## Model 744 Owner's Guide

This guide contains installation instructions.



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Preface  This owner's guide describes how to install and use the HP Model 744 Board Computer.
Computer.

### **Audience**

This guide is intended for HP 9000 Model 744 Board Computer users.

## **Safety and Regulatory Statements**

#### Safety

For safety information see the owner's guide that came with the system in which you are installing your Model 744 board computer.

## **Regulatory Statements**

## **Emissions Regulations**

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules and interference causing regulations of Industry Canada. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a non-residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception (determined by turning the equipment off and on), you can correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

Hewlett-Packard's system certification tests were conducted with HP-supported peripheral devices and HP shielded cables, such as those you receive with your computer. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Hewlett-Packard could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

## Korean Regulations on EMI, 1991V3

Please note that this device has been approved for business purposes with regard to electromagnetic interference.

#### **VCCI Class A ITE**

この装置は、情報処理装置等電波障害自主規制協議会(VCCI)の基準に基づくクラスA情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。

## **Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Precautions**

Electrostatic charges can damage the integrated circuits on printed circuit boards. To prevent such damage from occurring, observe the following precautions during board unpacking, installation, and configuration:

- Stand on a static-free mat.
- Wear a static strap to ensure that any accumulated electrostatic charge is discharged from your body to ground.
- Connect all equipment together, including the static-free mat, static strap, routing nodes, and peripheral units.
- Keep uninstalled printed circuit boards in their protective antistatic bags.
- Handle printed circuit boards by their edges, once you have removed them from their protective antistatic bags.

## **Release Document(s)**

Please refer to the *Release Document(s)* you received with your system or system software for additional information that we may not have been able to include in this guide at the time of its publication.

## **Related Manuals**

If you are using HP-UX version 10.20, refer to the following manuals for more information:

- *Model 748 Owner's Guide* (A4511-90604)
- Using Your HP Workstation (A2615-90003)
- *Installing and Updating HP-UX* (B2355-90050)
- *Graphics Administration Guide* (B2355-90109)
- Configuring HP-UX for Peripherals (B2355-90053)
- *HP Visual User Environment User's Guide* (B1171-90079)
- Managing Clusters of HP 9000 Computers: Sharing the HP-UX File System (B2355-90038)
- HP-UX X User Environment User's Guide

If you are using HP-RT, refer to the following manuals for more information:

- Application Programming in the HP-RT Environment
- Driver Writing in the HP-RT Environment
- ELOG Library Programer's Guide
- HP Z5117A PCMCIA Adapter Installation and User's Guide
- HP-RT Reference
- HP-RT Quick Reference
- HP-RT System Administration Tasks
- VME Backplane Networking Administration Guide
- X11 SERVERrt Installation and Configuration Guide
- Using SNMP in the HP-RT Environment
- Using STREAMS in the HP-RT Environment

To order manuals, please contact your local sales office.

## **Revision History**

The revision history for each edition of the manual is listed below:

HP Part No. Edition Revision History

A4500-90607 E0996 First printing

A4511-90602 E0897 Updated to include Model 744/165L, PMC, and memory enhancements

## **Documentation Conventions**

Unless otherwise noted in the text, this guide uses the following symbolic conventions.

Italic words or characters in foruser-supplied values

> mats and command descriptions represent values that you must

supply.

sample user input In examples, information that the

user enters appears in color.

output Information that the system dis-

plays appears in this type-

face.

literal values Bold words or characters in for-

> mats and command descriptions represent commands or keywords that you must use literally. Path-

names are also in bold.

**KEY** Text with a line above and a line

> below denotes a key on your keyboard, or a key or button which is

drawn on your workstation's

graphic display.

(In this manual we refer to the **Enter** key. On your keyboard the key may be labeled either **Enter** 

or **Return**.)

## **Questions, Suggestions, or Problems**

If you have any questions, suggestions, or problems with our hardware, software, or documentation, please contact your HP Response Center.

## **Declaration of Conformity**

Declaration of Conformity according to ISO/IEC Guide 22 and EN 45014

Hewlett-Packard Company Manufacturer:

> 100 Domain Drive Exeter, NH 03833

USA

Declares, that the:

Product Name: VME Board Computer

744i/132, 744rt/132, 744i/165, 744rt/165 Model Numbers: **Product Number:** A4500A, A4520A, A4511A, A4512A

**Product Options:** 

conforms to the following specifications:

IEC 950:1991+A1+A2 / EN 60950:1992+A1+A2 Safety

**EMC** CISPR 11: 1990 / EN 55011: 1991 Class A

CISPR 22: 1985 / EN 55022: 1994 Class A

EN 50082-1:1992

IEC 801-2: 1991 / EN 55024-2: 1992 - 3kV CD, 8 kV AD

IEC 801-3: 1984 / EN 55024-3: 1991 - 3 v/m

IEC 801-4: 1988 / EN 55024-4: 1995 - 0.5 kV Signal Lines, 1 kV Power Lines

US FCC Part 15, Level A Japan VCCI, Class A

and is certified by:

British Standards Institute: ISO 9000-2 for Hewlett-Packard, OFG-E, Exeter, NH

supplementary information:

The product herewith complies with the requirements of the following Directives and carries the CE mark accordingly:

- the EMC directive 89/336/EEC and 92/31/EEC and 93/69/EEC.

These products were tested in a typical Hewlett Packard s748i workstation configuration.

Exeter, NH, USA 16<sup>th</sup> July 1997

Date

Delus Wurghy

Debra Murphy, Site Quality and Engineering Manager

For Compliance Information ONLY, contact:

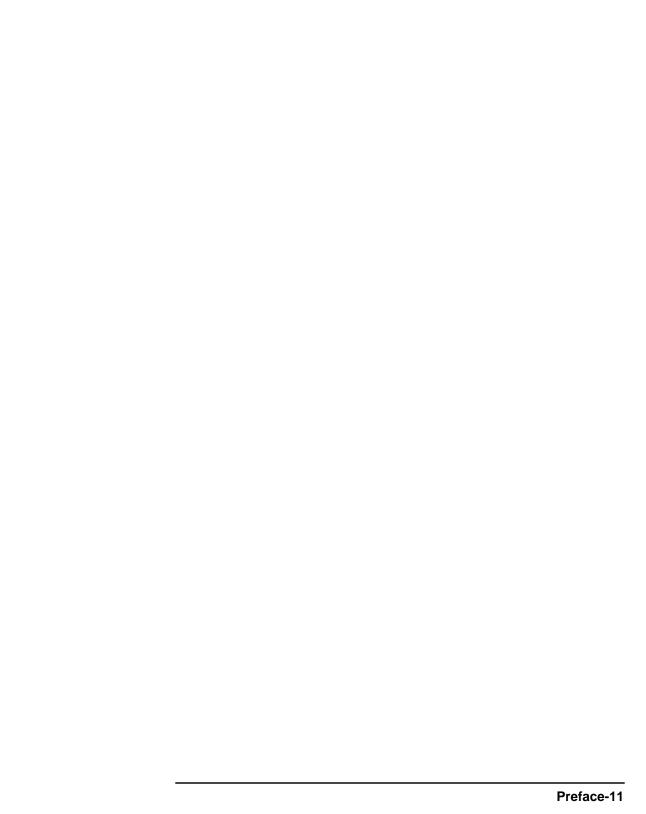
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1

**Model 744 Board Computer Overview** 

#### Model 744 Board Computer Overview

This chapter introduces the Model 744 Board Computer. Its purpose is to familiarize you with the board computer and its installation procedure.

The instructions in this chapter assume you are using either the HP-UX or HP-RT operating system.

The major sections within this chapter are:

- Product Description
- Installation Overview
- Supported Products
- Environmental Requirements
- Operating System Overview
- Manuals for System Information
- Online Sources of Information
- Installing HP-UX and HP-RT
- Audio

## **Product Description**

The HP 9000 Model 744 is a high-performance Precision Architecture board computer based on the Hewlett-Packard PA-RISC 7300LC technology. It contains the following key features:

• Model types (the *rt* designates models that operate under the HP-RT operating system - the models are physically the same):

Model 744/132L Model 744/132L Model 744/165L

Model 744rt/165L

VME slot configuration

Single slot

Dual slot (requires PCI Mezzanine Card (PMC) bridge board, General System Connect (GSC) expansion kit or HCRX graphics board)

Three slots (requires PMC bridge and expander boards)

CPU PA-RISC PA7300-LC, processor performance

Model 744/132L - 132 MHz

Primary internal cache - 128 KB: 64 KB instruction, 64KB data Model 744/165L - 165 MHz

Primary internal cache - 128 KB: 64 KB instruction, 64KB data Secondary cache - 512 KB

Clocks

Battery-backed real-time clock Interval timers (One 32 bit, Two16 bit) Watchdog timer

## Model 744 Board Computer Overview **Product Description**

#### Operating systems

HP-UX 10.20 (or later). The Model 744 typically boots from a hard disk drive. HP-UX may also be installed from an external DDS or CD-ROM drive.

If the Model 744 is a client on a LAN, HP-UX can be booted over the LAN.

HP-RT 2.21 (or later).

#### User interface

CDE or HP VUE graphical user interface (HP-UX only).

#### Compatibility

Source and binary code compatible with Series 700 product family.

#### Monitors

Single or multiple display depending on number of installed graphics options (on-board and/or external).

#### Color monitors:

HP A4490D, 17-inch, resolution 1280 x 1024 HP A4331D, 20-inch, resolution 1280 x 1024

Terminal (text only) connected to RS-232 port.

## • Optional Graphics Capability

Graphics chip set providing on-board (including accelerated I/O) graphics.

GSC Expansion kit provides two slots for 3x5 GSC HP A4267A 8-plane graphic cards.

HCRX8 or HCRX24 graphics boards allow the choice of one HP A4267A graphics card in addition to the graphics board itself.

HP-RT supports an expansion kit with an HP A4267A graphics card when on-board graphics is not used.

#### **NOTE:**

Either a GSC expansion kit or the HCRX expansion graphics boards extend graphics capability beyond the on-board graphics chip set of a Model 744 Board Computer. However, the HP-RT operating system supports only one graphics display, and HP-UX 10.x supports up to three graphics displays.

#### Main Memory

Single VME slot 744: 32, 64, or 128 MB RAM
Single VME slot 744 with HP-RT: 16 to 128 MB RAM
Dual VME slot 744: 32 to 512 MB RAM
Dual VME slot 744 with HP-RT operating system: 16 to 512 MB
RAM (Dual slot means an expansion kit or HCRX board must be installed.)

#### NOTE:

A Model 744 configured for more than one RAM card requires installation of a PMC bridge board, a GSC expansion kit, or an HCRX graphics board, thereby occupying two VME slots.

Up to four RAM cards may be installed.

When mixing memory card capacities that include 128MB cards, the 128MB card(s) must be installed into the lowest memory slots before adding cards of other capacities.

#### Standard Features

Internal SCSI-2 single-ended bus

2 asynchronous RS-232-C ports (requires a conversion cable)

1 HP parallel port (requires a conversion cable)

1 LAN AUI port (requires a conversion cable)

2 mini-DIN PS/2 ports

1 slot for RAM memory (memory cards can be stacked)

CD-quality audio, supported only by HP-UX and requires a conversion cable

PCMCIA adapter, supported only by HP-RT (not supported on Model 744 with on-board graphics)

## Model 744 Board Computer Overview **Product Description**

### • Dual Slot Upgrades

PMC bridge board (with two PMC sites, cannot be used w/HCRX, and supported only on HP-UX)
GSC Expansion kit (with two GSC sites)
HCRX8 graphics board (with one additional GSC site)
HCRX24 graphics board (with one additional GSC site)
3 x 5 GSC HP A4267A graphics card
3 x 5 FWD SCSI card, supported only by HP-UX

## • 3-slot Upgrade

PMC Expander board (with two PMC sites, requires PMC bridge) ATM Network Card (up to 2, GSC expansion kit required, cannot be used with HCRX graphics)

## **Installation Overview**

Chapter 2 provides step-by-step instructions for attaching and installing accessories in a typical VME card cage, and connecting external devices.

Accessories are products that attach to the computer's system board. They must be attached **before** installing the board computer in a VME card cage. Devices are products used externally to the board computer. Examples are keyboards, monitors, and mass storage devices. Other devices are connected through cables. Depending on your specific application, you may need one or more accessory and device products. Installation instructions for most products used directly with your Model 744 Board Computer are explained in this manual.

Chapter 3 presents the installation tasks required to install and configure your board computer.

#### **Installation Notes**

Your Model 744 Board Computer uses micro-miniature connectors for several interface ports. Cable connectors for these ports are very small, but may be positioned so that a slight angle exists between them. This situation has been tested by HP and full functionality is maintained.

#### **CAUTION:**

The Model 744 Board Computer's P2 connector has a local bus on the user-defined pins. Verify that your VME card cage's backplane makes no connections to J2/P2, rows A and C. Refer to IEEE STD 1014-1987, Chapter 7, for more information on use of user-defined pins in VME backplane connectors.

## **Supported Products**

Only products with Hewlett-Packard approved parts, accessories, peripherals, operating systems, and application programs are supported by Hewlett-Packard. Any product with other than HP approved hardware or software connected or installed must have the non-HP approved hardware and software removed by the customer before on-site repair is conducted. The following lists describe the products supported by HP.

## **Accessory Cards**

The Model 744 supports the following accessory cards:

- HP A4219A expansion kit
- Memory; one or more of the following RAM cards is supported on either the HP-UX or HP-RT operating system:

HP A4501A 16 MB RAM card (HP-RT only) HP A4502A 32 MB RAM card HP A4503A 64 MB RAM card HP A4449A 128 MB RAM card

#### **NOTE:**

HP-UX requires a minimum of 32 MB RAM. HP-RT requires a minimum of 16 MB RAM.

• Mezzanine (GSC expansion kit) cards:

HP A4267A 8-plane color graphics card HP A4268A FWD SCSI (supported only by HP-UX) HP J3420A ATM Network Card (supported only by HP-UX)

- PCMCIA (supported only by HP-RT)
- Sub-Mezzanine Cards:

HCXR8 graphics card HCRX24 graphics card

## **Typical External Devices**

The Model 744 supports the following external devices:

LAN transceiver

HP A2670A ThinLAN ETHERNET Transceiver HP A2671A EtherTWIST Transceiver

• Speaker; 8 ohm impedance with <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub>-inch sub-miniature stereo connector (HP-UX only).

## **Conversion and Standard Cables**

Model 744 Board Computers use micro-miniature connectors for several interface ports and standard connectors for others. You need conversion cables to connect from the micro-miniature connectors to standard size interfaces. The Model 744 supports the following cables:

• Conversion cables:

HP A4300A HP parallel; high-density 25-pin to standard 25-pin F
HP A4301A RS-232; high-density 9-pin to standard 9-pin M
HP A4302A audio; high-density 9-pin to stereo line-in
HP A4303A LAN; high-density 15-pin to 15-pin AUI
HP A4223A video; high-density 15-pin to standard 15-pin,
HP A4305A video; high-density 15-pin to EVC connector
HP A4167A video; standard 15-pin to EVC connector (for use with optional GSC 8-plane graphics card and EVC monitor

Standard cables:

HP K2296 SCSI; high-density 50-pin to standard bail lock HP 92284A HP parallel; 25-pin M to 25-pin M HP 24542G RS-232 terminal cable; 9-pin F to 25-pin M HP 24542M RS-232 modem cable; 9-pin F to 25-pin F

# Model 744 Board Computer Overview **Supported Products**

## **Keyboard and Mouse**

The Model 744 supports the following:

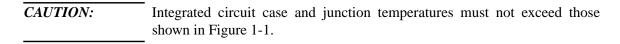
- HP A2840A keyboard with mini-DIN connector
- HP A2839A mouse with mini-DIN connector

## **Environmental Requirements**

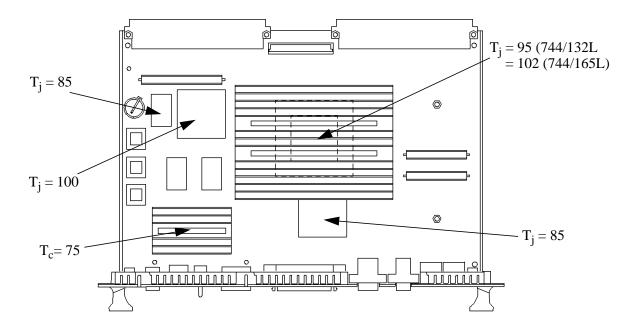
Table 1-1 shows the environmental requirements for the Model 744.

## **Table 1-1 Environmental Requirements**

Temperature	Operating: 0° to 55°C; 10°c/min rate of change maximum Non-operating: -40° to 70°C
Humidity	Operating: 40°C: 95% RH max
Altitude	Operating: 4,600m (15,000 ft) to 40°C Non-operating: 15,300m (30,000 ft) to 70°C
Air Flow	150 linear feet per minute, 0° to 35°C 200 linear feet per minute, 35° to 55°C



# Model 744 Board Computer Overview **Environmental Requirements**



 $T_i = Maximum junction temperature in degrees centigrade$ 

 $T_c = Maximum \ case \ temperature \ in \ degrees \ centigrade$ 

Figure 1-1 Model 744 Board Computer (Top View)

NOTE: The Model 744 should only be operated in an environment that is free from conductive pollution, including dry non-conductive pollution that may become conductive due to expected condensation.

## **Operating System Overview**

The Model 744 can be used with either of two operating systems, HP-UX or HP-RT. This manual provides basic information you will need for booting and running HP-UX. It also provides some overview information for HP-RT.

The Model 744 uses the standard HP-UX 10.20 or later operating system, a highly versatile system for multitasking, running your application programs, and performing a variety of development tasks. Refer to *HP-UX System Administration Tasks* for detailed installation and operation procedures for HP-UX.

The Model 744rt uses HP-RT 2.21 or later, a real-time operating system. HP-RT is HP's real-time operating system for PA-RISC VME board computers. It is a runtime-oriented product based on industry-standard application programming interfaces. HP-RT is designed around the real-time system principles of determinism (predictable behavior), responsiveness, user control, and reliability for "mission-critical" applications.

Refer to *HP-RT System Administration Tasks* for detailed installation and operation procedures for HP-RT.

The HP-RT development environment consists of the following:

- An HP-UX host system (for example, a Model 748i), running the supported HP-UX operating system, with CDE, X Window System, or HP VUE installed.
- DDS-format tape drive or CD ROM for loading HP-RT on the host system.
- The HP-RT target system (such as a Model 744*rt*).

## **Manuals for System Information**

#### **HP-UX**

After you have completed the installation procedures in this book, you may consult the following sources for further information:

- For HP-UX administration information, see HP-UX System Administration Tasks.
- For a quick reference to commonly-used HP-UX commands, see the appendix in *Using HP-UX*.
- HP VUE or CDE is the default interface for HP-UX. At some point, you may want to interact with the Model 744 using CDE or HP VUE via the LAN, with an X Window System display. As a simpler window alternative, you can also use the X Window System by itself. All interfaces are included in HP-UX. For further information, refer to *Using the X Window System*, *Using HP-UX*, *CDE User's Guide*, or *HP VUE User's Guide*.

The following manuals are also useful:

- If you have not yet installed your HP-UX OS, see *Installing HP-UX*.
- For troubleshooting HP-UX, see Chapter 6 of this manual, and the manual *Solving HP-UX Problems*.
- For VME configuration information, refer to the appropriate VME manual for your operating system.

#### **HP VUE**

For information on using and configuring the HP VUE interface with HP-UX, see *HP VUE User's Guide*. For information on installing HP VUE, refer to *HP VUE Installation Guide*.

#### **HP CDE**

For information on using and configuring the CDE interface with HP-UX, see *CDE User's Guide*. For information on installing CDE, refer to *CDE Installation Guide*.

## **Online Sources of Information**

HP-UX is designed so that you can access many sources of information without leaving your system. Most of these information sources are accessible through the shell command line on a character terminal.

• Man pages: The HP-UX information found in HP-UX Reference is online and accessible by clicking on the Toolbox button at the right of your Front Panel, or by entering man command on a command line, where command is the name of the HP-UX command or routine you want to get information on. If you're not sure of the command name, you can enter man -k keyword, where keyword is a likely topic word to search on. This results in a display listing commands having the keyword in their description.

Similar reference information on HP-RT, found in *HP-RT Reference*, can be displayed by entering **rtman** *name* on your HP-UX host system, where *name* is the name of the HP-RT command, system call, or function call you want to get information about.

On your HP-UX system, there are also a variety of files which contain version-specific information. These will be useful in administering and configuring cards and devices for your version of HP-UX. Among these files are the following:

- Release Notes: This is the online version of the Release Notes which
  come with your system. It contains all the latest information, undocumented changes, and bug fixes for your release of HP-UX. It also contains
  information on the current version of HP VUE. The Release Notes document resides in the /usr/share/doc directory, named by its release number; for example, 10.20RelNotes for HP-UX 10.20.
- HP-UX and HP VUE Help. For graphics displays, extensive help information on the operating system and the visual interface is included with HP VUE.

# Model 744 Board Computer Overview Online Sources of Information

• Newconfig: The directory /usr/newconfig/etc contains information and new versions of HP-UX product configuration files, as well as shell scripts which may have been customized on your system. The contents of this directory will vary depending on which products you have loaded onto your system. In most cases, old versions of these files, in their regular locations in the file system, are not overwritten by the update process.

In HP-RT, you will find an HP-RT specific README file in **/opt/HP-RT/etc/newconfig/**, on the HP-UX host system. This file contains version-specific information.

# **Installing HP-UX and HP-RT**

For procedures to install and configure HP-UX, refer to *HP-UX System Administration Tasks*.

For information on clusters, refer to *Managing Clusters of HP-UX Computers*, and *HP VUE User's Guide*.

For procedures to install and configure HP-RT, refer to *HP-RT System Administration Tasks*.

## **Audio**

HP-UX includes audio software comprising an audio editor, Audio Application Program Interface (AAPI), and some sample programs. Audio output is available through the audio port on the front panel of the Model 744. For highest quality audio, an external headphone set or speaker is recommended.

Audio is implemented using a CODEC (coder-decoder) combining CD-quality stereo audio-digital converters for microphone and line-input levels. The input sampling rate and format are programmable, as are the input gain and output attenuation.

A  $^{1}/_{8}$ -inch mini-jack is used for the speaker output connection. The remaining audio signals are via a 9-pin D-sub connector. Output impedance is nominally 8 ohms, but higher impedance devices can also be driven.

For information on programming for audio, refer to *Using the Audio Developer's Kit* (B2355-90069) and the man page *audio*.

2

**Installing Accessories** 

#### **Installing Accessories**

This chapter describes the accessories you can install on the Model 744 Board Computer and tells you how to install them.

The instructions in this chapter assume you are using either the HP-UX or HP-RT operating system.

The major sections within this chapter are:

- Tools Required and Preliminary Procedures
- Safety Precautions
- Memory
- GSC Expansion Kit
- GSC Mezzanine Cards (graphics and SCSI cards)
- PMC Bridge and Expansion Boards
- PCMCIA

# **Tools Required and Preliminary Procedures**

## **Tools Required for Installation**

All field replaceable parts can be accessed with these tools:

Static grounding wrist strap

No. 1 Pozidriy screwdriyer

Small flat-tipped screwdriver

5mm (3/16-inch) nutdriver (RAM standoffs require this tool)

# **Preliminary Procedures**

Perform the following steps before installing or removing accessories:

- 1 Exit application programs.
- 2 Shut down the operating system and power off the VMEVME chassis. (See Chapter 5 for detailed instructions.)
- 3 Remove all cables connected to the board computer.
- 4 Set up a static-free place on which to work.

# **Safety Precautions**

It is essential to practice safety precautions when working with any electrical or electronic products. Following these safety precautions can help protect both you and the equipment from injury and possible permanent damage.

Whether the ICs are installed on a printed circuit board or lying on a table, integrated circuit components can be damaged by electro-static discharge. Static charges can build up in people to a potential of several thousand volts by simply walking across a room.

Protect integrated circuits by:

- Using a static-free work place and wearing clothes that do not hold static charges before handling any of the workstation's PC boards.
- Unplugging the power supply before removing or installing a part.
- Touching sheet metal with your fingers before touching the printed circuit assembly.

If the assembly is not going to be re-installed, place the assembly in an antistatic bag and set it aside. Following these precautions extends the life of the computer products you maintain.

# **Memory**

This section provides step-by-step instructions for installing RAM cards in the Model 744. The Model 744 memory kit contains a memory card, a set of standoffs, a set of screws, and a wrist strap.

## **Preliminary Requirements**

Perform the following steps before you install a RAM card into the Model 744:

- 1 If the Model 744 is already installed in your system chassis, you must remove it. See Chapter 3 of this manual for instructions on removing and replacing the Model 744.
- 2 Place the Model 744 on a static-free mat on a clean, level surface.

#### **RAM Card Installation**

For a Model 744 in a single slot configuration (no expansion adapter installed), only one RAM can be installed. In a two-slot configuration, up to four RAM cards may be stacked. Use these steps and Figure 2-1 to install the RAM cards:

#### NOTE:

When mixing memory card capacities that include 128MB cards, the 128MB card(s) must be installed into the lowest memory slots before adding cards of other capacities.

- 1 Begin with the Model 744 placed so that you face the front bezel.
- 2 If the Model 744 has RAM card(s) already installed, remove the screws that secure the topmost RAM card, and then install the new standoffs that came with your RAM card onto the topmost card (see Figure 2-1).
- 3 Hold the RAM card you are installing so that the conferred corner is the upper-left corner (see Figure 2-1).
- 4 While placing the new RAM card over the CPU or topmost installed card, align the holes in the RAM card with the spacers/standoffs underneath it.

# Installing Accessories Memory

- 5 Properly align the connectors by slightly rotating the RAM card until you can feel the connectors fit together.
- **6** Gently and evenly push on the top of the connectors with both of your thumbs until the RAM cards are about 1/3 seated.
- 7 After the connectors are 1/3 seated, continue to push evenly with your thumbs, while pushing harder. The connectors will fully snap together.
- **8** Examine the connector seating from both sides of the RAM card to ensure there are no gaps between the RAM card connectors and the connectors underneath it.
- **9** Secure the topmost card with the screws you removed in Step 2.

## **RAM Card Removal**

When removing RAM cards from the Model 744 CPU or the RAM card stack, remove the cards one at a time. Carefully lift the card by the edge near the connectors. Do not try to pry the card up with a tool.

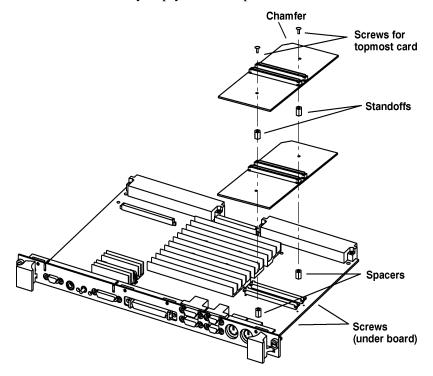


Figure 2-1 Installing RAM Cards

# **GSC Expansion Kit**

The GSC expansion kit consists of two parts: the adapter fixture and the front panel extension. This section provides step-by-step instructions for installing the GSC expansion kit onto the Model 744.

## **Preliminary Requirements**

Perform the following steps before installing the adapter (GSC expansion kit) fixture onto your Model 744 Board Computer:

- 1 If the Model 744 Board Computer is already installed in your system chassis, you must remove it. See Chapter 3 of this manual for instructions on removing and replacing the Model 744.
- 2 Place the Model 744 on a static-free mat on a clean, level surface.

## **GSC Expansion Kit Installation**

Follow these steps to install the expansion kit onto the Model 744:

- 1 Place the expansion adapter so that you line up the four M2.5x12 screw holes that flank the DIN connectors. See Figure 2-2.
- 2 Insert the four M2.5x12 screws one at a time, finger tighten, then snug down with a screwdriver. Do not overtighten.
- 3 Insert the two M2.5x6 screws, finger tighten, then snug down with a screwdriver.
- 4 Remove the copper EMI gasketing from the front panel of the Model 744 Board Computer.
- 5 Place the panel extension over the front panel so that the four tabs on the bottom of the extension panel line up and slip into their respective slots on the top of the front panel.
- 6 Insert the four front panel screws, finger tighten, then snug down with a screwdriver, as shown in Figure 2-3.

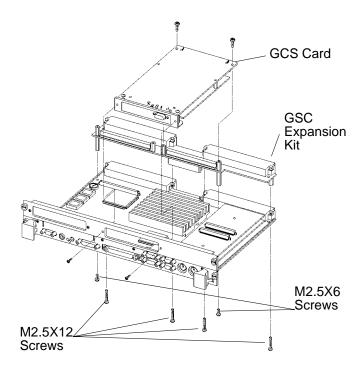


Figure 2-2 Installing the GSC Expansion Kit (Exploded View with GSC Card)

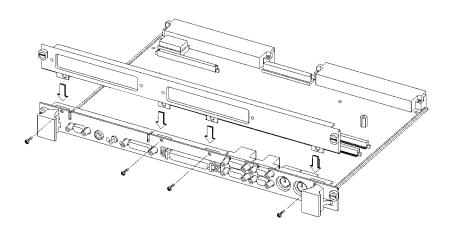


Figure 2-3 Adding the Front Panel Screws

## **GSC Mezzanine Cards**

## **Installing GSC Mezzanine Cards**

This section provides step-by-step instructions for installing GSC mezzanine cards into your Model 744 Board Computer.

## **Preliminary Requirements**

Perform the following steps before you install a GSC card:

- 1 The Model 744 Board Computer must already have a GSC expansion kit installed.
- 2 If the Model 744 Board Computer is already installed in your system chassis, you must remove it. See Chapter 3 of this manual for instructions on removing and replacing the Model 744.
- 3 Place the Model 744 Board Computer on a static-free mat on a clean, level surface.

#### **GSC Mezzanine Card Installation**

Follow these steps to install a GSC card onto your Model 744 Board Computer:

- 1 Working from the back of the Model 744 Board Computer, you can install GSC graphics cards into either the right-hand or center position, shown in Figure 2-4.
- 2 Using Figure 2-4 as a guide, position a card and line up its connector over the GSC connector on the board computer.
- 3 Press the card down to seat the connectors.
- 4 Insert the two M2.5x6 screws that hold the GSC card to the adapter fixture and screw them into place.
- 5 Insert the two M2.5x5 screws that hold the card to the front panel expansion plate and screw them into place.

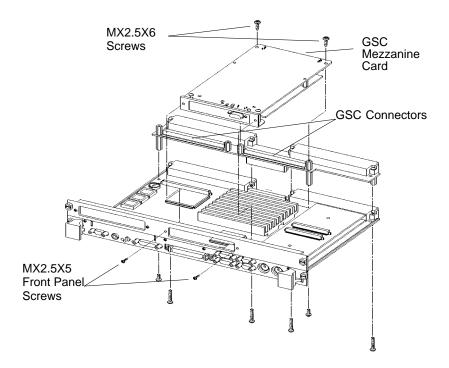


Figure 2-4 Installing a GSC Mezzanine Card (Exploded View with Adapter)

# **Installing an HCRX Graphics Board**

An HCRX8 or HCRX24 graphics board occupies the same position as the expansion kit adapter. These boards fasten to the 744 in almost the same way as the expansion adapter, with four M2.5X12 screws and two M2.5X6 screws. On an HCRX board, there are two additional small screws located on each side of the graphics connector that are fastened through the front panel.

## **Preliminary Requirements**

Perform the following steps before installing an HCRX board on your Model 744:

- 1 If the Model 744 is already installed in your system chassis, you must remove it. See Chapter 3 of this book for instructions on removing and replacing the Model 744.
- 2 Place the Model 744 on a static-free mat on a clean, level surface.

#### **NOTE:**

There is one GSC connector on the left side of an HCRX board. A GSC card is installed in an HCRX board in the same manner as on the expansion adapter. See "GSC Mezzanine Cards," earlier in this chapter.

## **HCRX Graphics Board Installation**

Follow these steps to install an HCRX board on your Model 744:

- 1 Place the HCRX board on the board computer, lining up the screw holes for the M2.5x12 and M2.5x6 screws as shown in Figure 2-5.
- 2 Install the four M2.5x12 screws from the bottom of the board computer.
- 3 Install the two M2.5x6 screws from the bottom of the board computer.
- 4 Install the two front panel screws at each end of the graphics connector on the front panel.

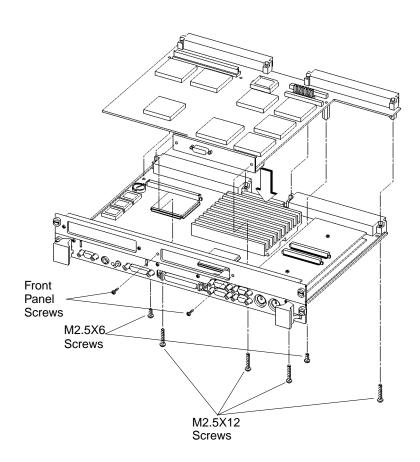


Figure 2-5 Installing an HCRX Graphics Board

This section provides step-by-step instructions for installing the PMC bridge and expansion adapters onto the Model 744 board computer. When the PMC bridge adapter is installed onto the Model 744, the result is a two-board assembly that is the installed into your VME card cage. When both the PMC bridge and expansion adapters are installed onto the Model 744, the result is a three-board assembly that is the installed into your VME card cage.

## **Preliminary Requirements**

Perform the following steps before installing the adapters onto your Model 744 Board Computer:

- 1 If the Model 744 is already installed in your system chassis, you must remove it. See Chapter 3 of this book for instructions on removing and replacing the Model 744 Board Computer.
- 2 Place the Model 744 on a static-free mat on a clean, level surface.

# PMC Bridge Adapter and Expansion Adapter Installation

- 1 Refer to your third party PMC card installation manual, and set any configuration switches or jumpers that may be required for your application.
- 2 On the PMC bridge adapter, at the sites where you will be installing the PMC card(s), remove the two screws that secure the bezel blank(s), and remove the blanks. See Figure 2-6.

#### **NOTE:**

When installing a PMC card, ensure that the O-ring type gasket near the bezel remains in place.

3 Install the PMC card(s) onto the bridge adapter by aligning the front of the card with the front bezel, and on the rear of the card with the connectors and post. See Figure 2-6. There are four screws that secure the PMC card from the bottom of the bridge adapter.

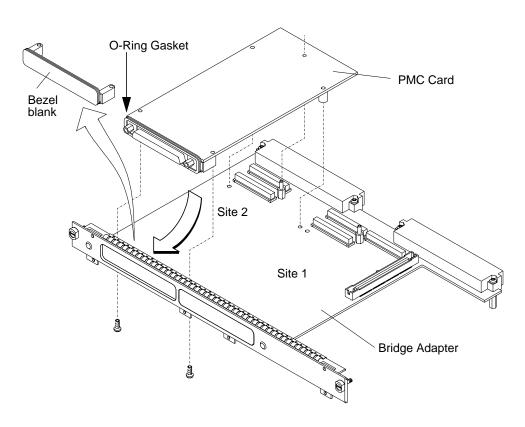


Figure 2-6 Installing a PMC Card onto the PMC Bridge Adapter

- **4** Remove the copper EMI gasketing from the front panel of the board computer.
- 5 Install the PMC bridge adapter onto the board computer as shown in Figure 2-7. There are four screws that secure the front bezel, and four screws that secure the VME connectors.

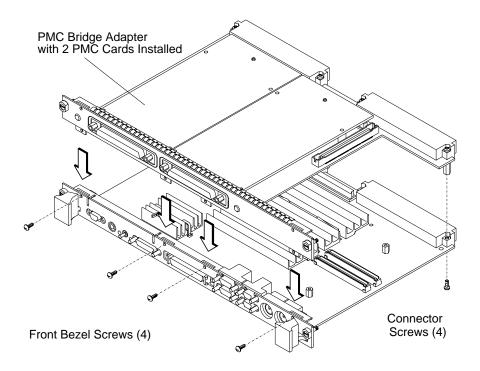


Figure 2-7 Installing the PMC Bridge Adapter onto the Board Computer

- 6 If you are installing the PMC expansion adapter, refer to your third party PMC card installation manual, and set any configuration switches or jumpers that may be required for your application.
- 7 On the PMC expansion adapter, remove the bezel blank(s) from the sites where you will be installing the PMC card(s). See Figure 2-8.

#### *NOTE:*

When installing a PMC card, ensure that the O-ring type gasket near the bezel remains in place.

8 Install the PMC card(s) onto the expansion adapter by aligning the front of the card with the front bezel, and onto the rear of the card with the connectors and post. See Figure 2-8.

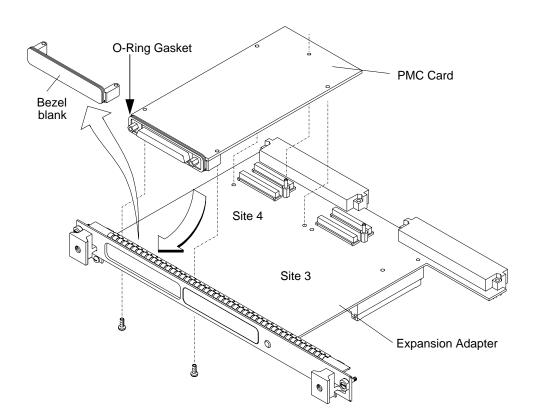


Figure 2-8 Installing a PMC Card onto the Expansion Adapter

- **9 Remove** the four screws from bridge adapter VME connectors, as shown in Figure 2-9.
- **10** Using a small screwdriver or razor, remove the copper EMI gasket on the front bezel of the bridge adapter, as shown in Figure 2-9.

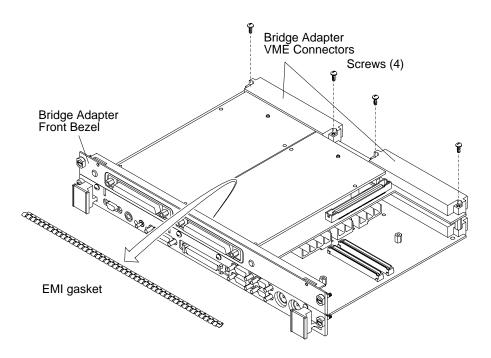


Figure 2-9 Removing Bridge Adapter Screws and EMI Gasket

- 11 Screw the four threaded standoffs into the bridge adapter's VME connectors.
- 12 Making sure that the connector and bezels are properly aligned, install the PMC expansion adapter onto the bridge adapter, as shown in Figure 2-10. Ensure that the interboard connector seats properly by applying pressure to the top of the expansion board and to the bottom of the bridge board. You may have to remove memory cards to access the underside of the bridge board. There are two screws that secure the front bezel, four standoffs between the VME connectors, and four screws to secure the VME connectors.

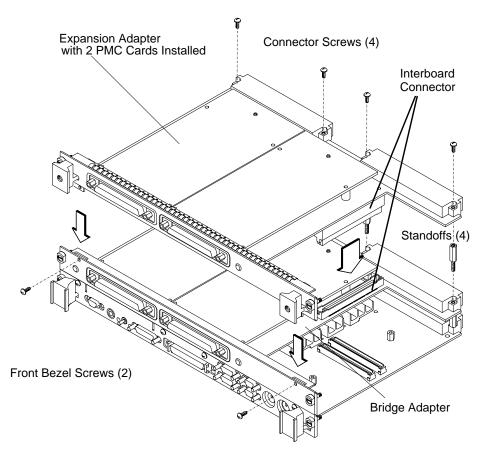


Figure 2-10 Installing the Expansion Adapter onto the Bridge Adapter

- 13 If you have installed a PMC expansion adapter, resulting in a three board assembly, we recommend that you install the ejector handle sleeves included in your kit. The procedure is as follows:
  - **a** Remove the logo and model labels from the ejector handles on your board computer, as shown in Figure 2-11.

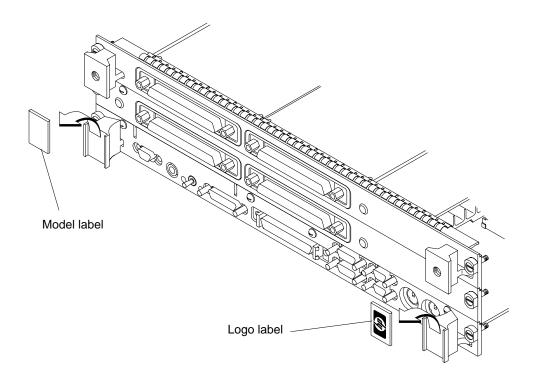


Figure 2-11 Removing Ejector Handle Labels

**b** Slide the sleeves over each set of handles, as shown in Figure 2-12.

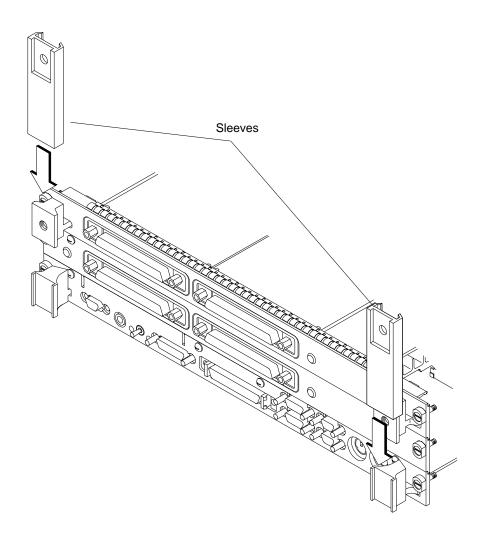


Figure 2-12 Installing Ejector Handle Sleeves

c Thread the springs included in the kit into the ejector handles on the PMC expansion board, and with the springs compressed, slide the labels from the Model 744 Board Computer into the sleeves, as shown in Figure 2-13.

**NOTE:** 

To properly identify the board computer model and manufacturer, we strongly advise that the original labels from the board computer be placed into the ejector handle sleeves.

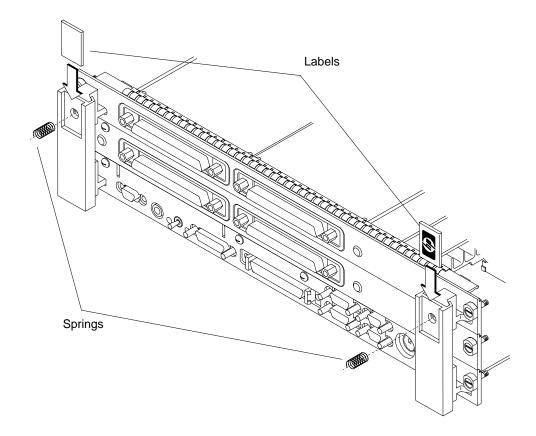


Figure 2-13 Installing the Springs and Labels

- **14** Remove the VME slot cover plate(s) from the VME card cage, as required to open the slots the new assembly will occupy.
- **15** Insert the Model 744 with the attached PMC adapter(s) into card cage slots until the they seat properly and the front panels are flush against the card cage.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not tighten any captive screws until you have started to thread *each* captive screw into its hole.

**16** Engage all captive screws before tightening each screw of the board computer/PMC assembly. See Figure 2-14

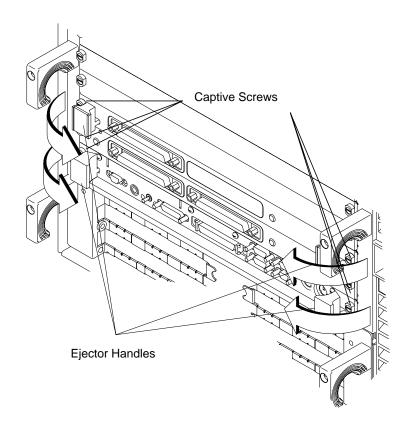


Figure 2-14 Installing the Board Computer with PMC into VME Card Cage

- 17 Plug in the power cord(s), and then turn on the power for the VME card cage and boot the operating system.
- **18** Log in as **root** and use the **SAM** utility to configure the HP-UX kernel for PCI support. (PMC cards require PCI drivers in the kernel.)
- 19 When SAM has started, choose the Kernel Configuration -> menu.
- 20 From the Kernel Configuration menu, choose Drivers
- 21 From the Drivers menu, select GSCtoPCI Driver.
- 22 Go to the Actions menu and select Create a New Kernel.
- **23** When the new kernel is built, SAM asks if you want to move the kernel into place and reboot. Choose **Yes.**

The system reboots with the PCI driver loaded.

# **PCMCIA**

For information on installing a PCMCIA adapter and a flash disk card, see *HP Z5117A PCMCIA Adapter Installation and User's Guide* (Z5117-90001).

## NOTE:

The PCMCIA adapter may not be installed on a Model 744 board computer that has built-in graphics.

PCMCIA is supported under HP-RT only.

Typical Installation in a VME Card Cage

#### Typical Installation in a VME Card Cage

This chapter describes the Model 744 Board Computer and tells you how to install it.

The instructions in this chapter assume you are using either the HP-UX or HP-RT operating system.

The major sections within this chapter are:

- Configuring the VME Card Cage
- Keyboard and Mouse
- Board Computer Installation
- Non-HP Installation
- HP Installation (Other than in Primary CPU)
- Board Computer Removal

# **Configuring the VME Card Cage**

This section provides step-by-step instructions for configuring the VME card cage.

Use Table 3-1 to determine the configuration for the VME card cage.

### Table 3-1 Determining the VME Card Cage Configuration

If your Model 744 Board Computer	Then
has an HP A4262A Expansion Kit attached, and will be installed in an HP 9000 Series 700 Model 748 VME System,	the Model 744 Board Computer must be installed in either: Slots 1 and 2; the bottom two slots Slots 3 and 4, or any other higher- numbered slot pair
	See the CAUTION text.
is single-board configured,	the VME card can be installed in any slot.
was removed from its VME card cage to change or add accessories,	see "Model 744 Installation" on page 3-8.
is going to be installed for the first time in a VME card cage,	follow the step-by-step instructions below.

#### **CAUTION:**

In the Model 748 card cage, slots 1 and 2 are powered by the bottom power supply. Slots 3 through 8 are powered by the top power supply. A Model 744 Board Computer with its expansion kit attached, installed in slots 2 and 3, will cause the power supplies to shut down.

To determine the board computer's power needs, follow these instructions:

1 Determine the board computer's current requirements from the Computer Current Requirements Worksheet (Table 3-4).

# Typical Installation in a VME Card Cage Configuring the VME Card Cage

- 2 To determine the maximum current usage of the Model 744 memory cards, either use Figure 3-1 and Table 3-2 (for Model 744/132L) or Table 3-3 (for Model 744/165L). You must work with the worst case power draw to correctly determine power usage. Determine worst case power draw by examining active memory bank configurations, using the following steps:
  - **a** Examine your memory card configuration, noting which size card is in each memory slot.
  - **b** The worst case active memory bank configuration depends on the slot position of the memory cards, and the size of the cards. The 32MB memory card has two banks per card, and the 16, 64, and 128MB cards each have only one memory bank per card.
    - When 32MB cards are used as a pair in memory slots 2 and 3 they can use three memory banks concurrently.
    - When used as a pair in slots 0, 1, or 2, the 32MB cards can have two active memory banks.
    - The 16, 64, and 128MB cards each have only one memory bank that is active at any one time.

The worst case power draw would be if your system had 2 32MB cards in slots 2 and 3 (these banks would be considered active, all other memory cards/banks would be considered inactive). If you do not have that configuration, the next worst case would be a 64MB card in any slot (all other memory cards in the system would be inactive), followed by 2 32MB cards in slots 0, 1, or 2 (all other memory cards in the system would be inactive), followed by a 16MB card in any slot (all other memory cards in the system would be inactive).

- c Inactive memory banks are those banks on cards in your configuration in addition to the worst case active memory banks, and must also be added to the calculation.
- **d** Fill in the information in Table 3-2 or Table 3-3.

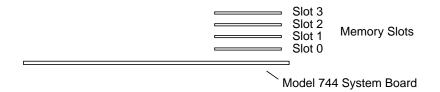


Figure 3-1 Model 744 Memory Slots

Table 3-2 Model 744/132L Memory Card Current Usage Worksheet

Memory Card Size	First Active Bank <sup>1</sup>	Second Active Bank	Third Active Bank	Inactive Banks	Totals (+5V)
$32 \mathrm{MB}^2$	1.15 A	1.15 A	1.15 A	0.05A x	
64 MB	2.6 A	N/A	N/A	0.1 A x	
128 MB	1.45A	N/A	N/A	0.07 A x	
16 MB	1.15 A	N/A	N/A	0.05A x	

Total memory current

Table 3-3 Model 744/165L Memory Card Current Usage Worksheet

Memory Card Size	First Active Bank <sup>1</sup>	Second Active Bank	Third Active Bank	Inactive Banks	Totals (+12V)	Totals (+5V)
$32 \mathrm{MB}^2$	0.53 A (+12V)	0.53 A	0.53 A	0.023A x		
64 MB	1.2 A (+12V)	N/A	N/A	0.05 A x		
128 MB	1.45 A (+5V)	N/A	N/A	0.07 A x		
16 MB	0.53 A (+12V)	N/A	N/A	0.023A x		
Total memory currents						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Choose the worst case active bank(s) for your calculation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Choose the worst case active bank(s) for your calculation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Slot positions and amount of 32MB cards determine the number of active banks.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Slot positions and amount of 32MB cards determine the number of active banks.

Table 3-4 Model 744 Current Requirements Worksheet

Each Model 744 Board Computer	+5V dc Amps	+12V dc Amps	-12V dc Amps
If 132 MHz, current for +5V dc is 4.7A <sup>1</sup> If 165 MHz, current for +5V dc is 6.3A		0.1A	0.1A
RAM cards (see Table 3-2 or Table 3-3)			
Graphics subsystems <sup>2</sup> x 0.9A each =			
FWD SCSI GSC card x 0.7A each =			
HCRX graphics board 2.0A			
PMC bridge adapter 0.6A			
PMC cards on bridge adapter <sup>3</sup>			
Totals for Model 744 board computer			

- 1. Does not include on-board graphics, if installed.
- 2. On-board graphics and graphics accessory cards are each separate graphics subsystems.
- 3. PMC cards may also draw +3.3 current that is provided through the +5 on the bridge adapter. The +3.3 current FOR ALL PMC CARDS ON THE BRIDGE ADAPTER AND EXPANSION ADAPTER (do not include other expansion adapter currents) must be entered into the +5 column after multiplying the +3.3 current by .75 to convert to the actual +5 current draw.
- 3 Verify that your VME card cage has sufficient power to meet the total power needs of the Model 744 from Table 3-4.
- 4 Shut down your VME application and power off the VME card cage.
  - If your VME card cage backplane is autoconfiguring, see "Model 744 Installation" later in this chapter. If not, refer to your VME card cage documentation for configuring the VME backplane. Go to Step 5.
- **5** Ensure the backplane IACK and Bus Grant (0, 1, 2, and 3) daisy-chains are:
  - Enabled from the previous slot(s) into the slot in which the Model 744 will be installed.
  - Passed through all other empty backplane slots.
- **6** Set the backplane switches/jumpers to enable the Model 744 operation.

# **Keyboard and Mouse**

This section provides step-by-step instructions for connecting a keyboard and mouse to your Model 744.

- 1 Unpack your new keyboard and place it near your Model 744.
- 2 Plug the keyboard cable connector into your Model 744 at the PS/2 connector labeled **PS/2 0 Kbd**.

#### *NOTE:*

The keyboard must be connected to PS/2 0 to be operational.

- **3** Unpack your new mouse and locate the mouse's black rubber ball in the mouse box.
- 4 Remove the ball plate from the bottom of the mouse. Insert the ball and replace the ball plate.
- 5 Plug the mouse cable connector into your Model 744 at the PS/2 connector labeled **PS/2 1**.

## **Model 744 Installation**

## **Tools Required**

Model 744 installation requires the following tools:

Tool	Used For
Static grounding wrist strap (supplied with the installation kit)	Preventing static discharge problems
No. 1 Pozidriv screwdriver	Attaching accessory cards
5 mm (3/16 inch) nutdriver	Attaching accessory cards
Light-duty flat-tipped screwdriver	Attaching accessory cards

## **Preliminary Requirements**

Perform the following procedure before you install the board computer into the VME card cage:

1 Read the steps in "Configuring the VME Card Cage," earlier in this chapter.

# Installing a Single-Slot Model 744 into an HP Card Cage

Follow these steps to install the Model 744 into the VME card cage:

- 1 Position the board computer at the desired slot and slide it into the card cage until it seats properly and the front panel is flush against the card cage.
- 2 Push both ejector levers in until they are flush with the front panel.
- 3 Engage and tighten the captive screws (labeled 1 and 2 in Figure 3-2) at each end of the board computer. These screws hold the computer in the VME card cage.

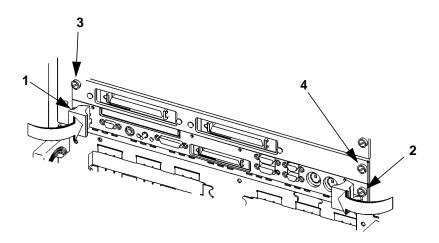


Figure 3-2 Board Computer Captive Screws

# **Installing a Dual-Slot Model 744**

- 1 Put the Model 744 at the desired slot. Position and slide it into the card cage until it seats properly with the front panel and front panel extension flush against the card cage.
- **2** Engage all captive screws (labeled 1 and 2, 3 and 4, in Figure 3-2) before tightening each screw of the Model 744 and the extension panel(s).

# Typical Installation in a VME Card Cage Non-HP Installation

# **Non-HP Installation**

The Model 744 Board Computer's P2 connector has a local bus on user-defined pins. Verify that your VME card cage backplane makes no connections to J2/P2, rows A and C.

Refer to Chapter 7 of IEEE STD 1014-1987 for more information on user-defined pins used in VME backplane connectors.

# **HP Installation (Other Than Primary CPU)**

The Model 744 Board Computer's P2 connector has a local bus on user-defined pins. The VME slot used by the Model 744 must make no connections to J2/P2, rows A and C.

Refer to IEEE STD 1014-1987, Chapter 7, for more information on user-defined pins used in VME backplane connectors.

### Model 744 Removal

# **Tools Required**

Model 744 removal requires the following tools:

Tool	Used For
Static grounding wrist strap	Preventing static discharge problems
Light-duty flat-tipped screwdriver	Loosening card cage screws

## **Preliminary Requirements**

Perform the following procedure before you remove the board computer from the VME card cage:

1 Read the steps in "Turning Off the System," in Chapter 5.

# Removing a Model 744

Follow these steps to remove the Model 744 from a VME card cage:

- 1 Loosen the captive screws at each end of the board computer that hold the computer in the VME card cage (in Figure 3-3, the screws are labeled 1 and 2 for a single-slot board computer, or 1 through 4 for a dual-slot board computer).
- 2 Pull both ejector levers out until the board ejects from the card cage.

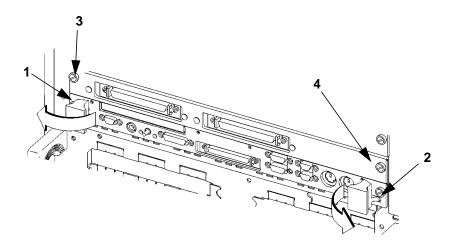


Figure 3-3 Board Computer Captive Screws

# Typical Installation in a VME Card Cage **Model 744 Removal**

4

**Connecting Cables** 

#### **Connecting Cables**

This chapter describes the various cable connections you will make when installing the Model 744 Board Computer.

The instructions in this chapter assume you are using either the HP-UX or HP-RT operating system.

The major sections within this chapter are:

- Connecting a Single Monitor, Multi-Display System, or Text-Only Terminal
- Audio Connection
- Video Connection
- Keyboard and Mouse Connections
- Network Connection
- Printer Connections
- SCSI Connection

# Introduction

This chapter discusses connecting cables to one of the following ports on your Model 744 Board Computer from a peripheral or accessory:

- Text terminal (RS-232) connection
- An audio connection
- A video (graphics circuit) connection
- A keyboard or mouse (PS/2 ports) connection
- A Network (AUI LAN) connection
- Printer (HP parallel and RS-232) connections
- A SCSI port connection

Figure 4-1 shows the front panel connectors for the Model 744.

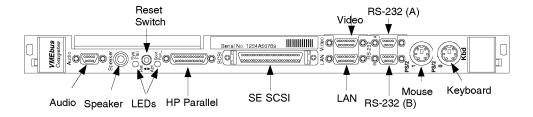


Figure 4-1 Model 744 Front Panel Connectors

Connecting a Single Monitor, Multi-Display System, or Text-Only Terminal

# Connecting a Single Monitor, Multi-Display System, or Text-Only Terminal

The Model 744 typically uses one of two types of display:

- CRT-based color monitor connected to a video port
- Terminal connected to a serial port

Depending on your operating system, the Model 744 supports a maximum of three monitors at the same time. For more information on connecting multiple monitors to your Model 744, see "Multi-Display Systems," later in this chapter. (HP-RT supports only one monitor at a time.)

#### **Configuration Requirements**

This section provides information on configuration requirements and stepby-step instructions for connecting one or more display devices to your Model 744.

#### **Monitors**

If your board computer does not have on-board graphics, it must first have at least one of these accessories installed:

- HP A4219A GSC expansion kit and an HP A4267A 8-plane color graphics card
- HCRX graphics board

For instructions on installing a GSC expansion kit and HP A4267A graphics card, or an HCRX graphics board, refer to Chapter 2 of this guide.

#### *NOTE:*

Monitors are supplied with a video cable. Use this cable either directly or with the conversion video cable, depending on what graphics capability you have installed.

Table 4-1 lists the video conversion cables required to connect a monitor to a video connector.

#### **Table 4-1 Monitor Conversion Cables Required**

	Cable Type from Monitor		
Graphics Type	Standard 15-pin	EVC connector	
	connector		
On-board graphics	A4223A	A4305A	
GSC mezzanine card	None	A4167A	
HCRX graphics	A4223A	A4305A	

#### **Multi-Display Systems**

HP-UX 10.20 and later supports up to three monitors simultaneously. To have more than one display on your system, you must have multiple graphics capability installed. Four architectures support multi-display systems:

- On-board graphics and an expansion kit with one or two GSC graphics cards installed (one, two, or three displays).
- On-board graphics and an HCRX board with or without a GSC graphics card installed (one, two, or three displays).
- No on-board graphics and an expansion kit with one or two GSC graphics cards installed (one or two displays).
- No on-board graphics and an HCRX graphics board with a GSC graphics card installed (one or two displays).

See the *Graphics Administration Guide* (B2355-90109) for more information about setting up multiple displays.

# **Connecting the Monitor**

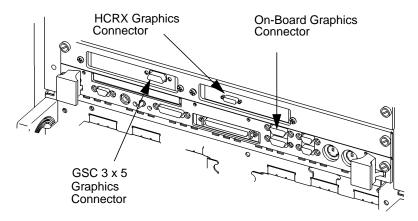
This section provides step-by-step instructions for connecting a monitor to your Model 744 Board Computer with on-board graphics, HCRX graphics, or GSC graphics. Refer to Figure 4-2 for help when connecting your monitor.

#### **Connecting Cables**

# Connecting a Single Monitor, Multi-Display System, or Text-Only Terminal

**CAUTION:** 

Some CRT-based monitors are heavy. Use caution when lifting and unpacking the monitor.



Note: On-board and HCRX connectors require conversion cable.

## Figure 4-2 Connecting a Monitor to HCRX, GSC, or On-Board Video Connector

- 1 On-board graphics and HCRX board:
  - a Plug the small connector of the conversion video cable into the video connector of your board computer, or the connector on your HCRX board.
  - **b** Connect the monitor cable to the conversion cable.
  - **c** Connect the monitor cable to your monitor as follows:
    - Red to R (RED)
    - Green to G (GREEN)
    - Blue to B (BLUE)
- **2** GSC graphics cards:
  - a Connect the monitor cable to the GSC card connector.
  - **b** Connect the other end of the cable to the monitor as specified in the previous step.

#### **Power Cord**

If your monitor has an attached power cord, connect the plug to a power source. If your monitor has a separate cord, connect the cord to the monitor, then connect the plug to a power source.

#### **WARNING:**

Do not connect your monitor to a power extension strip. Doing so can cause a shock hazard.

NOTE:

Do not turn on your monitor at this time.

#### **Connecting a Terminal**

This section provides step-by-step instructions for connecting a terminal to your Model 744 Board Computer. Refer to Figure 4-3.

- 1 Using the HP A4301A conversion RS-232C Cable, plug its micro-miniature connector to one of the RS-232 connectors as follows:
  - The recommended port for connecting a terminal is the (A) port.
  - Using the (B) port for terminal connection is not recommended.

#### NOTE:

Use of the (B) port requires that VME Services software be installed in the kernel under HP-UX. The (B) port *is not* supported during "cold installs" of HP-UX because VME Services is not installed in the "install kernel".

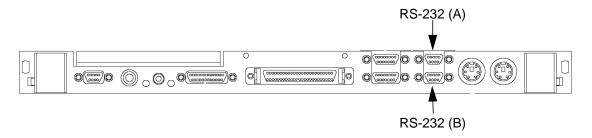


Figure 4-3 Connecting a Terminal to the RS-232 Ports

2 Plug the standard end of the conversion cable into the appropriate connector of RS-232 serial cable HP 24525G.

## **Connecting Cables**

Connecting a Single Monitor, Multi-Display System, or Text-Only Terminal

3 Plug the other end of the serial cable into the serial connector on the terminal.

Once you have connected and powered on your terminal and board computer, you may need to reconfigure your board computer for the terminal to be the console (see Appendix A).

## **Audio Connection**

Model 744 Board Computers provide compact disc-quality audio input and output in stereo with a 16-bit coder-decoder (CODEC) over a frequency range of 25-20,000 Hz. Output is provided by a small internal speaker and a stereo headphone mini-plug (8 ohms impedance). Input is provided by a stereo line-in and mono microphone mini-plugs.

The CODEC combines CD quality stereo A/D converters for microphone and line input levels. D/A converters for driving headset and line outputs are used. The input sampling rate and format are programmable, as are the input gain control (used for software control of recording levels) and output attenuation.

A  $^{1}/_{8}$ -inch mini-jack is used for the speaker out connection. The other audio signals are on a 9-pin micro D-sub connector. The output is capable of driving 8 ohms; it can also be used for higher impedance devices with little or no additional distortion. A line-level input can be driven by the headset output.

# Connecting Cables **Audio Connection**

Table 4-2 lists the audio specifications, Figure 4-4 shows the audio connector, and Table 4-3 shows the audio connector pinouts.

Table 4-2 Audio Specifications

Function	Range	
Headphone maximum output level	2.75 V pp at 50 ohms	
Input sensitivity	Line in, 2.0 V pp at 47 K ohms microphone, 22 mV at 1 K ohm	
Programmable input gain	0 to 22.5 dB in 1.5 dB steps	
Programmable output attenuation	0 to 96 dB in 1.5 dB steps	
Programmable rates	8, 11.025, 16, 22.05, 32, 44.1, 48 KHz	
Signal to noise ration	Headphone, 61 dB	
	Line in, 61 dB	
	Microphone, 57 dB	

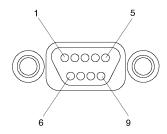


Figure 4-4 Audio Connector

# **Table 4-3 Audio Connector Pinouts**

Pin Number	Signal
1	Mic GND
2	Line-in left
3	Line-in right
4	Headset right
5	Headset left
6	Mic-in A
7	Mic-in B
8	Line-in GND
9	Headset GND

# **Video Connection**

Model 744 Board Computers with on-board graphics circuit have the display RAM and can be configured for several types of monitors. Graphic monitors connect to the 15-pin video connector. Figure 4-5 shows the video connector, and Table 4-4 shows the video connector pinouts.

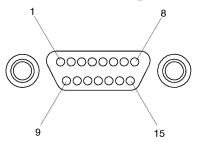


Figure 4-5 Video Connector

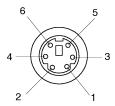
Table 4-4 Video Connector Pins and Signals

Pin Number	Signal
1	DDC
2	GND
3	RED
4	GND
5	GREEN
6	GND
7	BLUE
8	GND

Pin Number	Signal
9	GND
10	HSYNC
11	+5V
12	GND
13	SSYNC
14	GNC
15	VSYNC

# **Keyboard and Mouse Connections**

There are two PS/2 style serial ports: one PS/2 keyboard port and one PS/2 mouse port. In the Boot Console Handler's hardware menu, they are listed as PS/0 and PS/1. Figure 4-6 shows the PS/2 connector. Also refer to Figure 4-1; the two ports on the right, labeled Mouse and Keyboard.



# Figure 4-6 PS/2 Connector

Table 4-5 shows the PS/2 connector pinouts.

#### Table 4-5 PS/2 Connector Pinouts

Pin Number	Signal
1	Data
2	Not used
3	GND
4	+5
5	Clock
6	Not used

# **Network Connection**

LAN circuits use the Ethernet/IEEE 802.3 standard interface. Only the Attachment Unit Interface (AUI) version is used; no BNC connector is provided for ThinLAN. Figure 4-7 shows the AUI LAN connector. Also refer to Figure 4-1.

The AUI connector enables connections to an external MAU.

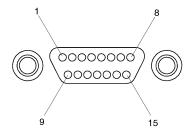


Figure 4-7 AUI LAN Connector

Table 4-6 shows the AUI LAN connector pinouts.

Table 4-6 AUI LAN Connector Pinouts

Pin Number	Signal
1	GND
2	CI-A
3	DO-A
4	DI-S (GND)
5	DI-A
6	GND
7	CO-A (NC)
8	CO-S (NC)
9	CI-B
10	DO-B
11	DO-S (GND)
12	DI-B
13	+12V
14	GND
15	CO-B (NC)

### **Printer Connections**

### **Preparing for HP-UX Installation**

You may have to do some configuration for appropriate data interchange with a new printer. This section gives you general guidance for these tasks.

You can use SAM (System Administration Manager) procedures to make your printer installation easier. SAM can determine the status of any of your connected devices and performs the necessary software installation of the printer for you.

If you don't want to use SAM to install the printer, or if SAM is not on your system, you can use HP-UX commands directly to accomplish the same tasks. For information on using manual system administration procedures, see *HP-UX System Administration Tasks*.

## Configuring HP-UX for a Printer

You will need to supply certain items of information needed to identify the printer you are installing. It will help to have this reference information available during the software installation process. In the following checklist, fill in the items relevant to your printer:

#### **Printer Interface**

•	
•	Parallel:
•	Serial (RS-232C) (Port A):
•	Serial (RS-232C) (Port B):
•	Printer Name (a name the system uses to identify the printer. It can be any name.):
•	Printer Model Number (located on a label on the back of the printer):

#### **Printer Cables**

For connection to the board computer high-density parallel port, depending on what printer you have and whether you select parallel or serial data exchange, you will need to select from the following:

- HP A4300A (HP Parallel): high-density 25-pin to standard 25-pin "F"
- HP A4301A (Serial): 9-pin high density to standard 9-pin "M"

Other standard cables may be required, depending on the selected printer.

#### **Installation Procedure**

Follow these steps to install your printer:

- 1 Log in as **root**. If you do not know how, or do not have permission to log in as root, ask your system administrator for help.
- 2 Run SAM by typing the following command:

#### /usr/sbin/sam Enter

If you need help using SAM, press the  $\overline{\mathbf{F1}}$  key to obtain context-sensitive information for the object at the location of the cursor.

Use the arrow keys and <u>Tab</u> to move the highlighted areas around the screen. Press <u>Enter</u> to "choose" an item when illuminated (such as OK).

**3** At the SAM opening screen, choose the following:

Printers and Plotters

4 Choose **Printers/Plotters** from the next screen.

The system displays a message if there are no printers connected to your system. Make sure you have a printer connected. Choose **OK** or press **Enter**.

5 From the **Actions** menu (on the menu bar at the top of the screen), choose the following:

Add Local Printer/Plotter

#### **Printer Connections**

**6** Choose an appropriate selection on the sub-menu giving options for Parallel, Serial, HP-IB, and so on.

A screen provides you with the information on available parallel or serial interfaces.

- 7 If you chose Add Serial (RS-232C) Printer/Plotter, more than one serial interface could be listed. The serial interfaces are listed in ascending order. The lowest-numbered serial interface corresponds to the lowest-numbered serial connector on your system. Choose the one to which your printer is connected.
- 8 Choose OK.

A display opens for Add Local Printer/Plotter.

- **9** Choose the box labeled **Printer Name** and enter your printer name for the new printer (see "Printer Interface," earlier in this chapter).
- 10 Choose Printer/Model Interface.
- 11 Use the arrow keys to scroll down the next screen. Find the Model Name of your printer. Choose **OK** or press **Enter** when your printer is highlighted.
- 12 In the Add Local Printer/Plotter display, select and choose the box labeled:

Make this the system default printer

- 13 Choose OK.
- 14 If the print spooler was not previously running, a screen appears with the question: Do you want to start the print spooler now? Choose Yes or press Enter.
- 15 The system displays a confirmation screen asking if your printer is turned on, connected to your system, and online. Check your printer to ensure that it is ready, and press **Enter**.
- 16 The system displays the message Task completed. Press  $\overline{\text{Enter}}$ .
- 17 Exit the task and press the Exit SAM function key.

**18** Enter the following to exit root and return to user status:

#### exit Enter

Refer to System Administration Tasks for additional SAM information.

## **Testing the Printer Installation**

If you made your printer the default system printer, type the following commands to test it:

#### cd Enter

## lp .profile Enter

If your printer (called printername) is not listed as the default system printer, enter the following command to test it:

lp -dprintername .profile Enter

The file named **.profile** should print out on your new printer.

**NOTE:** 

For information on printer-related problems, see Chapter 6 of this book.

#### **HP Parallel**

The parallel port is compatible with Centronics® standards, plus some additional features found in HP Series 700 workstations. It supports a bi-directional register model interface in addition to printer-only DMA. Series 700 Scanjet interfaces are not supported.

A high-density micro D-sub connector is used for the HP Parallel interface. An HP A4300A conversion cable is required to convert to a standard PC compatible 25-pin female D-sub cable.

Figure 4-8 shows the HP parallel connector. Also refer to Figure 4-1.

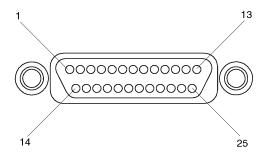


Figure 4-8 HP Parallel Connector

Table 4-7 shows the connector pinouts for the HP parallel connector.

Table 4-7 HP Parallel Connector Pinouts

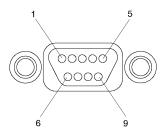
Pin Number	Signal	Pin Number	Signal	Pin Number	Signal
1	NSTROBE	10	NACK	19	GND
2	Data 0	11	BUSY	20	GND
3	Data 1	12	PE	21	GND
4	Data 2	13	SLCT	22	GND
5	Data 3	14	NAFD	23	GND
6	Data 4	15	NERROR	24	GND
7	Data 5	16	NINIT	25	GND
8	Data 6	17	NSCT IN		
9	Data 7	18	GND		

#### RS-232 Port A

There are two PS/2 type serial interfaces - Port A and Port B. The serial ports use a high-density connector. An HP A4301A conversion cable is required to convert to a standard PC-compatible 9-pin male D-sub cable. Figure 4-9 shows the RS-232 serial connector. Also refer to Figure 4-1. Table 4-8 shows the RS-232-C connector pinouts.

**NOTE:** 

The RS-232 Port B is not functional until VME services are operational.



# Figure 4-9 RS-232 Serial Connector

### Table 4-8 RS-232-C Connector Pinouts

Pin Number	Signal
1	DCD
2	RXD
3	TXD
4	DTR
5	GND
6	DSR
7	RTS
8	CTS
9	RI

## **SCSI Connection**

The built-in SE SCSI port is implemented using an NCR710 macrocell inside the I/O ASIC chip. This 8-bit single-ended implementation is compatible with the current Series 700 products and supports 5 MB/sec data transfer rates.

The SCSI bus is terminated to 3.3 volts through 127 Ohms on the system board. If the board computer is used in a VMEbus chassis having internal mass storage devices, those devices must have their terminators removed. If an external disk drive is used, an active terminator must be used on the last drive's uncabled connector.

Figure 4-10 shows the SCSI connector.



Figure 4-10 SCSI Connector

Table 4-9 shows the SCSI connector pinouts.

Table 4-9 SCSI Connector Pinouts

Pin Number	Signal	Pin Number	Signal	Pin Number	Signal
1	GND	21	GND	41	ATN
2	GND	22	GND	42	GND
3	GND	23	GND	43	BSY
4	GND	24	GND	44	ACK
5	GND	25	GND	45	RST
6	GND	26	DATA 0	46	MSG
7	GND	27	DATA 1	47	SEL
8	GND	28	DATA 2	48	CD
9	GND	29	DATA 3	49	REQ
10	GND	30	DATA 4	50	IO
11	GND	31	DATA 5		•
12	GND	32	DATA 6		
13	NC	33	DATA 7		
14	GND	34	Data Parity		
15	GND	35	GND		
16	GND	36	GND		
17	GND	37	GND		
18	GND	38	+5		
19	GND	39	GND		
20	GND	40	GND		

# Connecting Cables **SCSI Connection**

5

**Powering On and Off** 

## Powering On and Off

This chapter discusses how to turn on and turn off the system.

The instructions in this chapter assume you are using the HP-UX or HP-RT operating system.

The major sections within this chapter are:

- Turning On the System
- Turning Off the System

# **Turning On the System**

To turn on the system, perform the following, with all peripheral devices turned off:

- 1 Turn on the power to your display. The power indicator LED on the display unit shows that it is turned on, even if the screen remains dark. Make sure of the following:
  - For systems using a graphics display, there must be a keyboard connected (the monitor will not initialize if no keyboard is present).
  - The appropriate LAN connection has been made to the Model 744.
  - If you use a remote graphical display host connected via LAN, make sure the remote system is configured to host the board computer. Normally, you will use a character terminal connected to the RS-232C (Port A) on the board computer.
- 2 Check the SCSI connections and power on any peripheral devices.
- 3 Turn on the VMEbus chassis. Your Model 744 system turns on with the VMEbus chassis that it is plugged into.

#### NOTE:

If your Model 744 does not have on-board or supplementary graphics, the default console display is available through the RS-232C (Port A).

If there is a problem arising from the console path having been changed, you can boot your Model 744 to display on any console device. See "Configuring the Console Path and Display Format" and "Using the Emergency Interactive Console Search" in Appendix A.

The green LED (on the right) on the panel blinks slowly until the OS is booted; then remains *on*. The red LED (on the left) will be *on* when power is activated and before HP-UX boots. After VME services is booted, the red light is off.

# Powering On and Off **Turning On the System**

4 The system displays a sequence of boot messages. The Model 744 boots from the host system unless it has its own external disk or another LAN-configured system from which to boot. See Appendix A for configuring an automatic boot selection. Otherwise, allow the boot to continue.

#### *NOTE:*

The remaining steps apply for HP-UX. If you are using HP-RT, refer to HP-RT System Administration Tasks for information on booting an HP-RT system.

5 During the boot process, a new system displays messages prompting you for the host name, IP number, and time zone. If you have this information, enter it as requested. Otherwise, press **Enter**.

You can also enter or update this information later by typing the following after you log in as root:

#### set\_parms initial Enter

The information is as follows:

- **a** The time zone where your system is located.
- **b** The host name for your system: any alphanumeric, single-word name with eight or fewer characters.
- c The network address number, also called an IP address, for your system. This consists of four address fields separated by periods: for example, 255.32.3.10. You may need to consult with your system administrator for this information. Or, if your host name and IP address have already been assigned, you can find out the host name, after boot, by entering uname -a. If you know your host name, you can determine your IP address by entering nslookup host\_name, at the system prompt.
- **6** The system prompts you to set a root password at this time.

The system completes the boot sequence and displays the following prompt:

Console login:

## **Turning Off the System**

This section provides step-by-step instructions for powering down your Model 744.

#### **CAUTION:**

If you have a local disk attached to the Model 744, do not turn off power to the system without first shutting down the operating system software according to the following procedure. Turning off the power for your system without first doing the shutdown procedure may result in damage to data on your disk. Always execute the shut-down process to completion first.

- 1 Exit all processes currently running.
- 2 Enter the following command to bring the system to a halted state

#### reboot -h

This gives a zero-length "grace period" before the system goes down to the halted state.

**3** After completing several shutdown procedures, the system eventually displays one of the following messages:

## **HP-UX** Message

```
Halted, you may now cycle power.
```

## **HP-RT** Message

```
**** HP-RT OS is down ****
Halting (in tight loop) -- OK To Hit Reset Button
```

4 At this time the system no longer responds to keyboard input and you may turn off the power. Turning the system back on initiates the boot sequence.

If you want to shutdown and reboot automatically, instead of the above procedure, simply enter the reboot command with no options.

See *reboot*(1M)) for various other options.

#### Using SAM to Stop the HP-UX System

If you are using SAM, you might also want to use it to shut down your system.

#### **CAUTION:**

If you are using a local disk with the Model 744, do not turn off power to your system without first shutting down the operating system software according to the following procedure. Turning off the power for your system without first doing the shutdown procedure may result in damage to data on your disk. Always execute the shutdown process to completion first.

Follow these steps to use SAM to shut down your system.

1 Log in as root and type the following command, followed by  $\overline{\text{Enter}}$ :

#### /usr/bin/sam

- 2 Choose Routine Tasks from the opening menu.
- 3 Choose System Shutdown.
- **4** The system provides you with the following choices:
  - Halt the system. All currently executing processes except those essential to the system are terminated. Then the system is halted.
  - Reboot (restart) the system. The system is shut down and rebooted automatically.
  - Go to Single User State. The system is put in single-user mode for administrative purposes such as backup or file system consistency checks.
- **5** Exit SAM using the appropriate function key.

## **Using the Command Line**

For guidance on entering HP-UX commands and using the HP-UX file system, tools, and networking commands, see *Using HP-UX*. For more advanced work with shell programming, see *Shells: User's Guide*.

6

**Solving Problems** 

## **Solving Problems**

This chapter provides information on troubleshooting various problems.

The instructions in this chapter assume you are using the HP-UX operating system.

The major sections within this chapter are:

- Interpreting the LEDs
- Managing a Boot Failure
- Printer Problems

## **Interpreting the LEDs**

The Model 744 provides two LEDs, located to the left and right of the reset switch, as shown in Figure 6-1. The red LED is labeled SYSFAIL and the green LED is labeled POWER.

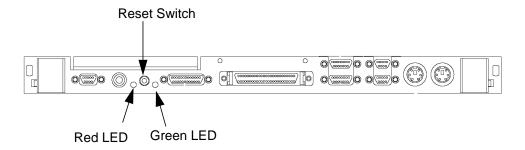


Figure 6-1 Model 744 LED Location

## Solving Problems Interpreting the LEDs

Table 6-1 provides information on the red and green LEDs.

Table 6-1 LED Indicators

SYSFAIL (Red)	POWER (Green)	Meaning	Possible Solution
Off	Off	No Power	Check for board seating in chassis.
On	2Hz Flash	Normal Power-on/self- test	
On	Off	Memory Failure	Troubleshoot for failed RAM card or problem with the RAM connection.
On	1 Flash/sec.	CPU (board) Failure	Replace the system board.
On	4 Flash/sec.	No console identified	Check the console search path and keyboard connections. If no problem is found, replace the system board.
On	On	OS is booted with VME services failure	Check the Operating System VME services. Check that VME services is configured in the kernel.
Off	On	OS is booted with VME services OK	

## Managing a Boot Failure

The boot program is located in the firmware of your Model 744. You can configure the behavior of the boot process by interacting with the Boot Console Handler (BCH). See Appendix A for procedures dealing with the boot console handler.

Problems during the first stage of the boot process are rare. If you have indications that the boot process has failed, check the following items with the power to the system off:

- No power to the host system. Check the local circuit breakers and the power connections to your VMEbus chassis.
- The Model 744 is not fully plugged into its VME slot.
- The LAN MAU connector is loose.
- The SCSI cable is not properly connected.
- Proper connection of interface/option cards

After checking these items wait five or ten seconds and power on the system.

If the problem recurs, record the following information and report it to your HP service representative:

Symptoms

Status of the LED indicators

Messages that appear on your system console

## **Printer Problems**

If you experience problems in printing, check the following:

- The power cord for the printer is plugged in.
- The printer is turned on.
- The printer selection switches are set for online.
- Paper is loaded into the printer (and it is not jammed).
- The correct interface has been set up.
- The printer cable is connected to the correct interface port on your printer.
- The cable is connected to the correct port on your system.

A

## **The Boot Console Interface**

This chapter describes the interface to the Boot Console Handler (BCH).

### **Boot Console User Interface Features**

There are times when you want to interact directly with the hardware of your single board computer **before** it boots the operating system. Your 744 system provides a menu-driven **boot console interface** that allows you to perform special tasks, display information, and set certain system parameters, even if the operating system is unavailable.

Here are some of the things you can do:

- Boot your workstation
- Search for bootable media
- Reset your workstation
- Display and set boot paths
- Display and set your monitor type
- Display memory configuration information
- Display the status of the EISA slots
- Set Auto Boot and Auto Search
- Set Fastboot
- Display LAN information
- Display system information
- Display PIM information
- Display and Set VME backplane networking
- Display and Set VME backplane boot ROM
- Display and Set the VME Chassis Codes Mode flag
- Restore the factory default VME configuration in the EEPROM

The **boot console** menus follow, showing the various tasks you can perform and the information available.

The shortened version of all commands is indicated by the uppercase letters.

Help is available for all menus and commands by using either **help**, **he**, or ? and the menu or command you want help on.

#### Main Menu

Main Menu	
Command	Description
BOot [PRI   ALT   <path>]</path>	Boot from specified path
PAth [PRI   ALT   CON   KEY] [ <path>]</path>	Display or modify a path
SEArch [DIsplay IPL] [ <path>]</path>	Search for boot devices
COnfiguration [ <command/> ]	Access Configuration menu/commands
<pre>INformation [<command/>]</pre>	Access Information menu/commands
SERvice [ <command/> ]	Access Service menu/commands
VME [ <command/> ]	Access VME menu/commands
DIsplay	Redisplay the current menu
<pre>HElp [<menu> <command/>]</menu></pre>	Display help for menu or command
RESET	Restart the system
Main Menu: Enter command >	

## The Boot Console Interface Boot Console User Interface Features

## **Configuration Menu**

Configuration Menu	
Command	Description
AUto [BOot SEArch] [ON OFF]	Display or set specified auto flag
BootID [ <proc>] [<boot id="">]</boot></proc>	Display or modify processor boot ID
BootINfo	Display boot-related information
BootTimer [0 - 200]	Seconds allowed for boot attempt
DEfault	Set the system to predefined values
FastBoot [ON OFF]	Display or set boot tests execution
MOnitor [LIST  <path> <type>]</type></path>	Change the current monitor type
PAth [PRI ALT CON KEY] [ <path>]</path>	Display or modify a path
SEArch [DIsplay   IPL] [ <path>]</path>	Search for boot devices
SECure [ON OFF]	Set/show security mode
TIme [c:y:m:d:h:m:[s]	Read or set real time clock in GMT
BOot [PRI   ALT   <path>]</path>	Boot from specified path
DIsplay	Redisplay the current menu
<pre>HElp [<menu> <command/>]</menu></pre>	Display help for menu or command
RESET	Restart the system
MAin	Return to Main Menu
Configuration Menu: Enter command	1 >

#### **Information Menu**

	Information	Menu	
--	-------------	------	--

Command Description

ALL Display all system information
BootINfo Display boot-related information

CAche Display cache information

ChipRevisions Display revisions of VLSI and firmware

COprocessor Display coprocessor information

FwrVersion Display firmware version

IO Dispay I/O interface information
LanAddress Display built-in system LAN address

MEmory Display memory information

PRocessor Display processor information

WArnings Display selftest warning messages

BOot [PRI|ALT|<path>] Boot from specified path
DIsplay Redisplay the current menu

HElp [<menu>|<command> Display help for menu or command

RESET Restart the system
MAin Return to Main Menu

-----

Information Menu: Enter command >

#### Service Menu

----- Service Menu ------

Command Description

ChassisCodes [<proc>] Display chassis codes

CLEARPIM Clear (zero) the contents of PIM

EepromRead [<addr>] {<len>] Read EEPROM locations

MemRead <addr> [<len>] [a] Read memory locations

PIM [<proc> [HPMC|TOC]] Display PIM information

BOot [PRI|ALT|<path>] Boot from specified path
DIsplay Redisplay the current menu

HElp [<menu>|<command>] Display help for menu or command

RESET Restart the system
MAin Return to Main Menu

-----

Service Menu: Enter command >

## The Boot Console Interface

#### **Boot Console User Interface Features**

### **VME Menu**

----- VME Menu -----

Command Description

BPNconfig <cpu> <anchor> <am> Show or set VME BPN parameters

BPRconfig <addr> <am> Show or set VME BPR parameters

ModeFlags [CC [ON|OFF]] Show or set state of mode flags

NV\_SECTIONS DEfault ALL  $\,\,$  Restore NV sections factory defaults

BOot [PRI | ALT | <path>] Boot from specified path
DIsplay Redisplay the current menu

 $\label{eq:menu} \texttt{HElp [<menu>|<command>]} \qquad \qquad \texttt{Display help for menu or command}$ 

RESET Restart the system MAin Return to Main menu

VME Menu: Enter command >

\_\_\_\_\_

## **Accessing the Boot Console Interface**

To access the boot console interface, follow these steps:

#### **NOTE:**

This procedure should be done by a system administrator with **root** user privileges.

- 1 Close any files and applications on your workstation.
- 2 In a terminal window, enter the following command:

#### reboot -h

**3** When the system has completely shut down, power off the system then power it back on.

If **Autoboot** is turned off, the boot sequence automatically stops at the boot console Main Menu.

If **Autoboot** is turned on, you will see the following messages:

Processor is starting Autoboot process. To discontinue, press any key within 10 seconds.

If **Autoboot** and **Autosearch** are both turned on, you will see the following messages:

Processor is booting from first available device. To discontinue, press any key within 10 seconds.

#### **NOTE:**

If you are using a power-saving monitor, you will have less than 10 seconds from the time this message appears to press a key. Power saving monitors usually indicate the presence of a live video sync signal through the power LED on the monitor. When the LED is on, press  $\overline{\textbf{ESC}}$ .

## The Boot Console Interface Accessing the Boot Console Interface

## 4 Press a key. You will then see the following message:

Boot terminated

The Main Menu of the boot console appears.

Main Menu	
Command	Description
BOot [PRI   ALT   <path>]</path>	Boot from specified path
PAth [PRI   ALT   CON   KEY] [ <path>]</path>	Display or modify a path
SEArch [DIsplay IPL] [ <path>]</path>	Search for boot devices
COnfiguration [ <command/> ]	Access Configuration menu/commands
<pre>INformation [<command/>]</pre>	Access Information menu/commands
SERvice [ <command/> ]	Access Service menu/commands
VME [ <command/> ]	Access VME menu/commands
DIsplay	Redisplay the current menu
<pre>HElp [<menu> <command/>]</menu></pre>	Display help for menu or command
RESET	Restart the system
Main Menu: Enter command >	

## **Booting Your Workstation**

Usually, you start your workstation by turning it on and waiting for the operating system to boot automatically. However, you may not always want the usual sequence to occur.

For example, you may want to start your workstation from an operating system that is stored on a device that is different from your usual boot device. If your normal operating system kernel or the disk on which it resides becomes damaged or unusable, you may wish to boot from a different disk or perhaps another type of device, such as a DDS-format tape drive.

Here are some situations and examples:

If you know which device you want to boot from, and you know that it
contains a bootable operating system, follow the directions in "Accessing
the Boot Console Interface" earlier in this chapter, and then type the following at the prompt:

```
Main Menu: Enter command > boot device
```

where *device* is the **hardware path** to the device, specified in Mnemonic Style Notation. When prompted whether or not to interact with the ISL enter **n** for no.

For example, if you wish to boot an operating system that is stored on a DDS-format tape in a drive that is located at "sescsi.1.0", follow the directions in "Accessing the Boot Console Interface" earlier in this chapter, and then type the following command at the prompt:

```
Main Menu: Enter command > boot sescsi.1.0
```

Interact with ISL  $(Y,N,Q) > \mathbf{n}$ 

The operating system on the specified device is used to start your workstation.

## The Boot Console Interface **Booting Your Workstation**

• The Initial System Loader (ISL) is the program that actually controls the loading of the operating system. By interacting with ISL, you can choose to load an alternate version of the HP-UX operating system. If you wish to interact with the ISL before booting your workstation, follow the directions in "Accessing the Boot Console Interface" earlier in this chapter, and then type the following at the prompt:

```
Main Menu: Enter command > boot device
You are prompted:
```

```
Interact with ISL (Y,N,Q)>
```

Answering quit (q) aborts the boot and returns you to the boot console handler.

Answering no (**n**) continues the boot sequence with the device specified from the main menu prompt.

Answering yes (y) causes the ISL to be loaded from the specified device. After a short time, the following prompt appears on your screen:

ISL>

For example, if the usual kernel (/stand/vmunix) on your root disk (fwscsi.6.0) has become corrupted, and you wish to boot your workstation from the backup kernel (/stand/vmunix.prev), type the following at the ISL> prompt:

#### ISL> hpux /stand/vmunix.prev

To quit out of the ISL without booting, you must power cycle to board computer.

• If you do not know which media in your file systems have bootable operating systems, you can find them with the **search IPL** command. See the section "Searching for Bootable Media".

## **Searching for Bootable Media**

To list devices that contain bootable media, follow the directions in "Accessing the Boot Console Interface" earlier in this chapter, and then type the following at the prompt:

```
Main Menu: Enter command > search ipl
```

The search command searches all buses. The search may turn up more devices than there are lines on your display. If you are using a text terminal, you may control the progress of the search from your terminal's keyboard by using the following commands:

- To hold the display temporarily, press  $\overline{\underline{\mathbf{Ctrl}}}$   $\overline{\underline{\mathbf{S}}}$
- To continue the display, press  $\overline{\mathbf{Ctrl}}$   $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}$
- To halt the search, press any other key

These flow-control commands do not work with a bitmapped display, but such a display can show more than forty lines of text, so you are unlikely to need them.

To search for devices of *just one type* that actually contain bootable media, follow the directions in "Accessing the Boot Console Interface" earlier in this chapter, and then type the following at the prompt:

```
Main Menu: Enter command > search ipl device_type
```

Where *device\_type* is one of the following:

sescsi is the built-in single-ended SCSI bus

lan is all connections to the built-in LAN

 $\mathbf{gsc}n$  is an optional fast, wide SCSI interface in slot number n

bpn is VME backplane networking

bpr is VME backplane ROM boot

ata is a PCMCIA card (supported by HP-RT operating system only)

**pci***n* is an optional PCI card in slot *n* 

**pmc**n is an optional PMC card in site n

## **Restoring the Factory Default Configuration**

To restore the factory default values in the EEPROM, follow the directions in "Accessing the Boot Console Interface" earlier in this chapter, and then type the following at the prompt to access the Configuration Menu:

```
Main Menu: Enter command > co
```

When the Configuration Menu appears, type the following at the prompt:

```
Configuration Menu: Enter command > default
```

The process takes less than 30 seconds and messages similar to the following are displayed:

```
Initializing...
TEST 30CD
INIT 30CD
Configuration Menu: Enter command >
```

The factory default EEPROM settings are now restored. This process does not affect the VME configuration in the EEPROM.

The defaults are as follows:

OS ID: HP-UX

Fast Size: 0xF (all memory is tested)

Primary Path: sescsi.6.0 Alternate Path: sescsi.5.0

Console Path: GRAPHICS(n) where n is the lowest numbered

device installed. If no graphics devices are

installed this is set to SERIAL 1.

Keyboard Path: PS2 Autoboot: OFF Autosearch OFF Autostart ON

## **Displaying and Setting Paths**

A **path** is the hardware address of a device that is attached to the I/O system of your workstation. The **path** command sets the system paths shown in Table A-1.

The **path** command sets and displays the hardware address of a specified device attached to the I/O bus of your workstation.

Table A-1 System Paths

Path Type	Device
primary or pri	Your workstation's default boot device (usually the root disk)
alternate or alt	Your workstation's alternate boot device (usually a DDS-format tape device)
console or con	Your workstation's primary display device
keyboard or key	Your workstation's primary ASCII input device

To display the current settings for the system paths, type the following at the prompt:

```
Main Menu: Enter command > path
```

To obtain a full listing of currently supported boot device "mnemonic" paths, use the following command:

```
Main Menu: Enter command > pa prim?
```

To obtain a full listing of currently supported console "mnemonic" paths, use the following command:

```
Main Menu: Enter command > pa con?
```

## The Boot Console Interface **Displaying and Setting Paths**

The paths are displayed in **Mnemonic Style Notation**, as shown in Table A-2.

**Table A-2** Mnemonic Style Notation

I/O Type	Specification Format
Built-in SCSI	sescsi.scsi_address.logical_unit_number
Optional	gscn.scsi_address.logical_unit_number
Built-in LAN	lan.server_address.init_retries.io_retries
VME Backplane Networking	<b>bpn.</b> server_address.init_retries.io_retries
VME Backplane ROM Boot	bpr.vme_addr.VME_addr_mod
PCMCIA	ata
PCI Slot	pcin
PMC Slot	pmcn
On-board Graphics	graphics(0)
Optional Graphics 1	graphics(1)
Optional Graphics 2	graphics(2)
PS/2 Keyboard	ps2
HIL Keyboard	hil
RS232(A)	serial_1.baudrate.wordlength.parity
RS232(B)	serial_2.baudrate.wordlength.parity

To display the current setting for a particular system path, follow the directions in "Accessing the Boot Console Interface" earlier in this chapter, and then type the following at the prompt:

```
Main Menu: Enter command > path path_type
```

where *path\_type* is one of the path types listed in Table A-1.

For example, to get the path to the primary boot device, follow the directions in "Accessing the Boot Console Interface" earlier in this chapter, and then type the following at the prompt:

```
Main Menu: Enter command > path primary
```

To set a system path to a new value, follow the directions in "Accessing the Boot Console Interface" earlier in this chapter, and then type the following at the prompt:

```
Main Menu: Enter command > path path_type path
```

where *path\_type* is one of the path types listed in Table A-1 and *path* is the specification of the path in Mnemonic Style Notation (as described in Table A-2). For example, to set the primary boot path to a SCSI disk with an ID of 6.0, follow the directions in "Accessing the Boot Console Interface" earlier in this chapter, and then type the following at the prompt:

```
Main Menu: Enter command > path pri sescsi.6.0
```

## **Displaying and Setting the Monitor Type**

Your system ships from the factory preset to use a monitor with a specific resolution and frequency. If you replace your workstation's monitor with a different type of monitor, you must reconfigure your workstation to support the new monitor.

#### The Monitor Command

The **monitor** command lets you change your workstation's graphics configuration. This command is available in the Configuration Menu of the boot console interface.

To display the current graphics and console information, enter the following command:

```
Configuration Menu: Enter command > monitor
```

The correct usage for setting the graphics configuration is:

Configuration Menu: Enter command > monitor graphics\_path type where valid graphics path parameters are:

```
graphics(0) - The on-board 8-plane graphics adapter.
```

graphics(1) - Graphics adapter installed in option slot 1.

graphics(2) - Graphics adapter installed in option slot 2.

and *type* is the numerical monitor type as shown with the **monitor list** command.

#### *NOTE:*

Standalone boards are shipped from the factory configured to monitor type 0 to force a monitor type polling loop on initial boot.

### **Displaying the Current Monitor Configuration**

To display the current monitor configuration for your system from the Configuration Menu of the boot console interface, follow the directions in "Accessing the Boot Console Interface" earlier in this chapter. Once you are in the Boot Console Interface Main Menu, type:

```
Main Menu: Enter command > configuration
```

This places you in the Configuration Menu. From here type:

```
Configuration Menu: Enter command > monitor
```

The screen displays a list of the current graphics adapters and their monitor types configured for your workstation.

MONITOR INFORMATION

Path	Slot	Head	HPA	Resolution	Freq	Type	Class
GRAPHICS(0)	0	1	f8000000	1280x1024	72Hz	12	

```
Configuration Menu: Enter command >
```

In this example, only the built-in graphic adapter graphics(0) is configured. The monitor type for graphics(0) is set to type 12, which is a 1280 by 1024 monitor that uses a frequency of 72 Hz.

## **Setting the Monitor Type**

You can set the monitor type for a graphics adapter from the configuration menu by entering the following:

```
Configuration Menu: Enter command > monitor graphics(n) tt
```

Where n is the number of the graphics adapter and tt is the monitor type.

To display a list of supported monitors, enter the following command;

```
Configuration Menu: Enter command > monitor list
```

A list of valid monitor types similar to the following is displayed;

MONITOR INFORMATION

Path	Slot	Head	Type	Size	Freq	Class
GRAPHICS(0)	) 0	1	1	1280x1024	75Hz	VESA
*GRAPHICS(0)	0	1	2	1280x1024	75Hz	VESA, Double buffered
GRAPHICS(0)	) 0	1	3	1280x1024	75Hz	VESA, Greyscale
*GRAPHICS(0)	0	1	4	1280x1024	75Hz	VESA, Double Buffered, Greyscale
GRAPHICS(0)	) 0	1	5	1024x768	75Hz	VESA
GRAPHICS(0)	) 0	1	6	800x600	75Hz	VESA
GRAPHICS(0)	) 0	1	7	640x480	75Hz	VESA
*GRAPHICS(0)	0	1	8	1600x1200	75Hz	VESA
*GRAPHICS(0)	0	1	9	1600x1200	75Hz	VESA,Greyscale
*GRAPHICS(0)	0	1	10	1200x1600	75Hz	VESA
*GRAPHICS(0)	0	1	11	1200x1600	75Hz	VESA, Greyscale
GRAPHICS(0)	) 0	1	12	1280x1024	72Hz	
*GRAPHICS(0)	0	1	13	1280x1024	72Hz	Double buffered
GRAPHICS(0)	) 0	1	14	640x480	60Hz	
GRAPHICS(0)	) 0	1	15	u	ser de	fined

Configuration Menu: Enter command >

<sup>\*</sup> These monitor types are not supported on the Model 744 on-board graphics.

To set the monitor type for graphics(0) to monitor type 2 you would enter the following;

Configuration Menu: Enter command > monitor graphics(0) 2
This will take effect on the next reboot.

#### MONITOR INFORMATION

Path	Slot	Head	HPA	Resolution	Freq	Type	Class
GRAPHICS(0)	0	1	f8000000	1280x1024	72Hz	2	

The boot console displays a message that tells you that your new monitor selection will take effect the next time you reboot your system.

The boot console also displays the new monitor information.

Trying to change the monitor type to a number not listed for that graphics device fails and gives you the following warning message:

Value of monitor type n out of range (n - nn)

## **Setting the Monitor Type at Power On**

If you replace your workstation's monitor with a different monitor type, and do not set the workstation's graphics parameters by using the monitor command before doing so, you need to perform the following steps at power on:

If your keyboard connects to the PS/2 connector on your system, wait 2 seconds after the Num Lock light flashes near the end of the boot sequence, then press Tab to initiate the automatic monitor selection process.

If you have a keyboard that connects to the HIL connector on your system, press  $\overline{\text{Tab}}$  every three seconds during the boot sequence to initiate the automatic monitor selection process.

The system cycles through all of the available monitor types one at a time. When you can see a message similar to the following clearly and legibly, select that monitor type by pressing **Enter**.

MONITOR INFORMATION

Path	1	Slot	Head	l Type	Size	Freq	I Clas	s
								-
GRAPHIC	CS(0)	0	1	n i	nnnxnnn	n nnHz	:	
Press [	RETURN]	to se	lect	this monito	or type	(type n	of n t	ypes).

#### NOTE:

If you are using a power saving monitor, the power LED will light when the monitor senses a valid video synch signal.

The system queries you to confirm your selection. Press  $\overline{\underline{Y}}$  to save this monitor type.

If you press any key other than  $\overline{\underline{Y}}$ , the following message is displayed:

Monitor type not saved.

At this point, the new monitor type is active, but not saved. Because you didn't save the monitor type, the next time you reboot the system, the original monitor type will be used.

Next, the following message is displayed:

To select a new Graphics Monitor Type press the <TAB> key now, otherwise EXIT by entering any other key (or will time out in 15 seconds)...

To restart the monitor selection process, press  $\overline{\text{TAB}}$ .

#### Using the Emergency Interactive Console Search

If the system console is set to a device that is not installed in the system, you can use the emergency interactive console search to set the console to one of the terminal devices that is currently connected.

Use the following procedure to set the console with the emergency interactive console search:

- 1 Make sure that the monitor(s) and/or terminal(s) are powered on.
- 2 Hold the Model 744 board computer's reset/abort switch in its **Abort** position, then turn on power to the VMEbus chassis.
- 3 A message similar to the following is displayed on each monitor connected to a graphics device recognized by the system:

```
GRAPHICS(s) MONITOR INFORMATION

Slot Model Type Resolution Freq Class

O INTERNAL_EG_1280 12 1280x1024 75Hz

The following keyboard(s) are available:

PS2
HIL

Press the <n> key to select GRAPHICS(s) as the CONSOLE or press the <Tab> key to select the next monitor type.
```

Where n is a single-digit number or a keyboard key.

When the message is displayed clear and undistorted on the monitor for your console device, enter the number or key that corresponds to the display device that you are selecting.

#### NOTE:

The message is displayed for sixty seconds before proceeding to the next monitor resolution.

If you are using a power saving monitor, the power LED will light when the monitor senses a valid video synch signal.

If this message is not displayed on your monitor, review the procedures in Chapter 1 and Chapter 2 to make sure that you correctly installed the option board.

## The Boot Console Interface Displaying and Setting the Monitor Type

If no keyboards are found the following message is displayed:

WARNING: No keyboard(s) found. Turn off system power, check keyboard connection(s) and repeat interactive console search.

To advance all graphics adapter monitors to the next resolution, press the <Tab> key **one** time and wait five seconds for all monitor types to change. Do not hold down the <Tab> key or press it multiple times as this will cause the monitor types to advance for each press of the <Tab> key.

**4** When the following message is displayed, press the <Esc> key to confirm selection of the device as the console:

```
Press the <Esc> key to confirm selection of \ensuremath{\mathsf{GRAPHICS}}(s) as the CONSOLE.
```

This selection will timeout in 10 seconds if not confirmed.

#### **NOTE:**

The message is displayed for only ten seconds before console search is resumed. Press <Esc> as soon as possible after the message is displayed.

The following message is displayed on the selected display:

```
GRAPHICS(s) MONITOR INFORMATION

Slot Model Type Resolution Freq Class

O INTERNAL_EG_1280 12 1280x1024 75Hz

Selected CONSOLE path is: GRAPHICS(s)

Selected KEYBOARD path is: PS2
```

## **Displaying the Current Memory Configuration**

The **memory** command shows the memory configuration table.

To display the current memory configuration for your system, from the Information Menu of the boot console interface, follow the directions in "Accessing the Boot Console Interface" earlier in this chapter. Once you are in the Boot Console Interface Main Menu, type:

Main Menu: Enter command > information

This places you in the Information Menu. From here type:

Information Menu: Enter command > memory

The screen displays status and configuration information for the memory modules installed in your workstation.

### **Memory Information Example**

If a memory card failure is detected during power-on selftest, the following message is displayed on the console (after completing all selftests) and the autoboot/autosearch process is automatically stopped:

WARNING: One or more memory banks were not configured due to a SIMM size mismatch or a SIMM failure. For more details, use the MEMORY command in the INFORMATION menu.

**NOTE:** 

The above condition occurs only after the testing and successful configuration of at least one memory card.

#### **Displaying the Current Memory Configuration**

The following listing is a sample memory configuration table when memory modules are properly installed and configured:

```
MEMORY STATUS TABLE
Slot Size Status
_____
0 64MB Configured
1 32MB Configured
    64MB Configured
TOTAL 160MB
```

Physical Slot Error Type

MEMORY INFORMATION

If the power-on selftest detects a defective or damaged memory card, using the **memory** command (from the Information Menu prompt) displays the following information:

WARNING: One or more memory banks were not configured due to errors in the following SIMM(s).

```
SIMM hardware error
     Memory Card Stack
Slot 3 | Failed
    +----+
Slot 2
    +----+
Slot 1 |
        32MB OK
    +----+
        64MB OK
    +----+
______
```

Side view of Model 9000/744/165L Single Board Computer PCB.

SUGGESTION: If possible, turn off the computer and check to see if the memory card(s) are seated properly.

```
Memory
HVERSION SVERSION
               0x0900
0 \times 0740
```

## Displaying the Status of the System I/O

The **IO** command is available from the information menu. It lets you identify all built-in I/O devices and optional I/O devices installed in the option slots.

To use the **IO** command from the Information Menu of the boot console interface, type:

Information Menu: Enter command > IO
Information about the built-in and optional I/O devices is displayed as shown in the following example:

```
I/O MODULE INFORMATION
                                                              TODG TODG
                                         Location HVER SVER Vers Dep
              Decimal
                       GRAPHICS(1)
              8/0
GSC2
              8/8
8/16
              8/16
                       Bus Adapter
                                          built-in 04b0 8100 0x00 0x00
                       Parallel
8/16/0
              8/16/0
                                          built-in
                                                   04b0 7400 0x00 0x00
8/16/1
              8/16/1
                       Audio
                                          built-in
                                                    04b4 7b00 0x00 0x00
SERIAL 1
              8/16/4
                       RS232
                                          built-in
                                                    04b0 8c00 0x01 0x00
                                         built-in
built-in
built-in
SESCSI
              8/16/5
                       SE SCSI
                                                    04b0 8200 0x96 0x00
LAN
              8/16/6
                       LAN
                                                   04b0 8a00 0x02 0x00
              8/16/7
                       Keyboard
                                                   04b0 8400 0x00 0x00
8/16/8
              8/16/8
                       Mouse
                                          built-in
                                                    04b0 8400 0x00 0x00
                       Bus Adapter
8/20
              8/20
                                          ETSA
                                                    0110 8e00 0x00 0x00
              8/20/1
                                          EISA
                                                    0110 7300 0x00 0x00
HIL
                       HIL
              8/20/5
                       Bus Adapter
                                                    0110 9000 0x00 0x00
                                          EISA
GRAPHICS(0)
              8/24
                       INTERNAL_EG_1280
                                          built-in 04b0 8500 0x01 0x00
                       Bus Adapter
8/28
              8/28
                                          built-in 04a0 9300 0x00 0x00
              8/28/0
                       Bus Adapter
                                          built-in
                                                    04a0 7800 0x00 0x00
VME
              8/28/1
                                          built-in
                                                   04a0 8800 0x00 0x01
SERIAL_2
              8/28/2
                       RS232
                                          built-in
                                                    04a0 8c00 0x01 0x00
BPR
              8/28/3
                       BPR
                                          built-in 04a0 8f00 0x00 0x01
                       Native Processor
62
              62
                                          built-in 50f0 0481 0x00 0x00
63
                       Proc Dep Memory
                                          built-in 0740 0900 0x00 0x00
EISA Cards
Path
         Type
                                 ETSA TD
20/5/1
         100VG AnyLAN adapter cardHWP1990
20/5/2
         Unknown EISA card or empty slot
20/5/3
         Smart 16/4 Ringnode cardMDG0002
20/5/4
         PST card
                                 HWP1870
         Unknown EISA card or empty slot
20/5/5
         Unknown EISA card or empty slot
20/5/7
         Unknown EISA card or empty slot
20/5/8
         Unknown EISA card or empty slot
PCI Cards
Slot
                                     Bus Class
VME Cards
                            VME ID
Information Menu: Enter command >
```

# **Setting the Auto Boot and Auto Search and Auto Start Flags**

The **auto boot, auto search,** and **auto start** flags are variables stored in your workstation's nonvolatile memory. (Nonvolatile memory retains its contents even after power is turned off.) If you reset these flags to a new value, the change takes effect the next time you reboot the workstation.

The **auto boot** variable boots the operating system whenever your workstation is turned on.

To examine the state of **auto boot** and **auto search**, type the following at the prompt:

```
Configuration Menu: Enter command > auto
```

If **auto boot** is set to **on**, your workstation automatically attempts to boot the operating system when turned on. If **auto boot** is set to **off**, your workstation enters the boot administration mode of the boot console user interface.

The state of **auto search** determines how your workstation seeks a boot device during autoboot. If **auto search** is set to **on**, your workstation will search for other boot devices if the primary boot device is not available. If **auto search** is **off**, your workstation will default to the boot administration mode if it can't see the primary boot device.

To change the state of **auto boot** or **auto search**, enter either of the following commands at the prompt:

```
Configuration Menu: Enter command > auto boot state

Configuration Menu: Enter command > auto search state

where state is on or off.
```

### **Setting the Auto Boot and Auto Search and Auto Start Flags**

Autosearch searches for devices in the following order:

Primary Boot Path

Alternate Boot Path

FW SCSI in GSC Slot 1

FW SCSI in GSC Slot 2

Built-in Single-Ended SCSI Devices

Built-in LAN bootp servers

#### NOTE:

The following paths are not searched unless they are referenced by the primary or alternate boot paths:

bpn

bpr

ata

EISA and VME cards are not searched.

## **Displaying and Setting the Security Mode**

The **SECure** flag is a variable stored in non-volatile memory. (Non-volatile memory retains its contents even after power is turned off.) If you reset this flag to a new value, the change takes effect the next time you reboot the board computer.

When the **SECure** flag is set to **on**, **autoboot** and **autosearch** are enabled and cannot be stopped. The system boots from the default boot paths regardless of user intervention.

To display the current setting for the **SECure** flag, enter the following command:

```
Configuration Menu: Enter command > secure
```

To set the **SECure** flag on or off, enter one of the following:

```
Configuration Menu: Enter command > secure on
```

Configuration Menu: Enter command > secure off

## **Displaying and Setting the Fastboot Mode**

When **fastboot** is enabled (set to **on**), your workstation does a quick check of the memory and skips I/O interface testing during its power-on self tests. This enables your workstation to complete its boot process more quickly. The default factory setting is for **fastboot** to be disabled (**off**).

The **fastboot** mode allows your workstation to boot quickly by performing a less extensive check of the system's memory.

When **fastboot** is disabled (set to **off**), more extensive memory testing and I/O interface testing is performed during the selftests, causing the boot process to take longer.

If you are experiencing difficulty in booting your workstation, set **fastboot** to **off** and reboot the system. The more extensive testing may reveal the error condition.

To display the status of **fastboot**, type the following at the prompt:

```
Configuration Menu: Enter command > fastboot
```

To disable **fastboot**, type the following at the prompt:

```
Configuration Menu: Enter command > fastboot off
```

To enable **fastboot**, type the following at the prompt:

```
Configuration Menu: Enter command > fastboot on
```

#### **CAUTION:**

If a graphics adapter is installed in the system, it must be selected as the console device. If additional graphics adapters are installed, Fastboot mode cannot be used.

## **Displaying the LAN Station Address**

It is sometimes necessary to supply a LAN station address of your workstation to other users. For example, if your workstation is to become a member of a cluster, the cluster administrator needs to know your LAN station address in order to add your workstation to the cluster.

A LAN station address of your workstation is the label that uniquely identifies the LAN connection for your workstation at the **link level** (the hardware level).

To display your workstation's LAN station addresses, type the following at the prompt:

```
Information Menu: Enter command > lanaddress
```

The LAN station address is displayed as a twelve-digit number in hexadecimal notation, similar to the following:

```
LAN Station Addresses: 0060b0-789abc
```

The address is for the system's built-in LAN.

## **Displaying System Information**

The **all** command allows you to display the system's processor revision and speed, cache size, memory size, flag settings, and the boot and console paths. To display system information from the Information Menu, type the following at the prompt:

Information Menu: Enter command > all

This information is paged to allow you to view it as necessary.

## **Displaying PIM Information**

The **pim** command allows you to display the most recent PIM information for the specified fault type. To display PIM information for a specific fault, type the following at the Service Menu prompt:

```
Service Menu: Enter command > pim processor_number
```

You can use **pim** in the following ways:

```
pim - Gives all fault types
```

pim 0 - Gives HPMC information on the processor

**pim** 0 fault\_type -Provides fault type information on the processor. Where fault\_type is **HPMC**, **LPMC**, or **TOC** 

# **Displaying and Setting VME Backplane Networking Configuration**

On the VME menu, **BPNconfig** is used to display or set the VME backplane networking parameters stored in non-volatile memory.

To display the current VME backplane networking parameters enter the following at the VME menu prompt:

```
VME Menu: Enter command > bpn
```

The information is displayed similar to the following example:

```
Current BPN Configuration Parameters:
```

CPU Number: 0

Anchor: 0x00200000

AM: 0x3d

Use the following syntax to set the VME backplane networking parameters:

**BPNconfig** - Show backplane networking configuration

**BPNconfig** *cpu* - Set CPU number only

**BPNconfig** *cpu anchor* - Set CPU number and VME anchor address

**BPNconfig** *cpu anchor am* - Set CPU number, VME anchor address and VME address modifier code

For example,

## bpnconfig 1 0x200000 0x3d

sets the backplane networking resources for CPU number 1, with the VME anchor address set to 0x200000 and the VME address modifier code is set to 0x3d.

# Displaying and Setting VME Backplane ROM Boot Configuration

On the VME menu, **BPRconfig** is used to display or set the VME backplane ROM boot parameters stored in non-volatile memory.

To display the current VME backplane ROM boot parameters enter the following at the VME menu prompt:

```
VME Menu: Enter command > bpr
```

The information is displayed similar to the following example:

```
Current BPR Configuration Parameters:

Address: 0x00000000

AM: 0x3d

VME Menu: Enter command >
```

Use the following syntax to set the VME backplane ROM boot parameters:

```
BPRconfig - Show backplane ROM boot configuration
BPRconfig addr - Set VME address only
BPRconfig addr am - Set VME address and VME address modifier code
```

For example,

## bprconfig 0x0 0x3d

sets the backplane ROM boot VME address to 0x0 and the VME address modifier code to 0x3d.

# Displaying and Setting the VME Chassis Codes Mode Flag

On the VME menu, **ModeFlags** is used to display or set flags which enable or disable the display of diagnostic chassis codes on SERIAL\_1.

To display the current setting of the mode flag enter the following command:

```
VME Menu: Enter command > mf
```

The information is displayed similar to the following example

```
Diagnostic Chassis Codes to SERIAL_1: ENABLED

VME Menu: Enter command >
```

Use the following syntax to set the VME chassis code mode flag:

**ModeFlags -** Shows current state of all mode flags

**ModeFlags cc on** - Enables the display of diagnostic chassis codes on SERIAL\_1

**ModeFlags cc off** - Disables the display of diagnostic chassis codes on SERIAL\_1

# **Restoring the Factory Default VME EEPROM Configuration**

The NV\_SECTIONS command restores the non-volatile sections area of the system EEPROM to the default factory settings.

To restore the factory default settings, enter the following command:

VME Menu: Enter command >nv\_sections de all

CAUTION:	All VME system configuration data maintained in this area of the EEPROM is restored to the factory default setting. All <b>user data</b> contained in this area of the EEPROM <b>is ERASED</b> .
CAUTION:	<b>Do not</b> reset the system or interrupt the power during the update process. The update requires approximately 6 minutes to complete.

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