





The Delphi Series S48SP, 1x1 Brick, 48V input, single output, isolated DC/DC converters are the latest offering from a world leader in power systems technology and manufacturing — Delta Electronics, Inc. This product family is available in a surface mount or through-hole package and provides up to 35 watts of power or 10A of output current (3.3V and below) in a new 1x1 form factor (1.30"x0.96"x0.33"). The pinout is compatible with the industry standard 1x2 products. With creative design technology and optimization of component placement, these converters possess outstanding electrical and thermal performance, as well as extremely high reliability under highly stressful operating conditions. Typical efficiency of the 3.3V/10A module is better than 90%. All modules are fully protected from abnormal input/output voltage, current, and temperature conditions.

FEATURES

- High efficiency: 90% @ 3.3V/10A
- Industry standard 1x2 pinout
- Size: 33.0 x 24.4 x 8.55mm (1.30"x0.96"x0.34")
- SMD and Through-hole versions
- Fixed frequency operation
- Input UVLO, OVP
- OTP and output OCP, OVP (default is auto-restart)
- Monotonic startup into normal and pre-biased loads
- 2250V isolation and basic insulation
- No minimum load required
- ISO 9001, TL 9000, ISO 14001, QS9000, OHSAS18001 certified manufacturing facility
- UL/cUL 60950 (US & Canada) recognized, and TUV (EN60950) certified
- CE mark meets 73/23/EEC and 93/68/EEC directive

OPTIONS

- SMD module available
- Remote On/Off
- OTP and Output OVP, OCP mode,
 Auto-restart (default) or latch-up
- Short pin lengths
- Encapsulated case optional

APPLICATIONS

- Optical Transport
- Data Networking
- Communications, including Wireless and traditional Telecom
- Servers



DATASHEET
DS_S48SP3R310_05222008

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

 $(T_A=25^{\circ}C, airflow rate=300 LFM, V_{in}=48Vdc, nominal Vout unless otherwise noted.)$

| PARAMETER | NOTES and CONDITIONS | S48SP3R310 (Stand | | | |
|--|---|-------------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------|
| ADCOLUTE MAYIMUM DATINGS | | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units |
| ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS | | | | | |
| Continuous | | | | 80 | Vdc |
| Transient (100ms) | 100ms | | | 100 | Vdc |
| Operating Temperature | Refer to Figure 20 for the measuring point | -40 | | 110 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | rtoror to rigare 20 for the modelling bonk | -55 | | 125 | °C |
| nput/Output Isolation Voltage | | | | 2250 | Vdc |
| NPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Operating Input Voltage | | 36 | | 75 | Vdc |
| Input Under-Voltage Lockout Turn-On Voltage Threshold | | 32.5 | 2.4 | 35.5 | Vdo |
| Turn-Off Voltage Threshold | | 30.5 | 34 32 | 33.5 | Vdc Vdc |
| Lockout Hysteresis Voltage | | 1.0 | 2 | 3.0 | Vdc |
| Maximum Input Current | 100% Load, 36Vin | 1.0 | 2 | 1.10 | A |
| No-Load Input Current | 100 /0 2000, 00 0111 | | 40 | 1.10 | mA |
| Off Converter Input Current | | | 10 | | mA |
| Inrush Current (I ² t) | | | | 0.01 | A ² s |
| Input Reflected-Ripple Current | P-P thru 12µH inductor, 5Hz to 20MHz | | 10 | | mA |
| Input Voltage Ripple Rejection | 120 Hz | | 60 | | dB |
| UTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Output Voltage Set Point | Vin=48V, Io=Io.max, Tc=25°C | 3.25 | 3.3 | 3.35 | Vdc |
| Output Voltage Regulation | | | .0 | . 40 | |
| Over Line | lo=lo, min to lo, max Vin=36V to 75V | | ±3 | ±10 | mV |
| Over Line Over Temperature | Tc=-40°C to 100°C | | ±3 ±33 | ±10 | mV mV |
| Total Output Voltage Range | Over load, line and temperature | 3.2 | ±33 | 3.4 | V |
| Output Voltage Ripple and Noise | 5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth | 5.2 | | J. T | v |
| Peak-to-Peak | Full Load, 1µF ceramic, 10µF tantalum | | 30 | 60 | mV |
| RMS | Full Load, 1µF ceramic, 10µF tantalum | | 10 | 20 | mV |
| Operating Output Current Range | | 0 | | 10 | Α |
| Output DC Current-Limit Inception | Output Voltage 10% Low | 110 | | 140 | % |
| DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Output Voltage Current Transient | 48V, 10μF Tan & 1μF Ceramic load cap, 0.1A/μs | | | | |
| Positive Step Change in Output Current | 50% Io.max to 75% Io.max | | 100 | | mV |
| Negative Step Change in Output Current | 75% Io.max to 50% Io.max | | 100 | | mV |
| Settling Time (within 1% Vout nominal) Turn-On Transient | | | 50 | | us |
| Start-Up Time, From On/Off Control | | | 15 | | ms |
| Start-Up Time, From Input | | | 15 | | ms |
| Maximum Output Capacitance | Full load; 5% overshoot of Vout at startup | | 10 | 5000 | μF |
| FFICIENCY | | | | | |
| 100% Load | | | 90.0 | | % |
| 60% Load | | | 89.0 | | % |
| SOLATION CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Input to Output | | | | 2250 | Vdc |
| Isolation Resistance | | 10 | 1000 | | MΩ |
| Isolation Capacitance | | | 1000 | | pF |
| EATURE CHARACTERISTICS | | | 400 | | kHz |
| Switching Frequency ON/OFF Control, Negative Remote On/Off logic | | | 400 | | KHZ |
| Logic Low (Module On) | Von/off | -0.7 | | 0.8 | V |
| Logic High (Module Off) | Von/off | 2 | | 18 | V |
| ON/OFF Control, Positive Remote On/Off logic | | | | | |
| Logic Low (Module Off) | Von/off | -0.7 | | 0.8 | V |
| Logic High (Module On) | Von/off | 2 | | 18 | V |
| ON/OFF Current (for both remote on/off logic) | Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V | | 0.25 | | mA |
| Leakage Current (for both remote on/off logic) | Logic High, Von/off=15V | | | 30 | uA |
| Output Voltage Trim Range | Across Trim Pin & +Vo or -Vo, Pout≦max rated | -10% | | 10% | % |
| Output Over-Voltage Protection | Over full temp range; % of nominal Vout | 3.8 | | 4.62 | V |
| SENERAL SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | |
| MTBF | Io=80% of Io, max; Ta=25°C; air flow 300LFM | | 1.98 | | M hou |
| Weight | Refer to Figure 20 for the measuring point | | 10.5 117 | | gram |

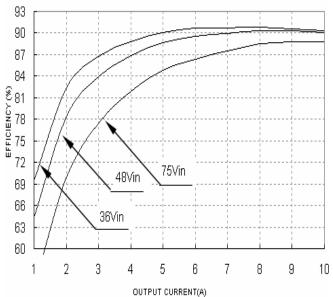


Figure 1: Efficiency vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C

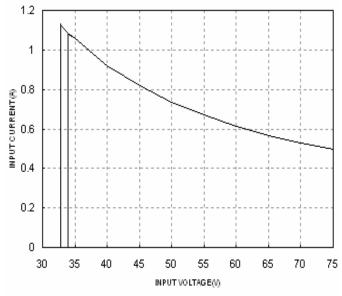


Figure 3: Typical full load input characteristics at room temperature

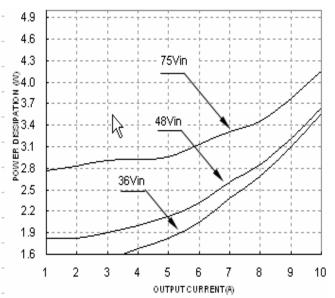


Figure 2: Power dissipation vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

For Negative Remote On/Off Logic

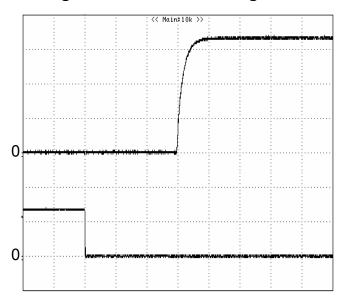
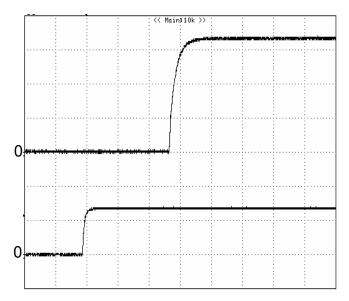
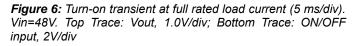


Figure 4: Turn-on transient at full rated load current (5 ms/div). Vin=48V. Top Trace: Vout, 1.0V/div; Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input, 2V/div

Figure 5: Turn-on transient at zero load current (5 ms/div). Vin=48V. Top Trace: Vout, 1.0V/div, Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input, 2V/div

For Positive Remote On/Off Logic





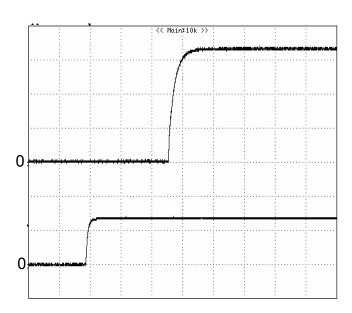


Figure 7: Turn-on transient at zero load current (5 ms/div). Vin=48V. Top Trace: Vout, 1.0V/div; Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input, 2V/div

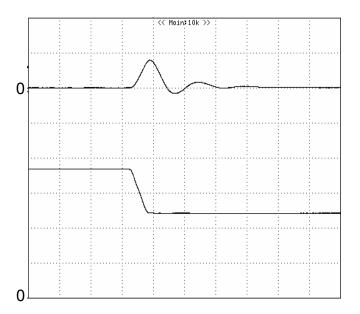


Figure 8: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (75%-50% of Io, max; di/dt = $0.1A/\mu$ s). Load cap: 10μ F tantalum capacitor and 1μ F ceramic capacitor. Top Trace: Vout (100mV/div, 50us/div), Bottom Trace: lout (2A/div). Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module

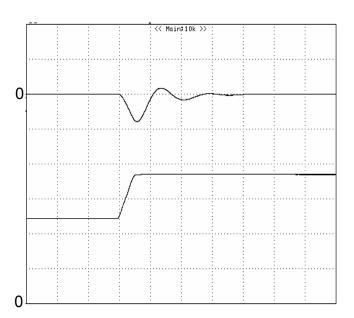


Figure 9: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75% of Io, max; di/dt = $0.1A/\mu$ s). Load cap: 10μ F tantalum capacitor and 1μ F ceramic capacitor. Top Trace: Vout (100mV/div, 50us/div), Bottom Trace: lout (2A/div). Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module

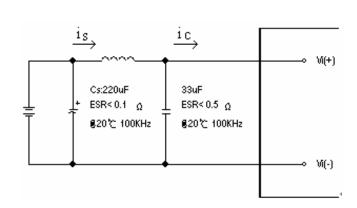


Figure 10: Test set-up diagram showing measurement points for Input Terminal Ripple Current and Input Reflected Ripple Current.

Note: Measured input reflected-ripple current with a simulated source Inductance (L_{TEST}) of 12 μ H. Capacitor Cs offset possible battery impedance. Measure current as shown below

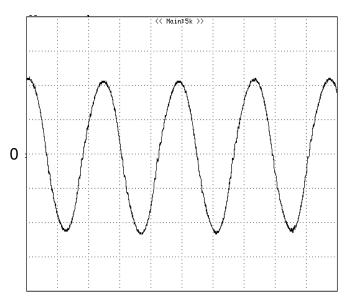
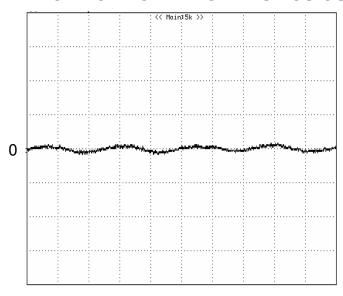


Figure 11: Input Terminal Ripple Current, i_c, at full rated output current and nominal input voltage with 12μH source impedance and 33μF electrolytic capacitor (50 mA/div, 1us/div)



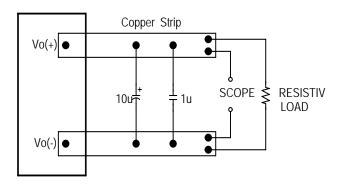
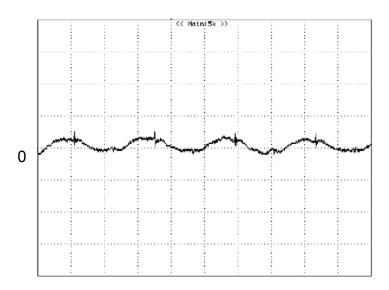
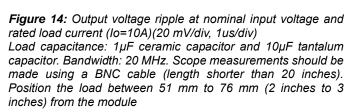


Figure 12: Input reflected ripple current, i_s, through a 12µH source inductor at nominal input voltage and rated load current (20 mA/div, 1us/div)

Figure 13: Output voltage noise and ripple measurement test setup





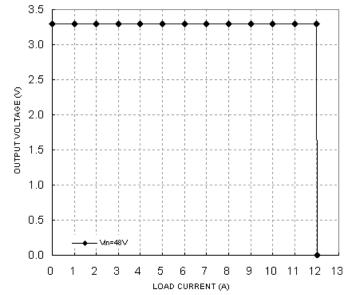


Figure 15: Output voltage vs. load current showing typical current limit curves and converter shutdown points

DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

Input Source Impedance

The impedance of the input source connecting to the DC/DC power modules will interact with the modules and affect the stability. A low ac-impedance input source is recommended. If the source inductance is more than a few $\mu H,$ we advise adding a 10 to 100 μF electrolytic capacitor (ESR < 0.7 Ω at 100 kHz) mounted close to the input of the module to improve the stability.

Layout and EMC Considerations

Delta's DC/DC power modules are designed to operate in a wide variety of systems and applications. For design assistance with EMC compliance and related PWB layout issues, please contact Delta's technical support team. An external input filter module is available for easier EMC compliance design. Application notes to assist designers in addressing these issues are pending release.

Safety Considerations

The power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the end-user's safety agency standard, i.e., UL60950, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-00 and EN60950:2000 and IEC60950-1999, if the system in which the power module is to be used must meet safety agency requirements.

Basic insulation based on 75 Vdc input is provided between the input and output of the module for the purpose of applying insulation requirements when the input to this DC-to-DC converter is identified as TNV-2 or SELV. An additional evaluation is needed if the source is other than TNV-2 or SELV.

When the input source is SELV circuit, the power module meets SELV (safety extra-low voltage) requirements. If the input source is a hazardous voltage which is greater than 60 Vdc and less than or equal to 75 Vdc, for the module's output to meet SELV requirements, all of the following must be met:

- The input source must be insulated from the ac mains by reinforced or double insulation.
- The input terminals of the module are not operator accessible.
- If the metal baseplate is grounded, one Vi pin and one Vo pin shall also be grounded.
- A SELV reliability test is conducted on the system where the module is used, in combination with the module, to ensure that under a single fault, hazardous voltage does not appear at the module's output.

When installed into a Class II equipment (without grounding), spacing consideration should be given to the end-use installation, as the spacing between the module and mounting surface have not been evaluated.

The power module has extra-low voltage (ELV) outputs when all inputs are ELV.

This power module is not internally fused. To achieve optimum safety and system protection, an input line fuse is highly recommended. The safety agencies require a fuse with 3A maximum rating to be installed in the ungrounded lead. A lower rated fuse can be used based on the maximum inrush transient energy and maximum input current.

Soldering and Cleaning Considerations

Post solder cleaning is usually the final board assembly process before the board or system undergoes electrical testing. Inadequate cleaning and/or drying may lower the reliability of a power module and severely affect the finished circuit board assembly test. Adequate cleaning and/or drying is especially important for un-encapsulated and/or open frame type power modules. For assistance on appropriate soldering and cleaning procedures, please contact Delta's technical support team.

FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS

Over-Current Protection

The modules include an internal output over-current protection circuit, which will endure current limiting for an unlimited duration during output overload. If the output current exceeds the OCP set point, the modules will automatically shut down, and enter hiccup mode or latch mode, which is optional.

For hiccup mode, the module will try to restart after shutdown. If the overload condition still exists, the module will shut down again. This restart trial will continue until the overload condition is corrected.

For latch mode, the module will latch off once it shutdown. The latch is reset by either cycling the input power or by toggling the on/off signal for one second.

Over-Voltage Protection

The modules include an internal output over-voltage protection circuit, which monitors the voltage on the output terminals. If this voltage exceeds the over-voltage set point, the module will shut down, and enter in hiccup mode or latch mode, which is optional.

For hiccup mode, the module will try to restart after shutdown. If the overload condition still exists, the module will shut down again. This restart trial will continue until the overload condition is corrected.

For latch mode, the module will latch off once it shutdown. The latch is reset by either cycling the input power or by toggling the on/off signal for one second.

Over-Temperature Protection

The over-temperature protection consists of circuitry that provides protection from thermal damage. If the temperature exceeds the over-temperature threshold the module will shut down, and enter hiccup mode or latch mode, which is optional.

For hiccup mode, the module will try to restart after shutdown. If the overload condition still exists, the module will shut down again. This restart trial will continue until the overload condition is corrected.

For latch mode, the module will latch off once it shutdown. The latch is reset by either cycling the input power or by toggling the on/off signal for one second.

Remote On/Off

The remote on/off feature on the module can be either negative or positive logic. Negative logic turns the module on during a logic low and off during a logic high. Positive logic turns the modules on during a logic high and off during a logic low.

Remote on/off can be controlled by an external switch between the on/off terminal and the Vi(-) terminal. The switch can be an open collector or open drain.

For negative logic if the remote on/off feature is not used, please short the on/off pin to Vi(-). For positive logic if the remote on/off feature is not used, please leave the on/off pin floating.

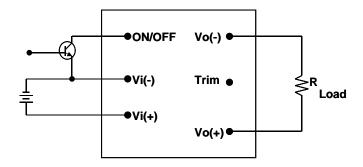


Figure 16: Remote on/off implementation

FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS (CON.)

Output Voltage Adjustment

To increase or decrease the output voltage set point, the modules may be connected with an external resistor between the TRIM pin and either the Vo(+) or Vo(-). The TRIM pin should be left open if this feature is not used.

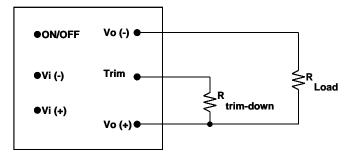


Figure 17: Circuit configuration for trim-down (decrease output voltage)

If the external resistor is connected between the TRIM and Vo(+) pins, the output voltage set point decreases (Fig. 17). The external resistor value required to obtain an output voltage change from 3.3V to the desired Vo_adj is defined as:

Rtrim_down =
$$\frac{(\text{Vo}_\text{adj} - 2.5) \cdot 5110}{3.3 - \text{Vo}_\text{adj}} - 2050$$

Ex. When Trim-down -10%

Rtrim_down =
$$\frac{(2.97 - 2.5) \cdot 5110}{3.3 - 2.97} - 2050$$

Rtrim_down =
$$5.228 \times 10^3$$
 ohm

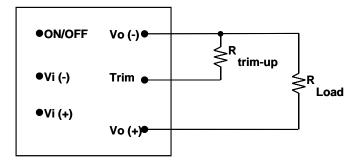


Figure 18: Circuit configuration for trim-up (increase output voltage)

If the external resistor is connected between the TRIM and Vo(-) the output voltage set point increases (Fig. 18). The external resistor value required to obtain an output voltage change from 3.3V to the desired Vo_adj is defined as:

Rtrim_up =
$$\frac{2.5 \cdot 5110}{\text{Vo adj} - 3.3} - 2050$$

Ex. When Trim-up +10%

Rtrim_up =
$$\frac{2.5 \cdot 5110}{3.63 - 3.3} - 2050$$

Rtrim_up =
$$3.666 \times 10^4$$
 ohm

When using trim function, the output voltage of the module is usually increased, which increases the power output of the module with the same output current.

Care should be taken to ensure that the maximum output power of the module remains at or below the maximum rated power.

THERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

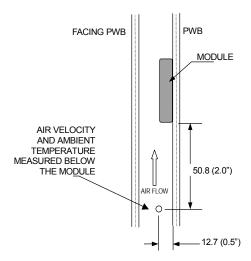
Thermal management is an important part of the system design. To ensure proper, reliable operation, sufficient cooling of the power module is needed over the entire temperature range of the module. Convection cooling is usually the dominant mode of heat transfer.

Hence, the choice of equipment to characterize the thermal performance of the power module is a wind tunnel.

Thermal Testing Setup

Delta's DC/DC power modules are characterized in heated vertical wind tunnels that simulate the thermal environments encountered in most electronics equipment. This type of equipment commonly uses vertically mounted circuit cards in cabinet racks in which the power modules are mounted.

The following figure shows the wind tunnel characterization setup. The power module is mounted on a test PWB and is vertically positioned within the wind tunnel. The space between the neighboring PWB and the top of the power module is constantly kept at 6.35mm (0.25").



Note: Wind Tunnel Test Setup Figure Dimensions are in millimeters and (Inches)

Figure 19: Wind tunnel test setup

Thermal Derating

Heat can be removed by increasing airflow over the module. To enhance system reliability, the power module should always be operated below the maximum operating temperature. If the temperature exceeds the maximum module temperature, reliability of the unit may be affected.

THERMAL CURVES

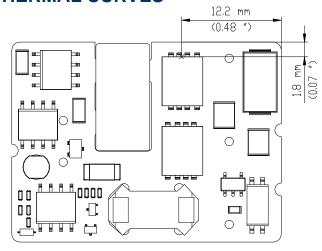


Figure 20: Hot spot temperature measured point *The allowed maximum hot spot temperature is defined at 110 $\mathcal C$

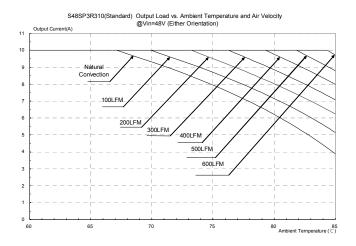
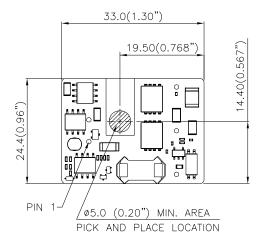


Figure 21: Output load vs. ambient temperature and air velocity@Vin=48V (Either Orientation)

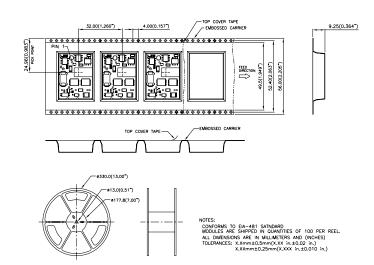
PICK AND PLACE LOCATION



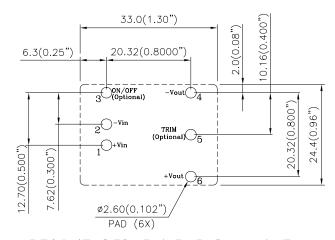
NOTES:

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES)
TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.)
X.XXmm±0.25mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)

SURFACE-MOUNT TAPE & REEL



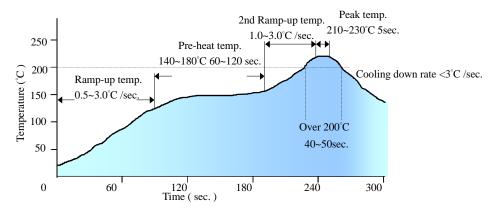
RECOMMENDED PAD LAYOUT (SMD)



RECOMENDED P.W.B PAD LAYOUT

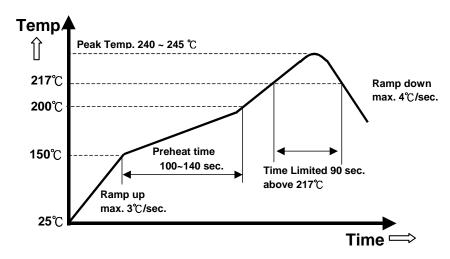
NOTES:

LEADED (Sn/Pb) PROCESS RECOMMEND TEMP. PROFILE



Note: The temperature refers to the pin of S48SP, measured on the pin +Vout joint.

LEAD FREE (SAC) PROCESS RECOMMEND TEMP. PROFILE

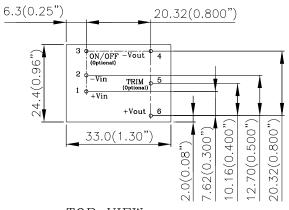


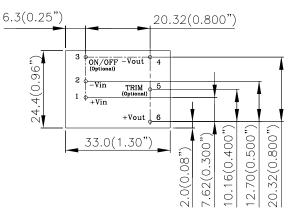
Note: The temperature refers to the pin of S48SP, measured on the pin +Vout joint.

MECHANICAL DRAWING

Surface-mount module

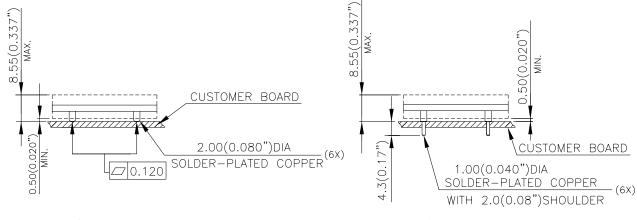
Through-Hole module





TOP VIEW

TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW

SIDE VIEW

NOTES:

| <u>Pin No.</u> | <u>Name</u> | <u>Function</u> | | |
|----------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | +Vin | Positive input voltage | | |
| 2 | -Vin | Negative input voltage | | |
| 3 | ON/OFF (Optional) | Remote ON/OFF (Optional) | | |
| 4 | -Vout | Negative output voltage | | |
| 5 | TRIM (Optional) | Output voltage trim (Optional) | | |
| 6 | +Vout | Positive output voltage | | |

PART NUMBERING SYSTEM

| S | 48 | S | Р | 3R3 | 10 | N | R | F | В |
|-----------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Product Type | Input Voltage | Number of Outputs | Product Series | Output Voltage | Output Current | ON/OFF Logic | Pin Length/Type | | Option Code |
| S - Small | 48- | S - Single | 1x1, 10A | 3R3 - 3.3V | 10 - 10A | N - Negative | R - 0.170" | F- RoHS 6/6 | A - No trim pin |
| Power | 36V~75V | | | | | (Default) | (Default) | (Lead Free) | B - With trim pin |
| | | | | | | P - Positive | N - 0.145" | | (Default) |
| | | | | | | E- No remote | K - 0.110" | | |
| | | | | | | on/off control | M - SMD | | |
| | | | | | | function | | | |

MODEL LIST

| MODEL NAME | INPUT | | OUTPUT | | EFF @ 100% LOAD | |
|----------------|---------|------|--------|-----|-----------------|--|
| S48SP3R310NRFB | 36V~75V | 1.1A | 3.3V | 10A | 90.0% | |
| S48SP05007NRFB | 36V~75V | 1.2A | 5.0V | 7A | 90.0% | |
| S48SP12003NRFB | 36V~75V | 1.2A | 12V | 3A | 90.0% | |
| S48SP15002NRFB | 36V~75V | 1A | 15V | 2A | 90.0% | |

Note:

- 1. Default OTP and output OVP, OCP mode is auto-restart;
- 2. For different option, please refer to part numbering system above or contact Delta local sales.

CONTACT: www.delta.com.tw/dcdc

USA: Telephone:

East Coast: (888) 335 8201 West Coast: (888) 335 8208

Fax: (978) 656 3964

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Email: DCDC@delta-es.tw

Asia & the rest of world:

Telephone: +886 3 4526107 x6220

Fax: +886 3 4513485

Email: DCDC@delta.com.tw

WARRANTY

Delta offers a two (2) year limited warranty. Complete warranty information is listed on our web site or is available upon request from Delta.

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