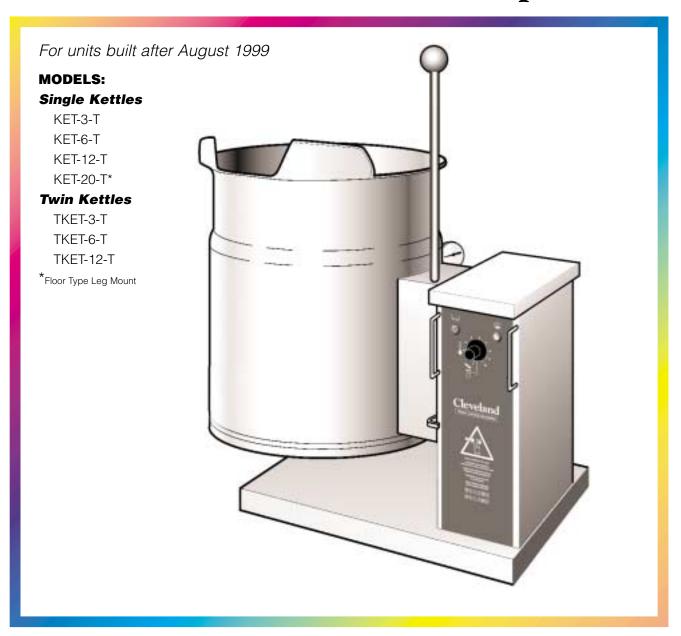


Operators Manual

Installation, Operation & Service

Electric Table Top Kettles





Enodis

1333 East 179th St., Cleveland, Ohio, U.S.A. 44110

Phone: (216) 481-4900 Fax: (216) 481-3782 Visit our web site at www.clevelandrange.com

SE95004 Rev. 4

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Installation	General
	<i>Inspection</i>
	Shipping Damage Instructions
	<i>Installation</i>
	Clearance Requirements1
	Pour Paths
	Assembly
	Electrical
	Wire Connection
	Water 3
	Installation Checks
	<i>Cleaning</i>
Operating Instructions	General Parts Drawing 4
operating Instructions	Operating the Kettle
	1 0
	Temperature Range Chart
	Approximate Boiling Times
	<i>Marine Lock</i>
Cleaning Instructions	Care & Cleaning
cicums Instituctions	Marine Lock
	Marine Lock/
Service Parts	<i>Warranty.</i>
	Faucet Assembly
	Kettle Bottom & Side
	Cord & Plug Option
	Console Components & Marine Lock
	Tilting Gearbox Assembly
	Electrical Panel
	Electrical Funet
Maintenance	Inspection & Maintenance Check List
	Bearing Lubrication Procedure
	Calibrating Procedure
	Pressure Relief Valve Periodic Testing Procedure
	Reservoir Fill Procedures
	Kettle Venting Instructions
	Vacuum Leak Test Procedure
	Repairing Leaks in Steam Jacketed Kettle Fittings
	Marine Lock Testing Procedure
	Diagnostic Guide
	Wiring Diagrams
Symbol Legend	
Symbol Legenu	

INSTALLATION

GENERAL

Installation of the kettle must be accomplished by qualified electrical installation personnel working to all applicable local and national codes. Improper installation of product could cause injury or damage.

This equipment is built to comply with applicable standards for manufacturers. Included among those approval agencies are: UL, NSF, ASME/Ntl. Bd., CSA, CGA, ETL, and others. Many local codes exist, and it is the responsibility of the owner/installer to comply with these codes.

Note: Maximum voltage for LVD (low volt directive for Europe) to be 440 volts for CE marked appliances.

INSPECTION

Before unpacking visually inspect the unit for evidence of damage during shipping.

If damage is noticed, do not unpack the unit, follow Shipping Damage Instructions shown below.

SHIPPING DAMAGE INSTRUCTIONS

If shipping damage to the unit is discovered or suspected, observe the following guidelines in preparing a shipping damage claim.

- **1.** Write down a description of the damage or the reason for suspecting damage as soon as it is discovered. This will help in filling out the claim forms later.
- **2.** As soon as damage is discovered or suspected, notify the carrier that delivered the shipment.
- **3.** Arrange for the carrier's representative to examine the damage.
- **4.** Fill out all carrier claims forms and have the examining carrier sign and date each form.

INSTALLATION

The first installation step is to refer to the Specification Sheets or Specification Drawings for detailed clearance requirements of the kettle. Next, carefully cut open the shipping carton for easy removal of the kettle.

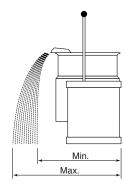
CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS

Model #	Back*	Left Side	Right Side
KET-3-T	2 1/4"	0	0
KET-6-T	2 3/4"	0	0
KET-12-T	5 1/2"	0	0
KET-20-T	8"	0	0
TKET-3-T	6 5/8"	0	0
TKET-6-T	7 1/8"	0	0
TKET-12-T	9 7/8"	0	0

^{*} From back of mounting base.

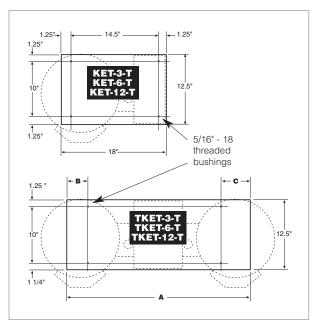
POUR PATH

Min.	Max.
2"	12"
3.5"	18"
4"	24"
6"	28"
	2" 3.5" 4"



ASSEMBLY

Table-Top Models (3, 6 & 12 gallon)

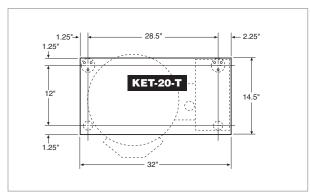


Model #	A	В	С
TKET-3-T	18"	2.25"	1.25"
TKET-6-T	24"	4.63"	4.63"
TKET-12-T	30"	7.75"	7.75"

Base Mounting Diagram

Table-top models (3, 6 & 12 gallon - single and twin) must be positioned on a firm, level stand, or existing counter top, and bolted in place. These models are supplied with four threaded mounting bushings welded to the underside of the base. An optional support stand with level adjustable legs is available. Once the kettle is secure, screw tilt handle into the threaded hole provided at the right side of kettle.

Floor Type Leg Mount Models (20 gallon)



Base Mounting Diagram

Position on a firm, level surface, and bolt two flange feet in place. Once the kettle is secure, screw tilt handle into the threaded hole provided at the right of kettle.

ELECTRICAL

ENSURE THE ELECTRICAL SUPPLY MATCHES THE KETTLE'S REQUIREMENTS AS STATED ON THE RATING LABEL.

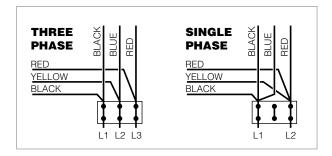
This kettle is built to comply with applicable standards of manufacturers. Included among these approval agencies are UL, NSF, ASME/Ntl. Bd., CSA, ETL, and others. Many local codes exist, and it is the responsibility of the owner and installer to comply with these codes.

The electrical supply must match the power requirements specified on the kettle's rating plate. The copper wiring must be adequate to carry the required current at the rated voltage. Refer to the Specification Sheet for all electrical specifications.

Note: Maximum voltage for LVD (low volt directive for Europe) to be 440 volts for CE marked appliances.

WIRE CONNECTION

If unit does not have cord and plug option, remove the four screws securing the console cover and remove the cover. A wiring diagram is affixed to the underside of the cover. Feed permanent copper wiring through the cut-out in the rear or bottom of the console, and fasten to the three connection terminal block, which is mounted on the top of the console's control panel. Be sure to connect the ground wire to the separate ground terminal connector (ground lug). Replace console cover and secure it with the four screws.



The kettle is wired for 3-phase operation at the factory. For single phase operation, rewire the terminal block to that shown in the above diagram.

WATER

The sealed jacket of the electric kettle is precharged with the correct amount of a water based formula, and therefore, no water connection is required to the kettle jacket. The kettle can be equipped with optional hot and/or cold water faucet, requiring 1/2" copper tubing as supply lines.

INSTALLATION CHECKS

Although the kettle has been thoroughly tested before leaving the factory, the installer is responsible for ensuring the proper operation of kettle once installed.

Visual Checks

- **1.** Check Marine Lock. See Marine Lock Testing Procedure (page 19).
- 2. Check Tilting:
 - A/ Handle is in place and firmly tightened.
 - B/ Kettle tilts smoothly and freely.
- 3. Insure there are:
 - A/ Four screws securely holding the console cover
 - **B**/ The bottom cover is in place and held with a nut.

Performance Checks

1. Supply power to the kettle by placing the fused disconnect switch to the "ON" position.



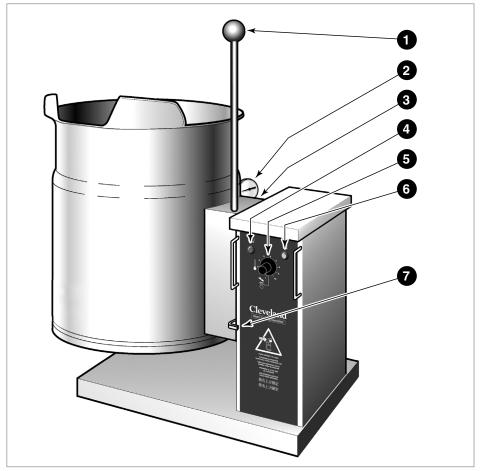
- **2.** Before turning the kettle on, read the Vacuum/Pressure Gauge (**2**). The gauge's needle should be in the green zone. If the needle is in the "VENT AIR" zone, follow Kettle Venting Procedure on page 18 of this manual.
- **3.** Turn the kettle's ON/OFF Switch/Solid State Temperature Control (**5**) to "1" (Min.). The Heat Indicator Light (Green) (**6**) should remain lit, indicating the element is on, until the set temperature is reached (130°F/54°C). Then the

- green light will cycle on and off, indicating the element is cycling on and off to maintain temperature.
- **4.** Tilt the kettle forward. The Low Water Indicator Light (Red) (**4**) should be lit when the kettle is in a tilted position. This light indicates that the element has automatically been shut off by the kettle's safety circuit. This is a normal condition when the kettle is in a tilted position.
- **5.** Raise the kettle to the upright position. The Low Water Indicator Light (Red) (**4**) should go out when the kettle is upright. If the red light remains lit in the upright position, it indicates a low water condition, and water must be added to the reservoir before the kettle can be operated. Refer to the Reservoir Fill Procedures on page 18 of this manual.
- **6.** Turn the ON/OFF Switch/Solid State Temperature Control (**5**) to "10" (Max.) and allow the kettle to preheat. The green light should remain on until the set temperature (260°F/127°C) is reached. Then the green light will cycle ON and OFF, indicating the element is cycling ON and OFF to maintain temperature. Fill the kettle with cold water to the steam jacket's welded seam. Refer to the Temperature Range Chart on page 5 for the time required to bring the water to a boil.
- **7.** When all testing is complete, empty the kettle and turn the ON/OFF Switch/Solid State Temperature Control (**5**) to the "OFF" position.

CLEANING

After installation the kettle must be thoroughly cleaned and sanitized prior to cooking. See complete cleaning instructions on page 6 of this manual.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



General Parts Drawing

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION	FUNCTION
1.	Tilting Handle	Used for tilting the kettle.
2.	Vacuum/Pressure Gauge	Indicate steam pressure in PSI inside steam jacket as well as vacuum in inches of mercury.
3.	Pressure Relief Valve (not shown)	This valve is used to vent the kettle and in the unlikely event there is an excess steam build-up in the jacket, this valve opens automatically to relieve this pressure.
4.	Low Water Indicator Light (Red)	When lit, indicates that the kettle is low on water and will not operate in this condition (see Reservoir Fill Procedures on page 18 of this manual).
5.	On-Off Switch/ Solid State Temperature Control	Turns kettle ON/OFF and allows the operator to adjust the kettle temperature in increments from 1 (Min.) to 10 (Max.). (see Temperature Range Chart in the Operating Instructions section on page 5 of this manual).
6.	Heat Indicator Light (Green)	When lit, indicates that the kettle's element is on. Cycles ON-OFF with element.
7.	Marine Lock	Prevents unit from accidental tilting.

OPERATING THE KETTLE

DO NOT LEAN ON OR PLACE OBJECTS ON KETTLE LIP. SERIOUS INJURY COULD RESULT IF KETTLE TIPPED OVER, SPILLING HOT CONTENTS.

- 1. Before turning kettle on, read the Vacuum/Pressure Gauge (2). The gauges needle should be in the green zone. If the needle is in the "VENT AIR" zone, refer to the Kettle Venting Instructions (page 18). Any air that may be present will increase cooking times. Once heated, the kettle's normal maximum operating pressure is approximately 10-12 psi, while cooking a water base product.
- **2.** Ensure that the electrical service to the kettle is turned on at the fused disconnect switch.

Temperature Control	Approx Product Te	
Setting	° F	°C
1. (Min.)	130	54
2.	145	63
3.	160	71
4.	170	77
5.	185	85
6.	195	91
7.	210	99
8.	230	110
9.	245	118
10. (Max.)	260	127

NOTE: Certain combinations of ingredients will result in temperature variations

Temperature Range Chart

3. Preheat the kettle by turning the ON/OFF Switch/Solid State Temperature Control (5) to the desired temperature setting (see above "Temperature Range Chart"). The Heat Indicator Light (Green) (6) will remain lit, indicating the element is on, until the temperature setting is reached. When the green light goes off, the elements are off, and preheating is complete.

NOTE: When cooking egg and milk products, the kettle should not be preheated, as products of this nature adhere to hot cooking surfaces. These types of food should be placed in the kettle before heating is begun.

4. Place food product into the kettle. The Heat

Indicator Light (Green) (6) will cycle on and off indicating the elements are cycling on and off to maintain the set temperature.



NOTE: Do not fill kettle above recommended level marked on outside of kettle.

NOTE: The Low Water Indicator Light (Red) (4) should not be lit during kettle operation. This light indicates that the elements have been automatically shut off by the kettle's safety circuit. It is normal for the red light to come on when the kettle is in a tilted position. However, the kettle cannot be operated when the red light remains lit while the kettle is in the upright position. This indicates a low water condition, and water must be added to the reservoir. Refer to Reservoir Fill Procedures on page 18 of this manual for details.

- **5.** When cooking is completed turn ON/OFF Switch/Solid State Temperature Control (**5**) to the "OFF' position.
- **6.** Pour the contents of the kettle into an appropriate container by tilting the kettle forward. Care should be taken to pour slowly enough to avoid splashing off the product.

NOTE: As with cleaning food soil from any cookware, an important part of kettle cleaning is to prevent food from drying on. For this reason, cleaning should be completed immediately after cooked foods are removed. Refer to the Cleaning Instructions (page 6) for detailed kettle washing procedures.

APPROXIMATE BOILING TIMES

The accompanying chart shows approximate times required for electric kettles of various capacities to boil water. The ON/OFF Switch/Solid State Temperature Control must be set at "10" (Max.) throughout the heat-up period. Water will boil about 1/3 faster if the kettle is filled only to the outer steam jacket's welded seam resulting in a kettle filled to 2/3 capacity.

Kettle Capacity	Minutes
3 gallon/11 litre	15
6 gallon/23 litre	20
12 gallon/45 litre	25
20 gallon/80 litre	40

Approximate Boiling Times

MARINE LOCK



Your unit is equipped with a marine lock to prevent accidental tilting. The following procedure should be used to tilt the kettle.

1. Grasp the tilt handle.

- 2. Hold the latch down to unlock tilting mechanism.
- **3.** Pull the handle to tilt kettle.
- **4.** To lock, return the kettle to its upright position and push handle back.

NOTE: Inspect lock daily to ensure it is free moving and does not bind or stick. Clean lock if necessary (see Cleaning Instructions below for details).

CLEANING INSTRUCTIONS

CARE AND CLEANING

Your kettle must be cleaned regularly to maintain its fast, efficient cooking performance, and to ensure its continued safe, reliable operation.



Chloride Cleaners

warning: Do not use chloride base detergents. There is a growing number of non-chloride cleaners available. If unsure of the cleaners chlorine content consult the supplier. Also avoid cleaners containing quaternary salt as they can

cause the stainless steel to pit and rust.

WARNING: If any gaskets or seals are found defective, replace or repair immediately. (See Service Parts Drawings for part identification.)

- **1.** Place the kettle's On-Off Switch/Solid State Temperature Control (**5**) to the "OFF" position.
- **2.** Prepare a warm water and mild detergent solution in the kettle.
- **3.** Remove food soil inside the kettle using a nylon brush.



WARNING: Do not use a metal bristle brush or scraper, as this may permanently damage the kettle's stainless steel surface.

Wire Brush & Scrapers

- **4.** Loosen food which is stuck to the kettle by allowing it to soak at a low temperature setting.
- **5.** If the kettle is equipped with a draw-off valve, it should be cleaned as follows:

- a) Remove drain screen from bottom of kettle. Thoroughly wash and rinse the screen either in a sink or a dishwasher, then replace it into the kettle.
- b) Disassemble the draw-off valve first by turning the valve knob counter-clockwise, then turning the large hex nut counter-clockwise until the valve stem is free of the valve body.
- c) In a sink, wash and rinse the inside of the valve body using a nylon brush.
- Reassemble the draw-off valve by reversing the procedure for disassembly. The valve's hex nut should be hand tight only.
- **6.** Rinse kettle interior thoroughly, then drain the rinse water. Do not leave water sitting in unit when not in use.
- **7.** Using mild soapy water and a damp sponge, wash the exterior of the kettle, rinse, and dry.

NOTE: For more difficult cleaning applications one of the following can be used: alcohol, baking soda, vinegar, or a solution of ammonia in water.

Avoid the use of chloride cleansers, which may damage the kettle's stainless steel surface.



Steel Pads

warning: Steel wool should never be used for cleaning the cooking chamber of the kettle. Particles of steel wool become embedded in the cooking surface and rust, which may corrode the stainless steel.

NOTE: Unit should not be cleaned with a water jet.

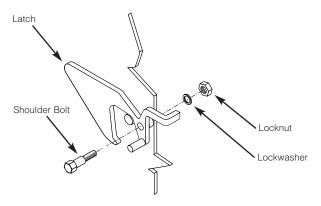
8. Leave the cover off when the kettle is not in use.

RECOMMENDED CLEANERS FOR SPECIFIC SITUATIONS

Job	Cleaning Agent	Comments
Routine Cleaning	Soap, Ammonia Detergent, Medallion	Apply with cloth or sponge
Fingerprints & Smears	Arcal 20, Lac-O-Nu Ecoshine	Provides barrier film
Stubborn Stains & Discolouration	Cameo, Talc, Zud First Impression	Rub in direction of polish lines
Grease & Fatty Acids, Blood, Burnt-On Foods	Easy-Off, De-Grease It Oven Aid	Excellent removal on all finishes
Grease & Oil	Any good commercial detergent	Apply with sponge or cloth
Restoration/ Passivation	Benefit, Super Sheen	

MARINE LOCK

Use a small nylon bristle brush to remove food and debris from pivot point. If lock is still sticking have maintenance disassemble and clean pieces individually and reassemble.



Disassembly

- 1. Disconnect power from kettle.
- **2.** Remove console cover from top of kettle's console.
- **3.** Remove locknut and lockwasher from inside console.
- **4.** Remove shoulder bold from latch.
- 5. Clean all parts.

Re-Assembly

6. Apply locktight to shoulderbolt where illustrated. Replace shoulder bolt and latch and tighten firmly.



- **7.** Replace lockwasher and locknut inside the console and tighten firmly.
- **8.** Test Marine Lock. See Marine Lock Testing Procedure (page 19).
- 9. Replace console cover.

SERVICE PARTS

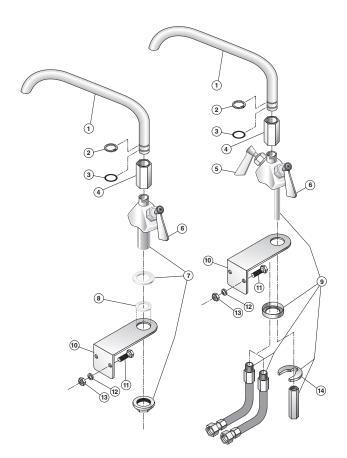
WARRANTY

Our Company supports a worldwide network of Maintenance and Repair Centers. Contact your nearest Maintenance and Repair Centre for replacement parts, service, or information regarding the proper maintenance and repair of your cooking equipment

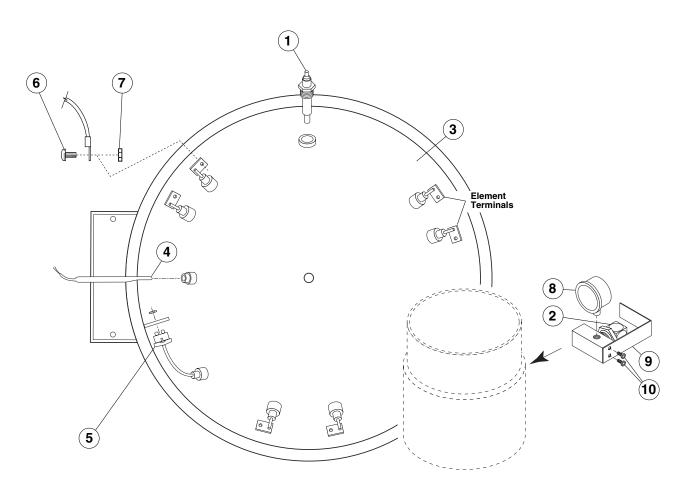
In order to preserve the various agency safety certification (UL, NSF, ASME/Ntl. Bd., etc.), only factory-supplied replacement parts should be used. The use of other than factory supplied replacement parts will void warranty.

FAUCET ASSEMBLY

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION QTY.
1.	KE50825-2	3/4" Spout (KET-3/6/12/20-T)1
	KE50825-9	3/4" Spout (TKET-3/6/12-T)
2.	FA95022	Retaining Ring
3.	FA05002-19	"O" Ring
4.	KE51736	Long Faucet Nut1
5.	SE50020	Hot Water Stem Assembly
6.	SE50021	Cold Water Stem Assembly 1
7.	KE51401	Single Pantry Body
8.	KE50335	Adapter Washer
9.	KE51403	Double Pantry Body
10.	KE54159	Faucet Mounting Bracket
11.	FA11258	Hex Cap Screw2
12.	FA30505	Washer2
13.	FA21008	Hex Nut
14.	SE50447	Washer Horseshoe1

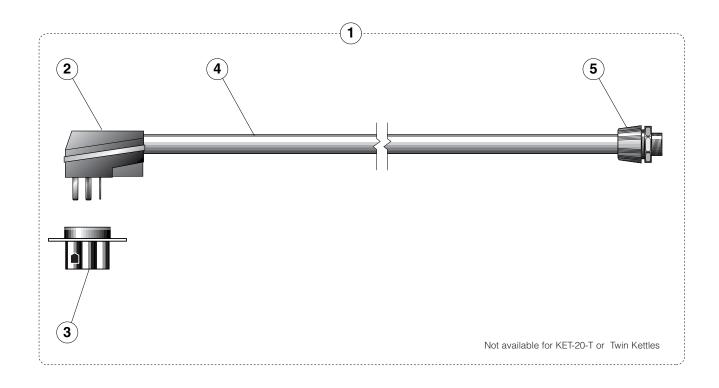


KETTLE BOTTOM & SIDE



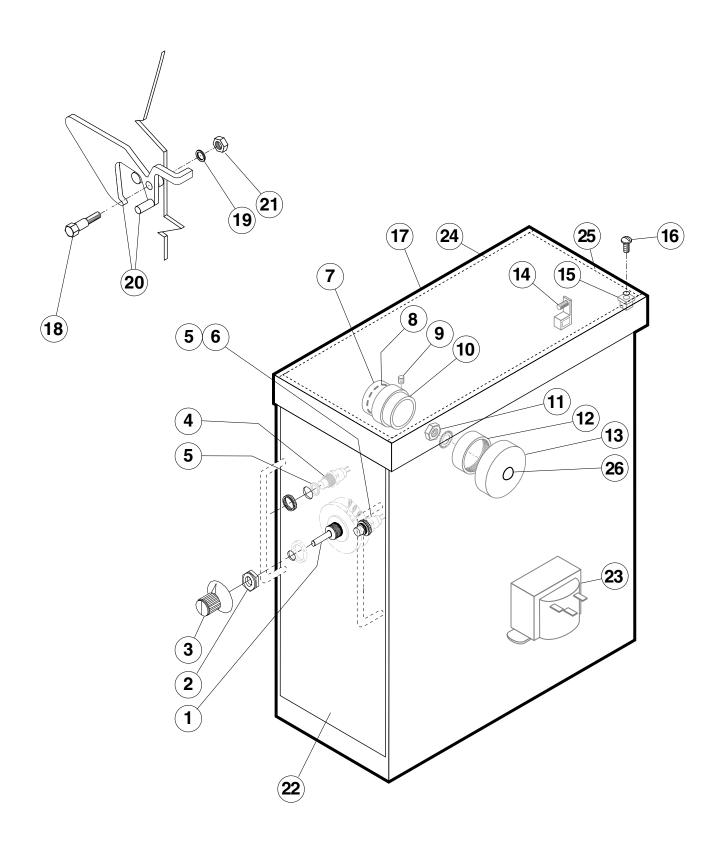
ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION QTY.
1.	KE50556-1	Probe, Low Water
2.	KE51723	Safety Valve, 50 PSI, 1/2"1
3.	KE52455	Bottom Cover Gasket, 3 gallon kettle1
	KE52456	Bottom Cover Gasket, 6 gallon kettle
	KE52457	Bottom Cover Gasket, 12 gallon kettle
	KE52459	Bottom Cover Gasket, 20 gallon kettle
4.	KE00515	Thermistor Assembly1
5.	KE50558	Safety Thermostat (140° C)
6.	FA11145	Screw
7.	FA21007	Nut
8.	KE50429-3	Pressure Gauge1
9.	KE54852-1	Guard Bracket, Pressure Relief Valve1
10.	FA11145	Screw, 10-32 x 3/8" SS

CORD & PLUG OPTION



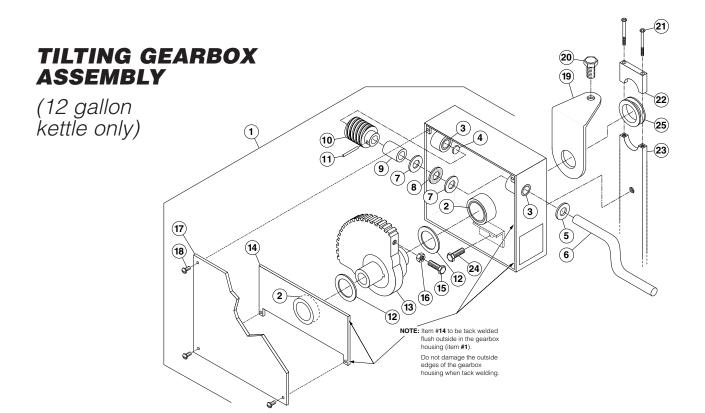
ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION QTY.
FOR KET-6-T	(SW)	(200-240VAC, 3PH, 50/60Hz
1.	KE02113-1	Cord Plug Assembly
2.	KE54819-1	Plug (30A)
3.	KE54820-1	Receptacle (30A)1
4.	KE54821-2	Electrical Cord (10/4)1
5.	KE54721-3	Cord Connector
FOR KET-6-T	(HW), KET-12-1	(200-240VAC, 3PH, 50/60Hz
1.	KE02113-2	Cord Plug Assembly
2.	KE54819-2	Plug (50A)
3.	KE54820-2	Receptacle (50A)1
4.	KE54821-3	Electrical Cord (8/4)1
5.	KE54721-4	Cord Connector
FOR KET-12-	T (HW)	(200-240VAC, 3PH, 50/60Hz
1.	KE02113-3	Cord Plug Assembly
2.	KE54819-2	Plug (50A)
3.	KE54820-2	Receptacle (50A)
4.	KE54821-4	Electrical Cord (6/4)1
5.	KE54721-5	Cord Connector

CONSOLE COMPONENTS & MARINE LOCK



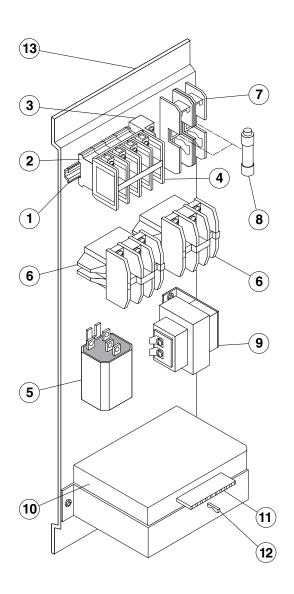
CONSOLE COMPONENTS & MARINE LOCK

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION QTY. Single / Twin
1.	SE00114	Potentiometer with ON/OFF Switch, c/w Item #2
2.	KE51005	Rubber Boot
3.	KE50569-1	Knob, Potentiometer
4.	KE50567-1	L.E.D., Red
5.	FA05002-18	"O" Ring
6.	KE50568-1	L.E.D., Green
7.	KE54234	Bearing, Bronze Trunnion
8.	FA05002-20	"O" Ring
9.	FA19184	Allen Screw
10.	SK50047	Collar, Trunnion Lock
11.	FA21024	Hex Nut, 5/16-18
12.	KE51711	Needle Roller Bearing
13.	KE517064	Bearing Housing1/2
14.	KE50473	Ground Lug
15.	FA95062	Nylon Anchor Nut
16.	FA95062	Screw 4
17.	KE54218 KE542181	Console Covers (KET-3-T, KET-6-T, KET-12-T, KET-20-T, TKET-3-T)
		Marine Lock
18.	FA15019-1	Hex Socket Shoulder Bolt
19.	FA31029	Split Lockwasher
20.	KE02078-1	Latch, Left Hand
	KE02078-2	Latch, Right Hand
21.	FA21008	Hex Nut, 1/4-20
	17121000	110X11dt, 1,1 20
22.		Labels
	KE95555-1	(KET-3-T, KET-6-T, KET-12-T, KET-20-T)
	KE95555-3	(TKET-3-T)1
	KE95555-4	(TKET-6-T, TKET-12-T)
23.		Transformers
	KE53838-11	Transformer, 380 to 415v1
	KE53838-12	Transformer, 440 to 480v
	KE53838-13	Transformer, 600v
24.	KE53599-4	Cover Gasket, long
25.	KE53599-5	Cover Gasket, short
26.	FA95073	Round Head Square Neck Bolt



ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION QTY.
116.	KE02062-1	Tilting Gearbox Assembly
1.	KE02060	Gearbox Housing1
2.	KE50198	Bearing, trunnion
3.	KE54739-2	Bearing, tilt shaft
4.	KE54737	End Housing Spacer, tilt shaft, bronze
5.	KE54738-3	Washer
6.	KE50306-1	Tilt Shaft
7.	KE52192	Bearing Washer
8.	KE52191	Bearing1
9.	KE50426-3	Spacer, worm gear1
10.	KE50315	Worm Gear
11.	FA95005	Tension Pin
12.	KE54738-1	Washer
13.	KE02059	Segment Gear and Spacer Assembly
14.	KE02061	Trunnion Bearing Housing Holder Assembly c/w Bearing1
15.	FA10485	Hex Head Bolt1
16.	FA20008	Hex Nut1
17.	KE54729	Gear Box Cover1
18.	FA11146	Binding Head Screw, 8-32 x 3/8"
19.	KE54750-2	Tilt Bracket
20.	KE54732	Hex Head Bolt1
21.		Screw
22.	KE54656-4	Support Bar Top - End1
23.		Support Bar1
24.	KE54732	Hex Head Bolt1
25.	SK50403-2	Bronze Bearing

ELECTRICAL PANEL



ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION Single /	/ Y. / Twin
1.	KE54761	Terminal Block Mounting Strip	12
2.	SK50055-1	Terminal Block	/ 6
3.	SK50054-2	Terminal Block End Anchor1,	/ 2
4.	SK50054-1	Terminal Block End Barrier	/ 2
5.	KE50753-7	Relay	/ 2
6.	KE50749-2	Contactor, 208-240v	/ 4
7.	KE51139-1	Fuse Holder (480v only)	/ 4
8.	KE52936-1	Fuse (480v only)	/ 4
9.	KE53838-21	Transformer	/ 2
10.	KE00458	Kettle Control Box	/ 2
11.	KE51225	Edge Connector, 10 Pin	/ 2
12.	KE51226	Wire Connector Terminal10,	/20
13.	KE50343-1	Component Mounting Plate	/ 2

MAINTENANCE

ALL SERVICE MUST BE PERFORMED BY A QUALIFIED SERVICE TECHNICIAN.

Cleveland Range equipment requires little preventative maintenance. We do however provide the following chart as a guideline for inspection and maintenance to keep your unit functioning at 100%.

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE CHECK LIST

The following check should be completed every six months or more frequently if unit is in a high volume facility.

WARNING: It is imperative that damaged seals be repaired immediately to prevent equipment failure and/or damage.

ITEM	CHECK
CONSOLE COVER SEAL	Insure there are four screws firmly holding down the cover. If not replace screws and/or missing or worn nylon anchor nuts.
BOTTOM COVER GASKET	Check to see it is in place and is not cracked or split.
TILTING	Check that kettle tilts smoothly. Grease as described in Bearing Lubrication Procedure (page 16).
TILT HANDLE	Check handle for tightness. If loose apply lock tight and reinstall. Check handle knob is on end of handle and firmly tightened. If loose apply lock tight and reinstall.
PRESSURE GAUGE	Check that the gauge does not have moisture on its inside face. Replace if moisture is present.
	Check that the gauge shows a vacuum (needle is well into the Green zone) when cold and shows between 25-40 psi when unit is hot. If not follow Vacuum Leak Test Procedure (page 19).
PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE	Check pressure relief valve as described in Pressure Relief Valve Periodic Testing Procedure (page 17).
TEMPERATURE CHECK	Following Calibrating Procedure (page 17) check the inner kettle surface temperature with a digital surface thermometer and adjust if required.

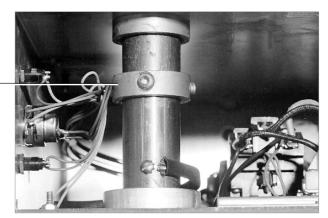
BEARING LUBRICATING PROCEDURE

1. Remove console cover.

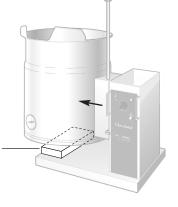
2. Loosen two Allen screws on locking ring.



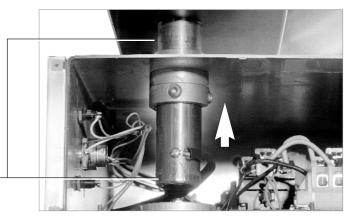
3. Pull locking ring to center of trunnion.



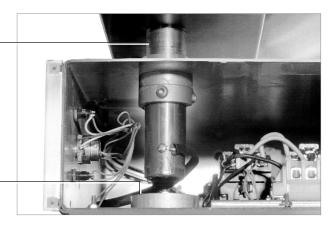
4. Pull kettle two inches away from console and rest on support block.



5. Clean newly exposed sections of trunnion.

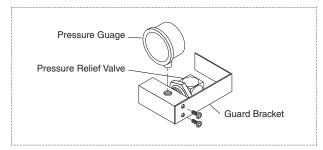


- 6. Grease trunnion between kettle and console.
- 7. Repack outer needle bearing.
- 8. Push kettle back in place.
- 10. Reinstall trunnion and lock collar.
- 11. Replace console cover.



CALIBRATING PROCEDURE

- Insure the unit has a vacuum before you begin calibrating procedures. If unit requires venting refer to Kettle Venting Instructions on page 18 of this manual.
- **2.** Turn kettle ON and set temperature dial to 10 (Max.).
- 3. Allow the unit to cycle twice.
- **4.** Check temperature of the inner kettle surface with a digital surface thermometer.
- **5.** Temperature should be between 260° F and 265° F.
- **6.** Using a screw driver adjust temperature by turning the potentiometer on the black box. Turn very little. Turn clockwise to INCREASES and counterclockwise to DECREASE temperature.
- **7.** Allow the unit to cycle twice.
- **8.** Check temperature of the inner kettle surface with a digital surface thermometer.
- **9.** Repeat steps 4 through 8 until unit is calibrated.



Pressure Relief Valve/Gauge Assembly Drawing

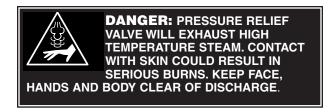
PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE PERIODIC TESTING PROCEDURE

WARNING: IMPROPER REFILLING OF KETTLE JACKET WILL RESULT IN IRREVERSIBLE DAMAGE TO UNIT.

Most insurance agencies require periodic testing of pressure relief valves used on pressure vessels. This procedure will allow you to safely and quickly test your kettle's pressure relief valve. We recommend this test be performed twice a year.

NOTE: The following instruction is intended for use by qualified service personnel.

WARNING: Kettle surface will be hot and steam will be released during testing. Take necessary precautions including the use of gloves and eye protection to prevent personal injury.





- **1.** Remove guard bracket from pressure relief valve/gauge assembly.
- 2. With the kettle empty, turn unit ON and set temperature control to 10 (Max.). Allow the kettle to heat until the unit cycles off.
- **3.** Switch unit OFF and disconnect main power at fused disconnect switch.



- **4.** Stand to the side of the pressure relief valve discharge tube and pull valve open for a maximum of one second. Repeat test three to four times. Each time the mechanism should move freely and be accompanied by a rapid escape of steam.
- **5.** Replace guard bracket from pressure relief valve/gauge assembly.

If valve appears to be sticking replace pressure relief valve.

If foreign material is discharged then drain kettle and replace pressure relief valve.

See Reservoir Fill Procedure (page 18) for full instructions on the correct method for refilling kettle jacket.

WARNING: Improper refilling of kettle jacket will result in irreversible damage to unit.

NOTE: Rust inhibitor is purchased locally. Read directions and do not exceed manufacturer's recommendation (excessive rust inhibitor can also cause solidification).

RESERVOIR FILL PROCEDURES

The kettle's water level must be maintained at the proper level to submerge the heater elements. Under normal operating conditions, the sealed water reservoir should never require the addition of water.

If the red "low water" light comes on during use (while the kettle is in an upright position), the water level has reached a critically low level. The low water protection control has automatically shut off the heater elements. The following procedure must be completed before further use:

NOTE: Have a qualified service technician repair the leakage problem and add water to the unit. Ensure that the red "low water" light is on when the kettle is upright. On tilting kettles, it is normal for the red light to come on when the kettle is in a tilted position, as the elements are not submerged in water at this point.

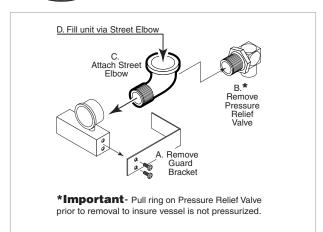
CAUTION: Only a mixture of distilled water and rust inhibitor should be used when adding water to a partially filled water reservoir. Local tap water conditions may cause kettle damage which is not covered under warranty. Rust inhibitor is purchased locally. Read directions and do not exceed manufacturer's recommendation (excessive rust inhibitor can also cause solidification).

DISTILLED WATER REQUIREMENTS

Kettle Capacity	When Red "Low Water Light" comes on, add Distilled Water	When the Reservoir is Completely Empty, Add Distilled Water
3 gallon	50 ounces	120 ounces
6 gallon	70 ounces	160 ounces
12 gallon	120 ounces	2 gallon
20 gallon	1 gallon	3 gallon



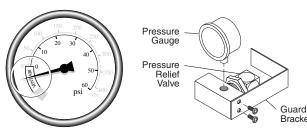
- **1.** Ensure kettle is at room temperature and pressure gauge showing zero or less pressure.
- **2.** Shut off power to the kettle at the fused disconnect switch.



Pressure Relief Valve/Gauge Assembly Drawing

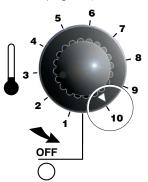
- 3. Remove Guard Bracket (A).
- **4.** Pull Pressure Relief Valve (B) open to insure vessel is not pressurized.
- 5. Remove Pressure Relief Valve (B).
- 6. Replace Pressure Relief Valve (B) with Street Elbow (C).
- 7. Add distilled water (D) through the Street Elbow (C), using a funnel if necessary. Refer to *Distilled Water Requirements* chart for the proper amount required.
- **8.** Apply a thread sealant (i.e. Teflon tape) to the Pressure Relief Valve's (B) thread and replace.
- 9. Replace Guard Bracket (A).
- **10.** Restore power to unit at the fused disconnect switch.
- **11.** The kettle must now be vented. (Refer to the Kettle Venting Instructions shown below).

KETTLE VENTING INSTRUCTIONS

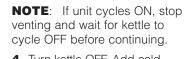


The following venting procedure should be followed when the Vacuum/Pressure Gauge needle is in the "VENT AIR" zone:

NOTE: Check for and eliminate leaks prior to venting (See Repairing Leaks in Steam Jacketed Kettle Fittings on page 19).



- Remove guard bracket from pressure relief valve/gauge assembly.
- 2. Turn kettle ON and set Temperature Control to 10 (Max.), heat the empty kettle until unit cycles off.
- **3.** Vent kettle by pulling safety valve ring 8-10 times in short 2-3 second blasts with a 5 second interval between pulls.



- **4.** Turn kettle OFF. Add cold water to kettle until its surface temperature is below 100°F. The pressure gauge needle should be in the green zone, indicating a vacuum in the kettle's jacket.
- **5.** Replace guard bracket from pressure relief valve/gauge assembly.



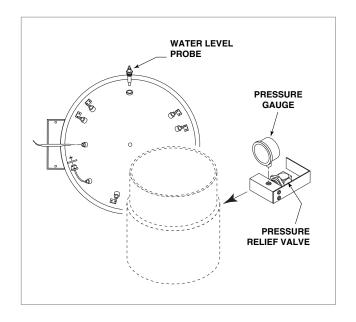
VACUUM LEAK TEST PROCEDURE

If the kettle will not hold vacuum, test for leaks at:

- A. Water Level Probe (Remove bottom cover).
- **B.** Pressure Relief Valve.
- C. Pressure Gauge.

LEAK TEST PROCEDURE:

- 1. Heat kettle until unit cycles off.
- **2.** Shut off power to the kettle at the fused disconnect switch.
- Spread Bubble Type Leak Detector over suspected areas and watch closely for bubbles.
- 4. Repair areas as required.



REPAIRING LEAKS IN STEAM JACKETED KETTLE FITTINGS

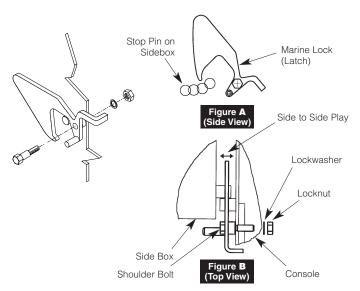
If unit will not hold a vacuum the most likely cause is a leak at one of the fittings.

Often, the easiest way to eliminate a leak is reseal the suspect areas.

- **1.** Water Level Probe Remove, clean threads, apply teflon thread sealant and reinstall.
- 2. Pressure Relief Valve A/ Inspect for signs of leaks. Replace if required.
 - **B**/ Remove, clean threads, apply teflon thread sealant and reinstall.
- **3.** Pressure Gauge A Inspect face of gauge. If it contains moisture on the inside of face replace.
 - B/ Remove, clean threads, apply teflon thread sealant and reinstall.

MARINE LOCK TESTING PROCEDURE

- **1.** Check that lock clears stop pin on side box without rubbing when kettle is tilted (Figure **A**).
- **2.** Check side to side play. Lock should remain fully over stop pin when pushed to it's maximum side to side play (Figure **B**).
- **3.** Check that the kettle when pushed fully upright moves the lock to a closed position. To check this:
 - **A/** Hold the latch firmly in the <u>unlocked</u> position while tilting the kettle back to an upright position.
 - **B/** The kettle sidebox will force the lock into a new position.
 - **C/** Hold the lock in this position and try to tilt the kettle forward. The latch should prevent the kettle from tilting.



- **4.** Check shoulder bolt is firmly seated against console body.
- **5.** Check on inside of console box that shoulder bolt locknut is secure.

DIAGNOSTIC GUIDE

This section contains servicing information intended for use by Authorized Service Personnel.

NOTE 1: If Fault Isolation Procedure is required, be sure to start at step #1.

NOTE 2: On table type kettles the entire control mounting panel may be removed from kettle control housing for easier troubleshooting and parts replacement.

A/ Problem: Kettle is not heating at all. (Kettle must be on and temperature control set.)

Possible Causes

6. Defective safety thermostat. 1. 10. Defective thermistor. No incoming power. 2. Kettle is tilted. 7. Defective contactor/s. 11. Defective 240/16 VAC transformer. Low water condition. 8. Defective potentiometer 3. (temperature control). 12. Defective control box. 4. Defective ON/OFF switch. 9. Defective low water level 13. Defective elements. 5. Defective 12 VDC relay. probe.

Fault Isolation Procedure

Step 1.	Test Is there proper incoming voltage at terminal block?	Result Yes No	Remedy Go to step #2. Correct external power supply problem.
2.	Is the red LED illuminated?	Yes	Follow Reservoir Fill Procedure (page 18). If this does not correct the problem, go to Problem D .
		No	Go to step #3.
3.	Is the green LED illuminated?	Yes No	Go to step # 4 . Go to step # 7 .
4.	Do both contactors energize?	Yes	Check contactor contacts for pitting. Voltage across contactor terminals while in a closed position indicates a poor contact. Replace contactor/s as necessary. Check elements for short at ground or an open circuit. If element/s are defective contact the factory. Elements are not field replaceable.
		No	Go to step #5.
5.	Measure continuity across safety thermostat. Is it an open circuit?	Yes No	Replace defective safety thermostat. Go to step #6.
6.	Is there 120 VAC present across the coils of the contactors?	Yes No	Replace defective contactor/s. Go to step #6.
7.	Remove wire from low water level probe and ground it to the body of the kettle. Do the contactors now energize?	Yes No	Clean or replace defective low water level probe. Replace defective red LED. Go to step #8.
8.	Is there 16 VAC present at output of 16 VAC transformer?	Yes No	Go to step #9. Replace defective 240/16 VAC transformer.

9.	Measure continuity of ON/OFF switch/ temperature control. Is it operating properly?	Yes No	Go to step #10. Replace defective ON/OFF switch/ temperature control.
10.	Unplug control box and measure the resistance across potentiometer. Is it approximately 0 ohms at maximum setting and 50,000 ohms at minimum?	Yes No	Go to step #11. Replace defective potentiometer (ON/OFF switch/temperature control)
11.	Remove edge connector from control box. While kettle is cold or thermistor is removed and allowed to cool, measure the resistance between edge connector's pins #2 and #7. Is it approximately 100,00 ohms?	Yes	Spray contact cleaner on control box terminals and edge connector. Try box again, if the problem still exists, replace defective control box. Replace defective thermistor.

B/ Problem: Kettle heats too slowly or not hot enough. (**Note**: normal max. operating pressure with an empty kettle is 30-35 psi.)

Possible Causes

1.	Air in jacket requires	3.	Defective potentiometer	5.	Defective contactor/s.
	venting.		(temperature control).	6.	Defective control box.
2.	Defective safety thermostat.	4.	Defective thermistor.	7.	Defective elements/s.

Fault Isolation Procedure

Step	Test	Result	Remedy
1.	In a cold state, does the pressure gauge read in the green zone?	Yes	Go to step #2.
		No	There is air present in the jacket of the kettle. Follow Kettle Venting Procedure (page 18). If constant venting is required, there is a leak that should be corrected.
2.	Do the contactors shut off too early?	Yes	Go to step #3.
	(before reaching normal maximum operating pressure.)	No	Check contactor contacts for pitting. Voltage across terminal of contactor while energized signifies a poor contact. Replace contactor/s as necessary. Check elements for short to ground or open circuit. If elements are defective, contact the factory. Elements are not field replaceable.
3.	Does the green LED remain illuminated after the contactors shut off?	Yes	Replace defective safety thermostat.
	after the contactors shut on?	No	Go to step #4.
4.	Unplug control box and measure the resistance across potentiometer (temperature control). Is it approximately 0 ohms at maximum and 50,000 ohms at minimum setting?	Yes	Go to step #5.
		No	Replace defective thermistor.
		Yes	Go to step #6.

5.	Remove kettle thermistor and allow to cool. Remove edge connector from control box. Test resistance across edge connector's pins #2 and #7. Is it approximately 100,000 ohms?	No	Replace defective thermistor
6.	Turn the potentiometer on the control box	Yes	Kettle is operating correctly.
	clockwise to increase the maximum operating temperature. Does the kettle now achieve maximum operating pressure of 30-35 psi in an empty kettle?	No	Spray contact cleaner on control terminals and edge connector. Try box again. If problem still exists, replace defective control box.

C/ Problem: Kettle is overheating.

Possible Causes

Defective thermistor
 Defective potentiometer
 Defective 12 VDC relay.
 (temperature control).
 Defective 12 VDC relay.
 Defective control box.

Fault Isolation Procedure

Step	Test	Result	Remedy
1.	Does the green LED turn off even though	Yes	Replace defective 12 VDC relay.
	the contactors remain energized?	No	Go to step #2.
2.	Unplug the control box and measure the resistance across the potentiometer (temperature control), Is the resistance approximately 0 ohms at maximum and 50,000 ohms at minimum setting?	Yes No	Go to step #3. Replace defective thermistor.
3.	Remove kettle thermistor and allow to cool Remove edge connector from control box. Test resistance across edge connector's pins #2 and #7. Is it approximately 100,000 ohms?	Yes No	Go to step #4. Replace defective thermistor.
4.	Turn the potentiometer (temperature control) on the control box counter-clockwise to decrease the maximum operating temperature. does the kettle continue to overheat?	Yes No	Spray contact cleaner on control box terminal and edge connector. Try box again. If problem still exists, replace defective control box. Kettle is operating correctly.

D/ Problem: Red LED remains illuminated even though water has been added.

Possible Causes

Defective low water level probe
 Defective control box.

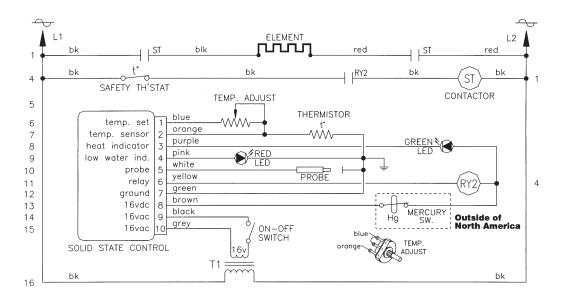
Fault Isolation Procedure

Step	Test	Result	Remedy
1.	Remove wire from low water level probe and ground the wire to the body of the	Yes	Replace or clean defective low water level probe.
	kettle. Does the red LED turn off?	No	Spray contact cleaner on control box terminals and edge connector. Try box again. If problem still exist, replace defective control box.

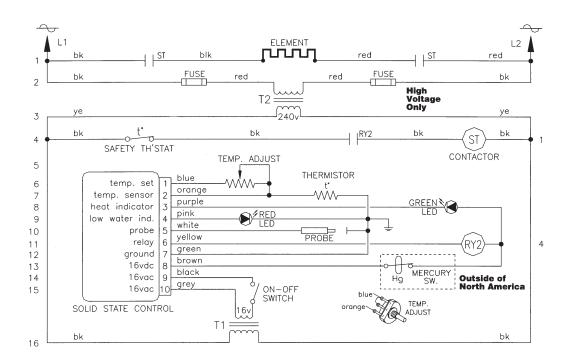
WIRING DIAGRAM 3 Gallon Kettles

200-240v

Single Phase Only

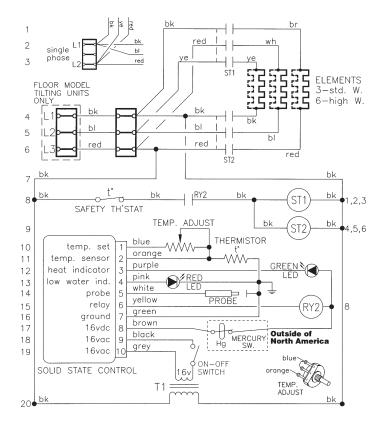


380-480v Single Phase Only

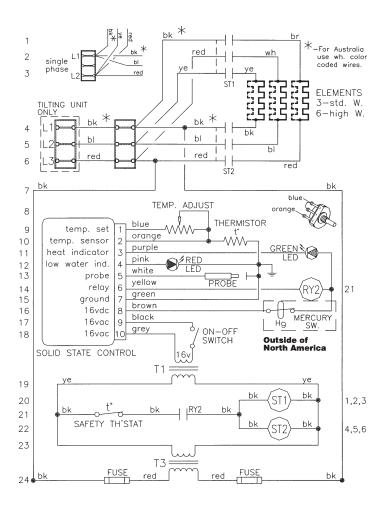


WIRING DIAGRAM 6-20 Gallon

200-240v



380-600v



Symbol Legend (page 1 of 2)

☐ English ☐ French ☐ Spanish ☐ Italian ☐ German ☐ Chinese-Simplified ☐ Chinese-Traditional



RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK DANGER DE SECOUSSE ÉLECTRIQUE PELIGRO DE ELECTROCHOQUE PERICOLO DI SCOSSA STROMSCHLAG-GEFAHR

有触电危险有觸電危險



SPLASHPROOF ANTIÉCLABOUSSURES A PRUEBA DE SALPICADURAS PROTETTO CONTRO GLI SPRUZZI SPRITZWASSERDICHT

防溅水的 防濺水的



DISCONNECT ELECTRICAL SUPPLY BEFORE WORKING ON KETTLE COUPER LE COURANT AVANT D'INTERVENIR SUR L'ÉQUIPEMENT DESCONECTAR LA ALIMENTACION ELECTRICA ANTES DE REALIZAR TRABAJOS EN EL EQUIPO DISINSERIRE LA CORRENTE PRIMA DI LAVORARE SULLA MACCHINA STROMVERSORGUNG AUSSCHALTEN, BEVOR AM GERÄT GEARBEITET WIRD

操作设备前切断电源操作設備前切斷電源



MAIN POWER
ALIMENTATION ÉLECTRIQUE
ALIMENTACION PRINCIPAL
ALIMENTAZIONE
HAUPTSTROM

主电源 主電源



ON MARCHE ENCENDIDO ACCESO AN

開



OFF ARRÊT APAGADO SPENTO AUS

关悶



PAUSE, INTERRUPTION PAUSE, INTERRUPTION PAUSA, INTERRUPCION PAUSA, INTERRUZIONE PAUSE, UNTERBRECHUNG

暂停,间断 暫停,間斷



CONTINUE CONTINUER CONTINUAR CONTINUA WEITER

继续繼續



RÉSET RÉENCLENCHER RECONECTAR RESET NULLSTELLEN 重新设定

重新設定



START OF ACTION DÉBUT DE L'ACTION INICIAR FUNCIONAMIENTO INIZIO OPERAZIONE FUNKTION STARTEN

开始操作開始操作



STOP OF ACTION ARRÊT DE L'ACTION PARAR FUNCIONAMIENTO ARRESTO OPERAZIONE FUNKTION STOPPEN

停止操作停止操作



FAST START DÉMARRAGE RAPIDE INICIO RAPIDO AVVIAMENTO RAPIDO SCHNELLER START

快启动 快啟動



25

FAST STOP, EMERGENCY ARRÊT RAPIDE D'URGENCE PARADA RAPIDA, EMERGENCIA ARRESTO RAPIDO, EMERGENZA SCHNELLER STOPP, NOTFALL

快止动,紧急快止動,緊急

Symbol Legend (page 2 of 2)

☐ English ☐ French ☐ Spanish ☐ Italian ☐ German ☐ Chinese-Simplified ☐ Chinese-Traditional



AUTOMATIC TEMPERATURE CONTROL COMMANDE AUTOMATIQUE DE LA TEMPÉRATURE AJUSTE AUTOMATICO DE TEMPERATURA CONTROLLO AUTOMATICO TEMPERATURA AUTOMATISCHE TEMPERATURREGELUNG

自动温度控制自動溫度控制



BURNER AND/OR ELEMENT ENERGIZED BRÛLEUR ET/OU ÉLÉMENT ALLUMÉ QUEMADOR O ELEMENTO ENCENDIDO FIAMMA E/O ELEMENTO ATTIVATI BRENNER ODER ELEMENT EINGESCHALTET

燃烧器和/或元件带电燃烧器和/或元件带雷



HEATING ÉBULLITION CALEFACCION RISCALDAMENTO HEIZUNG

加热加熱



HEAT ADJUSTMENT RÉGLAGE DE LA CHALEUR REGULACION DE CALOR REGOLAZIONE RISCALDAMENTO WÄRMEREGULIERUNG

热调节 熱調節



LEFT KETTLE
BOUILLOIRE GAUCHE
HERVIDOR IZQUIERDO
BOLLITORE SINISTRO
LINKER KOCHKESSEL

左壶左壺



MIX MÉLANGER MEZCLAR MESCOLATURA MISCHEN

混合混合



UP HAUT ARRIBA SU RAUF

向上



HOT WATER EAU CHAUDE AGUA CALIENTE ACQUA CALDA HEISSES WASSER

热水熟水



LOW WATER
NIVEAU BAS DE L'EAU
NIVEL DE AGUA BAJO
LIVELLO BASSO
WASSERSTAND NIEDRIG

低水量低水量



IGNITION FAILURE PANNE D'ALLUMAGE FALLO DE ENCENDIDO MANCATA ACCENSIONE ZÜNDUNGSFEHLER

点火失效 點火失效



COOLING REFROIDISSEMENT REFRIGERACION RAFFREDDAMENTO KÜHLUNG

冷却冷卻



MIXER BRIDGE PONT DU MÉLANGEUR PUENTE DE MEZCLADORA MENSOLA MESCOLATORE MISCHER-BRÜCKE

搅拌桥 攪拌橋



RIGHT KETTLE BOUILLOIRE DROITE HERVIDOR DERECHO BOLLITORE DESTRO RECHTER KOCHKESSEL

右壶右壺



LIFT LEVER LEVANTAR SOLLEVARE HEBEN

提升提升



DOWN BAS ABAJO GIÙ RUNTER

向下向下



26

COLD WATER EAU FROIDE AGUA FRIA ACQUA FREDDA KALTES WASSER

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