

# Grandstream Networks, Inc.

HT503 FXS/FXO Port Analog Telephone Adaptor



HT503 User Manual Firmware Version 1.0.0.6 www.grandstream.com support@grandstream.com

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### TABLE OF GUI INTERFACES

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### (http://www.grandstream.com/user manuals/GUI/GUI HT503.rar)

- 1. SCREENSHOT OF CONFIGURATION LOGIN PAGE
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# WELCOME

Thank you for purchasing Grandstream's HT503, the affordable, feature rich, Analog Telephone Adaptor/IAD. The HT503 combines a sleek design with the latest technology to offer more advanced telephony features and significantly better integrated router performance than its predecessor – the HT488. It is the second ATA/IAD in the HandyTone 50x series. The HT503 functions as a true 3-in-1 gateway for PSTN network, analog telephone FXS interface and IP network. It enables remote call origination and termination from/to PSTN and supports the feature of "hop-on/hop-off" calling.

This manual will help you learn how to operate and manage your HT503 Analog Telephone Adaptor/IAD and make the best use of its many upgraded features including simple and quick installation, 3-way conferencing, and remote call origination and "hop-on/hop-off" calling using the programmable PSTN FXO port. This HT503 is very easy to manage and configure, and is specifically designed to be an easy to use and affordable VoIP solution for both the residential user and the remote user.

This document is subject to changes without notice. The latest electronic version of this user manual can be downloaded from the following location: <u>http://www.grandstream.com/resources.html</u>

### SAFETY COMPLIANCES

The HT503 adaptor complies with FCC/CE and various safety standards. The HT503 power adaptor is compliant with UL standard. Only use the universal power adapter provided with the HT503 package. The manufacturer's warranty does not cover damages to the phone caused by unsupported power adaptors.

### WARRANTY

If you purchased your HT503 from a reseller, please contact them for replacement, repair or refund. If you purchased the product directly from Grandstream, contact your Grandstream Sales and Service Representative for a RMA (Return Materials Authorization) number before you return the product. Grandstream reserves the right to remedy warranty policy without prior notification.

*Caution:* Changes or modifications to this product not expressly approved by Grandstream, or operation of this product in any way other than as detailed by this User Manual, could void your manufacturer warranty.

- This document is contains links to Grandstream GUI Interfaces. Please remember to download these examples <a href="http://www.grandstream.com/user\_manuals/GUI/GUI\_HT503.rar">http://www.grandstream.com/user\_manuals/GUI/GUI\_HT503.rar</a> for your reference.
- This document is subject to change without notice. The latest electronic version of this user manual is available for download from the following location: http://www.grandstream.com/user manuals/HT503 User Manual.pdf
- Reproduction or transmittal of the entire or any part, in any form or by any means, electronic or print, for any purpose without the express written permission of Grandstream Networks, Inc. is not permitted.



# INSTALLATION

### **EQUIPMENT PACKAGING**

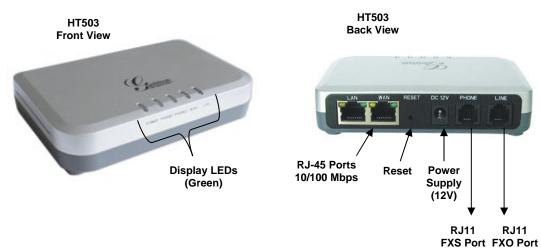
The HT503 ATA package contains:

- One HT503 Main Case
- One Universal Power Adaptor
- One Ethernet Cable
- One HT503 Vertical Stand

# **CONNECTING YOUR ATA**

The HT503 Analog Telephone Adaptor is an all-in-one VoIP integrated device designed to be a total solution for networks providing VoIP services. The HT503 VoIP features and functions are available using a regular analog telephone.

### FIGURE 1: CONNECTING THE HT503



The HT503 has one FXS port and one FXO port. The PHONE port next to the power supply is an FXS port. The LINE port on the back right of the HT503 is an FXO port. Both the FXS port and the FXO port can have a separate SIP account. This is a key feature of HT503 as it supports <u>simultaneous</u> calls on both the FXS port and FXO port. Telephone calls can be originated from or terminated on the PSTN network remotely via the FXO port.

### TABLE 1: DEFINITIONS OF THE HT503 CONNECTORS

12VDC, 0.5A	Power adapter connection
LAN Port (RJ-45)	Connect the LAN port with an Ethernet cable to your PC.
WAN Port (RJ-45)	Connect to the internal LAN network or router.
PHONE (RJ-11)	FXS port to be connected to analog phones / fax machines.
LINE (RJ-11)	FXO port should be connected to the PSTN line

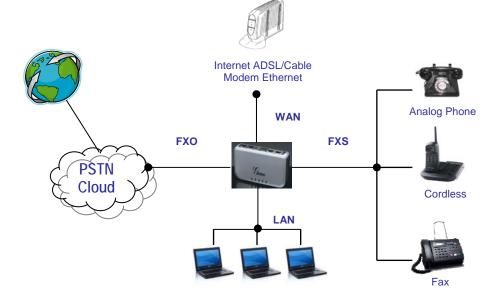


### FIVE EASY STEPS TO INSTALL THE HT503

The HT503 is designed for easy configuration and easy installation. Configure the HT503 following the directions in the Configuration section of this manual.

- 1. Connect a standard touch-tone analog telephone to the PHONE port.
- 2. Insert a standard RJ11 telephone cable into the LINE port and connect the other end of the telephone cable to a wall jack.
- 3. Insert the Ethernet cable into the WAN port of HT503 and connect the other end of the Ethernet cable to an uplink port (a router or a modem, etc.)
- 4. Connect a PC to the LAN port of HT503 if it is being used as a router.
- 5. Insert the power adapter into the HT503 and connect it to a wall outlet.

### FIGURE 2: INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM OF THE HT503





# **PRODUCT OVERVIEW**

The HT503 is an affordable, high-quality, integrated IP telephony solution for both the residential customers and the 'road-warriors' who need advanced call features between traditional PSTN network and IP network. The HT503 enables IP connectivity for any phone or fax using the FXS port and a webbased GUI for easy configuration and installation. It functions as a true FXO gateway that enables remote call origination and termination from/to PSTN and supports the feature of "hop-on/hop-off" using the programmable FXO port.

The HT503 features 2 SIP account profiles and supports advanced telephony features including caller ID, call waiting, call transfer, 3-way conferencing (with either IP or PSTN calls), and multi-language voice prompts. From a technical standpoint, the HT503 offers a power-outage survivable life line and internetdisconnect survivable fail-over-to-PSTN support, dual 10/100Mbps Ethernet ports with integrated highperformance NAT router, a flexible dial plan and a broad range of popular voice codecs.

Interfaces	1 FXS telephone port (RJ11, 1 FXO PSTN line port (RJ11) with lifeline support					
	Two (2) 10M/100 Mbps ports (RJ45) with integrated Nat router					
Protocol Support	TCP/UDP/IP, RTP/RTCP, HTTP/HTTPS, ARP/RARP, ICMP, DNS, DHCP, NTP, TFTF PPPoE, STUN & TELNET protocols					
LED Indicators	Power, WAN, LAN, PHONE, and LINE					
RESET Button	Factory Reset Button					
Device Management	Web interface or via secure (AES encrypted) central configuration file for mass deployment					
	Support device configuration via built-in IVR, Web browser or central configuration file through TFTP or HTTP					
	Support Layer 2 (802.1Q, VLAN, 802.1p) and Layer 3 QoS (ToS, DiffServ, MPLS)					
	Auto/manual provisioning system					
	NAT-friendly remote software upgrade (via TFTP/HTTP) for deployed devices includin behind firewall/NAT					
	Syslog support					
DHCP Server/Client	Yes					
Audio Features	Advanced Digital Signal Processing (DSP)					
	Dynamic negotiation of codec and voice payload length					
	Support for G.723.1A, G.729A/B/E, G.711, G.726-40/24/16, iLBC, T.38 codecs					
	In-band and out-of-band DTMF ((in audio, RFC2833, SIP INFO)					
	Silence Suppression, VAD (voice activity detection), CNG (comfort noise generation), ANG (automatic gain control)					
	Adaptive jitter buffer control					
	Packet delay & loss concealment (PLC) & G.168 compliant Line Echo Cancellation					
	Support volume amplification					
	Support configurable Call Progress Tones					
Call Handling Features	Caller ID display or block, Call waiting caller ID, Call waiting/flash, Call transfer, hold, call forward, do not disturb, 3-way conferencing					
Network and Provisioning	Manual or dynamic host configuration protocol (DHCP) network setup; RTP and NAT support traversal via STUN					
Fax over IP	T.38 compliant Group 3 Fax Relay up to 14.4kpbs and auto-switch to G.711 for Fax Pass-through (pending), Fax Data pump V.17, V.19, V.27ter, V.29 for T.38 fax relay					
	DIGEST authentication and encryption using MD5 and MD5-sess					
Security	Dideor additionation and onorypation doing mbo and mbo bood					

### TABLE 2: HT503 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS



# HARDWARE SPECIFICATION

The table below lists the hardware specification of HT503.

### TABLE 3: HT503 HARDWARE SPECIFICATION

LAN interface	1xRJ45 10/100 Mbps Port					
WAN interface	1xRJ45 10/100 Mbps Port					
FXS telephone port	1 x FXS (RJ11)					
FXO telephone port (PSTN Port)	1x PSTN pass-through and life line port					
LED	Power, WAN, LAN, PHONE, and LINE (Green)					
Universal Switching Power Adaptor	<i>Input:</i> 100–240 VAC, 50-60 Hz <i>Output:</i> 12VDC, 0.5A, <b>UL</b> certified					
Dimension	25mm x 115mm x 75mm (when laying flat); 115mm x 25mm x 75mm (standing up)					
Weight	Approximately 0.6lbs (0.3kg)					
Temperature	Operational: 32° - 104°F or 5° – 45°C Storage: 10°–130°F					
Humidity	10% - 90% (non-condensing)					
Compliance	FCCEC					



# **BASIC OPERATIONS**

# GET FAMILIAR WITH VOICE PROMPT

HT503 has a stored voice prompt menu for quick browsing and simple configuration. Currently, the voice prompt menu is designed for the FXS port <u>only</u>. Dial "\*\*\*" from the analog phone to enter the voice prompt.

### TABLE 4: HT503 IVR MENU DEFINITIONS

Menu	Voice Prompt	Options				
Main Menu	"Enter a Menu Option"	Press "*" for the next menu option Press "#" to return to the main menu Enter 01-05, 07,12-17,47 or 99 menu options				
01	"DHCP Mode", "Static IP Mode"	Press " <b>9</b> " to toggle the selection If using " <i>Static IP Mode</i> ", configure the IP address information using menus 02 to 05. If using " <i>Dynamic IP Mode</i> ", all IP address information comes from the DHCP server automatically after reboot.				
02	"IP Address " + IP address	The current WAN IP address is announced If using "Static IP Mode", enter 12 digit new IP address.				
03	"Subnet " + IP address	Same as menu 02				
04	"Gateway " + IP address	Same as menu 02				
05	"DNS Server " + IP address	Same as menu 02				
07	Preferred Vocoder	Press "9" to move to the next selection in the list: PCM U / PCM A G.723 G.729 G.726 iLBC				
12	WAN Port Web Access	Press "9" to toggle between enable / disable				
13	Firmware Server IP Address	Announces current Firmware Server IP address. Enter 12 digit new IP address.				
14	Configuration Server IP Address	Announces current Config Server Path IP address. Enter 12 digit new IP address.				
15	Upgrade Protocol	Upgrade protocol for firmware and configuration update. Press "9" to toggle between TFTP / HTTP				
16	Firmware Version	Firmware version information.				
17	Firmware Upgrade	Firmware upgrade mode. Press " <b>9</b> " to toggle among the following three options: - always check - check when pre/suffix changes - never upgrade				
47	"Direct IP Calling"	Enter a 12 digit IP address to make a direct IP call, after dial tone. (See "Make a Direct IP Call".)				
99	"RESET"	Press " <b>9</b> " to reboot the device; <b>or</b> Enter encoded MAC address to restore factory default setting (See " <i>Restoring Factory Settings</i> ")				
	"Invalid Entry"	Automatically returns to main menu				



NOTE:

- "\*" shifts down to the next menu option
- "#" returns to the main menu
- "9" functions as the ENTER key in many cases to confirm an option
- All entered digit sequences have known lengths 2 digits for menu option and 12 digits for IP address. For IP address, add 0 before the digits if the digits are less than 3 (like 192.168.0.26 should be key in like 192168000026, no dot needed while input). Once all of the digits are collected, the input will be processed.
- Key entry can not be deleted but the phone may prompt error once it is detected

# PLACING PHONE CALLS

### CALLING PHONE OR EXTENSION NUMBERS

There are currently two methods to make an extension number call:

- a) Dial the numbers directly and wait for 4 (default) seconds.
  - b) Dial the numbers directly, and press # (assuming that "use # as dial key" is selected in the web configuration).

### EXAMPLES:

- To dial another extension on the same proxy, such as 1008, simply pick up the attached phone, dial 1008 and then press the # or wait for 4 seconds.
- To dial a PSTN number such as 6266667890, you may need a prefix number followed by the phone number. Please check with your VoIP service provider for this information. If your phone is assigned a PSTN-like number such as 6265556789, you will most likely follow the rule 1 + (the number) – 16266667890. Press # or wait for 4 seconds.

### DIRECT IP CALLS

Direct IP calling allows two parties, that is, a HT with an analog phone and another VoIP Device, to talk to each other in an ad hoc fashion without a SIP proxy. This kind of VoIP calls can be made between two parties if:

- Both HT503 and other VoIP Device (i.e. another Handytone ATA or Budgetone SIP phone or other VoIP unit) have public IP addresses, or
- Both HT503 and other VoIP Device are on the same LAN using private IP addresses, or
- Both HT503 and other VoIP Device can be connected through a router using public or private IP addresses (with necessary port forwarding or DMZ).

### TO PLACE A DIRECT IP CALL:

- 1. Pick up the analog phone (or use the speakerphone),
- 2. Access the voice menu prompt by dial "\*\*\*"
- 3. Dial "47" to access the direct IP call menu
- 4. At voice prompt "Direct IP Calling" and dial tone, enter a 12-digit target IP address to make a call.

Destination ports can be specified by using "\*4" (encoding for ":") followed by the port number.



### EXAMPLES:

- If the target IP address is 192.168.0.10, the dialing convention is Voice Prompt with option 47, then 192 168 000 010 followed by pressing the "#" key if it is configured as a send key or wait for more than 5 seconds.
- If the target IP address/port is 192.168.1.20:5062, then the dialing convention would be: Voice Prompt with option 47, then 192168001020\*45062 followed by pressing the "#" key if it is configured as a send key or wait for 4 seconds.

NOTE: When placing a direct IP call, the "Use Random Port" should be set to "NO".

#### CALL HOLD

This function is applicable on the **FXS port** for VoIP calls only. While in conversation, pressing the "flash" button on the connected phone (if the phone has that button) places the remote end on hold. Pressing the "flash" button again releases the previously held party and the conversation can resume. If no "flash" button is available, then on-off hook quickly (hook flash) will do the same thing. You may lose the call if 'hook flash' is not quick enough.

#### CALL WAITING

This function is applicable on **FXS port** for VoIP calls only. If the *call waiting* feature is enabled, the user will hear a special stutter tone if there is another call on the line. Press the flash button to place the current party on hold and switch to the other call. Pressing the flash button toggles between two active calls. The HT503 also provides CWCID (call waiting caller ID) information which includes caller ID information in addition to the special stutter tone. The analog phone must support this feature for it to work on the HT503. Both call waiting functions (call waiting and CWCID) are activated and deactivated from the configuration pages menu.

### CALL TRANSFER

The HT503 supports both blind transfer and attended transfer.

### **Blind Transfer**

This function is applicable using the FXS port for VoIP calls only. Assume that parties **A** and **B** are in conversation. Party A wants to *Blind Transfer* Party B to C:

- 1. A presses FLASH on the analog phone to hear the dial tone.
- 2. Then A dials \*87, then dials C's number, and then presses #
- 3. A can hang up.

**NOTE:** *"Enable Call Feature"* has to be set to *"Yes"* in web configuration page.



Three situations can follow the transfer:

- 1. A quick confirmation tone (temporarily using the call waiting indication tone) followed by a dialtone. This indicates the transfer was successful (transferee has received a 200 OK from transfer target). A can either hang up or make another call.
- 2. A quick busy tone followed by a restored call (on supported platforms only). This means the transferee has received a 4xx response for the INVITE and we will try to recover the call. The busy tone indicates the transfer has failed.
- 3. Busy tone keeps playing. This means we have failed to receive the second NOTIFY from the transferee and the call has timed out.

**Note**: this does not indicate the transfer has been successful, nor does it indicate the transfer has failed. When transferee is a client that does not support the second NOTIFY (such as our own earlier firmware), this situation occurs. In bad network scenarios, this could also happen, although the transfer may have been completed successfully.

#### Attended Transfer

This function is applicable on the **FXS port** for VoIP calls only. Assume that parties **A** and **B** are in conversation. Party A wants to *Attend Transfer* Party B to C:

- 1. A presses FLASH on the analog phone to get a dial tone;
- 2. A then dial C's number followed by #.
- 3. If C answers the call, A and C are in conversation. Then A can hang up to complete transfer.
- 4. If C does not answer the call, A can press "flash" back to talk to B.

**NOTE:** When **Attended Transfer** fails and A hangs up, the HT503 will ring user A back again to remind A that party B is still on the call. Party A can pick up the phone to resume a conversation with party B.

### **3-WAY CONFERENCING**

The HT503 supports both Star Code Style and Bellcore Style 3-way conferencing.

### Star Code Style 3-way Conference

This function is applicable on the **FXS port** for VoIP calls only. Assume that parties **A** and **B** are in conversation. Party **A** wants to bring C into a 3-way conference:

- 1. A presses FLASH (on the analog phone, or Hook Flash for old model phones) to get a dial tone.
- 2. A dials \*23 then C's number then # (or wait for 4 seconds).
- 3. If C answers the call, then A presses FLASH to bring **B**, **C** in the conference.
- 4. If C does not answer the call, A can press FLASH back to talk to B.
- 5. If **A** presses FLASH during conference, C will be dropped out.

**NOTE:** *"Enable Call Feature"* has to be set to YES in FXS PORT in the web configuration page.

#### **Bellcore Style 3-way Conference**

To use the Bellcore Style conference, the "Use Bell-style 3-way Conference" field in FXS PORT web configuration must be enabled.

Assume that parties **A** and **B** are in conversation. Party **A** (using the HT503) wants to bring C into a 3-way conference:



- 1. A presses FLASH (on the analog phone, or Hook Flash for old model phones) to get a dial tone.
- 2. A dials C's number then # (or wait for 4 seconds).
- 3. If C answers the call, then A presses FLASH to bring **B**, C in the conference.
- 4. If C does not answer the call, A can press FLASH back to talk to B.
- 5. If **A** presses FLASH during the conference, C will be dropped out.

**Note:** Party A is the call initiator for both calls with party B and party C.

### **PSTN PASS THROUGH**

HT503 supports PSTN pass through using the **FXS port**. The user can place and receive PSTN calls when the FXS port is in use.

- To receive PSTN calls, pick up the phone when it rings;
- To complete a PSTN call, press the PSTN access code (\*00 is default, or any number configured in the web configuration) to switch to the PSTN line, listen for a dial tone, then dial the number.

•

It the HT503 loses power, it will function as a jack, enabling a direct connection to the PSTN Line.

### VOIP-TO-PSTN CALLS

This function is available using the **FXO port**. The FXO port functions as a bridge between the Internet and PSTN. The user can remotely use a PSTN line to initiate a call.

### TO MAKE A VOIP-TO-PSTN CALL:

- 1. Dial the FXO SIP account phone number to establish the VoIP session. The caller will hear the ring back tone <u>once</u>. Then the caller hears either a special continuous tone or a dial tone. The special continuous tone is played if the pin code is configured, otherwise, the caller will hear a dial tone.
- 2. Enter the pin code (configured on the configuration page). The caller will hear a dial tone and be connected to the PSTN line if the pin code is valid. If the pin code is invalid, the continuous tone is played to prompt caller to enter the pin code again. The user may try up to 3 times to enter a correct pin code. After three (3) tries, the HT503 hangs up.
- 3. After the caller hears a dial tone from PSTN line, the caller can place the next call.
- 4. The user can hit the # key to identify the end of the pin code or wait 4 seconds for a new dial tone and then dialing the PSTN number.

### Note:

- Users can choose whether or not to apply password protection for VoIP-to-PSTN calls. A PIN (Pin for PSTN calls) consists of up to 8 numeric digits and can be configured using the BASIC SETTINGS of the web configuration page. By default, there is no password protection. (I.e. there is no authentication required for callers on the use of PSTN line through HT503).
- When a PIN is configured for VOIP-to-PSTN call flow, the VoIP device that calls into the HT503 FXO account needs to configure RFC2833 or SIP Info for DTMF digit transmission.
- The special continuous tone is the prompt to enter a valid PIN code. If a caller doesn't enter a valid PIN, the HT503 times out after 10 seconds. Users may press the "#" key to indicate the end of an input or wait 4 seconds.
- On the web configuration page, if the "Forward to PSTN" is configured, the second stage dialing format is eliminated, so after dialing into the FXO SIP account number, the PSTN number will be called automatically



### PSTN-TO-VOIP CALLS

This function is available using the **FXO port**. The FXO port functions as a bridge between the Internet and PSTN and enables calls to be passed from the PSTN network to VoIP. The user can make VoIP calls remotely by dialing into the FXO line port on HT503.

### TO MAKE A PSTN-TO-VOIP CALL:

- 1. Make an incoming call to the PSTN line on FXO port. The phone will ring for 4 times by default (this setting is configurable on the configuration page).
- 2. If no one answers the call after 4 rings (default configuration), then the caller hears either a special continuous tone (prompting a PIN number) or a dial tone.
- 3. Enter a valid PIN. The caller will hear dial tone and be bridged to VoIP. If an incorrect PIN is input, the continuous tone prompts caller to enter a valid PIN. The caller may try 3 times to enter a valid PIN, if it is invalid the HT503 will hang up.
- 4. The caller can dial a VoIP number followed by # (or wait for 4 seconds); the VoIP call will be initiated from the SIP account configured on the FXO port.

#### NOTE:

- Users can choose whether or not to apply password protection for VoIP-to-PSTN calls. A PIN (Pin for PSTN calls) consists of up to 8 numeric digits and can be configured using the BASIC SETTINGS of the web configuration page. By default, there is no password protection. (I.e. there is no authentication required for callers on the use of PSTN line through HT503).
- When a PIN is configured for VOIP-to-PSTN call flow, the VoIP device that calls into the HT503 FXO account needs to configure RFC2833 or SIP Info for DTMF digit transmission.
- The special continuous tone is the prompt to enter a valid PIN code. If a caller doesn't enter a valid PIN, the HT503 times out after 10 seconds. Users may press the "#" key to indicate the end of an input or wait 4 seconds.
- On the web configuration page, if the "*Forward to VoIP*" is configured, the second stage dialing format is eliminated, so after dialing into the FXO SIP account number, the PSTN number will be called automatically

### ROUTE CALLS TO PSTN

The FXO port enables access to the PSTN network. By default, the HT503 is in VoIP mode at off-hook. If "*Route call to PSTN*" is configured, certain calls will be initiated from the FXO PSTN line port. This call feature is especially useful for emergency calls or local telephone calls.

To use this feature, users need to specify a prefix or a telephone number in the "*Route call to PSTN*" in the BASIC SETTINGS web configuration page. If the dialed digits match the specified prefix, outbound calls will be initiated from PSTN line.

**Note**: The route to PSTN feature is only applicable to a phone connected to the FXS Port. The configuration is done using the "dial plan" feature under the FXS tab. An example of the configuration is **{L: 911x+}** This shows that only calls that start with 911 are immediately forwarded to the PSTN line. All other numbers will not be routed to the PSTN. An normal # would be: **{L: 617x+|x+}** or **{x+| L: 617x+}** 

For example, if "*Route call to PSTN*" is configured as 626, all outgoing calls starting with 626 will be initiated from the PSTN line.



### FORWARD CALLS TO PSTN

Any VOIP call may be forwarded to a specified PSTN number if the call is not answered after a pre configured numbers of rings. By default "*Number of Rings*" parameter has value 4.

<u>For example</u>, if the end-user has configured a cell phone number in the field "*Forward to PSTN*" under BASIC SETTINGS configuration page, all calls will be forwarded to the cell phone number after 4 rings.

### FORWARD CALLS TO VOIP

By default, each incoming PSTN call is received over the FXS port. The end-user may forward such a call to any preconfigured VoIP extension, in case the call is not answered in a certain number of rings. The Default value of the parameter "Number of Rings" is 4. If during 4 rings, the incoming from the PSTN call is not answered, the call will be forwarded to another VoIP number previously configured in the field:"*Forward to VoIP*". This parameter can also be found under BASIC SETTINGS configuration page.

#### ONE STAGE DIALING

This feature is applicable for VoIP to PSTN calls. Any VoIP extension may dial directly to a local PSTN number if the *one-stage dialing* feature is activated. This feature is configured under the FXO Configuration page and <u>requires</u> SIP Server configuration and support. The special dial plan feature must be activated in the SIP Server. An outbound call will be sent directly to the assigned FXO port account, where there the HT503 will initiate a call to the local CO. The RequestURI header in the INVITE message contains the phone number used to initiate the call to the local CO.

### FAX SUPPORT

HT503 supports FAX in two modes: 1) T.38 (Fax over IP) and 2) fax pass through. T.38 is the preferred method because it is more reliable and works well in most network conditions. If the service provider supports T.38, please use this method by selecting Fax mode to be T.38 (default). If the service provider does not support T.38, pass-through mode may be used. To send or receive faxes in fax pass through mode, users must select all the Preferred Codecs to be PCMU/PCMA (G.711-u/a).



# **CALL FEATURES**

### TABLE 5: HT503 CALL FEATURE DEFINITIONS

Key	Call Features
*30	Block Caller ID (for all subsequent calls)
*31	Send Caller ID (for all subsequent calls)
*47	<b>Direct IP Calling.</b> Dial "*47" + "IP address". <b>No</b> dial tone is played in the middle. Detail see Direct IP Calling section on page 12.
*50	Disable Call Waiting (for all subsequent calls)
*51	Enable Call Waiting (for all subsequent calls)
*67	Block Caller ID (per call). Dial "*67" + " number ". No dial tone is played in the middle.
*82	Send Caller ID (per call). Dial "*82" + " number ". No dial tone is played in the middle.
*69	Call Return Service: Dial *69 and the phone will dial the last incoming phone number received.
*70	Disable Call Waiting (per call). Dial "*70" + " number ". No dial tone is played in the middle.
*71	Enable Call Waiting (per call). Dial "*71" + " number ". No dial tone is played in the middle.
*72	<b>Unconditional Call Forward:</b> Dial "*72" and then the forwarding number followed by "#". Wait for dial tone and hang up. (dial tone indicates successful forward)
*73	<b>Cancel Unconditional Call Forward.</b> To cancel "Unconditional Call Forward", dial "*73", wait for dial tone, then hang up.
*78	Enable Do Not Disturb (DND): When enabled all incoming calls are rejected.
*79	Disable Do Not Disturb (DND): When disabled, incoming calls are accepted.
*87	Blind Transfer
*90	<b>Busy Call Forward:</b> Dial "*90" and then the forwarding number followed by "#". Wait for dial tone then hang up.
*91	Cancel Busy Call Forward. To cancel "Busy Call Forward", dial "*91", wait for dial tone, then hang up.
*92	<b>Delayed Call Forward.</b> Dial "*92" and then the forwarding number followed by "#". Wait for dial tone then hang up.
*93	<b>Cancel Delayed Call Forward.</b> To cancel Delayed Call Forward, dial "*93", wait for dial tone, then hang up.
Flash/Hook	Toggles between active call and incoming call (call waiting tone). If not in conversation, flash/hook will switch to a new channel for a new call.
#	Pressing pound sign will serve as <b>Re-Dial</b> key.

# LED Light Pattern Indication TABLE 6: HT503 LED DEFINITIONS

LEDs	
POWER LED	Indicates Power. Remains ON when power is connected
WAN LED	Indicates LAN (or WAN) port activity
LAN LED	Indicates PC (or LAN) port activity
PHONE/ LINE LED	Indicates the status of the FXS port and FXO ports on the back panel. <b>Busy</b> – ON (Solid Green) <b>Available</b> – OFF Slow blinking FXS LEDs indicates voicemail for that port.

Note: Slow blinking of POWER, WAN, and LAN LEDs together indicate firmware upgrade/provisioning state.



# **CONFIGURATION GUIDE**

### **CONFIGURING HT503 THROUGH VOICE PROMPT**

### **DHCP MODE**

Follow Table 3 with voice menu option 01 to enable HT503 to use DHCP.

### STATIC IP MODE

Follow Table 3 with voice menu option 01 to enable HT503 to use STATIC IP mode, then use option 02, 03, 04 to set up HT503's IP, Subnet Mask, Gateway respectively.

### **TFTP SERVER ADDRESS**

Follow Table 3 with voice menu option 06 to configure the IP address of the TFTP server.

### FIRMWARE SERVER IP ADDRESS

Select voice menu option 13 to configure the IP address of the firmware server.

### **CONFIGURATION SERVER IP ADDRESS**

Select voice menu option 14 to configure the IP address of the configuration server.

### UPGRADE PROTOCOL

Select voice menu option 15 to choose firmware and configuration upgrade protocol. User can choose between TFTP and HTTP.

### FIRMWARE UPGRADE MODE

Select <u>voice menu option 17</u> to choose firmware upgrade mode. There are three options: 1) always check, 2) check when pre/suffix changes, and 3) never upgrade



## CONFIGURING HT503 WITH WEB BROWSER

HT503 ATA has an embedded Web server that will respond to HTTP GET/POST requests. It also has embedded HTML pages that allow users to configure the HT503 through a Web browser such as Microsoft's IE, AOL's Netscape or Mozilla Firefox installed on Windows or Unix OS. (Macintosh OS is not included).

### Access the Web Configuration Menu

The HT503 HTML configuration page can be accessed via LAN or WAN ports.

- FROM THE LAN PORT:
  - 1. Directly connect a computer to the LAN port
  - 2. Open a command window on the computer
  - 3. Type in "ipconfig /release", the IP address etc becomes 0
  - 4. Type in "ipconfig /renew", the computer gets an IP address in 192.168.2.x segment by default
  - 5. Open a web browser, type in the default IP address of the LAN port. <u>http://192.168.2.1</u>. You will see the log in page of the device.

### • FROM THE WAN PORT:

- 1. Follow table 4 to find the WAN side IP address.
- 2. Open a web browser, type in the WAN side IP address for example: http://HT503-WAN-IP-Address

#### Note:

- WAN side HTTP access is disabled by default for security reason. You can enable HTTP access on the configuration page by setting "WAN side HTTP access" to be **YES**.
- Initial access to the configuration pages is always from the LAN port. The instructions are listed above.
- The IVR announces 12 digits IP address, you need to strip out the leading "0" in the IP address. For ex. IP address: 192.168.001.014, you need to type in http://192.168.1.14 in the web browser.

### END USER CONFIGURATION

Once the HTTP request is entered and sent from a web browser, the user will see a log-in screen. There are two default passwords for the login page:

User Level: Password:		Web pages allowed:			
End User Level	123	Only Status and Basic Settings			
Administrator Level	admin	Browse all pages			

Only an administrator can access the "*ADVANCED SETTING*" configuration page. Please reference the GUI pages using the following link: <u>http://www.grandstream.com/user\_manuals/GUI/GUI\_HT503.rar</u>.

Once this HTTP request is entered and sent from a Web browser, the HT503 will respond with the following login screen:



### FIGURE 3: SCREENSHOT OF CONFIGURATION LOG-IN PAGE

Grandstream Device Configuration					
Password					
Login					
All Rights Reserved Grandstream Networks, Inc. 2006					

The password is case sensitive with maximum length of 25 characters. The factory default password for End User and administrator is "123" and "admin" respectively. Only an administrator can access the "ADVANCED SETTING" configuration page.

**NOTE:** If you **can not** log into the configuration page by using the default password, please check with the VoIP service provider. It is most likely the VoIP service provider has provisioned the device and configured for you therefore the password has already been changed.

After a correct password is entered in the login screen, the embedded web server will respond with the Configuration pages which are explained in details below.

MAC Address	The device ID, in HEX format. This is very important ID for ISP troubleshooting.						
WAN IP Address	This field shows IP address of the HT503.						
Product Model	This field	contains the	product model in	fo, such as	HT503.		
Software Version	<ul> <li>Program: This is the main software release. This number is always used for firmware upgrade. Current release is 1.0.0.6</li> <li>Bootloader: current version is 1.0.0.7.</li> <li>Core: current version 1.0.0.14</li> <li>Base: current version is 1.0.0.5</li> </ul>						
System Uptime	This show	ws system up	time since last re	eboot.			
PPPoE Link Up	This shows whether the PPPoE is up if connected to DSL modem						
NAT	This shows what kind NAT the HT503 is connected to. It is based on STUN protocol. If the detected NAT is symmetric NAT, STUN will not work and Outbound Proxy needed to make HT503 functioning correctly.						
Port Status	Displays	information re	egarding the indiv	idual FXS	ports.		
	Port	Hook	Registration	DND	Forward	Busy Forward	Delayed Forward
	FXS	On Hook	Registered	Yes	613		
	FXO         On Hook         Registered         No         614						
	• FXS P	ort user has s	FXO port are regis set Do Not Disturt set his calls to be	D.			3.

### TABLE 7: HT503 DEVICE STATUS PAGE DEFINITIONS

### TABLE 8: HT503 BASIC SETTINGS PAGE DEFINITIONS



End User Password	This contains the password for end user to access the Web Configuration Menu. User can put new password here. This field is case sensitive with maximum of 25 characters
Web Port	This is the device's internal HTTP server port. Default is 80.
Telnet Server	Default is set to YES
IP Address	<ul> <li>If DHCP mode is enabled, then all the field values for the Static IP mode are not used (even though they are still saved in the Flash memory.) The HT503 will acquire its IP address from DHCP in the network.</li> <li>PPPoE settings are usually for DSL/ADSL modem users. The HT503 will attempt to establish a PPPoE session if PPPoE account is set.</li> <li>If Static IP mode is selected, the IP address, Subnet Mask, Default Router IP address, DNS Server 1 (mandatory), DNS Server 2 (optional) fields need to be</li> </ul>
	configured.
DHCP hostname	This option specifies the name of the client. This field is optional but may be required by some Internet Service Providers. Default is blank.
DHCP domain	This option specifies the domain name that client should use when resolving hostnames via the Domain Name System. Default is blank.
DHCP vendor class ID	This option is used by clients and servers to exchange vendor-specific information. Default is blank.
PPPoE account ID	PPPoE username. Necessary if your ISP requires you to use a PPPoE (Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet) connection
PPPoE password	PPPoE account password
PPPoE Service name	This field is optional. If your ISP uses a service name for the PPPoE connection, enter the service name here. Default is blank.
Preferred DNS	The address of your preferred DNS server.
Time Zone	This parameter controls how the displayed date/time will be adjusted according to the specified time zone.
Self Defined Time Zone	The syntax is: std offset dst [offset], start [/time], end [/time] Default is set to: MTZ+6MDT+5,M3.2.0,M11.1.0 MTZ+6MDT+5, This indicates a time zone with 6 hours offset with 1 hour ahead which is U.S central time. If it is positive (+) if the local time zone is west of the Prime Meridian and negative (-) if it is east. Prime Meridian (A.K.A: International or Greenwich Meridian) M3.2.0,M11.1.0 The 1 <sup>st</sup> number indicates Month: 1,2,3, 12 (for Jan, Feb,, Dec) The 2 <sup>nd</sup> number indicates the nth iteration of the weekday: (1 <sup>st</sup> Sunday, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Tuesday) The 3 <sup>rd</sup> number indicates weekday: 0,1,2,,6( for Sun, Mon, Tues,,Sat) Therefore, this example is the DST which starts from the second Sunday of March to the 1 <sup>st</sup> Sunday of November.
Self Defined Time Zone	The syntax is: std offset dst [offset], start [/time], end [/time] Default is set to: MTZ+6MDT+5,M3.2.0,M11.1.0 MTZ+6MDT+5, This indicates a time zone with 6 hours offset with 1 hour ahead which is U.S central time. If it is positive (+) if the local time zone is west of the Prime Meridian and negative (-) if it is east. Prime Meridian (A.K.A: International or Greenwich Meridian) M3.2.0,M11.1.0 The 1 <sup>st</sup> number indicates Month: 1,2,3, 12 (for Jan, Feb,, Dec) The 2 <sup>nd</sup> number indicates the nth iteration of the weekday: (1 <sup>st</sup> Sunday, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Tuesday) The 3 <sup>rd</sup> number indicates weekday: 0,1,2,,6( for Sun, Mon, Tues,,Sat) Therefore, this example is the DST which starts from the second Sunday of March to
	The syntax is: std offset dst [offset], start [/time], end [/time] Default is set to: MTZ+6MDT+5,M3.2.0,M11.1.0 MTZ+6MDT+5, This indicates a time zone with 6 hours offset with 1 hour ahead which is U.S central time. If it is positive (+) if the local time zone is west of the Prime Meridian and negative (-) if it is east. Prime Meridian (A.K.A: International or Greenwich Meridian) M3.2.0,M11.1.0 The 1 <sup>st</sup> number indicates Month: 1,2,3, 12 (for Jan, Feb,, Dec) The 2 <sup>nd</sup> number indicates the nth iteration of the weekday: (1 <sup>st</sup> Sunday, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Tuesday) The 3 <sup>rd</sup> number indicates weekday: 0,1,2,,6( for Sun, Mon, Tues,,Sat) Therefore, this example is the DST which starts from the second Sunday of March to the 1 <sup>st</sup> Sunday of November.
Language	The syntax is: std offset dst [offset], start [/time], end [/time] Default is set to: MTZ+6MDT+5,M3.2.0,M11.1.0 MTZ+6MDT+5, This indicates a time zone with 6 hours offset with 1 hour ahead which is U.S central time. If it is positive (+) if the local time zone is west of the Prime Meridian and negative (-) if it is east. Prime Meridian (A.K.A: International or Greenwich Meridian) M3.2.0,M11.1.0 The 1 <sup>st</sup> number indicates Month: 1,2,3, 12 (for Jan, Feb,, Dec) The 2 <sup>nd</sup> number indicates the nth iteration of the weekday: (1 <sup>st</sup> Sunday, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Tuesday) The 3 <sup>rd</sup> number indicates weekday: 0,1,2,,6( for Sun, Mon, Tues,,Sat) Therefore, this example is the DST which starts from the second Sunday of March to the 1 <sup>st</sup> Sunday of November. Languages supported with the voice prompt. This parameter controls whether the device is working in NAT router mode or Bridge
Language Device Mode	<ul> <li>The syntax is: std offset dst [offset], start [/time], end [/time]</li> <li>Default is set to: MTZ+6MDT+5,M3.2.0,M11.1.0</li> <li>MTZ+6MDT+5, This indicates a time zone with 6 hours offset with 1 hour ahead which is U.S central time. If it is positive (+) if the local time zone is west of the Prime Meridian and negative (-) if it is east. Prime Meridian (A.K.A: International or Greenwich Meridian) M3.2.0,M11.1.0 The 1<sup>st</sup> number indicates Month: 1,2,3, 12 (for Jan, Feb,, Dec) The 2<sup>nd</sup> number indicates the nth iteration of the weekday: (1<sup>st</sup> Sunday, 3<sup>rd</sup> Tuesday) The 3<sup>rd</sup> number indicates weekday: 0,1,2,,6( for Sun, Mon, Tues,,Sat) Therefore, this example is the DST which starts from the second Sunday of March to the 1<sup>st</sup> Sunday of November. Languages supported with the voice prompt. This parameter controls whether the device is working in NAT router mode or Bridge mode. Save the setting and reboot prior to configuring the HT503. The number of ports that can be managed while in NAT router mode.</li></ul>
Language Device Mode NAT Maximum Ports	The syntax is:std offset dst [offset], start [/time], end [/time]Default is set to:MTZ+6MDT+5,M3.2.0,M11.1.0MTZ+6MDT+5, This indicates a time zone with 6 hours offset with 1 hour ahead which is U.S central time. If it is positive (+) if the local time zone is west of the Prime Meridian and negative (-) if it is east.Prime Meridian (A.K.A: International or Greenwich Meridian)M3.2.0,M11.1.0The 1 <sup>st</sup> number indicates Month: 1,2,3, 12 (for Jan, Feb,, Dec) The 2 <sup>nd</sup> number indicates the nth iteration of the weekday: (1 <sup>st</sup> Sunday, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Tuesday) The 3 <sup>rd</sup> number indicates weekday: 0,1,2,,6( for Sun, Mon, Tues,,Sat) Therefore, this example is the DST which starts from the second Sunday of March to the 1 <sup>st</sup> Sunday of November.Languages supported with the voice prompt.This parameter controls whether the device is working in NAT router mode or Bridge mode. Save the setting and reboot prior to configuring the HT503.The number of ports that can be managed while in NAT router mode. Range: 0 – 4096, default is 1024. Typically one port per connection.NAT TCP idle timeout in seconds. Connection will be closed after preconfigured, timeout if not refreshed.



	Range: 0 – 3600, default is 300
Uplink Bandwidth	The maximum uplink bandwidth permitted by the device. This function is disabled by default. The total bandwidth can be set as: 128K, 256K, 512K, 1M, 4M or 10M. For example if 64 is configured, there will be at least 64kbps reserved for VoIP. The primary function of this setting is to reserve bandwidth for VoIP.
Downlink Bandwidth	The maximum downlink bandwidth permitted by the device. This function is disabled by default. The total bandwidth can be set as: 128K, 256K, 512K, 1M, 4M or 10M. For example if 128 is configured, there will be at least 128kbps reserved for VoIP. The primary function of this setting is to reserve bandwidth for VoIP.
Enable UPnP	When set to "Yes", the HT503 acts as an UPnP gateway for your UPnP enabled applications. UPnP = "Universal Plug and Play"
Reply to ICMP on WAN Port	When set to "Yes", the HT503 responds to the PING command from other computers, but is also made vulnerable to DOS attacks. Default is <b>No</b> .
WAN Side HTTP/Telnet Access	When set to "Yes", the user can access the web configuration pages through the WAN port, instead of through the PC port. <u>Warning</u> : this configuration is less secure than the default option. Default is <b>No</b> .
Cloned WAN MAC Address:	This allows the user to change/set a specific MAC address on the WAN interface. <u>Note:</u> Set in Hex format
LAN Subnet Mask	Sets the LAN subnet mask. Default value is 255.255.255.0
LAN DHCP Base IP:	Base IP for the LAN port, which functions as default gateway for its LAN. Default value is 192.168.2.1
DHCP IP Lease Time	The length of time the IP address is assigned to the LAN clients. Value is set in units of hours. Default value is <b>120 hrs</b> (5 days).
DMZ IP:	This function forwards all WAN IP traffic to a specific IP address if no matching port is used by HT503 or in the defined port forwarding.
Port Forwarding:	Allows users to forward a matching (TCP/UDP) port to a specific LAN IP address with a specific (TCP/UDP) port.
PSTN access code	The code to access the PSTN line (Maximum 5 digits). Default is "*00".
PIN for PSTN calls	PIN code to bridge from VoIP to PSTN (Maximum 8 digits, No Default)
PIN for VoIP calls	PIN code to bridge from PSTN to VoIP (Maximum 8 digits, No Default)
Route Call to PSTN	If the dialed digits match one of the specified prefix here, outbound calls will be initiated from PSTN line. This field is especially useful for emergency calls.
Unconditional Call Forward to PSTN	Calls are unconditionally forwarded to the specified PSTN phone number for all incoming VoIP calls on FXO port.
Unconditional Call Forward to VoIP	Calls are unconditionally forwarded to the specified VoIP phone number for all incoming PSTN calls.



# **ADVANCED CONFIGURATION AND FXS/FXO PORTS PARAMETERS**

To login to the Advanced Setting and FXS port configuration pages, administrator password is required. The default administrator password is "admin". User can change the administrator password here. The password is case sensitive and the maximum length is 25 characters.

### TABLE 9: HT503 ADVANCED SETTINGS PAGE DEFINITIONS

Admin Password	Administrator password. Only the administrator can configure the "Advanced Settings" page. Password field is purposely blanked for security reason after clicking update and saved. The maximum password length is 25 characters.
Layer 3 QoS	This field defines the layer 3 QoS parameter which can be the value used for IP Precedence or Diff-Serv or MPLS. Default value is 48.
Layer 2 QoS	Layer 2 QoS settings. Default setting is blank. VLAN supported equipment is required when configuring these settings.
STUN Server	IP address or Domain name of the STUN server.
Keep-alive interval	This parameter specifies how often the HT503 sends a blank UDP packet to the SIP server in order to keep the NAT "pin hole" open. Default is 20 seconds.
Firmware Upgrade and Provisioning	Enables the HT503 to download firmware or configuration files through either TFTP or HTTP servers. The default method is HTTP.
Via TFTP Server	This is the IP address of the configured TFTP server. If this is configured, the HT503 retrieves the new configuration file or new code image from the specified TFTP server at boot time. After 5 attempts, the system will timeout and will start the boot process using the existing code image in the Flash memory. If a TFTP server is configured and a new code image is retrieved, the new downloaded image is saved into the Flash memory. <u>Note</u> : Firmware upgrades may take up to 10 minutes depending on your network environment. On a LAN it usually takes about 2 minutes. Please do NOT interrupt the TFTP upgrade process (especially the power supply) as this will damage the device. Depending on the network environment this process can take up to 15 or 20 minutes.
Via HTTP Server	The URL for the HTTP server used for firmware upgrade and configuration via HTTP.
	For example, http://provisioning.mycompany.com:6688/Grandstream/1.0.0.6 ":6688" is the specific TCP port where the HTTP server is listening; Omit if using default port 80. Note: If Auto Upgrade is set to No, F/W will download at boot time.
Firmware Server Path	IP address or domain name of firmware server.
Config Server Path	IP address or domain name of configuration server.
Firmware File Prefix	Default is blank. If configured, HT503 will request the firmware file with the prefix. This setting is useful for ITSPs. End user should keep it blank.
Firmware File Postfix	Default is blank. End users should keep it blank.
Config File Prefix	Default is blank. End users should keep it blank.
Config File Postfix	Default is blank. End users should keep it blank.
Automatic Upgrade	Choose "Yes" to enable automatic upgrades and provisioning. In "check for new firmware every" field, enter the number of days to set the frequency in which the HT503 will check the server for firmware or configuration upgrades. When set to "No" the HT503 will only upgrade at boot time. You can also have the HT503 check for updates only when the firmware file prefix/suffix changes. The Default is "Yes".
Authenticate Conf File	This protects the configuration from an unauthorized change. If set to "Yes, the configuration file is authenticated before acceptance.
Firmware Key	Key for firmware encryption. (32 digits in hexadecimal format. End users should keep it blank.
Call Progress Tones	Using these settings, users can configure tone frequencies according to their preference. By default they are set to North American frequencies. These should be configured with known values to avoid uncomfortable high pitch

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	sounds. ON is the period of ringing ("On time" in 'ms') while OFF is the period of silence. In order to set a continuous tone, OFF should be zero. Otherwise it will ring ON ms and a pause of OFF ms and then repeat the pattern. Here is an example for the configuration of the dial tone for North America: f1=350@-13,f2=440@-13,c=0/0; Syntax: f1=freq@vol, f2=freq@vol, c=on1/off1-on2/off2-on3/off3; [] (Note: freq: 0 - 4000Hz; vol: -30 - 0dBm)
Lock Keypad Update	If set to "Yes", the configuration update via keypad is disabled.
Disable Voice Prompt	Disables the voice prompt configuration. Default is "No."
Disable Direct IP Calling	Disables the Direct IP Call function. Default is "No."
NTP server	URL or IP address of the NTP server, Used to synchronize the date/time.
Syslog Server	The IP address or URL of syslog server, especially useful for ITSP
Syslog Level	Select the ATA to report the log level. Default is NONE. The level is either one of DEBUG, INFO, WARNING or ERROR. Syslog messages are sent based on the following events: product model/version on boot up (INFO level) NAT related info (INFO level) sent or received SIP message (DEBUG level) SIP message summary (INFO level) inbound and outbound calls (INFO level) registration status change (INFO level) negotiated codec (INFO level) Ethernet link up (INFO level) SLIC chip exception (WARNING and ERROR levels) memory exception (ERROR level) The Syslog uses USER facility. In addition to standard Syslog payload, it contains the following components: <b>GS_LOG:</b> [device MAC address][error code] error message <b>Ex</b> . May 19 02:40:38 192.168.1.14 GS_LOG: [00:0b:82:00:a1:be][000] Ethernet link is up
Download Device Configuration	This is a special feature that enables the user to create a text file backup of your existing configuration.

# TABLE 10: HT503 FXS PORT SETTINGS PAGES DEFINITIONS

Account Active	When set to yes the FXS port is activated.
SIP Server	This field contains the URL string or the IP address (and port, if different from 5060) of the SIP proxy server. e.g., the following are some valid examples: sip.my-voip-provider.com, or sip:my-company-sip-server.com, or 192.168.1.200:5066
Outbound Proxy	IP address or Domain name of Outbound Proxy, or Media Gateway, or Session Border Controller. Used by ATA for firewall or NAT penetration in different network environment. If symmetric NAT is detected, STUN will not work and ONLY Outbound Proxy will work.
SIP Transport	User can select UDP or TCP or TLS.
NAT Traversal (STUN)	This setting decides whether the NAT traversal mechanism is activated. It should be set to "Yes" if the device is behind a NAT router. If no outbound proxy is configured, a STUN server needs to be set to activate STUN detection mechanism. Usually ITSP will provide these settings. If this field is set to "Yes", then the device will periodically send a dummy UDP packet to the SIP server to pinhole the NAT.
SIP User ID	User account information, provided by VoIP service provider (ITSP), usually has the form of digit similar to phone number or actually a phone number. This field contains the user part of the SIP address for this phone. e.g., if the SIP address is <b>sip:my_user_id@my_provider.com</b> , then the SIP User ID is: <b>my_user_id</b> . Do NOT include the preceding "sip:" scheme or the host portion of the SIP address in this field.



Authenticate ID	ID used for authentication, usually same as SIP user ID, but could be different and decided by ITSP.
Authentication Password	Password for ATA to register to (SIP) servers of ITSP. Purposely left blank once saved for security. Maximum length is 25.
Name	SIP service subscriber's name which will be used for Caller ID display
Use DNS SRV:	Default is No. If set to Yes the client will use DNS SRV to lookup for the SIP server.
User ID is Phone Number	If "Yes" is set, a "user=phone" parameter will be attached to the "From" header in SIP request
SIP Registration	This parameter controls whether the HT503 needs to send REGISTER messages to the proxy server. The default setting is "Yes".
Unregister on Reboot	Default is No. If set to yes, the device will first send registration request to remove all previous bindings. Use only if proxy supports this remove bindings request.
Outgoing Call w/o Registration	This parameter lets users place outgoing calls even when not registered (if allowed by ITSP) but it's unable to receive incoming calls.
Register Expiration	This parameter allows the user to specify the time frequency (in minutes) the HandyTone ATA refreshes its registration with the specified registrar. The default interval is 60 minutes (or 1 hour). The maximum interval is 65535 minutes (about 45 days).
Local SIP port	This parameter defines the local SIP port the HT503 will listen and transmit. The default value for FXS port is 5060.
Local RTP port	This parameter defines the local RTP-RTCP port pair the HandyTone ATA will listen and transmit. It is the base RTP port for channel 0. When configured, channel 0 will use this port_value for RTP and the port_value+1 for its RTCP; channel 1 will use port_value+2 for RTP and port_value+3 for its RTCP. The default value for FXS port is 5004.
Use Random Port	Default No. If set to Yes, the device will pick randomly-generated SIP and RTP ports. This is usually necessary when multiple HandyTone ATAs are behind the same NAT.
Refer to Use Target	Default is No. If set to "Yes", then for Attended Transfer, the "Refer-To" header uses the transferred target's Contact header information.
DTMF Payload Type	This parameter sets the payload type for DTMF using RFC2833
DTMF in Audio	Send DTMF as inband (in-audio).
DTMF Via RFC2833	Send DTMF via RTP (According to RFC 2833)
DTMF Via SIP INFO	Send DTMF via SIP INFO message.
Send Flash Event	Default is No. If set to yes, flash will be sent as DTMF event.
Enable Call Features	Default is Yes. Toggles support for advanced call features and star code functions.
Offhook Auto-Dial	This parameter allows users to configure a User ID or extension number to be automatically dialed upon offhook. Please note that only the user part of a SIP address needs to be entered here. The HT503 will automatically append the "@" and the host portion of the corresponding SIP address. Note: Please write down the IP address of the ATA if you use this feature as it will prevent access to the IVR and the only way to access the device configuration will be via the web configuration page.
Proxy-Require	SIP Extension to notify SIP server that the unit is behind the NAT/Firewall.
Use NAT IP	NAT IP address used in SIP/SDP message. Default is blank
Distinctive Ring Tone	Customizes Ring Tones 1 to 3 with an associated Caller ID. When selected, the device will ONLY use this ring tone when the incoming call is set up for Caller ID. The System Ring Tone is used for all other calls. When selected with no Caller ID configured, the selected ring tone will be used for <b>all</b> incoming calls.
Disable Call Waiting	Default is No.
Disable Call Waiting Tone	Default is No. This is to disable the stutter Call Waiting Tone during a CWC. The CWCID will still be displayed.
Ring Timeout	Sets the time in which an incoming call will stop ringing when not picked up.
No Key Entry Timeout	Default is 4 seconds.
Early Dial	Default is No. Use only if proxy supports 484 response. This parameter controls whether the phone will send an early INVITE each time a key is pressed when a user



	dials a number. If set to "Yes", an INVITE is sent using the dial-number collected thus far. Otherwise, no INVITE is sent until the "(Re-)Dial" button is pressed or after about 5 seconds have elapsed. The "Yes" option should be used ONLY if there is a SIP proxy configured and the proxy server supports 484 Incomplete Address response. Otherwise, the call will likely be rejected by the proxy (with a 404 Not Found error). <u>Note:</u> This feature is NOT designed to work with and should NOT be enabled for direct IP-to-IP calling.
Dial Plan Prefix	Sets the prefix added to each dialed number.
Use # as Dial key	This allows users to configure the # key as the "Send" (or "Dial") key. If set to "Yes", "#" will send the number. In this case, this key is essentially equivalent to the "Dial" key. If set to "No", the "#" key can be included as part of a number.
Dial Plan	Dial Plan Rules:
	1. Accept Digits: 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,0
	<ul> <li>2. Grammar: x - any digit from 0-9;</li> <li>a. xx+ - at least 2 digit number;</li> <li>b. ^ - exclude;</li> <li>c. [3-5] - any digit of 3, 4, or 5;</li> <li>d. [147] - any digit 1, 4, or 7;</li> <li>e. &lt;2=011&gt; - replace digit 2 with 011 when dialing</li> </ul>
	• Example 1: {[369]11   1617xxxxxx} –
	Allow 311, 611, 911, and any 10 digit numbers of leading digits 1617
	• Example 2: {^1900x+   <=1617>xxxxxxx} –
	<ul> <li>Block any number of leading digits 1900 and add prefix 1617 for any dialed 7 digit numbers</li> <li>Example 3: {1xxx[2-9]xxxxxx   &lt;2=011&gt;x+} -</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Allow any length of number with leading digit 2 and 10 digit-numbers of leading digit 1 and leading exchange number between 2 and 9; If leading digit is 2, replace leading digit 2 with 011 before dialing</li> <li>3. Default: Outgoing - {x+}</li> </ul>
Subscribe for MWI	Default is "No." When set to "Yes" a SUBSCRIBE for Message Waiting Indication will be sent periodically.
Send Anonymous	When set to "Yes", the "From" header along with Privacy and P_Asserted_Identity headers in outgoing INVITE messages will be set to anonymous, blocking Caller ID.
Anonymous Call Rejection	Default is "No." If set to "Yes", incoming calls with anonymous Caller ID will be rejected with a 486 busy message.
Special Features	Default is "Standard." Choose the selection to meet some special requirements from Softswitch vendors.
Preferred Vocoder	The HT503 supports <b>5</b> different Vocoder types including
	<ol> <li>G.711 A/μ law, (Displayed as PCMA/PCMU)</li> <li>G.723.1,</li> <li>G.726 (Supports bit rates 16, 24, 32, and 40)</li> <li>G.729A/B/E,</li> <li>iLBC</li> <li>Users can configure Vocoders in a preference list that will be included with the same</li> </ol>
	preference order in SDP message.
G723 Rate:	This defines the encoding rate for G723 vocoder. Default setting is 6.3kbps.
iLBC Frame Size:	This sets the iLBC size in 20ms or 30ms
iLBC Payload Type:	This defines payload type for iLBC. Default value is 97. The valid range is between 96 and 127.
G726-16 Payload Type	Defines payload type for G726-16. Default value is 98. Range is from 96 to 127.
G726-24 Payload Type	Defines payload type for G726-24. Default value is 99. Range is from 96 to 127.
G726-40 Payload Type	Defines payload type for G726-40. Default value is 103. Range is from 96 to 127.
G729E Payload Type	Defines payload type for G729E. Default value is 102. Range is from 96 to 127
VAD	Default is "No." VAD allows detecting the absence of audio and conserves bandwidth



	by preventing the transmission of "silent packets" over the network.
Symmetric RTP	Default is "No." When set to "Yes" the device will change the destination to send RTP packets to the source IP address and port of the inbound RTP packet last received by the device.
Fax Mode	T.38 (Auto Detect) FoIP by default, or fax Pass-Through (must use PCMU/PCMA)
Fax Detection Mode	Default is Callee. This decides whether Caller or Callee sends out the re-invite for T.38 or Fax Pass-Through.
Jitter Buffer Type	Select either Fixed or Adaptive based on network conditions.
Jitter Buffer Length	Select Low, Medium, or High based on network conditions.
SRTP Mode	Secure RTP protocol used for media transmission over VoIP. Disabled by default. Other modes are: enabled but not forced & enabled and forced.
SLIC Setting	Dependent on standard phone type (and location).
Called ID Scheme	Bellcore/Telcordia, ETSI-FSK, ETSI-DTMF, SIN 227 – BT, & NTT Japan
Caller ID TX Level (dB)	A value for Caller ID information sent by a phone connected to the FXS port. (-96 – 0dB. Default -14dB)
Polarity Reversal	If set to "Yes", polarity will be reversed upon call establishment and termination. Default is No.
Loop Current Disconnect	Set it to "Yes" of the traditional PBX you are using with HT503 uses this method fir signaling call termination. Default is No.
Loop Current Disconnect Duration	A configurable period of time in which the FXS port will drop off voltage on the line to indicate to the local party that the call is disconnected from the remote side. (100-10000 ms. Default 200 ms)
Hook Flash Timing	The time period when the cradle is pressed (Hook Flash) to simulate a FLASH. Adjust this time value to prevent unwanted activation of the Flash/Hold and automatic phone ring-back.
Gain	<ul> <li>Handset volume adjustment.</li> <li>RX is for receiving volume,</li> <li>TX is for transmission volume.</li> <li>Default values are <b>0dB</b> for both parameters. Loudest volume: +6dB Lowest volume: -6dB.</li> </ul>
Call Progress/ Ring Tones	This function lets you configure ring or tone frequencies according to preference. By default tones are set to North American frequencies. Frequencies should be configured with known values to avoid high pitch sounds.

### TABLE 11: HT503 FXO PORT SETTINGS PAGES DEFINITIONS

Account Active	When set to "Yes" the FXO port is activated.
SIP Server	SIP Server's IP address or Domain name provided by VoIP Service Provider.
Outbound Proxy	IP address or Domain name of Outbound Proxy, or Media Gateway, or Session Border Controller. Used by HT503 for firewall or NAT penetration in different network environments. If symmetric NAT is detected, STUN will not work and ONLY way to correct the problem is to use the outbound proxy.
SIP Transport	User can select UDP, TCP or TLS
NAT Traversal (STUN)	This parameter defines whether or not the HT503 NAT traversal mechanism is activated. If set to "Yes" with a STUN server also specified, the HT503 will perform according to the STUN client specification. Using this mode, the embedded STUN client will detect if and what type of firewall/NAT is being used. If the detected NAT is a Full Cone, Restricted Cone, or a Port-Restricted Cone, the HT503 will use its mapped public IP address and port in all of its SIP and SDP messages. If the NAT Traversal field is set to "Yes" <i>with no specified STUN server</i> , the HT503 will periodically (every 20 seconds or so) send a blank UDP packet (with no payload data) to the SIP server to keep the "hole" on the NAT open.
SIP User ID	User account information, provided by VoIP service provider (ITSP). Usually in the form of digit similar to phone number or actually a phone number.
Authenticate ID	The SIP service subscriber's ID used for authentication. Can be identical to or different from SIP User ID.

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Authenticate Password	SIP service subscriber's account password.
Name	SIP service subscriber's name for Caller ID display.
Use DNS SRV	Default is "No." If set to "Yes" the client will use DNS SRV to look up the server.
User ID is Phone Number	If the HT503 has an assigned PSTN telephone number, this field should be set to "Yes". Otherwise, set it to "No".
	If "Yes" is set, a "user=phone" parameter will be attached to the "From" header in SIP request.
SIP Registration	Controls whether the HT503 needs to send REGISTER messages to the proxy server. The default setting is "Yes."
Unregister on Reboot	Default is No. If set to Yes, the SIP user's registration information will be cleared on reboot.
Outgoing Call Without Registration	Default is <b>No</b> . If set to "Yes," user can place outgoing calls even when not registered (if allowed by ITSP) but is unable to receive incoming calls.
Register Expiration	This parameter allows the user to specify the time frequency (in minutes) the HT503 refreshes its registration with the specified registrar. The default interval is 60 minutes (or 1 hour). The maximum interval is 65535 minutes (about 45 days).
Local SIP Port	Defines the local SIP port the HT503 will listen and transmit. The default value for FXS port is 5062.
Local RTP Port	Defines the local RTP-RTCP port pair the HT503 will listen and transmit. It is the base RTP port for channel 0. When configured,
	<b>channel 0</b> uses this port _value for RTP and the port_value+1 for its RTCP; <b>channel 1</b> uses port_value+2 for RTP and port_value+3 for its RTCP. The default value for FXS port 1 is 5012.
Use Random Port	This parameter forces the random generation of both the local SIP and RTP ports when set to Yes. This is usually necessary when multiple HT503 units are behind the same NAT.
Refer to Use Target Contact	Default is NO. If set to YES, then for Attended Transfer, the "Refer-To" header uses the transferred target's contact header information.
DTMF Payload Type	Sends DTMF using RFC2833
DTMF in Audio	Sends DTMF as inband (in-audio).
DTMF via RFC2833	Sends DTMF via RTP (according the RFC2833).
DTMF via SIP INFO	Send DTMF as a SIP INFO message.
Send Flash Event	Default is No. If set to "Yes", flash will be sent as DTMF event
Enable Call Features	Default is Yes. Toggles support for advanced call features and star code functions.
Proxy Require	SIP Extension to notify SIP server that the unit is behind a NAT/Firewall.
Use NAT IP	NAT IP address used in SIP/SDP message. Default is blank.
Distinctive Ring Tone	Customizes Ring Tones 1 to 3 with an associated Caller ID. When selected, the device will ONLY use this ring tone when the incoming call is set up for Caller ID. The System Ring Tone is used for all other calls. When selected with no Caller ID configured, the selected ring tone will be used for <b>all</b> incoming calls.
Disable Call Waiting	Turns off the Call Waiting feature. Default is No.
Disable Call Waiting Tone	Default is No. This is to disable the stutter Call Waiting Tone during a CWC. The CWCID will still be displayed.
Ring Timeout	Sets the time in which an incoming call will stop ringing when not picked up.
Early Dial	Default is No. Use only if proxy supports 484 response. This parameter controls whether the phone will send an early INVITE each time a key is pressed when a user dials a number. If set to "Yes", an INVITE is sent using the dial-number collected thus far. Otherwise, no INVITE is sent until the "(Re-)Dial" button is pressed or after about 5 seconds have elapsed. The "Yes" option should be used ONLY if there is a SIP proxy configured and the proxy server supports 484 Incomplete Address response. Otherwise, the call will likely be rejected by the proxy (with a 404 Not Found error). Note: This feature is NOT designed to work with and should NOT be enabled for
	direct IP-to-IP calling.



Dial Plan Prefix	Sets the prefix added to each dialed number.
Use # as Dial Key	This allows users to configure the # key as the "Send" (or "Dial") key. If set to "Yes", "#" will send the number. In this case, this key is essentially equivalent to the "Dial" key. If set to "No", the "#" key can be included as part of a number.
Dian Plan	<ul> <li>Dial Plan Rules:</li> <li>1. Accept Digits: 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,0</li> <li>2. Grammar: x - any digit from 0-9; <ul> <li>f. xx+ - at least 2 digit number;</li> <li>g. ^ - exclude;</li> <li>h. [3-5] - any digit of 3, 4, or 5;</li> <li>i. [147] - any digit 1, 4, or 7;</li> <li>j. &lt;2=011&gt; - replace digit 2 with 011 when dialing</li> </ul> </li> <li>Example 1: {[369]11   1617xxxxxx} - <ul> <li>Allow 311, 611, 911, and any 10 digit numbers of leading digits 1617</li> </ul> </li> <li>Example 2: {^1900x+   &lt;=1617&gt;xxxxxx} - <ul> <li>Block any number of leading digits 1900 and add prefix 1617 for any dialed 7 digit numbers</li> </ul> </li> <li>Example 3: {1xxx[2-9]xxxxx   &lt;2=011&gt;x+} - <ul> <li>Allow any length of number with leading digit 2 and 10 digit-numbers of leading digit 3, replace leading digit 2 with 011 before dialing</li> <li>3. Default: Outgoing - {x+}</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Subscribe for MWI	Default is "No." When set to "Yes" a SUBSCRIBE for Message Waiting Indication will be sent periodically.
Send Anonymous	When set to "Yes", the "From" header along with Privacy and P_Asserted_Identity headers in outgoing INVITE messages will be set to anonymous, blocking Caller ID.
Anonymous Call Rejection	Default is "No." If set to "Yes", incoming calls with anonymous Caller ID will be rejected with a 486 busy message.
Special Features	Default is "Standard." Choose the selection to meet some special requirements from Softswitch vendors.
Preferred Vocoder	<ul> <li>The HT503 supports 5 different Vocoder types including</li> <li>1. G.711 A/μ law, (Displayed as PCMA/PCMU)</li> <li>2. G.723.1,</li> <li>3. G.726 (Supports bit rates 16, 24, 32, and 40)</li> <li>4. G.729A/B/E,</li> <li>5. iLBC</li> <li>Users can configure Vocoders in a preference list that will be included with the same preference order in SDP message.</li> </ul>
G723 Rate	This defines the encoding rate for G723 vocoder. Default setting is 6.3kbps.
iLBC Frame Size	This sets the iLBC size in 20ms or 30ms
iLBC Payload Type	This defines the payload type for iLBC. Default value is 97. The valid range is between 96 and 127.
G726-16 Payload	Defines payload type for G726-16. Default value is 100. Range is from 96 to 127.
G726-24 Payload Type	Defines payload type for G726-24. Default value is 99. Range is from 96 to 127.
G726-40 Payload Type	Defines payload type for G726-40. Default value is 103. Range is from 96 to 127.
G729E Payload Type	Defines payload type for G729E. Default value is 102. Range is from 96 to 127
VAD	Default is "No." VAD allows detecting the absence of audio and conserves bandwidth



	by proventing the transmission of "ailant packate" aver the activate
Summetrie DTD	by preventing the transmission of "silent packets" over the network.
Symmetric RTP	Default is "No." When set to "Yes" the device will change the destination to send RTP packets to the source IP address and port of the inbound RTP packet last received by the device.
Fax Mode	T.38 (Auto Detect) FoIP by default, or fax Pass-Through (must use PCMU/PCMA)
Fax Tone Detection Mode	Default is Callee. This decides whether Caller or Callee sends out the re-invite for T.38 or Fax Pass-Through.
Jitter Buffer Type	Select either Fixed or Adaptive based on network conditions.
Jitter Buffer Length	Select Low, Medium, or High based on network conditions.
SRTP Mode	Secure RTP protocol used for media transmission over VoIP. Disabled by default. Other modes are: enabled but not forced & enabled and forced.
Caller ID Scheme	Bellcore/Telcordia, ETSI-FSK, ETSI-DTMF, SIN 227 – BT, & NTT Japan
Caller ID RX Level (dB)	An adjustable value for the Caller ID signal to help our device to recognize Caller ID from different networks. (-96 -0dB. Default -15dB)
Hook Flash Timing	The time period when the cradle is pressed (Hook Flash) to simulate a FLASH. Adjust this time value to prevent unwanted activation of the Flash/Hold and automatic phone ring-back.
Gain	<ul> <li>Handset volume adjustment.</li> <li>RX is for receiving volume,</li> <li>TX is for transmission volume.</li> <li>Default = <b>0dB</b> for both parameters. Loudest volume: +6dB Lowest volume: -6dB.</li> </ul>
Enable Current Disconnect	The Default value is Yes. This value should be used in case the PSTN provider uses line power drop to indicate call completion to the end point. In this case the HT503 will search for a power drop for a preconfigured time frame to disconnect such calls from a VoIP extension.
Current Disconnect Threshold (ms)	This is a preconfigured value of duration for a line power drop used by specific service providers. For example, for a configured value of 500ms the device will ignore any random voltage drops on the line less than 500ms and the call will be considered as terminated. This is useful to prevent call drops in some low quality PSTN lines.
Enable PSTN Disconnect Tone Detection	If set to Yes, a Tone is used as the disconnect signal.
PSTN Disconnect Tone	In certain countries, the central office will send a special busy tone to indicate when a call is disconnected from the remote side. To make the HT503 recognizable, this parameter can pre-configure this tone. The user should know the frequency values and cadences of these tones. Here is an example for the syntax for a busy tone in the U.S.A: (Syntax: f1=freq@vol, f2=freq@vol, c=on1/off1-on2/off2-on3/off3; []) (Note: freq: 0 - 4000Hz; vol: -30 - 0dBm) (Default: Busy Tone - f1=480@-24,f2=620@-24,c=500/500;)
AC Termination	AC Termination is a configurable value of impedance of the line provided by different service providers in different countries. 14 are selectable in this version of the F/W.
Number of Rings	Default is 4. This setting specifies number of phone rings (on the phone connected to the FXS port) before a PSTN incoming call is bridged to VoIP <u>Note:</u> The number of rings feature serves as a PSTN answer delay, and should be set to a larger value to allow enough time for the HT503 to decode the Caller ID signal set by the central office.
PSTN Ring Thru FXS	If Yes, the phone connected to the FXS port will ring a configured amount of times (see above). If not, the phone connected to the FXS port will not ring.
PSTN Ring Thru Delay (sec)	If the PSTN Ring Thru Delay is set to Yes, all incoming PSTN calls through FXO will ring the phone connected to the FXS port, after this delay or after caller id is detected (whichever comes first).
DTMF Digit Length (ms)	Digit length and Dial Pause are port digit dialing configurations; FXO needs to dial out digits for VOIP to PSTN 1 stage calls, and unconditional call forward to PSTN, and route to PSTN. Digit Length is the play time for each digit. <u>Note</u> : In order to receive the caller ID information, the delay should be set to a value



	larger than the delay required to complete the PSTN caller ID delivery.
DTMF Dial Pause (ms)	Dial pause is the time between 2 digits for the same scenario as explained above.
First Digit Timeout (sec)	Used for PSTN to VoIP calls. PSTN users need to enter the FIRST digit within the first digit timeout period. Otherwise the call will be dropped.
Inter Digit Timeout	When dialing from the PSTN to VoIP, subsequent digits have to be input within the period of inter-digit timeout. Otherwise the dial plan thinks it is the end of the digit input.
Wait for Dial Tone	Wait for Dial tone is used for one stage VoIP to PSTN calls. If set to Yes, the device will first obtain a PSTN line and a dial tone from a central office. After obtaining the dial tone, the digits dialed will be sent to the central office.
Stage Method (1/2)	This configuration is applicable for VoIP to PSTN calls and indicates one or two stage dialing methods.

**Note:** General settings have the same meaning as explained in the FXS page definitions. Here they are described only as parameters related to the FXO port.

### TABLE 12: HT503 CALL PROGRESS TONES SETTINGS PAGE DEFINITIONS

Call Progress Tones	Using these settings, user can configure tone frequencies according to their preference. By default they are set to North American frequencies.
	Frequencies should be configured with known values to avoid uncomfortable high pitch sounds. ON is the period of ringing ("On time" in 'ms') while OFF is the period of silence. In order to set a continuous tone, OFF should be zero. Otherwise it will ring ON ms and a pause of OFF ms and then repeat the pattern.



# SAVING THE CONFIGURATION CHANGES

Once a change is made, users should click on the "Update" button in the Configuration page. The HT503 will display a confirmation screen to confirm that the changes have been saved. Click 'Reboot' to save all changes. Please reference the GUI pages using the following link: http://www.grandstream.com/user\_manuals/GUI/GUI\_HT503.rar.

### Remote Reboot of the HT503

The administrator can remotely reboot the HT503 by clicking on the "Reboot" button at the bottom of the configuration page. Once done, the following screen will be displayed to indicate that rebooting is underway. You can login again after about 30 seconds.

### FIGURE 4: SCREENSHOT OF REBOOTING SCREEN

Grandstream Device Configuration
The device is rebooting now You may relogin by clicking on the link below in 30 seconds. <u>Click to relogin</u>
All Rights Reserved Grandstream Networks, Inc. 2004

**NOTE:** Interrupting the 'booting up' process could permanently damage the device.



### **CONFIGURATION THROUGH A CENTRAL SERVER**

The Grandstream HT503 can be automatically configured from a central provisioning system.

When the HT503 boots up, it will send TFTP or HTTP request to download configuration file, "cfg000b82xxxxxx", where "000b82xxxxxx" is the LAN side MAC address of the HT503

The configuration files can be downloaded via TFTP or HTTP from the central server. A service provider or an enterprise with large deployment of HT503 can easily manage the configuration and service provisioning of individual devices remotely from a central server.

Grandstream provides a licensed provisioning system called GAPS that can be used to support automated configuration of HT503. GAPS (Grandstream Automated Provisioning System) uses enhanced (NAT friendly) TFTP or HTTP (thus no NAT issues) and other communication protocols to communicate with each individual HT503 for firmware upgrade, remote reboot, etc.

Grandstream provide GAPS (Grandstream Automated Provisioning System) service to VoIP service providers. It could be either simple redirection or with certain special provisioning settings. Initially upon booting up, Grandstream devices by default point to Grandstream provisioning server GAPS, based on the unique MAC address of each device, GAPS provision the devices with redirection settings so that they will be redirected to customer's TFTP or HTTP server for further provisioning. Grandstream also provide GAPSLITE software package which contains our NAT friendly TFTP server and a configuration tool to facilitate the task of generating device configuration files.

The GAPSLITE configuration tool is now free to end users. The tool and configuration template are available for download from <u>http://www.grandstream.com/configurationtool.html</u>.



# SOFTWARE UPGRADE

Software upgrade can be done via either TFTP or HTTP. The corresponding configuration settings are in the ADVANCED SETTINGS configuration page.

# FIRMWARE UPGRADE THROUGH TFTP/HTTP

To upgrade via TFTP or HTTP, the "Firmware Upgrade and Provisioning upgrade via" field needs to be set to TFTP or HTTP, respectively. "Firmware Server Path" needs to be set to a valid URL of a TFTP or HTTP server, server name can be in either FQDN or IP address format. Here are examples of some valid URL.

e.g. firmware.mycompany.com:6688/Grandstream/1.0.0.6 e.g. 168.75.215.190

### NOTES:

- 1. The TFTP server in IP address format can be configured via IVR. Please refer to the CONFIGURATION GUIDE section for instructions. If the TFTP server is in FQDN format, it must be set via the web configuration interface.
- End users recommended using our TFTP server. Its address can be found at <u>http://www.grandstream.com/firmware.html</u>. Currently, the TFTP server, your HT503 can be upgraded from has an IP address 168.75.215.189. For companies, we recommend to maintain their own TFTP/ HTTP server for upgrade and provisioning procedures.
- 3. Once a "Firmware Server Path" is set, the user needs to update the settings and reboot the device. If the configured firmware server is found and a new code image is available, the HT503 will attempt to retrieve the new image files by downloading them into the SRAM. During this stage, the HT503 LEDs will blink until the checking/downloading process is completed. Upon verification of checksum, the new code image will then be saved into the Flash. If TFTP/HTTP fails for any reason (e.g., TFTP/HTTP server is not responding, there are no code image files available for upgrade, or checksum test fails, etc), the HT503 will stop the TFTP/HTTP process and simply boot using the existing code image in the flash.
- 4. Firmware upgrades usually take around 2 minutes when performed on a LAN. It is recommended to conduct firmware upgrade in a controlled LAN environment if possible. For users who do not have a local firmware upgrade server, Grandstream provides a NAT-friendly TFTP server on the public Internet for firmware upgrade. Please check the Services section of Grandstream's Web site to obtain our public TFTP server's IP address.
- Alternatively, user can download a free TFTP or HTTP server and conduct local firmware upgrade. A free windows version TFTP server is available for download from <u>http://support.solarwinds.net/updates/New-customerFree.cfm</u>. Our latest official release can be downloaded from http://www.grandstream.com/y-firmware.htm.

### Directions to download a free TFTP Server:

- 1. Unzip the file and put all of them under the root directory of the TFTP server.
- 2. Put the PC running the TFTP server and the GXW400X device in the same LAN segment.
- 3. Please go to File -> Configure -> Security to change the TFTP server's default setting from "Receive Only" to "Transmit Only" for the firmware upgrade.
- 4. Start the TFTP server, in the phone's web configuration page
- 5. Configure the Firmware Server Path with the IP address of the PC
- 6. Update the change and reboot the unit

The end-user can also choose to download the free HTTP server from http://httpd.apache.org/ or use Microsoft IIS web server.



### **CONFIGURATION FILE DOWNLOAD**

Grandstream SIP Device can be configured via Web Interface as well as via Configuration File through TFTP or HTTP. "Config Server Path" is the TFTP or HTTP server path for configuration file. It needs to be set to a valid URL, either in FQDN or IP address format. The "Config Server Path" can be same or different from the "Firmware Server Path".

A configuration parameter is associated with each particular field in the web configuration page. A parameter consists of a Capital letter P and 2 to 3 (Could be extended to 4 in the future) digit numeric numbers. i.e., P2 is associated with "Admin Password" in the ADVANCED SETTINGS page. For a detailed parameter list, please refer to the corresponding firmware release configuration template.

When Grandstream Device boots up or reboots, it will issue request for configuration file named "cfgxxxxxxxxx", where "xxxxxxxxx" is the MAC address of the device, i.e., "cfg000b820102ab". The configuration file name should be in lower cases.

### FIRMWARE AND CONFIGURATION FILE PREFIX AND POSTFIX

Firmware Prefix and Postfix allows device to download the firmware name with the matching Prefix and Postfix. This makes it the possible to store ALL of the firmware with different version in one single directory. Similarly, Config File Prefix and Postfix allows device to download the configuration file with the matching Prefix and Postfix. Thus multiple configuration files for the same device can be stored in one directory.

In addition, when the field "Check New Firmware only when F/W pre/suffix changes" is set to "Yes", the device will only issue firmware upgrade request if there are changes in the firmware Prefix or Postfix.

### MANAGING FIRMWARE AND CONFIGURATION FILE DOWNLOAD

When "Automatic Upgrade" is set to "Yes", the Service Provider can use P193 (Auto Check Interval, in minutes, default and minimum is 60 minutes) to have the devices periodically check with either Firmware Server or Config Server, however they are defined. This allows the device to periodically check if there are any new changes need to be taken on a scheduled time. By defining different intervals in P193 for different devices, the Server Provider can spread the Firmware or Configuration File download in minutes to reduce the Firmware or Provisioning Server load at any given time.



# **RESTORE FACTORY DEFAULT SETTING**

**WARNING!** Restoring the Factory Default Setting will DELETE all configuration information of the phone. Please BACKUP or PRINT out all the settings before you approach to following steps. Grandstream will not take any responsibility if you lose all the parameters of setting and cannot connect to your VoIP service provider.

# FACTORY RESET

### **IVR Command**

Reset default factory settings using the IVR Prompt (Table 5):

- 1. Dial "\*\*\*" for voice prompt.
- 2. Enter "99" and wait for "reset" voice prompt.
- 3. Enter the encoded MAC address (Look below on how to encode MAC address).
- 4. Wait 15 seconds and device will automatically reboot and restore factory settings.

### Encoding the MAC Address

- 1. Locate the MAC address of the device. It is the 12 digit HEX number on the bottom of the unit.
- 2. Key in the MAC address. Use the following mapping:
  - 0-9: 0-9
  - a. A: 22 (press the "2" key twice, "A" will show on the LCD)
  - b. B: 222
  - c. C: 2222
  - d. D: 33 (press the "3" key twice, "D" will show on the LCD)
  - e. E: 333
  - f. F: 3333

For example: if the MAC address is 000<u>b</u>8200<u>e</u>395, it should be keyed in as "000<u>222</u>8200<u>333</u>395".

### **RESET Button**

Initiate the Factory Reset procedure by pressing the RESET button located in back panel of the device for approximately 8 seconds. All port LEDs will turn on and device will restart itself.

### NOTE:

- 1. Factory Reset will be disabled if the "Lock keypad update" is set to "Yes".
- 2. Please be aware by default the HT503 WAN side HTTP access is disabled. After a factory reset, the device's web configuration page can be accessed only from its LAN port.
- 3. If the HT503 was previously locked by your local service provider, pressing the RESET button will only restart the unit. The device <u>will not</u> return to factory default settings.

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