



your Gateway Windows network installationguide

802.11b wireless series | USB Adapter model WBU-110



Installing

Configuring

Gateway.

Contents

1	Windows XP	1
	Step 1: Installing the hardware and software	2
	Connecting the USB adapter	2
	Installing the USB adapter driver	3
	Step 2: Configuring the USB adapter	6
	Naming the computers and the workgroup	6
	Step 3: Configuring the TCP/IP protocol	13
	Terms you should know	13
	Setting up a DHCP IP address for each computer .	13
	Turning the wireless emitter off	16
	Where to go from here	17
	Creating your wireless Ethernet network	17
	Using your wireless Ethernet network	17
	Troubleshooting your wireless Ethernet network .	17
2	Windows 98SE, Windows Me, and Windows 2000 . . .	19
	Step 1: Installing the hardware and software	20
	Installing the Gateway Wireless Monitor	20
	Connecting the USB adapter	22
	Installing the USB adapter driver	23
	Step 2: Configuring the USB adapter	26
	Naming the computers and the workgroup	26
	Step 3: Configuring the TCP/IP protocol	30
	Terms you should know	30
	Setting up a DHCP IP address for each computer .	30
	Turning the wireless emitter off	35
	Where to go from here	36
	Creating your wireless Ethernet network	36
	Using your wireless Ethernet network	36
	Troubleshooting your wireless Ethernet network .	36
	Technical Support	37
	Automated troubleshooting system	38
	Telephone numbers	38



Windows XP

1

This chapter describes how to connect a Gateway wireless Ethernet USB adapter to your Windows XP computer and configure Windows XP for a wireless Ethernet network. Complete these tasks in sequence:

- “Step 1: Installing the hardware and software” on page 2.
- “Step 2: Configuring the USB adapter” on page 6.
- “Step 3: Configuring the TCP/IP protocol” on page 13.

If you need to install and configure the USB adapter for other versions of Windows, see “Windows 98SE, Windows Me, and Windows 2000” on page 19.



Step 1: Installing the hardware and software

Connecting the USB adapter

Use the following instructions to connect the USB adapter to your computer.



To connect the USB adapter to your computer:

- 1** Connect the USB cable to the USB adapter.



- 2 Connect the other end of the USB cable to a USB port in your computer.



If this is the first time you have connected this USB adapter to your computer, the Found New Hardware Wizard opens. To complete the USB adapter installation, go to “Installing the USB adapter driver” on page 3.

Installing the USB adapter driver

Use the following instructions to install the USB adapter driver for Windows XP.



To install the USB adapter driver

- 1 When the Found New Hardware Wizard opens, insert the installation CD in the CD drive.



- 2 Click **Install the software automatically (Recommended)**, then click **Next**. The wizard displays a list of recommended drivers to install.



- 3 Click the **Gateway Wireless 802.11G USB adapter** located in the **d:\driver\winxp** folder on the installation CD, then click **Next**.



- 4 When a message tells you that the driver has not passed Windows Logo testing, click **Continue Anyway**. The device driver files are copied to the hard drive.
- 5 Click **Finish** to complete the installation.

Step 2: Configuring the USB adapter

Naming the computers and the workgroup

The first time you use networking in your computer, you need to use the Windows XP Network Setup Wizard to name each computer and the workgroup and to select other network settings in Windows XP.


Important



The network setup procedure uses the Windows XP Network Setup Wizard. The example screens show the screens that typically appear in the course of using the wizard. If your network situation differs from that used in this example, you may encounter additional screens or screens with different selections. Make sure that you read each screen in the wizard and make your selections based on your particular network situation.

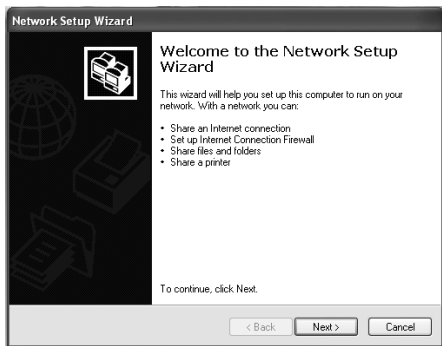


To run the Windows XP Network Setup Wizard:

- 1 Click the Network Setup Wizard icon  on the Windows XP taskbar. The Network Setup Wizard opens.

- OR -

Click **Start, All Programs, Accessories, Communications**, then click **Network Setup Wizard**. The Network Setup Wizard opens.

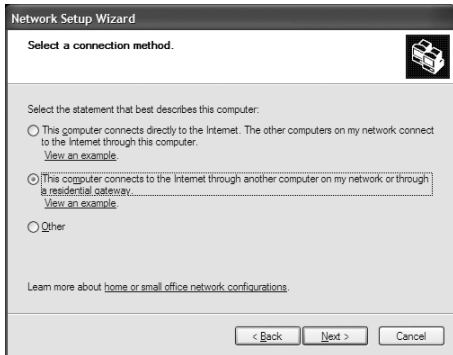


- 2 Click **Next** to continue through the wizard.

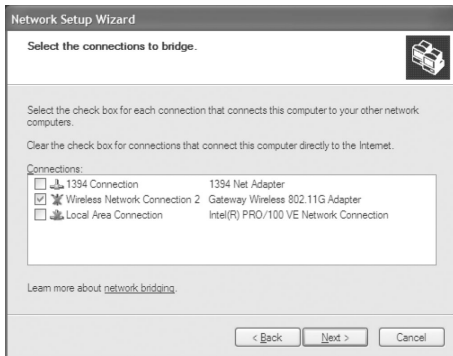
- 3 Click **Next**. The wizard found disconnected network hardware screen opens.



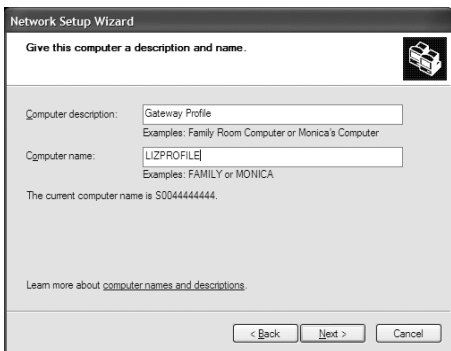
- 4 Click to select the **Ignore disconnected network hardware** check box, then click **Next**. The *Select a connection method* screen opens.



- 5 Click **This computer connects to the Internet through another computer on my network or through a residential gateway**, then click **Next**.
- 6 If the *Your computer has multiple connections* screen opens, click **Let me choose the connections to my network**, then click **Next**.
- 7 On the *Select the connections to bridge* screen, click to select the **Wireless Network Connection** check box.



- 8 Click **Next**. The *Give this computer a description and name* screen opens.



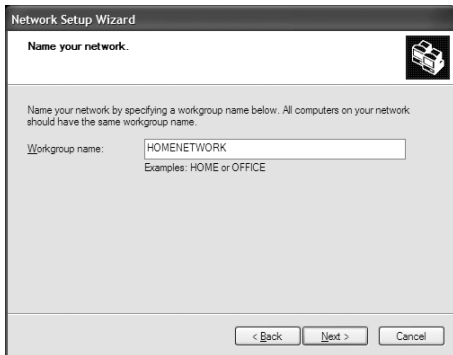
- 9 Type a description of the computer in the **Computer description** box.
- 10 Type a unique computer name in the **Computer name** box. This name identifies the computer to other users on the network. Use a computer name of up to 15 characters with no blank spaces. Each computer name must be unique on your network. All-numeric computer names are not allowed. Names must contain some letters.

Important



You must give each computer on the network a unique Computer Name and the same Workgroup Name.

- 11** Click **Next**. The *Name your network* screen opens.



- 12** Type a name for your workgroup in the **Workgroup name** box. Use a workgroup name of up to 15 characters with no blank spaces. The workgroup name must be the same for all computers in your network workgroup, and the name must be different than any computer name on your network.
- 13** Click **Next**. The *Ready to apply network settings* screen opens.

- 14** Click **Next** to apply the network settings. The *You're almost done* screen opens.



- 15** If you are setting up an Ethernet network on other computers, you may want to use the Network Setup Wizard to do so. Click a method for installing and configuring the network on your other computers or click **Just finish the wizard; I don't need to run the wizard on other computers**.
- 16** Click **Next**.
- 17** Click **Finish**. After you name each computer and assign it to your workgroup, go to “Step 3: Configuring the TCP/IP protocol” on page 13.

Help and Support



For more information about using the Network Setup Wizard in Windows XP, click **Start**, then click **Help and Support**.

Type the keyword **Network Setup Wizard** in the HelpSpot **Search** box Search , then click the arrow.

Step 3: Configuring the TCP/IP protocol

A *networking protocol* is a language computers use to talk to each other. One of several available protocols must be set up on each computer you plan to use on your network. We recommend you use the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), which is widely accepted and compatible for local area networks (LANs), as well as for Internet communications.

When networking is set up in Windows XP, TCP/IP is automatically installed as the default protocol.

Terms you should know

DHCP - Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) lets a router automatically assign an IP address to a computer on the network.

IP Address - Internet Protocol (IP) address is a number that uniquely identifies a computer on the network.

Setting up a DHCP IP address for each computer

In order to use the TCP/IP protocol on each computer, you must either set the protocol to **Obtain an IP address from a DHCP server** or make the IP address settings manually. If you use a wireless access point router that can act as the DHCP server, you can select **Obtain an IP address from a DHCP server**. Obtaining an IP address automatically using DHCP is one of the most common methods for setting up wireless network devices.

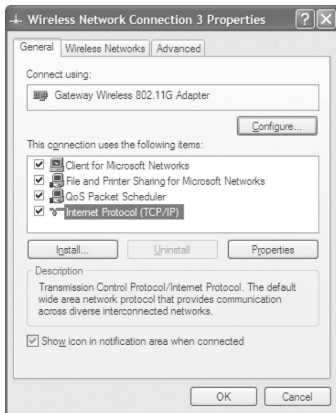
If your network configuration requires a static IP address (one that does not change), you must set the IP address manually. This means that you need to enter an IP address and a subnet mask. For more information about setting the IP address manually, see the *Setting Up Your Wireless Windows Network* guide included on the installation CD that came with your network device.

If you are connecting to a home Ethernet network, have a cable or DSL modem, and a wireless access point router that automatically assigns IP addresses to computers on the network, follow the instructions in "To set up a DHCP IP address:" on page 14.



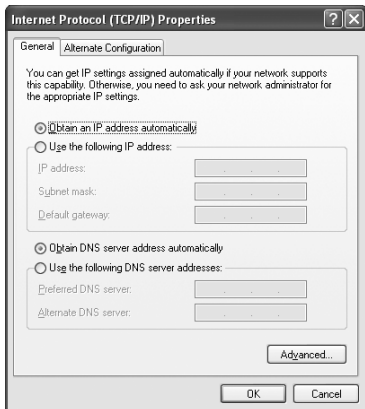
To set up a DHCP IP address:

- 1 Click **Start**, then click **Control Panel**. The *Control Panel* window opens. If your Control Panel is in Category View, click **Network and Internet Connections**. The *Network and Internet Connections* window opens.
- 2 Click/Double-click **Network Connections**. The *Network Connections* window opens.
- 3 Right-click **Wireless Network Connection**, then click **Properties**. The *Wireless Network Connection Properties* dialog box opens.



- 4 Click to select the **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** check box in the **This connection uses the following items** list. If you do not see TCP/IP, drag the scroll bar to see more choices.
- 5 Click **Properties**. The *Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties* dialog box opens.

6 Click the **General** tab.



- 7** Click **Obtain an IP address automatically**.
- 8** Click **OK** to close the *Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties* dialog box.
- 9** Click **OK** to close the *Wireless Network Connection Properties* dialog box.
- 10** Click **X** to close the *Network Connections* window.
- 11** Repeat this procedure for every computer on your network.
- 12** After you set up the IP addresses on all your computers, go to “Where to go from here” on page 17.

Turning the wireless emitter off

Warning




Radio frequency wireless communication can interfere with equipment on commercial aircraft. Current aviation regulations require wireless devices to be turned off while traveling in an airplane. IEEE 802.11a, IEEE 802.11b, and IEEE 802.11g communication devices are examples of devices that provide wireless communication.

You can turn off the wireless emitter to conserve the battery charge on your notebook computer or to make a computer unavailable on the network. There are times, such as when you are flying in an aircraft, when you should turn off your wireless emitter. For more safety and regulatory information, see “Safety, Regulatory, and Legal Information” on page 39.



To turn the wireless emitter off:


- Click the remove hardware  icon in the taskbar, the USB adapter name, then click **Stop**.

- OR -

Turn off your computer.

Important



If the remove hardware icon does not appear on the taskbar in Windows XP, click the show hidden icons  button.

Where to go from here

Creating your wireless Ethernet network

Now that you have configured your wireless Ethernet network, you are ready to create a wireless network. Go to the creating a wireless access point network or creating a peer-to-peer wireless network section in the *Setting Up Your Wireless Windows Network* guide included on the installation CD that came with your network device.

Using your wireless Ethernet network

After you create and configure your wireless Ethernet network and you know how to turn your wireless emitter on and off, you are ready to use the network. Go to the sharing your resources section in the *Setting Up Your Wireless Windows Network* guide included on the installation CD that came with your network device.

Troubleshooting your wireless Ethernet network

If you cannot get your wireless Ethernet network to work, go to the troubleshooting section in the *Setting Up Your Wireless Windows Network* guide included on the installation CD that came with your network device.



Windows 98SE, Windows Me, and Windows 2000

2

This chapter describes how to connect a Gateway wireless USB adapter to your Windows 98SE, Windows Me, or Windows 2000 computer and configure your computer for a wireless Ethernet network. Complete these tasks in sequence:

- “Step 1: Installing the hardware and software” on page 20.
- “Step 2: Configuring the USB adapter” on page 26.
- “Step 3: Configuring the TCP/IP protocol” on page 30.

If you need to install and configure the USB adapter for Windows XP, see “Windows XP” on page 1.



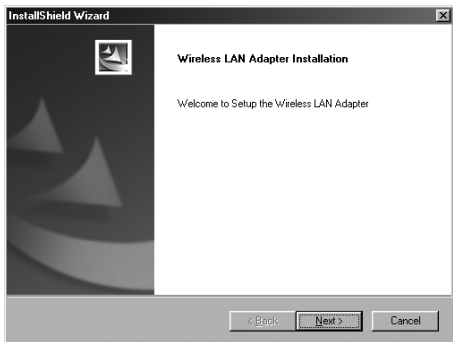
Step 1: Installing the hardware and software

Installing the Gateway Wireless Monitor

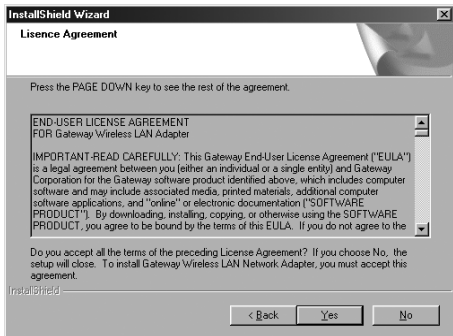
Use the following instructions to install the Gateway Wireless Monitor program.

To install the Gateway Wireless Monitor:

- 1 Insert the CD that came with your PC Card into your computer's CD or DVD drive. If the program starts automatically, go to Step 5.
- OR -
If the program does not start automatically, go to Step 2.
- 2 Click **Start**, then click **Run**. The *Run* dialog box opens.
- 3 In the **Open** text box, type **d:\app\setup.exe** (where **d** is the drive letter of your CD or DVD drive).
- 4 Click **OK**. The Gateway Wireless Monitor wizard starts.



- 5 Click **Next**. The *License Agreement* screen opens.



- 6 Click **Yes** to accept the License Agreement. The *Choose Destination Location* screen opens.
- 7 Click **Next**. The wizard installs the program on your computer.



Connecting the USB adapter

Use the following instructions to connect the USB adapter to your computer.

To connect the USB adapter to your computer:

- 1 Connect the USB cord to the USB adapter.



- 2 Connect the other end of the USB cable to a USB port in your computer.



- 3 If this is the first time you have connected this USB adapter to your computer, the Add New Hardware Wizard opens. To complete the USB adapter installation, go to "Installing the USB adapter driver" on page 23.

Installing the USB adapter driver

The following instructions tell you how to install the USB adapter driver using the Add New Hardware Wizard.

Important



The instructions for installing the wireless device driver use the Add New Hardware Wizard. The example screens show the screens that typically appear in the course of using the wizard. If your operating system situation differs from that used in this example, you may encounter additional screens or screens with different selections. Make sure that you read each screen in the wizard and make your selections based on your particular network situation.



To install the USB adapter driver

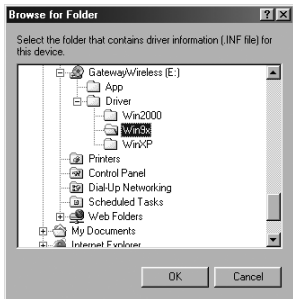
- 1 When the Add New Hardware Wizard opens, insert the installation CD into the CD drive.



- 2 Click **Next**. The search for new drivers screen opens.



- 3 Click to select the **CD-ROM drive** and **Specify a location** check boxes. Make sure that all other check boxes are cleared.
- 4 Click **Browse**. The *Browse for Folder* dialog box opens.



- 5 Navigate to the *Driver* folder located on the installation CD. For example, if you are installing drivers for Windows 98SE, click to highlight the **Win9X** folder located under the *Driver* folder on the installation CD.

Important



If you are installing drivers for Windows Me, click the Win9X folder for the Windows Me driver installation.

- 6 Click **OK**. The Add New Wizard locates the USB adapter driver.



- 7 Click **Next**. The device driver files are copied to the hard drive.
- 8 Click **OK** to restart your computer and complete the driver installation.

Step 2: Configuring the USB adapter

Naming the computers and the workgroup

The first time you use networking on your computer, you need to give each computer a unique name and assign each computer to the same workgroup.

If you are naming the computers and workgroup in Windows 2000, see “To identify a Windows 2000 computer on the network:” on page 28.

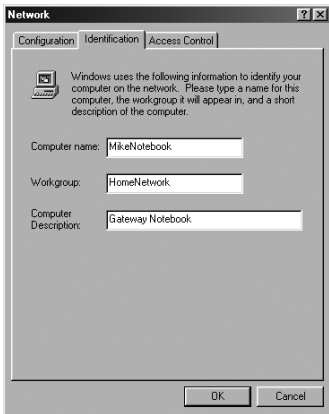
If you are naming the computer and workgroup in Windows 98SE or Windows Me, see “To identify a Windows 98SE or Windows Me computer on the network:” on page 26.



To identify a Windows 98SE or Windows Me computer on the network:

- 1 Click **Start**, **Settings**, then click **Control Panel**. The *Control Panel* window opens.
- 2 If you are using Windows Me, click **view all Control Panel options**.
- 3 Double-click the **Network** icon. The *Network* dialog box opens.

4 Click the **Identification** tab.



- 5 Type a unique computer name in the **Computer name** box. This name identifies the computer to other users on the network. Use a computer name of up to 15 characters with no blank spaces. Each computer name must be unique on your network. All-numeric computer names are not allowed. Names must contain some letters.

Important



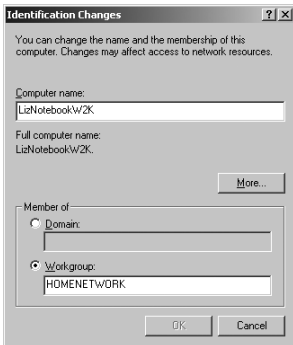
You must give each computer on the network a unique Computer Name and the same Workgroup Name.

- 6 Type a name for your workgroup in the **Workgroup** box. Use a workgroup name of up to 15 characters with no blank spaces. The workgroup name must be the same for all computers in your network workgroup, and the name must be different than any computer name on your network.
- 7 Click **OK** to close the *Network* dialog box.
- 8 Click **X** to close the Control Panel.

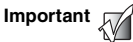
- 9 After you name each computer and assign it to your workgroup, go to “Step 3: Configuring the TCP/IP protocol” on page 30.

 **To identify a Windows 2000 computer on the network:**

- 1 Click **Start, Settings**, then click **Control Panel**. The *Control Panel* window opens.
- 2 Double-click the **System** icon. The *System Identification* dialog box opens.
- 3 Click the **Network Identification** tab.
- 4 Click **Properties**. The *Identification Changes* dialog box opens.



- 5 Type a unique computer name in the **Computer name** box. This name identifies the computer to other users on the network. Use a computer name of up to 15 characters with no blank spaces. Each computer name must be unique on your network. All-numeric computer names are not allowed. Names must contain some letters.



You must give each computer on the network a unique Computer Name and the same Workgroup Name.

- 6** Type a name for your workgroup in the **Workgroup** box. Use a workgroup name of up to 15 characters with no blank spaces. The workgroup name must be the same for all computers in your network workgroup, and the name must be different than any computer name on your network.
- 7** Click **OK** to close the *Identification Changes* dialog box.
- 8** Click **OK** to close the *System Identification* dialog box.
- 9** After you name each computer and assign it to your workgroup, go to “Step 3: Configuring the TCP/IP protocol” on page 30.

Step 3: Configuring the TCP/IP protocol

A *networking protocol* is a language computers use to talk to each other. One of several available protocols must be set up on each computer you plan to use on your network. We recommend you use the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), which is widely accepted and compatible for local area networks (LANs), as well as for Internet communications.

When networking is set up in Windows, TCP/IP should automatically be installed as the default protocol. If it is not installed, see the Windows help.

Terms you should know

DHCP - Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) lets a router automatically assign an IP address to a computer on the network.

IP Address - Internet Protocol (IP) address is a number that uniquely identifies a computer on the network.

Setting up a DHCP IP address for each computer

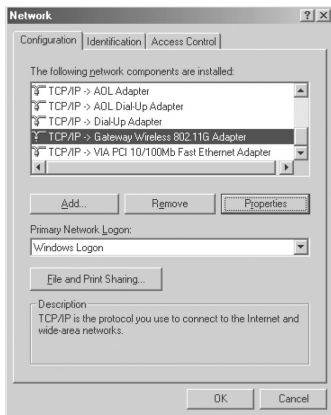
In order to use the TCP/IP protocol on each computer, you must either set the protocol to **Obtain an IP address from a DHCP server** or make the IP address settings manually. If you use a wireless access point router that can act as the DHCP server, you can select **Obtain an IP address from a DHCP server**. Obtaining an IP address automatically using DHCP is one of the most common methods for setting up wireless network devices.

If your network configuration requires a static IP address (one that does not change), you must set the IP address manually. This means that you need to enter an IP address and a subnet mask. For more information about setting the IP address manually, see the *Setting Up Your Windows Network* guide included on the installation CD that came with your network device.

If you are connecting to a home Ethernet network, have a cable or DSL modem, and a wireless access point router that automatically assigns IP addresses to computers on the network, follow the instructions in “To set up a DHCP IP address for Windows 98SE or Windows Me:” on page 31 or “To set up a DHCP IP address for Windows 2000:” on page 33.

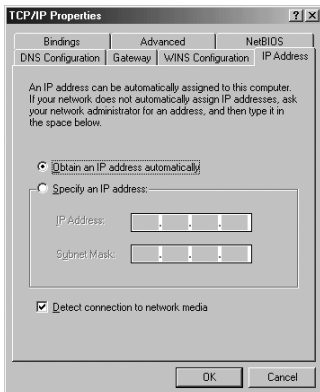
▶ To set up a DHCP IP address for Windows 98SE or Windows Me:

- 1 Click **Start, Settings**, then click **Control Panel**. The *Control Panel* window opens.
- 2 If you are using Windows Me, click **view all Control Panel options**.
- 3 Double-click the **Network** icon. The *Network* dialog box opens.



- 4 Click **TCP/IP -> Gateway Wireless 802.11G USB Adapter**. If you do not see TCP/IP, drag the scroll bar to see more choices.
- 5 Click **Properties**. The *TCP/IP Properties* dialog box opens.

- 6 Click the **IP Address** tab, then click **Obtain an IP address automatically**.

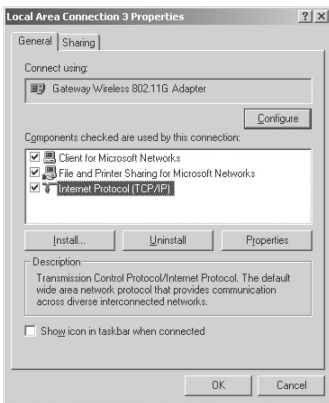


- 7 Click **OK** to close the *TCP/IP Properties* dialog box.
- 8 Click **OK** to close the *Network* dialog box.
- 9 Click **X** to close the *Control Panel* window.
- 10 Repeat this procedure for every computer on your network.
- 11 After you set up the IP addresses on all your computers, go to "Where to go from here" on page 36.



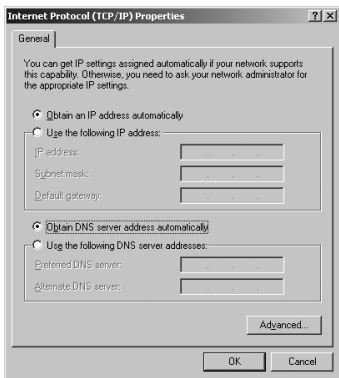
To set up a DHCP IP address for Windows 2000:

- 1 Click **Start**, **Settings**, then click **Network and Dial-up Connections**. The *Network and Dial-up Connections* window opens. This window has an icon for each networking connection available on your computer. For example, if you have both wired and wireless Ethernet hardware installed on your computer, there will be at least two icons, one for your wired Ethernet hardware and one for your wireless Ethernet hardware.
- 2 Right-click the **Local Area Connection** icon for the wireless Ethernet hardware, then click **Properties**. The *Local Area Connection Properties* dialog box opens.



- 3 Click to select the **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** check box in the **Components checked are used by this connection** list. If you do not see TCP/IP, drag the scroll bar to see more choices.

- 4 Click **Properties**. The *Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties* dialog box opens.



- 5 Click **Obtain an IP address automatically**.
- 6 Click **OK** to close the *Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties* dialog box.
- 7 Click **OK** to close the *Local Area Connection Properties* dialog box.
- 8 Click **X** to close the *Network and Dial-up Connections* window.
- 9 Repeat this procedure for every computer on your network.
- 10 After you set up the IP addresses on all your computers, go to "Where to go from here" on page 36.

Turning the wireless emitter off

Warning




Radio frequency wireless communication can interfere with equipment on commercial aircraft. Current aviation regulations require wireless devices to be turned off while traveling in an airplane. IEEE 802.11a, IEEE 802.11b, and IEEE 802.11g communication devices are examples of devices that provide wireless communication.

You can turn off the wireless emitter to conserve the battery charge on your notebook computer or to make a computer unavailable on the network. There are times, such as when you are flying in an aircraft, when you should turn off your wireless emitter. For more safety and regulatory information, see “Safety, Regulatory, and Legal Information” on page 39.



To turn the wireless emitter off:

- In the Windows Me or Windows 2000, click the remove hardware  icon in the taskbar, the USB adapter name, then click **Stop**.
- OR -
In Windows 98SE, remove the USB adapter.
- OR -
Turn off your computer.

Where to go from here

Creating your wireless Ethernet network

Now that you have configured your wireless Ethernet network, you are ready to create a wireless network. Go to the creating a wireless access point network or creating a peer-to-peer wireless network section in the *Setting Up Your Wireless Windows Network* guide included on the installation CD that came with your network device.

Using your wireless Ethernet network

After you create and configure your wireless Ethernet network and you know how to turn your wireless emitter on and off, you are ready to use the network. Go to the sharing your resources section in the *Setting Up Your Wireless Windows Network* guide included on the installation CD that came with your network device.

Troubleshooting your wireless Ethernet network

If you cannot get your wireless Ethernet network to work, go to the troubleshooting section in the *Setting Up Your Wireless Windows Network* guide included on the installation CD that came with your network device.



Getting Help

A

Technical Support

Gateway offers a wide range of customer service, technical support, and information services. Use the following information to contact Gateway for help.



Automated troubleshooting system

Service description	How to reach
Use an automated menu system and your telephone keypad to find answers to common problems.	800-846-2118 (US) 877-709-2945 (Canada)

Telephone numbers

You can access the following services through your telephone to get answers to your questions:

Resource	Service description	How to reach
Fax on demand support	Order a catalog of documents on common problems, then order documents by document numbers. The documents will be faxed to you.	800-846-4526 (US) 877-709-2951 (Canada)
Gateway's fee-based software tutorial service	Get tutorial assistance for software issues billed by the minute.	800-229-1103 (charged to your credit card) 900-555-4695 (charged to your telephone bill)
Gateway Technical Support	Talk to a Gateway Technical Support representative about a non-tutorial technical support question.) TDD Technical Support (for hearing impaired) is available: Weekdays 6:00 a.m. - 8:00 p.m. Central Time Weekends 6:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. Central Time	800-846-2301 (US) 800-846-3609 (Canada and Puerto Rico) 605-232-2191 (all other countries) 800-846-1778 (TDD)
Sales, accounting, and warranty	Get information about available systems, pricing, orders, billing statements, warranty service, or other non-technical issues.	800-846-2000 (US) 888-888-2037 (Canada)



Safety, Regulatory, and Legal Information

B

Regulatory compliance statements

Wireless Guidance

The WBU-110 802.11b wireless LAN (low power Radio Frequency, RF, transmitting device) operates in the 2400 - 2483.5 MHz band. The following section is a general overview of considerations while operating the wireless LAN.

Limitations, cautions, and concerns are listed below and in the specific country sections (or country group sections). This wireless device is only qualified for use in the countries identified by the Radio Approval Marks on the device rating label. If the country you will be using the wireless device in is not listed, please



contact that countries local Radio Approval agency for requirements prior to operation. Wireless devices are closely regulated and use may not be allowed.

The power output of the WBU-110 wireless LAN device is well below the RF exposure limits as known at this time. Because this wireless device emits less energy than is allowed in radio frequency safety standards and recommendations, Gateway believes these devices are safe for use. Regardless of the power levels, care should be taken to minimize human contact during normal operation.

Measurements have been performed to show that the RF exposure is below what is considered safe limits; however, care should be taken to make sure that the user or bystanders keep the transmitter away from their bodies when the wireless device is transmitting. The transmitting antenna should be installed and used in a manner to maintain 20 cm (8 inches) from user's or bystanders' bodies.

This wireless device is intended to be used indoors. In some areas, use of this device outdoors is prohibited.

Some circumstances require restrictions on using wireless devices. Examples of common restrictions are listed below:

Warning



Radio frequency wireless communication can interfere with equipment on commercial aircraft. Current aviation regulations require wireless devices to be turned off while traveling in an airplane. IEEE 802.11b and IEEE 802.11g (also known as wireless Ethernet or Wifi) communication devices are examples of devices that provide wireless communication. For more information about turning off the wireless device, see “Turning the wireless emitter off” on page 16 and “Turning the wireless emitter off” on page 35.

Warning



In environments where the risk of interference to other devices or services is harmful or perceived as harmful, the option to use a wireless device may be restricted or eliminated. Airports, hospitals, and oxygen or flammable gas laden atmospheres are limited examples where use of wireless devices may be restricted or eliminated. When in environments where you are uncertain of the sanction to use wireless devices, ask the applicable authority for authorization prior to use or turning on the wireless device.

Warning



Every country has different restrictions on the use of wireless devices. Since your system is equipped with a wireless device, when traveling between countries with your system, check with the local Radio Approval authorities prior to any move or trip for any restrictions on the use of a wireless device in the destination country.

Warning



Do not operate the wireless device unless all covers and shields are in place and the system is fully assembled.

Warning



Wireless devices are not user serviceable. Do not modify them in any way. Modification to a wireless device will void the authorization to use it. Contact Gateway for service.

Warning



Only use drivers approved for the country in which the device will be used. Install the Gateway device drivers included with your product, or contact Gateway Technical Support for additional information.

Warning



In order to comply with FCC requirements this transmitter must not be operated (or co-located) in conjunction with any other transmitter or antenna.

United States of America

Federal Communications Commission (FCC)

Intentional emitter per FCC Part 15

The power output of the WBU-110 wireless LAN device is well below the RF exposure limits as known at this time. Because this wireless device emits less energy than is allowed in radio frequency safety standards and recommendations, Gateway believes these devices are safe for use. Regardless of the power levels, care should be taken to minimize human contact during normal operation.

Measurements have been performed to show that the RF exposure is below what is considered safe limits; however, care should be taken to make sure the user or bystanders keep the transmitter away from their bodies when the wireless device is transmitting. The transmitting antenna should be installed and used in a manner to maintain 20 cm (8 inches) from user's or bystanders' bodies.

This wireless device is intended to be used indoors. In some areas, use of this device outdoors is prohibited.

Operation of this device is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Warning



Wireless devices are not user serviceable. Do not modify them in any way. Modification to a wireless device will void the authorization to use it. Contact Gateway for service.

Unintentional emitter per FCC Part 15

This device has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio or television reception. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause interference to radio and television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Compliance Accessories: These accessories are required to be used in order to ensure compliance with FCC rules: The USB cable that came with the WBU-110.

FCC declaration of conformity

Responsible party:

Gateway Companies, Inc.

610 Gateway Drive, North Sioux City, SD 57049

(605) 232-2000 Fax: (605) 232-2023

Product:

- Gateway WBU-110

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation of this product is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Warning



Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Gateway could void the FCC compliance and negate your authority to operate the product.

California Proposition 65 Warning

Warning



This product contains chemicals, including lead, known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or birth defects or reproductive harm.

Notices

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