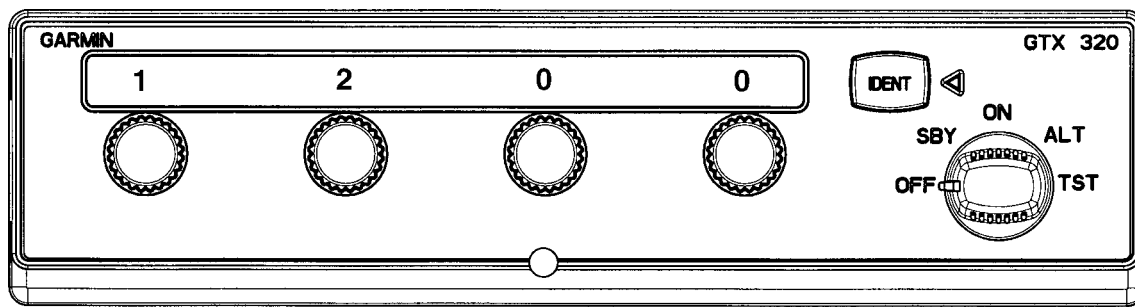


GTX 320 ATC TRANSPONDER MAINTENANCE MANUAL



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SECTION 1

DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

1.1 INTRODUCTION

This manual provides all of the procedures, principles of operation, and information necessary to repair and maintain the GARMIN GTX 320 ATC Transponder. Refer to GARMIN Installation Manual P/N 190-00133-01 for installation and operating information.

1.2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The GARMIN GTX 320 Transponder is an integral part of the Air Traffic Secondary Radar Beacon System (ATCRBS, Figure 1-1), which consists of the following components:

- **INTERROGATOR**—In the ATCRBS, the interrogator, a ground-based radar beacon transmitter/receiver, scans in synchronization with the primary surveillance radar (PSR) and transmits ground radar interrogation signals on a carrier frequency of 1030 ± 2 MHz, which repeatedly requests all transponders on the mode being used, to reply. The replies that are received are mixed with the primary surveillance radar returns and both are displayed on the same radarscope.
- **TRANSPONDER**—The GTX 320 Transponder is an airborne “radar transceiver.” It automatically receives interrogations from the ATCRBS and selectively replies with a specific pulse group (code) only to those interrogations being received on the mode to which it is set, Mode A (no altitude information) or Mode C (automatic altitude information).

These replies are independent of, and much stronger than a primary radar return. The GTX 320 replies to both Mode A and Mode C interrogations on a carrier frequency of 1090 ± 3 MHz, with a rated power of 176 watts minimum at the antenna port. The GTX 320 is also equipped with IDENT capability which activates the Special Position Identification Pulse (SPI) for approximately 20 seconds, identifying that transponder return from other aircraft on the ATC scope.

- **RADARSCOPE**—The radarscope used by the controller displays returns from both the primary surveillance radar system and the ATCRBS. These returns, called targets, are what the controller refers to in the control and separation of traffic.

1.3 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Refer to the GTX 320 Installation and Operation Manual (P/N 190-00133-01) for technical specifications.

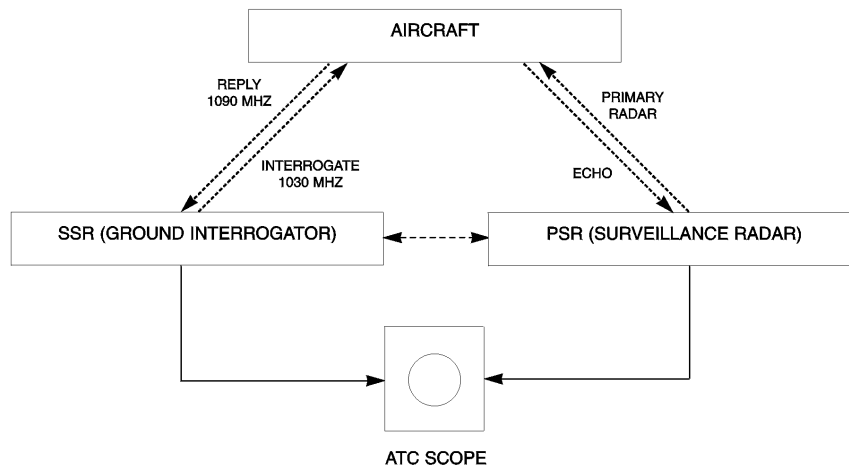


Figure 1-1. ATCRBS System

1.4 EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

The GTX 320 consists of two major assemblies, the Main PCB Assembly and the Front Subassembly.

1.4.1 Main PCB Assembly (Not Field Repairable)

The Main PCB Assembly contains the following circuits:

- IF Amplifier and Pulse Discriminator
- Local Oscillator and Mixer
- Power Supply
- Programmable Logic Device
- Light Dimming Circuitry
- Modulator and Transmitter

1.4.2 Front Subassembly (Field Replaceable)

The Front Subassembly consists of the following:

- Reply Code Switches and Mode Function Selector
- Front Display and Knobs
- Backlighting Circuitry
- Front PCB Assembly

1.5 SCOPE OF MAINTENANCE

Due to the overall complexity of the unit, GARMIN recommends limiting field maintenance to the following:

- Removal and Replacement of the Front Subassembly
- Transmitter Frequency Adjustment
- Transmitter Power Output Peaking Adjustment

SECTION 2

SPECIAL TEST EQUIPMENT

2.1 INTRODUCTION

This section identifies the special tools and test equipment essential to repair the GTX 320. Standard equipment is not listed. For any questions regarding special tools and test equipment contact the GARMIN Customer Service Department at the address listed on Page A.

2.2 SPECIAL TOOLS AND TEST EQUIPMENT

- Test Harness—Locally Fabricated
- Test Panel—Locally Fabricated
- Alignment Tool—Locally Fabricated
- Antenna Test Cable Connector—Locally Fabricated

2.3.1 Test Panel and Test Harness

A Test Panel must be fabricated by the shop which meets the typical test setup criteria given Figure 2-3. Additionally, a corresponding test harness must be fabricated which allows for the necessary connections between J102 and the Test Panel. Use Figure 2-3 as an aid in fabricating the test harness.

2.3.2 Alignment Tool

The alignment tool is used to adjust the transmitter frequency (C620) and the transmitter power output (C635).

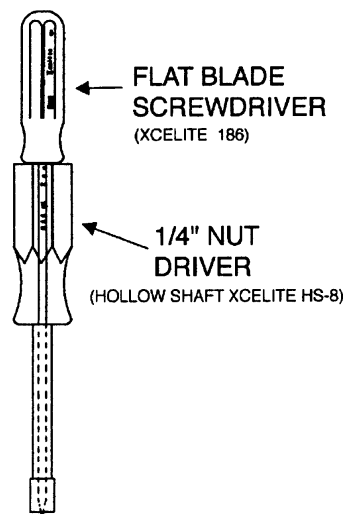


Figure 2-1. Alignment Tool

2.3.3 Antenna Test Cable Connector

The antenna test cable incorporates a BNC connector at the test fixture antenna and a male BNC “blindmate” connector (GARMIN P/N 330-00198-00) at the transponder. Figure 2-2 shows the connector. Follow accepted industry practices when installing the BNC connector. Use the following instructions when installing the blindmate BNC.

1. Trim coax outer insulation back $\frac{1}{2}$ inch.
2. Trim braid (not center conductor or insulation) back $\frac{1}{4}$ inch.
3. Strip insulation back 0.120”.

NOTE

If the outside diameter of the coax braid is smaller than the inside diameter of the center connector sidewall opening, place the ferrule over the coax braid, flush against the coax outer insulation before performing the next step.

4. Insert cable (center conductor, dielectric and shield braid) through the sidewall of the connector and solder the center conductor to the center pin of the connector.

NOTE

When using low-loss cable, it may be necessary to flatten the solid wire center conductor slightly so it can fit the slot on the RF connector center pin. When soldering, avoid applying excess heat to the connector body, and center conductor insulator.

5. Heat the outside of the connector sleeve and, at the same time, apply solder between the braid and the sleeve.
6. Continue to apply heat until the solder flows evenly.
7. Install 50 ohm match.
8. Insert connector cap and tack solder in two places.

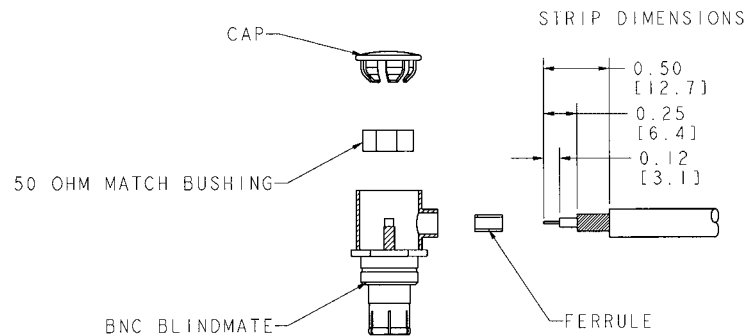


Figure 2-2. Blindmate Antenna Connector

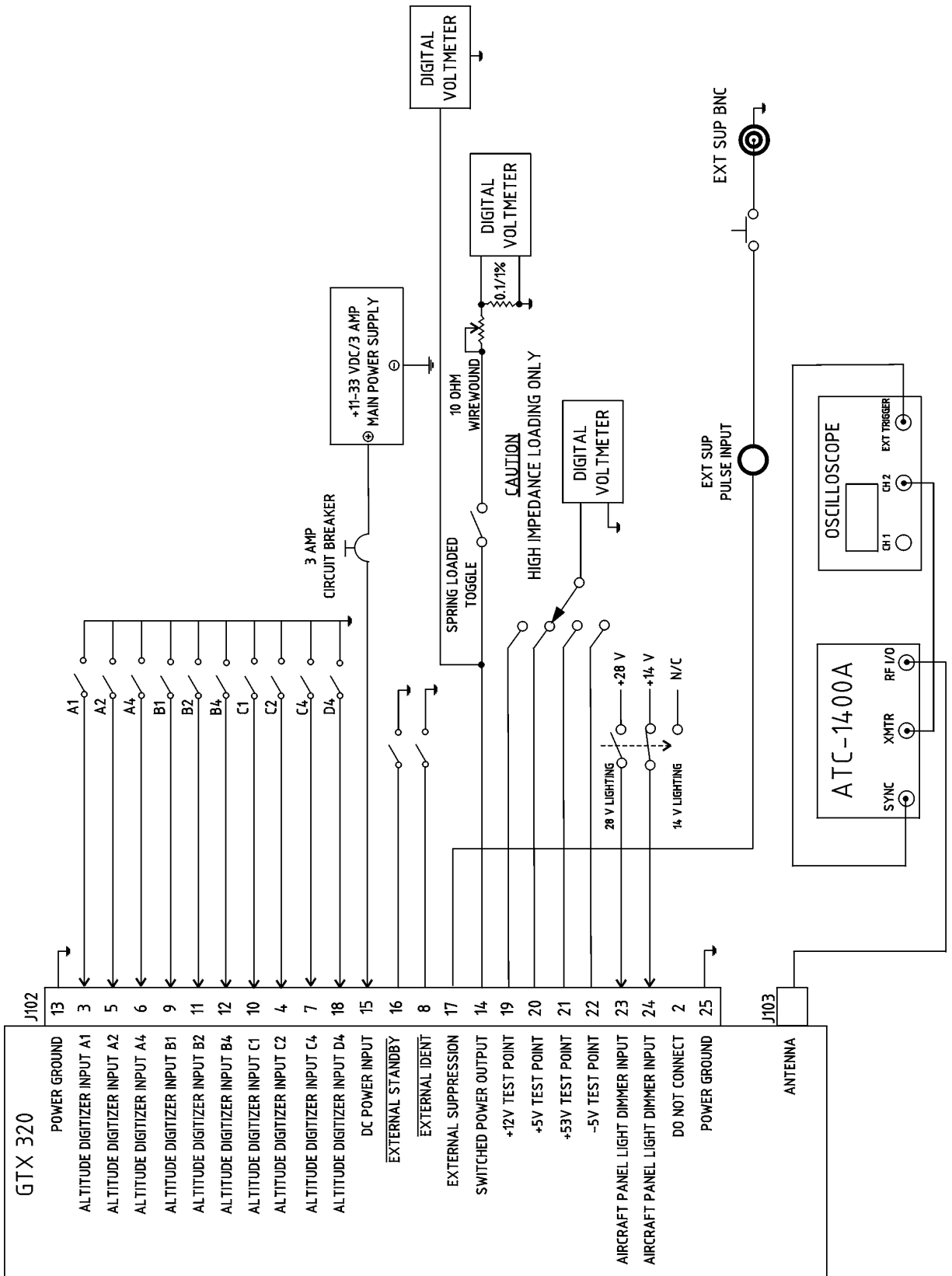


Figure 2-3. Test Setup/Test Harness—J102

SECTION 3

ALIGNMENT AND TESTING

3.1 INTRODUCTION

This section of the manual consists of alignment and test procedures. Perform the following procedures to identify failed units (troubleshooting) and after completing any repairs. The procedures assume familiarity with the setup and operation of the special test equipment listed in Section 2. Units failing any part of alignment or testing must be returned to GARMIN for repair except for the front subassembly which may be field replaced.

3.2 ALIGNMENT

Field alignment of the GTX 320 is limited to adjusting the transmitter frequency. No other attempt at alignment should be made. Adjust the transmitter frequency before testing the unit.

3.2.1 Alignment Equipment

The following equipment (or suitable substitute) is used to adjust the transmitter frequency:

- | | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| 1. Transponder/DME Test Set | IFR Systems ATC-1400A |
| 2. Power Supply | Topward 2000 |
| 3. Digital Oscilloscope | Tek TDS-320 or suitable equivalent |
| 4. Voltmeter | Fluke 79 |
| 5. 50 Ohm Load | ITT Pomona Model 3840-50 |
| 6. Transmitter Adjustment Tool | Locally Made (see Figure 2-1) |
| 7. Rack-Mount BNC to BNC Cable (RG-58/U having a total cable loss of 1.5 dB at 1090 MHz) | |

3.2.2 Alignment Setup

Figure 2-3 shows a typical alignment and test setup based on the I/O of the 25 pin connector (J102) and the rear antenna connector (J103). Use the +28 VDC input during alignment.

3.2.3 Alignment Procedure

CAUTION

Use **extreme care** when adjusting C620, so that the transmitter is **NOT** allowed to oscillate at frequencies below 1080 MHz, and risk damaging the mixer. A failed mixer cannot be replaced in the field, the unit must be returned to GARMIN for repair. A failed mixer will degrade MTL by several dB.

-
- Carefully dislodge the thin metal piece that covers the access holes to the transmitter section (figure 3-1) by prying one end with a small, thin screwdriver.
 - Set the ATC1400A front panel controls to the following:

PARAMETER	SET POINT
XPDR MODE	MODE C
PRF	500 Hz
RF LEVEL	-50 dBm
SLS / ECHO	OFF
FREQUENCY/POWER TOGGLE SWITCH	F ₁ /P ₁

_____ **OK**

- Set the GTX320 transponder mode select control knob to the ON position.

_____ **OK**

NOTE

Allow the unit to warm up for approximately ten minutes before setting frequency.

- Rotate the frequency-adjust slug C620 (figure 3-1) with the screw driver portion of the transmit adjustment tool to a frequency of 1089.5 ± 0.5 MHz. Observe the frequency display on the test set. Tighten the lock nut when finished.

_____ **(1089.5 ± 0.5 MHz)**

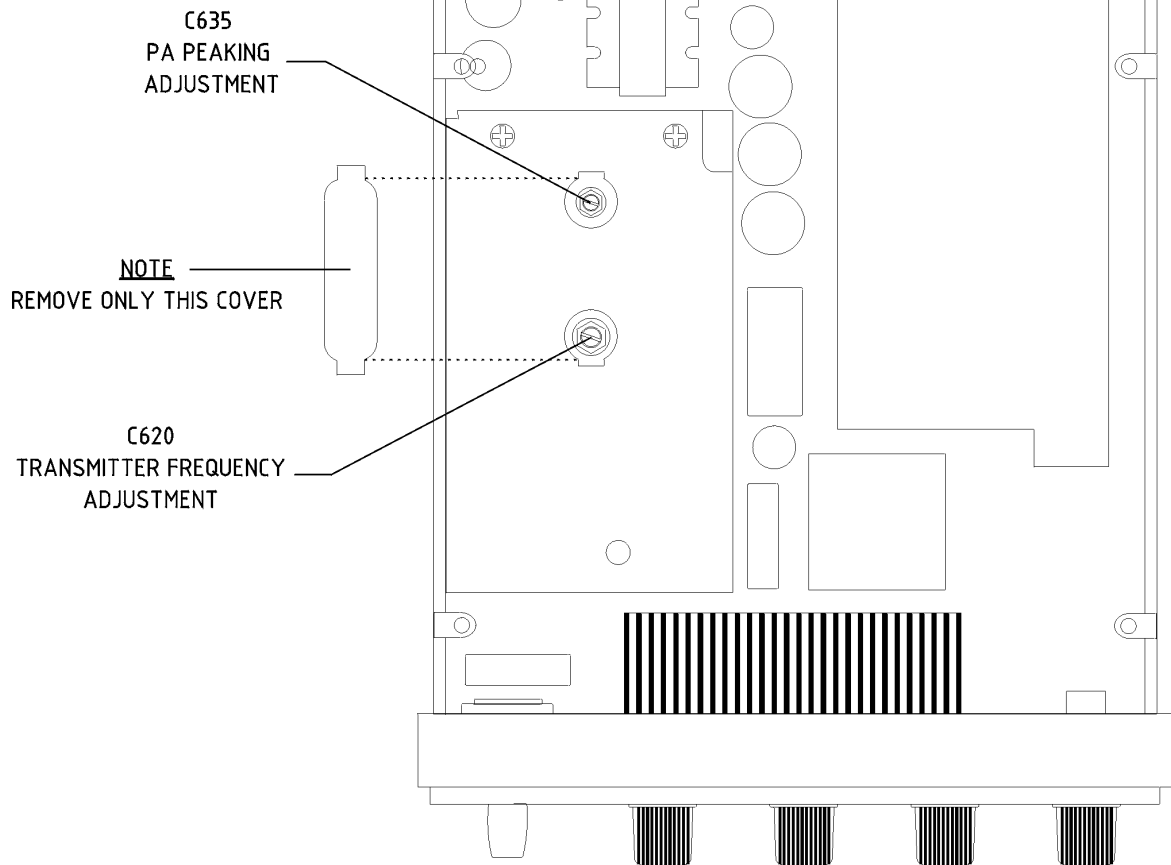


Figure 3-1. C620 and C635 Location

CAUTION

Do not allow the transmitter to oscillate below 1080 MHz as indicated on the ATC-1400A Test Set or else damage may occur to the mixer.

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Frequency	1089.0 to 1090.0 MHz
XMTR PWR	125 Watts Minimum through a -1.5dB coax
Pulse Rise Time	50 nS to 100 nS
Pulse Fall Time	50 nS to 200 nS
Pulse Width	350 nS to 550 nS

5. Adjust C635 for maximum power output as read from the ATC1400A test set. The power must be greater than 125 watts.

_____ > **125 Watts**

6. Verify that the frequency is still 1089.5 ± 0.5 MHz. If the frequency is out of tolerance, then loosen the locknut on C620, set the frequency within specification, and then tighten the locknut while maintaining the frequency specification.

_____ (**1089.5 ± 0.5 MHz**)

7. Reinstall the cover over the transmitter adjustment holes.

_____ **OK**

3.3 TESTING

Perform testing after completing transmitter frequency adjustment.

3.3.1 Test Equipment

See paragraph 3.2.1.

3.3.2 Test Setup

See figure 2-3.

3.3.3 Test Procedure

3.3.3.1 Turn-On Delay

NOTE

The test setup will not work if any toggle switch on the ATC-1400A is placed in the incorrect position.

1. Configure the ATC-1400A as shown in Figure 3-6.
2. Turn the transponder mode select switch to the **OFF** position. _____ **OK**
3. Adjust the ATC-1400A Transponder Test Set to an RF level -69 dBm. _____ **OK**
4. Turn the GTX320 mode switch from the **OFF** to the **ON** position. There shall be an approximate 5 second delay before the unit transmits. _____ **OK**
5. Rotate the mode select switch on the GTX320 to the **ALT** position. The GTX320 shall continue to reply to valid interrogations. _____ **OK**
6. Rotate and hold the mode select switch on the GTX320 in the **TST** position. The GTX320 shall continue to reply to valid interrogations. _____ **OK**

3.3.3.2 Reply Transmission Frequency

1. Set the transponder mode select switch to the **ON** position.
2. Rotate the RF level control on the ATC-1400A to -69 dBm. The XMTR FREQ display on the ATC-1400A shall read from 1087 MHz to 1093 MHz.

_____ (1087 to 1093 MHz)

3.3.3.3 Transmitter Power Output

1. Set the **PRF** thumb wheel switches to 1200 Hz. The XMTR PWR display on the ATC-1400A shall read greater than 125 watts through the calibrated -1.5dB coax.

_____ > 125 Watts

3.3.3.4 Minimum Trigger Level Adjustment (MTL)

1. Set the **PRF** thumb wheel switches to 500 Hz.
2. Set the ATC-1400A XPDR MODE switch to position **A**.
3. Reduce the RF level on the ATC-1400A test set until the nominal reply rate is 90%. The RF level (MTL) shall be -69 dBm or less.
4. Set the ATC-1400A XPDR MODE switch to position **C**. The nominal reply rate should remain at 90%.
5. If the nominal reply rate is less than 90%, then increase the RF level until the nominal reply rate is 90%. The RF level shall be less than -69 dBm and shall not deviate greater than 1dB from the MTL in Mode A.
6. Increase the RF level to 50 dB above MTL. The reply rate displayed on the ATC-1400A shall be at least 90%.

_____ > 90% Reply Rate

3.3.3.5 Reply Pulse Characteristics

1. Set the oscilloscope to the following settings:

PARAMETER	SET POINT
EXT TRIG	CH 2 (XMTR Detected Video)
CH 2 VERTICAL SENS	20mV/Div
HORIZONTAL SWEEP	100ns
DELAYED SWEEP	CENTER ON FIRST PULSE

2. Configure the ATC-1400A front panel controls to the following settings:

PARAMETER	SET POINT
XPDR MODE	MODE C
PRF	500 Hz
RF LEVEL	-50 dBm
SLS / ECHO	OFF
FREQUENCY/POWER TOGGLE SWITCH	F ₁ /P ₁

3. Set the GTX 320 mode control select knob to the **ON** position. The reply pulse will be visible on the oscilloscope as shown in Figure 3-2. The pulse shape must possess the qualities listed in the table below.

PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
Rise Time:	50-100 nS
Fall Time:	50-200 nS
Pulse Width:	350-550 nS

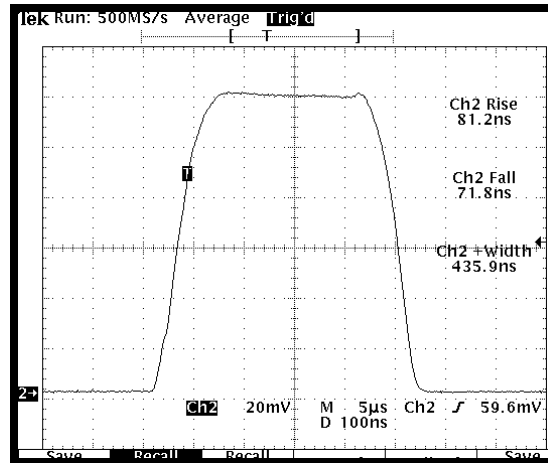


Figure 3-2. Example Of Acceptable Reply Pulse

3.3.3.6 Dynamic Range

1. Set the GTX 320 mode select switch to the **ON** position.
2. Set the ATC 1400A **SLS/ECHO** thumb wheel switch to -9.
3. Flip the **SLS/ECHO** toggle switch to the **ON** position.
4. Increase the RF level to 50 dB above MTL (a value of -21 dBm assuming an MTL of -71 dBm). The percent reply shall be at least 90% as indicated on the ATC-1400A.

_____ % Reply

3.3.3.7 Automatic Overload Control (AOC)

1. Set the **SLS / ECHO** toggle switch back to the **OFF** position.
2. Increase the RF level to 3 dB above the MTL.
3. Set the **PRF** thumb wheel switches to 1200 Hz on the ATC-1400A test set. The reply rate shall be 90% to 98%.
Note: In order to obtain an accurate reading, the unit must be warmed up before performing this test.

_____ 90 % to 98% Reply Rate

4. Reset the **PRF** thumb wheel switches to 500 Hz on the ATC-1400A test set.

3.3.3.8 Side Lobe Suppression

1. Set the **SLS / ECHO** toggle switch to the **OFF** position.
2. Adjust the RF level on ATC-1400A to MTL so that the XPDR%REPLY is 90%.
3. Raise the RF level to 3 dB above the MTL.
4. Set the **SLS / ECHO** thumb wheel switch to 0dB.
5. Flip the **SLS / ECHO** toggle switch to the **ON** position. The GTX 320 % Reply shall have an average reading of 1% or less.
6. Raise the RF level on the ATC-1400A to MTL +50 dB. The GTX 320 % Reply shall have an average reading of 1% or less.

_____ < 1% Reply (Average Reading)

3.3.3.9 External Suppression

With the unit replying to interrogations, apply a positive external suppression pulse of up to 100 microseconds and with a voltage amplitude of greater than 8.0 volts. The unit must suppress the replies to any interrogations received during the time of the suppression pulse.

_____ **OK**

3.3.3.10 External Altitude Encoder Inputs

1. Set the digital oscilloscope to the following settings:

PARAMETER	SET POINT
EXT TRIG	CH 2 (XMTR Detected Video)
CH 2 VERTICAL SENS	20MV/DIV
HORIZONTAL SWEEP	5 μ S
DELAYED SWEEP	CENTER ON FIRST PULSE

2. Set the **XPDR MODE** switch on the ATC-1400A to position **C**. The oscilloscope shall display the P1 and P3 pulses similar to Figure 3-3. _____ **OK**

3. Rotate each of the four rotary switches on the GTX320 under test through at least one complete turn, stopping on zero. The unit shall not transmit any code information as evidenced by a change in the P1 and P3 pulse patterns. The XPDR CODE digital display on the ATC-1400A test set shall indicate 0000. _____ **OK**

4. Rotate the mode select switch on the GTX320 under test to the **ALT** position. _____ **OK**

5. Successively turn-on each altitude toggle switch on the test panel. _____ **OK**
6. Altitude coded pulses shall appear between the P1 and P3 pulses as viewed on the oscilloscope and shown in Figure 3-4. _____ **OK**
7. Verify that the unit is correctly encoding the altitude by observing the XPDR CODE digital display on the ATC-1400A when each set of altitude switches, A through D are toggled. _____ **OK**

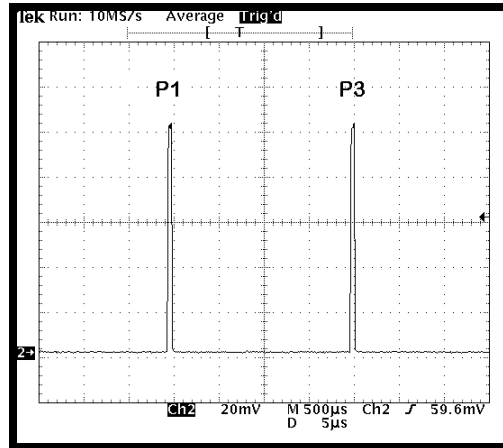


Figure 3-3. P1 and P3 Pulses

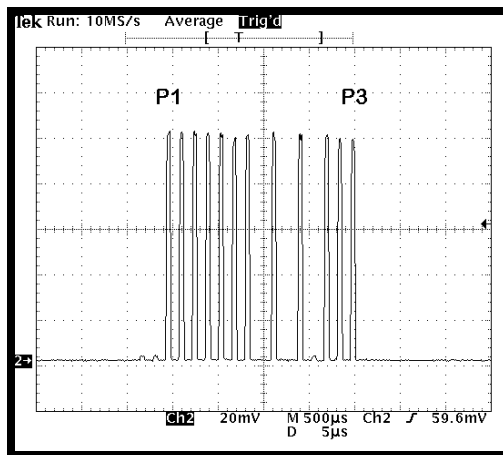


Figure 3-4. Altitude-Coded Pulses

3.3.3.11 IDENT Test

1. Set the ATC-1400A to Mode A.
2. Turn the GTX 320 mode select knob to the **ON** position.
3. Set the RF level on the ATC-1400A for a 100% reply rate.
4. Press the **IDENT** button on the transponder. The unit shall cause the ATC-1400A XPDR Code display to read 1d0000 for approximately 20 seconds. The SPI pulse shall appear next to the P3 pulse on the oscilloscope. See Figure 3-5.
5. Rotate the mode select switch to the **SBY** position.
6. Press the **IDENT** button on the transponder. The reply light shall turn on for approximately 25 seconds, but the unit shall not transmit.

_____ **OK**

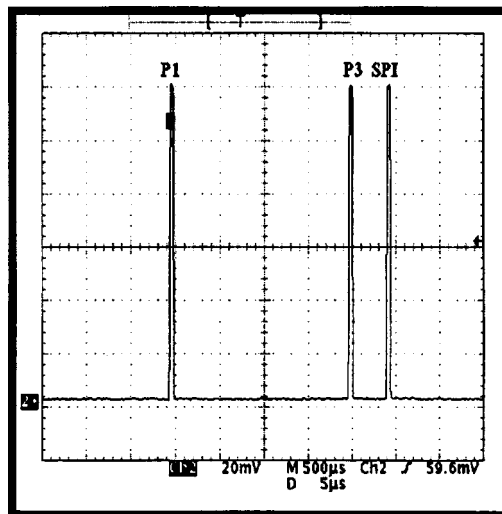


Figure 3-5. P1, P3, and SPI Pulses

3.3.3.12 Front Panel Test - OFF

Set the transponder mode select switch to the **OFF** position. Only the “OFF” nomenclature shall be illuminated, and all other panel lighting shall not be illuminated. The unit’s internal power supplies shall all be off.

_____ **OK**

3.3.3.13 SBY (Stand By)

Set the transponder mode select switch to the **SBY** position. The “SBY” nomenclature and the four reply code digits shall be illuminated with a higher intensity than the “OFF”, “ON”, “ALT” and “TST” nomenclature. All internal power supplies shall be on but the unit shall not reply to any interrogations.

_____ **OK**

3.3.3.14 ON

Set the transponder mode select switch to the **ON** position. The “ON” nomenclature and the four reply code digits shall be illuminated with a higher intensity than the “OFF”, “SBY”, “ALT” and “TST” nomenclature.

_____ **OK**

3.3.3.15 ALT (Altitude)

Set the transponder mode select switch to the **ALT** position. The “ALT” nomenclature and the four reply code digits shall be illuminated with a higher intensity than the “OFF”, “SBY”, “ON” and “TST” nomenclature.

_____ **OK**

3.3.3.16 TST (Test)

1. Decrease the RF level control on the ATC-1400A so that the transponder has a 00% reply rate.
2. Rotate and hold the transponder mode select switch in the **TST** position. “TST”, “OFF”, “SBY”, “ON” and “ALT” nomenclature shall all be illuminated at the reduced level. The four reply code digits shall remain illuminated with no change in intensity. The triangle-shaped reply light must turn on and remain on while the switch is held in the TST position.

_____ **OK**

3. Release the mode select switch from the TST position. It shall freely snap back to the ALT position and the triangle-shaped Reply Light shall turn off.

_____ **OK**

3.3.3.17 Front Panel Test - Reply Light

1. Rotate the Mode Select Switch from **TST** to **ALT** and with the unit not replying. Increase the RF level on the ATC-1400A above MTL so that the transponder has a reply rate above 90%. The triangle-shaped reply light shall turn on.

_____ **OK**

2. Rotate and hold the mode select switch in the **TST** position. The reply light shall remain on while in the **TST** position.

_____ **OK**

3. Release the switch so that it returns to the **ALT** position. The reply light shall remain on.

_____ **OK**

3.3.3.18 Numerical Reply Code Switches

1. Rotate the XPDR MODE switch on the ATC-1400A to position **A**.

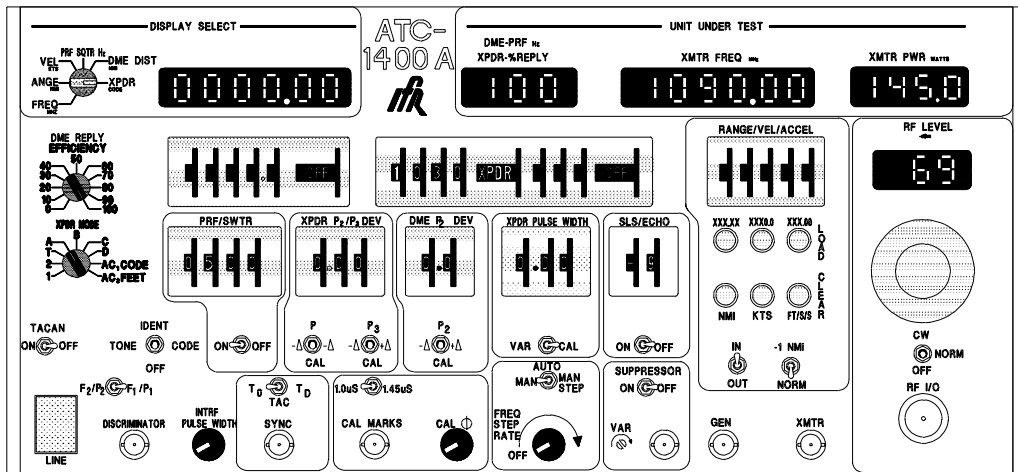
2. With the transponder mode switch in the **ON** position, incrementally rotate the four reply code switches through each position. Verify that the unit causes the ATC-1400A to display the same number on the XPDR CODE digital display.

_____ **OK**

3. While the code switches are in a numbered detent position, apply a light force against the knob from all directions. Verify that the digit displayed on the ATC-1400A test set does not include any intermittent numbers.

_____ **OK**

FRONT VIEW



REAR VIEW

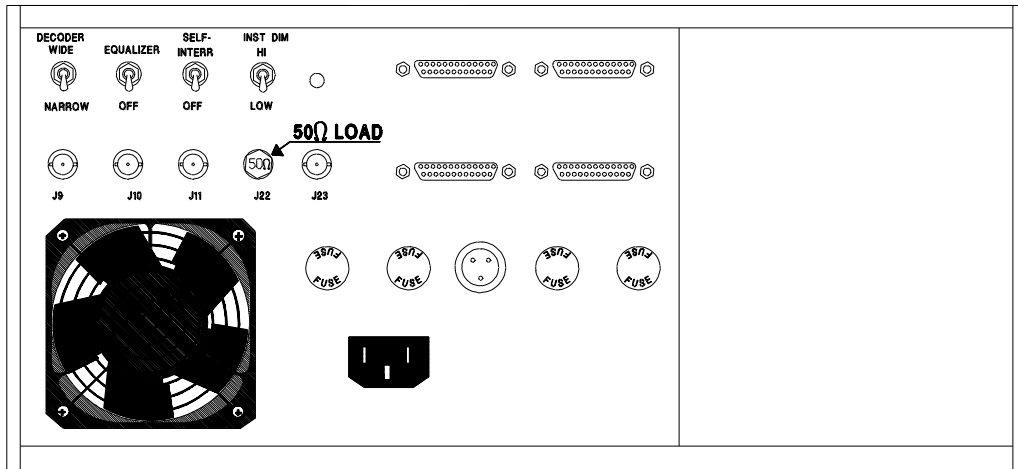


Figure 3-6. ATC 1400A Test Settings

SECTION 4

DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY

4.1 INTRODUCTION

This section covers only the disassembly that is necessary to remove a faulty Front Subassembly. Reverse the steps for assembly.

4.2 INSPECTION

Perform the following inspection and cleaning before disassembly:

1. Verify that all screws are secure and in place.
2. Verify that the transponder external surfaces have no dents, etc.
3. Inspect for bent or broken pins on the 25 pin connector.
4. Inspect for damage to the BNC connector.

4.3 FRONT SUBASSEMBLY (P/N 011-00263-00)

1. Remove power to the unit.
2. Remove the bottom cover (5 screws) to expose internal circuitry.
3. Remove the four black screws holding the front bezel to the frame.
4. Carefully remove the Flex Strip from the Main Board.

Install according to Figure 4-1 to prevent incorrect installation (crystal Y501 is included in the figure for reference purposes.)

CAUTION

When reinstalling the bottom cover, ensure the proper screws are used to prevent the possible shorting out of Main Board Components.

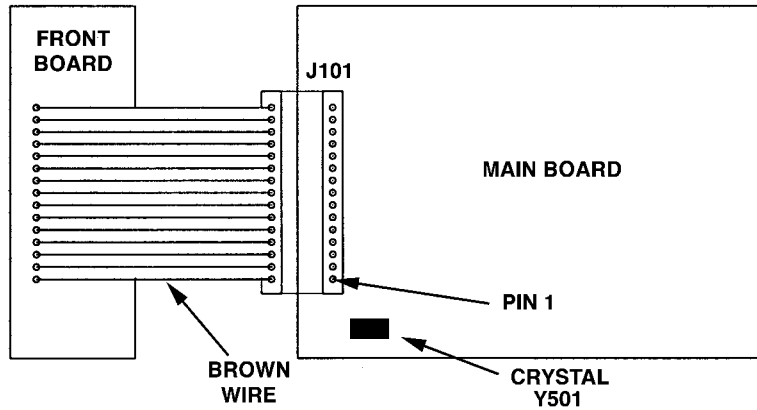


Figure 4-1. Front Subassembly Installation

4.4 CLEANING

After reassembly, clean the external surface of the transponder when inspection shows dirt, smudges, etc. Wipe with a damp, lint free, static free cloth.

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