

# User's Guide

for the

# CRATE PRO AUDIO

# CSM8/12/16/24



## Console Mixer

In order to achieve maximum performance from your new Crate Pro Audio Mixer we recommend that you read this user's guide prior to its use.

**CRATE PRO AUDIO**

# CRATE PRO AUDIO CSM8/12/16/24 Console Mixer







## Congratulations.

You have selected one of the finest pieces of audio reproduction equipment available for use on stage, in the home studio, or for "institutional" use: a Crate Pro Audio Stereo Console Mixer. In order to derive the most benefit from the mixer, and to fully understand and appreciate its flexibility and versatility, please familiarize yourself with the mixer by reading through this User's Guide prior to its use.

And Thank You, from **CRATE PRO AUDIO**

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# **CRATE PRO AUDIO** CSM8/12/16/24 Console Mixer

## **Introduction:**

In the world of professional sound reinforcement and audio reproduction there is no room for compromise. It is absolutely vital that the emotions of a performance are projected to your audience, not just sounds. Your new Crate Pro Audio CSM8/12/16/24 Console Mixer is a powerful tool which allows you to successfully bridge the gap between performers and audience without losing any of the "life" of the performance in the process. No matter what your particular application, your Crate Pro Audio mixer is ready to meet the challenge with a level of performance and control unequaled by its competition.

Crate Pro Audio mixers are the result of our interest in and experience with high-performance audio equipment, combined with our extensive research and development procedures, and guided by our love of musical performances. Each mixer is built using a variety of innovative construction methods making it truly reliable and incredibly roadworthy. Its diverse features offer you an extremely high degree of versatility and flexibility regardless of the application. The mixer has been thoughtfully designed to keep you constantly in total control of your performing environment, always with the best possible sound.

## **Features:**

Crate Pro Audio CSM8/12/16/24 mixers combine the latest technology with contemporary styling and flexible features. In addition, their exceptionally low noise, incredible headroom make them perfect for use on stage, in the home studio, or for "institutional" use. Each of the input channels offers you the choice of balanced XLR Low-Z or balanced 1/4" Hi-Z Input jacks, an insert jack, a peak/signal LED, gain control, three bands of equalization, four fully-adjustable aux sends, a pan control, mute and PFL switches, and a long range channel fader. The master section offers left, right and mix XLR and 1/4" balanced output jacks, a PFL out jack, stereo Tape In and Out jacks, four aux sends, two stereo aux returns with level and pan controls, dual 11-step LED meters, switchable Phantom Power, a Headphones jack with level control, PFL left, right and mix selector switches, and four master faders: aux 1, left, right, and mix.

The color-coded knobs help you know at a glance if you're reaching for a Level knob, an EQ control, a Pan pot or Master slider.

## **About this Manual:**

This manual is the compilation of many hours of discussions with engineers, musicians, experts in the field of sound reproduction as well as novices, along with "hands-on" usage and training. While we strive to provide as comprehensive and informative a manual as possible, we realize we cannot convey every application imaginable or answer every possible question. We have endeavored to cover as much as is practical in this owner's manual and have provided suggested connection diagrams for you to use as a starting point for your application. Your Crate Pro Audio dealer can assist you with additional information, or you can visit us on our website at [www.crateamps.com](http://www.crateamps.com).

# CRATE PRO I/O CSM8/12/16/24 Console Mixer

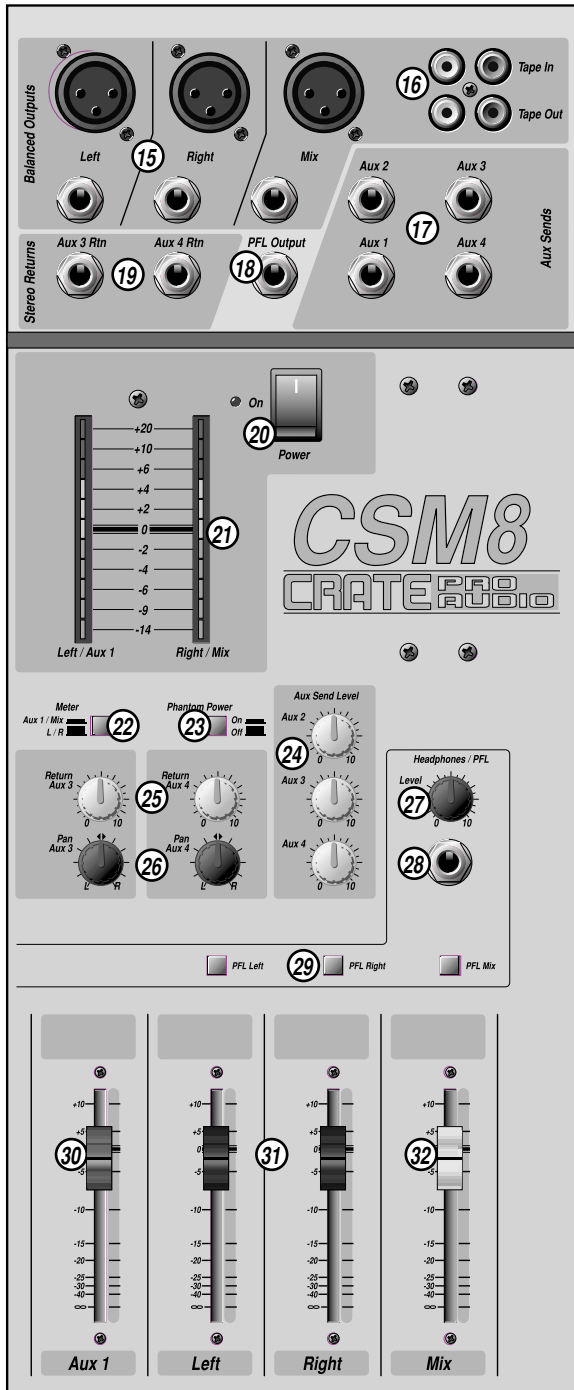
## The Input Channels:



- 1. LOW Z INPUT:** The signal output from a low impedance microphone or a low impedance line level signal (such as a line out signal from an instrument amplifier) may be connected here by means of a shielded cable terminated with a male XLR plug. Pin 2 = "+," pin 3 = "-", and pin 1 = shield.
- 2. HIGH Z INPUT:** The signal output from a high impedance microphone or a line level signal (such as an instrument, rhythm machine, tape deck, etc.) may be connected here by means of a shielded cable terminated with a male 1/4" plug. Tip = "+," ring = "-", and sleeve = shield.
- 3. INSERT:** A signal processor may be connected here by means of a shielded stereo signal cable or shielded "Y" cord. (See page 8.) Ring = send, tip = return, and sleeve = ground.
- 4. PEAK/SIGNAL LED:** This LED will illuminate green when a signal is present at the High or Low Z inputs. When the signal nears clipping, the LED will illuminate red. (See Gain control, #5.)
- 5. GAIN:** Use this control to set the input signal level for the channel. Adjust this control so the peak LED (#4) flashes on strong signal peaks.
- 6. HIGH:** Use this control to adjust the high frequency level for the channel. This control allows for 15dB of cut or boost at 10kHz. Typical equalization diagrams are shown on page 7.
- 7. MID:** Use this control to adjust the midrange frequency level for the channel. This control allows for 15dB of cut or boost at 2kHz. Typical equalization diagrams are shown on page 7.
- 8. LOW:** Use this control to adjust the low frequency level for the channel. This control allows for 15dB of cut or boost at 100Hz. Typical equalization diagrams are shown on page 7.
- 9. AUX 1, AUX 2:** Use these controls to set the channel's output signal level at the aux 1 and aux 2 send jacks (#17, page 5). These are pre-EQ, pre-fader, and are typically used as monitor sends. Examples of some typical connection methods are shown on pages 8–13.
- 10. AUX 3, AUX 4:** Use these controls to set the channel's output signal level at the aux 3 and aux 4 send jacks (#17, page 5). These are post-EQ, post-fader, and are typically used as effects loop sends. Examples of some typical connection methods are shown on pages 8–13.
- 11. PAN:** Use these controls to set the amount of the channel's output signal sent to the left and right master faders (#30, page 6) and the left and right balanced output jacks (#15, page 5).
- 12. MUTE:** This switch, when depressed, mutes the channel's output signal sent to the left, right and mix master faders (#30, 31, page 6).
- 13. PFL:** This switch, when depressed, sends the channel's post-EQ, pre-fader signal to the headphones jack (#28, page 6) and the PFL output jack (#18, page 5).
- 14. FADER:** Use this control to set the channel's signal level output sent to the left, right and mix master faders (#31, 32, page 6) and the aux 3 and aux 4 send jacks (#17, page 5).

# CRATE PRO AUDIO CSM8/12/16/24 Console Mixer

## The Master Section:



**15. LEFT, RIGHT AND MIX BALANCED OUTPUTS:** Use these jacks to send the mixer's output signal(s) to the house power amplifier(s) (see pages 9–13). For the XLR jacks, pin 2 = "+," pin 3 = "-", and pin 1 = shield. For the 1/4" jacks, tip = "+," ring = "-", and sleeve = shield.

**16. TAPE IN/TAPE OUT JACKS:** Use these jacks to connect to the record and playback jacks of a cassette tape deck. Because the tape in jacks are fed directly into the left and right master faders, use the tape deck's output level control or an in-line attenuator to adjust the level of the playback signal.

**17. AUX SEND JACKS:** Use these jacks to send the aux signals to your monitor amps and/or external effects. Aux 1 and 2 are sends only, while aux 3 and 4 can be used as an effects loop along with the aux 3 and 4 return jacks (#19). (See pages 8–13). The mix for each aux send jack is set by the channel aux controls (#9, 10). The master aux 1 fader (#30, page 6) sets the overall signal output level for the aux 1 jack, while the aux 2, 3 and 4 send controls (#24, page 6) set the overall signal output level for the aux 2, 3 and 4 jacks.

**18. PFL OUTPUT JACK:** Use this jack to send the channel's PFL signal outputs to a studio monitor power amp/speaker or to a headphone distribution box for additional monitoring capabilities.

**19. AUX RETURN JACKS:** Use these jacks to return the processed signal from an external effect into the master mix. These jacks are stereo 1/4" connectors – ring = right, tip = left, sleeve = shield.

**20. POWER:** This switch applies the power to the mixer. The mixer is on when the top of the switch is depressed, off when the bottom of the switch is depressed. The adjacent LED illuminates when the power is on.

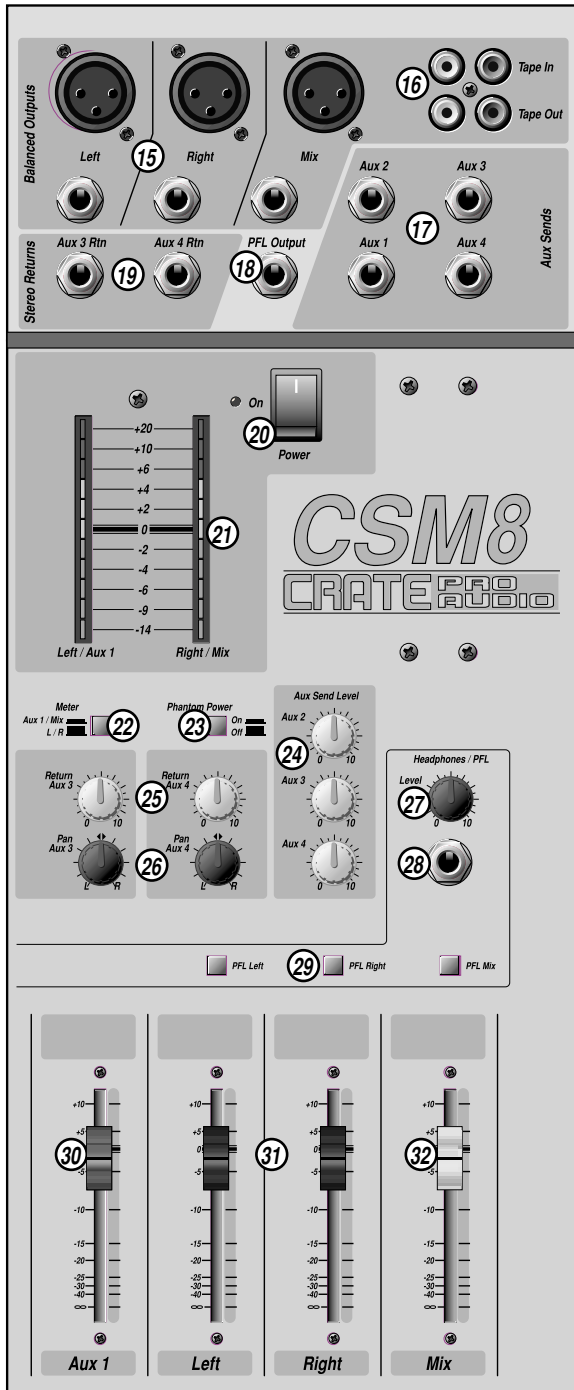
**21: OUTPUT LED METERS/PEAK INDICATORS:** These LED meters monitor the output signals sent to the balanced output jacks (#15). The meter selector switch (#22) determines whether the meters monitor the left and right output signals or the aux 1 and mix output signals. When the LEDs illuminate into the upper red areas, the signals are near clipping and may need to be reduced to avoid distortion.

**22: METER SELECTOR SWITCH:** When the switch is in the out position, the LED meters (#21) monitor the left and right output signals. When the switch is depressed, the LED meters monitor the aux 1 and mix output signals.

(continued...→)

# CRATE PRO CSM8/12/16/24 Console Mixer

## The Master Section (continued):



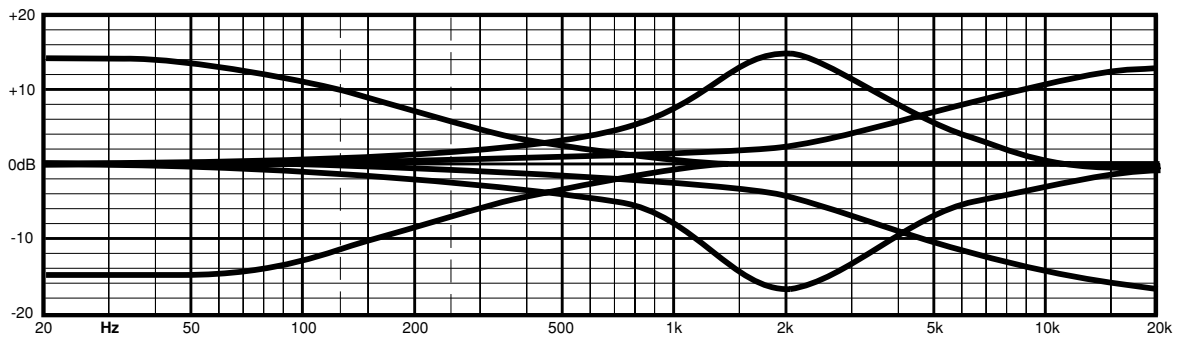
- 23. PHANTOM POWER:** This switch, when depressed, applies 48 volts DC to pins 2 and 3 of the each channel's low Z input jacks (#1, page 4) to accommodate microphones which require a source of phantom power for proper operation. (Mics not requiring phantom power are not affected by the presence of the DC voltage.)
- 24. AUX SEND LEVELS:** Use these controls to set the output levels for the signals at the aux 2, 3 and 4 send jacks (#17, page 5).
- 25. AUX RETURNS:** Use these controls to adjust the level of the signals from the aux 3 and 4 return jacks (#19, page 5).
- 26. AUX PANS:** Use these controls to set the balance of the aux 3 and 4 return signal sent to the left and right master faders (#31).
- 27. HEADPHONES/PFL LEVEL:** Use this control to adjust the output signal level at the headphones/PFL jack (#28).
- 28. HEADPHONES/PFL JACK:** Use this jack to connect a pair of stereo headphones to the mixer. The signal at this jack is taken from the PFL bus, therefore the channel PFL buttons must be depressed in order to hear their signals through the headphones.
- 29. PFL LEFT/RIGHT/MIX:** These switches, when depressed, send the corresponding PFL signals to the headphones/PFL jack (#28) and to the PFL output jack (#18).
- 30. AUX 1 MASTER FADER:** Use this control to set the overall output signal level at the aux 1 send jack (#17, page 5). A fader has been chosen to provide ease of control of aux 1 since this is typically used as an output signal for the stage monitors.
- 31. LEFT/RIGHT MASTER FADERS:** Use these controls to set the overall output signal levels at the left and right balanced output jacks (#15, page 5), as well as the signal level sent to the mix master fader (#32).
- 32. MIX MASTER FADER:** Use this control to set the overall output signal level at the mix balanced output jacks (#15, page 5). The left and right master faders (#31) must be set at an appropriate level so that a signal of sufficient amplitude is sent to the mix master fader.

# CRATE PRO AUDIO CSM8/12/16/24 Console Mixer

## Equalization Diagrams:

Each input channel of the CSM8/12/16/24 has three bands of equalization which let you alter the tonal characteristics of the input signal. The EQs may be used to add "color" or to compensate for inadequacies of the original signal. They also may be used to cut frequencies to help eliminate unnatural sounds or to de-emphasize over-pronounced tones, and to help prevent acoustic feedback. Each EQ has a range of 30dB (+/-15dB).

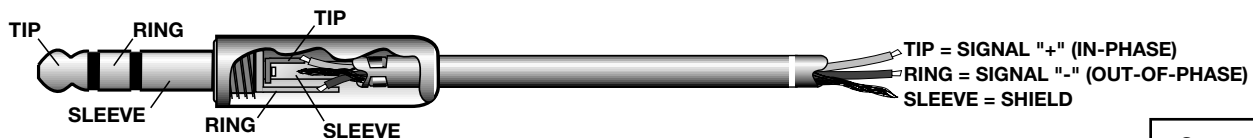
- The high EQ for each channel is a "shelving" type, with an action point (+6dB) at 6kHz, reaching maximum effect at 10kHz and above.
- The middle EQ for each channel is a "peaking" type, which affects frequencies from 800Hz to 5kHz, centered at 2kHz.
- The low EQ for each channel is a "shelving" type with an action point (+6dB) at 250Hz, reaching maximum effect at 100Hz and below.



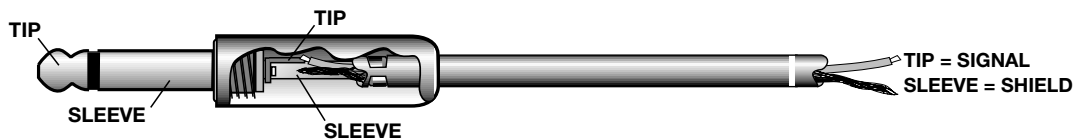
## Differences in Cable Types:

This manual makes reference to different types of cables; in particular, balanced and unbalanced signal cables and speaker cables. These are not the only types of cables associated with sound reinforcement, but they are similar enough to each other to warrant a more descriptive explanation. For example, the three 1/4"-terminated cables below may look alike at first, but upon closer examination their differences become apparent.

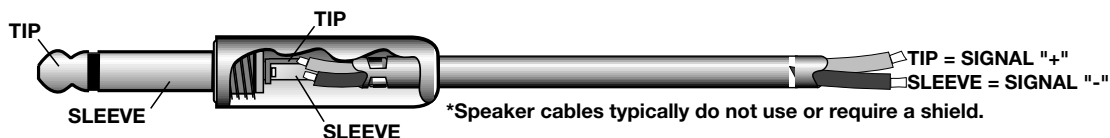
### BALANCED SIGNAL CABLE:



### UNBALANCED SIGNAL CABLE:



### SPEAKER CABLE:



### BALANCED MIC CABLE:



Care must be taken to avoid using SIGNAL cables in place of SPEAKER cables and vice-versa. Signal cables aren't made to handle the power which speaker cables do; speaker cables are not shielded and pick up external signals, resulting in excessive hum and buzzing.

# CRATE PRO AUDIO CSM8/12/16/24 Console Mixer

## Connecting External Signal Processors:

There are several ways to use external signal processors with the CSM8/12/16/24. Each of the mixer's input channels has its own Insert jack, allowing a processor to be used on that particular channel. Figures 1 and 2 below show two ways of connecting a signal processor to the channel Insert jacks.

The mixer's master section has two stereo effects loops available (Aux 3 and Aux 4), allowing a processor to be added to any or all of the input signals. Figures 3 and 4 below show the basic connection of two types of stereo processors to the aux loops.

Each channel's Aux 3 and Aux 4 levels control the amount of signal sent from each channel to the aux loops. The master Aux 3 and Aux 4 Send, Return and Pan control the amount of signal sent to the processor, the amount of processed signal returned to the mix, and how much of the processed signal is applied to the left and right output signals.

(See pages 4 through 6 for additional information on the insert jacks, the aux loops, and their controls.)

Figure 1: Connecting an external signal processor to the insert jack of the mixer via the processor's insert jack:

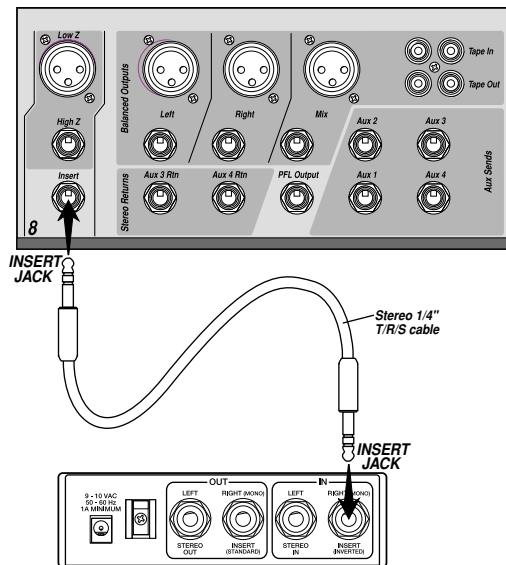


Figure 2: Connecting an external signal processor to the insert jack of the mixer via the processor's input/output jacks:

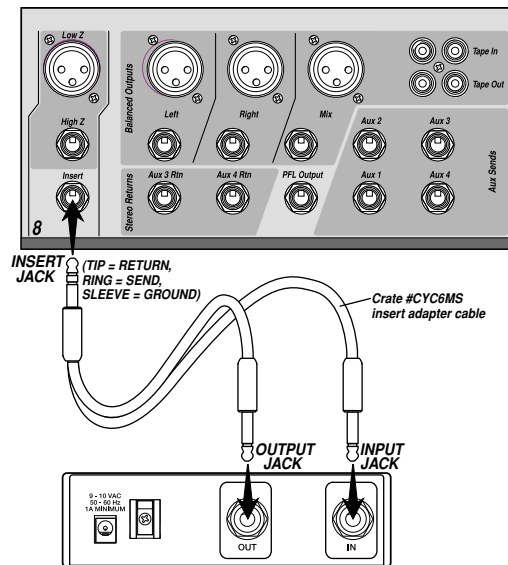


Figure 3: Connecting an external signal processor to the mixer's aux loop: (Stereo processor with left/right output jacks)

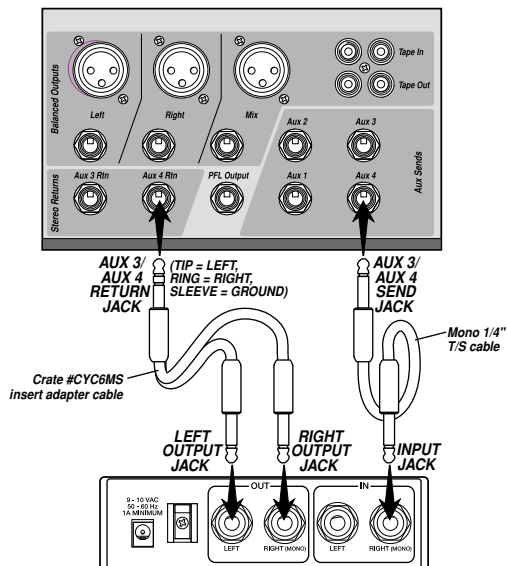
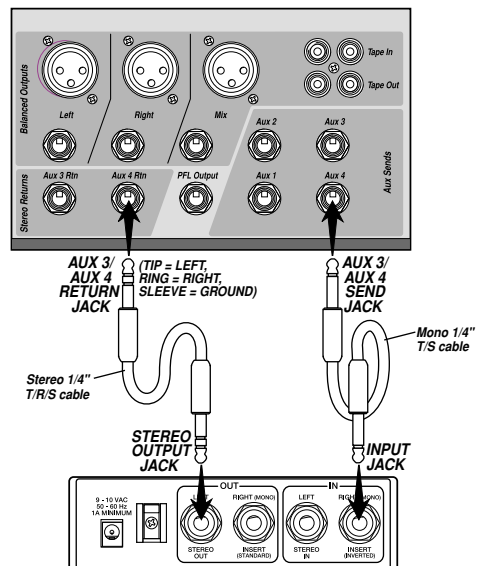


Figure 4: Connecting an external signal processor to the mixer's aux loop: (Stereo processor with stereo output jack)



(See your Crate Pro Audio dealer for the CYC6MS adapter cable.)



# CRATE PRO AUDIO CSM8/12/16/24 Console Mixer

## Applications: Basic Mono Operation:

This setup shows one way of using the mixer and one stereo power amplifier to run both the house speakers and the stage monitors. Two mono power amplifiers may be used in place of the one stereo amplifier.

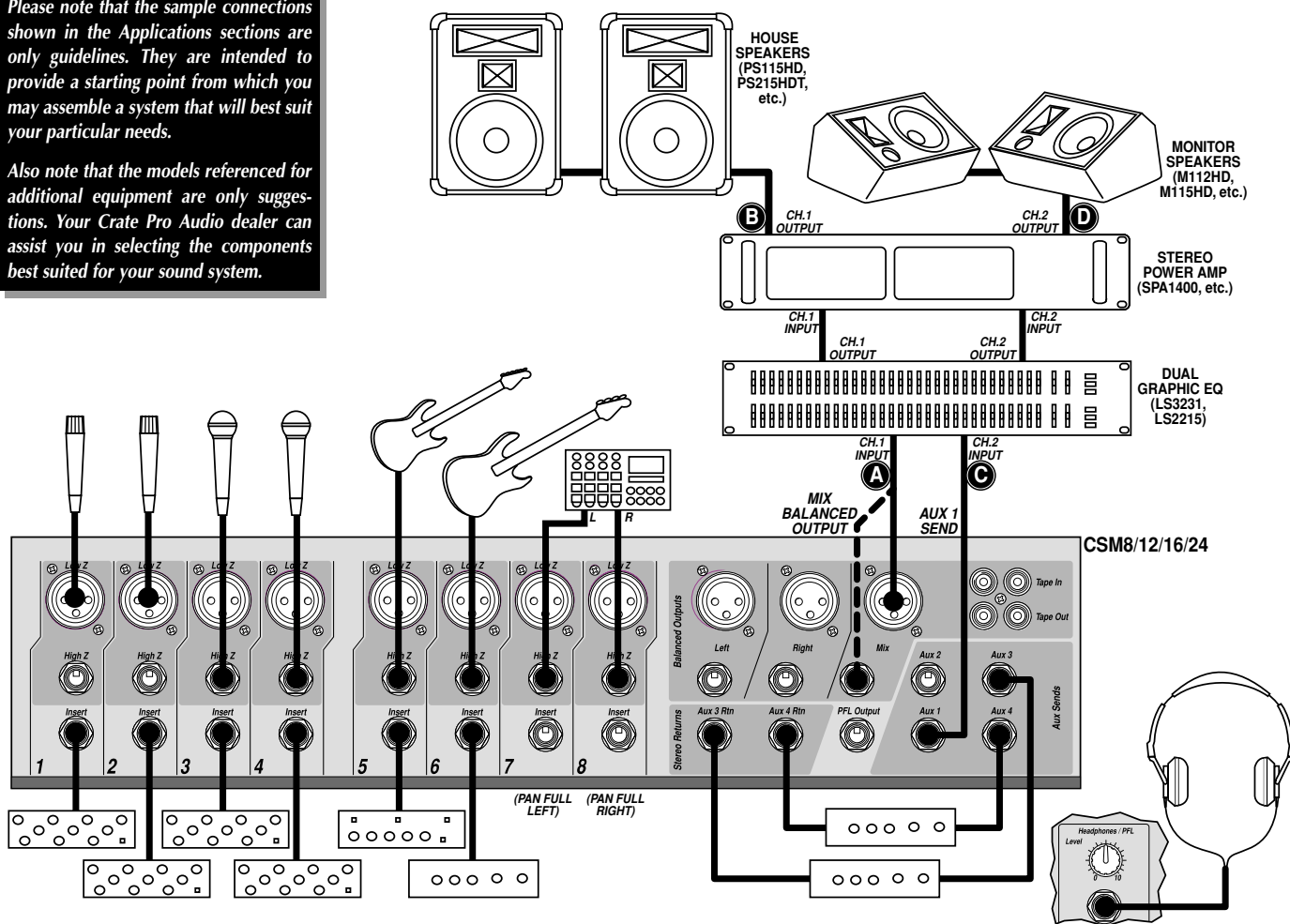
Connect the components as follows:

- (A) Connect a balanced or unbalanced signal cable between the mixer's Mix Balanced Output and the power amplifier's Channel 1 Input.
- (B) Connect a speaker cable between the power amplifier's Channel 1 Outputs and the house speakers' Inputs.
- (C) Connect an unbalanced signal cable between the mixer's Aux 1 Send and the power amplifier's Channel 2 Input.
- (D) Connect a speaker cable between the power amplifier's Channel 2 Outputs and the monitor speakers' Inputs.

(Note the optional use of a graphic equalizer in-line with the connections between the mixer and the power amplifier as shown below.)

Please note that the sample connections shown in the Applications sections are only guidelines. They are intended to provide a starting point from which you may assemble a system that will best suit your particular needs.

Also note that the models referenced for additional equipment are only suggestions. Your Crate Pro Audio dealer can assist you in selecting the components best suited for your sound system.



## Controlling The Mixer's Output Levels:

- Monitors: Use the Aux 1 master slider (#30, page 6) to set the level of the output signal for the monitors.
- Mains (House Speakers): Use the Mix master slider (#32, page 6) to set the level of the output signal for the house speakers.

**NOTE:** The Mix output is a combination of the left and right channels. Therefore, the Left and Right master sliders (#31, page 6) must be set so a signal of sufficient strength is available for the Mix master slider. Use the LED Output Meters (#21, page 5) to visually monitor the output signal levels of the left and right channels.

# CRAVE PRO CSM8/12/16/24 Console Mixer

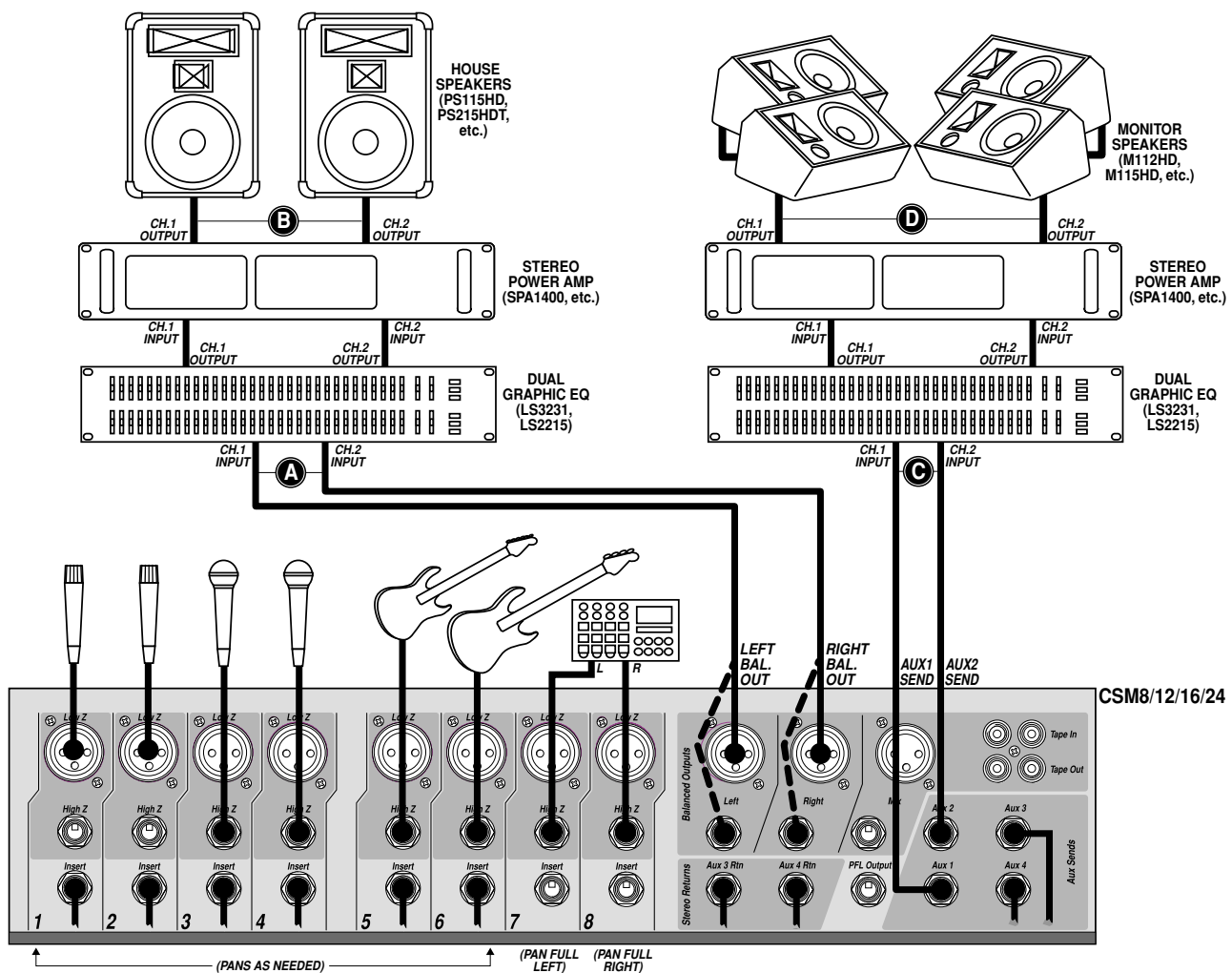
## Applications: Basic Stereo Operation:

This setup shows one way of using the mixer and two stereo power amplifiers to run the system. By using both Aux 1 and 2 for monitor sends, a separate monitor mix can be had for each of two sets of monitor speakers.

Connect the components as follows:

- Connect a balanced or unbalanced signal cable between the mixer's Left Balanced Output and the house power amplifier's Channel 1 Input. Connect the Right Balanced Output and the Channel 2 input in the same manner.
- Connect a speaker cable between the house power amplifier's Channel 1 Outputs and the left house speakers' Inputs. Connect the Channel 2 Outputs to the right house speaker in the same manner.
- Connect an unbalanced signal cable between the mixer's Aux 1 Send and the monitor power amplifier's Channel 1 Input. Connect the Aux 2 Send to the Channel 2 input in the same manner.
- Connect a speaker cable between the monitor power amplifier's Channel 1 Outputs and one set of monitor speakers' Inputs. Connect the Channel 2 Outputs to the other set of monitors in the same manner.

(Note the optional use of graphic equalizers in-line with the connections between the mixer and the power amplifiers as shown below.)



## Controlling The Mixer's Output Levels:

- Monitors:** Use the Aux 1 master slider (#30, page 6) to set the level of the output signal for one set of monitors and the Aux 2 Send Level (#24, page 6) to set the level of the output signal for the other set of monitors.
- Mains (House Speakers):** Use the Left and Right master sliders (#31, page 6) to set the levels of the output signals for the house speakers.
- Channels:** Use the channel Pan controls (#11, page 4) to adjust the level of the signal sent to the left or right outputs. Use the Aux 1 and Aux 2 controls (#9, page 4) to adjust the mix of the signals sent to the monitors.

# CRAVE PRO CSM8/12/16/24 Console Mixer

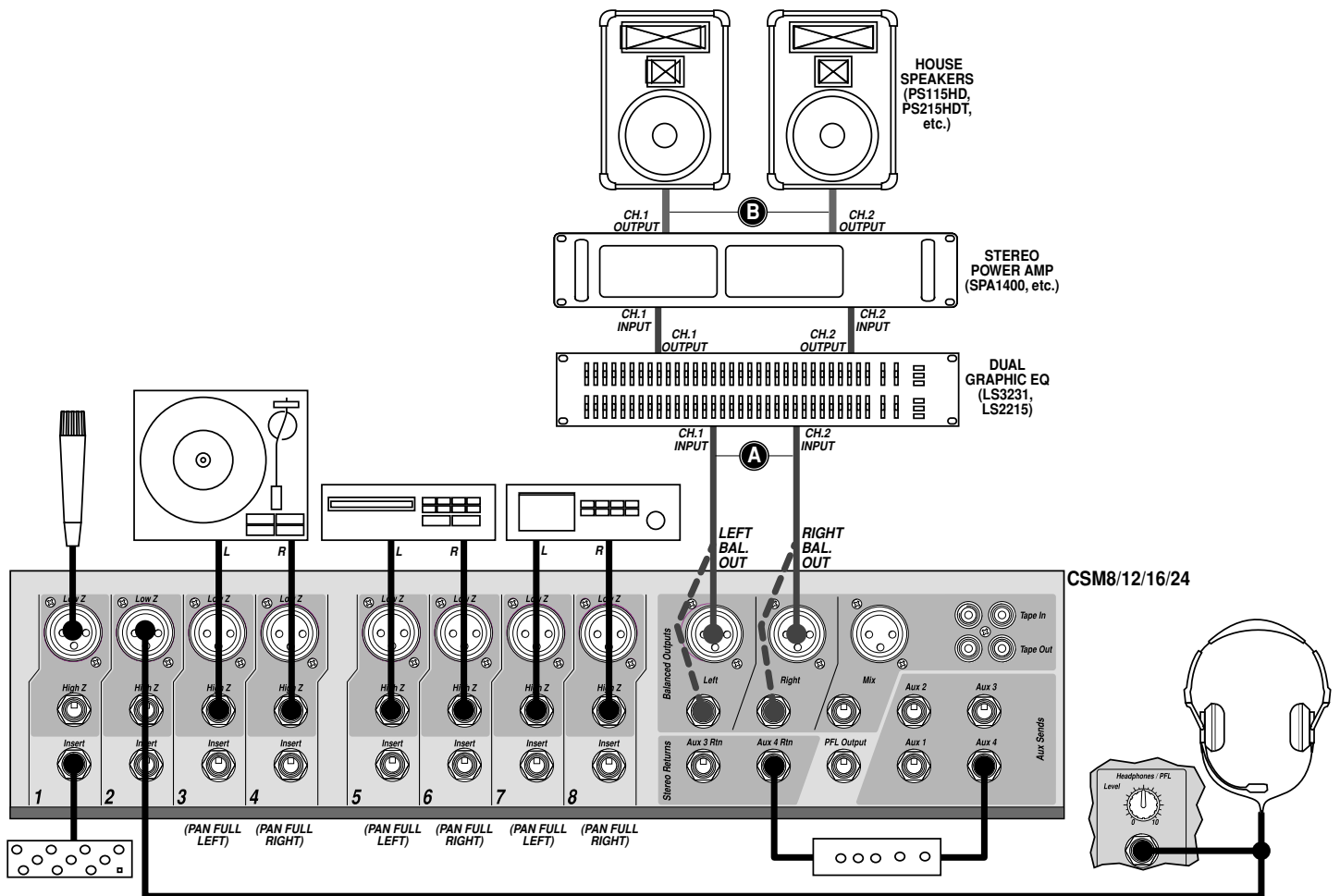
## Applications: DJ Setup:

This setup shows one way of using the mixer and one stereo power amplifier to run the house speakers for a mobile DJ setup. Two mono power amplifiers may be used in place of the one stereo amplifier.

Connect the components as follows:

- (A) Connect a balanced or unbalanced signal cable between the mixer's Left Balanced Output and the house power amplifier's Channel 1 Input. Connect the Right Balanced Output and the Channel 2 input in the same manner.
- (B) Connect a speaker cable between the house power amplifier's Channel 1 Outputs and the left house speakers' Inputs. Connect the Channel 2 Outputs to the right house speaker in the same manner.

(Note the optional use of a graphic equalizer in-line with the connections between the mixer and the power amplifier as shown below.)



## Controlling The Mixer's Output Levels:

- Mains (House Speakers): Use the Left and Right master sliders (#31, page 6) to set the levels of the output signals for the house speakers.
- Channels: Use the channel Pan controls (#11, page 4) to determine which channel signals are sent to the left and/or right outputs.

# CRATE PRO AUDIO CSM8/12/16/24 Console Mixer

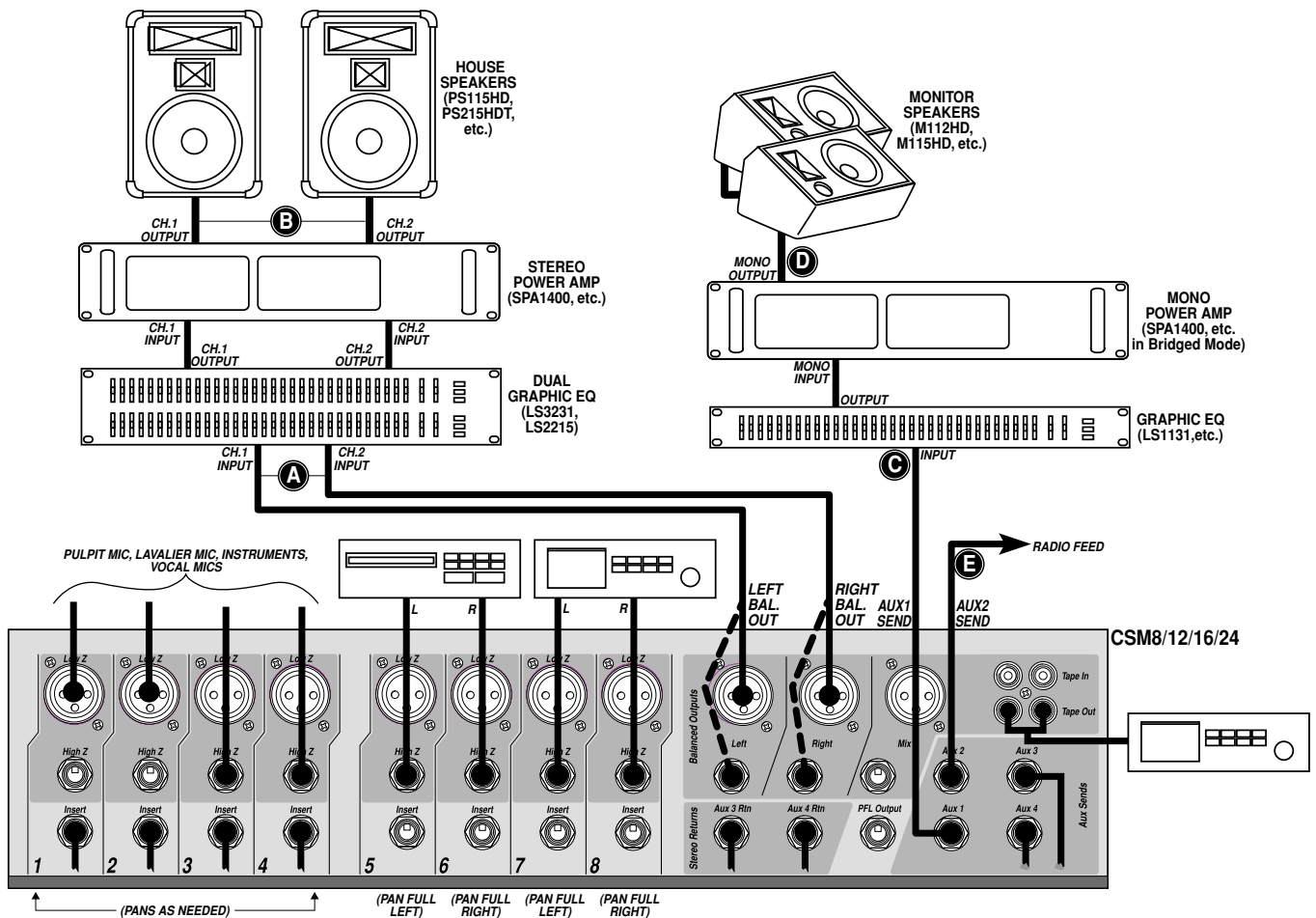
## Applications: House of Worship Installation:

This setup shows one way of using the mixer and one stereo power amplifier to run both the house speakers and the stage monitors. Two mono power amplifiers may be used in place of the one stereo amplifier.

Connect the components as follows:

- Connect a balanced or unbalanced signal cable between the mixer's Left Balanced Output and the house power amplifier's Channel 1 Input. Connect the Right Balanced Output and the Channel 2 input in the same manner.
- Connect a speaker cable between the house power amplifier's Channel 1 Outputs and the left house speakers' Inputs. Connect the Channel 2 Outputs to the right house speaker in the same manner.
- Connect an unbalanced signal cable between the mixer's Aux 1 Send and the monitor power amplifier's Input.
- Connect a speaker cable between the monitor power amplifier's Outputs and the monitor speakers' Inputs.
- Connect an unbalanced signal cable between the mixer's Aux 2 Send and the radio feed for broadcasting purposes.

(Note the optional use of graphic equalizers in-line with the connections between the mixer and the power amplifiers as shown below.)



## Controlling The Mixer's Output Levels:

- **Monitors:** Use the Aux 1 master slider (#30, page 6) to set the level of the output signal for the monitors.
- **Mains (House Speakers):** Use the Left and Right master sliders (#31, page 6) to set the levels of the output signals for the house speakers.
- **Channels:** Use the channel Pan controls (#11, page 4) to determine which channel signals are sent to the left and/or right outputs.
- **Radio Feed:** Use the channels' Aux 2 controls (#9, page 4) and the master Aux 2 Send control (#24, page 6) to set the levels of the signal sent to the radio feed, if broadcasting.

# CRATE PRO AUDIO CSM8/12/16/24 Console Mixer

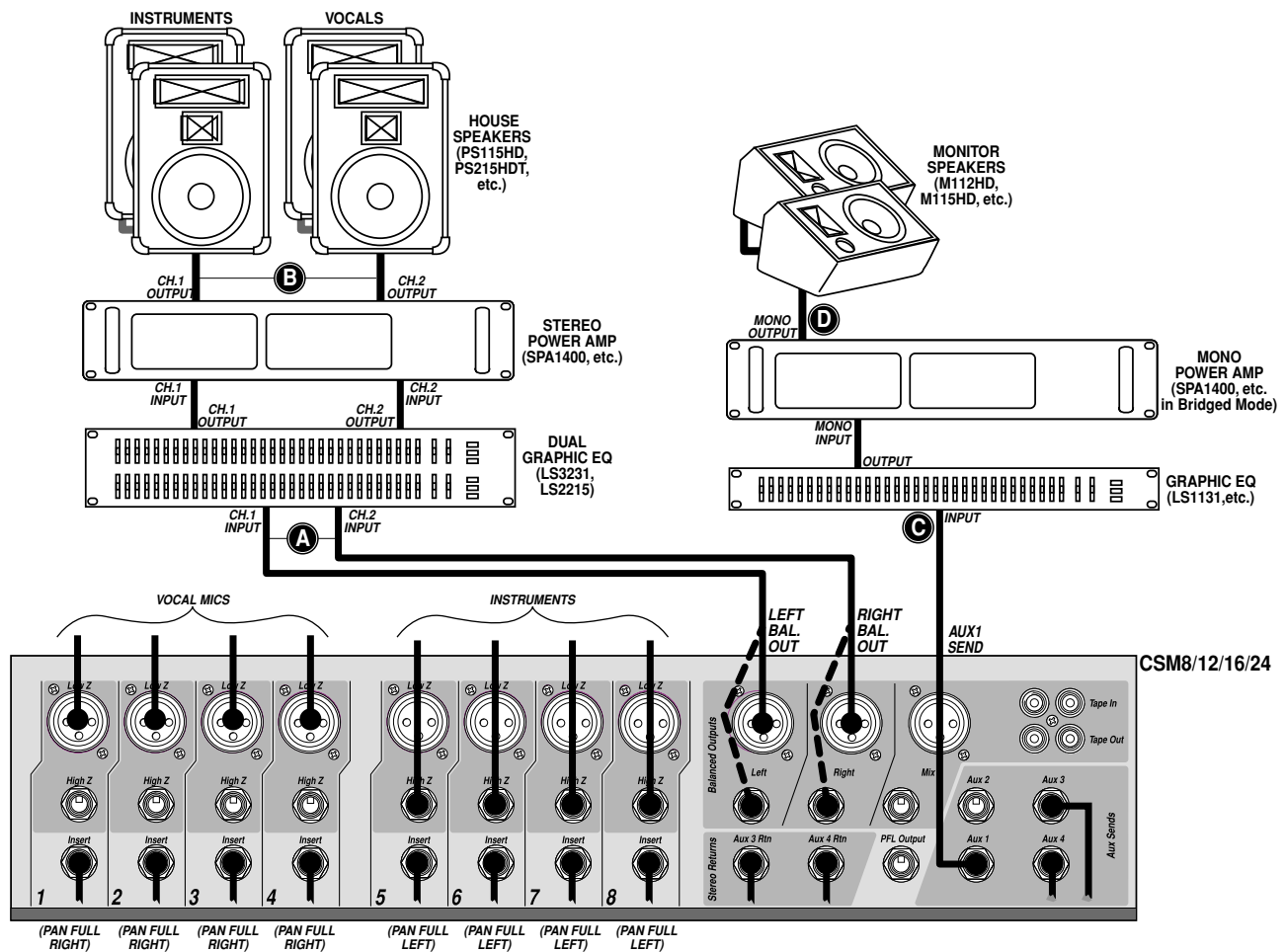
## Applications: Separating Vocals and Instruments:

This setup shows one way of using the mixer, one stereo and one mono power amplifier to run the system. Two sets of house speakers are required in this application: one for the vocals, the other for the instruments.

Connect the components as follows:

- Connect a balanced or unbalanced signal cable between the mixer's Left Balanced Output and the house power amplifier's Channel 1 Input. Connect the Right Balanced Output and the Channel 2 input in the same manner.
- Connect a speaker cable between the house power amplifier's Channel 1 Outputs and the "instruments" house speakers' Inputs. Connect the Channel 2 Outputs to the "vocals" house speaker in the same manner.
- Connect an unbalanced signal cable between the mixer's Aux 1 Send and the monitor power amplifier's Input.
- Connect a speaker cable between the monitor power amplifier's Channel 1 Outputs and the monitor speakers' Inputs.

(Note the optional use of graphic equalizers in-line with the connections between the mixer and the power amplifiers as shown below.)

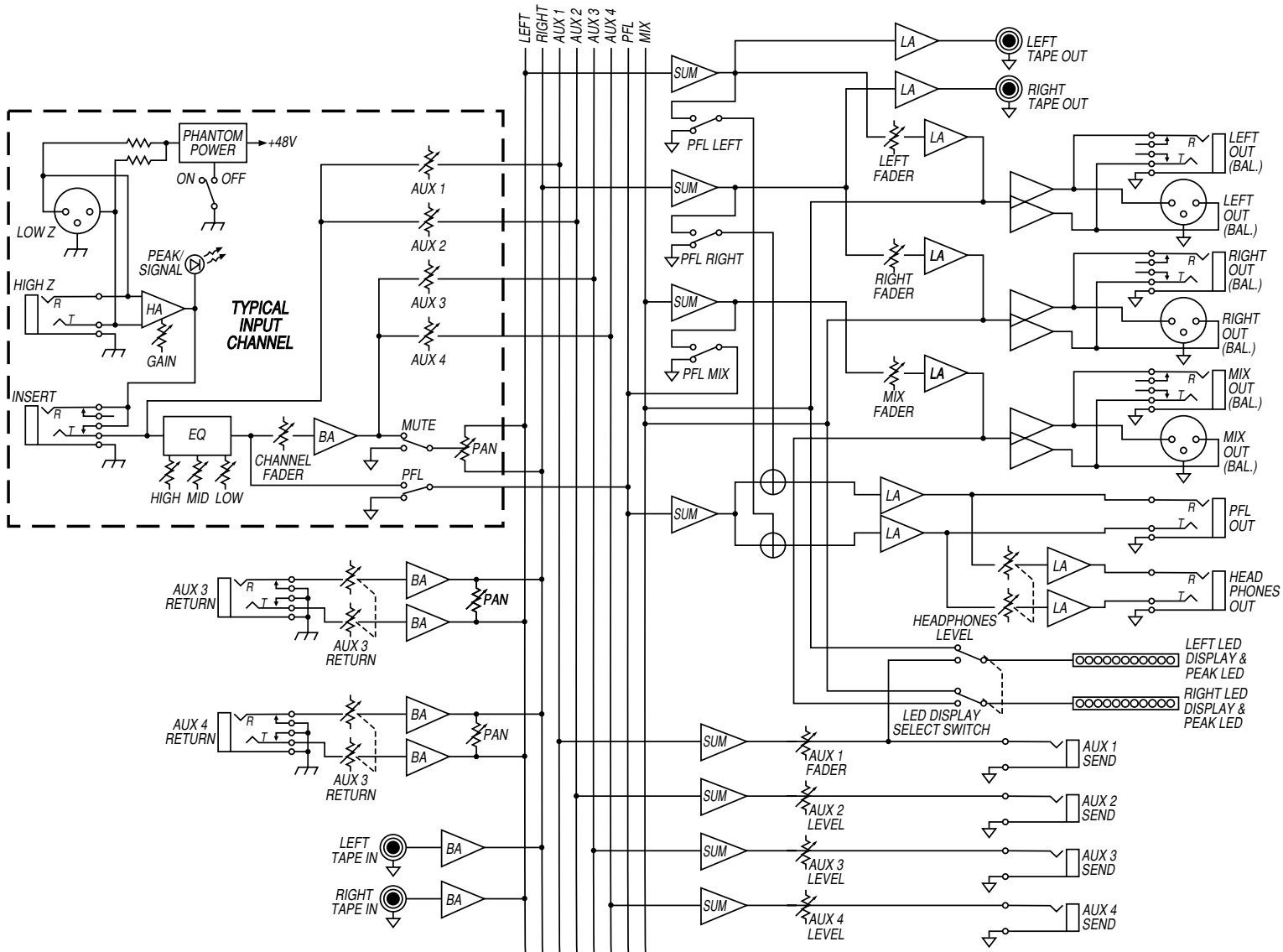


## Controlling The Mixer's Output Levels:

- **Monitors:** Use the Aux 1 master slider (#30, page 5) to set the level of the output signal for the monitors.
- **Mains (House Speakers):** Use the Right master slider (#31, page 6) to set the level of the output signal for the house "vocal" speakers. Use the Left master slider (#31, page 6) to set the level of the output signal for the "instrument" house speakers.
- **Channels:** Use the channel Pan controls (#11, page 4) to send the vocal channels to the right channel only and the instrument channels to the left channel only.

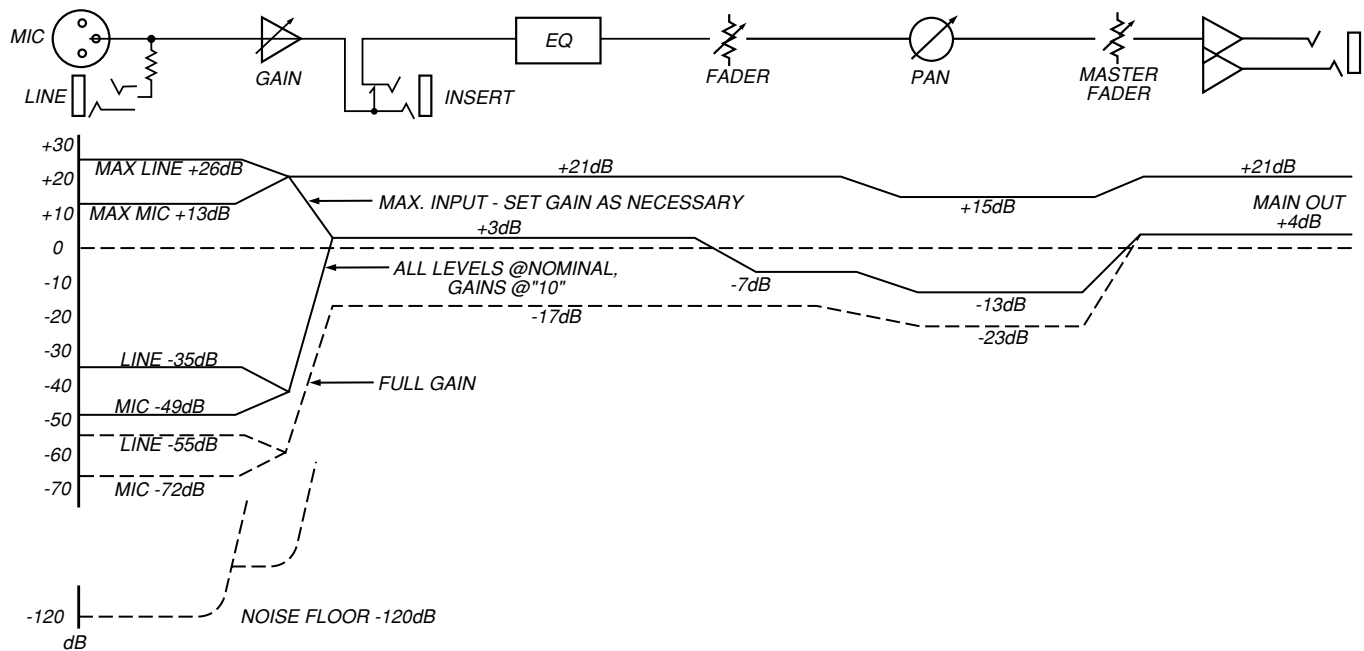
# CRATE PRO CSM8/12/16/24 Console Mixer

## System Block Diagram:



# CRATE PRO CSM8/12/16/24 Console Mixer

## Gain Level Diagram:



# CRATE AUDIO CSM8/12/16/24 Console Mixer

## Technical Specifications

### SYSTEM INPUTS

CSM8	8 mono mic/line input channels
CSM12	12 mono mic/line input channels
CSM16	16 mono mic/line input channels
CSM24	24 mono mic/line input channels
All models	2 stereo effects returns
	1 stereo tape input

### INPUT CHANNELS

Low-Z Mic	1 3-pin "XLR" (balanced, pin 2 = "in phase") Transformerless electronically balanced 1k ohm load impedance
High-Z Line	1 1/4" phone jack (balanced) 10k ohm load impedance

### EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE

Typically -127dB @ 20 - 12k equivalent bandwidth unweighted with 200 ohm source impedance

### COMMON MODE REJECTION

Typically -90dB min., -70dB @ 50Hz

**PEAK INDICATOR** Indicates point of clipping

### MAXIMUM SIGNAL ACCEPTED

Low-Z Mic	3.46V RMS (13dBv)
High-Z Line	15.9V RMS (26dBv)

### CHANNEL GAIN

Typically 65dB adjustment range

### CHANNEL INPUT SENSITIVITY

Low-Z Mic	All levels up: 8.7mV RMS max. (43dB gain) Channel up only: 2.7mV RMS max. (53dB gain) Gain, channel fader, master fader at max: .28mV. max. (76dB gain)
High-Z Line	All levels up: 87mV RMS max. (23dB gain) Channel up only: 27mV RMS max. (33dB gain) Gain, channel fader, master fader at max: 28mV. max. (59dB gain)

### CHANNEL EQ (ACTIVE)

High	+/-15dB @ 10kHz shelving
Mid	+/-15dB @ 2kHz bandpass
Low	+/-15dB @ 100Hz shelving

### AUX RETURNS 3 & 4

1/4" stereo phone jacks	22k ohm input impedance
Max. Sensitivity	-26dBv (80mV RMS)
Max. Input Accepted	+30dBv (24.5V RMS)

### TAPE INS / TAPE OUTS

RCA jacks	47k ohm input impedance +4dBv (1.23V RMS) @ High-Z nominal output
Max. Sensitivity	-10dBv (.245V RMS)
Max. Input Accepted	+30dBv (24.5V RMS)

### AUX SEND

1/4" phone jacks	+4dBv (1.23V RMS) @ High-Z nominal output
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### PHANTOM POWER

+48VDC applied to pins 2 and 3 of XLR inputs

### LEFT & RIGHT OUTPUTS

Unbalanced out @ 10k ohm load impedance  
Balanced @ 3k ohm load impedance  
+4dBv (1.23V RMS) nominal output  
18dBv (6V RMS) max. output

### DUAL OUTPUT LED/PEAK INDICATORS

Type	11 LED quasi-peak
Calibration	Calibrated to indicate +4dBv @ 8th LED
Range	-14dBv to +20dBv
Signals Read	Left and Right Main Outs or Aux 1 and Mix

### RESIDUAL NOISE

90dB below 1.23V RMS min. with all levels down  
70dB below 1.23V RMS with Master Level up full and one channel up full

### TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION

< 0.1% @ 1kHz input @ 5V RMS output (typically 0.05%) measured from Mic In to Main Out (EQ flat) with Master @ nominal "0" setting (-10dB from max. gain), and Gain and Channel Level at max. (At lower input signal levels, measurement is limited by the noise floor)

### SIZE AND WEIGHT

CSM8	20.25" W x 4.25" H x 16.5" D, 21 lbs (514mm x 108mm x 419mm, 9.5kg)
CSM12	25.13" W x 4.25" H x 16.5" D, 25 lbs (638mm x 108mm x 419mm, 11.4kg)
CSM16	29.75" W x 4.25" H x 16.5" D, 30 lbs (756mm x 108mm x 419mm, 13.6kg)
CSM24	40.75" W x 4.25" H x 16.5" D, 39 lbs (1035mm x 108mm x 419mm, 17.7kg)

### POWER REQUIREMENTS

120VAC 1A

*Due to ongoing product development and improvement, the specifications contained herein are subject to change without notice.*

# CRATE AUDIO

[www.crateamps.com](http://www.crateamps.com)

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