB Link interface (USB-L) is required to connect a computer to the RTU-MP board. The link cable connects a USB port to the J12 local access port. This program functions and operates identical to the handheld.

RTU-MP Troubleshooting —

Communication LEDs: The LEDs indicate if the controller is speaking to the devices on the network. The LEDs should reflect communication traffic based on the baud rate set. The higher the baud rate the more solid the LEDs will appear.

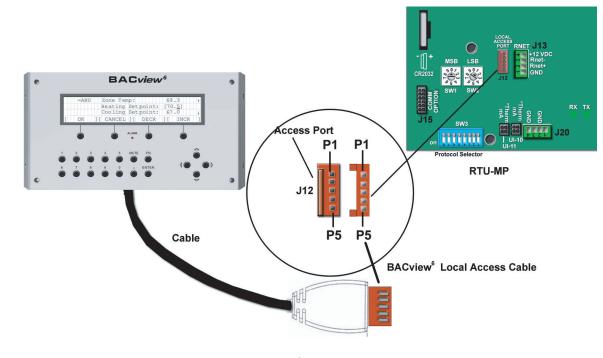


Fig. 57 - BACview⁶ Handheld Connections

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Table 9 – LEDs The LEDs on the RTU-MP show the status of certain functions

If this LED is on	Status is
Power	The RTU MP has power
Rx	The RTU MP is receiving data from the network segment
Тх	The RTU MP is transmitting data over the network segment
DO#	The digital output is active

The Run and Error LEDs indicate control module and network status

If Run LED shows	And Error LED shows	Status is
2 flashes per second	Off	Normal
2 flashes per second	2 flashes, alternating with Run LED	Five minute auto-restart delay after system error
2 flashes per second	3 flashes, then off	Control module has just been formatted
2 flashes per second	4 flashes, then pause	Two or more devices on this network have the same ARC156 network address
2 flashes per second	On	Exec halted after frequent system errors or control programs halted
5 flashes per second	On	Exec start-up aborted, Boot is running
5 flashes per second	Off	Firmware transfer in progress, Boot is running
7 flashes per second	7 flashes per second, alternating with Run LED	Ten second recovery period after brownout
14 flashes per second	14 flashes per second, alternating with Run LED	Brownout
On	On	 Failure. Try the following solutions: Turn the RTU – MP off, then on. Format the RTU – MP. Download memory to the RTU – MP. Replace the RTU – MP.

NOTE: Refer to Form 48-50H-T-2T for complete configuration of RTU-MP, operating sequences and troubleshooting information. Refer to *RTU-MP 3rd Party Integration Guide* for details on configuration and troubleshooting of connected networks. Have a copy of these manuals available at unit start-up.

Smoke Detectors

Smoke detectors are available as factory-installed options on 50HCQ models. Smoke detectors may be specified for Supply Air only or for Return Air without or with economizer or in combination of Supply Air and Return Air. Return Air smoke detectors are arranged for vertical return configurations only. All components necessary for operation are factory-provided and mounted. The unit is factory-configured for immediate smoke detector shutdown operation; additional wiring or modifications to unit terminal board may be necessary to complete the unit and smoke detector configuration to meet project requirements.

Units equipped with factory-optional Return Air smoke detectors require a relocation of the sensor module at unit installation. See "**Completing Installation of Return Air Smoke Sensor**:" on page 35 for details.

System —

The smoke detector system consists of a four-wire controller and one or two sensors. Its primary function is

to shut down the rooftop unit in order to prevent smoke from circulating throughout the building. It is not to be used as a life saving device.

Controller —

The controller (see Fig. 58) includes a controller housing, a printed circuit board, and a clear plastic cover. The controller can be connected to one or two compatible duct smoke sensors. The clear plastic cover is secured to the housing with a single captive screw for easy access to the wiring terminals. The controller has three LEDs (for Power, Trouble and Alarm) and a manual test/reset button (on the cover face).

Sensor —

The sensor (see Fig. 59) includes a plastic housing, a printed circuit board, a clear plastic cover, a sampling tube inlet and an exhaust tube. The sampling tube (when used) and exhaust tube are attached during installation. The sampling tube varies in length depending on the size of the rooftop unit. The clear plastic cover permits visual inspections without having to disassemble the sensor. The cover attaches to the sensor housing using four captive screws and forms an airtight chamber around the sensing electronics. Each sensor includes a harness with an RJ45 terminal for connecting to the controller. Each sensor has four LEDs (for Power, Trouble, Alarm and Dirty) and a manual test/reset button (on the left-side of the housing).

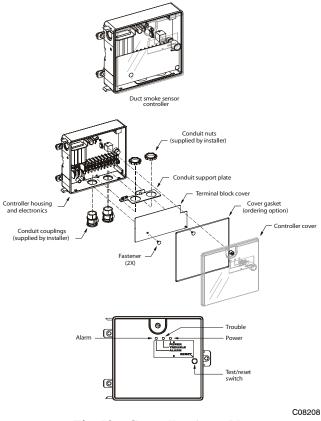


Fig. 58 - Controller Assembly

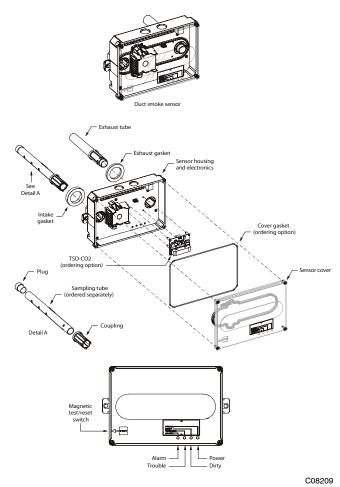


Fig. 59 - Smoke Detector Sensor

Air is introduced to the duct smoke detector sensor's sensing chamber through a sampling tube that extends into the HVAC duct and is directed back into the ventilation system through a (shorter) exhaust tube. The difference in air pressure between the two tubes pulls the sampled air through the sensing chamber. When a sufficient amount of smoke is detected in the sensing chamber, the sensor signals an alarm state and the controller automatically takes the appropriate action to shut down fans and blowers, change over air handling systems, notify the fire alarm control panel, etc.

The sensor uses a process called differential sensing to prevent gradual environmental changes from triggering false alarms. A rapid change in environmental conditions, such as smoke from a fire, causes the sensor to signal an alarm state but dust and debris accumulated over time does not.

For installations using two sensors, the duct smoke detector does not differentiate which sensor signals an alarm or trouble condition.

Smoke Detector Locations

Supply Air —

The Supply Air smoke detector sensor is located to the left of the unit's indoor (supply) fan. See Fig. 60. Access is through the fan access panel. There is no sampling tube used at this location. The sampling tube inlet extends through the side plate of the fan housing (into a high pressure area). The controller is located on a bracket to the right of the return filter, accessed through the lift-off filter panel.

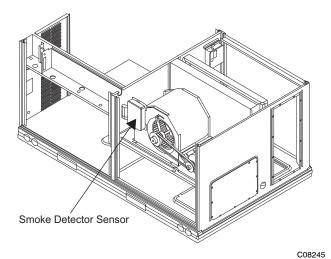
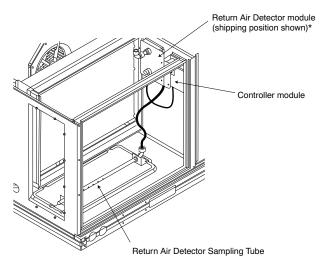


Fig. 60 - Typical Supply Air Smoke Detector Sensor Location

Return Air without Economizer —

The sampling tube is located across the return air opening on the unit basepan. See Fig. 61. The holes in the sampling tube face downward, into the return air stream. The sampling tube is connected via tubing to the return air sensor that is mounted on a bracket high on the partition between return filter and controller location. (This sensor is shipped in a flat-mounting location. Installation requires that this sensor be relocated to its operating location and the tubing to the sampling tube be connected. See "Completing Installation of Return Air Smoke Sensor:" for details.)



*RA detector must be moved from shipping position to operating position by installer C07307

Fig. 61 - Typical Return Air Detector Location

Return Air with Economizer —

The sampling tube is inserted through the side plates of the economizer housing, placing it across the return air opening on the unit basepan. See Fig. 62. The holes in the sampling tube face downward, into the return air stream. The sampling tube is connected via tubing to the return air sensor that is mounted on a bracket high on the partition between return filter and controller location. (This sensor is shipped in a flat-mounting location. Installation requires that this sensor be relocated to its operating location and the tubing to the sampling tube be connected. See the following installation procedure.)

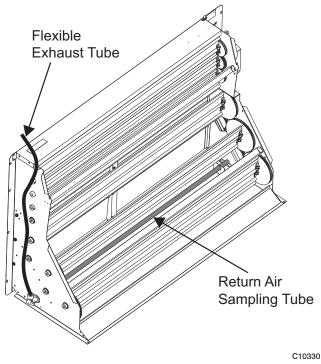


Fig. 62 - Return Air Sampling Tube Location

Completing Installation of Return Air Smoke Sensor:

1. Unscrew the two screws holding the Return Air Sensor detector plate. See Fig. 63. Save the screws.

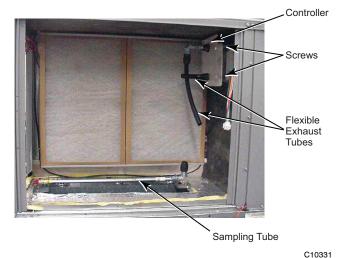
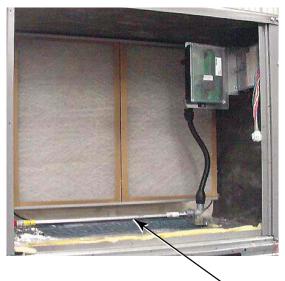


Fig. 63 - Return Air Detector Shipping Position

- 2. Remove the Return Air Sensor and its detector plate.
- 3. Rotate the detector plate so the sensor is facing outwards and the sampling tube connection is on the bottom. See Fig. 64.



Sampling Tube

C10332

Fig. 64 - Return Air Sensor Operating Position

- 4. Screw the sensor and detector plate into its operating position using screws from Step 1. Make sure the sampling tube connection is on the bottom and the exhaust tube is on the top. See Fig. 64.
- 5. Connect the flexible tube on the sampling inlet to the sampling tube on the basepan.

Additional Application Data —

Refer to Catalog No. HKRNKA-1XA for discussions on additional control features of these smoke detectors including multiple unit coordination.

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	¥		EL	EC. HTR	e 10 – Uni	P.E.		ICK DI		U	JNPWR C.O.			
	- Hq	TYPE						NO P.	E.		v	v/P.E. (pwro	l fr/unit)	
UNIT	NO M. V-Ph-HZ	FM	CRHEATER***	NOM (KW)	FLA	FLA		FUSE or	DISC	. SIZE		FUSE or	DISC	. SIZE
	NON	=		(100)			MCA	HACR BRKR	FLA	LRA	MCA	HACR BRKR	FLA	LRA
	60		NONE	-			29.2	45	29	88	31.1	45	31	90
	1	e	101A00	3.3/4.4	15.9/18.3		49.0/52.0	60/60	47/50	104/106	50.9/53.9	60/60	49/52	106/108
	6	ν'	102A00	4.9/6.5	23.5/27.1	1.9	58.5/63.0	60/70	56/60	112/115	60.4/64.9	70/70	58/62	114/117
	208/230-1-60	DD-STD	103B00	6.5/8.7	31.4/36.3		68.4/74.5	70/80	65/70	119/124 126/132	70.3/76.4	80/80	67/73	121/126
	80		104B00	7.9/10.5	37.9/43.8		76.5/83.9	80/90	72/79		78.4/85.8	80/90	75/81	128/134
	N		102A00,102A00 NONE	9.8/13.0	46.9/54.2		87.8/96.9	90/100	83/91 22	182/196	89.7/98.8	90/100	85/93 24	184/198 84
			101A00		 9.2/10.6		21.4 32.9/34.7	30 40/40	32/34	82 91/93	23.3 34.8/36.6	30 40/40	24 34/36	84 93/95
		STD	102A00	4.9/6.5	9.2/10.0 13.6/15.6		32.9/34.7	40/40	37/40	96/98	40.3/42.8	40/40 45/45	39/42	93/95 98/100
			103B00	6.5/8.7	18.1/20.9	1.9	44.0/47.5	45/50	42/46	100/103	40.3/42.8	43/43 50/50	45/48	102/105
		8	104B00	7.9/10.5	21.9/25.3		48.8/53.0	43/30 50/60	47/51	100/103	43.9/49.4 50.7/54.9	60/60	49/53	102/103
		-	105A00	12.0/16.0	33.4/38.5		63.2/69.5	70/70	60/66	115/121	65.1/71.4	70/80	62/68	117/123
	-		NONE				19.2	25	19	94	21.1	30	21	96
	90		101A00	3.3/4.4	9.2/10.6		30.7/32.5	35/40	30/31	103/105	32.6/34.4	40/40	32/33	105/107
	ι.		102A00	4.9/6.5	13.6/15.6		36.2/38.7	40/45	35/37	108/110	38.1/40.6	45/45	37/39	110/112
	208/230-3-60	MED	103B00	6.5/8.7	18.1/20.9	1.9	41.8/45.3	45/50	40/43	112/115	43.7/47.2	45/50	42/45	114/117
		-	104B00	7.9/10.5	21.9/25.3		46.6/50.8	50/60	44/48	116/119	48.5/52.7	50/60	46/50	118/121
	508		105A00	12.0/16.0	33.4/38.5		61.0/67.3	70/70	58/63	127/133	62.9/69.2	70/70	60/66	129/135
			NONE				19.2	25	19	105	21.1	30	21	107
			101A00	3.3/4.4	9.2/10.6		30.7/32.5	35/40	30/31	114/116	32.6/34.4	40/40	32/33	116/118
		т	102A00	4.9/6.5	13.6/15.6		36.2/38.7	40/45	35/37	119/121	38.1/40.6	45/45	37/39	121/123
		ндн	103B00	6.5/8.7	18.1/20.9	1.9	41.8/45.3	45/50	40/43	123/126	43.7/47.2	45/50	42/45	125/128
		-	104B00	7.9/10.5	21.9/25.3		46.6/50.8	50/60	44/48	127/130	48.5/52.7	50/60	46/50	129/132
6			105A00	12.0/16.0	33.4/38.5		61.0/67.3	70/70	58/63	138/144	62.9/69.2	70/70	60/66	140/146
50HCQA04			NONE	_			11.8	15	12	43	12.8	15	13	44
모		e	106A00	6.0	7.2		20.8	25	20	50	21.8	25	21	51
50		-STD	107A00	8.8	10.6	1.0	25.0	25	24	54	26.0	30	25	55
		ġ	108A00	11.5	13.8		29.0	30	28	57	30.0	30	29	58
			109A00	14.0	16.8		32.8	35	31	60	33.8	35	32	61
			NONE	-			10.4	15	10	48	11.4	15	11	49
	99	-	106A00	6.0	7.2		19.4	20	19	55	20.4	25	20	56
	ι.	MED	107A00	8.8	10.6	1.0	23.6	25	22	59	24.6	25	24	60
	460-3-60	Σ	108A00	11.5	13.8		27.6	30	26	62	28.6	30	27	63
	4		109A00	14.0	16.8		31.4	35	30	65	32.4	35	31	66
			NONE	-			10.4	15	10	54	11.4	15	11	55
		-	106A00	6.0	7.2		19.4	20	19	61	20.4	25	20	62
		HIGH	107A00	8.8	10.6	1.0	23.6	25	22	65	24.6	25	24	66
		T	108A00	11.5	13.8		27.6	30	26	68	28.6	30	27	69
			109A00	14.0	16.8		31.4	35	30	71	32.4	35	31	72
		DD-STD	NONE	-	-	1.9	9.3	15	10	42	11.2	15	12	44
	575-3-60	MED	NONE	-	_	1.9	7.7	15	8	45	9.6	15	10	47
		ндн	NONE	_	_	1.9	7.3	15	7	49	9.2	15	9	51

	ЧЧ		EL	EC. HTR		P.E.				-	RD C.O.			
	Ph-	Ĕ						NO P.E			w	ı/P.E. (pwrd	fr/unit)	
UNIT		FM TYPE	CRHEATER***	NOM (KW)	FLA	FLA		FUSE	DISC	. SIZE		FUSE		. SIZE
	NO M. V-Ph-HZ	뜨		(1017)			MCA	or HACR BRKR	FLA	LRA	MCA	or HACR BRKR	FLA	LRA
	60		NONE	-	-		34.0	50	34	93	35.9	50	36	95
	208/230-1-60	STD	101A00	3.3/4.4	15.9/18.3		53.8/56.8	60/60	53/55	109/111	55.7/58.7	60/60	55/58	111/113
	6	N.	102A00	4.9/6.5	23.5/27.1	1.9	63.3/67.8	70/70	61/65	117/120	65.2/69.7	70/70	63/68	119/122
	/23	ġ	103B00 104B00	6.5/8.7 7.9/10.5	31.4/36.3 37.9/43.8		73.2/79.3	80/80 90/90	70/76 78/85	124/129 131/137	75.1/81.2 83.2/90.6	80/90 90/100	73/78 80/87	126/131 133/139
	80		104B00 102A00,102A00	9.8/13.0	46.9/54.2		81.3/88.7 92.6/101.7	90/90 100/110	88/97	187/201	94.5/103.6	100/110	90/99	189/203
	N		NONE	9.0/13.0	40.9/54.2		26.2	30	27	87	28.1	35	29	89
			101A00	3.3/4.4	9.2/10.6		37.7/39.5	45/45	38/39	96/98	39.6/41.4	45/45	40/42	98/100
		-STD	101A00	4.9/6.5	13.6/15.6		43.2/45.7	43/43 50/50	43/45	101/103	45.1/47.6	43/43 50/50	45/47	103/105
		S I	103B00	4.9/0.5 6.5/8.7	18.1/20.9	1.9	48.8/52.3	50/50	48/51	105/108	43.1/47.0 50.7/54.2	60/60	50/53	103/103
		Â	104B00	7.9/10.5	21.9/25.3		53.6/57.8	60/60	52/56	109/112	55.5/59.7	60/60	55/58	111/114
			105A00	12.0/16.0	33.4/38.5		68.0/74.3	70/80	66/71	120/126	69.9/76.2	70/80	68/74	122/128
			NONE	-	-		24.0	30	25	99	25.9	30	27	101
	208/230-3-60		101A00	3.3/4.4	9.2/10.6		35.5/37.3	40/45	35/37	108/110	37.4/39.2	45/45	37/39	110/112
	က်	MED	102A00	4.9/6.5	13.6/15.6		41.0/43.5	45/50	40/43	113/115	42.9/45.4	45/50	42/45	115/117
	g.		103B00	6.5/8.7	18.1/20.9	1.9	46.6/50.1	50/60	45/49	117/120	48.5/52.0	50/60	48/51	119/122
	3/2		104B00	7.9/10.5	21.9/25.3		51.4/55.6	60/60	50/54	121/124	53.3/57.5	60/60	52/56	123/126
	20		105A00	12.0/16.0	33.4/38.5		65.8/72.1	70/80	63/69	132/138	67.7/74.0	70/80	65/71	134/140
			NONE	-	-		24.0	30	25	110	25.9	30	27	112
			101A00	3.3/4.4	9.2/10.6		35.5/37.3	40/45	35/37	119/121	37.4/39.2	45/45	37/39	121/123
		끘	102A00	4.9/6.5	13.6/15.6		41.0/43.5	45/50	40/43	124/126	42.9/45.4	45/50	42/45	126/128
		нідн	103B00	6.5/8.7	18.1/20.9	1.9	46.6/50.1	50/60	45/49	128/131	48.5/52.0	50/60	48/51	130/133
-		-	104B00	7.9/10.5	21.9/25.3		51.4/55.6	60/60	50/54	132/135	53.3/57.5	60/60	52/56	134/137
A04			105A00	12.0/16.0	33.4/38.5		65.8/72.1	70/80	63/69	143/149	67.7/74.0	70/80	65/71	145/151
50HCQA04		_	NONE	-	-		14.0	20	14	45	15.0	20	16	46
Ĭ		-STD	106A00	6.0	7.2		23.0	25	23	52	24.0	25	24	53
50		ŝ	107A00	8.8	10.6	1.0	27.2	30	27	56	28.2	30	28	57
		ġ	108A00	11.5	13.8		31.2	35	30	59	32.2	35	31	60
			109A00	14.0	16.8		35.0	35	34	62	36.0	40	35	63
	0		NONE	-	-		12.6	15	13	50	13.6	20	14	51
	Ű	6	106A00	6.0	7.2		21.6	25	21	57	22.6	25	22	58
	۳ ۱	MED	107A00	8.8	10.6	1.0	25.8	30	25	61	26.8	30	26	62
	460-3-60	-	108A00	11.5	13.8		29.8	30	29	64	30.8	35	30	65
	7		109A00	14.0	16.8		33.6	35	32	67	34.6	35	33	68
			NONE	-	-		12.6	15	13	56	13.6	20	14	57
		Ξ	106A00	6.0	7.2		21.6	25	21	63	22.6	25	22	64
		нідн	107A00	8.8	10.6	1.0	25.8	30	25	67	26.8	30	26	68
		-	108A00	11.5	13.8		29.8	30	29	70	30.8	35	30	71
		<u> </u>	109A00	14.0	16.8		33.6	35	32	73	34.6	35	33	74
	_	DD-STD	NONE	-	-	1.9	11.0	15	12	44	12.9	15	14	46
	575-3-60	MED	NONE	_	_	1.9	9.4	15	10	47	11.3	15	12	49
	,	HIGH	NONE	-	-	1.9	9.0	15	9	51	10.9	15	11	53

	NI					1	/Fuse or HACR Breaker Sizing Data (cont) NO C.O. or UNPWR C.O.								
	Ϊ		EL	EC. HTR		P.E.			N	0 C.O. or L	JNPWR C.O.				
⊑	M. V-Ph-HZ	FM TYPE						NO P.	E.		v	v/P.E. (pwrd	l fr/unit)		
UNIT	Ч.	μ		NOM (KW)	FLA	FLA		FUSE or	DISC	. SIZE		FUSE or	DISC	. SIZE	
	N N	-					MCA	HACR BRKR	FLA	LRA	MCA	HACR BRKR	FLA	LRA	
	30		NONE	-	-		33.6	50	33	119	35.5	50	35	121	
	208/230-1-60	ρ	101A00	3.3/4.4	15.9/18.3		53.4/56.4	60/60	51/54	135/137	55.3/58.3	60/60	53/56	137/139	
	Ī	STD	103B00	6.5/8.7	31.4/36.3	1.9	72.8/78.9	80/80	69/75	150/155	74.7/80.8	80/90	71/77	152/157	
	530	-00	102A00,102A00	9.8/13.0	46.9/54.2	1.0	92.2/101.3	100/110	87/95	213/227	94.1/103.2	100/110	89/97	215/229	
	80		103B00,103B00	13.1/17.4	62.8/72.5		112.1/124.2	125/125	105/116	245/264	114.0/126.1	125/150	107/118	247/266	
	50		104B00,104B00	15.8/21.0	75.8/87.5		128.3/142.9	150/150	120/134	271/294	130.2/144.8	150/150	122/136	273/296	
			NONE	-	-		25.2	30	25	93	27.1	40	27	95	
		STD	102A00	4.9/6.5	13.6/15.6		42.2/44.7	50/50	41/43	107/109	44.1/46.6	50/50	43/45	109/111	
			103B00	6.5/8.7	18.1/20.9	1.9	47.8/51.3	50/60	46/49	111/114	49.7/53.2	50/60	48/51	113/116	
		8	105A00	12.0/16.0	33.4/38.5		66.9/73.3	70/80	64/69	126/132	68.8/75.2	70/80	66/72	128/134	
			104B00,104B00	15.8/21.0	43.8/50.5		79.9/88.3	80/90	76/83	181/194	81.8/90.2	90/100	78/85	183/196	
	208/230-3-60		NONE	-	-		23.0	30	23	105	24.9	30	25	107	
	ကို	0	102A00	4.9/6.5	13.6/15.6		40.0/42.5	45/50	38/41	119/121	41.9/44.4	50/50	40/43	121/123	
	ģ	MED	103B00	6.5/8.7	18.1/20.9	1.9	45.6/49.1	50/50	43/47	123/126	47.5/51.0	50/60	46/49	125/128	
	Š	-	105A00	12.0/16.0	33.4/38.5		64.7/71.1	70/80	61/67	138/144	66.6/73.0	70/80	63/69	140/146	
	50		104B00,104B00	15.8/21.0	43.8/50.5		77.7/86.1	80/90	73/81	193/206	79.6/88.0	80/90	75/83	195/208	
			NONE		-		23.0	30	23	116	24.9	30	25	118	
		Ξ	102A00	4.9/6.5	13.6/15.6		40.0/42.5	45/50	38/41	130/132	41.9/44.4	50/50	40/43	132/134	
		нідн	103B00	6.5/8.7	18.1/20.9	1.9	45.6/49.1	50/50	43/47	134/137	47.5/51.0	50/60	46/49	136/139	
		-	105A00	12.0/16.0	33.4/38.5		64.7/71.1	70/80	61/67	149/155	66.6/73.0	70/80	63/69	151/157	
			104B00,104B00	15.8/21.0	43.8/50.5		77.7/86.1	80/90	73/81	204/217	79.6/88.0	80/90	75/83	206/219	
50HCQA05		0	NONE	-	-		12.4	15	13	47	13.4	15	14	48	
ð		STD	106A00	6.0	7.2		21.4	25	21	54	22.4	25	22	55	
H			108A00	11.5	13.8	1.0	29.7	30	28	61	30.7	35	30	62	
50		â	109A00	14.0	16.8		33.4	35	32	64	34.4	35	33	65	
			108A00,108A00	23.0	27.7		47.1	50	44	102	48.1	50	46	103	
	09		NONE	-	-		11.0	15	11	52	12.0	15	12	53	
	E B	ED	106A00	6.0	7.2	10	20.0	25 20	19	59	21.0	25	20	60 67	
	460-3-60	Ξ	108A00 109A00	11.5 14.0	13.8 16.8	1.0	28.3 32.0	30 35	27 30	66 69	29.3 33.0	30	28 31	67 70	
	46		108A00,108A00	23.0	27.7		45.7	35 50	43	107	46.7	35 50	44	108	
			NONE	23.0	-		11.0	15	11	58	12.0	15	12	59	
			106A00	6.0	7.2		20.0	25	19	65	21.0	25	20	66	
		нідн	108A00	11.5	13.8	1.0	20.0	25 30	27	72	21.0	30	20	73	
		Ĭ	109A00	14.0	16.8	1.0	32.0	35	30	72	33.0	35	31	76	
			108A00,108A00	23.0	27.7		45.7	50	43	113	46.7	50	44	114	
		0		20.0											
		D-STD	NONE	-	-	1.9	10.3	15	11	39	12.2	15	13	41	
	0	8													
	575-3-60	MED	NONE	-	-	1.9	8.7	15	9	42	10.6	15	11	44	
		нісн	NONE	-	-	1.9	8.3	15	8	46	10.2	15	10	48	

Table 10 — Unit Wire/Fuse or HACR Breaker Sizing Data (cont)

	Р.		EL	EC. HTR		P.E.				w/ PWF	, ,			
⊢	- H	ТҮРЕ						NO P.	E.		v	v/P.E. (pwrc	l fr/unit)	
UNIT	M. V-Ph-HZ	μ	CRHEATER***	NOM (KW)	FLA	FLA		FUSE or	DISC	. SIZE		FUSE or	DISC	. SIZE
	NON			()			MCA	HACR BRKR	FLA	LRA	MCA	HACR BRKR	FLA	LRA
	8		NONE	-	-		38.4	50	38	124	40.3	60	41	126
	208/230-1-60	٥	101A00	3.3/4.4	15.9/18.3		58.2/61.2	60/70	57/59	140/142	60.1/63.1	70/70	59/62	142/144
	Ī	STD	103B00	6.5/8.7	31.4/36.3	1.9	77.6/83.7	80/90	75/80	155/160	79.5/85.6	80/90	77/82	157/162
	8		102A00,102A00	9.8/13.0	46.9/54.2	1.5	97.0/106.1	100/110	92/101	218/232	98.9/108.0	100/110	95/103	220/234
	8/2		103B00,103B00	13.1/17.4	62.8/72.5		116.9/129.0	125/150	111/122	250/269	118.8/130.9	125/150	113/124	252/271
	50		104B00,104B00	15.8/21.0	75.8/87.5		133.1/147.7	150/150	126/139	276/299	135.0/149.6	150/150	128/141	278/301
		_	NONE	-	-		30.0	40	31	98	31.9	40	33	100
		-STD	102A00	4.9/6.5	13.6/15.6		47.0/49.5	50/50	46/49	112/114	48.9/51.4	50/60	49/51	114/116
		ŝ	103B00	6.5/8.7	18.1/20.9	1.9	52.6/56.1	60/60	52/55	116/119	54.5/58.0	60/60	54/57	118/121
		ġ	105A00	12.0/16.0	33.4/38.5		71.7/78.1	80/80	69/75	131/137	73.6/80.0	80/90	71/77	133/139
			104B00,104B00	15.8/21.0	43.8/50.5		84.7/93.1	90/100	81/89	186/199	86.6/95.0	90/100	83/91	188/201
	208/230-3-60		NONE	-	-		27.8	40	28	110	29.7	40	30	112
	8	_	102A00	4.9/6.5	13.6/15.6		44.8/47.3	50/50	44/46	124/126	46.7/49.2	50/50	46/48	126/128
	8	MED	103B00	6.5/8.7	18.1/20.9	1.9	50.4/53.9	60/60	49/52	128/131	52.3/55.8	60/60	51/54	130/133
	53	Σ	105A00	12.0/16.0	33.4/38.5		69.5/75.9	70/80	67/72	143/149	71.4/77.8	80/80	69/75	145/151
	80		104B00,104B00	15.8/21.0	43.8/50.5		82.5/90.9	90/100	79/86	198/211	84.4/92.8	90/100	81/88	200/213
	Ñ	-	NONE	-	-		27.8	40	28	121	29.7	40	30	123
			102A00	4.9/6.5	13.6/15.6		44.8/47.3	50/50	44/46	135/137	46.7/49.2	50/50	46/48	137/139
		нідн	103B00	6.5/8.7	18.1/20.9	1.9	50.4/53.9	60/60	49/52	139/142	52.3/55.8	60/60	51/54	141/144
		Ī	105A00	12.0/16.0	33.4/38.5		69.5/75.9	70/80	67/72	154/160	71.4/77.8	80/80	69/75	156/162
			104B00,104B00	15.8/21.0	43.8/50.5		82.5/90.9	90/100	79/86	209/222	84.4/92.8	90/100	81/88	211/224
ы			NONE	-	-		14.6	20	15	49	15.6	20	16	50
50HCQA05		STD	106A00	6.0	7.2		23.6	25	23	56	24.6	25	24	57
g		l N	108A00	11.5	13.8	1.0	31.9	35	31	63	32.9	35	32	64
Ĕ			109A00	14.0	16.8	1.0	35.6	40	34	66	36.6	40	36	67
5			108A00,108A00	23.0	27.7		49.3	50	47	104	50.3	60	48	105
			NONE	-	-		13.2	15	13	54	14.2	20	15	55
	460-3-60		106A00	6.0	7.2		22.2	25	22	61	23.2	25	23	62
	ц.	MED	108A00	11.5	13.8	1.0	30.5	35	29	68	31.5	35	30	69
	6	Ξ	109A00	14.0	16.8	1.0	34.2	35	33	71	35.2	40	34	72
	46		108A00,108A00	23.0	27.7		47.9	50	45	109	48.9	50	46	110
			NONE	-	-		13.2	15	13	60	14.2	20	15	61
			106A00	6.0	7.2		22.2	25	22	67	23.2	25	23	68
		ндн	108A00	11.5	13.8	1.0	30.5	35	29	74	31.5	35	30	75
		Ĭ	109A00	14.0	16.8	1.0	34.2	35	33	74	35.2	40	34	78
			108A00,108A00	23.0	27.7		47.9	50	45	115	48.9	50	46	116
			100,100,100,00	20.0	21.1		47.5	50	40	115	40.9	50	40	110
		DD-STD	NONE	-	_	1.9	12.0	15	13	41	13.9	20	15	43
	575-3-60	MED	NONE	-	-	1.9	10.4	15	11	44	12.3	15	13	46
	ß	нідн	NONE	_	_	1.9	10.0	15	10	48	11.9	15	12	50

	Ņ		FI	EC. HTR	0 mt	P.E.	Fuse or HA			0	JNPWR C.O.			
	M. V-Ph-HZ	щ		20. mn		г. с .				5 0.0. 0i l			1 f	
UNIT		μ						NO P.	E.		v	v/P.E. (pwro	l fr/unit)	
5	> ;<	FM TYPE		NOM (KW)	FLA	FLA		FUSE or	DISC	. SIZE		FUSE or	DISC	. SIZE
	NO N	=		. ,			MCA	HACR BRKR	FLA	LRA	MCA	HACR BRKR	FLA	LRA
	60		NONE	-	-		40.1	60	39	144	42.0	60	41	146
	208/230-1-60	DD-STD	102A00 103B00	4.9/6.5 6.5/8.7	23.5/27.1 31.4/36.3		69.4/73.9 79.3/85.4	80/80 80/100	66/70 75/81	168/171 175/180	71.3/75.8 81.2/87.3	80/80 90/100	68/72 77/83	170/173 177/182
	ģ	S	102A00,102A00	9.8/13.0	46.9/54.2	1.9	98.7/107.8	100/110	93/101	238/252	100.6/109.7	110/110	95/103	240/254
	32		103B00,103B00	13.1/17.4	62.8/72.5		118.6/130.7	125/150	111/122	270/289	120.5/132.6	125/150	113/124	272/291
	200		104B00,104B00	15.8/21.0	75.8/87.5		134.8/149.4	150/150	126/139	296/319	136.7/151.3	150/175	128/142	298/321
			NONE	-	-		28.7	40	28	120	30.6	45	31	122
			102A00	4.9/6.5	13.6/15.6		45.7/48.2	50/60	44/46	134/136	47.6/50.1	60/60	46/49	136/138
		STD	104B00	7.9/10.5	21.9/25.3	1.9	56.1/60.3	60/70	54/58	142/145	58.0/62.2	60/70	56/60	144/147
			105A00	12.0/16.0	33.4/38.5	1.5	70.4/76.8	80/80	67/73	153/159	72.3/78.7	80/80	69/75	155/161
			104B00,104B00	15.8/21.0	43.8/50.5		83.4/91.8	90/100	79/86	208/221	85.3/93.7	90/100	81/89	210/223
			104B00,105A00	19.9/26.5	55.2/63.8		97.7/108.4	100/110	92/102	230/248	99.6/110.3	100/125	94/104	232/250
	09		NONE	-	-		26.5	40	26	143	28.4	40	28	145
	208/230-3-60	0	102A00 104B00	4.9/6.5 7.9/10.5	13.6/15.6 21.9/25.3		43.5/46.0 53.9/58.1	50/50 60/60	42/44 51/55	157/159 165/168	45.4/47.9 55.8/60.0	50/50 60/60	44/46 53/57	159/161 167/170
	, S	MED	105A00	12.0/16.0	33.4/38.5	1.9	68.2/74.6	70/80	64/70	176/182	70.1/76.5	80/80	66/72	178/184
	3/23		104B00,104B00	15.8/21.0	43.8/50.5		81.2/89.6	90/90	76/84	231/244	83.1/91.5	90/100	78/86	233/246
	202		104B00,105A00	19.9/26.5	55.2/63.8		95.5/106.2	100/110	89/99	253/271	97.4/108.1	100/110	92/101	255/273
			NONE	-	-		28.8	40	29	169	30.7	45	31	171
			102A00	4.9/6.5	13.6/15.6		45.8/48.3	50/60	44/46	183/185	47.7/50.2	60/60	46/49	185/187
		HIGH	104B00	7.9/10.5	21.9/25.3	1.9	56.2/60.4	60/70	54/58	191/194	58.1/62.3	60/70	56/60	193/196
		Ī	105A00	12.0/16.0	33.4/38.5	1.0	70.5/76.9	80/80	67/73	202/208	72.4/78.8	80/80	69/75	204/210
			104B00,104B00	15.8/21.0	43.8/50.5		83.5/91.9	90/100	79/87	257/270	85.4/93.8	90/100	81/89	259/272
			104B00,105A00 NONE	19.9/26.5	55.2/63.8		97.8/108.5	100/110	92/102 14	279/297	99.7/110.4	100/125	94/104 15	281/299
50HCQA06		STD	106A00	 6.0	7.2	1.0	13.6 22.6	20 25	22	58 65	14.6 23.6	20 25	23	59 66
ğ			108A00	11.5	13.8		30.8	35	29	72	31.8	35	31	73
н		I I	109A00	14.0	16.8		34.6	35	33	75	35.6	40	34	76
ũ			108A00,108A00	23.0	27.7		48.2	50	45	113	49.2	50	47	114
			108A00,109A00	25.5	30.7		51.9	60	49	119	52.9	60	50	120
			NONE	I	-		12.2	15	12	69	13.2	20	13	70
	99	-	106A00	6.0	7.2		21.2	25	20	76	22.2	25	21	77
	မို	MED	108A00	11.5	13.8	1.0	29.4	30	28	83	30.4	35	29	84
	460-3-60	2	109A00	14.0	16.8		33.2	35	31	86	34.2	35	32	87
	4		108A00,108A00 108A00,109A00	23.0 25.5	27.7 30.7		46.8 50.5	50 60	44 47	124 130	47.8 51.5	50 60	45 48	125 131
			NONE	-	-		13.0	15	13	82	14.0	20	14	83
			106A00	6.0	7.2		22.0	25	21	89	23.0	25	22	90
		풍	108A00	11.5	13.8	10	30.2	35	29	96	31.2	35	30	97
		HIGH	109A00	14.0	16.8	1.0	34.0	35	32	99	35.0	35	33	100
			108A00,108A00	23.0	27.7		47.6	50	45	137	48.6	50	46	138
		<u> </u>	108A00,109A00	25.5	30.7		51.3	60	48	143	52.3	60	49	144
		DD-STD	NONE	-	-	1.9	11.2	15	11	46	13.1	15	14	48
	575-3-60	MED	NONE	_	_	1.9	9.2	15	9	53	11.1	15	11	55
		нісн	NONE	-	-	1.9	10.0	15	10	64	11.9	15	12	66

	Ņ		EL	EC. HTR		P.E.	Fuse or HA		unti Di	w/ PWF	, ,			
	M. V-Ph-HZ	щ						NO P.	F	,	1	v/P.E. (pwrc	fr/unit)	
UNIT	L L L	FM TYP		NOM				FUSE	1		v	FUSE	-	
	Σ	ΠFΜ	CRHEATER****	(KW)	FLA	FLA	МСА	or	DISC	. SIZE	МСА	or	DISC	. SIZE
	N N							BRKR	FLA	LRA		BRKR	FLA	LRA
	60		NONE	-	-		44.9	60	44	149	46.8	60	47	151
	208/230-1-60	STD	102A00 103B00	4.9/6.5 6.5/8.7	23.5/27.1		74.2/78.7 84.1/90.2	80/80	71/76 81/86	173/176	76.1/80.6 86.0/92.1	80/90 100/100	74/78	175/178 182/187
	-		102A00,102A00	9.8/13.0	31.4/36.3 46.9/54.2	1.9	103.5/112.6	100/100 110/125	98/107	180/185 243/257	105.4/114.5	110/125	83/88 101/109	245/259
	/23	ġ	103B00,103B00	9.8/13.0 13.1/17.4	62.8/72.5		123.4/135.5	125/150	117/128	275/294	125.3/137.4	150/150	119/130	277/296
	508	_	104B00,104B00	15.8/21.0	75.8/87.5		139.6/154.2	150/175	132/145	301/324	141.5/156.1	150/175	134/147	303/326
			NONE	-	-		33.5	45	34	125	35.4	50	36	127
			102A00	4.9/6.5	13.6/15.6		50.5/53.0	60/60	50/52	139/141	52.4/54.9	60/60	52/54	141/143
		STD	104B00	7.9/10.5	21.9/25.3		60.9/65.1	70/70	59/63	147/150	62.8/67.0	70/70	61/65	149/152
			105A00	12.0/16.0	33.4/38.5	1.9	75.2/81.6	80/90	72/78	158/164	77.1/83.5	80/90	75/80	160/166
		ġ	104B00,104B00	15.8/21.0	43.8/50.5		88.2/96.6	90/100	84/92	213/226	90.1/98.5	100/100	86/94	215/228
			104B00,105A00	19.9/26.5	55.2/63.8		102.5/113.2	110/125	97/107	235/253	104.4/115.1	110/125	100/109	237/255
	0		NONE	_	-		31.3	45	31	148	33.2	50	34	150
	208/230-3-60		102A00	4.9/6.5	13.6/15.6		48.3/50.8	60/60	47/49	162/164	50.2/52.7	60/60	49/52	164/166
	e S	Q	104B00	7.9/10.5	21.9/25.3		58.7/62.9	60/70	57/60	170/173	60.6/64.8	70/70	59/63	172/175
	30	MED	105A00	12.0/16.0	33.4/38.5	1.9	73.0/79.4	80/80	70/76	181/187	74.9/81.3	80/90	72/78	183/189
	8/2		104B00,104B00	15.8/21.0	43.8/50.5		86.0/94.4	90/100	82/89	236/249	87.9/96.3	90/100	84/92	238/251
	20		104B00,105A00	19.9/26.5	55.2/63.8		100.3/111.0	110/125	95/105	258/276	102.2/112.9	110/125	97/107	260/278
			NONE	-	-		33.6	45	34	174	35.5	50	36	176
			102A00	4.9/6.5	13.6/15.6		50.6/53.1	60/60	50/52	188/190	52.5/55.0	60/60	52/54	190/192
		нідн	104B00	7.9/10.5	21.9/25.3	1.9	61.0/65.2	70/70	59/63	196/199	62.9/67.1	70/70	61/65	198/201
		Ĭ	105A00	12.0/16.0	33.4/38.5	1.9	75.3/81.7	80/90	72/78	207/213	77.2/83.6	80/90	75/81	209/215
			104B00,104B00	15.8/21.0	43.8/50.5		88.3/96.7	90/100	84/92	262/275	90.2/98.6	100/100	87/94	264/277
			104B00,105A00	19.9/26.5	55.2/63.8		102.6/113.3	110/125	98/107	284/302	104.5/115.2	110/125	100/110	286/304
90			NONE	-	-		15.8	20	16	60	16.8	20	17	61
50HCQA06		ρ	106A00	6.0	7.2		24.8	25	24	67	25.8	30	26	68
Ŷ		STD	108A00	11.5	13.8	1.0	33.0	35	32	74	34.0	35	33	75
50		-00	109A00	14.0	16.8	1.0	36.8	40	35	77	37.8	40	37	78
			108A00,108A00	23.0	27.7		50.4	60	48	115	51.4	60	49	116
			108A00,109A00	25.5	30.7		54.1	60	51	121	55.1	60	53	122
			NONE	-	-		14.4	20	14	71	15.4	20	16	72
	-90		106A00	6.0	7.2		23.4	25	23	78	24.4	25	24	79
	မို	MED	108A00	11.5	13.8	1.0	31.6	35	30	85	32.6	35	32	86
	460-3-60	Σ	109A00	14.0	16.8		35.4	40	34	88	36.4	40	35	89
	46		108A00,108A00	23.0	27.7		49.0	50	46	126	50.0	50	47	127
			108A00,109A00 NONE	25.5	30.7		52.7 15.2	60 20	50 15	132 84	53.7 16.2	60 20	51 17	133 85
			106A00	6.0	7.2		24.2	20	24	91	25.2	30	25	92
		т	108A00	11.5	13.8		32.4	35	31	98	33.4	35	32	99
		нідн	109A00	14.0	16.8	1.0	36.2	40	35	101	37.2	40	36	102
		т	108A00,108A00	23.0	27.7		49.8	40 50	47	139	50.8	60	48	140
			108A00,109A00	25.5	30.7		53.5	60	51	145	54.5	60	52	146
		ρ	,											
		DD-STD	NONE	-	-	1.9	12.9	15	13	48	14.8	20	16	50
	õ	0												
	575-3-60	MED	NONE	-	-	1.9	10.9	15	11	55	12.8	15	13	57
	57	нон	NONE	_	_	1.9	11.7	15	12	66	13.6	15	14	68

Legend and Notes for Table 10

LEGEND:	
BRKR	 Circuit breaker
CO	 Convenient outlet
DD	 Direct drive
	indoor fan motor
DISC	 Disconnect
FLA	 Full load amps
IFM	 Indoor fan motor
LRA	 Locked rotor amps
MCA	 Minimum circuit amps
PE	 Power exhaust
PWRD CO	 Powered convenient outlet
UNPWR CO	 Unpowered convenient outlet
NOTES:	

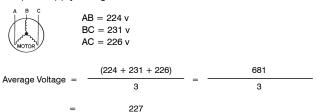
1. In compliance with NEC requirements for multimotor and combination load equipment (refer to NEC Articles 430 and 440), the overcurrent protective device for the unit shall be fuse or HACR breaker. Canadian units may be fuse or circuit breaker.

2. Unbalanced 3-Phase Supply Voltage

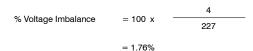
Never operate a motor where a phase imbalance in supply voltage is greater than 2%. Use the following formula to determine the percentage of voltage imbalance.



Example: Supply voltage is 230-3-60

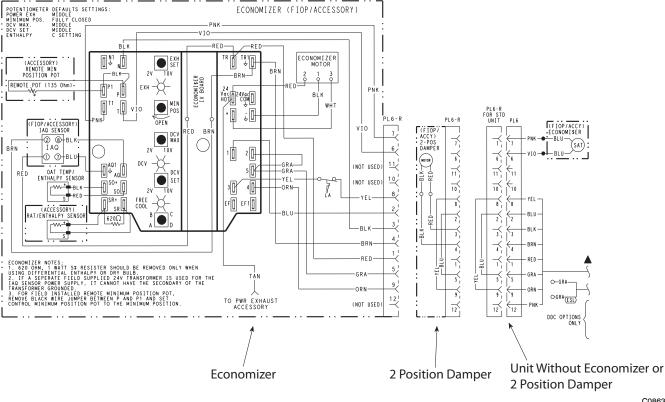


Determine maximum deviation from average voltage. (AB) 227 - 224 = 3 v (BC) 231 - 227 = 4 v (AC) 227 - 226 = 1 v Maximum deviation is 4 v. Determine percent of voltage imbalance.



This amount of phase imbalance is satisfactory as it is below the maximum allowable 2%.

IMPORTANT: If the supply voltage phase imbalance is more than 2%, contact your local electric utility company immediately.



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Fig. 65 - EconoMi\$er[™] IV Wiring

Step 11 — Adjust Factory-Installed Options

Smoke Detectors -

Smoke detector(s) will be connected at the Central Terminal Board (CTB), at terminals marked "Smoke Shutdown". Remove jumper JMP 3 when ready to energize unit.

EconoMi§er IV Occupancy Switch —

Refer to Fig. 65 for general EconoMi\$er IV wiring. External occupancy control is managed through a connection on the Central Terminal Board.

C08631

If external occupancy control is desired, connect a time clock or remotely controlled switch (closed for Occupied, open for Unoccupied sequence) at terminals marked OCCUPANCY on CTB. Remove or cut jumper JMP 2 to complete the installation.

Step 12 — Install Accessories

Available accessories include:

Roof Curb Thru-base connection kit (must be installed before unit is set on curb) Manual outside air damper Two-Position motorized outside air damper EconoMi\$er IV (with control and integrated barometric relief) EconoMi\$er2 (without control/for external signal and integrated barometric relief) Power Exhaust Differential dry-bulb sensor (EconoMi\$er IV) Outdoor enthalpy sensor Differential enthalpy sensor Time Guard II compressor anti-cycle control Outdoor coil hail guard Outdoor coil protector grille Head pressure control Programmable setback thermostat Electrical/Mechanical thermostat and subbase **Electric Heaters** Single Point kits Thermostat / Sensors CO₂ sensor DDC interface (PremierLink) Louvered hail guard

Phase monitor control

Refer to separate installation instructions for information on installing these accessories.

Pre-Start and Start-Up

This completes the mechanical installation of the unit. Refer to the unit's Service Manual for detailed Pre-Start and Start-up instructions.

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