PCM-6890B

All-in-One FC/Socket 370 Celeron Single Board Computer with LCD, Ethernet, Audio, & 4 COMs

FCC STATEMENT

THIS DEVICE COMPLIES WITH PART 15 FCC RULES.

OPERATION IS SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING TWO

CONDITIONS: (1) THIS DEVICE MAY NOT CAUSE HARMFUL INTERFERENCE. (2) THIS DEVICE MUST ACCEPT ANY
INTERFERENCE RECEIVED INCLUDING INTERFERENCE
THAT MAY CAUSE UNDESIRED OPERATION.

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Prepared in Taiwan Aug 2000

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We want you to get the maximum performance from your products. So if you run into technical difficulties, we are here to help. For the most frequently asked questions, you can easily find answers in your product documentation. These answers are normally a lot more detailed than the ones we can give over the phone.

So please consult this manual first. If you still cannot find the answer, gather all the information or questions that apply to your problem, and with the product close at hand, call your dealer. Our dealers are well trained and ready to give you the support you need to get the most from your AAEON products. In fact, most problems reported are minor and are able to be easily solved over the phone.

In addition, free technical support is available from AAEON engineers every business day. We are always ready to give advice on application requirements or specific information on the installation and operation of any of our products.

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This warranty does not apply to any products which have been repaired or altered by persons other than repair personnel authorized by AAEON, or which have been subject to misuse, abuse, accident or improper installation. AAEON assumes no liability under the terms of this warranty as a consequence of such events.

Because of AAEON's high quality-control standards and rigorous testing, most of our customers never need to use our repair service. If an AAEON product is defective, it will be repaired or replaced at no charge during the warranty period. For out-of-warranty repairs, you will be billed according to the cost of replacement materials, service time, and freight. Please consult your dealer for more details.

If you think you have a defective product, follow these steps:

- Collect all the information about the problem encountered. (For example, CPU type and speed, AAEON products used, other hardware and software used, etc.) Note anything abnormal and list any on-screen messages you get when the problem occurs.
- 2. Call your dealer and describe the problem. Please have your manual, product, and any helpful information readily available.
- 3. If your product is diagnosed as defective, obtain an RMA (return material authorization) number from your dealer. This allows us to process your return more quickly.
- 4. Carefully pack the defective product, a fully-completed Repair and Replacement Order Card and a photocopy proof of purchase date (such as your sales receipt) in a shippable container. A product returned without proof of the purchase date is not eligible for warranty service.
- 5. Write the RMA number visibly on the outside of the package and ship it prepaid to your dealer.

Packing list

Before you begin installing your card, please make sure that the following materials have been shipped:

- 1 PCM-6890B All-in-One Single Board Computer
- 1 Quick Installation Guide
- 1 CD-ROM contains the followings:
 - User's Manual (this manual in PDF file)
 - Ethernet drivers and utilities
 - VGA drivers and utilities
 - Audio drivers and utilities
 - Lastest BIOS (as of the CD-ROM was made)

If any of these items are missing or damaged, contact your distributor or sales representative immediately.

Notice

Dear Customer.

Thank you for purchasing the PCM-6890B board. This user's manual is designed to help you to get the most out of the PCM-6890B, please read it thoroughly before you install and use the board. The product that you have purchased comes with an two-year limited warranty, but AAEON will not be responsible for misuse of the product. Therefore, we strongly urge you to first read the manual before using the product.

To receive the lastest version of the user manual, please visit our Web site at:

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General Information

This chapter gives background information on the mainboard.

Sections include:

- Board specifications
- Layout and dimensions

Introduction

The PCM-6890B is an all-in-one multi-media Celeron Pentium III processor based single board computer (SBC) with a 32-bit PCI audio controller, a PCI Flat Panel controller, a PCI 100Base-Tx Ethernet interface, and one PCI expansion slot. When using an Intel Pentium II/III processor, the PCM-6890B achieves outstanding performance that surpasses any other SBC in its class. In addition, the onboard SSD interface supports M-systems DiskOnChip 2000 series, memory capacity from 2 MB to 288 MB. This compact (only 5.75" x 8") unit offers all the functions of a single board industrial computer, but still fits in the space of a CD-ROM drive.

Onboard features include four serial ports (three RS-232, one RS-232/422/485), one multi-mode parallel (ECP/EPP/SPP) port, connector for two USB (Universal Serial Bus) ports, a floppy drive controller, and a keyboard/PS/2 mouse interface. The built-in high speed PCI IDE controller supports Ultra DMA/33 mode. Up to two IDE devices can be connected, including large hard disks, CD-ROM drives, and tape backup drives, etc.

The PCM-6890B also features power management to minimize power consumption. It complies with the ACPI standard and supports three types of power saving features: Doze mode, Standby mode, and Suspend mode. In addition, the board's watchdog timer can automatically reset the system or generate an interrupt in case the system stops due to a program bug or EMI.

Highly integrated multi-media SBC

The PCM-6890B is a highly integrated multi-media SBC that combines audio, video, and network functions on a CD-ROM drive size single computer board. It provides 32-bit half-duplex, 16-bit full-duplex, integrated 3D audio and up to 1024 x 768 resolution @ 64K colors with on-chip 2MB SDRAM display memory. Major onboard devices adopt PCI technology to achieve outstanding computing performance when used with Intel Celeron level processors, making the PCM-6890B one of the world's smallest and most powerful all-in-one multimedia boards.

Features

- Supports Intel Pentium III, Celeron CPUs, and compatible CPUs
- C&T69000 LCD controller supports 36-bit TFT Panels
- 10/100Base-T Fast Ethernet
- Integrated AC-97 2.0 (meets PC98TM Basic Audio spec.)
- SoundBlaster compatible PCI 3D Audio
- Supports DiskOnChip (SSD) up to 288MB
- PC/104 expansion connector

Specifications

Standard SBC Functions

• **CPU**: Pentium III / Celeron supported (With system bus frequencies of 66/100MHz)

• CPU socket: Intel 370-pin socket

• BIOS: Award 256KB Flash BIOS

• Chipset: Intel 440BX

I/O Chipset: ITE IT8661F/Winbond W83977EF. Full 16-bit I/O `decoded

• **Memory**: Onboard one 168-pin DIMM socket supports up to 256Mbytes SDRAM

- Enhanced IDE: Support up to two IDE devices. Supports Ultra DMA/33 mode with data transfer rate up to 33MB/sec.
- **FDD interface**: Supports up to two floppy disk drives, 5.25" (360KB and 1.2MB) and /or 3.5" (720KB, 1.44MB, and 2.88MB)
- Parallel port: One bi-directional parallel port. Supports SPP, ECP and EPP modes
- Serial ports: Three RS-232 and one RS-232/422/485 serial ports. Ports can be configured as COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4, or disabled individually. (16C550 equivalent)
- IR interface: Supports one IrDA Tx/Rx header
- **Keyboard/mouse connector**: 8 pin connector supports PC/AT keyboard and PS/2 mouse
- USB connectors: 4 x 2 header onboard supports dual USB ports
- Battery: Lithium battery for data retention
- Watchdog Timer: Can generate a system reset, IRQ15, or NMI. Support software selectable timeout interval. (32sec. ~ 254.5 min., 1 sec./ step)

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- **DMA**: 7 DMA channels (8237 equivalent)
- Interrupt: 15 interrupt levels (8259 equivalent)
- Power management: Supports ATX power supply. Supports PC97, LAN wake up, and modem ring-in functions. I/O peripheral devices support power saving and doze/standby/suspend modes. APM 1.2 compliant
- H/W status monitoring: Winbond W83781D H/W status monitoring IC supports power supply voltage and temperatures monitoring

Flat Panel/CRT Interface

- **Chipset**: C&T 69000 / C&T 69030
- Display memory: Built-in 2MB/4MB SDRAM
- **Display type**: Supports non-interlaced CRT and LCD (TFT, DSTN, and Mono) displays. Can display both CRT and Flat Panel simultaneously
- **Resolution**: Up to 1024x768@64K colors

PCI Sound Interface

- Chipset: ESS Solo-1
- Wave-Table synthesis: 32-Voice Polyphony and multi-timbral capability
- 3D audio: Supports for Microsoft DirectSound and DirectSound 3D audio technology in two-speaker mode (requires Microsoft Direct Sound 3D supported software titles)
- 16-bit stereo digital audio: Full-duplex support enables simultaneous record and playback for Internet communications software
- Game port: IBM-compatible 15-pin game port with analog supported

Ethernet interface

- Chipset: Intel 82559GD 100Base-T Fast Ethernet controller
- Ethernet interface: 100Base-T RJ-45 connector. Optional Remote Boot ROM function

SSD Interface

One 32-pin DIP socket supports M-systems DiskOnChip 2000 Series up to 288MB

Expansion Slots

• PC/104 connector: One 16-bit 104-pin connector onboard

• PCI slot: One 32-bit PCI slot onboard

Mechanical and environmental

• **Power supply voltage**: +5V (4.75V to 5.25V), +12V (11.4V to 12.6V)

• Typical power requirement: +5V@4A

• Operating temperature: 32 to 140° F (0 to 60° C)

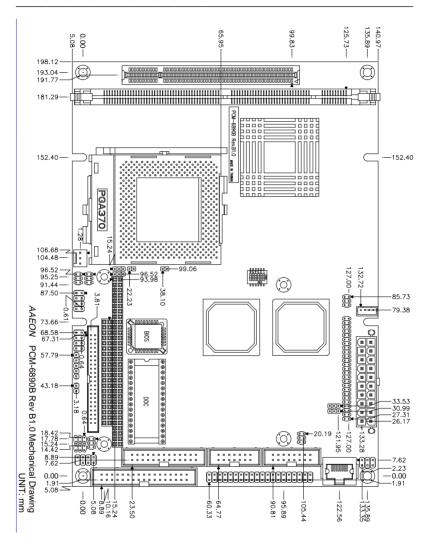
• **Board size**: 8"(L) x 5.75"(W) (203mm x 146mm)

• **Weight**: 1.2 lb. (0.5 Kg)

Board layout



Board dimensions



8

Installation

This chapter describes how to set up the main board hardware, including instructions on setting jumpers and connecting peripherals, switches, and indicators. Be sure to read all the safety precautions before you begin the installation procedure.

Jumpers and connectors

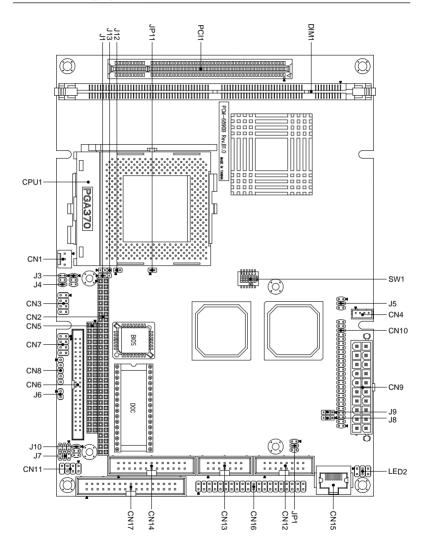
Connectors on the board link it to external devices such as hard disk drives, a keyboard, or floppy drives. In addition, the board has a number of jumpers that allow you to configure your system to suit your application.

The following tables list the function of each of the board's jumpers and connectors.

Jumpers	
Label	Function
J1	Clear CMOS
J2	System temperature thermal sensor
J3	COM4 RI pin voltage select
J4	COM3 RI pin voltage select
J5	Audio output select
J6	ATX soft-power switch connector
J7	COM2 RS-232/422/485 select
J8	LCD clock select
J9	LCD driving voltage select
J10	COM2 RS-232/422/485 select
SW1 (2~3)	DOC address select
JP1	Mic_Amp

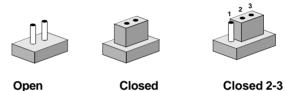
Connectors	
Label	Function
CN1	CPU fan power connector
CN2	PC/104 connector
CN3	USB ports connector
CN4	CD-ROM signal input connector
CN6	IDE drive connector
CN7	Front panel connector
CN8	IrDA connector
CN9	ATX power connector
CN10	LCD display connector
CN11	Keyboard and PS/2 mouse connector
CN12	VGA display connector
CN13	Audio connector
CN14	Printer port connector
CN15	100Base-T Ethernet connector
CN16	Serial ports connector
CN17	Floppy dirve connector
U18	DiskOnChip socket
LED2	Ethernet Tx/Rx/Link LED connector

Locating jumpers & connectors



Setting jumpers

You can configure your card to match the needs of your application by setting jumpers. A jumper is the simplest kind of electric switch. It consists of two metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To "close" a jumper you connect the pins with the clip. To "open" a jumper you remove the clip. Sometimes a jumper will have three pins, labeled 1, 2, and 3. In this case you would connect either pins 1 and 2 or 2 and 3.



The jumper settings are schematically depicted in this manual as follows:



A pair of needle-nose pliers may be helpful when working with jumpers.

If you have any doubts about the best hardware configuration for your application, contact your local distributor or sales representative before you make any changes.

CPU installing and upgrading

You can upgrade to a more powerful Pentium II/III CPU at any time. Simply remove the old CPU, install the new one, and set the jumpers for the new CPU speed.



Warning! Always disconnect the power cord from your chassis when you are working on it. Do not make connections while the power is on as sensitive electronic components can be damaged by the sudden rush of power. Only experienced electronics personnel should open the PC chassis.

Caution!



Always ground yourself to remove any static charge before touching the PC board. Modern electronic devices are very sensitive to static electric charges. Use a grounding wrist strap at all times. Place all electronic components on a static-dissipative surface or in a static-shielded bag when they are not in the chassis.

Installing DRAM (DIMMs)

System Memory

The left edge of the PCM-6890B contains a socket for 168-pin dual inline memory module (DIMM). The socket uses 3.3 V unbuffered synchronous DRAM (SDRAM). DIMM is available in capacities of 16, 32, 64, 128, or 256 MB. The socket can be filled in the DIMM of any size, giving your PCM-6890B single board computer between 16 and 258 MB of memory.

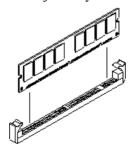
Supplementary information about DIMM

Your PCM-6890B can accept both regular and PC-100 SDRAM DIMM Module(with or without parity). However. The PCM-6890B can only accept PC-100 SDRAM Module.

Single-sided modules are typically 16 or 128MB; double-sided modules are usually 32 or 256 MB.

Memory Installation Procedures

To install SDRAM, first make sure the two handles of the SDRAM socket are in the "open" position. i.e. The handles remain outward. Slowly slide the SDRAM module along the plastic guides on both ends of the socket. Then press the SDRAM module right down into the socket, until you hear a click. This is when the two handles have automatically locked the memory module into the correct position of the SDRAM socket. (See Figure below) To take away the memory module, just push both handles outward, and the memory module will be ejected by the mechanism in the socket.



Cache memory

Since the second level cache has been embedded into the Celeron / Pentium III CPUs, you do not have to take care of either SRAM chips or SRAM modules. The built-in second level cache in the Celeron yields much higher performance than the external cache memories. The cache size in the Celeron CPUs is 128 KB, but 256KB for Pentium III CPUs.

Clear CMOS (J1)

You can use J1 to clear the CMOS data if necessary. To reset the CMOS data, set J1 to 2-3 closed for just a few seconds, and then move the jumper back to 1-2 closed.

Cloor CMOS (11)

	Protect*	Clear CMOS
J1	1 2 3 O	1 O 2 3

^{*}default

System temperature thermal sensor (J2)

J2 is a thermal sensor component. This temperature detector works primarily with the BIOS to offer clients the ability to monitor the temperature.

BIOS offers an ICON on screen for customers to select followed by the temperature information.

Mic_Amp (JP1)

Mic Amp (JP1)
-----------	-----	---

	On	Off
JP1	1 3 5 0 6	$ \begin{array}{c c} 1 & \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \\ 3 & & & 4 \\ 6 & & 6 \end{array} $

COM3/COM4 RI pin voltage select (J3, J4)

The 9th pin of COM3 and COM4 (9-pin D-sub connector) can be selected as RI, +5V, or +12V by setting J3 & J4.

COM3 RI I	oin setting (J4)		
	RI*	+5V	+12V
J4	1 3 5 0 0 1 0 0 2 4 6	1 3 5	1 3 5 0 0 0 0 0 2 4 6
COM4 RI p	oin setting (J3)		
	RI*	+5V	+12V
J3	1 3 5 ○ ○ 1 2 4 6	1 3 5 ○	1 3 5 0 0 0 2 4 6

^{*}default

Audio output select (J5)

You can select the output mode of onboard audio connector (CN14) by setting J5.

"Speaker out" is the output signal amplified by onboard amplifier

Audio	output select (J5)	
	Line out	Speaker out *
J5	2 1 3 6 0 0 5	2 0 0 1 4 3 3 6 3 5

^{*}default

ATX Soft-Power Switch connector (J6)

The ATX Soft-Power switch connector is a 2-pin header. Locate the power switch cable from your system. Plug this connector to the Soft-Power switch connector marked J6.

COM2 RS-232/422/485 select (J10, J7)

The PCM-6890B COM2 serial port can be selected as RS-232, RS-422, or RS-485 by setting J10 & J7.

COM2 Sel	ect (J10, J7)		
	RS-232*	RS-422	RS-485
J10	1 4 7 10	1 4 7 10 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ 1 1 1 3 6 9 12	1 4 7 10 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ I I I I 3 6 9 12
J7	1 3 5 0 0 0 0 0 2 4 6	1 3 5	1 3 5 ○ ○ 1 ○ ○ 2 4 6

^{*}default

LCD clock signal select (J8)

You can select the LCD control signal by setting J8. The following charts show the available option.

LCD clock	k signal select (J8)		
	SHF CLK *	ASHF CLK	
J8	1 2 3	1 2 3	

^{*}default

LCD driving voltage select (J9)

You can select the LCD connector CN10 (pin 5 and pin 6) driving voltage by setting J9. The configurations are as follows:

LCD drivi	ng voltage select (J9)	
	5V	3.3V *
J 9	1 2 3	1 2 3

^{*}default

Power connectors (CN9, CN1)

ATX power connector (CN9)

The ATX power supply uses a 20-pin connector shown below. Make sure you plug in the right direction.

ATX p	ower connector (CN9)	
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	N/C	11	N/C
2	N/C	12	-12V
3	GND	13	GND
4	+5V	14	PON
5	GND	15	GND
6	+5 V	16	GND
7	GND	17	GND
8	N/C	18	-5V
9	5V SB	19	+5V
10	+12V	20	+5V

CPU fan power connector (CN1)

Plug in the fan cable to the 3-pin fan connector onboard. The fan connector is marked CN1.

CPU fan power connector (CN1)		
Pin	Signal	
1	GND	
2	+12V	
3	Fan speed se	nse

USB connector (CN3)

The PCM-6890B provides two USB (Universal Serial Bus) interfaces, which give complete plug and play, hot attach/detach for up to 127 external devices. The USB interfaces comply with USB specification Rev. 1.0, and can be disabled in the system BIOS setup.

USB connector (CN3)				
Pin	Function	Pin	Function	
1	GND	5	Vcc	
2	UD1+	6	UD0-	
3	UD1-	7	UD0+	
4	Vcc	8	GND	

CD Audio connector (CN4)

This connector is used to connect to a CD audio cable.

CD Audio connector (CN4)		
Pin	Signal	
1	GND	
2	CD_L	
3	GND	
4	CD_R	

IDE hard drive connector (CN6)

You can attach one or two Enhanced Integrated Device Electronics hard disk drives to the mainboard's internal controller. The mainboard's IDE controller uses a PCI local-bus interface. This advanced interface supports faster data transfer and allows the IDE hard drive to exceed 528 MB.

Connecting the hard drive

Connecting drives is done in a daisy-chain fashion and requires one of two cables, depending on the drive size.

Wire number 1 on the cable is normally red or blue, and the other wires are usually gray.

- 1. Connect one end of the cable to CN6. Make sure that the red (or blue) wire corresponds to pin 1 on the connector, which is labeled on the board (on the right side).
- Plug the other end of the cable to the Enhanced IDE hard drive, with pin 1 on the cable corresponding to pin 1 on the hard drives. (see your hard drive's documentation for the location of the connector).

Connect a second drive as described above.

Unlike floppy drives, IDE hard drives can connect to either end of the cable. If you install two drives, you will need to set one as the master and the other one as the slave by using jumpers on the drives. If you install just one drive, set it as the master.

IDE hard drive connector (CN6)

IDE hard drive connector (CN6)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	IDE RESET	2	GND	
3	DATA 7	4	DATA 8	
5	DATA 6	6	DATA 9	
7	DATA 5	8	DATA 10	
9	DATA 4	10	DATA 11	
11	DATA 3	12	DATA 12	
13	DATA 2	14	DATA 13	
15	DATA 1	16	DATA 14	
17	DATA 0	18	DATA 15	
19	SIGNAL GND	20	N/C	
21	N/C	22	GND	
23	IO WRITE	24	GND	
25	IO READ	26	GND	
27	IO CHANNEL READY	28	ALE	
29	N/C	30	GND	
31	IRQ14	32	IOCS16	
33	ADDR 1	34	N/C	
35	ADDR 0	36	ADDR 2	
37	HARD DISK SELECT 0	38	HARD DISK SELECT 1	
39	IDE ACTIVE	40	MGND	
41	VCC	42	MVCC	
43	GND	44	N/C	

Front panel connector (CN7)

Next you may want to install external LEDs and switches to monitor and control the mainboard. These features are completely optional. Install them only if you need them. The front panel connector (CN7) is an 8-pin male, dual in-line header and provides connections for a speaker, hard disk access indicator, and an input switch for resetting the card.

Front panel connector (CN7)		
Pin	Signal	
1	HDD LED- (Hard disk active)	
2	HDD LED+ (V _{cc})	
3	Speaker- (GND)	
4	Speaker+	
5	NC	
6	GND	
7	Reset switch+	
8	Reset switch- (GND)	

Speaker

The mainboard can drive an 8Ω external speaker at 0.5 watts. If there is no external speaker, the PCM-6890B provides an onboard buzzer as an alternative.

LED interface

The front panel LED indicator for hard disk access is an active low signal (24 mA sink rate).

IrDA connector (CN8)

The IrDA connector (CN8) can be configured to support wireless infrared module, with this module and application software such as laplink or Win95 Direct Cable connection, user can transfer files to or from laptops, notebooks, PDA and printers. This connector supports HPSIR (115.2Kbps, 2 meters).

Install infrared module onto IrDA connector and enable infrared function from BIOS setup. Make sure to have correct orientation when you plug onto IrDA connector (CN8).

IrDa connector (CN8)				
Pin	Signal			
1	Vcc			
2	NC			
3	IrRx			
4	GND			
5	IrTx			

Display connectors (CN10, CN12)

The mainboard's PCI SVGA interface can drive conventional CRT displays and is capable of driving a wide range of flat panel displays, including electroluminescent (EL), gas plasma, passive LCD, and active LCD displays. The board has two connectors to support these displays, one for standard CRT VGA monitors and one for flat panel displays.

VGA display connector (CN12)

CN12 is a 16-pin, dual-in-line header used for conventional CRT displays. A simple one-to-one adapter can be used to match CN12 to a standard 15-pin D-SUB connector commonly used for VGA.

VGA display connector (CN12)				
Signal	Pin	Signal		
RED	9	SIGNAL GND		
N/C	10	H-SYNC		
GREEN	11	CHASSIS GND		
SIGNAL GND	12	V-SYNC		
BLUE	13	CHASSIS GND		
N/C	14	N/C		
N/C	15	CHASSIS GND		
N/C	16	N/C		
	Signal RED N/C GREEN SIGNAL GND BLUE N/C N/C	Signal Pin RED 9 N/C 10 GREEN 11 SIGNAL GND 12 BLUE 13 N/C 14 N/C 15		

LCD connector (CN10)

CN10 is a 50-pin, dual-in-line header used for flat panel displays.

When the mainboard's power is applied, the control signal is low until just after the relevant flat panel signals are present.

Configuration of the VGA interface is done completely via the software utility. You do not have to set any jumpers.

LCD connector (CN10)					
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal		
1	+12 V _{DC}	2	+12 V _{DC}		
3	GND	4	GND		
5 7	+5 V _{DC}	6	+5 V _{DC}		
	ENAVEE	8	GND		
9	P0	10	P1		
11	P2	12	P3		
13	P4	14	P5		
15	P6	16	P7		
17	P8	18	P9		
19	P10	20	P11		
21	P12	22	P13		
23	P14	24	P15		
25	P16	26	P17		
27	P18	28	P19		
29	P20	30	P21		
31	P22	32	P23		
33	P24	34	P25		
35	SHF CLK	36	FLM (V SYS)		
37	M	38	LP (H SYS)		
39	GND	40	ENABKL		
41	P26	42	P27		
43	P28	44	P29		
45	P30	46	P31		
47	P32	48	P33		
49	P34	50	P35		

Keyboard and mouse connector (CN11)

The mainboard provides a keyboard connector which supports both a keyboard and a PS/2 style mouse. In most cases, especially in embedded applications, a keyboard is not used. The standard PC/AT BIOS will report an error or fail during power-on-self-test (POST) after a reset if the keyboard is not present. The mainboard BIOS Advanced setup menu allows you to select "Present" or "Absent" under the "System Keyboard" section. This allows no-keyboard operation in embedded system applications without the system halting under POST (power-on-self-test).

Keyboard and mouse connector (CN11)			
Pin	Signal		
1	KB DATA		
2	GND		
3	MS DATA		
4	N/C		
5	KB CLOCK		
6	Vcc		
7	MS CLOCK		
8	N/C		

Audio connector (CN13)

The PCM-6890B provides all major audio signals on a 14-pin flatcable connector, CN13.

Attach the Mic In, Line In, and Audio Out to the corresponding pins as shown in the following table.

Audio	Audio connector (CN13)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal		
1	Mic In	2	MIC_Vcc		
3	GND	4	Reserve for future use		
5	Line In Left	6	Reserve for future use		
7	Line In Right	8	Reserve for future use		
9	GND	10	Reserve for future use		
11	Audio Out Left	12	Audio Out Right		
13	GND_Line out	14	GND_Speaker out		

CAUTION: Both Line-out and Speaker-out modes share the same pair of Audio Out signal lines but different grounds. In addition to setting up J5 on page 20, make sure you use the corresponding ground signal when making the cable by yourself.

Parallel port connector (CN14)

Normally, the parallel port is used to connect the board to a printer. The mainboard includes an onboard parallel port, accessed through PC1, a 26-pin flat-cable connector. You need an adapter cable if you use a traditional DB-25 connector. The cable has a 26-pin connector on one end and a DB-25 connector on the other.

Parallel port IRQ

The mainbaord supports one parallel port. The port is designated as LPT1 and can be disabled or changed to LPT2 or LPT3 in the system BIOS setup.

Parallel port connector table (CN14)

Parallel port connector (CN14)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	/STROBE	2	\AUTOFD	
3	DO	4	ERR	
5	D1	6	\INIT	
7	D2	8	\SLCTINI	
9	D3	10	GND	
11	D4	12	GND	
13	D5	14	GND	
15	D6	16	GND	
17	D7	18	GND	
19	√ACK	20	GND	
21	BUST	22	GND	
23	PE	24	GND	
25	SLCT	26	N/C	

100Base-T Ethernet connector (CN15)

This 100Base-T Ethernet connector is a standard RJ-45 connector.

The onboard Realtek Intel 82559GD fast Ethernet controller supports 10Mb/s and 100 Mb/s N-way auto-negotiation operation.

100Base-T Ethernet connector (CN15)					
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal		
1	Tx+	2	Tx-		
3	Rx+	4	N/C		
5	N/C	6	Rx-		
7	N/C	8	N/C		

Serial ports (CN16)

The PCM-6890B offers four serial ports, three RS-232 and one RS-232/422/485. These ports allow you to connect them to serial devices (mouse, printers, etc.).

COM 1-4 RS-232/422/485 serial ports (CN16)

COM1,	COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4 RS-232/422/485 serial port					
	PIN	N SIGNAL	PIN	SIGNAL		
COM1	1	DCDa	2	DSRa		
	3	RXDa	4	RTSa		
	5	TXDa	6	CTSa		
	7	DTRa	8	Rla		
	9	GND	10	N.C.		
COM2	11	DCDb	12	DSRb		
		(422TXD-/485DATA-)				
	13	RXDb (422RXD+)	14	RTSb		
	15	TXDb (422TXD+/485DATA+)	16	CTSb		
	17	DTRb (422RXD-)	18	Rlb		
	19	GND	20	N.C.		
СОМЗ	21	DCDc	22	DSRc		
	23	RXDc	24	RTSc		
	25	TXDc	26	CTSc		
	27	DTRc	28	RIc/+5V/+12V		
	29	GND	30	N.C.		
COM4	31	DCDd	32	RSRd		
	33	RXDd	34	RTSd		
	35	TXDd	36	CTSd		
	37	DTRd	38	RId/+5V/+12V		
	39	GND	40	N.C.		

Floppy drive connector (CN17)

You can attach up to two floppy drives to the mainboard controller. You can use any combination of 5¹/₄" (360 KB and 1.2 MB) and/or 3½" (720 KB, 1.44 MB, and 2.88 MB) drives.

A 34-pin daisy-chain drive connector cable is required for a dualdrive system. On one end of the cable is a 34-pin flat-cable connector. On the other end are two sets of floppy disk drive connectors. Each set consists of a 34-pin flat-cable connector (usually used for 3½" drives) and a printed-circuit board connector (usually used for 51/4" drives).

Wire number 1 on the cable is normally red or blue, and the other wires are usually gray.

Connecting the floppy drive

- 1. Plug the 34-pin flat-cable connector into CN17. Make sure that the red or blue wire corresponds to pin 1 on the connector.
- 2. Attach the appropriate connector on the other end of the cable to the floppy drive(s). You can use only one connector in the set. The set on the end (after the twist in the cable) connects to the A: drive. The set in the middle connects to the B: drive.
- 3. If you are connecting a 5¹/₄" floppy drive, line up the slot in the printed circuit board with the blocked-off part of the cable connector.

If you are connecting a 3½" floppy drive, you may have trouble determining which pin is pin number 1. Look for a number printed on the circuit board indicating pin number 1. Also, the connector on the floppy drive connector may have a slot. When the slot is up, pin number 1 should be on the right. Check the documentation that came with the drive for more information.

If you desire, connect the B: drive to the connectors in the middle of the cable as described above.

Floppy drive connector (CN17)

Floppy drive connector (CN17)					
Signal	Pin	Signal			
GND	2	DENSITY SELECT			
GND	4	N/C			
GND	6	DRIVE TYPE			
GND	8	INDEX			
GND	10	MOTOR 0			
GND	12	DRIVE SELECT 1			
GND	14	DRIVE SELECT 2			
GND	16	MOTOR 1			
GND	18	DIRECTION			
GND	20	STEP			
GND	22	WRITE DATA			
GND	24	WRITE GATE			
GND	26	TRACK 0			
GND	28	WRITE PROTECT			
GND	30	READ DATA			
GND	32	HEAD DELECT			
GND	34	DISK CHANGE			
	Signal GND	Signal Pin GND 2 GND 4 GND 6 GND 10 GND 12 GND 14 GND 16 GND 20 GND 22 GND 24 GND 26 GND 30 GND 32			

SW1 (2~3) DOC address select

The DiskOnChip 2000 occupies an 8 Kbyte window in the upper memory address range of D400 to D800. You should ensure this does not conflict with any other device's memory address. SW1 controls the memory address of the Flash disk.

	DOC ADDRESS	SW1 (2)	SW1 (3)
*	D400	OFF	OFF
	DC00	ON	OFF
	D800	OFF	ON
	DISABLE	ON	ON

* default

These addresses might conflict with the ROM BIOS of other peripheral boards. Please select the appropriate memory address to avoid memory conflicts.

Ethernet LED signal connectors (LED2)

The PCM-6890B supports three sets of LED connector for external LED indicators.

Ethernet active signal LED (J14)(J15)

Flashing Tx or Rx LEDs indicate that the PCM-6890B is transmitting or receiving data.

Ethernet link signal LED

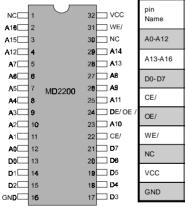
A continuously lit LED indicates good linkage between the PCM-6890B and its supporting hub.

Ethernet LED signal connectors (LED2)			
Pin	Signal		
1	Rx LED		
2	+5V		
3	Link LED		
4	+5V		
5	Tx LED		
6	+5V		

DiskOnChip socket (U18)

The DiskOnChip 2000 family of products provides a single chip solid-state flash disk in a standard 32-pin DIP package. The DiskOnChip 2000 is a solid-state disk with no moving parts, resulting in a significant reduction in power consumption and an increase in reliability. The DiskOnChip is a small plug and play Flash disk. It is easy to use. And it saves integration overhead.

The DiskOnChip 2000 family of products is available in capacities ranging from 2MB up to 288MB, unformatted. In order to manage the disk, the DiskOnChip 2000 includes the TrueFFS, M-Systems Flash File System proprietary software. The DiskOnChip 2000 package is pin-to-pin compatible with a standard 32-pin EPROM device.



pin Name	Description	Pin Number	Direction	Note
A0-A12	Address bus	4-12,23,25-27	Inputs	
A13-A16	Address bus	2,3,28,29	Inputs	1
D0-D7	Data bus	13-15,17-21	I/O	
CE/	Chip Enable	22	Input	
OE/	Output Enable	24	Input	
WE/	Write Enable	31	Input	
NC	Not connected	1.30		2
VCC	Power	32		
GND	Ground	16		

Note 1: Pins A13 through A16 are not used by the MD2200. They are kept for socket backward compatibility with ED 1100 (DiskOnChip 1000)

Note 2: Pins 1 and 30 are not used by MD2200

DiskOnChip (DOC) 2000 Installation

When the DOC is installed correctly, a DOC will work like an HDD or an FDD. To install the DOC on the mainboard, follow the instructions below:

- 1. Plug the DOC into the socket. Make sure pin 1 of the DOC is aligned with pin 1 of the socket.
- Push the DOC into the socket until it is firmly seated in the socket.

Caution: the DOC may be permanently damage if it is installed incorrectly.

3. Set the jumper for the memory address of the DOC.

Note:

The memory shadow function sometimes will create conflicts with the memory window. You should disable the memory shadow from the BIOS SETUP if the DOC cannot be accessed.

Configure DOC as a boot device

To configure a DOC as a boot drive, you should copy the operating system files onto the DOC. The following procedure is an example of the initialization process.

- 1. Install a DOC into your system.
- 2. Insert a bootable floppy disk in drive A: and boot the system.
- 3. At the DOS prompt, type **SYS C:** to transfer the DOS system files to the DOC (assuming the DiskOnChip is installed as drive C:). Reboot the system.
- 4. Go to the BIOS Setup Utility by hitting the key. Set the type of Primary Master or C: Drive as *Not Installed*.
- 5. Remove the floppy disk from the drive A: and leave the BIOS Setup Utility. The system should boot from the DOC.

Award BIOS Setup

This chapter describes how to configure the BIOS for the PCM-6890B.

Starting setup

The Award BIOS is immediately activated when you first turn on the computer. The BIOS reads system configuration information in CMOS RAM and begins the process of checking out the system and configuring it through the power-on self test (POST).

When these preliminaries are finished, the BIOS seeks an operating system on one of the data storage devices (hard drive, floppy drive, etc.). The BIOS launches the operating system and hands control of system operations to it.

During POST, you can start the Setup program in one of two ways: 1.By pressing Del immediately after switching the system on, or 2.By pressing Del or pressing Ctrl-Alt-Esc when the following message appears briefly at the bottom of the screen during POST:

TO ENTER SETUP BEFORE BOOT PRESS DEL KEY

If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system to try again by turning it OFF then ON or pressing the RESET button on the system case. You may also restart by simultaneously pressing Ctr-Alt-Del. If you do not press the keys at the correct time and the system does not boot, an error message appears and you are again asked to

PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, DEL TO ENTER SETUP

Setup keys

These keys helps you navigate in Setup:

Down arrowMove to next itemLeft arrowMove to the item in the left handRight arrowMove to the item in the right handEscMain Menu: Quit and not save changes into CMOS RAMOther pages: Exit current page and return to Main MenuPgDn/+Increase the numeric value or make changesPgDn/-Decrease the numeric value or make changesF1General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup MenuF2Change color from total 16 colors. F2 to select color forward, Shift-F2 to select color backwardF3Calendar, only for Status Page Setup MenuF4ReservedF5Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup MenuF6Load the default CMOS RAM value from BIOS default table, only for Option Page Setup MenuF7Load the defaultF8ReservedF9ReservedF9ReservedF10Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main Menu	Up arrow	Move to previous item
Right arrow Move to the item in the right hand Esc Main Menu: Quit and not save changes into CMOS RAM Other pages: Exit current page and return to Main Menu PgDn/+ Increase the numeric value or make changes PgDn/- Decrease the numeric value or make changes F1 General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu F2 Change color from total 16 colors. F2 to select color backward F3 Calendar, only for Status Page Setup Menu F4 Reserved F5 Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu F6 Load the default CMOS RAM value from BIOS default table, only for Option Page Setup Menu F7 Load the default F8 Reserved F9 Reserved F9 Reserved F10 Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main	Down arrow	Move to next item
Esc Main Menu: Quit and not save changes into CMOS RAM Other pages: Exit current page and return to Main Menu PgDn/+ Increase the numeric value or make changes PgDn/- Decrease the numeric value or make changes F1 General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu F2 Change color from total 16 colors. F2 to select color forward, Shift-F2 to select color backward F3 Calendar, only for Status Page Setup Menu F4 Reserved F5 Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu F6 Load the default CMOS RAM value from BIOS default table, only for Option Page Setup Menu F7 Load the default F8 Reserved F9 Reserved F10 Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main	Left arrow	Move to the item in the left hand
CMOS RAM Other pages: Exit current page and return to Main Menu PgDn/+ Increase the numeric value or make changes PgDn/- Decrease the numeric value or make changes F1 General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu F2 Change color from total 16 colors. F2 to select color forward, Shift-F2 to select color backward F3 Calendar, only for Status Page Setup Menu F4 Reserved F5 Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu F6 Load the default CMOS RAM value from BIOS default table, only for Option Page Setup Menu F7 Load the default F8 Reserved F9 Reserved F9 Reserved F10 Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main	Right arrow	Move to the item in the right hand
PgDn/+ Increase the numeric value or make changes PgDn/- Decrease the numeric value or make changes F1 General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu F2 Change color from total 16 colors. F2 to select color forward, Shift-F2 to select color backward F3 Calendar, only for Status Page Setup Menu F4 Reserved F5 Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu F6 Load the default CMOS RAM value from BIOS default table, only for Option Page Setup Menu F7 Load the default F8 Reserved F9 Reserved F10 Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main	Esc	· ·
Changes PgDn/- Decrease the numeric value or make changes F1 General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu F2 Change color from total 16 colors. F2 to select color forward, Shift-F2 to select color backward F3 Calendar, only for Status Page Setup Menu F4 Reserved F5 Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu F6 Load the default CMOS RAM value from BIOS default table, only for Option Page Setup Menu F7 Load the default F8 Reserved F9 Reserved F10 Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main		
Changes F1 General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu F2 Change color from total 16 colors. F2 to select color forward, Shift-F2 to select color backward F3 Calendar, only for Status Page Setup Menu F4 Reserved F5 Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu F6 Load the default CMOS RAM value from BIOS default table, only for Option Page Setup Menu F7 Load the default F8 Reserved F9 Reserved F10 Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main	PgDn/+	
Menu and Option Page Setup Menu F2 Change color from total 16 colors. F2 to select color forward, Shift-F2 to select color backward F3 Calendar, only for Status Page Setup Menu F4 Reserved F5 Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu F6 Load the default CMOS RAM value from BIOS default table, only for Option Page Setup Menu F7 Load the default F8 Reserved F9 Reserved F10 Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main	PgDn/-	
select color forward, Shift-F2 to select color backward F3 Calendar, only for Status Page Setup Menu F4 Reserved F5 Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu F6 Load the default CMOS RAM value from BIOS default table, only for Option Page Setup Menu F7 Load the default F8 Reserved F9 Reserved F10 Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main	F1	
F4 Reserved F5 Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu F6 Load the default CMOS RAM value from BIOS default table, only for Option Page Setup Menu F7 Load the default F8 Reserved F9 Reserved F10 Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main	F2	select color forward, Shift-F2 to select color
F5 Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu F6 Load the default CMOS RAM value from BIOS default table, only for Option Page Setup Menu F7 Load the default F8 Reserved F9 Reserved F10 Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main	F3	Calendar, only for Status Page Setup Menu
CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu F6 Load the default CMOS RAM value from BIOS default table, only for Option Page Setup Menu F7 Load the default F8 Reserved F9 Reserved F10 Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main	F4	Reserved
BIOS default table, only for Option Page Setup Menu F7 Load the default F8 Reserved F9 Reserved F10 Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main	F5	•
F8 Reserved F9 Reserved F10 Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main	F6	BIOS default table, only for Option Page
F9 Reserved F10 Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main	F7	Load the default
F10 Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main	F8	Reserved
the same and the same graph and	F9	Reserved
	F10	<u> </u>

Getting help

Press F1 to pop up a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. To exit the Help Window press Esc or the F1 key again.

In Case of Problems

If, after making and saving system changes with Setup, you discover that your computer no longer is able to boot, the **Award-BIOS** supports an override to the CMOS settings that resets your system to its default configuration.

You can invoke this override by immediately pressing Insert; when you restart your computer. You can restart by either using the ON/ OFF switch, the RESET button or by pressing Ctrl-Alt-Delete.

The best advice is to alter only settings that you thoroughly understand. In particular, do not change settings in the Chipset screen without a good reason. The Chipset defaults have been carefully chosen by Award Software or your system manufacturer for the best performance and reliability. Even a seemingly small change to the Chipset setup may causing the system to become unstable.

Main setup Menu



Standard CMOS	Options in the original PC AT-compatible BIOS.
BIOS Features	Award Software enhanced BIOS options.
Chipset Features	Options specific to your system chipset.
Power	Advanced Power Management (APM)
Management	options.
PnP/PCI	Plug and Play standard and PCI Local Bus
Configuration	configuration options.
Integrated	I/O subsystems that depend on the inte-
Peripherals	grated peripherals controller in your system.
Supervisor/User Password Setting	Change, set, or disable a password. In BIOS versions that allow separate user and supervisor passwords, only the supervisor password permits access to Setup. The user password generally allows only power-on access.
IDE HDD Auto	Automatically detect and configure IDE hard
Detection	disk parameters.

Load BIOS Defaults	BIOS defaults are factory settings for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations.
Load Setup Defaults	Setup defaults are factory settings for optimal-performance system operations.
Save & Exit Setup	Save settings in nonvolatile CMOS RAM and exit Setup.
Exit Without Save	Abandon all changes and exit Setup.

Standard CMOS setup

```
OM PCI/ISA BIOS (2AB9KAKB)
OMOS SETUP UTILITY
ANAKO SOFTWARE, INC.
   STANDARD CHOS SETUP
                                                     INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
   BIOS FEATURES SETUP
                                                     SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
   CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP
                                                     USER PASSWORD
   POVER MANAGEMENT SETUP
                                                     IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
   PNF/PCI CONFIGURATION
                                                     SAVE & EXET SETUP
   LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS
                                                     EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
   LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS
                                                  (Shift)F2 : Select Item
(Shift)F2 : Change Color
Esc : Quit
F1D : Save & Exit Setup
```

When you choose the STANDARD CMOS SETUP option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

This standard setup menu allows users to configure system components such as the date, time, hard disk drive, floppy drive, display, and memory. Online help for each field can be accessed by pressing F1.

Date and Time Configuration

The BIOS determines the day of the week from the other date information. This field is for information only.

Press the left or right arrow key to move to the desired field (date, month, year). Press the PgUp/- or PgDn/+ key to increment the setting, or type the desired value into the field.

The time format is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Press the left or right arrow key to move to the desired field. Press the PgUp/- or PgDn/+ key to increment the setting, or type the desired value into the field.

HARD DISKS

The BIOS supports up to four IDE drives. This section does not show information about other IDE devices, such as a CD-ROM drive, or about other hard drive types, such as SCSI drives.

NOTE: We recommend that you select type AUTO for all drives.

The BIOS can automatically detect the specifications and optimal operating mode of almost all IDE hard drives. When you select type AUTO for a hard drive, the BIOS detects its specifications during POST, every time the system boots.

If you do not want to select drive type AUTO, other methods of

selecting the drive type are available:

- 1. Match the specifications of your installed IDE hard drive(s) with the preprogrammed values for drive types 1 through 45.
- 2. Select USER and enter values into each drive parameter field.
- 3. Use the IDE HDD AUTO DECTECTION function in Setup.

Here is a brief explanation of drive specifications:

- •Type: The BIOS contains a table of pre-defined drive types. Each defined drive type has a specified number of cylinders, number of heads, write precompensation factor, landing zone, and number of sectors. Drives whose specifications do not accommodate any pre-defined type are classified as type USER.
- •Size: Disk drive capacity (approximate). Note that this size is usually slightly greater than the size of a formatted disk given by a disk-checking program.
- Cyls: Number of cylinders
- Head: Number of heads
- **Precomp**: Write precompensation cylinder
- Landz: Landing zone
- Sector: Number of sectors
- Mode: Auto, Normal, Large, or LBA
 - Auto: The BIOS automatically determines the optimal mode.
 - Normal: Maximum number of cylinders, heads, and sectors supported are 1024, 16, and 63.
 - Large: For drives that do not support LBA and have more than 1024 cylinders.

 - LBA (Logical Block Addressing): During drive accesses, the IDE controller transforms the data address described by sector, head, and cylinder number into a physical block address, significantly improving data transfer rates. For drives with greater than 1024 cylinders.

Drive A Drive B

Select the correct specifications for the diskette drive(s) installed in the computer.

None	No diskette drive installed
360K, 5.25 in	5-1/4 inch PC-type standard drive; 360 kilobyte capacity
1.2M, 5.25 in	5-1/4 inch AT-type high-density drive; 1.2 megabyte capacity
720K, 3.5 in	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 720 kilobyte capacity
1.44M, 3.5 in	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 1.44 mega byte capacity
2.88M, 3.5 in	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 2.88 mega byte capacity

LCD & CRT

This field may appear as an alternative to the Video field. select your video display device:

LCD	Liquid crystal display
CRT	Auxiliary monitor
Both	Display on both devices

Pannel:

This selection item allows user to select LCD BIOS to match the LCD types.

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Halt On

During the power-on-self-test (POST), the computer stops if the BIOS detects a hardware error. You can tell the BIOS to ignore certain errors during POST and continue the boot-up process. These are the selections:

- No errors: POST does not stop for any errors.
- All errors If: the BIOS detects any non-fatal error, POST stops and prompts you to take corrective action.
- All, But Keyboard: POST does not stop for a keyboard error, but stops for all other errors
- All, But Diskette: POST does not stop for diskette drive errors, but stops for all other errors.
- All, But Disk/Kev: POST does not stop for a keyboard or disk error, but stops for all other errors.

Memory

You cannot change any values in the Memory fields; they are only for your information. The fields show the total installed random access memory (RAM) and amounts allocated to base memory, extended memory, and other (high) memory. RAM is counted in kilobytes (KB: approximately one thousand bytes) and megabytes (MB: approximately one million bytes).

RAM is the computer's working memory, where the computer stores programs and data currently being used, so they are accessible to the CPU. Modern personal computers may contain up to 64 MB, 128 MB, or more.

Base Memory

Typically 640 KB. Also called conventional memory. The DOS operating system and conventional applications use this area.

•Extended Memory

Above the 1-MB boundary. Early IBM personal computers could not use memory above 1 MB, but current PCs and their software can use extended memory.

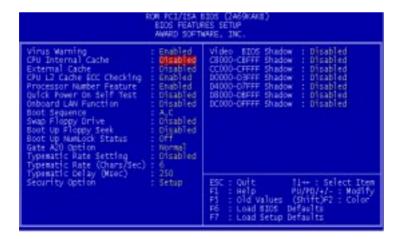
Other Memory

Between 640 KB and 1 MB; often called High memory. DOS may load terminate-and-stay-resident (TSR) programs, such as device drivers, in this area, to free as much conventional memory as possible for applications. Lines in your CONFIG.SYS file that start with LOADHIGH load programs into high memory.

BIOS features setup



By choosing the BIOS FEATURES SETUP option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.



The displayed configuration is based on the manufacturer's SETUP DEFAULTS settings.

Virus Warning

When enabled, you receive a warning message if a program (specifically, a virus) attempts to write to the boot sector or the partition table of the hard disk drive. You should then run an antivirus program. Keep in mind that this feature protects only the boot sector, not the entire hard drive.

NOTE: Many disk diagnostic programs that access the boot sector table can trigger the virus warning message. If you plan to run such a program, we recommend that you first disable the virus warning.

CPU Internal Cache/External Cache

Cache memory is additional memory that is much faster than conventional DRAM (system memory). CPUs from 486-type on up contain internal cache memory, and most, but not all, modern PCs have additional (external) cache memory. When the CPU requests data, the system transfers the requested data from the main DRAM into cache memory, for even faster access by the CPU.

The External Cache field may not appear if your system does not have external cache memory.

CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking

When you select Enabled, memory checking is enable when the external cache contains ECC SRAMs.

Quick Power On Self Test

Select Enabled to reduce the amount of time required to run the power-on-self-test (POST). A quick POST skips certain steps. We recommend that you normally disable quick POST. Better to find a problem during POST than lose data during your work.

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Boot Sequence

The original IBM PCs loaded the DOS operating system from drive A (floppy disk), so IBM PC-compatible systems are designed to search for an operating system first on drive A, and then on drive C (hard disk). However, the BIOS now offers many boot sequence options.

Swap Floppy Drive

This field is effective only in systems with two floppy drives. Selecting enabled assigns physical drive B to logical drive A, and physical drive A to logical drive B.

Boot Up Floppy Seek

When Enabled, the BIOS tests (seeks) floppy drives to determine whether they have 40 or 80 tracks. Only 360-KB floppy drives have 40 tracks; drives with 720 KB, 1.2 MB, and 1.44 MB capacity all have 80 tracks. Because very few modern PCs have 40-track floppy drives, we recommend that you set this field to Disabled to save time.

Boot Up NumLock Status

Toggle between On or Off to control the state of the NumLock key when the system boots. When toggled On, the numeric keypad generates numbers instead of controlling cursor operations.

Gate A20 Option

Gate A20 refers to the way the system addresses memory above 1 MB (extended memory). When set to Fast, the system chipset controls Gate A20. When set to Normal, a pin in the keyboard controller controls Gate A20. Setting Gate A20 to Fast improves system speed, particularly with OS/2 and Windows.

Security Option

If you have set a password, select whether the password is required every time the System boots, or only when you enter Setup.

Shadow

Software that resides in a read-only memory (ROM) chip on a device is called firmware. The AwardBIOS permits shadowing of firmware such as the system BIOS, video BIOS, and similar operating instructions that come with some expansion peripherals, such as, for example, a SCSI adaptor.

Shadowing copies firmware from ROM into system RAM, where the CPU can read it through the 16-bit or 32-bit DRAM bus. Firmware not shadowed must be read by the system through the 8-bit X-bus. Shadowing improves the performance of the system BIOS and similar ROM firmware for expansion peripherals, but it also reduces the amount of high memory (640 KB to 1 MB) available for loading device drivers, etc.

Enable shadowing into each section of memory separately. Many system designers hardwire shadowing of the system BIOS and eliminate a System BIOS Shadow option.

Video BIOS shadows into memory area C8000-DFFFF. The remaining areas shown on the BIOS Features Setup screen may be occupied by other expansion card firmware. If an expansion peripheral in your system contains ROM-based firmware, you need to know the address range the ROM occupies to shadow it into the correct area of RAM.

CHIPSET features setup

```
ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69KAKB)
ONOS SETUP UTILITY
AMARO SOFTWARE, INC.
   STANDARD CHOS SETUP
                                                  INTESRATED PERIPHERALS
   BIOS FEATURES SETUP
                                                  SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
   CHEPSET FEATURES SETUP
                                                  USER PASSIORD
   POWER HANAGEMENT SETUP
                                                  IDE HOO WUTD DETECTION
                                                  SAVE & EXIT SETUP
   PMP/PCI CONFIGURATION
   LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS
                                                  EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
   LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS
                                               (Shift)F2 : Change Color
Esc : Quit
F10 : Save & Exit Setup
```

By choosing the CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

The displayed configuration is based on the manufacturer's SETUP DEFAULTS settings.

This section allows you to configure the system based on the specific features of the installed chipset. This chipset manages bus speeds and access to system memory resources, such as SDRAM. It also coordinates communications between the conventional ISA bus and the PCI bus. It must be stated that these items should never need to be altered. The default settings have been chosen because they provide the best operating conditions for your system. The only time you might consider making any changes would be if you discovered that data was being lost while using your system.

Because of the complexity and technical nature of some of the options, not all of the options are described here.

SDRAM RAS-to-CAS Delay

This field lets you control the number of DCLKs between a Row Activate command and a read or write command.

SDRAM RAS Precharge Time

The precharge time is the number of cycles it takes for the RAS to accumulate its charge before DRAM refresh. If insufficient time is allowed, refresh may be incomplete and the DRAM may fail to retain data. This field applies only if synchronous DRAM is installed in the system.

SDRAM CAS Latency Time

When synchronous DRAM is installed, you can control the number of CLKs between when the SDRAMs sample a read command and when the contoller samples read data from the SDRAMs. Do not reset this field from the default value specified by the system designer.

SDRAM Precharge Control

When Enabled, all CPU cycles to SDRAM result in an All Banks Precharge Command on the SDRAM interface.

DRAM Data Integrity Mode

Select Non-ECC or ECC (error-correcting code), according to the type of installed DRAM.

System BIOS Cacheable

Selecting Enabled allows caching of the system BIOS ROM at F0000h-FFFFh, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result

Video BIOS Cacheable

Selecting Enabled allows caching of the video BIOS ROM at C0000h to C7FFFh, resulting in better video performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result.

Video RAM Cacheable

Selecting Enabled allows caching of the video memory (RAM) at A0000h to AFFFFh, resulting in better video performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a memory access error may result.

8/16 Bit I/O Recovery Time

The I/O recovery mechanism adds bus clock cycles between PCIoriginated I/O cycles to the ISA bus. This delay takes place because the PCI bus is so much faster than the ISA bus.

These two fields let you add recovery time (in bus clock cycles) for 16-bit and 8-bit I/O.

Memory Hole at 15M-16M

You can reserve this area of system memory for ISA adapter ROM. When this area is reserved, it cannot be cached. The user information of peripherals that need to use this area of system memory usually discusses their memory requirements.

Passive Release

When Enabled, CPU to PCI bus accesses are allowed during passive release. Otherwise, the arbiter only accepts another PCI master access to local DRAM.

Delayed Transaction

The chipset has an embedded 32-bit posted write buffer to support delay transactions cycles. Select Enabled to support compliance with PCI specification version 2.1.

Auto Detect DIMM/PCI CIk

When the Auto Detect DIMM/PCI clk enable, the Utility will automatically detect the DIMM/PCI clock in your system.

Spread Spectrum

When the system clock generator pulses, the extreme values of the pulse generate excess EMI. Enabling pulse spectrum spread modulation changes the extreme values from spikes to flat curves, thus reducing EMI. This benefit may in some cases be outweighed by problems with timing-critical devices, such as a clock-sensitive SCSI device

IN0-IN6(V)

These fields display the current voltage of up to seven voltage input lines, if your computer contains a monitoring system.

Power management setup

```
NOM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69KAKB)
CMOS SETUP UTILITY
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
   STANDARD CHOS SETUP
                                                    INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
   BIDS FEATURES SETUP
                                                    SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
   CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP
                                                    USER PASSWORD
   POWER HANAGEMENT SETUP
                                                    IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
   PMP/FCI CONFIGURATION
                                                    SAVE & EXET SETUP
   LOAD BODS DEFAULTS
                                                    EXIT NUTHOUT SAVING
   LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS
                                                (Shift)F2 : Select Item
(Shift)F2 : Change Color
Est : Quit
F10 : Save & Exit Setup
```

By choosing the POWER MANAGEMENT option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

```
ROH PCI/ISA BIOS (2AGSKAKB)
                                       POWER HANAGEMENT SETUP
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
                                 Disable
                                                          ** Reload Global Timer Events
Power Hanagement
PN Control by APM
Video Off Method
Video Off After
                                                         IRO[3-7,9-15], NMI : Disabled
Primary IDE 0 : Disabled
Primary IDE 1 : Disabled
                                 Blank Screen
                                                         Floopy Disk
Serial Port
HOOEN Use IRD
                                                                                       : Disabled
                               : NA
                               : Disable
                                                                                        : Disabled
Doze Hode
                              : Disable
: Disable
Standby Hode
Suspend Hode
                                                          Parallel Port
                                                                                       : Disabled
#DO Power Down : Disab
Throttle Duty Cycle : 12.5%
                              : Disable
VGA Active Monitor : Disabled
Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN : Instant-Off
Resume by Ring : Disabled
IRQ 8 Break Suspend : Disabled
                                                                  FIFE
                                                                  Load BIOS Defaults
Load Setup Defaults
```

The displayed configuration is based on the manufacturer's SETUP DEFAULTS settings.

Power Management

This option allows you to select the type (or degree) of power saving for Doze, Standby, and Suspend modes.

This table describes each power management mode:

Max Saving	Maximum power savings. Only Available for SL CPUs. Inactivity period is 1 minute in each mode.
User Define	Set each mode individually. Select time-out periods in the section for each mode, below.
Min Saving	Minimum power savings. Inactivity period is 1 hour in each mode (except the hard drive).

PM Control by APM

If Advanced Power Management (APM) is installed on your system, selecting Yes gives better power savings.

Video Off Method

Determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked.

V/H SYNC+Blank	System turns off vertical and horizontal synchronization ports and writes blanks to the video buffer.
DPMS Support	Select this option if your monitor supports the Display Power Management Signaling (DPMS) standard of the Video Electronics Standards Association (VESA). Use the software supplied for your video subsystem to select video power management values.
Blank Screen	System only writes blanks to the video buffer.

Video Off After

As the system moves from lesser to greater power-saving modes, select the mode in which you want the monitor to blank.

MODEM Use IRQ

Name the interrupt request (IRQ) line assigned to the modem (if any) on your system. Activity of the selected IRQ always awakens the system.

Doze Mode

After the selected period of system inactivity, the CPU clock throttles to a small percentage of its duty cycle — between 10 percent and 25 percent for most chipsets. All other devices still operate at full speed.

Standby Mode

After the selected period of system inactivity, the CPU clock stops, the hard drive enters an idle state, and the L2 cache enters a power-save mode. All other devices still operate at full speed.

Suspend Mode

After the selected period of system inactivity, the chipset enters a hardware suspend mode, stopping the CPU clock and possibly causing other system devices to enter power management modes.

HDD Power Down

After the selected period of drive inactivity, any system IDE devices compatible with the ATA-2 specification or later power manage themselves, putting themselves into an idle state after the specified timeout and then waking themselves up when accessed.

Throttle Duty Cycle

When the system enters Doze mode, the CPU clock runs only part of the time. You may select the percent of time that the clock runs.

VGA Active Monitor

When Enabled, any video activity restarts the global timer for Standby mode.

Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

When you select Instant Off or Delay 4 Sec., turning the system off with the on/off button places the system in a very low-power-usage state, either immediately or after 4 seconds, with only enough circuitry receiving power to detect power button activity or Resume by Ring activity.

Resume by Ring

When Enabled, an input signal on the serial Ring Indicator (RI) line (in other words, an incoming call on the modem) awakens the system from a soft off state.

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IRQ8 Break [Event From] Suspend

You can select Enabled or Disabled for monitoring of IRQ8 (the Real Time Clock) so it does not awaken the system from Suspend mode.

Reload Global Timer Events

When Enabled, an event occurring on each device listed below restarts the global timer for Standby mode.

IRQ3-7, 9-15, NMI

Primary IDE 0

Primary IDE 1

Floppy Disk

Serial Port

Parallel Port

PNP/PCI configuration setup

```
CHOS SETUP UTILITY
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
   STANDARD CHOS SETUP
                                                INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
   BIOS FEATURES SETUP
                                                SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
   CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP
                                               USER PASSWORD
   POVIER MANAGEMENT SETUP
                                               IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
   PMP/PCI CONFIGURATION
                                                SAVE & EXIT SETUP
   LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS
                                                EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
   LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS
Esc : Quit
F10 : Save & Exit Setup
                                            (Shift)F2 : Select Item
```

By choosing the PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP option from the initial SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

```
OM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69KAKB)
PNP/PCI COMFIGURATION
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
PMP OS Installed
                                                         Assign IRQ For VGA : Disabled
Resources Controlled By
                                      Manua1
Reset Configuration Data : Disabled
                                                         Used MEM base addr : N/A
                                                         Assign IRQ For USE : Disabled
                             PCI/ISA PHP
                              PCI/ISA PRIP
PCI/ISA PRIP
                                   /ISA PmP
                                   /ISA PHP
                                 I/ISA PRE
                                CI/ISA PHP
                                                                                    | | ** : Select Item
                                   /ISA fmf
                                                               : Ouit
                                                               : Holp PU/PD/+/- : Modif
: Old Values (Shift)F2 : Color
: Load 8IOS Defaults
: Load Setup Defaults
                                   /ISA PmP
                      to:
                             PCI/ISA PHP
PCI/ISA PHP
```

The displayed configuration is based on the manufacturer's SETUP DEFAULTS settings.

PNP OS Installed

Select Yes if the system operating environment is Plug-and-Play aware (e.g., Windows 95).

Resources Controlled By

The Plug and Play AwardBIOS can automatically configure all the boot and Plug and Play-compatible devices. If you select Auto, all the interrupt request (IRQ) and DMA assignment fields disappear, as the BIOS automatically assigns them.

Reset Configuration Data

Normally, you leave this field Disabled. Select Enabled to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) when you exit Setup if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the operating system cannot boot.

IRQ n Assigned to

When resources are controlled manually, assign each system interrupt as one of the following types, depending on the type of device using the interrupt:

Legacy ISA Devices compliant with the original PC AT bus specification, requiring a specific interrupt (such as IRQ4 for serial port 1).

PCI/ISA PnP Devices compliant with the Plug and Play standard, whether designed for PCI or ISA bus architecture.

DMA n Assigned to

When resources are controlled manually, assign each system DMA channel as one of the following types, depending on the type of device using the interrupt:

Legacy ISA Devices compliant with the original PC AT bus specification, requiring a specific DMA channel

PCI/ISA PnP Devices compliant with the Plug and Play standard, whether designed for PCI or ISA bus architecture.

PCI IRQ Activated by

Leave the IRQ trigger set at Level unless the PCI device assigned to the interrupt specifies Edge-triggered interrupts.

Assign IRQ for VGA

If you are not using your system's VGA controller, select Disabled to free the IRQ resource.

Used Mem base addr

Select a base address for the memory area used by any peripheral that requires high memory.

Used Mem Length

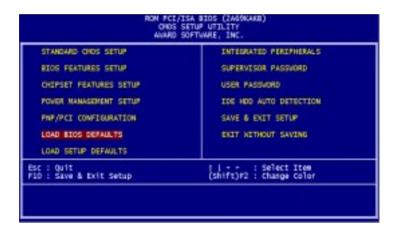
Select a length for the memory area specified in the previous field. This field does not appear if no base address is specified.

Assign IRQ for USB

Select Enabled if your system has a USB controller and you have one or more USB devices connected. If you are not using your system's USB controller, select Disabled to free the IRQ resource.

Load BIOS defaults/Load setup defaults

LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS loads the default system values directly from ROM. The BIOS DEFAULTS provides the most stable settings, though they do not provide optimal performance. LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS, on the other hand, provides for maximum system performance. If the stored record created by the setup utility becomes corrupted (and therefore unusable), BIOS defaults will load automatically when you turn the PCM-6890 on.





Integrated peripherals setup

```
ROW PCI/ISA BIOS (ZAGÓKAKE)
CHOG SETUP UTILITY
                                AMARD SOFTWARE, INC
                                                  INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
   STANDARD CHOS SETUP
   BIOS FEATURES SETUP
                                                  SUPERVISOR PASSMORD
   CHIPSET PEATURES SETUP
                                                  USDIL PASSWORD
   POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP
                                                  IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
   PMP/FCI CONFIGURATION
                                                  SAVE & EXET SETUP
   LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS
                                                  EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
   LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS
                                               [] -- : Select Item
(Shift)F2 : Change Color
Esc : Quit
F10 : Save & Exit Setup
```

By choosing the INTEGRATD PERIPHERALS option from the initial SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

```
ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69KAKB)
INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
                                                            AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
                                                      : Disabled
IDE HDD Block Mode
                                                                                      Onboard Parallel Port
                                                                                                                                            : Disabled
                                                                                      Parallel Port Mode
                                                                                     ECP Mode Use DMA
EPP Mode Select
Onboard Serial Port 3
IDE Primary Master UDMA : Disabled IDE Primary Slave UDMA : Disabled On-Chip Primary PCI IDE: Disabled USB Keyboard Support : Disabled Init Display First : PCI Slot
                                                                                                                                          : EPP1.9
: Disabled
                                                                                      Onboard Serial Port 4
                                                                                                                                           : Disabled
POWER ON Function
                                                 : Password
KB Power ON Password
                                                     : Enter
: Ctrl-F1
: 6 MHz
Hot Key Power ON
KBC input clock
Onboard FDC Controller
Onboard Serial Port 1
Onboard Serial Port 2
UART Mode Select
UART2 Duplex Mode
RxD , TxD Active
IR Transmission delay
                                                   : Disabled
                                                   : Disabled
: Disabled
: IrDA
: Full
: Hi,Hi
                                                                                     ESC : Quit ↑↓++ : Select Item
F1 : Help PU/PD/+/- : Modify
F5 : Old Values (Shift)F2 : Color
F6 : Load BIOS Defaults
F7 : Load Setup Defaults
                                                    : Disabled
```

The displayed configuration is based on the manufacturer's SETUP DEFAULSTS settings.

IDF HDD Block Mode

Select Enabled only if your hard drives support block mode.

IDE PIO Modes (Primary Master/Slave)

The four IDE PIO (Programmed Input/Output) fields let you set a PIO mode (0-4) for each of up to four IDE devices that the internal PCI IDE interface supports. Modes 0 through 4 provide successively increased performance. In Auto mode, the system automatically determines the best mode for each device.

IDE Primary Master/Slave UDMA

UDMA (Ultra DMA) is a DMA data transfer protocol that utilizes ATA commands and the ATA bus to allow DMA commands to transfer data at a maximum burst rate of 33 MB/s. When you select Auto in the four IDE UDMA fields (for each of up to four IDE devices that the internal PCI IDE interface supports), the system automatically determines the optimal data transfer rate for each IDE device

On-Chip PCI IDE (Primary)

The Intel 82C440BX chipset contains a PCI IDE interface with support for two IDE channels. Select Enabled to activate the primary and/or secondary IDE interface. Select Disabled to deactivate this interface, if you install a primary and/or secondary add-in IDE interface.

USB Keyboard Support

Select Enabled if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have a USB keyboard.

Onboard FDC Controller

Select Enabled if your system has a floppy disk controller (FDC) installed on the system board and you wish to use it. If you install an add-in FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select Disabled in this field.

Onboard Serial Ports (1, 2)

Select a logical COM port address for the first and second serial ports.

RxD, TxD Active

Consult your IR peripheral documentation to select the correct setting of the TxD and RxD signals.

ECP Mode Use DMA

Select a DMA channel for the port.

EPP Mode select

Select EPP port type 1.7 or 1.9.

Onboard Serial Port 3.

Serial Port 3 Use IRQ.

Onboard Serial Port 4.

Serial Port 4 Use IRQ.

Supervisor/User password setting

You can set either SUPERVISOR or USER PASSWORD, or both of them. The difference between the two is that the supervisor password allows unrestricted access to enter and change the options of the setup menus, while the user password only allows entry to the program, but not modify options.





When you select this function, a message appears at the center of the screen:

ENTER PASSWORD:

Type the password, up to eight characters, and press Enter. Typing a password clears any previously entered password from CMOS memory.

Now the message changes:

CONFIRM PASSWORD:

Again, type the password and press Enter.

To abort the process at any time, press Esc.

In the Security Option item in the BIOS Features Setup screen, select System or Setup:

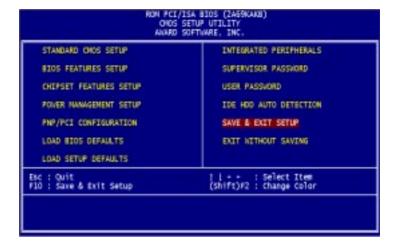
System Enter a password each time the system boots and when ever you enter Setup.

Setup Enter a password when ever you enter Setup.

NOTE: To clear the password, simply press Enter when asked to enter a password. Then the password function is disabled.

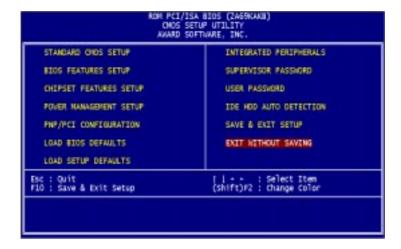
IDE HDD auto detection

The IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION utility can automatically detect the IDE hard disk installed in your system. You can use it to self-detect and/or correct the hard disk type configuration. You need to repeat the setup for each of the IDE combinations:



Save & exit setup

If you select this option and press <ENTER>, the values entered in the setup utility will be recorded in the chipset's CMOS memory. The microprocessor will check this every time you turn your system on and compare this to what it finds as it checks the system. This record is required for the system to operate.



Flat Panel/CRT Controller Display Drivers and Utilities

This chapter provides information about:

• Driver types and installation

Software drivers

This chapter describes the operation and installation of the display drivers supplied on the *Supporting CD-ROM* that are shipped with your product.

The onboard VGA adapter is based on the CHIPS VGA Flat Panel/CRT controller and is fully IBM VGA compatible. This controller offers a large set of extended functions and higher resolutions. If you intend to use your VGA adapter in standard VGA modes only, you do not need to install any of these drivers. Since your VGA adapter is fully compatible, it does not require any special drivers to operate in standard modes.

The purpose of the enclosed software drivers is to take advantage of the extended features of the CHIPS VGA Flat Panel/CRT controller.

Hardware configuration

Some of the high-resolution drivers provided in this package will work only in certain system configurations. If a driver does not display correctly, try the following:

- Change the display controller to CRT-only mode, rather than flat panel or simultaneous display mode. Some high-resolution drivers will display correctly only in CRT mode.
- 2. If a high-resolution mode is not supported on your system, try using a lower-resolution mode. For example, 1024 x 768 mode will not work on some systems, but 800 x 600 mode is supported on most.

Necessary prerequisites

The instructions in this manual assume that you understand elementary concepts of MS-DOS and the IBM Personal Computer. Before you attempt to install any driver from the *Supporting CD-ROM*, you should:

- Know how to copy files from a CD-ROM to a directory on the hard disk
- · Understand the MS-DOS directory structure

If you are uncertain about any of these concepts, please refer to the DOS or OS/2 user reference guides for more information *before* you proceed with the installation.

Before you begin

Make sure you know the version of the application for which you are installing drivers. The *Supporting CD-ROM* contain drivers for several versions of certain applications. For your driver to operate properly, you must install the driver for your version of the application program.

Windows® 98

These drivers are designed to work with Microsoft® Windows®. You just install these drivers through the Windows® operating system.

Driver installation

 Install Windows® 98 as you normally would for a VGA display. Click the Start button, go to Settings and click on Control Panel. Choose the Display icon and double click on the icon. In the Display Properties window, show as figure 1:



figure 1

Click the setting buttom, then click the Advanced Properties icon into the *Advanced Display properties* windows, show as figure2:



figure 2

click on **Change Display Type**. In the *Change Display Type* window, click on the **Change** button under Adapter Type into the select Device window show as figure 3: This will bring up the *Select Device* window.



figure 3

2. Place the *Supporting CD-ROM* in your CD-ROM drive.

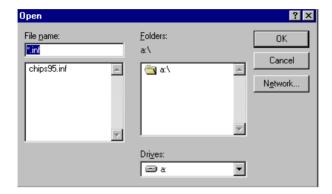


figure 4

In the *Select Device* window, click on **Have Disk**, Select **Browse**, and find the Win98 driver "chips98.inf" in the *Supporting CD-ROM*:

cd-rom: \CD ROM\model name\driver\vga driver \win98\chips98.inf and then click OK.

"cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

 $\label{eq:model name} \textbf{"model number of your product}$

The name of the *Chips And Tech* "69000 *PCI*" driver will appear highlighted in the *Models* list boxfhow as figure. Click OK to start the driver installation show as figure 5:



figure 5

3. Once the installation is complete, the *Advanced display Properties* window will reappear. Show as figure 6:



figure 6

Click on close to close the window. Then the *Display Properties* window will reappear. Show as figure 7:



figure 7

Click on **Apply**. Restart the system for the new settings to take effect, show as figure 8:



figure 8

Windows® 3.1

These drivers are designed to work with Microsoft Windows Version 3.1. You should install these drivers through Windows.

Driver installation

- 1. Install Windows as you normally would for a VGA display. Run Windows to make sure that it is working correctly.
- 2. Place the *Supporting CD-ROM* into your CD-ROM drive. In Windows Program Manager, choose *File* from the Options Menu. Then from the pull-down menu, choose *Run*. At the Command Line prompt, type.

cd-rom:\CD ROM\model name\driver\vga driver\win31\setup.exe Press the <ENTER> key or click OK to begin the installation.

"cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

"model name" : the model number of your product

At this point the setup program locates the directory where Windows is installed. For proper operation, the drivers must be installed in the Windows subdirectory.

3. Press <ENTER> to complete the installation. Once completed, you can find the icon Chips CPL under the Control Panel. The icon allows you to select and load the installed drivers.

These drivers are designed to function with the OS/2 Version 4.0, 3.0 and 2.11 operating systems.

To install this driver, do the following steps:

- 1. Open an OS/2 full screen or windowed session.
- 2. Place the *Supporting CD-ROM* into your CD-ROM drive.
- 3. At the OS/2 command prompt, type the following commands to copy the files to the OS/2 drive:

cd-rom:\CD ROM\model name\driver\vga driver\os2\setup.cmd

"cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

"model name": the model number of your product

When the Setup Program is completed, you will need to perform a shutdown and then restart the system in order for changes to take effect.

A log of the information output during the install can be found in <root>:\OS2\INSTALL\DISPLAY.LOG

- 4. After restarting the system, perform the following steps:
 - 1. Open the OS/2 System folder.
 - 2. Open the System Setup folder.
 - 3. Open the Display Driver Install Object.

This step will execute the Display Driver Installation (DSPINSTL) utility program to finish installation of the new drivers.

- 4. When the Display Driver Install window appears, select Primary Display and then select OK.
- 5. When the Primary Display Driver List window appears, select "Chips and Technologies 69000" from the list of adapter types, then select OK or install the video driver.

6. When the installation is complete, you will need to shut down and then restart the system for the changes to take effect. Make sure to remove the installation diskette before restarting the system.

Windows® NT 3.51

These drivers are designed to work with Microsoft® Windows®.

Driver installation

- 1. Install Windows® NT 3.51 as you normally would for a VGA display. Click the Star buttom, go to Settings and click on Control Panel icon. Then choose the Display and double click on the icon. In the Display Properties window, click the Setting buttom, then click the Display Type buttom into the Display Type windows, then click on Change buttom from the Adapter Type icon. And click on Have Disk buttom in the change display window.
- 2. Place the Supporting CD-ROM into your CD-ROM drive.

and type:

cd-rom: \CD ROM\model name\drive\vga drive\ win98 nt\windows.nt\nt35\Oemsetup.inf

"cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

 $\label{eq:model name} \textbf{"model number of your product}$

Select the adapter "Chips and Tech 69000PCI" and click OK.

Click on Install to install the selected driver. Once the installation is complete, shut down and restart the system.

Windows® NT 4.0

Driver installation

- 1. Install Windows® NT 4.0 as you normally would for a VGA display. Click the Star buttom, go to Settings and click on Control Panel icon. Then choose the Display and double click on the icon. In the Display Properties window, click the Setting buttom, then click the Display Type buttom into the Display Type windows, then click on Change buttom from the Adapter Type icon. And click on Have Disk buttom in the change display window.
- Place the Supporting CD-ROM into your CD-ROM dirve. In the Select Device window, click on Have Disk, select "Browse" and find the NT 4.0 driver from:

cd-rom: \CD ROM\model name\dirver\vga driver\ win98 nt\windows.nt\nt40\Oemsetup.inf

"cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

"model name" : the model number of your product

and then click OK. The name of the *Chips and Technologies, Inc. Video Controller* driver will appear highlighted in the Modules list box. Select Chips and Tech. 69000 and Click **OK**. Click **OK** to start the driver installation.

3. Once the installation is complete, the *Change Display Type* window will reappear. Click on close to close the window. Then the *Display Properties* window will reappear. Click on Apply. Restart the system for the new settings to take effect.

Ethernet Software Configuration

This chapter describes how to configure the Etherent Card to match your application requirements.

Ethernet software configuration

The onboard Ethernet interface supports all major network operating systems. I/O addresses and interrupts are easily configured via the Award BIOS Setup. To configure the medium type, to view the current configuration, or to run diagnostics, please refer to the following instruction:

- 1. Power the mainboard on. Ensure that the 8255X.EXE file is located in the working drive.
- 2. At the prompt, type 8255X.EXE and press <ENTER>. The Ethernet configuration program will then be displayed.
- 3. This simple screen shows all the available options for the Ethernet interface. Just highlight the option you wish to change by using the Up and DOWN keys. To change a selected item, press <ENTER>, and a screen will appear with the available options. Highlight your option and press <ENTER>. Each highlighted option has a helpful message guide displayed at the bottom of the screen for additional information.
- 4. After you have made your selections and the configuration is what you want, press <ESC>. A prompt will appear asking if you want to save the configuration. Press "Y" if you want to save.

The Ethernet Setup Menu also offers three very useful diagnostic functions. These are:

- Run EEPROM test
- 2. Run Diagnostics on Board
- 3. Run Diagnostics on Network

Each option has its own display screen which shows the format and result of any diagnostic tests undertaken.

Audio Setup

This PCM-6890B is equipped with an audio interface that records and playback CD-quality audio. This chapter provides instructions for installing the software drivers on the included CDROM.

Introduction

The PCM-6890B on board audio interface provides high-quality stereo sound and FM music synthesis (ESFM) by using the ESS Solo-1 audio controller from ESS Labs, Inc. The audio interface can record, compress, and play back voice, sound, and music with built-in mixer control.

The PCM-6890B on board audio interface also supports the Plug and Play (PnP) standard and provides PnP configuration for the audio, FM, and MPU-401 logical devices. It is compatible with Sound Blaster®; Sound Blaster Pro® version 3.01, voice and music functions. The ESFM synthesizer is register compatible with the OPL3 and has extended capabilities.

Setting Up in Windows 98

The Supporting CD-ROM contains the Windows 98 drivers. Please see the online help for details.



Note: Refer to your Windows 98 manual or online help for any questions on Windows 98.

Installing the Drivers and the Application

After turning on the system, Windows 98 begins loading and starts detecting new hardware installed on the system.



Tip: If you want to install the drivers manually, or your Windows 98 does not detect the new audio hardware, please perform the same installation procedure as described in NT 4.0 setion.

- 1. When Windows 98 detects the presence of the onboard audio chip, it begins to build the ESS Solo-1 driver database. The New Hardware Found dialog box displays.
- 2. Select Driver from disk provided by hardware manufacturer and click on OK. Windows 98 prompts you for the driver disk.
- 3. Specify the path of the *Supporting CD-ROM* as follows, then click on OK. The system will copy the necessary driver files to your hard disk drive

cd-rom: \CD ROM*model name*\dirver\sound\audio \English\win98drv

"cd-rom": the driver letter of your CD-ROM drive

"model name": the model number of your product



Tip: Prepare the Windows 98 CD-ROM disk before setting up the onboard audio. Windows 98 will prompt you to insert the Windows 98 CD-ROM disk when you install the joystick or MIDI device.



Note: If the file being copied is older than the file currently existing in your system, we suggest you to keep the existing file.

- 4. Windows 98 makes changes to the system settings and begins detecting the following new hardware components:
 - · ESS Gameport Joystick
 - · SB Audio PCI 64V Legacy Device
 - · Sound Blaster AudioPCI 64V
- 5. Upon initial installation, the setup process begins setting up the software.
- 6. Windows 98 makes final changes to the system settings, and you will be prompted to re-boot the system.

Setting Up in NT4.0

Installing the Audio Drivers

Follow these steps to install the audio drivers:

Driver installation

1. Excute the installation wizard named "CTRUN.EXE" in the following directory:

cd-rom : \CD ROM\model name\dirver\Audio\Ctrun

"cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

"model name": the model number of your product

- 2. After the Sound Blaster Audio PCI 64V window shows up, click on the Install button.
- 3. Simply follow the instructions to finish the installation.

APPENDIX

Programming the Watchdog Timer

The mainboard is equipped with a watchdog timer that resets the CPU or generates an interrupt if processing comes to a standstill for whatever reason. This feature ensures system reliability in industrial stand-alone and unmanned environments.

Programming the watchdog timer

Watchdog timer

The watchdog timer uses a 8-bit counter. The time range is from 32 seconds to 254.5 min with a resolution of 1 min. When timer times out, a system reset will happen.

Configuration register

The watchdog timer of PCM-6890B is located on the chipset – Winbond W83977. If you want to use it, you have to know how to read/write the configuration register of W83977. The basic procedure is as follows.

- 1. Enter configuration mode.
- 2. Select Logical Device.
- 3. Select register number.
- 4. Write/read data to/from register.
- 5. Exit configuration mode.

To Enter/Exit the configuration mode is to write a specific value to configuration port — 3F1h.

Enter configuration mode: write value *87h* to configuration port twice.

Exit configuration mode: write value *aah* to configuration port.

How to set the watchdog timer

- 1. Set register 30h of logical device 7 to 1 to activate the timer.
- 2. Write the desired counter value to register F2h of logical deivice 8.

Logical Device 7: Register number 30h (CR30)

00h: timer inactive

01h: timer active

Logicel Device 8: Register number F2h (CRF2)

00h: Time-out Disable

01h: Time-out occurs after 32 seconds

02h: Time-out occurs after 1 minute 32 seconds

03h: Time-out occurs after 2 minute 32 seconds

04h: Time-out occurs after 3 minute 32 seconds

.....

FFh: Time-out occurs after 254 minutes 32 seconds

Example

Following is an example of programming 32 sec period for watchdog timer in assembly language. When timer times out, it will generate signal of system reset.

CONFIG_PORT dw 3f0h

DATA PORT dw 3f1h

SetWatchDog_Time PROC

push bx

push cx

push dx

mov bl,7 ;; Select logical device number 7

mov ax,0130h ;; write 01h to register 30h to

activate

;; timer

call W977Write :: mov bl.8

;; Select logical device number 8

mov ax,01f2h ;; write time-out value (01h) to

register

:: F2h

call W977Write ;; set time-out value to 32 sec

pop dx pop cx pop bx

mov ah,4ch

int 21h

ret

SetWatchDog_Time ENDP

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;; Enter to I/O Chip Program Configuration Register Mode Enterv Config proc

push ax push dx ;; Specific value to enter Config al.87h mov ;; Mode dx,cs:CONFIG PORT mov dx,al ;; Write to Config Port twice! out dx.al out \$+2 :: Delay imp \$+2 jmp dх pop pop ax ret

EnterConfig endp

;; Exit to I/O Chip Program Configuration Register Mode

ExitConfig proc

push ax push dx

mov al,0aah ;; Specific value to exit Config

;; Mode

mov dx,cs:CONFIG PORT

out dx,al
pop dx
pop ax

ret

ExitConfig endp

```
;; Select The I/O Chip Program Configuration Register Logical
Device
;; Input : bl = logical device number
SelectDevice proc
    push ax
    push dx
    mov
                  al,07h
                           ;; Select control register 7
    mov
                  dx,cs:CONFIG PORT
                           ;; Write to Config Port
    out
                  dx,al
                  $+2
   jmp
                  al.bl
                           ;; Write logical device number
    mov
                  dx,cs:DATA PORT
                                            ;; to Data Port
    mov
                  dx.al
    out
                  dx
    pop
    pop
                  ax
    ret
```

SelectDevice endp

```
;; Setting I/O Chip Program Configuration Register Value
;; Input : al = register number
;; ah = setting value
```

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W977Write PROC

push dx

call EnterConfig ;; Enter Config Mode

call SelectDevice ;; Select logical device

mov dx,cs:CONFIG_PORT

out dx,al ;; Select register number

mov al,ah

mov dx,cs:DATA_PORT

out dx,al

call ExitConfig ;; Exit Config Mode

pop dx

ret

W977Write ENDP

end

B

Installing PC/104 Modules

This appendix provides instructions for installing PC/104 modules.

Installing PC/104 modules

The PCM-6890B's PC/104 connectors give you the flexibility to attach PC/104 expansion modules. These modules perform the functions of traditional plug-in expansion cards, but save space and valuable slots. Modules include:

• PCM-3115B	PCMCIA Module (two-slot)
PCM-3116	PC/104 PCMCIA/Compact Flash (ATA) to IDE
Module	
• PCM-3420	PC/104 Fast SCSI Module
• PCM-3600	PC/104 Fax/Modem Module
PCM-5600	PC/104 56K Fax/Modem Module
• PCM-3610	Isolated RS-232 and RS-422/485 Module
• PCM-3660	Ethernet Module
• PCM-3718	30 KHz A/D Module
• PCM-3724	48-channel DIO Module
• PCM-3910	Breadboard Module
• PCM-3810	Solid State Disk Module

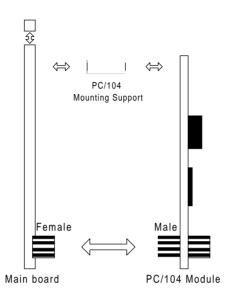
Installing these modules on the PCM-6890B is a quick and simple operation. The following steps show how to mount the PC/104 modules:

Step1	Remove the PCM-6890B from your system, paying particular attention to the safety instructions already mentioned above.
Step2	Make any jumper or link changes required to the SBC now. Once the PC/104 module is mounted, you may have difficulty in accessing these.
Step3	Mount the PC/104 module onto the SBC. Do this

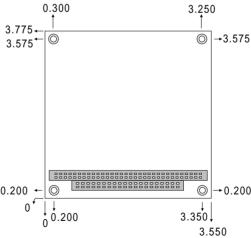
by pressing the module firmly but carefully onto the mounting connectors.

Step4 Secure the PC/104 module onto the SBC using the four mounting spacers and srews.

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PC/104 Module Mounting Diagram



PC/104 module dimenstions (inches \pm 5%)

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