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Read this material before using this product. Failure to do so can result in serious injury. SAVE THIS MANUAL.

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For technical questions or replacement parts, please call 1-800-444-3353. Revised Manual 09j

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Electrical Requirements	115 V~ / 60 Hz
Amperage	5.5 (Start-Up) / 3.2 (No Load)
Motor	3/4 HP; 1730 RPM
Power Switch	2-Position (ON/OFF) Slide
Power Cord	5'1" Long / 14 AWG x 3C (SJT)
Power Plug	3-Prong, Grounded
Wheel Type	Pneumatic / 8-1/2" Diameter x 2" Wide / 30 PSI Inflation Rating / 2-Ply
Concrete Opening	17-7/8" Long x 9-3/8" Wide
Overall Dimensions	42" Long x 19" Wide x 34" High
Accessories	4" x 6" Mower's Edge Slip Form 4" x 6" Slant Style Slip Form 4" x 6" Curb Style Slip Form
Additional Features	Quick Feed Hopper with Hopper Handle Extended Power Stroke Compaction Ram Quick Release Slip Forms Red Powder-Coated Exterior Housing
Unit Weight	168 lb.

SAVE THIS MANUAL

You will need this manual for the safety warnings and precautions, assembly, operating, inspection, maintenance and cleaning procedures, parts list and assembly diagram. Keep your invoice with this manual. Write the invoice number on the inside of the front cover. Keep this manual and invoice in a safe and dry place for future reference.

GENERAL SAFETY RULES

WARNING! READ AND UNDERSTAND ALL INSTRUCTIONS Failure to follow all instructions listed below may result in electric shock, fire, and/or serious injury. SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

WORK AREA

- 1. **Keep your work area clean and well lit.** Cluttered benches and dark areas invite accidents.
- 2. Do not operate power tools in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases, or dust. Power tools create sparks which may ignite the dust or fumes.
- 3. **Keep bystanders, children, and visitors away while operating a power tool.** Distractions can cause you to lose control. Protect others in the work area from debris such as chips and sparks. Provide barriers or shields as needed.

ELECTRICAL SAFETY

- 1. Grounded tools must be plugged into an outlet properly installed and grounded in accordance with all codes and ordinances. Never remove the grounding prong or modify the plug in any way. Do not use any adapter plugs. Check with a qualified electrician if you are in doubt as to whether the outlet is properly grounded. If the tools should electrically malfunction or break down, grounding provides a low resistance path to carry electricity away from the user.
- 2. Double insulated tools are equipped with a polarized plug (one blade is wider than the other). This plug will fit in a polarized outlet only one way. If the plug does not fit fully in the outlet, reverse the plug. If it still does not fit, contact a qualified electrician to install a polarized outlet. Do not change the plug in any way. Double insulation is eliminates the need for the three wire grounded power cord and grounded power supply system.
- 3. Avoid body contact with grounded surfaces such as pipes, radiators, ranges, and refrigerators. There is an increased risk of electric shock if your body is grounded.
- 4. **Do not expose power tools to rain or wet conditions.** Water entering a power tool will increase the risk of electric shock.
- 5. Do not abuse the Power Cord. Never use the Power Cord to carry the tools or pull the Plug from an outlet. Keep the Power Cord away from heat, oil, sharp edges, or moving parts. Replace damaged Power Cords immediately. Damaged Power Cords increase the risk of electric shock.
- 6. When operating a power tool outside, use an outdoor extension cord marked "W-A" or "W". These extension cords are rated for outdoor use, and reduce the risk of electric shock.

PERSONAL SAFETY

- 1. Stay alert. Watch what you are doing, and use common sense when operating a power tool. Do not use a power tool while tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol, or medication. A moment of inattention while operating power tools may result in serious personal injury.
- 2. Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry. Contain long hair. Keep your hair, clothing, and gloves away from moving parts. Loose clothes, jewelry, or long hair can be caught in moving parts.
- 3. **Avoid accidental starting. Be sure the Power Switch is off before plugging in.** Plugging in power tools with the Power Switch on, invites accidents.

- 4. **Remove adjusting keys or wrenches before turning the power tool on.** A wrench or a key that is left attached to a rotating part of the power tool may result in personal injury.
- 5. **Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times.** Proper footing and balance enables better control of the power tool in unexpected situations.
- 6. **Use safety equipment. Always wear eye protection.** Dust mask, non-skid safety shoes, hard hat, or hearing protection must be used for appropriate conditions.

TOOL USE AND CARE

- 1. **Do not force the tool. Use the correct tool for your application.** The correct tool will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it is designed.
- 2. **Do not use the power tool if the Power Switch does not turn it on or off.** Any tool that cannot be controlled with the Power Switch is dangerous and must be replaced.
- 3. **Disconnect the Power Cord Plug from the power source before making any adjustments, changing accessories, or storing the tool.** Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the tool accidentally.
- 4. **Store idle tools out of reach of children and other untrained persons.** Tools are dangerous in the hands of untrained users.
- 5. **Maintain tools with care. Keep this tool clean.** Properly maintained tools are less likely to bind and are easier to control. Do not use a damaged tool. Tag damaged tools "**Do not use**" until repaired.
- 6. Check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts, and any other condition that may affect the tool's operation. If damaged, have the tool serviced before using. Many accidents are caused by poorly maintained tools.
- 7. Use only accessories that are recommended by the manufacturer for your **model.** Accessories that may be suitable for one tool may become hazardous when used on another tool.

SERVICE

- 1. **Tool service must be performed only by qualified repair personnel.** Service or maintenance performed by unqualified personnel could result in a risk of injury.
- 2. When servicing a tool, use only identical replacement parts. Follow instructions in the *"Inspection, Maintenance, And Cleaning"* section of this manual. Use of unauthorized parts or failure to follow maintenance instructions may create a risk of electric shock or injury.

SPECIFIC SAFETY RULES

- 1. **Maintain labels and nameplates on the Curb Machine.** These carry important information. If unreadable or missing, contact Harbor Freight Tools for a replacement.
- 2. Always wear safety impact eye goggles, heavy work gloves, a dust mask or respirator, non-skid shoes or boots, and a hard hat when using the Curb Machine. Using personal safety devices reduce the risk for injury. Safety impact eye goggles, heavy work gloves, dust masks and respirators, and hard hats are available from Harbor Freight Tools.
- 3. **Maintain a safe working environment.** Keep the work area well lit. Make sure there is adequate surrounding workspace. Always keep the work area free of obstructions, grease, oil, trash, and other debris. Do not use a power tool in areas near flammable chemicals, dusts, and vapors. Do not use this product in a damp or wet location.
- 4. **Avoid unintentional starting.** Make sure you are prepared to begin work before turning on the Curb Machine.
- 5. **Do not force the Curb Machine.** This tool will do the work better and safer at the speed and capacity for which it was designed.
- 6. **WARNING!** Avoid accidental cuts. Keep hands and fingers away from the Hopper and Chute areas of the Curb Machine.
- 7. Never leave the Curb Machine unattended when it is plugged into an electrical outlet. Turn off the tool, and unplug it from its electrical outlet before leaving.
- 8. **Make sure the Curb Machine is used on a dry, flat, level, ground surface.** Avoid steep inclines where the Curb Machine could possibly tip over.
- 9. Industrial applications must follow OSHA guidelines.
- 10. **Never stand on the Curb Machine.** Serious injury could result if the machine is tipped over.
- 11. Check the Hopper and Chute of the Curb Machine for unwanted debris before each use. Before plugging in, make a visual check to ensure the Hopper and Chute are empty.
- 12. Never attempt to remove material stuck in the moving parts of the Curb Machine when it is plugged into an electrical outlet.
- 13. Allow the Motor of the Curb Machine to reach full speed before feeding concrete into the Hopper. When turning off the Curb Machine, allow the Motor to stop on its own.

14. **Inspect the concrete before feeding it into the Hopper of the Curb Machine.** To avoid damaging the machine, make sure the concrete does not contain metal, large rocks, or any other foreign material.



Avoid accidental electrical shock. Keep all electrical connections dry and off the ground. Do not handle the Power Switch or Power Cord Plug with wet hands.

- 16. **Performance of this Curb Machine (if powered by line voltage) may vary depending on variations in local line voltage.** Extension cord usage may also affect machine performance.
- 17. Always unplug the Curb Machine from its electrical outlet before performing any inspection, maintenance, or cleaning procedures.
- 18. Keep this product and all other tools and equipment away from children and animals. Do not allow spectators in the work area.
- 19. Keep all safety guards in place and in proper working order.
- 20. **Use the right product for the job.** There are certain applications for which this product was designed. Do not use small equipment or tools to do the work of larger industrial equipment and tools. Do not use this product for a purpose for which it was not intended.
- 21. **WARNING!** Some dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling, and other construction activities, contain chemicals known (to the State of California) to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Some examples of these chemicals are: lead from lead-based paints, crystalline silica from bricks and cement or other masonry products, arsenic and chromium from chemically treated lumber. Your risk from these exposures varies, depending on how often you do this type of work. To reduce your exposure to these chemicals: work in a well ventilated area, and work with approved safety equipment, such as those dust masks that are specially designed to filter out microscopic particles. (California Health & Safety Code § 25249.5, *et seq.*)
- 22. **WARNING!** People with pacemakers should consult their physician(s) before using this product. Operation of electrical equipment in close proximity to a heart pacemaker could cause interference or failure of the pacemaker.
- 23. **WARNING!** The warnings and cautions discussed in this manual cannot cover all possible conditions and situations that may occur. It must be understood by the operator that common sense and caution are factors which cannot be built into this product, but must be supplied by the operator.

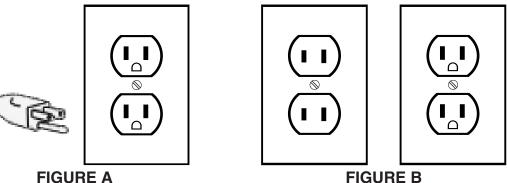
SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

GROUNDING

Improperly connecting the grounding wire can result in the risk of electric shock. Check with a qualified electrician if you are in doubt as to whether the outlet is properly grounded. Do not modify the power cord plug provided with the tool. Never remove the grounding prong from the plug. Do not use the tool if the power cord or plug is damaged. If damaged, have it repaired by a service facility before use. If the plug will not fit the outlet, have a proper outlet installed by a qualified electrician.

GROUNDED TOOLS: TOOLS WITH THREE PRONG PLUGS

- 1. Tools marked with "Grounding Required" have a three wire cord and three prong grounding plug. The plug must be connected to a properly grounded outlet. If the tool should electrically malfunction or break down, grounding provides a low resistance path to carry electricity away from the user, reducing the risk of electric shock. (See Figure A.)
- 2. The grounding prong in the plug is connected through the green wire inside the cord to the grounding system in the tool. The green wire in the cord must be the only wire connected to the tool's grounding system and must never be attached to an electrically "live" terminal. **(See Figure A.)**
- 3. Your tool must be plugged into an appropriate outlet, properly installed and grounded in accordance with all codes and ordinances. The plug and outlet should look like those in the following illustration. (See Figure A.)



DOUBLE INSULATED TOOLS: TOOLS WITH TWO PRONG PLUGS

1. Tools marked "Double Insulated" do not require grounding. They have a special double insulation system which satisfies OSHA requirements and complies with the applicable standards of Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., the Canadian Standard Association, and the National Electrical Code. **(See Figure B.)**

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2. Double insulated tools may be used in either of the 120 volt outlets shown in the preceding illustration. **(See Figure B.)**

EXTENSION CORDS

- 1. *Grounded* tools require a three wire extension cord. *Double Insulated* tools can use either a two or three wire extension cord.
- As the distance from the supply outlet increases, you must use a heavier gauge extension cord. Using extension cords with inadequately sized wire causes a serious drop in voltage, resulting in loss of power and possible tool damage. (See Figure C, next page.)
- The smaller the gauge number of the wire, the greater the capacity of the cord. For example, a 14 gauge cord can carry a higher current than a 16 gauge cord. (See Figure C.)
- 4. When using more than one extension cord to make up the total length, make sure each cord contains at least the minimum wire size required. (See Figure C.)
- 5. If you are using one extension cord for more than one tool, add the nameplate amperes and use the sum to determine the required minimum cord size. (See Figure C.)
- 6. If you are using an extension cord outdoors, make sure it is marked with the suffix "W-A" ("W" in Canada) to indicate it is acceptable for outdoor use.
- 7. Make sure your extension cord is properly wired and in good electrical condition. Always replace a damaged extension cord or have it repaired by a qualified electrician before using it.
- 8. Protect your extension cords from sharp objects, excessive heat, and damp or wet areas.

RECOMMENDED MINIMUM WIRE GAUGE FOR EXTENSION CORDS* (120 OR 240 VOLT)					
NAMEPLATE AMPERES	EXTENSION CORD LENGTH				
(at full load)	25 Feet	50 Feet	75 Feet	100 Feet	150 Feet
0 - 2.0	18	18	18	18	16
2.1 – 3.4	18	18	18	16	14
3.5 - 5.0	18	18	16	14	12
5.1 – 7.0	18	16	14	12	12
7.1 – 12.0	18	14	12	10	-
12.1 – 16.0	14	12	10	-	-
16.1 – 20.0	12	10	-	-	-
FIGURE C	EC * Based on limiting the line voltage drop to five volts at 150% of the rated amperes.				

SYMBOLOGY

	Double Insulated
	Canadian Standards Association
(h)	Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.
V~	Volts Alternating Current
A	Amperes
n ₀ xxxx/min.	No Load Revolutions per Minute (RPM)

UNPACKING

When unpacking, check to make sure all the parts shown on the **Parts List on page 21** are included. If any parts are missing or broken, please call Harbor Freight Tools at the number shown on the cover of this manual as soon as possible.

PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The Curb Machine is an electrically-driven concrete extruder.

- 1. The machine operates on common household current of 115 volts.
- 2. The machine produces continuous concrete edging, borders, and mower strips without the use of form work or guide rails.
- 3. The machine can produce in excess of 500 feet per hour under ideal conditions with constant feeding.
- 4. The machine can create circles with a diameter of 36 inches, and will lay the concrete product as close as 1/4 inch from an existing structure.
- 5. The machine can also extrude the edging in a trench or above the ground as needed.

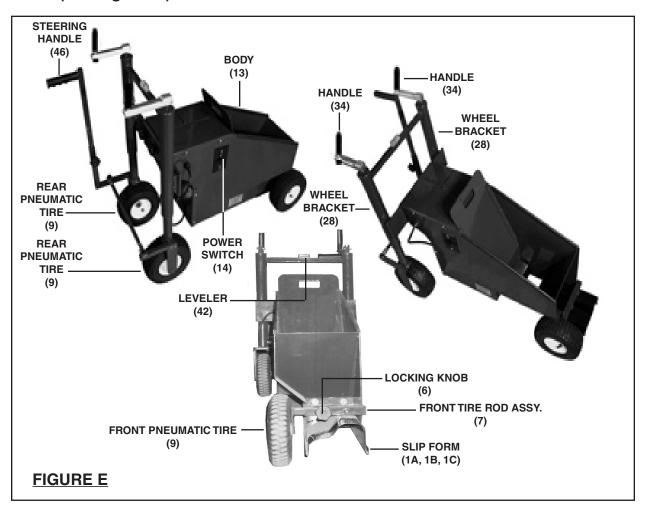
PRODUCT FEATURES

- 1. **Body Assembly:** The Body (13) includes the Hopper, Motor Enclosure, and Chute. **(See Figure E, next page.)**
- Steering Assembly: The Steering Assembly is located at the rear of the Curb Machine and includes the Steering Handle (46), Steering Rod (43), Wheel Bracket (47), and *rear* Pneumatic Tires (9) for lateral movement of the entire unit. (See Figure E.)

The Steering Assembly is usually centered if you are working on level ground with no obstacles. If you are performing landscape curbing with trenches, garden areas, etc., the Steering Assembly is moved so that the left Pneumatic Tire (9) goes in the trench and the right Pneumatic Tire goes on the grass side. The Curb Machine can be operated with the Steering Assembly centered or off to the left or off to the right depending on the conditions. **(See Figure E.)**

- 3. **Front Pneumatic Tire:** The Front Pneumatic Tire (9) is located on the right/front of the Curb Machine and is only used to *transport* the machine. The front Pneumatic Tire (9) should be installed upside down while curbing. To do so, loosen the Locking Knob (6). Slide the front Pneumatic Tire with its Front Tire Rod Assembly (7) out from the Body (13) of the unit. Insert the Front Tire Rod Assembly with its front Pneumatic Tire upside down into the Body. Then, retighten the Locking Knob. **(See Figure E, and Assy. Diagram.)**
- 4. Slip Forms: The Slip Forms (1A, 1B, 1C) produce the desired shape of the curb. They come in 4 inch by 6 inch wide sizes. To install a Slip Form, align the mounting holes in the Slip Form with the mounting holes located in the front/bottom of the Body (13). Then secure the Slip Form in place, using the Bolts (5), Spring Washers (4), Flat Washers (3), and Lock Nuts (2). (See Figure E, and Assy. Diagram.)

Wheel Brackets: The *two* Wheel Brackets (28) must be adjusted (up or down) so that the front of the Slip Form (1A, 1B, 1C) is on the ground and the back of the Slip Form is raised about 1/4 inch above the ground. To adjust the Wheel Brackets, turn the two Handles (34) clockwise or counterclockwise.
 (See Figure E.)



- 6. **Power Switch:** The Power Switch (14) turns the Curb Machine on and off. **(See Figure E.)**
- 7. **Compaction Ram:** The plunger, or Ram (64), pushes out the concrete product. It should not rub on either side of the Track (63) when the Curb Machine is running. If necessary, re-adjust the positioning of the Ram. **(See Assy. Diagram.)**
- 8. **Track:** The Bearings (58) run on the Push/Pull Assembly (59) back and forth in the Track (63). The Track should be replaced when a groove gets worn in it. The Track should be checked and, if necessary, replaced when the Push/Pull Assembly and/or Bearings are replaced. **(See Assy. Diagram.)**
- 9. **Motor:** The Curb Machine is powered by a 115 volt, 3/4 Horsepower, electric Motor (25). **(See Assy. Diagram.)**

- 10. **Gear Box:** The Gear Box (24) is located under the Motor (25) and has a shaft protruding out the left side. The Gear Box is factory sealed and requires no maintenance. **(See Assy. Diagram.)**
- 11. **Crank Arm:** The Crank Arm (53) is connected to the Gear Box (24) shaft. The Crank Arm has two holes in it to adjust the stroke speed and length of the Compaction Ram (64). The Crank Arm is factory preset on the longest and fastest stroke length. The Crank Arm is attached to the Gear Box shaft with a key and keyway, as well as set screws. Make sure the set screws remain tight. The adjustment holes are threaded so that when you remove the nut, the bolt still needs to be threaded in or out. **(See Assy. Diagram.)**

ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

NOTE: For additional information regarding the parts listed in the following pages, refer to the **Assembly Diagram on page 22**.

CAUTION! Always make sure the Power Switch (14) for the Curb Machine is in its "**OFF**" position and the machine is unplugged from its electrical outlet prior to assembling the machine, adding any accessories, or making adjustments to the machine.

To Fill The Pneumatic Tires With Air:

The three Pneumatic Tires (9) must be properly filled with air prior to using the Curb Machine. Each tire requires **30 PSI** of air pressure. **Do not overfill**.



To Install A Slip Form:

The Curb Machine comes with three different styles of Slip Forms: The Mower's Edge (1A), the Curb Style (1C), and the Slant Style (1B). To install a Slip Form, align the mounting holes in the Slip Form with the mounting holes located in the front/bottom of the Body (13). Then secure the Slip Form in place, using the Bolts (5), Spring Washers (4), Flat Washers (3), and Lock Nuts (2).

(See Figure F, and Assy. Diagram.)

SETTING UP THE CURB MACHINE

- 1. It is recommended that you first test the Curb Machine in your driveway or garage. Experiment by running concrete sand or mortar sand (slightly moist and without cement) to get an idea of how to run the Curb Machine. This experiment is done without risk since it will not set up or need to be troweled.
- 2. Make sure the following parts are properly attached to the machine and adjusted:
 - a. The Rear Wheel Brackets (28). (See Figure E.)
 - b. The desired Slip Form (1A, 1B, 1C). (See Figure F.)
 - c. The Compaction Ram (64). (See Assy. Diagram.)
- 3. Make sure the Power Switch (14) is in its "**OFF**" position. (See Figure E.)
- 4. Plug the Power Cord (19) into a proper extension cord. Then, plug the extension cord into the nearest 115 volt, grounded, electrical outlet. **(See Assy. Diagram.)**
- 5. Turn the Power Switch (14) to its "ON" position. Then, check to make sure the Compaction Ram (64) is moving back and forth in the bottom of the Hopper without scraping or binding on either edge. By pulling the Shield (12) out of the Hopper, you can observe the inner workings of the machine and make any necessary adjustments. ALWAYS turn the Power Switch (14) to its "OFF" position and unplug the Curb Machine from its electrical outlet prior to making any adjustments inside the Motor and Gear Box compartment. (See Figure E, and Assy. Diagram.)
- To produce curbing, the Front Pneumatic Tire (9) should be installed upside down or removed, leaving the front of the Slip Form (1A, 1B, 1C) on the ground.
 (See Figure E.)
- Adjust the two Rear Wheel Brackets (28) so that the front of the Slip Form (1A, 1B, 1C) is on the ground and the back of the Slip Form is raised about 1/4 inch above the ground. (See Figure E.)
- 8. As a test, use slightly wet sand and shovel one shovel-full at a time into the Hopper. When the sand starts to come out of the Slip Form (1A, 1B, 1C), place your foot in front of the sand to force compaction. The Curb Machine will now start to propel itself as it compacts the sand and extrudes a temporary curb.
- When finished with the experiment, make sure to turn the Power Switch (14) to its "OFF" position and unplug the machine from its electrical outlet. (See Figure E.)

GROUND PREPARATION

- 1. Make sure the ground and the trench are firm and compacted.
- 2. If you have straight lines, make sure to set a string-line (not included) to keep the Curb Machine from wandering off line.

	Trenching Guide (New Landscape Before Sod)		
		Trench Depth	Trench Width
	Mower Style Without Top Soil	On Ground	10"
	Mower Style With Top Soil	1"	10"
	Curb/Slant Style Without Top Soil	2"	10"
	Curb/Slant Style With Top Soil	3-1/2"	10"
	Mower Style With Existing Sod	1-1/2"	10"
FIGURE G	Curb/Slant Style With Existing Sod	3-1/2"	10"

3. The trench for the curb should be cut with a good, sharp edging shovel or square mouth shovel (not included). The ground should be relatively dry. The trench also needs to be wide enough to accommodate the turns and curves the Curb Machine will have to make. (See Figure G.)

MIXING THE CONCRETE

- 1. It is extremely important to have a consistent mix. If it is too wet, it will slump. If it is too dry, it will crack.
- 2. The sand should be "rough sand", not having gravel much larger than a match head. The sand should be free of dirt and debris.
- 3. Mortar sand is recommended. Do not use silica sand. Crystalline silica contains chemicals known (to the State of California) to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.
- 4. The finished mix should have a consistency similar to wet sand used on the beach to make sand castles. The following procedure is typically successful when mixing in a mortar mixer (not included):
 - a. NOTE: The mix is 5 parts sand to 1 part cement.
 - b. With the mortar mixer running, dump in 2 five gallon buckets of sand.
 - c. Dump in 1/2 of a 94 pound bag of portland cement.
 - d. Add 3 more five gallon buckets of sand.
 - e. Add water until the mix reaches the proper slump. You should not be able to squeeze water out of the mix. Do not over-mix.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Operating The Curb Machine:

- Wheel the Curb Machine to the starting point, and install the Front Pneumatic Tire (9) upside down or remove. (See Figure E.)
- 2. Place the front end of the Slip Form (1A, 1B, 1C) on the prepared ground where you desire the curb to begin. **(See Figure E.)**
- 3. Move the Rear Pneumatic Tires (9) so that the left Tire is in the trench. **(See Figure E.)**
- Adjust the Wheel Brackets (28) so that the Curb Machine is level and the Slip Form (1A, 1B, 1C) is at the proper height. The front of the Slip Form should be on the ground, and the rear approximately 1/4 inch above the ground. (See Figure E.)
- 5. Make sure the Power Switch (14) is in its "**OFF**" position. (See Figure E.)
- Plug the Power Cord (19) into a proper extension cord. Then, plug the extension cord into the nearest 115 volt, grounded, GFCI-protected electrical outlet.
 NOTE: It is recommended to use a 12 or 14 gauge extension cord, as it will carry the electrical current more efficiently than a 16 gauge extension cord. (See Figure C, and Assy. Diagram.)
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- 7. Feed the concrete mix shovel by shovel into the Hopper. Do not allow the mix to stack up in the Hopper. The Curb Machine will propel itself against the concrete and will stop when the Hopper is empty.
- 8. The operator should be aware of the following:
 - a. That he steers the Curb Machine where it should be going. He can see the inside of the Slip Form (1A, 1B, 1C) through the small window above the Motor and Gear Box. Make sure not to get the machine hung up on roots or the sod. (See Figure E.)
 - b. That he keeps the Curb Machine level by constant observation of the Leveler (42). (See Figure E.)
 - c. That he keeps the Slip Form (1A, 1B, 1C) at the proper height. **(See Figure E.)**

Feeding The Hopper:

- 1. It is not necessary or advisable to completely fill the Hopper with concrete. It is most efficient to tap the bottom of the Hopper with a shovel at the end of the Compaction Ram (64) stroke to keep the Curb Machine moving. If the machine extrudes at every stroke, it can produce over 500 feet per hour.
- 2. It is not recommended to use a small mouth shovel to stamp down the concrete, as it could become jammed by the Compaction Ram (64) resulting in damage to the Gear Box or Drive Arm.

Hand Troweling:

- 1. The concrete finisher should be following the Curb Machine as soon as possible before the concrete begins to dry or set up.
- 2. All of the curbing should be hand troweled. Do not over trowel. But you should go over each section lightly at least once.
- 3. Some areas, especially tight curves and circles will leave cracks in the surface which can be filled and finished with a finishing hand trowel (not included). On tight circles, a slightly wetter mix will help alleviate some of the cracking.
- 4. When finishing the work, keep firm but light pressure on the rear of the finishing hand trowel so that it does not gouge the concrete.

Installing Curbing In A Straight Line:

- 1. Mark the installation with a string line set 1/4 inch from the desired curb edge.
- 2. Run the Curb Machine with the left side (the "straight" side) along the string.

3. After the section has been extruded, remove the string and place it in line directly over the curb. Portions which are still not straight can be pushed into place with the back of a shovel.

Installing Curved Curbing:

- 1. It is important for the control of the Curb Machine, as well as for the protection of the landscape, that you do not make curves too tight. Gentle curves look best, and will allow you to be more efficient with the Curb Machine.
- 2. If you have a tight curve or circle, make sure to allow for the Curb Machine to operate properly by digging the trench a little wider. The extra clearance will allow the Slip Form (1A, 1B, 1C) to make it around the curve. **(See Figure G.)**

Installing Circles:

- 1. The most critical part of a circle is a good radius or trench.
- 2. Locate the center point of the circle. Pull a string line, and mark the outside of the circle with spray paint or chalk. Then, dig the trench.
- 3. Place the Curb Machine in the circle and as it extrudes, help pull it around so that the back of the Slip Form (1A, 1B, 1C) doesn't catch on the sod. Most circles smaller than 6 feet in diameter will "break up" as you drive the machine.
- 4. As you reach the end of the circle, move the Rear Pneumatic Tires (9) more towards the middle of the circle and you will be able to extrude the concrete almost on top of the beginning of the circle. You may wish to cut off and remove the first foot or two of curbing, as it is likely the machine will move inward as you follow this process. As you trowel the outside of the circle, use your hand on the inside to keep the concrete together. Then, finish with an inside trowel (not included).

Finishing Into A Solid Object:

When installing curbing into a wall or other existing structure, the last two or three feet will need to be finished by hand. To do so, pull the Curb Machine off. Shovel some concrete onto the ground, hand pack it, and then shape it with a finishing hand trowel.

Cutting Control Joints:

- 1. Control joints should be cut every 3 feet. If you are in an area where there is a lot of ground movement or freezing in the winter, control joints should be cut every 3 feet for the Mower's Edge Style Slip Form (1A) and every 4 feet for the Curb Style Slip Form (1C). This is done with a heavy bladed butcher knife (not included).
- 2. With a butcher's knife, cut about halfway through the concrete before it sets, pulling the knife carefully out the front or back (usually within 15 to 30 minutes) after the concrete is poured.

3. It is also recommended that on sharp turns a control joint be cut on the sharpest portion of the curve to relieve the pressure in case of ground movement. The purpose of this control joint is to allow the concrete to move with the ground rather than forcing hairline cracks in the concrete.

Sealing:

Once the job is finished, you may wish to use a spraying canister and apply a concrete sealer (neither included). Sealers aid the concrete in curing and seal out water and other concrete damaging elements.

When The Job Is Finished:

- 1. Make sure to unplug the Curb Machine and remove its Slip Form. Then clean the Hopper, Chute, Slip Form, and exterior Body of the Curb Machine thoroughly with water.
- 2. Clean excess cement off the front edge of the curb, off the grass and other vegetation. If the concrete is stable, the front and back edges of the curb can be filled in with soil.

Caring For The New Curbing:

- 1. Most cement products require approximately 28 days to totally cure. During the first 24 hours, take extra precaution to protect the cement from damage by children, adults, vandals, and animals. During the first 24 hours, the new curbing will be "soft". It can be caused to crumble slightly or be scratched if sharp objects come in contact with it or if someone or something puts excessive weight or pressure on it.
- 2. Some fertilizers and chemicals will stain the new curbing. Alert those using fertilizers and chemicals to avoid spraying on the curbing. If fertilizers and chemicals come in contact with the new curbing, immediately hose it down thoroughly.
- 3. During the first 24 to 48 hours, avoid direct sprinkler impact on the curbing. After 24 hours, a fine mist will not cause any damage.

INSPECTION, MAINTENANCE, AND CLEANING

- 1. **WARNING!** Make sure the Power Switch (14) of the Curb Machine is in its "**OFF**" position and the machine is unplugged from its electrical outlet before performing any inspection, maintenance, or cleaning procedures.
- Before each use, inspect the general condition of the Curb Machine. Check for loose screws, misalignment or binding of moving parts, cracked or broken parts, damaged electrical wiring, and any other condition that may affect its safe operation. If abnormal noise or vibration occurs, have the problem corrected before further use. <u>Do not use damaged equipment.</u>
- 3. After each use, clean the Hopper, Chute, Slip Form, and exterior Body of the Curb Machine thoroughly with water. Do not introduce water into the Motor compartment of the machine.
- To replace the V-Belt, loosen the four Bolts (48) at the base of the Motor (25). Move the Motor towards the Gear Box (24). Slip the V-Belt (20) off the two Pulleys (21, 23). Install a new V-Belt (size A500) onto the two Pulleys. Move the Motor back to its original position. Then, firmly retighten the four Bolts. (See Assy. Diagram.)

TROUBLESHOOTING			
Problem Possible Solution			
Curb Machine will not turn on.	1. Make sure the Power Switch is in its "ON" position.		
	2. Make sure to use the proper size extension cord.		
	 Make sure the extension cord is connected to a working, 115 volt, grounded, electrical outlet. 		
	4. Have a qualified service technician examine the machine.		
Curb Machine extrudes poorly.	1. Make sure to properly mix the cement, sand, and water.		
	2. Make sure the Slip Form is properly attached to the machine.		
	3. Make sure to properly feed the Hopper.		
	4. Make sure the Compaction Ram is moving freely on its Track.		
	Make sure the Crank Arm has been properly adjusted (length and stroke of the Compaction Ram) for the job at hand.		
	6. Have a qualified service technician examine the machine.		

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING CAREFULLY

THE MANUFACTURER AND/OR DISTRIBUTOR HAS PROVIDED THE PARTS LIST AND ASSEMBLY DIAGRAM IN THIS MANUAL AS A REFERENCE TOOL ONLY. NEI-THER THE MANUFACTURER OR DISTRIBUTOR MAKES ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND TO THE BUYER THAT HE OR SHE IS QUALIFIED TO REPLACE ANY PARTS OF THE PRODUCT. IN FACT, THE MANUFACTURER AND/ OR DISTRIBUTOR EXPRESSLY STATES THAT ALL REPAIRS AND PARTS REPLACE-MENTS SHOULD BE UNDERTAKEN BY CERTIFIED AND LICENSED TECHNICIANS, AND NOT BY THE BUYER. THE BUYER ASSUMES ALL RISKS AND LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF HIS OR HER REPAIRS TO THE ORIGINAL PRODUCT OR RE-PLACEMENT PARTS THERETO, OR ARISING OUT OF HIS OR HER INSTALLATION OF REPLACEMENT PARTS THERETO.

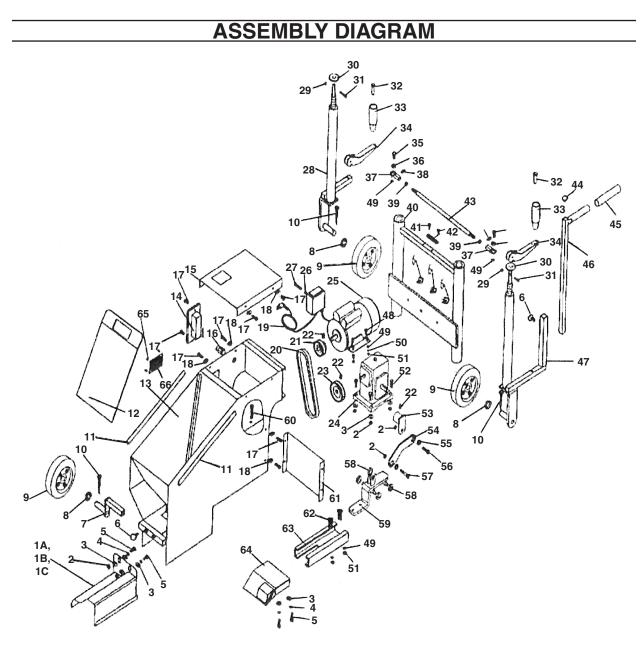
Part	Description	Q'ty
1A	4" x 6" Mower's Edge Slip Form	1
1B	4" x 6" Slant Style Slip Form	1
1C	4" x 6" Curb Style Slip Form	1
2	Lock Nut (M10)	8
3	Flat Washer (#10)	10
4	Spring Washer (#10)	4
5	Bolt (M10 x 25)	4
6	Locking Knob	5
7	Front Tire Rod Assy.	1
8	Shaft Sleeve	3
9	Pneumatic Tire	3
10	Open Pin (4 x 30)	3
11	Protection Rim	2
12	Shield	1
13	Body Assy.	1
14	Power Switch	1
15	Upper Cover Plate	1
16	Grommet	1
17	Cross Head Twist Bolt (M5 x 10)	10
18	Flat Washer (#5)	8
19	Power Cord	1
20	V-Belt (A500)	1
21	Pulley	1
22	Concave Head Screw (M8 x 10)	3
23	Pulley	1
24	Gear Box	1
25	Motor	1
26	Nut (M5)	2
27	Cross Head Twist Bolt (M5 x 16)	2
28	Wheel Bracket I	1
29	Lock Nut (M6)	2
30	Washer	2
31	Bolt (M6 x 30)	2
32	Handle Pin	2

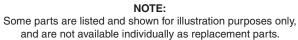
PARTS LIST

Part	Description	Q'ty
33	Plastic Grip	2
34	Handle	2
35	Bolt Pin 2	2
36	Bearing (GE10E)	2
37	Turning Ball Head	2
38	Oil Cup (M6)	2
39	Nut (M10)	2
40	Stand Assy.	1
41	Cross Head Twist Bolt (M3 x 10)	2
42	Leveler	1
43	Steering Rod	1
44	Square Block	1
45	Handrail Sleeve	1
46	Steering Handle	1
47	Wheel Bracket II	1
48	Bolt (M8 x 25)	4
49	Flat Washer (#8)	10
50	Spring Washer (#8)	4
51	Lock Nut (M8)	6
52	Bolt (M10 x 35)	4
53	Crank Arm	1
54	Link Arm	1
55	Bearing (61900)	2
56	Bolt Pin 1	1
57	Bolt Pin 3	1
58	Bearing (6001)	4
59	Push/Pull Assy.	1
60	Inner Hex Screw (M8 x 55)	1
61	Lower Cover Plate	1
62	Cross Head Concave Bolt (M8 x 20)	2
63	Track	1
64	Compaction Ram	1
65	Carriage Aluminum Rivet	4
66	Aluminum Label	1

SKU 94634

For technical questions, please call 1-800-444-3353





LIMITED 1 YEAR WARRANTY

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To take advantage of this warranty, the product or part must be returned to us with transportation charges prepaid. Proof of purchase date and an explanation of the complaint must accompany the merchandise. If our inspection verifies the defect, we will either repair or replace the product at our election or we may elect to refund the purchase price if we cannot readily and quickly provide you with a replacement. We will return repaired products at our expense, but if we determine there is no defect, or that the defect resulted from causes not within the scope of our warranty, then you must bear the cost of returning the product.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

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