User Guide

Portable Chillers

Series 1 Water-Cooled (W1) and Air-Cooled Models (A1) with TIC Control

Installation Operation Maintenance Troubleshooting





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UGH016/0500

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Please record your equipment's model and serial number(s) and the date you received it in the spaces provided. It's a good idea to record the model and serial number(s) of your equipment and the date you received it in the User Guide. Our service department uses this information, along with the manual number, to provide help for the specific equipment you installed.

Please keep this User Guide and all manuals, engineering prints and parts lists together for documentation of your equipment.

Date:
Manual Number: UGH016/0500
Serial number(s):
Model number(s):
Power specifications:
Amps Volts
Phase Cycle

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INTRODUCTION

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Purpose of The User Guide	This User Guide describes Conair's Series 1 Water-cooled and Air-cooled Portable Chillers and explains step-by-step how to install, operate, maintain and repair this equipment. Before installing this product, please take a few moments to read the User Guide and review the diagrams and safety infor mation in the instruction packet. You also should review man- uals covering associated equipment in your system. This review won't take long, and it could save you valuable instal- lation and operating time later.							
How The Guide IS ORGANIZED	 Symbols have been used to help organize the User Guide and call your attention to important information regarding safe installation and operation. M Symbols within triangles warn of conditions that could be hazardous to users or could damage equipment. Read and take precautions before proceeding. Numbers within shaded squares indicate tasks or steps to be performed by the user. A diamond indicates the equipment's response to an action performed by the user. An open box marks items in a checklist. A shaded circle marks items in a list. 							
Your Responsibility As a User	 You must be familiar with all safety procedures concerning installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment. Responsible safety procedures include: Thorough review of this User Guide, paying particular attention to hazard warnings, appendices and related diagrams. Thorough review of the equipment itself, with careful attention to voltage sources, intended use and warning labels. Thorough review of instruction manuals for associated equipment. Step-by-step adherence to instructions outlined in this User Guide. 							

We design equipment with the user's safety in mind. You can avoid the potential hazards identified on this machine by following the procedures outlined below and elsewhere in the User Guide.

WARNING: Improper installation, operation, or servicing may result in equipment damage or personal injury.

This equipment should only be installed, adjusted, and serviced by qualified technical personnel who are familiar with the construction, operation, and potential hazards of this type of machine.

All wiring, disconnects and fuses should be installed by qualified electrical technicians in accordance with electrical codes in your region. Always maintain a safe ground. Do not operate the equipment at power levels other than what is specified on the machine serial tag and data plate.



WARNING: Electrical hazard

Before performing any work on this item, disconnect and lock out electrical power sources to prevent injury from unexpected energization or startup.



CAUTION: Hot Surfaces

Always protect yourself from hot surfaces when working on the Portable Chiller, especially when working on or around the compressor and condenser. These devices can reach up to 160 °F (71 °C). Allow these devices to cool before performing any maintenance or troubleshooting.



CAUTION: Ventilation hazard

The unit requires a clean and well ventilated operating environment. Do not place anything on top of the unit while operating. Units with fans require unrestricted outlet air flow.

Water-cooled units require a minimum of one foot clearance around the perimeter for serviceability. Air-cooled units require a minimum of two feet clearance around the perimeter for serviceability and proper air flow.

ATTENTION: READ THIS SO NO ONE GETS HURT

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DESCRIPTION

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• Typical Applications
• Limitations
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Portable Chiller
How it Works: Air-cooled
Portable Chiller
• Portable Chiller Features
• Specifications
• Pump Curves

WHAT IS THE PORTABLE CHILLER?

The Conair Series 1 Portable Chillers provide self-contained sources of chilled water and are available in either water- or air-cooled models, ranging in sizes from 3.5 Hp to 40 Hp (approximate capacities of 3.5 tons of refrigeration to 40 tons of refrigeration). Pump selections are available to match most process flow and pressure requirements.

The normal temperature range of discharge chilled water is 20 °F to 70 °F. For applications requiring 40 °F and lower mix glycol with the water to the correct percentage.

The Air-cooled Portable Chiller A1 Models and Water-cooled Portable Chiller W1 Models are designed to provide chilled water for industrial applications requiring 24-hour-a-day performance. Units are totally self-contained for easy, economical installation. All parts wetted by the process are non-ferrous.

To operate, simply connect the power source, process piping and fill with water or ethylene or propylene glycol (but not automotive antifreeze).

These chillers are ideal for machine-side cooling to maintain process temperatures in an injection molding machine or extruder and wherever you need a small, moveable cooling unit. Nominal capacities range from 1.44 to 14.68 tons for the water-cooled models and from 1.18 to 10.95 tons for the air-cooled models. Capacities are based on standard pump sizes and delivering 50 °F water.

Operation of these units differ only in the medium used to remove heat from the refrigerant in the condensers. Water-cooled models use 85 °F (29 °C) or lower cooling water from a tower, well, or city service; air-cooled models use 95 °F (35 °C) maximum ambient air.

Choose water-cooled portable chillers where tower water or another inexpensive water source is available. Choose aircooled models for maximum portability of the unit. Watercooled models are equipped with brazed plate or tube-in-tube condensers. Air-cooled models use aluminum-fin, copper-tube condensers.

All standard voltages are available.

The Conair A1 and W1 Portable Chillers can be used anywhere a reliable source of process cooling water - with stable temperature control - is required.

These portable chillers are available for cooling injection molding, blow molding, thermoforming, extrusion, air compressors, metal plating, anodizing, degreasing, heatset/web offset printing presses, and dryer after-coolers.

Roll the air-cooled condenser models next to the heat source connect it and plug it in. They can operate almost anywhere.

The water-cooled condenser models require a source of condenser water. Normally used in conjunction with a recirculating evaporative cooling tower system, the units have slightly better operating energy efficiencies.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

LIMITATIONS

Conair Series 1 Portable Chillers are designed to provide chilled water for industrial applications requiring 24-hour-aday performance. Units are self-contained and easy to install and maintain. Choose the Conair Series 1 Portable Chillers based on the cooling load and the capacity of the unit. Pick your Conair Series 1 Portable Chillers based on:

• Cooling load

Choose a portable chiller that has 20% more capacity than the process load.

Location

Choose a water-cooled model if the unit will be located in an air-conditioned area. Choose the water-cooled model if a source of condenser water is readily available (i.e. cooling tower water). Do not locate the portable chiller outside unless the unit is specially modified.

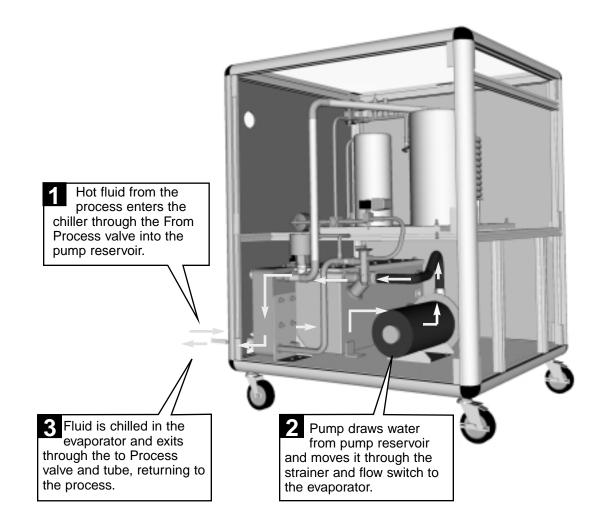
• Temperature

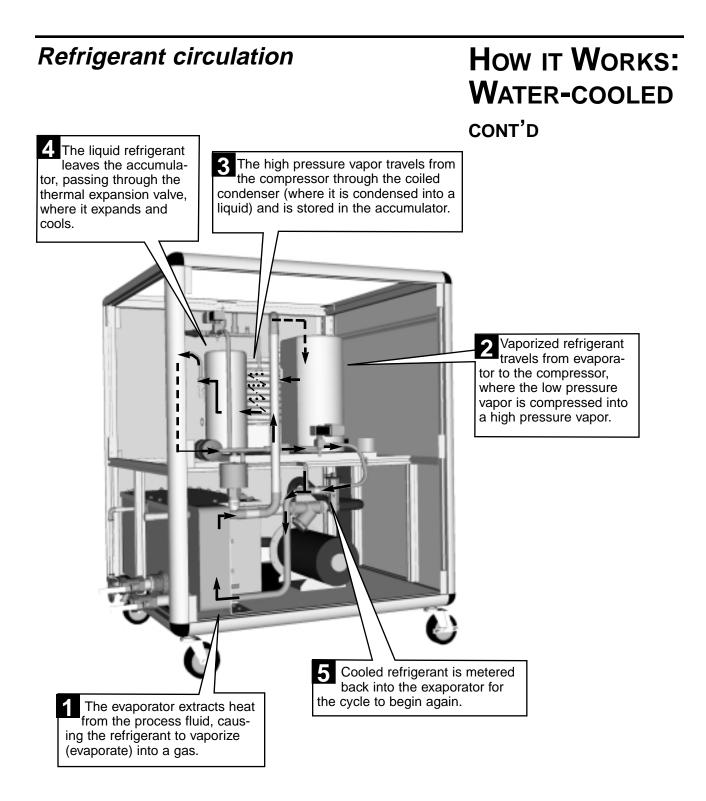
The portable chiller needs to provide a cooling temperature less than 70 °F (21° C).

Use this information as a general guide. Consult your Conair representative for assistance when choosing a Conair Portable Chiller.

Process circulation

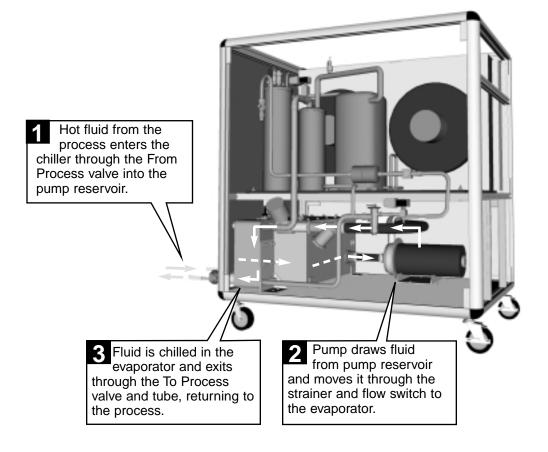
How it Works: Water-Cooled Portable Chiller



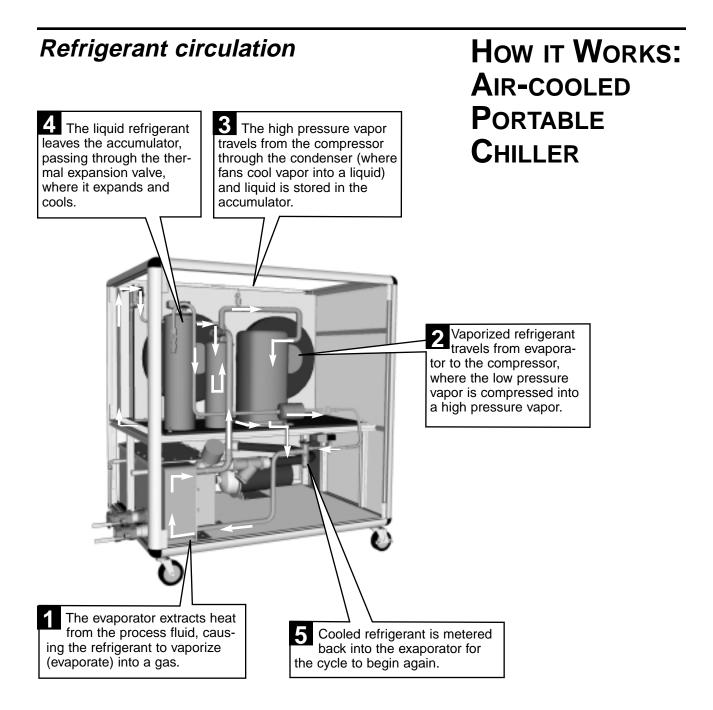


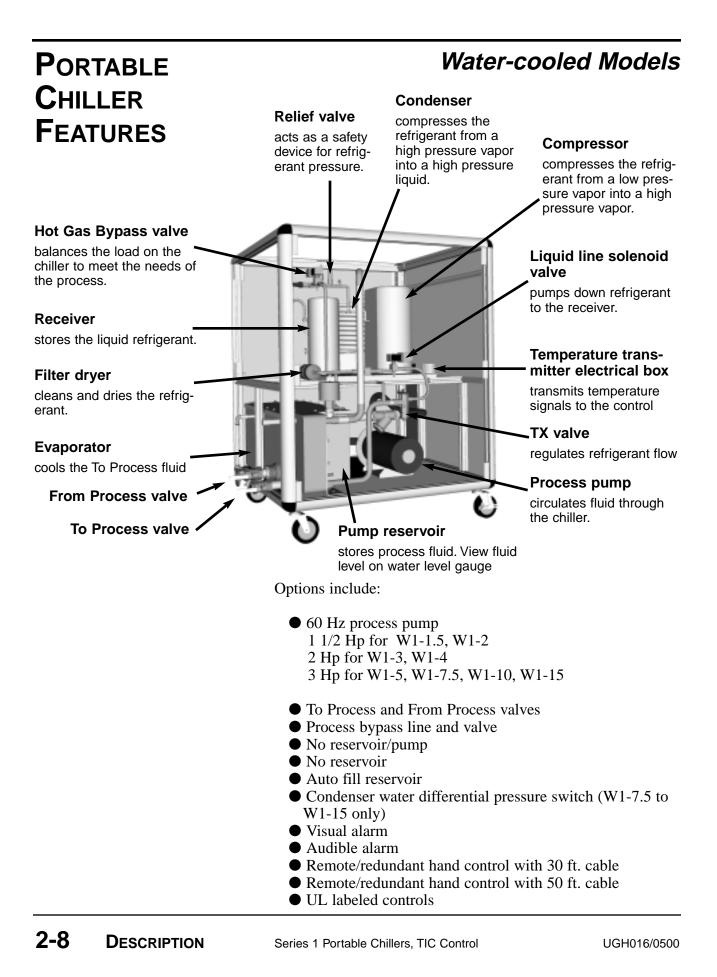
Process circulation

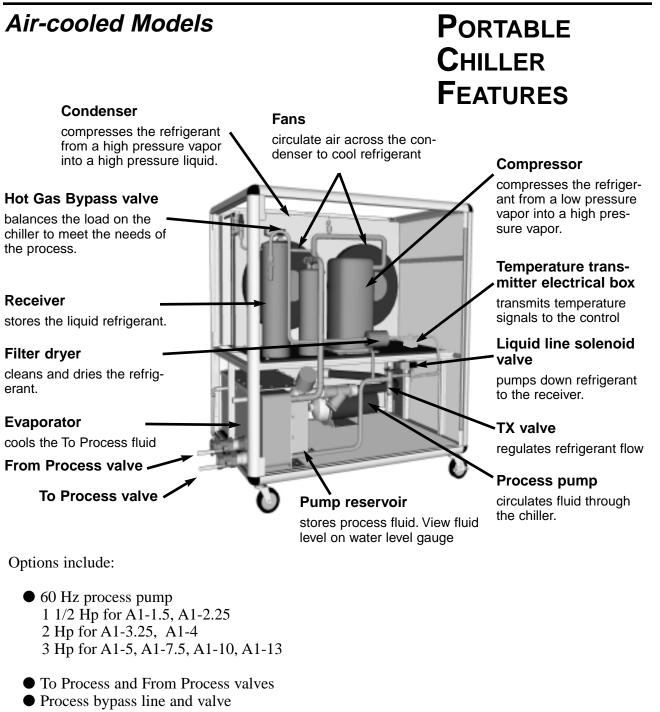
How it Works: Air-cooled Portable Chiller



2-6 DESCRIPTION





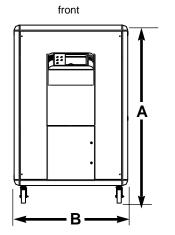


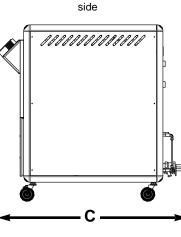
- Condenser air filters
- No reservoir/pump
- No reservoir
- Auto fill reservoir
- Visual alarm
- Audible alarm
- Remote/redundant hand control with 30 ft. cable
- Remote/redundant hand control with 50 ft. cable
- UL labeled controls

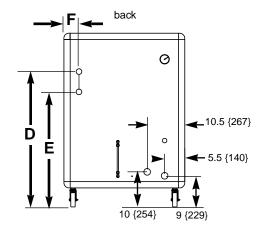
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Series 1 Portable Chillers, TIC Control

SPECIFICATIONS







MODEL	W1	-1.5	W	1-2	W	1-3	W1	-4	W	1-5	W1-	-7.5	W1	-10	W1	-15
Performance characteristics																
Capacity [†] tons	1.44 1.9		93	3.23		4.4	4	5.00		7.09		10.22		14	.68	
Compressor Hp {kW}	1.5	1.5 {1.1} 2 {1.5}		3{	2.2}	4 {	4 {3}		5 {3.7}		7.5 {5.6}		10 {7.5}		{11}	
Pump Hp {kW}																
60 Hz	0.75	{0.6}	0.75	{0.6}	1	{8.}	1 {.	8}	1.5 {1.1}		1.5 {1.1}		1.5 {1.1}		2 {1.5}	
50 Hz	1.5	{1.1}	1.5	{1.1}	1.5	{1.1}	2 {1	.5}	2{	1.5}	2 {1	1.5}	2 {	1.5}	2 {	1.5}
Chilled water flow [‡] gpm {lpm}	6.9 {	25.1}	4.6 {	17.4}	7.8	29.5}	10.7 {	40.5}	12.0	{45.4}	17.0 {	[64.3]	24.5	{92.7}	35.2 {	133.2}
Chilled water pressure§ psi {bar}	27.8	{1.9}	29.9	{2.1}	32.9	{2.3}	31.8	{2.2}	41.6	{2.9}	34.8	{2.4}	29.3	{2.0}	32.3	{2.2}
Reservoir capacity gal {I}	8.0 {	30.3}	15	{57}	15	{57}	15 {	57}	15	{57}	25 {	[95]	25	{95}	25 -	{95}
Condenser water flow gpm {lpm}	5.0 {	18.9}	6.4 {	24.2}	10.3	{39.0}	14.2 {	53.7}	16.7	{63.2}	24.1 {	[91.2}	31.7	{120}	45.4 {172}	
Dimensions in {mm}																
A-Height		49 {1	245}				49 {1	245}					61	{1549}		
B-Width		34 {	864}		34 {864}							34 {864}				
C-Length		39.5 {	1003}		45.5 {1156}							55 {1397}				
D-Height to condenser out	37 {9	940}	38.5 {	978}	38.5 {	978}	38.5 {	978}	38 {965}		41.3 {1049}		41.3 {1049		41.3 {1049}	
E-Height to condenser in	31 {7	787}	32.5 {8	326}	32.5 {	826}	32.5 {826}		32 (813)		35 {889}		35 {889}		35 {889}	
F-Distance to valve		2	{102}								4.5 {114	4}				
Weight Ib {kg}																
Installed	420	{190}	585 {2	65}	585 {2	265}	840 (3	81}	840	(381)	1080 {4	190}	1090	{494}	} 1095 {497}	
Shipped	550	{249}	755 {3	42}	755 {3	342}	1010 {	458}	1010 {458} 1250 {567}		1260	{572}	1265	574}		
Utility requirements																
Process connections NPT in					1				1.5							
Condenser water NPT in					1				1.5							
Power consumption amps	run	full	run	full	run	full	run	full	run	full	run	full	run	full	run	full
230V/3 phase/60hz*	9.5	15.3	10.2	15.6	15.1	24.4	18.7	29.4	22.5	36.3	29.2	44.7	35.0	56.0	44.8	79.0
220V/3 phase/50hz	13.1	19.1	13.8	19.4	17.8	27.5	22.5	33.6	24.3	38.6	31.3	47.4	37.4	59.1	46.8	82.1
460V/3 phase/60hz*	4.5	6.9	4.9	7.1	7.3	11.1	9.1	13.3	10.9	16.4	14.2	20.2	17.1	25.3	22.0	35.7
575V/3 phase/60hz*	3.6	5.5	3.9	5.7	5.8	8.9	7.3	10.7	8.7	13.1	11.4	16.2	13.7	20.2	17.6	28.5

SPECIFICATION NOTES

[†] Based on 50 °F (10 °C) water temperature (100% water) leaving the chiller, standard pump selections, 85 °F (27 °C) condenser water supply @ 25 psi minimum, for the 60 Hz units. For the 50 Hz units, multiply the capacity by 0.8 Consult factory for other conditions. Capacity ratings are (+-) 5% based on compressor manufacturer's ratings and are subject to change without notice.

[‡] Based on 50° F (10 °C) water temperature leaving the chiller and 60 °F (16 °C) water temperature returning to the chiller (except W1-1.5 which has 55 °F (13 °C) water temperature returning to the chiller).

§ Pressure at pump discharge. See Pressure Tables in the Appendix for Evaporator and Condenser pressure drops.

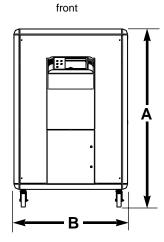
* Optional

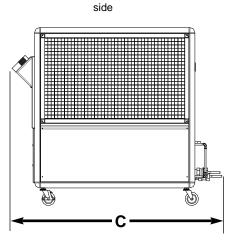
2-10

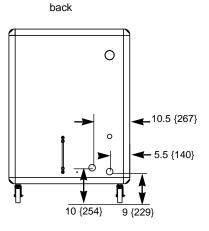
DESCRIPTION Series 1 Portable Chillers, TIC Control

Air-cooled Models

SPECIFICATIONS







MODEL	A1-1	.5	A1-	2.25	A1·	-3.25	A1	-4	A	1-5	A1	-7.5	A	1-10	A1	-13	
Performance characteristics																	
Capacity [†] , tons	s 1.18		1.79		2.77		3.62		4.27		6.06		8.75		10.95		
Compressor Hp{kW}	1.5 {1	.1}	2.25 {1.7}		3.25	3.25 {2.4}		4 {3}		5 {3.7}		{5.6}	10	{7.5}	13	3 {}	
Pump Hp {kW}																	
60 Hz	0.75 {0.6}		0.75 {0.6}		1 {.8}		1 {.	1 {.8}		1.5 {1.1}		1.5 {1.1}		5 {1.1}	2{	1.5}	
50 Hz	1.5 {1	.1}	1.5	{1.1}	1.5	{1.1}	2 {1	.5}	2{	[1.5]	2{	1.5}	2	{1.5}	2{	1.5}	
Chilled water flow [‡] , gpm {lpm}	5.7 {21	1.6}	8.6 {	32.6}	6.7	{25.4}	8.7 {3	2.9}	10.2	{38.6}	14.5	{54.9}	21.0	(79.5)	26.3	{99.6}	
Chilled water pressure [§] , psi {bar}	29.6 {2	2.0}	28.5	{2.0}	35.9	(2.5)	33.9	2.3}	42.4	{2.9}	36.9	{2.5}	31.0	6 {2.2}	36.1	{2.5}	
Reservoir capacity, gal {I}	8.8 (33	3.3}	15	{57}	15	{57}	15 {	57}	15	{57}	25	{95}	25	i {95}	25	{95}	
Condenser fans	1			2		2	2			2	:	2		2	.	4	
Condenser fan power Hp {kW}	0.17 {0	.13}	0.17	{0.13}	0.17	{0.13}	0.25 {	0.19}	0.25	{0.19}	0.5	{0.4}	0.5	{0.4}	0.5 {0.4}		
Condenser air flow	1050	C	1704		2420		423	37	4237		53	300	5	300	9800		
ft3/min {liters/min}	{29,73	32}	{48,	250}	{68	,525}	{119,9	975}	{119	9,975}	{150	,075}	{15	{150,075}		{277,505}	
Dimensions in {mm}																	
A-Height	49 {12	45}		49 {	49 {1245}			53.5 {1359}			71 {1524}				75 {1905}		
B-Width	34 (86	64}		34 {	864} 34			{864}			34 {864}			34 {864}			
C-Length	39.5 {10	003}		45.5	(1156}		55 {1397}			55 {1397}			55 {	1397}			
Weight lb {kg}																	
Installed	610 {2	77}	830	{376}	830	{376}	1030 {	467}	1030 {467}		} 1230 {558}		1230 {558}		1440 {653}		
Shipped	750 {3	40}	1000	{454}	1000) {454}	1200 {	544}	1200) {544}	1400 (635)		160	0 {726}	1800	{816}	
Utility requirements																	
Process connections in						1								1.5			
Power consumption amps	run	full	run	full	run	full	run	full	run	full	run	full	run	full	run	full	
230V/3 phase/60hz*	11.0	19.6	13.3	20.8	18.6	32.2	23.7	33.3	27.8	40.1	38.6	47.2	47.2	62.7	57.4	76.9	
220V/3 phase/50hz*	14.7	23.6	17.1	24.8	21.5	35.5	27.7	37.6	29.9	42.6	41.2	50.0	50.2	66.1	60.0	79.9	
460V/3 phase/60hz	5.3	8.9	6.5	9.4	9.0	14.6	11.6	15.1	13.5	18.2	18.9	21.4	23.2	28.4	28.3	34.8	
400v/3 phase/50hz*	7.7	11.8	9.0	12.4	11.4	17.8	14.8	18.8	16.0	21.3	22.2	25.0	27.2	33.0	32.6	40.0	
575V/3 phase/60hz*	4.2	7.1	5.2	7.5	7.2	11.7	9.3	12.1	10.8	14.5	15.1	17.1	18.6	22.7	22.6	27.8	

SPECIFICATION NOTES

[†] Based on 50 °F (10 °C) water temperature (100% water) leaving the chiller, standard pump selections, 95 °F (35 °C) ambient air conditions for the 60 Hz units. For the 50 Hz units, multiply the capacity by 0.8. Consult factory for other conditions. Capacity ratings are (+-) 5% based on compressor manufacturer's ratings and are subject to change without notice.

[‡] Based on 50 °F (10 °C) water temperature leaving the chiller and 60 °F (16 °C) water temperature returning to the chiller (except A1-1.5 and A1-2.25 which have 55 °F (13 °C) water temperature returning to the chiller).

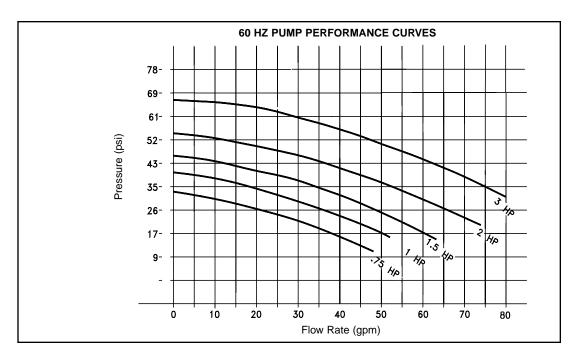
§ Pressure at pump discharge. See Pressure Tables in the Appendix for Evaporator and Condenser pressure drops.

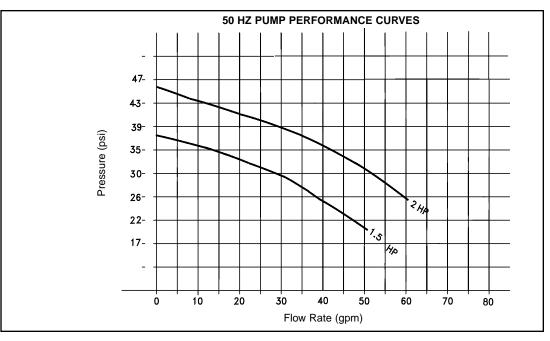
* Optional

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Series 1 Portable Chillers, TIC Control

PUMP CURVES





2-12 DESCRIPTION Series 1 Portable Chillers, TIC Control

INSTALLATION

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• Checking Refrigerant Charge .	
• Connecting the Main	
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Checking Electrical	
Connections	3-10
• Initially Starting the Chiller	3-11
• Stopping the Chiller	

UNPACKING THE Boxes

The portable chiller comes fully assembled in a single crate.



CAUTION: Lifting hazard

The Series 1 Portable Chillers are designed to easily roll on casters. If, for some reason you need to lift the chiller, take all precautions to avoid personal injury or damage to the chiller. Lift the chiller using a forklift or hoist with straps that have peen positioned at the chillers' center of gravity. Do not try to lift the unit manually.

1 Carefully uncrate the chiller

and its components.

2 Remove all packing material, protective paper, tape, and plastic. compare contents to the shipping papers to ensure that you have all the parts.

3 Carefully inspect all components to make sure no damage occurred during shipping. If any damage is found, notify the shipping agent immediately. Check all wire terminal connections, bolts, and any other electrical connections, which may have come loose during shipping. Check for pinched wires and kinked hoses.

3 Record serial numbers and specifications

in the blanks provided on the back of the User Guide's title page. This information will be helpful if you ever need service or parts.



WARNING: Improper installation, operation, or servicing may result in equipment damage or personal injury.

This equipment should only be installed, adjusted, and serviced by qualified technical personnel who are familiar with the construction, operation, and potential hazards of this type of machine.

All wiring, disconnects and fuses should be installed by qualified electrical technicians in accordance with electrical codes in your region. Always maintain a safe ground. Do not operate the equipment at power levels other than what is specified on the machine serial tag and data plate.

CAUTION: Hot Surfaces

Always protect yourself from hot surfaces when working on the Portable Chiller, especially when working on or around the compressor and condenser. These devices can reach up to 160 °F (71 °C). Allow these devices to cool before performing any maintenance or troubleshooting.



CAUTION: Ventilation hazard

The unit requires a clean and well ventilated operating environment. Do not place anything on top of the unit while operating. Units with fans require unrestricted outlet air flow.

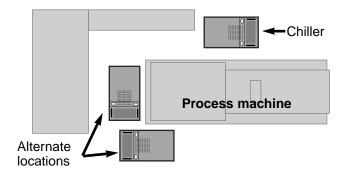
Water-cooled units require a minimum of one foot clearance around the perimeter for serviceability. Air-cooled units require a minimum of two feet clearance around the perimeter for serviceability and proper air flow.

WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS

PREPARING FOR INSTALLATION

Plan the location for the chiller and prepare the area properly.

Position the Chiller as close to the process machine as possible. Place the chiller in position near the process machine so that fluid lines can be connected from the process machine to the chiller and back.



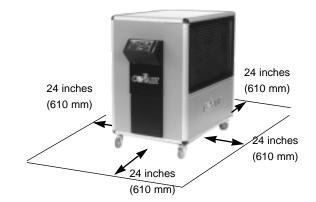
Make sure the area where the chiller is installed has:

• A grounded power source.

Check the chiller's serial tag for the correct amps, voltage, phase, and cycle. All wiring should be completed by qualified personnel and comply with your region's electrical codes.

• Clearance for safe operation and maintenance.

Make sure there is two feet clearance around the chiller for proper operation, maintenance, and servicing. After positioning, lock casters to prevent chiller from moving.



• Available water source.

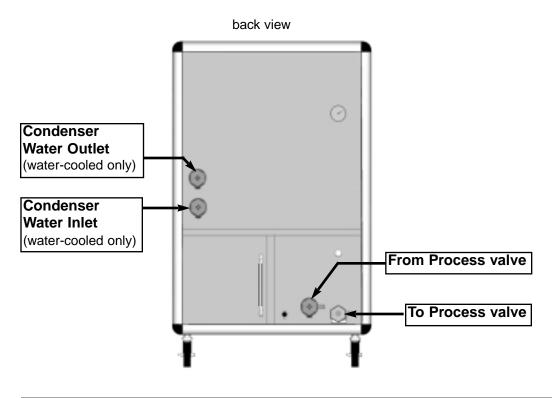
If installing a water-cooled unit, makes sure water source is plumbed to chiller installation location. High points in plumbing require vent valves; low points require drain valves.

Warm fluid from your process enters the chiller at the From Process valve and chilled fluid returns to the process equipment through the To Process valve.

1	Remove the shipping plastic pipe plug from the female connections on the back of the portable chiller.
2	Make sure the male pipe threads are clean and new.
3	Wrap threads with Mylar or Teflon tape.
4	Connect the From Process valve and tubing on the back of the chiller to the From Process tubing. Start by hand until the threads engage and then tighten with a pipe wrench. Tighten only enough to prevent leaks; do not over-tighten!

5 Connect the To Process valve and tubing on the back of the chiller to the return tubing. Start by hand until the threads engage and then tighten with a pipe wrench. Tighten only enough to prevent leaks; do not over-tighten!

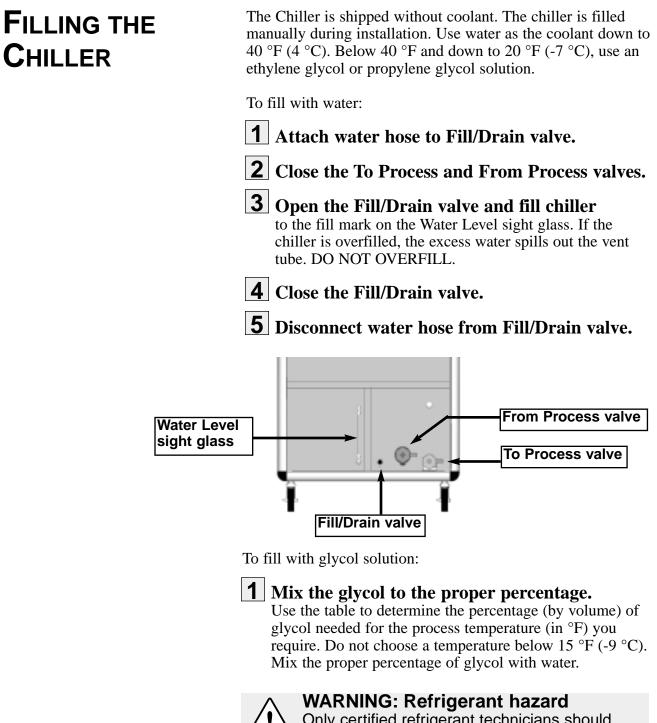
For the Water-cooled Chillers connect the water source for cooling to the Condenser Water inlet on the back of the chiller. Connect the Condenser Water outlet for returning water.



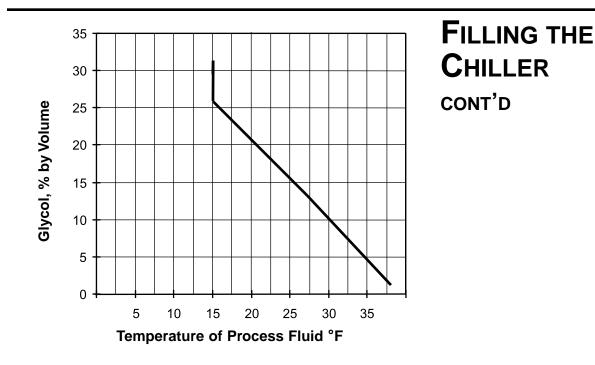
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Series 1 Portable Chillers, TIC Control

MAKING PROCESS PLUMBING **CONNECTIONS**



Only certified refrigerant technicians should examine and correct problems involving the refrigerant circuit.



2 Close the To Process and From Process valves.

3 Open the Fill/Drain valve and fill chiller

to the fill mark on the Water Level gauge. If the chiller is overfilled, the excess fluid spills out the vent tube. DO NOT OVERFILL.

4 Close the Fill/Drain valve.

5 Check the coolant level.

Once the chiller is turned on, the coolant level may drop as the coolant begins to circulate, filling the connected plumbing. Check the coolant level on the back of the chiller. The water level shows on the water level gauge. Make sure water level is filled to the mark on the gauge.

6 Change the minimum operating temperature range to the correct setting for the percent glycol used. See Setting the To Process Low Limit, in the Operations section.

CHECKING REFRIGERANT CHARGE

All chillers are fully charged with refrigerant at the factory. Your chiller's model nameplate identifies the type and amount of total refrigerant charge required.

Check refrigerant charge while the chiller is running. Check the refrigerant charge through the sight glass. Open the side door of the Chiller. Use a flashlight, if necessary, and check the liquid-line sight glass:

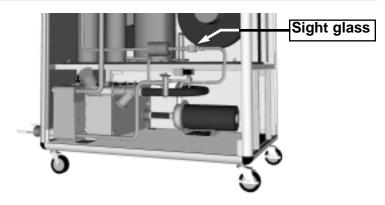
- Under normal load conditions, the refrigerant should be clear.
- Under low load conditions, when the hot-gas bypass valves are operating, bubbles may be visible in the sight glass. This is normal.

If the charge is low contact Conair service or have a local, certified refrigeration technician add refrigerant to the system.



WARNING: Refrigerant hazard

Only certified refrigerant technicians should examine and correct problems involving the refrigerant circuit.





WARNING: Improper installation, operation, or servicing may result in equipment damage or personal injury.

This equipment should only be installed, adjusted, and serviced by qualified technical personnel who are familiar with the construction, operation, and potential hazards of this equipment

All wiring, disconnects and fuses should be installed by qualified electrical technicians in accordance with electrical codes in your region. Always maintain a safe ground. Do not operate the equipment at power levels other than what is specified on the machine serial tag and data plate.

WARNING: Electrical hazard

Before performing any work on this item, disconnect and lock out electrical power sources to prevent injury from unexpected energization or startup.

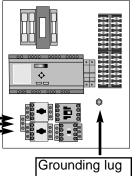
1 Open the chiller's electrical enclosure.

2 Connect the power wires to the terminals

as indicated on the wiring diagrams that came with your machine. Route the power cable through the hole in the side of the chiller to the electrical enclosure.

make sure wires are secure. Gently tug each wire; if wire is loose, use a screwdriver to tighten the terminal.

3 Check terminal screws to



The 575V, 1 1/2 - 4 Hp units utilize a transformer; power wires must be connected to the line side of the transformer.

CONNECTING

POWER SOURCE

THE MAIN

4 Connect the ground wire to grounding lug.

CHECKING ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS



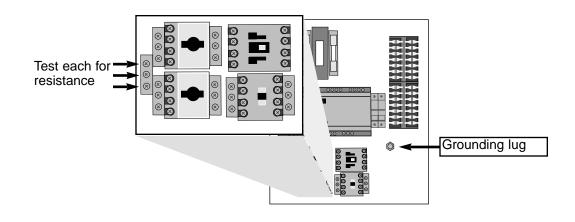
WARNING: Electrical hazard

Before performing any work on this item, disconnect and lock out electrical power sources to prevent injury from unexpected energization or startup.

- **1** Open electrical enclosure.
- **2** Connect the power cable

to the main line connection.

3 Check the short-to-ground with an ohm meter. Connect the ohm meter to each of the three terminal screws and to the grounding lug. Test all three for resistance. The minimum resistance to ground should be 1megohm. If it resistance is less that 1 megohm, there is a leak in the system.



- **4** Close the electrical enclosure.
- **5** Turn on main power source.

1 Turn on main power source.

The control boots up and the screen displays the temperature of the fluid going to the process.

WARNING: Initial startup

Do not press any buttons after initially applying power to the Chiller. Let the Chiller set, undisturbed, for a minimum of 8 hours before starting the Chiller. This is necessary to allow the crankcase heater to warm properly, and to prevent the refrigerant from pooling in the compressor.

After the initial 8-hour minimum warmup, continue with start-up:

2 Press the Start Chiller button.

Check the Pump and Compressor lights on the control panel; they should turn on and off as the pump and compressor cycle on and off. The To Process temperature displays on the control. The To Process temperature is realtime temperature. It should change as the chiller runs and cools the fluid.

3 Check the rotation of the pump.

If pump is not turning, disconnect main power to chiller, swap any two incoming power wires; reapply main power. Check for leaks inside the chiller cabinet; fix any leaks and dry the inside of the chiller before proceeding.

4 Check the compressor.

If the compressor is running backwards, disconnect the Chiller from the main power supply, switch any two incoming main power leads, and reapply main power supply. Wait three minutes. The compressor should now be running in the proper direction.

5 Check the sight glass on the back of the chiller.

If the fluid level is low, follow the steps to add fluid. See Filling the Chiller in the Installation section.

If the chiller is not working properly at any time, press the red Stop button to turn off the chiller.



INITIALLY STARTING THE CHILLER

When the compressor is shut off it cannot be turned on again for three minutes. This allows temperatures and pressure in the chiller to equalize, making restart easier, and prolonging the life of the chiller.

STOPPING THE CHILLER

To stop the chiller, press the Stop Chiller button on the control panel.



NOTE: When you press the Stop Chiller button, the pump and compressor both stop. If you want to restart immediately by pressing the Start Chiller button, the pump will turn on but the compressor will not turn on for three minutes. The Process Pump light on the control panel will light immediately. After three minutes the compressor turns on and the Compressor light on the control panel lights. This allows temperatures and pressure to equalize, making restart easier, and prolonging the life of the chiller.

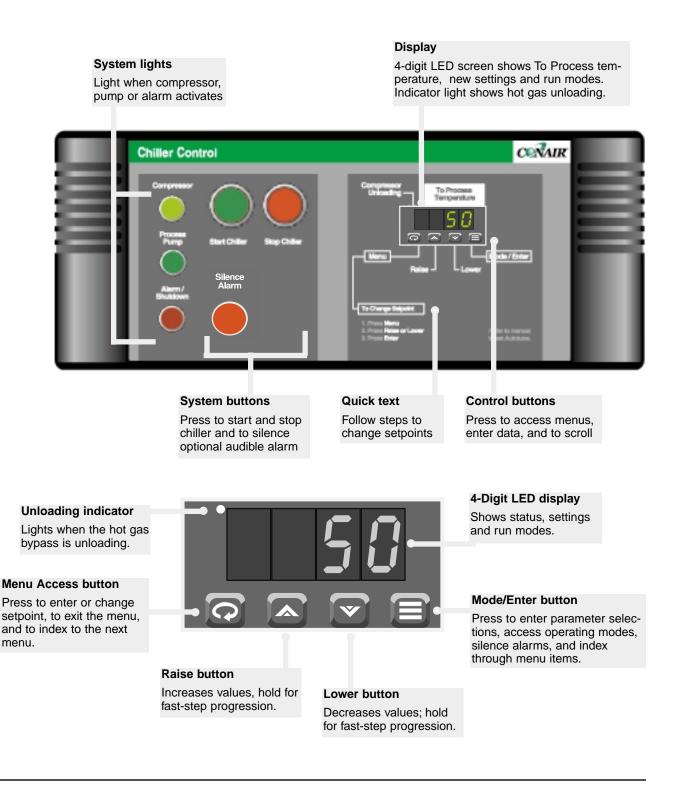
If the chiller is not working properly at any time, stop the chiller and refer to the Troubleshooting section. If you do not encounter any problems, proceed to the Operation section.

OPERATION

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Before Starting	
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Changing the Setpoint	
Temperature	4-6
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Changing Auto Tune Mode	4-7
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TIC CONTROL FEATURES

The TIC control lets you view the status of the chiller and change settings.



Series 1 Portable Chillers, TIC Control

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Before you start daily operation of the chiller, you need to perform scheduled preventative maintenance. Necessary maintenance is describe in the Maintenance section of this Users Guide. BEFORE STARTING



WARNING: Electrical hazard

Be sure that power to the chiller is OFF when doing any maintenance on the chiller. Follow all safety rules when performing any maintenance on this equipment.

Daily maintenance includes:

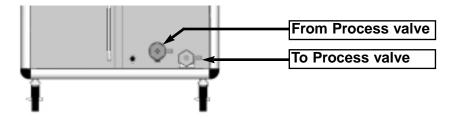
- Checking electrical connections
- Checking process fluid level in the pump tank
- Checking the condenser coil for debris
- Verifying pump discharge pressure
- Inspecting piping for leaks

NOTE: The daily, weekly, monthly, and semi-annual maintenance procedures are detailed in the Maintenance section. Go there for detailed preventative maintenance.

Before starting the Chiller be sure to:

• Open the To Process valve to the full open position.

• Open the From Process valve to the 3/4 open position. You will need to adjust this valve when the chiller is running to obtain the desired pump discharge pressure. To find the approximate water flow, refer to the Pump Curves in Description section.



• Check that the casters are locked.

STARTING/ STOPPING THE CHILLER

If you disconnect the Chiller from the main power supply and reconnect it, the Chiller needs 15 minutes for the crankcase heater to warm up. You can not use the Chiller during this time. Plug in the power cord to restore power after any required maintenance.

The chiller control automatically performs its bootup routine. When bootup is complete, the screen displays the To Process temperature. The chiller is ready to run.

Press the Start Chiller button.

Check the Pump and Compressor lights on the control panel; they should turn on and off as the pump and compressor cycle on and off. The To Process temperature displays on the control. The To Process temperature is realtime temperature. It should change as the chiller runs and cools the fluid.



To safely stop the chiller at any time, press the red Stop Chiller button on the control panel.



The chiller remains on, but stopped. The display screen on the control remains on.

NOTE: When you press the Stop Chiller button, the pump and compressor both stop. If you want to restart immediately by pressing the Start Chiller button, the pump will turn on but the compressor will not turn on for three minutes. The Process Pump light on the control panel will light immediately. After three minutes the compressor turns on and the Compressor light on the control panel lights. The control allows you to change four settings:

 Temperature Setpoint The temperature you want the To Process liquid
 Temperature Scale

Choose to display temperature in degrees Fahrenheit or Celsius.

 Auto Tune Helps maintain the temperature setpoint without overshooting.
 To Process Low Limit

Set when need to chill fluid below 40 °F (4 °C) and down to 20 °F (-7 °C). Set this limit when using glycol to chill.

All other settings are set at the factory. You should not change any other settings. If you accidentally change any other setting, refer to the control manual that you received with your chiller and see Control Settings, in the Appendix. If you have any problems or questions, call your Conair Service representative.

The current To Process temperature displays on the screen when the chiller is turned on. As the temperature changes, the number on the display changes.

The setpoint temperature is the temperature you want the water to be exiting the chiller at the To Process valve.

To set the temperature setpoint:

Press Menu button once. The display flashes SP, and the current setpoint temperature. Press the Up/Down arrows to raise and lower the setpoint temperature. Each time you press the arrow the temperature

changes one unit. Stop when you reach the temperature you want.

3 Press the Mode/Enter button

to accept the new setpoint temperature. The display returns to the actual process temperature.

CHANGING SETTINGS

CHANGING THE SETPOINT TEMPERATURE

To return to the To Process Temperature screen from any other screen, press and hold the button for at least 5 seconds until the temperature displays.

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e

CHANGING The default temperature scale for the control is Fahrenheit (F). You can change the scale to Celsius (C): TEMPERATURE 1 **Press Menu button until DISP shows** SCALE on the screen. **2** Press the Enter button. The current temperature scale displays (F or C) and is flashing. **3** Press the Up/Down arrows to move to the other scale. If the current temperature scale is Fahrenheit, pressing the arrow moves you to C; if the current temperature scale is Celsius, pressing the arrow moves you to F. **4** Press the Menu button to accept the new temperature scale and displays the process temperature.

CHANGING TO AUTO TUNE MODE

Use the Auto Tune Mode to maintain the temperature setpoint without overshooting it. When initiating Auto Tune Mode the actual temperature (temperature of the water exiting the Chiller) must at least 20° warmer than the current setpoint temperature. In order to guarantee this, run the chiller for several minutes until the To Process temperature is 40 °F with no load on the Chiller.

To initiate the Auto Tune mode:

1 Press Enter button and hold for 3 seconds. FOP displays on the screen.

To return to the To Process Temperature screen from any other screen, press and hold the button for at least 5 seconds until the temperature displays.

until STBY (standby) displays.

- Press the Enter button.
- STBY flashes on the screen alternately with the current To Process temperature.

Use the Up/Down arrows to scroll



4	Press the Menu button. SP displays, flashing alternately with the current setpoint temperature.	0	Changing Auto Tune Mode
5	Use the Up/Down arrows to change the setpoint temperature. Each time you press an arrow, the displayed number changes one unit.		CONT'D
6	Press Enter button. The screen displays STBY and the new number.		
7	Press Enter button and hold for 3 at least seconds until FOP displays on the screen.		
8	Apply a load to the Chiller.		
9	Use the Up/Down arrows to scroll until ATUN displays on the screen.		To return to the To Process Temperature screen from any other screen, press and hold the 2 button for at
10	Press the Enter/Mode button once. The screen flashes ATUN. When auto tuning is done the screen displays STBY.		least 5 seconds until the temperature displays.
11	Press Enter button and hold for 3 at least seconds until FOP displays on the screen.		
12	Use the Up/Down arrows to scroll to NOR on the screen.		
13	Press Enter button. Initiating Auto Tune is complete.		

SETTING THE TO PROCESS LOW LIMIT

To return to the To Process Temperature screen from any other screen, press and hold the button for at least 5 seconds until the temperature displays. The default low temperature limit for the To Process fluid is set at the factory at 40 °F. This temperature limit is the lowest temperature for the chilled fluid leaving the Chiller. If you want to cool fluid below 40 °F (4 °C) and down to 20 °F (-7 °C), you need to fill the chiller with the proper percentage of glycol solution. See Filling the Chiller, in the Installation section.

After the Chiller is filled with the proper percentage of glycol solution, you need to set the minimum operating temperature on the control. Use the temperature you chose when selecting the percent glycol.

To set the To Process low limit on the control:

1 Press Menu button until INP shows on the screen.



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		_	

2 Press the Enter button until SPLL displays on the screen. SPLL flashes, along with the current low limit temperature.

3 Press the Up/Down arrows

to change the temperature to the required number.



4 Press the Menu button

to accept the new temperature.

If you want to change from using a glycol solution back to using water in your chiller, you need to change the low limit temperature to 40 °F (4 °C). Follow the steps listed here to set the To Process low limit to 40.

MAINTENANCE

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Water-cooled Condenser5-7
Cleaning the Air-cooled
Condenser
Checking Electrical
Connections
Checking Reservoir Level5-10

Series 1 Portable Chillers, TIC Control

MAINTENANCE FEATURES

Conair Series 1 Portable Chillers need regular, scheduled maintenance for peak performance.

To maintain the best performance of the chiller, it must be cleaned and inspected regularly. Maintenance includes a daily, monthly, and semi-annual schedule.

Use this maintenance schedule as a guide. You may need to shorten the time of the maintenance schedule, depending on how often you use the chiller. Among the features that require preventative maintenance are:

- the refrigerant system
- electrical cables, terminals, and control lights
- the condenser
- process fluid level
- evaporator
- Cooling water treatment system (if used)

Follow all cautions and warnings when working on the equipment.

WARNING: Improper installation, operation, or servicing may result in equipment damage or personal injury.

This equipment should only be installed, adjusted, and serviced by qualified technical personnel who are familiar with the construction, operation, and potential hazards of this type of machine.

All wiring, disconnects, and fuses should be installed by qualified electrical technicians in accordance with electrical codes in your region.



WARNING: Electrical hazard

Before performing any work on this item, disconnect and lock out electrical power sources to prevent injury from unexpected energization or startup. Be sure that power to the chiller is OFF when doing any maintenance on the chiller. Follow all safety rules when performing any maintenance on this equipment.

CAUTION: Hot Surfaces

Always protect yourself from hot surfaces when working on the Portable Chiller, especially when working on or around the compressor and condenser. These devices can reach up to 160 °F (71 °C). Allow these devices to cool before performing any maintenance or troubleshooting.



WARNING: Refrigerant hazard

Only certified refrigerant technicians should examine and correct problems involving the refrigerant circuit.

WARNING AND CAUTIONS

PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

To maintain the best performance, follow the maintenance schedule and record information in the Maintenance Log in the Appendix.

Daily, or as often as needed

Checking electrical connections Make sure electrical connections are properly seated. See Checking Electrical Connections, in the Maintenance section.

□ Checking process fluid level in the pump tank Check the process fluid level in the water level gauge on the back of the chiller. If low, see Filling the Chiller, in the Installation section.

D Verifying pump discharge pressure

While the pump is running, check that the pump pressure gauges are within range. To change the pressure open or close the From Process valve.

□ Inspecting piping for leaks

Check to see that pipes are not leaking. Look for standing water on the floor or inside the chiller cabinet.

I Inspecting the condenser coil for debris

(air-cooled models only) Remove the wire mesh side panel in front of the condenser coil. Remove any debris from the coils.

Weekly, or as often as needed

□ Checking temperature and pressure readings

Check that the temperature and pressure display on the control screen, and that the pressure gauge indicates normal operation.

Checking efficiency

Review the performance data on the Maintenance Log found in the Appendix. If you notice a decrease in efficiency over time, check all heat transfer surfaces of the evaporator and condenser for fouling. Clean as needed.

Checking refrigerant site glass

There should not be any bubbles. See Checking Refrigerant Charge, in the Maintenance section.

Checking reservoir level

Check the water level gauge on the back of the chiller. If fluid level is low, fill. See Checking Reservoir Level, in the Maintenance section.

Monthly

□ Inspecting cooling water treatment system

If your chiller uses a cooling water treatment system, maintain proper chemical levels and follow the recommendations of your water treatment specialist. Change water in the reservoir tank monthly.

Cleaning

Wipe all external surfaces to maintain performance.

□ Inspecting condenser

Check the condenser for adequate air flow or water flow. Check the condenser face for dirt and clogging. If dirt or clogs are present, clean the condenser. See Cleaning the Evaporator or Water-cooled Condenser, and Cleaning the Air-cooled Condenser, in the Maintenance section. If your unit has an optional filter at the air inlet of the Air-cooled condenser coil, check, clean, and replace as needed.

I Inspecting the control panel

Check for loose wires, burned contacts, and signs of overheated wires. Check that all panel lights illuminate. See Checking Electrical Connections in the Maintenance section.

D Checking refrigerant charge

Check the sight glass between the receiver and evaporator for proper refrigerant pressure. See Checking Refrigerant Charge, in the Maintenance section.

Cleaning process fluid strainer

Remove cap and clean any debris out of strainer. Replace cap.

Semi-annual (every 6 months)

Cleaning the evaporator or water-cooled condenser See Cleaning the Evaporator or Water-cooled Condenser, in the Maintenance section.

Cleaning the tank and float switch

Drain the reservoir. Disconnect all piping from tank reservoir. Remove the float switch by loosening the nut on the float switch. Remove switch and clean. Unbolt the tank from the chiller base. Take off the tank cover and clean the reservoir. Reinstall the tank cover; reinstall tank. Reinsert float switch, holding firmly against reservoir and tighten nut. Fill reservoir and check for leaks.

PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

To maintain the best performance, follow the maintenance schedule and record information in the Maintenance Log in the Appendix.

CHECKING THE REFRIGERANT CHARGE

All chillers are fully charged with refrigerant at the factory. Your chiller's model nameplate identifies the type and amount of total refrigerant charge required.



WARNING: Refrigerant hazard

Only certified refrigerant technicians should examine and correct problems involving the refrigerant circuit.

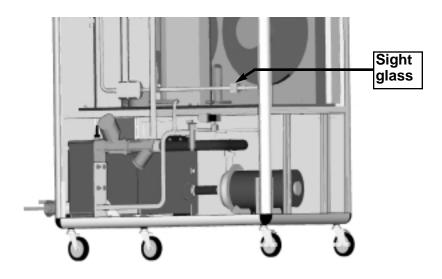
Check refrigerant charge while the chiller is running:

Check the refrigerant charge through the sight glass.

Use a flashlight, if necessary, and check the liquid-line sight glass:

- Under full load conditions, the refrigerant should be clear (no bubbles).
- Under low load conditions, when the hot-gas bypass valves are operating, bubbles may be visible in the sight glass. This is normal.

If the charge is low contact Conair service or have a local, certified refrigeration technician to add refrigerant to the system.



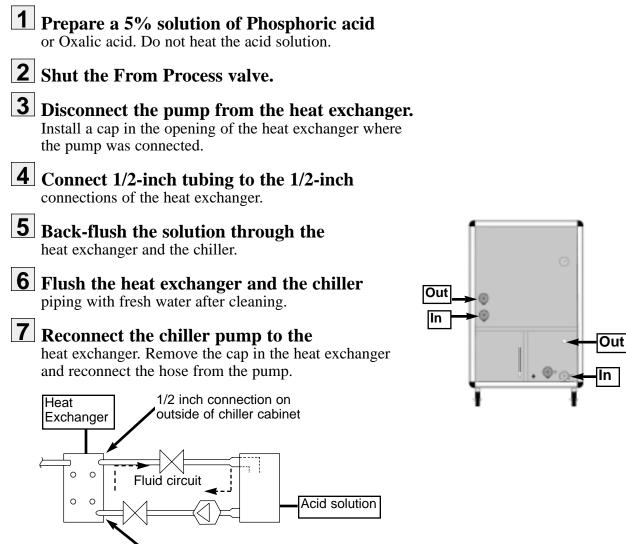
To Process connection

Minerals and other contaminants produce deposits, scales, slime, or algae on the heat transfer surfaces exposed to water. Fouled surfaces result in decreased cooling capacity. Implement a water treatment program to slow the fouling.

CAUTION: Hot Surfaces Always protect yourself from hot surfaces when working on the Portable Chiller, especially when working on or around the compressor and condenser. These devices can reach up to 160 °F (71 °C). Allow these devices to cool before performing any maintenance or troubleshooting.

Water quality should be maintained at a pH of 7.4, but not less that 6.0 for proper heat exchanger life.

To clean:



Series 1 Portable Chillers, TIC Control



CLEANING THE

EVAPORATOR OR

WATER-COOLED

CONDENSER

CLEANING THE AIR-COOLED CONDENSER



WARNING: Electrical hazard

Before performing any work on this item, disconnect and lock out electrical power sources to prevent injury from unexpected energization or startup.



CAUTION: Hot Surfaces

Always protect yourself from hot surfaces when working on the Portable Chiller, especially when working on or around the compressor and condenser. These devices can reach up to 160 °F (71 °C). Allow these devices to cool before performing any maintenance or troubleshooting.

The air-cooled condenser can accumulate dirt and clog quickly if it is run in a dusty or dirty environment. A clogged condenser increases refrigerant discharge pressure, lowers performance, and may cause the fan motors and compressor to overheat.



1 Inspect the coils.

Use a flashlight to check between coil surfaces.



3 Flush with cool water or a commercial coil cleaner.

If your unit has the optional air filter supplied by Conair, clean it using water or air. Replace as needed.



WARNING: Electrical hazard

Before performing any work on this item, disconnect and lock out electrical power sources to prevent injury from unexpected energization or startup.



WARNING: Improper installation, operation, or servicing may result in equipment damage or personal injury.

This equipment should only be installed, adjusted, and serviced by qualified technical personnel who are familiar with the construction, operation, and potential hazards of this type of machine.

All wiring, disconnects, and fuses should be installed by qualified electrical technicians in accordance with electrical codes in your region.

1 Be sure the main power is disconnected

and the chiller is locked out. Always disconnect and lockout the main power source before opening the unit for servicing.

2 Open the electrical enclosure.

3 Inspect all wires and connections.

Look for loose wires, burned contacts, and signs of overheated wires. Compare the control wiring to the wiring diagrams you received with your chiller. Have a qualified electrician make any necessary repairs or replacements.

4 Close the electrical enclosure door.

5 Inspect the exterior power cords.

Cords should not be crimped, exposed, or rubbing against the frame. If the main power cord runs along the floor, make sure it is not positioned where it could rest in pooling water or could be run over and cut by wheels or casters.

CHECKING ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

Always refer to the wiring diagrams you received with your chiller to locate specific electrical components.

CHECKING RESERVOIR LEVEL



WARNING: Electrical hazard

Before performing any work on this item, disconnect and lock out electrical power sources to prevent injury from unexpected energization or startup.

Check the fluid level in the reservoir. The meniscus in the sight glass on the back of the chiller should be in line with the mark on the sight glass.

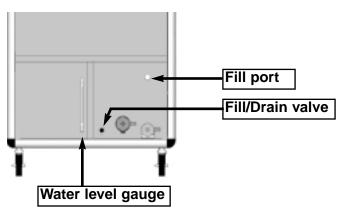
To manually fill the reservoir:

1 Disconnect and lockout power to the chiller.



3 Refill the reservoir.

Monitor the level using the water level gauge on the back of the chiller. Because the Portable Chiller can use either pure water or a glycol solution, make sure your are adding the correct fluid for your application.



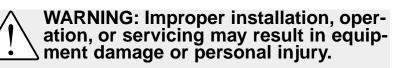
If you have the optional make-up water level float switch, it will automatically control the fluid level.

TROUBLESHOOTING

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the RTD
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Switches

Before Beginning	You can avoid most problems by following the recommended installation, operation and maintenance procedures outlined in this User Guide. If you have a problem, this section will help you determine the cause and tell you how to fix it.
	Before you begin troubleshooting:
	☐ Find any wiring, piping, and assembly diagrams that were shipped with your equipment. These are the best reference for correcting a problem. The diagrams will note any custom features or options not covered in this User Guide.
	Verify that you have all instructional materials related to the chiller. Additional details about troubleshooting and repairing specific components are found in these materials.
	Check that you have manual for other equipment con- nected in the system. Troubleshooting may require investigating other equipment attached to, or connected with the chiller.

A Few Words OF CAUTION



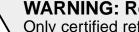
This equipment should only be installed, adjusted, and serviced by qualified technical personnel who are familiar with the construction, operation, and potential hazards of this type of machine.

All wiring, disconnects, and fuses should be installed by qualified electrical technicians in accordance with electrical codes in your region.



WARNING: Electrical hazard

Before performing any work on this item, disconnect and lock out electrical power sources to prevent injury from unexpected energization or startup.



WARNING: Refrigerant hazard

Only certified refrigerant technicians should examine and correct problems involving the refrigerant circuit.

6-2 TROUBLESHOOTING

Series 1 Portable Chillers, TIC Control

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The Troubleshooting section covers problems directly related to the operation and maintenance of the portable chiller. This section does not provide solutions to problems that originate with other equipment. Additional troubleshooting help can be found in manual supplied with the other equipment.

Conditions you may see are:

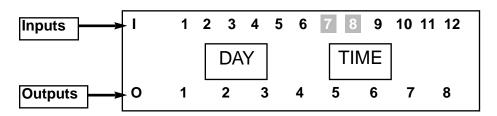
• electrical - a fuse is out, a switch has tripped

- mechanical pump, condenser not working
- physical water flow incorrect

As part of troubleshooting you need to know the status of the inputs and outputs. Open the electrical enclosure and check the status of the inputs and outputs. When they are in normal range, the numbers are highlighted. If the number is not highlighted, it is out of range.

IDENTIFYING THE CAUSE OF A PROBLEM

Always refer to the wiring diagrams you received with your chiller to locate specific electrical components.



In this example, inputs 7 and 8 are highlighted; they are in normal position. The unhighlighted numbers are out of range.

Refer to the wiring diagram and the following table for the switch status:

Input	Description	Output	Description
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Chiller Stop Chiller Start Level Switch Flow Switch Compressor Running Pump Running Suction Pressure Switch Discharge Pressure Switch Low Temperature Deviation Optional Auto-Fill Level Switch Pressure Differential Switch (7.5, 10, 15 ton only) Optional Alarm Silence	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Compressor Starter Compressor Run Lamp Pump Starter Pump Run Lamp Alarm Lamp Optional Auto-Fill Solenoid Optional Alarm Bell Optional Alarm Strobe

Answering an Alarm

When an alarm condition occurs, the alarm light on the control panel lights. It stays lit until the alarm condition is corrected. If you have the optional audible alarm, pressing the Enter button silences the audible alarm.

To find out what is causing the alarm, check the indicator lights on the control panel for the pump and compressor status. If the pump and compressor are both off, check the water tank level, flow valves, and the pump. If the pump is on and the compressor is off, check the compressor, suction pressure and discharge pressure.

		Pump	Compressor
Alarm Condition	Description	Status	Status
Low Water Tank Level	The water level in the pump tank is low.	OFF	OFF
Flow Fault	There is no flow of the process fluid at the pump discharge.	OFF	OFF
Pump Overload	There is a high amperage condition; the pump is drawing too much current.	OFF	OFF
Compressor Overload	There is a high amperage condition; the compressor is drawing too much current.	ON	OFF
High Discharge Pressure	The refrigerant pressure, as measured at the compressor outlet is high.	ON	OFF
Low Suction Pressure	The refrigerant pressure, as measured at the inlet of the compressor is low.	ON	OFF

Refer to the Troubleshooting tables and the wiring diagrams to correct the alarm condition.

Look here if the control panel is not lit, or if the power is on and the Portable Chiller will not run.

CONTROL PROBLEMS

Symptom	Possible cause	Solution
The control is not lit and the chiller is not working.	Power is not reaching the chiller.	Check the power cord and plug. Make sure the cord and plug are properly connected.
		☐ Make sure the main disconnect switch is on.
		☐ Check fuses and breakers. Replace or reset as required.
	The correct power is not reaching the unit	Check the voltage specification on the chiller nameplate.
	There is a problem with the TIC control.	☐ Check fuses and replace as needed.
		☐ Check the power to the tem- perature controller. Reconnect or replace as needed.
		Check the TIC indicator lights and replace as needed.
	There is a problem with the control panel.	The control panel may have failed. Contact Conair Service.

Series 1 Portable Chillers, TIC Control

Control Problems

CONT'D

Symptom	Possible cause	Solution
The control is lit and there is no alarm condition. The com- pressor hums, but does not run.	The input voltage is incorrect	Check the main supply volt- age. It must be within 10% of the nameplate rating.
	There is a phase loss.	 Check the fuses on the main power supply. Check the phase-to-phase voltages. Check phase continuity through the compressor contactor. Check the wiring at the compressor. Replace or repair as needed.

Look here when the Alarm/Shutdown light on the control panel is lit. See Answering an Alarm, in the Troubleshooting section before going to these tables.

MECHANICAL CONDITIONS

Alarm	Possible cause	Solution
Low Water Tank Level (pump and compressor are off)	Water level in tank is low.	Fill tank to proper level. See Checking Reservoir Level, in the Maintenance section. Inspect for leaks in the process piping. Repair as necessary. See Making Plumbing Connections, in the Installation section.
	Failed Level switch.	Check level gauge and com- pare it to status of the level switch by checking continuity of switch in electrical enclo- sure. Refer to wiring diagrams.

Alarm	Possible cause	Solution
Flow fault (pump and compressor are off)	The To Process and From Process valves are closed.	Open valve(s).
	The Process Fluid strain- er is clogged.	Clean the strainer.
	Water level in reservoir is low.	Fill the reservoir. See Making Process Plumbing Connections, in the Installation section.
	The evaporator is fouled.	Clean Evaporator. See Cleaning the Evaporator or Water-cooled Condenser, in the Maintenance section.
	Pump is not running.	Check overload module. Replace as needed. See Replacing Overload Modules, in the Troubleshooting section.
	Pump is running back- wards.	Switch any two of the three main power leads to the pump.

CONT'D

Alarm	Possible cause	Solution
Pump Overload (pump and compres- sor are off)	Overload set incorrectly.	Check table on wiring diagram for correct amperage. Adjust overload accordingly.
	Low supply voltage.	 Check supply voltage. Supply voltage to contactor should be +- 10% of name- plate voltage. Check wire terminations and connections. Tighten if loose.
	Faulty contactor	Check line and load side of contactor. It should be less than 5 volt drop across the contactor. If it is not, replace the contactor. See Replacing the Contactor in the Troubleshooting section.
	Faulty overload module.	Check amp draw of circuit. If it is under the rated setting, replace the overload module. See Replacing Overload Modules, in the Troubleshooting section.

Series 1 Portable Chillers, TIC Control

CONT'D

Possible cause	SOLUTION
Overload set incorrectly.	Check table on wiring diagram for correct amperage. Adjust overload accordingly.
Low supply voltage.	 Check supply voltage. Supply voltage to contactor should be +- 10% of name- plate voltage. Check wire terminations and connections. Tighten if loose.
Faulty contactor.	Check line and load side of contactor. It should be less than 5 volt drop across the contactor. If it is not, replace the contactor. See Replacing the Contactor in the Troubleshooting section.
Faulty overload module.	Check amp draw of circuit. If it is under the rated setting, replace the overload module. See Replacing Overload Modules, in the Troubleshooting section.
	Overload set incorrectly. Low supply voltage. Faulty contactor.

CONT'D

Possible cause	Solution
Clogged/dirty air-cooled condenser.	Clean the coil. See Cleaning the Air-cooled Condenser, in the Maintenance section.
Blocked air flow to air- cooled condenser.	Move chiller or unblock air passageway.
Low condenser water flow or water too warm to water-cooled con- denser.	Check required flow; see Specifications in the Description section.
Blocked condenser water line or valve closed.	Unblock line; open valve.
Water-cooled condenser fouled.	Clean the condenser. See Cleaning the Air-cooled Condenser, and Cleaning the Evaporator or Water-cooled Condenser, in the Maintenance section.
	Clogged/dirty air-cooled condenser.Blocked air flow to air- cooled condenser.Low condenser water flow or water too warm to water-cooled con- denser.Blocked condenser water flow or valve closed.Water-cooled condenser

Series 1 Portable Chillers, TIC Control

CONT'D

Alarm	Possible cause	Solution
High Discharge Pressure, cont'd	Compressor discharge valve closed.	Open valve.
	Overcharged with refrig- erant.	See Checking the Refrigerant Charge in the Maintenance section.
	Faulty water regulating valve.	Repair or replace the valve.
	Faulty pressure switch.	See Checking the Pressure Switches, in the Troubleshooting section.

CONT'D

Alarm	Possible cause	Solution
Low Suction Pressure (pump is running and com- pressor is off)	No or low flow with a failed flow switch and RTD.	 Check To Process and From Process valves to see if they are open. Check Flow switch and RTD. Replace as needed.
	Compressor suction valve is closed.	Open valve.
	No load on the Chiller.	Check process load for required load. Chiller may be oversized.
	The Evaporator is fouled.	Clean Evaporator. See Cleaning the Evaporator or Water-cooled Condenser, in the Maintenance section.
	The Evaporator is frozen.	 Check RTD; Replace as needed. Check minimum allowable setpoint for percent glycol used.
	There is a refrigerant leak.	Check for oil in chiller cabinet and bubbles in refrigerant site glass. Consult Conair Service for repair.
	The pressure switch is faulty.	See Checking Pressure Switches, in the Troubleshooting section.

Series 1 Portable Chillers, TIC Control **TROUBLESHOOTING**

6-13

CONT'D

Symptom	Possible cause	Solution
Compressor fault.	Leads are backwards.	Swap any two of the three main power leads to the com- pressor.
	The compressor failed.	Contact Conair Service.



WARNING: Electrical hazard

Before performing any work on this unit, disconnect and lock out electrical power sources to prevent injury from unexpected energization or startup.

The pump tank has one or two float switches. The float switch (low level cutout) activates an alarm. There is also a flow switch in the process fluid line to verify flow.

To replace a switch:

1 Disconnect and lockout power to the chiller.

2

2 Open the electrical enclosure and locate the

connection for the correct switch on the terminal switch. Refer to the wiring diagrams you received with your chiller to find the correct terminals.

3 Check the switch.

Check continuity within the switch and make sure it corresponds to the condition of the switch. Clean the switch if needed.

4 Replace the switches as needed.

Drain the tank to replace the switch(es).

To check a flow switch:

1 Remove the electrical cover on the flow switch.

2 Slide the top of the switch housing over until the N.O. (normally open) shows when electrical cover is placed back on.

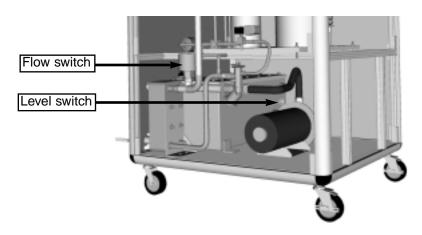
3 Replace electrical cover on flow switch.

Always refer to the wiring diagrams that came with your chiller to locate specific electrical components.

CHECKING AND

REPLACING

SWITCHES



Series 1 Portable Chillers, TIC Control

REPLACING THE CONTACTOR

Always refer th the wiring diagrams that came with your chiller to locate specific electrical components.



WARNING: Electrical hazard

Before performing any work on this unit, disconnect and lock out electrical power sources to prevent injury from unexpected energization or startup.

To replace contactor for the pump or compressor:

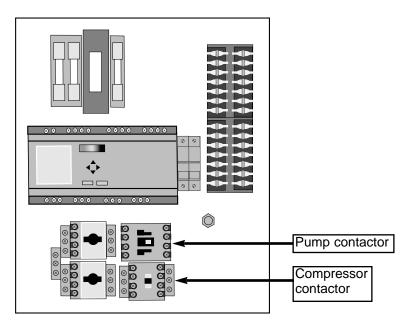
1 Disconnect and lockout power to the chiller.



2 Open the electrical enclosure and locate

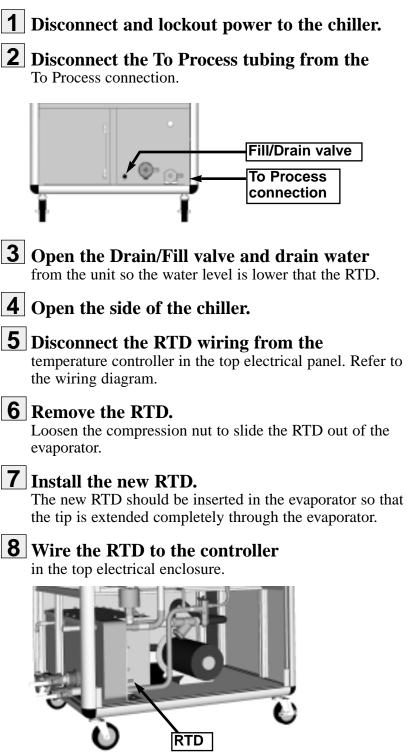
the correct contactor. Refer to the wiring diagrams you received with your chiller.

- **3** Disconnect the wiring from the contactor. Make sure you label each wire so you can correctly install the new unit.
- **4** Remove the contactor by snapping off the DIN rail mounting.
- **5** Snap in the new contactor.
- 6 **Reconnect the wiring and reconnect power** to the chiller.



6-16 TROUBLESHOOTING Series 1 Portable Chillers, TIC Control The Conair Portable Chiller uses a standard 100 ohm RTD to monitor process temperature. Disconnect the RTD leads and measure the resistance through the RTD. It should read 95 - 110 ohms. If it does not, the RTD is bad and needs replaced.

To replace the RTD:



Series 1 Portable Chillers, TIC Control

CHECKING AND REPLACING THE RTD

Always refer th the wiring diagrams that came with your chiller to locate specific electrical components.

6-17

TROUBLESHOOTING

REPLACING THE TEMPERATURE CONTROLLER (TIC)

Always refer to the wiring diagrams you received with your chiller to locate specific electrical components.



WARNING: Electrical hazard

Before performing any work on this unit, disconnect and lock out electrical power sources to prevent injury from unexpected energization or startup.

1 Disconnect and lockout power to the chiller.

2 Snap the Temperature Controller board out of the mounting case by pressing the snaps on both sides of the controller, and pulling outward at the same time.

- **3** Slide the new controller in until it snaps into place.
- **4 Contact Conair Service for the temperature** setup list. This list tells you the correct settings for the controller parameters.



WARNING: Electrical hazard

Before performing any work on this unit, disconnect and lock out electrical power sources to prevent injury from unexpected energization or startup.

Normally if the overload trips, resetting the overload and correcting the cause is typically all that is needed. However, if the overload continues to trip, it may be necessary to replace the overload module.

To replace the overload module:

1 Disconnect and lockout power to the chiller.

- **2** Open the electrical enclosure.
- **3** Locate the overload module and disconnect

the power leads from the module to the device. Refer to the wiring diagram for the exact location. Note the placement of each lead and label as needed.

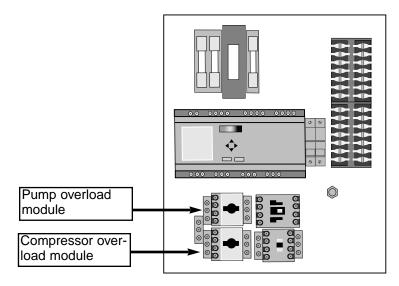
4 Disconnect auxiliary wiring to the module.

- **5** Loosen the screws and remove the module.
- **6** Install the new module

and tighten in place with the screws.

- **7** Reconnect wires and leads.

- **8** Adjust setting to correct Full Load Amps rating of compressor, fan or pump.
- **9** Restore power to the chiller.



REPLACING **O**VERLOAD MODULES

Always refer to the wiring diagrams you received with your chiller to locate specific electrical components.

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REPLACING **F**USES



WARNING: Electrical hazard

Before performing any work on this unit, disconnect and lock out electrical power sources to prevent injury from unexpected energization or startup.

To replace fuses:

- **1** Disconnect and lockout power to the chiller.

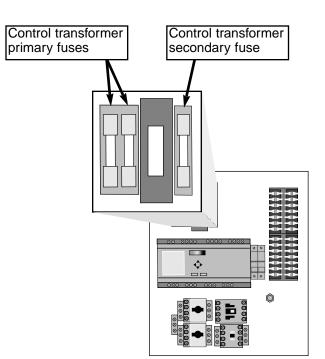
2 Open the electrical enclosure and locate the fuses. Refer to the wiring diagram for the exact loca-

3 Remove and replace fuses.



tion.

4 Restore power to the chiller.



Always refer to the wiring diagrams you received with your chiller to locate specific electrical components.

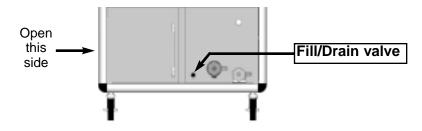
The pump's wet end (impeller, motor, and seal assembly) can be removed for service.

REMOVING PUMP **C**OMPONENTS

1 Disconnect and lockout power to the chiller.

2 Open the drain/fill valve.

Drain the water from the chiller.





3 Open the side of the chiller.

4 Remove the bolts connecting the pump assembly to the pump housing.

Remove the pump assembly.

5 Carefully slide it sideways away from the pump tank to avoid damage.

Inspect, clean, and replace pump parts

6 as needed. Separate the pump assembly form the pump volute (casing) by prying the flanges and pulling apart. Follow the disassembly and reassembly procedures in the pump manufacturer's manual that accompanies this User Guide.

CHECKING PRESSURE SWITCHES

Always refer to the wiring diagrams you received with your chiller to locate specific electrical components.



WARNING: Coolant hazard

Coolant can cause freezing of skin. All proper precautions should be taken any time the cooling system is worked on. Any adjustment that involves the coolant should only be performed by a certified refrigeration technician.

The pressure switch is a non-adjustable switch. To check the pressure switch:

1 Locate the pressure switch.

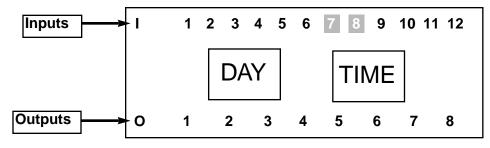
Use the wiring diagrams that came with your chiller for exact location. Location varies depending on size of unit.

2 Check the connections.

Make sure all connections to the switch are secure. Tighten as needed.

3 Check the control signal in the electrical panel.

Refer to the wiring diagram and the following table for the switch status:



In this example, inputs 7 and 8 are highlighted; they are in normal position. If they are not highlighted the input is out of range.

Input	Description	Output	Description
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Chiller Stop Chiller Start Level Switch Flow Switch Compressor Running Pump Running Suction Pressure Switch Discharge Pressure Switch Low Temperature Deviation Optional Auto-Fill Level Switch Pressure Differential Switch (7.5, 10, 15 ton only) Optional Alarm Silence	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Compressor Starter Compressor Run Lamp Pump Starter Pump Run Lamp Alarm Lamp Optional Auto-Fill Solenoid Optional Alarm Bell Optional Alarm Strobe

4 Check the continuity within the switch

and make sure it corresponds to the following conditions:

Item	Description
High Pressure Switches (PS-2)	Cut out @ 300 PSIG on rise
Low Pressure Switches (PS-1)	Cut out at 28 PSIG on fall Cut in at 43 PSIG on rise

If required, check the switch with a refrigeration gauge. If the switch does not change, as listed in this table, when compared to a refrigeration pressure gauge, the switch is faulty. Replace the switch.

onditions: CHECKING PRESSURE SWITCHES

CONT'D

Conair has made the largest investment in customer support in the plastics industry. Our service experts are available to help with any problem you might have installing and operating your equipment. Your Conair sales representative also can help analyze the nature of your problem, assuring that it did not result from misapplication or improper use. We're Here to Help

To contact Customer Service personnel, call:



From outside the United States, call: 814-437-6861

You can commission Conair service personnel to provide onsite service by contacting the Customer Service Department. Standard rates include an on-site hourly rate, with a one-day minimum plus expenses.

If you do have a problem, please complete the following checklist before calling Conair:

- □ Make sure you have all model, serial and parts list numbers for your particular equipment. Service personnel will need this information to assist you.
- \square Make sure power is supplied to the equipment.
- □ Make sure that all connectors and wires within and between control systems and related components have been installed correctly.
- □ Check the troubleshooting guide of this manual for a solution.
- Thoroughly examine the instruction manual(s) for associated equipment, especially controls.
 Each manual may have its own troubleshooting guide to help you.
- □ Check that the equipment has been operated as described in this manual.
- □ Check accompanying schematic drawings for information on special considerations.

Service

How to Contact

CUSTOMER

BEFORE YOU CALL ...

Additional manuals and prints for your Conair equipment may be ordered through the Customer Service or Parts Departments for a nominal fee.

SERVICE INFORMATION

EQUIPMENT GUARANTEE

Performance Warranty

WARRANTY

LIMITATIONS

Conair guarantees the machinery and equipment on this order, for a period as defined in the quotation from date of shipment, against defects in material and workmanship under the normal use and service for which it was recommended (except for parts that are typically replaced after normal usage, such as filters, liner plates, etc.). Conair's guarantee is limited to replacing, at our option, the part or parts determined by us to be defective after examination. The customer assumes the cost of transportation of the part or parts to and from the factory.

Conair warrants that this equipment will perform at or above the ratings stated in specific quotations covering the equipment or as detailed in engineering specifications, provided the equipment is applied, installed, operated and maintained in the recommended manner as outlined in our quotation or specifications.

Should performance not meet warranted levels, Conair at its discretion will exercise one of the following options:

- Inspect the equipment and perform alterations or adjustments to satisfy performance claims. (Charges for such inspections and corrections will be waived unless failure to meet warranty is due to misapplication, improper installation, poor maintenance practices or improper operation.)
- Replace the original equipment with other Conair equipment that will meet original performance claims at no extra cost to the customer.
- Refund the invoiced cost to the customer. Credit is subject to prior notice by the customer at which time a Return Goods Authorization Number (RGA) will be issued by Conair's Service Department. Returned equipment must be well crated and in proper operating condition, including all parts. Returns must be prepaid.

Purchaser must notify Conair in writing of any claim and provide a customer receipt and other evidence that a claim is being made.

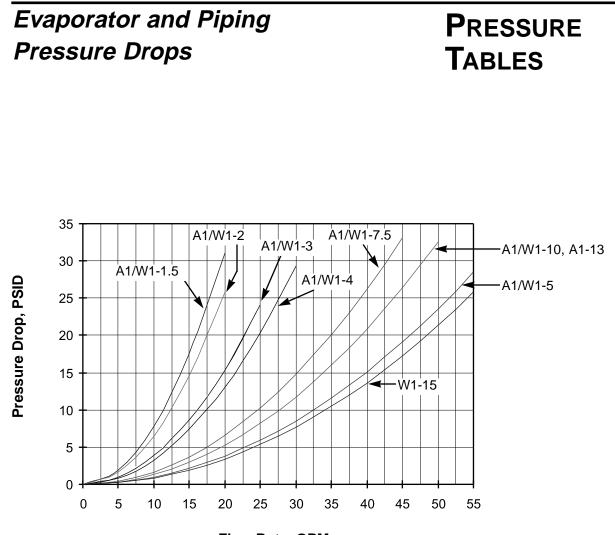
Except for the Equipment Guarantee and Performance Warranty stated above, Conair disclaims all other warranties with respect to the equipment, express or implied, arising by operation of law, course of dealing, usage of trade or otherwise, including but not limited to the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose.

A-2 Service Information Warranty Information

IMS0003/0796

MAINTENANCE Log

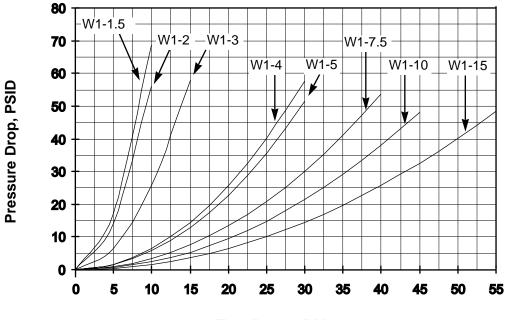
Date		R	eadin	g		
Maintenance Item						
Compressor Amps, 100% loaded						
Discharge Pressure						
Suction pressure						
Evaporator water out temperature						
Process Water Pressure, In/Out						
Condenser Water Temperature, In/Out						
Condenser Water Pressure, In/Out						
Condenser Fan Amps (1)						
Condenser Fan Amps (2)						
Pump Amps						



Flow Rate, GPM



PRESSURECondenser and PipingTABLESPressure Drops



Flow Rate, GPM

APPENDIX C-2

Series 1 Portable Chillers, TIC Control

UGH016/0500

Use this table when configuring the temperature controller. Refer to the manufacturer's manual that accompanies this User Guide for detailed information.

CONTROL SETTINGS

When the control displays the text listed in the Display column, you can scroll to, and change, the settings listed in the Parameter column.

Display	Parameter	Description	Setting	Units
InP	SP.LL SP.HL TyPE	Lower Setpoint limit Upper Setpoint Limit Input sensor type	40 70 rtd	°F °F 100 ohm rtd
DSPL	dspl Unit	Display menu Temperature units	 F	°F or °C
OutP	01.ty 01.ac 01.cy 01.hl 02.ty 02.aa 02.ao	Output 1 Type Output 1 action Output 1 cycle type Output 1 High limit Output 2 Control Type Output 2 Alarm 1 Action Output 2 process	PID re 5 80% ALr nor DE.L	 Reverse action Seconds % time HGV is on Alarm set to low deviation
Cnrl	O2.ih O2.SP Pb1 der OFFS Int	Output 2 alarm inhibit Output 2 alarm setpoint Proportional Band-gain Derivative Action - rate Manual reset Integral Action - reset	En 4 1 OFF 0	Enabled °F Low deviation

PARTS & DIAGRAMS

UGH016/0500

Part Number	Description
	Athena 1/32 DIN Temperature Controller 120VAC LOGO! Long 120VAC 4" Alarm Bell 20VAC White Strobe 22 mm Red extended pushbutton operator
	22 mm Green flush pushbutton operator 120VAC Green Indicator light 120VAC Red indicator light MSP-to-Contactor connecting module, 3RA1921-1A MSP-to-Contactor connecting module, 3RA1921-1B
	MSP-to-Contactor connecting module, 3RA1921-1D MSP-to-Contactor connecting module, 3RA1931-1A MSP-to-Contactor connecting module, 3RA1931-1B MSP-to-Contactor connecting module, 3RA1941-1A MSP-to-Contactor connecting module, 3RA1941-1B
	3 Pole Contactor w/ 120VAC coil, 7A (AC-3) 3 Pole Contactor w/ 120VAC coil, 9A (AC-3) 3 Pole Contactor w/ 120VAC coil 12A (AC-3) 3 Pole Contactor w/ 120VAC coil, 17A (AC-3) 3 Pole Contactor w/ 120VAC coil, 25A (AC-3)
	3 Pole Contactor w/ 120VAC coil, 28A (AC-3) 3 Pole Contactor w/ 120VAC coil, 32A (AC-3) 3 Pole Contactor w/ 120VAC coil, 40A (AC-3) 3 Pole Contactor w/ 120VAC coil, 50A (AC-3) 3 Pole Contactor w/ 120VAC coil, 65A (AC-3)
	Motor Starter Protector (1.8-2.5A) Motor Starter Protector (2.2-3.2A) Motor Starter Protector (3.5-5.0A) Motor Starter Protector (4.5-6.3A) Motor Starter Protector (5.5-8.0A)
	Motor Starter Protector (7.0-10.0A) Motor Starter Protector (9.0-12.5A) Motor Starter Protector (11.0-16.0A) Motor Starter Protector (14.0-20.0A) Motor Starter Protector (17.0-22.0A)

P/D-2 SPARE PARTS Series 1 Portable Chillers, TIC Control

Part Number	Description
	Motor Starter Protector (20.0-25.0A) Motor Starter Protector (18.0-25.0A) Motor Starter Protector (22.0-32.0A) Motor Starter Protector (28.0-40.0A) Motor Starter Protector (40.0-50.0A)
	Motor Starter Protector (45.0-63.0A) Motor Starter Protector (57.0-75.0A) MSP Auxiliary Contact Block (2 N.O.) MSP Line Side Feeder MSP Feeder Lug (3RV101, 3RV102)
	MSP Feeder Lug (3RV103) Normally Open contact block Normally Closed contact block Control Terminal Block, Size 4 Terminal Block End Bracket
	Terminal Block Barrier Littlefuse 0.5A Fuse, 250VAC Littlefuse 3.0A Fuse, 250VAC Littlefuse 5.0A Fuse, 250VAC Littlefuse 0.25A Fuse, 600VAC
	Littlefuse 2.0A Fuse, 600VAC 1 Pole Fuseblock Cover Lit Transformer Touch Safe Cover Lit 1 Pole Secondary Fuseblock 2 Pole Primary Fuseblock
	Littlefuse 2 Pole Ultrasafe Fuseblock Motorola 5 VDC Voltage Regulator 250VA Control Transformer 230x460, 110/115/120 250VA Control Transformer 550/575/600, 110/115/120 250VA Control Transformer 380/400/415, 110x120
	250VA Control Transformer 208/230/460, 24/115 Pump Seal Kit, pump type 231 Pump Seal Kit, Pump type 233, 3HP Pump Seal Kit, Pump type 233, 5HP Pump Seal Kit, Pump type 234, 7.5HP

Series 1 Portable Chillers, TIC Control

Part Number	Description
20973003 26636101 26629901	Pump Seal Kit, Pump type 233, 7.5HP and 10HP Pump Seal Kit, Pump type 234, 10HP and 15HP Flowtect, Flow Switch, Evap Circuit Gems, Float Switch, Process Tank Pressure Gauge, Dual Scale, 0-160PSIG
26638902 26638901	Discharge pressure switch, cut out at 300 PSIG on rise, cut in at 275 PSIG on fall, 1/4" with Schreader depressor Suction pressure cut out at 28 PSIG on fall, cut in at 43 PSIG on rise, 1/4" with Schreader depressor
26638903 2663890	Fan Cycling Switch #1, Air-cooled Chiller, cut out at 190 PSIG on fall, Cut in at 250 PSIG on rise, 1/4" with Schreader depressor Fan Cycling Switch #2, Air-cooled Chiller, cut out at 200 PSIG on fall, Cut in at 270 PSIG on rise, 1/4 with Schreader depressor
20966802 331021051 2920580201 2920581001	8"x14' 100ohm RTD Differential Pressure Switch, 0-45 PSID Refrigerant Pressure Relief Valve, 400PSIG, Air- cooled Chiller (1-4 ton) Refrigerant Pressure Relief Valve, 400PSIG, Air- cooled Chiller (5-7.5 ton)
2920581301 2920580202 2920581302	Refrigerant Pressure Relief Valve, 400PSIG, Air- cooled Chiller (10 and 13 ton) Refrigerant Pressure Relief Valve, 350PSIG, Water- cooled Chiller (1.5-5 ton) Refrigerant Pressure Relief Valve, 350PSIG, Water- cooled Chiller (7.5-15 ton)
2920940902 2920941302 2920941802 29213103 29213104	Filter Dryer, 1.5-3 ton Filter Dryer, 4-7.5 ton Filter Dryer, 10-15 ton TXV 1.5 ton Water-cooled TXV 1.5 ton Air-cooled, 2 ton Water- and Air-cooled

Part Number	Description
29213105 29213106 29213107 29213108 29213109	TXV 2 ton Water- and Air-cooled TXV 3 ton Water- and Air-cooled TXV 5 ton Water- and Air-cooled TXV 7.5 ton Water- and Air-cooled TXV 10 ton Water- and Air-cooled
292131110 20958401 20958402 20958403 20958404	TXV 13 ton Water-cooled and 15 ton Air-cooled Liquid Line Solenoid Valve, 1-5 ton Liquid Line Solenoid Valve, 7.5-10 ton Liquid Line Solenoid Valve, 13-15 ton Hot Gas Bypass Solenoid, 1.5-4 ton
20958405 20958406 3331302204 3331302202 3331302201	Hot Gas Bypass Solenoid, 5-10 ton Hot Gas Bypass Solenoid, 13 and 15 ton Air Filter, 1.5 ton Air-cooled Air Filter, 2 and 3 ton Air-cooled Air Filter, 4 and 5 ton Air-cooled
3331302203 3331302	Air Filter, 7.5-10 ton Air-cooled Air Filter, 13 ton Air-cooled Condenser Fan Motor, 50 watts, 400/460V, 50/60Hz, for A1-2.25 unit Condenser Fan Motor, 0.166HP, 400/460V, 50/60Hz, for A1-1.5 and A1-3 units
	Condenser Fan Motor, 1/4HP, 400/460V, 50/60Hz, for A1-4 and A1-5 units Condenser Fan Motor, 1/2HP, 400/460V, 50/60Hz, for A1-7.5, A1-10 and A1-13 units Condenser Fan Motor, 50 watts, 200/230V, 50/60Hz, for A1-2.25 unit
	Condenser Fan Motor, 0.166HP, 200/230V, and 575V, 50/60Hz, for A1-1.5 and A1-3 units Condenser Fan Motor, 1/4HP, 200/230V, 50/60Hz, for A1-4 and A1-5 units, and 575V, for A1-4 unit Condenser Fan Motor, 1/2HP, 200/230V, 50/60Hz, for A1-7.5, A1-10 and A1-13 units

SPARE PARTS P/D-5

Part Number	Description
	Condenser Fan Motor, 1/4HP, 575V, 60 Hz for A1-5 unit Condenser Fan Motor, 1/2HP, 575V, 60Hz, for A1-7.5, A1-10 and A1-13 units Condenser Fan Blade, A1-1.5 Condenser Fan Blade, A1-2.25
26642001 26642002	Condenser Fan Blade, A1-3.25 Condenser Fan Blade, A1-4 and A1-5 Condenser Fan Blade, A1-7.5, A1-10, A1-13 Water Regulating Valve, W1-1.5, W1-2, W1-3 Water Regulating Valve, W1-4, W1-5
26642102	Water Regulating 1 1/4" Control Ball Valve, W1-7.5, W1- 10, W1-15 units

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