

Figure 1. Parts of the ES142 Actuator.

- a. Actuator
- Shaft adapter
- Position indicator
- Shaft adapter locking clip
- Position indicator e. adapter
- Mounting bracket (for dampers)
- Mounting screws
- 3 mm hex wrench

### **Product Description**

This installation instruction describes the steps for direct-coupled mounting the ES142 series spring return electronic actuator.

### **Product Numbers**

ES142 (all versions)

### **Installation Conventions**

**Warning** 

Personal injury or loss of life may occur if you do not perform a procedure as specified.

Caution



Equipment damage or loss of data may occur if you do not follow a procedure as specified.

### **Required Tools**

- 10 mm (13/32 in. open end wrench or ratchet
- 4 mm (5/32 in.) drill bit
- 3 mm hex wrench (provided)
- Phillips screwdriver
- Marker or pencil

### **Expected Installation Time**

30 minutes

### **Prerequisites**

NOTE:

The actuator is shipped from the factory with a 5° preload on the spring. The position of the indicator points to the 0° position. When power is applied to the actuator, the preload is released.

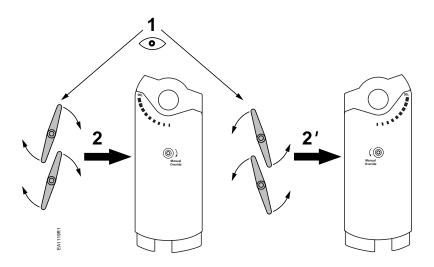


### **WARNING:**

Do not open the actuator.

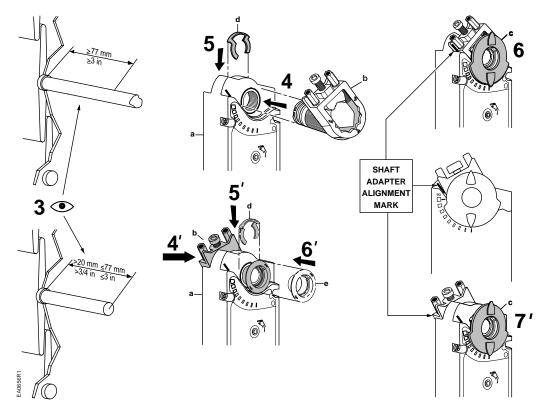


### Installation



**NOTE:** The actuator can be mounted for clockwise or counterclockwise rotation of the damper shaft.

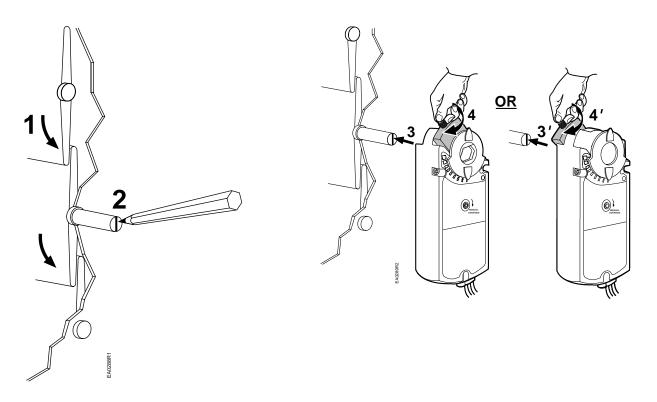
Figure 2. Actuator Mounting Orientation.



**NOTE:** The shaft coupling and position indicator can be mounted on either side of the actuator. Place the shaft adapter right next to the alignment mark keeping the mark visible.

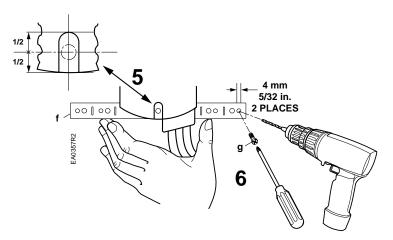
Figure 3. Shaft Length and Proper Shaft Adapter Location.





Place the actuator on the shaft with the damper blades in the desired 0 position. Tighten the middle screw so that the shaft is in the center of the shaft adapter opening.

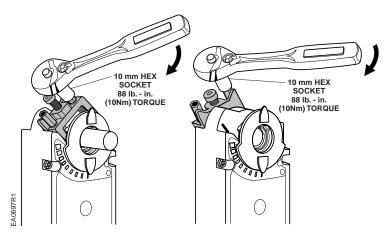
Figure 4. Actuator Mounting.



Anti-rotation tab should be approximately in the center of the actuator anti-rotation slot.

Figure 5. Fasten the Mounting Bracket.

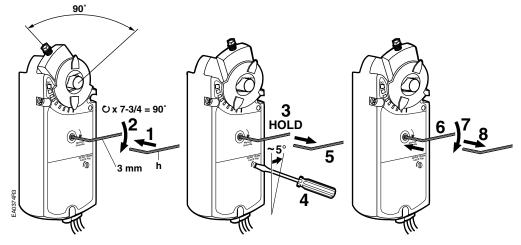




NOTE: Keep the shaft in the center of the shaft adapter opening. Apply 7.5 lb-ft (10 Nm) torque maximum.

Figure 6. Fasten the Shaft Adapter to the Damper Shaft.

### **Manual Override**



### Rotating

Turn the key in the direction of the arrow on the hand symbol.

**Locking in place** Rotate the gear train lock pin. Releasing when power is absent Turn the key in the direction of the arrow.

Figure 7. Manual Override.



### **CAUTION:**

When you lock the gear train lock pin, be careful to turn only about 5 degrees until you hear a light click or meet slight resistance. Turning too far will strip the head of the lock pin. Once power is restored, the actuator returns to automated control, without having to rotate the gear train lock pin.



## Mechanical Range Adjustment – Limiting Rotation (0 through 90°)

Make sure the actuator is in the zero position when making this adjustment. If making the adjustment before the actuator is in service, take into account the 5° preload. To release the preload, insert the 3 mm hex key in the override opening and turn the key in the direction of the arrow.

To line up the actuator at the desired angle of rotation, begin by removing the clamp from actuator.

Rotate adapter and insert at desired angle of rotation. Return clamp to secure the adapter. Test rotation by applying signal.

If necessary, re-adjust adapter and restart.

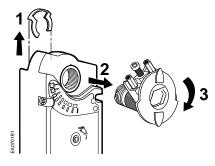


Figure 8.

The Angular Rotation is Adjustable between 0° and 90° at 5-degree Intervals.

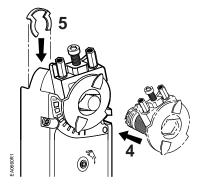


Figure 9.

### **Mounting for NEMA 2**

See Figure 10 for acceptable NEMA 2 mounting positions.

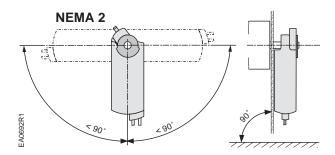


Figure 10. Acceptable NEMA 2 Mounting Positions.

## **DIP Switch Features** (ES142-M2 and ES142-M2-S Only)

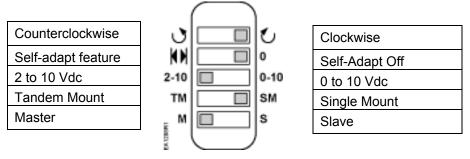


Figure 11. DIP Switch Settings.

- After setting the 4th DIP switch for TM (tandem mount) on all actuators used in the tandem application, one actuator must be identified as the Master by selecting the "M" on the 5th DIP switch.
- The rest of the actuators used in the application should have the "S" (slave) set on the 5th DIP switch.
- Connect all the 2 (black) Neutral wires and connect them to the power supply.
- Connect all the 1 (red) Supply wires and connect them to the power supply.
- The Output Signal 9 (pink) wire identified as the Master actuator, needs to be connected to all the Control Signal Wires 8 (gray) of the slave actuators used in the tandem application.

Operating Voltage	Power Consumption
Modulating Control	
24 Vac/dc	9 VA/7W
2-Position and 3-Position Control	
24 Vac/dc	8 VA/6W
120 Vac	9 VA



### **Dual Auxiliary Switch (-S option)**

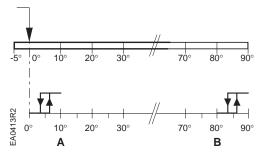


Figure 12.

### Factory setting:

Switch A 5° Switch B 85°

To change the settings of A and B:

- Make sure the actuator is in the 0 position. The scale is valid only in the 0 position.
- Use a flat-blade screwdriver to turn the switch adjustment dials to the desired setting at which a signal is to be given.

Actuator rotary range with the shaft adapter mounted at position 0.

Setting range for Switches A and B:  $0-90^{\circ}$ 

Setting interval: 5°

Switching hysteresis: 2°

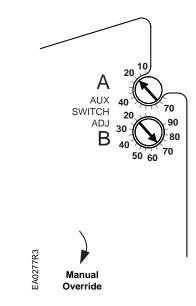
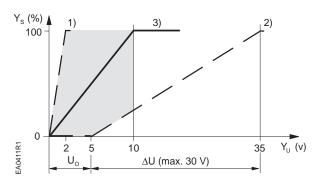


Figure 13. Dual Auxiliary Switch Dials.



### **Zero Span Control Signal Adjustment (-ZS option)**

The offset (start point) and span of the control signal can be adjusted. The offset, U0, can be adjusted between 0 to 5 VDC. The span,  $\Delta U$ , can be adjusted between 2 to 30 VDC.



Ys Mechanical positioning range (100% = angle of rotation 90°)

Yu Control signal U0 Offset (start point)

∆U Span

Examples above:

Ex. 1. U0 = 0V,  $\Delta$ U = 2V The minimum working

range for Ys = 100%. Ex. 2. U0 = 5V,  $\Delta$ U = 30V The maximum working range for Ys = 100%

Ex. 3. U0 = 0V,  $\Delta$ U = 10V Factory setting

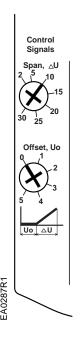


Figure 14. The Minimum and Maximum Control Signal Adjustment.

Figure 15. Setting for 10V Span, 0 Offset.

### Example:

Open the actuator from 0% to 50% (45°) using a control signal of Umin = 2V to Umax = 10V. Calculating the value of  $\Delta U$ :

$$\Delta U = \frac{100 \text{ [ \%] (U max } - \text{U min)}}{\text{Working angle of rotation in \%}} = \frac{100 \text{ x (10} - 2)}{50} = 16 \text{ V}$$

Settings:

Offset U0 = 2, Span:  $\Delta$ U = 16V Umin = minimum control signal Umax = maximum control signal

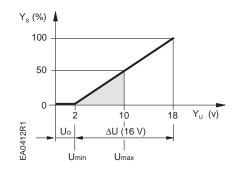


Figure 16. Example.



### Wiring

### 24 VAC or 120 VAC

All wiring must conform to NEC and local codes and regulations.

### **24 VAC**

Use earth ground isolating step-down Class 2 transformers. Do not use auto transformers. Determine the supply transformer rating by summing the total VA of all actuators used. The maximum rating for a Class 2 step-down transformer is 100 VA. The ES142 (24 VAC) actuators require 8 to 9 VA; therefore it is recommended that up to 10 actuators (between 80 and 90% of transformer VA) can be powered by one transformer. Operating more than 10 actuators requires additional transformers or separate 100 VA power trunks.



#### **WARNING:**

Mixed switch operation is not permitted. To the switching outputs of both auxiliary switches (A and B), only apply:

- Standard cable (250 Vac/24 Vdc)
  - UL/cUL: line voltage, or
  - UL/cUL: Class 2 voltage.

**NOTE:** Either all six outputs of the dual auxiliary switches must be connected to line voltage or all six outputs must be connected to Class 2 voltage.

- Plenum cable (24V)
  - UL/cUL: Class 2 voltage.

### **Wiring Diagrams**

### Three-Position Control (24 VAC/DC)

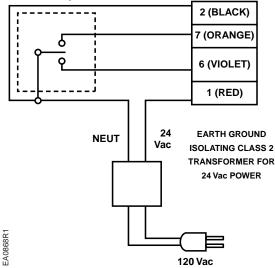


Figure 17. Three-Position Control.



### **Two-Position Control (24 VAC/DC)**

### 

Figure. 18

Table 1. Two-position Control 24 VAC/DC.

Standard	Function	Color
Symbol		Plenum
1	(+)	Red
2	Com	Black
S1	Switch A Common	Gray/red
S2	Switch A N.C.	Gray/blue
S3	Switch A N.O.	Gray/pink
S4	Switch B Common	Black/red
S5	Switch B N.C.	Black/blue
S6	Switch B N.O.	Black/pink

### **Two-Position Control (120 VAC)**

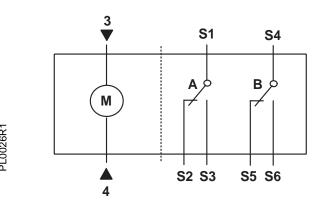


Figure 19.

Table 2. Two-position Control 120 VAC.

Standard	Function	Color	
Symbol		Standard	
3	Line (120 VAC)	Black	
4	Neutral (120 VAC)	White	
S1	Switch A Common	Gray/red	
S2	Switch A N.C.	Gray/blue	
S3	Switch A N.O.	Gray/pink	
S4	Switch B Common	Black/red	
S5	Switch B N.C.	Black/blue	
S6	Switch B N.O.	Black/pink	



### **Three-Position Control (24 VAC/DC)**

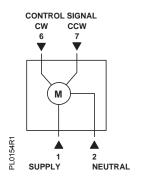
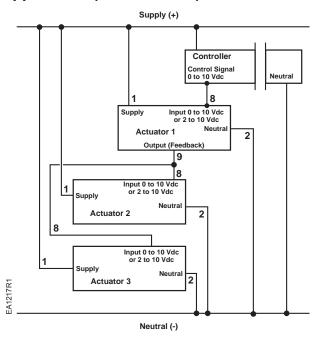


Figure 20.

Table 3. Three-position Control 24 VAC/DC.

Standard	Function	Color
Symbol		Plenum
1	(+)	Red
2	Com	Black
6	Control signal clockwise	Violet
7	Control signal counterclockwise	Orange

## (0 to 10 Vdc or 2 to 10 Vdc) for Tandem Application (Master/Slave)



## Modulating Position Control (24 VAC/DC)

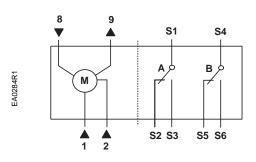


Figure 21.

Table 4. Modulating Control 24 VAC/DC.

Standard	Function	Color
Symbol		Plenum
1	(+)	Red
2	Com	Black
8	0 to 10 VDC/ 2 to 10 Vdc input signal	Gray
9	Output for 0 to 10 VDC position indication	Pink
S1	Switch A Common	Gray/red
S2	Switch A N.C.	Gray/blue
S3	Switch A N.O.	Gray/pink
S4	Switch B Common	Black/red
S5	Switch B N.C.	Black/blue
S6	Switch B N.O.	Black/pink

### **Start-Up/Commissioning**

### **Two-Position Control, 24 VAC/DC**

- 1. Check that the wires are connected correctly.
- 2. Connect wires 1 (red) and 2 (black) to a Digital Multimeter (DMM) with the dial set at VAC to verify that the operating voltage is within range.
- 3. Check operation:
  - a. Connect wires 1 (red) and 2 (black) to 24 VAC/DC signal.
  - b. Allow the actuator shaft coupling to rotate from 0 to 90°.
  - c. Disconnect wire 1 (red) and the actuator shaft coupling returns to the 0 position.
- 4. Check spring return:
  - a. Connect wires 1 (red) and 2 (black) to the 24 VAC/DC signal.
  - b. Allow the actuator shaft coupling to rotate half-way.
  - c. Disconnect wire 1 (red).
  - d. The spring returns the actuator shaft coupling to the fail 0 position.
  - e. Connect wire 1 (red) and the actuator shaft coupling begins to move.
- 5. Check the auxiliary switch A (-S option):
  - a. Set the DMM dial to OHMS (resistance) or continuity check.
  - b. Connect wires S1 and S3 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate an open circuit or no resistance.
  - c. Apply a 24 VAC signal to wire 1 (red).
  - The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch A.
  - e. Connect wires S1 and S2 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate an open circuit or no resistance.
  - f. Disconnect wire 1 (red).
  - g. The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch A.
- 6. Check the auxiliary switch B (-S option):
  - a. Set the DMM dial to OHMS (resistance) or continuity check.
  - b. Connect wires S4 and S6 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate an open circuit or no resistance.
  - c. Apply a 24 VAC signal to wire 1 (red).
  - The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch B.
  - e. Connect wires S4 and S5 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate an open circuit or no resistance.
  - f. Disconnect wire 1 (red).
  - g. The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch B.

### Service



### **WARNING:**

### Dodge Engineering & Controls, Inc. Toll Free (877) 334-2875 Fax: (978) 244-1422

Installation

### **ES142 Spring Return Electronic Actuators**

### **Two-Position Control, 120 VAC**

- 1. Check that the wires are connected correctly.
- 2. Connect wires to a Digital Multimeter (DMM) with the dial set at VAC to verify that the operating voltage is within range.
- 3. Check operation:
  - a. Connect wires 3 (black) and 4 (white) to 120 VAC signal.
  - b. Allow the actuator shaft coupling to rotate from 0 to 90°.
  - c. Disconnect wire 3 (black) and the actuator shaft coupling returns to the 0 position.
- 4. Check spring return:
  - a. Connect wires 3 (black) and 4 (white) to the 120 VAC signal.
  - b. Allow the actuator shaft coupling to rotate half-way.
  - c. Disconnect wire 3 (black).
  - d. The spring returns the actuator shaft coupling to the fail 0 position.
  - e. Connect wire 3 (black) and the actuator shaft coupling begins to move.
- 5. Check the auxiliary switch A (-S option):
  - a. Set the DMM dial to OHMS (resistance) or continuity check.
  - b. Connect wires S1 and S3 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate an open circuit or no resistance.
  - c. Apply a 120 VAC across wires 3 (black) and 4 (white).
  - d. The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch A.
  - e. Connect wires S1 and S2 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate an open circuit or no resistance.
  - f. Disconnect wire 3 (black).
  - g. The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch A.
- 6. Check the auxiliary switch B (-S option):
  - a. Set the DMM dial to OHMS (resistance) or continuity check.
  - b. Connect wires S4 and S6 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate an open circuit or no resistance.
  - c. Apply a 120 VAC across wires 3 (black) and 4 (white).
  - d. The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch B.
  - e. Connect wires S4 and S5 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate an open circuit or no resistance.
  - f. Disconnect wire 3 (black).
  - g. The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch B.

### Service



#### **WARNING:**

### Dodge Engineering & Controls, Inc. Toll Free (877) 334-2875 Fax: (978) 244-1422

Installation

### **ES142 Spring Return Electronic Actuators**

### Three-Position Control, 24 VAC/DC

- 1. Check that the wires are connected correctly.
- 2. Connect wires 1 (red) and 2 (black) to a Digital Multimeter (DMM) with the dial set at VAC to verify that the operating voltage is within range.
- 3. Check operation:
  - a. Connect wires 1 (red) and 2 (black) to the actuator.
  - b. Apply a control signal (24 VAC/DC) to wire 6 (violet).
  - c. Allow the actuator shaft coupling to rotate from 0 to 90°.
  - d. Stop applying a control signal to wire 6 (violet).
  - e. Apply a control signal (24 VAC/DC) to wire 7 (orange).
  - f. Allow the actuator shaft coupling to rotate from 90 to 0°.
- 4. Check spring return:
  - a. Apply a control signal (24 VAC/DC) to wire 6 (violet).
  - b. Allow the actuator shaft coupling to rotate half-way.
  - c. Disconnect wire 1 (red).
  - d. The spring returns the actuator shaft coupling to the fail 0 position.

### Service



### **WARNING:**

### Dodge Engineering & Controls, Inc.

Toll Free (877) 334-2875 Fax: (978) 244-1422

### Installation

### **ES142 Spring Return Electronic Actuators**

### Modulating Control, 24 VAC/DC

- 1. Check that the wires are connected correctly.
- 2. Check that the offset (start point) and span are set correctly, if used.
- 3. Connect wires 1 (red) and 2 (black) to a Digital Multimeter (DMM) with the dial set at VAC to verify that the operating voltage is within range.
- 4. Check operation:
  - a. Connect wires 1 (red) and 2 (black) to the actuator.
  - b. Set the DMM dial to VDC for the actuator input signal as required for voltage.
  - c. Connect wires 2 (black) and 8 (gray) to DMM.
  - d. Apply a full scale input signal (10 VDC) to wire 8 (gray).
  - e. Allow the actuator shaft coupling to rotate from 0 to 90°.
  - f. Disconnect wire 1 (red) and the shaft coupling returns to the 0 position.
- 5. Check spring return:
  - a. Set the DMM dial to VDC.
  - b. Connect wires 2 (black) and 8 (gray) to DMM.
  - c. Apply an input signal (5 VDC) to wire 8 (gray).
  - d. Allow the actuator shaft coupling to rotate half-way.
  - e. Disconnect wire 1 (red). The spring returns the actuator shaft coupling to the fail 0 position.
  - f. Connect wire 1 (red) and the actuator moves.
- 6. Check feedback:
  - a. Set the DMM dial to VDC.
  - b. Attach wires 2 (black) and 9 (pink) to the DMM.
  - c. Apply a full scale input signal to wire 8 (gray). The reading at the DMM should increase.
  - d. Remove the signal from wire 8 (gray) and the reading at the DMM should decrease and the actuator shaft coupling returns to the fail 0 position.
- 7. Check the auxiliary switch A (-S option):
  - a. Set the DMM dial to OHMS (resistance) or continuity check.
  - b. Connect wires S1 and S3 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate an open circuit or no resistance.
  - c. Apply a full scale input signal to wire 8 (gray). The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch A.
  - d. Connect wires S1 and S2 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate an open circuit or no resistance.
  - e. Stop the signal to wire 8 (gray).
  - f. The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch A.
- 8. Check the auxiliary switch B (-S option):
  - a. Set the DMM dial to OHMS (resistance) or continuity check.
  - b. Connect wires S4 and S6 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate an open circuit or no resistance.
  - c. Apply a full scale input signal to wire 8 (gray). The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch B.
  - d. Connect wires S4 and S5 to the DMM. The DMM should indicate an open circuit or no resistance.
  - e. Stop the signal to wire 8 (gray).
  - f. The DMM should indicate contact closure as the actuator shaft coupling reaches the setting of switch B.

### Service



#### WARNING:



### **Dimensions**

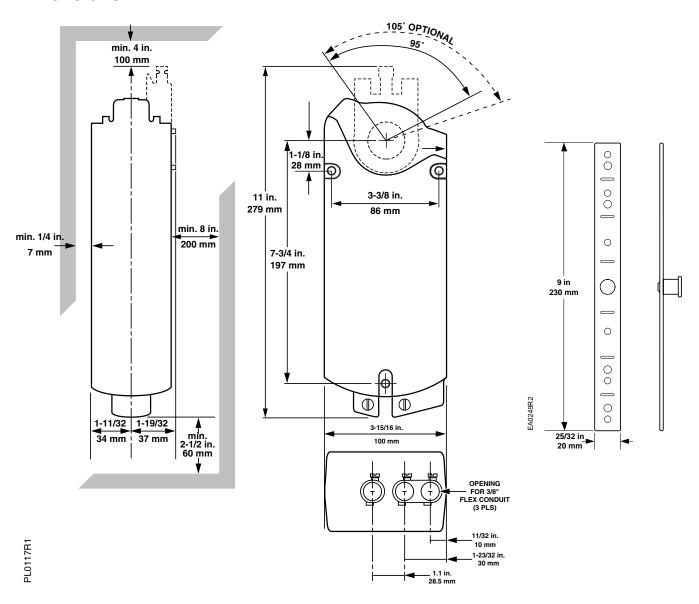


Figure 22. Dimensions of the ES142 Actuator and Mounting Bracket.

### Dodge Engineering & Controls, Inc. Toll Free (877) 334-2875 Fax: (978) 244-1422

Installation

### **ES142 Spring Return Electronic Actuators**

### **Sizing Actuators for Damper Applications**

The number of actuators required depends on several factors. To determine the quantity of actuators required for the installation:

- 1. Obtain damper torque ratings (ft-lb/ft<sup>2</sup> or Nm/m<sup>2</sup>) from the damper manufacturer.
- 2. Determine the area of the damper.
- 3. Calculate the total torque required to move the damper:

Total Torque = Torque Rating x Damper Area

4. Select the total quantity of actuators, required:

**NOTE:** When calculating the number of actuators required, a safety factor (SF) should be included for unaccountable variables such as slight misalignments, aging of the damper, etc. A suggested safety factor is 0.80 (or 80% of the rated torque).

Mechanical coupling of the actuator is allowed if:

- The same type of actuator is used.
- The operating voltage is within the tolerance.



### **ACCESSORIES**

**NOTE:** The auxiliary switches and/or the control signal adjustment cannot be added in the field. Order the product number that includes the option(s), if required.

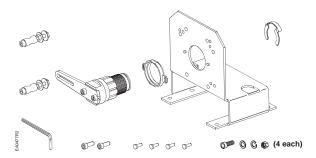


Figure 1. Floor Mount Kit.

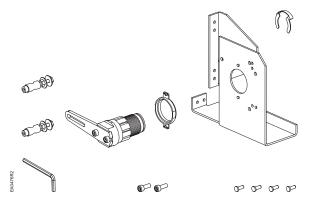


Figure 2. Frame Mount Kit.

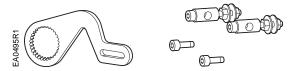


Figure 3. Crank Arm Kit.

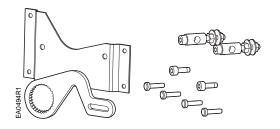


Figure 4. Crank Arm Kit with Mounting Bracket.

**ASK71.1U** This kit allows foot mounting of the ES142 actuator. This kit should be used for in-the-airstream applications, and generally, anywhere a foot-mounted actuator can be mounted.

This kit contains a crank arm that changes the angular rotation into a linear stroke, a support bearing ring to minimize side loading on the actuator's output bearing, a mounting bracket, and required mounting fasteners.

**ASK71.2U** This kit allows mounting of the ES142 actuator directly to a damper frame. This kit should be used with louvers and vents, and in applications where use of the floor mount kit is not possible.

This kit contains a crank arm that changes the angular rotation into a linear stroke, a support bearing ring to minimize side loading on the actuator's output bearing, a mounting bracket, and required mounting fasteners.

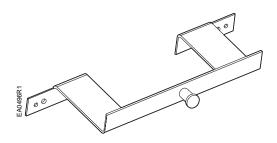
**ASK71.3** This kit allows a direct coupled actuator to provide an auxiliary linear drive. This crank arm kit can be used to simultaneously drive a set of opposing or adjacent dampers with a single actuator.

This kit includes a crank arm that attaches to the splined hub of the shaft adapter, and other required mounting fasteners.

**ASK71.4** This kit allows economical mounting of an actuator to a variety of surfaces. This kit should be used in applications where the actuator can be rigidly surface mounted and a linear stroke output is required.

This kit includes a crank arm that attaches to the splined hub of the shaft adapter, a mounting bracket, and other required mounting fasteners.





**ASK73.1** This bracket provides an extended antirotation pin that allows two ES142 actuators to directly drive a single damper shaft. For use with two and three–position actuators.

Figure 5. Tandem Mount Bracket.

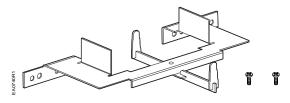


Figure 6. Tandem Mount Bracket.

**ASK73.2U** This bracket provides an extended antirotation pin that allows two modulating actuators to directly drive a single damper shaft. (Applicable for standard models and models with dual auxiliary switches; not applicable for zero span control signal adjustment models.)

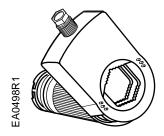
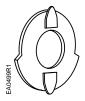


Figure 7. Self-centering Shaft Adapter.

**985-004** The self-centering shaft adapter will attach to a shaft up to 1.00 inch (25.4 mm) in diameter. (The special shaft adapter will attach to a 1.05-inch (26.6-mm) diameter shaft.) This shaft adapter is 13/16-inches (20 mm) taller than the height of the special shaft adapter.

### **Service Parts**



985-003 Position indicators (package of 10).



ASK74.1U Special shaft adapter.



985-006
Anti-rotation (mounting) bracket.

Figure 8. Orderable Parts.



# ES142 Spring Return Electronic Actuator Installation Guide

General Installation	EAI/ES – 1
Mounting	EAI/ES – 1-4
Manual Override	EAI/ES – 4
Mechanical Range Adjustment	EAI/ES – 5
Mounting for NEMA 2	EAI/ES – 5
DIP Switch Features	EAI/ES – 6
Dual Auxiliary Switch (-S option)	EAI/ES – 6
Zero Span Control Signal Adjustment (-ZS option)	EAI/ES – 7
Wiring	EAI/ES – 8
General Transformer Three-Position Control (24 VAC/DC) Two-Position Control (24 VAC/DC) Two-Position Control (120 VAC) Three-Position (Floating) Control (24 VAC/DC) Modulating Control (24 VAC/DC)	EAI/ES - 8EAI/ES - 8EAI/ES - 9EAI/ES - 9EAI/ES - 10
Start-up/Commissioning	EAI/ES – 11
Two-Position Control (24 VAC/DC)  Two-Position Control (120 VAC)  Three-Position (Floating) Control (24 VAC/DC)  Modulating Control (24 VAC/DC)	EAI/ES – 12 EAI/ES – 13
Actuator Dimensions	EAI/ES – 15
Actuator Sizing for Dampers	EAI/ES – 16
Accessories	EAI/ES 17 1

Free Manuals Download Website

http://myh66.com

http://usermanuals.us

http://www.somanuals.com

http://www.4manuals.cc

http://www.manual-lib.com

http://www.404manual.com

http://www.luxmanual.com

http://aubethermostatmanual.com

Golf course search by state

http://golfingnear.com

Email search by domain

http://emailbydomain.com

Auto manuals search

http://auto.somanuals.com

TV manuals search

http://tv.somanuals.com