LH-100

USER'S GUIDE GUÍA DEL USUARIO



LK100ES1A



GUIDELINES LAID DOWN BY FCC RULES FOR USE OF THE UNIT IN THE U.S.A. (not applicable to other areas).

NOTICE

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- · Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC WARNING

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Important!

Please note the following important information before using this product.

- Before using the optional AD-5 Adaptor to power the unit, be sure to check the AC Adaptor for any damage first. Carefully check the power cord for breakage, cuts, exposed wire and other serious damage. Never let children use an AC adaptor that is seriously damaged.
- Never attempt to recharge batteries.
- Do not use rechargeable batteries.
- Never mix old batteries with new ones.
- Use recommended batteries or equivalent types.
- Always make sure that positive (+) and negative (-) poles are facing correctly as indicated near the battery compartment.
- Replace batteries as soon as possible after any sign they are getting weak.
- Do not short-circuit the battery terminals.
- The product is not intended for children under 3 years.
- Use only CASIO AD-5 adaptor.
- The AC adaptor is not a toy.
- Be sure to disconnect the AC adaptor before cleaning the product.



This mark applies in EU countries only.



CASIO Europe GmbH Bornbarch 10, 22848 Norderstedt, Germany

Safety Precautions

Congratulations on your selection of the CASIO electronic musical instrument.

- Before using the instrument, be sure to carefully read through the instructions contained in this manual.
- Be sure to keep all user documentation handy for future reference.

Symbols -

Various symbols are used in this user's guide and on the product itself to ensure that the product is used safely and correctly, and to prevent injury to the user and other persons as well as damage to property. Those symbols along with their meanings are shown below.

⚠ DANGER

This symbol indicates information that, if ignored or applied incorrectly, creates the danger of death or serious personal injury.

! WARNING

This indication stipulates matters that have the risk of causing death or serious injury if the product is operated incorrectly while ignoring this indication.

A CAUTION

This indication stipulates matters that have the risk of causing injury as well as matters for which there is the likelihood of occurrence of physical damage only if the product is operated incorrectly while ignoring this indication.

Symbol Examples =



This triangle symbol (△) means that the user should be careful. (The example at left indicates electrical shock caution.)



This circle with a line through it (③) means that the indicated action must not be performed. Indications within or nearby this symbol are specifically prohibited. (The example at left indicates that disassembly is prohibited.)



The black dot () means that the indicated action must be performed. Indications within this symbol are actions that are specifically instructed to be performed. (The example at left indicates that the power plug must be unplugged from the electrical socket.)

⚠ DANGER

Alkaline Batteries

Perform the following steps immediately if fluid leaking from alkaline batteries ever gets into your eyes.



- 1. Do not rub your eyes! Rinse them with water.
- 2. Contact your physician immediately.

Leaving alkaline battery fluid in your eyes can lead to loss of sight.

! WARNING

Smoke, Strange Odor, Overheating Continued use of the product while it is emitting smoke, a strange odor, or heat creates the risk of fire and electric shock. Take the following steps immediately.

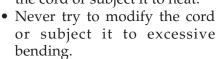
- 1. Turn off power.
- 2. If you are using the AC adaptor for power, unplug it from the wall outlet.
- 3. Contact your original retailer or an authorized CASIO Service Provider.

AC Adaptor

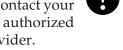
- Misuse of the AC adaptor creates the risk of fire and electric shock. Always make sure you observe the following precautions.
 - Be sure to use only the AC adaptor that is specified for this product.
 - Use only a power source whose voltage is within the rating marked on the AC adaptor.
 - Do not overload electrical outlets and extension cords.



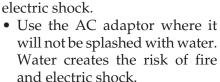
- Misuse of the AC adaptor's electric cord can damage or break it, creating the risk of fire and electric shock. Always make sure you observe the following precautions.
 - Never place heavy objects on the cord or subject it to heat.



- Never twist or stretch the cord.
- Should the electric cord or plug become damaged, contact your original retailer or authorized CASIO Service Provider.



• Never touch the AC adaptor while your hands are wet. Doing so creates the risk of



- Do not place a vase or any other container filled with liquid on top of the AC adaptor. Water creates the risk of fire and electric shock.



Batteries

Misuse of batteries can cause them to leak, resulting in damage to nearby objects, or to explode, creating the risk of fire and personal injury. Always make sure you observe the following precautions.

- Never try to take batteries apart or allow them to become shorted.
- Never expose batteries to heat or dispose of them by incineration.
- Never mix old batteries with new ones.
- Never mix batteries of different
- Do not charge the batteries.
- Make sure the positive (+) and negative (–) ends of the batteries are facing correctly.



Do not incinerate the product.

Never throw the product into fire. Doing so can cause it to explode, creating the risk of fire and personal injury.



Water and Foreign Matter

Water, other liquids, and foreign matter (such as pieces of metal) getting into the product create the risk of fire and electric shock. Take the following steps immediately.



- 1. Turn off power.
- 2. If you are using the AC adaptor for power, unplug it from the wall outlet.
- Contact your original retailer or an authorized CASIO Service Provider.

Disassembly and Modification

Never try to take this product apart or modify it in any way. Doing so creates the risk of electric shock, burn injury, or other personal injury. Leave all internal inspection, adjustment, and maintenance up to your original retailer or authorized CASIO Service Provider.



Dropping and Impact

Continued use of this product after it has been damaged by dropping or subjecting it to strong impact creates the risk of fire and electric shock. Take the following steps immediately.

- 1. Turn off power.
- 2. If you are using the AC adaptor for power, unplug it from the wall outlet.
- Contact your original retailer or an authorized CASIO Service Provider.



Plastic Bags

Never place the plastic bag the product comes in over your head or in your mouth. Doing so creates the risk of suffocation.



Particular care concerning this precaution is required where small children are present.

Keep off of the product and stand.*

Climbing onto the product or stand can cause it to tip over or become damaged. Particular care concerning this precaution is required where small children are present.



Location

Avoid locating the product on an unstable stand, on an uneven surface, or any other unstable location. An unstable location can cause the product to fall over, creating the risk of personal injury.



CAUTION

AC Adaptor

- Misuse of the AC adaptor creates the risk of fire and electric shock. Always make sure you observe the following precautions.
 - Do not locate the electric cord near a stove or other sources of heat.
 - Never pull on the cord when unplugging from the electrical outlet. Always grasp the AC adaptor when unplugging.
- Misuse of the AC adaptor creates the risk of fire and electric shock. Always make sure you observe the following precautions.
 - Insert the AC adaptor into the wall outlet as far as it will go.
 - Unplug the AC adaptor from the wall outlet during lightening storms or before leaving on a trip or other longterm absence.
 - At least once a year, unplug the AC adaptor from the wall outlet and wipe away any dust that is built up in the area around the prongs of the plug.

Relocating the Product

Before relocating the product, always unplug the AC adaptor from the wall outlet and disconnect all other cables and connecting cords. Leaving cords connected creates the risk of damage to the cords, fire, and electric shock.



Cleaning

Before cleaning the product, always unplug the AC adaptor from the wall outlet first. Leaving the AC adaptor plugged in creates the risk of damage to the AC adaptor, fire, and electric shock.



Batteries

Misuse of batteries can cause them to leak resulting in damage to nearby objects, or to explode, creating the risk of fire and personal injury. Always make sure you observe the following precautions.

- Use only batteries that are specified for use with this product.
- Remove batteries from the product if you do not plan to use it for a long time.

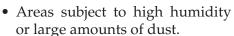


Connect only the specified devices and equipment to the product's connectors. Connection of a nonspecified device or equipment creates the risk of fire and electric shock.



Location

Avoid the following locations for this product. Such locations create the risk of fire and electric shock.

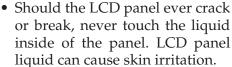


- In food preparation areas or other areas subject to oil smoke.
- Near air conditioning equipment, on a heated carpet, in areas exposed to direct sunlight, inside of a vehicle parked in the sun, or any other area that subjects the product to high temperatures.



Display Screen

 Never push on the display screen's LCD panel or subject it to strong impact. Doing so can cause the LCD panel's glass to crack, creating the risk of personal injury.



- Should LCD panel liquid ever get inside your mouth, immediately wash out your mouth with water and contact your physician.
- Should LCD panel liquid ever get into your eyes or onto your skin, rinse with clear water for at least 15 minutes, and then contact a physician.

Sound Volume

Do not listen to music at very loud volumes for long periods. Particular care concerning this precaution is required when using headphones. High volume settings can damage your hearing.

Health Precaution

In extremely rare cases, exposure to strong sudden light or flashing light can cause momentary muscle spasms, loss of consciousness, or other physical problems with some individuals.

- If you suspect that you might be susceptible to any condition such as this, be sure to consult with your physician before using this product.
- Use this product in an area that is well illuminated.
- Should you ever feel any symptoms similar to those described above when using this product, stop using it immediately and contact your physician.



Heavy Objects

Never place heavy object on top of the product.



Doing so can make the product top heavy, causing the product to tip over or the object to fall from it, creating the risk of personal injury.

Correct Stand* Assembly

An incorrectly assembled stand can tip over, causing the product to fall and creating the risk of personal injury.



Make sure you assemble the stand correctly, following the assembly instructions that come with it. Make sure you mount the product on the stand correctly.

* Stand is available as an option.

= IMPORTANT! =

When using batteries, be sure to replace them or shift to one of the alternate power sources whenever you notice any of the following symptoms.

- · Dim power indicator
- · Instrument does not turn on
- · Display that is flickering, dim, or difficult to read
- · Abnormally low speaker/headphone volume
- · Distortion of sound output
- Occasional interruption of sound when playing at high volume
- · Sudden power failure when playing at high volume
- Flickering or dimming of the display when playing at high volume
- · Continued sound output even after you release a key
- · A tone that is totally different from the one that is selected
- · Abnormal rhythm pattern and Song Bank play
- Loss of power, sound distortion, or low volume when playing from a connected computer or MIDI device
- · Abnormally low microphone volume
- · Distortion of microphone input
- Dim power supply indicator when a microphone is used







Main Features

On-screen fingering and timing indicators

• Easy-to-understand on-screen indicators help to simplify keyboard play, even for novices.

□ 100 amazingly realistic tones

☐ Enhanced auto-accompaniment function for greater versatility

• 50 built in auto-accompaniment patterns.

☐ 100 Built-in Song Bank tunes

• A total of 100 built-in Song Bank tunes comes built in for playback enjoyment or play-along practice.

☐ 3-Step Lesson System

- Develop your musical skills by following the keys as they light. First you become familiar with the timing of the notes by watching the keys light as you playback one of the 100 built-in Song Bank tunes. Next, practice playing along at a pace that's comfortable for you. Finally, try playing along at the normal tempo for the Song Bank tune.
- A simulated human voice is used during Step 1 or Step 2 play to call out the fingers you should use to play the required notes (Voice Fingering). The timing of notes is also indicated on the display screen.

☐ Auto Accompaniment

• Simply specify a chord and the keyboard automatically produces the matching rhythm, bass, and chord patterns. One-touch fill-ins make accompaniments sound interesting and natural.

☐ Transpose Function

An easy operation instantly changes the key of the keyboard.

☐ MIDI compatibility

• Connecting to another MIDI device lets you sound notes on both this keyboard and the connected device by playing on this keyboard.

Microphone jack

Connect a commercially available microphone and you can sing along with Song Bank tunes.

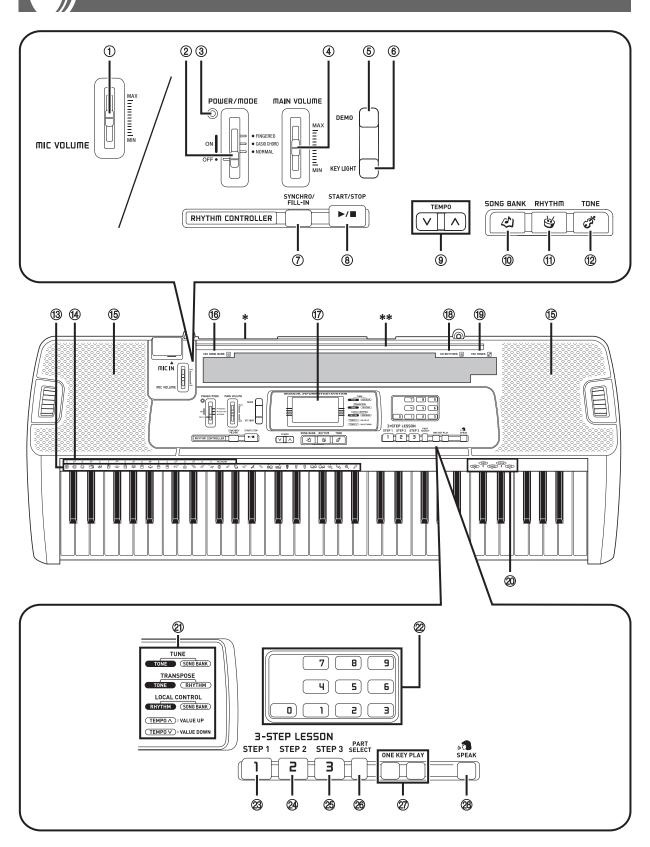
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MIDI Implementation Chart

General Guide



- 1) MIC VOLUME slider
- POWER/MODE selector
- 3 Power indicator
- (4) MAIN VOLUME slider
- **5** DEMO button
- **(6)** KEY LIGHT button

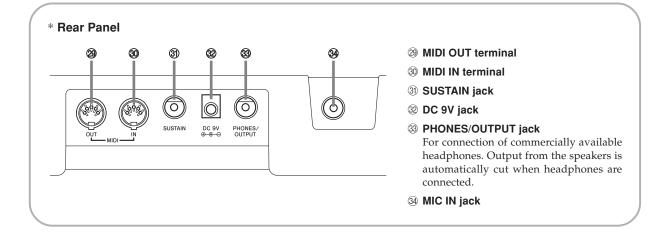
RHYTHM CONTROLLER

- 7 SYNCHRO/FILL-IN button
- **8 START/STOP button**
- TEMPO buttons
- (10) SONG BANK button
- **11) RHYTHM button**
- 12 TONE button
- (3) Percussion instrument list
- (14) CHORD root names
- **15 Speakers**

- 16 100 SONG BANK list
- 17 Display
- 18 50 RHYTHMS list See "Rhythm List" on page A-2 for details.
- (9) 100 TONES list See "GM Tone Map List" on page A-1 for details.
- 20 Voice 1 to 5
- ② TRANSPOSE/TUNE/LOCAL CONTROL operation guide
- 22 Number buttons

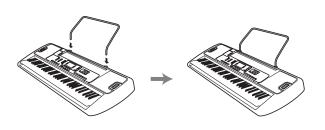
3-STEP LESSON

- 23 STEP 1 button
- ② STEP 2 button
- 25 STEP 3 button
- **26 PART SELECT button**
- ② ONE KEY PLAY buttons
- 28 SPEAK button



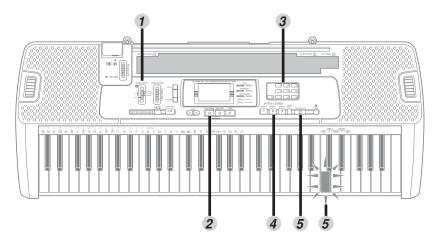
** Attachment of Score Stand

Insert both ends of the music stand provided with the keyboard into the two holes on the top surface.



Quick Reference

This section provides a quick overview of keyboard operation using steps one and two of the 3-step lesson feature. See page E-21 for detailed explanations of these steps.



Set the POWER/MODE selector to NORMAL.



Press the SONG BANK button.



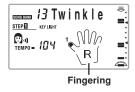


- **3** Find the tune you want to play in the Song Bank list, and then use the number buttons to input its two-digit number.
 - To select "13 TWINKLE TWINKLE LITTLE STAR", input 1 and then 3.



- 4 Press the STEP 1 button or STEP 2 button.
 - When you do, the STEP 1 indicator or STEP 2 indicator appears.
 - The keyboard sounds a count beat and waits for you to play something on the keyboard. The keys that you need to press first flash.
 - Play in accordance with the fingerings that appear on the display.





- **5** Play the melody part on the keyboard.
 - <If you pressed the STEP 1 button in 4 ...>
 Play the notes with the ONE KEY PLAY buttons.
 - The accompaniment tempo automatically adjusts to play along with your melody.



Play the notes on the keyboard.

- A sub-melody (obbligato) plays in time with the melody.
- With Step 1, the correct melody note is played no matter which keyboard key you press.



<If you pressed the STEP 2 button in 4 ...>Play the notes on the keyboard, pressing keys as they light.

- Keep the key depressed as long as it stays lit.
- If you selected any song from number 84 through 99, the lit key goes out as soon as you press it.
- The key that corresponds to the next note you need to play will flash.
- After you press the correct melody key, accompaniment proceeds to the next note.



Power Supply

This keyboard can be powered by current from a standard household wall outlet (using the specified AC adaptor) or by batteries. Always make sure you turn the keyboard off whenever you are not using it.

Using batteries

Always make sure you turn off the keyboard before loading or replacing batteries.

To load batteries

- Remove the battery compartment cover.
 - ries ery
- Load 6 AA-size batteries into the battery compartment.
 - Make sure that the positive (+) and negative (-) ends are facing correctly.
- Insert the tabs on the battery compartment cover into the holes provided and close the cover.

■ NOTE

 The keyboard may not function correctly if you load or replace batteries with power turned on. If this happens, turning the keyboard off and then back on again should return functions back to normal.

Important Battery Information

△ WARNING

Misuse of batteries can cause them to leak, resulting in damage to nearby objects, or to explode, creating the risk of fire and personal injury. Always make sure you observe the following precautions.

 Never try to take batteries apart or allow them to become shorted.



- Never expose batteries to heat or dispose of them by incineration.
- · Never mix old batteries with new ones.
- Never mix batteries of different types.
- · Do not charge the batteries.
- Make sure the positive (+) and negative (-) ends of the batteries are facing correctly.

△ CAUTION

Misuse of batteries can cause them to leak resulting in damage to nearby objects, or to explode, creating the risk of fire and personal injury. Always make sure you observe the following precautions.

 Use only batteries that are specified for use with this product.



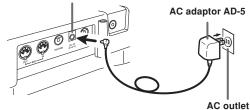
 Remove batteries from the product if you do not plan to use it for a long time.

Using the AC Adaptor

Make sure that you use only the AC adaptor specified for this keyboard.

Specified AC Adaptor: AD-5





Note the following important precautions to avoid damage to the power cord.

During Use

- \bullet Never pull on the cord with excessive force.
- Never repeatedly pull on the cord.
- Never twist the cord at the base of the plug or connector.
- The power cord should not be stretched tight while it is in use.

During Movement

 Before moving the keyboard, be sure to unplug the AC adaptor from the power outlet.

During Storage

• Loop and bundle the power cord, but never wind it around the AC adaptor.

= IMPORTANT! =

- Make sure that the keyboard is turned off before connecting or disconnecting the AC adaptor.
- Using the AC adaptor for a long time can cause it to become warm to the touch. This is normal and does not indicate malfunction.

Auto Power Off

When you are using battery power, keyboard power turns off automatically whenever you leave it on without performing any operation for about 6 minutes. When this happens, move the POWER/MODE selector to the OFF position and then back to NORMAL, CASIO CHORD, or FINGERED to turn power back on.

■ NOTE

 Auto Power Off is disabled (it does not function) when you are using the AC adaptor to power the keyboard.

Power On Alert

Keyboard keys light to alert you if you leave power on and do not perform any operation for about 6 minutes. Note that keys light only, and no sound is produced. When this happens, press any button or keyboard key to clear the power on alert.

■ NOTE

 Power on alert operates only when you are powering the keyboard using the AC adaptor. It does not operate when you are using batteries.

To disable Auto Power Off and power on alert

Hold down the TONE button while turning on the keyboard to disable Auto Power Off and power on alert.

■ NOTE

- When these functions are turned off, the keyboard does not turn off automatically and no alert is performed no matter how long it is left with no operation being performed.
- Auto Power Off and power on alert are enabled again when you manually turn off power and then turn it back on again.



Avoid heat, humidity or direct sunlight.

Do not overexpose the instrument to direct sunlight, or place it near an air conditioner, or in any extremely hot place.

Do not use near a TV or radio.

This instrument can cause video or audio interference with TV and radio reception. If this happens, move the instrument away from the TV or radio.

Do not use lacquer, thinner or similar chemicals for cleaning.

Clean the keyboard with a soft cloth dampened in a weak solution of water and a neutral detergent. Soak the cloth in the solution and squeeze until it is almost dry.

■ NOTE

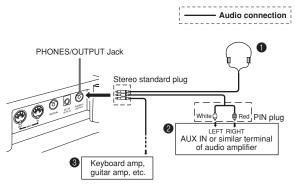
 You may notice lines in the finish of the case of this keyboard.
 These lines are a result of the molding process used to shape the plastic of the case. They are not cracks or breaks in the plastic, and are no cause for concern.

Connections

Phones/Output Jack

Before connecting headphones or other external equipment, be sure to first turn down the volume settings of the keyboard and the connected equipment. You can then adjust volume to the desired level after connections are complete.

[Rear Panel]



Connecting Headphones (Figure 1)

Connecting headphones cuts off output from the keyboard's built-in speakers, so you can play even late at night without disturbing anyone.

Audio Equipment (Figure 2)

Connect the keyboard to an audio equipment using a commercially available connecting cord with a standard plug on one end and two PIN plugs on the other end. In this configuration, you normally set the input selector of the audio equipment to the terminal (usually marked AUX IN or something similar) where the cord from the keyboard is connected. See the user documentation that comes with your audio equipment for full details.

Musical Instrument Amplifier (Figure 3)

Use a commercially available connecting cord to connect the keyboard to a musical instrument amplifier.

■ NOTE

 Be sure to use a connecting cord that has standard plugs on the ends you connect to the keyboard and amplifier.

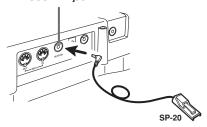
[Connection Example]



Sustain Jack

You can connect an optional sustain pedal (SP-3 or SP-20) to the SUSTAIN jack to enable the capabilities described below.

SUSTAIN jack



Sustain Pedal

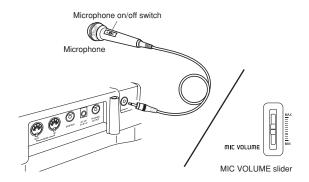
- With piano tones, depressing the pedal causes notes to linger, much like a piano's damper pedal.
- With organ tones, depressing the pedal causes notes to continue to sound until the pedal is released.

Using the Microphone Jack

Connecting a commercially available microphone to the MIC IN jack makes it possible to sing along with the keyboard's built-in tunes or with output from a MIDI device. When connecting a microphone, be sure to first adjust the MIC VOLUME to a relatively low setting, and then adjust to the level you want after connecting.

- **1.** Set the MIC VOLUME slider setting so it is on the "MIN" side.
- 2. Turn on the microphone's on/off switch.
- **3.** Use the MIC VOLUME slider to adjust microphone volume to the level you want.

[Rear Panel]



IMPORTANT! =

 Be sure to use the microphone's on/off switch to turn off the microphone and to disconnect the microphone from the keyboard whenever you are not using it.

Recommended Microphone Type

• Dynamic microphone (standard plug)

= IMPORTANT! =

 Be sure to disconnect the microphone from the keyboard whenever you are not using it.

Howling (Feedback Noise)

Any of the following conditions can cause howling (feedback noise).

- Covering the head of the microphone with your hand
- · Positioning the microphone too near to a speaker

Should howling occur, try grasping the microphone further away from the head, and move away from any nearby speaker.

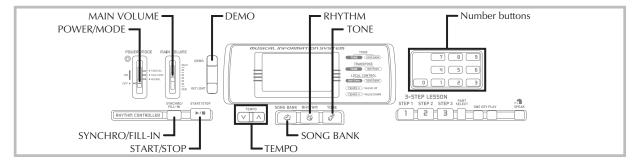
Static Noise

Fluorescent lighting can cause static noise in the microphone signal. When this happens, move away from the lighting you suspect may be causing the static.

Accessories and Options

Use only the accessories and options specified for this keyboard. Use of non-authorized items creates the danger of fire, electrical shock, and personal injury.

Basic Operations



This part of the manual provides you with the basic information you need to use your keyboard.

To switch power on and off

- 1. Set the POWER/MODE selector to NORMAL.
- Press the keyboard keys.
- **3.** Use the MAIN VOLUME slider to set the volume to a relatively low level.
- **4.** To switch power off, set the POWER/MODE selector to OFF position.

To change tones

- 1. Look at the tone list* printed on the keyboard's console and find the one you want.
 - * See "GM Tone Map List" on page A-1 for details.
- Press the TONE button.



Use the number buttons to input the 2-digit number that identifies the tone you want to select.

Example: To select "26 ACOUSTIC BASS", input 2 and then 6.

75 Aco. Bass

■ NOTE

- Always enter two digits for the tone number. If you enter only one digit, the display will automatically return to the previous tone number setting after a few seconds.
- If you change the tone setting while a keyboard key is depressed, the tone does not change until you release the key and press a keyboard key again.
- With certain tones (such as percussion sounds and sound effects), there may be very little or no change at all in the pitch, no matter which keyboard key you press.
- If you input the wrong first digit for a tone number, you can return to the previous setting by pressing the TONE button.

Keyboard split tones

Some of the preset tones split the keyboard and assign two or more sounds. With such a preset tone, the sound produced depends on what position of the keyboard you play. For example, BASS/PIANO (tone 90) puts BASS on the left and PIANO on the right of the keyboard.

<Example>

BASS/PIANO (No.90)



PERCUSSION (No.99)

 PERCUSSION (Tone 99) assigns 35 percussion sounds and five voice sounds to the keyboard as shown below. The sounds assigned to each key are indicated above the keyboard.



①	BASS DRUM	0	COWBELL
8	SIDE STICK	47	CRASH CYMBAL 2
Θ	ACOUSTIC SNARE	×	CLAVES
TO	HAND CLAP	8	RIDE CYMBAL 2
Ø	ELECTRIC SNARE	i	HIGH BONGO
ė	LOW FLOOR TOM		LOW BONGO
\$	CLOSED HI-HAT	9	MUTE HIGH CONGA
₿	HIGH FLOOR TOM	8	OPEN HIGH CONGA
\$	PEDAL HI-HAT	8	LOW CONGA
ė	LOW TOM	⊖,ė́	HIGH TIMBALES
\$	OPEN HI-HAT	ė _e	LOW TIMBALES
LM ⊕	LOW MID TOM	ÉP	HIGH AGOGO
HM ∰	HIGH MID TOM	ep.	LOW AGOGO
*27	CRASH CYMBAL 1	0	CABASA
^H	HIGH TOM	P	MARACAS
B	RIDE CYMBAL 1	ONE	VOICE 1
9	CHINESE CYMBAL	TWO	VOICE 2
R	RIDE BELL	THREE	VOICE 3
0	TAMBOURINE	FOUR	VOICE 4
4	SPLASH CYMBAL	FIVE	VOICE 5

Polyphony

The term polyphony refers to the maximum number of notes you can play at the same time. This keyboard has 12-note polyphony, which includes the notes you play as well as the rhythms and auto-accompaniment patterns that are played by the keyboard. This means that when a rhythm or auto-accompaniment pattern is being played by the keyboard, the number of notes (polyphony) available for keyboard play is reduced. Also note that some of the tones offer only 6-note polyphony.

- When rhythm or auto accompaniment is playing, the number of sounds simultaneously played is reduced.
- Though you can sound up to 12 notes at one time, only the last four keyboard keys pressed light up.

Other Useful Functions

To change the key of the keyboard

The transpose feature of this keyboard lets you raise or lower its key in semitone increments. This means you can easily match to suit someone's voice, and you can eliminate sharps and flats from music making it easier to play.

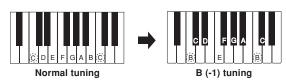
- 1. While in any mode besides the Song Bank Mode (indicated when the SONG BANK indicator is lit), hold down the TONE button and press the RHYTHM button.
 - Perform step 2 within five seconds after performing step 1.



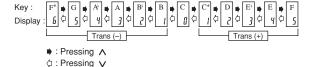
Use the TEMPO buttons to change the key of the keyboard.

Example: To change the tuning to B (indicated by -1 since it is one tone below C, which is the normal tuning of the keyboard).





<Keys and their indicators>



<Note Names>



■ NOTE

- If you leave the transpose screen on the display for about five seconds without doing anything, the screen is automatically cleared.
- You cannot change the transpose setting while the keyboard is in the Song Bank Mode.
- In step 2 of the above operation, you could also use the number buttons 0 to 5 to specify C through F.
- Pressing both of the TEMPO buttons (Λ/V) at the same time returns the transpose setting to C(0).
- The transpose setting is automatically set to C(0) whenever you turn keyboard power on.
- The transpose setting is automatically set to C(0) whenever you press the SONG BANK button.
- The pitch of a transposed note depends on the tone you are using. If the transpose operation causes a note to exceed the range of the tone you are using, the same note in the highest octave of the tone's range is substituted.
- The transpose operation does not affect tone number 99 (PERCUSSION) or auto-accompaniment rhythms.
- Transposing tones 75 through 79 and 90 through 96 changes the range of keys to which each of the tones is assigned.
- The transpose setting is automatically set to C(0) whenever you press the DEMO button.

To tune the keyboard

A simple operation lets you tune the keyboard to another musical instrument.

- While in any mode besides the Song Bank Mode (indicated when the SONG BANK indicator is lit), hold down the TONE button and press the SONG BANK button.
 - Perform step 2 within five seconds after performing step 1.



Use the TEMPO buttons to change the tuning of the keyboard.

Example: To lower tuning by 20



■ NOTE

- If you leave the tuning screen on the display for about five seconds without doing anything, the screen is automatically cleared.
- In step 2 of the above procedure, you could also use the number buttons to input a value from 00 to 50.
- Pressing both of the TEMPO buttons (∧/∨) at the same time returns the tuning setting to 00.
- Pressing the SONG BANK button changes the tuning setting to 00.
- · The tuning setting does not affect any of Song Bank tunes.
- You can tune the keyboard within a range of approximately ±50 cents (100 cents = 1 semitone).
 The tuning setting is automatically set to 00 whenever you turn
- The tuning setting is automatically set to 00 whenever you turn the keyboard on.
- Pressing the DEMO button changes the tuning setting to 00.
- The tuning operation does not affect rhythm (99 PERCUSSION).

Playing the demo tunes

You can set up the keyboard to continually play its 100 built-in Song Bank tunes.

Keyboard keys light to indicate the melody notes of the demo tune as it plays.

To start demo tune play

- **1.** Switch power on and adjust the volume level.
- 2. Press the DEMO button.
 - Demo tune play continues in a sequential endless loop until you switch it off.
 - The number and name of the demo tune currently playing are shown on the display.
 - You can play along on the keyboard while a demo tune is playing back.
- **3.** You can change the demo tune play being played by pressing the number buttons.
 - The Song Bank tunes play back in tune number sequence, starting from the one you select.

To stop demo tune play

Press the DEMO button or START/STOP button again to stop demo tune play.

■ NOTE

- Only the following buttons are enabled while a Song Bank tune is being played.
 - MAIN VOLUME slider
 - · Number buttons
 - · START/STOP button
 - · POWER/MODE selector (OFF)
 - · DEMO button
 - · KEY LIGHT button
 - · SPEAK button
- You cannot change the tone being used for the melody of a Song Bank tune.

Playing rhythms

This keyboard features a collection of 50 exciting built-in rhythm patterns. Each pattern provides percussion back up for all your performances.

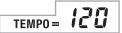
To select and play a rhythm

- 1. Set the POWER/MODE selector to NORMAL.
- 2. Find the rhythm you want to use in the "Rhythm List" (page A-2) and note its rhythm number.
- **3.** Press the RHYTHM button.
 - When you do, the RHYTHM indicator appears.
 - The number and name that appear on the display indicate the currently selected rhythm.
- **4.** Use the number buttons to input the 2-digit rhythm number for the rhythm you want to use. *Example*: To select "37 SAMBA", input 3 and then 7.

BHYTHM 37 Samba

- Be sure to always specify a 2-digit number.
- If you discover a mistake before you input the second digit, press the RHYTHM button to return to the previously set rhythm number.
- You can change to another rhythm even while the current rhythm is sounding.
- **5.** Press the START/STOP button to start play of the rhythm.
 - When you do, the selected rhythm starts to sound.

6. Use the TEMPO buttons to adjust the tempo of the rhythm.



- Each time you press one of the TEMPO buttons while the tempo value is displayed, the tempo setting changes one step, within the range of 040 to 255.
- The initial default tempo setting when you turn on power is 120.
- After displaying the current tempo setting by pressing the TEMPO button in step 6, you can also input the tempo setting you want by inputting a three-digit value with the number buttons.
- Holding down either of the TEMPO buttons changes the tempo setting at high speed.
- To reset the tempo to the standard value of each rhythm, press both TEMPO buttons.
- 7. To stop rhythm play, press the START/STOP button again.

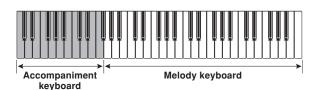
Using auto-accompaniment

This keyboard features 50 accompaniment patterns that let you add full accompaniments to your performances automatically. With auto-accompaniment, part of the keyboard is reserved as an accompaniment keyboard. As you play your chords on the accompaniment keyboard, the accompaniment pattern adjusts automatically to follow the progression you play.

You get a choice between two different methods for chord play. FINGERED lets you play chords as you normally do, while CASIO CHORD makes it possible to play fully formed chords with one finger.

About the accompaniment keyboard

The lower (left) 1.5 octaves are reserved for use as an accompaniment keyboard whenever you select CASIO CHORD or FINGERED with the POWER/MODE selector. The panel above the accompaniment keyboard keys is marked with the names of the notes they play. The remainder of the keyboard (the part that is not included in the accompaniment keyboard) is called the melody keyboard. Please be sure to remember these terms, because they will be used throughout the rest of this manual.



The entire keyboard can be used for melody play while the POWER/MODE selector is set to NORMAL.

Using the CASIO CHORD system

The CASIO CHORD system lets you easily play the four main types of chords. Play of chords is simplified as shown in the chart below.

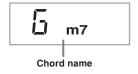
Keys	Type]	Example
Pressing one accompaniment key	Major chord	C (C Major Chord)	©D'DE FFOAABB CO'DE F
Pressing two accompaniment keys	Minor chord	Cm (C Minor Chord)	©D'DE'E FF'QAABB CC'DE'E F
Pressing three accompaniment keys	Seventh chord	C7 (C Seventh Chord)	COSE FROM AND COSE F
Pressing four accompaniment keys	Minor seventh chord	Cm7 (C Minor Seventh Chord)	CODE FEMAND CODE F

■ NOTE

- The bottom (leftmost) note that you play determines the name of the chord. If the bottom note is a C for example, the keyboard produces a C chord.
- When pressing more than one accompaniment key, it makes no difference whether the keys to the right of the bottom note are white or black.

To play a CASIO CHORD auto-accompaniment

- Use the POWER/MODE selector to select CASIO CHORD.
- 2. Select an auto-rhythm as described under "To select and play a rhythm" on page E-18.
- 3. Start play of the rhythm.
 - If you want to start play of the normal rhythm pattern, press START/STOP.
 - You can also use synchro start (page E-20) to start rhythm play.
- 4. Press either one or up to four keys on the accompaniment keyboard, and the corresponding accompaniment starts to play automatically.

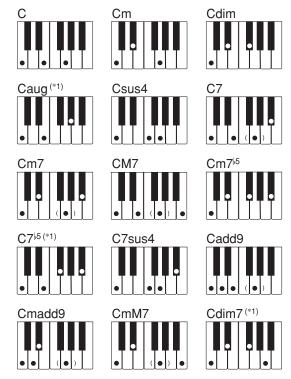


- Continue pressing different keys on the accompaniment keyboard to play your chord progression.
- **6.** To stop auto-accompaniment play, press the START/STOP button again.

Using standard fingerings

The FINGERED mode lets you play a wider variety of chords. In this mode, you can start play of an accompaniment pattern by pressing three or four of the accompaniment keyboard keys.

This keyboard is capable of recognizing 15 different chords. The following shows the fingerings of these chords with a root of C. Note that you can omit the fifth notes (which are shown inside parentheses in the illustrations below) to produce 7, m7, M7, add9, madd9, and mM7 chords.



*1 With this chords, the lowest note in your fingering is always used as the root. Make sure that your fingering correctly identifies the root you want to use.

= IMPORTANT! =

If you play one or two notes only in the left hand, or three
notes that do not make up a recognizable chord formation,
no sound will be produced. The FINGERED mode requires
a conventional three or four-note chord formation to
produce an auto-accompaniment. Also, note that autochords only work in conjunction with rhythm patterns, and
not independently of them.

■ NOTE

 The above examples show only one of the possible fingerings for each chord. Note that you can play the notes that form a chord in any combination. Each of the following fingerings for example, produces the same C chord.

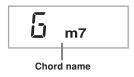


Accompaniment keyboard

• See the "Fingered Chord Charts" on page A-3 for information on the fingerings of chords for all roots.

To play a FINGERED auto-accompaniment

- **1.** Use the POWER/MODE selector to select FINGERED.
- 2. Select an auto-rhythm as described under "To select and play a rhythm" on page E-18.
- **3.** Start play of the rhythm.
 - If you want to start play of the normal rhythm pattern, press START/STOP.
 - You can also use synchro start (on this page) to start rhythm play.
- **4.** Play a chord on the accompaniment keyboard to start play of the auto-accompaniment.



- **5.** Continue pressing keys on the accompaniment keyboard to play your chord progression.
- **6.** To stop auto-accompaniment play, press the START/STOP button again.

Improvising with the preset patterns

Pressing the START/STOP button to start rhythm play causes the normal version of the pattern to be played. You can also play a variation of the rhythm using the operation described below.

Using fill-in rhythm

You can insert a fill-in rhythm by pressing the SYNCHRO/FILL-IN button while an auto-rhythm plays.

Using Synchro start

You can start the rhythm and accompaniment pattern at the same time, with your play of the accompaniment keyboard. To do this, follow the steps below.

- **1.** Set the POWER/MODE selector to the CASIO CHORD or FINGERED position.
- 2. Select an auto-rhythm.
- **3.** Press the SYNCHRO/FILL-IN button.
- **4.** Press the accompaniment keys to play the first chord. As soon as you do, the autoaccompaniment pattern begins to play.

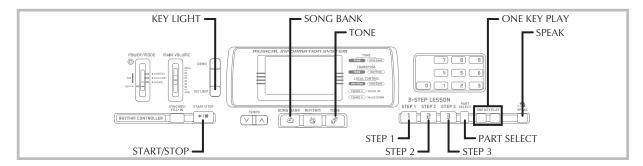


5. To stop the auto-accompaniment pattern play, press the START/STOP button.

■ NOTE

• If you set the POWER/MODE selector to NORMAL in step 1 on page E-18, the operation in step 4 starts play of the rhythm (percussion instruments) only.

3-Step Lesson System



Using 3-Step Lesson System

Even individuals who cannot play the keyboard at all can follow along with the 100 built-in Song Bank tunes with the ONE KEY PLAY buttons. You can also use the 3-Step Lesson System to learn at your own pace. Play slowly at first until you are able to play along at normal speed.

Of the 100 built-in tunes, numbers 00 through 83 feature auto-accompaniment (auto-accompaniment tunes), while 84 through 99 are played using both hands (two-hand tunes).

The 3-Step Lesson System can be used with the following 3-step lesson plan to master keyboard play.

Step 1: Master the timing

Pressing the ONE KEY PLAY buttons plays the melody for an auto-accompaniment tune or the right hand part for two-hand tunes. In both cases, the auto-accompaniment (the left hand part in the case of two-hand tunes) is played automatically by the keyboard. In place of the ONE KEY PLAY buttons, you can also press any key of the keyboard to play the melody or right hand part. The purpose of this step is to familiarize yourself with the timing required to play melody notes.

Step 2: Master the melody

In this step, you use the display to learn which fingers you should use to play, and the key light system to learn which keyboard keys to press. You can play at the pace you want, because the auto-accompaniment or left hand part waits until you press the correct key.

Step 3: Play at normal speed

At this level, the keyboard's keys still light to indicate which notes to play, but they no longer wait for you to press the correct key. The auto-accompaniment or left hand part is played at normal speed.

■ NOTE

- You may not be able to see the keyboard keys light under direct sunlight or in other brightly lit areas.
- You can press the ONE KEY PLAY, STEP 1, STEP 2, and STEP 3 buttons at any time, except while a demo tune is playing. To return the keyboard to its normal mode, press the SONG BANK button.

3-Step Lesson System Tempo Setting

You can use the procedure in step 6 of the procedure on page E-19 to set the tempo of the left-hand part for Song Bank and 3-Step Lesson System play (Step 1 through 3).

This means you can use a slower tempo at the beginning, and then increase it as you learn. Press both of the TEMPO buttons (Λ and V) at the same time to return the tempo to its initial preset setting.

To play a built-in Song Bank tune

- 1. Look up the number of the tune you want to play in the Song Bank list.
- Press the SONG BANK button until the SONG BANK indicator appears.
 - This causes the number and name of the currently selected Song Bank tune to appear on the display.
- **3.** Input the two digit number for the tune you want to play.

Example: To select "13 TWINKLE TWINKLE LITTLE STAR", input 1 and then 3.

SONG BANK 13 Twinkle

- **4.** Press the START/STOP button to start play of the selected tune.
 - The tune you select plays repeatedly, with the keyboard keys lighting to indicate the melody notes.

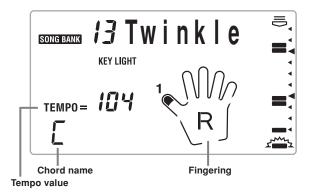
- To stop Song Bank tune play, press the START/ STOP button again.
- **6.** To exit the Song Bank Mode, press the SONG BANK button again.
 - When you do, the SONG BANK indicator goes out.

■ NOTE

- · Always enter two digits for the Song Bank number.
- You can input a Song Bank tune number even while another Song Bank tune is playing.
- If you input the wrong first digit for a Song Bank tune number, you can return to the previous setting by pressing the SONG BANK button.
- The RHYTHM button is disabled in the Song Bank Mode. If you want to play a rhythm, press the SONG BANK button to return to the normal mode first.

Key Lighting System Operation and Display Contents During Song Bank Play

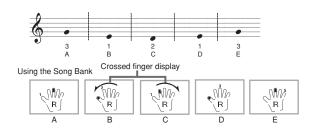
Keyboard keys light to show the keys that should be pressed to play along with Song Bank tunes as they play back. At the same time, the display shows fingerings, chord names, tempo and other information.



Crossed Finger Indications

The display also shows when you have to cross fingers to play notes, and in which direction your fingers should cross.

Example: Display for playing the notes below with the right hand



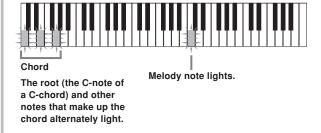
- B and C indicate that the index finger should cross over the thumb.
- C and D indicate that the thumb should cross under the index finger.

Key Lighting During Song Bank Play

When you play back a Song Bank tune, keyboard keys light to show you the notes that are being played.

Auto-accompaniment Song Bank Tune

Chord and melody part keys light.

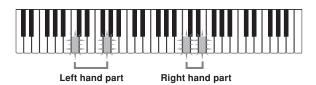


■ NOTE

 Some Song Bank tunes use chords (such as C6) that cannot be played with the FINGERED setting (page E-19). In the FINGERED mode, chords may sound different from the ones produced by Song Bank tune playback, even if you finger the chords as indicated by the lit keys.

Two-hand Song Bank Tune

Left hand and right hand part keys light.



Key Lighting System Operation and Display Contents During 3-step Lesson Play

Whenever you select an Auto Accompaniment tune (00 to 83) for 3-step lesson play, the key lighting system shows you which keys to press, while the display shows you the fingerings.

Note Pitch

The keyboard key that should be pressed lights. The fingers you should use to play the notes are also shown on the display.

Note Length

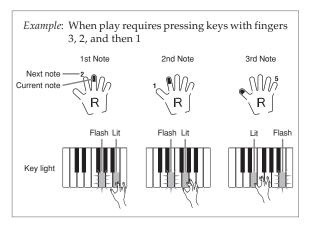
Keyboard keys stay lit for as long as the note should be played. The fingerings also remain on the display for the length of the note.

Next Note

The keyboard key for the next note to be played flashes, while a number appears on the display near the finger you should use to play the next note.

Series of Same Pitch Notes

The keyboard key light turns off momentarily between the notes and lights again for each successive note. The fingerings also turn off and back on again.



■ NOTE

- Note length is not indicated when you are using two-hand tunes (84 to 99) with 3-Step Lesson Steps 1 and 2. As soon as you press a lit key, it goes out and the next key to be played starts to flash.
- Note length is indicated by the key light system when you use a two-hand tune with Step 3. In this case, the next key to be pressed does not flash when you press a lit key and the next finger number does not appear on the display. Only the current finger number is shown.

Voice Fingering Guide

Voice fingering guide uses a simulated human voice to call out fingering numbers during Step 1 and Step 2 one-hand part practice. If you need to press a key with your thumb, for example, voice fingering guide says, "One!" In the case of a chord to be played with your thumb, middle and little finger, voice fingering guide says, "One, three, five!"

Voice Fingering Guide calls out fingerings only when you do not press the proper key when you should.

To turn voice fingering guide on and off

Use the SPEAK button to turn voice fingering guide on and off.

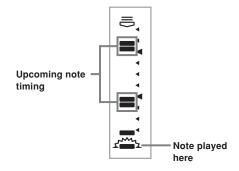


Timing Indicator

The timing indicator helps you become familiar with tunes you are playing for the first time by indicating the timing of notes you play on the keyboard. Timing is easier to see when you use a slow tempo during lesson play.

Using the Timing Indicator

The timing indicator shows the timing of notes contained in the currently selected part (R or L). Notes are indicated as two-segment blocks that scroll from the top of the display, down to the bottom. A note is played when its block reaches the bottom of the display.



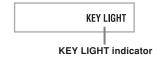
 Each two-segment block can indicate one or more notes, depending on the tune you are playing.

■ NOTE

- The Timing Indicator shows note timing whenever you play back a Song Bank tune and during a 3-Step Lesson.
- Note that the Timing Indicator shows approximate timing only.
 During a tune, the indicated timing can be anywhere from an eight note to a 32nd off of actual timing.

Turning Off Key Lighting

- 1. Press the KEY LIGHT button.
 - The KEY LIGHT indicator disappears when the key light system is turned off.
 - Press the KEY LIGHT button again to turn key lighting back on.



■ NOTE

Key lighting turns on automatically in any of the following cases:

- · When keyboard power is turned on.
- · When demo tune play is started.
- When the SONG BANK button is pressed in the normal mode (page E-21).
- When the power on alert function operates (page E-12).

Number of Simultaneously Lit Keys

Up to four keyboard keys can be lit at the same time.

To change the tone used for the melody of a Song Bank tune

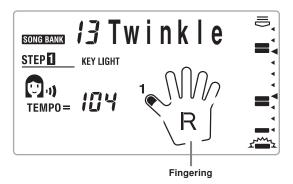
- **1.** Following step 3 of the procedure on page E-21, press the TONE button.
 - Both the SONG BANK indicator and TONE indicator appear, along with the tone number and name of the tone that is currently assigned to the keyboard.
- 2. Input a value to select the tone you want to use.

■ NOTE

- Selecting another Song Bank tune switches the tone setting to the newly selected tune's preset melody tone.
- The tone assigned to the keyboard is the same one specified for the melody of the Song Bank tune.
- The above procedure can be used to change the Song Bank melody tone before starting play or while play is already in progress.
- You can also change the tone of two-hand tunes (tune numbers 84 to 99). Note however, that selecting a sustainable tone (like an organ tone) when using 3-Step Lesson Step 1 or Step 2 (in which accompaniment waits for correct input from you before proceeding), can cause notes of the auto accompaniment to be sustained while the keyboard is waiting for your input. If this happens, play something on the keyboard to stop the sustained note

Step 1: Master the timing

- **1.** Press the STEP 1 button.
 - When you do, the STEP 1 indicator appears.
 - After a count sounds, the keyboard stands by and waits for you to play the first note of the tune. If the tune includes intro measures, the keyboard enters standby after the intro measures are complete.



- 2. Press the ONE KEY PLAY buttons to play each note of the tune.
 - The accompaniment (left hand) part of the tune follows along as you play the melody (right hand) part.
 - The keyboard key that corresponds to the next note to be played flashes, and lights when you play the note.
 - The rhythm (percussion) part does not sound.
- **3.** Try pressing any one of the keyboard keys in place of the ONE KEY PLAY buttons.
 - Pressing any keyboard key plays the correct melody (right hand part) note.
 - Pressing more than one key at the same time counts as a single melody note. Pressing a key while another key is held down is counted as two melody notes.

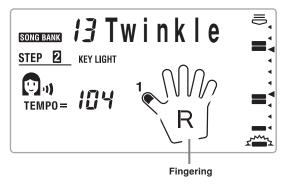


The correct note is played even if you do not press the key that is lit.

- **4.** To stop play at any time, press the START/STOP button
 - When you do, the STEP 1 indicator goes out.

Step 2: Master the melody

- **1.** Press the STEP 2 button.
 - When you do, the STEP 2 indicator appears.
 - After a count sounds, the keyboard stands by and waits for you to play the first note of the tune. If the tune includes intro measures, the keyboard enters standby after the intro measures are complete.



- **2.** Play the notes indicated by the 3-Step Lesson System.
 - The accompaniment (left hand) part of the tune follows along as you play the melody (right hand) part.
 - The keyboard key that corresponds to the next note to be played flashes, and lights when you play the note
 - The rhythm (percussion) part does not sound.

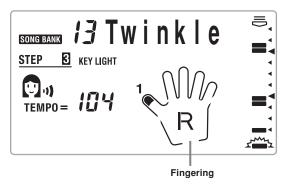


Press keyboard keys as they light. More than one key may light when you are playing a two-hand tune. Press all keys that light.

- **3.** To stop play at any time, press the START/STOP button.
 - When you do, the STEP 2 indicator goes out.

Step 3: Play at normal speed

- 1. Press the STEP 3 button.
 - When you do, the STEP 3 indicator appears.
 - Play starts after a count sounds.



- 2. Play along on the keyboard, following the keys as they light.
 - The accompaniment (left hand) part of the tune plays at normal speed, regardless of what you play on the keyboard.
 - With an auto-accompaniment tune, the keyboard key that corresponds to the next note to be played flashes, and lights when the note should be played.
 - With a two-hand tune, the applicable keyboard key remains lit as long as its note plays. In this case, however, the key for the next note to be played does not flash. Keys light when their notes start to play.



- **3.** To stop play at any time, press the START/STOP button.
 - When you do, the STEP 3 indicator goes out.

To practice the left hand part

Once you master right hand part play, you can use the twohand tunes (numbers 84 through 99) to practice left hand part.

- **1.** Press the SONG BANK button until the SONG BANK indicator appears.
 - This causes the number and name of the currently selected Song Bank tune to appear on the display.
- Input the two digit number for the tune you want to play.
- **3.** Press the PART SELECT button to switch the left hand play.



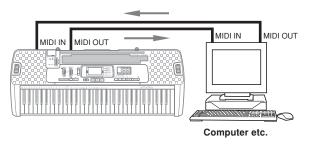
- 4. Press the STEP 1, STEP 2, or STEP 3 button.
 - When you do, the STEP 1, STEP 2, or STEP 3 indicator appears.
 - After a count beat sounds, the right-hand part starts to play and the keys for the left-hand part notes flash.
- **5.** Press the PART SELECT button to return the part selection to its previous setting.
- **6.** To interrupt play of the melody, press the START/STOP button.
 - When you do, the STEP 1, STEP 2, or STEP 3 indicator disappears.



What is MIDI?

The letters MIDI stand for Musical Instrument Digital Interface, which is the name of a worldwide standard for digital signals and connectors that makes it possible to exchange musical data between musical instruments and computers (machines) produced by different manufacturers.

MIDI Connections



General MIDI

General MIDI standardizes MIDI data for all sound source types, regardless of manufacturer. General MIDI specifies such factors as tone numbering, drum sounds, and available MIDI channels for all sound sources. This standard makes it possible for all MIDI equipment to reproduce the same nuances when playing General MIDI data, regardless of the manufacturer of the sound source.

Though the sound source of this keyboard is not General MIDI compatible, you can still connect the keyboard to a computer or other MIDI equipment to playback General MIDI data that is widely available in stores, over computer networks, and from other sources.

■ NOTE

- General MIDI data made up of a large number of parts may not play correctly on this keyboard.
- You will have most success playing back General MIDI data that has few parts and is made up of parts on channels 1, 2, 3, 4, and 10.

Messages

There is a wide variety of messages defined under the MIDI standard, and this section details the particular messages that can be sent and received by this keyboard.

NOTE ON/OFF

This message sends data when a key is pressed (NOTE ON) or released (NOTE OFF).

A NOTE ON/OFF message includes a note number (to indicate note whose key is being pressed or released) and velocity (velocity=100 when the volume value of this unit is 9 to 2, and velocity=75 when the volume value is 1 or 0). NOTE ON velocity is always used to determine the relative volume of the note. This keyboard does not receive NOTE OFF velocity data.

Whenever you press or release a key on this keyboard, the corresponding NOTE ON or NOTE OFF message is sent by constant velocity from the MIDI OUT terminal.

PROGRAM CHANGE

This is the tone selection message. PROGRAM CHANGE can contain tone data within the range of 0 to 127.

A PROGRAM CHANGE message (0 to 99) is sent out through this keyboard's MIDI OUT terminal whenever you manually change its tone number. Receipt of a PROGRAM CHANGE message from an external machine changes the tone setting of this keyboard.

This keyboard can send tone data within the range of 00 to 99 and receive tone data within the range of 0 to 127*. Each of the 128 General MIDI tones is automatically assigned to one of the keyboard's 100 built-in tones as shown on page A-1. Select this setting when you want to listen to General MIDI data from a computer or other external equipment.

* When GM mapping is turned on (page E-28). When turned off, tone data is received in the range of 0 to 99.

■ NOTE

 Channel 10 is for the drum part only, and it does not receive Program Change messages. When receiving MIDI data, it sounds percussion sounds produced by this keyboard.

PITCH BEND

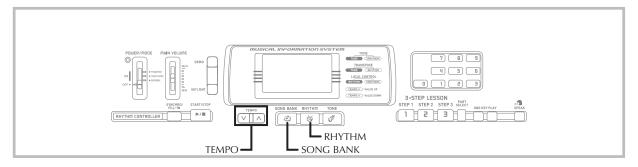
This message carries pitch bend information for smoothly sliding the pitch upwards or downwards during keyboard play. This keyboard does not send pitch bend data, but it can receive such data.

CONTROL CHANGE

This message adds effects such as vibrato and volume changes applied during keyboard play. CONTROL CHANGE data includes a control number (to identify the effect type) and a control value (to specify the on/off status and depth of the effect).

The following is a list of data that can be received using CONTROL CHANGE.

Effect	Control Number
VOLUME	7
HOLD1	64
MODULATION	1



LOCAL CONTROL (Default: on) /GM mapping (Default: off)

This setting determines whether or not the keyboard and sound source of this keyboard are connected internally. When recording to a computer or other external device connected to this keyboard's MIDI IN/OUT terminal, it helps if you turn LOCAL CONTROL off.

- on: Anything played on the keyboard is sounded by the internal sound source and simultaneously output as a MIDI message from the MIDI OUT terminal.
- oFF: Anything played on the keyboard is output as a MIDI message from the MIDI OUT terminal, without being sounded by the internal sound source. Turn LOCAL CONTROL off whenever you are using the MIDI THRU function of a computer or other external device. Also note that no sound is produced by the keyboard if LOCAL CONTROL is turned off and no external device is connected.

■ NOTE

 When you are using this keyboard in a stand-alone configuration, keyboard keys do not light while local control is turned off

To turn off LOCAL CONTROL/To turn on GM mapping

- 1. While in any mode besides the Song Bank Mode (indicated when the SONG BANK indicator is lit), hold down the RHYTHM button and press the SONG BANK button.
 - Perform step 2 within five seconds after performing step 1.
- Use the TEMPO button (v) to turn off local control.
 - This also turns on GM mapping.

of Local

To turn on LOCAL CONTROL/To turn off GM mapping

- While in any mode besides the Song Bank Mode (indicated when the SONG BANK indicator is lit), hold down the RHYTHM button and press the SONG BANK button.
 - Perform step 2 within five seconds after performing step 1.
- Use the TEMPO button (A) to turn on local control.
 - This also turns off GM mapping.



■ NOTE

- Note that LOCAL CONTROL is also turned on automatically whenever you turn on power, or when you press any of the following buttons.
 - START/STOP (to start rhythm or Song Bank tune play)
 - ONE-KEY PLAY
 - STEP 1
 - STEP 2
 - STEP 3
 - DEMO (to start demo tune play)
- See the GM Tone Map List at the back of this manual for information about tone assignments while GM mapping is turned on.

Technical Reference

Troubleshooting

Be sure to check the following table whenever you experience problems with keyboard operation.

Symptom	Cause	Action	See Page
• No sound when keyboard keys are pressed.	1. Power supply problem.	1. Correctly attach the AC adaptor, make sure that batteries (+/-) are facing correctly, and check to make sure that batteries are not dead.	Page E-11
	2. Volume setting is too low.	Use the MAIN VOLUME slider to increase volume.	Page E-15
	3. Headphones are plugged into the keyboard.	3. Unplug the headphones from the PHONES/OUTPUT jack.	Page E-13
	4. The POWER/MODE selector is in the CASIO CHORD or FINGERED position.	4. Normal play is not possible on the accompaniment keyboard while the POWER/MODE selector is set to CASIO CHORD or FINGERED. Change the POWER/MODE selector setting to NORMAL.	Page E-18
	5. Tone "99 PERCUSSION" is selected and you are pressing keys that are not assigned tones.6. LOCAL CONTROL is off.	5. While "99 PERCUSSION" is selected, you can use only keys that are marked on the console with illustrations of percussion instruments. 6. Turn on LOCAL CONTROL.	Page E-15
Any of the following symptoms while using battery power.	Low battery power	Replace the batteries with a set of new ones or use the AC adaptor.	Page E-11
 Continued sound output even a A tone that is totally different fi Abnormal rhythm pattern and 	phone volume ad when playing at high volume aying at high volume splay when playing at high volume after you release a key rom the one that is selected Song Bank play on, or low volume when playing fron plume	n a connected computer or MIDI	
Key light stays on.	Keyboard is waiting for play of the correct note during Step 1 or Step 2 play.	Press the lit key to continue with Step 1 or Step 2 play. Press the START/STOP button to quit Step 1 or Step 2 play.	Pages E-24, 25 Pages E-24, 25
Keyboard keys light but no sound is produced.	Power on alert is telling you that power is left on.	Press any button or keyboard key to resume normal operation with the keyboard in its initial power on setting.	Page E-12

Symptom	Cause	Action	See Page
• RHYTHM button does not work.	Keyboard is in the Song Bank Mode.	Press the SONG BANK button to return to the normal mode.	Page E-21
Cannot change TRANSPOSE/ TUNE/LOCAL CONTROL settings.	Keyboard is in the Song Bank Mode.Demo tune play is in progress.	Press the SONG BANK button to return to the normal mode. Stop demo tune play.	Page E-21 Page E-17
 No sound is produced when playing MIDI data from a computer. 	MIDI cables are not connected properly.	Connect MIDI cables properly.	Page E-27
• Playing on the keyboard produces an unnatural sound when connected to a computer.	The computer's MIDI THRU function is turned on.	Turn off the MIDI THRU function on the computer or turn off LOCAL CONTROL on the keyboard.	Page E-28
Static noise when a microphone is connected.	 Use of a microphone that is a different from the type that is recommended. Use of the microphone in the vicinity of fluorescent lighting. 	Use a full metal shielded Cannon type microphone. Move the microphone away from source of the static.	Page E-13
No microphone sound.	Microphone volume setting is too low. Microphone on/off switch is set to off.	Increase the microphone volume setting. Change the microphone on/off switch setting to on.	Page E-13 Page E-13
A tone's quality and volume sounds slightly different depending where it is played on the keyboard.	rent malfunction.		

Specifications

Model:	LK-100
Keyboard:	61 standard-size keys; 5 octaves
Key Light System:	Can be turned on and off (up to 4 keys can be lit at the same time)
Tones:	100 presets
Polyphony:	12 notes maximum
3-Step Lesson System: Playback: Voice Fingering Guide:	Number of simultaneosly lit keys; 4 3-Steps 1 tune repeat playback On/Off
Auto-accompaniment Rhythm patterns: Tempo: Chords: Other:	50 presets Adjustable, (216 steps, J = 40 to 255), initial value; 120 Two systems; CASIO CHORD, FINGERED Fill-in pattern, Synchro start
Song Bank tunes:	100 tunes
Musical Information Function:	Tone, Auto Accompaniment, Song Bank numbers and names; tempo, 3 step lesson display, chord name, fingering, timing indicator, key lighting, voice fingering
Other Functions Transpose: Tuning:	F# to C to F: half-note Adjustable A4 = Approx. 440 Hz ±50 cents, Initial value: A4 = Approx. 440 Hz
MIDI:	5 multi-timbre receive
Speakers:	10 cm diameter × 2 (Output: 2W+2W)
I/O Terminals MIDI Terminals: Sustain: Power Supply: Headphones/Output: Microphone In:	IN, OUT Standard jack DC 9V jack Stereo standard jack (Output is monaural.) [output impedance: 78Ω , output voltage: $4V$ (RMS) MAX] Standard jack (with microphone volume slider) Input impedance: $2K\Omega$ Input sensitivity: $10mV$
Power Supply: Batteries: Battery life: AC adaptor: Auto Power Off:	2-way 6 AA-size Approximately 4 hours continuous operation on alkaline batteries Approximately 1 hour continuous operation on manganese batteries AD-5 Approximately 6 minutes after the last operation (Operates during battery use only)
Power Consumption:	9 V 7.7 W
1	
Dimensions:	$94.5 \times 37.3 \times 13.5 \text{ cm} (37^{1}/_{4}" \times 14^{11}/_{16}" \times 5^{5}/_{16}")$

 $[\]boldsymbol{\ast}$ Designs and specifications are subject to change without notice.

Appendix/Apéndice

GM Tone Map List

Lista de asignaciones de sonido GM

Tone No./Tone Name Nº de sonido/Nombre de sonido			I No. GM	
00 GRAND PIANO	0			
01 BRIGHT PIANO	1			
02 HONKY-TONK	3			
03 E GRAND PIANO	2			
04 ELEC PIANO 1	4			
05 ELEC PIANO 2	5			
06 ELEC PIANO 3	8			
07 ELEC PIANO 4	9			
08 HARPSICHORD	6			
09 CLAVI	7			
10 ELEC ORGAN 1	16			
11 ELEC ORGAN 2	17			
12 ELEC ORGAN 3	18			
13 ELEC ORGAN 4	15			
14 CHURCH ORGAN	19			
15 PIPE ORGAN	104			
16 REED ORGAN	20			
17 ACCORDION	21			
18 BANDONEON	23			
19 HARMONICA	22			
20 NYLON STR GT	24			
21 STEEL STR GT	25			
22 JAZZ GUITAR	26			
23 CLEAN GUITAR	27			
24 MUTE GUITAR	28			
25 DIST GUITAR	29	30	31	84
26 ACOUSTIC BASS	32			
27 ELEC BASS	33	34	35	
28 SLAP BASS	36	37		
29 BANJO	105			
30 VIOLIN	40	41		
31 CELLO	42	43		
32 HARP	45	46	47	
33 STRINGS 1	48	55		
34 STRINGS 2	49			
35 STRINGS 3	44			
36 SYNTH-STR 1	50			
37 SYNTH-STR 2	51			
38 CHOIR AAHS	52	91		
39 SYNTH-VOICE	53	85		
40 TRUMPET	56			
41 TUBA	58			
42 BRASS SECTION	57			
43 FRENCH HORN 1	60			
44 FRENCH HORN 2	59			
45 BRASS 1	61			
46 BRASS 2	69			
47 SYNTH-BRASS 1	62			
48 SYNTH-BRASS 2	63	83		
	70			

Tone No./Tone Name			GM	I No.	
Nº de sonido/Nombre de sonido				GM	
		(1	- 1	GIVI	
	SOPRANO SAX ALTO SAX	64			
51 52	TENOR SAX	65	67		
	OBOE	66	07		
53	CLARINET	68 71			
54 55	PICCOLO	71			
	FLUTE				
	RECORDER	73 74	79		
57 58	FLUTE ENSEMBLE	75	76	77	
59	WHISTLE		70	//	
	SYNTH-LEAD 1	78 87			
60	SYNTH-LEAD 2		86		
	SYNTH-LEAD 3	81	00		
		80			
63	CALLIOPE CVNTH DAD 1	82			
	SYNTH-PAD 1 SYNTH-PAD 2	89 90			
65		95			
66	SYNTH-PAD 3 BOWED GLASS	95	02	00	
67			93	98	
	HALO PAD	54	94		
69 70	SYNTH-BASS RAIN DROP	38 96	39		
71 72	SF SOUNDTRACK	103			
73	SPACE PAD	97			
	SYNTH-SFX	101			
74 75	VEHICLE	102 125			
76	TELEPHONE	123			
77	SPACE				
78	INVADER	126 127			
79	FUNNY	123			
	STRINGS PIANO	106			
81	STRINGS FIANO STRINGS EP	88	107		
	CHOIR EP	108	107		
83	CHOIR ORGAN	109			
84	STRINGS GUITAR	99	110		
85	STRINGS GOTTAK STRINGS HARP	111	110		
	BRASS STRINGS				
86 87	VIB PAD	112 113			
88	12STR GUITAR	113			
89	CHOIR STRINGS	114			
90	BASS/PIANO	100	116		
91	BASS/FIANO BASS/E PIANO	117	110		
92	BASS/VIB				
93	BASS/NYLON STR GT	118 119			
93	BASS/DIST GUITAR	120		_	
95	STRINGS/PIANO	120			
96	STRINGS/TRUMPET	121			
96	VIBRAPHONE	10	11	14	
98	MARIMBA	12	13	1.4	
99	PERCUSSION	12	13		
ブブ	I EKCUSSION				

Rhythm List

Lista de ritmos

POP	es .
00	CLUB POP
01	FUNKY POP
02	SOUL BALLAD
03	POP BALLAD
04	LITE POP
05	16 BEAT FUNK
06	8 BEAT POP
07	POP ROCK
08	DANCE POP
09	POP FUSION
10	FOLKIE POP
ROC	CK
11	ROCK WALTZ
12	SLOW ROCK
13	SOFT ROCK
14	50'S ROCK
15	60'S SOUL
16	4 BEAT ROCK
17	ROCK
18	TWIST
19	NEW ORLNS R&R
20	R&B
JAZ	Z/FUSION
21	BIG BAND
22	SWING
23	FOX TROT
24	JAZZ WALTZ
25	LATIN FUSION

DAN	NCE/FUNK
26	TECHNO
27	TRANCE
28	DISCO
29	FUNK
30	RAP
EUR	COPEAN
31	POLKA
32	MARCH
33	WALTZ
34	SLOW WALTZ
35	TANGO
LAT	IN/VARIOUS I
36	BOSSA NOVA
37	SAMBA
38	MAMBO
39	REGGAE
40	SKA
41	SALSA
42	FOLKLORE
43	RUMBA CATALANA
VAI	RIOUS II
44	COUNTRY
45	TOWNSHIP
46	SLOW GOSPEL
47	BALADI
48	BAROQUE
49	NEW AGE

Fingered Chord Charts

Cuadros de acordes digitados

This table shows the left-hand fingerings (including inverted forms) for a number of often-used chords.

Esta tabla muestra las digitaciones (incluyendo las formas invertidas) para varios de los acordes más a menudo usados.



- : Left hand finger numbers
- : Números de los dedos de la mano izquierda

Chord Type Root	М	m	7	m7	dim7	М7	m7 ⁵	dim
С	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2]
(D b)	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2]
D	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2]
E [,] (D#)	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2]
Е	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2]
F	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2]
F# (G)	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2]
G	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2]
A (G #)	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2]
А	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	*	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2]
B [,] (A #)	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	*	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2]
В	[5, 2, 1]	[5, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	*	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2]

Chord Type	aug	sus4	7 sus4	m add9	m M7	7♭5	add9
С	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]
C# (D b)	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]
D	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]
E ⁾ (D#)	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]
E	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]
F	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]
F# (G♭)	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]
G	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]
A, (G#)	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 2, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]
Α	[5, 3, 1]	[5, 2, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]
B (A #)	*	[5, 2, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[5, 4, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]
В	*	[5, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]	[4, 3, 2, 1]	[5, 3, 2, 1]

* Cannot be specified in FINGERED setting because of accompaniment keyboard limitations, but augmented and diminished (seventh) chords made up of the same component notes (with different base note) can be used instead.

* No puede especificarse en el ajuste FINGERED debido a las limitaciones del teclado de acompañamiento, pero en su lugar pueden usarse los acordes aumentados y disminuídos (séptima) compuestos por las mismas notas componentes (con diferente nota básica).

Model LK-100	100	MIDI Implementation Chart	tation Chart	Version: 1.0
Func	Function	Transmitted	Recognized	Remarks
Basic Channel	Default Changed		1-4, 10 1-4, 10	
Mode	Default Messages Altered	Mode 3 X **********	Mode 3 X ***********************************	
Note Number	True voice	**************************************	0-127 36-96 *1	*1: Depends on tone *1: Depende en el sonido
Velocity	Note ON Note OFF	X 9nH V = 100 X 9nH V = 0	O 9nH V = 1-127 X 9nH V = 0,8nH V = *2	*2 = no relation *2 = sin relación
After Touch	Key's Ch's	××	××	
Pitch Bender		×	0	
Control Change	6, 38 7 10 11 11	×××××0	0 × 0 × × 0	Modulation Data entry Volume Pan Expression Hold1

	100, 101 120 121	×××	×××	RPN LSB, MSB All sound off Reset all controller
Program Change	:True #	**************************************	O 0-127, 0-99 *3 *********	*3: Depends on GM Map setting *3: Depende en el ajuste de mapa GM
System Exclusive	ısive	×	×	
System Common	: Song Pos : Song Sel : Tune	×××	×××	
System Real Time	: Clock : Commands	××	××	
Aux Messages	: Local ON/OFF : All notes OFF : Active Sense : Reset	××××	××××	
Remarks				

Mode 1 : OMNI ON, POLY Mode 2 : OMNI ON, MONO Mode 3 : OMNI OFF, POLY Mode 4 : OMNI OFF, MONO

O : Yes X : No



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