WDELPHI SERIES



Delphi NE Series Non-Isolated Point of Load DC/DC Modules: 3.1~13.8Vin, 0.59V-5.1Vout, 6Aout

The Delphi NE 6A Series, 3.1~13.8V wide input, wide trim single output, non-isolated point of load (POL) DC/DC converters are the latest offering from a world leader in power systems technology and manufacturing — Delta Electronics, Inc. The NE product family is the second generation, non-isolated point-of-load DC/DC power modules which cut the module size by almost 50% in most of the cases compared to the first generation NC series POL modules. The NE 6A product family provides an ultra wide input range to support 3.3V, 5V, 8V, 9.6V, and 12V bus voltage point-of-load applications and it offers up to 6A of output current in a vertically or horizontally mounted through-hole miniature package and the output can be resistor trimmed from 0.59Vdc to 5.1Vdc. It provides a very cost effective, high efficiency, and high density point of load solution. With creative design technology and optimization of component placement, these converters possess outstanding electrical and thermal performance, as well as extremely high reliability under highly stressful operating conditions.

FEATURES

- High Efficiency: 94.5% @ 12Vin, 5V/6A out
- Size: Vertical :

10.4mm x 16.5mm x 11.0 mm (0.41" × 0.65" × 0.43") Horizontal: 10.4mm x 16.5mm x 11.5 mm (0.41" × 0.65" × 0.45")

- Wide input range: 3.1V~13.8V
- Output voltage programmable from
 0.59Vdc to 5.1Vdc via external resistors
- No minimum load required
- Fixed frequency operation
- Input UVLO, output OCP
- Remote ON/OFF (Positive, 5 pin version)
- ISO 9001, TL 9000, ISO 14001, QS9000,
 OHSAS18001 certified manufacturing facility
- UL/cUL 60950-1 (US & Canada) Recognized, and TUV (EN60950-1) Certified
- CE mark meets 73/23/EEC and 93/68/EEC directives

OPTIONS

Vertical or horizontal versions

APPLICATIONS

- DataCom
- Distributed power architectures
- Servers and workstations
- LAN/WAN applications
- Data processing applications



DATASHEET DS_NE12S06A_06302008

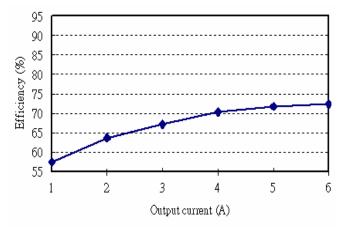


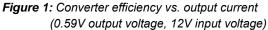
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

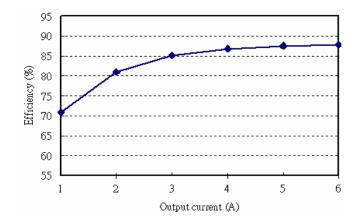
(Ambient Temperature=25°C, minimum airflow=200LFM, nominal V_{in}=12Vdc unless otherwise specified.)

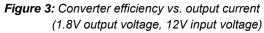
PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	NE12S0A0V/H06				
		Min.	Тур. Мах.		Units	
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS						
nput Voltage		3.1		13.8	Vdc	
Operating Temperature (Vertical)	Refer to Fig.26 for the measuring point	-40		113	°C	
Operating Temperature (Horizontal)	Refer to Fig.34 for the measuring point	-40		118	<mark>℃</mark> ℃	
		-55		125	50	
				10.0		
Operating Input Voltage	Vo≦Vin-0.5V	3.1		13.8	V	
Input Under-Voltage Lockout Turn-On Voltage Threshold			2.4		V	
Turn-Off Voltage Threshold			3.1 2.8		V	
Lockout Hysteresis Voltage			0.3		V	
Maximum Input Current	Vin=3.1V to 13.8V, Io=Io,max		6		A	
No-Load Input Current	Vin=12V, Vout=5V		50		mA	
Off Converter Input Current	Remote OFF		10		mA	
Input Reflected-Ripple Current			5	10	mA	
Input Ripple Rejection	120Hz		60		dB	
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Voltage Adjustment Range		0.59		5.1	V	
Output Voltage Set Point	With a 0.1% trim resistor	-1		+1	%	
Output Voltage Regulation						
Over Load	lo=lo_min to lo_max		± 0.3	± 0.5	%	
Over Line	Vin=Vin_min to Vin_max		± 0.1	± 0.2	%	
Over Temperature	Ta=0~70°C	-	± 0.2	± 0.3	0(
Total output range	Over load, line, temperature regulation and set point	-2		+2	%	
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise Peak-to-Peak	5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth Full Load, 10uF Tan cap, 12Vin, 0.5Vo		15		m\/	
Peak-to-Peak	Full Load, 100F Tan cap, 12Vin, 0.9Vo		20		mV mV	
Peak-to-Peak	Full Load, 10uF Tan cap, 12Vin, 2.5Vo		30		mV	
Peak-to-Peak	Full Load, 10uF Tan cap, 12Vin, 5Vo		50		mV	
RMS	Full Load, 10uF Tan cap, 12Vin, 5Vo		10		mV	
Output Current Range		0		6	A	
Output Voltage Over-shoot at Start-up	Vin=12V, Turn ON			0.5	%Vo	
Output Voltage Under-shoot at Power-Off	Vin=12V, Turn OFF			100	mV	
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	Hiccup mode		13.5		А	
Output short-circuit current RMS value			3.7		Arms	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Dynamic Load Response	12Vin, 2.5Vout, 10μF ceramic cap					
Positive Step Change in Output Current	50~100% load , 10A/uS		150		mV	
Negative Step Change in Output Current	50~100% load, 10A/uS		150		mV	
Settling Time Turn-On Transient	Settling to be within regulation band (to 10% Vo deviation)		50		μs	
Start-Up Time, from On/Off Control	From Enable high to 90% of Vo		2	3	ms	
Start-Up Time, from input power	From Vin=12V to 90% of Vo		2	3	ms	
Minimum Output Capacitance		0			μF	
Maximum Output Startup Capacitive Load	turn on overshoot <1% vo ,ESR≥1mΩ			1000	μF	
EFFICIENCY						
Vo=0.59V	Vin=12V, Io=6A		72		%	
Vo=0.9V	Vin=12V, lo=6A		79		%	
Vo=2.5V	Vin=12V, Io=6A		90.5		%	
Vo=5.0V	Vin=12V, Io=6A		94.5		%	
SINK EFFICIENCY						
Vo=5.0V	Vin=12V, Io=6A		92		%	
FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS						
Switching Frequency	Fixed		600		KHz	
ON/OFF Control	Positive logic (internally pulled high)					
Logic High	Module On (or leave the pin open)	0.8		5.0	V	
Logic Low	Module Off	0		0.3	V	
GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS						
Calculated MTBF	Ta=25℃, 300LFM, 80% load		18.0		Mhours	
Weight			2		grams	

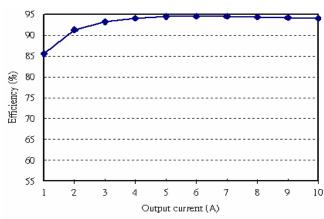
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVE

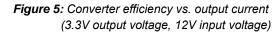












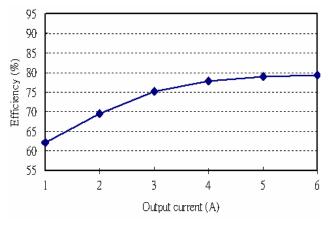


Figure 2: Converter efficiency vs. output current (0.9V output voltage, 12V input voltage)

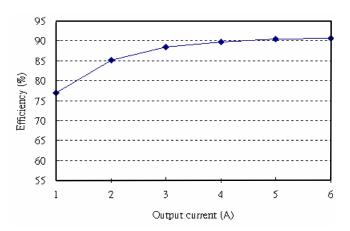
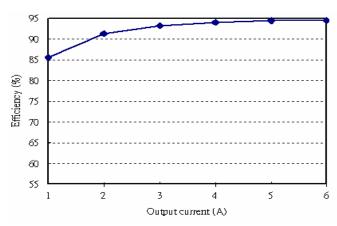
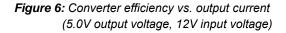


Figure 4: Converter efficiency vs. output current (2.5V output voltage, 12V input voltage)







ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES (CON.)

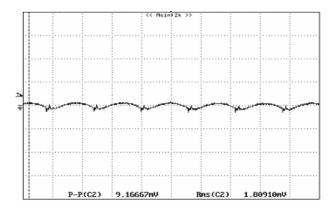


Figure 7: Output ripple & noise at 12Vin, 0.59V/6A out

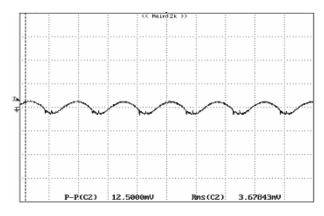


Figure 9: Output ripple & noise at 12Vin, 1.8V/6A out

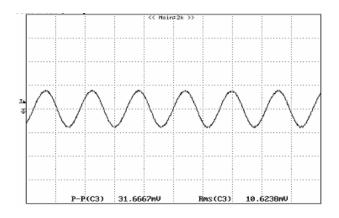


Figure 11: Output ripple & noise at 12Vin, 3.3V/6A out

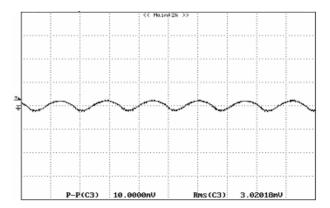


Figure 8: Output ripple & noise at 12Vin, 0.9V/6A out

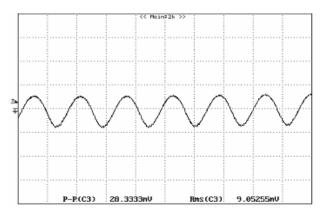


Figure 10: Output ripple & noise at 12Vin, 2.5V/6A out

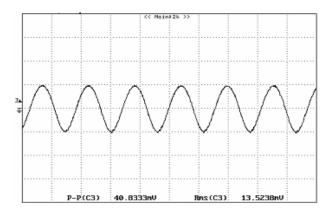
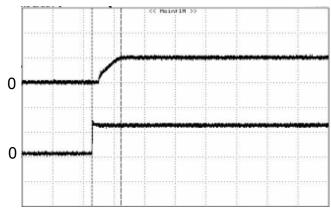
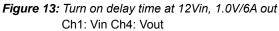


Figure 12: Output ripple & noise at 12Vin, 5.0V/6A out







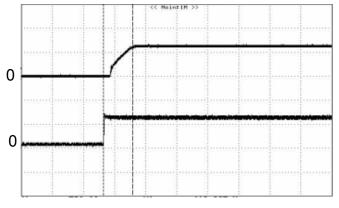


Figure 15: Turn on delay time at 12Vin, 2.5V/6A out Ch1: Vin Ch4: Vout

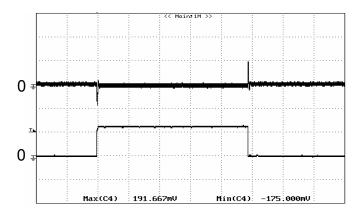


Figure 17: Typical transient response to step load change at $10A/\mu S$ from 50%~100% load, at 12Vin, 2.5V out

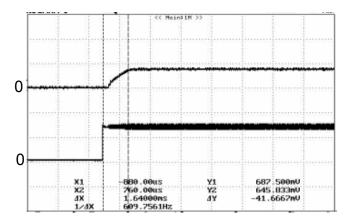


Figure 14: Turn on delay time Remote On/Off, 1.5V/6A out Ch1:Enable Ch4: Vout

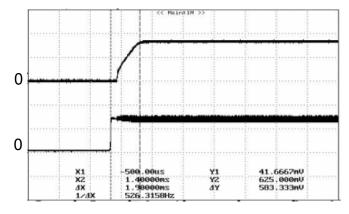


Figure 16: Turn on delay time at Remote On/Off, 3.3V/6A out Ch1: Enable Ch4: Vout



DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

The NE12S0A0V(H)06 uses a single phase and voltage mode controlled buck topology. The output can be trimmed from 0.59Vdc to 5.1Vdc by a resistor from Trim pin to Ground.

The converter can be turned ON/OFF by remote control with positive on/off (ENABLE pin) logic. The converter DC output is disabled when the signal is driven low (below 0.3V). This pin is also used as the input turn on threshold judgment. Its voltage is percent of Input voltage during floating due to internal connection. So we do not suggest using an active high signal (higher than 0.8V) to turn on the module because this high level voltage will disable UVLO function. The module will turn on when this pin is floating and the input voltage is higher than the threshold.

The converter can protect itself by entering hiccup mode against over current and short circuit condition. Also, the converter will shut down when an over voltage protection is detected.

Safety Considerations

It is recommended that the user to provide a very fast-acting type fuse in the input line for safety. The output voltage set-point and the output current in the application could define the amperage rating of the fuse.

FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS

Enable (On/Off)

The ENABLE (on/off) input allows external circuitry to put the NE converter into a low power dissipation (sleep) mode. Positive ENABLE is available as standard. With the active high function, the output is guaranteed to turn on if the ENABLE pin is driven above 0.8V. The output will turn off if the ENABLE pin voltage is pulled below 0.3V.

Undervoltage Lockout

The ENABLE pin is also used as input UVLO function. Leaving the enable floating, the module will turn on if the input voltage is higher than the turn-on threshold and turn off if the input voltage is lower than the turn-off threshold. The default turn-on voltage is 3.1V with 300mV hysteresis.

The turn-on voltage may be adjusted with a resistor placed between the "Enable" pin and "Ground" pin. The equation for calculating the value of this resistor is:

$$V_{EN_{RTH}} = \frac{15.05 \times (R + 6.34)}{6.34 \times R} + 0.8$$
$$V_{EN_{FTH}} = V_{EN_{RTH}} - 0.3V$$

 V_{EN_FTH} is the turn-off threshold V_{EN_RTH} is the turn-on threshold

R (Kohm) is the outen resistor connected from Enable pin to the GND

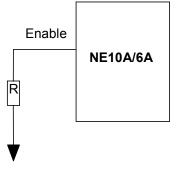


Fig. 18. UVLO setting

An active high voltage will disable the input UVLO function.



FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS (CON.)

The ENABLE input can be driven in a variety of ways as shown in Figures 18 and 19. If the ENABLE signal comes from the primary side of the circuit, the ENABLE can be driven through either a bipolar signal transistor (Figure 19).If the enable signal comes from the secondary side, then an opto-coupler or other isolation devices must be used to bring the signal across the voltage isolation (please see Figure 20).

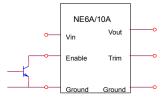


Figure 19: Enable Input drive circuit for NE series

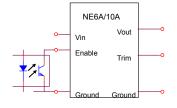


Figure 20: Enable input drive circuit example with isolation.

Input Under-Voltage Lockout

The input under-voltage lockout prevents the converter from being damaged while operating when the input voltage is too low. The lockout occurs between 2.8V to 3.1V.

Over-Current and Short-Circuit Protection

The NE series modules have non-latching over-current and short-circuit protection circuitry. When over current condition occurs, the module goes into the non-latching hiccup mode. When the over-current condition is removed, the module will resume normal operation.

An over current condition is detected by measuring the voltage drop across the MOSFETs. The voltage drop across the MOSFET is also a function of the MOSFET's Rds(on). Rds(on) is affected by temperature, therefore ambient temperature will affect the current limit inception point.

The detection of the Rds(on) of MOSFETs also acts as an over temperature protection since high temperature will cause the Rds(on) of the MOSFETs to increase, eventually triggering over-current protection. **Output Voltage Programming**

The output voltage of the NE series is trimmable by connecting an external resistor between the trim pin and output ground as shown Figure 21 and the typical trim resistor values are shown in Figure 22.

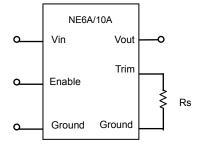


Figure 21: Trimming Output Voltage

The NE06 module has a trim range of 0.59V to 5.0V. The trim resistor equation for the NE06A is :

$$Rs(\Omega) = \frac{1184}{Vout - 0.592}$$

Vout is the output voltage setpoint Rs is the resistance between Trim and Ground Rs values should not be less than 240Ω

Output Voltage	Rs (Ω)
0.59V	open
+1 V	2.4k
+1.5 V	1.3K
+2.5 V	619
+3.3 V	436
+5.0V	268

Figure 22: Typical trim resistor values



FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS (CON.)

Voltage Margining Adjustment

Output voltage margin adjusting can be implemented in the NE modules by connecting a resistor, $R_{margin-up}$, from the Trim pin to the Ground for margining up the output voltage. Also, the output voltage can be adjusted lower by connecting a resistor, $R_{margin-down}$, from the Trim pin to the voltage source Vt. Figure 23 shows the circuit configuration for output voltage margining adjustment.

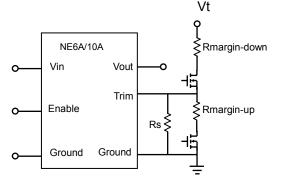


Figure 23: Circuit configuration for output voltage margining

Paralleling

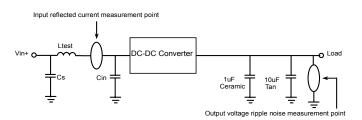
NE06 converters do not have built-in current sharing (paralleling) ability. Hence, paralleling of multiple NE06 converters is not recommended.

Output Capacitance

There is internal output capacitor on the NE series modules. Hence, no external output capacitor is required for stable operation.

Reflected Ripple Current and Output Ripple and Noise Measurement

The measurement set-up outlined in Figure 24 has been used for both input reflected/ terminal ripple current and output voltage ripple and noise measurements on NE series converters.



Cs=270µF*1, Ltest=2uH, Cin=270µF*1

Figure 24: Input reflected ripple/ capacitor ripple current and output voltage ripple and noise measurement setup for NE06



THERMAL CONSIDERATION

Thermal management is an important part of the system design. To ensure proper, reliable operation, sufficient cooling of the power module is needed over the entire temperature range of the module. Convection cooling is usually the dominant mode of heat transfer.

Hence, the choice of equipment to characterize the thermal performance of the power module is a wind tunnel.

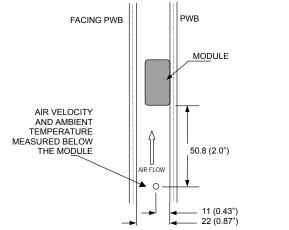
Thermal Testing Setup

Delta's DC/DC power modules are characterized in heated vertical wind tunnels that simulate the thermal environments encountered in most electronics equipment. This type of equipment commonly uses vertically mounted circuit cards in cabinet racks in which the power modules are mounted.

The following figure shows the wind tunnel characterization setup. The power module is mounted on a test PWB and is vertically positioned within the wind tunnel. The space between the neighboring PWB and the top of the power module is constantly kept at 6.35mm (0.25").

Thermal Derating

Heat can be removed by increasing airflow over the module. To enhance system reliability, the power module should always be operated below the maximum operating temperature. If the temperature exceeds the maximum module temperature, reliability of the unit may be affected.



Note: Wind tunnel test setup figure dimensions are in millimeters and (Inches)

Figure 25: Wind tunnel test setup

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THERMAL CURVES (VERTICAL)

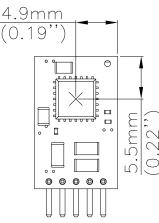


Figure 26: Temperature measurement location* The allowed maximum hot spot temperature is defined at 113 ${\rm °C}$

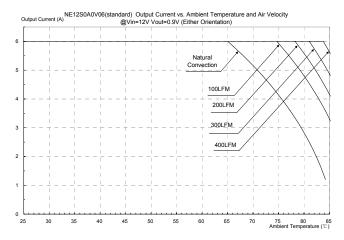


Figure 27: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity @Vin=12V, Vout=0.9V (Either Orientation)

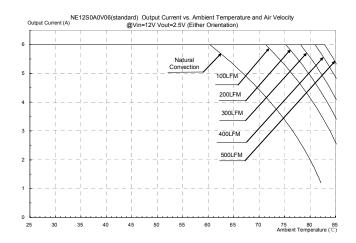


Figure 28: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity @Vin=12V, Vout=2.5V (Either Orientation)



THERMAL CURVES (VERTICAL)

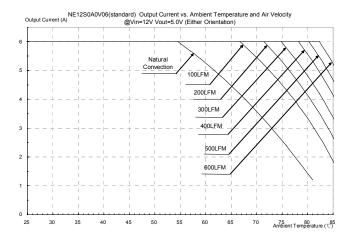


Figure 29: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity @Vin=12V, Vout=5.0V (Either Orientation)

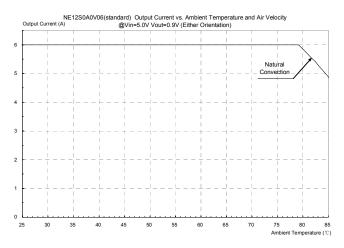


Figure 30: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity@ Vin =5V, Vout=0.9V (Either Orientation)

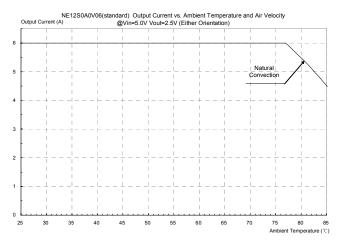


Figure 31: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity@ Vin =5V, Vout=2.5V (Either Orientation)

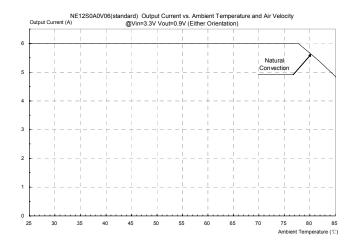


Figure 32: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity @Vin=3.3V, Vout=0.9V (Either Orientation)

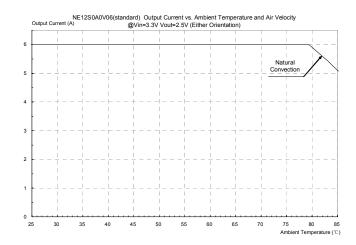


Figure 33: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity@ Vin =3.3V, Vout=2.5V (Either Orientation)

THERMAL CURVES (HORIZONTAL)

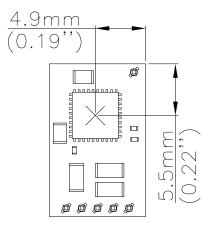


Figure 34: Temperature measurement location* The allowed maximum hot spot temperature is defined at 118 ${\rm °C}$

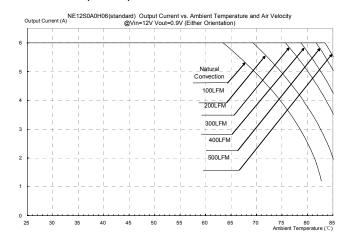


Figure 35: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity @Vin=12V, Vout=0.9V (Either Orientation)

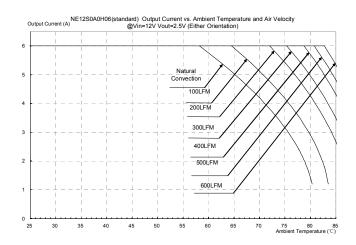


Figure 36: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity @Vin=12V, Vout=2.5V (Either Orientation)

NE12S0A0 dard) Output Current vs. Ambient Temperature and Air Velocity @Vin=12V Vout=5.0V (Either Orientation) Natural Convection 100LFM 200LFM 300LFM 400LFM 500LFN 6001 FN 35 55 30 45 60 70 75 80 85 Ambient Temperature (°C)

Figure 37: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity @Vin=12V, Vout=5.0V (Either Orientation)

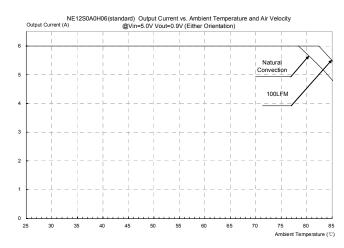


Figure 38: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity@ Vin =5V, Vout=0.9V (Either Orientation)

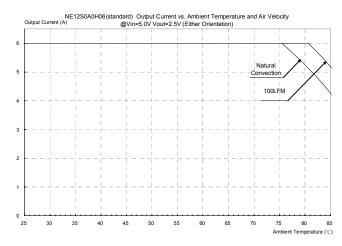


Figure 39: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity@ Vin =5V, Vout=2.5V (Either Orientation)



THERMAL CURVES (HORIZONTAL)

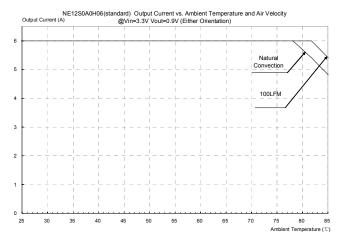


Figure 40: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity @Vin=3.3V, Vout=0.9V (Either Orientation)

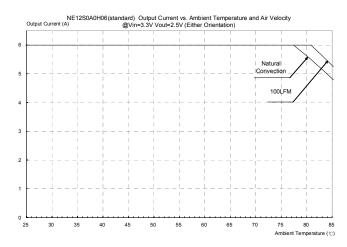
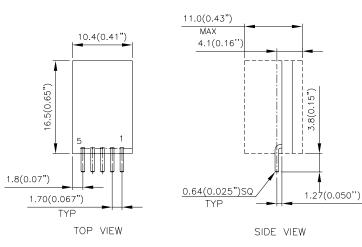


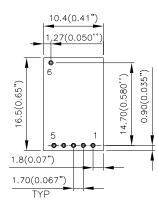
Figure 41: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity@ Vin =3.3V, Vout=2.5V (Either Orientation)



MECHANICAL DRAWING

VERTICAL





HORIZONTAL

TOP VIEW

11.5(0.45") MAX. 0.25(0.010") MIN. 0.25(0.010")

SIDE VIEW

PIN ASSIGNMENT

PIN#	FUNCTION					
1	Enable					
2	Vin					
3	Common/RTN					
4	Vout					
5	PG/Trim					
6	Mech. Support					

NOTES:

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHS) TOLERANCE: X.X mm±0.5 mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.) X.XX mm±0.25 mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)

PIN ASSIGNMENT

FUNCTION Enable

Vin

Common/RTN

Vout

PG/Trim

PIN#

1

2

3 4

5



PART NUMBERING SYSTEM

NE	12	S	0A0	V	06	Р	Ν	F	Α
Product Series	Input Voltage	Number of outputs	Output Voltage	Mounting	Output Current	ON/OFF Logic	Pin Length		Option Code
NE-	12- 3.1~13.8V	S- Single output	0A0 -	H- Horizontal	06-06A	P- Positive	N- 0.150"	F- RoHS 6/6	A - 5 pins
Non-isolated			programmable	V- Vertical				(Lead Free)	
Series									

MODEL LIST

Model Name	Packaging	Input Voltage Output Voltage Output Current		Efficiency 12Vin @ 100% load	
NE12S0A0V06PNFA	Vertical	3.1V~ 13.8Vdc	0.59V~ 5.1Vdc	6A	94.5%@5Vout
NE12S0A0H06PNFA	Horizontal	3.1V~ 13.8Vdc	0.59V~ 5.1Vdc	6A	94.5%@5Vout

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